J. M. OWEN,
BARRISTER - AT - LAW,
Notary Public, Real Estate Agent.
United States Consul Agent.
Annapolis, Oct. 4th, 1882—

CURE for the DEAF!
Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums.
PERFECTLY RESTORE THE HEARING, no matter whether deafness is caused by colds, fevers, or injuries to the natural drums. Always in position, but invisible to others and comfortable to wear. Music, conversation, and whispers heard distinctly. We refer to those using them. Send for illustrated book of proofs *free*. Address, F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway N. Y. 17y

BRIDGETOWN
MARBLE WORKS
THOMAS DEARNESS
Importer of Marble
and manufacturer of
Monuments, Tablets, Headstones, &c.
Also Monuments in Red Granite, Gray Granite, and Freestone.
Granville St., Bridgetown, N. S.
N. B.—Having purchased the Stock and Trade from Mr. O. Whitman, parties ordering anything in the above line can rely on having their orders filled at short notice.
T. D.
Bridgetown, March 19th, 89.

Extension OF TIME
Is often asked for by persons becoming unable to pay when the debt is due. The debt of nature has to be paid sooner or later, but we would all prefer an
Extension of Time.
Puttner's Emulsion
OF COD LIVER OIL
WITH
Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda
may give this to all who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Consumption, General Debility, and all wasting Diseases.
Delicate Children who otherwise would pay the debt very speedily, may have a long
EXTENSION OF TIME.
Try Puttner's Emulsion
BROWN BROS. & Co.,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGISTS,
Halifax, N. S.

CHEAP
—: FOR :—
CASH!
FLOUR,
OATMEAL,
FEEDING FLOUR,
CORMEAL,
GROCERIES,
STOVES, PLOWS,
HORSE CLOTHING,
Harnesses made to Order.
REPAIRING ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY.
N. H. PHINNEY.
Nov. 19th, 1888.

Burdock Blood Bitters
CURES DYSPEPSIA.
CURES DYSPEPSIA.
CURES DYSPEPSIA.
PROMOTES DIGESTION.
Mr. Neil McNeil, of Leith, Ont., writes:
DEAR SIRS,—For years and years I suffered from dyspepsia in its worst forms, and after trying all means in my power to no purpose I was persuaded by friends to try B.B.B., which I did, and after using 5 bottles I was completely cured.

Burdock Blood Bitters
Cures CONSTIPATION
Cures CONSTIPATION
Cures CONSTIPATION
ACTS ON THE BOWELS.
Rapid Recovery.
DEAR SIRS,—I have tried your B.B.B. with great success for constipation and pain in my head. The second dose made me ever so much better. My bowels now move freely and the pain in my head has left me, and to everybody with the same disease I recommend B. B. B.
MISS F. WILLIAMS,
445 Bloor St., Toronto.

Burdock Blood Bitters
Cures BILIOUSNESS.
Cures BILIOUSNESS.
Cures BILIOUSNESS.
REGULATES THE LIVER.
Direct Proof.
SIRS,—I was troubled for five years with Liver Complaint. I used a great deal of medicine which did me no good, and I was getting worse all the time until I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. After taking four bottles I am now well. I can also recommend it for the cure of Dyspepsia.
MARY A. E. DEACON,
Hawkstone, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters
Cures HEADACHE.
Cures HEADACHE.
Cures HEADACHE.
REGULATES THE KIDNEYS.
A Prompt Cure.
DEAR SIRS,—I was very bad with headache and pain in my back; my hands and feet swelled so I could do no work. My sister-in-law advised me to try B. B. B. With one bottle I felt so much better that I got one more. I am now well, and can work as well as ever.
ANNIE BURGESS,
Tilsonburg, Ont.

Burdock Blood Bitters
Cures BAD BLOOD.
Cures BAD BLOOD.
Cures BAD BLOOD.
PURIFIES THE BLOOD.
Bad Blood may arise from wrong action of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. B. B. B. by regulating and toning these organs, removes the cause and makes new rich blood, removing all blood diseases from a pimple to a scrofulous sore.

SEND TO THIS OFFICE FOR BILL HEADS, CARDS, TAGS ETC.

Weekly Monitor.

TRUE WORDS are Jewels.

SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX EST.

VOL. 18. BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1890. NO. 6.

Parsons' Pills

These pills were a wonderful discovery. Unlike any others. One Pill a Dose. Children take them easily. The most delicate women use them. In fact all ladies can obtain very great benefit from the use of Parsons' Pills.
One box sent postpaid for 25 cts., or five boxes for $1 in stamps. 30 Pills in every box.
We pay duty to Canada.

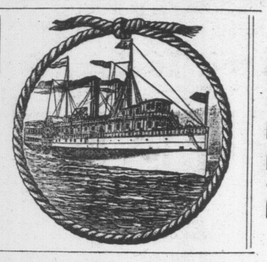
The circular around each box explains the symptoms. Also how to cure a great variety of diseases. This information alone is worth ten times the cost. A handsome illustrated pamphlet sent free contains valuable information. Send for it. Dr. L. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.
"Best Liver Pill Known."

Make New Rich Blood!

International S.S. Co.

OPENING OF THE DIRECT LINE.

FOR BOSTON,



DIRECT.

Commencing Monday, May 5th,
— THE FAVORITE SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER —
NEW BRUNSWICK
Having been thoroughly repaired, will leave ANNAPOLIS (calling at DIGBY) every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, directly after the arrival of the Express Train from Halifax. Returning: Leave BOSTON MONDAY and THURSDAY mornings.
ST. JOHN LINE — CHANGE OF TIME.
Commencing MONDAY, May 5th, one of the Palace Steamers of this line will leave ST. JOHN for BOSTON via EASTPORT and PORTLAND every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY morning, at 7.25 Eastern Standard Time.
For further information apply to
F. Crosskill, Agent, W. & A. R., Bridgetown.
R. A. Carder, Agent, Annapolis.
OR ANY AGENT OF THE W. & A. RAILWAY.

LAWRENCETOWN PUMP COMPANY,
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)
N. H. PHINNEY, Manager.
THE CELEBRATED
Rubber Bucket Chain Pump,
—ALSO:—
FORCE PUMP,
with Hose attached if required.
We are prepared to Manufacture WOODEN WATER PIPES for underdraining or conveying water under ground. Can be delivered at any station on the line of Railway. Send for Price List.

Bermuda Bottled.
"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." "But, doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money." "Well, if that is impossible, try
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.
I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of
CONSUMPTION,
Bronchitis, Cough or Severe Cold
I have CURED with it; and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it. Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's, in Salmon wrapper. Be sure you get the genuine.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

COMET
THE BEST
STOVE
IN THE WORLD
POLISH
MORE IN CAKE THAN OTHER MAKES.

Bath Brothers' Livery Stable.

Passengers conveyed to all parts of the country at reasonable rates.
Teams in waiting at all trains.
Single or Double Teams for Wedding Parties Furnished at Short Notice and Fitted up in Best Style.
Livery Stable opposite Rink,
W. C. BATH. - - - H. S. BATH.
BRIDGETOWN.

Poetry.

Wings.

Oh! the weary fret and wear
Of the earth and all its care,
The frequent disappointings, and the pain
of hope deferred!
What has life but work and sorrow,
Dark to-day and darker to-morrow,
And the noise of many voices where men's
cries and groans are heard?

And the toil brings no reward,
And the love wins no regard,
And who spends himself for others is not
therefore helped or blest;
So I looked upon all things,
And I sighed, "Had I but wings,
Like a dove then would I fly away from all
and be at rest."

Thus I thought, for I was weary,
And the day was very dreary,
And the quiet of the wilderness was what
my heart desired;
And the tears were in my eyes
As I raised them to the skies;
Did the father care, I wondered, that the
child had grown so tired?

Had I wings! But then to me,
As I waited by the sea,
Came an answer, like a trumpet-call, to
rouse me into life;
And the half-forgotten duty
Rose in stern, commanding beauty,
And the path led not to rest, but to nobler
work and strife.

"They that wait on God at length
Shall renew their failing strength"
(This the word that came in answer, and
rebuked my fretful plaint),
"Shall mount up with wings as eagles,
They shall run and not be weary,
And along the way of holiness shall walk,
and shall not faint."

Wings? Oh, these were wings indeed,
To be given to my need,
But I might have wings to soar with, not
to droop in aimless rest;
For God gives the wings to rise
Ever upward to the skies,
To the glory of His presence, to the highest
and the best.

"They that wait upon the Lord."
Oh, the comfort of that word!
The most tired can do this waiting, and
the timid be made strong.
"I will try in faith," I said—
And He raised the drooping head;
Then the weariness was gone, and the sigh
was changed to song.

Select Literature.

Gerome's Baby.

BY ELIZABETH C. WINTER.

"No, I'll not forgive him—never, never!" said Aunt Delphine, and her teeth clicked together, and her small foot set itself down in a way it had of doing when its owner meant to keep its word. "He knew that my heart was set on his marrying you, Gabrielle, and now that's all over—for of course she won't die and leave him a widower! That sort of girl never dies; I know them. She's thin and tall, straight in the the back, and carries her head in the air—that sort live forever!"

"I'm sure I don't want her to die, aunt!" I ventured to say, timidly; people who lived with Aunt Delphine were generally a little afraid of her.

But I had many reasons for knowing that she carried a kind and generous heart under an outward appearance of hard worldliness.

"Of course you don't!" she snapped out in answer to my remark. "You haven't the spirit of a mouse, anyway. If you had, this need never have happened."

"But, dear aunt, if Gerome didn't love me?"

"Love! Stuff! Rubbish! What has love to do with it? Boys and girls have no right to love each other before marriage; and afterwards he would have loved you, of course, as you would have loved him. That's how such things are managed in my country—the only civilized country in the world! But in this barbarous new land every youth and maiden think themselves the only persons to be consulted in the most important step in life. Bah! Don't talk any more nonsense."

Of course I didn't just then—neither sense or nonsense; for I had long ago learned that the easiest way to manage Aunt Delphine in a tantrum was to let her do all the talking herself.

But I was not sorry that my cousin Gerome had married Mary Robertson. I loved him very dearly myself, but didn't want to marry him—to be entirely frank, I wanted to marry someone else. His name was William Lacy. But I had never yet summoned up courage to say so to Aunt Delphine. I was, however, very sorry for her disappointment, though I could not share it.

I knew that my marriage with Gerome had been the dream of Aunt Delphine's life. She had a handsome fortune to leave him, and she didn't wish to break it. She loved me as a daughter, but I was a portionless girl, without father or mother, and she was anxious for my future. A marriage with Gerome would have simplified matters greatly, and would have made everything pleasant, except for the wedded pair.

Aunt was cruel toward Gerome—at least it seemed so to me; and indeed I often thought she cared more for me than for her own son.

I was the only child of a pet sister, many years younger than herself, who had outraged French etiquette on the matrimonial question, by running away with a penniless young American. My father had only the precarious earnings of a profession in which he never excelled to support himself and his wife; but they were happy.

Aunt Delphine was the first to forgive her wayward sister. They wrote letters to each other by every steamer; and when my mother's health began to fail, her sister—by this time a widow, with an only, child, too—left her native land to be with her until the end. My father survived his loss less than a year, and the two, lovers for all time and lovers in eternity, were laid in the same grave together.

My aunt then took me to her home, as she had already taken me to her heart; but she didn't return to France, though she often spoke of it. She abused our country roundly every day of her life; but she never left it. She is here still, and I am quite sure that she will be buried in that dear, old-fashioned churchyard beyond the hill, where my mother and father are sleeping.

Having closed the conversation in the above peremptory manner, Aunt Delphine presently quitted the room; and I knew by her walk that her mind was made up to something that would probably be unpleasant for somebody. Before I slept that night I had found out what it was—and who.

"Gabrielle," said Aunt Delphine, as we lingered over our late dessert, "I've destroyed my will. It gave everything to Gerome. I've made a new one—it gives everything to you!"

"Oh, aunt!"

"Not a word—its done, I tell you. Pass me the filberts."

I did as I was told, and choked on one of them I was trying to swallow. But I knew it was useless to protest. The hot tears scalded my eyes, and as I bent my head to hide them they dropped into my plate. I tried to repress them, but between that and the filbert I was nearly strangled. I had just breath to gasp out an excuse, and hurry from the table; but when I was alone in my own room I flung myself down with unrestrained passion, and gave full vent to a tempest of sobs and tears.

A year passed away. The house seemed very lonely without Gerome, and life rather monotonous. Will Lacy came from time to time, and sometimes we played a game of whist in the evening—aunt playing "dummy" (a *role* she was never known to play in any other game). Sometimes Will wound my embroidery silks for me, and we matched the colors together over my work.

Of course Aunt Delphine was always present; and she must have seen that our hair just touched (Will had lovely hair, soft and wavy, and like a ripe chestnut in color) when we bent together over my work, and she couldn't help hearing our happy laughter and half-whispered conversation. But she didn't forbid it.

Once, only in the course of that year did she make any reference to her son.

"That he should marry against my will a stranger and a foreigner," she said, as if thinking aloud, "that was bad enough. But an actress—a woman who exhibits herself upon the stage! Outrageous! Such persons are not considered respectable in France."

"But it is different here, aunt," I said, indignantly, for I had known and loved Mary Robertson before my cousin married her; and since then I knew, better than ever, how worthy she was of respect and admiration.

"Yes, everything is different here," Aunt Delphine returned, contemptuously; and I said no more, for I knew it would only make matters worse. I visited Gerome and his wife often. I did not tell Aunt Delphine, but I took no care to conceal it; and I felt sure that she knew it.

They were very poor, Gerome and Mary; she had given up her profession, because he wished it so, and my cousin had neither money or profession. He had a pretty talent at the brush, but that requires time to win success, even with genius; and Gerome barely managed to earn enough to pay for their humble roof and their very frugal fare.

But I never saw two such happy creatures! I never found them but laughing, jesting, or merrily chatting with each other. No monotony in their lives—they knew not what it was to be dull or weary.

But dark days were coming, dark and sad. Mary was very near to death when her baby was born; and it was weeks, months, indeed, before her health was fully restored. The expenses of her illness were great, those of her convalescence even greater; for Gerome rushed into wild extravagance in the matter of luxuries that were necessities to his delicate wife. And, that she might not want for anything that money could buy, he worked with an unflagging energy and industry that could not last. He broke down suddenly, entirely; his strength snapped like a watch-spring that has been too tightly wound. A low fever burned like a slow but consuming fire within his veins, and Mary's face was growing sharp and her eyes wild with fear, for the doctor had told her that her husband must die, unless he could have a complete change soon.

It was fortunate that Gerome and I had always been fond of each other, so that he could not rebel against help from the girl he loved as a sister. I gave them every dollar of my allowance, while Aunt Delphine criticized my gloves and shoes with the sharpest sarcasm, and inquired if I had "turned miser?"

But it was plain that Mary felt hurt at taking money even from me.

"If I could only return to the stage," she said to me one day. "I have an engagement offered, at a good salary, but I can't accept it. Oh, if I only could, Gerome could go on a long sea voyage! The doctor says it would save his life, and I could earn the money that would be needed."

"And can't you, dear? Gerome would not object now; it would be wrong and foolish."

"Gerome would not object, for it would only be until he is well and strong again. It's baby."

"Baby!" I repeated.

We had always called him so, though he had been christened long ago. I was godmother, and had been allowed to name him.

"Yes, you see I would be so much occupied at the play in the evening, and at rehearsals in day-time, not to speak of sewing and altering costumes, and how could I manage about baby? There are so many expenses for my wardrobe, it would take more than half my salary for that alone, just at first. I dare not incur the expense of a nurse, for a few months at least. It would only be at first until I got fairly started, but it is the beginning that is so hard."

"Begin, then!" I exclaimed, filled with a sudden inspiration. "I'll take baby."

"You? Oh, Gabrielle! How?"

"Nothing easier—I'll adopt him, temporarily—to be delivered up to his natural parents when they are ready to claim him."

"But madame would never allow you."

"Not if she knew who he belonged to—but she won't. I'll arrange all that—I've got a plan—it's in my head! 'Tis here, but yet confused, as one of your stage gentlemen remarks. But no matter; I'll make it all plain and easy. All you have to do is to hear and obey. When can I have baby?"

"Oh, I don't know—never!" exclaimed Mary, clutching her treasure to her heart, and bursting into tears. "I can never, never, never part with him."

"You can, dear, and you will, too. I know it's hard, but you shall see him every day, and you know he will be as safe with me as if you carried him about in your pocket—safer! for you might sit down on him. Come, come, now, Mary. Think of Gerome. There, now write to your manager without a moment's delay; accept the engagement; tell him you will be ready for business on Monday, and tell me when I may have baby."

"Oh, but Gabrielle, I don't think it can be managed! I don't, really. Baby is only ten months old, and he is not—yet—w-w-weaned."

"Well, then, w-w-wean him. Begin at once. The sooner he is put through that enlivening process the better—three days, that's the regulation time, isn't it, and young master will begin the world on his own responsibility."

Much more I said, half serious and half laughing, while Mary wept all the time; but when I kissed her good-bye, I carried away her letter to the manager, which I dropped into the letter-box with my own hand, and we had arranged that baby was to be sent around to me at seven o'clock on Saturday evening by a trusty messenger.

When that hour arrived a very nervous, agitated, palpitating young person, whom I scarcely recognized in the mirror when I looked at her, was on the watch, behind a curtain, in the front drawing-room, her gaze wildly fixed upon the five stone steps leading up to the hall door. The messenger was trusty, thank Heaven, and on time to a minute. I glided out into the hall, opened the door, and received a great white bundle in my arms.

"When I have closed the door give the bell an awful pull," I whispered.

Then I deposited my white bundle, softly, against the wall, about a yard from the door, and where the clumsiest servant could not stumble over it. Having done that I closed the door gently, noiselessly, and fled upstairs, where I paused, looking over the banisters to watch the next scene in my great act.

The bell had rung; it was an awful pull. I heard it as I fled upstairs; and now as I leaned forward, peering down, I heard unmistakeable infantile yells, and knew that the bundle had awakened.

Presently fat Norah came puffing along toward the door, her customary, snail-like pace a trifle accelerated, in obedience to that imperious summons at the bell. But she soon came to a dead stop, as the unaccustomed sounds, proceeding from the bundle, fell upon her ears.

"Mother o' Moses!" she cried, and it was the most appropriate exclamation I had ever known her to use, "what have we here?" and she went down on her knees beside the bundle as quickly as her ponderous figure would let her.

I heard Aunt Delphine's door open in the hall just beyond me, and so I ran down stairs, calling out,—

"What is the matter, Norah? What's that noise? And who rang the bell in that furious manner?"

"Och, miss, sure it's a baby—a real, live baby."

"And very much alive, I should think. Quick, take it out of those wraps, till we can see what it looks like!" I cried, my heart aching to kiss away its cries and terrors; and I assisted Norah with nimble fingers to unpack my little godson.

"Oh, the darling! Oh, the little beauty!"

The baby knew me perfectly, and as I caressed and kissed him he put his dear little arms about my neck and pressed his wet face to my cheek. It was very lucky he couldn't speak yet, or his recognition of me would soon have told the whole story.

"The darlint!" exclaimed Norah, in an ecstasy of delight; "sure he knows ye, miss."

"Knows me, you goose of a Norah! All babies know that I love them, and that's all he knows."

"What in the name of wonder is this, and what is the matter?" exclaimed my aunt, who had followed me down stairs, more slowly.

I believe she thought it was a kitten or puppy at first.

"Ah, thin, ma'am, it's just a baby," said Norah.

"A baby!" exclaimed Aunt Delphine, "bring it into the parlor; turn up the lights; let me have it; where did it come from?"

"You must ask that of Norah, aunt; it was in her arms I found it."

"Sure, ma'am, I found it in the hall."

"In the hall! How did it get there? I heard the bell ring."

"Or on the steps," continued Norah, bewildered; "did I find it in the hall, now, or on the steps? Musha! I was that struck when I heard it cryin' that I can't know where I found it first—was it outside or inside?"

"Now, Norah, you know the baby couldn't have got into the hall with the door closed, and we all heard the bell ring."

"Thrue for you, miss. An' if ye said 'twas on the steps I found the little darlint creature I could not say no, for now I don't know where I found it."

"Never mind," exclaimed my aunt, softly; "it is enough you found it anywhere—the lovely little creature! It is years, years since I have held a baby in my arms, and this one is a beauty."

She had sat down on a low chair, and the baby was lying full length on her lap, playing with his dimpled fists and smiling up into her face. Aunt Delphine was a very handsome woman—I had always known that; but I had never seen her look so beautiful as now, with her little grandson in her arms. Ten years seemed to have dropped away from her age.

Norah cast an admiring look at her, and then waddled off to the kitchen, where she must have made herself highly entertaining, for the dinner was nearly an hour late that night.

Suddenly aunt looked up and asked abruptly,—

"Who do you imagine owns this baby, Gabrielle?"

"Why, we do, of course; since it was left here."

"But who could have left it? Oh, this is a monstrous country. Such a thing could not happen anywhere but in America! To desert such a child; the wretches. Oh, you lovely dear!"

"Yes, auntie; we do everything here better than they do it anywhere else."

"Better?" exclaimed my aunt; "so beautiful a child!

"That's just it, auntie; don't you see? If we are to have a deserted child left with us, isn't it better it should be a beauty?"

"Well, really, Gabrielle, I don't know whether you grow silly or impertinent. Call one of the servants to take care of it while we have our dinner."

Next day Aunt Delphine hired a nurse; brought out from the forgotten recesses of the lumber room a nice mahogany crib; and occupied several hours in shopping in the "very young children" department of half a dozen stores.

"Gabrielle, what shall we call him?" she asked as we sat at lunch.

"Perhaps you would most like to call him Gerome?" I suggested falteringly; I did so want to say a kind word for my cousin. But it was no use, she would not hear of him. She frowned now, and answered crossly,—

"No! not that name."

"Suppose we say Lionel, then?"

"Lionel!" repeated my aunt, and I had never heard her voice so soft and sweet.

Lionel had been the name of Aunt Delphine's first love, whom she had *not* married, after the manner of the obedient and conventional French maiden. She didn't know that I knew anything about it, but I had heard the story long ago from my mother; and when I had named my little god-son Lionel, it had been with a distinct object in view.

His grandmother accepted the name as she had accepted the owner of it, joyfully; and it was soon understood, from the highest to the lowest personage in our household, that Master Lionel was the most important individual in the house.

One day I noticed that my aunt seemed to have something on her mind that she could not easily get rid of. This was unusual, or I would not have observed it. Suddenly she said,—

"Gabrielle, I have destroyed my will—it left everything to you. I have made a new one—I do not think you will mind—it gives one-half my fortune to you; the other half to baby."

"Oh, dear aunt!" I exclaimed. If there were any tears in my eyes this time they were for joy.

"You see," she continued, musingly, "the fortune had to be divided, because you can't marry him."

"Marry him! Marry baby! I don't want to marry him!"

"Of course not—I knew you wouldn't, so I didn't make any plans about it—if I had, one or the other of you would have disappointed me. So that's all right, dear, and I don't think I'll try any more matrimonial arrangements."

And now I had a joyful piece of news for baby's mother when next we met her; for I was very sure that Aunt Delphine would not destroy her will a third time. Little Lionel had been with us now about six months; and I had taken him for an hour each day to see Mary, for although my aunt had selected his nurse she allowed me to take him out as often as I pleased.

The summer time had come upon us almost unawares. Mary's engagement was over for the season; and Gerome had returned, entirely recovered and stronger in health than he had ever been. Everything had prospered with them, as they so well deserved it should; but they were clamoring for the return of their child, and I was beginning to feel desperate.

Aunt Delphine had loved little Lionel from the first. By this time he was as necessary to her existence as the pulses of her heart! How, oh how would I dare to tell her the truth? And yet it must be done. Perhaps she wouldn't be very angry with me, but indeed that would be of the smallest consequence. It was the effect upon herself that I dreaded.

She was much changed. So gentle and merry; and to see her romping with her little grandson was as pretty a sight as I ever expect to see. Little Lionel was as fond of her as she of him, too; and already the baby lips tried to form the word "mamma" when he saw her coming. Mary had tried to teach him the word, but he wouldn't say it, and his refusal had been a sharp pang to my dear friend. Mary had limited me to a certain time, within which she insisted that her child should be given back to her; the days were slipping by fast and faster; and still like a coward, I put off the evil hour, but like a thunder-clap it overtook me at the last.

Norah came in one evening, as we lingered over dessert—Lionel was with us, beside his grand-mother, in his high chair—and said,—

"There is a lady to see you, miss—she says she *must* see you, now."

I know I turned pale—I felt the blood rush back on my heart, and I trembled so that the small porcelain cup in my hand fell with a crack on the table, spilling the black coffee on my pretty evening dress.

"What is the matter, Gabrielle? Who is the lady?" Aunt Delphine asked wonderingly.

"Lionel's mother!" I gasped.

"Lionel's mother?" She caught up the child, and snatched him fiercely to her breast. "Show her in here!"

Mary came in, pale and very quiet.

"Are you Lionel's mother?" asked my aunt.

"Yes, I am his mother."

"And what sort of a mother are you to desert your child? You were tired of him, I suppose you have a new whim now, and you want him back—you can't have him."

"I must have him, I never deserted him; I parted with him for a while, in deep and bitter sorrow, because in that way—in that way only—I could save *your* son!"

Aunt Delphine was standing before her, the child close pressed in her arms, but she began to tremble now, so that little Lionel almost slipped from her grasp.

"Who are you?" she said in a shaking voice.

"I am your son's wife."

My aunt cast one quick scathing look at me—it seemed to scorch me! and then her gaze flew back to Mary. She stopped trembling, not because she had grown calm, but by strong effort of will; and she drew her fine form up straight and tall. A dark flush rose to her cheek, passing all over her face, and even to her throat; then she grew slowly pale, and though there was a catch in breath in her voice when she first spoke, that presently passed away, too.

"I thought I knew your face," she said, "but I was puzzled at first. I never saw you off the stage. This is a little scene you have rehearsed often, I suppose, with Gabrielle. You have played your parts very well—both of you. If I have been a little slow in taking the cue you must excuse me. This is my first rehearsal. But I'm very grateful; I forgave my son long ago, and I would have told him so, had he come to ask me. And did you really think, you two silly girls, that I didn't know, from the very first moment, that this was Gerome's baby?" She kissed him twice on his rosy, quivering lips, for the poor child was vaguely frightened and half inclined to cry. Then she lifted him on her shoulder, a position he especially delighted in, and looking up into his sparkling, lovely face, framed in the yellow gold of his hair, she said, "You want him, do you? and Gerome wants him, too? Then you must come here and take him, both of you, for I will never let him go."

I was already kneeling at the feet of Aunt Delphine, my arms clasping her, and my head leaning against her; and Mary was very soon beside me, in a similar posture. For some minutes no very coherent remarks were made by any of us, but I think we made a very pretty group.

Will Lacy happened in that evening, before we had grown quite cool and self-possessed again; and he took advantage of the situation. It was very fortunate, indeed, for he was rather a bashful lover; and if he hadn't asked me then, aunt says I would have had to ask him, and she believes even that was not beyond the courage of a Yankee girl.

We all live together in one home, French fashion—and it is one of the few French fashions that I care to recommend, for we are now a very happy family.

I think Aunt Delphine grows younger and lovelier as we grow older. But I don't feel entirely sure that she will never try any more matrimonial plans. She has such a way of looking from Lionel (ten years old), to my Delphine (just turned six), that I am almost sure those two names already form the basis for a future which is to realize that dear, old, unforgotten romance of her own youth.

Throat and Lung Troubles.
Boston is often abused without cause, as being the natural home of more cases of throat and lung troubles than any other part of the universe. One proof that this is not true of Boston any more than many other portions of this country, is the fact that during the past winter when the epidemic la grippe swept over the whole country Boston fared no worse than many other towns and the death rate from the after effects of la grippe was no greater in that city than elsewhere.
The disease was an epidemic of bronchitis, influenza or catarrhal cold, and as every one knows tended to seriously affect every weak part of the patient's system and augment any natural weakness or disease. Reports from all parts of our country show that the number of persons who have been left with a sort of chronic catarrh laryngitis, catarrhal sore throat and bronchial affections likely to cause serious throat and lung troubles if not checked, is in proportion to the population about the same the country over. All of these troubles are a more or less serious inflammation of the mucous lining of the nose, throat and bronchial tubes liable to cause death in one place as much as another, from croup, ulcerated sore throat, pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption; and which ought not to be neglected but treated by means which will allay the inflammations causing the trouble in each case. One of the most effectual remedies for any form of inflammation is an anodyne liniment. The universal verdict is that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment has the past winter as in the last half century relieved and cured more such troubles than any one single medicine. It has been generally used by young and old, rich and poor, physicians and laymen. The wrapper around each bottle contains a vast amount of information about its use, or I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass., will send a forty-eight page pamphlet free to any address sent them on a postal card.

—Since the terrible visitation of March 27, many citizens of Louisville, Ky., have been insuring their homes against cyclones, taking out risks running from one to five years. Before the recent funnel-shaped cloud visited that particular section, not more than one policy was written; but now they are being filled out at the rate of a dozen a day. The rates for tornado insurance are quite cheap, as the risk is very light, and the chances of a house being destroyed by a cyclone are very small compared to the danger of fire. Policies are issued at 40cts. per $100 for one year, 75 cents for three years, and $1.00 for five years, for dwellings, including household furniture, and for business houses, including the stock, 50 cents for one year, 90 cents for three years and $1.25 for five years. Let us be thankful that we live in a country in which such convulsions of nature as that at Louisville are unknown. Canadians may lie down at night in confidence that they will not be taken up into the clouds without a moment's warning.

—A strange story is told by Miss Louise Worcester, who was an intimate friend of Wilkes Booth, that the crazy actor is still alive, and that the man shot in Garrett's barn as the assassin of Lincoln was another person. She says she received a letter in 1867, without date or signature, but positively in the hand-writing of Booth, with which she was thoroughly acquainted. She intends going to Australia, and it is said hopes she may meet with her old friend there. The report of an interview with her, published in the Chicago *Times*, states that the body of the man shot was viewed by no one to whom Booth was well known, that she made efforts to see it but was refused, and that those who participated in the large reward offered prevented the truth from being made known.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.
This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invarably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Drs. deBlois & Primrose, Bridgetown, and Dr. Morse, Lawrencetown.

—The Louisiana Lottery Company at the approaching session of Legislature will submit a proposition to pay the State $12,500,000 for the renewal of its charter for 25 years, from 1895 when the present charter expires. This amount is to be paid in yearly instalments of $500,000.

The Public Warned.
Many people are deceived into neglecting bad blood, dyspepsia, constipation, etc., and thus allow these and other diseases to become established. Act promptly by using nature's blood purifying tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, which regulates the entire system, curing all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

Bedridden by Hallucination.
W. H. Lilly, one of the earliest settlers of Livingston county, Mo., has for twenty-five years been the victim of a queer hallucination that has kept him confined to his bed. In 1865, during a slight illness, he was seized with a fear that he would die of heart disease if he attempted to stand up or raise his head above a certain level. Every possible means was resorted to by his family to drive the idea from his mind, but without success. He stubbornly stuck to his couch and refused to be coaxed or frightened out of it.
On one occasion his wife had a lot of straw piled near the house and then set on fire. The wind blew the smoke towards the house, and the family began shouting fire and carrying out the furniture. Lilly was told to run for his life, but he never stirred out of his bed. At another time his favorite daughter, Minnie, was sent away, and Lilly was told that she had been hurt and was dying at a neighbor's house, and that she begged him to come to her. Tears welled from the afflicted man's eyes and his lips twitched with emotion, but he did not move.
After this signal failure no further attempts were made to arouse him, and it was thought he would never leave his bed except for the grave. One day, however, the dormant energies of Lilly re-asserted themselves as suddenly and mysteriously as they had departed, and he raised his head above the supposed danger line. Dumbfounded at finding no serious results, he raised it still higher and finally sat bolt upright. He has now apparently fully recovered and is superintending some improvements on his farm. During his wife's administration of affairs the farm has trebled in value, and Lilly is to-day $40,000 better off than he was when he took to his bed twenty-five years ago.—*New York World.*

A Seasonable Hint.
During the breaking up of winter, damp, chilly weather prevails, and rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat, croup, quinsy and other painful effects of sudden cold are common. Hagyard's Yellow Oil a truly valuable household remedy for all such complaints.

—The number of tons of ice cut in Maine during the past winter exceed any previous harvest by 1,500,000 tons, showing a grand total of 3,093,400 tons, of which 1,441,200 tons is on the Kennebec river, 506,300 on the Penobscot, 42,300 tons on the Cathance, and 839,800 along the coast and interior ponds, also 263,800 tons shipped direct from ponds by vessels. Ice was cut in 100 different towns and cities in the state and is now stored in 230 ice houses. About 19,090 men and 4,620 horses were at work.

The Victor's Crown
Should adorn the brow of the inventor of the great corn cure, Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It works quickly, never makes a sore spot, and is just the thing you want. See that you get Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the sure, safe and painless cure for corns.

"Ceres" SUPERPHOSPHATE!
[*THE COMPLETE FERTILIZER,*]
manufactured at the
Chemical Fertilizer Works, Halifax N. S.
We offer for the TWELFTH SEASON the above celebrated and reliable brand of Fertilizer.
THE OLD STANDARD! BUY NO OTHER!
JACK & BELL,
46 4m **Halifax, N. S.**

Established 1873.

THE WEEKLY MONITOR.

ISSUED ON WEDNESDAY,

At Bridgetown, Annapolis Co., N. S.

M. K. PIPER, Proprietor and Publisher.

TERMS $1.50 per annum, if paid within three months; if not, $2.00.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One square, (1¾ inches), one insertion.....$1.00
Twenty-five cents each continuation.
One square, one year,.....$10.00
Two squares, one year,.....15.00
A liberal discount to regular advertisers, and full information given on application.
Advertisers are respectfully requested to hand in their matter as early in the week as possible.
Copy for changes, to secure insertion, must be in our hands not later than TUESDAY NOON.

JOB PRINTING

of all kinds, plain and fancy, executed at short notice. Neat work, good paper, and reasonable prices. Pamphlets for lodges, societies, and catalogues, put up in any style required.

News items from all parts of the County respectfully solicited.
Births, deaths and marriages inserted free of charge.
Address all business letters or correspondence to "MONITOR" Office, or

R. S. McCORMICK, Manager.

The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14th, 1890.

Rumors from Russia.

Government by one man's will is rapidly becoming more and more unpopular in the Dominions of the Czar, and a determination has been reached by a very influential class of Russia's people to put an end to it. Nihilism, which has for years past been the subject of so much newspaper writing, has had a steady growth and is beginning to exert an influence which may lead to very important results. The class to which reference is made is an educated one, whose aim is neither socialism nor anarchy. It is respectable in numbers and activity, and especially so in mental strength and capacity, and the demands it makes appear very reasonable to the ears of people who are ruled by constitutional means.

For all practicable purposes the composite population of Russia may be divided into three classes; the nobles, who alone can influence the Czar in his governmental capacity; the middle classes comprising university students, merchants, lawyers, travelers, who have visited Western Europe and America, authors, military and naval, and civil officers, and some others; and third, the masses comprising the lower orders. Of all these divisions the latter alone are free of nihilism. To them their ruler is little less than an object of worship, and always of reverence and regard. Many of the first named class may be found in the ranks of those who are working to secure, by constitutional means if possible, and by other ways if forced to the necessity, a government *by* as well as *for* the people.

Rumors have been current for some weeks past that the Czar has determined to modify and remodel the system by which his ancestors have administered the government of Russia, and that he has come to this conclusion in order to free himself from the tortures he suffers, and has so long suffered, from threats of assassination by his subjects. It is also said that he has been urged to this course by the entreaties of a weeping wife and sorrowing relatives, who have been moved to that advice by the knowledge and daily discoveries of new plots against his life, which must finally fall a sacrifice to his persistence in continuing his personal, absolute rule. They have pointed out to him that "members of the nobility and officers of the army and navy" are deeply implicated in the new movement toward a better and more constitutional form of government, and that the granting the reforms and changes demanded would indeed make him the father of a grateful people, and give him the best of title to the endearing epithet. These, and similar causes, are said to have set the Emperor at work to devise some method of reform to meet the wishes of those who desire a change, and it is further rumored that he favors the institution of a popular assembly, similar to the House of Commons in England, and an elective Senate similar to that of the United States. The nobles, however, are said to favor an hereditary house, on the model of the English House of Lords, instead of the latter. He also proposes to permit a free press within certain reasonable limits. These reforms imply a great change for the better in eastern Europe. Among the proposed reforms it is declared that the exiles in Siberia will be set free, and the system of which they have been the victims abolished. The whole civilized world will applaud this act, as well as the other reforms, and with one acclaim declare the Czar worthy the age in which he lives. Nihilism, having gained its noble ends, will dissolve itself in true patriotism, and become an arm of strength, and be no longer a terrible fear to the ruler of the Russias. May the rumors that come to us prove true and the welfare of the Russian people be secured, and the world be made to acknowledge another step in the grand civilization in which it rejoices.

The Elections.

From Cape North to Cape Sable the past week has witnessed the active canvass of the candidates of both the great political parties for legislative honors in the new assembly this day week to be chosen by the electors. Of the six or seven counties which divided their vote at the last general election, giving each of the contending parties one supporter, it is not probable that one of them will repeat their conduct on next Wednesday. The contest is pretty certain to be a keen one, but the result may be expected that the victorious party will have a good working majority in the new house. When a general election terminates in giving a party a large majority, the peoples' interests are in danger. A strong and talented opposition is the safeguard for the public weal, and when it is wanting it is possible for the administrating party to misuse its powers by becoming tyrranical in its acts and unscrupulous in the exercise of their power.

It is therefore desirable that neither party in this contest should be too victorious. The lapse of another week will decide the issues in all the counties, for in each one of them there will be a contest, and as soon as the smoke of battle shall have cleared away so as to enable us to see its issues over the whole field, we shall report them to our expectant readers; and in order to furnish them with the latest available information concerning our own county, as also several others, and which it will be impossible to do on our regular day of issue, we have decided to withhold the publication of the MONITOR over till Thursday, the 22nd inst., for that purpose, feeling assured that the delay will be appreciated by nearly all our patrons.

In the meantime the canvass goes bravely on in our own county, and each side feels, or protesses to feel, fully assured of victory.

Movements in Real Estate.

The spring movements in real estate in the county have been numerous and generally satisfactory to the seller. We have been informed on what we call good authority that Mr. Robert FitzRandolph, of North Williamston, has sold his farm in that district, and has bought the Israel Bowlby place at Lawrencetown, and that Mr. Alfred Marshall, of Clarence Centre, has bargained for the sale of his valuable farm to Lunenburg parties, who have till the first of June to complete their purchase. Mr. Whitman of the same place has recently become the owner of the farm in Torbrook, owned by the late Arthur Rumsey. These are indications of a special demand for lands in this valley, whose name abroad, in connection with its fruit-producing qualities, may be cited as a cause. We hope to be able to furnish our readers with a list of the sales of real estate made in the county during the first six months of the current year shortly with the prices paid. The statement we feel assured will prove a crushing answer to the croakings of the belittlers of their native land, by which they too frequently tend to bring about the very evils they so lachrymously deplore.

Grand Division. S. of T.

The second quarterly session of the Grand Division S. of T. of N. S., met according to notice with the Wolseley Division, No. 491, at Granville Ferry, on Tuesday, May 6th, at 3 p.m. The grand officers present were R. T. Murray, of Halifax, G. W. P.; Richard Craig, of Truro, G. W. A.; Rev. A. W. Nicholson, of Liverpool, G. S., and H. A. Taylor, of Halifax, G. T. A goodly number of representatives attended, the following counties being represented, viz., Halifax, Colchester, Hants, Kings, Annapolis, Digby, Yarmouth, Shelburne, and Lunenburg, there being 38 representatives from 17 Divisions. The reports of the Grand Officers showed the order in a flourishing condition—ahead of this time last year. They reported 319 Divisions with a membership of 16,978, and 6,000 children in Bands of Hope. The financial report was also satisfactory. More work is being done in juvenile organizations than formerly.

A public meeting was held in the evening, which was fairly well attended considering the state of the weather. W. W. Mills, P. G. W. A., occupied the chair. The chief speakers were Rev. W. H. Richan, from Digby, Rev. A. W. Nicholson, G. S., Richard Craig, G. W. A., ex-Mayor of Truro, an old veteran having just reached his 70th birthday, and has been 43 years engaged in temperance work. W. A. Taylor, another veteran, gave a reading on home-made honey and its consequences, which convulsed the audience with laughter. Geo. H. McKinley, of Halifax, spoke on Band of Hope work in which he is engaged. W. S. Saunders, also of Halifax, also made a few remarks. Choice selections of music were rendered in a pleasing manner by the choir at intervals. The following prominent gentlemen were on the platform, but time would not permit of their speaking—Capt. Bowman Corning, of Yarmouth, John Heeman and W. J. Gates, of Halifax, L. W. Elliott, of Clarence, Wm. V. Vroom, of Clementsport, and others.

On Wednesday morning the business of Grand Division was again taken up and rushed through before noon. Possibly the minds of some of the representatives were too deeply burdened with the duties of citizenship to enter into long discussions on questions of moral reform. Most of the representatives returned to their homes on Wednesday. A few remained and attended a public meeting on Wednesday evening at Stony Beach, which was addressed by Isaiah W. Wilson, P. G. Sen., Richard Craig, of Truro, Capt. Bowman Corning, W. J. Gates, music dealer of Halifax, and Rev. W. L. Parker, of Lower Granville, and they were highly appreciated by the audience.

Addenda.

The following is an addenda to the Proceedings of the Municipal Council:—

AN ACT RELATING TO THE IMPOUNDING OF CATTLE.

An Act to amend Chapter 67, Revised Statutes, of Fences, and Impounding Cattle:

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, as follows:—

1. In any Municipality or portion of any Municipality, where, by any bye-law, order, or regulation of such Municipality, Horses, Asses, Mules, Cattle, Sheep, or Swine, are not allowed to run at large on any public Street, Square, or Common, or other public ground, in such Municipality or portion thereof, it shall be lawful for any freeholder, or any person acting under his authority, to drive or take any such animals so found running at large in any such public Street, Square, or Common, or other public ground, or found trespassing in any field or on any other improved land being private property, having strayed in or on to the same from such public Street, Square, Common, or other public ground, while so running at large, whether the same shall be enclosed by a fence or not, and such animal so found, as aforesaid, to impound in any public pound in such Municipality or portion thereof.

2. Any damage caused or done by any of such animals so straying from any public Street, Square, Common, or other public ground, while so running at large, into any such field or on any other such improved land, being private property, whether the same shall be enclosed by a fence or not, shall be paid by the owner of such animal so trespassing, to the party injured, which damage may be ascertained as provided by section 4 of the chapter hereby amended.

3. All the provisions for the recovery of damages for animals trespassing provided for by sections 5, 13, 14 and 15 of the said Chapter hereby amended, and for charges of Pound Keepers, shall apply to the recovery of damages for trespasses committed by any such animal so straying as aforesaid, and for the recovery of such Pound Keeper's charges on the impounding and keeping of the same.

4. Section 4 of said Chapter is hereby amended by striking out the word "persons" in the second line of said section, and insert in lieu thereof the words "disinterested freeholders."

COUNTY ASSESSMENT.

Statement showing Assessment of County by Wards for 1890, as made by Local Assessment and Board of Revision:—

Ward.	Local Assessors.	B'd of Revisors.
1	$464,473	$428,533
2	386,709	388,859
3	393,625	430,155
4	480,520	545,000
5	322,204	319,225
6	379,899	397,030
7	95,670	99,778
8	190,742	203,419
9	230,456	230,456
10	714,845	714,845
11	356,590	374,460
12	369,030	406,225
13	139,780	139,780
14	35,570	38,320
15	39,555	37,915

Rate per cent on $100 for 1890, 35 cts.

Local and Other Matter.

—To-morrow—Ascension Day.

—J. N. Rice, our photographer opened rooms at Kentville last Monday.

—Mr. H. E. Armstrong, of Granville, has a pair of three-year-old steers weighing 3150 pounds.

—J. A. Balcom can sell you the best ladies Boots for $1.00 that ever was offered. Call and be convinced. 1i

—John S. McNeill, M. P. P., has received the appointment of Registrar of Deeds for the County of Digby.

—Prof. D. E. Woodman was presented with a purse of $50.00 in St. John last week by a number of his admirers.

—Mr. Walter McCormick, of Annapolis, lost his valuable large bay horse on Friday last from congestion of the lungs.

—Mr. Michael Foster, of Granville, has been suffering an attack of typhoid fever, but is now considered out of danger.

—Geo. V. Knight, Esq., has very much improved the appearance of his pleasantly situated house by the addition of large windows.

—You can buy the best Trinadad Molasses for 44 cents per gallon—cash, or Eggs at 14 cents per dozen at John Lockett's. 1i

—The Schr. *Temple Bar*, Capt. J. Longmire, reached port on Monday, loaded to such an extent that freight for the passage had to be refused.

—The Rev. Mr. Barss and family, of New York, have been visiting at the residence of Mr. William Chipman for a few days past, and proceeded to Kentville on Saturday last.

—In view of Monday the 26th inst. being celebrated at Annapolis by the Amateur Athletic Association, the merchants of the town have agreed to close their stores at twelve o'clock—noon.

—The Queens birthday—the 24th of May—falling as it does on Saturday, will probably not be observed by our merchants this year, as it would greatly inconvenience many of their customers.

—The heavy rains of the past few days has caused the earth to put on its mantle of green, while the bursting buds display a striking contrast to the condition of things prior to their fall.

—The wife of Mr. John Murdoch, senr., who has been lying in a dangerous state of health for some days past, is reported by the attending physicians, Messrs. deBlois & Primrose, to be much better.

—We have received an advance circular announcing that the Fisk Jubilee Singers are coming this way. The company embraces all its old favorites, besides being consolidated with the famous Tennesseeans.

—Mr. S. Fallasen, of Grand Manan, who at one time carried on Custom tailoring here, has leased the premises lately vacated by Mrs. Mary Miller, belonging to John Lockett, Esq., and will shortly become a citizen again.

—James T. Hurley, a prominent boot and shoe manufacturer of St. John, favors our advertising columns this week. Push and principle are all that is required to make one of our provincial manufacturers a second United States Douglass.

—J. W. Beckwith is still selling Northern Timothy Seed for $2.00 per bushel, cash, or Eggs at 14 cents per dozen. He bought his seeds in March before the rise, and is giving his customers the benefit. It could not be replaced to-day for less than $2.50. 1i

—The recent heavy rains have caused the rivers and streams to be in good condition for driving operations, and the prospects are that the drives hung up on the Port Medway and its tributaries will now get in. The Round Hill Woodenware Company brought its drive on the Paradise waters to the mill on Friday last.

—At a bazaar recently held in aid of St. Thomas' Mission, Ravensdale Road, Stamford Hill, London, Eng., were some pieces of fancy work, artistically ornamented, and contributed by Miss Bessie Brown, so well-known to many of our readers. The Duchess of Albany, by whom the bazaar was opened, was the purchaser of one of the pieces of her fancy-work made of plush and silks, hand-painted.

—Colonel McShane, of the Militia staff, is now making his annual inspection of the western portion of the Province. On Friday last he arrived here, and on Monday, in company with Colonel Starratt, of the 69th battalion, inspected the Bridgetown Brass Band, while they favored our citizens with some of their best selections. Colonel McShane expressed himself as well pleased with the playing of the Band, and the general signs of prosperity in and about our town.

—Mr. I. A. Johnson, the veteran, energetic, and successful agent of Messrs. Gurney & Co., is again on hand, and will canvass among his friends in the county during the summer season. Whether it is the pleasing manners and address of this gentleman, or the true merit of the stock he sells that so heartily commends him to the public, we are unable to state; but the trees now being delivered by him are certainly a beautiful lot, and give satisfaction to the purchasers.

—It is well known in court circles that Queen Victoria's health is seriously imperilled. Her Majesty's visit to Aix-les-Bains, whither she went for the cure of persistent acute inflammation of the muscles of the leg, has been in vain, although the English papers report great improvement. She is unable to walk, and is assisted in and out of her carriage. She is very ill and weak, and is suffering from incurable dropsy, which is only prevented from taking a malignant form by the highest medical skill and the greatest precaution.

—We learn from reliable authority that already the citizens of Middleton are beginning to make preparations for their celebration, to take place Dominion Day, the 1st of July. A meeting is to be held this week, at which committees of arrangement are to be appointed, and other preliminary steps taken toward the object in view. Middleton can, and will no doubt, have a festive day, and Bridgetown will not overlook their kindness in materially assisting them in the past on like occasions. A brilliant programme is talked of, embracing base-ball and cricket matches, horse-racing, fire-works, etc.

—It was with pleasure we noticed the presence of Miss Edith Crosskill among the congregation at St. James' church on Sunday evening, and to see that after so long and serious an illness, she is regaining her health and strength, and with those her ability and readiness to assist in all good works. We understand, in aid of the debt on said church, an entertainment under her management is in preparation, and her well-known energy and dramatic talent, displayed and appreciated on former occasions, will, we are certain, insure a large and lucrative house. Further notice, in due season, will be given, when the public may anticipate a rare and enjoyable treat.

—H. S. Jacques, M. D., a native of Melvern Square, has been appointed medical superintendent of the Victoria General Hospital.

—The following have passed successfully before Captain Smith, R. N. R.: Harry P. Weaver, Middleton, as master; William Leary, Stellarton, as mate.

—Our piscatorial friends are making ready for their southern exploits. We shall expect to hear some marvellous stories for the next few days to come.

—John Lockett has just received direct from the mills one car of that choice brand of Flour, "Golden Eagle," on consignment. Try it if you want something good. 1i

—Mr. E. S. Piggott is busily engaged in digging the cellar for his new building, to be erected on the site of what was formerly known as Palfrey's carriage factory.

—The poor of Buctouche, N. B., were sold by auction lately. One of the "chattels" was a man near a hundred years old, who has a son in comfortable circumstances living in the parish.

—The political meeting held in the Court House on Saturday night was largely attended. Addresses on the public questions of the day were made by Messrs. Harrington, Andrews and Starratt.

—Mr. Richard Shipley has lately improved the entrance to his hardware and grocery store, by having a pavement of brick placed on the sidewalk, thoroughly secured in position by long granite curbstones.

—Street improvements are now the order of the day with street Commissioner Dodge; and we hope that some of the eye-sores to the general public that have existed for so many months will receive the necessary attention they require.

—Mr. John P. Murdoch has so far recovered from his sickness as to enable him to spend a few hours a day attending to his business. His mother, Mrs. George, who has been anticipating a visit to Boston for some time past, will leave to-day.

—A new Brunswicker who has just returned from the United States, writes to the St. John *Courier*: Let them press their alien law. I am glad I am an alien, for there is more individual liberty, honesty and hospitality to be found in the maritime provinces then in the boasted republic.

—Mr. Charles Toole, freight agent of the Nova Scotia Central Railway Company, has been appointed by the Dominion Government an Acting Preventive Officer of Customs at Middleton, and will perform his duties under the direction of Mr. S. S. Ruggles, Custom Officer of this town.

—Several of our orchardists in Clarence are importing an American force-pump, to be used in spraying water, containing London purple, on their fruit trees, for the destruction of the prolific caterpillar and canker worm. This method is a new feature here, and we will watch the result with great interest.

NOMINATION DAY.—The Sheriff will open his court at the Court House, Annapolis Royal, to-day, at 10 o'clock, and close at 2 o'clock, p.m. There will probably be no speeches made before the closing of the Court, which will afford those desirious of attending ample time to listen to the addresses by taking the noon train.

WANTED.—A regular correspondent for this paper in each of the various villages of this county, who will send us all items of interest in connection with their immediate neighborhood. Give us the facts, if you have not the leisure to put them in proper form, and we will arrange them. The MONITOR will be sent free of charge to persons disposed to try their hand.

LOGS ADRIFT.—The boom holding some 4,000 logs belonging to the Lawrencetown Milling Company broke away on Thursday last about eight o'clock in the morning, owing to the heavy freshet then prevailing, and nearly every stick of timber it contained was carried over the dam and down the river, hundreds passing this town at noon. Large numbers of drivers were immediately despatched to impede their progress, and finally succeeded in cutting them off down about Clark's Ferry. Since that time, those that were scattered along the banks of the river have been secured, and we understand arrangements have been effected with Mr. Carder to saw them into lumber. The loss to the owners is a heavy one, and must necessarily throw quite a number of workmen out of employment.

RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.—Among the railway subsidies granted by the Dominion Government is one for seventy-five miles of the railway from Shelburne, in the County of Shelburne, and from Liverpool, in the County of Queens, to Annapolis Royal, in the Province of Nova scotia, to be so contracted for as to secure the construction to both Shelburne and Liverpool; a subsidy not exceeding thirty-two hundred dollars ($3200) per mile, nor exceeding in the whole two hundred and forty thousand dollars ($240,000). The total amount given for railway subsidies so far this session is $3,486,000. Of this amount Ontario received $1,433,000, divided amongst fourteen railways; Quebec $1,272,000, to sixteen roads; New Brunswick $367,600 to seven roads; Nova Scotia $290,000 to two roads; British Columbia $112,000 to one road, and Prince Edward Island $96,000 to one road.

A TRIP TO NOVA SCOTIA.—Between March 1, 1889, and January 1, 1890, the steamer *Yarmouth*, of the Yarmouth (N. S.) line made 81 round trips between Boston and Yarmouth, landed 162 cargoes, and did not miss connecting with the trains in a single instance. This is a remarkable record. This line performs the service the year round, and the passenger traffic has increased beyond all expectation. To meet this increase, the steamer *Boston*, now building on the Clyde, was designed. She is guaranteed to be the swiftest craft of her size and draught afloat, and will be in Boston in July. The company has secured the whole of Lewis' wharf, and are fitting it up in a style to meet the wants of their patrons. Salmon are quite plentiful at Tusket, a two hours' drive from Yarmouth, and Steward Stockdale is "taking care" of the parties that make the early trips to secure that gamey fish.

—At 7 o'clock Sunday morning No. 44 train, in charge of Conductor Perron and Drivers John Deverseaux and McNutt, running at the usual speed, while entering Morrisy rock tunnel, six miles west of Campbellton, struck ten tons of rock which had become dislodged from the top of the tunnel and fallen on the track. There were two engines on the train, which were derailed. Both engines ran to the mouth of the shed, which is about fifty feet long. The head engine struck the rock, throwing the tender completely over her and allowing the hind engine to follow up, running in and tearing the right side of the leading engine and placing them almost side by side. Fireman Angus Gorham was instantly killed and Driver Jacob McNutt seriously though not dangerously hurt. The men in the second engine came off without a scratch. Only two or three cars were derailed and about fifty feet of track torn up.

WANTED—Any quantity Good Washed Wool at John Lockett's. 1i

RAILWAY CHANGES.—From a circular which we have recently received from the management of the Windsor & Annapolis Railway Co., we learn that Mr. W. R. Campbell, Secretary of the Company has been appointed General Manager in succession to Mr. J. W. King. Mr. K. Sutherland, for a long time connected with the road will be the Resident Manager; and Mr. John Carroll, late Traffic Superintendent, will be Assistant Manager.

WANTED—Any quantity of good washed Wool, for which the highest market price will be paid and goods given in exchange at cash price. J. A. Balcom. 1i

OBITUARY.—In the death of Mrs. David Foster, which occurred on Friday morning last, Bridgetown loses one of its oldest inhabitants, and a citizen who has enjoyed a long and led an exemplary life. The deceased, whose maiden name was Azubah Wheeleck, was born at Rosette, and was a sister of the late Joseph Wheelock, Esq. By her marriage one son was born, James, who married Eliza, eldest daughter of Geo. Murdock, Esq., who also died shortly afterward. She was in the 87th year of her age, and expired very suddenly. A faithful adherent of the Methodist Church, largely and respectably connected, she passed away at a ripe old age, mourned by her many relatives and a very large circle of acquaintances. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, the remains being interred in the Bridgetown Cemetery, followed by a large number of mourners.

Cricket Match.

A short time ago, the Bridgetown Club, consisting of boys from the schools, received a challenge from the Victoria Club of the Annapolis schools, to play a friendly game of cricket. The challenge having been accepted, on Saturday last, the Bridgetown Club met the Annapolis Club on the grounds of the latter. During the whole play, the members of each club acquitted themselves in a creditable manner, displaying considerable skill both in their management and in their individual efforts. The Bridgetown team won by 27 runs; but it is due to say that they had considerable advantage in regard to age. Although the day was unfavorable, the boys of the two towns seemed to enjoy themselves very much. The return match will take place in Bridgetown on Saturday, 17th inst. Whilst a spirit of rivalry prevails in this line of amusement, it is gratifying to say that with it is associated the most friendly relations.

Port Lorne Items.

Mrs. John Dunn left on Tuesday for the purpose of paying her son a visit, he now being a resident of Wollaston, Mass.

The schr. *Ann*, Capt. John Brown, has been undergoing repairs at Port Lorne, preparatory to her season's work. On Saturday last she left for Margaretville, where she will load cordwood for Boston.

Owing to the scarcity of salt among the dealers on the Bay of Fundy shore, our fishing classes are experiencing considerable inconvenience. The large quantity in the store house of Capt. John Charlton has been completely exhausted, and much more is required.

Lawrencetown Notes.

Beautiful weather.

Lieut. Lotimoir of the S. A. farewelled from here on Sunday.

J. W. Longley, A.-G., was in town on Sunday and Monday last, and was present at Middleton on the 12th inst.

Several of our men are going to Kentville to-day to see the big trot for $1,000 between Frenchman and Gladstone.

Monday last was observed as Arbor Day here. The school grounds were cleaned up, new trees set out, and a general fixing up was made.

A large number of the people of this town were up to Middleton to hear Harrington and Longley speak on Monday. All seemed well pleased with the gentlemen.

Springfield Pointers.

Very little interest is manifested about here as yet in politics.

Business seems to be looking up at present, and owing to our complete railway accommodation, we are able, in a measure, to compete with our neighbors.

The steam saw mill of Mr. Roop is now running in full blast, with a large number of first-class logs on hand, and the enterprising owner hopes to do a good summer's work.

The drives belonging to John Morrison, Esq. and Mr. Long, have been slowly working their way along to their destinations, and now that the rivers are much swollen by the late heavy rains, progress will be greatly facilitated.

Building operations have commenced in earnest, Mr. John Mullock having begun the construction of a large hotel near the railway station, so that it will not be long before the travelling public will be able to get the best of accommodation, while tourists will have a delightful spot for their summer vacation, with excellent fishing and boating at hand.

Mr. S. B. Slocomb, of Port Lorne, informs us that he has opened a large and comprehensive line of Amherst-made Boots and Shoes, and that they are offered at very low prices. 4 13i

New Advertisements.

James T. Hurley.....Boots and Shoes
R. E. Foltus.....Sir Brenton
Alfred J. Bell.....Assurance Companies
W. E. Palfrey.....Spring Stock
L. C. Wheelock.....Spring Goods
May Brothers.....Agents Wanted

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvellous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Head-ache. With each bottle there is an ugenious Nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by Drs. deBlois & Primrose, Bridgetown, Dr. Morse, Lawrencetown.

New Advertisements.

ONE LOOK AT
W. E. PALFREY & CO'S
New Stock
—OF—
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
will convince any person that they cannot purchase cheaper in the county.
—ALSO A NEW STOCK OF—
WALL PAPERS
IN THE
VERY LATEST STYLES,
AT BOTTOM PRICES.
EGGS AND WOOL WANTED AT HIGHEST MARKET FIGURES.
Lawrencetown, May 12th, 1890.

New Advertisements.

WANTED! Three good salesmen, either on salary or commission. Independent territory given to each. Write at once for terms, and secure choice of territory. "The More the Merrier." Address, MAY BROTHERS, NURSERYMEN, Rochester, N. Y. 6 5i

NATIONAL FIRE
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
Head Office—Dublin,
Established 1822.
CAPITAL, - - - - $5,000,300
Insurance Co'y of North America,
Head Office—Philadelphia,
Incorporatd 1794.
CAPITAL $3,000,000,
LOSES PAID EXCEED $66,000,000.
Agents wanted at Bridgetown, Annapolis, Bear River and Lawrencetown to represent above staunch fire companies.
Address, ALFRED J. BELL, AGENT,
6 11 pd Halifax, N. S.

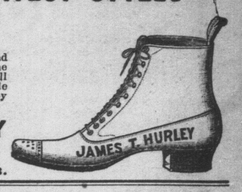
Our Stock of
Spring and Summer
GOODS
FOR 1890
—IN THE—
LATEST STYLES AND SHADES
is now complete in all its branches.
Eggs and Wool Wanted at Highest Market Prices.
L. C. WHEELOCK.
Lawrencetown, May 12th, 1890.

CARPETS!
We have received our usual
LARGE STOCK OF
TAPESTRY,
ALL-WOOL,
SUPER UNION,
HEMP AND STAIR
CARPETS,
Carpet Squares,
And a very choice selection of
NEW REVERSIBLE RUGS.
Sets of LACE CURTAINS
In White and Cream.
ART MUSLINS,
COLORED SCRIMS,
White Curtain Lace,
White and Colored
COUNTERPANES,
COLORED TABLE COVERS
Linen Damasks,
Linen Towellings.
LADIES' UMBRELLAS,
In Plain and Watered Silk.
New French and English
Dress Goods.
6-4 Black Striped Dress Goods
6-4 Black Striped Diagonal Dress Goods.
Wall Papers and Borderings.
Runciman, Randolph & Co's.
Bridgetown, N. S., May 6th, '90.

McCORMICK'S
FRUIT,
Fancy Goods,
—AND—
NOTION STORE,
will offer the public during
ELECTION WEEK
—SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS IN—
FRUITS, CONFECTIONERY,
AND
Kitchen Furnishing Goods.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

SIR BRENTON
STANDARD BRED.
REGISTERED, No. 8993.
Breed your Mares to the Best Bred Trotting Blood Lines, and it will doubly pay. SIR BRENTON is a rich Golden Bay, with the Blackest of Legs, without White.
Sired by Grand Sentinel 855, record 2.27¼; sire of Sir Knight, record 2.23¼, on half-mile track (trial 2.17½); Sentry, 2.25; Grace Darling, 2.29¾ (5 years old); Strategest, 2.28 at 4 years old; Sermpter, 2.25½; Stockbridge, 2.28¾ at 4 years old, and others. Grand Sentinel was sired by Sentinel, No. 280, record 2.29¾; sire of Von Arnim, record 2.19¾, and seven others better than 2.30. Dam by Mambrino Pilot, 29, record 2.27¼; sire of Hannis, 2.17¾; Mambrino Gift, 2.20, &c, and the dams of Romeo, 2.19½; Prospect Maid, &c., by Mambrino Patchen in Michigan and the West. A man can claim no greater point in his horse than to say his dam was by Magna Charta.
Sentinel, by Hambletonian 10; sire of Dexter, 2.17¼ and forty others in 2.30 and better.
1st dam of Sir Brenton was by Magna Charta, 105, record at 4 years old 2.33, probably the fastest of his day, and he has proved himself to be one of the greatest sires of Brood Mares that ever lived, and probably only equalled by Mambrino Patchen in Michigan and the West. A man can claim no greater point in his horse than to say his dam was by Magna Charta.
Magna Charta sired 5 trotters better than 2.30, and the dams of such flyers as Jack, who in 1888 took a record of 2.19¼, and last season was still the sensation, taking a record of 2.15; also dam of Bell P, 2.15¾, and the dams of 12 trotters in the 2.30 list.
2nd dam of Sir Brenton was by Wellington, son of Black Prince; dam Lady Fashion, by Victor 2nd. Here we combine the great blood of Rysdyke's Hambletonian, and the best of the Morgan strain that ever existed through Magna Charta.
Sir Brenton was never worked, only a little as a two-year old, and rainy weather then prevented steady exercise. However, he then showed a ¼ in 42 secs., and if trained will go fast, as he has the natural stride to do so.
Will be at Paradise till after 20th May, in charge of E. Phinney; after that, at Annapolis, in charge of D. R. McClelland.
For further particulars, address Box 12, Annapolis, or
6tf R. E. FELTUS, Lawrencetown.

BUY MY MAKE OF
Boots & Shoes
And you will never be annoyed by customers grumbling on account of ripping and poor material. Every Dealer who reads this will find it to his advantage to see my
LATEST STYLES


which are considered superior to any in design and workmanship, and made of the best material the market produces. If our Traveller should not call upon you when you require goods, send for sample lots. PRICES ARE REASONABLE. All orders by mail or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.
JAMES T. HURLEY
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
23 and 25 Chipman Hill, St. John, N. B.

FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS!
COW CORN.
FISHING GEAR A SPECIALTY,
—AT—
MEDICAL HALL,
DeBLOIS & PRIMROSE.

For Sale.
ONE ALL-PURPOSE HORSE, 8 YEARS OLD; ONE FARROW COW.
Intending buyers will please call on I. B. NEILY. GEORGE M. MOORE.
Brooklyn, May 5th, 1890. tf

Eggs for Hatching
FROM
SILVER-LACED WYANDOTTES.
PRICE PER SETTING $1.00.
L. H. CHUTE,
April 29th, 1890. Upper Stewiack, N. S. 4tf

THE CELEBRATED
Standard-Bred Stallion
VOLUNTEER PRINCE
Will travel for the service of mares from
KINGSTON STATION to DIGBY
till the close of the season, August 1st, once a week, each way, through the season of 1890.
TERMS: $10 for the Season.
As breeding right is becoming more essential every year, a perusal of his pedigree is invited, which is as follows:—
WALLACE'S
American Trotting Register.
OFFICIAL CERTIFICATE.
This is to certify that "Volunteer Prince," 1613, has been duly registered as standard under Rule 6, in volume IV. of THE AMERICAN TROTTING REGISTER, and the pedigree can there be traced in the following form:
1613. "Volunteer Prince" (6) b. h. foaled 1875, by Volunteer, 55, dam Fanny, (dam of Volunteer Maid, 2.27) by Drew Horse, 114; g. d., by Witherell Messenger, 7, g. g. d., by the Eaton Horse, bred by Alden Goldsmith, Washingtonville, N. Y.; passed to H. M. George, East Saugus, Mass.
Volunteer Prince, 1613.
Volunteer, 55. | Fanny.
Hambletonian, 10, Lady Patriot. | Drew Horse, 114, by Witherell Messenger.
ISRAEL CHUTE.
Bridgetown, May 7th, 1890. tf

WHO WILL BE
OUR NEXT
MEMBERS?
Every person purchasing
$2.00 WORTH OF GOODS
from me, will have the privilege of guessing who will be our next members.
To the one guessing the nearest numbers in the majority of votes cast for the elected candidates
A PRIZE
OF A
BARREL OF ACADIA FLOUR
or its equivalent shall be given.
Call early and record your vote.
T. A. FOSTER.

SHELF AND HEAVY
HARDWARE
—Large assortment of—
Mixed and Lead Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.
—;Great variety of;—
Paint, Varnish, Kalsomine, Carriage and Whitewash Brushes.
PORTLAND CEMENT, CALCIMINED PLASTER, ALABASTINE, CALCAMINE, AND MARBLEINE.
SHEET LEAD, AND ZINC, PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, OAKUM, &c.
—Nice Assortment of—
Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools
on hand.
ARTIST'S MATERIALS.
H. FRASER.

Administrators' Notice.
All persons having any legal demands against the estate of Ann Eliza Wheelock, late of Torbrook, in the County of Annapolis, widow, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within three months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
DAVID BERTAUX,
EDWARD BERTAUX,
Administrators,
De bonis non cum testamento annexo.
Annapolis, April 29th, 1890. 1m

Executor's Notice.
ALL persons having legal demands against Isabel Hatley, late of Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, spinster, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same, duly attested, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted by note or otherwise are requested to make immediate payment to
J. G. H. PARKER,
Sole Executor.
Bridgetown, April 11th, 1890. 2 3m

NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of the late ARTHUR RUMSEY, of Torbrook, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts, duly attested to, within six months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to.
SARAH EMMA RUMSEY,
FLETCHER WHEELOCK,
Administrators.
Torbrook, Nov. 12th, '89.

Administrator's Notice.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of the late Henry S. Piper, Publisher, late of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts, duly attested to, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
MINNA K. PIPER,
Sole Administrator.
Bridgetown, Aug. 19th, 1889.

Executor's Notice.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of JAMES D. PHINNEY, late of South Farmington, in the county Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within three months from date, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to the under-igned.
O. M. TAYLOR, Sole Executor.
Middleton, March 29th, 1890. 52 3m

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of JOSEPH FADER, late of Gates Mountain, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby required to render the same duly attested, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to
H. J. ANDREWS,
GEORGE A. FADER, } Executors.
Gates Mountain, March 29th, 1890. 52 tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of WILLIAM NORTH, late of Middleton, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby required to render the same duly attested, within six months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to
GEORGE A. NORTH,
O. M. TAYLOR, } Executors.
Middleton, March 1st, 1890. 48 3m

WANTED
IMMEDIATELY, Two or Three Good Smart Girls, to learn the Tailoring Trade, at
A. J. MORRISON'S,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BRIDGETOW

Polling Booths.

The following list of Polling Booths is published at the request of Sheriff Morse, and may be relied on as authentic. They will be opened at eight o'clock in the forenoon, and continue so till five in the afternoon.

No. 1. Melvern Square, at or near the Post Office.
No. 2. Middleton, at or near Middleton Corner.
No. 3. Clarence, at or near Charles Clarke's.
No. 4. Bridgetown, at the Court House.
No. 5. Belleisle, at or near Almon Parker's.
No. 6. Granville Ferry, at or near the head of the slip.
No. 7. Lower Granville, at or near George Chisholm's, Broad Cove.
No. 8. Clements, at or near the store of Roop Bros.
No. 9. Bear River, at or near the store of Clark Bros.
No. 10. Annapolis, at the Court House.
No. 11. Carleton's Corner, at or near the School House.
No. 12. Nictaux, at or near the store of W. J. H. Balcom, Nictaux Falls.
No. 13. New Albany, at or near the School House.
No. 14. Maitland, at or near Charles Ford's.
No. 15. Dalhousie, at or near George Clark's.
No. 16. Meadowvale, at or near the School House, Torbrook.
No. 17. Port George, at or near the store of Ansley Elliott.
No. 18. Port Lorne, at or near James P. Foster's.
No. 19. Hampton, at or near the School House.
No. 20. Parker's Cove, at or near the School House.
No. 21. Clementsvale, at or near Mrs. Sandford's.
No. 22. Lequille, at or near the School House.
No. 23. Round Hill, at or near the New Hall, Round Hill.
No. 24. Lawrencetown Lane, at or near the School House.
No. 25. Springfield, at or near Oliver McNayr's.
No. 26. Margaretville, at or near Simeon Harris'.
No. 27. Clements West, at or near the School House, Waldeck Line Corner.
No. 28. Milford, at or near Crawley Vidito's.

WOOL! WOOL!!—Any quantity of Wool wanted for the Yarmouth Woolen Mills. Runciman, Randolph & Co. tf

Antigonish Notes.

The season is much later than it was last year.

Sale cattle are reported scarce and the price of meat is high.

Some of Pastor J. Clark's hymns are being set to music and sung at large evangelistic services in the States.

A new three-story mill is nearing its completion for carding and filling purposes. The machinery is first-class, and a great deal of word is expected to be done. The power is steam. So many girls go to the States that factories must take the place of spinning wheels.

It is a problem with the farmers and merchants of the county as to how the Newfoundland tariff is likely to work against them. St. John's has been their principle market for their cattle, sheep, butter, &c.; but 3 cents per lb. duty on butter and other duties correspondingly high may shut out, at least for a while, much of their produce.

The *Casket* is now issued from one of the presses in town, instead of being put out to to print as formerly. It is now running on a new principle, politics being wholly disallowed in its columns. The whole strength of the paper is devoted to the maintenance of Catholic principles, while containing the news of the week. There are some able pens on the staff.

A few weeks ago a man was along with a travelling entertainment, having a large hall, where shooting was practised. Recently one of the political parties has hired the room for its public and business meetings, and the big political flag has floated over the entrance in all its glory. The entertainer has gone on his way, but his sign remains upon the wall, under the shadow of the floating flag, bearing the suggestive announcement—"Shooting gallery up-stairs."

Literary Prizes.

The following is a list of the successful prize-winners in the Canadian Competition, for the Province of Nova Scotia:—

THE PROVINCE PRIZE.

Maude Saunders, Lawrencetown School, Anapolis county, 35 marks—subject, "By Fire."

THE COUNTY PRIZES.

Inverness—J. G. Mckenzie, Kingross, School, 12 marks.—"John."
Victoria—Dan M. McLeod, Munro's Point School, 17 marks—"The Nova Scotia Giant."
Cape Breton—Katie McLeod, Block House School, Cow Bay, 15 marks—"Adrift."
Halifax City—E. Kaulback, High School 25 marks—"The Lost Babes."
Halifax County—Lora Hilchey, Pleasant Harbor School, 23 marks—"A Ghost Story."
Colchester—Julia Butler, Great Village School, 26 marks—"Lost and Found."
Queens—George G. Kinney, Liverpool Academy, 10 marks—"Unexpected Relief."
Lunenburg—Nettie McKean, Pentz Settlement School, 15 marks—"Privateer's visit to Chester."
Pictou—Nettie B. McKenzie, Pictou High School, 11 marks—"Old and New."
Cumberland—Jessie Hatfield, Port Grenville School, 16 marks—"Loss of a French Ship."
Digby—Colin McArthur, Digby Academy, 14 marks—"An International Episode."
Antigonish—Mary A. McDonald and Josie Mcphee, Upper South River School, each 13 marks—"Grandfather's Perilous Adventure," and "Trials of Early settlers in Antigonish County."
Yarmouth—Gordon Hatfield, Tusket School, 21 marks—"Lake Vaughan."
Kings—Millicent S. Chase, Kentville School, 18 marks—"The Cuckoo Clock."
Shelburne—Fred Doane, Hibbard's Brook School, 14 marks—"Story of a Brave Woman."
Hants—Louille Payzant, Windsor Forks School, 30 marks—"Troublous Times."
Annapolis—Aubrey Fullerton, Round Hill School, 17 marks—"Annie Halliday."

THE SCHOOL PRIZES TO SCHOOLS.

1st. Pleasant Harbor School, Halifax Co., 13 stories. Total marks assigned 159.
2nd. Port George School, Annapolis Co., 9 stories. Total marks assigned, 117.

Note—The stories from this school represent the best average penmanship and neatest MSS. of any school examined by me. C. J. C.

3rd Englishtown School, Victoria Co., Cape Breton, 15 stories. Total marks assigned 115.
4th. Horton Landing School, King's Co., N. S., 14 stories. Total marks assigned, 75.

—Dr. Ibbertson, specialist for old complaints, at Wilmot, N. S., begs of the people to give the faculty doctors a fair trial before applying to him. He has adopted the plan of manufacturing medicine to order, hoping thereby to benefit the greater number, and his success in curing chronic disease of every type—except true consumption of lungs—has silenced all criticism. His cures are effected by restoring the blood, and building up the worn and debilitated system by a judicious course of tonics, changing the medicines as the case demands. He cures dyspepsia, acid stomach, etc., with disease of the heart, liver, kidneys, spine, brain, air tubes, sick headache, nervous debility, catarrh, falling fits, blood and skin diseases, etc., etc. Satisfactory proof of the above statements will be sent to any address, when requested. Place of business at Samuel A. Dennison's, Esq., Wilmot, N. S. tf

Provincial Paragraphs.

From three canaries Mrs. J. T. Collins of Woodstock last year raised thirty-five birds.

An appeal is made by Alivia C. Whitman for help to build a Sailor's Home at Canso, N. S.

The local legislature of P. E. Island prorogued on Wednesday, after a six week's session.

A brick of gold worth $1950, crushed from nine tons of quartz, has been taken to Halifax from the Eastville mill at Uniacke.

The total number of seals captured by the Newfoundland fleet this year was 207,000 against 307,000 last year.

A. Stephen & Sons' furniture factory, Halifax, suffered quite a loss by fire on Friday morning last.

At the request of his father a young man in Halifax was on Monday sent to the city prison three months for drunkenness.

It is reported that silver has been discovered near Hantsport. An old miner examined a piece of rock, and says it contains pure silver.

Bishop Courtney confirmed 18 candidates at Amherst on Friday evening in Christ church, before a crowded congregation.

Mr. Edwards, of the Queen Hotel, Fredericton, has taken up his residence in jail. Communication with the outside world is had by telephone.

The firemen of Kentville are make arrangements for celebrating the Queen's Birthday. They have asked the 68th band, of Windsor, to assist them.

James Petigras of Newfoundland, was drowned by the upsetting of a boat while rafting in the basin between Amherst Point and Fort Lawrence dock, Cumberland Co., on Friday afternoon.

John Archibald, of H. M. Customs, and Mr. John Foster, a well-known retired livery stable man, both citizens of Halifax, were stricken with paralysis on Thursday last. Mr. Foster died Monday morning.

Up to date 547 families, composed of twelve children or more now living, have applied to the Quebec local government for 100 acres of crown lands in comformance with the bill passed last session.

Captain E. E. Evans died at Sackville, N. B., on Saturday. The deceased was well and favorably known to the public from his long connection with the P. E. Island Steam Navigation company, as captain of one of their steamers.

The fish receipts at Gloucester, Mass., last week were 745,300 lbs. codfish, 105,200 lbs. halibut, 21 bbls. squid, 2,000 lbs. hake, 15,000 lbs. cusk and 15,000 haddock. Nova Scotia herring sold for $5 a barrel and Halifax salmon at $23.

Mr. Geo. L. Marshall, of Marshalltown, is the owner of a fine mare colt, one year and eleven months old, weighing 950 lbs. Matthew Carter, of Canaan, has a Clydesdale colt 12 months old which weighs 970 pounds. This is a good one.

The wife of Mr. John Murphy, painter, of Yarmouth, gave birth to twins (girls) on Monday, 5th inst., making the number of the children of Mr. and Mrs. M. sixteen—10 daughters and 6 sons—all living, all unmarried, and all, with the exception of two sons, living under the same roof with their parents.

Archdeacon Smith has been appointed by the governors and president of Kings College, Windsor, examiner for the McCawley Hebrew prize for the present year. The prize is open to all members of the college below the standing of M. A. who have not already taken the first prize in Hebrew.

Four Johns, in direct line, sat down to dinner on a Sunday three weeks ago at Halifax; old John Fitzgerald, chief messenger of the House of Assembly; his son John, in W. U. Telegraph employ; his son John, at A. Stephen & Sons, and his son John, a comparatively new resident of the city. They all dined together at John the 2nd's residence.

The Nova Scotia Steel and Iron Company, New Glasgow, N. S., operating under a new charter granted by the legislature of Nova Scotia, have issued a prospectus relating to their business. The authorized capital is $2,000,000. The Company are now employing about 450 men, and look to increasing the number as soon as they get to work building ther blast furnace, etc., which will be immediately.

The Liverpool *Times* says: "A large congregation assembled at the Methodist church on Thursday afternoon to witness the marriage of Minnie B. Freeman, youngest daughter of J. Newton Freeman, M. P., to the Rev James B. Heal, Methodist minister at Port Mouton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A W. Nicholson. The bride was attended by Annie DeWolf as bridesmade and the groom was supported by Avery Mitchell. After the ceremony, the guests adjourned to the residence of the bride's father for luncheon.

A MISER'S TREASURE DISCOVERED.—The Charlottetown *Patriot* says it is reported that Mr. Stephen S. Squires, Clyde River, while moving an old building on his premises, found a considerable sum of money stowed away in an old iron chest or safe and buried in the cellar over which the house stood. It was principally coins, (gold and silver) among which were a few old English shillings, and two Bank of England notes, dating back to 1750. The former occupant was a woman of a miserly disposition, who lived principally on charity, although in want of the necessaries of life, undoubtedly kept adding to her hoarded treasures.

$1,860 SALVAGE AWARDED.—The owners of the schooner *Cant Help It*, which towed into Halifax the schooner *W. D. Richard*, offered Captain Beazley and his prize crew the sum of $1,000 for her services. This amount was refused and the matter was submitted to arbitration. Captain J. Taylor Wood and Samuel Douglas were appointed arbitrators. They, however, failed to agree and a third was appointed. Mayor McPherson was selected, and it was agreed by all parties interested that the finding of a majority of the court should be final. The report, however, was unanimous and yesterday the three arbitrators filed an award in favor of the prize crew for $1,860. Capt Beazley, of the *Cant Help It*, is quite satisfied with the verdict.

Chas. Folkes, formerly of New Glasgow, died on the street in Boston a few days ago, and an autepsy developed the fact that death was caused by poison found in his stomach. It is suspected that he may have been murdered. A letter states that he was known to have $175 in gold on his person the day previous to his death. No money was found. Bella McDonald, a neighbour at home, now residing in Boston identified the deceased. Young Folkes, at the age of six or seven years, was brought from Liverpool by Mrs. Birt, about sixteen years ago, and placed under the care of the late Angus Robertson, New Glasgow. He was employed as brakesman on the Shore Line Railway, and later as special conductor on the I. C. R., and resided in Moncton. Only a month ago he went to Boston, and at the time of his death was a brakesman on the Boston and Albany railway.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Truth Stranger than Fiction.

THE ROAD MONEY.

MR. EDITOR:—

I am aware that the MONITOR is not a political paper, but I fancy you will not refuse a few lines if written in the proper spirit, even if they do not coincide with your own feelings and wishes. In the last *Spectator* is an extract from the Halifax *Herald*; making it appear that the expenses of expending the Government road money was "about 20 per cent.," and that under the Municipal Council it would only have been five per cent. Now for the factors: The amount paid to Inspectors or Supervisors under the Government Act was $11,088.27. This is not disputed and is something *less* than five per cent. on the amount expended. Now what is the cost of money expended by the Municipal Council? Here it is: Commission, five per cent.; Supervisors, something over one and one-half per cent., or six and one-half per cent. in all. Had the amount expended by Government been expended by the Council it would have cost the snug little sum of three thousand three hundred and twenty-six dollars more than it did expended by Government. These figures are correct and can easily be verified by any elector who wishes to know the facts. How then does the *Herald* and the Conservative candidates as well, make the expense twenty per cent. I will tell you—by changing the wages of foremen in the amount expended by Government and very *honestly* omitting to charge the wages of foremen in the amount expended by the Council. Hence the difference. In Annapolis County there were 21 foremen under the Government, and over 200 under the Municipal Council, the amount expended being about the same. Comment is unnecessary.

AN ELECTOR WHO CAN'T BE HUMBUGGED.

Book Notices.

One of the brightest women in New York Mrs. Isabel Mallon, who, perhaps, knows more about woman's dress and fixings than any woman in America, has been added to the editoral staff of *The Ladies' Home Journal*, Philadelphia. Mrs. Mallon is an experienced editoral writer, and will conduct one of the fullest and strongest fashion departments in the *Journal* ever attempted in a general magazine. Her new position makes her the best paid fashion-writer in the country. Mrs. Mallon is young, pretty, and one of the best known women in New York society.

KNOWLEDGE AND LANGUAGE.—Volume twelve of *Alden's Manifold Cyclopedia* deserves all the strong commendations which have been bestowed upon previous volumes. It is published in handy form, which is remarkably convenient. This is no small matter, as all who have had occasion to consult the unwieldy volumes in which cyclopedias usually appear can testify. The editorial work is characterized by the same thoroughness and fidelity as that of the previous issues. The broad field has been carefully gleaned. The results of long-continued investigation are presented in an attractive and available form. Open it where you will, the book offers rich treasures of knowledge. This volume takes the work from Dominis to Electric Clock. Among the articles treated at length we notice: Drainage (in Agriculture), about 3 pages; Drama, over 10 pages; Earthquake, 4 pages; Easter, 3 pages; Eclipse, 9 pages; Education, (including Military, State and National, with valuable statistics), 48 pages, and Egypt, nearly 14 pages. Electrical Units embraces the nomenclature recently made by leading scientists, and is here first published in a Cyclopedia. The work is a Dictionary as well as a Cyclopedia—a fact which adds greatly to its other merits. It seems almost incredible that such work can be sold for 75 cents a volume in cloth, or $1.00 in half morocco, but such is the case. Specimen pages sent free; sold on easy instalments, if desired. John B. Alden, Publisher, New York, Chicago and Atlanta.

General News.

—The carpenters' strike at Chicago has been settled at eight hours a day, 35 cents an hour to August 1, and 37½ cents thereafter.

—The schooner *Little Fred*, of Westport, owned by Capt. J. A. Morrison, misstayed and went ashore on Peter's Island, on the 5th inst. She is a total wreck.

—Large quantities of shad and bass are being taken in the Shubenacadie river. The shad are a month earlier than usual and of extraordinary fine quality.

—Grave peculations have been discovered in the customs department in Buenos Ayres, and the revenue lost by the government by embezzlements is estimated to have reached $10,000,000 annually.

—It was reported to the Emigration Committee at Washington that, in New England, Canadians have taken the place of Americans, and that at Gloucester, 75 per cent. of the fishermen are Canadians.

—The body of Doctor Cronin, of Chicago, who was murdered a year ago, was buried Sunday afternoon in Calvary cemetery. Over a thousand men and women braved the bleak winds and pelting rain to witness the obsequies.

—A despatch from Kingston, Kent county, N. B., announces the death at that place of Hon. Owen McInerney, M. L. C. He had been somewhat ill for a long time, but the announcement of his death comes unexpectedly.

—Russia, with a view of checking British commercial progress in Persia, is to establish a bank and railroad at Teheran, conduct other enterprises and appoint a special Russian agency at Ispahan to watch the British agent there.

—A pair of bantam chickens were sold at the London Crystal Palace for $500, which is almost exactly twice their weight in gold. This is believed to be the highest price ever paid for a single pair of fowls since the days of extravagant and luxurious Rome.

—Mrs. Kate Harper, wife of William A. Harper, of the firm of Harper & Co., book publishers, and daughter of Colonel Beecher, son of the late Henry Ward Beecher, died suddenly on May 2nd from a rupture of the heart while under the influence of chloroform.

—May day with its demonstration by organized labor in behalf of an 8 hour working day passed, in Chicago, without any serious disturbance. Twenty-five thousand to thirty thousand laborers marched in the great parade. Thousands viewed the procession.

—The Charlottetown *Patriot* chronicles the death of Hon. W. W. Lord, of that city, at the advanced age of 93. Deceased, though belonging to Tryon, where he extensively engaged in ship-building while a young man, had been for a long time a resident of Charlottetown. Mr. Lord was a Liberal of the old school.

—A rich deposit of gold has been discovered at Gay's River, Nova Scotia, and is said to be bonded over to an American Company for $60,000. This is a valuable find, but King's Dyspepsia Cure says John A. Dawson, Esq., ex-M. P. of Pictou, N. S., is worth its weight in this precious metal to all afflicted with indgestion or Dyspepsia in any form.

—There is great promise in the oil regions of the far Northwest of Canada. In the Athabaska district it is stated by Professor Dawson some of the lakes and rivers are covered to a depth of several inches with the oil exuding from their banks. An exploring expedition is to be sent out by the federal government this summer.

—According to the laws of Italy fathers are responsible for their sons' return when they leave the country, and, should they not return to do the military duty required of them, are put in prison. A young Italian, who had been living in Waldoboro, Me., returned to his native land last week to save his father from a term of imprisonment.

The Best And The Cheapest.

100 doses for 100 cents. Burdock Blood Bitters. Does your Head ache? Take Burdock Blood Bitters. Is your Blood impure? Take Burdock Blood Bitters. Are you Costive? Take Burdock Blood Bitters. Are you Bilious? Take Burdock Blood Bitters. Are you Dyspeptic? Take Burdock Blood Bitters. 1 cent a dose, 1 cent a dose, Burdock Blood Bitters.

Telegraph Notes for the Week.

WRECKED BY A TORNADO.

BLYTHEDALE, Mo., May 10.—A tornado passed north of this city last night completely wrecking a dozen houses and as many barns and outbuildings. The family of Henry Young were all injured. Mrs. Young fatally.

WON BY A NEGRO.

Boston, May 9.—The annual competition for the Boylston prizes for Harvard students in declamation was held last night in Cambridge. The first prizes were won by W. E. B. DuBois, '90, and H. E. Burton, '80. Mr. DuBois is a negro.

A SWIFT TORPEDO BOAT.

Washington, May 8.—The government new torpedo boat, the *Cushing*, in a trial trip yesterday made, part of the time, between 26 and 27 miles an hour. While going 25 miles an hour, the engines were reversed and the boat backed at a rate of 13 miles an hour. She was turned in her own length.

Ottawa, May 10.—It is understood that a special effort will be made by the department of agriculture this year with the increased vote to attract more immigration from Iceland. The latest advices are that the whole population of the island would like to emigrate to Canada if means were available for the transport of goods and chattels.

Boston, May 9.—This morning the jury in the case of Etta W. Harris *alias* Dr. Ludgate, charged with malpractice, brought in a verdict of guilty. The penalty does not exceed more than seven years nor less than one year and a fine of not less than $5,000. The Judge denied motion for increase of bail from $5,000 to $10,000. Defence were given eight days in which to file exceptions.

A FATAL BLUNDER.

Denver, Col., May 8.—The north bound freight train on the Denver and Rio Grande road took the siding for the San Juan express at Fountain, yesterday, and left the switch open. The express was thrown from the rails down a 14 foot embankment and Fireman Sykes was killed. The mail clerks, express messengers, baggage men, and passengers were all more or less injured, but none fatally.

AN IMMENSE ENGLISH SYNDICATE.

Baltimore, Md., May 8.—The *Manufacturer's Record* this week published the details of companies organized in London that will expend $8,000,000 at Middlesborough and Cumberland gap in addition to what heretofore has been invested. Besides these three other companies have been formed with an aggregate capital of $8,750,000 to develop 430,000 acres of coal and iron lands in Kentucky and Tennessee.

THE DANGEROUS DORY.

NORTH SYDNEY, C. B., May 11.—The Norwegian barque Maitland, Capt. Blegen, from Buenos Ayres via Halifax, which arrived yesterday, on the previous day at noon, between Canso and Sable Island, picked up four men in two dories belonging to the schooner Mary E. Leslie, of Liverpool, N. S., they having been away in their dories for four days without provisions or water. It is likely the men will be forwarded by the collector at this port to their vessel.

WAR AGAINST SALOONS.

Boston, Mass., May 8.—There seems to be a disposition to carry the war against the saloons to the utmost limit. A week ago, when the Boston police board was compelled by the pressure of the law and order league to order the enforcement of the law forbidding sales over the bar, the hotel proprietors and the saloon keepers began placing tables and chairs in their bar rooms and insisting upon customers taking seats and being served by waiters. To-day the secretary of the law and order league published a letter, sharply attacking them for the course, which he stigmatizes as an attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the public. "A table," Mr. Dudley writes, "may be made a public bar just as easily as a counter." The question promises to become locally paramount.

MONTEVIDEO HURRICANE.

Montevideo, May 5.—The hurricane which prevailed here last week caused serious damage to the shipping at this port. The British schooner *Byron M.*, from New York, dragged her anchors and went ashore, and will probably prove a total wreck. The British barque *Blue Bird*, Capt. McDonald, from Boston, collided with the Norwegian barque *Columba*, Capt. Chyren, from Brunswick. The damage to the vessels is not known. The barque *Freya* was partly dismasted. The Italian barque *Mariana Pepa*, Captain Dafilice, from Buenos Ayres for the United States and the British barque *Wenonah*, Captain McCann, from Liverpool, were both blown ashore. The *Wenonah* will probably be a total loss. Her cargo is being saved. There was a large number of other disasters. A number of lighters were sunk.

A TERRIBLE TALE.

San Francisco, May 12.—News was received here last night that in the great storm on March 4th, the schr. *Eliza Mary* was driven on the reefs at Mallicoli in the New Hebrides. There were on board a crew of 18, two passengers, 44 recruits and 15 returning laborers, making a total of 79. The first boat lowered, manned by four white men and several of the black crew, was dashed to pieces and four white men drowned. Those who remained on board the ship were saved. Several of the recruits swam for the shore but were either drowned or killed after landing. One boy with 20 men went with some natives to a village near the coast. They were given food, but while eating, the savages set upon them, and tomahawked them, the boy alone escaping by flight. In all, four white men and 47 blacks were lost.

THREE DAYS IN DORIES.

Canso, May 8.—A dense fog has prevailed for several days and still continues. The *Princess Beatrice* was delayed some thirty hours on account of it. Accidents among the fishing fleet on the banks are reported. Two stray dories reached here today, one containing Alfred Cameron and Fred Walsh, who strayed from their vessel, the *Hattie E. Wooster*, of Gloucester, Capt. David C. Morrisey, found its way through the breakers to one of the outlying islands, and its occupants, Freeman Harkin and Ben Amero, were cared for by the fishermen there, and afterward brought to this place. They left their vessel on Quero on Tuesday to get their trawl. After securing a dory load of fish they started to return to the vessel, but soon found they were lost in the fog. They decided to row for the land and after being some sixty hours without food or fire reached here. All four men are being cared for by the American consul.

THE POPES OF ROME.—The *Neue Frei Presse*, of Vienna, thus summarizes the history of the Popes:—"Since St. Peter (supposing that he ever was in Rome), there have been 297 Popes, of whom 24 were anti-Popes and one female Pope. Nineteen Popes quitted Rome, and 35 reigned abroad. Eight Papal reigns did not exceed each a month's duration, 40 extended over one year, 22 over two years, 54 over 5 years, 51 over 15 years, 18 over 20 years, and only nine exceeded that duration. Of the 297 Popes, 31 were declared usurpers and heretics, and of the remaining 266 legitimate occupants of the Holy See 64 met with violent deaths, 18 having been poisoned and four strangled. Independently of the Avignon Popes, 26 were deposed, expelled from Rome, and banished; 28 others were only maintained in power by foreign aid."

—Pensions of $250 and $150 have been granted by the Dominion government to Miss Harriet Fraser and Roderick Fraser in recognition of services of Simon Fraser, their father, in exploring the territory now known as British Columbia. Had it not been for Simon Fraser the Canadian transcontinental railway would never have been a possibility, as the territory would have been appropriated by the United States, and the Rockies would have been Canada's western boundary.

—The tragic death of F. L. James, the intrepid African hunter and explorer, has surprised and shocked all who knew of his career in Africa. A cable despatch from the west coast briefly announces that he was killed by a wounded elephant while hunting in the Gaboon country. The James brothers are best known for their journey through centre Somaliland, south of the Gulf of Aden.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them? Sold by DeBlois & Primrose, Bridgetown, and Dr. Morse, Lawrencetown.

Services for Sunday, May 18th.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. F. M. Young, Ph.B., Pastor. Bridgetown, Bible Class and Sabbath School 10 a.m.; Preaching service, 11 a.m. Wadeville, 3 p.m. Young People's Meeting, Bridgetown, 7 p.m. Conference meeting at Wadeville, Saturday, 17th, 3 p.m. Bible Reading and Social Service, Tuesday evening. General Social Service. Friday evening.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. H. D. deBlois, Pastor. Young's Mountain, 10.30, a.m. Belleisle, 3 p.m. Bridgetown, 7 p.m.

PROVIDENCE (METHODIST) CHURCH.—Rev. F. H. Wright, Pastor. Granville, 11 a.m.; Bentville, 3 p.m.; Bridgetown, 7 p.m. General Prayer Meeting at Bridgetown Wednsday, evening, 7.30 p.m.

GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN).—W. M. Fraser, Pastor. Service at 3.30 p.m.—address to the young subject, "The First Boy." Bible Class and Sunday-school at 2 p.m. Social Service every Tuesday, at 7.30 p.m.

LAWRENCETOWN CIRCUIT.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. J. T. Eaton, Pastor. Lawrencetown, 11, a.m.; Ingliville, 3, p.m.; Lawrencetown, Social Service, 7.30 p.m.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Service by Rev. C. H. McElhinney, Lawrencetown, 11 a.m.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Service by Rev. T. G. Gwillim, at 3 p.m.

Easily Ascertained.

It is easy to find out from any one who has used it, the virtues of Hagyards Yellow Oil for painful and inflammatory troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, frost bites, burns, bruises, sprains, contracted cords, stiff joints, aches, pains and soreness of any kind it has no superior.

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents,—Having used MINARD'S LINIMENT for several years in my stable, I attest to its being the best thing I know of for horse flesh. In the family, we have used it for every purpose that a liniment is adapted for, it being recommended to us by the late Dr. J. L. R. Webster. Personally I find it the best allayer of neuralgic pain I have ever used.

B. TITUS,
Proprietor Yarmouth Livery Stable.

Births.

FREEMAN.—At Bridgetown, on Sunday, May 11th, the wife of Mr. Hastings Freeman, of a daughter.

Deaths.

FOSTER.—Suddenly, on Friday morning last, Mrs. Azubah Foster, wife of the late David Foster, aged 87 years.

HOSPITAL REMEDIES.

There is a new departure in the treatment of disease. It consists in the collection of the specifics used by noted specialists of Europe and America, and bringing them within the reach of all. For instance the treatment pursued by special physicians who treat indigestion, stomach and liver troubles only, was obtained and prepared. The treatment of other physicians, celebrated for curing catarrh were procured, and so on till these incomparable cures now include disease of the lungs, kidneys, female weakness, rheumatism and nervous debility. Ask your druggist for them. Those who cannot procure these remedies from their druggist may remit the price to Hospital Remedy Co., 303½ West King St., Toronto, and the remedy will be shipped to them direct. (The price is one dollar each). Descriptive catalogue sent on receipt of stamp to pay postage.

New Advertisements.

9 Cords IN 10 HOURS
Rub Easy
NO BACKACHE.
Folded.
BY ONE MAN. Write for descriptive catalogue free, mentioning this paper. Agents Wanted. We have been in business for ourselves for the last 15 years, and have made and sold more than a thousand of this and other styles of saws. We guarantee our saws to be the best, and our prices to be as low as good saws can be made and sold for. We also make a complete line of Circular Saws, Mandrels, Tables, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, etc. We are the largest manufacturers of Saws in the United States, and have been for the last 15 years. Our factory is the most complete in the United States, and we are the only manufacturers of Saws who use Steam Power exclusively in the manufacture of their Saws. Our Saws are warranted to be the best in the market. Our Agents are meeting with great success. Any intelligent person can become a good agent. Address, SHAW MFG. CO., 506 to 516 N. Canal St., Chicago.

FARMERS,
ATTENTION

The well-known and highly-bred Stallion
"Champion Messenger,"
will travel in Annapolis and Kings Counties, this season, 1890. This is one of the best bred horses in the Province, and all those desirous of raising good, sound, and well-put-together stock, should not fail to patronize this horse. For further particulars see handbills.
Yours, respectfully,
ARTHUR T. MARSHALL.
Clarence West, April 21st, 1890. 3 4i

JUST OPENED
—A new lot of—
BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS, CONFECTIONERY, WALL PAPER AND BORDERS.
ALSO
PURE SPICES, COFFEE, TEA, CANNED GOODS, LARD, SOAPS (fancy and common), SUGAR (granulated and yellow), BROOMS, BRUSHES, CHEESE, BISCUITS, TAPIOCA, RICE, &c., &c.
GRAHAM FLOUR, ROLLER OAT MEAL (at retail and by the barrel, at short notice). ALL FRESH AND NEW AND WILL BE SOLD AT LOWEST PRICES.
EGGS TAKEN AS CASH.
MRS. L. C. MARSHALL.
Paradise Corner, April 16th, 1890. 2 tf

CALL AND SEE
THE GRAND ASSORTMENT OF
Wall Papers,
With Borderings to Match,
AT
Central Book Store.
SPRING ROLLER BLINDS ALSO ON HAND.
B. J. ELDERKIN,
Central Book Store.

MR. ERVIN,
SOLICITOR,
HAS removed his office to rooms over John Ross' Harness Shop, Granville Street.
Bridgetown, April 30th, 1890. 4 tf

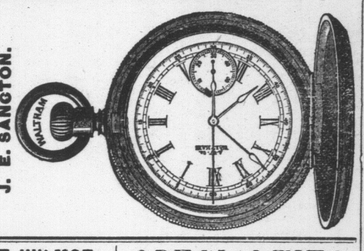
THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

NEW SPRING STOCK
OPENING THIS WEEK AT
JOHN LOCKETT'S.
10 CASES NEW SPRING DRY GOODS.
4 CASES GENTS' FURNISHINGS, VIZ., TIES, COLLARS, CUFFS, SHIRTS ETC.
5 CASES MENS' AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS—THE FINEST STOCK AND BEST VALUE I HAVE EVER OFFERED.
13 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS
Timothy, Clover, Field and Garden SEEDS,
TOGETHER WITH A FULL STOCK OF
FRESH GROCERIES,
OFFERED AT VERY CLOSE PRICES.
Customers who bring their EGGS to us can always depend upon getting the Highest Possible Prices.

This space is reserved
FOR
GEO. H. DIXON.

WATCHES A SPECIALTY.
MARKED DOWN.
ALL GOODS IN OUR LINE MARKED DOWN TO MAKE ROOM FOR SPRING STOCK. NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED FOR CASH
J. E. SANGTON.



FOR SALE AT WILMOT.
THAT most desirable and well-known Property of the late JOHN A. BROWNE, consisting of twelve acres of superior grass and tillage land, on which is a fine brook meadow. There is also a young Orchard coming into bearing, and a variety of small fruits.
The house is beautifully situated with a fine view of the surrounding country. It contains nine rooms, besides pantries and closets; has a frost proof cellar, good well of water, a good stable, &c., all in good repair.
There is also a fine conservatory 13x34 feet, fitted with furnace and pipes, and shelves oompete, filled with rare and choice vines and plants.
Post Office and School within five minutes' walk, and Wilmot Station within one and a quarter mile.
For further particulars apply to
E. CUMMINGER.
Wilmot, Annpolis Co., N. S.
April 22nd, 1890. 3 4i

FARM FOR SALE
THE subscriber will sell by Public Auction on the premises in Granville, on SATURDAY, 17th MAY, ensuing at two o'clock, p.m., that pleasantly situated Farm and Premises, containing forty acres by estimation, being property of estate of late JAMES E. CLARK, and on which he resided at his decease.
This farm being situated only two miles from Bridgetown on the Granville Highway, comprising superior tillage land, and having a promising young Orchard in bearing, thereon, renders it a desirable property for any person desiring to purchase a residence.
Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage if the purchaser desires the remaing third part to be cash, including ten per cent. payable at the sale.
E. G. MILLEDGE.
T. W. CHESLEY, Solicitor.
Bridgetown, April 16th, 1890. 2 5i

NEW
SPRING GOODS!
50 PIECES PRINT AND AMERICAN CAMBRIC;
FANCY DRESS GOODS IN ALL NEW STYLES;
BLACK HENRIETTA CLOTH;
LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, CRETONS, MUSLIN, TABLE LINEN, SHEETING, ETC.;
HOSIERY, GLOVES, SILK, LINEN AND FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS, GENTS' SCARFS, COLLARS AND CUFFS;
TWEEDS IN OXFORD, CANADIAN AND ENGLISH;
CORSETS IN 25 DIFFERENT STYLES;
GLASS, CROCKERYWARE, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES;
ROOM PAPERS IN CANADIAN AND AMERICAN PATTERNS.
Also a fine assortment of the
Best GROCERIES.
Please note that our Goods are new, and have been most carefully selected, and will be sold at a slight advance on cost. Give us a call and see that what we say is true.
To arrive this week, one car of Black P. E. ISLAND SEED OATS, double screened. Please leave your orders early.
C. H. SHAFFNER.
South Farmington, April 21st, 1890.

HOYT BROTHERS,
DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF
MONUMENTS, - TABLETS, HEADSTONES, &C.,
—IN—
American & Italian Marble.
Marble, Granite, and Freestone
MONUMENTS,
IN THE MOST GRACEFUL STLES.
Our charges are reasonable in every respect, and we guarantee perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.
J. Hoyt. A. Hoyt.
Bridgetown, N. S. 21y

FRUIT GROWERS
—:OF THE:—
ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.
A perfect remedy has been found for the ravages of the Codling Moth, Canker Worm, Caterpillar, Plum Curculio, etc. Only a few hours of labor necessary to eradicate the pests from the largest orchards. If you want to be free from wormy apples, from the tiresome and disgusting practice of destroying caterpillars by hand, or still worse, from the sight of a leafless orchard in June, then write at once to the subscriber, a practical horticulturist who has tested this remedy, for full particulars.
G. C. MILLER,
5281 Riverside Fruit Farm, Middleton, N. S.

SPECIALTIES
AT
SHIPLEY'S.
WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES,
—:AND:—
General Hardware.
I am in position to offer above lines at
LOW FIGURES.
R. SHIPLEY.

The Subscriber is now opening a full line of
CLOTHING
In Men's, Youths', and Boys' suits.
MEN'S FANCY TWEED SUITS FOR
$6.60 and upwards.
A Large Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES
by the best makers.
Women's Boots in great variety, from $1.00 up to the fashionable and stylish Walkemphast.
Men's, Boys', Girls' and Children's in great variety and at unusually low prices.
Choice Port Rico Molasses.....50 cents
Best quality American Oil.....30 "
Very fine flavored Tea.....35 "
and everything else in the same proportion.
B. STARRATT.
Paradise, April 8th, 1890.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE,
PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.
It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION Immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

VICK'S
FLORAL GUIDE for '90.
The Pioneer Seed Catal

Miscellaneous.

A Duel to the Death.

SAVAGE FIGHT BETWEEN A RATTLESNAKE AND A CENTIPEDE.

"Ugh! What is it? Take it away!" The frightened speaker was one of several employes of Pierce & Co., engaged in handling hardware in the basement of the firm's establishment on Broadway. He had almost placed his hand upon the object that had startled him.

"Look out! It's a centipede, and a big one, too," cried one of his companions. "It must have got into one of the packages of bananas or other goods shipped at a southern port while the hardware was on board the vessel on its way from the East."

This was ample warning to prevent careless meddling with the centipede, but the hardware men determined to capture him, and after a little effort the many legged curio was scooped up on a shovel and carried up stairs. But even then they didn't know what to do with their prize.

In the drug store adjoining was a monster rattlesnake, kept as a curiosity in a box in the shop window.

"Let's put him in with the rattler and start a zoo," said one of the group, and the suggestion was met with approval. The centipede was carried in and dumped into the box with the rattlesnake. An ominous rattle and quivering of the body of the snake showed that he resented the intrusion, and the centipede, apparently realizing his danger, made frantic efforts to escape by crawling around the edge of the box. The rattler gazed with fury upon this venomous crawler, and attempted several times to coil and strike the intruder; but the space of the box was too limited, and after several vain efforts which all the time were accompanied by an angry rattling, the snake, gliding forward with darting tongue gradually closed upon his enemy, and the centipede was soon writhing in its last agonies.

But it was not banished without retaliation. The many legs of the centipede had been doing their deadly work, and when the snake moved away from his victim, he himself began to show signs of distress. He tossed about from one side of his box to the other, rolled over coiled and uncoiled his scaly length and in every way except by cries, betrayed his agony to the group of interested spectators. In about an hour the body of the snake began to swell rapidly. His struggles gradually became weaker and in two hours from the time the fight commenced his snakeship rolled over and died. The poison of the centipede had done its fatal work. The body of the snake had swollen to twice its natural size. The rattlesnake and the centipede lay dead together in the box and thus ended this strange duel to death.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

Camera and Phonograph.

Thomas A. Edison has been at work for a long time on a novel scheme in connection with the phonograph. It consists in the application of instantaneous photography to the illustration of phonographic sounds. Early in 1889 he began exhaustive experiments with this end in view. To prosecute them it became necessary to erect a special building, where the camera would be entirely free from the disturbing tremor in the main laboratory caused by the jar of the machinery.

In this he had a masonry pier constructed running down to the solid rock. He then perfected an ingenious piece of mechanism by which it was possible to take in a single camera a series of consecutive pictures, the exposure for each of which was not more than the 250th part of a second. These pictures followed each other at the rate of from eight to twenty a second, the principle being that of taking the views in a perfectly dark room, the exposure being effected by means of an electric flash.

After many discouraging failures Mr. Edison was at last successful. His idea was that a speaker might be photographed from eight to twenty times a second during his entire speech, while at the same time the phonograph was recording the spoken address. The phonograph and the mechanism of the camera were so connected that when the reproduction took place, both spoken words and the photographic pictures would continue synchronously together, and that when the photographs were thrown on the screen, by means of a stereopticon, the rapid recurrence of the pictures would be such that the effect would be a continuous one, and as the phonograph re-produced the address, the gestures and the facial expression would appear to be that of the living speaker.

The experiments were completely successful, and Mr. Edison now has in his laboratory a large number of these dual re-productions. As yet there does not seem to be any practical commercial value to the invention.—*New York Tribune.*

Depew's First Fee.

PAID A DOLLAR FOR A SERVICE HE SUBSEQUENTLY CHARGED $500.

For 40 years after the supreme court began its work the fees of lawyers were not so large as they are now. In fact, the most eminent attorneys received no more than $25 for drawing briefs and presenting causes to juries. Those were the happy days for the client. Nearly all lawyers died poor. A rich lawyer was at that time as much of a novelty as a rich literary man now is.

How different at the end of this century? It is a common thing nowadays to hear of attorneys receiving $150,000 for the re-organization of a railroad or for organizing a trust, and the queerest part of it is that his clients loook upon him with a respect commensurate with his charges. Moreover, the community applauds the attorney's moderation.

Clients are most illogical. They reason from no known commercial basis. In the early days of my career as a lawyer, I wrote an opinion for a client and timidly asked $5 therefor. He grumbled a great deal before paying it. Then he took the opinion to a famous New York advocate to find out whether it was all right. The advocate glanced over it, wrote across the first page the word "correct," and asked $500 for his work. My client paid this sum gladly, and is yet talking about the kindness of the great advocate.

For the first legal paper I ever drew I charged $1.50. A farmer was my client and he beat me down to $1. Twenty years afterward I wrote a paper precisely similar and received for it $500 and many thanks.

—"A boy or man who measures his treatment of others by their treatment of him, has no character of his own. He will never be kind or generous or a Christian. If he is ever to be a gentleman he will be so in spite of the boorishness of others. If he is to be noble, no other boys meanness will change his nature. Remember, my son, you lower yourself every time you are guilty of an unworthy action because some one else is. Be true to yourself and no boy can drag you down."

Booth Reprimands Two Girls.

The other morning Edwin Booth was very much startled when a waiter at the Mount Vernon hotel brought two cards to his room bearing the names of two ladies unknown to him. The waiter said the ladies were pretty, and were waiting in the parlor. In a few minutes Booth made his appearance in the parlor, and much to his surprise he found two young and very pretty society girls, one of whom was a *debutante*. They informed him they had attended every performance since his arrival in Baltimore, and had become so fascinated with him that they had decided to call. They hoped he would pardon them for so doing. For a few minutes Booth said nothing. First he looked at their cards, which he still held in his hand, and then at the girls, who blushed and became very confused. At last the silence was broken.

"Young ladies," said Booth, "I happen to know the names on these cards are assumed, and if I only knew your real names I should most certainly inform your parents what you have done. Now, take my advice, go home, and don't ever run to see an actor again, for the next interview might not be so pleasant."

The young ladies departed, and have been very much alarmed lest their parents should find them out.—*Baltimore American.*

Edison and His Wife.

MR. EDISON'S APPEARANCE AND MANNER CAPTIVATE THE FRENCH.

Edison who is trying to make the world "all ears," is very deaf. When you speak to him he holds his hands behind his ears, watches your face intently, and, when he catches what you say, break into smiles or laughter. His countenance shows the good nature and good humor of the "Western," and his blue grey eyes lights up quickly. It is otherwise all cogitation or perception. The instant he mentally perceives something, it twinkles prettily. Edison has a prosperous air; there is something in the fleshiness into which the well shaved face is fallen that tells of a good cook and plenty of money. Mrs. Edison is very pretty and self-possessed. She has fine brown eyes and a straight face, with a delicately aquiline nose. To see such a head of hair as hers one should go to Glasgow. It was lifted from the temples and arranged in a braid, which was coiled round and round until it entirely covered the back of her head. She was very elegantly dressed, but not with simplicity enough to be in the height of fashion. You perhaps do not know that we are back to 1838 in gowns and evening dresses. Sir Colville Barclay, who is so used to the *creme* of the Royalist world here, thought her manners perfect.—*Paris Cor. London Truth.*

WHAT IT COSTS TO STOP A TRAIN.—C. C. Rainwater, chief engineer of the Wabash railroad, discussing the question of railroad management, said: "Did you ever consider what is the actual cost of stopping a train? I have been in the railroad business since I was a boy, and the question never seriously occurred to me until one day in a lawsuit at St. Louis, when the question came up. John C. Garrett, general manager of the Wabash, testified on the stand that the cost of stopping an ordinary passenger train at a way station was 70 cents. Being cross-examined, he admitted that a certain train running between East St. Louis and Toledo was paying his company about $1 per mile, and being further questioned as to the number of stops made on the road, it was established that if it cost 70 cents for each stop, this paying train, as Mr. Garret called it, lost money to the extent of twice its operating expenses. The decision of the jury in the case was based on the conclusion that it cost about 50 cents in wear and tear and time to stop an ordinary passenger train at a way station, and I believe they were about right."—*New York Star.*

WILL THE EARTH FALL TO PIECES?—Professor Jones, the English scientist and other "F. R. S.s," "L. B. A.'s" and "B. C. D.'s" are discussing the dangers our American gas well drillers are subjecting the whole population of the world to by tapping nature's great gas resorts. Jones thinks the earth a gigantic balloon, held up, in part at least, by internal heat and gases, and believes that a continual drain on nature's great gas main will eventually exhaust the supply and cause the earth's crust to break in and perhaps fall into millions of pieces as it collapses prior to falling through space everlasting. It is reasonable to suppose that there is some foundation for the alarm this prophet has been sounding for the past two years. The steady belching forth of millions of feet of gas every hour in the day is surely causing a vacuum somewhere not far beneath the surface. That the comparative thin archway over this vast emptying cavern is more than likely to break and cause great havoc on the surface there is but little doubt.—*St. Louis Republic.*

—"A most wretched lier-awake" of thirty-five years' standing, who had for ten years thought himself happy if he could get twenty minutes' sleep in the twenty-four hours, took hot water—"a pint comfortably hot, one good hour before each of my three meals, and one the last thing at night—naturally, unmixed with anything else. The very first night I slept for three hours on end, turned around and slept again till morning. I have faithfully and regularly continued the hot water, and have never had one 'bad night' since. Pain gradually lessened and went; the shattered nerves became calm and strong and instead of each night being one long misery spent in wearying for the morning they are all too short for the sweet refreshing sleep I now enjoy."

—It is said that ex-President Cleveland has been compelled to resort to rather severe medical treatment in order to stop, if possible the development of fat, with the constant and serious increase of which he has been inflicted, especially since leaving Washington. He has been gaining in weight at the rate of 25 pounds a month.

Autumn Anxieties.

I had a very bad cough this fall, but Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam cured me completely. E. Robinson, Washago.

Pectoral Balsam cures coughs, colds, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

—The French minister of education has ordered that all reference to the reign of Henry VI be omitted from French historical text books, and that the events of that period, be passed over, dots being placed in the book to indicate the omission.

—It is stated that Bishop MacKenzie, of Zululand, who died last month, was buried in Zulu fashion by his own request. No coffin was used, the body being tied up in a blanket, and placed in the grave in a kneeling attitude.

JUNEAU, ALASKA, U. S. A.
That "OPELEKA" cured me at once.
H. J. McDONALD.

Farm and Garden.

The Vegetable Garden.

It is a matter of surprise that farmers and others in the country pay so little attention to the vegetable garden. Not one farmer in a hundred has anything approaching a rotation of vegetables—say from the early part of June through the successive months of summer and fall. The average garden consists of but two or three varieties instead of fifteen or twenty, and these few kinds generally come in a month or six weeks later than market gardeners around towns and cities have them. At a very small outlay every farmer, or any one who has a piece of ground; could have a succession of vegetables throughout the season. In the first place, an acre of ground or so should be devoted to vegetables on the farm. This plot of land should be thoroughly manured, drained and kept in first-class trim, with regard to cultivation and the eradication of weeds. This spot should receive from eight to ten cords of well-rotted manure each year with all the hardwood ashes that can be obtained. The land should be manured in the fall, if possible, and ploughed. This will give a chance for the nutritive elements to be thoroughly mixed with the soil, and the plant food made available. When this land has been got into proper tilth the whole succession of garden vegetables may be put in with the same ease as is a field of roots or corn. If this acre of land were measured in its productiveness, it would exceed in profit more than any ten acres devoted to anything else. An acre of land with seasonable vegetables would be the mainstay of a farmer's living, and the other ninety-nine acres could be applied to profitable grain, stock and fruit raising. The quantity that can be raised on an acre of fertile land is something prodigious, and not only could the land owner feed a large family from this source, but he might make profitable sales of the surplus in our central markets. Especially where near a canning and pickling establishment he would have ready sale for green corn, tomatos, green beans, peas, cauliflowers, cucumbers, etc. In this section, however, a canning factory would find difficulty in finding raw material. But for their canning factories, the farmers in the New England States could not live, as the majority of their farms have ceased to yield a profitable return in grain and stock. And now they are buying Canadian ashes and superphosphates—keeping up their fertility at our expense and making productive farms out of impoverished soil by going into "truck farming," as they call it—raising vegetables and fruit, selling in local markets and to canning factories. In a hygienic point of view, the different courses or rotations of vegetables that may be raised at such a small outlay of capital and labor, contain the medicinal virtues of the whole vegetable pharmacopœia. Carrots and parsnips have a powerful influence on the kidneys; so has spinach and lettuce, besides being tonic and laxative. Celery is a powerful nervine, whilst onions act similiarly, also producing good effects upon the pulmonary organs. Tomatoes act mechanically upon the bowels, and their acid chemically upon the liver. There is a strong sentiment setting in in favor of a more liberal vegetable diet for the prolongation of life.

The Baldwin Apple.

Brook's History of Medford, Mass., in relation to the origin of the Baldwin apple, has the following:—To Medford belongs the introduction of the famous Baldwin apple. The first tree producing this delicious fruit grew on the hill side within two rods of the former Woburn line and about ten rods east of the present road which leads from West Medford. It was on the farm occupied by Mr. Thomson, forty or fifty rods south of what used to be called the Black Horse Tavern. At the request of Governor Brooks the writer made a visit to that tree in 1873 and climbed it. It was very old and partly decayed and bore fruit abundantly. Around its trunk the woodpecker had drilled as many as five or six circles of holes no larger than a pea, and from this peculiarity the apples were called Woodpecker apples which were afterwards shortened to Peckers, and during my youth they were seldom called by any other name.

How they came to their present name was this;—Young Baldwin, of Woburn, afterward a colonel and father of *loami*, was an intimate friend of Ben Thomson, afterwards Count Rumford. All lovers of science they asked permission of Professor Winthrop to attend his course of lectures in natural philosophy at Harvard College Twice a week these two young men walked from Woburn to Cambridge to hear the learned professor. One day as they were passing the Woodpecker tree, they stopped to look at the tempting red cheeks on the loaded bows, and as a result they took and tasted. Each pronounced it to be the finest apple he had ever eaten. Some years after Colonel Baldwin took several of the scions to the public nursery, where, from the circumstances they took his name. In the September gale of 1875 the parent tree fell, leaving behind, however, a good posterity.

Points of Interest.

Farmers who let their stock crop the grass through the mild, open winter will find their pastures giving out on them entirely about midsummer.

A horse is said to be in his prime at 10 years old, a sheep at 5, a cow at 7 and a mule at 15. They will last rather longer than that if they are on soil where there is not much sand in the pasture. The grit wears out their teeth.

W. H. Macomber says: "My poultry pay all my family and farm expenses. I take as much care of my chickens as some people do of their children. In winter I keep a fire in their home quarters, and they lay every month in the year. I had rather have hens than cows for profit."

The horse is a creature of simple tastes; still he has a very nice perception of what are to him luxuries, and happily, all that he classifies as such, are things that are good for him. He dearly loves a lump of sugar, a sweet apple, or a carrot, and the honest, faithful fellow will be heartily grateful to the kind master who gives them to him.

An English poulterer has been fined for plucking live geese. What would British magistrates say to the practice among American farm women of plucking them every six weeks, winter and summer? Some geese owners have recently tried shearing ducks and geese instead of plucking them, with excellent results. The beds and pillows made from the sheared feathers were beautifully light and downy, being without the quill ends of the feathers. One or two of the birds might be tried at a time, and, if the shearing works well, the whole flock might be clipped next goose picking time. Shearing is certainly a far more merciful way.

High Time to Begin.

After a long winter the system needs a thorough cleansing, toning and regulating, removing impurities and prepare for summer. Thousands of testimonials show that Burdock Blood Bitters is the best spring medicine ever discovered, producing a feeling of buoyancy and strength. It removes that tired, worn out feeling, and restores lost appetite.

'90 YARMOUTH S.S. CO. '90

(LIMITED.)

The Shortest and Most Direct Route between Nova Scotia and the United States.

The Quickest Time. Only 17 hours between Yarmouth and Boston.

THE FAST STEEL STEAMER

YARMOUTH,

WILL leave Yarmouth for Boston every *Wednesday and Saturday Evenings*, after arrival of the train of the Western Counties Railway. Returning, will leave Lewis' Wharf, Boston, at 10 a.m., every *Tuesday and Friday*, connecting at Yarmouth with train for Halifax and Intermediate Stations.

The YARMOUTH carries a regular mail to and from Boston, and is the fastest Steamer plying between Nova Scotia and the United States. Fitted with Triple Expansion Engines, Electric Light, Bilge Keels, etc.

The steamer CITY OF ST. JOHN leaves Pickford & Black's wharf every Monday evening for Yarmouth and intermediate ports, returning leaves Yarmouth every Thursday at 7 a.m. standard time.

For all other information apply to F Crosskill, Station Agent, Bridgetown, or to

W. A. CHASE, L. E. BAKER,
Secretary and Treas. Manager.
Yarmouth, March 20, 1890.

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay

on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, POST-PAID, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

SAMPLE OF MEDICINE FREE.

The Culverwell Medical Co.,
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.
Post Office Box, 450.

EXCELSIOR
Package
DYES
ARE UNEQUALLED
—:FOR:—
SIMPLICITY OF USE, BEAUTY OF COLORS, AND THE LARGE AMOUNT OF GOODS EACH DYE WILL COLOR.

The Colors, namely, are supplied:

Yellow, Orange, Rosine (Pink), Bismarck, Scarlet, Green, Dark Green, Light Blue, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Brown, Black, Garnet, Magenta, Slate Plum, Drab, Purk or Violet, Maroon, Old Gold, Cardinal, Red.

To Ladies and Dyers.

THE BEST KNOWN for all such purposes as Coloring Yarn, Mat Rags, Wool, Stockings, Carpets, Carpet Rags, Shawls, Hoods, and in fact everything you can think of, are the

EXCELSIOR PACKAGE DYES.

They are the best Dyes on the market, and give universal satisfaction. All who use them prefer them to any other dyes, because they are cheaper and produce better results. PRICE 8 CENTS PER PACKAGE. Sold by all Dealers and Druggists throughout the Province, and wholesale by the firm.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:
C. HARRISON & Co.,
Cambridge, Kings Co., N. S.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE!

MERCHANTS AND DRUGGISTS who have not yet a supply of EXCELSIOR DYES, etc., may have the goods sent direct by applying to the firm for prices and terms. We GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE sold to be good and true to name; or any person can have them sent direct if their druggist or merchant has not yet got them by sending eight cents for each package required.

C. HARRISON & Co.
March 12th, 1890. 7m

LOOK HERE FRIEND!

DO you have pains about the chest and sides, and sometimes in the back? Do you feel dull and sleepy? Does your mouth have a bad taste, especially in the morning? Is your appetite poor? Is there a feeling like a heavy load upon the stomach? Sometimes a faint all-gone feeling in the pit of the stomach, which food does not satisfy? Are your eyes sunken? Do your hands and feet become cold and feel clammy? Is there a giddiness, a sort of whirling sensation in the head when rising up suddenly? Are the whites of your eyes tinged with yellow? Is your urine scanty and high colored? Does it deposit a sediment after standing?

If you suffer from any of these symptoms

USE SMITH'S CHAMOMILE PILLS.

Prepared only by

FRANK SMITH,
Apothecary,
St. Stephen, N. B.

Price, 25 cents; five boxes, $1. If not kept by your local dealers, we will send a box by mail on receipt of price. 1y

Harry Morgan!

This fine horse, owned by Thomas Doran Windsor, will make the season of 1889 between

BRIDGETOWN & HORTON.

HE will stand at Glencross' Stable on Saturday, 25th May, and remain until Monday, at 10 o'clock, and continue fortnightly through the season.

This horse weighs 1260 lbs.; is fine style and action. Has a record of 2.46.

Further particulars will be given later.

THOMAS DORAN.
May 14th. tf

Prof. Loisette's
MEMORY
DISCOVERY AND TRAINING METHOD

In spite of adulterated imitations which miss the theory, and practical results of the Original, in spite of the grossest misrepresentations by envious would-be competitors, and in spite of "base attempts to rob" him of the fruit of his labors, (all of which demonstrate the undoubted superiority and popularity of his teaching), Prof. Loisette's Art of Never Forgetting is recognized to-day in both Hemispheres as marking an Epoch in Memory Culture. His Prospectus (sent post free) gives opinions of people in all parts of the globe who have actually studied his System by correspondence, showing that his System is used *only while being studied*, not *afterwards*; that *any book can be learned in a single reading*, *mind-wandering cured*, *&c.* For Prospectus, Terms and Testimonials address

Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, N. Y

CARD.
W. M. FORSYTH
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE, DISTRICT NO. 2
Office in
LOCKETT'S BUILDING, BRIDGETOWN.
Office hours, from 2 to 5 p. m.
April 2nd, 84. 51tf

CARD.
W. G. Parsons, B. A.,
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
MIDDLETON, - - N. S.
☞ Office in A. BEALS' STORE. 16tf

A COOK BOOK FREE

By mail to any lady sending us her post office address. Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER,
BREEDER OF
CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES.
ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.
Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 5, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.
Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT,
Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

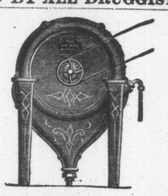
SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of Ring Bone, nine afflicted with Big Head and seven of Big Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.
Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER,
Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



THE BACKUS WATER MOTOR

—is the most—

Economical Power Known

—:FOR:—

DRIVING LIGHT MACHINERY

It takes but little room.
It never gets out of repair.
It can not blow up.
It requires no fuel.
It needs no engineering.

There is no delay; no firing up; no ashes to clean away; no extra insurance to pay; no repairing necessary; no coal bills to pay; and it is always ready for use.

Is is invaluable for blowing Church Organs, for running Printing Presses, Sewing Machines, Turning Lathes, Scroll Saws, Grind Stones, Coffee Mills, Sausage Machines, Feed Cutters, Corn Mills, Elevators, etc.

Four-horse power at 40 pounds pressure of water. It is noiseless, neat, compact, steady and above all

IT IS VERY CHEAP.

PRICE, $15 to $300.

Send for circular to the Backus Water Motor Co., Newark, N. J., stating paper you saw advertisement in.

They are light in touch.
Unrivalled in tone,
Handsome in appearance,
Unrivalled in durability,
AND NOT EXCELLED BY ANY PIANO MANUFACTURED in the DOMINION.

MILLER BROS.,
SOLE AGENTS,
MIDDLETON, N. S.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great medical work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages, 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Man. Office, No. 4, Bulfinch St.

THE BEST SEEDS are those put up by D. M. FERRY & CO. Who are the largest Seedsmen in the world.
D. M. FERRY & Co's
Illustrated, Descriptive and Priced
SEED ANNUAL
for 1890 will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last season's customers. It is better than ever. Every person using *Garden, Flower or Field Seeds* should send for it. Address
D. M. FERRY & CO.
WINDSOR, ONT.

The Schooner
"CRUSADE,"
I. S. GESNER,

WILL make weekly trips between this port and St. John during the season, calling along the river.

Freights handled carefully.

LIME ALWAYS ON HAND.

Apply on board, or to
GEO. H. DIXON.
Bridgetown, May 27th, 1889. tf

H. H. BANKS,
PRODUCE COMMISSION AGENT,
Parker Market Building,
Halifax, N. S.
—ALL KINDS OF—
Farm Produce Sold on Commission.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

Nova Scotia Central Railway.

TIME TABLE No. 1.
COMMENCING MONDAY, DEC. 23rd, 1889.

LUNENBURG to MIDDLETON.
Daily.—Passengers and Freight.

Miles	STATIONS.	1	3
		A.M.	P.M.
0	Lunenburg, depart	7 30	7 15
7	Mahone	7 52	7 00
9	§Blockhouse	....	....
18	Bridgewater, arrive	8 25	6 00
	Bridgewater, depart	8 40	
25	§Northfield	....	....
29	Riversdale	9 15	....
34	New Germany	9 30	....
41	§Cherryfield	....	....
45	Springfield	10 03	....
52	§Dalhousie	....	....
62	Albany	10 54	....
64	Alpena	11 00	....
68	§Cleveland	....	....
70	Nictaux	11 18	....
74	Middleton, arrive	11 30	....

MIDDLETON to LUNENBURG.
Daily.—Passengers and Freight.

Miles	STATIONS.	2	4
		P.M.	A.M.
0	Middleton, depart	3 00	....
4	Nictaux	3 12	....
6	§Cleveland	....	....
10	Alpena	3 30	....
12	Albany	3 36	....
22	§Dalhousie	....	....
29	Springfield	4 27	....
33	§Cherryfield	....	....
40	New Germany	5 00	....
45	Riversdale	5 15	....
49	§Northfield	....	....
56	Bridgewater, arrive	5 50	....
	Bridgewater, depart	6 05	6 30
65	§Blockhouse	....	....
67	Mahone	6 38	6 58
74	Lunenburg, arrive	7 00	7 15

Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time. One hour added gives Halifax time.

§Indicates that trains only stop when signalled, or when there are passengers to be set down.

Trains connect with Windsor and Annapolis Railway at Middleton for Annapolis, Yarmouth and Halifax.

Steamer "Evangeline" makes daily connection each way between Annapolis and Digby, connecting with Western Counties Railway at Digby for Yarmouth.

Steamer "City of Monticello" leaves St. John for Annapolis every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, a. m., returning same day.

Steamer "Yarmouth" leaves Yarmouth for Boston on arrival of trains every Saturday p.m.

Steamer "Bridgewater" makes two trips from Lunenburg to Halifax each week, returning the following day.

Through Tickets for sale at all principal Stations.

GEO. W. BEDFORD,
General Manager.
Bridgewater, Dec. 21st, 1889. 49

Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y

Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pass. and Freight Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A. M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave	1 40	6 00	.....
6	Round Hill	1 58	6 25	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 18	6 55	.....
19	Paradise	2 33	7 15	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 43	7 30	.....
28	Middleton	2 58	7 55	.....
32	Wilmot	‡3 10	8 11	.....
35	Kingston	3 19	8 25	.....
42	Aylesford	3 37	9 00	.....
47	Berwick	3 55	9 20	.....
50	Waterville	4 05	9 35	.....
52	Cambridge	‡4 13	9 45	.....
54	Coldbrook	4 20	9 55	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 32	10 15	.....
	Do—leave	4 47	10 50	5 40
64	Port Williams	5 00	11 10	6 00
66	Wolfville	5 08	11 19	6 10
69	Grand Pre	5 18	11 32	6 25
70	Horton Landing	‡5 22	‡11 37	‡6 30
72	Avonport	‡5 29	‡11 45	‡6 40
			P. M.	
77	Hantsport	5 44	12 05	6 58
82	Falmouth	6 00	‡12 25	7 16
84	Windsor	6 07	12 35	7 25
90	Newport	6 25	1 18	8 10
93	Ellershouse	6 33	1 33	8 25
93	Mount Uniacke	6 58	2 13	9 15
113	Beaver Bank	7 21	2 43	9 43
116	Windsor Junct	7 28	2 53	9 50
121	Bedford	7 41	3 39	10 15
126	Rockingham	‡7 52	‡3 52	10 28
129	Richmond	.....	4 03	‡10 42
130	Halifax—arrive	8 05	4 10	10 45

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pass. and Freight Mon., Wed., & Friday only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	P. M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 00	.....	2 30
1	Richmond	.....	6 15	2 33
5	Rockingham	7 12	‡6 26	‡2 44
9	Bedford	7 24	6 37	2 55
14	Windsor Junc—leave	7 35	6 52	3 10
17	Beaver Bank	‡7 47	‡7 25	3 40
27	Mount Uniacke	8 10	8 00	4 15
37	Ellershouse	8 35	9 00	4 45
40	Newport	8 43	9 12	5 00
46	Windsor	8 57	9 35	5 20
48	Falmouth	‡9 07	‡10 15	5 45
53	Hantsport	9 22	10 37	6 08
58	Avonport	‡9 35	‡10 55	‡6 24
60	Horton Landing	‡9 41	‡11 05	‡6 30
61	Grand Pre	9 44	11 10	6 34
64	Wolfville	9 54	11 25	6 47
66	Port Williams	10 00	11 35	6 55
71	Kentville—arrive	10 15	11 55	7 10
	Do—leave	10 30	12 25	.....
76	Coldbrook	10 42	‡12 40	.....
78	Cambridge	‡10 49	‡12 51	.....
80	Waterville	10 57	1 02	.....
83	Berwick	11 05	1 17	.....
88	Aylesford	11 21	1 40	.....
95	Kingston	11 39	2 10	.....
98	Wilmot	‡11 48	2 23	.....
102	Middleton	12 00	2 38	.....
		P. M.		
108	Lawrencetown	12 17	3 18	.....
111	Paradise	12 27	3 33	.....
116	Bridgetown	12 42	3 55	.....
124	Roundhill	1 02	4 25	.....
130	Annapolis—arrive	1 20	4 50	.....

N. B.—Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time, one hour added will give Halifax time. Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. (†) Indicates that Trains stop only when signalled, or when there are passengers to set down.

Steamer "City of Monticello" leaves St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, a. m., for Digby and Annapolis. Returning from Annapolis same days.

Steamer "Evangeline" will make daily connection each way between Annapolis and Digby.

Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Digby daily at 6.00 a. m., and 3.15 p. m., and leave Yarmouth daily at 7.45 a. m., and 3.00 p. m.

Steamer "New Brunswick" leaves Annapolis for Boston direct, every Tuesday and Friday p.m.

Steamer "Yarmouth" leaves Yarmouth every Wednesday and Saturday evenings for Boston.

International Steamers leave St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, a. m., for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

Trains of the Provincial and New England All Rail Line leave St. John for Bangor, Portland and Boston at 6.40 a. m., and 7.00 a. m. and 8.45 p. m., daily, except Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

Trains of the Nova Scotia Central Railway leave Middleton daily at 3.00 p. m., and Lunenburg daily at 7.30 a. m.

Through Tickets by the various routes on sale at all Stations.

W. R. CAMPBELL,
General Manager and Secretary.
K. SUTHERLAND,
Resident Manager.
Kentville, May 14th, 1890.

WANTED

Men to take orders for Nursery Stock, on Salary or Commission. I can make a successful

SALESMAN

of any one who will work and follow my instructions. Will furnish handsome outfit free, and pay your salary or commission every week. Write for terms at once.

E. O. GRAHAM, Nurseryman,
Toronto, Ont.
1 121

NOTICE.

Pictures and Framing in variety,
Christmas Cards,
And Fancy Goods.

I am also selling the Celebrated Raymond Sewing Machine.

JOHN Z. BENT.
Bridgetown, Dec. 1885.

The Household.

What the Little Folks Should Wear.

The *Jenness-Miller Magazine* for the current month gives some valuable practical hints on the dressing of our little ones, which will interest many of our readers. No subject, it asserts, is more carefully studied by the wise mother. Upon the education given to childhood depend many important interests, and this fact is now so universally recognized that the best teachers are to-day employed in schools for children, while the attention of educators is given as never before to methods of development adapted to the tender years of youth. Philanthropists direct their energies to the children of the large cities, and intelligence everywhere recognizes that the proper education of the children of this age means happiness for coming ages.

With interest in physical culture prevailing among all classes, and even conventional fashion presenting styles in dress that give freedom to motion, and grace to physical expression, it seems strange that young children should be swathed as never before, and made to wobble along like little old women in gowns that not only fetter movement, but repress muscular development.

The present accepted style of dress for