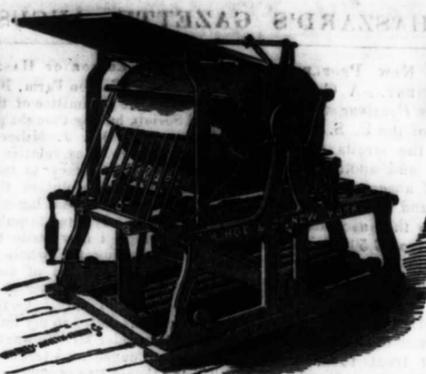


HASZARD'S

FARMERS' COMMERCIAL

PUBLISHED ON EVERY



GAZETTE

JOURNAL & ADVERTISER.

WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

Established 1823. Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Wednesday, August 22, 1855. New Series. No. 268.

SUPERIOR STOVES.

NOW LANDING, and for Sale at "KING'S SQUARE HOUSE," Cooking, Parlor and other STOVES, of superior quality, and at extremely low prices for cash.

BEER & SON.

Charlottetown, Aug. 17, 1855.

TURNIPS.

THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY offer the following Premiums, to be competed for in QUEBEC'S COUNTY this season, viz.

For the best acre of Swede Turnips,	£3 0 0
" 2d do do	2 10 0
" 3d do do	2 0 0
" 4th do do	1 10 0
" 5th do do	1 0 0
" 6th do do	0 10 0

Former successful competitors will not be allowed to compete for any of the above Premiums.

By order,

WM. W. IRVING, Sec'y.
Committee Room, Aug. 16.

Wanted

AT the Tannery of Mr. John Vickerson, a good Journeyman Currier; Also, two or three good Boot and Shoemakers. Call at this establishment, St. Peter's Road, 64 miles from Charlottetown.

J. L. VICKERSON.
Charlottetown, July 27, 1855.

COLT'S REVOLVER.

FOR Sale a few sets of the above complete in Cases, at Hazard and Owen's.

To Tanners and Curriers.

FOR SALE, the LEASEHOLD INTEREST, for 999 years, in SIXTEEN ACRES OF LAND, situate near *Wheatley River Bridge*, on which is erected, and in good repair, a DWELLING HOUSE, 28 x 22, with a Lean-to, 28 x 10, containing a Parlor, Bed-room, large Kitchen, Store-room and spacious Porch, Cellar, &c., together with Four good Bed-rooms on the second floor, the whole completely finished and fit for occupation.

There is on the premises a TAN HOUSE, 24 feet square, 12 feet post, having Eight large Vats, besides several smaller ones, with implements and conveniences for Tanning and Currying, all complete. An improved Copper Boiler, capable of containing four puncheons of water, for the purpose of making Ose, with Furnace, and every thing complete. The Tannery will turn out 400 hides per annum, and at no great additional expense can be made to turn out 1000. There is the Frame of a House for a Bark Mill 26 x 36, 12 feet post. A Workshop 22 x 15. There is also a Barn and Stable, 34 x 24, with a new Shed for Gigs, Carts, &c., 26 x 14. Pig-houses, Green-houses, Barnack for hay, &c. The whole being in every way fitted for the immediate occupation of a Tanner and Currier; situate in one of the most populous Townships in the Island, and having the internal facilities of approach by land or water.

The Vats are supplied by a never failing Stream of Water, which, with another also running through the same premises, is capable of being made to work a Bark Mill, Carding Mill or machinery. The above will be disposed of with or without the STOCK, consisting of 200 sides of Neats and Harness Leather, and several dozens of Calf Skins, together with a quantity of Tan Bark.

The premises are under CROP, which will be sold with them or separately, viz:—4 acres Oats, 2 do. Wheat, 1 do. Potatoes, and the remainder in Hay.

An ORCHARD comprising upwards of an acre of Land has been planted with about 100 grafted Trees, raised by Mr. W. Dark.

Also,

TWO BUILDING LOTS, of one acre each, situate near the head of *Wheatley River*, and close to the Bridge, suitable for a mercantile Establishment, seven roads to populous settlements meeting at the place where the same are located.

Possession of the whole of the above will be given immediately.

TERMS CASH, with the exception of £100 secured by Mortgage, which has 2½ years still to run, payable with interest in that time. Application to be made to John Lawson, Esq., Charlottetown, or to the Subscriber on the premises.

ISAAC WHITLOCK.

Wheatley River, July 29, 1855.

ALL Persons to whom the above named is indebted will please send in their Bills for settlement; and all Persons indebted to him will pay their respective amounts on or before the 15th day of September next.

NEWS BY LAST ENGLISH MAIL.

PROPOSED RAISING OF THE SIEGE.

The *Constitutionnel*, in an article descriptive of Kamiesch and the wondrous transformation wrought in the place since it has been occupied by the French, enlarges thus upon the vast importance of the fortifications now in course of completion there:—

"Without entering upon military consideration or details of operations which would be here out of place, we may observe on the important part which Kamiesch may be called upon to play in the Crimean war, as a possibility which must strike every mind. Now that it is assured of such a formidable basis of operations, the army has perfect freedom of movement, which it had not at the beginning of the campaign. In every possible contingency the possession of Kamiesch, fortified as it now is, will aid in the accomplishment of the object with which the war in the Crimea was undertaken. Sebastopol, commanded by Kamiesch, which holds it, so to speak, by the throat, can never henceforth be of any use to the Czar. On the supposition that events should call the army to fresh points of the Russian territory, who does not see that the presence of a few French and English ships at Kamiesch would suffice to nullify the entire offensive power of Sebastopol? Therefore, the possibility of the mobilization of the allied army and of the nullification of Sebastopol are the two grand results of the transformation of Kamiesch into a place of war. It is now the sentinel—the keeper of the Russian citadel. France now knows that without abandoning its conquest, it may at will send an army of 100,000 men to any point where the glorious cause for which it is fighting by the side of England may call for their services."

This looks as if it were desired to prepare the public mind for the possibility of such an event as the raising of the siege of Sebastopol. Should this be done, we must not be disheartened, and must not attach undue importance to phrases. "Raising the siege" is not the same thing as renouncing the siege. If it should turn out that the next attack (generally thought to be imminent) should be a failure, or only partially successful; or if, on further consideration, it should be thought that another attack, under present circumstances, would only involve a great loss of life for no adequate advantage, the change of tactics hinted at by the *Constitutionnel* might well be merely such a backward step as is described in the French proverb *reculer pour mieux sauter*.

To surround Sebastopol and cut off supplies to the garrison by land, while the place is blockaded by sea, might well be a more effectual plan for reducing the place than sending masses of men to be mown down by cannon from earthwork batteries. It is consolatory to be told that by reason of Kamiesch being converted into a stronghold, the allied armies can now take the field if necessary. But decision and activity are above all things necessary, seeing how short is the campaigning season between this and the approaching winter.

INTERESTING FRENCH LETTER.

The Paris newspaper, *La Presse*, has the following interesting letter from the Crimea:— "We are but slowly advancing towards Malakoff, but as rapidly as it is possible to do when you think of the enemy's vigorous defence, and of the hard rocky nature of the ground. On the 17th the engineers were at 240 metres from the works, and at about 40 metres from the ambulances. Spite of this short distance, we get shell from the Russians still; and they are more than ever dangerous. You will see why. They send us shells, as I said, but the shortness of the distance forces them to discharge them at an angle of 64 to 70 degrees, with a very weak loading. The consequence is, that they make little noise, and the shell from a certain height falls perpendicularly, and in zig-zag line, like those fireworks that are called serpents. Not being prepared, one has no time to cry 'mind the shell' (*gare la bombe!*) Add to this a shower of hand grenades, a hurricane of bullets and musket shot, so soon as one shows the tip of one's nose or of one's *kapi*, and

you may understand how unhealthy are our trenches. At night one might sleep under one's *tente d'abri* were it not for shot and shell; by day one might do so too, were it not for the sun and flies, which wear out the men more than can be imagined. The fire is, however, violent on both sides. There is no room for anything save an artillery struggle, unless another attack by main force were attempted. The Russians tried a sortie in the night from the 16th to the 18th, but were energetically thrown back. They tried to deploy two battalions, in order to resist, but space was wanting for them to manoeuvre in, and bayonets hemmed them on all sides, so they were forced to leave the place. Our losses are considerable just now; we lose, on average, 40 men a night. Amongst the last wounded is one of the best officers in the army, the Engineer-commandant Boissonnet, aide-de-camp to General Biot; he was hit by a ball in the knee, and it is feared the wound will necessitate amputation."

THE DEATH OF ADMIRAL NACHIMOFF.

The *Invalide Russe* gives the following account of the death of Admiral Nachimoff:

On June 29, Russia experienced an irreparable loss. The hero of Sinope (*sic*), one of the brave defenders of Sebastopol, the honor and pride of the Russian fleet and army, Admiral Nachimoff, then received a wound, to which, on the following day, amidst the general regret of his companions in arms, and all Russia, he fell a victim.

The witness gives the following details as to the manner of his death. The deceased Admiral would never consent to wear the soldier's capote, but always kept on the coat and epaulettes of a general, and in this dress he would show himself on the most advanced fortifications, in order to observe the movements of the besiegers.

On June 29, at 8 o'clock, p. m., the Admiral appeared upon the Korniloff bastion, and in spite of the entreaties of all around him, he leaned over the parapet to look at the enemy's works. A ball struck the ground at his feet. The suite accompanying him renewed their entreaties, but he calmly remained at his post, saying, "They aim very well." Some moments afterwards a ball struck him on the temple. The Admiral fell senseless, and remained so, until his death the following day.

Sleep in peace, worthy rival of Lazary, of Korniloff, and Istomine! The mariners of the Black Sea and the garrison of Sebastopol will not forget thy valiant example. Our children and our grandchildren will defend thy tomb as thou hast defended their cradle!

SIR GEORGE BROWN ON THE WAR.

Sir George Brown having taken up his residence at Leamington, on the 28th ult. some of the inhabitants of the town and neighbourhood made a public recognition of his gallant services in the East, by the presentation of an address, most numerously signed, and entrusted to a deputation. The address having been read and handed to the gallant general, he shortly addressed the deputation. In the course of his address he said—"With respect to the army, I may safely assert that its conduct has been beyond all praise, and that at no period in the history of this country has the nation more reason to be proud of the conduct of its troops. I speak not, mind you, of the soldiers alone, but include with them the officers by whom they have been led; for, gentlemen, the men of the army are indignant at the attempts that have been made by an unscrupulous portion of the press in this country to vilify their officers, and to separate their interests from their own. It is a mistake and misapprehension to assert that the officers of the army are generally and habitually inattentive to their duty, or that the condition of the troops would be improved by having a larger portion of them drawn from the ranks, for it is precisely because they are gentlemen, that the men are so much attached to them. Although, therefore, far from meaning to speak in disparagement of individuals who may have raised themselves by their own merit, many of whom I know to be in the highest degree respectable, I assert that the military service of the country would be less

popular, and discipline would not be so well maintained, if the majority of the officers were of this description. Look at the proportion borne by the officers to the men in the returns of killed and wounded in all the actions that have taken place. It is always nearly double what it ought to be. Look at the very last affair, that of the 18th of June, upon which we find a list of 103 officers to some 1308 men, the number which would have answered for 3000. And why is this? Because the officers, being English gentlemen, are accustomed to set an example to them, and the men, although ready enough to follow, always expect to be led. Depend on it the less we interfere with the constitution of the British army, the better it will be for the troops, as well as for the country; and I myself have always considered it a subject of regret, that the Committee of Inquiry, which has been lately sitting, instead of examining witnesses who were not in a position to know much of what they were questioned about, had not sent to Paris, or brought over some French officers who had been associated with the English troops; they would then have found, that our allies have formed a very different estimate of the merits of our troops from that which has been formed by some of their own countrymen."

THE FLEET OFF CRONSTADT.

OFF CRONSTADT, July 16.—The powerful naval forces of the allies, which within the past few days have been augmented to 40 sail, comprising 14 steam line-of-battle ships, two steam frigates, four small steamers, four mortar-vessels, and 14 gunboats, after a strict reconnaissance for a period exceeding three weeks of the north shore of Cronstadt, weighed anchor at seven a. m. of the 14th instant. Two hours had barely elapsed after the anchors had been weighed on the morning of the 14th before the three Admirals, Dundas, Pinaud, and Seymour, parted company in their respective ships, the Duke of Wellington, the Tourville, and the Exmouth, with the Austerlitz and Merlin in attendance, en route for Nargen. The Euryalus had been sent in advance at four a. m. with four mortar vessels, for the same destination. The remainder of the allied squadrons, having been placed under the orders of Rear-Admiral Baynes, immediately after the departure of the three senior-flag-officers, anchored about four miles N. W. of Tolbookin Lighthouse, where they are to remain until further orders. I have good reasons for stating that the separation of the three admirals from the main bulk of the fleet is merely temporary, and has occurred in consequence of Rear Admiral Pinaud having conceived a plan for an attack on Revel, the practicability of which Rear-Admirals Dundas and Seymour have gone to ascertain by personal observation. If the result should be sufficiently satisfactory to justify the bombardment of that port, it will be made by the entire fleet, with the exception of such portion thereof as may be necessary to watch the proceedings of the Russians off this and other places in the Gulf of Finland. The defences of Cronstadt and Sweaborg have been so considerably augmented by the enemy in all respects during the last twelve months, that they are unassailable by the present marine forces of the allies. During the present week there has been little of interest connected with the proceedings of the fleet. |

The word Crimea should not be called Crim-ee, but Crim-ee. The recollection of the Crim Tartars will suggest the proper pronunciation.

THE DUKE'S FAVORITE BOOKS.—On the little table close by the plain iron bedstead of the Duke of Wellington were always to be found four apparently well handled books, the Bible, Leighton's Commentary on St. Peter, Howe's Living Temple, and Baxter's Saint's Rest. Many of the books in his bedroom were on divinity, by the most evangelical writers. Many years before his death, hearing a brother officer ridiculing the idea of a revelation, he advised him to read Paley's Evidences.—That officer afterwards became one of the most religious men in the British army, and thanked the Duke for his timely reproof.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE OLDEST TREE ON RECORD.—Perhaps the oldest tree on record is the Cypress of Somma, in Lombardy. It is supposed to have been planted in the year of our Lord, and on that account is looked upon with reverence by the inhabitants. But an ancient chronicle at Milan is said to prove that it was a tree in the time of Julius Cæsar, B. C. 49. It is 120 feet high, and 30 feet in circumference at one foot from the ground. Napoleon, when laying down the plan for his great road over the Simplon, diverged from a straight line to avoid injuring this tree.

A RUSSIAN AND AN ENGLISH REGIMENT.—The courage of an English army is the sum total of the courage which the individual soldiers bring with them to it, rather than of that which they derive from it. When I was at Naples, a Russian and an English regiment were drawn up together in the same square. "See," said a Neapolitan to me, who had mistaken me for one of his countrymen, "there is but one face in that whole regiment; while in that (pointing to the English), every soldier has a face of his own."—Notes and Queries.

WANTED.—A new agony, in the shape of a negro ballad, for everybody to sing, whistle and dance—for all hands to play—all minstrel carousers to chorus. We notice, that this is the first period since the immortal Jim Crow Rice turned and wheeled about to so much profit, that we have lacked such a refrain. We have successively consigned to the earth, after lingering and varied torture, those stars of their sex, Lucy Neal, Coal Black Rose, Lucy Long, The Rose of Alabama, and Lilly Dale; and the Nelly who sleeps in the "Hazel Dell" is still fresh in the memory. If "Old Dog Tray" had not expired amid the terrible torture of last New Year's Eve, the "dog law" would have given the faithful animal his quietus.

We respectfully state in advertising the Want, that the following are indispensable to the new song:—The subject must be a "lively cullied gal!" She must have resided, in the course of her sublimity existence, in "Old Virginny," Tennessee, Alabama or Mississippi, as unbroken custom prescribes. She must have done considerable sparring by the light of the moon, and have met with an untimely end before the consummation of her hopes. An occasional allusion to plantation productions generally will be considered indispensable, and, above all things, let the fair Ethiopian be interred somewhere where the wild flowers may perform the wonderful feat of "blossoming" on her "little green grave."—Philadelphia Gazette.

ANECDOTE OF A SHEEP. We find the following in a late number of the Church Journal.—"Anecdotes of animals are always amusing; and, whatever, is observed accurately, and told without embellishment, may some day serve to solve a great problem in philosophy—the distinction, namely, between the spirit of a man that goeth upward, and the spirit of a beast that goeth downward to the earth—a problem that the great Bishop Butler could not solve, and left a blemish in his argument, but a monument to his candor, the subject of the one I am going to tell happened many years ago, when I was an archdeacon of eight or ten, but I remember it well. One fine summer morning it was my province to aid in driving a flock of sheep to the brook, to be washed, preparatory for shearing. The man who had charge of them led the procession with the salt dish in hand, in which he ostentatiously rattled some lumps of salt, and from time to time made pretence of throwing a handful on the ground, to draw the flock onward from place to place, while I followed to drive up the loiterers. The old patriarch of the troop, a fine old buck, led the van of the quadrupeds, and carefully examined every spot where the false motion of throwing salt was made, till he was fully satisfied in his mind that no salt was deposited. He then paused, shook his head with his ample honors, and waiting till the shepherd was about a rod in advance, charged upon him from the rear with his whole momentum, fairly raising him off his feet. I saw, and from the first comprehended the manoeuvre, but there was so much fun in it, it was impossible to give the alarm; and when the man turned to 'blow me up' for my tacit complicity, I was rolling on the green sward in a convulsion of laughter so contagious, that he was forced to join in it, and let me off without a rebuke.

Will it do to attribute to so simple an animal as a sheep, so high a moral sentiment as indignation at deceit? Perhaps not; but we may at least make the 'practical inference,' that those having charge of flocks cannot securely lead them long with mere occasional handfuls of—wind."

The Methodists of Canada West, at their late meeting made two important changes in their church policy. They have consented to extend the period of a minister's residence on a circuit from two to five years, in any case where a request to that effect emanates from a quarterly meeting of the circuit. They have also consented to admit an equal representation of clerical and lay members at the annual district meetings of the convention.

DISCOVERY OF NEW PEOPLE ON THE WESTERN CONTINENT.—A Correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune states that during the late trip of the U. S. sloop of war Decatur through the straits of Magellan, Dr. Brainbridge and another officer obtained a leave of absence for a few days, during a calm, and were landed at Terra del Fuego. They then ascended a mountain to the height of 3,500 feet when they came upon a plain of surpassing richness and beauty; fertile fields, the greatest variety of fruit trees, in full bearing, and signs of cultivation and refinement. Their appearance astonished the inhabitants, who, however, did not treat them unfriendly. The men all range from 6 to 6½ feet in height, well proportioned, very athletic, straight as an arrow.—The women were among the most perfect models of beauty ever formed, averaging 4 feet high, very plump, with small feet and hands, and with a jet black eye. The writer adds:—

Their teachers of religion speak the Latin language, and have traditions from successive priests through half a hundred centuries. They tell us that this island was once attached to the main land; 1,900 years ago, by their records, their country was visited by a violent earthquake, which occasioned the rent known as the Straits of Magellan; that on the mountain which lifted its head to the sun, whose base rested where the waters now flow, stood their great temple—which, according to their description, as compared to the one now existing that we saw, must have been 17,200 feet square, and over 1,100 feet high, built of purest pantile marble.

GIVING A PECULIAR FLAVOUR TO MEAT.—A little practice in fattening or stall feeding animals, will demonstrate that almost any particular flavour may be given to the meat, by feeding it with different kinds of substances.—If you fatten beef on pumpkins, you give the flesh a sweet and juicy character, and the tallow will have a yellow tinge. If fed upon apples, it will have a different flavor, and the tallow will melt easier. Indian corn gives the tallow more solidity, and a white colour. If you feed milk cows upon turnips, you can soon taste them in the milk, and onions also will give the milk their peculiar taste. Sea fowl, that live upon fish, also have a peculiar fishy taste. Partridges are sometimes rendered poisonous by eating poison berries. There is a variety of duck, killed in the waters of Chesapeake Bay and vicinity, called "Canvasback" duck, which are very famous for the peculiar flavor of their flesh, which is caused by the kind of food which they get in those waters. This food is supposed to be the wild celery. A Yankee, in a recent Buffalo paper, recommends the manufacture of "Canvasback Ducks" out of the common domestic duck, by feeding them with garden celery while fattening. There is no sort of doubt, that if this species of food be given them for some weeks before they are killed, they will have the flavor of it in their flesh, and perhaps be equal to or better than the famous canvasback above alluded to. It is an experiment very easily tried: and one which will no doubt be both successful and profitable.—Maine Farmer.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH ALLIANCE.—A London paper announces the approaching marriage of H. R. H. Princess Mary of Cambridge with Prince Napoleon, son of Prince Jerome Bonaparte. A Bonaparte united to a daughter of England.

The Hon. Mr. Merrit is submitting a plan to the American government, whereby the reciprocal principle may be applied to articles of manufacture, as well as those included in the present treaty.

One hundred deaths from epidemic were reported in one week in the latter part of July, in the Charity Hospital of New Orleans.

AERIAL VOYAGE.—The New Orleans papers have an account of the most successful aerial voyage ever performed by a balloon, with five persons in it, including some members of the press. The balloon started on the evening of the 30th April, and went 310 miles in six hours, landed its passengers at Fort-Gibson, and then took a fresh start on another voyage.

Two curious old cannon, remarkable for their small bore and heavy breech, were dug up by some excavators from the gravel in the river at Swansea.

TO THE EDITOR OF HASZARD'S GAZETTE.
Warren Farm, 16th August, 1855.

Sir,—The Committee of the Royal Agricultural Society having thought proper to publish a letter from Mr. J. Miller and myself to the Hon. George Coles, relative to the balloting for the office of Secretary to the Society, accompanied by the Resolution they came to on the consideration of that letter; and having either neglected or declined to publish the subsequent proceedings, I now write to beg the favour of your inserting the whole in your next issue for the information of such members of the Society, as take an interest in the doings of the Committee. I may here further add that for the reasons stated in my letter of the 5th ult., I still consider Mr. Stewart to have been subjected to ungenerous treatment by the majority of the Committee present at the meetings of the 20th June and 4th July, but at the same time I congratulate the Society on the appointment by the Governor and Council of a Secretary so well qualified in every respect to discharge the duties of that office as Mr. Irving undoubtedly is, a result which I little expected before his appointment was gazetted.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble servant,
J. LYALL.

Charlottetown, 20th June, 1855.

Hon. George Coles,
Sir,—On examining the minutes of the Committee meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society held this day, and at which you presided, we observe that there is only one vote recorded for each of Messrs. C. Haszard and H. Longworth as Secretary for the ensuing year, and as we both voted for these gentlemen, as well as for Mr. C. Stewart, we think that one of the ballot papers may have been overlooked in the recording, and that Mr. Stewart may also have lost a vote to which he was entitled. We are therefore of opinion, that it would be advisable to call another meeting of the Committee to take the subject of the appointment of a Secretary into consideration, and are, Sir,
Your obedient servants,
(Signed) J. LYALL,
JAMES MILLER.

Charlottetown, June 22d, 1855.

Sir,—The enclosed letter from two members of the Committee of the Agricultural Society requires explanation. Therefore, you will please summon a meeting of the Committee on next Wednesday week, to take their statements into consideration. Yours, &c.,
(Signed) GEORGE COLES.
Charles Stewart, Esq.,
Sec'y. Agricultural Society.

Committee Meeting, 4th July,
The question being put, whether the meeting should proceed to the consideration of the proceedings of the late meeting.
It was decided on a show of hands by a majority of one vote, "that it should not be reconsidered," and ordered, That the proceedings of the late meeting be communicated to the Government.

Charlottetown, 4th July, 1855.
To the President of the R. A. Society.

Sir,—From the very uncalculated and insulting remarks made at the meeting of the Society this day, affecting the letter signed by myself and Mr. Miller, I consider that I can no longer submit to sit at the Table, and therefore beg to tender my resignation as a Member of the Committee. I am, &c.,
(signed) J. LYALL.

Warren Farm, 5th July, 1855.

To the President,
and Members of the Committee
of the Royal Agricultural Society.
Gentlemen,—Fearing that my reasons for resigning my seat as a member of Committee may not be sufficiently well understood from the brevity of my letter of yesterday, I deem it advisable to enter into a few further explanations. 1st. The language made use of by Mr. Walkinshaw, as applied to me, was in my humble opinion most insulting and derogatory, and as neither the President nor any other Member of Committee expressed the slightest disapprobation of his conduct, I am led to infer that it was generally approved of, and as no apology has since been offered or regret expressed for such conduct, my only honorable course is to withdraw myself from a Board where it seems, insult may be given with impunity. 2d. The Committee, I think, acted unkindly and ungenerously to an old servant in submitting to have the meeting hurried on so rapidly, when there were so many of the most regular attendants of the Committee meetings absent, and when there was such a diversity of opinion as to the correct time, some expressing their belief, that it was not twelve o'clock, others that it was past it, and when the general practice at the Committee meetings leads members to believe that business will not be entered into before 1 past 12 or 1 o'clock. 3d. The influence of one individual

member should not be so great as to induce the Committee to push on the business to suit his convenience, and thus prevent five other members from having an opportunity of recording their votes. 4th. The course followed in the selection of names for a Secretary is cruel to the party holding office at the time, and injurious to the interests of the Society—cruel because, even admitting for argument's sake that Mr. Stewart's conduct has been improper, he has never either been reprimanded or requested to act differently—and it is injurious to the Society, because the mode adopted is not calculated to secure the services of the most efficient Secretary to fill his place, should he be superseded. Had the Committee decided in the first place to part with Mr. Stewart, well qualified candidates would have come forward, but so long as Mr. Stewart is in office, delicacy will naturally deter these parties from offering their services.

Although this letter has already extended to considerable length, I cannot conclude without reverting to Mr. Walkinshaw's language to afford an opportunity for those members who were absent at the time, of judging correctly of the dispute between us. The letter signed by Mr. Miller and myself is before the Committee—in speaking of the request it contained, Mr. Walkinshaw in very offensive and ungentlemanly language characterized it as most insulting and offensive to two of the highest gentlemen in the Island—declared that the motives attributed to them did not exist in their minds, and asserted that such proceedings ought not to be tolerated by the meeting, &c., &c. I deny that there is anything in the letter, that can be construed into an insult to any party, either the greatest or the smallest in this Island, and I appeal to the judgment of the Committee in this matter. In our letter, Mr. Miller and myself expressed a belief that a mistake had occurred in balloting for a Secretary; does Mr. W. think that it is an insult to tell any man that he may err? does he think it offensive or intolerable when an error has been committed to be requested to rectify it? I think there is greater insult in Mr. Walkinshaw's insinuation, that it was impossible for two of the highest men in the Island to commit a mistake, than the simple expression of belief on our part that a mistake had possibly occurred! Mr. Walkinshaw not only laid great emphasis on the fact of these two parties being the first in the Island, but he also repeated this as his opinion. Without wishing to discuss this subject, I take leave to tell Mr. W. that I would not intentionally and without cause insult any man, neither the highest nor the lowest, the richest nor the poorest in the land. I also take leave to tell him that my opinion is, that a real gentleman would have greater reluctance in insulting a poor man than a rich one; the former might be obliged to submit quietly the latter need not. I also take leave to tell him, that I will not quietly submit to insult from any man, high or low.

In conclusion, I hope the Committee will not only hold me blameless of any improper motives in wishing to have what I believed to be an error rectified, but that they will also give expression to this opinion on their minutes.
I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
(signed) J. LYALL.

Warren Farm, August, 14th, 1855.
To the President
of the Committee of the
R. A. Society,

Sir,—Never having been honoured with any official notice of my letter of the 4th ult., and never having observed the publication in the newspapers of the letter referred to or of any resolution affecting the same, I am induced to write you once more. You are, I presume, aware that the communication addressed by Mr. Miller and myself to Mr. Coles, and that Gentleman's letter to the Secretary, as well as the resolution of the Committee on the subject thus brought before them, have all been published. It is equally necessary in my opinion, that any subsequent letter be also published accompanied by any resolution which the Committee has come to or may come to regarding it. If the matter is not taken up at your meeting to-morrow, and a reply sent to me on Thursday, I shall conclude that the Committee does not deem my communication worthy of any notice. I have the honor to be, &c.,
(signed) J. LYALL.

Committee Room, 15th Aug., 1855.
John Lyall, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—I am directed by the Committee of the Royal Agricultural Society to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 14th inst., and to express their regret that the following resolution had not been forwarded to you at the time, the late Secretary having been instructed to do so. I am, &c.
(signed) W. W. INYNE,
Sec'y and Treasurer, R. A. Society.

Committee Room,
Resolved.—"The Committee express their opinion that Mr. Lyall was not influenced by any improper motives in bringing the ballot for

Secretary that he should and request

Holloway Remedy for Anthony B. sufferer, w parents too their power worse. A of a bad leg the child u what effect do, no see than she tri soon cause and after u tom of his the sun.— dies!! "T

HASZARD'S GAZETTE

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It is al late, whu may be, I among E weather tires. O or "goo foreigner is such either of tation o say they because "may it the expi weather the Ara' is, Sata reply is arises I Ishmael man's h day," i crowded theed in theel, m to cong of the conceiv shining ripeness frome t which spendi open a and Es is look peot o croakii always We si reader would that b Royal the at rainy winds would two w and i Stand i will i fever a per upon Euroj Wm and c —the judg at th their capti is, a sear ly oc tion have We clear they as c pose the that mol be i cha fove the mo F non Me two can and

Secretary before the Committee, and regret that he should have retired from the Committee and request him to withdraw his resignation."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, an unfailing Remedy for Scrofulous Sores.—The eldest son of Anthony Barnett, aged 14, of Montreal, was an awful sufferer, with scrofulous sores on his limbs, the parents took him to several doctors, who did all in their power to alleviate him, but he only became worse. A sister of Mr. Barnett, who had been cured of a bad leg by Holloway's Ointment and Pills, took the child under her protection, stating she would try what effect a few weeks' residence with her would do, no sooner had she got him at her own house, than she tried Holloway's Ointment and Pills, they soon caused an improved appearance in the child, and after using them about ten weeks, every symptom of his disorder had vanished like snow, before the sun,—such is the power of these wonderful remedies!! They will also cure all disorders of the skin.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.
Wednesday, August 22, 1855.

It is all times an agreeable task to congratulate, whatsoever the subject of congratulation may be, but by a conventional tacit agreement among Englishmen and their descendants, the weather is *par excellence*, a topic that never tires. Our first salutation is "good morning" or "good day," which has given occasion to foreigners to remark, that a fine day in England is such a rarity, that they make it a subject either of thankfulness or of prayer. Our salutation of good morning or good day is either, say they, meant as a sign of mutual rejoicing because the day is fine, or imprecatory, that is, "may it be a good day or a good morning," for the expression is equally in use whether the weather be fair or foul. In the East, among the Arabians and some others, the salutation is, *Salam Alicom*, "is it peace?" to which the reply is *Alicom Salam*, "it is peace," and this arises from the hand of the descendants of Ishmael being against every man, and every man's hand being against them; like our "good day," it has become the usual salutation in the crowded city or the desert plain, whether clothed in robes of peace, or armed from head to heel, *mais reconns a nos moutons*. We intended to congratulate our readers on the fineness of the weather, it is almost impossible to conceive finer. With a glorious bright sun shining directly over us, giving fulness and ripeness to all the fruits of the earth; its extreme ardor is tempered by refreshing breezes, which makes it almost impossible to resist spending the greater part of the day in the open air. This is just the weather for Picnics and Excursions by land or water. The country is looking beautiful, and there is every prospect of a bountiful harvest. We hear some croaking about the weevil, &c., but this is always heard, let the reason be what it will. We should take it kindly of our intelligent readers—and we have many—if some of them would extract from the meteorological notices that have for the last few years appeared in the *Royal and Haszard's Gazettes* and the *Islander*, the average of cold and heat, the number of rainy or snowy days, as well as the prevailing winds that blow during the twelve months. It would serve to fill up many a leisure hour or two with an interesting and useful occupation, and afford a valuable page in our *Island Statistics*. We shall with much pleasure publish the results. We are convinced, that it will turn out, that there are in P. E. Island fewer days in the course of the year, in which a person cannot take healthful exercise in the open air, than in any given portion of either Europe or America.

They say, that "new brooms sweep clean," and one would suppose, that our new officials, the Mayor and Common Councillors—to judge by the constant attendance there has been at the Mayor's Court during the first week of their administration of the police, are no exception to the rule. But the truth we believe is, that they have had no occasion to go in search of business. If they have been sedulously occupied, it is because, that from a conjunction of circumstances, breaches of the peace have been more frequent than they usually are. We trust, however, that they will "sweep clean," leaving no impurities behind them, for they may depend upon it, that dirt begets dirt, as careful housewives say. A case was disposed of on Monday, which we hope, will give the youthful population of the City a lesson, that Constables and Peace Officers are not to be molested in the execution of their duty, or to be insulted and attacked for the faithful discharge of it.

YELLOW FEVER.—We notice that the yellow fever is prevailing in the Southern States, and that it has been very destructive about Baltimore.

POSTOFFICE.—Yellow Fever.—The whole number of cases of yellow fever in this city up to Monday evening was sixty-eight, and the deaths twenty six. Great excitement prevails in the community. The infected districts are fenced in, and the occupants have removed.

NOVA SCOTIA, July 31.—Yellow Fever.—The aggregate number of cases of Yellow Fever in this city up to-day has been twenty, and of deaths four.

Died.

On the 19th inst., at his residence, Brackley Point Road, Mr William Stewart, late Sergeant 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade and Royal Newfoundland Companies, aged 47 years. His end was peace.

In Australia, about the end of March last, of Brain Fever, after a severe illness of only two days, Mr. Charles, H. Parkin, Printer, formerly of this Island, aged 27 years.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVED.

Aug. 18, Schr Harriet White, Boudro, Boston; goods. Joseph, Edward, St. John, Newfoundland. 19th, Elizabeth, Scott, West Point; lumber. Vine, Campbell, do.; do. 20th, Sophronia, Babin, Pictou; coal. Lady LeMarchant, Shediac; mails. Amagent, Nicholson, Buctouche; lumber. H. Ingram, Lann, Bedeque; flour, meal, &c. 22d, Wrecked Brig —, from North Cape, to Rider & Bell.

SAILED.

Aug. 18, Lady LeMarchant, Shediac. 20th, Brig. Teazer, McLellan, Pictou; bal. 21st, Rosebud, Pictou; passengers. Lady LeMarchant, do.; mails. Schr. Harriet White, do.; bal. Helena, do.; do. Brig Ellen, McRae, London; timber & deal, by J. Reddin.

The Brig Eclipse, Kennedy, Master, for Liverpool. is a total wreck near Louisbourg.

WANTED.

MILLER for a GRIST MILL.—one who thoroughly understands his business. A single man would be preferred. Apply to JAMES DIXON, Malpeque Road, or to ALEXANDER DIXON, Rose Valley Mills, Lot 67. Aug. 20, 1855 6wen

Notice to Millers.

Assayer's Office, Corner of Queen and Water Streets, City of Charlottetown, August 20, 1855.

THE Subscriber notifies the owners of Mills in Queen's County, that he intends shortly to inspect their Weights, and that those who shall not be provided with such as the Mill Act requires them to have, may expect to be fined as that Act directs. JOHN BOVYER, Assayer of Weights and Measures.

FOR SALE.

THREE valuable BUILDING LOTS, well calculated for Business Stands, being in the immediate vicinity of Queen's Square. For particulars, apply to the Subscriber, JOHN BALL, City of Charlottetown, August 21, 1855. 1m

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP existing under the Firm of CHARLES & JOHN BELL, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All Debts due to the Firm, are requested to be paid to CHARLES BELL, who is duly empowered to receive the same, and liquidate all demands against said Firm. CHARLES BELL, JOHN BELL, Charlottetown, Aug. 18. 1st Ex & Adv4 The Business for the future will be conducted by the Subscriber at the old stand, Queen's Square. CHARLES BELL.

PAPER HANGINGS!

—JUST RECEIVED— 3,300 PIECES FROM BOSTON, And for Sale by HASZARD & OWEN. Aug. 16, 1855.

Unreserved Sale of PAPER HANGINGS,

(In lots to suit purchasers.) THE SUBSCRIBER has received instructions to offer at PUBLIC AUCTION at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, and 7 p. m., on Saturday 25th instant 3000 Pieces PAPER HANGING, landed yesterday from the Brigantine Teazer from Boston. Terms cash on delivery. Wm. DODD, Auctioneer. August 17th, 1855.

Pownal Sabbath School TEA MEETING.

A TEA MEETING will be held at Mr. HOWARD GAY'S, on TUESDAY, the 28th instant, in behalf of the Sabbath School. Tickets 1s. 6d., to be had at Mr. Brown's, Mr. Howard Gay's, and Haszard & Owen's Book-store. Carriages will be furnished to carry visitors from the Ferry. Aug. 17, 1855.

MONEY.

FOUND on Queen Square, two small sums of Money, one in the month of March, and the other in June. The owner can have the same by paying expenses and proof of ownership, on application at Apothecaries Hall.

NAVY AND ARMY LISTS for July, received by Mail for sale at Haszard and Owen's Book-store.

AUCTIONS.

ADVANTAGEOUS OPPORTUNITY OF OBTAINING BUILDING SITES FOR BUSINESS (IN CHARLOTTETOWN.)

THE Terms of Sale of Mr. DAVID WILSON'S LOTS, sold last Winter, not being complied with, they will be again offered at PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 23d day of August next, at 12 o'clock, on the Premises. These Lots are cut up into Building plots to suit intending purchasers, having fronts of fifty feet each on Pownal Street, and forty-two feet on Richmond Street, and are well worth the attention of Mercantile men. Twenty per cent on day of Sale and the balance on delivery of Deed. Plans of the property can be seen at the office of Mr. Ball, Surveyor General, and at Mr. Wilson's Store.

AUCTION.

ON the Market Square, on SATURDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER NEXT, at the hour of 3 o'clock, afternoon, 1 THRASHING MACHINE, on the most approved principles, having all Iron Castings, and being in working order. It will be sold to the highest bidder, and a Credit of Six Months allowed to the purchaser on approved security. BENJ DAVIES, Auctioneer. Aug. 15.

Improved Farm Stock for Sale, BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

AT RASPBERRY HILL FARM, St. Peter's Road, one mile from Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 4th SEPTEMBER NEXT, the FARMING STOCK, CROP, IMPLEMENTS and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of Mr. BEER, sen.

—CONSISTING OF— 8 superior Milch Cows, Durham and Alderney breed, 2 remarkably fine Heifer Calves, 1 Brood Mare, 1 young Mare, 3 years old, fit for a Carriage. 1 useful Farm Horse, 2 fat Pigs, About 15 tons Hay, About 4 acres Two-rowed Barley, 3 acres Swedish Turnips, a few Tubs Butter, 1 Wagon, Carriage, Plough, Harrows, Harness, &c., 1 Thrashing Machine, Dairy Utensils, 2 Franklin Stoves, 1 Cooking do., Several articles Household Furniture, A lot of Firewood, (cut and split.)

At the same time, will be offered for Sale, the Leasehold Interest of the Farm, containing about 44 Acres, in a high state of cultivation. TERMS.—For Stock, Crop, &c., on all sums above £5, a credit of Three Months, on approved Notes; less than £5, cash. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and continue until all is sold. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer. August 14th, 1855.

Two Houses for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, at Public Auction, on MONDAY the Third day of SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the Premises, in Rochford Street, 1 part of Lot No. 56, in the 4th Hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, situate at the bottom of the late Col. Lane's Garden, on which there is two HOUSES, containing six complete tenements for small families, and are comfortably fitted up. For further particulars, apply to JAMES GLYNN, W. H. GARDINER, Auctioneer. August 10, 1855.

Town Lot for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, the 10th SEPTEMBER NEXT, at the hour of 12 o'clock, on the premises, TOWN LOT No. 27 in the 4th Hundred in the City of Charlottetown, with four DWELLING HOUSES thereon, OUT-HOUSES, &c. This property is fronting on Kent Street 84 feet, and is eligibly situated for any public business. It runs back 160 feet, and is known as the property of Mr. JOHN BREEN, Blacksmith. A plan of the property may be seen and further information given, by applying to the Auctioneer. TERMS.—Ten per cent. down, and one-half of the purchase money on delivery of the Deed: the remainder may remain secured by Mortgage on the property. W. H. GARDINER, Auctioneer. August 10th, 1855.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, COWS, &c.

THE Subscriber has been instructed to sell by AUCTION, early in SEPTEMBER, at the residence of JAMES WALKER, Esq., Falconwood, the whole of his valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, CHINA-WARE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, MILCH COWS, &c. For particulars, vide Catalogue, to be had on application to the Auctioneer 10 days previous to the Sale.

Also, To Let, for 2 years, 12 acres of valuable LAND, in high cultivation, with the privilege of occupying the Mansion, providing a suitable tenant offers. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer. Ch. Town, Aug. 15. (All papers.)

Collegiate School, Windsor, N. S.

THE duties of this School will be resumed on Wednesday, 16th August. Pupils will at any time be received into the family of the Principal, whose constant aim it will be to exercise over them a christian influence and control, and, as far as possible, secure for them all the comforts and advantages of home. The course of study will embrace every branch necessary to fit them either for College or business. Prof. Stiefelthagen will attend daily to give instruction in the German, French, Spanish, and Italian Languages. Terms.—Quarterly in advance. Boarders, £35 per annum. Day Scholars, £8. Modern Languages (one or more) £2. Each boy furnishes his own sheets, pillowcases and towels, with a complete list of his clothing, every article of which should be distinctly marked with his name. Two Scholarships of £10 and £5 respectively, will reopen for competition at the Encomia in June, 1856; the latter to all of one year's standing at the School; the former to those only who are also prepared for matriculation at King's College. D. W. PICKETT, Principal. July 24th, 1855. 4w

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE OF SPLENDID AND VALUABLE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

—AT— **SAVAN & CO'S.** CORNER OF GREAT GEORGE & KENT STREETS, Commencing on WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, when all their large and valuable STOCK of DRY GOODS and CLOTHING, will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Particular attention is called to their **SILK, SHAWL AND MANTLE DEPARTMENT,** these being of the best quality, and superior to any ever imported into Charlottetown. All will be sold without reserve. Charlottetown, Aug. 10, 1855.

Valuable Freehold Estate For Sale.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction in Lots to suit intending purchasers, on TUESDAY, the 11th Sept. 1855, at 12 o'clock noon, (unless previously disposed of at Private Sale.) That valuable and well known property, part of the estate of the late Hon. Col. Lane, being common Lots Nos. 12 & 13, in the Common of Charlottetown, situated in the rear of Government House Grounds—containing 24 acres—For Terms &c., apply to WM. FORGAN, Esq. Charlottetown, 23d July 1855. All the papers. w

Flour, Corn Meal & Tea.

JUST RECEIVED per Schr. "Helena," from New York: 300 bbls. extra Superfine Canadian Flour. 150 do. Corn Meal, 50 Chests Tea. Warranted. GEORGE F. C. LOWDEN. Charlottetown, August 15th, 1855. 1m

WANTED

A MARRIED MAN as a Farming Servant on a Farm a few miles from Charlottetown, he must be well acquainted with all branches of his business, and give good references of character and ability, he will be allowed a Cottage and a piece of Land. Apply at Haszard & Owen's Book Store.

Lippincott's Cloth Mills.

WEST RIVER, PICTOU, N. S.

THE Subscriber would inform the Inhabitants of Prince Edward Island, that he has erected a NEW Establishment for dressing Cloth, in addition to his old Mills, and having a sufficiency of water power, he will be able to do a greater quantity of works.

AGENTS:

Mr. KENNETH MCKENZIE, Charlottetown. ANDREW A. McDONALD, Esq., Georgetown. Cloth left with either of the above Agents, will be finished and returned with quicker despatch than usual. Aug. 15. S. LIPPINCOTT.

Dyeing and Cloth Dressing Establishment.

JOHN McP. FRASER of Pictou, N. S., begs to intimate to his numerous friends in Prince Edward Island, that from recent improvements in his Dyeing establishment he is enabled to give those favouring him with their custom a decided improvement, in the appearance of his work particularly as regards his colours. From using only the best material as well as from personally superintending his establishment and charging moderate prices, he solicits a continuance of their favour.

AGENTS:

Georgetown, Finlay McNeil, Esq.; White Sands, Mr. David Johnston, Charlottetown, Peter McQueen Esq., Queen St. Summerside, Balguy, Mr. Wm. McEwen, March. Pictou Town, Mr. Alex. McPhail.

Hardware and Outlery. HASZARD & OWEN have JUST OPENED, and now offer for Sale, an extensive Stock of HARDWARE, among which are the following: LOCKS.—Rim, and Mortise of various descriptions, for Parlors, Front doors, Shops, Warehouses, Cupboards, Closets, Ship's Cabins, Wardrobes. LATCHES.—Patent Stop, Gate, and night. Carriages and Tire bolts, Patent Awl Hafts with 20 Instruments. HAMMERS.—Claw, Rivetting, Carpet and Shoe. AXES & HATCHETS.—For cutting hard and soft wood, Shingling, Road. AUGER BITS.—From three sixteenths to inch. Socket Chisels. Metal and Wood head gimblets. Hickory Mallets, with screwed handles. Walnut Bench Screws. Chisel handles. Mortise Ganges of various kinds. Trying Squares and Bevels. Spring Callipers and Dividers. Levels, Plumb and levels, and level Glasses. Knives and Forks, Carvers. Putty Knives. Wrenches of various kinds. Curry Combs, Rein Soaps. Trunk rivets. Dinner Bells. Cow Bells. Spring Balances, weighing from 1/4 to 24 lbs. Very cheap. Bed Keys. Well Wheels. Grindstone fixtures. Iron squares. Handled Auger Bits. Hand and Bench Vices. Plyers, flat and round nose. Wood and Iron Braces, Geared Wheel do. Turkey and other Oilstones and Slips. Thick Glass for Skylights. Ladies' Garden Hoes. Turnip Hoes. Assortment of Hay and Manure Forks. Iron pumps. Door Scrapers. Cast Iron Sink. Strainers for Sinks. Coffee Mills. Fog horns, useful for calling on a Farm. Mousse traps. Cheap and useful Lanterns, with various other articles too numerous to mention.

Steam Power to let. THE Subscribers offer to let part of the power of their Steam Engine, (about 5 horse power) together with two large ROOMS suitable for any business that would require such power. HASZARD & OWEN. July 28th.

REMOVAL. THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking the Gentlemen of Charlottetown, and the public generally, for their liberal patronage, and begs leave to inform them that he has lately MOVED to the house recently occupied by Dr. POTTS, in Queen-street, and is now ready to receive all kinds of orders in his line of business, which will be promptly attended to, and punctually executed in style which cannot be exceeded in Charlottetown. N. B.—WANTED, three or four Journeymen, to whom the highest wages will be given, and who must be able to finish their work in first rate style. JAMES McLEOD, Tailor. June 15, 1855.

WILLIAM C. HOBBS, Brass Founder and Machinist. Shop—Corner of Great George and King Street, Charlottetown. KEEPS constantly Manufacturing all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings, such as, Ships' Rudder Braces, Spikes, Bolts, Hinges, ornamental Fastenings for Ships' Wheels and Capstons and Bells. Composition Mill Bushes and Threshing Machine Braces, &c. &c. All of which are warranted of the best material. P. S. The highest price will be given for old Copper, Brass and Composition.

Valuable Leasehold Farm for Sale. FOR Sale the Leasehold Interest of a valuable Farm, containing One Hundred and thirty three acres of excellent Land, Sixty of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, the remainder is covered with Firwood and fencing material. There is on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE, 35 x 25 feet, well finished; also, an excellent Well of water, and a good Marsh, which cuts annually some three or four tons of Hay. This Property is beautifully situated on the North River, Lot 32, is within three quarters of a mile of Poplar Island Bridge, where vessels of almost any size can load with produce, and is about four and a mile from Charlottetown, the capital of the Island. This Property is known by the name of "Birch Tree Farm," is held under Lease for 999 years, 30 of which have expired, at a rent of One Shilling, Currency per acre, per annum. The above Property will be offered for SALE at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 13th day of AUGUST next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, if not previously disposed of by Private Sale. At the same time, the whole of the present Crop and Stock will be offered for sale. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premises. PETER SCOTT.

Boot and Shoe Making. THE Subscriber has on hand, English calf skin very superior, French calf skin boot fronts, English and American sole leather, and can furnish first rate articles in the above line. GEORGE BRACE. Sydney Street, July 23d.



Friend of the Prince Edward Islander. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF ASTHMA!! OF AN OLD LADY SEVENTY FIVE YEARS OF AGE. Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Weston, (Book Store,) Toronto, dated the 9th October, 1854. To Professor Holloway. Sir,—Gratitude compels me to make known to you the extraordinary benefit an aged parent has derived from the use of your Pills. My mother was afflicted for upwards of four and twenty years with asthma and spitting of blood; it was quite agony to see her suffer and hear her cough; I have often declared, that I would give all I possessed to have her cured; but although I paid a large sum for medicine and advice, it was all to no purpose. About three months ago, I thought perhaps your Pills might benefit her; at all events I resolved to give them a trial, which I did; the result was marvellous: by slow degrees, my mother became better, and after persevering with your remedies for nine weeks, she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health, although seventy-five years old. I remain, Sir, Your obliged, THOMAS WESTON. (Signed) REMARKABLE CURE OF DROPSY. AFTER BEING TAPPED THREE TIMES. Copy of a Letter from Anthony Smith, Esq Halifax, Nova Scotia, dated the 25th August, 1855 To Professor Holloway. Sir,—I desire to add my testimony to the value of your Pills, in cases of dropsy. For nine months I suffered the greatest torture with this distressing complaint; was tapped three times, and finally given up by the doctors; having become in appearance as a skeleton, and with no more strength in me than a child just born. It was then, that I thought of trying your Pills, and immediately sent for a quantity, and commenced using them. The result I can scarcely credit even now, although true it is. After using them for four weeks, I felt much better, and by persevering with them, at the expiration of two months, I was completely cured. I have since enjoyed the best of health. I am, Sir, Yours sincerely, (Signed) ANTHONY SMITH. ASTONISHING CURE OF GENERAL DEBILITY AND LIVER COMPLAINT!! Copy of a Letter from William Reeves, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, dated 17th Nov. 1854. To Professor Holloway. Sir,—I am happy to say, that your Pills have restored me to health after suffering for nine years from the most intense general debility and languor, my liver and bowels were also much deranged for the whole of that time. I tried many medicines, but they were of no good to me, until I had recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and following the printed directions for seven weeks I was cured, after every other means failed to the astonishment of my neighbours, acquaintances, and friends. I shall ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing restoration to health, and will recommend your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty to do so. I remain, Sir, your humble servant, (Signed) WILLIAM REEVES. These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints. Ague Dropsy Inflammation Bilious Complaints Dysentery Jaundice Erysipelas Liver Complaints Blotches on the skin Female Irregularities Lumbago Bowel Complaints FEVERS of all kinds Piles Cholera Fits Rheumatism Constipation of the Bowels Head-ache Retention of Urine Consumption Gout Indigestion Scrofula, or King's Evil Debility Sore Throats Stone and Gravel Tendons Secondary Symptoms Tic Dolorieux Worms of all kinds Ulcers Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.

To Professor Holloway. Sir,—I am happy to say, that your Pills have restored me to health after suffering for nine years from the most intense general debility and languor, my liver and bowels were also much deranged for the whole of that time. I tried many medicines, but they were of no good to me, until I had recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and following the printed directions for seven weeks I was cured, after every other means failed to the astonishment of my neighbours, acquaintances, and friends. I shall ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing restoration to health, and will recommend your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty to do so. I remain, Sir, your humble servant, (Signed) WILLIAM REEVES. These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints. Ague Dropsy Inflammation Bilious Complaints Dysentery Jaundice Erysipelas Liver Complaints Blotches on the skin Female Irregularities Lumbago Bowel Complaints FEVERS of all kinds Piles Cholera Fits Rheumatism Constipation of the Bowels Head-ache Retention of Urine Consumption Gout Indigestion Scrofula, or King's Evil Debility Sore Throats Stone and Gravel Tendons Secondary Symptoms Tic Dolorieux Worms of all kinds Ulcers Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.

Valuable Farm for Sale. AN excellent Farm, consisting of 75 acres of Freehold Land on the Emy Vale Road, Lot 65, twelve miles from Charlottetown, (forty acres of which are clear), with a large DWELLING HOUSE newly erected and completely finished, is now offered for Sale, with immediate possession. For particulars, apply to. JOHN KENNY, Central Academy. May 23, 1855. 1st. Ex. NOTICE TO DEBTORS. THE Subscriber being about to leave the Island for a short time, would thank persons indebted to him to call and settle their Accounts previous to 10th of August. Those persons whose accounts have been furnished up to the 31st December last, and not paid before the 10th of August, will be sued for without respect of persons, or further notice. WM. B. DAWSON. July 13, 1855.

Butter, Wool & Sheepskins. THE Subscriber will pay Cash, for Butter 1 Wool and Sheep Skins. ROBERT BELL. Charlottetown, P. E. I. June 9th 1855. 6 m. Bricks! WELL BURNT BRICKS can be procured on the subscriber's premises, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, and also on Queen's and Pownall Street Wharfs, during the week, by the Lighter-load, (from 3 to 4 P. M.), after the 10th July next. J. P. BEETE. July 2. For Sale. THE Property in Sidney Street, owned by Mr. Stephen Boyer late of this Town; an indisputable Title will be given. One half the purchase money may remain on security on the premises. For particulars apply, (next door,) to HENRY J. CALBECK. Charlottetown July 30, 1855.

To Daguerreian Artists. RARE CHANCE. Two first-rate CAMERAS for sale, with instruction in the art. One of Harrison's best quality Bellows Camera, new. W. C. HOBBS. June 7th. 1855.

Valuable Freehold Property For Sale. THE Proprietor offers for sale that valuable and well known Property GOWAN BRACE, delightfully and eligibly situated at the head of Souris River, in King's County, Prince Edward Island, commanding a view of Colville Bay and the Gulph. The property consists of One Thousand Acres of superior Land; the Homestead, on which the owner resides, contains Two Hundred Acres; of which between 40 and 50 Acres are in a high state of cultivation, and divided into five-acre Fields, substantially fenced. The Dwelling House is 45 feet long by 30 wide, and most conveniently planned, the lower floor contains Drawing Room, Dining Room, two Bedrooms, Nursery, large and small Hall, and commodious Kitchen and Pantry. The upper Floor contains a Hall, two Bedrooms, Servant's room, and large Store room. Cellar, the full size of the House, walled with stone, and partitioned off in three apartments. A FLOWER GARDEN in front of the House, enclosed with black thorn hedge and planted with ornamental Trees. The Barn is 73 feet long by 26 feet, double boarded and barked, and conveniently laid off as a Horse Stable, with five stalls; a spacious Cow Stable with cellar under both, for collecting Manure, a large Coach House and room as Workshop or Granary; a spacious loft the full length of the Barn, and threshing Mill attached. A Well of the purest water at the door, which, with the Dairy, are under one roof. A Building 45 feet long used as Sheep, Pig and Sleigh House, a large and productive Kitchen Garden, enclosed with thorn fence and planted with Fruit Trees. The whole of the back Land is of excellent quality, well wooded and watered, and laid off in 50 acre Lots, a part of which is let at One shilling, currency per acre. The property is situated in the immediate neighbourhood of Grist and Saw Mills, fronting on the high road to East Point, distant from Charlottetown about 50 Miles. Part of the purchase money may remain on security on the property. For further particulars apply to the owner, on the premises, JOHN MACGOWAN. Souris, July 2d, 1855.

Pumps, Pumps, Chain Pumps. THE Subscribers having imported from the United States a Machine for cutting tubing for the above Pumps, and having a quantity of Chains and gear on hand, also, a large stock daily expected, takes this opportunity of informing the public, that they intend to travel through the different sections of the Island during the present summer, will shortly be at Charlottetown and proceed to the Eastward. TODD & BROWN. Summerside, July 9, 1855 3.

J. S. DEALY, SHIP BROKER AND COMMISSION AND SHIPPING AGENT, No 7, Coentie's Slip, New York. Particular attention given to Freights and Vessels for the British Provinces and West Indies. Also, the sale of Coal, Fish, Lumber, and other Colonial Produce.

Valuable Farm & Business Stand. FOR SALE, that very valuable BUSINESS STAND at WILMOT CREEK BRIDGE, BEDFORD, consisting of Fifty Acres of prime LAND, all under cultivation, with the STOKES, DWELLING HOUSE and OUT-OFFICES thereon. The Lease is for 999 years, and only subject to One Pound Seven Shillings, Currency, per annum, rent. Part of the purchase money may remain some time on interest, secured on the property if required. Enquire of HON. D. BRESNAH, Charlottetown, or to the Subscriber on the premises. JOHANNA CONNORS. Wilmot Creek, Bedouque, Aug. 15. Also,—Fifty Acres of LAND on Lot 8. N. B.—If the above Property be not Sold before the First of October next, it will be then offered at PUBLIC AUCTION. 4w

Pure Corn Starch. PALATABLE, Nourishing and Healthy, unequalled for rich PUDDINGS, nice Blanc Mange Pies, Custards, Cakes, Griddle Cakes, Porridges, Ice Creams, &c. A great Delicacy for all, and a choice Diet for Invalids and Children. For sale by June 7 W R WATSON

FOR SALE. A valuable Leasehold Property for 999 years, at one shilling per acre, formerly the property of JAMES BAGWELL, deceased, situated at Bedouque, Lot 26, near Mr. William Strong's; the farm contains one hundred Acres good land, one half under a state of cultivation, with a house and barn thereon, and a good spring of water near the door and abundance of fine wood and firing on the same. If it be an accommodation to the purchaser, one half of the purchase money may remain on interest for a time. For further particulars apply to John B. Geddes, Bedouque, or William Dodd, Charlottetown.

NOTICE. MR. GEORGE R. BEER, of Charlottetown, and PHILIP BAKER, Esq., or either of them are duly authorized by Power of Attorney, bearing even date with this, to collect and receive or sue for, all monies due, and owing to me, and to give discharges for the same, and all persons who are indebted to me will please attend to the payment of the same, and save unnecessary cost and trouble. J. WEATHERBE. Charlottetown, July 12th, 1855. 1m

WESTMORLAND HOTEL, Shediac. THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to the travelling public of P. E. Island generally, for past patronage, assures those who may still favour him with their support, that they will find superior entertainment, and every attention paid to the care of luggage by calling at his Hotel, situate on the Main Post Road, within a few minutes' walk of the Public Wharf, to which Steamers and Packets run regularly to and from P. E. Island. Conveyance to the Bend or any other place at any hour; Island produce of all kinds either for sale or to be forwarded to the Bend, shall receive my best attention; goods taken charge of and shipped for the Island. PETER SCHURMAN.

Carding Machines, &c. THE Subscribers offer for Sale Carding Machines, Machine Cards, Crank Plate, Cleaners, Wool Pickers, Powers Frenail Machinery on a new construction. Orders punctually attended to. Address John Morrice & Son, Sackville, County of Westmorland New Brunswick, or David Stewart, Charlottetown, July 18, 1855. 1yxtf

AN ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE EDITED BY FRANCIS C. WOODWORTH, Author of "Theodore Thinker's Tales," "Stories about Animals," "Uncle Frank's Home Stories," "The World as it is," &c. THIS MAGAZINE is published monthly—each number containing 48 pages beautifully embellished and illustrated. To quote from one of the most influential and widely extended journals in America: "Woodworth's Youth's Cabinet is always ahead of all its competitors." It is filled with just the kind of reading the younger members of the family delight in. HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY, TRAVELS, FABLES, DOMESTIC TALES, and, in short, every variety of charming and instructive matter, compose its monthly bill of fare. The "EDITOR'S TABLE TALK," the "PUZZLER'S DRAWER," the "NUTS TO CRACK," the "NOTES AND QUERIES," are features in the Cabinet which add greatly to its means of entertainment, as well as instruction. THE EDITOR'S RAMBLES IN THE OLD WORLD, which have hitherto contributed so much to extend its subscription list, still continue to enrich the Magazine. Woodworth's Youth's Cabinet has long had the reputation of being the MOST POPULAR YOUNG PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE IN THE UNION. It is the aim of the Editor and Publisher to keep it free from the trash that so often finds its way into the family circle, and make it a safe, as well as an entertaining publication. The press, in every portion of the United States—North, South, East and West—has spoken of it in terms of unqualified praise. It forms two volumes a year, embracing in all NEARLY 600 PAGES AND 100 ENGRAVINGS. Each volume is introduced with an elegant steel or tinted frontispiece. Our immense subscription list enables us to offer this Magazine on terms so low as to place it within the reach of every family. Its price astonishes every one. YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION \$1, in advance—Postage 9d. D. A. WOODWORTH, Publisher, 118 MASSAU STREET, NEW YORK. Haszard and Owen, Agents for P. E. Island.

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