

MISCELLANEOUS.

Tired of Farming.—A few months ago a man who had been a farmer from his early life, came to the city to buy stoves to sell again. "I am tired of the stove dealer," he said. "I am tired of the stove dealer," he said. "I am tired of the stove dealer," he said.

Tired of Farming.—The most independent business man can engage in, because, first, there are disappointments and perplexities, and trials and vexations attending it. Remember, you who are farmers, that your care and troubles, and anxieties are few and far between, compared with those suffered by commercial men.

Tired of Farming.—Suppose you are tired of farming, and you are tired of the trials and perplexities? If you are tired of farming, the best way is to get rented as soon as you can, and prosecute any business for which you were early trained, and which, if diligently followed, will yield a good supply of all the necessities and comforts of life, together with opportunities for mental and moral culture.

A Pretty Story of Lamartine.—In the tribe of Negueb, there was a horse, whose fame was spread far and near, and a Bedouin of another tribe, by name Daber, desired extremely to possess it. Having offered in vain for its owner and his whole wealth, he hit at length upon the following device, by which he hoped to gain the object of his desire.

A Good Story.—Inimitably well done is an article in Putnam, entitled "General Ogle, a Character." It refreshes the soul like a mountain breeze. The General was one of those strong, clear-headed, self-instructed, determined, efficient men, who, when they set upon the task of civilizing the world, were like backwoodmen left it, carried their way forward to the era of the railroad and telegraph, then consigned it to men of the Morse, Collins, Law, Fremont, and Grinnell stamp.

A Pleasant Scene.—A young man in a state of intoxication stepped into a confectionary establishment on Water-street, a few evenings since and called for a glass of beer. "Nothing in my condition," the proprietor refused to sell him any, remarking that he "had already more than proper for him."

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added hundreds of thousands daily occurring in our broad spread country. Mothers heart-broken—sisters bowed down to the dust with shame—wives subjected to all manner of misery and wretchedness—the father in the county jail—the son a hounded and a hounded man—dead and sick into a premature grave. The evil is known—the remedy is found—root it out, eradicate it, or look to behold your own kin, your own child, perhaps lost by the infuriating, maddening gulf of certain and sure destruction.

The General was caught, and he knew how to be caught, too; and he must recover himself. "Perdilly Mr. Findlay, all right. Most accountably to his room, and I'll be right. No question of it." By this time he was ready. "Look here, my dear sir," laying his hand on Mr. Findlay's shoulder, as if to reassure him, for the embarrassment was all on the one side now; "you see, my dear fellow, I had a design in it. When I write to a small pattern of a small pattern of a man, I make my capital in two inches long; when I write to my equal in length, such as yourself, for instance, I make them the usual length; but, sir, when I address myself to as great a man as Mr. Jefferson, I always make them as small as possible, with a pop over them, precisely."

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A Was Swam.—The late Anna Lawrence of Boston, it is said, gave away during her life more than five hundred thousand dollars. On his pocket book was inscribed, "What shall it profit a man to gain the whole world and lose his own soul?"

Shawbury on Main Street.—The Sen. Englin, Capt. Barker, of Wells, Me., arrived at this port on Saturday forenoon from Duxes Co., with no one on board except the captain. During the voyage all the crew, consisting of two sailors, the cook and a boy, together with the mate, died of southern fever. The last man died three days before the vessel's arrival, and the captain was left alone, in ill health, to navigate the vessel to her destination, which he finally succeeded in doing after great personal hardships.

CATASTROPHE AT NIAGARA FALLS. The appalling catastrophe at Niagara Falls, by which two men were swept over the Falls, and a third died a thousand deaths during the thirty or forty hours that he clung to a log of wood, and the brink of the precipice, has, as well it might, produced a deep effect in the community. What the thoughts or feelings of the doomed man were as he faced an inexorable death cannot be known.

The World Owing to the Gospel.—Less than fifty years ago, the whole of the East was closed against efforts to disseminate the gospel. A tract in Persian, contrasting Mohammedanism with Christianity, filled the Government with alarm, and they sent immediate orders to Serampore, whence it had issued, for all the remaining copies of it to be delivered up, and no more of a like kind to be sent forth. If such things were permitted it was feared that India would be set in a blaze, and the British swept into the sea. But within thirty years, millions of souls have been put into circulation in India itself, and no one interrupts any hindrance.

Haszard's Gold Discoveries.—At the last session from Australia the citizens were of the progress of the Gospel amongst the Chinese. Some of them have become devotedly pious, and every Sabbath evening his chapel is well filled with an audience entirely Chinese. They attend Sabbath School, are anxious for instruction, and talk of building a chapel of their own. They are far more conversant with the English language than in their own native country. This movement may lead to greater results for the evangelization of China than all that has hitherto been done for this purpose.

The King of Prussia has sent a gold medal to M. Merle-Aubigne, author of the "History of the Protestant Reformation," in testimony of his high satisfaction with the curious researches which that work contains. The fifth volume, which has just appeared, relates to the Reformation in England.

The visitors at the Dublin Exhibition number 10,000 daily. The Calcutta Mail of the 2d June arrived. Negotiations with Ava have been terminated by the Burmese envoys refusing to sign the treaty proposed to them by the British, and declaring that they would not sign any part whatever of the Burmese dominions.

Prince Albert is making collections of all the productions of the United Kingdom, in order to present a complete assortment to each foreign state of the civilized world. The Austrian Intendant demanded the extradition of all the Austrian refugees in Turkey. New York, July 25.—Orin S. Bonnell has obtained a verdict of \$10,000 against Cornelius Vanderbilt and others, for detention and improper treatment at the Isthmus. Bonnell had taken passage for California on one of Vanderbilt's steamers.

The duties collected at the Port of Toronto for the quarter ending 31st July, amounted to over \$2,000,000, being \$27,000 more than for the same quarter of last year. The increase in the receipts during the first half-year of 1855 is above that of 1854.

NOVA SCOTIA. (From the Halifax Acadia Recorder.) JUNE 21.—The Supreme Court, which usually sits a fortnight after the Term at this season, to hear and try jury cases, after sitting a single day, rose on Thursday. But one cause was entered on the trial list and that was heard by consent of parties and coupled part of Wednesday. On Thursday the Judges met and gave judgment in the causes from Cumberland, where the fatal defect which has vitiated the Jury List for Halifax also, was first discovered. We understand that the docket, as arranged, unanimously, by the Court was that where causes had been tried and verdicts found, the findings of the Jurors ought not to be disturbed. Where the objection, however, was discovered before verdict it was held fatal, and the Special Jurors drawn and struck were set aside. Injunctions were issued, and the docket was pronounced for the same reason. We have it on what we believe to be reliable authority, that in but a single instance, so far as heard from, by the Government, which immediately opened up a correspondence with the several counties, has the Jury Law been complied with. Under such circumstances, we are of opinion, that the docket just pronounced there can be few or no jury trials on the fall circuit. This becomes a matter of most serious concern to suitors. Prisoners also committed for trial may experience great hardship in consequence.

The rule nisi for a Criminal Information, moved on behalf of R. B. Dickey, Esq., against Joshua Hensley, Esq., one of the Cumberland Revising Magistrates, was refused by the whole Court. The reasons given were, that it was moved too late; and sufficient notice had not been given of the intention to move. Besides the Court, especially Judge Dodd, did not seem disposed to favour the proceeding. It was pronounced an unusual and extraordinary proceeding, rarely resorted to, and Magistrates were not to be protected by law.

On Monday, 1st August, the new Practice Act comes into operation we understand, and the proceedings of the Court will thenceforth assume an entirely new, and greatly modified aspect. Much of the special pleading and technicality which characterized the former law, will, it is said, be abolished. And much need. Our law reformers, however, require to go yet we think another step, and introduce the English principle of allowing, and compelling parties to testify for and against themselves. The principle was adopted last Session in the Legislative Council, but it was rejected by the Assembly. It has been in operation in all the Courts of England for two years past, and is said to be working well. It will very probably be adopted here next Session. Its operation, we learn, is greatly to narrow all disputes.

NEWFOUNDLAND. We have Newfoundland dates to the 27th. In the north districts the news is very gloomy; in most the catch is below an average, and in some we have intelligence of total failure, so complete that the fishermen have abandoned their vocations as hopeless, and have gone into the country to seek employment from Mr. Gibbons on the Cape Ray Telegraph Line. The news from the southern portion of the island is more cheering, where a good average voyage is expected, but on the whole we fear the fishery will be short and inadequate for the population. The Ellen Gibbons had returned to St. John's, and reports the "great work" as "advancing faster than ever." The new steamer from Philadelphia was expected daily at St. John's.

SENATOR PROPOSALS.—Mortality among the Fish.—It is a singular fact, that within these few days past, multitudes of dead capelin have been thrown ashore in the land waters, or seen floating in the water, in various parts of this Bay. What is still more remarkable, and which renders it probable that the creatures have been attacked with some internal disease, is the fact, that thousands of them have been seen dying on the surface of the sea, their gill-covers distended and their under parts between the pectoral and anal fins, much discoloured with erysipelous spots. In this state hundreds of barrels have been cast ashore in different parts of the coast. It had previously been remarked that the capelin this year were unusually lean and inspired. For the information of the more distant scientific reader who may not know the fish by its local name we would just add that it is the *Melanogrammus aeglefinus*, we have alluded to in *Harbor Grace Herald*, July 27th.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE. Saturday, August 6, 1855. Our great object is, to give to our readers, both in Town and Country, a true account of the state of political affairs. We will never willingly assert, that which is, in the slightest degree, to our belief, untrue. In giving our opinions, we give it freely, and we endeavor, as well as we are able, to lay before the public the premises upon which our conclusions are founded. With respect to the late appointment, we object to any person sitting in the Executive Council or holding a responsible office who is not qualified to do so. Mr. Rice, if we do not hesitate to say, a very estimable man in private life; so is the older Mr. Hensley; but the latter was obliged to give place to Mr. Pope, and according to the new system rightly so, because Mr. Pope was a member of the Lower House, and as such responsible to the people, while Mr. Hensley was a member of the Upper House, holding his situation, neither at the will of the people nor that of the Crown, and of course responsible to neither. Mr. Rice is precisely in the same predicament, with this difference, that Mr. Rice formerly resigned his seat in the Council, because he could not, on an important question, conscientiously vote with the present administration. With his change of views we have nothing to do; what we object to is, that he, according to the principles upon which the present party came into power, has no right to either hold the office or sit in the Council, that is as Treasurer, that is a fraud upon the public that a man who is not accountable to the public, should hold an office of such importance. Under the old regime, the Treasurer, the Secretary, the Attorney General, and the Collector of the Revenue, were all in the Legislature. It is a matter, and we think justly of complaint, that these officials should compose on great a

part of a body who live at least, at the they will resign it Council, as soon as they can to be the satisfaction of this may reply to him resigned his seat still held on to Young was forced still a Legislative the same. No the control, you it that part of the whether they are tinue to hold it, if some one in your y. Now all this suppose the public Rice is an improper to be expressed in to go to? Is he an public? Can the office of Treasurer not? Is it one of have a right of co responsible o If it is, it ought to a man over whom who are unable to office or his seat.

Resignation. We question may well permanent been car Have they done w your ability to appeal to the what Mr. Cole as the nomination d be derived from th that the salaries of people. Have the been shown absent General, the pay of Registrar and to be taken from These questions m side, and if so an sence. In the as present party, I. As the pre-ma jority of the peo mental system w shall be chosen fr carried out the w they themselves i They have not, a quickly not the h however, hol give them up, an Executive, they a forced out of the consistent, or mu

(For A public seat the afternoon of pose of presenting a complimentary his departure from Eq., being calle was submitted for and adopted. I then appointed a at his earliest co with the Address Joseph Black, Esq. To the Honorable Honored a We the inhabi town, Prince Cou deprec respect the leave for a time, to express our m both as a Legisla Legislature's Acta gratitude, we ac for the very many vate, which, for conferred on us. name will always in the future be a benediction. On sicut Records, you measures of the r and important i finishing persever schemes for afected our dear year absence, we your equal. The criminalizing coun public rights and in other plac not be felt by v tants of P. E. Ish career. During a p cation years, we of character, you ste and correct gislation, and yo and amelioration legislated. For the more degre a period of unhar departure from you adieu, we m that every possi may attend you, choose for your ill and Providen express our most b feelings of the world also, thro respects and bes interrupted hec in life, and may gator pleasure i relatives in the Signed, Presented by

Deposition. of Belogues and August 5d. 1855 To the Inhabitants Gentlemen. Without cla qualifications, we ality have plese may be permitte my study as a p and independent the approval an long a period an placed in the by a slight. Or hope for ever, a paper to serve y det is so highly Gentlemen, a re proud, and whic to gratefully re

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HUMAN GREATNESS.

How great the man who hopes for all, And ever freely gives.

Who feels the humble from his purse, Owns Heaven's divinest law.

Who sets upon the God-like creed, That men are all alike.

A king without a name, Whose heart is freedom's advent beat.

Who sets sublime through every hour, Through every day and year.

Who feels the greatest, highest hopes, The spirit's heavenward leap.

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FIVE POUNDS REWARD

Whichever man will dispose of or possess all on the night of Wednesday the 15th inst.

DAVID HIGGINS, Carehead, July 15th 1855.

WANTED: A GOOD TEACHER for the District School.

PATRICK STEPHENS, THOMAS STEPHENS, WILLIAM WLEDD, Orwell, June 25, 1855.

MONEY TO LEND. INQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALMER, Esq., Charlotteville.

To be Let, or Sold. SEVERAL valuable LOTS in the most central part of the Town.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale. THE Subscriber offers for SALE his WHARF and several BUILDING LOTS.

A FARM TO BE LET AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

FOR SALE. WHAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of Prince Street.

BUILDING LOTS TO LET. A NUMBER of BUILDING LOTS in Charlotteville.

For Sale, or to Let. THE DWELLINGHOUSE, Out-house, and Premises.

House in Kent Street. THE subscriber offers for sale, or to let, the dwelling House in Kent Street.

FARM FOR SALE. TO be sold by private sale, the Leasehold for 99 years.

FARM FOR SALE. FOR SALE, on the Malpas Road, 11 miles from Charlotteville.

Land for Sale. WITHIN one mile and a half of Town, on the Prince Street Road.

APARTMENTS TO LET IN HASZARD'S BUILDINGS.

APARTMENTS TO LET. No. 2, CELLAR KITCHEN, Part of 2 Bed Rooms and Vegetable Cellar.

APARTMENTS TO LET. No. 5, PARLOR, large Bed Room, small do and a Cellar.

APARTMENTS TO LET. No. 7, large front ROOM, up stairs, 2 Bed Rooms, and a Cellar.

APARTMENTS TO LET. No. 9, FRONT ROOM up stairs, 2 Bed Rooms and a Cellar.

APARTMENTS TO LET. A STABLE well fitted up for 3 Horses and 3 Cows.

APARTMENTS TO LET. A large CARRIAGE HOUSE, situated in the South, with Harness Room, and a large Greenhouse.

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Leonard Scott & Co's.

British Periodical Publications. FORWARDED by mail, under the provisions of the late Post Office Law.

1. The London Quarterly Review (Conservative). 2. The Edinburgh Review (Whig). 3. The North British Review (Free Church). 4. The Westminster Review (Liberal). 5. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory).

These Reviews have been in successful operation in this country for twenty years, and their circulation is constantly on the increase.

Although these works are distinguished by the political shades they indicate, yet their small portions, their contents in relation to political subjects, and their literary character which gives them their chief value.

TERMS. For any one of the four Reviews, For any two of the four Reviews, For any three of the four Reviews, For all four of the Reviews, For Blackwood's Magazine, For Blackwood and three Reviews, For Blackwood and the four Reviews.

REduced POSTAGE. The following table will show the great reduction which has been made since the Periodicals since 1844, and the very trifling rates now charged.

Prior to 1844, the postage on Blackwood was \$3 00 on a single Review 1 12 on a Review 1 00 on a Review 7 25 on a Review 25 on a Review 12 on a Review 12

At these rates surely no objection should be made to receiving the works by mail, and thus ensuring their speedy sale, and regular delivery.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 79 FULTON STREET, (Between 54 Gold Street,) New-York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., 1854.

THE LAWS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND FROM 1775 to 1851, both years inclusive—2 vols. Royal 8vo., with a copious Index; published under an Act of the Colonial Legislature, and carefully revised and consolidated, by Commissioners of the Island, where it is now in force.

Saint John Sale Stables. CUMMING, Veterinary Surgeon, begs to announce that he is about to open a Sale Stable, which premises are situated on the Colville Street, near the Barracks, St. John's, where Horses will be kept in dry, and brought or sold on commission.

A MAP OF P. E. ISLAND. COLOURED as to show the Electrical Districts. For sale at Geo. T. HASZARD'S Book Store.

PASSAGE FOR QUEBEC. THE Schooner SARAH, will sail for Quebec, on Friday next, the 5th August, for passage apply to the Master on board at the Queen's Wharf.

FOR PASSAGE. THE New Clipper Ship MARIA, 1000 Tons Register, JOHN MORRIS, Master, will sail for Liverpool on or before the 30th August; has good accommodation for passengers. Apply to Wm. WELSH.

FOR DUBLIN. THE New Sloop FENNIC, 110 Tons Register, J. WELSH, Master, will sail for the above port on or before the 1st September. For Freight or Passage apply to Wm. WELSH.

FOR PASSAGE. THE BRIG LOUISA, CAPT. JAMES FORD, will sail for Liverpool on or before the 4th August, has good accommodation for passengers. Apply on board at Orwell, or in Charlotteville, to Wm. WELSH.

THE ENTIRE HORSE HORSE, Royal Warrant, warranted by the Royal Warrant, warranted by the Royal Warrant, warranted by the Royal Warrant.

MORSES WANTED. TWENTY-FOUR SPAN GOOD DEEP HORSES wanted. Apply at the Queen's Wharf, July 15.

NOVELTIES FOR THE SUMMER.

WILLIAM HEARD, BOSTON.

ANNOUNCES the arrival per steamer, from England, of a large assortment of BRITISH and FOREIGN MANUFACTURES, from the first Houses in the Trade.

NEW MATERIALS FOR LADIES' DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, RIBBONS, PARASOLS, BONNETS, MILLINERY, &c. &c.

A large selection of Broad Cloths, Doan's, Cassimere, Tweeds, Water-coatings, Cotton and LINEN GOODS of ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Boots and Shoes, and every article in the Furnishing Department.

IN order to compete with other Houses, W. H. begs to inform his Friends that in future his business will be conducted on the CASH principle, and requests those whose accounts were furnished to the 31st December last, will make immediate payment.

VETERINARY PRACTICE. Under the Patronage of His Excellency Sir ALEXANDER BURNHAM, Knight.

GEORGE LORD, begs leave respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public in general, that he has resumed his practice in the VETERINARY ART, under the patronage of His Excellency Sir ALEXANDER BURNHAM, Knight.

After a successful practice of 37 years—14 in England and 23 in America—in the course of which he has been directly instrumental, through his skill, in saving, for their owners, the lives of many valuable Horses and Cows; he hopes that, in now soliciting a renewal of Patronage, he may be permitted to say that he considers himself to be as well qualified to prescribe MEDICINES and perform OPERATIONS, in the capacity of a Horse and Cow Doctor, as any individual who has ever practiced in that line in this Colony; and he, therefore, presumes that he may confidently look forward to a renewal of that patronage which he formerly enjoyed in this Island.

RESIDENCE—Next door to the Victoria Hotel, Water Street, Charlotteville.

GEORGE LORD, has attended, and prescribed for some of his Cattle at Government House Farm, he has done so successfully, and I shall readily employ him again. A. BURNHAM, M. D. Governor.

The Art Union of Glasgow. Patron—His Royal Highness the PRINCE ALBERT, Prince Consort of Great Britain and Hanover.

Committee of Management—The Hon. ROBERT STURTEVANT, Lord Provost of the City of Glasgow, Chairman; Wm. James Davidson, Esq., Sir James Anderson, M. P., Thomas Dawson, Esq., A. Ross, Esq., James Fairlie, Esq., Major Campbell, D. C. Bail, Esq., Charles H. Wilson, Esq., Alexander Harvey, Esq., Prof. Allan Thomson, M. D., Mr. ROBERT ALEXANDER KIDSTON, Act. Sec'y.

THE object of the ART UNION OF GLASGOW is, briefly to aid in extending amongst the Community a knowledge of the FINE ARTS, by the means of a subscription amongst the Members of the Glasgow Society.

A Subscription of ONE GUINEA constitutes Membership for ONE YEAR. The whole Subscriptions, after deducting the necessary Expenses, are devoted to the purchase of PICTURES, DRAWINGS, SCULPTURE, ENGRAVINGS, and other Works of Art. Each Member for the present year, for every Guinea subscribed, is entitled to the following privileges:—

I. To a Copy of the very beautiful Engraving on Steel, of THE KEEPER'S DAUGHTER, by the late Sir David Allan, R.S.A., and W. P. Frith, Esq., A.R.S. Engraved by H. T. RYALL, Esq. Size, 15 1/2 by 16 inches.

II. To the chance of obtaining one of 100 PARALLEL STATUETTES and GROUPS, with Engraving on Steel, by W. B. Scott, Esq., and J. G. S. A., with a Medal of his life, Engraved and Written expressly for the Art Union of Glasgow.

III. To the chance of obtaining one of TWO HUNDRED INDIA PAPER PROOFS, in Felt, of Ten Etchings on Steel, by W. B. Scott, Esq., and J. G. S. A., with a Medal of his life, Engraved and Written expressly for the Art Union of Glasgow.

IV. To the chance of obtaining a PAINTING, or other Work of Art, at the Annual General Meeting, of the Committee of Management, of the Art Union of Glasgow, which partakes of all the best features of the different systems now adopted by contemporary Associations; for while, on the one hand, a guarantee is afforded, from an experienced Committee purchasing the Pictures, that nothing but Works of Merit will be bought, the Subscribers, on the other hand, have all the advantages of Money Prizes, in having the privilege of selecting from the Works of Art purchased, according to the number of the Prize allotted to them, and the Work of Art, as may be most pleasing to them. This plan has been in operation for several years, and has given the most unqualified satisfaction.

The Committee respectfully urge on all friends to bear them by their own support, but they are anxious to see them become Members of the Society, as EARLY A DATE AS POSSIBLE, as the Committee may be enabled to commence their Purchases without delay.

Wm. WELSH, Secretary.

THE Engraving of "THE KEEPER'S DAUGHTER," and Specimens of the STATUETTES and GROUPS, and which the Public are respectfully invited to inspect. THE ENGRAVING WILL BE DELIVERED TO SUBSCRIBERS, on Payment of Subscription, in the Spring.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Honorary Secretary, A. U. of G.

Subscribers of more than One Guinea, in place of taking more than one copy of the Engraving for the year, have the choice of selecting, for each additional Guinea, one of the following Engravings, being Prints already issued by the Society, viz.—THE HERMIT, ITALIAN SHEPHERDS, PRINCE CHARLES EDWARD, HARVEST, MAY COULING, WHITTINGTON, HILAR AND ISRAEL, and HEATHER BELLES, or in lieu thereof, taking a Proof Impression for the year.

APOTHECARIES' HALL. The Old Established HOUSE, 1810. CHARLOTTEVILLE, JANUARY, 1855. T. DEBERNAY & Co. HAVE just received, per late arrivals from London, Dublin, United States and Halifax, the following Supplies for the Season, comprising, in the whole, an Extensive and Varied Assortment of DRUGS & CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, and other Toilet requisites; Paints, Oils, Colours, and Dye Stuffs; Frisks, Spices, Confectionery, Medicines and other Luxuries; with all the Patent Medicines in request, and every other article usually kept at similar Establishments in Great Britain. (See Advertisement.) The whole of which they sell with confidence, recommended to the public, and if quality be considered, at as low, if not lower, prices, than they can be procured in the market.

FOR SALE. A staunch cutter built BOAT, 16 feet long. She has lately undergone a thorough repair, and is now in good condition, perfectly tight, and sails remarkably well. For further particulars apply at Haszard's Gazette Office.

Never Failing Remedy! AGRIPPLE GETS ASIDE HIS CRUTCHES AFTER TEN YEARS SUFFERING. Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thompson, Chemist, Liverpool, dated August 20, 1855.

DEAR SIR—I am enabled to furnish you with a most extraordinary cure effected by your invaluable Ointment and Pills which has astonished every person acquainted with the sufferer. About 14 years ago, Mr. W. Conner, of Salisbury Street, in this town, was thrown from his horse, whereby he received very serious injuries; he had the best medical advice at the time, and was afterwards an inmate of a malignant running fever entered in his hip, which so completely crippled him, that he could not move without crutches for nearly 10 years; recently he began to use your Ointment and Pills, which have now healed the wound, strengthened his limb, and enabled him to dispense with his crutches, so that he can walk with the greatest ease, and with renewed health and vigor. (Signed) J. THOMPSON.

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A DREADFUL SKIN DISEASE, WHEN ALL MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED. Copy of a Letter from Mr. Hird, Draper, of Kew, near Glasgow, dated March 1st, 1855.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. SIR—Some time since, one of my children was afflicted with dreadful eruptions over the body and limbs. I obtained the advice of several eminent Surgeons and Physicians, by all of whom the case was considered hopeless. At length I tried your Ointment and Pills, and without delay, the effect was miraculous, and by persevering in their use, all the eruptions quickly disappeared, and the child was restored to perfect health.

I previously lost a child from a similar complaint, and I firmly believe, had it not been for your medicines, she would have been saved also. I shall be happy to testify the truth of this to any enquirer. (Signed) J. HIRD, Draper.

ANOTHER SURPRISING CURE OF ULCERATED BAD LEGS, DEBRUIT, AND GENERAL ILL HEALTH. Copy of a Letter from Mr. F. M. Clouston, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, dated September 20th, 1855.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. DEAR SIR—I am authorized by Mrs. Gibson, of 21, Dalry Street, in this town, to inform you that for a considerable period she had been a sufferer from debility, and general ill health, accompanied by a disordered stomach, and great derangement of the system. In addition to this, she was terribly afflicted with ulcerated wounds, or running sores, in both her legs, so that she was totally incapable of doing her usual work. In this distressing condition she adopted the use of your Pills and Ointment, and the effect was a wonderful short time, they effected a perfect cure of her legs, and restored her constitution to health and strength; and that she is now enabled to walk about with ease and comfort. Several other persons in the neighbourhood have also received extraordinary benefit from the use of your invaluable medicines.

I remain Dear Sir, your faithfully, (Signed) JOHN MORTON CLENNELL.

CERTAIN REMEDY FOR SCORBUIC HUMOURS—AND AN ASTONISHING CURE OF AN OLD LADY SEVENTY YEARS OF AGE OF A BAD LEG. Copy of a Letter from Messrs. Walker and Co., Glasgow, dated 18th July, 1855.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. DEAR SIR—Among the numerous cures effected by the use of your valuable medicines in this neighbourhood, may mention that of an old lady living in the Village of Freetown, about five miles from this City. She had ulcerated wounds in her leg for many years, and lately they increased to such an alarming extent as to defy all the usual remedies; her health rapidly giving way under the suffering she endured. In this distressing condition she had recourse to your Ointment and Pills, and by the assistance of her friends, was enabled to persevere in their use, and she received a perfect cure. We have ourselves been greatly astonished at the effect upon an old person, so being above 70 years of age. We shall be happy to certify any enquirer as to the authenticity of this really wonderful case, either personally or by letter. A private in the Bath Police Force, also, has been perfectly cured of an old scorbuc humour in the face, after all other means had failed. He states that it is entirely by the use of your Ointment, and speaks highly in its praise. We remain, Dear Sir, Your's faithfully, (Signed) WALKER & Co.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:— Bad Legs, Chilblains, Gout, Bad Bruises, Chapped hands, Gunshot wounds, Burns, Cancers (Soft), Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Blisters of Scrophulous, Contracted and Painful Joints, Elephantiasis, Corns, Elephantiasis, Sore Nipples, Scrophulous Tumours, Piles, Wounds, Yaws, Scabby.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in consequence of the success of the Ointment and Pills, by which the most distressing cases are cured. (Signed) GEORGE T. HASZARD, Agent.

THE FLY BOAT. The following reminiscence, from the New York Courier and Enquirer, cannot fail to be interesting to the reader:—

The Half Moon was the name of the Vile Boat in which Hendrick Hudson discovered New York Bay in 1609. She was of eighty tons only, and was fitted out for Hudson by the Dutch East India Company, and manned by a crew of twenty sailors, partly English. The Half Moon left Amsterdam on the 4th of April, 1609. Early in July, it reached the Banks of Newfoundland, touching at Cape Cod, and then going off to the mouth of the Chesapeake, looking in at Delaware; on the evening of September 2, 1609, Hudson came in sight of the high hills of Newaverk, and on the next evening landed at Sandy Hook Bay. A Vile Boat is so called from its being built expressly for the difficult navigation of Vile and Trawl. The name, as well as the model, was very soon adopted in other countries. The French call it Fibot; the English Fly Boat, and the Spanish Filibote; and thus came the modern name Filibuster, of late so frequently used in connection with the Cuban expeditions. Hudson ascended the North River, as far as the present site of Albany, and was eleven days in sailing up, and as many more in drifting down.

On the 9th of October, Hudson set sail from Sandy Hook, and steamed out to sea. Sailing eastward for a month without seeing any land by the way, on the 7th of November, 1609, he arrived safely at Dartmouth, in Devonshire. Hudson never revisited the river which bears his name, but the Half Moon did; while Hudson, in attempting to explore the Northern Ocean, was abandoned by his mutinous crew in a boat, and left to perish among the fields of ice in the Bay which was named after him. The Half Moon sailed in 1611 for the East Indies, and on the 6th of March, 1615, was wrecked and lost on the Island of Mauritius. The Half Moon was the first vessel that ever sailed on the noble Hudson.

FOUND HISTORY. A laughable story of some carrier pigeons is told in an Antwerp newspaper. The editor of a celebrated journal published in that city, sent a reporter to Brussels for the King's speech, and with him a couple of carrier pigeons to take back the document. At Brussels he gave the pigeons in charge to a waiter, and called for breakfast. He was kept waiting for some time, but a very delicate fragrance floated for the delay. After breakfast he paid his bill, and called for his carrier pigeons. "Pigeons!" exclaimed the waiter, "why, you have eaten them!"

NO ACCOUNTING FOR TARTS. In the early part of the 16th century, a farmer from a little village near Tadcaster, was condemned to suffer the extreme penalty of the law for sheep stealing; his wife called to see him a few days previous to his execution to take her last farewell, when she asked if he would "like the children to see him executed?" to which he pertinently replied, "No what must they come for?" "Humph!" she replied, "you are just as you always was; you never wanted the children to have a bit of pleasure?"

SIGNIFICATION OF "ERIE." The question is often asked, "Why so many storms and disasters on Lake Erie? Why the difference between that and the other lakes comprising the great chain between the United States and British America?" It is said to be caused by the extreme shallowness of the waters, which are more easily disturbed than the deep waters of its neighbours. Hence the name "Erie" an Indian name, signifying "mad" or "the mad lake." This name, like all Indian proper names, is very significant of the boisterous character of Lake Erie.

FRANKLIN TALKING OF A FRIEND OF HIS. It is said that a Manchester dealer, said that he once sold a piece of tape narrower than his own mind.

Establish

GEORGE T. HASZARD, BOSTON.

FOR SALE. A staunch cutter built BOAT, 16 feet long. She has lately undergone a thorough repair, and is now in good condition, perfectly tight, and sails remarkably well.

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