

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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FRENCH AND ITALIANS GROW IMPATIENT OVER GREECE'S DELAY

New Complications Arise as Soon as Old Ones Are Settled—Reports as to Actual Conditions Are Very Meagre—French and Italian Press Demand Stern Action on the Part of the Allies Against Constantine

BUCHAREST IS WRAPPED IN SILENCE

British Public Are Greatly Disappointed at Cheek of British Forces in Mesopotamia—Italians Have Slackened Their Offensive—Preparing For Another Plunge at Gorizia—Unusual Calm Prevails on Other Fronts

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Negotiations between Greece and the Allied Powers continue to drag on in Athens. New hints seemingly arise as old ones are smoothed out. One day it is reported a settlement has been reached only to be followed next day by a denial or accounts of fresh difficulties confronting the diplomats. People of the Allied countries, particularly those of France and Italy, are becoming impatient over the continual delays the Press are demanding stern action be taken to demonstrate to King Constantine and his ministers the determination of the Quadruple Entente to force the assurances demanded. New proposals are said to have been made by France and Great Britain in the hope of reaching an agreement.

The attitude of Roumania also remains undecided. Since the despatch announcing the closing of Roumanian ports to foreign trade was received, silence has descended upon Bucharest. Europe is awaiting anxiously the next move which will give the meaning of this order. The general belief here is that the Roumanian Government is waiting for the concentration of sufficient Russian forces in Bessarabia and a large enough Anglo-French army in Southern Serbia to make victory certain before joining the Allies.

Meanwhile Austro-Germans and Bulgarians continue rounding up the few Serb troops remaining in Serbia, and are also prosecuting with their usual energy the campaign against Montenegro.

Unusual calm prevails on the various battlefronts, even the Italians apparently slackening their offensive, probably in preparation for the next phase which they hope will place Gorizia in their hands with other commanding positions on which the Austrians' hold is weakened during past week's heavy fighting.

The check suffered by General Townsend in Mesopotamia is a severe disappointment to the British public, which took this expedition as the brightest spot thus far in the war. With the possible exception of General Botha's conquest of German Southwest Africa. Nothing has been heard from General Townsend since he reached Kutelamara, where it is likely he will make a stand as the position is a very strong one, where he could hold out until reinforcements reach him. It is not only the military failure, but the effect of the retirement will have on British pos-

The Resolve of Five Nations

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The text of the declaration, signed last week by the British Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey and the French, Italian, Japanese and Russian Ambassadors in London, engaging each of these five nations not to conclude a separate peace, is as follows:

"The Italian Government, having decided to accede to the declaration between the French, British and Russian Governments, signed in London on September 5, 1914, which declaration was acceded to by the Japanese Government on October 19, 1915, the undersigned duly authorized thereto by their respective governments, hereby declare as follows:—The British, French, Italian, Japanese and Russian Governments mutually engage not to conclude peace separately during the present war. The five governments agree when peace comes to be discussed, that no one of the Allies will demand conditions of peace without previous agreement of each of the other Allies."

BRITISH FORCED TO RETIRE

Turks Claim the British Losses Are Heavy in Three Days Fighting in the Direction of Kubelamara

LONDON, Dec. 4.—An official announcement was made today that the forces of General Townsend in Mesopotamia were retiring to Kutelamara. This British announcement confirms a Berlin wireless despatch of two days ago to the effect that the British were being forced back in the direction of Kutelamara, 105 miles south of Bagdad. The wireless message quoted an official Turkish report which said that the British had suffered a severe setback, losing 5,000 officers and men in three days fighting, in falling back from vicinity of Bagdad.

STAR OF NEW ZEALAND REPORTED ASHORE

LONDON, Dec. 6th.—A despatch received by Lloyds from Melane, near Ushant, France, says the British steamer "Star of New Zealand" is ashore a mile southwest of Melane, 46 men of her crew have been saved. The "Star of New Zealand" is a vessel of 4417 tons, and belongs to the Star Line, Belfast. The last report of the steamer available in shipping records shows her sailing from Buenos Aires on Sept 21, for an unknown destination.

session in the East which makes the result so unfortunate from a British point of view.

OFFICIAL BRITISH

The Governor, Newfoundland:

LONDON, Dec. 4.—In Mesopotamia General Townsend is retiring on Hutelamara. He fought a rear-guard action on the night of the 30th against greatly superior Turkish forces. Our casualties are estimated at 152. River boats, disabled by shell fire, were abandoned, after guns and engines had been rendered useless. The total casualties in the Ctesiphon fighting is 4567.

In France were artillery actions and grenade fighting. A small post near Lombaertzyde was lost and recaptured. Nothing special in Russia or Italy. Serbia announces that Monastir has fallen.

FRENCH

PARIS, Dec. 4 (official).—The night was relatively calm. Some shells of large calibre were discharged to the east of Grenay, and in the region of Sapigney. We exploded successfully a mine near Vouquois.

RUSSIAN

PETROGRAD, Dec. 5.—The Russian War Office today gave out the following statement: "The situation is unchanged from the night of the 2nd enemy, after a heavy artillery bombardment, launched an attack upon the railway station at Old Podtchereshin, on the left bank of the Sty, south-west of Rafalovka. Our forces at first were repulsed, but regained towards the evening the lost position."

FRENCH

PARIS, Dec. 6.—Official announcement was made here today of a meeting at Calais, yesterday, of representatives of France and Britain. After lunching together, the conference, which began at 2:30 o'clock and lasted until six, during which time the principal questions uppermost at present were discussed.

The British delegates returned to London during the night and the French representatives returned to Paris.

ITALIAN CONFIDENCE UNSHAKEN

ROME, Dec. 5.—The Deputies today voted confidence in the Government by an overwhelming majority.

The vote was taken after a debate on the recent statement of policy by the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and a speech by Premier Salandra, who said that the Government was fully aware of the gravity of the international situation, but that its confidence in final victory was in no wise shaken.

ROME, Dec. 6.—Earth shocks were felt on Sunday morning in Latium, at Foll, Frosinone, Genna, Caprina and Tivoli.

CHINESE SAILORS MUTINY

Several Shells Fall Into Foreign Concessions—The Trouble Said to Be Confined to One Cruiser's Crew

SHANGHAI, Dec. 5.—Heavy firing was heard at 6:30 o'clock this morning from the direction of the arsenal. Soon after, the outbreak had occurred, and that the rebels had seized a warship, which was firing on another warship and the arsenal.

The outbreak appears to have been confined to the cruiser Chaoho, the crew of which mutined. The arsenal authorities have notified the senior Consul at the foreign settlement, that they will shell and sink the Chaoho at daybreak.

Peace Party Off for Europe

OSCAR II. WITH FORD, PEACE DELEGATES SAIL FOR THE CONTINENT.—"THE PRICE OF PEACE" BIDS THEM FAREWELL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—With bands playing and hundreds on shore shouting and cheering for peace, the ship Oscar II, bearing Henry Ford and his peace delegates for Europe, swung out from her pier at Hoboken this afternoon and headed down the bay.

With the departure of the liner one of the most unique peace missions in Europe was under way. The Oscar II will stop at Christiania and Copenhagen, where delegates from other neutral countries will join the peace mission.

The journey will then continue to the Hague, where Ford plans to establish a peace tribunal, which will endeavour to bring about the end of the European war.

SAYS GREECE HAS AGREED

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Virtually the whole of Grecian Macedonia has been handed over to the Allies as a war base, says the Berlin Tageblatt, as quoted in a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

Greece has agreed to give the Allies the free use of the railroad in this territory, as well as of Aegean harbours, including Kavai.

Greece declines, however, to disarm the troops of the Central Powers if they pursue the Allied troops into Grecian territory.

The Tageblatt also is credited with the statement that the Central Powers have offered Greece Southern Albania and Islands in the Aegean on condition that she decline to grant certain demands of the Allies, and remain neutral.

Found Guilty and Sentenced

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Dr. Karl Bueinz, George Kotter and Adolph Sachmeister, of the Hamburg-American Line, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States government, were sentenced today to serve one and a half years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta. Joseph Papinghaus's sentence was one year.

Will Dispose of U. S. Securities

LONDON, Dec. 5.—The trustees of the Carnegie Hero Fund, the Carnegie trust for the Universities of Scotland, and the Carnegie Dunfermline trust, have decided to sell at current market prices the United States Steel Corporation bonds held by the trusts, and invest the proceeds in bonds of the British Government.

It is explained that this decision has been taken with a view to meeting the desire of the Government that American securities held in this country should be realized in order to overcome the adverse rate of exchange.

The bonds amount to about \$25,000,000.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

DECEMBER 4, 1915

1342—Private Frederick Charles Somerton, Trinity. Died on board Guildford Castle, Nov. 25, gunshot wound, head, fractured skull; buried at sea.

1218—Private Thomas Malcolm Hussey, South River, C.B. III at 21st General Hospital, Alexandria, Nov. 20; dysentery, severe.

167—Lance-Corp. Chesley Charles Belbin, 113 Cabot St. III at 21st General Hospital, Alexandria, Nov. 20; Enteric, severe.

578—James George Washington Hagen, St. Pierre. III at 21st General Hospital, Alexandria, Nov. 20; Enteric, severe.

1251—Private Silas Edgecombe, Ochre Pit Cove. Admitted to Hospital, Nov. 2, Netley; Rheumatism.

717—Private Michael Driscoll, Admitted to Hospital, Nov. 2, Netley; Jaundice.

The Following Additional Information Respecting Casualties Already Reported Has Been Received

320—Private Wm. Joseph Green, 39 Water W. Previously reported wounded, Nov. 5; now reported admitted to Hospital, Nov. 27, Netley.

569—Private Jens William Jensen, Harbour Breton. Previously reported wounded, Nov. 5; now reported admitted to Hospital, Nov. 27, Netley.

112—Private Edward Joseph Murphy, Mundy Pond Rd. Previously reported Dysentery (Alexandria); now reported admitted to Hospital Wandsworth, London, Nov. 27; Dysentery.

JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

CENTRAL POWERS ARE BEGINNING TO CRUMPLE THINKS MILITARY EXPERTS

South Africa to Increase Forces

CAPETOWN, Dec. 6.—General Jan Christian Smuts, Minister of Defence of the Union of South Africa, announced today at a public meeting that the entire force asked for the East African expedition, has been recruited, and that the Imperial Government will be informed that the Union was increasing its forces to provide for contingencies.

Explaining the decision to send an expedition to East Africa, Gen. Smuts said this action was taken because of the danger arising from the arming of natives by Germans and the preaching of a Holy War against Christians, which he declared the Germans were lending assistance.

NOT SEEKING PEACE

BERLIN, Dec. 5.—The Government has issued a statement denying reports that Germany is seeking peace.

BULGARS WANT TO QUIT

Deserters Arriving at Florina Say Great Majority of Bulgarian Soldiers Don't Want to Continue the Struggle in Interests of Germany

PARIS, Dec. 6.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas Agency sends the following despatch under current date:

"It is reported from Florina that Bulgarian troops remain camped in the vicinity of Monastir, at a place named St. Kieklaki. A delegation of inhabitants went out to the Bulgarian outposts to notify the troops they could enter the town. The Bulgarian officer said that he had no orders to enter the town, and recommended that the inhabitants organize a civic guard to maintain order."

"Bulgarian deserters, arriving at Florina, say that the great majority of Bulgarian soldiers think the war has been ended by the occupation of Macedonia and do not want to continue fighting in the interests of the Germanic Powers."

ONLY OFFICERS HAVE ENTERED MONASTIR

LONDON, Dec. 6.—It is officially announced that only German, Austrian and Bulgarian officers have entered Monastir, with no troops accompanying them, says a despatch from Athens. The flags of the three nations represented by the officers who entered the city were raised over the Government House, the despatch adds.

Other Messages On Page Three

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nov25,121 R. F. HORWOOD, Secretary.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Magnificent Response of French People to 'France's Great Loan of Victory'

PARIS, Nov. 30.—The first day's subscriptions to "The Great Loan of Victory," as the new French loan has been characterized by the minister of finance, brought out a greater number of investors than had been anticipated.

The lines began forming at nine o'clock at the special loan window in all post offices, at the banks and at the headquarters of the loan, at the pavilion de Flore, in the extreme southern wing of the Louvre.

At the post offices the subscribers crowded the corridors so that it was almost impossible to buy postage stamps. At the Credit Lyonnais and other banks the windows set apart for the receipt of applications had to be doubled, while at the Bank of France the crowd was so big that the police were obliged to use extra precautions.

Women in mourning, servants in white aprons, workmen in blouses, young boys and girls, bringing their savings, touched elbows with capitalists waiting to subscribe millions.

The First Subscriptions.
The first subscription was for 500,000 francs (\$100,000). This was followed by one for 200,000 francs and two for 300,000 francs each. The greatest sum subscribed by a single individual to-day was 5,000,000 francs (\$1,000,000) and all the formalities connected with it were completed in six minutes, which constitutes a supposed record for a French official transaction and furnishes evidence of the energy of the minister of finance, M. Ribot, who organized the issue.

The minister by resorting to business methods made the utmost of the confidence felt by the French people and of his personal prestige. The preliminaries of the issue resembled enthusiastic preparations for a national holiday rather than arrangements for a great financial operation. The first presentation of the special loan films in the moving picture theatres was greeted with cries of "Vive La France."

Everywhere in France public meetings were held and resolutions were adopted calling for generous subscriptions. Co-operative associations of all kinds which are numerous and strong in France, met at Lyons and other cities and sent complimentary addresses to M. Ribot. The govern-

Says Britain Wants Joffre in Command

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Joseph I. Henderson, a London lawyer, who arrived at the Hotel Billmore last week on his way to Ottawa, said that the lack of action in the War Department to meet the necessities of the war had caused a falling off of faith in the abilities of Lord Kitchener, and that there was a growing opinion in Great Britain that General Joffre would be placed in command of all the armies on the Western front in the near future.

Conscription, Mr. Henderson said, was practically in force in Great Britain now through the working of the registration act. "All single men of military age," he said, "are being sent for by the authorities in each city and town to join the colors and fight for the country. The threat of conscription has caused hundreds of young men to enlist instead of waiting to be fetched. In addition, reports have been circulated that the conscripts will have a pretty rough time and will not be entitled to the same pay or pensions as those who volunteer for the war."

"No one can leave England without a passport, and British subjects have to produce a birth certificate to get one, as all males up to the age of 65 have to register for government service in case they should be called up!" Even wealthy women who have been in the habit of going to the south of France, Italy or Algiers for the winter months find now that they cannot get away because the government refuses to issue them passports unless for some vital reason.

"We cannot guarantee your getting through France," the passport officials say. "You had better stay home and spend your money here."

Mr. Henderson said that the Belgian men were not regarded with favor in Great Britain because many of the people had made sacrifices to provide the refugees with board and lodging, to do which they had to work hard, while the visitors did nothing.

It is also strongly suspected that there are spies among them who are in the pay of the German government, and strict watch is being kept over the Belgians and also over the Swiss employed in Great Britain.

The new restriction on drinking

ment employees in the different departments and the labor unions formally promised to give the nation all available funds. The railroad employees union subscribed one million francs.

At the pavilion de Flore the subscribers were received by four hundred wives, widows and daughters of soldiers. The innovation of female help and the introduction of simplicity in government work proved to be so successful that these features are likely to be extended.

The figures of the first day's subscription could not be obtained at once, but the Bank of France and the ministry of finance have received the most satisfactory reports from the provinces.

Gen. Joffre's Appeal.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—Gen. Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, has issued the following general order to the army:

"On Nov. 25, France issues a great loan to provide for expenditure on the national defence. All the appeals she has made since the beginning of the war have had ready response. This, because everyone knows the riches of France; because everyone had confidence in her destinies; and a favorable termination of loan to provide funds for expenditure on the great struggle.

"All those who subscribe fulfill the duty of good Frenchmen. They also will find their advantage in it. Whoever pays in 87.25 francs will receive an obligation bearing five francs interest annually, an investment in French bonds at five and seventy-three hundredths per cent.

"You have doubtless heard your parents recall the terrible hours of 1870. After the war there was a loan for the liberation of territory. This time, thanks to your efforts, it will be as the minister of finance has said, 'the loan of victory.' Think about all that. Write about it to your relatives and friends that you left behind at your birthplace. Tell them that to subscribe to the loan is to serve France; that it is to fight for her with you; that it is to give you the most effective aid possible at the present time, and that it is to assure your future and that of your children.—(Signed)—J. JOFFRE."

Says Britain Wants Joffre in Command

before noon in London," he said, "was put in force by the government really to prevent women from getting liquor from the public houses or saloons in the morning. Under the former regulations a man could get a drink from 9 a.m. till noon, but a woman could not be served with liquor until midday. In consequence of this a number of loafers in London, Liverpool, Birmingham and other cities started a new industry as beer carriers for women. They purchased the liquor at the saloons and delivered it to the houses and made a good profit. This is all stopped by the new law, under which the places are only open from 12 to 2.30 p.m. and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m.

"All the people in Great Britain are realizing what the war means; prices are going up in everything, and the income tax is increasing while the minimum for exemption is decreasing. The working classes are spending the money they save on drink in food rent and investing what they have left over in the war loan."



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The new restriction on drinking

BEAR HUNTERS

ALL the talk is now war, hosts are gathered from afar; every mother's son you meet chatters, as he walks the street, how the British or the French (under Joffre) seized a trench. Every brave young British man hopes some day to lead the van on a gory battle-ground, baffled foemen strewn around. Still, in spite of war's alarms, some must work upon their farms; wheels of commerce in their groove somehow must be made to move. Winter's coming, don't forget, the streets are getting mighty wet; you must soon begin to choose just what brand of rubber shoes you will for that season buy for your wife, your girl, your boy. Sometimes you will buy a shoe which will wear a week or two, then you find the heels and soles quickly fill with jagged holes. Some may cost \$1.10, which will wear some days, and then, in through heel and in through toe you will find the water go; coughs and colds with speed will follow—your cheeks become both pale and hollow. Here's advice we give you, friend: your rubber troubles you can end—in any part of Newfoundland you can buy the old Bear Brand. On the sole of every pair you'll find stamped the Polar Bear. The Bear means money saved to you, and likewise 'tis a stylish shoe. No more we'll say, my dear old chap, but add the proverb: "Verbum sap."—nov12,tf

How Uncle Sam Guards Against Typhoid Fever

TYPHOID has ever been a grisly monster to north European and American armies. The Latins and the Asiatics are more immune, this being doubtless due to a rigid selection, operating through many centuries, by which typhoid killed off all that were disposed to typhoid. Thus, whenever men are gathered together in armies, there will be found a far greater proportion of non-immunes among the north Europeans and Americans than among the Latins and Asiatics.

In 1908, in Florida, the United States mobilized 12,000 men for a period of four months. During this time there were 2,600 cases of typhoid and 480 deaths from typhoid.

Nor is this the whole story. The soldiers carried the disease with them into Cuba, where many another death resulted from the four months spent in Florida.

In 1913 and 1914, at Texas City and Galveston, 12,000 soldiers were in camp for many months, during which there was not a single death from typhoid. In this last long mobilization all other infectious diseases were practically negligible. This remarkable record, covering so brief a period of time, has been made possible by two things: First, the education of the soldiers in camp sanitation and personal hygiene; and second, the inoculation or vaccination of the soldiers against typhoid.

The United States was the first country to inoculate its soldiers against typhoid, and it is safe to assume no matter in what other ways its soldiers and sailors may lose their lives in Mexico, that none will die of typhoid. This inoculation is a fairly simple matter. The serum is hypodermically injected into the arm in a series of three injections, the interval between injections being ten days. In a way, the injected becomes a sort of peripatetic graveyard. The first injection puts into his blood the nicely dead carcasses of some 500,000,000 micro-organisms along with all their virtues of deadness, which bring about a change in the constitution of the blood that makes it resistant to future invasion of full-powered, malignant typhoid micro-organisms. With this first injection, theoretically, the man has had reduced the 100 per cent. of his non-immunity to typhoid to 32 per cent.

The second injection, ten days later, consists of a thousand million nicely dead carcasses, and reduces his non-immunity to zero. In short, when his body has become the living cemetery of half a billion more dead carcasses than there are live humans in all the world, he has become so noxious to the particularly noxious and infective typhoid that he may be classed a positive immune.

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LATEST WAR MESSAGES

MONASTIR DEFENDERS NOW AT GIEVAGELI

PARIS, Dec. 6.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas Agency sends the following under the date of Sunday:

"According to news from Salonika, Serbian troops retiring from Monastir have arrived at Gievageli yesterday and will fight under the orders of General Sarrail, commander of the French army in the Balkans, in conjunction with French troops.

A band of Turkish and Bulgarian irregulars are reported to be between Monastir and Kavadar seeking to harass the French at Kavadar.

PEACE HAS BEEN RESTORED AT SHANGHAI

PEKING, Dec. 6.—The Government announces that it has received a telegram from General Yang at Shanghai, saying that the Chinese cruiser Chao has been recaptured from its crew, which mutinied Saturday night, and opened fire on two other warships and arsenal.

It is stated that the rebel land movement against the arsenal is repulsed, and that peace has been restored.

"ORIGINAL" ASHORE

SYDNEY, N.S., Dec. 6.—The American schooner Original, Capt. Conrad, is ashore at Ingouish, and probably become a total wreck. The crew escaped.

Insurance Co's Are Warned

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The British Admiralty, in order to prevent leakage of information regarding war works and materials, warned insurance companies against communicating particulars of risks on Government works to foreign companies which with they have been in the habit of effecting insurances.

Several insurance companies have also been stricken from the list of those eligible to participate in Government insurance, while others now operating have been warned that failure to safeguard with secrecy particulars respecting government work would render them liable to prosecution.

405 TO 48

ROME, Dec. 6.—In a vote of confidence for the Government in the Chamber of Deputies today, the policy of the Cabinet was sustained by 405 to 48. This vote was followed by a notable speech by Premier Salandra, who declared the confidence of the Government in final victory, although the gravity of the international situation was fully appreciated.

AGAIN DENIED

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The British Government made a statement today relative to the assertion of various recent despatches from Berlin that British Hospital Ships are being improperly used. The statement follows:

"In view of the allegation of German wireless despatches that British hospital ships are being put to improper use, the hospital ship Mauretania has been examined at Naples by American, Danish and Swiss Consuls, jointly signed a declaration that she carried neither combatants nor warlike stores.

To Check Hun Advance to Constantinople

LONDON, Dec. 6th.—An Athens correspondent of Reuters Telegram Co. sends the following: "The conviction prevails here that the Balkan campaign will continue more energetically in order to check the German advance to Constantinople. From French sources it is reported that the reinforcement of the entire line from Cerna Riber to Krivelak continue, and the positions of east Vardar River have gradually been rendered secure with a view to extending the zone for the protection of railway.

ROUNDING THEM UP

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—Baron George Wilhelm Von Bricken, who claimed immunity from arrest as a military attache to the German Consul General here, surrendered last night to the Federal authorities.

He was charged with attempting to destroy commerce with the Entente Allies.

He was released on a bail bond of \$10,000.

ROME, Dec. 6.—The Consistory being held to-day is important, because it is the first held since the election of the present Pope and also because it affords the Pontiff an opportunity to again raise his voice in the question of war, doing so in the most solemn manner possible for the head of the Roman Catholic Church, namely in a consistorial allocution.

CANADIAN TROOPS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—It is officially announced that the troopship Saxonia has arrived in England with Canadian troops.

THE NICKEL THEATRE.

SEE ANITA STEWART AND EARL WILLIAMS TO-DAY IN

"THE GODDESS."

A Story of Love, Romance and Honor, of Red-Blooded Men and an Innocent Girl.

"THE EYE-WITNESS AT THE FRONT." Some great war views in to-day's issue of the Pathe News.

"FATTY'S FAITHFUL FIDO." A Keystone comedy-riot.

"THE TURN OF THE WHEEL." A powerful Essaney drama with Richard C. Travers.

"A WIRELESS RESCUE." Dorothy Kelley in a thrilling two-part Vitagraph drama.

NOTE—THE GODDESS will be shown at 8.15 and at 10.15 each night.

CASINO THEATRE---Daily at 2.30 and 7.30

CONTINUED COLOSSAL SUCESS OF "OUR BOYS."

"The First Newfoundland Regiment."

In conjunction with which a specially authorized French War-Office production Portraying

LORD KITCHENER, F.M.,

On his official visit to the Trenches in Flanders (accompanied by General Joffre and Staff) will also be shown at EACH ENTERTAINMENT.

Pictures Projected at 2.30, 7.30, 8.40 and 9.50. Admission: Adults, 20c.; Children, 10c.

APPROPRIATE AND ARTISTIC MUSIC BY MR. BURNARD SPENCER.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Asquith, Kitchener and Balfour with naval and military advisers, met Premier Briand and his Minister of War and Marine yesterday at Calais, returning to England in the evening.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Supreme Effort Must be Made

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The recruiting scheme of Earl Derby, Director of Recruiting has not been as successful as had been hoped for said James Henry Thomas, Labor Member of Parliament in addressing a meeting of railway workers at Long Eaton to-night.

Thomas said he had discussed the matter with Earl Derby Saturday, and that the Earl had expressed the opinion that his plan had not been as successful as he had anticipated or had a right to expect, therefore the Earl declared that a supreme effort must be made within the next few days by those who valued their freedom and who were opposed to conscription.

WILL ASK SAFE CONDUCT FOR ATTACHES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The United States Government to-day looked to Germany for the immediate recall of Captains Karl Boy-Ed and Franz von Papen, respectively naval and military attaches of the German Embassy here, in accordance with Secretary of State Lansing's request.

The action of Secretary Lansing had the full approval of President Wilson and his Cabinet. The President is said to have decided to get rid of all foreign officers whose activities are considered harmful to the best interests of the United States.

The Government, it was said to-day, probably will ask the Entente Allies for safe conduct for the offending attaches. They are expected to leave at once.

ANOTHER TWO ADDED TO THE LIST

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Two more British steamers have been sunk in the Mediterranean by submarines. They were the Middleton and Clan MacLeod. Four men on the Middleton were killed, one was wounded and 19 were landed at Malta.

There are no records of recent movements of the Middleton which presumably was in the service of the British Government.

The Clan MacLeod was last reported at Port Said, September 26th. She was owned in Glasgow.

WILL RETURN AGAIN TO BRUSSELS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—American Minister Whitlock is returning to Brussels when he sails from the United States on 28th Dec. on the Rotterdam. It was officially stated at the State Department today.

Last night despatches said that the German Military Governor at Brussels had recommended to his Government that the American Legation be transferred to the seat of the Belgian Government at Havre.

The State Department official says that they had received no intimation to that effect, and that Whitlock's plans were unchanged.

The police made four arrests Saturday evening and night. Amongst the drunks was one tradesman who was locked up for the fifteenth time since the year began.

ROSSLEY'S EAST END THEATRE.

St. John's Leading Vaudeville, Dramatic and Picture Theatre.

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AND THE ONE AND ONLY

MADGE LOCKE,

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THE CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME.

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"THE ONLY WAY OUT"

Produced by the Lubin Company in Reels—An Interesting Gripping Picture.

"JACK'S PALS"

A Jungle Zoo Wild Animal Feature.

"WINNING WINSOME WINNIE"

A Comedy with Arthur V. Johnson and Lottie Briscoe.

DAN DELMAR, The Popular Crescent Vocalist, SINGING NOVELTY SONGS AND BALLADS.

GOOD MUSIC AND EFFECTS.

A COMFORTABLE AND WELL VENTILATED THEATRE.

On WEDNESDAY—A Rich Detective Feature in 2 Reels—

"THE TRAP DOOR."

A LUNATIC ESCAPES.

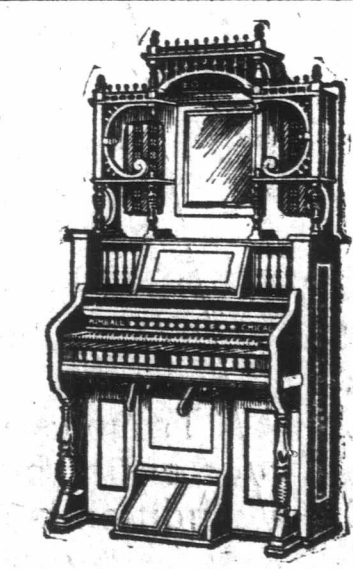
A woman inmate of the Lunatic Asylum escaped from the institution by jumping through a window yesterday and made her way to the city. She was found last night in Job's Cove by some passing citizens who handed her over to Const. Hibbert, and she was taken back to the Asylum. She became very violent and the officers who took her to the institution had much trouble with her.

WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

Last week nine cases of diphtheria were reported in the city, there being four in a house where the disease had already occurred. There are 39 patients being treated in hospital and there, as well as one of typhoid are being treated at home. Eight houses were disinfected and quarantine of them raised.

The S.S. Beatrice was detained in port yesterday owing to the heavy sea running and did not get away to Sydney until this morning.

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<h3>Colored Repp Blouses</h3> <p>Very Dainty. We have them in Green with Tan Spot, Tan with Sax Blue Spot, Navy with Green Spot; ea.</p> <p>\$1.60</p>	<h3>Girls' Navy Corduroy Dresses</h3> <p>According to size.</p> <p>\$1.75 up.</p>	<h3>Men's Shirts</h3> <p>Men's Neglige Shirts, made from Soft Finish dimity, in Stripe pattern.</p> <p>49c</p>
<h3>Light, Fancy Crepeoline Blouses</h3> <p>Nice Pretty Stripe Effects. Collars are in Green, Purple, Tan, Sax Blue to suit the various color stripes. Fitted with Gold Pear Buttons.</p> <p>\$1.20</p>	<h3>Infants Boots</h3> <p>In Tan, Pink, Cream, Blue and Black Colors. Special Price</p> <p>28c each.</p>	<h3>Men's Neglige Shirts, made from Fast Color Stripe Percale with detachable collar.</h3> <p>85c</p>
<h3>Black Sateen Blouses</h3> <p>With Embroidered and Tucked Front and Tucked Collar.</p> <p>90c</p>	<h3>Children's White Fleece Vests</h3> <p>Extra Special Value.</p> <p>27c up. According to size.</p>	<h3>Men's Neglige Shirts, made from neat Fancy Stripe Repp material with French Cuffs</h3> <p>\$1.10</p>
<h3>Ladies' Flannelette Blouses</h3> <p>In Light, Medium and Dark Shades. ALL MODERATELY PRICED.</p>	<h3>Children's Wool Caps</h3> <p>Various Colors.</p> <p>35c up.</p>	<h3>Men's Neglige Shirts, made from Soft Finish Silk Spot Lustre, double stitched and reinforced back and front.</h3> <p>\$1.25</p>
<h3>Ladies' Wool Underwear</h3> <p>In all Sizes. Garment 85c Garment.</p>	<h3>Boys' Wool Underwear</h3> <p>75c up.</p>	<h3>Men's Heavy Knit Overshirts. Correct in style and shape.</h3> <p>65c</p>
		<h3>Men's Grey Union Shirts, without collar. Each.</h3> <p>55c</p>
		<h3>Men's Flannel Shirts, all with newest stripes and without collar.</h3> <p>\$1.40</p>
		<h3>Boys' Neglige Shirts</h3> <p>Neglige Shirts, in newest Stripes, with Laundered Cuffs</p> <p>65c</p>
		<h3>Boys' Blue Chambray Shirts, Band Cuff; good wearing, ea.</h3> <p>40c</p>

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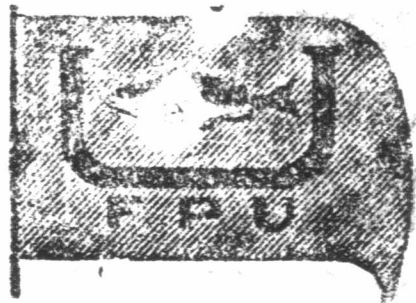
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The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

Editor and Business Manager
JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., DEC. 6th, 1915.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

Prohibition

THE whole Country has now awakened to the impertinence and consummate cheek of the thirty or forty Saloon Keepers of this City who have attempted to muzzle the Prohibition measure that was carried on November 4th by a majority of 20,000 and with 400 votes over and above the outrageous conditions of 40 per cent demanded by the Liquor interests in the Government ranks.

That one man belonging to St. John's should have the right to ask for a recount for the 18 districts of the Colony and to hurl such an insult into the face of the big Northern districts that have rolled up a vote of 50 per cent of the electorate against liquor is an outrage that won't be tolerated with impunity.

If the law is what Judge Johnson asserts it is by his decision of Friday, then laymen may as well admit once and for all that one of the requirements to make a first class lawyer, does not include the hitherto believed requisite of common sense. What ever else may be claimed as a foundation for such a decision, laymen at any rate, will conclude that the qualification so essential to success in most walks of life—common sense—is not requisite when arriving at legal decision.

The Court has decided that one man—a Saloon Keeper of St. John's—has the power to make a formal affidavit that carries with it the right to recount votes for Prohibition cast in 18 districts. That the election was one election, that the count will be one count; that there was not 18 districts or an election for each district. Yet 18 Proclamations were issued, 18 Returning Officers were appointed to control the work, 18 district returns have been made, some 2000 voters who were absent from their districts on Nov. 4th were deprived of their votes because the vote was not one general vote but cast in districts.

If all this is law, then we again assert that Common Sense is not requisite to construe the meaning of legal enactments.

The whole thing has extremely disgusted the Country and respect for law and order will not benefit much by the proceedings in the Court to date upon this matter.

The only course open to the Government now is to state absolutely before the Court, through

the Minister of Justice, that no matter what the outcome of the technical struggle before the Court on the Prohibition measure, that the Government intend to stand by the demands of the 25,000 electors who voted against Liquor on Nov. 4th. If this is done the Liquor interests will of course bow to the inevitable and end the torture they have endeavoured to apply to the conscience of the 25,000 electors who recently said NO liquor for Newfoundland.

If the Government do not adopt this course and will stand by while Mr. Furlong's "process" of strangling the measure is put into operation, and compel the Opposition to move in this matter, it will be the saddest crime permitted to be committed in Newfoundland for many a year and will result in busting the Morris Government into atoms.

It will also introduce a sectarian struggle in the House and thence into the Country that will be neither creditable or beneficial to the Government.

Such Prohibitionists as Messrs. Goodison, Parsons, LeFeuvre, Downey and Currie must stand by the measure passed last May and see that the 25,000 electors who voted YES on November 4th are not insulted and outraged; and such representatives as Messrs. Piccott, Crosbie, Emerson, Young and Moulton, as well as the six members for St. John's—East and West—cannot ignore the overwhelming vote cast in favour of Prohibition in their districts, if they regard their trust as public men in any way compatible with their duty in recognizing the expressed wishes of their constituents as expressed through the highest tribunal in the land.

For our part we are convinced that no recount will cut down the surplus vote over 40 per cent sufficient to defeat the measure; and if such was accomplished we have no doubt whatever of the measuring being enacted into law as soon as the Legislature opened.

Why then inflict upon the Country the outrage now in process which cannot aid the Rum Sellers, but can accomplish much unpleasantness and arouse bitter feelings that won't soon subside?

Rev. Francis Boone

ON Saturday we had the pleasure of a visit from the Rev. Francis Boone, son of Mr. Robert Boone of Lewisporte. While stationed as operator at Lewisporte fourteen years ago this lad, Francis, worked at Miller's lumber yard and was a steady sensible chap. We became interested in him and he began to study during his evenings. He subsequently offered himself to the Methodist Conference and was sent as a probationer to Hamilton Inlet, where he spent two years.

He returned to Newfoundland and laboured for one year at Farmer's Arm, Dildo, N.D.B. The following year he went to America and entered College, where he remained two years. After an uphill fight that truly tested his enthusiasm and endurance, he overcame the difficulties of a neglected early education, and was ordained a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He is now in charge of Grace Church, Moorhead, Minn.

Mr. Boone deserves every credit for what he has made himself and his achievements against such heavy odds, should prove an inspiration to many a fisherman's son. He hopes to return to Newfoundland to labor in 1917, which if he will, should give the Methodist Church another faithful, devoted and practical preacher of the Gospel.

Mr. Boone left by the Stephano on Saturday en route for his home via New York.

It may be all right to wait for dead men's shoes if you have some of your own to wear in the meantime.

Frank Lind's Letter

THIS morning News contained a letter from Frank Lind, written from the Dardanelles, Oct. 30th. We republish that portion of the letter referring to matters and conditions we exposed a week ago in our editorial columns.

There is no doubt about the unnecessary hardships being endured by our lads at the front, and there is no doubt about someone making big blunders. We trust our lads in khaki fighting so eagerly for King, Empire and the Liberty of the World have received those comforts and necessary articles of clothing, that they were so badly in need of five weeks ago.

The public are uneasy over the delay in furnishing the requisite information by the authorities. The country must be satisfactorily assured that such negligence will not be repeated again.

Our boys at the front may rest assured that their own flesh and blood are more interested in them than in any other issue or public matter now before the public. Their comforts and care are the first consideration of every man and woman in the Colony. Their noble self-sacrificing spirit, which led them to offer their ALL for Empire in her most urgent hour of need will never be forgotten. All that can be done to provide comforts and essential clothing will be done willingly and lovingly.

The public are somewhat displeased with the authorities and the W.P.A. for the negligence which has been so plainly proven, and all the particulars must be promptly forthcoming, and every precaution taken to prevent such from again occurring.

Squid Bait

SOME time ago a correspondent stated that squid bait was selling at 7½ cents per pound at the Bait Depot at Rose Blanche. We find the highest price charged this fall has been five cents per lb. Our correspondent therefore quoted an incorrect figure.

THE WORLD'S PRESS

March Breast-Forward

London Daily Telegraph.—Legitimate and strengthening criticism has sometimes been most foolishly suppressed, and the absence of that fuller information which we believe to be quite compatible with military security has had a deplorable effect upon public opinion, which even yet the Government fail adequately to realize. We know, too, that when unquestioning trust is placed in Governments mistakes seem to follow as though by direct causation. Nevertheless, we hold it to be the duty of every loyal Briton in these days loyally to support the Government, which is not merely a Government which could command a majority of the House of Commons in the present crisis of affairs, and when Ministers make mistakes to help in their redemption. Other things may be doubtful, but not that.

**Extracts From Frank Lind's Letter
Published in This Morning's News**

WE don't hear any war news worth while here, and have no idea of how things are going in Flanders or on the sea. Would you believe it, we get lots of news on our own home papers, although rather late, but news we cannot get here at all. So you can understand how much a home paper is looked for amongst us fellows.

Where Does It Go?

It is a little warmer the past few days, but we dread the cold days and nights to come. Perhaps today it will change again, and then comes that rotten cold dampness for days and days.

The people who fitted us out for a warm climate, when sending us here, had a poor idea of what it is like. I don't suppose there are ten men in the regiment who were lucky enough to have brought a pair of drawers with them.

I hope you won't think I am complaining, but I am sure I voice the sentiments of every man in the regiment when I tell you that we feel disgusted on looking through the St. John's (Newfoundland) papers and read about so many thousand pairs of socks, thousands of underclothing, etc., being knitted by the good women at home for "our boys at the front."

The question somebody asks every day is: "Where does it all go?" for men in the Regiment are cold and wretched standing sentry at nights with perhaps one thin shirt under their tunic. I would shock you if I told the length of time most of the shirts have been on the men since being washed. Lots of them are wearing the same shirt put one either in Aldershot or en route.

We have not received anything from the W.P.A. since the time we were at Fort George.

No Y.M.C.A.'s There

Now all along until we got to the front, none of the men bothered, as we were always in places where there were shops, and when a man wanted any clothing or anything he went and bought it, but here as I have already told you,

we are isolated. Money is of no use, and if there were shops to buy things nobody would say a word.

Are you aware that in the firing line in France the men spend, I understand, about 48 hours in the trenches and 96 hours out, but when out they have not dug-outs as we, but Y.M.C.A. canteens, stores and houses to go to, and have a good feed, a bath, and all sorts of luxuries, and buy anything they need.

Yet they seem to be getting the clothing that is so badly needed amongst our men. Don't think I exaggerate when I say "badly needed" for "The half is not told." I see things that would make your heart ache. Then of course, a soldier's life is rough, but why not make it as pleasant and comfortable as possible, and the winter is set in here.

Sent But Not Received

All the different Regiments here their packages time after time sent from the country or city, as the case may be, which they represent: parcels of chocolates, cigarettes, and all sorts of things given by the people to their Regiment "at the front."

For instance, the London Fusiliers have no end of stuff from London; the Royal Scots from Edinburgh, and so on. The Royal Scots were near us last time we were out of the trenches, and when we met them they gave our fellows no end of cigarettes, candies, and in some cases pairs of gloves and mufflers, etc. They had more than they knew what to do with.

Then the Australians, you ought to see the way they are looked after by their people. They need for nothing, and give piles of it away to whatever Regiments happen to be stationed near them from time to time, and those Australians are certainly "gone" on the Newfoundlanders, ("Colonials, you know," they would do anything for our chaps. If we happen to meet up with any of them the word Newfoundlanders bears a charm. It is "Newfoundlanders ask what you will and you shall have it."

The duty of the citizen is always plain in time of war. It is to march breast-forward and assist the Government all he can.

A Glorious Work

London Daily Telegraph.—The British people may well be proud of the work which has been done during the present war through combined operations of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. In a spirit of loyal devotion to a great cause, the two organizations have co-operated to a splendid purpose. It is impossible to form an estimate of the results achieved—the dying whose last hours have been soothed, the timely aid given to the wounded, the comforts sent to prisoners, the heart agony in thousands of homes which have been relieved by the kindly offices in tracing men reported missing and

wounded. In the history of warfare there has been nothing like this.

Labor After the War

New York Evening Post.—Political upheavals in the belligerent nations, after the war, have been freely predicted. Something of that sort may easily occur. One thing seems certain, that the higher cost of living, and the increased taxes sure to follow for a long time, will lead to a resolute demand by the working classes that the increased wages which they have been getting in war-time be continued or even be made larger still. We in this country shall doubtless face that as well as Germany and England. Already it is a sense of the role which the laboring men are going to play which lends importance to what their spokesmen are saying now.

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Says There Are Many "Slackers" at Home

H. M. T. Lord Lister,
c/o Fleet Post Office,
Bunerrance,
Donegal,
North, Ireland.

DEAR SIR.—Will you please allow me a little space in your valuable paper for a few remarks concerning slackers of Barr'd Island. I am sorry to hear that there are a lot of our young men walking about doing nothing when their King and country need them as they do, and I think that they cannot have much respect for the good old British flag let alone their homes and parents. Let them think of the poor refugees of Belgium and France that had to leave home and everything behind them for a madman who wishes to rule the world and tries to get it by all sorts of inhumane and devilish devices, but still is held back by our brave lads who face the battles day after day with a smile, known that they are doing it and risking life and limb to save their homes from the fate of the true Allies who have suffered

severely but still smile with the thoroughness of victory. I wonder what our slackers will think when it is all over and see their comrades come home, knowing that they have done duty to King and Country, while they have stayed at home with a comfortable bed to lie and let others fight their battles for them. Do you think that they will be fit to hold their hands out to shake. I do not think that any true sailor or soldier would have the heart to shake hands with a slacker. Sir, last summer when the war broke out I was called to St. John's, being a reserve man for the Navy, and I was there three weeks when I got leave to come home to see my wife and parents before coming to England. The first thing I was asked if I had got all the Germans killed, by those who are commonly called slackers. Now, as I know for a fact that those young men who asked me these insults (as I took it for that) are still at home slacking. I wonder what our colonies would have been like if it had not been for our navy, they would have had the same fate as Belgium and France; so let our young men rally up to do the good old British flag and do their bit the same as others. I am

their bit the same as the others. Hoping this will catch the eye of some of our men of Barr'd Island, and let their words be "I am not going to be a slacker any longer, but rally to the call." I know they will never regret it afterwards because they will be able to look anyone straight in the face and say I did my duty. Well, Sir, I hope this will not take too much of your space, but encourage our men to join either Army or Navy.
I am, Sir,
Yours sincerely,
STEPHEN HEATES,
A.B., R.N.R.
FAYAL, Azores, Nov. 30 (via London).—A wireless message was received here today from the Italian steamship San Giorgio, stating that the British steamship Oakfield was drifting in a disabled condition. The Oakfield, which was reported in distress about 600 miles south-east of Cape Race, Nfld., on Monday, in a message from the San Giorgio, has lost all her propeller blades. The San Giorgio made two attempts to tow the Oakfield to port, but in each instance the Oakfield broke adrift. The Oakfield's crew is still on board the vessel.

"A Bright and Better Future Dawning for Newfoundland"

(Editor Mail and Advocate).
DEAR SIR.—The report of St. Barbe's vote for Prohibition received Thursday must indeed be gratifying to those who worked hard for that great emancipating movement, especially that noble body of men who comprised the different committees, and gave their time and talent unstintingly on behalf of a cause which can only mean the revolutionizing of the economical, industrial and commercial status of this Colony, as well as the moral uplifting of a great portion of its population. Old customs, traditions and habits usually die hard in a country like this. We cannot always wrench ourselves away from life-long habits, which, however harmful are clung to with characteristic tenacity. Our willingness in the past to endure excruciating evils rather than attempt any radical change has had a baffling and discouraging effect upon reform. The readiness to glide along in the old timeworn groove for fear that any deviation or departure may upset the old fabric aroused which our Colonial life revolves, has attached a medieval aspect to our history. You may call this a lack of national ideal, if you like, but in my humble opinion the responsibility for this characteristic rests with our social system, or rather lack of any organized method of forming and inspiring public opinion. Therefore at home, Newfoundland has been a political playground and abroad, the proverbial spot of historic misfortune. Our hitherto isolated habit of country life has not been conducive to advanced ideas. The greater and broader questions by which the future must be moulded cannot be thoughtfully solved without communion of thought; but this state of things belong to the past. A better, brighter future is dawning for Newfoundland after three hundred years of subservience to the exploitation of the few. At last the semidormant spirit is waking Newfoundland and she is beginning to think. That same spirit and thought which inspired and animated the great reformers and emancipators in other lands, is struggling through the rift. The clouds are passing, the personal agrandizement of the few must soon become subordinate to the interest of the many, and from whence comes this change, let us be implicit. It is the touch of the modern movement wafted on the winds of destiny. In the ordinary course of human events things must change. For once to every man and nation. Comes the moment to decide, Twixt the strife of truth and falsehood For the good or evil side.

We are, I think, Mr. Editor, performing deeds in this old Colony today, which will be emblazoned to our honour in the annals of future history. While our brave lads are facing death inflexibly in an alien land, that militarism may be smashed, and while they share the griefs and horrors of this cruel conflict, they will also surely become participants in its glories. It is fitting then that we at home should feel proud of victory over our great eternal enemy: Alchodism. We have won a clear victory in a democratic principle in a free country, and while some have chosen to differ, let us be charitable. There are, however, characters and factors prominent in the light which have rendered services, perhaps not fully appreciated. Inseparable from Prohibition will live the names of many clergy and laymen who labored diligently with the spirit of noble conviction, and we cannot but realize the great assistance given by the press. But in reviewing the great issue and giving credit to influence, contributory and indispensable to its final consummation, we feel the gratitude of every temperance worker in this country is due to that great organization, the Fishermen's Protective Union for the mooring and support of the Prohibition Plebescite measure as well as for the united support of Unionists at the poles. The fearless appeal of President Coaker to the members of the F.P.U. and their almost unanimous response is but another proof of that confidence and fidelity which forms the very base, upon which the union is founded, and the most ardent prohibitionist could not hope to win but for the wholesome support given by Mr. Coaker through the instrumentality of the union. May the President long be spared to further advance the interest of his native land which will surely merit and receive the approbation and well-doing of all right thinking people; and let those who would by mere technicalities attempt to thwart the popular will, remember they are but blindly contending against the irresistible friend of the modern movement, for the voice of the people is the voice of God. Sincerely yours, R. HIBBS. Kelligrews, Dec 2, 1915.

KAISER SPEAKS OF PEACE

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—A field post letter, printed in the Lokalanzeiger, from a soldier in the east to his family, describes the Kaiser's visit to General von Voysrsch's army at Baranowitschi: "Kaiser's parade" was held at 8 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 11, and the paraphrase of the Emperor's address on that occasion furnishes the first authentic reference by the Kaiser to the all-absorbing topic on peace. The anonymous correspondent writes:—"Kaiser parade took place on the great exercise grounds. The German Austrian and Hungarian flags waved from the Kommando tower. The Kaiser appeared at noon with Prince Leopold of Bavaria and his suite. To the music of the national hymn the Kaiser paced along the front and greeted every company with a loud 'Good morning, comrades.' Then he conferred several decorations. "It made a wonderful impression, as the Kaiser was all alone, except close behind him the imperial standard bearer and two staff trumpeters walked into the centre of the square. It was quite majestic, likewise, his words directed at us. First he thanked us for the splendid success which the Silesian Landwehr had achieved in the course of the great offensive. Then he mentioned the enemy's attacks in the west, and admonished us to hold out in our trenches and send our enemies back with bloody heads till they were on their knees, as he hoped might be the case soon. "We returned to our trenches in the expectation that the imperial hope might soon be fulfilled, but at the same time with the firm determination to hold firmly against the enemy till then, as we have done till now. Another version of the Kaiser's reference to peace is contained in another letter from a soldier. It reads:—"The Kaiser compared and contrasted our activities with those of our comrades on the west front, and brought us greetings from them and from home. The Kaiser then said: 'The deeds of the Silesian Landwehr Corps are inscribed within the world history of all time. Worthily did they rank beside the deeds of the old Silesian Landwehr a hundred years ago.' Then the Kaiser told us to carry his greeting to our comrades in the trenches and exhorted us to hold until he had forced our enemies to their knees and could dictate a peace to the enemy worthy of our sacrifices." This version contains nothing about any expression of hope or belief in a possible early peace.



NOTICE
St. John's, Nfld.,
December 2nd, 1915.
After this date the monthly allotment cheques payable to dependents of members of the Newfoundland Regiment, will be mailed to their addresses on the 7th of each month, and it will not be necessary for parties holding allotment certificates to call at the Regimental Pay Office in the Colonial Building for the purpose of receiving the same.
By order,
J. M. HOWLEY,
Deputy Paymaster.
dec2,61

J. J. St. John
To Shopkeepers:
100 dozen
ROYAL PALACE
Baking Powder at
50c dozen tins.
500 Dozen
TOILET SOAP
1 dozen in a Box,
35c dozen.
500 Dozen
BLACK PEPPER, at
10c lb.
150 Dozen
ELECTRIC PASTE,
the best Blacklead
on the market,
48c dozen.
J. J. St. John
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Rd

Superb Fur-Like Seal Sets.
THESE splendid sets of Fur-Like, Black, Coney Seal, are made of a fabric that perfectly resembles the famous South Sea Seal—the fur-of which throws off beautiful radiating, soft, deep, lustrous, velvety, black and maroon tones, that compel us to centre our attention, and at once crave to possess a garment made of such a rich fur.
Look at the illustration and notice the excellent contour of this fashionable and Comfortable Muff and Throwover—apart from the style and comfort the smart dressy appearance it gives to the wearer will be a source of pleasure as long as the set lasts.
These sets are well made, and richly lined with Black Silk, and styles exactly as illustrated are finished with silk medallions, and long fine, silk-thread tassels, truly marvellous value. These are copies of real, South Sea Seal, one-hundred-dollar sets. Price for this Muff and Throwover exactly as illustrated. A Set—\$7.00.
Price of Similar Coney Seal Sets in black, finished with wide, knotted, fine, silk-thread fringe. A Set—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.
Price of Black Coney Seal Sets finished without fringes—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.
Remember these are often copied, but never equalled. You buy right, when you buy here. See them to-day, or mail your order to-day—mail now, we have many to choose from.
Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.



Wants a Coaker Government
(Editor Mail and Advocate).
DEAR SIR.—We would like for the Union to get stronger in Burin, for I am sure we need it. We need something in Burin Bay Arm if not in Burin. There are about seventy or eighty families living in Burin Arm. We have nothing here in the way of public works, only what they call road, which was here a hundred years ago. It is more like a cow path than a road. If the Morris government did not neglect any other place in the Island I am sure they neglected Burin Bay Arm. Its pretty hard for a fisherman to go away in March and not come back till October and have to bough the road before he can get across it with horse and waggon. If you ask any of the Government officials around here why they can't get the roads fixed up, there reply is there is no money. Well there is a good share of money for other places. It seems to me and others as well that there is lots of money spent in Burin since the Morris Government has been in power. They have coated gravel out in boats and gravelled the roads around Burin. But still in here they can't get money enough to fill up a log with stones. I myself wish and hundreds of others do as well, that Morris' day was done. When Morris' day is done I suppose Mr. Coaker will take the wheel. There are lots of people under the impression that Morris will have the ship of State ashore before Mr. Coaker gets on the bridge. I expect Mr. Coaker will have to try to run her with a smaller crew than Morris. If he or any other man can't run the government with less government officials that what we got now, it is not much odds whether she goes ashore or stays afloat. I am sure, according to the statements in the papers that Mr. Coaker is doing his level best for the fishermen of

Newfoundland. Well done, Mr. Coaker, you are getting the warmest praise around here. First when I took the Advocate scarce by anyone wanted to see it or read what was on it, but now I can scarcely keep in long enough myself to read. I don't wish to take any more space in your paper for the present. Yours truly,
NOV. 29, 1915. BURIN BAY ARM.
BOXER, WELL KNOWN HERE HURT IN LONDON
Toronto, Nov. 26.—"Jack" Munroe, who went from Cobalt to the war with the Princess Pats regiment, writes from Netley Hospital, England, that he has lost his right hand. In part the man who fought Jim Jeffries twice writes: "I got hurt at Armentieres looking over a parapet. Three times they tried to hit me, and I was fool enough to stay right there. The fourth cut an artery and part of the nerve and for the time being, paralyzed my right arm. Later, it was cut off. "I will never forget the terrible suffering I underwent. They will operate again in a month to tie up the nerves and relieve the pain."
SALVING THE CRUISER EMDEN
Melbourne, Australia, Nov. 25.—Negotiations between private contractors and the Navy Department for the salvaging of the German cruiser Emden having been broken off by the department chiefly because of the fear that the complications might arise if the Emden were used as a "show-ship" at various ports, the department itself intends to save the wreck. A gunboat adequately manned for the purpose by experts and provided with needed apparatus has just left for North Keeling Island in the Indian Ocean where the bulk of the Emden has laid for almost a year.
READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

GOOD COTTON BLANKETS, CHEAP.
We have purchased a clearing lot of COTTON BLANKETS, which includes odd lines, and some with slight defects. We are selling them by THE POUND at prices which will bring the cost to you down to about two-thirds of the usual price.
You will save by buying now.
ROBERT TEMPLETON,
333 Water Street.

LADIES' Waterproof Sailors
Right in Style, Quality, and Right in Price.
90 cents and \$1.20 each.
We sell hundreds of them. Have you got one?
Mail Orders receive our prompt and careful attention.
S. MILLEY.

NOTICE!
A Special Meeting of The Fishermen's Union Trading Company, Ltd., will be held at St. John's, on Dec. 15th, 1915, for the purpose of confirming Resolutions passed at the General Meetings of the said Company, on Nov. 16, 1914, and Nov. 25, 1915, authorizing the increasing of the capital of said Fishermen's Union Trading Company, Ltd. from \$100,000 to \$250,000.
W. W. HALFYARD, Secretary.
St. John's Dec. 1st. 1915.

THE CHRISTMAS SPECIAL NUMBER OF THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, (guaranteed circulation 15,000 copies) will be issued on Saturday December 18th. All advertisements for this issue must be sent in before Dec. 13th.

Home From Dardanelles

Naval Reservist Butler—A Former C.C.C. Boy—Was Hit Three Times While Landing—Has Interesting Souvenirs of War

Seaman Butler, a Naval Reservist, and a former C.C.C. boy, who, since the campaign in the Dardanelles began has been in service there and was dangerously wounded, arrived here a couple of days ago.

He, with 40 others of a landing party, occupied a boat and were met with a storm of Turkish rifles and shell fire. One shell hit the boat and practically blew her out of the water.

The meeting was a surprise and certainly cordial, as these two were the only ones saved out of the 40 men in the boat.

OBITUARY

There passed peacefully away on Sunday morning, the 5th inst., at 9.30 at Kelvin House, Rebecca G. Marshall, aged 74 years, widow of the late Alexander Marshall Esq., and eldest daughter of the late John Louis Esq., J.P. of Lower Island Cove.

She was a devoted wife, a fond mother and a faithful friend. Her sons and daughters almost worshipped her and have done all that love could prompt human hearts and hands to do to make her last years peaceful, comfortable and happy.

STRUCK AT FULL SPEED

When the S.S. Queen Margaret, which arrived here yesterday, struck at Cape Race, she was going full speed ahead, as Capt. McKay believed he had plenty of sea room and could distinguish nothing in the fog.

POUCH COVE SEA WRECK

Since Saturday the highest sea seen for years has been running along the coast from Cape St. Francis to Cape Race. Pouch Cove has been completely swept of flakes, stages and all the boats that were not hauled up.

OUR THEATRES.

LORD KITCHENER'S VISIT TO THE CASINO THEATRE

Will take place this afternoon for the first time when the world-famous Field-Marshal will be seen officially inspecting the trenches in Flanders, accompanied on his memorable tour by Generals Joffre, the French Commander-in-Chief, Juson, his deputy and M. Millerand, the Minister of War.

ROSSLEY'S.

The patrons of Rossley's will be on hand to-night to extend a hearty welcome to the great actor vocalist, Mr. Ballard Brown, and the one and only Madge Locke.

War Unites Two Brothers

Two St. John's Boys Who Left Here Years Ago to Seek Their Fortunes Abroad Meet Again in a French Hospital

Two soldier lads of St. John's, brothers, left here a few years ago, one to seek his fortune in the Southern States, the other in Canada, and both were doing well but could not resist the lure of the flag when hostilities began and enlisted in Canada, coming to Quebec without either knowing the presence of the other.

One of them had been badly grazed in France by the Germans. After reaching the Hospital, one brother heard that the other had entered, got his number and wrote to him, but the letter was returned and he was mystified.

"Movie" Stunt on Duckworth St.

Villian Makes off With Topsail Man's Rig—The Owner Compelled to Spend Yesterday in Town

Saturday evening a man named Quigly of Topsail Road left his horse and express on Duckworth Street near the Beach while he went to make some purchase, and on returning found it gone. It had been driven off by some scamps, and up to yesterday evening the man who applied at the Western Station had no tidings of it.

T.A. & B. SOCIETY

Yesterday afternoon the Total Abstinence and Benefit Society held its nomination meeting, as well as the Juvenile Branch. The attendance at both was large, and some new members were added to the ranks of each.

President—W. J. Ellis. Vice-Pres.—M. F. Summers. 1st. Asst. V.P.—J. P. Murphy. 2nd Asst. V. P.—J. Cochran. 1st. Treas.—P. J. Hanley. 2nd. Treas.—J. P. Kelly. Cashier—T. J. Coughlan. Secy.—G. J. Redmond. Fin. Sec.—W. D. Quinn. Dog Marshal—N. J. Murphy.

WHARF "RATS" ACTIVE

Thursday night while the schooner "Melitas," crew of Aquaforte, were ashore some thief visited her. Skipper Jim Payne is captain of her, and a trunk had been left on deck, in which was \$20.00 worth of goods which the owner had purchased for himself and others. The thief brought it up behind a pile of lumber owned by the Horwood Lumber Co. and kicked it open, getting away with all it contained, except some crockery and odds and ends.

LETTERS WENT TO AUSTRALIA

Quite a number of letters were received from our boys on Gallipoli last week which made a long voyage before reaching those for whom they were intended. Most of these letters were dated from the 19th to the 23rd September and were contained in a mail bag which went astray and was discovered in Australia. It was promptly returned from the Antipodes when the P. O. officials there discovered the mistake.

POLICE COURT NEWS.

F. J. Morris, K.C., presided to-day and fined two drunks \$1.00 or five days each. Two others, one who appeared 14 times already, were let go. Two young men for loose and disorderly conduct were fined \$5.00 or 10 days each, and a man who broke a pane of glass in Thorne's store, New Gower Street, paid the damage, \$3.50. The case against the girl Hearn for Infanticide was postponed for the present.

SHIPPING

The schr. John Parker is loading codfish at Crosbie & Co's for Europe.

The S.S. Meigle, Capt. Travenor, arrived here at 2 p.m. yesterday from Sydney with a full freight for the Reid Nfld Co.

The S.S. Sagona sailed Saturday for Sydney to run for the winter on the Cabot Strait Service. The Meigle will make a few more trips to Sydney.

The schr. Percy Roy arrived here Saturday afternoon with a coal cargo to the Smith Co., Ltd. She had a stormy trip and had to harbor at St. Pierre and Bur'n.

MR. HENDERSON VERY ILL

We regret very much to-day to hear of the serious illness of Mr. John Henderson, of the firm of Hearn & Co. Mr. Henderson has been ill the past 10 days at his home, is receiving the best medical treatment.

Green Bay Herring Fishery

Many American Buyers are in the Bay Representing Packing Concerns—Exportation Problem a Difficult One

People who have arrived from Green Bay recently say that herring are abnormally plentiful in this Bay this season. The fish are of excellent quality and size, and it has been remarked that as a rule the fish frequenting this Bay is far superior to the herring of Bonne Bay and Bay of Islands.

Mr. Doggett arrived at Wild Bight on October 2nd and is putting up large quantities of Scotch cured herring, while quite a number of American agents are in the Bay some of them representing packing concerns and buyers located as far west as Chicago.

Some 25 schooners are at Hall's Bay and two American vessels have sailed with cargoes of Scotch cured fish. Employment is being afforded a large number of men at herring and at the cutting of pit props. Doggett and others are paying from \$1.75 to \$2.00 per barrel for herring from the nets.

Our informants say that hundreds of thousands of dollars could be made out of this fishery if a 35 mile branch railway was run from Hall's Bay to Millertown Junction to connect with the main line, so that the frozen fish could be sent to the American market, which at the best of times cannot get enough of such goods to supply the demand.

DEATH

MARSHALL—On Sunday, December 6th, Mrs. Rebecca G. Marshall, widow of the late Alexander Marshall, aged 74. Funeral from her late residence, Kelvin House, Rennie's Mill Road, to-morrow, Tuesday, at 2.45 p.m. Friends are requested to accept this, the only intimation.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Narrow Escape From Death

French Shore Resident Falls Into Elevator Well—Is Badly Cut up and Loses Much Blood

One evening last week an employee of Ayre & Sons, a man who formerly lived on the French Shore, accidentally fell into the elevator well, a distance of about 20 feet. He fell from one of the lower flats and narrowly escaped being killed. He was rendered unconscious, his face was terribly cut, some of the bones were broken and he lost a great quantity of blood.

R. C. CHURCH NOTES.

It was announced at the Cathedral yesterday that Wednesday and Friday of this week would be fast days.

It was also announced that on Sunday next the Pallium which recently arrived from Rome will be conferred on His Grace Archbishop Roche, His Lordship Bishop March of Hr. Grace and Rt. Rev. Monsignor Sears of St. Georges taking part in this imposing ceremony.

After Solemn High Mass being sung at 11 a.m. yesterday, during which His Grace the Archbishop, occupied the Throne, the devotion of the 40 Hours Adoration began. The High Altar on which the Blessed Sacrament is exposed for the adoration of the faithful is beautifully decorated and illuminated with hundreds of lights. All last evening and night the spacious edifice was thronged with worshippers.

THE CRESCENT.

Mr. Dan Delmar sings "If you'll only show a little love for Me," a new novelty song at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day. The great three-reel feature "The Only Way Out" is one of the Lubin masterpieces and is one of the most interesting pictures you've looked for a long while. "Jack's Pals" is a Jungle-Zoo wild animal feature, and "Winning Winsome Winnie" is a screaming farce comedy with the comedy stars Arthur V. Johnson and Lottie Briscoe. This is a great week opening bill and is one of the Crescent's classy programmes.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF INFANTICIDE.

Saturday night Constables Tobin and Dwellling arrested here in the city a young woman named Hearn of Little Bay, until recently school teacher there and who was taken to the station and put in the cells on a charge of having willfully destroyed her infant child. The dead body of the infant, we hear, was not long since picked up in a cove near Little Bay. The girl came here and we hear was going to the United States until stopped by the police. She comes before the Court to-day.

KYLE'S PASSENGERS.

S.S. Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques 8.15 a.m. yesterday with the following passengers—Mrs. M. A. Power, G. H. Murdock, R. Peddle, Mrs. J. Kelly, H. J. Bettie, Miss K. Dixon, J. D. Lenn, Mrs. T. Rossiter, W. J. Noseworthy, W. Morrissey and wife, Mrs. J. King, Mrs. E. Marshall, G. Lamome, F. C. Smith.

SNOW AND FROST NORTH.

People here from that section of the country say that during the past week a good deal of snow fell in Green Bay, and the frost for a period has been intense. Some of the ponds and reaches have frozen over and people have enjoyed sleigh drives to and from Springdale.

LOCAL ITEMS

We advise trappers to send their Furs to Nfld. Fox Exchange, 276 Water Street.—nov23

A girl of Pleasant Street, ill of diphtheria, was taken to the Hospital yesterday.

Along the railway line yesterday storm weather prevailed, with heavy snow showers on the western section.

Mr. James Power of Parker & Munroe's, and Mr. Bernard McGuire of the McGuire Baking Co., left by the Stephano for New York and Bahia. Both went on business for their firms.

Messrs John Gunn and others held a supper and dance to-night at 60 New Gower St., in aid of the Cot Fund.

An alarm of fire about 7.45 last evening brought the Central and Eastern Companies to Allandale Road. Soot in the chimney of Mr. E. M. Jackman's residence blazed up but the blaze was of no consequence.

Nfld. Fox Exchange at 276 Water Street, pays highest prices for all kinds of Raw Furs.—nov23

Mr. W. MacKay has begun work on the erection of the newsmelter. Already a number men are building it and it will be operating by mid-winter. Mr. Mac. is a hustler and deserves every encouragement in this new and important departure.

PICKED UP A SUM OF MONEY—Picked up on Water Street between the Court House and McBride's Hill a sum of money. The owner may have the same by applying to J. Savage, at Harvey & Co's.

CATHEDRAL MEN'S BIBLE CLASS

Yesterday afternoon the regular weekly meeting of the C. M. B. C. was held. Rev. J. Brinton presided and the attendance of members was very large. His Excellency the Governor addressed the gathering, taking as his subject "Munitions of War. It was a discourse at once eloquent and inspiring and was listened to with rapt attention. A vote of thanks proposed by Sir W. Horwood was accorded. His Excellency by acclamation. The band of the Class rendered some hymns beautifully and the meeting closed with the Benediction imparted by the Chairman.

'Queen Margaret' Here for Repairs

Was Ashore Near Cape Race But Escaped With Minor Damages—Is Bound For Boston From London

The S.S. 'Queen Margaret,' Capt. McKay, 12 days out from London to Boston, arrived here yesterday forenoon a damaged state. She having gone ashore on Friday night last during a dense fog near Cape Race, having been drawn in there by the heavy current which sometimes sets shoreward with great force. The ship was going dead slow when the accident occurred and though the engines were quickly reversed the steamer hung for some time and then backed off into deep water. She was making water forward and the pumps were immediately set going, and as the ship was seaworthy she was headed for St. John's, coming slowly in the teeth of the N. E. storm and heavy sea prevailing.

Dense fog continued down the coast but she made the narrows at 10.30 a.m. yesterday and was observed by many as she rolled about in the heavy sea running outside. The high sea prevented the pilots from boarding her, and the tug John Green brought her into port. She is owned by the Dunlop S. S. Co., is 4800 tons gross, 3700 tons net and is a new ship.

Most of the damage to the steamer is forward and she will be dry docked for a survey and repairs. Messrs. Bowring Bros. Ltd., are the agents here.

Insane Man Attacks Officer

Resident of Fortune Hr. Becomes Suddenly Insane and Attacks Officer Kith Lantern—Had Desperate Struggle

Const. Dwellling, formerly of the Police Force, but for sometime past doing duty at Little Bay, arrived here Friday by the express with a dangerous lunatic in charge named Thomas Quirk of Fortune Hr. The man who has had periods of dementia, became suddenly insane one night last week. He is a powerfully built man, and when Dwellling tried to capture him he attacked the officer fiercely with a heavy lighted lantern. Time and again he swung this, aiming blow after blow at the officer's head but he was too quick to be caught, though once the edge of it struck him a glancing blow on the mouth and drew streams of blood.

In aiming one tremendous blow the lantern left the man's hand and struck the earth with such force that it went in pieces. The officer then pluckily closed with the maniac and after a desperate struggle managed to slip the handcuffs on him. He is afflicted with homicidal mania and had to be watched carefully as the officer brought him along by the train.

OUR VOLUNTEERS.

In the armoury, Saturday, the volunteers went through Swedish and Squad drills, also had a bathing parade at the Seaman's Institute, while some received their "kit." There are now 2614 on the roll with the addition of the following: Ernest Walters, Champneys, T.B. Jas. Penney, Carbonear. Josiah L. George, Trinity Bay. Wm. England, Little Bay, Green Bay. Lewis Boone, Seldom Come By. Wilf Swaffield, Cartwright. Abigah Peddle, Random, T.B. Wallace LeMessurier, St. John's. Harold Cranford, St. John's. Alphaeus Brown, St. John's.

FIRE AT RAWLINS' CROSS.

At 11.30 to-day an alarm of fire from box 221 brought the Central and Eastern firemen to Rawlins' Cross, where the upper flat of the Rennie Baking Co's store was on fire. It had gained considerable headway before being discovered, but the firemen worked well, and with two streams of water had the blaze quenched at 12.23 p.m. The upper flat was gutted and the lower flats were damaged by smoke and water. We hear that the damage is covered by insurance.

Wedding Bells

RISE—COLBERT. A pretty wedding took place a few evenings ago at Northern Bay when Mr. P. Rice led to the altar Miss Bride Colbert. Rev. Fr. O'Brien tied the nuptial knot. The bride who looked charming in a handsome costume of white silk was assisted by Miss Mary Colbert, and the Groom by Mr. Wm. Rice. Both are very popular young people and received many nice presents from their friends. The wedding was celebrated at their future home Red Head Cove, with that heartiness and joviality characteristic by the good folk of the place. The Mail and Advocate extends its felicitations.

S.S. Eagle Salvage

Crews share of award on account of "BLOODHOUND" salvage will be paid on presentation of Sealing Ticket. dec6,8,21.

Bowring Brothers, Ltd.

STAMPS—We buy all kinds of Used Nfld. Stamps. For 100 we will give one package Xmas Cards or Cash. THE NEW-FOUNDLAND STAMP CO., P.O. Bob 1127, St. John's.—nov4,21