

Sense and Cents

Common sense or dollars and cents—which counts for most in making a trade ?

Common sense says plainly "buy standard goods"; dollars and cents (your pocketbook) tempts you to buy cheap, nameless articles of trade that will grow dim, dusty, dirty on your shelves. *Common* sense counts for most in making a trade. THE CANADIAN GROCER

Griffin & Skelley's Dried Fruits

"The pick of the pack," please remember that. Don't forget, either, that they come from the largest vineyards on the Pacific Coast—picked and packed right in the vineyards and orchards where they grow.

Apricots, Peaches, Pears, Nectarines, Raisins, Dried Plums, Prunes. Clean as a whistle always. Choice Dried Fruits.

"Thistle" Brand Maple Syrup Varies from one standard. The brand that stands for unequalled purity. Real simon-pure Maple Syrup that never

Cox's Gelatine

tested, trusted.

Standard Gelatine of known worth—known quality known purity. Never disappoints the most particular housekeeper. Oldest brand and "best," because tried, In powdered and shredded form.

Sold by leading wholesalers.

Arthur P. Tippet & Co., Agents

8 Place Royale, Montreal. 20¹/₂ Front St. E., Toronto.



Just like fishing

Building up trade is just like fishing.

If you use the right kind of bait and cast your line where the kind of fish you want are most plentiful, you'll quite likely get a number of bites.

Then if you go about it right you are pretty sure to land most of them.

Apply the illustration to business.

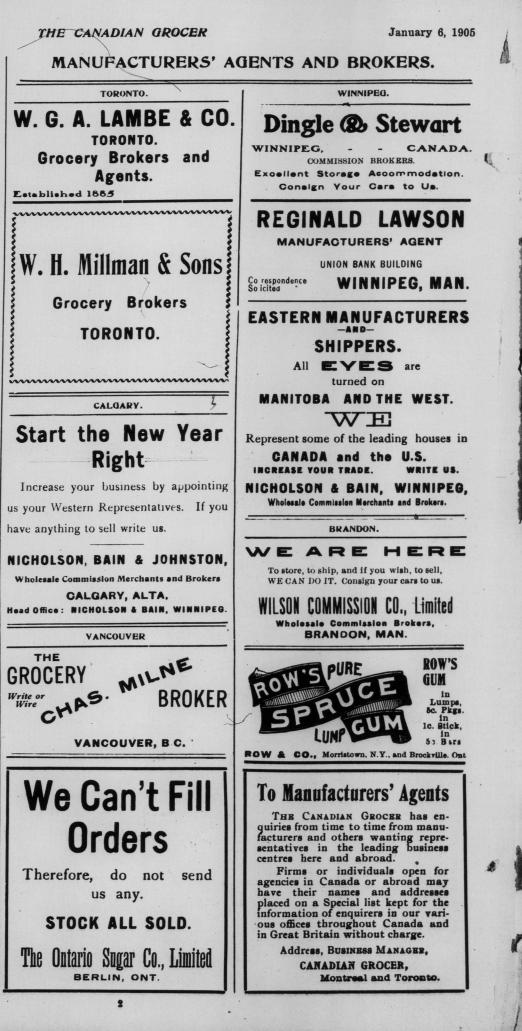
If you want to catch the grocery trade, cast your line where all the good grocers in Canada congregate every week —looking for bait to build up their businesses with—in THE CANADIAN GROCER. But

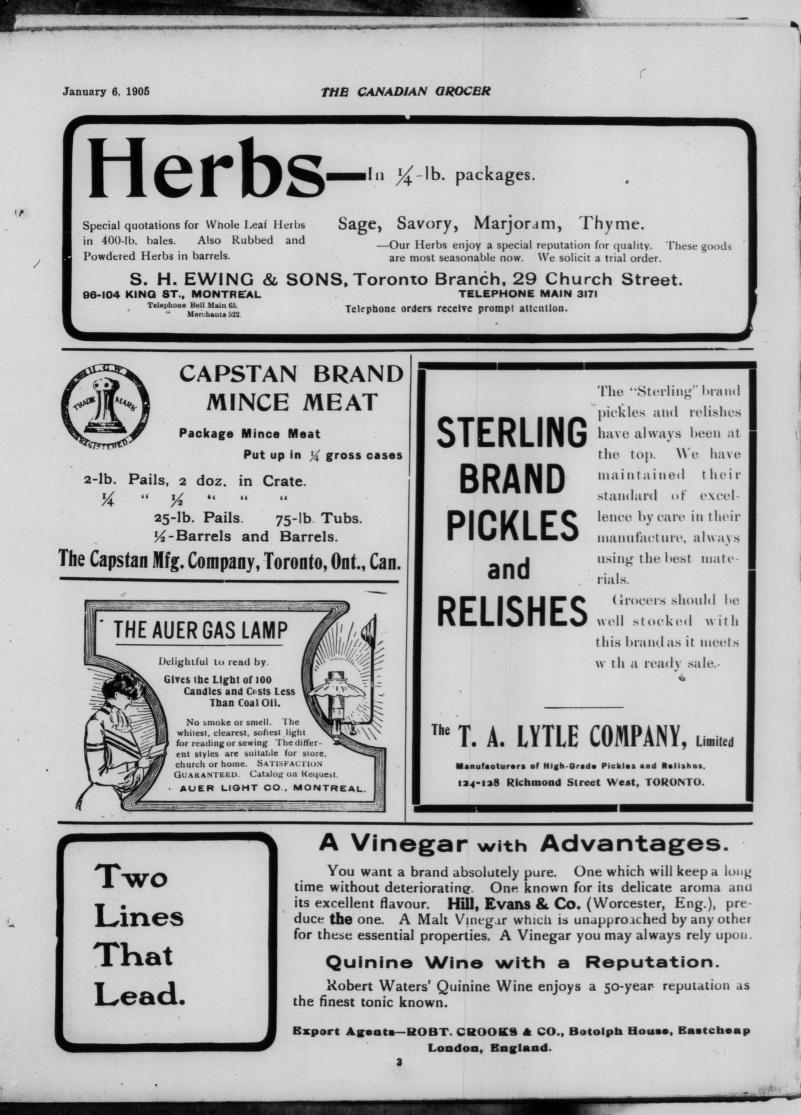
Suppose results don't come at fust What be yew goin' tur dew? Take out yewr ad, and kick yewrself, An' go ter feelin' blew? Ur course yew hain't yewre goin' tew fish, An' bait an' bait agin; Bimeby some nibbles in bites 11 come, Then yew'll pull em in.

Our Department of Advertising Service is now providing good bait for a number of our advertisers—and stands ready to help a few more in this connection. Drop us a line about it.



exartment of Advertising Service -





January 6, 1905

— The question of supplying his customers with Tea during the year 1905 is one every grocer should study carefully, uninfluenced by loud-sounding and inflated advertisements.

> QUALITY and PRICE are the two leading factors in building up a lasting and paying tea business. — The teas of JAPAN more completely than those of any other country fulfill these requirements. QUALITY always the best. PRICE to suit every customer.



January 6, 1905.

THE CANADIAN GROCER



The Truth About Ceylon

When in an ill-advised moment a man friendly to Japan Tea interests made certain statements concerning the tea situation in Ceylon, there was precipitated a mass of facts all revealing the true condition of affairs in Ceylon,—all going to show that

Ceylon Teas

both blacks and greens, continue their campaign of conquest. The wheels of progress are hard to stop—though some try it.

THE CANADIAN GROCER

Something Good

that's what you're looking for, something that will attract the trade just now when things have eased off after the holiday season.





Cream

This cream is prepared from cows' milk of unsurpassed richness and purity, reduced to a cream by evaporation, and contains no sugar or foreign substance. Keeps longer and fresher than milk, it is tastefully put up and every time you sell a tin it will help your business.

W. G. A. LAMBE & CO., Agents

Some Say

that the grocer doesn't care a whit about quality; that all he is interested in is profits; that he will sell anything if only the profit is enough. This is a slander and one sufficient proof is the growing sale of

Southwell's

Jams and Marmalade

unsurpassed for quality, and profitable enough.

Sole Canadian Agents,

Frank Magor & Co. MONTREAL You can hold a quarter so close to your eye as to shut out the whole world. Some people hold it up all the time. We cling tightly to quality and crowd all we possibly can of value and satisfaction into

DWIGHT'S Cow brand soda

so as to make it the best selling article on the market. We're not so anxious after profit but we can afford to surprise people by giving better value than they expect.

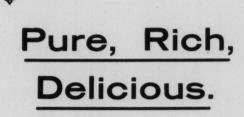
If you want to be sure of your trade, push the "Cow Brand."

John Dwight & Co. torontô



Madam Huot's Coffee

THE CANADIAN GROCER





I-lb. tins, -

2-lb. tins, -

31c.

60c.

Is not an ordinary coffee; its superiority, over all others, is striking. Its composition is a blend of rare coffees, selected with the greatest care.

IT IS THE GEM OF ALL COFFEES

New lots in for the New Year.

				EX. S	R. TART	AR FROM		HAMA	APAN			
100	h/c (Condor 2	XXXX	Japan	Tea at		· -			-	-	23½c.
79	h/c Ge	ood Jap	an Nil	os at	-	-	-	-	-			12½c.
					FROM	A SHANG	HAI, CH	INA				1
100) cattie	s Choic	e Pea	Leaf Gu	in Pow	der at		-	-	-	-	22 ¹ / ₂ C.
				DI	RECT FR	ROM CAL	CUTTA,	INDIA				/
29	chests	Indian	Black	Orange	Pekoe a	at -	-	•	-	-	-	18½C.
25	""	"	"	"	Pekoe a	at -		-	-	. ·	-	15c.
			RI	CH LIQUO	RING TE	AS FROM	OLO	мво, с	EYLON			5
22	chests	Ceylon		Broken						-	-	25c.
27	"	"	"	Orange	Pekoe,	"Mede	lakand	e," at	-	-)	-	22½c.
25	"	"	("	Pekoe,	" Medd	akande,	"at	-		-)	-	17½c.
40	"	"	"	Pekoe,	"Madd	agedora	," at	-	-	-	-	16½c.
		THESE	TWO GA	RDENS AF	RE RENO	WNED FO	OR THE	R FINE	RICH LIQ	UORING	TEAS.	

ASK FOR SAMPLES. IT PAYS!

Specialty of High-Class Goods in



1

Teas, Coffees and Spices.

E. D. MARCEAU,

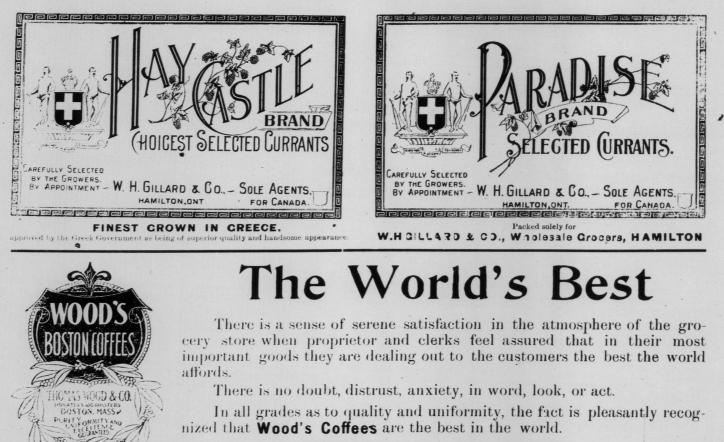
MONTREAL

281-285 St. Paul St., -



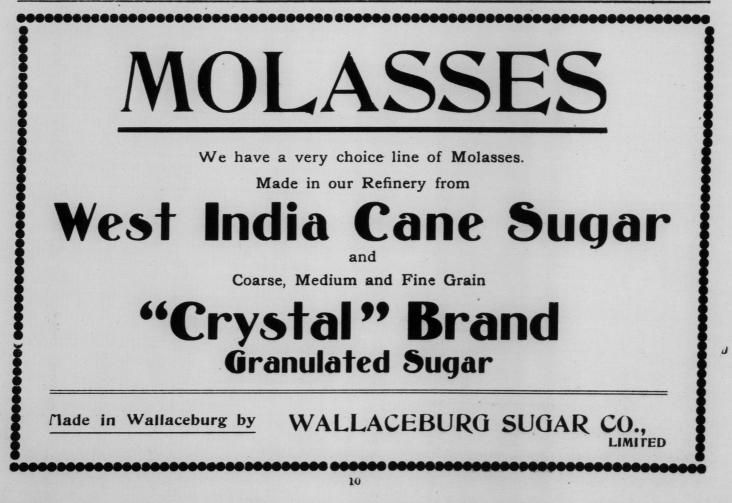
January 6, 1905

MONTREAL



CANADIAN FACTORY AND SALESROOM,





The Canadian Grocer. Harmful Ingredients in Canned Goods and Proprietary Medicines By G. G. Nasmith, M.A., Ph.D. mon

N examination of the various brands of canned vegetables. fruits and jams manufactured in the Province of Ontario was made in the winter of 1903 in the Laboratory of the Provin-

cial Board of Health, to find out whether, as is often stated, poisonous metals are present; whether adulterants or preservatives are used, and whether there exists any reason at all for the somewhat prevalent opinion that the continued use of canned goods is injurious to health.

Canned foods may be harmful on ac-count of the presence of metallic salts, preservatives, ptomaines or adulterants Exact data as to the effect of metallic salts in minute traces are wanting. It is well known, however, that small quantities of lead, copper, zinc, tin and arsenic act as poisons, and these are the only ones likely to be met with in respect foods. canned foods.

Copper, for instance, might be derived from the vessels in which the food is boiled previous to canning; if the copper is kept perfectly bright there is little danger, but if it is allowed to tarnish, soluble copper carbonate, hydrate verdigris or acetole might form and enter into the material boiled. Food should never be left in contact with copper vessince oxidation takes place at the surface of contact, and these compounds form.

Lead might come from the lead pipe conducting the water used or from the solder of the cans. There is abundant evidence of the cumulative action of lead on the human system when taken in small doses; such, for instance, as the chronic lead poisoning of painters, workmen in lead factories, from hair dyes and cosmetics and more especially through drinking water, where the lat-ter is soft and, therefore, a good solvent

of lead. Zinc poisoning is rare; in fact zinc sulphate in small doses is used as a nerve tonic. Arsenic, which might come from sugar prepared with impure sulphuric acid, which often contains this material, is also generally prescribed as a nerve tonic. It is not likely to be met with. Cases of tin poisoning are rare.

Preservatives

are seldom used, apparently, in canned vegetables which can be rather roughly vegetables which can be rather roughly handled and sterilized at high tempera-ture. Where the shape and texture of the substance must be kept, however, as in preserved or canned fruit, and where it does not do to boil them much, pre-servatives are very apt to be used in order to prevent bacterial growth. The wide-spread use of these com-pounds was suggested by a case in the United States in which a preserving fluid had been added to milk, first by the farmer, then by the collector to

whom he sold it, thirdly by the whole-sale dealer, and lastly by the retailer. The facts were developed by an investichildren who drank the doctored milk. The U. S. Agricultural Department report on one hundred and fifty preservative preparations is unfavorable. No tasteless food preservative has as yet been suggested which is entirely non-poisonous and which does not have a marked influence on digestion, even when taken in relatively small doses. No Nothis toxic in itself or interferes in the slight-est with the process of digestion. Of Of say their preparations are harmless, but science gives their statements qualified denial.

The absence of preservatives is often an indication of wholesome food, cleanly methods of preparation, etc., while their presence often indicates a slovenly, unclean, and careless method of preparation.

Ptomaines are substances allied to the vegetable alkalous, such as caffeine, strychnine and the like, and are pro-duced in dead plant and animal matter by bacteria. They are often very like those poisons produced in living animals by heateria cuch as dintheria toxin or by bacteria, such as diptheria toxin or typho toxin for instance. They are more commonly found in canned oysters, had sausage, shell fish, the most harm-ful canned meats, fish, milk, cheese and more rarely in vegetables like peas.

Adulterants Not Dangerous.

Adulterants are seldom dangerous; they merely indicate that when you buy, a pound, you get about two cents' worth of raspberries and a lot of apple pulp, whereas, if you pay twenty or twenty-five cents for a pound, you get all raspberries. Thus it is plainly cheaper to buy good raspherries and add your own apple sauce.

Of nine brands of canned peas examined in our laboratories, only one showed traces of copper and four showed traces of zinc. Two were thickened with starch.

Of four brands of tomatoes examined, three showed traces of zinc and all four traces of copper.

Traces of zinc were found in only one of three brands of corn.

Three brands of canned raspberries, all artificially colored, gave traces of zinc, and two gave reactions for tin. Three brands of strawberries gave traces of zinc, while two yielded traces of tin. Two brands of plums gave slight reac-tions for tin tions for tin.

Although not enough specimens (twenty-five in all) have been examined from which to draw general conclusions, still it may be said that so far as these results go, metals are not present in at all dangerous amounts.

Nine specimens of cheap jams were examined and were without exception "made up." In every case a "filler" cf apple pulp had been added. The jars

variously labelled "true fruit" and "absolutely pure," had in some cases but a small fraction of genuine fruit present, the balance consisting of filler, coloring, artificial flavoring and sugar. One manu-facturer used the same coloring for his raspberries, strawberries and black currants, merely varying the quantity in each.

Tin Cans vs. Glass Jars.

The tin can is undeniably a cheap, unbreakable and convenient package for foods, and one readily sealed air tight. There is no doubt at all, however, that fruit packed in cans is inferior in flavor to the same fruit packed in jars. A case recently came under my observa-tion where part of a pack of straw-berries was sealed in tins and part in glass jars. The cans nearly all became tainted and smelled bad, though bacteria wate not measure the other balf sealed were not present. The other half sealed in jars were perfectly sound, tasted well and had no foreign odor. The only way we could account for the change was the possible catalytic action of the metallic tin on certain unstable protein.

Glass is preferable in every way; s practically chemically inert, elin is eliminates all danger from metals (from the can at least), and allows the purchaser to see what he is buying. It is better to use glass, to sterilize by heat (elim-inating preservatives), and seal the sur-face of the jam with parafin, thus pre-venting organisms which may be sucked through the seal from group in the surthrough the seal from growing on the surface.

Proprietary Medicines.

A human being appears to differ from the lower animals in being, among other things, an experimenter, and from baby-hood on through life his greatest les-sons are the sad lessons of experiment, and thus of experiment. Nowhere new and thus of experience. Nowhere, per-haps, is this tendency so well exhibited as in the attempts of people to experiment upon themselves with drugs There seem to be several perceptible readrugs. sons for the wide-spread use of proprietary medicines.

In the first place, many people from carelessness in diet, overwork or worry, allow themselves to become run down, and while not quite ill enough to consult a physician, are attracted by the advertisement of some popular cure-all. The symptoms detailed appear wonder-fully like those of the interested reader and he forthwith resolves to try a bottle or two; it might fix him up, he argues, but if not, no harm would result. If he is a persevering subject he sticks to it, and in the words of the advertise-ment, gives it a good fair trial, until either disgusted or cured. If his per-severance is revealed on the bar either disgusted of cured. If his per-severance is rewarded, and he luckily strikes something which he thinks has cured him, or, as is more likely, he has become better in spite of it, then he considers himself a clever fellow, and in his delight publishes his cure far and wide wide.

Then there are large numbers of people who are fond of drugging themselves

January 6, 1905



Our packages are larger and more attractive in style than any others. The quality of our goods is superior to anything else on the market.

MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass,

For sale by all Wholesale Greeors; also the MeGlary Mfg. Co., London, Montreal, Winnipog, Vancouver and Terente.

as a sort of amusement; in other words, cranks on the latest patent medicines. These people have always something new wrong with them, and not only do they take the nostrum themselves, but seem to have a mania for recommending it to others.

There is a third class which take these medicines because they like them, for their stimulating, sedative or other effects. Thus, in temperance States, in the Northwest, and among Indians, cer-tain remedies are quite popular. For instance, Peruna is said to be a favor-ite society beverage. Many of the bitters, tonics, peptone preparations and malt extracts are undoubtedly taken for their alcohol content. I have been informed by druggists that old people who take Pain's Celery Compound do not seem to be able to stop using it. At New Liskeard in Northern Ontario one

individual takes ten dozen Radway's Pain Killer every month. At Niagara Falls the negro population use a great deal of Dr. Agnew's Ca-tarrh Cure for the effect of the cocaine present. Some of the peptone prepara-tions tested in our laboratories were pronounced by amateur experts almost as good as sherry. It is a well-known fact that if a state-

ment be repeated often enough one may come to believe it against his better judgment. Of this psychological fact judgment. Of this psychological fact the patent medicine vendor takes ad-vantage; he advertises, and the most systematically and widely-advertise remedy too hard

by people who have worked the faith cure on themselves.

Tonics and bitters are, perhaps, the most popular of the liquid preparations, and usually contain large quantities of alcohol, to which a good deal of their popularity is doubtless due. The analysis of compounds attended with considerable difficulty and consumption of time, are not claimed to be complete, but the following constituents have been identified in the preparations.

Alcoholic Constituents.

There is nothing wonderful in the composition of any of these preparations; in fact they are only remarkable for the universal presence of alcohol and cheapness of ingredients present. One tonic I know of is prepared by the caretaker of a building in his spare time; no expensive drugs or skilled scientific assistance is necessary. All the apparatus essential for many of the preparations is a barrel of whisky, water for diluting the same, glucose for sweetening, some vegetable bitter (the cheaper the better) and some common tonic or aperient like magnesium sulphite, potassium iodide, iron phosphate, etc. Of course you must advertise systematically, offer rewards for cases of failure to cure, or at least refund a patient's money. A favorite practice with a new nostrum

tically and wid is the best seller,- i to take. I am qu	-if it is n	ot years back in England or some other
	Alcohol by Vo	lume. Approximate Constituents.
	. 24 90 per ce	ent. Vegetable Extractives.
hemist's Tonic Bitters.	. 15 58 "	Vegetable Bitters.
Nervine	. 795 "	Sarsaparilla, Oil of Wintergreen, Sulphate.
's Restorative		Bitters, Sugar, Strychnine (3/100 gr. dose.)
saparilla		Sarsaparilla, Potass, Iodide.
Blood Bitters		Bitters, Sugar, Lime Phosphates.
Safe Cure		Potass, Nitrate, Vegetable Extractives.
rsaparilla kham's Vegetable Com	. Alcohol	Sarsaparilla, Potass Iodide.
	. 21.00 per ce	ent. Sugar, Bitter Herbs.
elery Compound		Bitter Herbs, Sugar, Potash, Phosphates.
olden Medical Discover	y 0. "	Wild Cherry Extract, Iron and Phosphates, Arsenic.
Liquozone	. 0. ''	Sulphurous, Sulphuric, Phosphoric Acids, Iror Trace.

purchaser is also invited, of which practice the Ladies' Home Journal's recent exposure requires no comment.

The annual report of the Massachusetts board of health recently issued

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contains all the work done by that board on proprietary preparations to date, many of the analysis being made prior to 1897.

Twelve hair restorer compounds contained lead to the extent of 3-2.32 per cent. Nine preparations for the face contained corrosive sublimate or other poisonous salt of mercury in the proportion of 1-15 grains per ounce.

Of 61 tonics and bitters analyzed seven contained between six and ten per cent. alcohol, the others all containing over 11 per cent.

For instance:

Alcohol	by Vol.
	Per cent.
Boker's Stomach Bitters	42.60
Hostetter's " "	44 30
Richardson's Conc. Cherry Wine Bitters	47.50
Whiskol, "a non-intoxicating stimulant,	
whiskey without its sting"	28.20
Colden's Liquid Beef Tonic, "recom-	
mended for treatment of alcohol habit"	26.50
Hoogland's German Bitters, "entirely	
vegetable and free from alcoholic	
stimulant"	95 60

Parker's Tonic, "purely vegetable," re-commended for inebriates 41.60

On glancing over these results and then over the report of the Inland Revenue Department of Ottawa one is at once struck with the close resemblance to the whiskeys which contain from 25-45 per cent. of alcohol. The majority of the tonics seem to run about 20 per cent. just like a whiskey diluted with an equal volume of water. In fact one cannot help guessing that the manufacturers take whiskey, add the bitters and other constituents, and after diluting the same bottle in approximately pint bottles which sell for \$1 each. A 22 per cent. alcohol tonic at \$1 a bottle would cost the vendor from 15 to 19c retail for the alcohol present.

Extracts of Beef, Etc.

A large number of these preparations come under the head of proprietary medicines, since they are used to a large extent by the sick, and since curative powers as well as enormous food values are claimed for them by the makers. As goods they are practically worthless: even when, as in some, meat fibre or albumose has been added their nutritive value is slight.

As stimulants and restoratives, however, the meat bases, extractives and

Peruna	24 90 p	er cent.	Vege
Ontario Chemist's Tonic Bitters	15 58	**	Vege
Stringer's Nervine	7 95	**	Sarsa
Dr. Shoop's Restorative	10.20	"	Bitter
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	23.30		Sarsa
Burdock Blood Bitters	16.00	**	Bitte
Warner's Safe Cure	11.40		Potas
Hood's Sarsaparilla	Alcoho	1	Sarsa
Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Com-			
pound	21.00 p	er cent.	Suga
Paine's Celery Compound	19.00	11	Bitter
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery	0.		Wild
Powley's Liquozone	0.	**	Sulph

that if a colored water were put on the market and advertised it would sell, and testimonials by the thousand could be obtained. Doubtless some of the testimonials are from genuine cures, many are bought, and many are sent in

THE CANADIAN GROCER

To the Trade

We would ask you to keep an eye open for our travellers' advice cards. <u>Don't destroy</u> the first, there will be others, lots of them and worth saving.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Wholesale Grocers, Hamilton.

Don't Close Your Eyes

to quality or the world will seem full of cheap things.

Excellence our Aim in Coffees.

Our MECCA cannot be beaten.

Ground or whole from 2-lb. tins to barrels to suit everyone.

Hamilton.

In spite of fierce opposition sales of this Coffee increase by leaps and bounds. We do no advertising to the consumer, we let the Coffee do that.

Command the respect of your customers by selling A1 Coffee. Command the best Coffee Trade by Selling MECCA.

JAMES TURNER & CO., Wholesale Grocers.

DUR travellers are with you once more with their annual bargains in all grades of

TEAS

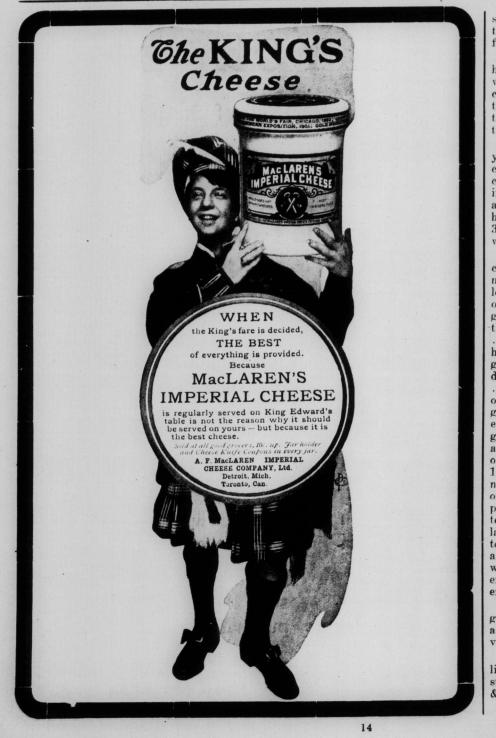
See their samples before purchasing.

BALFOUR & CO., Wholesale Grocers HAMILTON

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January 6, 1905

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES In Bris., Half Bris., and Tins to retail at 10c, 15c. THOS. KINNEAR & CO. Wholesale Grocers, = 49 Front St. E., Toronto, Canada



salts have a high value in stimulating the flow of gastric juice in cases of feeble digestion and of convalescence.

Very high and worthless food values have been placed on these preparations, while as a matter of fact it can be conclusively shown that a preparation containing only 10 per cent. of solids contains less nitrogenized organic matter than is present in ordinary beer. (Allen).

Most of the peptone preparations yield about 20 per cent. solids. In its conversion into peptones proteid becomes slightly heavier, so that supposing you have 1-5 of your \$1 bottle or about 3 1-5 oz. of peptone present, you have merely the equivalent of about 3 1-5 oz. of the dried lean of beef and worth not a bit more as nutriment.

Wampole's Grano Pepton is stated to contain in each fluid ounce approximately the digestive equivalent of 1 oz. lean beef, 2 oz. whole wheat bread, 1-2 oz. egg white, and 1-2 fluid of milk together with pepsin and deastase. Now there are approximately in the 1 oz beef .313 oz. digestible nutrients, 2 oz. gra-ham flour (whole wheat) 1.738 oz. digestible nutrients, 1-2 oz. milk, .065 oz. digestible nutrients, 1-2 oz. egg white, .131 oz. digestible nutrients, or a total of 2.247 ounces of the products of di-gestion. The label represents that in each fluid ounce there are 2.247 oz. digestible nutrients present; but I find as a matter of fact in each fluid ounce only about 1-4 oz. solids, which is about 1-10 of that claimed, and even this is by no means all nutriment. (This is one of the preparations often prescribed by physicians as a food.) As alcoholic temperance drinks they are quite popu-lar, being very palatable to those used

lar, being very palatable to those used to alcoholic liquor. Of the five preparations of this nature examined alcohol was present in all and much of their effect is doubtless due to that constituent.

1. Liquid peptonaids, "Beef, milk and gluten perfectly digested," a pleasant and convenient nutriment. Alcohol by vol. 20.3 per cent.

2. Nutrient wine of beef peptone, "A liquid food presenting the entire substance of fresh, raw lean beef." Armour & Co., Alcohol, 20.0 per cent.

3. Bovinine, "The vital principles of

THE CANADIAN GROCER

O^{UR} travelers are carrying some **TEAS**. very interesting samples of See what they can offer you in a cheap Japan and Indian Pekoe. They can interest you.

THE DAVIDSON & HAY, LIMITED WHOLESALE GROCERS, TORONTO.

beef." Is a genuine coagulated beef juice. Contains alcohol.

4. Mulford's predigested beef. "The most valuable concentrated remediably assimulable food known." Alcohol, 16.70 per cent.

5. Wampole's Grano pepton. "Representing the final products of the digestion of beef, eggs, and the whole wheat grain." Alcohol 17.50 per cent.

Malt Extracts.

All of these obtainable in Toronto have been examined with a view to determining their diastatic and food value. Malt extract is produced by the evaporation of an infusion of malt preferably in vacuo and at a low temperature. It consists of sugars, nitrogenous compounds, and when properly prepared diastasi is a ferment capable of converting starch into sugar. It should be thick, light brown or vellow in color and have a pleasant odor like that of new bread.

A high temperature destroys diastase, and as this ferment is the feature of value, extracts which have been sterliized by heat are little better than honey or other saccharine solutions.

Nine specimens manufactured in Ontario and eight of these by brewers, were found to be absolutely without diastatic value, though without exception all were claimed to be active. They had all been sterilized and the diastase killed in the process. All contained alcohol, the quantity varying from 3.5 to 8 per cent. The only three of the thick malt extracts obtainable, possess all the properties of first-class extract and are all actively diastatic. The first two are about 5 times as active as the third. They contain from 50 to 70 per cent. sugar.

Consumption Cures.

Are being investigated now. They may be roughly divided into three classes. 1. Those commonly called builders, consisting of mixtures of malt extract or cod liver oil with certain tonics such as phosphates or hypophosphites of iron, manganese, etc. 2. Cough mixtures or throat soothers. 3. Tonic preparations pure and simple. No line of demarcation can be drawn as many consist of two or all of these classes.

Cod liver oil has undoubtedly great

properties as a builder, in fact standing quite alone in this respect. It is difficult to prevent it from becoming raneid. When rancid it often causes eruption of the skin difficult to heal. Since it is difficult to take in the pure state it is commonly emulsified and mixed with other constituents to cover its somewhat disagreeable flavor due to its raneidity. The emulsions commonly contain about 1-4 their weight of cod liver oil and tend to become rancid more quickly than the pure oil.

It is commonly supposed that emulsifving the oil increases its ease of digestion. This is very doubtful, however, since the emulsified particles of fats are to those absorbed by the intestinal walls as millet seeds to footballs.

The emulsions at least are worth something; you know that you are getting a certain quantity of a standard food constituent for your money. In some of the glucose, tar water oil anise preparations you get practically no value for your investment.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS' AT-HOME.

On the evening of December 27, the Northwest Commercial Travelers' Association held their annual "At Home" in the Manitoba Hall in Winnipeg. The function was a most successful one, the large number of guests present pronouncing it one of the most enjoyable dances of the season. Visitors from outside Branches of the Association carried away pleasant memories of a most enjoyable evening.

The hall was tastefully decorated for the occasion, and while the attendance was large, it was not overly so, the crowd being such as to make dancing a pleasure. The committee in charge are to be congratulated on the success which attended the function. It consisted of the following gentlemen:— John Horne, F. H. Agnew, L. L. Mc-Gowan, D. K. Book, E. Dage, N. Musgrave, A. G. Randall, J. H. Murphy, A. E. Wayte, F. M. Morgan, L. C. McIntyre, W. E. McNamara, W. H. Walker, E. Bowman, E. L. Thomas, chairman of committee, and J. M. Lamb, secretary



Upton's

2-lb. TIN

A HANDY PACKAGE AND BIG VALUE The Canadian Grocer.

FRESH AND CURED FISH

SHREDDED

January 6, 1905



Charles Dickens could write about edibles in a way to make the reader hungry. But nothing he ever wrote could stir the appetite like the recollection of a breakfast

HALIFAX

of fish patties made from Hali-

fax Shredded Codfish. And if you just remind your customers that you have it, you can keep their purses stirred to buy it. It is important to remember that in handling Halifax Shredded Codfish you are not handling an article that is a mere

> fad, but something people are commenc-

CODFISH

ing to regard as a necessity in proportion as they realize the value of a fish diet. You have two strong claims on your customer in selling it, viz: (1) Its Tastiness; (2) Its Healthfulness.

BLACK BROS. & CO., LIMITED HALIFAX and LAHAVE, N.S.

The Canadian Grocer.

FRESH AND CURED FISH

Record Price for Nova Scotia Salt Codfish.

H. BRITTAIN, of Black Bros. & Co., Halifax and La Have, N.S., who has just returned from a trip to Halifax, stated in an interview with The Canadian Grocer that the demand for salt cod far exceeded the supply, and owing to the shortage of the catch this year prices have been on the upward trend, resulting in new records at all points. Seven dollars per quintal of 112 lbs. has lately been paid for hardcure shore cod. Prices paid to fishermen at vessels during the past year average for 1904, \$5.40 per quintal, as compared with \$4.50 per quintal in 1903, and \$3.60 per quintal in 1902.

It, will be interesting to learn that Halifax is the largest fish-distributing centre on the North Atlantic continent, although large quantities of fish exported through Halifax dealers are sent direct from the fishing grounds.

Magnitude of Nova Scotia Fleet.

The magnitude of the Nova Scotia Bank Fishery may not be generally appredicted. The Lunenburg fieet comprises three hundred vessels, engaged more or less in fishing, amounting in value to about two million dollars.

The shortage of the catch and high prices are caused principally by the lack of men to man the fleet, and the shortage of herring bait. Although the fishermen of Lunenburg and La Have (the Gloucester of Canada) are individually better off, and their resources increasing an average price of \$3.50 per quintal would remunerate them amply.

The Nova Scotia Bank catch amount to 145,000 quintals, which is 60,000 below the average. The total catch of dry fish in North Atlantic waters is estimated at from 350,000 to 450,000 quintals short of an average year. This shortage coming on top of the small Norwegian catch has caused a steady advance in prices.

From the steady increase in the consumption of this article of food, which is considered in certain quarters to be quite equal to meat, the wonder is that higher prices before this have not been the rule.

To Secure Salmon Industry.

Total prohibition of all salmon-fishing on Puget Sound, on the Fraser River and in all waters frequented by the fish making for the Fraser River spawning grounds during the years 1906 and 1908 and the establishment of a weekly close season of thirty-six hours in all the Sound waters during the year 1905 is the programme of Puget Sound and British Columbia salmon canners as decided upon at a recent meeting in Seattle. In 1907 fish may be caught without restraint save as to close season regulations.

It is the intention of the Puget Sound canners to introduce and secure the passage of a bill through the State Legislature at Olympia next session, which shall make it unlawful for salmon of any kind to be taken during 1906 and 1908. Incorporated in the bill, which is now in course of preparation, there is a clause relating to the enforcement of a weakly thirty-sixhour close season throughout the Puget Sound district.

Having undertaken to attend to the matter of the necessary state legislation, the Sound canners look to the British Columbia canners to do their part in securing both close season and total prohibition of all fishing on the Canadian side of the line. It is believed that British Columbia canners have agreed to secure the Dominion Government enactment necessary to a successful operation of the international attempts at the protection of the industry.

Where B. C. Sends its Salmon.

Of all the salmon packed on the Pacific coast about 45 per cent. is sold and consumed in the United States, 40 per cent. in Europe, and 15 per cent. in the rest of the world. The English people are the largest consumers in proportion to population, and will absorb about 1,300,000 cases every year. All of the British Columbia catch is sold in London except about 150,000 cases, which are consumed in Canada. Between 400,-000 and 500,000 cases are shipped to London by sea from San Francisco. The English market demands the best quality. The cheaper qualities are sent to China, Japan and India, about 100,000 cases to each country under ordinary circumstances; about 50,000 go to Australia,

50,000 to Africa, and 50,000 to South and Central America.

1905 Salmon Pack.

Now that the 1904 salmon pack is practically completed, preparations are under way on the Pacific coast for the coming season of 1905. The canners are anticipating a heavy run next year, being the "four cycle" season, when the largest runs are always said to take place. Contracts are being made already with Chinese agencies for the help required in the canneries during the coming year, and, without exception, the cannerymen are contracting on a basis that will almost reach the capacity of their plants.

Salmon Spawn for New Zealand.

The Department of Fisheries, Ottawa, nas been advised that L. S. Ayson, superintendent of fisheries for New Zealand, has arrived on the Pacific coast to make another effort to transplant salmon eggs to New Zealand. Ayson over a year ago took out 70,000 salmon ova, but they were too far advanced, and when they got into warm latitudes the eggs hatched out and the fish could not be kept alive. Mr. Ayson will endeavor to profit by his previous experience and land the eggs in New Zealand in good condition.

Fish Gossip.

The British Consul at Rio de Janeiro advises Newfoundland cod curers, if they wish to improve their poor position in the Brazilian market, to supply a hard-cured fish. It appears that the characteristic of Newfoundland codfish is a kind of dampness or want of dryness which attracts a special preference at other places, Pernambuco, for example, but renders it, on the other hand, unacceptable at Rio, except at a reduced price.

A new salmon cannery is about to be built near Victoria, B.C.

E. D. Marceau, Montreal, has an announcement this week regarding some fine'special lines of teas, coffees and spices, at attractive rates. It will pay to write him for samples, as the supply is limited of the bargain stock.

January 6, 1905

KING OSCAR SARDINES

Open a can

You will find about

30 small fish

free from

Bones or scales

packed in the

Purest Olive Oil



Investigate

the question of

Profit.

They pay you well.

The attractive package

helps the sale.

ASK YOUR WHOLESALE HOUSE

JOHN W. BICKLE & GREENING, Hamilton Canadian Selling Agents

18



Fresh Frozen Fish Fresh Cured Haddies And all other kinds of fish in season.

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Write us for Price Lists and Show Cards.

LEONARD BROS. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Youville Square,

Montreal.

MONTREAL, P.Q., ST. JOHN, N.B., WESTPORT, N.S., GRAND RIVER, P.Q., GASPE, P.Q. P.O. Box 639. LONG DISTANCE

ELEPHONES.

THE CANADIAN GROCER

IN tendering our best wishes for the

NEW YEAR

we desire to assure you that, if it is possible, our WHITE SWAN goods will be better than ever this year.

E guarantee you also the very highest grade of quick up-to-date service in every department.

THE ROBERT GREIG CO., TORONTO We continue to insist on the goodness of

1

IVORINE Cold Water STARCH

-A cold water starch has merits not possessed by the other sort. Being better, the grocer should promote its sale.

IVORINE is sold by all wholesale grocers. Pays 60%. Order now.

St. Lawrence Starch Co., Ltd.

Port Credit, Ont.

MEDITERRANEAN FRUITS

RIERA'S "MAPLE LEAF" Selected and 4-Crown Valencias,

Zini's Fine Filiatra Currants,

Tarragona Almonds,

Filberts, Etc., Etc.

CONSIGNMENTS ARRIVED

Wholesale grocers should communicate with-

D. RATTRAY @ SONS

General Commission Merchants

QUEBEC

Montreal

19

OTTAWA



The Canadian Grocer.

DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS and Cold Storage News.

Dairy Produce Movements.

HE cheese market has been quite active on cable orders during the past week, activity starting in on December 27 and being continued right through up to present date. All holders are now firm at 11e and the bulk of the business has been put through on this basis. As stocks are now getting less, if the demand from the United Kingdom continues it is more than probable that an advance will soon be asked by Canadian holders.

There is good lively demand for butter for home trade purposes and 211-2 to 22e is being freely made. Export demand is about finished, but the fact that Australian and Argentine butter is now being criticized more strictly than in former years speaks well for the record the quality of Canadian butter has made for itself during the past season. It appears from English market reports that merchants find the color too deep as compared with Canadian butter and it is now certain that Canadian will stand highest among the colonial kinds and nearest to the Danish article that has such a firm hold of the English consumer's fancy.

Bacon Production in Denmark *

PERHAPS the best way to take up this subject is to start with the Smithfield market in London where bacon from a number of different countries may be seen any day during the year.

One of the most remarkable features of Danish bacon is its great uniformity of excellence, very few really bad sides of bacon being put upon the market. The Danish sides are characterized by a light shoulder, a light neck, good length, and a large proportion of lean meat. In addition to this, the sides are well trimmed and placed upon the market in a very attractive form. On the other hand, when we come to examine Canadian bacon, we find some excellent sides, some only fair, and some very bad indeed. The best Canadian sides possess excellent length and show great uniformity in the thickness of the layer of fat along the back; but, as a rule, they do not possess quite so much lean meat as the Danish sides. In length, however, the best Canadian sides are quite equal, if not superior, to the Danish product. The great fault of our bacon, however, is its lack of uniformity. There are far

* Address delivered at Guelph Winter Fair, Dec. 1904, by G. E. Day, Professor of Animal Husbandry, Guelph Agricultural College. too many short sides, thick shoulders, and heavy necks, which cause the Canadian product, as a whole, to show at a great disadvantage when compared with Danish. Just here a word to Canadian packers may not be out of place. Some of our packers need to take lessons in the art of making goods attractive, and 1 was extremely sorry to see many good sides of bacon so badly trimmed that their value was greatly lessened. From this it would seem as if there was need of education among the packers as well as among the feeders and breeders of bacon hogs. As to the London commission merchants, they appear to have a very friendly sentiment towards Canada, and appear anxious to handle our bacon; but, of course, it must be of good quality before they can handle it to advantage. I was pleased to hear them speak in very high terms of our best bacon.

The study of the competition in the Smithfield market gives rise to several important questions in the mind of the person interested in this matter. Among these are the following:

1. How do the Danes maintain this uniformity in their product?

2. How do they produce such lean bacon?

3. To what extent can they increase their output?

4. Can we hope to compete successfully with them?

It was with these questions before me that I sailed in a Danish steamer from Harwich, on the east coast of England, and landed in Esbjerg, on the west coast of Denmark, one fine morning in July. For a person not familiar with the Danish language, it is no easy matter to collect information, though one who knows what he wants can take in a good deal through his eyes in spite of the fact that his cars are of comparatively little use. However, through the aid of interpreters, I was able to pick up a few points, here and there which are not without value.

The question regarding uniformity is very easily answered. One has only to lock over the hegs of the country and the methods of marketing to understand very thoroughly how it comes that Danish sides of bacon resemble one another very closely. There are three classes of hogs in Denmark. First, there is what is called the "Danish hog." In color, bone, and general conformation of body Yorkshire, it strengly resembles the though perhaps the shoulder is nearer to that of the Tamworth. The neck is light, the jowl is also light, and the snout long and somewhat coarse, while the ears are large, thick and drooping.

It is claimed for this hog that it is more. vigorous and an easier feeder than the Yorkshire, Next, we find the large Yorkshire, which is imported from England, bred pure at certain centres, and used for crossing on the native pigs. The breeders of Yorkshires agree with the Government to keep nothing but pure bred Yorkshires on their farms, and in return for this they receive some financial aid from the Government to help defray the expenses of importing. The third class is the market hog, or the cross between the Yorkskire and the Danish type. It is claimed that the cross-bred pigs make a better quality of bacon than either the pure Danish or Yorkshire, and the animals which I saw were certainly of a very desirable type. Of course, a certain number of pure Yorkshire and pure Danish hogs find their way to market, but the greater bulk of Danish bacon comes from the cross-breds as already described.

Another important point in connection with securing uniformity, is the method of marketing. The most im-portant factories of the coun-try are co-operative concerns. They are located comparatively close to one another and practically every farmer - markets his own hogs. Each man's hogs are slaughtered separately, and after they are slaughtered they are graded, and he is paid for his hogs according to the quality of the bacon they produce. Of course, this means a great deal of work at the factory, but it seems that th results more than compensate for the extra labor. When we remember, thérefore, that the Danes do not have the great variety of types of hogs that we have, and that strict account is kept of the quality of each farmer's hogs when he markets them, it is very easy to understand how they maintain such a high degree of excellence in their bacon.

The second question is not so easy to answer, though the foods used are, for the most part, conducive to producing a large proportion of lean meat. It will be remembered that Denmark is a butter-making country, and that practically every farmer who raises hors also keeps cows and feeds the skim-milk to his hogs. There is, as a rule, a fixed relation between the number of hogs fed and the number of cows kept. Be cause grain is dear, and because skimmilk is a by-product and consequently cheaper than almost any other food at the farmer's disposal, there is hittle encouragement for the farmer to feed more hogs than his supply of skim-milk would warrant. In addition to skimmilk, barley is low for the other grains are sometimes used, and in some

(Continued on page 16).

The Canadian Grocer.

DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

January 6, 1905

FRESH PORK SAUSAGE MEAT

is a good line for holiday trade. Nicely chopped, spiced or plain. Packed in 12-lb. cartons, or wooden pails. Fresh every

day, at

PETERBORO, HULL and BRANTFORD.



DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

PROVISION AND DAIRY MARKETS.

Toronto.

Provisions-The market is rallying once more from the temporary quietness, caused by the Christmas trade. A better trade is expected to be transacted in a week or ten days. Light hogs are scarce and prices have advanced from \$6.25 straight to a range of prices rul-ing from \$6.25 to \$6.40. We quote the following:

Long clear bacon, per lb		081
Smoked breakfast bacon, per 1b 0 121		13
Bell bacon, per lb		091
Small hams per lb 0 121	0	13
Jedium hams, per ib	0	121
Large hams, per lb 0 11	0	115
Shoulder hams, per lb	0	09
Baoks, per Ib	0	15
Backs, per 1b	15	50
short out, per bbl	18	60
Short out, per bbl	14	50
Lard, tierdes, per lb	0	073
tubs 0 074		
Lard, tieroes, per 15		081
" sompounds, per lb 0 07		071
Plate beef, per 900-lb. bbl		50
Beef, hind quarters 6 00		00
" front quarters 4 50	ä	00
" choice carcases	1	50
" medium		50
" common		00
Mutton 5 50		50
		50
• Lamb, spring		50
Hogs, light 6 25	0	40

ueese-An increase in the demand in the United States market has enlightened local commission merchants regarding the amount of stocks held. Quite recently dealers, who were believed by all to have large quantities on · hand, were forced to go on the market and buy to fill foreign orders. That the supply is quite small is apparent. Prices have advanced on "twins" and have become firmer on "large." Despite "bad times" in England, large quanti-ties are being exported. Our quotations are:

Butter-Supplies of creamery butter continue to fall off and the general impression is that prices will advance beyond the recorded increase of 1c per pound on prints and 1c to 11-2c per pound on solids. A better and brisker trade is prevalent in dairy butter, rolls and prints causing the best possible in-quiry. Prices of dairy are from 2e to 4c per pound in advance of a year ago. With the exception of creamery butter, prices continue unchanged. Our quotations are:

	re	r 10.	
Greamery prints	0 24		
Oreamery prints	0 221	0 23	
Dairy printe	0 18	0 20	
" In tubs	0 14	0 17	
" large rolls	0 17	0 18	

Poultry-Trade is quiet. It is generally believed by the local dealers that all the available supplies in the country were pushed on the market before the first holiday, leaving practically nothing for the new year holiday demand. However, nothing was needed. The market during the last week showed a lack of inquirers and the belief is general that the trade will be quiet for some time. The price of chickens and hens is easier, while turkeys have advanced 1e

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Provisions-Steady prices have ruled for provisions during the holidays and a good trade has been done in smoked meats. Pure lard declined a quarter of a cent and boars' head lard has dropped 3-8 of a cent. The demand has been good for fresh killed abattoir as well as country dressed, and a steady business has been carried on.

Montreal.

Carmadian short out mess park \$16 50 \$17 50 American short out clear 18 50 \$17 00 American fat back 17 00 \$17 50 Bacon, per lb 0 \$16 \$10 \$12 \$10 Hamas 0 \$10 \$10 \$12 \$10 Extra plate beef, per bbl. 11 \$10 \$10 \$12 \$10
American fat back
Bacon, per lb
Hams. 0 104 0 12
Hams. 0 104 0 12
The tax a last a last has been a label in the second secon
"Boar's Head" brand, tierces, per lb 0 071
" 60-lb. fancy tubs 0 078
Cases, 20 3-lb. tins, per lb 0 081
" 12 5-lb. tins " 0 08
" 6 10-1b. tins " 0 073
20-1b. wood pails, each
20-1b. tin palls, each
20-10. thi pails, cach 1 122
Wood net, tin gross weight-
Weed The
Pure lard, pails
tubs
" cases (6 10 ⁻ 1b. tins) 0 08 0 09
Cases (125-10. tins) 0 084 0 094
" cases (24 3-db, tins) 0 081 0 091

Butter-The advance in butter which took place last week has been maintained and though trade is not very active, prices remain firm. Renewed activity

AGENCIES ON COMMISSION FOR BRITAIN We are open to receive consignments of Apples and Fruits of all kinds. Best references, connection and experience. -R. C. HALL& CO. 28 Martin's Lane. Cannon St., LONDON, ENG.

John Lethem & Sons, Leith, Scotland, invite correspondence with Manufacturers and Shippers of all classes of goods, suitable for Grocers, Bakers, and Fruit-erers, connection of 50 years over all Scotland. References, Bank of Scotland, Leith.

AGENCIES WANTED FOR BRITAIN European and Canadian references and an extensive connection are points upon which I rely. CANNED GOODS, DRIED FRUITS, HONEY, PEAS, A. S. DUFFUS, Jr., 9-10 St. Mary-at-Hill, LONDON, E C

DAVID SCOTT & CO., Est. 1878 ENGLAND, 10 North John St., LIVERPOOL Splendid connections and references. Try us with a shipment of CANNED GOODS, T.A.-Scot-tish, Liverpool.

Hamilton Wickes & Co.

Canned Goods Brokers, EASTCHEAP, LONDON, and VICTORIA STREET, LIVERPOOL. Reports and valua-tions made on Canned Meats, Fish. Fruit and Vegetables. Consignments handled. Correspondence solicited.

GEORGE LITTLE LIMITED Canadian Produce Importers, MANCHESTER. Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Bacon, Apples, Poultry

E BIERMANN & CO., FRUIT AND PRODUCE BROKERS, Sth Ed. A.B.C. Code - CARDIFF, Wales. APPLES AND ALL KINDS OF FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

STOKES BROTHERS General Merchants Exeter, England DEALERS IN Eggs, Apples, Bananas, Potatoes and Fruits of all Kinds. Correspondence Solicited.

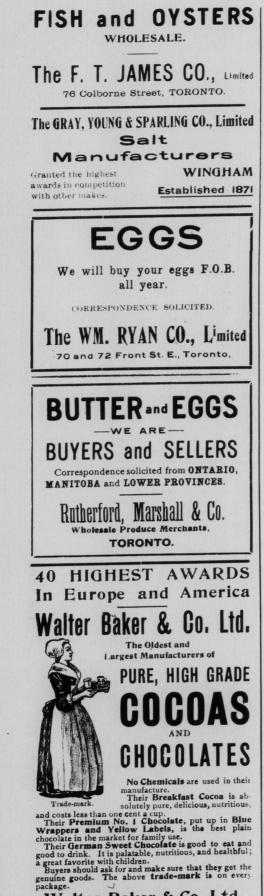
23

BEST WHITE SPRUCE 50-30-20 lb. ORDER NOW WALTER WOODS & Hamilton and Winnipeg.

WHITELEY, MUIR & CO., 15 VICTORIA ST., LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND We handle consignments of CANADIAN MEATS, CHEESE and BUTTER. We sell'cost, freight and insurance. LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW estern Union Code.



The Canadian Grocer.



The Canadian Grocer.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd. Established 1780. Dorchester, Mass. Branch House, 12 and 14 St. Jehr St., Montreal

DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

is expected after the holidays are definitely finished. We quote: Finest creamery. Fair to good creamery. Medium. Western dairy.....

Cheese-The market is quiet but firm and some quantities have changed hands despite the general lull for the holidays. Prices still rule at 101-4e for best grades and 101-2c. Undergrades sold at 10e.

Eggs-Prices are tending towards an advance for fine fresh stock and the ruling figures were from 18 to 181-2e, and for seconds 161-2e to 171-2e.

It is expected that extra selects will bring as high as 30c shortly and already 27 and 28e have been paid.

Winnipeg.

Butter-Little or no fresh stock is

coming in. Prices are unchanged.	We
quote:	
Dairy, assorted pkgs, selected round lots (separator), 11b, bricks. Finest fresh creamery, in 56-lb, boxes. in 28-lb, boxes. in 14-lb, boxes.	0 21 0 17 0 26 0 25 0 26 0 27
Cheese-We quote:	
Finest Manitoba, large. Ontario, Square cheese. Cured Meats—Trade is of usual	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$
portions and prices are steady.	11 0
quote:	
SMOKED MEATS.	
Hama, sugar cured, assorted sizes. Picnic, assorted sizes. Shoulders. Bacon, breakfast bellies, breakfast backs. Withshire sides. Manitoba butts. Skinned. Skinned. Skinned. Skinned. Skinned.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 09 \\ 0 & 08 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 11 \\ \end{array}$
DRY SALT MEATS.	
Bacon, dry salt long clear moked. boneless backs. Shoulders	0 081 0 091 0 10 0 08
BARREL PORK.	
Heavy mess pork, boneless, per bbl	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 00 \\ 11 & 00 \\ 16 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
PICKLED GOODS (COOKED).	
80 lbs. 40 lbs. 20 lbs. Pig's feet 5 50 3 60 1 60 Pig's tongues 14 50 7 50 4 60 Boneless bocks 8 50 4 50 2 50 Sweet nickled snare ribs. not cooked, per lb.	15 lbs. 1 25 3 00 2 00 0 04

Sweet pickled spare ribs, not cooked, per lb..... 0 04 hocks. 0 04 Lard-We again quote as follows: Lard, 50-lb, pails, per pail 440 20-lb, 180 440 30-lb, 180 440 5-lb, 190 450 450 10-lb, 190 450 Pure lard in bbls, per lb 0084

Dairy Instruction.

It is gratifying to the Dairymen's Associations and the Department of Agriculture in Ontario to know that the work of instruction carried on for the benefit of dairy farmers, owners of creameries and factories, and makers, has been productive of such marked results." The quality of cheese throughout the season has been above the average, especially during the latter part of the season, and the percentage of rejections from factories receiving instruction has been far smaller than from those not receiving instruction, the balance in favor of the former being about 7 to 1. The proportion of inferior samples of milk among those tested by instructors during the past Summer was about 40 per cent. less than last year, and the number of samples tested was much larger than ever before. Another indication of the good work being done is that the proprietors of factories and creameries throughout the province have during the past Summer expended at least \$125,000 in improvements, fully \$40,000 more than the preceding year. The expenditure of such a large amount of money in a season of low prices shows that proprietors have faith in the future of the industry, and are willing to do what they can to insure the production of a first class article.

It is the intention of the department to pursue the system of instruction more vigorously during the coming season. and with the co-operation of the farmers, factorymen and instructors, the high standard of cheese is certain not only to be maintained, but another advance step will also be made.

News Items.

R. Johnston, manager of the Western Dairy and Provision Co., St. Thomas, has resigned to accept a position with A. F. McLaren's Imperial Cheese Co., Toronto, as manager of their Canadian Toronto, as manager of their Canadian and United States cheese department. J. Rustin will be succeeded by Mr. Johnston, and C. M. Firby will have charge of the butter department of the Western Dairy and Provision Co. G. B. Sparks, manager of the Galt branch of the Wm. Davies Co., has been promoted to the managership of that firm's Brockville store.

ARTIFICIAL FOOD COLORING.

RTIFICIAL coloring in canned goods has been carried to a dangerous extent in the United States. so much so that the Department of Agriculture at Washington has issued an order that all such goods must be branded as to their true character. When canned peas or string beans are colored with copper or when aniline dye is used to make cherries or strawberries or tomatoes a lovely red, the fact must be marked in plain type on the can, for instance, in letters not smaller than long primer capitals-colored with sulphate of copper, or colored with ani-line dye. One of the chemists in discussing this order, said:

"There is not enough of the poison in one can of peas or such vegetables to do appreciable harm, but the damage will come if the peas are eaten day after day. Our investigations have proven this contention consid-sively."

Two things are spoken of in explan-ation of the fact that American canned goods have been known to find sale in Canada when those of domestic praparation were rejected, namely, nentuiss of packing and brilliancy of coloring. It will be useful for Canadian retailers to know that the distinction which they mark is really in favor of the iome goods.

24

Ammonia. Gorman, Eckert & Co., Loudon, Ont.

Baking Powder. Maiden, J. H., Montreal. Gillett, E. W., Co., Toronto. Gorman, Eckert & Co., London, Ont. Greig, Robt, Co., Toronto. Lumsden Bros, Hamilton. McLaren's, W. D., Montreal.

Baskets. Oakville Basket Co., Oakville, Ont.

Bird Seed. Nicholson & Brock, Toronto. Nicholson & Brock, Toronto. Biscuits, Confectionery, Rtc. Canadian Swiss Trading Co., Montreal. Christie, Brown & Co., Toronto. Cowan Co., Toronto. Imperial Biscuit Co., Guelph. Lamont, Corliss & Co., Montreal. McGregor-Harris Co., Toronto. Mackintosh, John, Halifax, Eng. Mooney Biscuit & Candy Co., Stratford. Mott, John P., & Co., Halifax, N.S. National Licorice Co., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Blue and Black Lead. Oakey, John, & Sons, London, Eng.

Canned Goods. Balfour & Co., Hamilton, Ont. Burlington Canning Co., Burlington, Out. Gillard, W. H., & Ko., Hamilton.

Chewing Gum. Row & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Cigars, Cobaccos, Etc. American Tobacco Co., Montreal. Canadian Cigar Co., London, Ont. Empire Tobacco Co., Montreal. Fortier, J. M., Montreal. Fortier, J. M., Montreal. McAlpin Consumers Tobacco Co., Toronto McDougall, D., & Co., Glasgow, Scot. Payne, J. Bruce, Granby, Que. Tuckett, Geo. E., & Son Co., Hamilton.

Clothes Lines. Hamilton Cotton Co., Hamilton.

Cocoanut. Greig, Robt., Co.. Toronto Lumsden Bros., Hamilton.

Lumsden Bros., Hamilton.
 Cocoas and Chocolates.
 Baker, Walter & Co., Dorchester, Mass. Canadian Swiss Trading Co., Montreal.
 Cowan Co., Toronto.
 Dutch Chemical Works, Amsterdam, Holland.
 Epps, James, Co., London, Eng.
 Lamont, Corliss & Co., Montreal.
 Lowney, Walter M. Co., Boston.
 MacLaren. A. F., Imperial Cheese Co., Toronto.

Toronto. Mott, John P., & Co., Halifax, N.S. VanHouten's-J. L. Watt & Scott, Toronto

Computing Scales. Wilson, C., & Son, Toronto.

Concentrated Lye. Gillett, E. W., Co., Toronto.

Condensed Milk and Cream. Borden's - Wm. H. Dunn, Montreal and Toronto. Colson. C. E. & Son, Montreal. Truro Condensed Milk and Canning Co., Truro, N.S.

Corks. Ewing, S. H., & Sons, Montreal.

 Baker, Walter, & Co.
 24

 Balfour & Co.
 13

 Barnard & Holland.
 47

 Bates, Peacock Co.
 23

 Biermann, E., & Co.
 23

 Biaok Bros. & Co.
 16

 Blaok Bros. & Co.
 16

 Bradatreet's
 8

 Braid, Wm., & CO.
 61

 Braid, Wm., & CO.
 61

 Braidtreet's
 30

 Bickle, John W., & Greening.
 18

 Bowser, S. F., & Co.
 8
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Crockerv, Glassware and Potterv. Barnard & Holland, Montreal Cassidy, John L., Co., Montreal Gowans, Kent & Co., Toronto. Dairy Froduce and Provisions. Clark, Wm., Montreal Dominion Packing Co., Charlottetown. Farbank, N. K. Co., Moniteal. Fearman, F. W., Co., Hamilton. Mathews, Geo. Co., Brantford, Hull, Peterboro. MacLaren, A. F., Imperial Cheese Co., Toronto. McLean, J. A., Produce Co., Toronto. Park, Blackwell Co., Toronto. Ryan, Wm., & Co., Toronto. Rutherford, Marshall & Co., Toronto. Grocers' Grinding and Packing Machinery. Adamson, J. T., & Co., Montreal. Coles Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Pr Enterprise Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Financial Institutions & Insurance Bradstreet Co.

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Fish:
Bickle, John W., & Greening, Hamilton.
Bickle, John W., & Greening, Hamilton.
Bickle, John W., & Greening, Hamilton.
Bickler, S. C., Oronoto.
Sovereign & Lynx Brands.
White & Co., Toronto.
Foreign Importers.
Biermann, E., & Co., Cardiff, Wales.
Duffus, Alex, S., London, Eng.
Hall, R. C., & Co., Loronol. Eng.
Hethem, John, & Sons, Leith, Scotland.
Little, Geo., Manchester, Eng.
Scott, David, & Co., Liverpool, Eng.
Whiteley, Muir & Co., Liverpool, Eng.
Whiteley, Mur, & Co., London, Eng.
Fruits.-Dried, Green, and Nuts.

Wickes, Hamiton, & Co., Rondon, Bug.
Fruits-Dried, Green, and Nuts.
Adamson, J. T., & Co., Montreal.
Balfour & Co., Hamilton.
Eby, Blain Co., Toronto.
Gibb, W. A., & Co., Hamilton.
Giblard, W. H., & Co., Hamilton.
Goodwillie's-Rose & Laflamae, Montreal.

Goodwillie's-Rose & Lanamae, treal. Husband Bros. & Co., Toronto. Kinnear, T. & Co., Toronto. Millman, W. H., & Sous, Toronto. MoWilliam & Everst, Toronto. MoWilliam & Everst, Toronto. Rattray, D., & Sons, Montreal. Reid, Homer, Menford, Ont. Robinson, O. E., & Co., Ingersoll Stringer, W. B., & Co., Toronto. Walker, Hugh, & Son, Guelph. White & Co., Toronto. Fruit Wines Turner & Co., Toronto. Colating.

Gelatine. Tippet, A. P., & Co., Montreal.

Tippet, A. P., & Co., Montreal. Grain. Flours and Cereals. Frontenac Cereal Co., Kingston. Greig, Robt., Toronto. Lake Huron & Manitoba Milling Co., Goderich. McCann., Wm., & Co., Toronto. Natural Food Co., Toronto. Ogilvie Milling Co., Montreal.

Ogilvie Milling Co., Montreal. Grocers – Wholesale. Balfour & Co., Hamilton. Chaput, L., Fils & Cie., Montreal. Davidson & Hay, Toronto. Eby, Blain Co., Toronto. Eby, Blain Co., Toronto. Gorman, Eckert & Co., London, Ont. Kinnear, T., & Co., Toronto. Lucas, Steele & Bristol, Hamilton. Marceau, E. D., Montreal. "Ozo" Co., Montreal. "Urner, James, & Co. Hamilton. Warren Bros. & Co., Toronto.

Enterprise Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Hides. Page, C. S., Hyde Park, Vt. House Insect Destrover. Common Sense Mfg. Co., Toronto. Infants' Foods. Leen, Robinson & Co., London, Eng. Interior Store Fixtures, Trucks. Etc. Auer Light Co., Montreal. Walker Pivoted Bin and Store Fixture Co., Toronto Walker Pivoted Bin and Store Pixture Co., Toronto.
 Jams, Jellies, Etc.
 Batger's -Rose & Laftamme, Montreal Colson, C. E., & Son, Montreal.
 Crosse & Blackwell's -C. E. Colson & Son, Montreal.
 * Ozo * Co., Montreal.
 Smith, E. D., Winons, Ont.
 Southwell's - Frank Magor & Co., Montreal Upton, Thos. & Co., Hamilton. Macaroni Tippet, A. P., & Co., Montreal. Macaroni
Tippet, A. P., & Co., Montreal.
Manufacturers' Agents, Brokers and Commission Merchants.
Adamson, J. T., Montreal.
Creed, J. S., Montreal.
Dawson Commission Co., Toronto.
Diagle & Stewart, Winnipeg.
Dunn, Wm. H., Montreal and Toronto.
Lawson, Reginald, Winnipeg.
Millman, W. H., & Sons, Toronto.
Millman, W. H., & Sons, Toronto.
Millman, W. H., & Sons, Toronto.
Mille, Chas., Vancouvor, B. C.
Nicholson, Bain & Johnston, Calgary.
Rattray, D., & Sons, Montreal.
Ryan, Wm. Co., Toronto.
Tippet, A. P. & Co., Montreal.
Rutherford, Marshall & Co., Toronto.
Walkerville Match Co., Walkerville, Ont.
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Walkerville Match Co., Walkerville, Ont.
Matches
Bates, Peacock Co., Hamilton.

Walkerville Match Co., Walkerville, C Mince Meat Bates, Peacock Co., Hamilton. Capstan Mig. Co., Toronto. Fearman, F. W. Co., Hamilton, Ont. Greig, Jas. R., Montreal. Lytle, T. A. Co., Toronto. Wethey J. H., St. Catharines. Oile.

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Cullen, Orlan Clyde, Washington, D.C. Peels: Colson, C. E., & Son, Montreal. Greig, Robt. Co., Toronto. Pickles, Sauces, Reliskes, Btc. Capstan Mig. Co., Torouto. Colson, C. E., & Son, Montreal. Flett's-Rose & Laflamme, Montreal. Gorman, Eckert & Co., Londou, Ont. Heinz, H. J., Pittsburg, Pa. Lytle, T. A., Co., Toronto. "Ozo" Co., Montreal. Paterson's-Rose & Laflamme, Montreal. Sutton, G. F., Sons & Co., London, Eng.

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January 6, 1905



It is no trick to buy and sell goods—anyone with money enough to buy a stock and hire salesmen can sell goods.

But it's a different and difficult matter to build up a reputation for quality.

And that's just what we've been busy doing ever since we went into business.

Now, we've got the goods that have the quality that makes reputation.

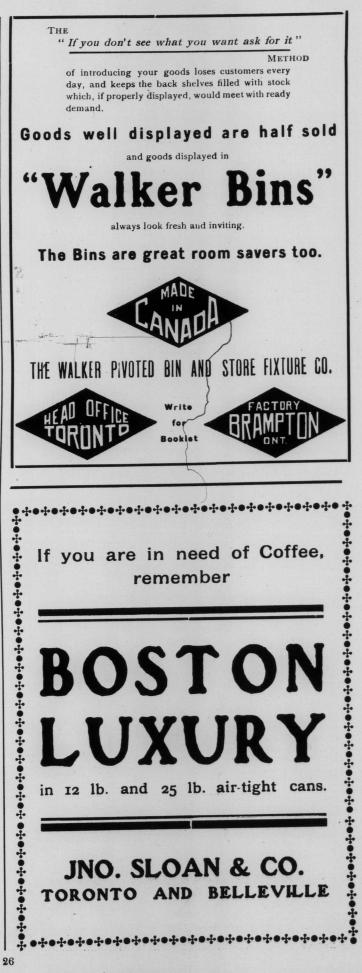
Our reputation for quality has been growing for years, and our lines of to-day will add one more milestone to our successful past.

Better make your 1905 changes now and consolidate your account with us.



Importers and Roasters of Coffee. Manufacturers of high-class Baking Powder.

Our Winnipeg Branch, 108 Princess Street, in charge of Messrs. Mason and Hickey, carries a full stock of every line, and the western territory will be covered regularly.





President : JOHN BAYNE MACLEAN, Montreal.

The MacLean Publishing Co.

Limited

Publishers of Trade Newspapers which circulate in the Provinces of British Columbia, Northwest Territories, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, P.E. Island and Newfoundland.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Canadian Cigar Co., London, Ont. R. C. Hall & Co., London, Eng.

A WESTERN PARADOX.

ANY keen observers have been at a loss to understand why, with good crops and high prices collections have been so unsatisfactory in the Northwest. There can be no doubt as to the general prosperity of the west. It is true that in a few small sections the crops were a comparative failure, but, taken as a whole, erop reports show ap excellent yield and prices have been so high that the wheat has been marketed freely. But coupled with this state of affairs has been the undeniable fact that merchants have found collections poor. In a country showing every evidence of prosperity, they have found it difficult to collect what is owed them.

In conversation with a representative of this paper, a prominent wholesale man in Winnipeg said that he attributed the slowness of collections directly to the general prosperity of the coun-

EDITORIAL

try. He was confident that if the west as a whole were a little less prosperous he would have less difficulty in collecting his money. Western settlers have seen the price of land in Manitoba rise by leaps and bounds during the last few years; they expect land values in that province to continue to advance and they believe that the Territories will repeat the history of Manitoba. Consequently every western settler is possessed of a consuming land hunger and he is eager to invest all that he can save or borrow in buying more land. No doubt, the investment is a safe one, but it soon ties up all the farmer's available cash, and the merchant often has to wait for his money. The explanation is a novel one and, if correct, it reveals a paradox of prosperity.

The situation is peculiar for, granting that any delay in collections is due to the present prosperity, a return to hard times would make matters much worse. The only remedy is for the retail merchant to insist on getting his money and thus force his customers to recognize the priority of his elaim.

A MATRIMONIAL SCHEME.

A COMMON source of friction, especially in large establishments, is the occasional subscriptions which are taken up in order to give presents to persons entering matrimony or leaving for other fields of labor.

The head of a large manufacturing firm in Toronto was recently induced to inspect a list which had been gotten up among his employes and he found that some of them had given more then he thought they could afford to give. He then determined to change the system and had a box made in which when any subscriptions were taken up among the employes they could drop in their contribution without anyone knowing the amount they had given. He says that the aggregate of the contributions decreased, but he is confident that his employes now give, when occasion demands it, just what they can afford to give.

The scheme is a simple one and could

no doubt be adopted to advantage by many other firms, and the old system, which is practically a system of blackmail in many cases, could be obviated.

The Canadian Grocer.

CARELESS IGNORANCE.

PERFECTION in system is usually looked upon as being one of the attributes of railway corporations. It is only ordinary business concerns whose systems are not always good. That railway companies have not good systems strictly perfect is evident from an instance which came under our observation a few days ago.

A large manufacturing concern in Canada had secured an order through one of its travelers from a merchant in New Glasgow, Quebec. It was the first order received, and the firm was particularly desirous of pleasing him. The goods were shipped promptly, but 42 days after shipment was made the shipper was notified by the railway officials that two cases of goods addressed to the New Glasgow merchant were lying at their office at Point Levis. The bill of lading instructed that the goods be shipped by the railway in question, via the G.T.R., via the G.N.R.

The address on the packages cor responded with that on the bill of lading, but in notifying the shipper that packages were lying at Point Levis the representative of the railway company wanted to know if the goods were not intended for New Glasgow, N.S. In fact they said they had no such station on their line as New Glasgow, Quebec. It appears that the goods had been shipped to New Glasgow, N.S., and finding that no merchant of the name on the cases did business in that town, they were brought back to Point Levis and then the shipper communicated with.

It would have been a simple matter indeed for the officials of the railway company to have discovered where New Glasgow, Quebec, was situated. Had they the inclination, they could have discovered in five minutes, and when this was drawn to their attention the only answer they could give was to the effect that they thought the shipper had made a mistake.

It is evident that in the employ of the G.T.R. are men, who, like employes in

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The Canadian Grocer.

some other business enterprises, have not enough initiative about them to turn to any directory and find the address of a town or of an individual. It is evident that the G.T.R. Company needs to stir up some of its careless employes, as business men stand to lose a great deal of money through the lack of prompt attention to duty on the part of the servants of transportation companies

TO COLLECT BAD DEBTS.

THE by-laws of the Spokane Jobbers' Association contains among others the following suggestions that might very profitably be followed up by the Canadian trade in connection with the handling of questionable accounts:

Upon receipt of a report the secretary of the association calls upon the party reported and makes a thorough investigation of his affairs, gathering such other information as he can regarding the debtor's financial condition. If it is found that he is being pressed, or bankrupt or insolvent a meeting of the members of the association is called and the facts laid before them. If he is insolvent the secretary of the association usually obtains the debtor's assignment to him as trustee for the benefit of all creditors and takes charge of the business until the estate is wound up. As a rule a sufficient profit is realized from the goods sold to pay the entire expenses of handling the assignment.

The plan has worked admirably so far, thirty-seven and a half per cent. more having been realized than could have been either through the agency of the State or Bankruptey Courts. The policy seems to be to perfect the system of handling bad accounts with the least possible expense and for the benefit of creditors and as such is well worth the consideration of a certain class of readers of The Canadian Grocer.

EDUCATE THE FARMERS.

COME farmers are skinflints. But, fortunately, their number is exceed-2 ingly small. It may be said of the farmer on the whole that he is about as freehanded a citizen of this country as it is possible to find. When crops are

EDITORIAL

good and money is plentiful, the farmer comes to town and spends it.

The farmer needs things and he buys them. He likes luxuries in dress and furniture and food, just as much as anybody else and he is going in for these luxuries more than ever to-day. Moreover, it will be found that the farmer, unlike the average inhabitant of our towns and villages, believes in patronizing the home market. He does not run to the city and the department store every time he wants to buy a suit of clothes or a barrel of sugar. No, he goes to the nearest town for his supplies.

Seeing then that the farmer is a good customer and stands by the local merchants, let the latter take him into their best consideration. Let them rea-

> Mr. G. H. Johnston, general merchant, Sutton West, a reader of THE CANADIAN GROCER for over fifteen years, says he would not exchange it for any publication that comes to his notice, both on account of its value as a newspaper and because it has been invaluable to him in business. He refers particularly to its market reports and prices current, which "are always to be relied upon," and to its special advertisements which "every careful buyer should consult regularly."

son it out. The more the farmer can get for his produce, the more money he will have to spend. How can he get more for his produce? Certainl- by the adoption of improved methods of tilling the soil, of raising cattle and of keeping poultry. No less a sum than \$117;-000 was paid to patrons of the Huntington dairy board during the past season for cheese and butter. This means on an average about \$4,000 from this source alone to each retailer in Huntington and this was all accomplished by education.

Is it not, therefore, of importance to merchants in our country towns to work together to help and educate the farmers in their vicinity to get more out of their farms?

SUGAR FLUCTUATIONS, 1904. Montreal Refiners.

The retail grocer will be interested in the accompanying tabulated list which 28

Granulated. Yellow ..

January 1	3.95	3.30
January 4	4.00	3.35
January 28	3.95	3.30
February 4	4.00	3.35
February 23	4.00	3.40
	4.05	3.45
February 26		3.50
March 7	4.10	
March 14	4.15	3.55
April 26	4.20	3.60
April 28	4.25	3.65
May 5	4.30	3.70
May 14	4.35	3.75
May 19	4.40 .	3.80
May 25	4.45	3.85
June 3	4.40	3.80
June 10	4.35	3.75
Inne 23	4.40	3.80
July 7 July 25	4.45	3.85
July 25	4.50	3.90
August 3	4.55	3.95
August 9	4.60	4.00
September 1		4.05
October 18	4.55	3.95
October 29	4.60	4.00
October 31	4.65	4.05
November 2	4.75	4.15
November 4	4.85	4.25
November 10	4.95	4.35
November 12	5.00	4.40
	(2nd advar	
November 12	5.10	4.50
November 16		4.60
December 1		$4.55 \\ 4.65$
December 8		4.05
December 10	5.35	4.75
December 28	5.40	4.00

REPUTATION.

UEER thing, this reputation. It takes toiling and moiling to get it-takes singleness of purpose and capacity to resist temptation to cheapen, but once you've got it its value is transcendent and can't be computed in dollars and cents. How infinitely better it is to build on a foundation of quality and worth than to chase the will-o'-the-wisp of cheapness, which leads you into bogs and swamps.

"But my trade won't pay the price," wails some timorous soul. Your trade, dear man, is what you make of it. If you insistently talk quarter tea, and tencent brooms and five cent brushes and ninety cent apples and fifteen cent oranges, how in the name of sense can you expect your trade to ask for anything else? Try the other. Talk quality, emphasize worth, lav stress on inherent goodness, and watch the result.

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gives the fluctuations in Canadian refined sugar for 1904.

A STAFF CONFERENCE.

O^{NE} of the striking features of modern business management is the periodical conference between principals and staff for the discussion of matters pertaining to business growth. In the United States, this practice brings together many notable gatherings of officers, salesmen and agents, many of whom cross a continent to attend the annual assembly, lasting in some cases an entire week. In Canada, too, the custom is obtaining.

It was such an occasion that brought together in Toronto on Saturday, Dec. 31, 1904, the Montreal and Toronto staffs of the MacLean Publishing Co., whose trade newspapers, The Dry Goods Review, The Canadian Grocer, Hardware and Metal, Bookseller and Stationer, and Printer and Publisher, are known and quoted wherever the English language is spoken.

From Montreal came A. B. Caswell, resident manager; F. S. Keith, W. H. Seyler, G. E. Fraser, C. D. Cliffe. Of the Toronto staff there were present Lieut.-Col. J. B. Maclean, president; W. L. Edmonds, vice-president and general manager; Capt. A. N. Burns, secretary; Miss Forbes, treasurer.

Editorial-W. A. Craick, F. G. Killmaster, Miss Dixon, J. C. Armer, N. Mick.

Advertising—John Cameron, D. O. McKinnon, H. T. Hunter, D. B. Gillies, J. L. Sheather, E. J. Dodd, L. A. Ecdy, J. C. Kirkwood, W. C. Russell, H. V. Tyrell.

Circulation-F. M. Alexander.

Mechanical-James Anderson.

From New York-W. T. Robson, resident manager.

The morning and afternoon were given up to a series of general and special conferences, when many matters relating to the affairs, policy and plans of the company were discussed. Intense interest and animated participation characterized the entire proceedings, and much important business was transacted. One is safe in saying that the coming year will see Maclean's Trade Newspapers take on a fresh strength and make their influence even more dominant.

The story of progress in connection with The Maclean Company during the past few years, and particularly during the past two years, has few parallels in Canadian enterprise. The growth of the company during the last two years can be understood by the mention of a few facts, the significance of which will be readily perceived.

The editorial staff has been increased from two to eight.

The advertising staff from three to fifteen. The circulation department has increased from one to six.

The Montreal office maintains a resi-

THE CANADIAN GROCER

dent manager and an editorial, advertising and office staff of nine.

The editorial and advertising staff in England has been increased to five, with J. Meredith McKim as manager.

Salaried representatives with offices are located in Winnipeg, New York and London, England.

Special permanent correspondents have their headquarters at St. John, Halifax and Vancouver, in Canada; at Birmingham and Manchester, in England; at Paris, France, and at Adelaide, Australia.

Subscription solicitors canvass thoroughly all Canada.

Two advertising solicitors are kept constantly employed in Ontario, covering the territory from Ottawa to Windsor.

Quebec is systematically worked from Montreal; and the Maritime Provinces are visited regularly several times during the year.

During the last half of 1904, four distinct canvasses of Illinois, Ohio, New York and Massachusetts were made by representatives from Toronto and Montreal.

Early this month a member of the staff will visit the West Indies in the interests of the advertising and circulation departments.

In addition to the foregoing evidences of expansion, there is to record the launching of a new monthly publication. designated "Machinery and Manufacturing News," the first number of which will appear this month.

The magnitude of the company's output in the matter of trade newspapers will be perceived when it is stated that there are set up and printed every day of the year an average of 45 pages, size 9×12 , thus exceeding the output of the largest daily newspaper in Canada.

Other interesting items of progress and prestige are:

There are eight university graduates in the service of the company.

Maclean's Trade Newspapers have the largest foreign circulation of any Canadian newspaper of any sort.

The Maclean Publishing Co. use more engravings in their newspapers than does any other Canadian publishing concern.

The Maclean Publishing Co. employs advertising specialists to assist advertisers in the preparation of "copy," whose services to advertisers are entirely free. Of no other newspaper firm in Canada is this true.

The Maclean Publishing Co. are easily the largest consumers of high grade newspaper stock in the Dominion.

In the matter of original cover designs for their several publications, The Maclean Publishing Co. stand alone. All this record is surely one to be proud of. The present status of the firm has not been achieved without ups and downs. There have been several critical periods in the history of the company, but the unswerving devotion to a single ideal is having its reward and recognition.

Staff Dinner.

The day's business and the dying year were brought to an agreeable close by a dinner to the staff, served at the Queen's Hotel. There were present all told over sixty. Lieut.-Col. J. B. Maclean, the president, was chairman, and was assisted by W. L. Edmonds, vice-president and general manager; A. B. Caswell, and D. O. McKinnon. The usual toasts were given and provided occasion for the saying of many things calculated to stir the enthusiasm and stimulate the loyalty of every one present. It was the first of what will be an annual event, and the president announced that a year hence, he hoped to meet at Mont- « real the staffs from England, Winnipeg and Vancouver, in addition to those from Montreal, Toronto and New York, an utterance that met with hearty applause. The approach of the hour of midnight, when the Sabbath day would be ushered in, brought to a conclusion a profitable conference and a delightful egening.

ANOTHER WHOLESALE GROCERY.

John Slean & Co., wholesale grocers, Toronto, are opening a branch business in Belleville, where they will carry a well assorted stock. In this way they will be able to cope more successfully with their rapidly increasing trade in Eastern Ontario.

OTTAWA WHOLESALE GROCER HONORED.

Major H. Bate, of the wholesale grocery firm of H. N. Bate & Son, Ottawa, has been created a Chevalier of the Distinguished Order of Leopold by the King of Belgium. Major Bate has been Belgian Vice-Consul-General in Ottawa for ten or twelve years and his services in relation to trade and other matters of interest to the two countries have been duly acknowledged and honored by King Leopold.

PRESENTATION.

Mr. F. J. Blackbourn, of H. P. Eckardt & Co., wholesale grocers, Toronto, has severed his connection with that firm to go into business with Mr. W. G. Patrick, importer and commission merchant, Toronto. On the occasion of his removal the staff of H. P. Eckardt & Co. presented Mr. Blackbourn with a handsome gold watch as a slight token of the high esteem in which he was held by his fellow employes.

January 6, 1905

"THE SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST"

The award of the Gold Medal, highest prize, to "Salada" Ceylon Tea, at the St. Louis Exposition is but the official recognition of that merit which has resulted in the ever increasing demand now in excess of twelve million five hundred thousand packets annually, throughout the length and breadth of the American continent.



y

Samples furnished. Correspondence invited.



COLES MANUFACTURING CO.,

AGENTS

PHILADELPHIA, PENN., U.S.A.

Forbes Bros., Montreal. Gorman, Eckert & Co., London, Ont

Nos. 1615-1635 North 23rd St.

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THE BRANTFORD STARCH WORKS, BRANTFORD. CANADA.

30

The Canadian Grocer.



QUEBEC MARKETS.

Montreal, Jan. 5, 1905. Groceries.

Gioceries.

ULLNESS rules in all branches of the trade. The usual lull after the holidays has set in, and there is no cure for it but time. Another advance in sugar has taken place and the market is interesting and strong. The sensitive condition of the beet market in the latter weeks of the old year lead buyers to expect a decline instead of an advance but the speculators are said to be doing the trick. The estimates of the Cuban crops were exaggerated and now the fact of a falling off being in dicated helped the advance. Prices are stiff for raw both in United States and Canada. In molasses there is no change although some quantities have changed hands during the holidays. Coffee is steadily advancing in sympathy with the New York market. The Brazil stocks are said to be held by the large New York operators and they are supposed to have the manipulation of the market pretty well in their own hands. In teas very little seems to be doing and jobbers are just as quiet as they can be. Black and white peppers are somewhat firmer and there is an improved demand. Ginger (Cochin variety) is cheaper; Zanzibar cloves are slightly easier. For future delivery, prices for the latter are firmer and appearances point to the market having reached the lowest notch. Penang cloves are said to be remarkably short and an advance is reported. A good business is doing in nutmegs and mace at steady prices. Some improve-ment is reported in the demand for canned goods and canned salmon is ruling strong with an excellent probability for an increase in rates. Fruits are in good demand and prices are strong. Dried fruits have held firm and the rais in market is steady .. The Spring policy of this trade is now occupying the interest of the trade both locally and especially in the countries of production. The decline of Valencias which took place in the early part of the Fall will be made up for, it is expected, by the satisfactory turn in the early Spring. Green fruits are very quiet, in fact, the dealers say that there is nothing doing. Spanish onions have advanced and there is a strong demand for them everywhere. Red onions are also advancing, owing to the general scarcity. In fish there is little business being done, as there are absolutely no fast days and fish is being consumed only as a matter of fashion at the holiday dinners. Country produce has been little thought of except perhaps in the event of poultry having its fluctuations; the market was thus made interesting. Flour and feed, eggs and all the kindred products of the farm have been firm in good demand evidencing the prosperity that exists all over the country.

SUGAR.

The advance of ten cents in the price of sugar was in most circles unexpected, although the speculative values have been noticeable for some time. The price of ten cents advance on yellows also interested the trade and caused some activity in the market. These values are not expected to be maintained. At any rate no immense volume of business has been transacted at these prices although it may be remembered that the fluctuations have been as high as this before. We quote:

Granulated, obla.		2	2	2	. \$5	45
- / j-bbls						60
bags					5	40
Paris lump, boxes and bbls					. 6	00
-boxes and la-bbls					6	05
Extra ground, bbls					5	85
" 50-lb. boxes	1		1	10	6	05
" " 25-lb. boxes		•		1	è	05
						60
Powdered, bbls	•				5	
						85
Phoenix					6	35
Bright coffee					5	25
"yellow				1	5	20
No. 3 yellow					5	20
No. 2 '						00
No.1 "bbls						90
		•	•	•	1	85
	•		•		2	
		•	•			90
Trinidad crystals					4	05

SVRUPS AND MOLASSES.

The firmness in molasses which was reported last week has been maintained and considerable quantities have changed hands. The unfavorable reports from Barbadoes have been substantiated and a shortage is in existence. Corn syrups are in good demand, and owing to the firmness of molasses these should sell well for some time.

Barbadoe	in ba	rrels .						0 30
**	in hal	f-barr	els		 			0 331
New Orle	ans				 	 	0 22	0 35
ntigua.					 	 		0 27
Porto Ric	0				 	 		0 45
orn syru								0 024
	1-hble							0 001
	hbla							0 02
	1-0018				 	 		0 03
	384-1D	pails.			 	 		1 30
	25-lb.	pails.			 	 		0 90
lases, 2-1	b. tins.	2 doz.	per c	se.				1 90
" 5-1		1 doz.						: 35
" 10-1	h "	i doz.	44					2 25
" 20-1		doz.						
20-1	D	t doz.			 	 		2 10

COFFEE.

A steady advance is in sight for coffee of all descriptions. Reports from New York state that most of the large operators have control of the Brazil stock and are manipulating the market to suit tnemselves. It is well known locally that these people have been the prime movers in all the advances that have taken place during the last half year. Columbian, Costa Rica, and Central American coffee have held the advance, and high prices are promised for some time. We quote:

0 111	
0 113	0 12
	0 11
0 08	0 09
	0 18 0 16 0 08

SPICES.

Spices are firm. White and black peppers have sold at good prices, and with

a tendency to advance. Sago is selling Washed rough Cochin ginger slowly. has declined and holders have been inclined to meet the proposition of the buyers, without inducing a good demand. Zanzibar cloves are much easier on the spot; forward deliveries, however, show signs of firmness. A decided shortness has been noticed in Penang cloves, and higher prices are expected. New erop will be available in February. Nutmegs and mace are about the same, but plenty of business is being done. Now would be a good time to buy stocks, as for some sizes the prices are the lowest ever recorded. Prices for canary seed are on tne down grade. This is occasioned by the near approach of the South American seed at a low rate. Some interesting movements may be expected in the near future in regard to canary seed. We quote:

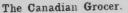
														Pe	r	lb.	
Peppers,	black.	 	 										0	18	0	22	
	white	 	 										0	25	0	30	
linger		 	 										0	15	0	24	
Cloves, w	hole .	 					-					•	0	22	0	35	
Cream of	tartar	 											0	25	0	30	
Allspice.		 	 				 						0	16	0	19	
				T	E	A				*							

The tea market is dead. Locally jobbers are simply walking around waiting for something to turn up. Now that Port Arthur has fallen into the hands of the Japs, some stimulus may be anticipated in the ten market in Japan. Indian teas show fittle change in prices; whatever weakness has been reported was mainly confined to the lower and inferior medium descriptions. Ceylon teas are generally easier and the market is well supplied. Business is expected to improve very shortly in all kinds of tea.

Japans-Fine	0.26	0.28
Medium	0.20	0 24
Good common		0 18
Common	0 124	0 15
Ceylon-Broken Pekce	0 25	0 38
Pekoes	0 17	0 20
Pekoe Souchongs	0 15	0 20
Indian-Pekoe Souchongs	0 15	0 18
Ceylon greens-Young Hysons	0 16	0 18
Hysons	0 143	0 15
Gunpowders	0 13	0 14
China greens-Pingsuey gunpowders	0 12	0 12
Congous-Kaisows		0 12
Pakling hores	0 12	

CANNED GOODS.

Improvement has been noticed in the demand for canned salmon. In regard to salmon, it has been emphasized in the trade generally that prices have been extreme for some time, owing partly to the small pack of Fraser salmon last season, coupled with the shortness of supplies on spot. However, the improvement in prices has set in and it is not improbable that it may continue. Sardines are in good demand. with a tendency towards scarcity for fine Summer packed goods. Some California sardines have been reported on the market as novelties and have attracted some attention. Lobsters are somewhat easier and the three-quarter pound tall tins are meeting with much favor, owing to the absence of the one pound tins.



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goods. Order a supply.

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Limited 33 Pearl St., TORONTO

Star Brand

BUY



have been, and the expected improvement in California stock has not taken place. We quote:

	00	1 /
almon, pink (1 30	i
		10
Rivers Inlet red sockeye		1
Fraser River red sockeye	00	1
" 1-lb. flats	0 20	1 1
. ii 1 lb flate		2 2
Landian Caudinas la	00	4
alifornia agnaradila	100	
Asparagus tips	\$ 50	3 1
		1.0.0
VEGETABLES.		
Corn, 2-lb. tins	\$1	20
CI 11		00
Gallon tins Sugar beets	5 0	95
Sugar beets	2	50
		80
2's Beans, Golden Wax	ő	821
2's "Refugee or Valentine	0	921
2's "Crystal Wax 2's "Crystal Wax 2's Peas, No. 4 "Standards" 2's "No. 3 "Early Junes"	0	821
2's Peas, No. 4 "Standards	0	85
2's "No. 3" Early Junes	0	
0's " No 2" Sweet Wrinkled		30
2's "No. 1 "Extra Fine Sifted		40
2's Table Spinach	. 1	40
Environ		

** black, heavy syrt black, preserved. black, solid pack rries, heavy syrup preserved standard. Gals. "standard 2's Lawtonberries, heavy syrup preserved 2's preserved Gals. standard 2's Pineapple, sliced... grated 2's Plums, Dams on, light syrup heavy syrup. 21's standard heavy syrup standard Green Gage, light syrup heavy syrup 47 72 00 45 52 80 10 40 60

Egg, heavy syrup

Raspberries, red, heavy syrup preserved ... is. '' standard.... is. 'black, heavy syrup ... '' preserved ... is. '' standard...

3's Gals. 'standard 2's Strawberries, heavy syrup, 1903 pack 2's 1904 pack

Foreign Dried Fruits.

Preparations are now being made for

the policy of the Spring trade, rather

than paying attention to immediate re-

quirements. This applies both locally,

as well as to the countries of production.

Large quantities of last year stock have

been cleared for the holiday trade. This

is a custom which has been found to pay the large handlers of foreign fruit.

However, this year there have been small

crops and declining markets, so that such a policy may not prove so successful as

formerly. Currants are still in firm

demand and it would appear that buyers

preserved. standard. solid pack

2's black, heav 2's pre Gals. sta 2's Rhubarb, preserved

Gals. Gals.

Gals. Gals.

Fruits are by no means as strong as they ing well. The position of sultanas seems secure. In muscatels stocks seem to be short, as grocers have not handled these goods in immense quantities, seemingly gauging their supplies to the last pound for the holiday trade. The fig trade has been a large one and promises to continue to some dimensions. This is explained by the cheapness, as well as the excellent quality of figs. We quote:

VALENCIA RAISINS, Fine off-stalk, per lb 0 05 0 06 Selected, per lb 0 06 Layers 0 07 0 074 DATES. Dates, Hallowees, per lb..... 0 04 0 04 CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS. Pricots, per b..... eaches "______ ?ears _____ 0 13 0 10 0 13 MALAGA RAISINS. London Layers "Connoisseur Clusters "Royal Buckingham Clusters, 1-hozes "Excelsior Windsor Clusters ts 2 50 0 80 1 10 3 50 CALIFORNIAN RAISINS. Loose muscatels, per lb. 0 071 0 08 seeded, in 1-lb. packages ... 0 08 0 09 2 crown 0 06 3 3 4 4 4 0 0 08 2 crown PRUNES. Perlb. Perlb 30-408. 40-508. 50-608. 60-708. 70-808. 80-908. 90-1008 0 08 0 08 0 07 0 06 0 05 0 05 0 05 0 05 0 05 0 05 0 08 0 07 0 06 0 04 0 04 90-100s. Oregon Prunes (Italian style) 40-50s... 50-60s... Oregon prunes (French style), 60-70s... '' 90-100s. '' 100-120s. CURRANTS. Filiatras, uncleaned. Fine Filiatras, per lb. in cases...... cleaned.... Finest Vostizzas " Amalias in 1-lb. cartons. SULTANA RAISINS. Sultana raisins, per lb...... 0 065 0 08 1-lb. carton..... 0 06 09 ELEME TABLE FIGS. . 0 13 0 07 0 071 0 061 0 07 12-oz. boxes NUTS. 0 12 0 14 Grenoble walnuts Tarragona almonds Sicily filberts Shelled walnuts Marbot Walnuts 0 10 0 15 Marbot New Brazils Jumbo pecans.... 0 12 Large Thelled almonds 0 24 Shelled almonds. "Virginian brand, shelled... New chestnuts, per lb... Peanuts, Bon Tons "Sun brand "Diamond G brand... "Con brand

Green Fruits.

0 071

stnuts, per lb.....

Sun Diar Coor

Italian chestnuts.

Marked dullness has been noted all over the trade. No change in prices has been reorded, and the demand is very slight, with the probability of no better condition for some weeks to come. 'We

quote:			
Cocoanuts.	per bag of 100	::::	4 50
	30 to case		9 50
Cranberries	s, finest dark		7 50
	25 quart boxes.		A 49

All About Tea

to

Z

For sale by all Wholesale Dealers

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BY JOHN H. BLAKE, TEA EXPERT

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would do well to keep their stocks well up. Valencias have every hope of sell-32

January 6, 1905

alifornia Winter Nellis pears
amaica oranges, per bbl 4 50
" " " per box
por uox
" grape fruit, per box 3 50
lorida oranges, per box 3 50
lorida grape fruit, per box 4 25
fexican oranges, per box 2 00
alifornia naval oranges, per box 3 25
amornia navai oranges, per box
ew Messina lemons 300's
11 11 11 360's
ananas, large bunches, crated 1 25
ananas. 8s, per bunch, crated
pples Winter varieties
ppico triater tarictico
weet potatoes, per bbl.
Imeria grapes, per bbl 5 50
elery. California golden heart, per case

Les

Vegetables.

The chief change in the vegetable market has been an advance in Spanish onions to \$3.75 a case. Red onions have also advanced from \$2 to \$2.50 a bag of 75 lbs. Outside of this the market is very tame and featureless. We quote:

Bunch lettuce, per doz. bunches		0
Radishes, per doz. bunches		
fushrooms, per lb		1
ausnrooms, per 10		ô :
lint, per doz. bunches		
arsley, "		
ant, per doz. bunches Parsley, " age, per doz		
avory, per doz		10
Seets, new, per doz		0 :
Cgg plant, per basket		0
hubarb, outdoor, per doz		0 :
reen onions, per doz		0 1
panish onions, large cases, per case		3 1
" crates, per case		
crates, per case		
ed onions, in 75-lb. bags, per bag		
ellow onions, in 80-1b. bags; per bag		
reen house water cress, per doz		
reen cucumbers, per bush, hamper		1 1
" per half bushel hamper	0 60	
" per bbl		3 5
" per doz	0 40	01
reen cabbage, per doz		0 6
" beans, per bush	1 00	1 5
Vaxed beans, per bush		î
all demonst home more how dos		
auliflowers, home grown, per doz		
reen peppers, per basket		5 5
California celery, per case		
lanadian celery, per doz		0 7

Fish.

Without a single fast day during the week, the fish market is declared very dull, and the fish merchants report that considerable quantities are being sold at good prices for dinners and other forms of entertainment during the holidays. Oysters are selling freely and prices are maintained. We strong quote:

Standard bulk oysters, per gal		1 40
Selects		1 60
Shell oveters bbl	5 00	8 00
Fancy Malnecques	9 00	10 00
Caraquet	4 00	5 00
Droggod hullheads		0 09
Dressed nerch		0 09
Uaddios		0 061
Blosters in hores 100 fish		1 00
Kinnered herring in half boxes		1 00
Smoked herring, per box, new		0 13
Fresh haddock, per lb		0 041
Pike " round and dressed		0 05
Halibut, per lb	0 081	0 09
Gaspe salmon, fresh frozen		0 15
B. C. Salmon, frozen	0 081	0 09
Fresh steak cod	0 05	0 051
Market cod		0 04
Whitefish		0 08
Dore	0 06	0 061
Fresh frozen Smelts	0 09	0 12
Thank frames Hausing 100	2 00	2 10
Man fragen Tom Code		2 00
		0 80
No. 1 Herring, Labrador, per bbl		5 00
		3 00
No. 1 Holland herring, per half bbl No. 1 Scotch herring, per keg		6 50
No 1 Scotch herring. " "		6 50
no. 1 sootes not nor keg		1 00
Uolland harring ner keg	UDO	0 75
		2 00
Bonaless cod, 1 and 2-lb, blocks, per lb		0 06
14 fish. 14 11 11		0 05
No. 1 Salt mackeret, pair of 20 Boneless cod, 1 and 2-lb. blocks, per lb fish, loose, in 25 lb. boxes		0 04
		0 07
Chiplass and cases 100 lb (new)		5 00
Crean Colfigh (200-lbs.) No. 2.		5 75
· ··· No l	0 70	7 00
Large "		7 00
Labrador Salmon, half bbl		9 00
" (200 lbs.) bbls		17 00
" " Targe (300 lbg.)		24 00
B.C. salt salmon, bbl		14 00
" " i bbl		7 50
Take thout golt 100 lbg		5 UU
Sea Trout in bbls. 200 lbs		9 50
Sea Trout in bbls. 200 lbs.		5 50
Marshall's kinnered herring, per doz		1 10
Constitute binnered ner dar		1 00
Chanadian I sawdines ner 100	3 70	1 00
Canned cove oysters, No. 1 size, per doz		1 30 2 25
Canned cove oysters, No. 1 size, per doz Canned cove oysters, No. 2 size, per doz		4 30

THE MARKETS_QUEBEC

Country Produce. BEANS.

No change has taken place in the price of beans, although considerable increase has been noticed in the demand. We quote:

oice	pi	in	ne	8																				•		1		3	5	1	4	•	
ss th	an	CI	ar	10	ota	8.				• •			•						•	• •		•	•	•		1		4	0	1	5	0	
imes						• •		•		•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	• •	-	•	•	• •		•	•	• •		•		•	1	4	0	

POTATOES.

A steady market has been observed for potatoes and 65c on track was obtained for several carloads. Standard price is at 75c per bag.

HONEY.

The demand has improved for comb honey. There is not so much clover on the market as is usual at this time of year. Little business is doing. We quote:

White	clover,	extracted, kegs	tins				• •	• •		 •	• •	• •	••••	0	08	0	081
	••	comb												0	121	0	13
Buckw	heat		••••	• •	•••	• •	• •	•••	• •				£	0	06	0	061

MAPLE PRODUCTS.

Very little is doing in maple goods, but dealers expect considerable activity to set in about the middle of January. We quote:

Maple syrup, in wood, per lb. 0 051 0 05 Maple syrup, in large tins 0 50 0 60 Pure sugar, per lb. 0 074 0 08 Pure Beauce, county, per lb. 0 08 0 09

HOPS.

The hop market remains steady with small demand. We quote:

Choice 0 33 0 35 Fair to good. 0 25 0 28

POULTRY.

The excitement of the poultry market has abated considerably, although it is by no means over. The soft weather just before New Year's occasioned a general sacrifice at low prices. A fair trade is being done at the following quotations: Chickens, 10 to 12c; ducks. 11 to 121-2c; geese, 9 to 101-2c; fowl, generally, 7 to 9c. Turkeys sold as high as from 15 to 18c.

Flour and Feed.

FLOUR.

The price of flour remains unchanged and a considerable business is being done for export, as well as for local account. We quote: Manitoha anring wheat natents

and the own opening			_				00.		-
" strong bake	rs				 		20	Э	90
Winter wheat patent	8				 		5 60	5	70
traight rollers					 		5 20	5	30
xtra					 		4 55	4	60
traight rollers, bags	, 90	per	Cer	nt	 	!	2 55	2	65

FEED.

Improvement in demand for bran and shorts has been maintained and high prices have been baid for high-class Ontario stock. We quote:

. 17 00 18 00 20 00 Manitoba bran, in bags

ROLLED OATS.

Little has been doing in rolled oats, and there is a tendency towards weak-ness in the market. We quote:

Fine oatmeal, bags																								. 1	1	60	
standard ostmeal,	bags																									60	
Franulated "		• •	•	•	• •	••	•	• •	•	• •	• •	•	•	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	•	•	•	•				50	
Rolled oats,	bbls.	•		• •	•	•	• •	•••	•		•	1	•	• •	•	•	• •		•	•	•		1		5	00	
	0010.			•	• •	••	•	• •		•	•	1		•		1		•	1			2	2			-	

HAY.

The advance which took place in No. 33

The Canadian Grocer.

1 timothy last week, has been maintained, and large quantities have been shipped to Nova Scotia. This is occasioned by the rebate of freight rates ending on January 1st on the I.C.R. Prices have been considerably easier for spot sales on this account. We quote:

No.	1 t	imoth																				
==	2	44	ch	oi	ce								 					 8	50	9	00	
	2		ore	li	na	r	7.											7	25	7	50	
lo	TOT.																	7	00	7	25	
llo	rer	mixe	d .															7	50	8	00	

ONTARIO MARKETS. Toronto, Jan. 5, 1905.

Groceries.

THE usual quietness of New Year's week has ruled throughout the wholesale grocery trade. The va-rions markets are practically featureless with the possible exception of sugar, in which there has been a further advance of 5c all round, effective on Jan. 3. The travelers resumes their rounds on Tues The day. Jan. 3, and a general livening up of the retail trade may be expected during the present month. Stock-taking is the order of the day: at the close of the market nothing but an approximate idea market nothing but an approximate idea of the past year's trade is available, as the work- of stock-taking will not be completed in most cases for a fortnight or three weeks. Wholesalers express themselves on the whole as satisfied with the volume of trade for the year. it being slightly ahead of 1903. A healthier feeling in grocery circles is healthier feeling in grocery circles is characteristic of the past year than for some time; business failures were com-paratively few and only of minor im-portance. Collections have averaged averaged well

Canned goods and sugar are perhaps the most interesting items at the pres-ent time. A comparatively free move-ment of tomatoes and corn continues, notwithstanding the lateness of the sea-son. The retail trade is exercising it-self to no small extent as to the probself to no small extent as to the probability of the present high price of sugar advancing still further within the next few months. The future of sugar is hard to prognosticate; at the same time the feeling is widespread that although much further advances are not expected, the market will continue high for some months. It is interesting to follow the different arguments that have been advanced for the present firm sta-tistical position of sugar. Certain autistical position of sugar. Certain au-thorities say the abolition of the boun-ties has contributed largely to bring about this result, others attribute it to the scarcity of beet, and still others to the manipulations of speculators. Which-ever it be the fact remains that, while the decrease in supplies of beet is es-timated roughle at 20 per cent. the price of refined at the present is over 60 per cent, more than it was a year ago. ago.

SUGAR.

The position of sugar is stronger than last week, an advance of 5c all round in Canadian refined having taken place on Tuesday, Jan. 3. January beet is now quoted at 14s 9d

January beet is now quoted at 148 9d f.o.b. Hamburg, while raw cane is firm at last quotations. The advance in January beet has been 3¼d per cwt. from 14s 5¼d. Since last report there has been an advance of 10c in New York refined, while on Tuesday. Jan. 3, there was a further advance of 10c, making the net basis of New York granulated \$5.70, in-

The Canadian Grocer.

creasing the margin between raw and refined 87c per cwt. During the week there were sales of a small parcel Cu-ban centrifugals, consisting of 2,000 bags at 1-32 decline from prices ruling a week ago, the basis.now being 4.83 as against 4.87½. This sale, however, must not be regarded as showing increased strength in the market. Receipts at U.S. 4 ports for the week ending Dec. 28 were light, namely, 17,-420 tons, with meltings 27,000 tons, thus reducing stocks by 10,000 tons. Combined stocks in U.S. and Cuba were 109,185 tons as against 168,835 tons at the same time last year. Total stocks of Europe and America at latest un-even dates were 2,613,185 tons against 3,301,360 tons last year at the same un-even dates, a decrease of 688,175 tons. We quote the following prices: Paris lumps, in 50-th base. 618

		· ·		
Paris lumps, in 50-lb. bo:	xes			. 61
" in 100-lb.				. 60
St. Lawrence granulated				. 5 5
Rednath's granulated				. 55
Acadia granulated				. 55
Berlin granulated				. 54
Phoenix				. 53
Bright coffee				
Bright yellow				. 53
No. 3 yellow				. 52
No. 2 "				. 50
No. 1 "				. 49
Granulated and yellow, 1	00-1b. ba	gs, 5c. less	than bbl	8.

CANNED GOODS.

One of the features of an otherwise very quiet week is canned goods, par-ticularly corn and tomatoes, consider-able quantities of which are passing in-to retailers' hands. Tomatoes are still quoted at \$1.25, although some brands are being sold at \$1.30. Our quotations are as follows:

ale as lollows.		
Tomatoes, 3's Corn, 2's Peas, 2's		1 30
Corn, 2's	1 15	1 20
Peas, 2's	0 821	1 30 0 85
Sliced beets, 2's.		0 95
" " whole		0 95
Pumpkin, 3's.		0 75
gal		2 50
Gausah		1 00
Asparagus tips, 2's		2 50 0 80
Asparagus tips, 2's. Golden waxed beans, 2's. Refugee or Valentine beans, 2's.		0 80
Refugee or Valentine beans, 2's		0 85
Crystal waxed beans, 2's		0 92
Spinach, 2's		1 40 1 80
" 3's		
Baked beans, plain, 18		0 45 0 72
4 5		0 90
Crystal waxed beans, 2's. Spinach, 2's. Baked beans, plain, 1's. 2's. Tomato sauce, 1's.		0 50
10mato sate, 1 s		0 78
" " 3's		1 00
Chili sauce srme as tomato sauce.		
Catsups, tins, 2's		0 78
		4 50
" jugs	0 00	7 70
Apples, standard, 3's. preserved, 3's. standard, gal, 2's. Pears, Flemish Beauty, 2's. 3's.	0 80	0 85
preserved. 38	1 70	2 00
Poors Flemish Beauty 2's	1 10	2 00 1 521
" " " " " 3's		2 00 1 871
" Bartlett, 2's		
" " 3's		2 821
" whites, 2's		1 72
Bartlett, 2's		2 673
Peaches, pie, 38		1 25
Cherries, red, pitted, 25		1 75
Peaches, pie. 3's. Cherries, red. pitted, 2's. " not pitted, 2's. " English black, pitted, 2's. " " not pitted, 2's. Lawtonberries, heavy syrup 2's.		2 20
" " " not pitted, 2's		1 75
" white wax, pitted, 2's		2 42
" " not pitted, 2's		2 00
Lawtonberries, heavy syrup 2's		1 571
" preserved, 2's	••••	4 971
standard gal. Plums, Damson, light +yrup, 2's		1 00
heavy syrup, 2's		1 30
. heavy syrup, 2's		1 85
" Lombards, light syrup, 28		1 05
" heavy syrup, 2's		1 35
" " " 3'B		1 90
green gage, light syrup, 2 s		1 15
green gage, light syrup, 2's heavy syrup, 2's 3's		1 471
" agg heavy syrup 2's		1 521
egg, heavy syrup. 2's		2 10
Pineapple, sliced, standard, 2's "extra "2's grated, 2's		2 35
" extra " 2's		2 471
" grated, " 2's		2 621
Raspberries, red, heavy syrup. 2's		1 40 1 69
H hlack heavy syrup 2's		1 35
" " preserved, 2's		1 50
black, heavy syrup, 2s black, heavy syrup, 2s preserved, 2's Rhubarb, preserved, 2's		1 15
3'8		1 90
" " gal		2 62
" gal. Strawberries heavy, syrup, 2.8. preserved, 2's.		1 60
preserved, 28		1 75
LODSLOF, Lalis		3 50 3 75
" 1.1b flats		
Mackerel	00	2 00 1 25
" preserved, 28. Lobster, talls" " 1-lb. flats" " 4-lb. flats" Mackerel. Salmon. Fraser River. "Horseshoe" and " Marile Leef."		
"Maple Leaf."		

THE MARKETS_ONTARIO

1-lb. talls, 5 cases and over		1 771
1-lb. talls, less than 5 cases		1 80
1-lb. flats, 5 cases and over		1 90
		1 92
1-lb. flats, less than 5 cases		
1-lb. flats, 5 cases and over		1 17
1-lb. flats, less than 5 cases		1 20
Salmon, "Clover Leaf."		
1-lb. talls. 1 to 4 cases		1 80
1-lb. flats. 1 to 4 cases		1 871
1-lb. talls, 5 to 9 cases and over		1 771
Chums	0 30	0 14
Sardines, Sportsman 1's		
1 5		0 23
Portuguese f 8	0 08	
" P. & C., '18	0 25	
" P. & C., §8	0 35	0 38
" Domestic, 1's	0 03	1 0 041
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	0 09	
" Mustard, 1 size, cases 50 tins, per 100	8 00	
	0 00	1 00
Haddies, per doz		
Haddies, per case		4 00
Kippered herrings, domestic		1 00
imported	1 40	
Herrings in tomato sauce, domestic		1 00
" " imported	1 40	1 45
California ripe olives, tins, per doz		4 75
Corned beef. 1s. per doz		1 50
		2 70
¹¹ 28, ¹¹	· · · ·	
08,	8 00	
145,		18 00
Lunch tongues, per doz		3 00
Potted meats, is, "		0 50
" 18, "		1 00
201 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

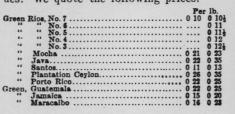
SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

The firmness of the molasses market continues. New crop New Orleans ar-rived some weeks ago, and the requirements of the trade are now pretty well filled for the next few months. The im-pression is gaining ground that West Indian molasses will ultimately take the place of New Orleans on this market. We quote the following prices:

Dark ... Medium Bright . Corn syr Molasses— New Orleans, medium "bbls.... "open kettle Barbadoes Porto Rico... Porto Rico.... West Indian. 0 27 1 00 1 00 0 75 4 50 5 10 5 60 6 00 0 95

COFFEES.

The coffee trade has been at a stand-still owing to the interruption of the holidays. Prices are unchanged, while the firmness of the Rio market contin-ues. We quote the following prices:



TEAS.

TEAS. Colombo tea sales prior to the holi-davs were on quite a large scale, about one and a half million pounds being marketed on each sale, which occurred weekly. Teas sold usually at easier prices, showing a decline of about id per fin. from prices ruling in November. It is the opinion of well-informed ship-pers that the present presents an excel-lent opportunity to secure good tea at moderate prices recause January and February are the two months of least production in Geylon and sales cannot continue on nearly as large a basis, 34

whereas the Indian market is practically clased except for some red-leafed tea. Ceylon on the spot continues to move in only a moderate way, and the same may be said of Japans. In both lines excellent values are showing. The mar-kets abroad may be said to be closed, the season being over in Japan, while Ceylon makers have ceased turning out graen tea

green tea. Locally tea is quiet, although an im-provement in business is expected during January. Our quotations are as follows:

Congou-nair-enests, Kaisow, Moning,		0 30
caddies. Pakling	0 19	0 40
Indian-Darjeelings, Pekoe souchongs	0 20	0 22
"Pekoes		0 30
Urange Pekoes	0 35	0 45
Indian-Darjeelings	0 35	0 45
Assam Pekoes	0 18	0 22
Assam Pekoe Souchongs	0 16	0 18
Ceylon-Broken Orange Pekoes	0 23	0 25
Orange Pekoes	0 23	0 30
		0 25
Pekoes		
Pekoe Souchong	0 15	0 17
China Greens-Gunpowder, cases, extra first	0 35	0 42
" half-chests, ordinary firsts	0 22	0 281
Young Hyson, cases, sifted, extra firsts		0 47
" cases, small leaf, firsts	0 30	0 371
		0 32
		0 241
seconds		
Chirds	0 10	0 17
common		0 14
Pingsueys-Young Hyson, 1-chests, firsts	0 25	0 30
Ti seconds	0 16	0 18
', half-boxes, firsts		0 30
Japan-+ chests, finests May pickings		0 39
Choice		0 31
Finest		0 35
Fine		0 28
Good medium	0 20	0 22
Medium	0 18	0 20
Good common		0 20
Common	0 14	15
Сошшой	0 13	- 10

SPICES.

A seasonable trade in spices is re-ported, although business is quiet as usual at this season. Our quotations are as follows:

	P	er lb.			Pe	r 1	b.
Ginger	0 18 0 21	0 25 0 25	Cloves, whole Cream of tartar Allspice Mace	ŏ	14	ŏ	17

RICE AND TAPIOCA.

Rice and tapioca are sharing in the quietness that pervades the grocery trade this week. We quote the following prices: Flour.

Trade in Mediterranean dried fruits at best cannot be of more than passing interest during the next few months business from now on being largely of a sorting up nature. There will still be shipments of foreign dried fruits, al-thought these will be only as required by the trade from time to time. Further arrivals of Valencia raisins are expected in four or six weeks, by which time it is thought there will be a considerable reduction in present quota-tions. On the other hand cable advices from Denia state that the crop of Valencia raisins is nearly exhausted.

Figs and Malaga raisins are being featured by one or two houses to clear at prices favorable to buyers. The currant market has every appearance of firmness. Our quotations are as follows:

Foreign Dried Fruits. PRUNES.

	Per 1b.		Per lb.
100-1108	0.04	60-70s	0 06 0 06
90-1006	0 04 0 041	50-60s	0 061 0 06
80-90s	0 05	40-50s 30-40s	0 07
70-808	0 051 0 051	30-40	0 081 0 081

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THE MARKETS_ONTARIO

The Canadian Grocer.

Commencing 1905 aright-

A good many grocers start off at the beginning of the new year with the determination to pay more attention to the profitable lines of the trade, having been disappointed with the profits of the past year's business. What can be made the most profitable and satisfactory line in your business is your **COFFEE** trade.

FOR PROFIT and SATISFACTION-take our advice and SELL ONLY

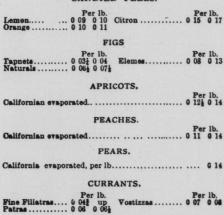
EMPRESS" BULK --- "GOLD MEDAL" I AND 22-10.

NOT EQUALLED BY ANY IN THE TRADE.

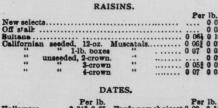
WE GUARANTEE ABSOLUTELY, -Satisfaction in handling these two lines. We solicit your first order only -The repeat orders are sure to follow.

THE EBY, BLAIN CO., LIMITED, Coffee Importers, Roasters and Grinders.

CANDIED PEELS.







Hallowees 0 041 0 05 Fards new choicest 0 09 0 101 Sairs 0 041 0 041 " new choices..... 0 091

FOREIGN NUTS.

Jamaica cocoanuts are reported scarce at shipping points and prices have, accordingly advanced. Tarragona almonds are also scarce and high. Business in general is quiet, but a brisk trade in peanuts is expected shortly. Our quotations are as follows:

Peanuts, green, Virginia, per lb	0	08	0	10
" Spanish, green, per lb	č			09
" roasted. "				10
Japanese, green, per lb				09
Almonds, Tarragona, pet 1b				124
Walnuts. Grenoble, "				12
"Bordeaux, "	U	03		10
Filberts, per lb				ii
Pecans, per lb	0	13		15
Brazils "Coroanuta, Jamaica, per sack	0	16		161
 Italian Chestnuts, per lb				10

DRIED FISH.

The dried fish trade is beginning to show some signs of improvement since the advent of colder weather. Prices continue unchanged from last week. We quote the following prices:

Boneless fish, per lb		0 04
Cod fish, 1-lb, bricks		0 06
Pure cod. per lb		0 10
Quail-on-toast. per lb Flitched cod fish, in cases of 100 lbs., per lb	0 001	0 06
Labrador herring, per bbl	8 40	4 50
per i bbl.	3 25	3 40
Scaled herring		0 14
Salmon trout, per keg		6 00

BIRD SEED.

On account of the firm price of seeds Brock's bird seed has advanced 1-2c per pound. Other prices continue unchanged. Trade will be quiet until the arrival of the new seed in May. We quote the following:

Canary seed, per lb	 		 		 	 	•••	 	0 061
									0 05
Cottam's	 		 	• •	 	 ••		 	0 08
Brock's	 ••	••	 	••	 •••	 		 	0 074

EVAPORATED APPLES.

Evaporated apples continue dull and featureless, last week's quotations of 51-2c still ruling. There is little export is considered merely a nominal price. Country Produce.

EGGS.

demand for dried apples as yet and 3c

Some local merchants report receiving fair supplies of new laid eggs, while others claim these is nothing on the market except pickled or stale stock. The general impression is that a few new laid are arriving, but that private buyers are grabbing the arrivals and paying such fabulous prices that the general trade are not interested in their sky-high quotations. Prices continue unchanged. We quote the following:

Eggs, held f	resh	0	21	0	22	
Cold storage	fresh	0	20			
	pickled	0	19_		20	

HONEY.

Conditions of trade in this article remain the same and will in all probability continue so for some time. Our quotations are as follows:

BEANS.

Prices have advanced owing to the increase in the export demand. Latest reports state that this year's crop is smaller than was at first anticipated, and the dealers are afraid that the prices will advance further. We quote the following:

Beans,	handpicked, per bush	1 65	1 70
	prime, No. 1		1 504
	prime, No. 2		1 40
	Lima, per lb	0 07	0 07

SEEDS.

Business in seeds is quiet, with foreign demand nominal. Present conditions are not expected to continue long, a general brightening up of the trade being expected about January 15, when there will probably be a better inquiry from the local jobbing trade, and the foreign demand will improve. Prices continue unchanged. We quote the following:

Alsike clover, per	bus	h .									3	50	ŧ
Red clover													
Timothy													

Green Fruits.

Some houses report free arrivals of assortment orders, while others report trade very dull. The chief demand at present is for navel oranges which are arriving in good quality and free from frost. The season for Florida oranges is practically over. Those arriving show an advance of from 50e to 75e per box. An advance in Florida grapefruit is expected. The recent slump was caused by a report circulated among the growers to the effect that extremely cold weather would shortly set in, thereby causing growers to market all their stock

which leaves the market an their stock which leaves the market bare at the present moment. Supplies of Almeria grapes are limited. The outlook is for an advance in

ed. The outlook is for an advance in the price of first-class stock. Mexican oranges are slow in arriving, no anxiety, however, is caused as the demand is weak. Bananas, owing to the strong demand in the United States, are not arriving freely, those that have arrived, however, are of excellent quality and free from frost.

The eranberry market is strong, stocks are in a few hands, and holders are inclined to keep their stock in storage, waiting an advance in prices. An increase in the supply of new Messina lemons has caused the outside price to decline 25c per box. Some dealers have large consignments of figs in stock and the prospects are for a decline in price. In addition to our list we have kiln dried sweet potatoes quoted at from \$1.90 to \$2 per bushel crate. Our quotations are:

Florida oranges, per box	3	50	4	0
Florida grape fruit, per box				5
Florida tangerines (half straps)				Ö
Florida pineapple, per case				Õ
Mexican oranges, per box			2	
California navel oranges, per box			3	
Valencias ordinary, 420's				7
" large, 420's				ò
" 714's				Õ
New messina lemons, 300's, per box	2	50	3	Õ
" " 360's, per box	2	00	2	5
Bananas, large bunches, crated				7
Bananas, 8's, per bunch, crated	Ō	75	ī	0
Apples, Winter varieties	2	00	3	0
Sweet potatoes, kiln dried, per bbl			5	5
" " kiln dried per bushel crated	1	90		0
Almeria grapes, per bbl. extra fancy	5	50		5
Cranberries, Budd's long keepers			10	0
Smyrna figs, Eleme, four crowns			0	0
"" " five "			0	0
SIA			0	10
" " seven "				14
" " glove boxes, 1-lb			0	
" " Protoben, four crowns.	0	10	0	11
" " five "	0	13	0	14
Comadre figs 0) (131	0 ()3

Vegetables.

Trade in vegetables is ouiet. An active demand has been created recently for Spanish onions and dealers are sending orders forward for large quantities. During the week the price of California celery and bothouse cucumbers have ad-

THE MARKETS_ONTARIO

vanced, owing to increased demand. Other prices continue unchanged. We quote the following:

Course house lattings	
Greenhouse lettuce	
Mushrooms, per lb.	
Dry Mint, per doz bunches	
Parsley,	
Sage, per doz	
Savoury, per doz	
Carrots, per bag	
Beets, per bu	
Beets, per bag	0 60
Dry Onions, per bag	1 30
Dry Onions, per basket	
Spanish onions, per case	
Green house water cress per doz.	
Cauliflowers, per doz	. 0 75
Cauliflowers, per doz Michigan celery, per doz	
Canadian celery, per doz	. 0 35
Vegetable marrow, per doz	. 0 50
Potatoes per hag	
Butter squash, per doz	1 00
Damaning nor hu	
Red cabbage, per doz	. 0 50
" per head	0 10
Cabbage, per head	
" par doz	0 40
furnips, per bag	0 30
Spinach, per bu	
California celery, per case	
Hothouse cucumbers, per doz	
Mushroons	
wushroons	0 00
Artichokes, per bu	

Fish and Oysters.

The cold weather has greatly stimulated trade in fish as well as oysters. Throughout the country there is a good demand for trout and frozen whitefish.

LAST MINUTE PROVISION MARKET.
Montreal, Thursday, Jan. 5, 12.30 p.m.
PROVISIONS-No change in prices. Volume of business small
EGGS – Tendency to advance, supplies coming in limited quantity: 29c. paid for very select stock to-day.
CHEESE - Big shipment of 30,000 boxes to Liver- pool yesterday. Big hole in stocks held locally. Holders are now very firm; 10 ² to 11c. held for westerns to-day. Not much doing.
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
BUTTER AND CHEESE EXPORTS. These figures include shipments via Portland West, St no, Boston and New York.
Cheese. Butter. Boxes.

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Smelts continue scarce what few arrivals there are being quickly bought by the wholesale dealers. Oysters have advanced in price on account of improved demand and the large amount of ice at the beds. Frozen sea herring are expected to arrive in a week. Everything on the market is firm owing to the fact that stocks are scarce on the United States market. Our quotations are:

To Liverpool..... 18,288 To London..... 6,557

Tetal..... 24,865

rozen fresh water herring	0 04
" No 2	
abrador herring, 1 bbl	3 25
Bloaters, per box of 100	. 1 00 1 25
liscoes, per basket	1 25
" "Selected."	4 80
" Baltimores per wine gal	1 40
frout, lake, per lb	0 07
Jod, steak "	0 07
Haddock " per lb	0 06 0 07
Whitefish frozen, per lb	0 074
Program halibut	0 10 0 11
	Frozen halibut, sea salmon. British Columbia salmon. Whitefish, frozen, per lb. Haidook " per lb. Cod, steak " " Frout, lake, per lb. Pike, per lb. Binan haddie, per lb. Binan haddie, per lb. Selected," " " Selected," " Biccose, per basket Bioaters, per basket Bioaters, per basket Bioaters, per basket Bioaters, per gal. " Selected," " Selected,"

GRAIN.

At present the supply of Manitoba wheat is scarce and the strong demand has forced prices to advance 1c per bushel on No. 1, 11-2c on No. 2, and 1-2c per bushel on No. 3. The outlook is vague. If farmers should overstock the market as has occurred before prices may take a shump. Should they continue to hold their grain as they have done during the last ten days, prices may advance further. Red and white wheat continues scarce and prices have advanced 2c per bushel. Oats have advanced 1-2c per bushel. Oats have advanced 1-2c per bushel, while buckwheat has declined from 1c to 11-2c per bushel. Other prices continue unchanged. We quote the following:

All on Manitoba				1	ne	w	 			1	10	1	101	
**	**		No.	2		6				1	061	ī	07	
	**		No.								991			
Red, per		new					 	 		 1	06	1	061	
White	"	"						 	 	 1	06	1	061	
Barley	**	64											52	
Oats.													361	
Peas	**									0	74	0	75	
Buckwhea											58		581	
Rea nor h	ushal "										81		80	

FLOUR.

Changes in prices, as quoted below, have been made owing to the fact that the small mills cannot claim as large a price for their products as the larger and older mills. A strong export demand continues. Our quotations are as follows:

BREAKFAST FOODS.

Trade, which was so quiet last week on account of the holiday season, is rallving once more. Rolled wheat, rolled oats, and oatmeal are causing the best inquiry; other lines are comparatively quiet. Prices continue unchanged. Our quotations are :

Oatmeal, standard and granulated, carlots, on	
track, per bbl	 4 55
Rolled wheat in boxes, 100 lbs	 2 90
" " 50 lbs	1 50
Rolled oats, standard, carlots, per bbl., in bags	 4 00
in in wood	
" " for broken lots	 4 40
Rolled wheat, per 100-lb. bbl	 3 00
Cornmeal	 3 35
Split peas	 5 00
Pot barley, in bags	 4 00
" in mood	 4 05

Hides, Tallow, Skins and Wool.

The Chicago hide market has become firmer since Christmas, this advance, however, is only temporary and has not warranted an advance on the local market. Hides are causing the best inquiry. Tallow is firm. Wool will be stationary until the arrival of new clip next Spring. Prices continue unchanged. We quote the following:

HIDES.

No. 1 green steers, per lb, No. 1 green, per lb	 		0 09 9 08 0 09 0 08
CALFSKINS.			
Veal skins, No. 1, 6 to 19 10. 1 " " 1 15 to 20 lb Sheep skins. TALLOW.	 		0 10 0 08 0 09 0 07 1 25
Rendered tallow, per lb	 	0 041	0 04
Unwashed wool, per lb Fleece wool, new clip, per lb "Rejections". Pulled wools, super, per lb	 	0 21 0 16 0 23	0 14 0 22 0 17 0 25 0 26

The estate of the late R. Jackson, general merchant, Port Coldwell, Ont., is being offered for sale. P

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THE GROCERY STORE INTERIOR.

HILE much attention is paid to artistic window dressing by the up-todate grocer and while there are perhaps few

more important features that characterize modern live business methods, it is too common a fault that the same practical interest is not shown in the matter of equally artistic interior displays.

It is true that the proper display of such goods as are easily affected by dust, dirt and insects, has always presented difficulties to the merchant alive to the importance of cleanliness in every department of his store, any attempt at such display invariably resulting in accumulations of dust and dirt with the accompanying loss of profits from waste and from the petty peculations of the everpresent taster.

Neatness and cleanness in interior display are magnets which often attract and hold the customer quite as effectually as good goods and low prices.

Economy of store space while displaying goods effectively and yet in such a way as to admit of quick handling is another problem with which the merchant has to deal and in the solution of which much time and money are often fruitlessly expended.

Recent invention, however, has gone a long way towards the removal of these difficulties, if, indeed, it has not altogether removed them.

In the United States during the past few years progressive merchants have eagerly welcomed the Walker Patent Pivoted Bin and to-day many of the largest stores in the country are equipped throughout with these fixtures.

The accompanying cut gives an idea of a few of the ways in which Walker Bins may be utilized.

The bin itself is so constructed that it is equally counterbalanced, the weight of the goods keeping it closed and airtight and when swung open it remains in a stationary position, making the goods easy of access. The display in the front is kept in place by two metal slides which hold the goods displayed in a permanent position and give the bin the appearance of being full at all times no matter how little it may contain. They are manufactured to accommodate every class of bulk goods and of any capacity that may be required and with the facility they afford for attractive display they combine the other all important feature-cleanliness.

These modern fixtures are adapted for use in every department of the grocery store and are manufactured as counters in any desired length with or without front display, containing in the rear shelves or wood paneled bins as required. A commendable feature of these bin-equipped counters is that they may be obtained on the sectional bookcase plan, thus meeting the requirements of the smaller merchant who may make such additions as may be found necessary from time to time.

In the design of these fixtures, the importance of utilizing every available

THE CANADIAN GROCER

inch of floor space has not been overlooked. This space-saving feature is particularly noted in a wall case—a combination of bins and shelves—which is designed to replace the old style cumbersome back counter combinations.

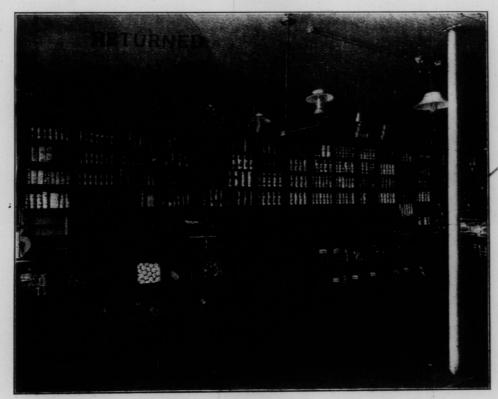
That such practical devices should meet with ready approval of the progressive merchant is not surprising and it would seem that, with their advent, many, if not all, of the difficulties which attend the perfecting of grocery store interiors would disappear.

Brampton, Not Brantford.

In the advertisement of the Walker Pivoted Bin and Store Fixture Co., in last week's Grocer, the factory was stated to be at Brantford. This was an error-Brampton, Ont., being the place of manufacture. creameries in Ireland are using this product in large quantities.

DEATH OF MR. C. A. CORRIGAN.

Mr. Charles Albert Corrigan, son of the late Mr. Joseph Corrigan, died at his residence, 103 Durocher street, Montreal, on Sunday afternoon, January 1. after an illness of four months. He was one of the best known travelers in the grocery trade in Montreal. He was city traveler for D. R. Rennoldson's wholesale grocery house, with which he had been connected for seventeen years. He was a member of the Thistle Curling Club, and a past master of Antiquity Lodge A. F. & A. M. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss. The funeral took place Wednesday, January



Grocery Store Interior Fitted with Walker Bins and Shelving.

MEAT AND BUTTER PRESERVA-TIVES.

Mr. Shepperdson, one of the principals of Keeps, Limited, manufacturers of "Diamond Brand Preservatives and Coloring," London, England, has just visited this country, and appointed W. H. Millman & Sons, Toronto, their sole wholesale agents for Western Ontario. This firm will be in a position in the course of a few weeks to supply meat and butter preservatives to the wholesale trade.

The reputation of this firm's goods, together with the fact that at the recent Dairy Show in England prizes for butter in the three commercial classes were secured by butter in which Keeps' Preservative had been used, will be sufficient justification to warrant large packers and creameries in giving it a fair trial. Over 90 per cent. of the 4, at 2.30 from 103 Durocher street, and at 3 o'clock from the Church of St. John the Evangelist, and was largely attended. There was a special delegation from the D.C.T.A.

LAST MINUTE MANITOBA MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Jan. 5, 12 p.m. Just as we go to press, refined sugars have advanced 5e over the entire list.

FOR SALE.

A THOROUGHLY established grocery business, in a thriving manufacturing town of 7,000 population. Stock all new. Other business interests will take our time after Feb. 1st, 1905. Address-Box 208. THE CANADIAN GROCER, Toronto, Ont. (3)

January 6, 1905



ASSOCIATION MEETINGS.



URING the month of December all the commercial travelers associations in Canada held their annual meetings for the election of officers and discussion of the standing of the associations. The results were as follows:

Dominion C. T. A.

The 30th annual meeting showed 762 new members added during the year, making a total of 4,815. The prinC. Johnston, E. R. C. Struthers, R. E. Davis, W. F. Hungerford, S. M. Screaton, D. Ferguson. The new quarters for the travelers were opened re-

cently and one of the handsomest club buildings in Canada is now open to the travelers of Western Ontario.

Northwest C. T. A.

The total membership is now 1,550, there having joined during the year 309 new members. The British Columbia during the year 309 new members. The British Columbia branch shows an increase of 76 members. The officers for 1905 are: President, John Horne; Vice-president, W. J. Dyson; Treasurer, L. C. McIntyre; Secretary, F. J. C. Cox; Directors, F. H. Agnew, J. E. McRobie, A. Congdon, W. W. Bole, F. W. Drewry, E. F. Bryan, F. M. Morgan, R. Neve, J. H. J. Murphy; Vice-President for Vancouver, E. S. Gerster; Vice-President for Victoria, F. H. Welsh; Directors for Vancouver, Thos. Parkinson, E. A. Richard-son; Director for Victoria, F. J. Hall; Junior Director for New Westminster, J. A. Cunningham, and for the Koote-nav. G. Nunn. nay, G. Nunn.



W. R. Grant, President, Western Ontario C.T.A.

C. W. Nicholls, 1st Vice-President.



J. T. Green, and Vice-President.



John Lennox, 3rd Vice-President.



Alf. Robinson, Secretary.



W. L. Underwood, Treasurer.

Quebec C. T. A.

cipal officers elected were: President, Jas. S. N. Dougall; Vice-President, W. J. Egan; Treasurer, F. L. Cains.

Western Ontario C. T. A.

Nearly 200 new members were added during the year, the total being close to 2,000. The officers for 1905 are: President, W. R. Grant; 1st Vice-Pres., C. V. Nicholls, 2nd Vice-Pres., J. T. Green; 3rd Vice-Pres., John Lennox; Treasurer, W L. Underwood; Directors, W. Smithson, L.

The following officers were elected: President, V. E. Beauvais; 1st Vice-President, J. B. Poirier; 2nd Vice-President, Ovide Hamel; Secretary, J. Lavergne; Assistant Secretary, J. B. Lemieux; Treasurer, J. T. Lachance; Directors, L. Letellier, C. J. Lockwell, A. A. Almeras, R. U. Godin, C. Garant.

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THE CANADIAN GROCER

Maritime C. T. A.

Martime C. T. A. The membership is 644, although only 20 years ago it started with 105. The officers are: President, Jos. L. Hetherington: Vice-Presidents for Nova Scotia, G. E. Davison, L. Clyde Davidson, Charles Blackie, J. B. Doug-las; Vice-Presidents for New Brunswick, B. A. March, Henry Thomas, D. M. Doherty, A. Binning; Treasurer,

C. T. Mutual Benefit Association. At the annual meeting of this association which is a branch of the C. T. A. of Canada, the following officers were elected: President, Jos. Taylor; Vice-President, R. Maxwell; Treasurer, G. Anderson; Trustees, C. E. Kyle, R. Forbes, J. A. Ross, W. J. Hopwood; Outside Trustees, John Hooper and E. A. Valley, Hamilton; C. L. Shorey,



R. E. Davis, Director.

Wm. Robertson: Directors, H. E. Pyke, A. Milne Fraser, James C. Jones, W. B. Arthur, W. M. Stevens, F. P. Haydon; General Secretary, Geo. E. Falkner; Secretary for New Brunswick, James Jack.

The annual dinner was held December 22 and a most enjoyable time was spent. The menu, speeches and programme of songs, etc., were of a high class order.

E. R. C. Struthers, Director.

W. E. Ramsay, Montreal; M. E. Sutherland, John S. Baker, Kingston; John M. Dillon, W. H. Escott, London; E. H. Miller, C. C. McGlashan, Winnipeg; C. Huehn, J. Knauff, Berlin; A. Crosbie, Guelph; J. W. Harris, J. P. Morrison, Brantford; C. Wilson, Galt; R. M. Butler, Barrie; A. G. Dixon, Peterborough; G. C. Stegman, Chatham; Thos. Shore, Ottawa. The general meeting will take place on January 28, at Association Hall.



NOVEL SOAP FOUNTAIN.

NE of the most novel attractions at the St. Louis Exposition, just brought to a successful close, was that of the N. K. Fairbank Co., in the from of a soap fountain.

The fountain itself, a picture of which is reproduced in this week's issue of The Canadian Grocer, was about twentytive feet high, surmounted by a statue of a fairy. Millions of soap bubbles poured out from the top basin, over the sides and into a large and lower basin which in turn filled and overflowed, the bubbles being carried off at the bottom.

The effect was much more brilliant than a water fountain, as each of the tiny bubbles reflected all colors of the rainbow. To add to the brilliancy, elec-tric lights were concealed in the lower parts of the two basins, and these threw beams of light of all colors up through

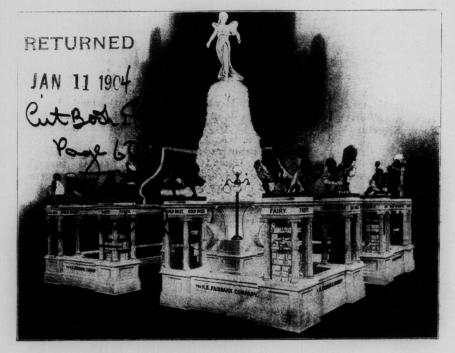
of lard compound cottolene was also honored with a grand prize for the cakes, delicacies, etc., prepared with it and served in the model kitchen.

SUGAR REFINERY LIST PRICES, 1900-1904.

The following comparative statement of Canadian refinery list prices of extra granulated sugar ruling in Montreal on

Year. 1900 1901 1902 1903	Jan. 1st 4.35 4.75 4.00 3.80	Feb. 1st 4.50 4.65 4.00 3.80	Mch. 1st 4 45 4.65 3 85 3 80	Apr. 1st 4.45 4.45 3.90 3.90	May 1st 4 50 4.55 3.80 3.95	June 1st 4.70 4.60 3.70 4.05	July 1st 4.85 4.60 3.65 4.05	Aug. 1st 5.20 4.50 3.65 4.15	Sept. 1st 5.20 4.40 3.65 4.20	
1903 1904	3 80 3.95	3.80 3.95	$3.80 \\ 4.05$	3.90 4.15	$3.95 \\ 4.25$	4.05 4.45	4.05 4.40	4.15 4.50	4.20 4.65	

the first of each month from January 1, 1900, to December 1, 1904, has been issued by the Dominion Wholesale Grocers' Guild:



Soap Fountain of the N. K. Fairbanks Co., in Palace of Liberal Arts, St. Louis Exposition.

the bubbles, producing an electric fountain, the effect of which was magnified by every one of the globes of water. A combination of mirrors was set in the skylight to reflect light upon the fountain.

The bubbles were produced by specially built machines which agitated the soap in clear water and under pressure forced it up to the top of the fountain and out into the highest basin. The bubbles were so mixed that they had considerable stability, and as they overflowed the basins large particles of suds broke off and fell like snow to the receptacle beneath.

The N. K. Fairbank Co. were awarded the grand prize for their Gold Dust Washing Powder, Fairy Soap, Glycerine-tar Soap, Scouring Soap, Santa Claus and Clairette Laundry Soaps, for their cottolene exhibit in the Palace of Agriculture and their Boar's Head brand

THE LATE THOMAS LAMB.

AST week occurred in Montreal the death of the well known grocer, Thomas Lamb. Mr. Lamb, who was in his seventy-first year, was a son of the late Mr. James Lamb, who, with his wife emigrated to Canada from the north of Ireland, in the early twenties. In 1883 the late Mr. James Lamb es-tablished the present bakery and grocery firm at the corner of Panet and Notre Dame streets, which has been carried on uninterruptedly ever since, first by the father and then by the late Thomas Lamb, his son.

The late Mr. Lamb is survived by his wife and two sons, as well as two bro-thers, George and Benjamin Lamb, and two sisters, Mrs. Jas. F. Candlish and Mrs. McLea.

The funeral took place Friday afternoon, December 30, from St. Luke's Church. The service was conducted by

The chief mourners were Messrs. T. E. Lamb, and H. B. Lamb, sons; George Lamb and Benjamin Lamb, brothers; B. Shortley, Peterborough, nephew; O. B. Shortley, of Ottawa, and John Shortley, of St. Luke's, brothers-in-law of the deceased.

y	lune	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
	1st	1st	1st	1st	1st	1st	1st	
0	4.70	4.85	5.20	5.20	5.10	5.00	4.75	
5	4.60	4.60	4.50	4.40	4.40	4.30	4.10	
0	3.70	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.70	3.80	3.90	
5	4.05	4.05	4.15	4.20	4.20	4.10	4.05	
5	4.45	4.40	4.50	4.65	4.65	4.75	5.15	

Among those present were Messrs. J. Johnson, Francis Mitchell, William Hooper, Thomas Richardson, John Neil, Stanley Stone, Joseph Eaveley, William Gallagher, I. G. Ogden, Edward Nash, C. H. Wrav, E. G. Wray, Albert Lenny, C. Millar, B. A. York, C. Culley, Al-bert Shortley, P. J. Beard, Robert F. Candlish, Harry Candlish, J. T. Candlish, William Candlish.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. H. A. Hodgson has been nominated for the presidency of the Montreal Produce Merchants' Association by R.

M. Ballantyne. Mr. D. W. Douglas, who for years represented E. W. Gillett & Co., of Toronto in the Eastern Townships, Que., has joined the staff of S. H. Ewing & Sons, Montreal, and will continue to cover the same ground. Mr. Douglas needs no introduction to the trade. He intends calling upon his new customers during first week of January.

Mr. W. C. Shaw of the firm of Arthur May & Co., has been proposed for membership on the Montreal Board of Trade by Norman Wight; W. H. Schmidt, with E. A. Schmidt, has been proposed by H. D. Metcalfe; and F. H. Carlin, of the Montreal Stock Yards Co., by Donald Munro.

Mr. G. H. Johnston, general merchant, Sutton West, was a caller at the Toronto offices of The Canadian Grocer

during the week. Mr. W. H. Millman left yesterday for Winnipeg and will be at the Clarendon Hotel there for a week. Any commis-sions for him in Winnipeg will be promptly attended to.

HINTS TO BUYERS.

The well-known "Bee" brand of starch, soda, borax, etc., are being handled in Ontario by The Eby, Blain Co., Toronto.

Chaput, Fils & Cie, Montreal, have an announcement this week regarding some excellent teas which they have been able to bu- at the lowest possible price, and they are anxious to give their custom-ers the benefit of this opportunity. This applies to all kinds of teas, and they will be pleased to send samples. Dawson Bros. Commission Co., To-conto are expecting two eres of neural

ronto, are expecting two cars of navel

oranges. McWilliam & Everist, Toronto, have received two cars of navel oranges and are expecting one each of bananas and new Messina lemons.

CTRADE CONDITIONS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Vancouver, Dec. 29, 1904.

HRISTMAS holiday trade being C HRISTMAS holiday trade being over has left matters rather quiet in retail as well as wholesale gro-cery lines. All in all, the season's trade averages up with past years, but does not show the increase which might rea-sonably have been expected. Very un-favorable weather has, perhaps, been one of the greatest drawbacks to the brisk buying which the retail grocer has a right to look for in the last fortnight previous to Christmas. As it was, the previous to Christmas. As it was, the last three or four days were alternately stormy and fair, and previous to that very dull and rainy.

Many of the jobbers are utilizing the week between Christmas and the New Year to get stock taking well along, so as to start fair in the beginning of the vear.

Markets show quiet conditions in nearly all lines. The produce market has been rather bare of good butter, as this is the season of smallest production of local fresh. A car of choice eastern creamery is being distributed this week at 25cts to the trade.

Fresh local eggs which have ruled so

Fresh local eggs which have ruled so high that the consumer was lucky to get them at 5c each, are down at least 15c per doz., some having been secured at 35c this week. In potatoes it is remarkable how few of the famous Ashcrofts are offering. In fact it is a seeking market rather than offering, and as high as \$30 wholesale has been offered. The range of prices may be said to run from \$20 to \$30 per ton ton.

ton. Fresh receipts of southern pines are in stock ex Aorangi, the Canadian-Aus-fralian steamer. They are jobbing at \$4.50. The little Japanese oranges have been cleaned up on the market temporarily by the heavy Christmas de-mand. Hundreds of hoves are hought temporarily by the neavy Christmas de-mand. Hundreds of boxes are bought and sent east by express to friends who have not made the acquaintance of the little orange. The next Empress is not due for several days yet, so the market will remain have until then. It is not little orange. The next so the market due for several days vet, so the market will remain bare until then. It is not often that more than one or two ship-ments arrive after the New Year, the season for this fruit being very short. While the Jap is in the market the Cali-fornia orange is in very poor demand. The fact that the Japs are packed in small boxes of convenient size and cheap enough to buy without breaking bulk gives them a very heavy sale. In groceries the market is almost en-tirely devoid of features this week. The

tirely devoid of features this week. The movement of canned goods is light at this season, and other staples have shown no changes. The B.C. Sugar Re-finery has closed down for six weeks for

the annual overhauling. Some slight changes in cured meats are noted this week, choice brands of imported bacon being quoted down a half cent per fb.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. A. H. Brittain, of A. H. Brittain & Co., Montreal, representing Black Bros. & Co., Halifax, is spending the holiday week in Halifax.

Prof. J. A. Ruddick, of the Dominion Agricultural Department, was a visito" te Mentreal this week.

THE MARKETS

The Canadian Grocer.

You get two profits on

CLARK'S MEATS the money and the satisfaction, and the last named is not to be despised.

A SATISFIED CUSTOMER IS YOUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT.

Just Arrived, Seasonable Sellers

Very handsome Crystallized Cherries (small and large), Plums, Apricots, and Rose Leaves, Violets and Buds. Choicest on the market.

CHUTNEYS Genuine East Indian Products. Pts. and Qts.

GUAVA JELLY

NUTRITIOUS.

TABLE SALT k your wholesale grocer for it. Put up in 24 3-1b. and in Malk

TORONTO BALT WORKS, Terente, Ont

THE PEOPLE OF

are now buying things in the

United States which they ought to buy in Canada. They don't

know what we can do. A small

KINGSTON

advertisement in the

write for rates te

MAICA

W. P. DOWNEY, 26 St. Peter St., MONTREAL





We make them in all shapes and sizes. We have

Patent Strawboard Berry Box Grain and Root Baskets, Clothes Baskets. Butcher Baskets,

In fact, all kinds; besides being very neat in appearance, they are strong and durable. Send your orders to

THE Oakville Basket Co. Oakville, Out.

might bring inquiries. Better

THE MARKETS

MANITOBA MARKETS.

Special Report from the Winnipeg Office of THE CANADIAN GROCER. Quotations corrected by telegraph up to 12 a.m. Thursday, January 5th, 1905.

W HOLESALE trade has been very quiet during the last week and it will be some days before trade emerges from the usual stagnation of the holiday season. Retailers never had a better Christmas trade, and the effect is already being seen in the im-provement in collections which are still, however, not quite so prompt as might elect is anready being sech in all that provement in collections which are still, however, not quite so prompt as might be wished. As before, interest centres on the sugar market, which continues to advance higner every week. Competition is keener west of Portage la Prairie than it is in Winnipeg, for it is in that part of the country that the Montreal sugars and those of the B. C. Refinery meet on disputed territory. The ad-vances in Winnipeg have not always been followed promptly by advances in this territory, but prices are now pretty much on an equality. The situation has been particularly interesting since the Canada Sugar Refinery commenced car-rying a stock in Brandon. rying a stock in Brandon.

Sugar.

Prices continue to soar, and apparent-ly the end is not yet. We quote:-

Montreal granulated, in bbls 6	05
" in sacks 6	00
	50
III SACAB	45
Wallaceburg, in Delb	95
	90
ICING SUGAR, IN DOLB	65
	85
	10
Powdered sugar, in oble	45
	65
	90
Lump, hard, in bbls 6	
	85
" " in 100-lb cases 6	75

Canned Goods.

The canned goods market shows seasonable activity, but there is nothing new in the situation. Tomatoes are still sold at \$3.00, although an advance to \$3.25 is predicted in some quarters. We quote:-

Cherries, red	1 pitted, 2	s, 2 do.	Z		• •		••	•	• •	••	•			
Currants, re	d. 2 doz.	C&505, 1	per ca	88.								• •		
	aok. "	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1												
Gooseberries														
awtonberri			**											1
			**									•••	• •	•
Pears. (Bart)					•••							•••		
Peaches, 2's,					• •	• •	••	••	•••	••	•	• •		
" 3's,						•	• •	••	• •	• •	•	• •	• •	•
Raspberries.	red. "													
	black. "		- 6.6											
trawberries														
lums. Lom			n 9 d											
lums, Lom	Daru, nea	vy Byru	p, 20	UL.	P	0		-	00	••	•	•••	•	•
" gree	n gages, 2	doz. ca	se, pe	re		•	•	••	••	•	•	••		٠
Comatoes, 3'	s, per I de	oz.,case	8		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •			• •		
Jorn. 2's.		•.												
'eas. 2's		4.5					3.1				1			
Beans, 2's,													9	v
	at anokeve	e, per ca	ase		••	• •				•				
almon, fine														
						. 1								
Salmon, fines hum	nphack,				•••	• 1	•••	•••	•••	• •	• •	•••	•	

Spices.

Prices are steady, and there is nothing new in the situation. We quote:-

Pepper, black, pe	r lb	0 18
" white.	"	0 25
Cayenne.	**	0 21
Cloves, ground		0 25
Cassia.		0 16
Allspice.	"	0 14
Ginger,		0 15

Rice Tanioca Etc.

Prices as o	uoted		0.3			continue
unchanged.			on	ly	a	moderate
demand. We	quote:	-				

Rangoon rice, per l	b	····· ···	 0 04
Patna "			 0 048
Sago.			 0 03
Bag0,			 0.001

Syrups and Molasses.

Business continues of seasonable pro-portions, and the situation is much as

		adoes molas			
the Ea	st, bu	it no change	has h	been mad	le
locally.	. We	quote:-			
Syrup "Cr	own Bra	nd," 2-lb tins, per	2 doz. cas	e 2 40	
	**	5-1b tins, per 1		2 70	
44		10-1b tins, per		2 50	
	66	20-1b tins, per		2 40	1.00
		i harrel, ner lb		0 03	+

61	**	Sugar syrup, per lb
		s in 1-bbls. per lb
Vew Orlea	ns molas	ses in 1-bbls, per lb
		in barrels

Coffee.

The	coffee	marke	t con	tinue	S	very
		advances quote:-	would	not	be	sur-
Cases Die		4-0.00			0 101	0.11

prising.	We	quote:-	
Freen Rio, 1	per lb.		 0 10 0 11
Roasted, pe	r lb		 0 14

Nuts.

There is little activity now that the holiday trade is over. We quote:-

Almonds, per 10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 B
" (shelled), per lb	0 28	5
	0 11	
Peants, extra choice	0 11	1
Jumbos	0 14	Ε.
Walnut, per lb	0 12 0 25	2
" (shelled) "		
Pecaus, per lb.	0 15 0 16	\$
Brazils ner lh	0 16	

Foreign Dried Fruits.

To our long resume of the situation, which appeared in last issue, there is nothing of importance to add. Califor-nian dried fruits undoubtedly occupy a strong statistical position. and advances seem inevitable before the Winter is over. We quote:—

Valencia r	aisins,	Frenor's	, per c	ase i	t.o.s.				2	
		selects							3	
A. 110		ayers							2	
California	raisins,	musca	tels, 3	crow	n, pe	r 10			0	
		abalas a	4	1 - 1	12			••	0	07
		choice a	seeden	in t-	1D. pa	CKage	88		0	06
"	**	choice	packa		1h			••	U	00;
		CHOICE .	packa	1 111 1.	-to ba	ICKAR	es		0	80
Prunes, 90.	100	th	packa	se		• • • • • •	• ••	•••		04
1111168, 80.	00 per							••		04
" 70-								•••		05
" 60-								••	ő	05
" 50-								••	ŏ	06
" 40-								•••	ň	074
	ver. "								ő	09
Currants, t		ed loos	e naci	-	Ih		: ::		ň	05
" di	v clean	ed. Fili	atras	ner l	h		• • • •		ň	051
11. W	et clear	ned. per	1h	ber r	U			•••	ŏ	061
** 7	liatras	in 1-lh	kg di	vole	aned	nerl	ь ::			061
. " V	ostizzas	, uncles	aned	3 010	ancu	,per n		••		061
Dates, old.	per lb.	,	anou.				• ••	••		05
" new	(prese	nt deli	TATU I	ner Il			• ••			051
" new	. (delive	ery Jan	IATT)	per Il			• • • •			05
Figs. cooki	ng in h	ags. Der	lh				0	041	ŏ	041
Apricots, o	boice.	in 25-lb.	boxes	. ner	1b				Õ	131
" st.	andard.			**						191
Peaches, cl	noice.	**		44					0	121
" st	andard			**						12
Pears, (cho	ice hal	ves) "		**					0	134
Nectarines	choice								0	11
Plums. cho			a) nor	lb						101
Candied Pe	al_Ler	non nee	1 ner	lh			• ••	••		09
Canadica I C	Or	ange	1, 101					••		091
	Cit	tron						•		14

Evaporated Apples.

Evaporated apples are in very abund-ant supply, and there is a big range of prices varying according to quality. Prices guoted below are for first quality fruit. We quote:-

Green Fruits.

With the wind up of the holida- trade, business is now very quiet. Mexican oranges are scarce and probably can not be obtained on the local market. Lem-ons are cheaper. We quote:—

ORANGES.

Washington navels, 126's	4 25
Extra fancy navels, 170's to 250's. Fancy navels, 25c per box less.	4 75
Mexi ans, 126's	2 25

LEMONS.

California lemons, 300's to 360's..... 5 00 (10c. off 5 case lots of oranges and lemons).

PEARS.

California pears, per ease..... 4 00

CRANBERRIES. Jersey cranberries (long keeping stock), per bbl. 11 00 APPLES.

GRAPES.

Malaga keg grapes, per keg 8 00

Fish and Oysters.

Trade is brisk in all seasonable lines of fish. We quote:-

Lake Winnipe	eg whit	tefish			per lb.	 0 06
Yellow pike (Dickere	el)			"	 0 05
Grass pike (ta	ckfish					 0 03
Lake Superior	r trout				**	 0 08
Lake Superio	loose	fann.	hand			
Tubbeen	r loose	IFOZ	en nerrin	\$		 0 03
Tubbees						 0 04
Gold eyes						 0 03
Blue fish					**	 0 18
Mackerel					66	 0 15
Red snapper.					**	 0 15
B.C. salmon (case lo	ta 9c	1			 0 16
					**	 0 08
"Halifax " br	and an	14	A fah as	h	1- 11	
"Acadia"	and sa	11 00	u, ush ca			 0 11
				20-1		 0 09
"Bluenose "				20-1		 0 07
"Acadia"			2-1b. bo	xes	"	 0 09
••	64		4-lb.			 0 09
		shred	Ided, 24 c	artons	her hy	 2 00
**	44		hulk	in 15-1b	hove	 0 08
Large Labrad	heard	Mai	salt hom	10 10-10	10011	£ 00
II LAUISU	DI and	Hunu.	sait heri	ings per	10010.	
Qalt mashand	1- 00			per 20-11	o. pail.	 1 20
Salt mackerel	, in 20	or 30	ID. pails			 0 12
Finnanhaddie	, in 15	or 30	-lb. boxe			 0 08
Smoked halib	ut stri	ps				 0 11
Kippered gold	d eves.	Der (loz			0 50
Standard, per	r gallo	n				 2 00
Select.	11					2 25

Green Vegetables.

There is still a steady demand, al though the holiday rush is over. We quote:-

Native on	ions,	per l	b			 	 	 		 					0	03
Snanish on	nions	, per	Cas	se.		 	 	 		 					1	75
Carrots, p	er bu	sh				 	 	 	 	 					0	45
Reets																75
Turnips	44				200				0						õ	40
Potatoes	"					 	 	 		 	:	ò	6	5	ŏ	75

Breakfast Cereals.

Prices continue as before. We quote:-................ 20-1b.

Cornmeal, in sacks, 1 in 1 sacks,	per cwt	1 60 1 65

Honey.

We quote again as follows:-

Clover honey 1-lb glass. 2 doz. in case, per doz... "5-lb fins, 1 doz. in case, per tin.... "10-lb tins, 1 in case, per tin Fancy comb honey, per doz....

Eggs.

The egg market continues steady at figures quoted in last issue. Supplies are growing scant and little fresh stock is coming in. We quote:-

A GROWING FIRM.

Lind, Kerrigan & Co., wholesale gro-cers, London, are to be congratulated on the success they have achieved during the comparatively short period they have been in the wholesale grocerv trade. So rapid has been the growth of their busi-ness that their present premises are quite inadequate to the demands that are being made on the firm, and they will shortly begin the erection of a fine new warehouse that will enable them to practically double their turn-over. practically double their turn-over.



Buyers Should write to CARROLL S. PAGE, Hyde Park, Vt., U.S.A., who wishes to pur hase their Hides, Caifskins, Sheep Pelts, Tallow and Bones. He pays spot cash. He pays the freights. He pays full market ralues. He wishes to arrange with some one in every village, where he has no agent, to sell Poultry Sup plies and to pick up for him Hides, Calfskins, Sheep Pelts, and Bones. He furnishes money with which to buy and he keeps his agents thoroughly posted at all times as to market values; write him for full parti-ulars.

Orlan Clyde Cullen, C.E.L.L.M.

Counseller at Law U.S. Supreme Court. Registered Attorney U.S. Patent Office.

U S. and Foreign Patents, Caveats, Copy rights and Trade Marks. Military and Naval Inventions a specialty. Address,

Box 264, Station G., Washington, D. C.

CUN SHOP and MODEL SHOP, Warren White Sulphur Springs,



THE CANADIAN GROCER

HAPPY DINNER PARTY.

THE annual dinner by T. H. Esta-brooks, St. John, N.B., to his traveling, office and warehouse staff on Dec. 28, will go on record as one of the most enjoyable functions of the kind ever held in St. John. The travelers for Mr. Estabacody pres-

the kind ever held in St. John. The travelers for Mr. Estabrooks pres-ent at the dinner, were S. Hustwitt, of Winnipeg; H. R. Arnold, Winnipeg; R. W. Vout, Renfrew, Ont.; B. R. J. Nor-ris, Kingston, Ont.; B. A. Fisher, Brockville, Ont.; E. Q. Cook, R. Prat, Toronto, H. A. Howey, Stratford, Ont ; G. H. Campbell, London, Ont.; W. C. Gaden, Montreal; V. d'Olloqui, Mont-real; N. D. LeBlanc, Shediac; Lewis Armstrong, M. A. Armstrong, St. John. The toast of the King was proposed by Mr. Estabrooks, who presided. The next toast was to "Our Travelers," and S. Hustwitt, L. Armstrong and R. Prat responded. The toast to the office staff was responded to by H. Sullivan and W.

was responded to by H. Sullivan and W. R. Miles.

was responded to by H. Sullivan and W. R. Miles. The health of the warehouse staff brought responses from H. McCavour, John McAfee and W. Seeley. The health of the host was enthusiastically honored and brought an excellent speech from Mr. Estabrooks. The toast to the ladies was responded to by W. C. Gaden, W. H. Harrison and H. R. Arnold. Songs were sung by W. C. Gaden, E. Q. Cooke, S. Hustwitt, L. Armstrong. A musical duet was sung by L. Arm-strong and V. d'Olloqui, George Ra.n-say gave a clog dance, and selections were given by a quartette composed of W. C. Gaden, E. Q. Cooke, Louis Arm-strong and V. d'Olloqui. A pleasant feature of the entertainment was the presentation of a handsome smokers' set to W. R. Miles by the travelers The event also marked Mr. Estabrooks' birthday, and in honor of the occasion Mr. White presented to the host, on be-half of the staff, a large and beautiful birthday cake. The staff employed by Mr. Estabrooks

birthday cake.

The staff employed by Mr. Estabrooks presented him with an excellent Christ-mas present, in the form of a French china dinner set.



All Dealers and 381 Queen St. W TORONTO, ONT.

Dealers find Common Sense a very good seller for the reason that it gives general satisfaction and each customer tells others about same. Write for prices.

Advertisements under this heading, ac. a word first insertion; Ic. a word each subsequent insertion. Contractions count as one word, but five figures (as \$1,000) are allowed as one word.

Cash remittance to cover cost must accompany all advertisements. In no case can this rule be overlooked. Advertisements received without re-mittance cannot be acknowledged.

Where replies come to our care to be forwarded, five cents must be added to cost to cover postages, etc.

FOR SALE.

A THOROUGHLY established grocery business, in a thriving manufacturing town of 7,000 population. Stock all new. Other business in-terests will take our time after Feb. 1st, 1905. Address-Box 210, THE CANADIAN GROCER, Daronto Ont Address-Box Toronto, Ont. (4)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A SSISTANT EDITOR WANTED-Some one well acquainted with the grocery and pro-vision business as assistant editor for THE CANA-DIAN GROCER at Montreal. State fully experi-ence and salary wanted. Address, Managing Editor, THE CANADIAN GROCER, Montreal (2)

WANTED—A travelling salesman to represent a widely known specialty firm whose goods are sold by every grocer in Canada. Must be resident of Montreal or Toronto. Write giving full particulars of present and past experience in confidence. Tea, care of CANADIAN GROCER, 346 Broadway, New York City. (1)

AD. WRITERS.

A D. WRITER-Smart, capable, practical, open to engagement. Williams, 189 Jarvis street, Toronto.

WRITE ADS-Send quarter, and few details, for sample ad. Williams the Advertect, for sample ad. Wi 189 Jarvis street, Toronto. (1)

BUSINESS CHANCES.

THE LOCATORS-W. B. Herbert, General Manager. The largest and oldest exclusive business brokers in the West. Address The Locators, 63 Merchants' Bank Building, Winnipeg.

GROCERY-Stock \$25.000; business established O over 20 years; cwner wants to retire having made enough money; splendid chance for ener-getic young man; does \$100,000 yearly. The getic you Locators.

GROCERY and confectionery in Winnipeg-Clean stock with fixtures, will total about \$1,000, half cash; doing nice little business; net profit about 30 per cent. The Locators.

OPPORTUNITY—Do not neglect your oppor-tunity; in the West are many opportunities for a business man with a little ready money to do good for himtelf; to such we would say, write us and we will show you how to make money for yourself. The Locators.

CITY GROCERY-Established 20 years; \$4,000 buys; annual business \$30,000; this is one of the best buys in the city. The Locators.

FOR any further particulars about these or any other line of business. Address The Locators, 63 Merchants Bank Building, Winnipeg.

Successful Advertising -How to Accomplish It

By J. ANGUS MACDONALD—a volume of 400 pages packed full of good stuff for advertisers. Price **\$2 00**.

Sent postpaid upon receipt of price. TECHNICAL BOOK DEPARTMENT, MACLEAN PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED, TOBONTO

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700

THE CANADIAN GROCER

SURRENDERED

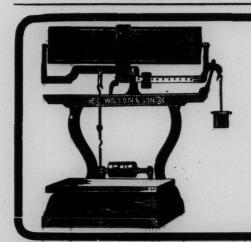
Although Port Arthur has surrendered, we will not. Notwithstanding the great number of stove polishes that are on the market to-day



ahead of all other polishes.

DEAR SIRS :-

W. G. A. LAMBE & CO., Canadian Agents.



Paid For Itself.

C. WILSON & SON, Limited, Scale Manufacturers, TOBONTO. HAMI

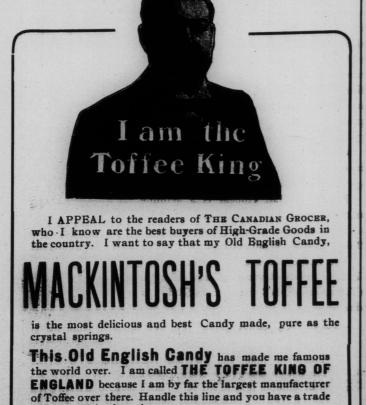
HAMILTON, MAR. 19th, 1903.

I have used your BALL-BEARING COMPUTING SCALE for several years now and I believe it has paid for itself a good many times over during that period. Most of my profits went to my customers in overweights in the past. Now I have a little left for myself.

Yours truly,

One of a hundred similar testimonials secured by us. Let us put you on the same road to prosperity. Catalogue free for the asking.

C. WILSON & SON, Limited, TORONTO.



winner. Write for prices, etc., at once.

CHARLES GYDE, 20-22 ST. FRANCOIS-XAVIER STREET MONTREAL

A Small Biscuit

may be worth more than one twice its size. A grocer who does not know a good biscuit when he tastes it has himself to blame. Our biscuits are made from nothing but the purest materials that money can buy. That's why you can bank on good biscuits day in, day out and every day in the year.

SEND US YOUR NEXT ORDER AND SATISFACTION WILL BE YOURS.

Imperial Biscuit Co., Limited.

GUELPH, ONT.

THE CANADIAN GROCER

January 6, 1905

As Trade Winners

For January and February we have some very special offerings in **low-priced** Ceylons and Indians—Exceptional cup quality and extra fine style.

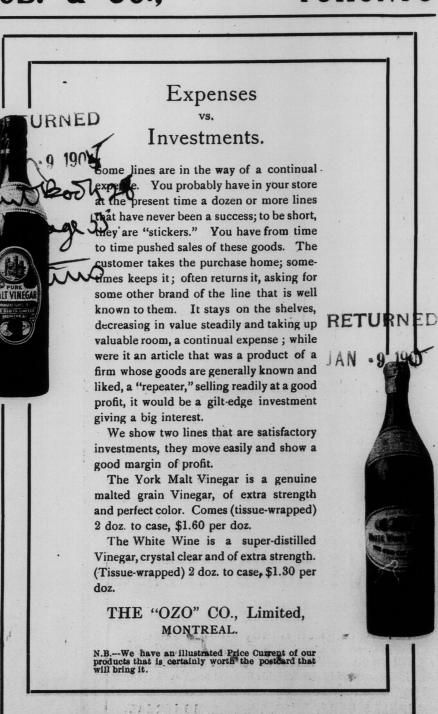
Samples on application.

WARREN BROS. & CO., - TORONTO

(Continued from page 21).

districts corn is used to a considerable extent. The use of corn, however, is looked upon with disfavor by the packer, and I understand that less corn is fed at the present time than was fed a few years ago. It is quite probable that the breeding of the hogs has something to do with the amount of lean meat, and the breeding combined with the feeding of skim-milk probably constitute the answer to the second question. It is a noticeable fact, however, that the market hogs are allowed very little exercise. In fact, about the only hogs that are allowed any exercise worth speaking of are the breeding sows, which are given the run of small lots. Land is too valuable to allow of pasturing, and a hurried trip through the country might give one the impression that there was not a hog in it.

The question regarding the possible increase in the output of Danish bacon is one of which does not admit of a definite answer. One can judge merely by what he sees, and by certain indications in connection with this industry in Denmark. One thing which is very suggestive is the fact that there are a number of factories in Denmark at the present time which have been forced to close their doors, and others are running at a loss, not being able to obtain enough hogs to make their operations profitable. At the time of my visit, the farmers were receiving about six and a half cents per pound live weight for their hogs, and they were complaining very bitterly that the price was too low to admit of profit to the feeder. When the price declines to the neighborhood of six cents, the tendency is for the farmers to curtail their operations in feeding hogs, and the best authorities I could find, estimated the cost of producing bacon in Denmark to be six cents per pound live weight. Taking this fact in connection with the insufficiency of hogs to support all the factories, we would naturally infer that it is not likely that the Danes will expand their output to any great extent. As stated before, there is a relation between the amount of skim-milk produced upon a farm and the number of hogs fattened. This fact tends to act as a check upon the expansion of the business of producing bacon hogs; and, as soon as the price declines, feeding operations are naturally curtailed, as previously stated. If it were not for the fact that



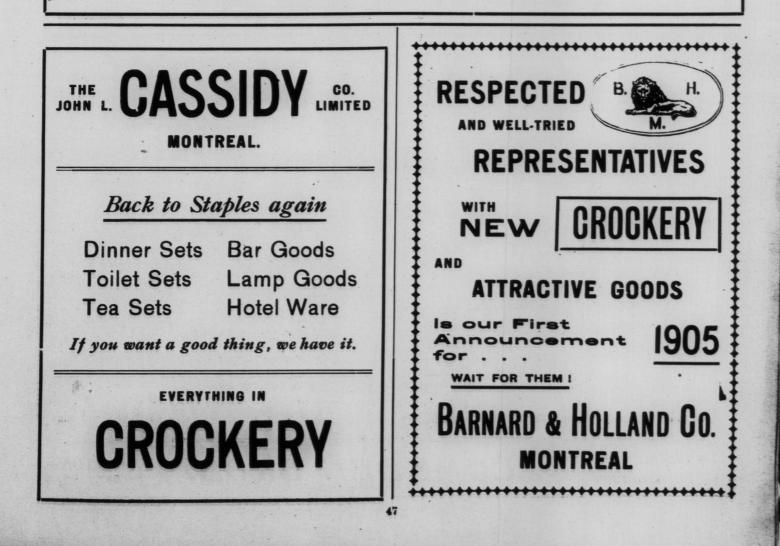
THE CANADIAN GROCER

The Canadian Grocer.

Once upon a time Blue Ribbon Tea was on trial with a score of others. It had not then <u>established its pre-</u> <u>eminent merit</u>. But time has done its sifting. To-day the best known, best liked tea in Canada is

Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

Push the Red Label, forty cents, worth fifty cents.



January 6, 1905 The Canadian Grocer. **BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY** A TRADE WINNER CANADA: MOTT'S: No better No better FOR GROCERS. Chocolate Country The full flavor, EOUAL to the BEST the delicious quality, and the aband quite a little better than the solute purity of Lowney's Cocoa REST. distinguish it from all others. It is a natural product : no " treatment " with alkalies or other chemicals; ¼-lb. blocks. 6-lb. boxes, 30c. per lb. no flour, starch, ground cocoa shells or coloring matter : nothing DIAMO but the nutritive and digestible product of the choic-(SWEET)-8s, 6;, 1/s est Cocoa Beans. In 12 ib. boxes, at 25c. per ib. A quick seller and a profit maker for John P. Mott @ Co. dealers. HALIFAX, N.S. THE WALTER M. LOWNEY COMPANY. SELLING AGENTS: o. 447 Commercial Street, BOSTON, MASS. JOS. E. HUXLEY J A. TAYLOR, R. S. MOINDOE. WINNIPEG. MONTREAL. TORONTO CANADIAN BRANCH: 530 St. Paul St , Montreal On the 31st day of December, 1905, we want to be able to say the following goods have by far the largest sale in Canada. We cannot do this without your help. Tell us how to get that. We will appreciate your advice. JERSEY CREAM YEAST CAKES JERSEY CREAM BAKING POWDER SOCIAL ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA-THE TEA OF QUALITY OLD CHURCH PORK AND BEANS **OLD CHURCH KETCHUP** We want to give you the best goods. We want to give you good profits. We want to study your interests. Try us with a sample order by mail, as per memo. You will be pleased 1 Box J. C. Yeast Cakes..... \$1 00 3 00 1 " 1 J. C. " 66 4 50 9 00 1 ··· 16-02. ·· 1 " 3-1b. We will prepay freight on this lot, and allow you a handsome cash discount. Try it. Manufacturers and LUMSDEN BROS. HAMILTON

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ONT.

Canners

They are Advertised

We have been co operat ing with the grocery trade through advertising in the daily and weekly newspapers of Canada,

Perfection CreamSodas

Are you awake to the fact that we are doing our best to help you sell our goods? You should encourage every manufacturer who shares the burden of sale with you. So many manufacturers leave it all to you.

Order this week.

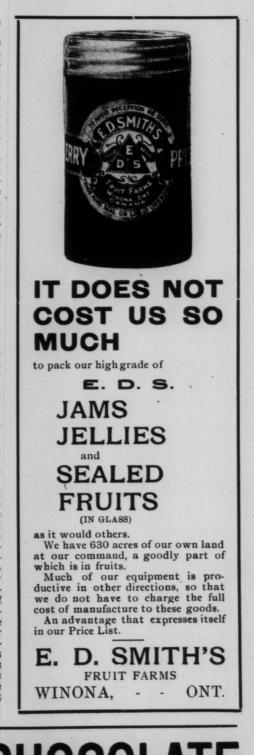
3-Ib. Cards or Tins. Equalized freight rates.

THE Mooney Biscuit & Candy Company, LIMITED, Stratford, - Canada.

THE CANADIAN GROCER

Danish bacon sells for a higher price on the English market than our product, we would certainly be able to drive them out of the field. As it is, we have a very great advantage in being able to feed hogs very much cheaper than they can and, therefore, we can undersell them on the British market and make a very fair profit. At the same time, there is great need of our watching very carefully the quality of our bacon, because it is much easier to lose a reputation than to gain one.

there is great need of our watching very carefully the quality of our bacon, be-cause it is much easier to lose a reputa-tion than to gain one. From what has been said in the previ-ous paragraph, it will be seen that we have a good fighting chance on the Brit-ish market, provided we/ do not lose sight of the question of quality. Though it is true that the British commission merchants entertain a friendly senti-ment towards Canadians, wet sentiment ment towards Canadians, yet sentiment will not serve as a substitute for qual-ity in the goods we send forward. When it comes to a matter of catering to the tastes of the public, sentiment is a very small factor in the enterprise. If the goods are not right, the consumer will look elsewhere, and, though he is ever so willing to purchase Canadian goods, he will not do so unless they are what he requires. We can undersell the Danes on the British market; but, at the same time, if we would only produce an article of equal merit, we would be able to obtain as high a price as they obtain at the present time, and this would mean a very large additional profit to us. Those who wilfully close their eyes us. Those who willuly close their eyes to the importance of producing hogs of the right type and quality, are acting as a severe handicap upon our trade in Great Britain. They fail to see that, in Great Britain. They fail to see that, in the long run, they are the losers. There has been, it is true, a marked improve-ment in the quality of our bacon during the last few years; but much remains to be done before our product, on the whole, equals that of Denmark, and whether we hold our own in the British market depends for the greater part up-on the farmers of this country. I be-lieve that if we make up our minds to produce bacon equal to that of any other country, we can do so, and it reproduce bacon equal to that of any other country, we can do so, and it re-mains to be seen whether the farmers of this country will rise equal to the occa-sion or not. An increase in the value of our bacon of 3 to 4 shillings per hundred weight would mean a very sub-stantial profit to our farmers. It is quite possible for us to secure this additional price if we make up our minds additional price if we make up our minds to that effect, and it seems strange that so many farmers cannot look at this side of the question.



We beg to advise the Grocers of the Dominion that we are making the finest NILK CHOCOLATE

produced in the world, and are using pure Canadian Milk.

COWAN'S COCOA (Maple Leaf Label) Absolutely Pure. THE COWAN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO



82 Colberne St., TORONTO.

January 6, 1905

GREEN FRUITS

A Prosperous Fruit Business.

N the course of an interview this week with H. W. Thorpe, manager of McWilliam & Everist, wholesale fruit and commission

merchants, Toronto, a representative of The Canadian Grocer learns that the holiday fruit trade this year has been nothing short of phenomenal. City trade was never better, while judging from the very large volume of country business transacted one is forced to the conclusion that the farming community of Ontario is enjoying better times. The percentage of fancy trade in fruit is growing every year; on the other hand the aggregate of commoner grade fruit (particularly foreign fruit) is steadily decreasing. In no line perhaps is this more accentuated than in oranges, fancy California navels having become the most striking feature of the fruit market.

McWilliam & Everist enjoy the distinction of being in the very front rank of wholesale domestic fruit and commission firms in Canada. The business dates back to 1876, when the late G. Mc-William started in the wholesale fruit business on Francis street, Toronto, opposite the present market. In 1878 Mr. McWilliam admitted to partnership F. Everist, and in 1883, owing to the increased demands of business, the firm moved to 25 Church street. further enlarging their premises in 1888 to include 27 Church street.

The history of McWilliam & Everist business has been one of steady development until at the present time this firm is known far and wide throughout the Dominion. Its export trade in apples which has become an important item in Canadian trade, is a matter of 50,000 to 100,000 barrels yearly. In connection with the export apple trade Mr. Thorpe says the tendency at the present time is to divert trade to various centres of population in the United Kingdom from the seaport towns.

McWilliam & Everist have also a very large trade in foreign fruits, incidentally they have adopted the plan of having private brands of fruits, their "Rose Brand" California navel orange being well known as a leader throughout the fruit trade.

The domestic trade of McWilliam & Everist is confined principally to Ontario, although they regularly ship large quantities of apples, onions, etc., to distant points in Western and Eastern Canada. Their warehouses are commcdious and up-to-date in every respect and compare favorably with anything of the kind in the Dominion. They have an office staff of seven, their warehousemen, etc., numbering thirty-one.

Notwithstanding the death of Mr. Mc-

William, which occurred about five weeks ago, the business of McWilliam & Everist will be carried on under the old firm name.

Apples Classified According to Utility.

THE following classified list of the common varieties of apples will be useful to the retail grocer, fruit dealer and general merchant, desirous of placing his fruit trade on a scientific basis. In the schedule A1 stands for excellent, A for good and B for fair.

Variety.	Season for use.	Sauce.	Jelly.	Bak- ing.	Pies, etc.	Des. sert
Alexander	.SeptOct.	a		b	a	b
Astrachan		al			. 8	a
Baldwin	JanMar.	b		b	b	b
Bellefleur	Jan Mar.	a		a	a	8
Ben Davis	Mar May.	b			b	
Blenheim		a to b		b	a to	ba
Duchess		al		a	8	b
Early Harvest.	.July-Aug.	a			8	al
Fameuse	SeptDec.		a	a		al
Fall Pippin	OctDec.	al		al	al	22
Gravenstein	. Aug-Sept.	al	'	al	al	al
Greening	.JanMar.	al		al	al	a
King	DecFeb.	al		al	al	al
McIntosh	NovJan.	al	a	al	al	al
Ontario	J»nMar.	al		8	8	8?
Russet	JanMay.	b			b	8
Spy	JanMar.	al		a	al	al
Seek-No-Furth		8		b		8
Folman	Dec April			al		8
Weal hy	SeptNov.	8	b	b	b	8
Wagener	NovJan.				8	а

Ontario Fruit Growers Win.

The Ontario Fruit Growers' division has been awarded the Knight medal for the exhibit of Canadian apples made at the first exhibition of the Royal Horticultural Society in London, Eng., on December 14 and 15. The display was made under the auspices of the fruit division of the Department of Agriculture, who also secured six diplomas for an exhibit of 20 boxes of fruit from Windsor, N.S.

The Coreless Apple.

THIS, the greatest discovery in modern horticulture, says L. Morgan, in the current issue of the Nine-

in the current issue of the Nineteenth Century and After, bids fair to revolutionize the apple growing industries of the world.

The new apple, which is both coreless and seedless, was introduced by an old fruit-raiser. For twelve years he experimented to obtain the fruit. As the result of seeking to secure the seedless apple, a blossomless tree has been developed. It bears a stamen and a very small quantity of pollen. The importance of such developments is apparent. The cold spells do not affect the fruit.

The tree is described as blossomless. the only thing resembling a blossom being a small cluster of tinv green leaves, which grow around the newlyformed apple, and shelter it. Being devoid of blossom, it is elaimed that the fruit offers no effective hiding-

place in which the codlin moth may lay its eggs, which it usually does in the open eye of the fruit. The devastations of the codlin moth are so extensive that in the aggregate they cause losses in Great Britain, the Continent and North America exceeding \$25,000,000 a year.

The color of the new apple is red, dotted with yellow on the skin. As with the seedless orange, so with the seedless apple, a slightly hardened substance makes its appearance at the navel end. But this can be obliter-ated by culture. The originator of the coreless apple states that the further "we get away from the original five trees the larger and better the fruits become in every way." Whether the seedless apple is actually seedproof time alone can prove. As the result of tests, it has been found absolutely impossible for the coreless apple trees to bear fruits that have seeds in them, that is, of their own accord. Still, when grown in the vicinity of the ordinary apple trees, with their branches interlocked with each other, a small percentage of the coreless trees have sometimes produced two or three seeds, though they are just as apt to be found near the skin of the fruit as in the centre of it. A seed has been found within one-eighth of an inch of the rind, right away from the core or the core lines. These fortuitous seeds owe their origin to the transference of the pollen from the blossoms of the seedy apple trees to the stigma of the coreless apple tree. Whether carried by the wind or bees, when the pollen is deposited in this way there is the possibility that a few seeds may here and there re-sult, but it cannot be said that necessarily the seed or seeds will be about the tube or even near it.

The appearance of one single variety of seedless apple cannot seriously affect the skilled commercial apple growers of the world. If the introducers of the new fruit can develop seedless varieties of the various leading apples in commerce—and they claim that they can do so—then the coming of the coreless apple may in due course reorganize the industry.

Apple culture is more important even than orange culture. In Canada and the United States there are about 220,000,-000 apple trees in bearing, from which, approximately 275,000,000 bushels of fruit are annually harvested. In ten years these trees will give a yield of 450,000,000 bushels. At the present time the apple consumption of Canada and the United States is 80 lbs. per head of the population per year. Billions of apple trees are grown in the orchards of the world, and millions of them are still being planted each year. The apple imports of Great Britain alone range between 4,500,000 ewt. and 5,000,000 ewt. There are probably as many apple trees in Great Britain as in Canada. **GREEN FRUITS**

The Canadian Grocer.



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The great thing necessary to success in business and in life is to secure a reputation, which is the world's estimate of you and your business.

Establish a reputation on Coffee of **superiority** the result will surprise you.

Forty years of popularity attest the worth of CHASE & SANBORN'S High Grade Coffee.

CHASE & SANBORN

The Importers, Montreal

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The Canadian Grocer.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS

F REIGHTS are much better generally speaking than they have been, and January and February bookings are better in quantity and price. Large quantities of grain are going forward and during the week considerable shipments have been noted to Cape Town including lumber in large quantities, also machinery, metal sheeting, desks, scales, peas, flour, and eattle. The rates to Cape Town remain about the same and the demand for space is improving continually. In the Port Elizabeth eargo was noticed a considerable consignment of flour both from the Lake of the Woods firm have offices, etc., in Cape Town and they buy and sell on commission. If a man wants anything in Canada or United States he simply asks Peabodys. The question has been asked why it is that Canadians do not have commission houses there. Why should the big American firms beat Canadian firms in supplying a sister colony?

Armour & Co. sell their canned meat to South Africa because they went out after the trade and got it. They sell good stuff and know how to get trade.

Immense quantities of provisions have been shipped to British ports, chiefly even though they sail from Portland they stimulate a lot of freight through Canadian railways. Things are certainly looking better all around.

LOSS BY FIRE.

E. W. Gillett Co., Toronto, met with a misfortune in a fire on December 14. in Berlin, Ont., when in the destruction of the barns of the Central Hotel they lost two magnificent horses and their sampling and distributing wagon. The fire spread with such rapidity that it was impossible to rescue the team and

BERTH QUOTATIONS -- St. John, Halifax and Portland

The undernoted rates from West St. John are subjected to 5 per cent. primage additional.

Description.	Liverpool.	London.	• Bristol.	Glasgow.	Manchester.	Dublin and Belfast.	Capetown and Port Elizabeth.	Leith.	Aberdeen.	Cardiff.	Hamburg.	Havre.	
Oil Cake	* 5/ * 5/ * 7/6 * 5/ * 5/ * 7/6 *15/ *10/ *10/ *10/ ±15c	*12/6 *12/6 *12/6 *12/6 *17/6 *25/ *20/ *15/ *10/	+ 9c + 9c *15/ *15/ *15/ *20/ *25/ *20/ *15/	# 6c # 7c #12/6 #12/6 #12/6 #12/6 #17/6 #30/ #25/ #15/ #15/	* 5/ * 5/ * 5/ * 5/ * 7/6 * 15/ * 10/ * 10/ * 10/ * 10/ * 10/	*11/6 *12/ *15/ *17/6 *17/6 *20/ *15/	*12/6 *12/6 *15/ *15/ *20/ *80/c.s. *80/c.s. *40/c.s.mt. *15/						·····
Apples, per bbl	2/ †Fine20/ 7/6 *20/ *15/ * 8/ * 9/	2/ *25/ *20/ ‡10%c ‡12c	2/6 †Fine20/ 12/6 *25/ *20/ *12/6 *15/	2/6 †Fine2 / 12/6 *30/ *20/ *14c ‡16c	2/ †Fine2/ 10/ *20/ *15/ * 8/ * 9/	31/ †12/6 *22/6 *17/6 *15/	10/c.s. †15/ *25/ *20/ *15 m't *17/6 m't.						

* Per ton 2,240 lbs.

‡ Cents per 100 lbs. without primage.

The above is for general information only. These rates liable to change without notice and are therefore Subject to Confirmation. When ocean charges are collectable at port of destination, rates exchange on basis of \$4.80 to £1 sterling. When ocean charges are prepaid, rates exchanged on basis of \$4.86 to £1 sterling.

† Per ton of 40 cubic feet.

If freight is offered other than specified above, on which steamship connections are accustomed to quote a weight or measurement rate at their option prompt advice will be facilitated by informing us of the relative weight and measurement of the mdse, when applying for rate. It is also necessary to know shipping point and on whose account engagement is to be made. All contracts subject to confirmation.

Milling Co. and the Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., of Montreal. An immense shipment of canned meats was noticed from the Armour Packing Co. and the Pedlar Metal Co. shipped 61 packages of metal ceiling.

To Durban it was also noticed that the E. N. Heney Co., of Montreal, shipped two cases of carriages and accessories. The same company had a cargo of a similar nature for East London. What is very noticeable in the ship-

What is very noticeable in the shipments to Cape Town. and in fact to all the South African ports is the prominence of that well-known firm of commission agents, Peabody & Co. This Glasgow, Liverpool, London and Bristol. But three steamers sailed from Portland and one from St. John. The Parisian carried over 14,000 bushels of wheat for Liverpool; 1,066 packages of canned meats, 1,028 packages meat, 500 packages of lard, and 330 cases of bacon. Altogether freight shipments from St. John during the holidays have been quite remarkable.

SS. Etolia sailed Christmas day for South Africa and her cargo was very much better than was expected early in that month.

The Dominion Line intend putting on their extra steamers in February and wagon. Three other horses also fell a prey to the flames.

DEATH OF MR. A. D. NELSON.

Mr. A. D. Nelson, for many years a member of the firm of H. A. Nelson & Sons, importers, of Montreal, who retired from business some three years ago, died last week at East Orange, N.J. Mr. Nelson was particularly prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite and of the Karnak Temple of the Mystic Shrine. The funeral took place from Montreal.

FLOUR AND CEREAL FOODS

January 6, 1905



The Sea of Life

You know how it isbillow and calm, calm and billow,-better far than stagnation.

All success is bad. All failure is bad. A mixture of both is best.

Orange Meat

has had its ups and downs, its struggles and successes, but the movement through all has been a forward one,and that is just what the grocer likes-the quality of grit. His confidence is in the thing that moves and overcomes.

We expect in 1905 to make big strides.

The Frontenac Cereal Co.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO.

Flour and Cereal Foods

To Grind Canadian Wheat in U. S.

is officially announced from Washington that the decision of Attorney-General Moody to refund the duty on Canadian wheat

imported into the United States for export has been confirmed by the Cabinet, and this in spite of the most vigorous protests from northwestern farmers across the border who fear that open competition with Canada will low-er the price of wheat in the United States.

The demand for millable wheat across the line has become such that wheat prices there are higher than in Canada, so much so that this year saw an epidemic of wheat smuggling across the line by Canadian farmers to secure the higher prices.

Despite the heavy duty imposed on imported wheat of 25 per cent., American millers imported large consignments of wheat from the Canadian West this year, Duluth and Minneapolis taking several hundred thousand bushels, while some went to Chicago. It was pronounced of excellent quality, and greatly pleased the millers, who, fully aware of the value of continued importation pressed the drawback question. They first agitated for the drawback under a clause of the tariff allowing a rebate on imported materials, provided that the finished armaterials, provided that the finished ar-ticle for export in proportion to the im-ported raw material is ascertainable. This, of course, is impossible with such a commodity as flour, and was the knotty problem which has just been solved so satisfactorily to Canada.

The Grain Situation.

FEATURE of the week in grain A circles is the firm position of Manitoba wheat, due in part to the decision of the U. S. authorities to the decision of the U. S. authorities to allow a rebate on dutiable wheat im-ported from Canada by U. S. millers for export purposes. Controlling inter-ests have taken advantage of the new regulation to bull the market. The opinion of the trade generally is that prices in Canada will be higher, at least for a time. It remains to be seen, however, whether the higher level will be other than temporary. Meanwhile, manipulators are using the cry of a "new market for Canadian wheat" for what it is worth. Stronger markets in Liverpool and Chicago are also respon-Liverpool and Chicago are also responsible for the advance in Canadian wheat. The market generally is not at all active, and the movement outside is light.

Statistician Jones estimated the amount of wheat left in farmers' hands in the Canadian Northwest at 35 per cent., a sensationally small estimate. This sentiment is offset by a prospective large increase in the visible supply at Port Arthur and Fort William.

The visible supply of grain in Canada and the United States on Jan. 3, 1905, was distributed as follows: wheat, 40,-619,000 bush., an increase of 901,000 bush. for the week; corn, 9,507,000 bush.,

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an increase for the week of 2,369,000 bush.; oats, 23,032,000 bush., a falling off for the week of 840,000 bush.

off for the week of 840,000 bush. The total amount of wheat in sight on the above date, consisting of the visible supply and the quantity on passage, was 72,299,000 bushels, against 72,-998,000 last week, 59,725,000 last year, and 71,821,000 in 1903. The total amount of corn in sight was 24,457,000 bushels, against 22,088,000 last week, 16,023.000 this week last year, and 15,-144,000 in 1903. 144,000 in 1903.

16,023,000 this week last year, and 15,-144,000 in 1903. The world's wheat shipments for the week ending Jan. 2, 1905, were as fol-lows: United States and Canada, 981,-000 bush., as compared with 2,915,000 bush. for the corresponding date of 1904 and 3,336,000 bush. for 1903; Ar-gentina, 408,000 bush., as compared with 64,000 bush. in 1904; Australia, 408,000 bush.; Danube, 240,000 bush.; India, 2,696,000 bush., as compared with 528,000 bush. in 1904; Russia, 2,224,-000 bush. in comparison with 2,072,000 bush. in 1904. It is interesting to note the falling off in grain shipments from America during the last two years, as well as the marked increase in ship-ments from India. It looks as if the United States had fallen from a prem-ier place as a wheat exporter, and that European shortages were supplied by India, Argentina and Russia. The great changes of late years in the sources of supply are strikingly shown in the following record of the imports into the United Kingdom in the three months ended October 31 in the past three years:

three years:

	1904.	1905.	1302.	
U. S., Atlantic, and Canada	951.900	3,117,920	4,571,240	
United States, Pacific	148,540	104,230	754,310	
Russia	1,547,160	1,055,540	487,740	
India	1,931,180	1,618,950	707,330	
Argentina	1,172,500	973,960	92,520	
Roumania	67,640	391,560	245,450	
Australia	1,232,830	Nil	84,310	
Sundries	423,440	324,690	182,900	

Total quarters of 8 bushels. . 7,475,190 7,586,850 7,125,800 For the first time on record the In-dian empire is the leading source of the United Kingdom's wheat supply. Russia coming next, and Australasia third in the list. America and Canada, it will be seen, are responsible for only 15 per cent. of its total supply, as compared with 41 per cent. last year and 75 per cent. in 1902. For the first time on record the In-

Increased Acreage in Northwest. The open weather of the autumn has allowed farm operations to be carried on late, and it is estimated in the West that 500,000 additional acres have been brought under cultivation, bringing the total cultivated area up to five million acres.

Cereal Notes.

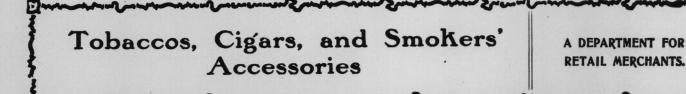
P. Hamm, formerly of St. John, N.B., is about to erect a large biscuit factory in Moncton.

in Moncton. The Union Grain Co., Winnipeg, with capital stock of \$50,000, is applying for a charter to carry on a grain, produce and general mercantile business. The estimated wheat yield in South Australia this year is 14,575,000 bush., an increase of 1,360,000 bush., as com-pared with last year.

FLOUR AND CEREAL FOODS

The Canadian Grocer.





How to Sell Cigars.

ARDLY had The Canadian Grocer's last issue for the year 1904 reached a sharp Montreal retailer before he remarked, "So you wish to tell people how to keep eigars. Why not tell them how to sell eigars?"

Ask yourself if you are a retailer or a wholesaler, how you manage to sell so many or so few eigars in the course of a year. A certain retailer in mind sells no less than 15,000 eigars of a particular five cent brand per month, while his average for the year is something surprising. In the first place his "fiver" is of unprecedented value. It is nicely made by hand; it is a genuine Havana eigar. It has neither pin-pricks or ribbon or any trade mark to stamp it by except its peculiar quality.

After all that is where the trick comes in. Nearly every dealer thinks his cigar is just as good as his neighbor's, and maybe it is. When a man asks for Sweet Caporals the successful tobaceonist does not suggest something else just like them or just as good. He opens the packet, pulls aside the tin foil, neatly raises one from the pack and hands it to the already delighted customer. But he is not done yet. No sooner has the customer placed the cigarette in his mouth than the special lighter is handed to him or held while he lights his smoke.

The same thing holds good of a cigar. When a man asks for a "Pharoah" or a packet of "Royal Egyptians" a dealer should give them directly. He ought never to be caught out of any line, once it is asked for. If only once a year a man comes in and asks for a plug of some peculiar kind of tobacco stock it, because that man may have friends who smoke cigars and other brands of tobacco.

The peculiar faculty of making a probable customer feel at home is a most important duty. A dealer or clerk ought never to consider it a trouble to show goods. It is a good scheme to ask a customer when showing him a box of cigars whether that is the right color. If he says too light or too dark, the exact color must be looked up.

Another point for the retailer to remember is to have as little as possible loud talk about his store; high-class trade will fight shy of such a place every time. A down-town stand might have a reading room attached, wellstocked with magazines and up-to-date papers including the New York dailies.

The retailer ought always to be on the lookout for new ideas. He ought never offend anyone if he can help it. It it is a rainy day and a customer asks him if he has a spare umbrella, he should say "yes," even if he has to give him the barber's next door. He'll think more of that kindness than he would of a hundred dollar present. If a child calls for some eigars and is sent by some one whom the retailer knows has not been a customer a dealer ought always to pick out the best he has, to wrap them up carefully, and be prompt in all delivery.

Tobacco Trade in the Grocery Store.

PRACTICALLY every grocer in the country sells tobacco; few, however, give the tobacco trade the care and attention it deserves. It goes vithout saying that most men are as particular over tobacco as women are over tea, in view of which fact it pays the grocer to give them equal care in selection and arrangement. In most small country stores a various assortment of pipes, eigars and tobacco is kept, but in many instances this branch of trade is utterly neglected.

Is your tobaceo trade flourishing? If not, take a turn around and find out the reason. A nice show may be made with a very small stock of useful shaped pipes, cut tobacco in tins, plug tobaceo in jars, and eigars, eigarettes, etc. Any grocer who uses his eyes will soon learn what styles of pipes are most favored in his district, and though a big stock is not necessary, a good assortment is. Ju tobacco, find out what lines will suit your customers' tastes, and buy sparingly.

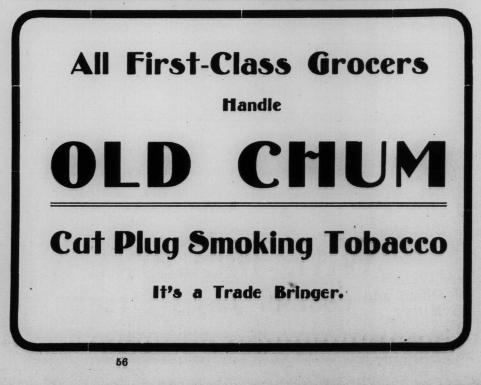
Flug tobacco should always be kept in jars or caddies. The promiseuous heaps amongst which assistants have to search before finding the required brand are not likely to help trade. Each brand of tobacco should have its own special receptacle and be plainly marked, and, especially during Summer, it will be found advisable to remove all tobacco stocks to a cool place every night. At all events see that it is properly covered before the shop is dusted.

The eigar trade can quickly be fostered by judicious buying. Find out a good flavored eigar, and recommend it to your customers. Stock only in small quantities, but make a point of always keeping one particular flavor. By this means you should soon find a regular demand for your own particular eigar. —Indianapolis Trade Journal

News of the Trade.

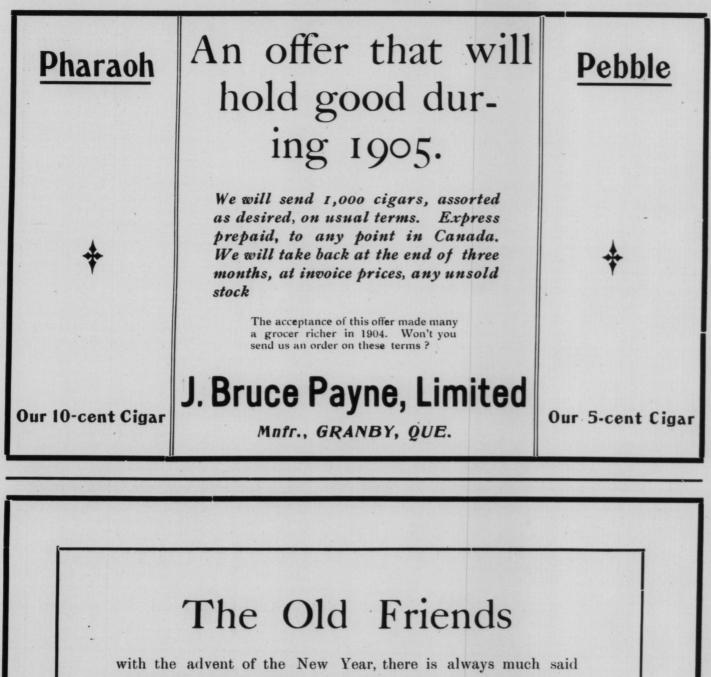
A. McQueen, of the Inland Cigar Mfg. Co., Kamloops, B.C., has purchased the business of W. H. Dowsing, retail cigar dealer, of Nelson, B.C.

H. D. Barry. cigar manufacturer, Quebec, left on January 2 for a trip to Florida and Havana



TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

The Canadian Grocer.



about new things—hopes, aims, plans; but it is good to lean against one's old friends—to know that these will and can accompany one through the uncertainties of the future. Such a friend is **T. & B.** Smoking Tobacco.

GEO. E. TUCKETT & SON CO., Limited

HAMILTON

57

BUT

TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

January 6, 1905

¶ ON ALL SAMPLE OR-DERS WHEN MONEY ACCOMPANIES SAME

We Prepay

Express Charges.

\$35.00 per M.

Please mention, when order-

ing, The Canadian Grocer.

HANDLE CIGARS

if you would DRAW and HOLD trade.

get a Cigar of FIRST quality, and an ADVERTISED Cigar. Our

King Buffalo Cigar

is just such a Cigar. We provide an abundant variety of advertising matter.

CANADA CIGAR CO., MAKERS, LONDON, ONT.

The Chamberlain Cigar

The best value in Canada! Sold the world over! It will help your trade tremendously! Order a sample lot to-day!

SAVE THE BANDS AND RETURN THEM TO

J. M. FORTIER, Limited, MONTREAL. MANUFACTURERS OF Cigarettes and Cut Tobacco.

The Enormous Increase

in the sale of our Tobaccos has established in the most solid fashion the fact that

The Public Likes Them.

SMOKING

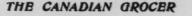
Tonka Solid Comfort Pinchin's Hand Made

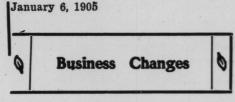


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British Navy King's Navy Beaver Apricot

CHEWING





STIRTON, DYER & WARTTIG, cidissolved partnership; Stirton & Dyer continue.

The assets of I. Belanger, grocer, St Albert, have been sold.

R. G. Nichol, general merchant, Blake, has sold out to R. W. Douglas.

The business of C. E. Mitchell, tobacconist, Toronto, is advertised for sale. N. Malcolm, general merchant, Hager-

man's Corners, has sold out to O. Hagerman. The assets of A. D. Fairfield, general

merchant, Rockland, were sold by auction, Jan. 5.

Joy & Perry, grocers and provision merchants, Napanee, have dissolved partnership; T. H. Perry continues.

T. H. McNeil, general merchant. Fermoy, has assigned to S. A. Conklin; meeting of creditors held Jan. 2.

OUEBEC.

T. Lamb, grocer, flour and feed merchant, Montreal, is dead.

Royer & Daigle, grocers, Sherbrooke, have dissolved partnership.

J. U. Gagnier, general merchant, Ste Martine, has compromised.

C. Dignard & Co., biscuit manufacturers, Montreal, have assigned.

The assets of A. Lesieur, general merchant, St. Elie, have been sold.

The assets of W. J. Steele, general merchant, Calumet, are to be sold.

The assets of T. Bastien, general merchants, St. Therese, are to be sold.

Cohen & Hart, cigar manufacturers, Montreal, have dissolved partnership.

The assets of A. Tremblay, general merchant, St. Felicite, are to be sold Jan. 10.

The assets of F. N. Merchand & Co., general merchants, St. Stanislas, are to be sold.

The balance of the assets of A. Dallare, general merchant, Tremblay, have seen sold.

X. E. Paradis has been appointed curator to A . Blais, general merchant. St. Tite.

The assets of E. Martin, general merchant, Laurier Station (St. Croix), were sold Jan. 5.

J. A. Carle, general merchant, St. Boniface De Shawenegan, is offering 25c on the dollar.

The assets of A. Bolduc, general merchant, St. Evariste De Forsyth, are to be sold Jan. 17.

The assets of J. Bolduc, general merchant, St. Evariste De Forsyth, were sold on Jan. 4

The assets of H. E. Martinette & Co., general merchants, St. George East, are to be sold Jan. 17.

J. Cote, general merchant, Ste. Flavie Station, has assigned to V. E. Paradis, provisional guardian.

P. St. Arnaud, grocer and provision merchant, Montreal, has assigned to Chartrand & Turgeon.

The assignment of E. E. Legendre, general merchant, St. Martine De Courcelles, has been demanded.

MANITOBA AND N.W.T.

J. Munro, confectioner, Boissevain, has been burnt out.

T. R. Hornor, Brandon, has started in the grocery business.

D. Morosnick, grocer, Winnipeg, has sold to J. Schmilensky.

F. L. Scott & Co., general merchants, Mather, have sold to Elliott, Argue & Co.

The premises of C. E. Wilkinson, confectioner, Regina, have been damaged by fire

Francis & Conner, general merchants, Arcola, have been succeeded by Francis & Co.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

H. W. Burnham, confectioner, East Florenceville, is dead.

D. W. Hoegg & Co., canners, Sussex, have merged into the Sussex Packing Co.

T. P. Trueman, general merchant, Nauwigewauk, has sold out to W. H. Hill.

S. K. Scovil, baker and confectioner, St. John, has assigned; meeting of creditors Jan. 5.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Jno. Hartley, Victoria, has started in the confectionery business.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELER'S AD-VICE.

THE following appreciation of a recent contribution by a commer-cial traveler entitled "Sugges-tions to the Trade," has been received by The Canadian Grocer:

Editor Canadian Grocer:-

In your issue of Dec. 23, you have an article written by "Commercial Traveldeal of consideration. I am glad some one has brought this matter up, since lot of there has been, as he says, a discreditable work done in this way during the past autumn, especially in the lines he mentions, raisins, nuts and peels. It is too bad to think that any traveler has to resort to this means of getting trade (if it is the traveler, and if it is the house it does not speak well of them to say the least). If these of goods were sold as new goods at attrac-tive prices, why were not a great many more sold? or, if the traveler was aware they were old goods, I think he was duences when "his friend," the retailer should discover "his friend" the traveler

Should be in the mouth of every smoker. What McDougall Scotch Clay Be sure and ask for it, and see that you get it.

D. McDougall & Co., Glasgow, Scotland.



had played him sharp. It is just this kind of thing that shakes a retailer's confidence in travelers who are honest, and I trust any offenders will see that they are standing in their own way in doing these things. (Signed) "Another Traveler."

Hamilton, Ont., Dec. 30, 1904.

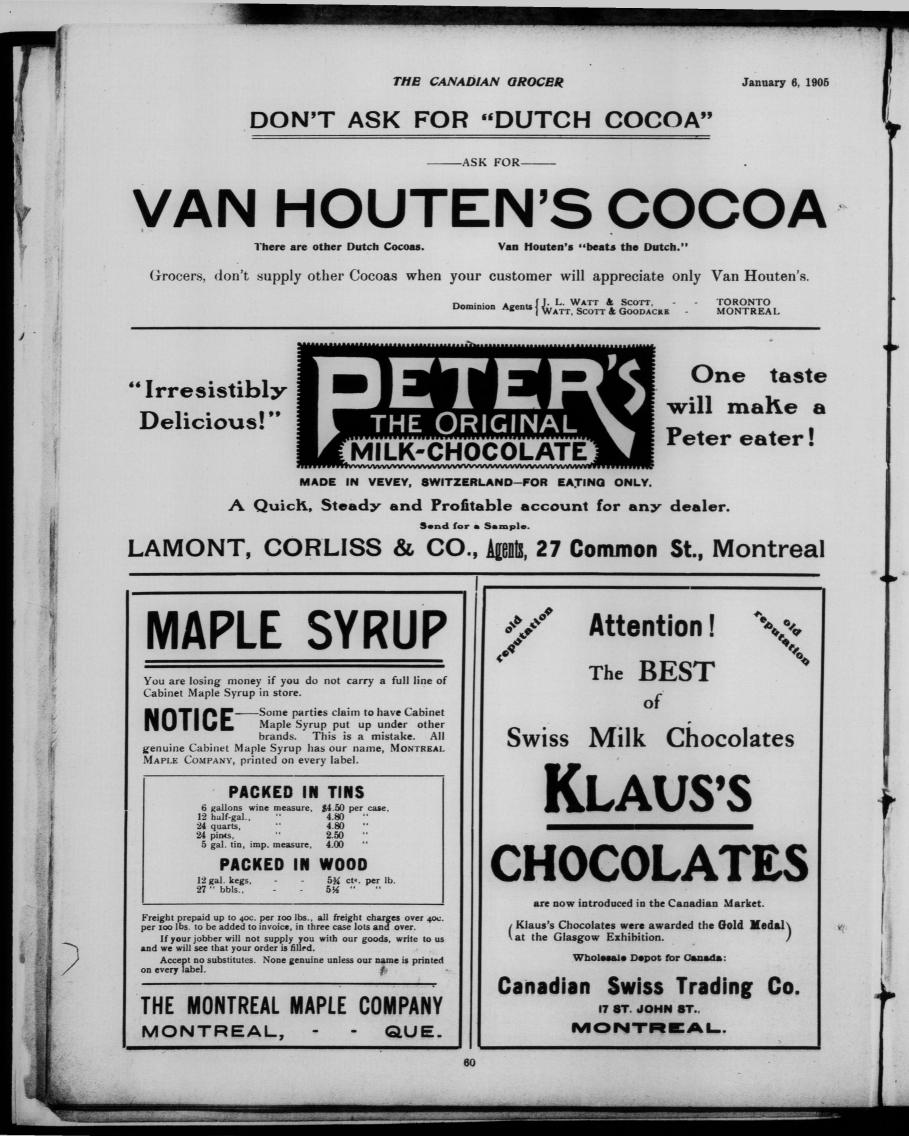
INDIAN AND CEYLON TEA IN AMERICA.

HE North American market has become a very important one for

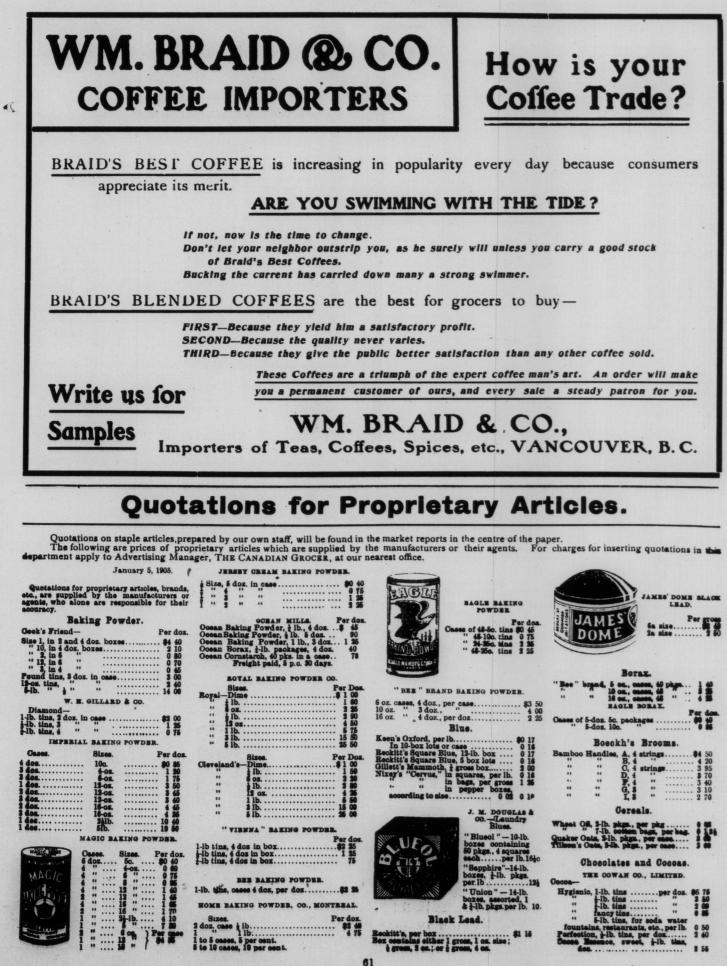
Indian and Ceylon tea, rather over 23,000,000 lbs. having been taken in the first nine months of 1904, an advance of nearly three millions on the corresponding period of 1903. The figures are as follows (for 1904): Indian, 8,609,491 lbs.; Ceylon, 14,660,851 lbs.; total, 23,-270,342 lbs.; (for 1903), Indian, 5,236,-640 lbs.; Ceylon, 15,215,860 lbs.; total, 20,452,500 lbs. The totals for 1902 and 1901 were 17,710,873 lbs. and 12,382,755 lhs. respectively. The increase was almost entirely made up of Indian teas, the falling off in Ceylon being accounted for by the smaller production of green tea, owing to the lower prices ruling.

A LEGACY FOR MONTREAL HOSPITAL.

S. H. Ewing, treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital, received from the executors of the estate of the late .T. M. Douglass, the sum of \$5,000 towards the fund for the hospital. The late Mr. Douglass was head of the well-known firm of J. M. Douglass & Co., Montrayl.



THE CANADIAN GROCER



61

THE CANADIAN GROCER

IF YOU WANT A JAM THAT WILL BUILD UP TRADE AND ON WHICH YOU CAN MAKE A NICE PROFIT	"Not what is said, but what is done, is to be regarded" Said the old sage. PATERSON'S CAMP COFFEE
bo bei ter than to order A trial case of 4 doz. of Batcer's New Style Jar Strawberry Jan	ESSENCE has made a reputation that makes constant sales—surely an achievement. The old sage hew his business. ROSE & LAFLAMME, Agents, MONTREAL
Ohocolate-per lb.Queen's Dessert, f's and i's60 40Merican Vanilla, f's and i's60 40Merican Vanilla, f's and i's53Mort's Prepared Cocoas, f's and boxes640Mott's Breakfast Chocolate630Mott's Breakfast Chocolate640Mott's Breakfast Chocolate641Mott's	Diamond sweet chocolate 6 the boxes, 16 boxes
Concentrated, i's, 1 doz. in box 240 Concentrated, i's, 1 doz. in box 240 Concentrated, i's, 1 doz. in box 240 Formiller quantities 255 Brailer quantities	Image: Control of the second of the secon

F

THE CANADIAN GROCER

One of the most saleable foods at this season is Syrup.

"Crow "



2-1b.	tins-	cases	2	doz.		Also in Brls., 1/2-Brls.
5 "	**	**	1.	**	-	Kegs and Pails.
10 "	**	**	1/2	**		
20 "	**	44	1/4	**		

MANUFACTURED BY

Brand Table Syrup

is at the head of all Syrups, its Purity, Cleanliness and Pure Syrup Flavor have made it sought for by consumer and dealer.

Have you handled it? If not, place your trial order with any grocery jobber.

See that you get "Crown" Brand.

EDWARDSBURG STARCH CO'Y, Limited **ESTABLISHED 1858**

53 Front St. East, TORONTO, ONT.

Works: CARDINAL, ONT. 164 St. James St., MONTREAL, P.Q.

Coupon Books-Allison's. For sale in Canada by The Eby Blain Co. Limited, Toronto. C. O. Beauchemin & Montreal. 3, \$3, \$5, \$10 and \$30 books. Un- Covers and num Coupons bered. numbered Allison's Coupon Pass Book. to 3 00 books 3 cents es 20 00 15 00 50 00 Cane's Clothes Pins. UNITED FACTORIES, LIMITED. Cleaner. ASYBRIGHT S-OF. CLEANER

Whole Food. Per dos

Galatina

	2 E	
Knox's	Gelatin	Per gross
Robinso	n's pater	st barley i-lb. tins \$1 25 " I-lb. tins \$ 25 groats i-lb. tins 1 25 " I-lb. tins 1 25
. #		sroats 1-lb. tins 1 25 I-lb. tins 2 25
:		5 doz., at\$ 1 40

Jams and Jellies. SOUTHWELL'S GOODS. Per doz . \$1 50

 Other jams
 \$1 56
 1 50

 Red currant jelly
 T. UPRON & CO.
 \$75

 Pure Fruit Jams 160
 \$60

 19-0z glass jars, 2 dos. in case, per dos.
 \$0 65

 2-1b. tins, 2 doz. in case.
 160

 5 and 7-1b. tin pails, 8 and 9 pails in crate.
 0 66

 7 and 14-1b. wood pails.
 0 66

 Pure Fruit Jellies 160

 19-0z glass jars, 2 doz. in case. per doz.
 0 95

 2-1b. tins, 2 doz. in case.
 1 60

 7 and 14-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate
 0 66

 19-0z glass jars, 2 doz. in case.
 1 60

 7 and 14-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate
 0 064

 90-1b. tins, 2 doz. in case.
 0 064

 90-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate
 0 064

 90-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate
 1 60

 30-1b. wood pails, 6 and 9 pails in crate.
 0 064

 1-1b. glass jars (16-02, gem) 2 doz, in case.
 1 45

 5 and 7-1b. tin pails, 8 and 9 pails in crate.
 0 per lb.
 0 09

 7, 14 and 30-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate.
 0 per lb.
 0 09

 7, 14 and 30-1b. wood pails, 6 pails in crate.
 0 per lb.
 0 09

 9, 14 Licorice. NATIONAL LICOBICE CO. d or paper....per lb. or 50 sticks)....per box 2 00 1 75 1 50 1 45 0 73 licorice 10 sticks "100 sticks. e cent sticks, 100 in Lye (Concentrated). GILLETT'S PERFUMED. Per case. Matches.

 TED FACTORIES, LIMITED. Per cas

 té (Parlor)
 \$3 50

 ht (Parlor)
 5.75

 Sulphur)
 3 80

63

WALKERVILLE MATCH CO.	T. UPTON & CO.
Parlor- "1 case. 5 cases.	1-lb. glass jars. 2 doz. case. per doz \$ 0.95
Imperial \$5 75 \$5 50	Home-made, in 1-lb. glass jars "1 50 In 5 and 7-lb. tins and 7-lb. pails, per lb. 0 06
Bast 375 350	the sale (-10, this and (-10, paus, per 10. 0 06
Orown 1 70 1 60 Maple Leaf 1 90 1 80 Knights 4 75 4 50	Pickles.
Knights 4 75 4 50	STRPHENS'.
Sulphur— Club	A. P. Tippett & Co', Agents.
Mince Meat.	Cement stoppers (pints) per dos. \$ 2 30 Corked
Wethey's condensed, per gross net\$12 00	
per case of doz. net \$ 00	Soda. COW BRAND.
Mustard.	
COLMAN'S OR KEEN'S.	DWIGHT'S Case of 1-1b. contai
	box, \$3 00.
D.8.F., -lb. tinsper dos.\$1 40 	BAKING SODA BAKING SODA
Durham 4-lb. jar	Der hor \$3.00
Durham 4 lb. jarper jar. 0 75 "I-lb. jar	PAKING SODA Case of 1-lb. and
"-lb. tins	Internet Store 10. (containing 3
E. D. MARCEAU, Montreal.	Case of 5c. pkgs pkgs), per box, \$5 (0 ining 96 pegs.), pe
"Condor," 12.1b. boxes-	box, \$3 00. ining 96 pegs.), pe
Alh tine new lh @ 0 25	MAG C BRAND.
thb time 0 324 thb time 0 324 thb jars 0 324 thb ja	Per case
4-lb. jars	No. 1, cases, 60 1-lb. packages
Old Crow," 12-lb, boxes-	No. 1, 120 1-10. "
1-lb. tins	No. a { 601-1h. " } \$ 75
I-ib. tins	
Old Crow," 13-1b. boxes- 1-1b. tins	1 case
1-10. Jars 9 36	
A STANDARD STANDARD	"Bee" brand, 8 os., eases, 130 pkgs.) Per
	"Bee" brand, Son, esses, 120 pkgs. } " 10 os., esses, 120 pkgs. } " 16 oz., cases, 60 pkgs. } # 16 oz., cases, 60 pkgs. }
BORANGE Orange Meat.	Soap and Soap Powders.
Oases, 36 15a.	
packages	Maspole soap, colors
(Freight paid.)	Oriole soap " 10 30
Cases, 20 25c.	Straw hat polish
packages 4.00	BABBITT'S.
(Freight paid.)	Babbitt's "1776"
HALTER HIS (Stolgar part)	Goz. phras. \$3.50 per
and the second s	freight neid and I
	Babbitt's "Best
Orange Marmalade.	soap, 100 bars
THE BEY, BLAIN GO., LIMITED.	\$4 10 per boz. Potesh or Lre, bxs
"Anchor" hrand 1.1h slass #1 50	each dos., \$2 per box.
" gnart gem jare 3 40	WH. E. DUNN AGENT.



