

The Times

VOL. 83.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1902.

NO. 16.

THE FAST ATLANTIC STEAMER SERVICE

STATEMENT BY PREMIERS TWEEDIE AND MURRAY

Canada Will Receive Eight of Rhodes's Scholarships—Harvesting in Manitoba—Laborers Arriving.

Quebec, Aug. 21.—Premiers Murray, of Nova Scotia, and Tweedie, of New Brunswick, before leaving last night for home, declared that the fast Atlantic steamship line is now an assured fact, and that the C. P. R. is not to have the contract which will probably go to the Elder-Dempster line. Halifax, they say, will be the winter terminal, and Quebec the summer one. The ships will call at Sydney and proceed up the St. Lawrence.

Farmer's Confession.
Alfred Fontain, a farmer, has confessed to killing a man with a hunting knife. The body was found in a field by a girl.

Used Hunting Knife.
Joseph Mathurin, the Montagnay wife murderer, has been committed for trial. He says he killed his wife with a hunting knife and then threw it into the kitchen stove, where it was found covered with blood.

Rhodes Scholarships.
Montreal, Aug. 21.—Dr. Parkin, who returned home to-day from England announced that Canada would have eight Rhodes scholarships instead of two.

Electric Storm.
Bothwell, Ont., Aug. 21.—Bothwell and vicinity were visited yesterday afternoon by the most electric storm ever known here. The storm lasted about 15 minutes, and cut everything in its course, hail lying on the ground to a depth of three inches. Matthew Graham, who lives near Florence, was killed by lightning, and his barn and crops were destroyed.

Four Killed.
Bothern, Saskatchewan, Aug. 21.—Two fatal accidents caused by lightning have been reported within the last few weeks, the first in the Fish Creek district, where three Galician settlers were instantly killed. The other caused the death of a young Mennonite near Hague.

Assigned.
Toronto, Aug. 21.—W. J. Hill, formerly member for West York in the legislature, has become financially embarrassed, and has assigned to E. F. C. Carson. The estate, it is expected, will show a surplus.

Fig.
Wm. St. Croix, residing at the corner of Bloor and Shaw streets, this city, has succeeded in producing an excellent crop of figs from about a dozen trees under glass. The figs are now ripe and eatable.

Harvesters.
It is estimated that 2400 harvesters from Eastern and Northern Ontario left here yesterday for Manitoba and the Territories.

Harvesting.
Winnipeg, Aug. 21.—The weather conditions all that could be desired for harvesting the great crop of the Northwest. The first of the Eastern harvesters' excursions reached the city to-day, containing three train loads, and more are expected to-morrow. Now the provincial government has secured the services of a number of reliable farmers, who will meet each of the harvesters' trains at Port William and give advice to them on board as to the best locality for them to proceed to for immediate employment, and the districts where the grain is ripe and "ready" for cutting will be supplied first. Wheat cutting may now be said to be general throughout Manitoba, and the crop is found to be even heavier than at first estimated.

Clearing House.
Winnipeg clearing house returns for the week ending August 21st are: Clearances, \$3,024,522; balance, \$554,786, and the corresponding week, 1901, clearances were \$1,928,197; balance, \$200,000.

Two Years in Jail.
Wm. Smith was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary to-day for selling a horse bribe.

Fire.
Davidson's bakery at Port Arthur has been destroyed by fire, also Wetherby's harness shop, Read's tinmith and several outbuildings.

Favors Union.
Edney, C. B., Aug. 21.—The Maritime Board of Trade last night passed resolutions favoring the union of Canada and Newfoundland, better relations with the West Indies, and fostering of Canadian exports for the import and export trade of the Dominion. The resolutions were passed this morning passed a resolution

strongly favoring a fast Atlantic service for the Dominion with Halifax as an all year terminal.

OPPOSED TO COMBINES.

Russell Sage Says They Are Oppressors of the People.
New York, Aug. 21.—Russell Sage, in an interview to-day, referred to a published statement quoting Mr. Morgan as saying that the era of great trusts had just begun, and that more gigantic corporations are stored in the near future, some of which may overshadow the steel trust. Mr. Sage said "Whether Mr. Morgan said that or not, combinations of all industries are a menace to true government, not only so, but they are oppressors of the people."
"What will be the result of such an era?" asked a reporter. "In such an event the United States people will revolt against them, and there will be financial ruin for the world of which this country has never seen, or any other."
It was suggested to Mr. Sage that there was a great opinion that combinations at certain times were good things for the country.
"Yes," Mr. Sage replied, "when several industries are starting out in business, it is well for individuals to combine for mutual protection until the business is firmly established. When the business is so established the combinations should be disrupted and conducted on individual lines. Then if one individual became embarrassed it would not mean the wrecking of the industry. I believe it is best to have your provinces so divided among several individuals than combined into one great combination, the embarrassment of which would mean the ruin of all."

ANNIVERSARY OF BATTLE.

French Feeling Against Germany—Two of the Speeches.
Berlin, Aug. 21.—The outburst of French feeling against Germany that took place at the celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Mars La Tour, fought August 16th, 1870, is described circumstantially by a correspondent telegraphing from Strasburg.

Many inhabitants of Lorraine crossed the frontier in order to participate in the ceremonies. Bishop Turinaz, of Metz, addressing these persons, said: "You crossed the border in spite of German cannon, and in spite of unwhipped whips hanging over your provinces, to show fidelity to the old fatherland. Through your very presence you ask the silent, but eloquent questions: How long shall we live for you? When will you come to liberate us?"

General Cuny, who followed, said: "Comrades of 1870—You have come here in order to send fraternal greetings across the Moselle and Vosges to those whose hearts remain French, and say to them that your hope of the future which will wipe out the defeats of the past will never die."

COLOMBIAN SITUATION.
United States Minister in Report to Washington Refers to Seizures of British Vessels.
Washington, Aug. 21.—Minister Hart, at Bogota, Colombia, has called the state department relative to the situation in that country. Referring to the unrest and serious conditions that exist and to the fact that troops are being hurried to the front by the government, he discusses the subject of seizure of vessels by the Colombian government. As the seizures concern British vessels alone, the officials here of the department will not make public or discuss the contents of his dispatch. The United States treaty provides for the seizure of vessels for war purposes upon the payment of proper indemnity.

CAPB POLITICS.

Report That Dr. Smartt Has Been Elected Leader of Progressive Party.
London, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Capetown, says: "The Progressive party has elected Dr. J. W. Smartt to be their leader, remaining Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the Premier."
This probably means that the suspensionist wing of the Progressive party, has chosen as its leader Dr. Smartt, who was Commissioner of Public Works in Sir J. Gordon Sprigg's ministry until May last, when he resigned owing to the agitation for the suspension of the colony's legislation.

THREE NEGROES KILLED.

In Race Riot Which Arose Over Grain Stealing.
Tupelo, Miss., Aug. 21.—It is reported that there is a race riot raging one mile west of Shannon, Miss., a station about 12 miles south of here. Three negroes were reported to have been killed last night. Eight are now in jail at Nettleton, Miss. They will be brought here for safe keeping. Particulars are hard to get at this time for the posse has not returned from the scene yet. It is reported that one white man was shot, but not seriously injured. All the trouble grew from a negro stealing corn.

CONGRESSIONALISTS.

Deputation to Tour Canada Sailed From Liverpool Yesterday.
Liverpool, Aug. 22.—A deputation from the Congressional Union of England left here yesterday for a tour of the Dominion. The deputation will go as far as Vancouver,

LARGE FORCE NOW GUARDING MINES

FIVE THOUSAND POLICE EMPLOYED BY OPERATORS

Protection of Collieries Has Cost the Companies Nearly Two Million Dollars to Date.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 22.—It is estimated that the coal and iron police now guarding the idle collieries in four counties of the anthracite region number 5,000. The employment of so many special guards has necessitated an expenditure by the companies to date of \$1,500,000. Besides paying the special policemen a daily wage the companies supply them with food and lodging. Every coal company in the anthracite district and nearly every washery has its quota of police.
The commissions are all granted by Governor Stone at Harrisburg, and they cost the companies \$4 for the granting and recording of each. Of this sum \$2 goes to the state and \$2 to the county.

WANT TROOPS.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 21.—At midnight Superintendent Hayes, of the Pennsylvania colliery at Morea, asked General Gobin to send troops to that place. He said the foreigners were on the streets discharging firearms and he feared an attack on the non-union firemen and engineers. The governor's troop was dispatched to Morea, but found the place quiet.

An investigation showed that the Hungarians had been celebrating a christening. The authorities there, however, are of the belief that an attack on the non-union workmen was averted only by the presence of the cavalry.

ANOTHER DOLLAR A TON.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 22.—Anthracite coal advanced to \$9 a ton here to-day. This is a jump of \$1 a ton since Wednesday.

MEN QUIT WORK.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 22.—The Butler washery and the Dodge colliery, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company, in which operations were recently resumed, were closed to-day by striking miners. At the Butler washery the men marched out in a body. They assert that all last night strikers in ambush kept up a continuous fire on the washery and the shed in which they slept. Not being afforded sufficient protection they say they decided to quit work. Eighty workmen had been employed at the Dodge colliery, and the strikers prevailed on them to leave the workings. President Nichols, of this district, issued a card to-day saying that the union has positions in the soft coal fields for 350 miners with certificates.

THE FRIAR LANDS.

History of Case Prepared for the Apostolic Delegate to Manila.
Rome, Aug. 22.—The Vatican authorities have completed the collection of documents referring to the Philippines question for the use of the apostolic delegate at Manila, and it is conjectured that his appointment is imminent. A complete history of the negotiations on the subject of the Friar's lands is given, including a summary of the voluminous report of Mgr. Chapelle, the former papal delegate in the Philippines, and the full text of the notes exchanged between Governor Taft and the Vatican. These are supplemented by precise instructions, regarding which secrecy is maintained, though Cardinal Tampona, the papal secretary of state, expresses the hope that the instructions are so framed as to enable the delegates to fulfil the Pope's promise to Governor Taft, namely, to reach a solution satisfactory to both parties.

THE CHINESE SAILORS.

Order Permitting Them to Be Landed at San Francisco Has Been Countermanded.
San Francisco, Aug. 22.—Advice from Washington says that the treasury department has countermanded the order permitting the landing of the 300 Chinese sailors on the steamer Gaelic, which it is alleged are to be transferred to the Korea. Collector of the Port Stratton has been instructed to make a full investigation of the matter. On receipt of his report the treasury department will take further action in the case.

SEIZED COAL.

Haytian Government Prevent Cargo Reaching Firmist Gunboat Crete A. Pierrot.
Port au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 22.—The Cuban steamer Steamship, belonging to the Cameron Steamship Co., which sailed from New York, arrived here to-day with 250 tons of coal intended for the firmist gunboat Crete A. Pierrot. The government seized the coal, declaring it to be contraband of war destined for the revolutionists, and claimed it must be sold in favor of the sender.

RHODES'S BEQUEST.

Land Left to Countess of Warwick Sold For One Million Dollars.
London, Aug. 22.—The Essex County Chronicle says it hears that Cecil Rhodes bequeathed to the Countess of Warwick lands in South Africa, which have been sold for \$1,000,000. The Earl and Countess of Warwick have an estate in Essex, which may account for the local paper obtaining this item of news.

The Countess, who years ago was referred to as "Babbling Brookes," and who was well known as Lady Brookes, the famous beauty, founded the Brookes house, at Reading, for the training of women, and some time ago added to it a colonial department in which women are taught cooking, housewifery, laundry work and dressmaking. Some time before the death of Cecil Rhodes, the Countess published an article on "Training Girls For the Transvaal," in which she directly appealed to Andrew Carnegie for aid in the work. At the time the provisions of Mr. Rhodes's will were made public it was reported he left a large sum of money to the Earl and Countess of Warwick because the Countess more than all other English women best personified British Imperialism from a feminine point of view, but the report was denied by an intimate friend of Rhodes who was familiar with the contents of the will.

BOTH SHAKEN.

Sir Thomas Lipton and the Sultan of Morocco in Automobile Accidents.
London, Aug. 22.—Sir Thomas Lipton was in an automobile accident to-day while coming to town from his country house. His twelve-horse-power car, which he was driving himself, skidded on the wet rails at Wood-green and crashed violently into the iron railing bordering the road. The car was wrecked, and the railing was smashed for a considerable distance by Sir Thomas escaped with a shock and a few bruises.

A special dispatch from Madrid says that advice received from Tangier announces that the Sultan of Morocco had a dangerous accident while automobiling near Fez yesterday. The driver lost control of the car, which dashed into a stone wall, and he was not going fast the Sultan escaped with a sinking up and a fright.

FRENCH AMBASSADORS.

M. Jusserand Will Probably Be the Next Minister at Washington.
Paris, Aug. 22.—The correspondent of the Associated Press was informed that the foreign office to-day that the successor of Jules Cambon as French ambassador at Washington has not yet been appointed, but that M. Jusserand, the French minister at Copenhagen, had been selected for the post. M. Jusserand speaks English fluently, and is the author of several English books. He has been prominently connected with the movement for the development of athletic sports in France. It is not true that M. Cambon is going to St. Petersburg as the successor of the Marquis de Montebello, French ambassador to Russia. It is said on good authority that M. Cambon will be appointed French ambassador at Madrid, succeeding M. Pateuot.

SULTAN IS FRIENDLY.

Assures United States Minister That All Claims Will Be Satisfactorily Settled.
Constantinople, Aug. 22.—Through the medium of Thel-Hey, one of his secretaries, the Sultan sent a friendly message to the United States minister, John G. A. Leishman, to-day, assuring him that all the pending claims of the United States would be complied with and begging the minister to resume his visits to the Porte.

In consequence of these fresh assurances, Mr. Leishman visited the grand vizier, Said Pasha, and the minister of foreign affairs, Tewfik Pasha, to-day. Mr. Leishman and Robert S. McCormick, the United States ambassador to Austria-Hungary, will attend the Selamlik to-morrow, and will probably have an audience with the Sultan.

TAX FRAUDS.

Number of Fraudulent Records Found in Country Treasurer's Office in Chicago.
Chicago, Aug. 22.—Fraudulent records in the county treasurer's office, involving large sums of money, were brought to light yesterday, when it was announced that a forged receipt for \$26,770, taxes assessed against the Maspic Temple, had been issued and that fraudulent entries had been made in the tax books showing the taxes to have been paid. It is stated that similar frauds involving other properties have been committed. No arrests have been made and the identity of the clerks in the treasurer's office who have tampered with the books is not yet known.

LIBRARY FOR DAWSON.

Andrew Carnegie Offers Northern City \$25,000 Under Aerial Conditions.
Dawson, Y. T., Aug. 12, via Seattle, Aug. 22.—Andrew Carnegie has made an offer of \$25,000 to Dawson for a free library for the city if the local government will pledge itself to \$2,500 a year for maintenance. The offer will probably be accepted.

VIEWED MEYER'S REMAINS.

Brussels, Aug. 22.—General Botha, visited the cemetery of Ixelles, near this city, to-day, and saw the body of Gen. Lucas Meyer in the mortuary. Botha, who was deeply moved, stood some time in prayer, and then placed a wreath in the coffin. The body of the Boer general will remain in the mortuary for three months, when it will be taken to South Africa.

IMMIGRATION AGENT ILL.

Ottawa, Aug. 22.—Word has been received here that C. R. Devlin, immigration agent in Ireland, is seriously ill. Mrs. Devlin and her son, Charles, left here to-day for Ireland. Mr. Devlin represented Ottawa in the Dominion House.

TO GATHER IN THE GOLDEN GRAIN

OFFICIALS PROFIT BY PAST EXPERIENCE

Harvesters Distributed as Soon as They Reach Winnipeg—Crop Reports Are Favorable.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—Wheat cutting is in full swing in most districts and the warm and bright weather prevailing will certainly make it general early next week. Of 110 reports received from agents of one of the railroads passing through the principal grain centres in Manitoba and the Northwest, 101 are of the most favorable character that could be desired.

Eastern harvesters arrived in thousands yesterday to assist in the garnering of Western Canada's big crop. The first train reached the city at 14:35, and it had 830 on board. The second came in one hour later with 970. The regular transcontinental express arrived at 8 o'clock and it had 300 on board. The arrivals were a hasty lot of men who looked as if they meant business, and had come West to work.

A special harvester's train left last evening at 8:30 for the West. It had 900 on board, who were engaged for work at points between Winnipeg and Moosejaw. This was the only special train sent out yesterday. The regular train to Glenboro, Deloraine, the main line and the Manitoba & Northwestern took out large contingents this morning. It is likely also that several special trains will be arranged to points which the regular trains cannot accommodate.

The crowd has been excellently made up by railroad officials and representatives of the provincial government, who have been fitted from past experience, and it is likely that the flocking to and overloading of the principal points, which has characterized the distributions in past years, will be avoided. The harvesters this year are more ready to take advice and the officials are better prepared.

Richard Mitchell, the energetic representative of the Northwest Territories, secured more men than any other of the delegates. Speaking to a reporter, Mr. Mitchell said: "We have a magnificent crop this year, and we must have men to help us to reap it. In previous years we have been left in the cold in the matter of harvest hands, while Manitoba points have often been over-crowded. But we are ahead of you this year; we arranged the whole business in advance. I have secured nearly half of those who have already arrived, and if 20,000 are not enough I will take at least 7,000 of them."

REPORT DENIED.

J. W. Gates Is Not Trying to Obtain Iron Company for Steel Combine.
Chicago, Aug. 22.—Elihu H. Gerry, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Company, has returned to Chicago from the East. When asked as to the truth of the reports that John W. Gates is trying to get possession of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company for the United States Steel Corporation, Mr. Gerry said: "The United States Steel Corporation has nothing to do with the matter. About a year ago we did try to get possession of Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. to the extent of making an offer for the property. They made us a counter offer, and neither proposition was satisfactory to the other party. That ended the negotiations, and they have not since been renewed. Mr. Gates is not acting for the United States Steel Corporation."

AFRICAN IMMIGRANTS.

Applicants For Permits Must Have Five Hundred Dollars.
New York, Aug. 23.—A special cable to the Home Office in London says: "Americans seeking fortunes in foreign lands are finding difficulty in getting permission to go to Johannesburg and other towns in the interior of South Africa. Regulations have been issued stipulating that the applicant must have at least \$500 in his possession, or be able to prove that he is in a position to maintain himself in the interior of South Africa. Many applicants for permits have presented themselves at the colonial government office here."

THE CANADIAN REGIMENT.

Ordered to Vacate Barracks at Halifax to Make Room for Troops From England.
Halifax, N. S., Aug. 22.—The Third Royal Canadian regiment has been ordered to vacate Wellington barracks on Sept. 15th to make room for the Royal Garrison regiment, now stationed at Aldershot, England. It is not stated whether the Canadian will be disbanded or removed for other duty.

MISSIONARIES KILLED.

Shanghai, Aug. 21.—The rumors that an Australian missionary named Bruce and an English missionary named Lewis have been murdered at Chen-Chou in Hu-Nan province continue persistently to be heard. They come from native sources. A missionary named Stewart, of Chang-Tsai-Pu, Hu-Nan province, has started on a journey to inquire into the reports. He will be gone a week.

BOND-BLAINE CONVENTION.

Negotiations for Its Ratification Are to Be Reopened.
London, Aug. 22.—Sir Robert Bond, the Premier of Newfoundland, sailed from Liverpool yesterday for Montreal on the Allan line steamer Pretorian on his way to Washington, with full powers from the Imperial government to reopen the negotiations through the British charge d'affaires for the ratification of the Bond-Blaine convention.

The Newfoundland premier has declared himself in favor of free trade with the United States, as against a union of the colony with the Dominion of Canada. His success in obtaining Imperial sanction for his present American visit is the culmination of 12 years of persistent effort, and only this week was he able to convince the government of Canada that the ratification of the convention, and the non-ratification of the convention, and able to secure its consent for the resumption of the reciprocity negotiations. The premier of Newfoundland will also be in getting to work and the British charge d'affaires will communicate with the state department shortly after the premier's arrival in America.

AMERICAN LAND SEEKERS.

Crops Attract Large Numbers and the Hotels in Winnipeg are Crowded.
Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—As the harvest advances the weather gets brighter and warmer and as a consequence the farmers are able to put in from 14 to 16 hours daily in wheat getting. Not only will this season's crop exceed that of any previous year in point of quantity, but the more the wheat is handled, the more evident it becomes that it will easily grade No. 1 hard. The eastern harvesters as they arrive are taken in hand by farmers' delegates and forwarded without loss of time to their destinations. There is also a very heavy influx of American land seekers in the city, even in the hotels being crowded with them.

KILLED ON WETTERHORN.

Two Londoners Lost Their Lives While Ascending the Mountain—Guides Also Dead.
Grindelwald, Switzerland, Aug. 22.—The bodies of two Londoners named Fearon and those of two guides who started on August 19th to ascend Wetterhorn and who did not return have been found by a search party near the summit of the mountain. Two of the party were apparently killed by lightning and two met their death by falls.

THE VICTIMS.

London, Aug. 22.—The two Fearons killed on the Wetterhorn were the Rev. R. B. Fearon and H. C. D. Fearon, an inspector of factories.

SKAGWAY-JUNEAU CABLE.

Operators Give Up Hopes of Being Able to Repair the Line.
Tacoma, Wn., Aug. 22.—Skagway dispatches say that although the Skagway-Juneau cable is not broken the government crew of experts have stopped operations towards repairing and given up the proposition in despair. The trouble arises chiefly from great kinks in the line, which is so loosely laid that it went to the bottom in coils. The insulation has been broken in so many places that an entire new cable seems to be necessary. The line is 100 miles long. It was laid last fall, but has been operated only a few weeks.

YOUNG CORBETT.

The Pugilist Is Now Seeking Training Quarters.
Cincinnati, O., Aug. 22.—Young Corbett, with his manager and trainers, arrived to-day and took quarters temporarily in a hotel. To the afternoon he went to look for training quarters. It is probable that he will choose the place on Price's Hill, where his office was on training for the fight, which was enjoined.

SITUATION IMPROVING.

No Necessity for so Many Warships in Venezuelan Waters.
Washington, May 22.—The state department is in receipt of a cablegram from Minister Bowen, at Caracas, saying that he could spare two of the war vessels now in Venezuelan waters. This information is taken to mean that the situation in Venezuela has improved.

DELAYS DEPARTURE.

Member of Suite of Grand Duke Boris Is Ill in Chicago.
Chicago, Aug. 23.—Grand Duke Boris, of Russia, has postponed his departure from Chicago indefinitely, owing to the illness of Chevalier de Schaack, personal attaché to the Duke. The patient has some symptoms of typhoid fever, and a physician is in constant attendance at his hotel.

MISTAKEN FOR BURGLAR.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 22.—At Carlinville, Ill., last night, Rev. Henry Turner, pastor of the colony Baptist church, shot and killed his six-year-old son, whom he mistook for a burglar. The father, who was heartbroken over the affair, was arrested, but to-day the coroner's jury discharged him.

AUTOMOBILE RECORD.

London, Aug. 22.—C. J. Farrant, the automobilist, to-day at Welbeck did a kilometre (about 1,093 yards) with a flying start in 28.15 seconds, and beat the record, 29.25 seconds, made recently by W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., in France.

NEWS NOTES FROM EASTERN CANADA

TELEPHONE LINEMAN KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

Six Thousand Harvesters Arrived in Winnipeg Yesterday—Principal Parkin's Trip.

Montreal, Aug. 22.—An organization containing 3,500 men has just been completed in Montreal, and it will overshadow in point of numbers all other labor bodies of the city. The charter was received to-day from the secretary of the Brotherhood of International Longshoremen and Marine and Transport Workers' Association of Detroit. The freight handlers and grain scoopers are also in the organization.

Attended McKinley.

Galt, Ont., Aug. 22.—Dr. Geo. McK. Hail, son of W. T. Hall, of Galt, was the first physician who attended the late President McKinley, after he was shot, and the United States government has just remunerated his services with two thousand dollars.

Parkin's Trip.

Toronto, Aug. 22.—Principal Parkin will first travel through Canada and then around the world, the trip occupying two years, in connection with the Rhodes scholarships.

Died of Typhoid.

Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 22.—Rev. Father John Hinchey died this morning of typhoid. He had been rector of St. Joseph's church since 1892, and was aged 39.

Threatened Action.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—D. M. Davidson, of Port Arthur, has threatened W. Schindler, hotelkeeper, with action for \$100 damages. Davidson alleges he was accused of setting fire to his building for the insurance. A writ has been issued.

Harvesters.

Six thousand harvesters from the East arrived in the city to-day.

Litheman's Death.

Alex. T. McLean, lineman for the Bell Telephone Company, has been killed by a live wire in Fort Rouge. He had been 14 years in the company's employ.

Conservative Members.

A party of Conservative leaders will arrive in the city on September 2nd on their way to British Columbia to hold a series of meetings. On September 5th they proceed direct to British Columbia. Following are the members of the party: R. L. Borden, F. D. Monk, M. P. of Jacques Cartier, Westmoreland; E. F. Clarke, M. P., Toronto; West: W. H. Bennett, M. P., Simcoe East; W. B. Northrup, M. P., Hastings East; A. C. Bell, M. P., Picton; H. A. Powell, ex-M. P., for Westmoreland; George W. Fowler, M. P., for Restigouche, and others. Many will be accompanied by their wives.

The Fire at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, Ont., Aug. 21.—Early this morning fire broke out in D. M. Davidson's bakery, on Park street, and before the firemen arrived, the building, a wooden one, was doomed, and before the fire was controlled it had destroyed the Davidson building and the adjoining one to the east of the laundry, owned by Wiley Brothers, and occupied by H. E. Reid, tinsmith, and a barn in the rear of William Swiggler, of the Mining Exchange hotel. The loss has not yet been ascertained, but it is understood that it is fairly well covered by insurance.

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CANADA'S MANIFEST DESTINY.

Our enterprising, energetic, progressive and genial Southern neighbors are manifesting great interest in Canada now that our day of active development has dawned in earnest. A correspondent of the Buffalo News calls on the United States to annex Canada and thus command the food supply of the world. This contributor does not think it can be possible that the United States, which controls most of the wealth, shipping and industries of the great lakes, "will allow a foreign monarchial power much longer to hamper its trade with international regulations and control the only outlet that goes naturally to the ocean of states whose population is about six times that of Canada."

The Cleveland Leader points out that "Canada will come into the Union, sooner or later. Then the canal system of the Dominion will be a source of pride to all Americans and a valuable asset to the American republic. The Dominion is providing a handsome dowry for the marriage which may be delayed, but will surely take place in the end." The New York Tribune, chief mouthpiece of the Republican party and the property of Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the special ambassador sent by the United States to grace the coronation festivities in connection with the formal enthronement of Edward VII, admits that Canada is a land greatly to be desired, that its territory would make several fine states and that its people would make most admirable citizens, yet upon the subject of annexation the American people are as a whole profoundly indifferent.

Should Canada, with the full and free consent of Great Britain, ask for annexation, the people of the United States would probably vote to grant it, though by no means unanimously. They assuredly would not take a single initiatory step toward either coercing or persuading Canada into annexation. Such an assurance as the above is comforting. The present generation of Canadians have been working earnestly to make themselves as independent as possible of the United States, the idea of a union has not been contemplated seriously, and if our neighbors should become imbued with the purpose of gathering us into the fold sacred to the free will nilly, there might be trouble. There is a fixed purpose in the minds of our people to shape their own destinies, and any nation, no matter how powerful, which should determine to change that purpose by force might encounter unlooked-for obstacles. Our national assets are valuable now. We do not wonder that they are beginning to excite the cupidity of a nation which aspires to become the greatest power on earth. Our canals and our transportation system generally are, comparatively, not by any means insignificant, but they are a mere cypher compared with the potentialities buried in our wheat fields and in the mountains and valleys of British Columbia and the West. It is at present the settled purpose of Canadians to retain the control of all this wealth in their own hands. We are looking forward to a union which promises to produce a greater power than ever the pissant United States. We were the originators of the movement which opened the eyes of the British people in all parts of the earth to the possibilities of a Greater Britain. Now that the process of consolidation has commenced, we are not likely to be the first to look back even at the alluring prospect of being invited to form a partnership with the "greatest republic the world has ever known." The snubbing and bullying we have undergone in the past cannot be expected to be forgotten in a year or two. Whether mistakenly or not, there is an impression on this side of the border that the United States has taken advantage of our fancied weakness and helplessness to heap wrongs upon us that were not in harmony with the spirit of liberty which should animate a great and free people. If the attitude of the United States had been different the destiny of Canada might have been different. We call attention to these facts not in any spirit of hostility but in commendation of the spirit of the New York Tribune which talk in the attention of newspapers which talk in a different strain. The Seattle Times, for instance, says the time is not far distant when there will be only one form of government north of the Isthmus of Panama and between the two oceans. The opinion of our Seattle contemporary, to be sure, is not of any considerable value. Nevertheless it would be a very unwise thing to preach the doctrine of the forcible annexation of Canada. It would be the extreme form of folly and insanity if the press of the United States generally were to adopt the propaganda of the forcible extension of the northern boundaries of the republic. The average American mind is not capable of reasoning soundly when it becomes imbued with the expansion idea. It simply laughs at the notion of any other power undertaking to stand in the way of its desires.

The New York Sun, the one newspaper in the United States which seemingly cannot understand why there should be a patriotism in this country capable of repelling all thoughts of absorption, foresees trouble before the present movement of population from the south to the north comes to an end. It contends that the veritable forces now crossing the border will not remain content with a merely passive influence in the affairs of the territory they are about to wake into industrial activity. It claims there will soon be an outlander opinion in our Northwest and that it will be exercised

in favor of annexation. Of course there can be no fair comparison between the naturalization laws of Britain, which are the freest in the world and designed to speedily make good subjects of all who desire a voice in the affairs of the state, with those of the late Transvaal, which were framed for the special purpose of maintaining a certain class in power and excluding the majority from rights conceded by all popular forms of government. The Sm's expectations will never be realized, if the experience of the past be an indication of the nature of the developments of the future. No American who has yet settled in Canada has found fault with the laws as administered. The farmer who settles in the Northwest with the conditions there quite as satisfactory as in the place from whence he came. The law in Canada is not obtrusive. The peaceable, order-loving citizen may pass through life without any personal experience of its operations. Yet in its workings it very much resembles the decrees of nature. The wrong-doer seldom escapes the penalties his lapses call down upon his head. "If a sentiment in favor of annexation arises in the future, it is no more likely to develop among the farmers in the Northwest than in the ranks of the miners of the West or in the cities of the East. A people endowed with a fair share of worldly prosperity have seldom been known to rise up and demand a change in their political condition.

PHEASANT SHOOTING SEASON.

If it be true that the powers which hold the fate of the cock pheasants in the hollow of their hands have determined to set the man and boy with the gun upon them a month earlier than usual, all we can do is deplore the fate of the poor half-fledged chicks. Give the cock pheasant a chance to mature and he will, as a general thing, give the most experienced fowler a run for the excitement of a crack at him. But by the first of September the spring bird has not arrived at the months of discretion. He is not gifted with the power of discerning the meaning of the sportsman's operations, the disposition of the sportsman or the murderous nature of the plusive weapon that is directed at him as he sits and gazes stupidly at the manoeuvres of the animals he fails to recognize as his special enemies. More than that, in many cases it will be impossible on the first of September to distinguish the ill-fated cock from his sisters, the conscientious sportsman (we believe there are shooters with a small remnant of conscience left) will invariably lower his weapon when he is afflicted with doubts, while his less scrupulous brother will take everything that rises (or sits). The foregoing are some objections to the premature proclamation of the pheasant shooting season. There are others which will occur to all who are familiar with the various phases of the question. The crops of the farmers have not yet all been gathered. The relations between the owners and occupiers of the land and sportsmen are somewhat strained at present, for which misanthropic, careless and selfish element in the ranks of the Nimrods are largely to blame. (There should be a law to regulate immature shooters as well as to preserve immature birds.) These relations will not be improved if men and dogs trudge through standing grain. But it may be claimed that this year the farmer has his remedy in the law against trespass. Many farmers, after the manner of numerous town dwellers, will not resort to law except under extreme provocation. They should be protected by all true sportsmen by an effort to persuade the Ministers that their proposed course would be ill-adviced. Then the onslaught upon this king of game birds would be so terrific before he has had an opportunity of learning how to take reasonable care of himself that there would be a danger of practical extermination in some districts. It may be urged in justification of the proposed course that the pheasants have become a nuisance to those engaged in agricultural pursuits, and that the demand for their partial annihilation at least is imperative. To that argument it is impossible for the residents of a city to object, except to point out in a general way that it is scarcely consistent with the complaint of sportsmen being a public nuisance in the country. We hope wiser counsels may prevail, and wiser counsels, from the point of view at which we write, would certainly hold the first of October as the proper time to bring in the pheasant shooting season.

LABOR REPRESENTATIVES.

The path of the man who would be a leader in the labor party is usually not strewn with fragrant roses. It is generally rough, and the career of he who essays to travel over it is commonly short. We do not know why these things are so, but there is plenty of evidence that they are so. There is one exception to this rule of brevity, we believe, that of Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The career of this conservative, clear-headed chief of one of the solidest and most successful labor organizations is a credit to himself and to those who have had the acumen to perceive when they were well served and are sufficiently free from the meaner traits of humanity, of which envy is the worst, to continue to honor him with their confidence. It is rumored that Ralph Smith, M. P., no longer possesses the confidence of the labor party in Nanaimo. No man

can attain to the position Mr. Smith has held without making enemies. And workmen who aspire to political honors probably make more bitter enemies than politicians of any other class. This is another trait that is far from creditable to labor, and while it obtains the labor party can never wield an influence in public affairs consonant with its numerical strength. Mr. Smith is not the man to attempt to conciliate his enemies with honeyed words. He is a hard hitter and a skilful fighter, as well as a man of more than average ability. He made his mark immediately in the House of Commons at Ottawa and gained favor with the Laurier government because the demands he made upon the administration were practicable and possible to grant. The counsels of Mr. Smith were in accordance with the ideas of the government and with the will of the majority of the government's supporters, the result being that within recent years more legislation has been put upon the statute books of the Dominion in the interests of the laboring classes than in all the previous years of Canada's history. A department of labor has been established, the infamous sweating system on government contracts has been abolished, and in all government works the union scale of wages must be paid, and the union regulations abided by. In the matter of the regulation of immigration the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier has not been able to go as far as the representatives of labor desire. Canada needs population above everything else and it will be a great many years before any federal government will impose restrictions upon immigrants which in the judgment of practical men might be prejudicial to the interests of the country as a whole and retard development. In this connection it may be well to remember that some of the classes who when they took up their residence in the Northwest were regarded with a good deal of disfavor have since arrived at the months of discretion. He is not gifted with the power of discerning the meaning of the sportsman's operations, the disposition of the sportsman or the murderous nature of the plusive weapon that is directed at him as he sits and gazes stupidly at the manoeuvres of the animals he fails to recognize as his special enemies. More than that, in many cases it will be impossible on the first of September to distinguish the ill-fated cock from his sisters, the conscientious sportsman (we believe there are shooters with a small remnant of conscience left) will invariably lower his weapon when he is afflicted with doubts, while his less scrupulous brother will take everything that rises (or sits).

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PROPOSED "REVIVAL"

Mr. Borden, the leader of the Conservative party in Canada, accompanied by a retinue of prominent followers, is to make a tour of British Columbia. We are told the object of the visit of the leader is to shake up the dry bones of the party, to breathe a new spirit into it and stir it into activity, if possible. We hardly looked for such a confession as that. It is a tradition in the party that the country is "naturally" Conservative, that British Columbia is the most Conservative province of a Conservative country, and that it was only in a moment of temporary aberration, or of "weakness," as one who was once high in the counsels of the party but has lately been relegated to a back seat, would say, that the Liberals were entrusted with the management of public affairs. It is a reassuring sign, from the point of view of a Conservative, that the admission is made that there is necessity for a revival in the disordered ranks. The opposition has made some very wild charges against the government, but since the victory of 1900, which convinced it that it was not by a fluke it was turned out of office, it has not been aggressive in a general sense. For instance, it has in a manner condemned the British preference of the Laurier government, but it has not said unequivocally that it would repeal it. That is one of the questions of considerable importance to British Columbia, as we feel that it is greatly surprised if Mr. Borden leaves as any wiser on the point than he found us. His supporters, men and newspapers, claim the National Policy is still in force, and at the same time that that preference is contrary to the spirit of the National Policy. Now how can these things be? We doubt, very much whether Mr. Borden will tell us. We shall wait and see.

After the dry bones have been shaken up and given an appearance of life through the galvanic appliances of the leader, the voters of British Columbia are to be divided like sheep and goats, and branded for provincial purposes. That is a heavy task, as other Conservative leaders who have tried it in Eastern provinces have found out. It weakened rather than strengthened the party in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. There is practically no opposition in either of those provinces, and the governments are Liberal. But Mr. Borden is supposed to be an astute politician, and no doubt he thinks he has been well advised. The people of British Columbia will await with some curiosity the arrival of this potent factor in their affairs. He is a clever man, this new leader, more polished than his predecessor and more guarded in his utterances. British Columbia is to be honored with the first glance at the programme which is expected to carry the country about three years hence. That fact alone will insure the chieftain large audiences at every point in his tour.

COMPULSORY DOMESTIC SERVICE

We think we are troubled with a domestic help problem in British Columbia, but there are countries in a less enviable position than ours. We do not love the Chinaman and would find dispense with his services, but in a pinch he will do it. The householders of Australia have been reduced to such a state of desperation that a prominent newspaper is advocating compulsory service for young women up to a certain age. The proposition is a rather startling one, but there are precedents in a compulsory service of a far less honorable and useful character. The continental nations of Europe compel their young men who cannot buy substitutes to serve a term in the army. The only plan upon which such service can be justified is that the discipline is beneficial to the young fellows and fits them for the further duties of life. There is, of course, the additional contention that the nation must be maintained in a position to cope with all possible enemies. In these times household work is, the sages tell us, undeservedly despised. Every young woman should know how to superintend a household. Such knowledge can only be acquired by practical experience. If a compulsory law were passed all the young women in Australia would be diverted from the paths they have mapped out for themselves contrary to the apparent decrees of nature, man would once more become the industrial animal he was in the beginning, and the household help difficulty would be permanently removed. More important, perhaps, the only other consideration we do not see is that the unreasoning and the nonsensical stigma which the world in its animosity has placed upon the position of those who work for hire in a household as distinguished from lady clerks, salesladies and lady workers generally, would be removed at one grand swoop and a sane code would be established. At least, that seems probable, although there is no creature more obstinate than man in sticking to opinions once he has acquired them. The more absurd and ridiculous these opinions are, the more firm they are. The only question is whether any statesman will be found in Australia with the courage to propose this great reform. Minor questions, comparatively, have engaged the attention of parliament for nearly a year. Such a subject as that proposed by the paper of the southern continent would take at least six months to decide. The servant problem will probably remain a problem in all countries until some practical men do cap and apron and do the despised work at better wages than they could obtain by their calling for an equal expenditure of energy. That movement has already commenced, and in the East, too, where the crisis is not by any means so acute as it is in the West. An exchange says: E. Frank Fuller, advertising in a Syracuse, N. Y., paper asking for a job as general-housework servant. He is a widower, familiar with all phases of housekeeping and says that he can pickle, wash and iron, enact the parts of the cook and the waitress, mind the baby, dust and take care of the furnace.

THE ALASKA BOUNDARY.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer accepts as authentic the news originating at Skagway that some old Russian landmarks defining the boundary of British territory in Alaska have been discovered by the official sent out by the United States government to investigate the report that a Canadian surveyor had been caught in the act of destroying these alleged interesting monuments. The Sound paper naturally congratulates the national government on the discovery of this much-needed additional proof that there is "nothing to arbitrate" in connection with this disturbing boundary question. We fear our contemporary did not read the news published in its columns as carefully as it should have done, bearing in mind the importance of the subject. The information came in the first instance from Indians, who, as a rule, are not the most reliable purveyors of news. Their intelligence was buttressed by traditions, handed down in the aboriginal manner from father to son, of the erosion of claims by the Russian to mark the domain of the territory they claimed as theirs. This valuable lore was appropriated and enlarged upon by Skagway newspapers, which are as "yellow" as the resources of that barren region, depending for the life that is in it upon the Canadian trade that passes through its portals, will permit. If the boundary line were drawn in accordance with the demands of Canadians and justice, there would be no Skagway, therefore the

enterprising Skagwayans are not greatly to be blamed for discovering, with the assistance of the Indians, the monuments which are more creditable to their imagination than to their veracity. But the enterprise of those energetic northerners will not permit them to be content with the limited amount of territory their fair-minded, generous statesmen have managed to squat upon to the apparently permanent injury of the rightful owners. The Post-Intelligencer was so eager to find even a semblance of proof of the justice of the position of the government it supports that it failed to discern the absurdity of the story it commented upon. With the assistance of the voracious Indian observance, the boundary has been pushed back to thirty marine leagues from the coast instead of the original ten. Two intact Russian monuments have been discovered in addition to the one partially destroyed by the Canadian surveyor who was fearful of the effect of the testimony of those mute witnesses upon the claims of this country. They are all thirty marine leagues from the coast, and will be called upon to prove that the professional boundary which the Americans in their generosity conceded robs the citizens of the United States of a vast extent of rich territory. The whole of the Porcupine country will soon be proclaimed part of God's country again, and the pistol will once more be the law of that lucky region. Its escape from the tyranny and injustice of British rule has been a narrow one.

There are one or two weak links in the chain of evidence the Skagwayans present, however. We are rather surprised that the Post-Intelligencer did not discover them and refrain from making itself ridiculous by quoting that in confirmation of the strength of the United States position on the boundary question. The Russians deny that there were ever any boundary monuments erected by them. The coast range of mountains and the line of the sea-coast were the landmarks designed by the treaty as the bases from which a settlement was to be reached when in the course of events it became necessary to apportion to each nation its rightful share of territory. However, if it is waste of time and energy to argue that the United States occupies an untenable position. That position is fortified by possession. The nation knows that even if it could be dispossessed by force, the time has gone by for such barbarous practices. It takes advantage of this modern sentiment and tells us there is nothing to arbitrate. "We are in possession. What do you propose to do about it?" Such a position appears unworthy of a great nation, yet it must be candidly confessed few nations would so humbly surrender advantages which have been acquired in a similar manner, through the lack of vigilance of the rightful claimant. The special weakness in this case lies in the fact that the nation which posed as a great, inter-national moral power and policeman, with a determination to guard the rights of weaker states on this continent in the case of Venezuela a few years ago, is now a wanton violator of the principles it so loudly professed, a deliberate squalor upon territory to which its acts confirm the conviction that it feels it has no title save that of strength. But, as the Post-Intelligencer accepts the story of those Indians and believes that the piles of stone have actually been discovered and that the title of the United States is now beyond question, perhaps it will urge its government to submit a case it cannot lose to arbitration, and so remove the reproach that has been brought upon the name of the republic by its attitude on the boundary question.

ALAS, POOR MAN!

A New York woman on her deathbed made a will, in which she bequeathed her husband to another woman. Poor man! he is gradually losing all the rights and privileges he once thought he possessed. In his younger days he kept the doors of his own house open to the women of his own district. Later experience often raises doubts in his mind upon this point. To his inner self he will probably be candid enough to admit that there were influences at work which he little suspected and which helped materially in reducing him to subjection. Now when his perceptions have been enlarged by experience and when he has arrived at the stage where he may be said to know his own mind and is in a position to display wisdom in his choice, when he has been set free by death or the divorce court, this new method of curtailing his privileges has been devised. Driven out of various avenues of employment by the competition of she who was originally intended to be his helpmeet, this new scheme of still further driving him afield on the great plains of liberty and handing him down from one woman to another has been concocted. No wonder Chicago, that Mecca of the American man, is growing so rapidly. Even there, of course, deserted now, as the little garrisons were withdrawn soon after the declaration of peace. We have black boys to look after us, do the cooking, etc. They cannot look like white men, but they are not so bad, and they cost nothing, as we are allowed a boy each to look after us. "Quite a body of our soldiers, with two field guns, went through here to-day bound for Basutoland, whence came rumors of a rising of the natives. "I tried to get work in the coal mines in Natal and I got the promise of a job as soon as one is available. Wages there are fifteen shillings a day, and the mines are entirely free from gas. Each white man has to run a gang of black boys. I liked Durban very much. It has a tropical climate, and oranges and bananas grow in abundance and are very cheap. The suburbs of the town stretch for miles along the hillside over-

near the speaker. They were not satisfied until they had given three hearty cheers and one cheer more, and sung "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." Tall, thin, and distinguished, with the thin ascetic face of a priest, the flowing locks of a poet, the telling gestures of the orator, and the cool air of Mr. Chamberlain, Sir Wilfrid was a picturesque figure as he stood, with his quiet smile, waiting for the cheers to subside. In him his hearers recognized a strong and picturesque force, poet and proud Canadian and loyal Imperialist, and a man of affairs in one person, who stood for the rights and dignities of the colonies on one hand, and the solid might of the empire on the other. His speech, a quiet mixture of American slap-dash and soft French inflection, was in keeping with the sentiment of the speech. The roar of applause with which the guests greeted a casual reference to them as "my fellow-countrymen," was significant as showing the esteem in which Sir Wilfrid is held in the mother country.

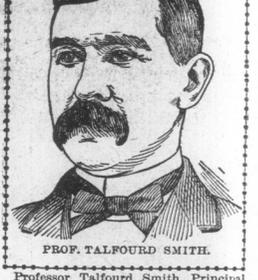
Major-General the Earl of Dundonald holds some interesting and original views on Imperial defence. The colonies, he considers, should be encouraged in every way to provide their own peace garrisons, since the presence of English regiments tends to weaken their own defence. These English and colonial armies, he further considers, should be linked by a system of interchanging officers, which would be preferable to offering commissions to colonial candidates in the home army. As the colonies grow they will no longer be content to have English officers provided for them, and we should aim, says Lord Dundonald, at bestowing commands in our own army upon distinguished colonials, admit them to our staff college, and so build up a thoroughly Imperial staff. The colonial cadet who enters the English army and spends his life in it ceases to be regarded as a colonist, so that if he gains distinction in his career his countrymen do not take much credit in his success. Obviously this must be the case, but the evil would be removed if we could effect exchanges between English and colonial officers, and make the whole British army an Imperial force.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM SOUTH AFRICA

Albert Heald, who left Victoria with Last Contingent, writes of His Experiences. Syd. Heald, of this city, has received a letter from his brother Albert, who went with the last contingent to South Africa. Heald writes from Harrismith, Orange River colony, under date July 10th, that 110 members of the contingent elected to remain in South Africa, and, excepting those, including the writer, who had already got work, were sent up to Newcastle, where the government would assist them to settle on the land, or would give them 30 days' extra pay, and 40 days' rations while they looked for work. In the event of their being unable to get anything, they would be given the option of being sent home or left to look after themselves. Turning to his own affairs the writer says: "Leonard and I got work on the Imperial military railway that is being built between Harrismith and Bethlehem. O. R. C. Leonard is bossing a gang of black boys working in the pit or quarry, from which they get the ballast for the track, and I am directing drilling operations and superintending the blasting in the same pit. We have a fine fellow for our chief, an ex-sergeant from the service. He did not know much about blasting, and was glad when we came along. White men do not work in this country, they only have to see that the black boys do it. Wages are not very high—ten shillings a day. We are living in a tent right out on the veldt. It is typical South African country—all kopje and plains. On every little kopje one can see the multitudes of black houses, which were a splendid contrivance, which were assured that Kitchener's name would be remembered in South Africa. I have been in several of the blockhouses, but they are, of course, deserted now, as the little garrisons were withdrawn soon after the declaration of peace. We have black boys to look after us, do the cooking, etc. They cannot look like white men, but they are not so bad, and they cost nothing, as we are allowed a boy each to look after us. "Quite a body of our soldiers, with two field guns, went through here to-day bound for Basutoland, whence came rumors of a rising of the natives. "I tried to get work in the coal mines in Natal and I got the promise of a job as soon as one is available. Wages there are fifteen shillings a day, and the mines are entirely free from gas. Each white man has to run a gang of black boys. I liked Durban very much. It has a tropical climate, and oranges and bananas grow in abundance and are very cheap. The suburbs of the town stretch for miles along the hillside over-

"PE-RU-NA NECESSARY TO THE HOME"

[By Prof. Talford Smith, of Georgia.]



PROF. TALFOURD SMITH.

Professor Talford Smith, Principal Sileas High School, Sileas, Ga., writes: "With much pleasure I recommend Peru-na to all who may be suffering with any trouble of the respiratory organs. I have been using it in my family for the past five or six years and find it to be almost a household necessity. Peru-na is truly a grand catarrh remedy and general tonic and will do all that is claimed for it by the manufacturers." ---PROF. TALFOURD SMITH. Catarrh is inflammation of the mucous membrane. It may be in the mucous membrane lining the eyes or the pelvic organs, throat, stomach, liver, bowels or kidneys. Peru-na is catarrh wherever located. Peru-na cures catarrh wherever located. Peru-na is an internal remedy; not a local application. Catarrh is a systemic disease, not a local disease. If Peru-na will cure catarrh in one place it will cure it in any other place, because Peru-na is a systemic remedy. It reaches the disease through the circulation in each organ. It eradicates the disease by eradicating it from the system. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus O.

SOUND STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

Tacoma Chamber of Commerce Will Operate in Securing Improvement. The action taken by the board of trade in regard to the improvement of the steamship service between this port and Tacoma, is meeting with approval on the other side. Tacoma people are specially interested, and seeing the reports on the subject published in the Times, the chamber of commerce of that city have taken the matter up. In a letter to F. B. Whitelaw, secretary of the board, J. S. Whitelaw, secretary of the chamber of commerce, writes that the chamber is glad to see the prompt and energetic manner in which the board has taken hold of the matter, and assures the board of the active co-operation of the chamber in securing an improved service. In order to reach Victoria, Tacoma people have decided to send the ship to Seattle, which adds considerably to the expense of the trip, and is also inconvenient, or else they have to get up at 4 o'clock in the morning, take the steamer leaving Tacoma at 5 a.m., which reaches Seattle at 7, and kick their heels round that city until the steamer leaves at 8 o'clock. The consequence of this state of affairs is that many Tacoma people who would like to come here for a few days now and then choose some more easily accessible place instead. Seattle, and the tourist trade is, generally speaking, more valuable than that of the latter city. The special committee of the board of trade appointed to interview the general manager of the Alaska Steamship Company in regard to the improvement of the service have not as yet received a response, as Mr. Peabody has not yet come over for the promised interview.

President Roosevelt, on his arrival at Hartford, Conn., yesterday afternoon, was cordially welcomed by a committee of representative citizens. He was taken for a drive around the city in an automobile.

Emperor William, in accepting Admiral von Dredrich's resignation, referred in highly flattering terms to his services in Asia and the reorganization of navy, and appointed him honorary admiral of the naval corps.

The New York Evening Post says: "The governing committee of the Stock Exchange, it was learned definitely Tuesday, will take cognizance of the developments in the suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific railroad, because of the alleged connection of several members of the exchange with the case."

VANCOUVER NEWS WERE TURNED LOCAL TEAM WON MARGIN OF F They Batted the Ball All C een Hits Made Off V Two Pitchers.

BASEBALL.

Victoria won. There was cause for anxiety on the part of supporters of any time dur at Oak Bay yesterday. Started winning in the very and kept it their way until didn't require the vigorous meant encouragement of the little squad in the grandst right of the press game. "troubled with nerves" be was in the box for the visit country, it was Law who o to that disposition, and who for in the five and a half pitched the Victoria lads bat anywhere and at any time. They made thirteen hits off very properly concluded to There is some excuse for expression on the faces of a group of Vancouverites. It course, be there, but they a to want to see. Yesterday with commendable loyalty lent, they staked freely on the uniform nine; yesterday money belonged to somebody Vancouver men, however, to enticed them to the table. Victoria grandstand. But they a to better article than the terday if Manager Conn we the great and only Jerry F. R. Bottiger, will certainly b closer to the ball when it way if they want to justify color "Sandy" Helton. Schwengers pitched for the greation, but was somewhat trol. It looked at one time it itors would be satisfied. The Victoria twirler fled unmerely and had five put credit.

McCormell played in hard had three errors, and yet splendid game. Most of n errors are excusable, and he a ego to redeem himself before tates have passed. Smith, g with commendable loyalty catches and stops that ea rounds of applause. Wheeler man in the field, took every came his way. He was a prove. Rithey's batting was of the day. He simply bang just where it couldn't be fl batting average was consid to score yesterday.

Vancouver didn't score in ning. Broadhurst got first on his career was stopped on sec same disaster overtaken by B the other hand Victoria scored. O'Neill swiped a three-bagge field demonstration in the g and came home with a bang. He was followed across the Schwengers, who had got his being hit. That gave Victoria it satisfied the crowd.

Vancouver got a dividend of c the second, Hebebreit and ing home on errors by McCo Potts. This tickled Teddy Ho arose from his seat, shrieked and wanted to be gett different Vancouver. "Ded one sat upon. If he hadn't would have been out twenty-f Victoria added another two in of the second and Vancouver a third. The local did the ear part of the third, and Vancouver with another in the fourth. In Victoria's part of the fou tress, happened with a vengeance. He was followed across the Schwengers, who had got his being hit. That gave Victoria it satisfied the crowd.

Vancouver didn't score again seventh, when they got one. which they made three, and their total up to eight. In the toria scored one, and two in t Law was relieved by Freeman cover's box in the fifth and Je Victoria down to five hits from The game closed thirteen to The score and summary follo Vancouver.

Table with 4 columns: Name, a, b, r, h, p. Rows include Broadhurst, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, t, u, v, w, x, y, z.

McCormell, a. b. r. h. p. Rithey, 1b. 5. 2. 1. 3. 4. Schwengers, p. 5. 2. 1. 3. 4. Potts, c. f. 5. 1. 0. 1. 2. Bottiger, c. f. 5. 0. 1. 1. 2. Helton, 3b. 4. 1. 0. 0. O. R. C. Leonard, 3b. 4. 1. 0. 0. Hebebreit, r. f. 3. 1. 0. 0. Law, p. and c. f. 3. 1. 0. 0. Total 34 8 5 23

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SARY HOME... of Georgia... I recommend... suffering with... family for... find it to... remedy and... all that is... manufacturers... of the mucous... of the mucous... or the pelvis... bowels or... ever located... nely; not a... cure catarrh... in any other... systemic rem... through the... it eradicates... from the... pt and satis... of Peruna... an, giving a... and he will... valuable ad... President of... Columbus O... of monkeys... town. I stayed... I saw in... great havoc... The tower... half stop... repairing the... pretty badly... aged to keep... for it is a... the position... must have... d by the de... fense of... and deter... Drakensberg... an Denan's... t through... over. One... might be had... try. To settle... dly and... seemed very... am the... not think... ar." SERVICE... ce Will Co... ce board of... vement of... n in this port... eeting with... y interest... the sub... the cham... have taken... to E. B... ard, J. S... e chamber... energetic... has taken... aures the... tion of the... proved ser... Tacoma... the night in... bly to the... also incom... get up as... the steam... in which... their heels... mer leaves... nce of this... Tacoma... here for... some ins... instead... l city than... is, gener... than that... the board of... the general... ship Com... ment of the... their pur... yet come... ew. arrival at... afternoon... committee... He was... city in an... g Admiral... rferred in... services in... of navy... admiral of... at says:... the Stock... definitely... the Power... railroad... ction of... ngo with

VANCOUVER NINE WERE TURNED DOWN

LOCAL TEAM WON BY MARGIN OF FIVE RUNS

They Batted the Ball All Over—Eighteen Hits Made by Visitors' Two Pitchers.

Victoria won. There was really no cause for anxiety on the part of the local supporters at any time during the game at Oak Bay yesterday. Ricketts' men at the bat all over—Eighteen hits made by visitors' two pitchers.

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Runs by Innings. Vancouver 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9. Victoria 2 2 1 5 1 2 0 0 -13.

Summary. Earned Runs—Victoria, 7; Vancouver, 2. Stolen Bases—Potts, Smith, Schwengers, R. Boettiger.

Three Base Hits—Rithet (2); McConnell and Double Plays—McConnell to Burnes to Ricketts.

Struck Out—By Schwengers, 3; by Law, 5; by Freeman, 6. Wild Pitch—Schwengers.

Hit by Pitched Ball—By Law, 1; by Schwengers, 5. Balk—Schwengers, 1.

THE GUN. HUNTERS' OUTING. Hunters of the city will hold their annual outing at Langford Plains tomorrow.

ATHLETICS. GARRISON SPORTS. On Wednesday, September 3rd, the annual Garrison sports of the Imperial troops stationed at Work Point barracks will be held.

LAWN TENNIS. HOW POWELL WON. Of the match between A. T. Goward and R. B. Powell at Vancouver on Thursday.

THE RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S PLAY. The semi-final matches in the Vancouver tennis tournament were played yesterday.

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WILL ENDEAVOR TO MEET OBLIGATIONS

MEETING OF COMPANY OWNING BLAKELEY

Shareholders Will Not Sell the Ship at a Loss—Reports From Promoters.

Probably two hundred shareholders of the Pacific Exploration and Development Company, Limited, attended the adjourned general meeting held in the A.O.U.W. hall last night.

The meeting was held in the A.O.U.W. hall last night. The seating capacity of the auditorium of the building was filled, those present representing nearly all classes in the community.

H. H. Jones, chairman of the board of directors, occupied the chair; Mr. Christy acted as secretary, and H. M. Jones, stenographer.

There will probably be more than twenty-seven hundred pupils on roll next week. The teachers and pupils of the High school will resume work on Monday.

The teachers and pupils of the High school will resume work on Monday. They will assemble in the new building at the usual hour and reorganization of the term will be proceeded with.

Unfortunately the new desks have not yet arrived, but temporary accommodation in the inspection of any or all the shareholders.

The report was received and adopted. The chairman then explained that all the books and accounts belonging to the company were on hand and were open to the inspection of any or all the shareholders.

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case of the captain, amounted to some \$80; in Mr. Enyeart's, \$300, and in Captain Whidden's, \$900. The salaries of the sailors amounted to \$1,566.50.

To raise this money was the next matter to engage the attention of the meeting. Mr. Jones asked to be relieved of his duties as a director, and offered to help pay for the services of a man who would finance the scheme.

Miss Cameron also asked to be relieved of her position as treasurer. The matter was allowed to drop, the shareholders regarding the services of either too valuable to be dispensed with at present.

After some further discussion it was resolved to leave the matter of raising the money for the payment of the sailors in the hands of the directors, the crew agreeing to wait until the middle of next week for some action before taking action against the ship.

The meeting then adjourned. The Pacific Exploration and Development Company, Limited, attended the adjourned general meeting held in the A.O.U.W. hall last night.

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Baby's Own Tablets

For Little Babies and Big Children. This medicine is good for all children, from the feeblest infant whose life seems to hang by a thread, to the sturdy boy whose digestive apparatus occasionally gets out of order.

There is no stomach or bowel trouble that Baby's Own Tablets will not speedily relieve and promptly cure, and do it in a natural way, as the medicine is guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug.

Children take these Tablets as readily as candy, and crushed to a powder they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest, weakest infant.

You can get the Tablets from any dealer in medicines, or post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

PREPARATIONS FOR FALL EXHIBITION

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT MEETING LAST NIGHT

Satisfactory Report From the Finance Committee—Interesting Exhibits Promised for the Aquarium.

At last night's meeting of the board of management of the Agricultural Association, the finance committee reported that the collector had handed in a list of subscriptions which, with the special prizes and membership fees, amounted to \$4,912.50.

The treasurer reported the receipt on the previous day of \$1,500 from the provincial government. The resignation of A. J. Morley from the board of management and the building and grounds committee was received.

The travelling representative of the Tourist Association wrote that he proposed asking the management of the Q. C. R. at Winnipeg to place the Queen of Victoria footing in Ontario and Quebec in respect of the \$45 return excursion rate.

The chairman stated that he had received a letter from Sir Henri Joly asking to have his name added to the list of subscribers to the funds in the amount of \$50.

The printing committee reported that 500 circulars had been sent to H. Cuthbert in Manitoba. The sports and games committee reported as follows:

We, your committee on races and sports, beg to report that as was announced to you at a previous meeting they carried out their intention to visit Seattle Fair at their own expense, on the 18th, 19th and 20th of this month.

The greatest confidence has been established by the formation of the North Pacific Fair Circuit, and Mr. Robert Leighton, the secretary of the association, who is undoubtedly the best manager of horse races, who is acting as secretary, has kindly consented to attend and assist in every way.

The Dawson Sun states that 370 miles of roads will have been completed this year before the snow flies. The greatest confidence has been established by the formation of the North Pacific Fair Circuit, and Mr. Robert Leighton, the secretary of the association, who is undoubtedly the best manager of horse races, who is acting as secretary, has kindly consented to attend and assist in every way.

THEATRE ATTRACTIONS FOR COMING SEASON

Bookings for the Victoria Theatre—Number of Old Favorites Are Coming

Manager Jamieson, of the Victoria theatre, who until a few weeks ago presided over the Vancouver opera house, has been unable to complete arrangements for a new house there and has turned over his bookings to Manager Ricketts, who succeeded him in the Terminal City. This will save Mr. Ricketts much worry and inconvenience, as the entire list for the year is prepared.

With one exception all the attractions to appear in Vancouver are at the Victoria. This is Hermann, the Great, whom the local press vigorously roasted on his last appearance here.

The list of attractions for the Victoria theatre is an exceptionally large one, and includes some of the most popular entertainers of the season opening in September 1st and 2nd with the Tivoli Opera Company which will be followed by an intermission of ten days.

The next month will witness the reappearance of old favorites with Victoria audiences, Fred Ward and Louis James reunited after three years of separation. These were great days when these two splendid actors presented "Damon and Pythias," "Othello" and other masterpieces.

The James Nell Company will be here, probably the first week in October, while another fine attraction, the Foley and his company, will give concerts later in the same month. West's minstrels, Haverly's, the great and only Smart Robinson, Primrose & Dockstater, Harry Brereton, Daniel Sully, Chas. Hanford, and Rose Coghlan are some of the old favorites who will delight Victoria audiences this season.

The following have been booked for each month, the exact dates to appear later: September—Tivoli Opera Company, "McCarthy's Mishaps," James and Ward Co., "The Fenian," "Royal Italian Band," "Florodora," "Bonnie Brier Bush," West's Minstrels.

October—Hunting for Hawkins, "A Poor Heiress," Haverly's Minstrels, "Under Two Kings," "Sicore Acres," "Over the Fence," "Hello Bill," Stuart Robson, "December—Hearts of Oak," "Lost River," "The Globe Trotter," "Foxy Quiller," "The Bontonian," "Princess Chic," "The Bostonian," "Captain Jack," "Harry Brereton," "The Boy of Tears," "Paul Gilmore," "My Antelope," "Whitney Opera Co. "Human Hearts."

November—Mrs. Bruno, "Lord Strathmore," "Murry and Mack," Dan Sully, "The Nell Co. "Charles B. Hanford, "Lovers' Lane." April—A Runaway Match," Rose Coghlan, "When King Lear Was in Flower," "May—At Piney Ridge," "Our New Minister."

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January—Sully Bottom, "Princess Chic," "The Bostonian," "Captain Jack," "Harry Brereton," "The Boy of Tears," "Paul Gilmore," "My Antelope," "Whitney Opera Co. "Human Hearts."

February—Mrs. Bruno, "Lord Strathmore," "Murry and Mack," Dan Sully, "The Nell Co. "Charles B. Hanford, "Lovers' Lane." April—A Runaway Match," Rose Coghlan, "When King Lear Was in Flower," "May—At Piney Ridge," "Our New Minister."

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July—At Piney Ridge," "Our New Minister."

August—At Piney Ridge," "Our New Minister."

CHOLERA IN PHILIPPINES

Washington, Aug. 21.—Between June 25th and July 10th, cholera—two deaths occurred among the enlisted men of the division of the United States Army at Manila.

The war department has received this cable from General Chaves at Manila, to the effect that cholera has been reported to have died. In addition to the thirty-five who died of cholera, seventeen died of dysentery, six of typhoid fever, and the remainder of various other diseases.

Of these who died of cholera, nine were Philippine recruits and natives.

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Local Notes.

CLEANING UP CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS IN A CONDENSED FORM.

(From Friday's Daily.) The Islander commission adjourned yesterday afternoon...

Last evening at St. William Wallace hall an ice cream social and dance was given by the Companions of the Forest...

The funeral of the late Mrs. Westcott took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of her mother...

William Braden was accidentally thrown from his bicycle between two and one o'clock yesterday...

(From Saturday's Daily.) Hon. W. C. Wells, chief commissioner of lands and works...

The B. C. Fruit Growers' Association has engaged W. T. Jenks, of Salem, Ore., an expert fruit picker...

Canon Paddon, who has returned from one of his fortnightly trips to Mayne island, reports that good harvests are anticipated at Mayne and the other islands...

Andrew Leonard Brightman and Estel James, both of Seattle, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. Dr. Campbell yesterday afternoon...

The second annual convention of the King's Daughters in British Columbia will be held in the lecture room of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church...

R. L. Borden, leader of the Conservative party, accompanied by F. D. Monk, K.C., M.P., E. F. Clarke, M.P., E. A. Powell, K.C., C. E. B. M.P. and others will arrive here on Sunday, September 7th...

Miss Frances Kathleen Hunter, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hunter, died yesterday afternoon at the Jubilee hospital...

The funeral of the late John Gordon, which took place at Sooke on Wednesday, was largely attended by friends from all parts of the district...

H. H. Jones, chairman of the board of directors of the Pacific Exploration & Development Company, has received a letter from Captain Fleet, of H. M. S. Phylax, which had been requested to make a search for the treasure ship Blakeley...

Miss Nellie McCabe died at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday. Deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael McCabe, of Dan Clarke, W.S., whose ship had been requested to make a search for the treasure ship Blakeley...

W. G. Parmelee, deputy minister of trade and commerce, and Mrs. Parmelee are visiting the city, the former on official business. They have been here since Saturday, and are guests at the Drind. They leave for Oregon this evening, and from there will proceed to Kootenay. While in this city Mr. Parmelee has been inquiring into Chinese head tax regulations.

The remains of the late Kathleen Hunter were interred this afternoon. The funeral took place from the family residence at 403 Clarence street at 2:30 p.m. later at Ross Bay cemetery. There was a large attendance of sympathizing friends both at the house and grave. The steamer in which deceased was buried was shown by the many flowers and floral offerings. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Lawson, E. McFadden, C. Brady, G. Wilson, S. Powell and R. Green.

The directors of the Bank of British North America have declared an interim dividend of 30c per share for the half year ended June 30th last, being at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

The Pilot arrived from the Treadwell mine on Saturday with the dismasted barque J. C. Potter laden with concentrates for the Tacoma. The barque was left in the Roads, where it was after-



THE STEAMER SHAWMUT. Photo by Langley.

The steamer Shawmut made a fast run to Victoria on Saturday. She left Seattle at 7 o'clock and was alongside the ocean dock six hours later, where large numbers viewed and inspected her and were both amazed and impressed by her gigantic proportions...

The railway to be constructed from Dawson to the Stewart River country will be built this year. This part will connect the Klondike metropolis with the Grand Forks or the junction of the El-dorado and Bonanza. E. C. Hawkins, who is representing eastern American capitalists in the project, went north from Seattle on Saturday to arrange, it is said, for the early inauguration of the work. Tom O'Brien is reported to have the contract.

The residence of R. Matheson, Oak Bay avenue, is in mourning today, death having befallen the household of a kindly, sympathetic and much esteemed lady in the person of Mrs. Matheson. The deceased passed away at the Jubilee hospital at 11 o'clock this morning, having been a sufferer from pneumonia of the lungs. A family of four is left to mourn the loss, the eldest, Mrs. Champion, being a resident of Niagara street, James Bay. Mrs. Matheson has been living in this city for the past six years. She was born in San Jose, Cal., and came here from Ladners.

Governor Ross, of the Yukon, arrived here from White Horse via Vancouver last evening, and is staying with Mrs. McKay at Beacon Hill.

A Times representative called on Governor Ross this morning and found him much better than was expected. The Governor was seated comfortably in an arm chair, enjoying the fresh morning air. His right arm was still in a sling, but otherwise he showed little sign of the serious attack from which he is rapidly recovering.

Governor Ross does not at all understand why he should have been attacked by such a serious disease. "I suppose," he said, "I had not been very well for a short time before, but that hardly explains it. It may have been caused by overwork, but I was not conscious of leaving worked too hard. All I know is that I suddenly fell down."

Although I was unable to speak or move, I was quite conscious of what was going on about me, and I was in full possession of all my mental faculties. I could even have attended to business as usual if I had been able to speak.

"I am feeling well enough now, but I am recommended a complete rest and quiet, and I shall very likely remain here until I have quite recovered. That is uncertain, however, as I may return to the East."

Governor Ross seemed to be in fairly good spirits. He is evidently fretting a little over his enforced inactivity, which is natural enough, as the Governor is still a comparatively young man, and is generally better in possession of excellent health. These facts, however, all point to the complete recovery that the Governor's many friends expect and hope. He is able to talk quite distinctly now, and with little or no effort, and he can walk without assistance. He is looking forward to complete recovery in about a month's time, and hopes to be able to get back to his work. His nurse, Miss Grady, is with him at Mrs. McKay's.

The officers of "Speside" camp are well. The officers of "Speside" camp are well. The officers of "Speside" camp are well.

The remains of the late Kathleen Hunter were interred this afternoon. The funeral took place from the family residence at 403 Clarence street at 2:30 p.m. later at Ross Bay cemetery. There was a large attendance of sympathizing friends both at the house and grave. The steamer in which deceased was buried was shown by the many flowers and floral offerings. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Lawson, E. McFadden, C. Brady, G. Wilson, S. Powell and R. Green.

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THOUSAND VISITORS IN CITY YESTERDAY

Nine Hundred Arrived by Str. Garonne and One Hundred by Majestic—Entertained by Local Camp.

Over a thousand excursionists from the Sound visited the city for a few hours yesterday. The steamer Garonne arrived at the outer wharf at about 2:30 o'clock with some 400 Woodmen of the World, while the steamer Majestic on her usual regular trip brought over about 158 excursionists.

The visitors found ample entertainment during the few hours they spent in Victoria. There was the band concert at Beacon Hill park, the provincial museum, H. M. S. Amphion in dry dock at Esquimalt. These formed a few of the principal attractions, and many found it difficult to take in all on account of the limited time at their disposal.

Transfer tables were raised and carriages and cabs were called for in a premium, while hacks could not be obtained for love or money. This was no doubt due to the reputation Victoria has for beautiful drives. The Oak Bay, Gorge road and Esquimalt drives were taken by many, and, judging by the favorable comments the visitors made, they appreciated very much the beautiful scenery, the fine weather, etc., which they enjoyed.

When the Garonne arrived the visiting members of the Woodmen of the World were met and welcomed by the following committee selected from the local camp: Messrs. Watkins, Pennock, Beck, Randolph, Gregg, and Lindsey. Mr. Lindsey went to Seattle for business purposes on Saturday, and returned with the Woodmen.

The ladies' club and officers were then invited to drive through and around the city. "Hacks to the number of ten or twelve were on hand, and the visitors were first taken through the town and after that the beautiful drive through Beacon Hill park (where the City band was in the middle of an excellent program of music) and around the city. The appearance of that part of the city in which it stands.

Permission was sought of the city council some time ago, and after an investigation by the civic authorities was granted. The contract has been awarded to George Snider, and the work will start some time ago, and after an interval of preliminary operations have already been commenced, men being engaged on Saturday removing the tin from the roof.

The Balmorel has a nine-foot fire wall rising from the roof, which in itself is nearly the height of a story. This, however, will be taken down and the structure will be an entirely new affair. The building will have a galvanized iron roof, the contract for which was awarded to another party some time ago. The entire work will cost in the neighborhood of \$11,000. The architect is W. Ridgeway Wilson.

HUNTERS' OUTING. Shoot Held at Florence Lake Yesterday—Results of Events.

The annual outing of the Victoria and Capital Gun Clubs was held yesterday at Florence lake. There was a good attendance and a pleasant day was spent. The weather was ideal for shooting. The winners in the commercial shoot in the respective classes follow: First class—First, B. Sangster; second, G. Porter; third, J. Fletcher; fourth, W. F. Lenesty; fifth, W. Bickford.

Second class—First, G. Penketh; second, L. Young; third, J. Sewell; fourth, J. H. Mansell.

Third class—First, C. Weller; second, J. Speed; third, A. Sherman; fourth, F. Reilly.

Three gold medals have been awarded by the Capital City Gun Club for the shooters obtaining the best percentage during the season in each class. These have been won this year by the following: First class—Otto Weiler, 75 per cent; second class, G. Porter, 65 per cent; third class, B. Sangster, 65 per cent.

The shoot for ladies was the feature of the day, and was very closely contested. Mrs. G. O. Bues was a close second.

Old flannel of all kinds should be kept for scrubbing and cleaning paint. There will be flannel come coarse soft linen, old kitchen towels, etc.

GOOD TENNIS.

Public Invited to See Interesting Matches To-Morrow Afternoon. L. R. Freeman, who has been carrying all before him in the Vancouver tournament, will play on the Belcher street courts on Tuesday and Wednesday this week. Mr. Freeman, who is on his way back to California, taking Wednesday evening's boat, is well known in tennis circles here, and is one of the finest players on the Pacific coast.

A series of men's double matches have been arranged, Mr. Freeman and R. H. Pooley being pitted against A. T. Gowland and R. B. Powell. Mixed doubles will also be played, and possibly some singles.

The matches will commence at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. There will be no charge for admission, and all interested are cordially invited to be present by the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club.

HIGH SCHOOL REOPENS. Teachers and Public Assembled This Morning—Conference With Superintendent.

The teachers and pupils of the High school assembled in the new building this morning, and after recognizing for the new term were dismissed. The new desks have not yet arrived, but temporary facilities in this respect have been provided. About one hundred and eighty were present this morning, and twenty more are expected this week. This will be forty in excess of last year's formal opening. The new building will be formally opened in a few days.

The junior grade teachers will meet in conference at the city superintendent's office to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock; the intermediate teachers on Wednesday at 4 p.m., and the senior grade on Thursday at the same hour.

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Many kinds of insects are most active at night, and are then often attracted to any light, but there are hosts of insects that fly mostly in the daytime. Most of the grasshoppers, many of the true bugs (like the aphid-like insects), all of the butterflies (like the very destructive cabbage butterfly), many of the moths (like the peach tree borer moth), many of the beetles (like the Colorado potato beetle), and many of the flies (like the house fly), are day fliers or are not attracted to lights; and these include a large proportion of our common insect pests.

White a trap lantern, or "moth catcher" may attract and kill ten or twenty thousand insects in a season, most of the household pests, most of the fruit-growers' insect enemies, and nearly all the serious pests of the garden or grove of general field crops will fall to be trapped. Only winged adult insects are caught, the more destructive nymphs and larvae are never taken. Usually more than twenty per cent of the insects caught in trap lanterns and most of these are not pests, only ten per cent of those that are injurious are females, and these have nearly all laid their eggs. Often as many friends as foes among the beetles will be taken. Nearly one-third of all the insects caught in three months in two "moth catchers" run in Canada. The wingless beneficial insects become a serious factor in considering the advisability of using trap-lanterns. It is not so much a question of how many insects as of what kind of insects will be captured.

Experience shows an orchardist or a grower of small fruits has no use for a trap-lantern or a "moth catcher" because they will not catch enough of the more injurious fruit pests to pay one-tenth of the trouble and expense of running them. Tent caterpillar moths are the only common fruit insects that are caught in economic numbers, and hundreds of these will be males. Goddard moths are not attracted by lights, and only rarely one accidentally falls a victim. The highest record in the Cornell experiments thus far has been eight Goddard moths in fifteen nights. The wingless female cucumber-worms will not crawl into "moth-catchers," and the lights do not attract the two kinds of apple-borer beetles, the peach-borer moth.

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MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Will Be Held in Vancouver Next Friday and Saturday—Programme and General Information. The British Columbia Medical Association will hold its third annual meeting in O'Brien hall, Hastings street, Vancouver, on Friday and Saturday, August 29th and 30th. The executive committee comprises R. E. Walker, president, New Westminster; W. J. McGuigan, vice-president, Vancouver; J. D. Helmecken, treasurer, Victoria, and J. M. Pearson, secretary, Vancouver. The programme is as follows: Friday, August 29th, morning session, 10 o'clock: Reception of delegates and members; reports of committees; general preliminary business. Afternoon session, 2:30 o'clock: President's address; reading of papers and discussion thereon. Evening session, 8 o'clock: Reading of papers and reports of cases (continued). Saturday, August 30th, morning session, 10 o'clock: Conclusion of papers; general business and notices of motion; election of officers; installation of president; adjournment.

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SPORTING

played Captain Black and Miss Goward, and beat them in two straight sets. Miss Sulley played a splendid game. Time and time again when the opposing gentleman had come to the net ready to smash a short one, Miss Sulley would lob over his head to the back line, and the way in which she returned Captain Black's hard service was excellent.

THE TRIF. DAN PATCH'S RECORD.

Roadville, Mass., Aug. 23.—With the best card of the week, the grand circuit meeting at the Roadville track ended at 10:30 p.m. The feature was Dan Patch's mile in 2:04 1/2. In his efforts to break Star Pointer's record (2:04 1/2), Dan Patch made a great bid in his first heat to get inside the record, going forth, starting in 20 seconds and then breaking. Driver McHenry immediately pulled up the pacer, driving him home at the end of the race. The winning time was 2:04 1/2, breaking in his own mark by half a second. Dan Patch had to face a strong cold wind part of each mile. The time by quarters: First, 30; half, 1:04 1/2; three-quarters, 1:59 1/2; mile, 2:04 1/2.

BASEBALL. WHY VICTORIA IS LOST.

The defeat on Saturday can be attributed to the Victoria management's error in judgment. In playing Schwegers' team, a position assumedly new to him, an inexcusable blunder was made, and one that taught a lesson which evidently went home to the local team. The next time it is about to play an important game the management will probably be a splendid catcher and pitcher. He also bats well. What more can they want? Every man's versatility has its limit, and without any previous experience third base on Saturday was beyond Schwegers' ability. Victoria's error commensurate a rather startling appearance on Saturday was that the Vancouver pitcher, Nicholas, did not play the local boys fanning the air for the first half of the game, but he couldn't keep up the pace, and the home team quite intuitively acquainted with his enervated pitching, rapidly getting into his old-time condition. It is characteristic of his pitching that he becomes tired in the old-time condition. Acquaintance with his drops, shoots and curves does not breed familiarity. He is more punning than Nicholas has than in the second or third. Vancouver's runs were all scored in the first five innings. Nicholas pitched opposite their name on the board from then on. Victoria began to pick up in the sixth and seventh. No further runs were scored and the game went to the victors. The following are the scorers who scored runs and errors:

Table with columns for player name, runs, hits, errors, and other statistics for the baseball game.

THE DOHERTY'S STILL WINNING.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 23.—The two English tennis players, H. P. and H. L. Doherty, are getting stronger and stronger in the national championship in singles, and the possibility of one of them being the victor in the doubles championship in doubles grows better every succeeding day. Both won their first round matches. H. P. Doherty, already the champion of all-England, defeating H. P. Allen, of Philadelphia, in straight sets, while his brother was disposing of W. L. Clothier, of Philadelphia, in three sets to one. H. E. Ware, of Boston, and L. H. Larned stand between the two Englishmen in the second round.

CRICKET. VICTORIA V. ZINGARI.

The Victoria Cricket Club second eleven and the Zingari team played a match at the Victoria Cricket Ground on Saturday. The former team winning after a good game. Two batsmen, first and second, were Richardson, Trimen, Williams and Ashby all played well, adding to the score until the end of the game. The Zingari going in to bat, Patton, Hanington and Wilson were all put out for one run. The Zingari's first three runs were being caught out, while the fifth wicket also fell for three runs. "Bob" Foster revived the Zingari's losing eleven for a short time by doing some of the best batting of the match. The innings closed for 52 runs, the Victoria team winning by 60. The scores follow:

Table with columns for player name, runs, wickets, and other statistics for the cricket match.

JUNIOR MATCH. The game between the Shamrocks of Vancouver street, and the St. Louis College team on Saturday was won by the former score, 20 to 10. Batteries were G. McKinnon and W. Webster for Shamrocks, and J. Locke and J. Stacey for St. Louis College.

THE RIFLE. CANADIAN WINNINGS.

The following is a list of the total Canadian winnings at the Brierley meeting. The totals include 277 given by Colonel Brierley for individual prizes in the various classes, of which amount Col. Brierley's Major McLaughlin won 45 for the highest score, and each of the other members of the team received 25.

LAWN TENNIS. FINALS AT VANCOUVER.

The final day of the Vancouver tennis tournament attracted a very large number of spectators in spite of the many counter attractions. The tennis matches were perfect, and the matches were splendidly contested. In the morning, L. R. Freeman met J. Dyer, of Seattle, in the handicap singles. Freeman was the coming champion, and he was heard from in two or three ways. He plays a hard game and never returns a ball easy, and with practice and experience will soon be a hard man to beat.

HERBIBL. The game between Miss Goward and Mr. Byron Johnson, on Saturday, was a good one, but the former's superior strategy was the main feature. At 3 p. m., the most even and interesting match of the day came on, when P. G. Conway and J. H. Mitchell met. Conway, of L. T. C., played R. B. Powell and won a draw in the final of the open men's doubles. Crickman and Farquhar's doubles were a magnificent game, smashing lobs almost anywhere in the court. Many times the rapid volleying at the net earned applause of the spectators. The first set went to Farquhar and Crickman, 7-5, and the second, 9-7. In the third set their opponents won by 6-2, but the fourth was won by Conway and Mitchell, 7-5. Conway winning by three sets to one—a very popular victory.

HERBIBL. While this match was in progress, the ladies' open doubles commenced. The contestants were Mrs. Langley and Mrs. Goward, of Victoria, and Miss Bell of the same city partner. The game was a very ordinary rally, the ball being in play so long that it was difficult to remember the score. Mrs. Langley and partner won the first set, and lost the second, 6-2, 2-6. The deciding set, which was a contest of nerves between Mrs. Langley and Miss Goward, was won by Mrs. Langley and partner. Another match which was interesting, was the final in the mixed open doubles, in which L. R. Freeman and Sulley

Table with columns for player name, runs, wickets, and other statistics for the Penwoods-2nd Innings.

VICTORIA V. SAILORS.

The Victoria first eleven and a team picked from the crew of H. M. S. Amphion met at the Casino grounds on Saturday. The local team was beaten by 20 runs. Assistant Paymaster Woodward, of the winning team, excited much enthusiasm by his splendid stand at the wickets. He ran up 102 runs, withstanding nine Victoria bowlers, and placed the ball to the boundary three times. The innings closed for 148 runs.

FAMED PRIMA DONNA WILL CROSS PACIFIC.

Melba, the peerless diva, the brightest star of the brilliant firmament that boasts Nordica, Sembrich, Calve and Emmes, will have a peep at this fair city to-night. It will doubtless be only a peep, as the famed singer doubtless will not leave the Australian liner Mowera on which she will journey to her home in the Antipodes. The steamer will touch here about 8 o'clock.

LACROSSE. VICTORIAS UNDER AN AVALANCHE.

The Victoria lacrosse team was defeated at Vancouver on Saturday, being defeated by a score of sixteen to four. The senior team did not represent this city on the Mainland, and the game was one-sided, and there was a small attendance. The scoring was as follows: Victoria—Watson, 1 minute; Vancouver—Goffrey, 1 minute; Cameron, 4 minutes; Wright, 6 minutes; Barr, 2 minutes; Victoria—Smith, 10 seconds.

THE STANDING OF THE CLUBS IN THE BRITISH COLONIAL LACROSSE LEAGUE NOW IS AS FOLLOWS:

Table with columns for club name, wins, losses, and other statistics for the lacrosse league.

CENTRAL'S CHAMPIONS.

The junior lacrosse championship has been decided. The Central school and Capital City teams fought hard for last honor on Saturday for the title, and the former aggregation was successful. The score was 4 to 2, and the game took place at the Galedonia grounds before two hundred spectators.

SHIPYARD AT CROFTON.

A party of Victorians are interested in a scheme for the building of a new marine railway at Crofton. Among those interested in the proposed enterprise are H. C. Bellinger, one of the proprietors of the smelter now in course of construction at Crofton; William Turpel, proprietor of the Turpel shipyard in this city; and Captain Hackett, one of the best known sealing men in this city.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TAKE ACTION TO PREVENT EVIL PRACTICES ON THIS COAST.

The English, French and German embassies have complained to the state department at Washington about the practice of "crimping," which they assert is carried on boldly at San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma. Merchant vessels from these countries are afraid to enter those ports, for invariably they lose a number of their sailors, through the machinations of the keepers of the boarding houses. These sailors are the Philippine and Alaska trade. The state department has instructed the federal attorneys in California, Oregon and Washington to get busy and to convene of the place to the large consignment of the shipping found in British Columbia waters.

WHITE RIBBON WORKER.

Dominey, W. C. T. U. President Arrives to Attend Provincial Gathering. Mrs. A. O. Rutherford, president of the Dominion W. C. T. U., arrived from Lewis A. Beaumont, arrived at Norfolk, in company with the cruiser Admiral, last month.

REAR ADMIRAL'S SISTER.

The friends of Rear-Admiral Belmont will be interested to learn that the present command of the Australian station is shortly to be promoted to vice-admiral. He will be succeeded by Rear-Admiral E. L. Atkinson-Willes, now second in command of the home squadron. On one of his visits to Victoria, the Australian squadron will be strengthened shortly.

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Business Change Sale.

Boys' Suits and Blouses, Half-Price for cash. Boys' Bathing Trunks, 5c pair. Big Bargains for Cash Buyers in Flannel and Business Suits, Straw Hats, Panama Hats, Canvas Hats, Etc., Etc.



B. WILLIAMS & CO., 68-70 YATES STREET

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THE MINISTERS HAVE CHANGED THEIR MINDS.

In Response to Deputation Decided to Open Season for Pheasant and Quail at Usual Time. The announcement in last evening's Times regarding the opening of the season for pheasant and quail shooting on September 1st caused quite a stir and a great deal of surprise among the local sportsmen. The consensus of opinion in the city is evidently strongly opposed to this step and this fact was strongly impressed upon the government by a representative deputation this morning.

RECORD SHIPMENT TO GO NORTH TO-MORROW.

J. Piercy & Co. Will Send Up Thirty Thousand Dollars' Worth of Goods. Probably the largest shipment of goods ever consigned from this city is lined up in front of the establishment of John Piercy & Co., Yates street, awaiting conveyance to the dock. It will be sent north on the Princess Mary to-morrow, its destination being Dawson City.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

Floating Committee Decides on Prizes For the Parade at Nanaimo. The Labor Day celebration committee held a meeting at Nanaimo on Tuesday night, and discussed the arrangements for the big event.

GENNELLE ACQUITTED.

Vancouver, Aug. 23.—Joseph Gennelle, who was taken to Dawson on a charge of burning two steamers, was acquitted yesterday. Judge Dugan instructed the jury that there was no evidence, and the jury brought in a verdict without retiring.

TRAIN WICKED.

Port Scott, Kas., Aug. 22.—A train heavily loaded was ditched near here while running at high rate of speed to-day. Some one had driven a spike between the switch rails and opened the switch half way. The engineers and fireman were injured, but the passengers were not hurt. The engine was derailed and the baggage car was thrown across the track, but the coaches and the Pullmans remained on the track. Detectives are working on the case.

HOTEL BURNED.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The Broadway hotel at the village of Brighton was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss on the building is estimated to exceed \$10,000, covered by insurance. Several persons had narrow escapes.

IN CRITICAL CONDITION.

Montreal, Aug. 23.—Ex-Lieut. Governor Royal, of the Northwest Territories, who was operating in this city a few days ago, is sinking fast.

THE KINKS AND TWISTS IN RHEUMATICS RUGGED ROAD.

The wife of a well known Toronto physician has been cured from Rheumatism, and not until she began using Russian Rheumatism Cure could she get a minute's permanent relief from pain. Post bottles cured her. Write for confirmation to J. H. Co., 155-156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200.

Herb... Co.

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