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The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E variis sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No 16] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1849. [Vol. 16

LAW RESPECTING NEWS PAPERS

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ENGLISH MAILS.

Days on which the Steamships sail from Europe and America.

1849.

Canada	.....Jan. 13	.... New York.
Niagara	.....Jan 27	.....For Boston
Europa	.....Feb. 10	..... New York.
America	....Feb. 24	.....For Boston.
Canada	....Mar. 10	.... New York.
Niagara	....Mar. 24	....For Boston.
Europa	....April 7	....New York.
Cambria	....April 14	....For Boston.

DEPARTURES FROM AMERICA.

1849.

Europa	....Jan. 10	.... New York.
America	....Jan. 24	....From Boston.
Canada	....Feb. 7	.... New York.
Niagara	...Feb. 21	....From Boston.
Europa	....Mar. 7	.... New York.
America	....Mar. 21	...From Boston.
Canada	....April 4	.... New York.
Niagara	....April 18	...From Bostor.
Europa	....May 2	.... New York.
Cambria	....May 16	....From Boston.

MARINE AND
FIRE INSURANCE.

Protection Insurance Company of N. J.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
Camden Insurance Company of N. J.
CAPITAL, $100,000,
WITH A SURPLUS OF OVER $30,0000

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF CONNECTICUT,
CAPITAL, $150,000.

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E. D. GREEN, *Agent.*

Refer to Wm. Ker, Esq., Agent, St. Andrews N.B.

Counting-House ALMANAC, 1849.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
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APRIL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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OCT.		1	2	3	4	5	6
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DEC.							1
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MINISTERIAL DUTIES.

Now we are not going to say the Minister has more labor, more hardships and less rewards than other classes of people--but that they *do* have more labours, more hardships, and less rewards of certain kinds than they should have.

Some people, poor ignorant souls, seems to think a minister is not only *public property*, but that he belongs, soul and body, to each and all, severally, of his numerous congregation; and that he is bound by all the obligations of his office, to do their biddings, and please them all. Now, if it is impossible to serve *two* masters, for a still greater reason he cannot serve hundreds. Your minister has one *Master*, Jesus Christ, if he serves him, he will find it almost always impossible to serve any particular clique, or individual of his parish. To suit every one he must have as many colors as a chameleon and thousand times more sides than the man famous in story for having seven. That minister, who strives to please all, for the sake of pleasing, and becomes the submissive servant of his people, will doubtless please Satan and become his servant. It is not his duty to preach what will please; but to preach the gospel. It is not his duty to smooth down the gospel and make it palatable; but to deliver it in his strength and stern integrity. He may not, he *must* not, break the point and turn the edge of the sword of the Spirit; but thrust it home to do its work on the hearts of men. He is not permitted to do all his people wish—visit where they shall say and no where else, call when and where they may dictate, believe what they think is true, advocate this and condem that, as it may appear good unto them—he has a higher and a better guide; his own *Conscience* must be his guide.

But the object of this article was to point out a class of ignorant, self-righteous, self-constituted (a sort of spiritual *spirit* guard) of their minister. Sometimes they are rich, but oftener poor; sometimes they have a little common sense, but oftener none, sometimes they have some goodness and piety, but oftener self-esteem and hypocrisy. I need not describe this class: every Pastor knows them to his sorrow. They continually flit through his waking and his slumbering dreams. Their counsels distil upon his head like—they may think the dews of Hermon—but *like* the fogs and mildew of an Eastern gale. Their long list of sorrows and sanctimonious complaints are more troublesome and more productive of spiritual famine than the frogs and locusts of Egypt. Their every whim must be humored. Neglect but for once only them or their admonitions and your faith is scaled. A thousand babbling tongues are set on fire of mischief, your good name torn from you, your piety scandalized, and your piety worthless and unchristian, your *every thing* wrong. You must call on them twice as often as elsewhere, and hear their and complaints and evil prognostics, while you should be gaining recreation, with some sensible friend, or obtaining strength and hope from the cheerful charitable party of some living, humble christian. When weary with study and discouraged by trial, it is a hard case to be compelled to go where your weariness will become more weary, and your discouragement thrice discouraged, when the next door will bring you into an atmosphere, that will drive away your cares and invigorate your weary mind and strengthen your faith.

Such is, but ought not to be the condition of our Ministers. If your minister calls, strive to make his call pleasant and profitable. If he stays away, suppose he is doing better elsewhere, and rejoice at his success. Forget for a while the importance of your little insignificant self and remember there are other being in this great world, who think themselves somebody, when they are nobody any more than you, or I or the rest of us. Come, be a man, or a women once in your life, and let your Pastor enjoy his and be useful; if you must be meddling, go pay his salary, listen to *his* preaching, and neglect your own, let him alone and attended to yourself, and my word for it, you will hear a better sermon the next sabbath—not so much because *it is* better, as because *you* are better.

Some may say, 'Some minister put that in his head.' But we have scarcely seen ours nearer than the pulpit for months.—[Pejepscot Journal.

Mysterious Sickness.—A mysterious sickness prevails in Milbury and Sutton, Mass. A letter in the Medical Journal describes the symptoms thus:—The patient is seized with severe cold and shivering, and in a few moments becomes insensible. After this the patient complains of his head and back. There has been one case of death in less than twelve hours; others have lived twenty-four or thirty six hours, and case continued two weeks. In Sutton a man 40 or 50 years of age, one of the Overseers of the Poor, was taken as he was on the point of going to meeting, and died on Monday. There have been twenty deaths in the two towns of this malady.

We understand that a merchant of this city was seized upon 'Change on Monday with precisely similar symptoms, and was carried to his home insensible.—[Boston Traveller.]

UNPUBLISHED SONG.

BY THE LATE THOMAS HOOD

There is the dew for the flow'ret,
And honey for the bee;
And bowers for the wild bird,
And love for you and me!

There are tears for the many,
And pleasure for the few;
But let the world pass on, dear,
There's love for me and you!

There is care that will not leave us,
And pain that will not flee;
But on our earth unaltered
Sits love, 'tween you and me!

Our love, it ne'er was reckoned,
Yet good it is and true;
It's half the world to me, dear,
It's all the world to you!

The Sea Serpent again.—Capt. Adams of schooner Lucy and Nancy, which arrived at Jacksonville, (Florida) on the 1st ult from New York, had sight of a monster in many respects resembling the sea monster, described by many others.

Capt. Adams states that on the morning of Sunday, the 18th of Feb., about 9 o'clock, off the South point of Cumberland island, about twelve miles from the St. John's (Fla.) bar, the attention of himself, crew and passengers, was suddenly riveted upon an immense sea monster, which he took to be a *serpent*. It lifted its head, which was that of a snake, several times out of water, seemingly to take a survey of the vessel, and at such times displayed the largest portion of its body, and a pair of frightful fins or claws several feet long.—His tail was not seen at any time; but judging from the dimensions of the body, the captain supposes the leviathan to be about ninety feet long. Its neck tapered small from the head to the body, and it appeared to measure about seven feet across the broadest part of the back. The color of the creature was a dirty brown. When first seen it was moving towards the mouth of the St. John's. The monster moved from the side of the vessel, and placed itself athwart her tack, in front of her bows; but Capt. Adams, not feeling partial to an encounter with his snakeship, ordered the vessel to be kept off. A boy on the deck, not knowing his antagonist, had seized a harpoon, and was in the act of striking, when he was prevented by the vessel's moving off.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

On Monday an important Bill passed the House after a warm debate. This was a Bill brought in by Mr. R. D. Wilmot, to authorise the issue of Treasury Notes. The principal provisions of this Bill are to authorise the issue of Provincial Paper to the amount of sixty thousand pounds, in notes not to exceed ten pounds, but not limited as to the minimum value. These notes are made a legal tender for duties at the Treasury, for payment of Crown Lands, &c., and all payments to the Crown in either of the public departments are required to be made either in these notes or in specie. This Bill met with warm opposition from His Honor the Speaker, and from the Hon. Provincial Secretary, but was finally carried by a large majority. It is expected that this measure will have to pass through a fiery ordeal in the Legislative Council, but we hope it will come through unscathed, for if even there was a time when temporary relief should be given to the currency of the country by extraordinary means, this is the time, and, if we are not mistaken, Mr. Wilmet's Bill is the way to do it.

On Tuesday 3d inst. the House passed a Bill for the improvement of Agriculture, which was prepared and reported by the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, Hon. L. A. Wilmet.

The object of this Bill is to give additional encouragement for the formation and support of agricultural societies. It also provides that whenever a society subscribe and pay £25, that then they shall be entitled to three times that amount from the Province, instead of double as formerly, but contains a proviso that no one county shall be entitled to more than £150 per annum, and that all the Province money shall be expended on premiums on agricultural stock, produce, and domestic manufactures. There is also a section providing for the payment of a Teacher for one Agricultural School, at a salary of £150 a year, when it shall be certified that such Teacher has had an average attendance of twenty scholars for one whole year, and that the inhabitants of the district have subscribed and paid £25 additional for the support of the Teacher.—This Bill met with but little opposition, and appears to be considered a good measure by the agricultural members. Indeed its provisions could hardly fail of being satisfactory to every man who will take the trouble of investigating the subject.

As the Session draws towards a close, the work of hon. members is increased, and His Hon. the Speaker seems determined, if possible, to push forward the business of the Session by keeping the House up to their work every minute of the day. It is supposed they will be prorogued about the end of next week.—[Head Quarters.

The court of directors of the East India Company gave a dinner on Saturday to Sir Charles Napier previous to his departure for India. In the course of the evening several speeches were made; Sir Charles said,—"Two considerations prevented my declining this grand and honourable command. The first was, that I have the kind advice and assistance of the greatest soldier in the world. The next was, that I go forth with most full and perfect confidence in the support and cordial co-operation which I shall receive from her Majesty's ministers and the hon. court of directors. But at present my lords and gentlemen, you will, I think, all agree with me that the old proverb applies—'Least said is soonest mended.'" The Duke of Wellington and Lord Hardinge said that there was nothing in the present circumstances of India to give alarm.

A cargo of eggs direct from Spain, arrived last week at Cork.

Wm. Rankin, a private of the 53d, was last week married to Miss Maclaurin, heiress to £15,000, who was given away by her father.

Sub Marine Telegraph.—A sub-marine electric telegraph is being constructed between Dublin and Holyhead, across the Irish Channel, under the direction of Mr. C. J. Blunt. The work is undertaken with the sanction of the British Lords of the Admiralty.

MORE ABOUT THE LUMPS.

A correspondent of the Boston Journal under date of San Francisco Feb. 1 writes an interesting letter from which we make the following extracts:—

'Our gold region or placer, is actually the only thing or circumstance that I ever knew not exaggerated! Law, gospel and politics are becoming obsolete in the great eagerness to obtain a share of the placer. Last July our gold diggers were satisfied to obtain two or three ounces of gold per day; now they thrown up the spade and pickaxe if they dont find a 'chunk' every hour or two. Up to this date $800 has been paid for a single lump. I am informed there is in this town a piece weighing thirty pounds; I have heard of several pieces weighing each five pounds; there is in town a piece of stone weighing seven pounds, containing about three pounds of gold; it looks as if the stone and gold had been melted up together. In January 1847 Alta California contained 16 to 18,000 whites; in January, 1850, she will number 30 to 100,000 inhabitants; two hundred vessels will land, in this year, 50 to 100 passengers each—the steamers 200 a month; 8000 will come by land from Oregon, 10,000 from the department of Senora, 400 more from other States of Mexico, 50 to 30,000 by land from our own county. We are to have thousands from every part of the Pacific, and next year from Europe.

From November to March, the San Joaquin and Sacramento valleys ar too cold for gold digging, although the people have built from four to six hundred log houses, and are busily engaged in finding gold. From the first of April to August there will be daily turned out of the banks and rivers, six to eight thousand Troy ounces gold, 21 to 21½ carrats fine, which sells here for merchandise at $16 per ounce, $14 for cash. After August thousands will leave the placers; one forth of those who remain in August and September will be sick with a fever which holds them from thirty to a hundred days."

* * * * *

"We have no workmen nor time to do anything but dig or pocket gold. No one has much time to dun a debtor and no debtor has any time to listen to a creditor—a very happy state government at Whashington appears in the same way as far as attending to California, which with New Mexico cost Uncle Sam $15,000,000, the interest of which is say $75,000 per month, which the duties collected in this port alone will cover and the placer will distribute one million per month and no mistake. Any man, woman, or child, who may need a thousand dollars, has only to go to the 'California Placer Bank' and take it, and he finds himself immediately a ready-made stockholder and Director. All are on the go ahed-get-gold principle; doctors, lawyers, traders, boatmen, cartmen, diggers, thieves, and murderers. Up to this date the murdered bodies have been recognized—at least could be counted. This year, I fear they cannot be counted.'

Gold, real pure gold, is so plenty, you may see it piled upon counters and tables like so many bags of shot, one two three hundred ounces to a bag. Nothing is more common for a person travelling from one town to another on horseback, to refuse to carry gold for a friend on account of its weight; it is equivalent to ask a friend to carry a bag of corn to mill in any other country. We have become a strange people, and live in a strange country. Nature is not satisfied with covering the valleys of the Sacramento and San Joaquin with gold, but, to plase us, she has this winter covered the earth with snow to call up old associations. We have, for the first time, snow in our streets."

THRIFT OF THE YANKEE.—The Tuscalosa Monitor gives the following graphic sketch of the American character:

A mountain of granite appears rather a tough subject to deal with, yet a Yankee will barrow into its bowels, and lo! the granite becomes gold in the vault of the Commonwealth Bank, in Boston. A pond of ice presents a chilly prospect to the eye, but the Yankee, nothing daunted, will heave up its chrystal masses, and straightway the ice glitters in diamonds upon the bosom of his rosy cheeked spouse. Wherever the Yankee layeth down his hand, gold springeth. Into what soil soever he thrusteth his spade, gold springeth therefrom. In the dim twilight, by his chimney corner, he sitteth meditating, and thoughts chase one another through his brain, which thoughts are gold. Various they are, it may be in form and seeming.—One is but a gridiron, another a baby-jumper, and a third a steam-engine, but he writeth them all down in the patent office at Washington; and then putting them in his pocket in good golden eagles from the mint at Philadelphia.

But your genuine Yankee coineth not merely his own sagacious conceits; the follies, the tears, and the errors of others, are moreover are all gold to him. He fabricateth and meremaids and sea-serpents, and locketh up in his iron chest heaps of golden credulity.—He manufactureth a pill of chalk and wheaten bread, which he warranteth to cure asthma, hydrocephalus, epilepsy and yellow fever, and presently buildeth him a great house on the banks of the Hudson. When a sudden delirium seizeth all the world, prompting them to emigrate in floods nowhere, he quietly mustereth his fleets of transports for that destination, or buildeth a railroad in that direction, regardless of what is at the other end, and puteth the passage money in his pocket. He erecteth to himself no castles in the air, but he diligently aideth his neighbour to do the same, and out of the proceeds grow up to him castles upon the earth. Such is the modern Midas—the Midas without the longers—the cool, sagacious, calculating Yankee.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The following extract from a letter from a gentleman in San Francisco, to his friends in this city, indicates the opening of a profitable trade with the gold regions in ready made houses.—[N. Y. Com. Adv.

San Francisco Jan. 21.—Do not forward me the goods ordered in my last, but in their stead send me three or four midling sized house frames complete. The rent of these will be a fortune to me. The place is already full of goods of all kinds, and they sell at low prices, while from the amount of property here, and the greater amount on its way, rents are very high; one hundred dollars a month is paid for a small room. Lumber is worth a high price—indeed it cannot be bought at all. You have no idea of the scarcity of houses. People are living in tents, stables, or any place that can be obtained. A bed cannot be had for any price."

RECOVERY OF THE GOVERNMENT JEWELS.

A telegraphic despatch from New York to the Mail, states that Henry B and Philander Jones were arrested in New York yesterday, charged with robbing the Patent Office at Washington, of the Government Jewels. 121 diamonds, 143 pearls, 3 pounds gold in bars, supposed to be the scabbard of the sword presented to Com. Biddle by the Emperor of Russia the Gold Snuff Box, and one pint bottle of Otto of Roses, were found buried in the cellar of Jones, who is a shoemaker, in Pike street.—The parties are in prison, and will leave for Washington to-morrow morning, in charge of officers A.M.C. Smith and Stevens.

FROM BRITISH GUIANA we have received by the brig Meteor, our files of papers to the 6th of March. The bark Una arrived at St. Lucir on the 7th of Feb. 20 days from Sierra Leon, having on board 367 captured Africans—who were to be immediately set to work, as they were in great demand. Most of them were said to be healthy and robust. Dispatches have been received stating that captured negroes are hereafter to be sent to British Guiana instead of Sierra Leone. This is welcome as a great boon to the islands. These men have been brought to Barbadoes on suspicion of having been concerned in sundry piracies. They were arrested by the Venezuelean government, and delivered over to the British authorities. Several murders and small robberies have taken place in various sections of Guiana.

Norway is ready to reciprocate with Great Britain in reference to shipping

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NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Provincial Parliament.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

March 23.

DEBATE ON RAILWAYS—continued.

Mr Boyd confessed his almost utter inability to cope with the gigantic power of the City of Saint John, which was brought to bear against the Saint Andrews and Woodstock, backed as they were by Westmorland, and supported with nearly the whole weight of the Government in favor of the Shediac line. But

"Thrice armed is he who hath his quarrel just;"

and although he would have to encounter the overbearing opposition of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, and the overwhelming eloquence of the hon. and learned Attorney General, he was determined to do his duty to the best of his ability. If, in the remarks which he felt called upon to make, he should offend any one, he could not help it; he should state nothing but what he believed to be true, and having done so, he should feel that he had discharged a duty which he owed to his constituents, and to the public, however much the views which he entertained might differ from those of a majority of the members of the Government on the floor of that House. He held a commission in the Militia, his name was also included in the commission of Justice of the Peace for the county which he had the honor to represent, and he held the office of Emigrant Agent for the port of Saint Andrews; any or all of these appointments which were in the gift of the Government might be taken from him, but he was resolved to give such personal considerations to the winds when they interfered with the duty which he owed to his constituents as a member of that House. He was a humble individual, and of humble origin, but he stood there as the independent representative of an important and respectable constituency, and in these respects he was their equal, and although the hon. members of the Government were clothed with office, which gave them power out of the House and great influence within its walls, yet they should not be puffed up or inflated with the dignity of office, nor attempt to cry down those who with honesty of purpose were endeavoring to do their duty to their constituents. They should rather remember that "pride comes before a fall." The course which the hon and learned Attorney General had pursued in this matter was open and above board. He had stated his views manfully, and he (Mr. Boyd) did not wish to cast any reflections on that hon. and learned member for having changed his views. He had an undoubted right to do so, but he could not forbear pointing out the remarkable change which one short year had made in these views. He held in his hand a report of that hon. and learned member's speech when the subject of the Shediac Railway was under discussion last year when the grant passed to provide for the survey, and he would read for the information of the Committee what the Attorney General thought of this project before he came into the Government. (Here the hon. member read an extract from the Hon. Mr. Wilmot's speech, ridiculing the Shediac line, which caused roars of laughter, in which the Attorney General joined.) What a most miraculous conversion had been made within a very few short months. For now the learned Attorney General was the warmest supporter of that scheme which last year he so successfully turned into ridicule, and was ready to plunge the Province £500,000 into debt to carry out the project which last year he would not consent to grant money enough to pay for its survey. (Hear hear.) They were told in the opening speech that the present Government would lead the way in matters affecting the general interests of the Province. Now here was a measure affecting not only the general interests of the present generation, but the interests of their children's children, as had been observed by another hon. learned member of the Government, but they did not attempt to come with this as a Government measure to the exclusion of all other Railroads, and if they had he was convinced that they would not have been a Government very long. It had been frequently asked who were the subscribers to the St. Andrews Railroad in England, and the Hon. Secretary in his positive and dictatorial manner had told the Committee they were bankrupts. Would that hon. member venture to say that the subscribers on this side of the water were bankrupts? (Here the hon. member read the names of the English stockholders, among which there were the names of Earl Fitzwillam, Lord Ashburton, and others of the nobility and gentlemen belonging to the army and navy, besides a great many others which were stated to be of the first respectability.) Would the hon. member contend that these were bankrupts? ("I did not say they were all bankrupts," from Mr. Partelow," I only said some of the Irish Baronets who had taken stock were almost in a state of bankruptcy and unable to pay.") He could inform the Secretary that all those who were unable to pay, or who declined to do so, had been struck from the revised list, and he had read the names of those only. Now, with respect to the stockholders on this side, he would mention, without fear of contradiction, that there were among them many gentlemen second to none in the Province for respectability and honor. He need only take as an instance the President of the Company, than whom a more honorable, a more public spirited, or a more persevering man was not to be found in the Province. (Here the hon. member read a number of the names of the stockholders in this Province.)

These were gentlemen, most of them his political opponents; but he was not to stand there and hear the project to which they had put their names and subscribed their money cried without doing his best to defend them. Although no personal or political friends of his there were many names there which would bear comparison with those to be found in any part of the Province.—He was afraid, however, that nothing which he could say would have the effect of altering the determination to give Provincial aid to only one line, and that line not the one which he (Mr. Boyd) approved of; but he would tell them now that their selfishness in that respect would defeat their own project, for he felt satisfied that the moderate men who thought as he did with respect to the merits of the St. Andrews line would never wholly abandon them to throw the whole resources of the country into a project of a much more doubtful character. He would not have had so much reason to complain if the advocates of the Shediac line had contented themselves with magnifying the advantages of their own line without attempting to disparage the St. Andrews and Woodstock line. But they would not do this, and in order to make it appear that the St. Andrews Railway Company had made an attempt to deceive the public they had brought forward the report of Mr. Wightman, published in the Journals to shew that instead of 82 miles the distance was 92½ miles. He would call the attention of the Committee to the fact that this report of Mr. Wightman in 1837, did not give the distance from St. Andrews to Woodstock, but from St. Andrews to Maduxnakik, which was fifteen miles further, so that this seeming misstatement was, after all that had been said, no misstatement at all. (Here the hon. member went over the sectional distances, from point to point on the line, as stated in the report corroborated by Mr. Brown making the distance within less by one fourth of a mile of that stated in the authorised prospectus of the Company.) That prospectus which had been referred to, as published from an English paper in the Charlotte Gazette, was also published without the authority of the Directors in this country, and had been disavowed by the Company's agent in England.—When the Directors first had their attention called to it they ordered it to be discontinued, but the printer, he believed, had refused to do so unless he was paid for inserting it without authority. This the directors had refused to do, and so it had been continued. The first that had been seen of that prospectus in this country was in a paper sent out, he believed, by Moses H. Perley, Esq., who was then in England on the Company's business. (Here the hon. member made some very severe remarks on the conduct of Mr. Perley, as the Company's agent.) The Company's agent in England a Mr. Bridges, had also been dismissed from their service, not because he was too honest and had, when discharged, given countenance to and circulated a report that the Company had all blown up together. Such had been the way in which the servants of the Saint Andrews Company had treated their employers, and he would warn the Committee that those who cried down a line when they could no longer make money out of it were not the persons to be entrusted with the affairs of another line. He had one of these gentlemen employed on the Shediac line, or some other, and he had been endeavoring to find out what line it was that the Government had been patronizing for he saw by the accounts that during the last year Mr. Perley had received the sum of £100 for Railway service—some sort. He would like to know what that service was, and he was yet entirely in the dark on the subject. If the Government had undertaken the survey of any line, and were to patronize that line, as it appeared they had been doing, the House had a right to know where it was situated. The Hon. Secretary had told them Saint Andrews was down to rise no more, and he could tell the Hon. Secretary that jealousy of Saint John had contributed to put it down, and was now exerted to keep it down. The time was when Saint Andrews was thriving as well, perhaps better, than any town in the Province. Here merchants made money, and business of all kinds flourished; but when the Americans procured the carrying trade to the West Indies, which arrangement Saint John had contributed to bring about, then the trade was ruined. The stores and the wharves became almost deserted, and now when they were endeavoring to get the Railroad to raise up the town from its present drooping condition they were met by the same hostile jealousy on the part of Saint John. But he would tell him, members that if this course of legislation was persevered in they would drive away the last vestige of hope from the people of the county. He for one would not stay in a place where they could not get justice done them in the Legislature of the country. They talked about annexation in St. John, which was the hotbed of that movement, but he prefered living and dying a British subject; and although he would not live in the County of Charlotte, unless they succeeded in getting her rights respected, he would go to the coast of Labrador and live there, rather than go to the neighboring Republic. What! was the voice of the Provincial Secretary to doom the town of St. Andrews to destruction at one fell swoop?—He hoped not. He trusted his ruthless sentence would not find a response in that Committee. The Hon. Secretary had also ridiculed the kind of laborers which had been sent out for the Saint Andrews line, and told them that they had already cost the Province £700; but the Honorable Secretary should recollect that they had been attacked with sickness, and that they were not the only emigrants who had been attacked with fever last year.—Besides, he should recollect that every one of them, 383 persons had to pay 15s a head, which would reduce the amount expended for their support to a much smaller sum. Let the hon. Secretary look at the sums expended in St. John, and which had been repaid by the British Government, and he would find that there was little reason for his remarks on that score. (The hon member then proceeded to vindicate the Company from blame in beginning the road where they did, and urging that they had done the best which could be done under the circumstances.) The hon Secretary was mistaken when he insinuated that there were private interests to be subserved by the place at which the road was commenced. It was the interests of the Company alone which had been consulted, and if the Directors were mistaken it was an error of judgment, not an intentional attempt to benefit private property at the expense of the Company. He would tell the hon. Secretary that if he succeeded in ruining St. Andrews he would ruin one of the best markets which his constituents in Saint John now have. St. Andrews imported very little dry goods or dry goods themselves yet. It imported goods in much better, perhaps than any other portion of the Province. They had few bankruptcies in that County, and few losses had been sustained by the Saint John merchants, while he believed their customers along the river had been quite as certain in their remittances, and had often failed altogether in their engagements. He believed the St. John merchants had less to complain of the County of Charlotte, either from losses by bankruptcy or otherwise, than of any other class of customers with whom they dealt.—Why, then, should the members from that city wish to crush them? They had shown that the St. Andrews line would certainly be more likely to injure the Shediac speculation, and he had endeavored to show that the objections urged against it were not founded in fact or supported by reason. But it would not do. Saint Andrews must be sacrificed to St. John, and the hon. member of the Gagetown (from Westmorland (Mr. Hanington) had let out the real secret of the opposition during this debate. That honorable member had told them that it was not desirable to take away the trade from St. John, therefore they should not build this railway, which would most assuredly draw the trade of the upper country, both in this Province and in Maine, down to St. Andrews. There was the real secret of the opposition of the hon. Secretary and of the hon. members from Westmorland who supported the Shediac line; and he was not entirely persuaded that they did not support that measure more for the purpose of opposing the St. Andrews line than with any hope of carrying their own.—("Cries of 'no, no,' and 'hear, hear.'") Some hon. member ridiculed the idea of bringing down manufactured lumber to St. Andrews by Rail. There was nothing so very ridiculous in that idea after all, and those who knew as he (Mr. Boyd) did, that at present nearly one quarter of the very best of our largest and most valuable pine was left in the woods to rot, which might be sawed up into boards of the very first description, and exported either to the United States or elsewhere, would not be inclined to join in that foolish notion. (The hon. member then took up the arguments of several hon members, particularly Dr. Earle, and disposed of them. He came now to the most disagreeable part of the duty which he had to perform. Papers had been put into his hands which would let the House and the country see how the Saint Andrews Railway Company had been treated by a gentleman who appeared now to take a most active part in forwarding the views of those favorable to the Shediac line. He would not have had these letters had he not been obliged to do so in defence of those who had interested themselves in forwarding this the only measure which could be of real permanent benefit to the county which he had the honor to represent, and if the gentleman from whom these communications were received, could justify his conduct, it had been open for him to do so ever since the demand had been made on him by the Company for the repayment of the monies advanced to him while in England. (Here the hon. member read various communications from Moses H Perley, Esq, who had been in England on business connected with the Company, and gave an account of a misunderstanding which had arisen between that gentleman and the Company about the repayment of a certain sum of money. The hon. gentleman also made some strong animadversions on Mr. Perley's conduct towards the Company. He thought he had said enough to show the committee the relation in which the Company and their paid servant now stood towards each other. He would now turn to another matter. The St. Andrews Railway Company had been accused of grossly underrating. The other day he had brought forward an estimate by Mr. Laurie, an eminent engineer in the United States, and another by a native of the Province, and he would now call their attention to the estimate of Mr. Grant, a civil engineer belonging to the Crown Land Department of this Province, and would see how nearly it tallied with those he had summed. (The hon. member read Mr. Grant's estimates for the Saint Andrews line, which differed but little from those of Mr. Laurie, published in Mr. Boyd's speech of the previous Tuesday, and concluded by expressing his belief that the Saint Andrews people would press on in spite of opposition, hoping that the time would at last come when the Legislature of the country would see the folly of the Shediac line, and adopt that which would most certainly benefit the Province, and ultimately secure the Canadian carrying trade.)

Mr. Vail said that when the Scrip Bill for the St. Andrews Railway Company came up he was in the Chair of the Committee. From what was said at the time by hon. members he was of opinion that a majority of the Committee were in favor of the Bill, and would have passed it had the division been taken on that day; but one of the hon. members for Charlotte had risen in his place, and proposed that progress be reported, in order that all the Railway measures might come up for discussion at the same time; and that suggestion was complied with. He felt confident that if the Bill had been proceeded with at that time, it would have passed; but one of the Charlotte Representatives had preferred a postponement until this measure came up. Why this was done he (Mr. Vail) could not conceive.

BLOODY SLAVE INSURRECTION IN PERNAMBUCO.

The Mary Queen of Scots, a British vessel arrived at Barbice Feb. 11th from Pernambuco, report that on the 4th Feb. a rebellion broke out in that province, and that the insurgents got possession of the town for two days, but were then driven out. The loss in both sides was about 400 men. The insurgents were ranging over the country destroying the sugar works in every direction.

The captain of the Avon, also arrived at Barbice, stated that at Pernambuco over seven hundred people had been killed, and that he saw the dead and wounded conveyed away from the scene of conflict. His intelligence goes further. Not only did he visit Pernambuco, but also Rio Janeiro and Bahia in search of employment, at neither of which place could produce be obtained, and from the same cause, namely, an insurrection of the slaves.

FROM MEXICO.—TERRIBLE RAVAGES OF THE INDIANS.—The Boston *Daily Mail* has received Mexican papers from the capital to the 13th ult.

The Siglo denounces the British authorities at Belize in giving countenance to the insurgent Indians now ravaging the fairest portions of Yucatan. The same paper remarks that the insurrection which seemed to be on the point of extinction has broken out with fresh violence.

The Apache Indians lately made an irruption into the Department of Sonora, committing the most horrid ravages. They were 100 in number, and destroyed three several detachments of armed men sent against them. 73 Mexicans were slain during the foray, and from 500 to 1000 head of cattle carried off. This visitation, and the little hope entertained of protection by the Government, has multiplied the emigration to California.

Private letters from Glasgow, by the last mail, mention the death of Allan Gilmour, Esq., in his sixty-seventh year. Mr. Gilmour was one of the founders of the celebrated House of Pollock, Gilmour & Co., well known, as one of the most extensive Timber Merchants of the present day. Originally confined to Glasgow, the firm have now branches established in Liverpool, Quebec, Montreal, St. John, Miramichi, and we believe other places on the continent. Mr. Gilmour a few years ago purchased from the Earl of Eglinton, the extensive estate of Eaglesham, near Glasgow, and about the same time retired from the concern, which had been indebted for much of its prosperity to his enterprise and assiduous attention. The disposition made by him of his great wealth, will not be known we understand, till after the arrival of the next English Mail.—*Montreal Gazette.*

AFFAIRS IN CANADA.—MONTREAL, April 5. In the House of Assembly last night, the members voted themselves an allowance of £1 per day, and 6d. per mile for travelling expenses.

The University Bill has passed a first reading. Second reading in a fortnight.

Fifty soldiers have been discharged from the various regiments in garrison, in consequence of proposed military reductions of the British army. Since that, however, information has been received that the present military force in Canada is to be increased by several regiments.

Petitions against the rebellion losses were presented to the Governor General from the inhabitants of Pachenham, Sherbrooke and Stanstead.

YORK AND CARLETON MINING COMPANY.—A quantity of *pig*, the produce of this Company was recently sent to Boston where it was converted into malleable iron in the form of bars. The statement there made of its excellent qualities is of the most gratifying character, and has far more than realized the expectations of the enterprising projectors of this useful and important Association, while several blacksmiths in this City, who have tested these qualities on their own anvils, fully corroborate these welcome statements.

We have before us a letter from Professor Jackson, of Boston, "U. S. Geologist and Assayer to the state of Massachusetts," addressed to one of the Company, and wherein the writer describes the Woodstock ore as "red Hematite, containing a mixture of Oxide of Manganese" and that it is especially well adapted to the production of forge iron and steel, the manganese being useful in the manufacture of these." In the same communication, the learned Professor furnishes the following results of a careful analysis:

One hundred grained ore yielding by analysis

Silica,	17.80
Carbonate of Lime,	4.00
Alumina,	2.10
Per Oxide of Iron,	52.50
Oxide of Manganese,	18.90
Water,	5.70
	100.00

Upwards of £20,000 have been expended by the Company upon their works at Woodstock, and it is still contemplated to lay out a large amount, in order that puddling, rolling, &c., can be carried on with advantage, whilst the Association entertain the idea of manufacturing steel on their premises. The cheapness and abundance of the material for the production of charcoal, and the inexhaustible supply of ore, afford great encouragement for the pursuit of this enterprising undertaking to a very large extent. Great Britian, we believe, presents the market to which the iron and steel of Woodstock will soon be shipped in considerable quantities.—[Courier.

Melancholy Catastrophe at Sea.—We understand that Capt. Gray and three or four of the crew of the barque *John S. DeWolfe*, of this Port, were killed by lightning on the passage from Liverpool to New-York.—[New-Brunswicker.]

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, APL 18, 1849

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon, HARRIS HATCH, President.
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.
Discount Day—TUESDAY.
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.
☞ BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before MONDAY otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Alms and Work House.
Commissioners—H. H. Hatch, A. T. Paul, Thos. Sampson, John Irwin, D. Bradley.

St. Andrews
Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company
R. M. ANDREWS, Esq., *President.*
J. Wetmore, *Agent*

Saint Stephens Bank
G. D. KING Esq., *President.*
Discount Day—SATURDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.
☞ Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before FRIDAY, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

On the 5th inst. the House passed a Bill to give additional encouragement to the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad Company, giving them all the Crown Lands within five miles of each side of the line when the road is finished, but 10,000 acres of the said lands shall be given to them as each £10,000 is expended. The bill has since passed the Council.

The House went into committee on a Bill for the relief of unfortunate Debtors. This Bill provides that any person owing £100 or upwards, and unable to meet his demands, may apply to the Master of the Rolls on oath, accompanied by a certificate from one-fourth of his creditors, and that the Master of the Rolls shall then call a general meeting of the creditors. At this meeting the debtor may compound, and thereby discharge his debts, provided that four-fifths of the creditors (in both number and amount) are agreed. If no such arrangement is effected, the debtor may surrender all his effects and receive a discharge.

On the 10th inst. Mr. Ritchie moved a Resolution to the following effect, viz: that the Province shall take stock in the St. John and Shediac Railway to the amount of 150,000*l*, and that no advance of money shall be made towards the undertaking until a like sum of 150,000*l* shall be subscribed for by individuals, and ten per cent of the same be actually paid up; that the line may be then commenced, the Province paying its instalments as required in the same ratio as other Stockholders.

This resolution elicited a warm debate.—The hon. Mr. Fisher moved an amendment to the effect that the Province should advance £5,000 whenever individuals advanced £10,000; the amendment was lost 10 to 21.

The Committee then divided upon the original Resolution as follows:—

Ayes—Messrs. Ritchie, L. A. Wilmot, R. D. Wilmot, Partelow, Jordan, Woodward, Ansley, Montgomery, Barbarie, End, Street Botsford, Wilson, Vail, S. Earle, Smith Baillie, Taylor, and Perger:—19.

Nays—Fisher, Read, J. Earle, Gilbert, Connel, Hayward, Miles, McLeod, Wark, Thompson, Boyd, and Cranney:—12.

The Bill was rejected in the Council on Friday last, on its second reading by a large majority.

Our readers will observe that Mr. Porter one of the Representatives of this County voted with the majority, to saddle the County with a debt which would be the means of ruining the Province and keeping those who remained in it in bondage—in truth a measure properly termed by the hon Mr. Simonds, as a "dreadful outrage upon the people," such conduct may well be viewed—"as a *gaing over to the enemy*," as our contemporary of the Gazette has it. Mr. Brown left the House before the peorogation—why he did so, we cannot say, there are various surmises however as to his *motives*.

On Tuesday, all the appropriations for the services of the Couriers, were lost in the Council. Also the Bill for issuing £6,000 Provincial Paper, was rejected in the Council on Wednesday.

ST. ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILROAD.—There cannot be a doubt, that the Companys prospects are brighter than they ever have been before. The large quantity of land which has been granted by the Legislature o the Company, together with the guarantee of 6 per cent interest on £100,000 for 25 years after the line is completed to Woodstock, render it one of the best and safest investments in the Province. And we have every

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DAY, APL. 18, 1849

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reason to believe that the work will be carried on with spirit this season. Mr. Boyd's unflinching advocacy of the Railroad in the Assembly, and Dr. Thomson's efforts to promote the undertaking, entitle these gentlemen to the thanks of their constituents.

INQUEST.—An Inquest was held on Friday last by Dr. Gove, coroner, on the body of Capt. Isaac Parington, of Calais, Me., which was picked up hanging over the gunwale of a boat in the Bay, and a verdict returned of "found drowned."

☞ Several articles have been crowed out of the present number, will be inserted in our next.

DIED,

On 17th inst., Mr. William Little, aged 19 years, youngest son of the late Mr. John Little of this place.

At St. Stephen, on the 4th inst., Rebecca, wife of Mr. Robert Kerr, aged 25 years, and second daughter of William Campbell, Esq., of that place leaving an affectionate husband and a large circle of friends and relations to lament their bereavement.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 31 day of November next, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 5 p. m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of JACOB REID, to the Farm or Lot No. 4, Block letter S. in Fanmings Division, of the Cape Ann Grant, situated in the Parish of Saint Davids, containing 100 Acres more or less, with the buildings, &c, thereon.

Also.—All his right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever to a Lot of Land containing about 10 Acres, situated also in the Parish of St. Davids, and lying between the above mentioned lot and the Fredericton Road, with the improvements thereon.

This same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
April 17 1849.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 3rd day of November next, between the hours of 12 a m and 5 p m at the COURT HOUSE, in St Andrews.

ALL the right title interest, claim property and demand whatsoever of JAMES LINTON, jun. in and to the following described tracts lots or parcels of Land situate in the Parish of St. Patrick, together with the buildings, improvements and privileges thereunto belonging, viz:

A certain lot of land in the Parish of St. Patrick's known as lot No. 8 formerly granted to one Thomas Irwin, to the grant to Edward Lascelles and others, conveyed to James Linton jr. by James Bird Esq., and wife, containing 100 Acres more or less.

Also a lot of land situate in said Parish formerly granted to the late William McGee, containing 100 Acres more or less, conveyed to J. Linton jr. by Thos. Berry and wife.

A lot of land situate in said Parish, being distinguished as lot No. 3 in the grant to Wm. Smith, George Smith and James Dean, conveyed to J. Linton jr. by James Kyle and wife, containing 200 Acres more or less.

A lot of land situate in said Parish beginning at the Navigation Lake, so called, and running westward towards John Pye's corner, so called, containing about 150 Acres more or less, said land conveyed to J. Linton jr. by John McGee.

A lot of land situate in said Parish formerly granted to Colin Campbell, and known as lot No. 6, conveyed to J. Linton jr. by Eliphalet Hanson and wife, containing about half an Acre.

A lot of land situate in said Parish formerly granted to one John Cumming, near to Bonapattes Lake, conveyed to J. Linton jr. by James Linton Senr. containing about 100 Acres, with all the buildings, erections and privileges appertaining thereto.

A lot of land situate in said Parish, known as lot No. 6, formerly granted to one Mark Turner, in grant to Daniel Hanson and six others, conveyed to Jas. Linton jr. by Jacob Turner and wife, containing 200 Acres more or less.

A lot of land situate in said Parish called the Mill lot, containing about 40 Acres, with Mill, mill stream, right of flowage of water above mill, said land conveyed to J. Linton jr. by John Wilson Esq.

All that lot of land in said Parish formerly granted to one Thomas Turner containing about 63 Acres, conveyed to J. Linton jr. by Jas McLeod.

Also all that lot of land in said Parish, granted to J. Linton senr. containing 62 Acres, conveyed by said J. Linton, senr. to Jas. Linton jr.

To satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of John Wilson Esq. endorsed to levy £705 7s. with interest besides Sheriffs fees, &c.

THOS. JONES.
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriffs Office, St. Andrews,
April 17, 1849.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the St. Andrews Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company, is requested at the Office of the Company on Monday the 23rd inst. at 12 o'clock noon, when the accounts for the past year will be examined, and other business transacted connected with Mills &c.

By Order,
JUSTUS WETMORE,
AGENT.

St. Andrews, April 16, 1849.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office St. Andrews, 15th April, 1849.

Adams Capt. G. B.	Kavanagh Walter
Byrne Jane	McLaughlan Mary
Coyne John	McLean William
Crabbe James	McLurkin William
Day Owen	McIntee Hugh
Duke Richard	McKean Andrew
Evans Roger	McMurry W. John
Ellis John	McLean Malcolm
English Mary	Marshall Thomas
Fitzgerald B. R. 2	O'Neal Francis
Fee William	Ridley David
Kelly William	Sims Peter
For St. Patrick,	
Gass Irwing	Reed Jacob
McCartney Samuel	Scullion Patrick

☞ Persons calling for any of the above will please say "advertised."

GEO F CAMPBELL,
P. M.

NOTICE.

THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY ARE desirous of obtaining 300 Bushels of *SEED POTATOES* this spring, of approved description and quality, for which a fair price will be given. Application to be made to Messrs. I. Turner, E. Pheasant, and S. Getty.

The Directors have agreed to include Potatoes, Turnips, Beets, Parsnips, Carrots, and Beans, among the articles for which Premiums will be offered this season.

By Order.
ALEX. T. PAUL,
Secretary.

St. Andrews, April 18th, 1849.

Staple & Fancy DRY GOODS, &c. BY AUCTION.

W. WHITLOCK, Auctioneer.

SALE ON TUESDAY, 24th APRIL.

THE Subscriber intending to leave the Province in May next, will offer the whole of her stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods at Public Auction, on Tuesday the 24th instant.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock and be continued each day, until the whole is disposed of.

M. SHERLOCK.

St. Andrews, April 11, 1849.

Persons indebted to the Subscriber will please call and settle their respective accounts before the 1st may, and save expence.

ST. ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILROAD

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of the Act of Incorporation, the annual general Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company will be held at the Town Hall, in St. Andrews, on the First Tuesday in May next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors, and transaction of other business.

S. H. WHITLOCK, *Secretary*

St. Andrews, March 29, 1849.

For sale or to Let.

THAT well known FARM and Premises situated near Tupper's Mill (so called) on the Digdeguash River, being the same at present occupied by John Appleby, containing 100 acres more or less, with a good House, and Barn, fronting on the great Road leading from Bocabec Bridge to St. Stephen and Calais. One half of the Farm is under cultivation and cuts about 12 tons of Hay. There is also on the premises an eligible site for a Lath Machine which could be constructed at a small expense. These premises are well worthy the attention of persons desirous of settling in that flourishing neighbourhood. Should the above not be sold immediately, it will be rented for one or more years on reasonable terms, from the first day of May next. For particulars apply to Messrs. Paine and Sons Eastport, or the Subscriber.

W. MacLEAN,

St. Andrews April 3rd, 1849.

March 20th, 1849.

Brandy, Gin, Wines, London Brown Stout & Pale Ale, &c.

2 PIPES and 2 Hhds "*Martell's*" finest *BRANDY*, 1 Pipe and 2 Hogsheads "*Otards*" 6 Hhds. finest Pale *HOLLANDS*, "*Lily*," *brand*: 1 Hhd. fine Old PORT WINE, 6 Qr. Casks Port Wine, 1 Hogshead and 1 Quarter Cask fine Old SHERRY, 3 Hhds. Woodhouse's Sicily Madeira, 2 Qr. Casks White Wine Vinegar, 100 Dozen London, D. B. Stout and Porter, 50 do do Pale Ale, 1 Hhd. Hoist Crushed Sugar, 1 do. Refined Loaf do., 2 Hhds *MOLASSES*, 5 Boxes best Poland Starch, 3 Bags Black Pepper, 4 do. Java and St Domingo do., 20 Boxes Liverpool Soap, 10 do. do. Crown do. 4 Boxes short Tobacco Pipes, 10 Cwt best White Paint, Red, Yellow and Black ditto, 2 Hhds. Linseed Oil, 3 Casks Whiting, 1 ditto Glue, 1 Crate EARTHENWARE, 25 Boxes Window Glass, assorted, &c. &c.

JAMES W. STREET.

SELLING OFF

THE Subscriber intending to leave the Province in May next, has commenced selling off her STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, BELOW COST, as she is desirous of closing her business.

Persons indebted to her will please call and settle their respective accounts as soon as possible.

M. SHERLOCK

MEETING OF COURTS.

THE Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday 24th day of April next at 12 o'clock.

At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.

By Order of Her Majesty's Justices,
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
St. Andrews, March 24, 1849.

MARCH 15, 1849.

The Subscriber offers for sale at a reduced rate, the remainder of his stock of

HARDWARE,

consisting of the following articles:

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Short & long handle Fry Pans,
Brass Candlesticks,
Wilks's patent Brass Joint butts,
Brass Cabin Hooks and Eyes,
" Buttons on plates,
" Socket Castors, Brass Butts,
" Plate do. " Screw Knobs
" Trunk handles, " do Rings,
" Curtain Pins,
" Escutcheon Pins,
Irish mouse traps, smoothing Planes, Jack Planes, Saw sets, Glass paper, Bed Keys, Sailors sheaths and belts, Bullet moulds, Shot pouches, C. S. Farmer Chisels, C. S. Farmer & Turning Gouges,
20 doz. MILL SAW FILES "Marshes & Shepherd's,"
Hand-saw Files, Half round bastard Files, Wood Rasps, C. S. Pit saw Files, Cann's C. S. Cooper's Adzes Billet Webs, C. S. PIT SAWS 7 feet ⅞ & ⅞ inch space, Cross Cut Saws, Hand Saws,
16 Cwt. shot assorted from BB & SSG to no. 7, Cut and Rose nails assorted, Horse & Ox nails Scotch screw Augurs from ⅝ to 2½ inch; Tinned Iron Sauce Pans and Tea Kettles, Patent Enamelled Preserving Kettles and Sauce Pans, Pump Tacks, Wood Screws, Chest Hinges and Locks ⅝ and ⅞ inch Cut Shoe Bills, ⅝ and ½ inch Brass Shoe Bills, ⅝ and ¾ inch Brass Shoe Bills 5, 6, and 7 inch Bed Screws, Hooks and Hinges, Padlocks, Norfolk Latches, Brass Door Locks, Improved Latches, Single Roller Gun Locks, Percussion Locks, Trunk Locks, Till Locks, Cupboard Locks, Improved Iron Rim Locks, Trying Squares, Spoke shaves, Paint Brushes and sash Tools, white wash Brushes, Black Lead Brushes, hearth Brushes, Horse Brushes, scrubbing Brushes, Deck scrubbing Brushes, Wilson's shoe Knives, Black and White Coffin Cord, Coffin Plates, Imitation Dessert Knives and Forks, &c., Ivory *TABLE and DESSERT KNIVES and FORKS with CARVERS to match.* Butcher Knives Yellow and White Closing Thread, Sewing Awls, House Bells, Camp Desk Locks, Block Tin, Iron Rivets, Tin Candlesticks, Springs Kettle Ears, Sheathing Copper, Hair Seating, Black and Scarlet Silk Gimp, Halter Chains, Dog Chains, Trace Chains, Cart Hames, Percussion Guns States and State Pencils, Curry Combs, Italian Irons, Sadirons, London Mixed Pins, Long Handle Irish Spades, Short Handle Shovels, Lead Cocks, Molasses Gates, 20 Kegs Gunpowder, Andirons, Fire irons, Cutler's Warranted Blacksmith's Vices, Hill's Anvils, 3lbs., 4lbs. and 6lbs.; Sheet Lead, Bake Ovens and Pots, 15 Boxes Tin Plates, assorted, 24 Bundles Sheet Iron, Iron Wire, steelyards, Gridles, Gridirons, Iron Cleavers, 5 Tons Refined and Common IRON, assorted; Plough Plate Iron, Thimble Iron 1 Ton Deck spikes, from 3½ to 8 inch &c, &c.

A Discount of from 5 to 10 per cent. made for prompt payment.

J. W. STREET.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE,

BETWEEN

ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHEN, AND MILLTOWN.

The Subscriber having contracted with the Post Office Department to carry the Mail, has commenced running a Stage from ST. ANDREWS to ST. STEPHENS and MILLTOWN, according to the following arrangement, viz:

Leaving Saint Andrews on Monday and Wednesday at 6 o'clock, A. M., and

Milltown on Tuesday and Thursday at 9 o'clock, and St. Stephens at 10 o'clock on the same days.

The well known disposition of the Subscriber, who for many years has driven upon this mail route, to give every attention to the comfort and convenience of Passengers, will, he trusts, secure him a full share of public patronage.

The Stage Books will remain open at Bradfords Temperance Hotel, St. Andrews; Ryder's Store, St. Stephens; and Ray's Hotel, Milltown.

THOMAS HARDY.

St. Andrews, December 20, 1848.

ST STEPHENS BANK,
ST. STEPHEN, March 1, 1849.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. will be paid to Stockholders, on the 30th instant.

D. UPTON,
Cashier.

A CARD.

THE Catholic School in Saint Andrews, under the Superintendence of Mr. McGarrigle, has just been reopened for the reception of pupils.

Having recently returned from the Model and Training School at Fredericton a "First class teacher," Mr. McGarrigle, intends to give instruction in several branches which have not been hitherto taught in the School, and he flatters himself that his institution shall not be inferior to any in the town.

In addition to the branches of English education, the course of instruction will embrace the Latin, Greek, and French languages, lessons in Rhetoric & Elocution; will be given on every Wednesday to those who may feel disposed to acquire a knowledge of these beautiful arts.

Terms moderate.

Saint Andrews, 14th February, 1849.

Grand Manan Packet.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has commenced running the fast Schr. "Emeraus," between St. Andrews, Campobello, Eastport and Grand Manan Leaving St. Andrews every Saturday, if the weather permits, touching at the above mentioned places.

Parcels left at the store of William McLean Esq will be punctually forwarded.

OWEN PARKER
MASTER.

St. Andrews, Feb 14th 1849

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of THOMAS WYER, late of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, deceased, are requested to hand in the same, duly attested, within three calendar months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment of George D. Street, Barrister at Law, at his office, in Saint Andrews.

Dated at Saint Andrews, the third day of February, 1849.

SARAH WYER, *Executrix.*
GEORGE D. STREET, } *Executors*
THOMAS T. WYER, }

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of Joseph E. Messenett of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Bankrupt.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Province, intituled, "An Act relating to Bankruptcy in this Province," and of the Acts in addition to and in amendment of the same, Jos. E. Messenett, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, has been declared Bankrupt and has accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now, therefore, I do hereby give public notice, that by the virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed S. H. Whitlock of St Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of said Bankrupt; and I do require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 2d day of March next, all such sum and sums of money, debts and duties, as they may owe to the said bankrupt; and all persons who may have in their possession, power or custody, any Property or Effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee, on or before the said 2d of March next; and I do require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the date hereof, to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to by satisfaction, their respective claims and demands, whether the same are actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt: And notice is hereby further given, that I appoint a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to be held on Friday, the 9th day of March next, at noon of that day, at the office of the Provisional Assignee, in St. Andrews aforesaid; and a further meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt will be held on Saturday 10th day of March next, at the same hour, at the Office aforesaid for the purpose of receiving proof of or of contesting any claim presented against the said Estate; at which meetings or any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined upon oath, touching his Estate and dealings, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be done as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews aforesaid, this 5th day of February A. D. 1849.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner in and for the County of Charlotte, of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts,

In the matter of Jos E. Messenet of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, a Bankrupt.

Public Notice is hereby given, that upon the application of the said Bankrupt this day, made to me, I do appoint a Public Sitting to be held on Monday the 23d day of APRIL at 12 o'clock, noon, of the same day, at the office of the Assignee, in St. Andrews, for the allowance of a certificate of conformity to the said Bankrupt, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the Assembly of this Province, in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case requires.—Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 10th day of March, A. D. 1849.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner in and for the County of Charlotte, of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts.

In the matter of Justus E. Knight of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled "An Act relating to Bankruptcy in this Province," and of the Acts in addition to and in amendment of the same, Justus E. Knight, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me; Now, therefore, I do hereby give public notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris H. Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the Bankrupts; and I do require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 2d day of March next, all such sum and sums of money debts or duties, as they may owe to the said Bankrupt; and all persons who may have in their possession, power or custody, any Property or Effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee, on or before the said 2d day of March next, and I do require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the date hereof, to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to by satisfaction, their respective claims and demands whether the same are actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt: And notice is hereby further given, that I appoint a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts, to be held on Friday the 9th day of March next, at noon of that day, at the Office of the Provisional Assignee, in St. Andrews aforesaid; and a further meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt will be held on Saturday, the 10th day of March next, at the same hour, at the Office aforesaid, for the purpose of receiving proof of or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate; at which meetings, or at any adjournments thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined upon oath, touching his Estate and dealings, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be done as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews aforesaid, this 6th day of Feb. A. D. 1849.

H. HATCH,
Commissioner in and for the County of Charlotte, of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts.

FISH STORE.

THE Subscriber has opened a FISH STORE on the East Side of the Square next door to C. E. O. Hatheway's Store, and has on hand the following, which he will sell extremely low for cash

50 Qtl. Dry Cod fish
50 do., Pollock
100 Boxes best smoked Herring
20 Bbls. No 1. Gibbed Herring
A few Barrels & Half Bbls. Mackerel,

and solicits the custom of Purchasers in Town and from the Country, who will find it to their advantage by giving him a call.

THEO. WINCHESTER.

St. Andrews, Feb. 16th 1849.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Samuel Curry, late of the Parish of St. Andrews, deceased, are required to present them duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JOHN CURRY,
Executor.

St. Andrews, Jan. 16 1849.

RAIL ROAD ROOMS,
St. Andrews, 24 January, 1849.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders in the St. Andrews and Quebec Rail Road Company, are hereby notified, that a

Second Call of
TEN PER CENT. OF THE CAPITAL
OF SAID COMPANY,

Is now made, and payable by the several Stockholders at the following Banks, viz: Charlotte County Bank, St. Andrews; British North America Bank, St. John, Fredericton and Woodstock agreeably to the Act of Corporation.

S. H. WHITLOCK,
Secretary.

U. S. Consulate Notice.

C. WHITTAKER, Esq., United States Consul at St. John, N. B., having with the sanction of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, appointed me U. S. Consul for the Port of Saint Andrews, all persons interested, will take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

THOS. JONES.

St. Andrews, Nov. 21, 1848.

NOTICE.

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.

A North Britainer, who is well acquainted with Iron Founding & machine building in all its branches, is desirous of commencing said business in St. Andrews, deeming it a most eligible location, providing a Company could be formed to begin in the right manner. He feels confident in stating that instead of this Province being an importer of Stoves, Castings & Machinery, she would be an exporter of said articles, all being in favor of the manufacturer here, what are now great disadvantages to the Yankee, for instance would be saved 20 per cent on Iron, 33 1-3 per cent on labor, & 30 per cent on Coal, ground Acc. He Could take into the United States if required, manufactures of the above description, pay duty, and have a remunerating profit. He is a thorough business, go-ahead Character, and could give information to parties relative to cost and profits of various kinds of manufactures. Let a Company be formed say capital one or five thousand pounds, shares £5 or 25 each. All requisite information given by applying post paid, to W. Post Office, Saint John, N. B.

February 13, 1849.

Liquors, &c.

Ex "Portland" from Liverpool, via St. John, the Subscriber has received as follows:

3 PIPES } Finest Cognac BRANDY,
6 Hhds. } Martell & other brands,
6 Hhds. finest Pale Hollands,
40 Kegs best White Paint,
6 Boxes best Starch,
2 Bbls. French Vinegar,
20 Quarter Bbls Gunpowder, 25lbs. each, &c &c.

J. W. STREET.

BLANKS FOR SALE At this Office.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

SHERIFF'S SALES.

The following Sales will take place at the COURT HOUSE IN ST. ANDREWS.

Real Estate	of Edward Seelye	May	5
Do	Steam Mill Company	do	26
Do	James Braniff	Sept'r	29
Do	J. S. & R. Jarvis	do	29
Do	William Smart	Oct.	27

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 5th day of May next, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 5 p m at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Edward Seelye of in and to the following Properties in the Parish of St. George, with the Houses, Mills and other appurtenances thereunto belonging, viz.—

All that certain lot or parcel of land, commencing at the boundary at the shore of the Basin, so called thence running in a southerly direction to the eastern gate post near the Tan-house, on the Mascareen road, so called, thence to the Mill stream:—

All that lot or parcel of land beginning at a Pine tree on the bank of the River Maguadavic near the residence of the late Stewart Seely, thence westerly along the St. Andrews road:

All that certain lot or parcel of land commencing on the road leading from Maguadavic to Mascareen at the intersection of the Eastern boundary line of lot No 52 in the Mascareen grant:

And also all that certain lot or parcel of land in the neighbourhood of Brockway's, beginning at an Elm tree on the north-western bank of the Maguadavic river, these Lots containing in all 200 Acres more or less.

The same having been seized and levied on, to satisfy an Alias Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of James Lynott, endorsed to levy £114 4 8 besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriffs Office,
St. Andrews, 20th October, 1848.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 26th day of May, 1849, between the hours of 12 a m and 5 p m, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews,

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the St. Andrews STEAM MILLS & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, to Lot No, 17, situate in Morris's Division, of the Town Plat of Saint Andrews, described in a plan of the Pagan Estate, and beginning at a point on the North western line of a new street laid down on the aforesaid plan, leading from Water street to the Harbour, with the Steam Mill, and other erections and improvements thereon, and also, all the said Company's right, title, interest, claim and demand to that piece, parcel or lot of land, conveyed to them by F. A. Babcock, adjoining the above lot No. 17, with the Water lots called 6 and 7, together with the Wharves, stores and other buildings thereon. And also the said Companys right, title, interest claim and demand to a tract of land on the Lepreau, in the Parish of Pennfield, containing 540 acres granted by the Crown to the said Company, To satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, in favour of Justus Wetmore George W. Mowe, and Subal D. Todd and Charles Waite, endorsed respectively to levy £2313 7 4, £98 18 10, and £296 6 5, besides Sheriff fees &c.

THOS. JONES.
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriffs Office, St. Andrews.
Nov. 10, 1848.

To be Sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 29th day of September next, between the hours of 12 a. m and 5 p m., at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of James Braniff, of in and to that certain lot of land, in the Town and Parish of St. George, occupied by Patrick Watters, on the South side of the main Road leading from St. John through the said Town, containing about one eighth of an Acre.

Also all his right title, and interest to a lot of land in the Parish of Pennfield, situated on the road from St. Andrews to St. John, formerly known as the Watters farm containing 300 acres more or less and which land was conveyed by Patrick Watters to Mary Braniff, The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the Suit of William Wilson, endorsed to levy £10 15 8, Sheriffs fees &c.,

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte

Sheriffs Office, St Andrews,
March 6th 1849.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 29th day of September next, between the hours of 12 & 5 o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE, in St. Andrews

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of JOHN S. JARVIS and ROBERT JARVIS both and to the following Lot of Land situated in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, viz:—

TOWN LOT No. 6, block Letter T. Morris's Division.

To satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suits of the President Directors and Company, of the Charlotte County Bank, and John Townshend and Robert Townshend, endorsed to levy respectively £1050 and £293 16s &c. besides Sheriffs fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte

Sheriff's Office,
March 10, 1849.

To be Sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 27th day of October next, between the hours of 12 a. m. and 5 p. m., at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim property and demand whatsoever of WILLIAM SMART, of, in and to that certain lot of Land, situate in the Pleasant Ridge settlement in the Parish of St. Patrick, containing 100 hundred Acres, known as part of Lot number Nine, originally granted to Nathan Neblock, and bequeathed by him to the said Wm. Smart, and lying on the South side of the old Fredericton Road.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Lachlan Cameron Esq., endorsed to levy £56 7 5, with interest, Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
April 3, 1849.

ENGLISH MAILS.

Days on which the Mails for England will be closed at the Post Office, St. Andrews for 1849.

	1849.	5½	A. M
Tuesday	9th January		"
Friday	19th "		"
Tuesday	6th February		"
Friday	16th "		"
Tuesday	6th March		"
Friday	16th "		"
Tuesday	3d April		"
Friday	13th "		"
Tuesday	1st May		"
Friday	4th "		"
Tuesday	15th "		"
Friday	18th "		"
Tuesday	29th "		"
Friday	1st June		"
Tuesday	12th "		"
Friday	15th "		"
Tuesday	26th "		"
Friday	29th "		"
Tuesday	10th July		"
Friday	13th "		"
Tuesday	24th "		"
Friday	27th "		"
Tuesday	7th August		"
Friday	10th "		"
Tuesday	21st "		"
Friday	24th "		"
Tuesday	4th September		"
Friday	7th "		"
Tuesday	18th "		"
Friday	21st "		"
Tuesday	2nd October		"
Friday	5th "		"
Tuesday	16th "		"
Friday	19th "		"
Tuesday	30th "		"
Friday	2nd November		"
Tuesday	13th "		"
Friday	16th "		"
Tuesday	27th "		"
Friday	30th "		"
Tuesday	11th December		"
Friday	14th "		"
Tuesday	25th "		"

LOAF AND CRUSHED SUGAR, &c

Ex "Charles Hamerton" from Liverpool.

REFINED Loaf SUGAR, in 6lb and 12lb loaves,
Refined crushed Sugar, suitable for preserving fruit.
Pearl and Pot Barley, Split Pease.
In Store and constantly on Hand
S. F. Flour, Corn Meal, Navy and Pilot Bread, Beans, Rice, Pork, Boston Hams, Molasses, Brown Sugar, Souchong and Hyson Tea, Coffee Pollock and Cod Fish, Porpoise, Seal, and Fish Oil Soap, Room Paper, Preserved Ginger.

W. WHITLOCK.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intending to leave the Province for some time, requests all Persons indebted to him, to call immediately and settle their respective accounts, and save expence.

RICHARD McGEE.

St George, Nov. 21, 1848.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of Mrs. ANN JARVIS, late of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment.

GEO. D. STREET, Executor.

St. Andrews, 15th Nov. 1848.

E. BAYARD, M. D.,

Graduate of the University of Edinburgh,

Intends practising his Profession in St. Andrews and its vicinity.

Dr. E. B. may be found at his rooms, in Mrs COLDWELL's Boarding House, King-street.

NOTICE.

:o:o:o:

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of James Spence, late of the Parish of St. James deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months; and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

ROBERT SPENCE,
JOHN SPENCE, } Administrators

St. James, Sep 1, 1848.

NATIONAL LOAN FUND. LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.

A Savings Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

CAPITAL £600,000 Sterling;
Exclusive of a Received Fund (Surplus Premiums) of £37,000, Sterling.

ADVANTAGES OFFERED BY THE SOCITY.

Perfect security, arising from a large Capital, totally independent of the Premium Fund

Loans—Two thirds of the Annual Premiums paid, or half the Premiums for the first five years; which half may remain on interest, to be deducted from the amount of the policy at the death of the assured.

Low rates of Premium.—The rates of Premium are low as any Society of equal standing.

Division of Profits.—The Bonus's in this Society are declared ANNUALLY, and each year the Assured has the option of receiving her profits in Cash, in reduction of premium or in addition to the sum insured, the Bonus are PERMANENT.

Premiums may be paid annually, half-yearly, or quarterly.

Insurance may be effected for one year, five years, or for life, with or without participation in the profits of the Society.

A liberal allowance for the surrender of all policies.

Every information as to the Society's Rate of Premium, mode of Insurance, and blank forms of application may be had at the office of the Subscribers, who have Pamphlets for gratuitous distribution, and all documents required for effecting Insurance.

Local Directors at St. John.

EDWARD L. JARVIS, Esq., *Chairman*
Edward Allison, Esq. Robt. F. Hazen, Esq
Wm. Wright, Esq. John H. Gray, Esq.

WILLIAM J. STARR, } *Managers*
FREDERICK R. STARR, } *& Agents.*

Medical Examiner at St. Andrews, Dr. Gove.

GEO. D. STREET, Sub-Agent at Saint Andrews.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John Mowat, deceased (late of the Parish of St. George,) are hereby requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

HARRIET MOWAT, Admx.
W. H. MOWAT, Admr.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Non Resident Property in the Parish of St. Andrews, has been assessed as under, for the last year, and unless the amount together with the cost of advertising &c., are paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to Law.

John & Harrison Kinnear,	2s 11d.
Robert McGill,	6s

HUGH MORISON,
Collector of Rates.

St. Andrews, Jan. 1, 1849.

Sheet Iron, Tin Plates &c. &c.

Ex Columbus from Liverpool, Via St. John, the Subscriber has received,

40 Bundles sheet Iron assorted,
12 boxes Tin plates,
21 Stone Iron Wire,
20 doz Single & Double cut mill Files
20 " Pit & Hand saw Files, Marshes and Shepherds' make.
10 Bags best Horse and Ox Nails, &c. &c.

Nov. 1, 1848. J. W. STREET.

6th November, 1848.

FLOUR, MEAL, &c. &c.

FROM NEW-YORK VIA EASTPORT.

100 BBLS. S. F. Genessee FLOUR
25 half Bbls do do.
8 Bbls. Rye Flour,
1 Tierce RICE,
8 Bbls. MESS PORK.
1 Bale extra Cotton BATTING,
Bags Yellow CORN MEAL.

A good assortment of Mens, Womens, Boys, Misses and Childrens Shoes, &c. &c.

St. Andrews. W. WHITLOCK

☞ Auctioneer and Commission business attended to as usual. W. W.

For Sale.

A commodious TWO STORY HOUSE situate in Queen Street at present in the occupation of Mr. Dennis Bradley.

ALSO TO LET.

And possession given on 1st September, the House at the top of Queen-street, owned by Mr. Thomas Crowley, at present occupied by J. Garby, Esq.

Aug 25. Apply to J. W. STREET.

COFFEE.

Just received per Schooner Nelson from Boston:

6 Bags St. Domingo and Java COFFEE.

For sale low

Nov. 10, 1848. JAMES W. STREET

Hams, Hams, Hams.

JUST received and for sale by the Subscriber a Lot of prime Boston HAMS.

Nov 18, 1848. W. WHITLOCK

In preparation for the Press,

By J. MURRAY, ALBEMARLE-STREET, LONDON.

Woodvale Grange:

A Michaelmas Visit to the Forest of New Brunswick.

Orders, received by H. Chubb & Co., J. & A. McMillan, W. L. Avery, V. H. Nelson, and A. Frazer, St. John; F. Beverley, and H. S. Beck, Fredericton; and all other Booksellers.

Dec. 9, 1848.

TO LET.

SUNDRY SHOPS, and a DWELLING in those tenements lately occupied by Mr Thomas Sime and others, on the Market Square, from the 1st day of May next. Apply to DR. S. T. GOVE,

Saint Andrews, January 30th, 849.

BREAD! BREAD!

300 BARRELS different qualities and prices.
Barrels CRACKERS, do do and prices.
Boxes *Soda, Butter, Sugar and Dyspepsia* BISCUIT
Also—a few barrels do.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR.
Southern and Western WHEAT MEAL!

For sale at a small profit at
BRADISH & CO'S. BAKERY,
Corner of Dana and Water-streets,
EASTPORT.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has received by the Kent from London and Columbia from Liverpool.

45 Bales and Cases

Containing a large and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Which will be sold extremely low for cash.

Nov. 4. D BRADLEY.

SAMUEL COCHRAN, Sailmaker,

AYMAR'S WHARF, ST. ANDREWS

Respectfully informs the Merchants, Ship Owners and Ship masters, in this County, that he has taken the Sail Loft on Aymar's Wharf, where he is prepared to execute at short notice, all orders in his line of business that may be entrusted to him, with fidelity and on moderate terms. Having been brought up in Mr. Jarvis's establishment, he trusts that his work will give satisfaction.

St. Andrews, Sep. 23, 1848. 6o

Passage to Boston, Eastport and St. John N. B

THREE TIMES A WEEK EACH WAY.

STEAMERS
ADMIRAL, Capt. Thos. Rogers,
SENATOR, Capt. Seymour,

Will leave Boston and St. John from and after Wednesday, the 19th instant, every

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY

For the above Places.—Returning—will leave Eastport for Boston on the above mentioned days at 2½ o'clock, P. M., via Portland Rail Road or Cabin Passengers may continue on in the boat to Boston, at the same price, at their option.

☞ The Boats leave Boston, direct for St. John, N. B., on the above days, touching only at Eastport.

Passengers being in Portland, Bound to Eastport, can obtain Tickets of the Agent of this Line in that city, for $3, over the Railroad, and take the Boat at Boston.

The Boats leave Eastport for St. John, at 4 o'clock, on (TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,) of each week.

Passengers will be Ticketed through to St. John, by the steamer Nequasset for Steamer Admiral and Senator.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GEORGE HOBBS, Agent.

Eastport, Monday, July 17, 1848.

A CARD.

Merchants, Storekeepers, Mechanics, Farmer and Families, are respectably informed that

MR. CROWLEY'S
AMERICAN AND PROTESTANT
Intelligence Office,

Is removed from No 595 Washington, Street, to No 75 Chambers Street, Boston.

Suitable Assistants, of both sexes, supplied to such as favor him with their patronage

NOTICE.

ALL Persons trespassing on lands belonging to Robert William Crookshank, Jun., in the Parish of St. Patrick, namely, 300 Acres deeded by the late Colin Campbell and Wife, to R. W. Crookshank, Jun., 28th September, 1828, and also the North-Eastern part of Lot No. 3, in grant to Samuel Gardner, adjoining the above on the great road leading from St. Andrews to Fredericton, and containing 100 Acres, will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the law.

WM. KER,
Agent for the above Proprietor.

August 26, 1848.

$400 Wanted.

WANTED to borrow £100, for two or three years. Good Security given on Valuable Freehold Property, at present realizing a fair rent. Appld at the Standard Office, January 30th 1849.

PAINT OIL.

Ex "Laconia" from Hull,
6 Hhds. Boiled } LINSEED OIL,
3 " Raw }
Oct 2. For sale low. J. W. STREET

Canvas & Cordage.

The Undersigned have on hand, and are daily expecting a further assortment of Canvas, Cordage Twine &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Sep. 27 DIMOCK & WILSON

Land For Sale.

100 ACRES of excellent Woodland, fronting on the Glenelg Road, three miles from Chamcook, will be sold on moderate terms, if applied for immediately. Also.—A good Horse rising 6 years old, well known, will be disposed of at a bargain.

For terms &c, apply to

N. SMART.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

10 Hhds. Muscovada MOLASSES,
5 do. Bright SUGAR,
Just received and for sale low.

J. W. STREET

October 23, 1848.

BUILDING SOCIETY.

Established under Act of Assembly 10th Victoria, Chap 83, at a public Meeting, held at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute, Saint John September, 1847.

Shares, £120; Monthly Subscriptions, 12s, per Share; Management Fee 7½ per Share; present Entrance Fee, 5s.

The monthly Subscriptions are payable in Saint John on the first Monday in every month, and at the Branch Office, or Agencies, on the Thursday previous.

The first Subscription is due on the third day a January, 1848.

TRUSTEES—(with a Seat at the Board)—Wm. Wright, R. F. Hazen, and H. Chubb Esqrs.,

DIRECTORS:

Charles Drury,	George Wheeler,
Charles E. Raymond,	James Poyntz,
William C. Dunham,	John C. Littlehale,
John H. Gray,	Samuel Hayghue.
James Agnew.	

BANKERS—Bank of New Brunswick.

SECRETARY & TREASURER—Mr. C. L. Street

George D. Street, Esq. Agent, St. Andrews.
James G Stevens Esq., Agent, St. Stephens.

THIS SOCIETY is established on a mutual simplified system—the most approved in England; and founded on a basis so sound as to give the most effectual security to its members.

THE DESIGN OF THIS SOCIETY IS—

First—To enable persons to become their own Landlords, and purchase Freehold or Leasehold Property, by advances made by the Society. (*£300 positively advanced for £36 a year for eleven and a half years, which sum pays both principal and interest. Other sums in proportion.*)

Secondly—To provide a safe and profitable Fund for SAVINGS, or INVESTMENTS for small or large sums of money. (*This Society offers opportunities in this respect which no other Institution in this Province can do;—Savings' Banks only pay 5 per cent. whereas this Society pays 6 per cent. Compound Interest.*)

THE OTHER IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES ARE—

1st—No money is lent but on security on Real Property.

2d—New Members are admitted up to the time the Society will end, with equal *proportionate* advantages.

3d—Any Member may withdraw the amount of his Shares at any time after the first year, with the compound interest thereon. Shares may be transferred at any time.

4th—Members may invest their Money in PAID UP SHARES which will necessarily be doubled—£60 at the commencement being worth £120 at the conclusion.

5th—Mortgages can be repaid at any time with proper notice.

6th—The Accounts and Bank Book are open for the inspection of members at every monthly meeting.

7th—Securities given by all Officers of Trust.

The Board of Directors in St John have the GENERAL MANAGEMENT of the Society—but for the purpose of accommodating persons resident in other parts of the Province, BRANCH OFFICES, or AGENCIES, are formed—where Shares can be obtained, and all the payments made, in the various districts; and LOCAL BOARDS of Management will be established so soon as the number of Shares taken in any district render it advisable.

The FUNDS are procured from the Monthly Subscription of the Members, and also from Monies invested in *Paid up Shares*, which will always ensure ample means for meeting the advances required.

The PROFITS are certain, because the amount paid by the *borrower*, for an advance, must necessarily form the fund for paying the *lender*.

The EXPENCES of the SOCIETY are small, as the Officers act gratuitously, with the exception of the Secretary and Treasurer.

The FEES and FINES form a Contingent Fund out of which the expenses are paid, and the balance, which will be very considerable, will go into the general Fund, which will lessen the duration of the Society.

☞ Every information, with copies of Prospectus, Rules, &c. can be obtained on application at the Office of the Society; or at the Offices of the Agents.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES L. STREET,
Secretary & Treasurer,

Prince William street, St. John, N. B.
December 25, 1847.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Daniel Malloch, late of the Parish of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

WM. MALLOCH, } Executors.
W. H. MOWAT, }

St. Andrews, July 8, 1848.

GOODS.

THE Subscriber has received per *Cambria from London, and Wanderer from Liverpool via. St. John.*

A Splended Assortment of
FANCY AND DOMESTIC GOODS,
IN WOLLENS, LINENS, SILK & COTTONS

which are now open for inspection, of Purchasers, and will be Sold Extremely low for Cash, as they have been purchased in some of the best Houses in England, and *No Second Price* asked

Purchasers will find it worth their notice to call and examine the present Stock, as it will be found large for this market, and well assorted, and as above mentioned extremely low prices for Cash.

☞ *D. BRADLEY, Original Cheap Store, next door to Mr. Bradford's Temperance House*

St. Andrews May 26, 1848.

FLOUR, &c.

Just received Ex "SENATOR" from Boston, via Eastport.

50 Bbls. Georgetown Sup. fine Flour,
20 do Genessee do do
6 do Philadelphia Rye do
41 Boxes Sperm Candles, For sale by

Oct. 10, 1848. J. W. STREET

NOTICE.

A Dividend of THREE PER CENTUM on the Capital Stock of the Charlotte County Bank is hereby declared payable in 30 days from date.

J. RODGER.

C. C. Bank, Oct. 20, 1848. CASHIER.

NEW-BRUNSWICK BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS' FUND.

Established at St. John 30th Sep. 1847.

TRUSTEES—Wm. Wright, Robert F Hazen, H. Chubb.

Agent for Saint Andrews, Geo. D. Street Esq, Do. Saint Stephens. J. G. Stevens, Esq.,