



THE LIQUOR LICENSE ACTS.

An Important Judgment.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE COUNTY OF HURON.

In the matter of appeal between GEORGE THOMAS, Appellant, and STEPHEN YATES, Respondent.

Conviction under Liquor License Act, 1883, Ontario, quashed.

The Act held to be ultra vires being subsequent to the Dominion Act. The Liquor License Act, 1883, Ontario, held to be the law in force regulating taverns, etc.

Mr. DAVISON, for the Appellant. Mr. G. CAMERON, for the Respondent and the Attorney-General of Ontario. TOMS, Co. J.

This is an appeal from the conviction of two Justices of the Peace whereby the Appellant is convicted of an offence against section 23 of "The Liquor License Act, 1884, Ontario."

The objections taken by the summons are:

- 1. No evidence to sustain the offence, if any. 2. No penalty provided by the Act. 3. Act ultra vires of the Legislature of Ontario.

No license proved. Conviction not sufficient in law. I am satisfied that the evidence, although not very satisfactory, was sufficient to justify the Magistrates in finding the Appellant guilty of the offence charged.

As to the second objection, the Act provides that it shall be read with and as part of "The Liquor License Act, 1883, Ontario."

As to the fourth objection, I have the power to allow further evidence to be given, and allowed the Respondent to file his certificate, which by the Liquor License Act is made evidence of the issuing of a license.

The third objection is the principle one, viz: That the Act creating the offence was an ultra vires of the Legislature of Ontario, it having been passed subsequent to "The Liquor License Act, 1883, Ontario," Dominion, which came into force on the first day of January, 1884, the 65th section of which is identical with the 23rd section of the Ontario Act in question; both sections read, "No more than one bar shall be kept in any house or premises licensed under this Act."

In the cases of The Citizen's Insurance Co. vs. Parsons, 7 L. R. app'l cases, 96; Russell vs. the Queen, 7 L. R. app'l cases, 229; and Hodge vs. the Queen, the principle of construction to be observed in considering the distribution of legislative powers under the B. N. A. Act, and the general scope of sections 91 and 92 and their relation to each other, is fully considered by their lordships of the Privy Council. According to the principle of construction there pointed out, the first question is whether the Act in question falls within any of the classes of subjects enumerated in section 92 as being assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces; if it does, then the further question would arise: viz: Whether the subject of the Act does not also fall within one of the enumerated classes of subjects in section 91, and so does not still belong to the Dominion Parliament.

The two sections must be read together, and the language of one interpreted, and, where necessary, modified by that of the other. The true nature and character of the legislation in the particular instance must always be determined in order to ascertain the class of subject to which it really belongs. Subjects which in one aspect and for one purpose fall within section 92, may in another aspect and for another purpose fall within section 91.

It was upon the application of these principles of construction that the three cases mentioned were decided. In our own courts in several cases in construing the Confederation Act, great stress is laid upon the position of affairs prior to Confederation, and in the case of Frederickson vs. the Queen, 5 Supreme Court 505, Mr. Justice Gwynne enters into a lengthy dissertation upon the scheme of Constitutional Government embodied in the B. N. A. Act.

It would appear to me, that the fact that particular power was exercised by a Province before Confederation, is no argument in favor of that authority being now vested in the Province. Prior to Confederation each of the Provinces possessed plenary powers of legislation over all or nearly all of the subjects now assigned by the Imperial Act to the Dominion and Provincial Parliaments respectively, and it was quite competent for the Imperial Parliament to have assigned the Legislative power to some of the subjects enumerated in sec. 91 to the Provincial Legislatures, and in like manner some of the subjects enumerated in sec. 92 to the Dominion Parliament. Enjoying, as we have done both before and since Confederation, a practical independence, it is quite natural to overlook the fact that the Imperial Parliament had the perfect right, in passing the Confederation Act, to confer upon the United Provinces such a constitution as to it seemed best, and the simplest way to construe the same rules that are applicable to similar provisions, irrespective of the position of the Provinces under their old forms of Colonial Government.

The judgment of the Privy Council in Hodge vs. the Queen is an affirmation of the position of our Court of Appeal in the same case, 7 Ont. Appeal 246, and may be held, in so far as it affects the case before me, to affirm the judgment of Mr. Justice Burton; for much of the reasoning of the learned chief justice is not referred to, but it will be noticed that Mr. Justice Burton names clauses 8, 13 and 16 being the sources of local legislative power, while their lordships of the Privy Council in no way refer to clause 13, Property and Civil Rights in the Provinces. They say, "The subject of legislation in the Ontario Act of 1877, sections 4 and 5, seems to come within the words Nos. 8, 13 and 16 of section 92 of

the British North America statute of 1877."

It was decided some years ago in Stovin and Orillia, 36 U. C. R. 120, that the Local Legislature had the power to regulate the liquor traffic and so confer that power upon municipalities. Very much is said by the learned chief justice in that case, as to the licensing power having been a portion of our municipal institutions prior to Confederation. I have already referred to this mode of argument, and what I understand from the Hodge case, where their lordships refer to clause 8 of section 92, "Municipal Institutions in the Province," is, that the Local Legislature of Ontario had full power under clause 16 of section 92 to deal with the subject of licensing, and the general regulations of taverns, etc., and that having the full legislative power they might exercise it, through the municipal institutions of the Province, or, which, by clause 8, they have the exclusive legislative control. The fact that the licensing power was a portion of the municipal institutions of the province prior to Confederation does not affect the question, as the Legislature can only confer upon municipal bodies such powers as it possesses, by virtue of the remaining 15 clauses of section 92. Prior to Confederation some matters were dealt with by municipal regulations, the subject matter of which is now under Dominion control. The Temperance Act of 1864, known as the Dunkin Act, was a part of the municipal institutions of the Province, and this act has in a great measure been repealed by "The Canada Temperance Act of 1878."

The effect of the decision in Russell vs. the Queen appears to be that "The Temperance Act of 1878" was held to be ultra vires of the Dominion Parliament, the subject matter not coming within any of the enumerated classes of section 92, and the objects and scope of the Act being general, viz: to promote temperance by means of a uniform law throughout the Dominion.

What then is the effect of "The Liquor License Act of 1883, Ontario," Dominion, upon previous and subsequent local legislation upon the same subject?

It may appear to be a strange result of legislation that upon any subject the power is either in the Dominion or Provincial Parliament, according to particular circumstances, and that an Act of Parliament passed by a local legislature and within its competence at the time, may be rendered nugatory by an Act of the Dominion Parliament subsequently passed; but is not this what is meant by the Privy Council when they say as I have before quoted, "Subjects which in one aspect and for one purpose fall within section 92, may in another aspect and for another purpose, fall within section 91, and this is certainly the effect of the provisions of that Act which are brought into force in any county or city, the consequence is any local license law must for the time being give way. The Temperance Act of 1878 contains a provision that no license shall be issued under any act done in violation of it, and the Ontario license law provides that no license shall issue in any license district where the Temperance Act is in force; but the law would have the same operation without these provisions, for as was asked in Russell vs. the Queen, "The provision is only the expression inserted, probably from abundant caution, of what would be necessarily implied from the legislation itself."

The effect then of the legislation by the Dominion Parliament in passing the Liquor License Act of 1883, is to repeal the local license laws of the different provinces, but to remove for the time being this particular subject of legislation from the scope and operation of the 10th clause of subjects, enumerated in section 92, viz: "generally all matters of a merely local or private nature in the province," and this subject matter no longer remaining within the scope of that clause, it follows that past local legislation must remain in abeyance until the subject matter is restored to its former position, and that subsequent local legislation upon this subject is ultra vires. I have already pointed out that the Canada Temperance Act of 1878 did repeal many of the provisions of the Temperance Act of 1864, and that the latter Act was in fact part of the municipal law of Ontario, and in my view might have been repealed or amended by the Local Legislature, as a matter of local concern, at any time prior to the passing of the Temperance Act of 1878 by the Dominion Parliament.

I am clearly of opinion that the Liquor License Act of 1883, was within the legislative competence of the Dominion Parliament, for the reasons given by the Privy Council in Russell vs. the Queen in deciding upon the validity of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878.

The subject matter dealt with by the two Acts is the same, the traffic in intoxicating liquors; this is shown by the preambles, which are as follows: The Act of 1878: "Whereas, it is very desirable to promote temperance in the Dominion, and that there should be uniform legislation in all the Provinces, respecting the traffic in intoxicating liquors." The Act of 1883: "Whereas, it is desirable to regulate the traffic in the sale of intoxicating liquors, and it is expedient that the law respecting the same should be uniform throughout the Dominion, and that provision should be made in regard thereto for the better preservation of peace and order."

The power exercised applies generally to the whole Dominion, and as I have already remarked the legislation of itself removes the subject matter from the operation of clause 16 of sec. 92, and, as I read the cases of Russell vs. the Queen and Hodge vs. the Queen, it does not fall within any of the remaining clauses of sec. 92, or within any of the 29 enumerated clauses of sec. 91. It follows that the Dominion Parliament had the undoubted right so to legislate under the general power conferred by sec. 91, "To make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Canada."

The Act is in effect an amendment of "The Temperance Act of 1878." By that Act general provision is made for a measure of prohibition; by the License Act general provisions are made regulating the traffic in such counties and cities as do not adopt the Temperance Act; and by the 47th sec. the principle of local option is extended to towns, villages, parishes and townships. The power of the Dominion Parli-

ment to legislate in reference to the liquor traffic was clearly present to the mind of Mr. Justice Burton, when he delivered judgment in Hodge vs. the Queen, at page 276 he says, "It (speaking of the licensing power) was at that time dealt with by the Parliament of the Province of Canada, as coming within what were known as Municipal Institutions, the power of dealing with which is now within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Province, and it would certainly come within the general clause which confers exclusive power upon the Provincial Legislatures to deal with matters of a merely local or private nature, and does not fall within any of the subjects with which the Dominion Parliament has power to deal, unless perhaps by a general measure affecting the whole Dominion, which has not been done."

While, as I have observed, the local laws prior to Confederation do not afford a guide for construing the powers conferred by the B. N. A. Act upon Local Legislatures, yet these laws may well be referred to as showing how former Parliaments dealt with certain subjects of local legislation; and by reference to "The Temperance Act of 1864," it will be seen that partial prohibition was there treated in the same manner as the licensing power. The preamble to that Act reads: "Whereas, it is expedient to amend the laws in this Province respecting the sale of intoxicating liquors, and otherwise to provide for the repression of abuses resulting from such sale."

"The Temperance Act of 1878" was intended as an amendment and a substitute for the Act of 1864, the machinery of which was found to be behind the age, and it being advisable that the principle should be extended to the whole Dominion, instead of being confined to the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. I think for the reasons given that the conviction of the Appellant should be quashed, and with costs.

CHAPTER II. "Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen.—I suffered with attacks of sick headache, Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner."

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.

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"And I have been so since."

"My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious"

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint, Pronounced by Boston's best physicians."

"Incurable!"

"Seven bottles of your bitters cured him, and I know of the 'Lives of eight persons' in my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters."

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A BANKER'S TESTIMONY. — For a Cough, Cold or any Bronchial Affection, "Pectoria," in my opinion, is just the thing. I have used it in my family for Coughs and Colds for the past four years and it has never failed me, and today my opinion of it is that I continue to think still more of it than I ever did. Geo. Keez, Manager Ontario Bank, Pickering.

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A Wide Awake Druggist. J. Wilson is always alive to his business, and spares no pains to secure the best of every article in his line. He has secured the agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs. Sold on a positive guarantee. Trial bottles free. Regular size \$1.00. (3)

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Thousands Say So. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. A family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at 50 cts. a bottle by J. Wilson. (3)

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Good agents are earning from \$40 to \$75 per month and outfit free. Address: STONE & WELLINGTON, 1038-3m. Toronto, Ont.

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CIGARS. CIGARS. IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC THE BEST ASSORTMENT IN TOWN. Full line of all the Leading Patent Medicines always kept on hand (Physicians Prescriptions a Specialty.)

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The Company offer lands within the Railway Belt along the main line, and in Southern Manitoba, at prices ranging from \$2.50 PER ACRE upwards, with conditions requiring cultivation.

A rebate for cultivation of from \$1.25 to \$2.50 per acre, according to price paid for land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer Lands without conditions settlement or cultivation.

THE RESERVED SECTIONS. along the Main Line, i.e., the odd numbered Sections within one mile of the Railway, are now offered for sale on advantageous terms, to parties prepared to undertake their immediate cultivation.

TERMS OF PAYMENT:-- Purchasers may pay one-sixth in cash, and the balance in five annual instalments, with interest at SIX PER CENT. per annum, payable in advance. Parties purchasing without conditions of cultivation, will receive a Deed of Conveyance free of purchase, if payment is made in full.

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Art Designs in Wall Paper. Now is the time, if you wish one or two nice rooms at home, to see Butler's room paper. He has over 20,000 Rolls of the Latest Designs. Beautiful colors, and at prices less than very much inferior goods. Call and see them and you will see the best value in town, and must be so!

The Latest Spring Bazaar Patterns and Fashions, AT BUTLER'S

Without officer slid the rope r moment at work i on the bar "Ralph" down. "C kept sentr those fellu fore Bowls over." Ralph g

Eustace, the Outcast.

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

DOINGS AT LOWDEN.—CAPTAIN DONALDSON AND HIS LOGGER IN PERIL.

Knowing well though that the search would be fruitless, the farmer and his friend did not take the trouble of following them as they dispersed themselves over the stack-yard, and were in the act of returning to the house when a man approached from the latter and met them.

This was the messenger returned at last, from Cockburnayath, and he communicated the welcome intelligence that the officer for whom he had been dispatched was on his way to the cliffs, and would, perhaps, have already reached Lowden Shore.

'Ha!' said Adamson, in a suppressed but intensely satisfied tone, 'I will baffle you at that point too, Duncan, my fine fellow. Come, my friends, let us leave them here to their bootless search, and make matters as right as we can at Hollow-Craig. I only hope they'll spend half an hour in hunting about here, and so give us ample time to give the stuff up to Bowie.'

'Hush,' said Eustace, 'I hear a foot-step. They made out a man's form at length hopping from boulder to boulder, and that only a few paces from them. At the same moment the gleaming lights of the lanterns showed themselves at the top of the cliff.'

'Is that you, Bowie?' exclaimed Adamson, in a loud, eager tone.

'Yes,' was the prompt reply. 'Thank goodness,' ejaculated the farmer, 'Come on quick, if you would secure the prize. The next moment the new comer, a little active man stood close beside them, and gazed at the lanterns flickering far up the height.'

'Ah,' said the farmer, 'you see you lights? I am just looking at them,' returned the officer.

'Well, if you don't do what is to be done before the party carrying the lights reach the beach you'll lose a pretty round sum.'

'Indeed—how so?' said the sharp officer, pricking up his ears. 'What party is it?'

'Duncan Dunbar and his men from Eyemouth. If you don't seize the stuff before they come they'll share with you.'

'By jingo, that won't do. Where is it?'

'Here,' answered Adamson, leading the way to a conical rock, which stood close at the foot of the cliff. There was no peculiarity in the appearance of the rock to distinguish it from the hundreds that lay near. It was narrow at the top and broad at the base. The top was not pointed, but flat, as if a portion had been broken off, and the steep sides were rough and ragged.

'Climb up after me,' said the farmer, making his way to the top with an agility surprising for one of his age.

The officer followed with the utmost alacrity.

'Ralph, you come, too. We'll want your help,' added the farmer.

'All right,' responded Ralph, and ran up the side of the rock in a twinkling. He had been there frequently before, and knew the position of all its footholding projections.

'By jove, there's a hole in the heart of this rock,' said the officer, in a tone of surprise.

'I should say there is,' rejoined the farmer, 'a good large hole, too. Ralph will rig the ladder for you, and strike a light in a twinkling.'

With Adamson's help, Ralph drew from the inside of the rock a strong wooden plank, and laid it across the cavity at the top. Then seizing a rope which dangled from the centre he dropped it and disappeared, making some little noise as he went down, which indicated that the cavern was of considerable depth. The officer leant forward and peered into the black abyss, but could of course see nothing till Ralph struck a light low, and set fire to a torch, which cast a red glaring illumination over the place, and revealed a mass of kegs piled on the cavern, for a cavern it was at the bottom, though the opening at the top was so narrow. The light also discovered to the officer the means of descent in a rope ladder which was fixed to the wooden plank.

'Now, then,' said Adamson, 'down you go and put the broad arrow on the kegs. Dunbar and his men will take some time to get down the road, and if they should get here before you, are quite done,—then, we'll find means to keep them out till you have completed the seizure.'

out, and took his seat on the plank, while Adamson descended the rock, and joined Eustace and Willy below.

By this time the lanterns were not far from the foot of the winding path, and the officers could be heard conversing together. Presently Dunbar uttered in a loud tone and in one breath a herculean anathema against the interminable length of the road, and his satisfaction at having reached the end of it. This was an announcement to those under the shadow of Hollow-Craig that they had gained the beach, and the fact was confirmed by the sound of their feet as they tumbled over the rough stones.

The farmer and his friends kept quiet and patiently observed them. They expected that they would come direct to the rock, but instead of this, they stood, and Dunbar shouted out—

'Hilloa!'

The echo of the shout floated over the silent place, and dying away was followed by no response.

'Curse the fellow, he hasn't come,' said the irate Supervisor.

'Can't we find the rock ourselves?' suggested one of the men.

'We must try,' muttered his superior, though what the deuce can have kept him, I can't think.'

They moved slowly along the beach, peering closely into every nook, and scanning with inquiring eye every rock that rose to any height against the side of the cliff. In this way they came near to where Adamson and the others stood, and two or three of them discovered their presence at the same time, and uttered an excited exclamation.

'So you are here before us, gentlemen,' cried the Supervisor. 'Not soon enough, however, to remove the stuff from this concealment. Here is the rock, Jack-son, we may know it by finding them skulking around it.'

The light of the lanterns were at once cast up the side of the rock, and fell on the person of Ralph perched on the top, and looking down upon them very unconcernedly.

At sight of him another series of simultaneous and excited exclamations were elicited, and Dunbar waxed boisterous in his glee.

'Fairly caught at last,' he exclaimed, 'Well sir,' he added, turning short round on Eustace, 'you spoke very loftily up in the stackyard. What have you got to say now?'

'Nothing in particular,' replied the youth.

'I darsay not. This discovery shuts you up.'

'What discovery, sir? I was not aware that you had made any particular discovery.'

'No!' roared Dunbar, 'who is equivocating now. I suppose you'll pretend to say that you don't know that when we go up that rock we'll find a hole in it, and seize a lot of stuff with which the hole is filled?'

'I don't feel called upon to make any remark on the subject,' said Eustace, with the utmost indifference.

'Well, we'll soon take the conceit out of you, come on, lads.'

And the supervisor began to climb up the rock.

'Stop a bit,' said Ralph, looking down upon the advancing excitement with great nonchalance. 'Perhaps you ain't aware that the top of this rock is just big enough to hold one, and as I happen to be sitting on it, you had better wait till I come down.'

'Come down then,' roared Dunbar. 'When I'm ready,' replied Ralph. Giving vent to a volley of oaths, the Supervisor made his way up the craig. Ralph waited until he was within about arm's reach, and then he remarked—

'You had better stop, for it won't be pleasant to tumble down again. You might get hurt or even killed.'

'You scoundrel, do you dare to threaten me?' exclaimed Dunbar, dragging a pistol from his pocket, and presenting it at Ralph's head.

'Threaten you!' repeated Ralph. 'Oh, no, I was only giving you a friendly warning.'

'Look ye, fellow. It's no use you holding out. We are here to seize the stuff and seize it we shall.'

'Don't be too sure,' answered Ralph, with a quiet chuckle, as he glanced down into the hollow of the rock, and winked provokingly at the exasperated Supervisor. At the same moment he moved to the end of the plank, and absolutely grinned in the latter's face.

This would have provoked a much more patient man than Duncan Dunbar, and he was in the act of hurling forth another volley of oaths when the head of a man appeared coming through the aperture in the rock, and this naturally reduced him to silence.

The new personage came up very nimbly, and was in a moment sitting astride the plank, within two feet of Dunbar.

'Hilloa, Mr. Dunbar, how are you?' was the query addressed to the astounded Supervisor, whose astonishment was too great to allow him to make any reply.

'I have just been making a large seizure,' went on Bowie, 'a very large and important seizure, indeed, on Mr. Adamson's information. It will turn out a very good thing for both him and me.'

Dunbar absolutely bellowed with rage, and, leaping from the rock, stamped upon the beach in the height of his fury—his associates being equally chagrined and discomfited.

In the midst of the hubbub this produced, two armed boats glided unperceived through the narrow opening in the rocks, and landed on the beach, when a band of men armed with cutlasses leaped ashore and rushed toward the group.

'Back into the shadow, Willy,' whispered Eustace. 'There is Randolph.'

Willy and he had just time to glide behind a ledge of rock when the cutter's men were amongst them. Randolph was not a little mortified to find how matters stood. He had taken the flaring lanterns to indicate the smugglers were running the cargo of the lugger, and had come in with his boats in the hope of making a capture. His mortification was great, therefore, when, instead of smugglers, he came upon a group of excise officers.

Scarcely had the disappointment been received when an officer, who had been stationed on the top of the cliff, ran down and gave information that the lugger had arrived, and made the signal.

'Did you answer it as I told you?' shouted Dunbar.

'I did,' was the answer.

'Then Donaldson will come right into the trap.'

'Say you so?' exclaimed Randolph.

'Then I must be off to capture him. The cutter is lying beyond the western point, and before we reach it and bear down upon him he will be close in shore. Come lads, and if ever you made quick rowing, do it now.'

'Ay, ay, your honor,' responded the men with a cheer, and the party re-entering the boats, pushed off for the purpose of intercepting Donaldson and seizing his ship and cargo.

'Donaldson is done for,' said the farmer, as the boats of the Greyhound passed out from between the rocks into the bay.

'Of course he is,' exclaimed the supervisor. 'He'll be trapped like a rat. You've sold me clean tonight, but your lugger and its cargo are safe for seizure. Bowie, I don't think it was a handsome thing of you to take our prize from between our teeth.'

'Your prize, Dunbar?' responded the officer, 'I didn't know that you were on the ground at all. I acted on information from Mr. Adamson.'

'Yes, cursa it; it was a clever trick to save himself from confiscation, and secure a share of the stuff besides. Never mind, hang it, never mind, you've made a good thing of it here, but we've done better at Eyemouth.'

While the officers were engaged in conversation, Eustace drew Adamson aside and cautiously asked:

'Can nothing be done to warn Donaldson? Can no signal be made?'

'Not from here,' was the answer. 'If I was on the cliff I might warn him off, but long before we got there the Greyhound will be upon him.'

'I see you are going to warn Donaldson.'

'No, I tell you I'll be done.'

'Doocket!' exclaimed Willy, as having quietly put the end of his oar over the stern, he gave it a vigorous push, which propelled the boat forward with a sudden motion. The supervisor lost his balance, and tumbled headlong into the water. He uttered a tremendous oath as he fell which was suddenly quenched as he disappeared beneath the surface. Had help not been at hand he would have had great difficulty in climbing up the slippery rock, but several hands were outstretched to assist him, and thus aided, he was dragged forth gasping for breath and choking as much with rage as sea water. For some moments he could do nothing but bellow like a bull, and shake himself like a drenched mastiff, belching forth oaths as he could gather power to do it, and acting altogether as if a paroxysm of madness had seized him.

Eustace and the others in the boat did not wait to see this exhibition, but by the time the supervisor had been fished out of the sea they were through the narrow channel, and out into the open bay.

From his seat in the stern Eustace could dimly discern through the darkness the two boats belonging to the cutter making towards the western point, behind which the Greyhound was concealed. They had still a considerable distance to row before rounding the outlying ledge; and as they, on the other hand, were making direct for the point where the lugger might be expected to be approaching, the hope was entertained that they would reach the Delight in time to give the captain warning.

Ralph and Willie rowed with all the energy which an intense desire to succeed in their object could call up, and Eustace steered for the dark seaward point of St. Ab's, beyond which he conjectured the lugger to be.

Another quarter of an hour of silence ensued, during which they rowed with unabated vehemence. Then Ralph suddenly exclaimed:

'Yonder's the cutter!'

'And there is the lugger!' cried Eustace almost at the same moment. 'By jove, we'll catch her in time. Ten minutes more and you'll row us alongside.'

In less than the time named they were within hail of the Delight, and had the satisfaction of seeing Captain Donaldson bending over the side watching and waiting for them.

'Hush, Donaldson, not a word,' remarked Eustace in the same low voice.

'Ha! Eustace,' said the smuggler.

'The same. Heave over tackle for hoisting the boat. Quick. For God's sake; don't lose a moment.'

Donaldson asked no further explanation, but sent over the tackle, and the boat being run close in, she was securely fastened and drawn up the side with the three in her.

'What's up?' asked the Captain, as they sprang upon deck.

'Look,' said Eustace, grasping his arm, and starting forward. 'Yonder is the Greyhound.'

'The deuce!—where?' said the startled captain.

'Just emerging from the shadow of the cliffs.'

'By jove, and it is,' exclaimed Donaldson, and his eye lighted on the cutter.

And without uttering another word, he sprang aft and gave orders to turn. Then he returned to where Eustace stood.

'What's the meaning of this?' he asked. 'Why was I signalled to come on when the danger was ahead?'

'There's treachery afoot,' was the answer. 'The signal you refer to was made by an excise officer.'

'By all the fiends, I thought there was something awkward in it. But what's to be done? We can't dodge him. Shall we fight him or run for it?'

'We are here to stand by you in any course you take,' returned Eustace. 'All three of us are ready to oppose him to the last. Fight or fly, we are thoroughly at your service.'

Donaldson walked aft, and took a long, steady gaze at the cutter, which was now coming on under a crowd of sail. Then he looked at the position of his own ship and stood silent for several moments.

'Look you, Eustace,' he at length said, 'here is the state of the case. We can keep out of his clutches for an hour or two, but no longer, with our deep lading. If the Delight had a clean hold I would lead him a long stern chase; but low as she now lies in the water, we cannot hope to keep the head long.'

'Oh, by-the-bye,' exclaimed Eustace, suddenly recollecting himself, 'Mr. Adamson charged me to tell you to throw the cargo overboard rather than allow him to seize it.'

'Did he! That greatly relieves me. Well we have a few minutes for decision yet, so give me the news. What treachery is afoot, and how far does it reach?'

'It reaches to everything,' replied Eustace. 'Jessop and Adamson are both betrayed, and by Donaldson.'

'By Donaldson?' shouted the Captain with a violent start. 'Has he turned traitor?'

Eustace answered by putting Donaldson in possession of all that had transpired during the last few days. The captain listened in perfect silence, but his gleaming eye and fast-coming breath attested his intense interest in the narrative.

Before he uttered a word he turned from Eustace again, and looked keenly at the enemy in their wake. Short as the interval had been from his last survey, the distance between the cutter and the lugger was perceptibly shorter.

'Now,' he said, 'do you suppose that Randolph knows of your presence here?'

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A First Class Article.

This is, and must continue to be, the exclamation of every one who has used Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, for it is, without exception, the only remedy in the market that will remove corns without pain. All we ask for the Corn Extractor is a fair trial, for it will give to you what it has already given to thousands of others suffering from corns, unbounded satisfaction. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is sold everywhere. Beware of cheap counterfeits. Putnam & Co., Kingston, prop.

A Salutary Remark.

When I was a young man, there lived in our neighborhood a farmer who was usually reported to be a very liberal man, and uncommonly upright in his dealings. When he had any of the produce of his farm to dispose of, he made it an invariable rule to give good measure—rather more than would be required of him.

One of his friends observing him frequently doing so, questioned him as to why he did it; he told him he gave too much, and said it would be to his disadvantage. Now, dear reader, mark the answer of this excellent man:

'God has permitted me but one journey through the world, and when I am gone I cannot return to rectify mistakes. Think of this. There is but one journey through life.'

Ayer's Agree Cure acts directly on the liver and biliary apparatus, and drives out the malarial poison which induces liver complaints and bilious disorders. Warranted to cure, or money refunded.

In the history of medicines no preparation has received such universal commendation for the alleviation it affords, and the permanent cure it effects in kidney diseases, as Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure. Its action in these distressing complaints is simply wonderful. Sold by J. Wilson.

Wheeler's Tissue Phosphates, Ed.

PHOSPHATES are half the bulk of the body, are the source of nerve power, are necessary to the healthy development of tissues, are essential to the vitality of the brain, are required in a uniform quantity daily to maintain functional activity, it is easily seen why Wheeler's Phosphates and Calcium is so valuable in all prostrate conditions of the system when the digestive apparatus is too feeble to prepare from the food the necessary supply of those agents for the wants of the body.

Thousands bear witness to the positive curative power of the GREAT GERMAN INVIGORATOR, the only remedy that has proved itself a specific for general debility, seminal weakness, impotency, etc., and all diseases that arise from self-abuse or overtaxed brain, finally ending in consumption, insanity and a premature grave. Sold by all druggists, or will be sent free on receipt of \$1.00 per box, or six boxes for \$5. Address F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for the United States. Send for circular and testimonials of genuine cures. Geo. Rhyas, Goderich. 3m

Cruelly Murdered.

In the Province of Ontario every year thousands are being slowly murdered by taking unsuitable, untried nostrums for such complaints as Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Troubles, etc., who might easily regain lost strength and energy by using McDougall's Speedy Cure. To convince them that such is the case we will give them a free trial bottle at Geo. Rhyas' Drug Store, Price 50c, and \$1. See testimonials from cures in your own town. 2m

By taking Ayer's Sore Throat Remedy, you sufferer who submits to the surgeon's knife because of malignant sore and a profuse swelling, might be saved, as used and whole. This will purge the circulations which pollute the blood, and by which such complaints are originated and fed.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup will remove all kinds of Worms from children and adults. 1m

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs, none so trifling with the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a scribble of unseasonable exposure, is often the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty-year's fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

'I had a terrible cough, which affected my lungs, I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctor gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL, a permanent cure was effected. I am now 65 years old, hale and hearty, and an satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me. HORACE FAIRBROTHER, Roxburgh, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Group.—A Mother's Tribute.

'While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup. It seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder as our gratitude? Sincerely yours, MRS. ESTER GEDNEY, 120 West 125th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

'I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. LAKE CRYSTAL, Minn., March 13, 1882.

'I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALKER, Elyria, Minn., April 6, 1882.

'I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung trouble. PALESTINE, Texas, April 2, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will always cure when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

GODERICH PLANING MILL

ESTABLISHED 1855.

Buchanan, Lawson & Robinson MANUFACTURERS OF Sash, Doors & Blinds

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Lumber, Lath, Shingles and builder's material of every description.

SCHOOL FURNITURE A SPECIALTY. All Orders promptly attended to. Goderich, Aug. 2, 1883. 1902-1y

GODERICH BOILER WORKS

Have just received a large stock of BRASS & IRON STEAM FITTINGS—FOR—BOILERS & ENGINES

New Salt Pans and Boilers Built on Shortest Notice. Mail orders for new work and repairs will receive prompt attention. CHRYSTAL & BLACK, Works near O. T. R. Station, Goderich, Feb. 28, 1884. 1797

NOTICE.

Toronto Weekly News

AND THE HURON SIGNAL FOR 2.00 A YEAR.

THE TORONTO WEEKLY NEWS is an Illustrated Paper, unexcelled in all the features of enterprising journalism. It stands conspicuous among the best journals of Canada as a complete newspaper, which will be interesting to every member of the family. The children will like the pictures, the young folks the stories and the funny sketches, the more mature will be delighted with the editorials and news matter, which in every issue will be found epic, incisive, and entertaining. In the matter of telegraphic service, having the advantage of connection with THE TORONTO DAILY NEWS, it has the special feature of all the dispatches of the Associated Press, besides the specials from NEWS correspondents in every section of Ontario for which the daily paper is so famous. As a newspaper it has no superior, and is independent in politics, presenting all political news free from party bias or coloring, and is absolutely without fear or favor as to parties. The parliamentary reports are written in a humorous vein, and deal with men and measures without gloves, and having regard only to brevity, justice, and truth. It is in the fullest sense a family newspaper. Each issue contains a verbatim report of Rev. Dr. Talmage's latest sermon in Brooklyn Tabernacle, Clara Belle's New York fashion letter, 'The Man-About-Town,' sketches of people and places, a serial story of absorbing interest, a political cartoon, and a rich variety of condensed notes on Fashions, Art, Industries, Literature, etc., etc., etc. Its market quotations are complete and to be relied upon. It is just the paper for the young folks, and the old folks will like it just as well. Our special clubbing terms bring it within reach of all. Specimen copies may be had at this office. Send your subscription to this office.

Advertisement for various goods including oil, cigars, and machinery. Includes text like 'Mowers, when you can get...', 'E OIL', 'UNLOP', 'CIGARS', 'DOMINION CARRIAGE WORKS', 'ALEX. MORTON', 'MANUFACTURER OF FIRST CLASS CARRIAES', 'Paper', 'Designs', 'Fashions', 'TLER'S'.

THE HURON SIGNAL

Published every Friday Morning, by McMillan Bros., at their Office, North 5 of the Square.

GODERICH, ONTARIO

FRIDAY, SEPT. 12th, 1884.

THE SCOTT ACT PETITION.

D. D. Wilson, President of the Scott Act Alliance of Huron, was in town yesterday to take the petition from the hands of the sheriff.

THE RAILWAY BOOM.

The work of pushing the railway agitation continues. The Wingham people now feel quite assured of the early completion of the C. P. R. to that town.

THE VOTE IN HALTON.

Under the above heading, the Toronto World, which heretofore squinted violently toward the liquor party, comes to the following conclusions.

That adjoining and other counties, not only in Ontario but throughout the Dominion, will now adopt the act, and thereby increase the chances of proving the experiment a success.

That the liquor interest put their best and strongest forces forward in a compact territory and were defeated.

That the people are in favor of still further restriction of the liquor business—of regulating it out of existence whenever that is possible.

Let us add our own opinion of the result. We consider the Halton vote on the question of the repeal of the Scott Act to be an irrefragable defeat of the liquor party.

Had this ill-advised contest not come off in Halton, that county would have still furnished powder and shot ad libitum for future campaigns.

The liquor party is today in the position of those who have blown up their magazine when standing most in need of powder and shot.

The telegraph office was largely attended on Tuesday evening by persons anxious to hear the result of the vote in Halton.

LEGISLATION IN APPEAL.

The Tory papers are now claiming that Sir John A. Macdonald proposed to submit the Arbitration case to the Privy Council in 1882.

THE NORTHERN GAMES.

A Successful Celebration at Brussels.

September 9th will be a day long remembered in the flourishing village of Brussels. For the past five years the Caledonian Society of this thriving burg had carried on a series of annual games.

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THE LUCKNOW GAMES.

The Largest Gathering Yet Held.

The Attendance—The Competitions—The Conduct of the Games—The Opening Air Concert and Pyrotechnic Display.

Lucknow village held up her end of the stick in grand shape on Wednesday last, when the tenth annual athletic celebration under the auspices of the Caledonian society was held.

The results of the sports on the green can be easily seen by a glance at THE PRIZE LIST.

Standing long jump—W F Scott, 11 ft 1 1/2 in.; 2nd D M Sullivan, 10 ft 6 in.; 3rd A Scott.

Standing hop, step and jump—A Scott, 32 ft 3 in.; 2nd D M Sullivan, 31 ft 10 in.; 3rd W F Scott, 31 ft 9 in.

Running high jump—W F Scott, 5 ft 1 in.; 2nd E W Johnston; 3rd A Scott.

Running long jump—A C Reid, 21 ft 7 in.; 2nd G Gibb, 21 ft 3 1/2 in.; 3rd A Douce.

Putting heavy shot—J D McColl, 34 ft 4 in.; 2nd L Sinclair, 34 ft 2 in.; 3rd A Scott.

Putting light shot—J D McColl, 45 ft 2 in.; 2nd G Perrie, 44 ft 1 in.; 3rd A Scott.

Tossing caber—D Smith, 38 ft 4 in.; 2nd J D Stewart, 37 ft 3 1/2 in.; 3rd E W Johnston.

Throwing 66-lb. weight high—E W Johnston, 11 ft; J D McColl; G Perrie.

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2nd R McPherson; 3rd Robt...
ing long jump—D M Sullivan, 10...
2nd W F Scott, 10 ft 7 in.; 3rd...
10 ft 7 in.

AQUATIC.
The Canadian Claims a Feat, Which is...
San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The Austr...
lian steamer brings particulars of the...
race between Hanlan and Beach, of...
Sydney, rowed on the Paramatta River...
August 16. The race was for the cham...
pionship and a stake of \$1,000. The...
weather was magnificent, but the water...
was slightly rough. A splendid start...
was effected. A dead level was main...
tained for the first quarter of a mile...
Hanlan then forged ahead. When a...
mile and a half had been covered the...
Canadian was length in advance. Beach...
responded, and rowed right down on...
Hanlan. The latter allowed his boat to...
cross, and a foul took place. Hanlan...
put up his hand and claimed a foul...
Beach, however, kept pulling away...
Hanlan followed, but Beach came to the...
post an easy winner by 5 or 6 lengths...
Time, 20:04. The umpire disallowed...
the foul claimed by Hanlan. An im...
mense crowd witnessed the race. Sixty...
eight steamers were crowded with spec...
tators and the shores also densely lined...
Tremendous enthusiasm was manifested...
over Beach's victory. A cordial inter...
view took place after the race between...
Hanlan and Beach. Hanlan admitted...
that he was beaten. He was puzzled by...
the close proximity of the steamer...
Tomki, which bore down too close to...
his boat.

APPLE GREAT REDUCTOIN IN COFFEES.
BARRELS.
Having purchased the latest improved Coffee Roaster, I am enabled to offer Fresh, Pure...
Java, 30c. per lb.
Rio, 18c. per lb.
Mixed, 25c. per lb.
SUGAR QUOTATIONS.
STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, 12 lbs for \$1.00.
COFFEE SUGAR, 14 lbs for 1.00.
BRIGHT YELLOW, 15 lbs for 1.00.

FACTS!! FACTS!! FACTS!!
AND DON'T FORGET IT
That we have never been, and never intend to be undersold by any legitimate house in the Trade, either in
Sugars, Teas, Coffees
General Groceries, Crockery & Glassware at Rock Bottom Prices.
150 Doz. FRUIT JARS
JUST ARRIVED.
Come and See Us
C. A. NAIRN,
Court House Square, Goderich.
June 19th, 1884.

GO TO KNIGHT'S FOR A SHAVE, HAIRCUT, SHAMPOO, OR DYE.
TWO DOORS EAST OF P.O.
1910-1y

AGENTS wanted for the Lives of all the Presidents of the U.S. It is the Largest, Handsomest and best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Anyone can become a successful agent. Terms free. Address HALLET BOOK CO. Portland, Maine. 1822.

REDUCED RATES.
Storage and Intermediate
GODERICH
Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow, London, Queenstown, Belfast, Bristol, Cardiff.
ALLAN LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
LIVERPOOL-LONDONDERRY-GLASGOW
THE SHORTEST SEA ROUTE TO AND FROM ENGLAND
SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY UNSURPASSED.
EVERY SATURDAY FROM QUEBEC.
Cabin Rate from Quebec to Liverpool, \$60.
From Quebec to Liverpool and Return, \$110.

Get your Printing at this Office.
JAMES SMALL, ARCHITECT, & Co.
Office, Crabb's Block, Kingston St., Goderich.
Plans and specifications drawn, correct. Carpenter's, plasterer's and mason's work measured and va.

COLBORNE BROS.
are going to have the largest and most varied stock of General Dry Goods for the coming fall than they have ever shown. They have secured some bargains in
DRESS GOODS, TWEEDS AND SHIRTINGS,
Black and Colored VELVETTES are to be largely worn this fall, and they have spared no pains to make their stock complete in these lines, and at prices that cannot be beaten.
If you want the best value the market affords, terms cash, and no second price, go to
COLBORNE BROTHERS.
Goderich, Aug. 14, 1884.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS
A LARGE ASSORTMENT, AT
J. C. DETLOR & CO'S.
NEW MEDALION DRESS TRIMMINGS,
NEW CORSETS,
NEW EVENING WOOL SHAWLS,
(Assorted Colors)
4-BUTTON KID GLOVES, AT \$1.00.
New Fall Tweeds and Coatings
J. C. DETLOR & CO.

Wilson's Prescription Drug Store.
Fountain of Health.
Sulphur & Iron Bitters,
Fluid Lightening.
Electric Bitters.
Burdoek Bitters.
London Purple
PURE
PARIS GREEN
AND
HELEBORE.
JAS. WILSON.
EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
DR. RYERSON,
L.R.C.P., L.C.P.R.E.,
Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto, and Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Oculist and Aurist to the Hospital for sick children, late Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital, 511 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO.
March 7th, 1884. 1898-

WESTERN FAIR.
1884.
Canada's Great Exhibition
AND INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE.
LONDON, CANADA,
September 22, 23, 24, 25, 26.
\$17,000.00 in PRIZES
\$2,000.00 in EXCESS OF 1883.
\$1,048.00 in SPECIALS BY FRIENDS OF THE WESTERN FAIR.
Open to the World.
The Western Fair for 1884 will far surpass all its predecessors. The prizes are larger and the new features and novelties to be introduced will make it the most attractive exhibition ever held in Canada. Wait for it.
Write to the Secretary for Prize Lists, Posters, Programmes or any information required.
E. R. ROBINSON, GEO. McBRID,
President Secretary

THE GREAT INDUSTRIAL FAIR
AND
Semi-Centennial Exposition,
1884.
Of Live Stock, Poultry, Dairy, Agricultural and Horticultural Products, Implements and Manufactures of all kinds.
TORONTO,
September 10th to 20th
The Largest Prize List in the Dominion.
Prize Lists and Entry Forms can be obtained from the Secretaries of all Agricultural Societies and Mechanics' Institutes, or they will be sent anywhere on application by post-card to the Secretary, at Toronto.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
For Cash I will sell all kinds of Goods at Lowest Prices.
See Those 10, 12, 17, & 20c. Dress Goods.
NOTICE THOSE GINGHAMS—11, 12, and 15c.
EXAMINE THOSE PRINTS:
5c., 8c., 9c., 10c., 12 1/2c.
No trouble to show Goods. Don't purchase if above are not facts.
W. H. RIDLEY,
The People's Store, Goderich.

THE CHICAGO HOUSE,
Spring Millinery.
Summer Millinery.
One of the Most Complete Stocks in Goderich.
LATEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES.
Miss Wilkinson's, - Chicago House.
Goderich, April 14, 1884. 1893

THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE.
GEORGE ACHESON,
The Premier Dry Goods Merchant of Goderich, is now
SLAUGHTERING GOODS.
Come at Once and Share the Bargains.
5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
Allowed for Cash on all purchases over \$1.00.
Goderich, July 2nd, 1884. 1892-

R. W. MCKENZIE
IS NOT GOING OUT OF BUSINESS
but has been so long in it and formed such good trade connections that he is able and will
GIVE BETTER BARGAINS
IN
GENERAL HARDWARE!
Than others professing to sell at cost. He is bound that his house in the future, as in the past, shall be noted as the
CHEAP HARDWARE EMPORIUM.

R. W. MCKENZIE'S
Goderich Foundry.
The undersigned, having purchased the Goderich Foundry and Machine Shops, and having put the same in good repair, will take contracts for
Flouring Mills, Steam Engines, Boilers,
And other Machinery wanted.
All Kinds of Castings Made to Order.
Flouring Mills Changed to the Gradual Reduction or Roller System.
Will keep Agricultural Implements on hand, and do all REPAIRS on short notice.
J. B. RUNCIMAN,
R. W. RUNCIMAN.

The Chicago House,
Spring Millinery.
Summer Millinery.
One of the Most Complete Stocks in Goderich.
LATEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES.
Miss Wilkinson's, - Chicago House.
Goderich, April 14, 1884. 1893

AT THE MEDICAL HALL.
BEST VARIETIES OF
SWEEDISH TURNIP SEEDS.
Pure Paris Green and London Purple for Potato Bugs.
Pure Hellebore for Insects on Currant Gooseberry and Rose Bushes.
BEST INSECT POWDERS FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF ALL KINDS OF VERMIN.
INSECT POWDER GUNS, FLY-PAPER, ETC., ETC
F. JORDAN, Chemist and Druggist,
Court House Square, Goderich. 1947-

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
For Cash I will sell all kinds of Goods at Lowest Prices.
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5c., 8c., 9c., 10c., 12 1/2c.
No trouble to show Goods. Don't purchase if above are not facts.
W. H. RIDLEY,
The People's Store, Goderich.

The Thrashers. This is the wheat. The wheat well grown, man's lawful spoil...

Why Our Teeth Decay. Doctor, I've taken so much strong medicine, that...

UP IN A BALLOON. A Magnificent Ascent from the London Crystal Palace.

Never Give Up. If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility...

40,000 ACRES. OF WILD AND IMPROVED LANDS. FOR SALE along the line of the P. & N.W. R.R. in St. Lawrence and Huron Counties, MICHIGAN.

Dr. WILSON'S PULMONARY CHERRY BALSAM. FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL LUNG COMPLAINTS.

COAL. I beg to advise my customers and the consumers of Coal generally, that I am receiving my Fall and Winter supply of HARD AND SOFT COAL...

Thus far have we spoken only of the active agents of decay. The vitality of the individual has much to do with the matter of decay of the teeth.

Age should always command respect. In the case of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry it certainly does, for 25 years that has been the standard remedy with the people for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic and all bowel complaints.

Respect Old Age. An old favorite is the remedy known as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Thirty years reliable for cholera morbus, diarrhoea and summer complaints.

Never Give Up. If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters.

40,000 ACRES. OF WILD AND IMPROVED LANDS. FOR SALE along the line of the P. & N.W. R.R. in St. Lawrence and Huron Counties, MICHIGAN.

Dr. WILSON'S PULMONARY CHERRY BALSAM. FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL LUNG COMPLAINTS.

COAL. I beg to advise my customers and the consumers of Coal generally, that I am receiving my Fall and Winter supply of HARD AND SOFT COAL...

W. LEE, Proprietor. Goderich, Aug. 15, 1884.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock. GEO. BARRY CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER. Hamilton Street, Goderich.

BOOTS AND SHOES. NEW GOODS. REMEMBER Have the Largest Stock, The Latest Style!

BOOTS & SHOES. Downing & Weddup. Beg to announce to the Public that they have opened business in the above Store in the store lately occupied by Horace Newton.

QUICK SALES, SMALL PROFITS WILL BE OUR MOTTO. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE. CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

ACHE. Headache, you Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels.

The Ontario Mutual LIFE ASSURANCE CO. HEAD OFFICE, - WATERLOO, ONT. DOMINION DEPOSIT, \$100,000.00.

Send six cents for postage. A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage. of goods which will help you than anything else in this world.

Five Physicians Outside. Mrs. Helen Pharris, No. 331 Dayton St., Chicago, Ill., is now in her sixty-eighth year, and states that she has suffered with Consumption for about ten years, was treated by nine physicians, all of them pronouncing her case hopeless.

Seeing is believing. Read the testimonials in the pamphlet on Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure, then buy a bottle and relieve yourself of all those distressing pains.

Can any one bring us a case of Kidney or Liver Complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they cannot, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters, will prove.

Physician's are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and all Throat and Lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die, is startling them to realize their sense of duty, and examine into the merits of this wonderful discovery.

Dr. WILSON'S PULMONARY CHERRY BALSAM. FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL LUNG COMPLAINTS.

COAL. I beg to advise my customers and the consumers of Coal generally, that I am receiving my Fall and Winter supply of HARD AND SOFT COAL...

W. LEE, Proprietor. Goderich, Aug. 15, 1884.

THE HURON-SIGNAL, FRIDAY, SEPT. 12, 1884.

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Plendid New Stock.

HARRY D. UNDERTAKER, Goderich, Ontario. Suits and Parlor Furniture, such as Bed-stands, Mattresses, Wash-stands, always on hand also Hearse for hire.

D SHOES

Stock, Reliable Goods, Lowest Prices, Examine TO SHOW GOODS.

NING

street and Square.

SHOES

Weddup opened business in the above Store. Having purchased a large stock of the above figures, we are determined to benefit.

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE

PRINCIPAL LINE AND BEST LINE TO ST. JOSEPH, MO. NATIONAL ROUTE TO ST. LOUIS, MO. THROUGH THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD.

KANSAS CITY

Canadian Pass. Agt., Toronto, Ont. B. JOHNSTON, Ticket Agent, Goderich.

Fashion's Fancies.

A little Austin boy saw his mother take off her watch one day, and called out: "Oh, mamma! Let us take your watch out in the yard, so that we can play Indiana."

A German newspaper contains the following advertisement:—"If Charles Frankenberg will either call on or write to Karl Schmid, on the Kaiser Strasse, No. 26, he will hear of something to his advantage. His wife is dead."

The following doubtful compliment is a fragment from a love-letter:—"How I wish my darling Adelaide, my engagements would permit me to leave town and go to see you. It would be like visiting some old ruin, hallowed by time, and fraught with a thousand pleasing recollections."

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge of England, who went to many banquets and few churches during his recent visit to the United States, said, in reply to the question how long a sermon should be: "Twenty-five minutes, with a leaning to the side of mercy."

A wife had a squabble with her husband, who was bald. After they had become reconciled again and made mutual amends, the wife said: "There is one agreeable thing about you dear; when we fall out and become friends again, one hasn't to give back any of your hair."

"Henceforth we meet as strangers!" exclaimed Brown, in a fit of anger. "Thank you, Brown, my dear fellow," replied Fogg, effusively; "you always did treat strangers better than your friends and acquaintances, and you make me exceedingly happy that you have chosen to share in your distinguished consideration."

It is said that the feet are much larger in summer than in winter. This may be so, but we suspect that the savant who made the discovery bases his theory upon the fact that he measured the imprint of his inamorata in the snow when she had on her French-heeled boots last winter, and in the summer took his data from the imprint of her naked feet on the sea-shore.

Literature of the Week.

Observe how, when the shrewd palmist is reading the lines of a hand, he scans the face with almost equal interest. These learned people know how a soul dwells in the eye; and the ability to understand the language is invariably a mind most folks without having to study it, though extremely sensitive persons have told me that more power of discrimination rested in their hands than they could read from every feature of the face, the fingers being so full of vision that they could feel a hair without seeing it; so full of nerves that an impression, so instantaneous and could be relied upon; so full of life that when their possessor was in love tingled with an affectionate infatuation.

It is said that very quiet eyes that impress and submerge one with their repose signify self command, and also much complacency and some conceit. Headless eyes that cannot look one steadily in the face denote a deceitful, designing mind. Eyes in which the white has a yellowish tinge and is streaked with reddish veins, prove much of strong passion and hasty temper, and the eye-brows bespeak a mind inclined to coquetry; gray eyes signify dignity, intelligence and excellent reasoning faculties; greenish eyes, falsehood and a fondness for scandal. A malicious mind is often indicated by greenish eyes. Black eyes show a passionate, lively temperance, and often times a most deceitful disposition; brown eyes are generally tender and true, indicating a kind and happy disposition.

Of the nose. A Roman nose denotes an enterprising, business like character; a long nose is a sign of good sense; a perfectly straight nose indicates a pure and noble soul, unless the eye contradicts it; a nose signifies a spirit of mischief, wit and dash; a large nose generally indicates large mind and good nature, but lack of energy.

Thick lips generally mean either great genius or great stupidity; very thin lips, cruelty, artlessness, and falsehood. Dimples on the cheek are known as the abodes of roguery, and in the chin of Cupid and his pranks.

A lean face speaks more of intelligence than a fat face, generally speaking, and they do say, "Leaves are full, round and greasy face—it means treachery."

Frascibility is accompanied by an erect posture, open nostrils, moist temples, displaying superficial veins which stand out and throbb under the least excitement, large, unequal, ill arranged eyes, and equal use of both hands. A genius may be expected from medium stature, blue gray or brown eyes, prominent and large forehead, with temples a little hollow; under lips slightly retiring, a fixed, attentive look, and habitual inclination of the head either backward or forward.

A Cure for Cholera Morbus.

A positive cure for this dangerous complaint, and for all acute or chronic forms of Bowel Complaint incident to Summer and Fall, is found in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; it is procured from any druggist.

The Drunken's Will.

I leave to society a ruined character, wretched example, and memory that will soon rot.

I leave to my parents during the rest of their lives as much sorrow as humanity, in its feeble and decrepit state, can sustain.

I leave to my brothers and sisters as much mortification and injury as I could well bring on them.

I leave to my wife a broken heart, a life of wretchedness and shame to weep over my premature death.

I give and bequeath to each of my children poverty, ignorance, a low character, and the remembrance that their father was a monster.

A Warning.

The Wild Strawberry Plant possesses rare virtue as a cleansing, cooling, astringent, antiseptic, and healing medicine, and when combined with other valuable vegetable extracts, as in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, it is an unfailing remedy in all Bowel Complaints.

Household Hints.

The tart apples which are now in the market are almost without favor. To give them flavor, and to make a really appetizing dish for supper, prepare them in this way: Pare them, and take out the cores; fill the spaces made with dates. Then put the apples into a deep earthen baking plate pour a little water over them, and bake until tender. Less time will be required for them than if the skins were left on; it is necessary to remove this, or they will be left too long in the oven, and lose their form.

An attractive way to cover an ugly and unused fire-place is to make curtains which are attached to the mantle, and fall from it in graceful folds to the floor. They should be trimmed in the same manner that you would trim them if they were to be leaped back. They may be of felt and have for trimming a band of Turkish toweling, Chinese or some other material, and the curtains should have a lambrequin of velvet hanging over at each end like a scarf for half a yard, and the curtains should be drawn up and looped at the corner with bows of ribbon.

A pretty carriage wrap for the baby which will be useful in the early autumn, is made of Turkish toweling, Chinese or some other material, and the curtains should have a lambrequin of velvet hanging over at each end like a scarf for half a yard, and the curtains should be drawn up and looped at the corner with bows of ribbon.

For winter there is nothing so handsome or so comfortable as a square of fur; line it with flannel. The edge of the flannel should be pinked, or cut in scallops, and for further ornamentation the baby's monogram, or initials may be embroidered in the centre of the flannel.

Tomato sauce which will keep well is made of one dozen perfectly ripe tomatoes, two teaspoonfuls of the best powdered ginger, one heaped of garlic chopped very fine, two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, one desert spoonful of cayenne pepper, and one of salt. Put the tomatoes into a stone jar and let them stand in a hot oven until they are tender. When cold remove the skins and mix the above named ingredients with the pulp and juice in the jar. Then put it in glass bottles and seal tightly. This sauce is said to keep well for years. The tomatoes should be in the oven for several hours, and become thoroughly cooked.

A long shelf and one of good width is a necessity. To cover this shelf simply and economically and yet tastefully is not always easy. A successful covering is made of pretty cretonne. Cover the shelf with it, and make a valance not quite half a yard deep. On the bottom of this put a pleasing five inches deep. The pleats should be single box pleats. On the upper edge cut a narrow single box pleating. This should not be more than two inches and a half wide, and should be stitched in the centre, while that which is just on the lower edge should be stitched at the upper edge only, and the pleats should be caught on the back so that they will not flutter out, but will keep in place.

PICKLED CAULIFLOWERS.—Take solid and white cauliflowers; pull apart in bunches, spread on an earthen dish; lay salt all over them, and let them stand three days; then put into earthen jars and pour boiling salt and water over them; let them stand over night, then drain, put into glass jars and fill up with vinegar prepared the same as for onions.

MUSTARD PICKLE.—Two quarts cucumbers, two of green tomatoes, two of onions, two of cabbage or cauliflower; soak in a weak brine over night, cook each separately until tender. For the paste: One gallon vinegar, one large cup sugar, one pound mustard, one and one half pounds sugar; stir the paste till it boils, then pour it over the vegetables. This pickle will keep a year.

MIXED PICKLE OR HODCO.—Chop a gallon of green tomatoes, sprinkle over them half a pint of salt, and let them stand overnight. In the morning drain off the water and add to them six onions chopped or sliced, six peppers chopped, half a cabbage cut coarsely and then chopped, half a pint of ground horse radish, the same of mustard seed, one-tablespoonful of ground cloves, one of black pepper, two of dry mustard; mix all well together, pack in jars three-fourths full, and fill up with cider vinegar.

COUGH SYRUP.—S. A. B. sends the following: For making the best cough syrup take one ounce each of thoroughwort, slippery elm, flax seed, gamboge and stick liquorice. Simmer together in one quart of water until the strength is entirely extracted. Strain carefully; add one pint best molasses and half a pound of loaf sugar; simmer all well together and when cold bottle tightly. Dose: a tablespoonful from three to six times a day, according to the urgency of the case. I have tested this syrup in my own case; it is safe and the best syrup I ever used.

How to Beg in Boston.

"When I was in Philadelphia," said Robinson, "a little ragged girl approached me and said: 'My papa drinks, my ma is sick with consumption—please will you give me a penny that my ma is the old maid, and it was successful.'"

"When I came on to Boston I was approached by a little girl of similar appearance, and as she was about to speak I said: 'I know all about it; your father drinks, your mother is sick with consumption, and you want a penny.' 'Pardon me, sir,' she observed with great dignity, 'as she removed a pair of rusty, steel framed spectacles, and carefully wiped the solitary glass they contained with a shred of her tattered shawl. 'Pardon me, sir; I was about to observe that it pains and humiliates me beyond measure to be obliged to confess that my ma is addicted to the habitual use of alcohol stimulants, and is frequently, indeed, in a condition of helpless inebriety, while a serious indisposition, due to a pulmonary affection, incapacitates my ma from every form of physical labor; consequently the only resource left to her to soften the asperity of her own and my lot is to send me out to importune strangers for alms, hence I make an appeal to your generosity.'"

"As she concluded she held out her hand with a grace and dignity truly Bostonian, and I had no other resource than to put my hand in my pocket and give her a dollar."

SWITZERLAND.

Struggling with the Liquor Question.

Berne, Sept. 1.—The Federal Council has sent the blue book to the Assembly, embodying the results of the official inquiry into the liquor traffic induced by petitions sent up from various cantons for legislation against such traffic. The statistics give statistics which show that the consumption of alcohol in Switzerland is greater per head than in any other country of Europe. The statistics also show that the consumption of brandy among the Swiss is increasing, and that parallel with this there is an increase of mental diseases and an increase of misery and want. In spite of all this, the council refuses to recommend any restrictive legislation. It states that the sale of liquor in Switzerland represent an annual return of 150,000,00 francs. In one clause of the report, headed "the advantages of spirituous drinks," the council is outspoken in defence of social drinking. It says: "The practice of the social drinking of spirituous liquors brings a cheerful temper into society, effaces the traces of daily labor, opens the heart to other impressions, and is intimately associated with the development of public life. The public house fosters the social spirit, and is a remedy against misanthropy, egotism, and narrowness of ideas and extravagance of imagination." The report has taken the country by surprise.

Cultivating Integrity of Character.

There is a wide difference in the estimate of justice and right among men. Some have an instinctive sense of justice; others always have distorted or shaded views of right and wrong. The difference is that there is an intention to do wrong, but that each has learned to view all moral questions from his particular standpoint. Yet right and wrong are immutable. Each is stamped with its particular characteristic, and these do not change. Hence if different views of the moral quality of a given act are taken it is evident that one or the other is wrong. Hence a right view of justice and all the moral issues is a matter of training. How may it be done?

We cannot acquire these great perceptions of the fundamental principles of right. These are simple and plain. It is right to tell the truth, to deal honestly, to respect others' rights, and to observe the rules of commercial morality. To injure another's reputation is wrong; it is to do wrong to another's property, if legally done, is wrong. The original, fundamental principles of right and wrong are simple and plain. It is when we obscure them by special influences that we are befogged. There is always a special plea for an act of spoliation, or for the taking of another's property. And, as a rule, there is a willingness to allow this special plea peculiar force. It is this men's views of right are warped. By nice turns of expression, men convey a false impression, when they would speak to openly lie. By shrewd turns they manage to complete a sentence, even if legally done, is wrong. The original, fundamental principles of right and wrong are simple and plain. 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**Autumn.**  
 Robt. McDowell and his mother, Mrs. McDowell, of Pittston, Pa., have been visiting relations in Colborne during the past month. Mrs. McDowell is sister of Mr. James Symington, the well-known Colborne pioneer. The old people had not seen one another before for thirty six years.

Mrs. Fourby and her son, John Fourby of Buffalo, who had been visiting at the residence of Mr. James Young, left on Thursday of last week for home. They were well pleased with their reception in Colborne.

**Leeburn.**  
 EDUCATIONAL.—J. R. Miller, Inspector, made an official visit to the Leeburn school last Tuesday morning.

SICKNESS.—Wm. McWhiney, of the Commercial road, Colborne, has been seriously indisposed, but we are happy to state he is now convalescent.

At the temperance lodge on Friday evening last, Gavin H. Clifton gave an interesting address on "The Temperance Cause," and the members of the lodge were well pleased with his reception in Colborne.

**Bonmillier.**  
 UNION SCHOOL PICNIC.—A union public school picnic will be held at Baer's Point, on the Maitland river, on Saturday, the 13th of Sept. Four schools will unite as follows:—No. 2, Jos. Morris, teacher; No. 4, R. Hamlin, No. 7, Miss Ratcliffe, and Rev. Mr. Carson, J. R. Miller, P.S.I., and Thos. McGillicuddy, of Goderich. A big crowd will be provided for all, and young and old will join in the sport. Addresses will be delivered from a platform beginning at one o'clock. The speakers expected are Rev. Messrs. Markham and Meyer, of Colborne, and Rev. Mr. Carson, J. R. Miller, P.S.I., and Thos. McGillicuddy, of Goderich. A big crowd and a right good time is expected on Saturday.

**Dungannon.**  
 Partridge shooting has commenced. One of our Nimrods bagged three one day recently.

The Ashfield and Wawanosh fall show is to be held here on 8th Oct.

J. Martin, of this place, on his way to the Seaforth races, was so eager to catch the train on Thursday morning, that his ponies went to Goderich in 1 hour, 10 minutes.

**Sons of our boys** indulge to quite an extent of late in con hunting.

William Smith, of West Wawanosh, fell dead on the road not far from his home on Monday. He was eighty-six years of age.

**Dunlop.**  
 Seaforth races were taken in by some of our residents last week.

[And the editor would remark that some of your residents were taken in by the Seaforth races.]

Miss D. McDonald has returned after nearly a year's residence in Alpena, Michigan.

The first fall wheat sown hereabouts was scattered on the 2nd inst. on Landsdowne farm.

**TIMELY SHOWERS.**—The shower of rain which fell in our burgh on the 4th checked bush fires, and saved W. Young's pea crop. Saturday's shower partly subdued the McNeil bush fire, which was threatening the residents of this place.

**Colborne.**  
 An old and respected pioneer, Andrew Green, died in the township of Colborne last Thursday, aged considerably over four score years. The deceased gentleman was buried on Saturday, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives.

On Wednesday last a young man named Frank Mansergh, assisting at a threshing bee on the farm of P. Carroll, had occasion to slide down the straw stack on which he was working. In doing so he fell in some manner, causing him to be thrown violently backward, his head striking either against the barn or some hard substance. Medical aid was immediately summoned, when it was found that he was entirely insensible, and suffering from concussion of the brain. The deceased lingered in this state till Saturday morning, when death ensued. He had been but a short time in the country, and was studying farming with Mr. Robertson, with a view to farming himself. He was buried from the residence of Hon. A. M. Ross, Goderich last Sunday afternoon.

**Belfast.**  
 Mr. Jas. Mullin who has been residing in Wingham is home for his holidays.

A detachment of the Lord's Army from Wingham is expected to the Hackett's town Church shortly.

Mrs. J. Mullin has returned from a visit to her brother Mr. D. E. McKinnon, of Blyth.

On the evening of the 27th ult. while Mr. Geo. Agar, of Dungannon was descending a hill on his way to Mr. Edward's of the con. W. Wawanosh with his steam thrasher, the rod connecting the front wheels of the trucks with the separator, broke, and the separator slid forward on the horses, which bounded forward, and before they could be stopped ran against the engine. The tongue struck the boiler with great force and glancing upward broke, the horses turning to one side. The steam engine was not injured but the sudden stop shivered a number of the timbers of the separator.

Mr. C. Agar, who was behind was running with all his force and ran against the rear of the water tank, which was fastened behind the separator just as the latter struck the engine, and the shock threw him backward on the ground. He was stunned for the time, and his wrists were severely strained, as he struck the tank with his hands, with what force may be imagined when the prints of his knuckles were plainly to be seen next day. George has things fixed up again, and has the machine again in motion.

**St. Augustine.**  
 John Farn, of Wawanosh, died on August 31st. His remains were interred in St. Augustine cemetery.

Edward and P. McGuire purchased the land lying between their farms and the river Matland, from James McConnell at \$35 per acre.

**East Wawanosh.**  
 Jos. Armstrong, teacher in S. S. No. 11, has secured Miss Weir to complete his term of engagement, as his health for some time past has much improved.

**Sudden Death.**—On Sunday, the 7th inst., a daughter of Robt. Stega, of East Wawanosh, while engaged in milking, suddenly took a pain in the head, and in spite of all that medical skill could do, she died in the afternoon. She was a fine young woman, and was respected by all who knew her.

**COUNTY CURRENCY.**  
 Items from all Parts of Huron got on the News Exchange.

**DIED IN LONDON.**—Mr. L. McMillan, a former resident of the 14th concession of McKillop, but who has for several years been confined in the London asylum, died there a few days since. He was between 40 and 60 years of age, and had many friends in this county.

A fatal accident occurred at Clinton, on Friday afternoon, at Forrester's Flax Mills. One of the belts becoming entangled, pulled the thrasher over, falling upon a boy named McCrae, crushing his neck between the thrasher and a shaft, causing instant death. A young man named Rutledge was bruised and cut, and another boy injured.

They need the Scott Act up in Wroxeter. The Howick Enterprise says:—"One of the saddest sights ever witnessed on our streets was that of a little boy, scarce eleven years old, who got helplessly drunk on Monday evening. The little lad hails from Gorrice. Will the matter be investigated?"

We regret having to chronicle the death of Mr. Geo. Thompson of the London Road, near Kippen, which took place on Monday evening. He assisted with the first day's threshing on his place and the same evening took ill, and although all that medical aid and friends could do, was done for him but all was of no avail. He was a man highly respected by all who knew him. His bereaved wife and family, who were on the way to this community.—[Exeter Reflector.]

A SAD BLOW.—The Wingham Advance says:—"It is with feelings of sorrow we have this week to record the untimely and we may say sudden death of the eldest son of our most highly respected Reeve, Mr. Wm. Elliott. From whom we learned the boy named George Arthur, aged 8 years and six months, was playing lacrosse on Tuesday last week, and after heating himself, cooled off by lying down on the grass, and it is believed became chilled, which ultimately developed into alarming inflammatory symptoms, the thoroughness of the infection being the bowels. To this the youth succumbed on Sunday last."

ACCIDENT.—A week ago last Friday, while assisting in some work on his brother Andrew's farm, Mr. Thos. Miller, of the Howick Mutual Insurance Company, was thrown out of a wagon by a runaway team, and picked up in an unconscious condition. On examination it was found that one of his ribs was broken, but the full extent of his injuries was not ascertained, as he complained of severe pains in the upper part of his body. Although still confined to bed, it is hoped that he will soon be moving about again.

**DEATH.**—Many people, says the Seaforth Express, were surprised to hear of the death of Miss Marion Landsborough, on Tuesday last, as she had been in tolerably good health a week before. The cause of her death was an abscess in her head, which had existed some years before, but healed, leaving her quite deaf, and which broke out afresh recently, and could not be checked. She was a general favorite with all who knew her. This is the second death in Mr. Landsborough's family within a short time, and much sympathy is manifested for the family in their bereavement.

ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday, of last week, while Mr. James Bonnet, was working in his planing mill at Brussels, he met with an accident that will lay him up for some time. While working at the planer, he attempted to remove an obstruction from the rollers, which carried his arm in almost up to the elbow, bruising the bones and muscles severely. Had it not been for his presence of mind the accident would have been more serious, but he managed to grasp the screw operating the table, with his left hand, and turned it high enough to release his arm from the tremendous pressure. It was a miracle that the knives of the planer did not take off his hand, which was only prevented by his finger dropping over the end of the rollers.

Judging by the Exeter Reflector's statement, they have been making things lively down in Hensall:—"A society that was lately formed in town, for the sole purpose of defending "Woman's rights," and the first meeting was held on Tuesday of last week, when it was decided to carry it into execution. The first victim operated on, was a well-known shoemaker of Hensall, who it is said has injured his wife for some time past. He was taken from his front door and dragged to the town pump, where an immense quantity of Scott's Ase Drink was unmercifully poured on him. He was then placed on a rail and carried through the principal streets, stopping at all the main "ports of entry." After remaining for another course at the quarantine, and well soaked, he was asked by the captain if he would still persist in abusing his wife. When still refusing, the cries rent the air, such as:—"To the pump with Jumbo; hoist the rail, etc." At last after having been carried through town for something over an hour, and becoming exhausted, he said in a clear and solemn voice: "I will return home, and try to live a better life. The captain granted his liberty, when he left a few more of the same class. "Marked man in Hensall, beware."

**MOWAT'S MEN.**

**Huronites Looking for the Premier's Return.**

Goderich Liberals Going to Join the Procession on Tuesday.

The coming Mowat Reception is now the talk of the country.

Huron will send 300 or 400 to swell the procession. And the Goderich contingent will be on hand, to step to the lively music, and join in the loud hurrahs for the great champion of Provincial rights.

At a meeting of Liberals on Wednesday night, the following resolution was unanimously passed:—"Resolved, that Mr. C. A. Humber, this recognizing and highly appreciating, as we do, the wisdom and statesmanship which have characterized the administration of public affairs by the Mowat Government during the past thirteen years, and particularly at this time the courage and ability with which Mr. Mowat and his able colleagues have fought the battle Provincial, territorial and legislative rights, and the vital importance to the Province of Ontario, for all time to come of the victories which, by their noble efforts, have been achieved, it is hereby resolved that it is the duty of the Reform party in Ontario to signalize in a marked and adequate manner its appreciation of the distinguished services to this Province rendered by Mr. Mowat and his Government, and to that end the Reformers of the town of Goderich hereby resolve to attend and take part in the reception about to be tendered to the Honorable Oliver Mowat upon the occasion of his return home from the achievement of the latest and greatest of his 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