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HASZARD'S ARD'S ARD'S ARD'S ARD SAR AR



FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Wednesday, November 23, 1853.

New Series, No. 88.

Haszard's Gazette. GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher. Published every Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island. Trans.—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. For the fret insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2a.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 4s.—6d. lines, 4s.—30 lines, 4s.—6d.—25 lines, 4s.—30 lines, 5s.—6d.—36 lines, 5s.—6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance.

Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued. 30 lines, 5s. 6d line. One four Advertiseme until forbid.

Georgetown Mails. THE MAILS for Georgetown until further Notice, will be made up and forwarded every Monday and Friday morning at nine o'clock.

THOS OWEN, Postmaster General.

May 2, 1853.

A BAZAAR.

A BAZAR.

Will be held at the Temperance Hall, at Charlottelown, on Tharsday, the 12th day of January, 1854, to aid in the erection of the Parson age House, in connection with St. John's Church, at Crapaud. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following Ladies.

MRS. JENKINS,

"PITE. GERALD, "E. PALMER,
"CUNDALL, "R. T. ROACH,

BAZAAR.

BAZAAR.

THE Christian Pablic are hereby notified, that the Ladies of the BAPTIST CHURCH and congregation worshiping in the Baptist Church, in Charlottetowa, purpose holding a BAZAAR in the Temperance Hall on Thursday the 29th, December, to aid in raising Frads for the erection of a Tower and Porch to the said Chapel.

Contributions in donations or work, will be thankfully received by either of the undersigned Committee.

MRS. W. BARNSTEAD, J. McGregor,
D. Wilson,
J. Weatherbe,

J. SCOTT,

J. LOVE, T. DESBRISAY, J. CURRY. Charlottetown, Nov.1, 1853. (All papers.)

Charlottetown Gas Works.

NOTICE.

IT is requested that all parties wishing to become Gas Consumers, this eason, will give early notice in writing to the Companies' Engineer, at the Works, so that no time may be lost in laying the service pipes, and internal fittings, which will be done according to priority, of application.

The Gas Company have engaged an experienced Gas fitter, from Scotland, and have imported an assortment of Lamps, Pendants, Brackets, &c., which may be seen in a few days at the Works.

By Order,

JOHN GAINSFORD, Secty.

Oct 24, 1853. In all the papers. NOTICE.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public generally that he has commenced business as, Commission Merchant and Auctioneer. At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, a hopes by promptness and punctuality to merit a she of their patronage.

ARTEMAS G. SIMMS.

A CARD.

THE undersigned having this day entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, their Business servitofore carried on by them individually, will in future be conducted under the Name and Firm of LONG-WORTH & YATES.
FRANCIS LONGWORTH,
ALBERT H. YATES.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, June, 16th, 1853.

N. B. The AUCTION business will at all times acceive their best attention.

Dissolution of Copartnership. DISSOLUTION OF COPARTMETSHIPTOTHCE is hereby given that the Copartmership
heretofore subsisting between the Subscribers
under the firm of CROSS & RENDLE. Tanners
& Carriers, hath been this day dissolved, by matual
consent. And all persons indebted to the said firm
are hereby requested to make payment to Christopher Cross.

CHRISTOPHER CROSS. CHRISTOPHER CROSS. JOHN RENDLE.

Charlottetown, 14th Sept., 1853.

N. B.—Likewise all persons having any demands against the said parties will please to render their accounts for settlement.

J. S. DEA EY. COMMISSION MERCHANT AND Ship Broker, No. 7. SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Freights and Vessels procured, at short notice for Europe, the British Provinces, West Isdies, Aus-tralia and California. Berths secured for the latter

Temperance Hall Company.

A T. A MEETING of the Directors of the above
A Company, held in the Temperance Hall, this
evening, the following Resolution was unanimously
adopted viz:

"Resolved, That the Treasurer (Mr. John W.
Morrison) be instructed to take the necessary legal
measures for the recovery of all unsettled Subscriptions
to the Temperance Hall Company."

"The Temperance

TO LICENSED TEACHERS.

WANTED a District Teacher of the first Class for the Stanhope and Covehead District— An experienced person will find it to his advantage An apprionced person to apply to add parties CURT'S LAWSON

A MAP OF P. E. ISLAND, LOURED no as to show the Electoral Dist For cale at Gmo. T. HASEARD'S Book S

(For Haszard's Gazette.)

To HIS EXCELLENCY SIR ALEXANDER BAN

Sir; I shall now point out the difference between Joint tock Banks and Private Banks, and the advantages of the former over the latter in reference to the secu-

of the former over the latter in reference to the secur-ity and welfare of the public.

The chief points of difference between a Joint Stock and a Private Bank are: the number of part-ners,—the permanency of capital,—and the form of

A Joint Stock Bank has invariably fixed capital, A soint Stock Bank has invariably fixed capital, and a numerous body of proprietors, who, while all individually interested in the prosperity of the Bank, have no individual control in its management. A Private Bank may consist of one or two partners, with a capital varying according to the wealth or convenience of the partners, of which the public have no means of acquiring correct information.

means of acquiring correct information. If a partner withdraws from a Joint Stock Bank, it is by the sale and transfer of his shares to some other party,-but the capital of the Bank is not affected party,—but the capital of the Bank is not affected, but remains as before; while one or more of the part-ners of a Private Bank may withdraw from it without the public being cognizant of the fact—leaving only men of straw to represent the Bank to the public, and the result is, wide-spreading distress and ruin to its

confiding customers.
In a Joint Stock Bank, the paid up capital is kept, and exclusively applied to the use of the customers of the Bank, in the legitimate purposes of banking; but there is no restriction on the partners of a Private Bank to prevent them engaging in hazardous specula-tions, which may not only draw largely on the means, but cripple the resources of the Bank in times of com-

The government of a Joint Stock Bank is vested in a Board of Directors, chosen annually by the general body of shareholders, and they are sworn to secreey as to the affairs of the Bank that may be brought before them. They should be men of experience, in case irrements are and not in the way of requiring bank accommodation themselves. In a Private Bank all the partners may attend to the administration of its affairs, and thus gain an unfair knowledge of the business transactions of its customers, which may be turned to their own advantage in their individual

In other respects, the business principals are the same, and the observations in my former letter apply equally to both.

I need hardly state to your Excellency, that so highly are the superior advantages of Joint Stock Banks approciated in Scotland, that every Private Bank in that country has ceased to exist, having most of them merged into the Joint Stock Banking Companies; while such an event as the failure of a Joint

panies; white sum an event as the manual Stock Bank is happily as yet unknown.

I leave the public to judge, from the foregoing remarks, which they conceive to be most conducive to the prosperity of this rising Colony: a properly constituted Joint Stock Bank, with an adequate paid up capital, and governed by Directors on the spot; or a Private Bank, of a limited number of partners, who may withdraw the whole or any part of their capital at their own convenience, and over whom the public imperatively called for in Charlottetown, is strongly demonstrated by the present distressing state of the circulation, and the immense inflax of Bank paper from the adjoining Colonies—which, besides the and inconvenience to the public, lays them open to

fraud and forgery.

From enquiries I have made, and the information in my concession, on this subject. I have no besitation From enquiries I have made, and the information in my possession, on this subject, I have no hesitation in coming to the conclusion that, under the fostering auspices of your Excellency, the establishment of a Bank in Charlottetown would be of easy accomplish-ment, and meet with immediate and general support.

I have heard a rumor, that a Branch of one of the Banks of Nova Scotia is to be established here. From my experience of Branch Banks, I should sny, that a Branch Bank of that Province would not suit the wants of this Island, and in times of distress Prince Edward Island would assuredly be treated as an

Yours respectfully,

W.

83 63

MISCELLANEOUS.

(From Harper's New Monthly Magazine.)

A correspondent sends ns, as his "depo-sit" for the "Drawer," the following: "Some two miles distant from our city,

there resides a physician, somewhat noted for his penurious manner of dealing with all those who may chance to fall into his practice.' Let me cite one of the many incidents relating to this gentleman, which has happened during his residence here:
"Some time since, in settling an account with one of his neighbours, the following

items were rendered in his bill. It should be mentioned that he had a field of buck-wheat immediately adjoining his friend's

"Mr. To Dr. —, Dr.
"To pasturing Bees on Buckwheat, from June to September \$ 63
"To time spent in watching said —'s Bees.

payment; but the Dooter carried it up into the courts,' one ofter another, but, after all, had the pleasure of paying all the costs, besides bearing the odium attached to such the state of nearly twenty pounds; however, if you great the state of nearly twenty pounds in the state of nearly twenty pounds. et Such an account was of course refused

of "Down East," which shall for the present be nameless. The story is entirely authen-tic, and is told in the dialect of those parts.

"I 'xpect you've hear'n tell of Dr.

"I 'xpect you've hear'n tell of Dr.

"No, I never have."

"Well, then, I'll tell you. You see, one day I met the Doctor at Simpkin's store, a-buyin' some groceries. It was awful cold. I felt a little hoarse, and my tongue was dreadfully furred up. So says I to the Doctor, says I:

"'My head feels a little acheish, like: what do you think I had better do?'
"'Why, friend S—,' says the Doctor,
says he, 'the best thing you can do is to
go home and soak your feet, and take a
sweat; 'cause if you don't,' says he, 'like

sweat; cause it you don't, says he, 'like as not you may have a fever.'

'Says I, 'Doctor, I was just a-thinkin' that a little sweat would do me good, and I guess I'll go home and try it right away.'

"Well, I did; I went home, and took a bowl-full of tansy-tea, bitter as gall, and if I didn't sweat like a beaver, 'tain't no matter. The next morning my head was as clear as a bell, and I was as good as ever I was.

"Well, a day or two afterward I met the Doctor; and after a little talking, says the

Doctor, says he:
"' Neighbour J---, I've got a little bill " I looked at him clus, and says I, 'A bill,

Doetor? " 'Yes,' says he, 'a bill for you know, at

Simpkin's store the other day.'
"What do you think he had gone and what do you think he had gone and done? He'd act'ally charged me tew dollars for telling me to go home and take a sweat, which I was just going to do myself. "Well, Doctor,' says I(for I didn't want to appear small, you know), 'it's all right; I'll bear it in mind." "Well, a few days after, the Doctor was

passing by my door in his chaise, and somehow or nother one of the wheels got a little loose; so says I, 'Doctor, ef you don't drive that linch-pin in an inch or so, that wheel will come off.'

"Says he, 'Thank you,' and he took a stun and driv in the pin.
"Well, I went into the house and jest

made a charge of it; and when he came along the next time I presented him the bill: " Hello!' says the Doctor, says he: what on airth is this for?' says he

"' Why, it's for advice, says I.
"'Advice!' says he—"what advice? I hain't had none o' your advice.'
"'Why, for driving in your wheel-pin

and I've only charged you two dollars twenty-five cents; and of I hadn't given you the advice, it might have cost you twenty times as much.'
"'Well,' says the Doctor, 'the difference

between your bill and mine is just twentyfive cents. "' That's all you owe me, says I.

" 'Well, I'll bear it in mind,' says he "And I 'xpect he will: he's as tight as a candle-mould, the Doctor is, and I guess he is able to bear it in mind!" We confess to a degree of pleasure in

the perusal of these "diamond-cut-diamond" anecdotes. They indicate that order of "compensation in nature," by which meanness so often is "overcome of itself." And, in this connection, we will close with "one more of the same sort," which is related of a Mr. S——, an honest and highly-esteemed grocer, for many years a resident of one of the larger towns of New Hampshire:

It seems that a man had purchased some wool of him, which had been weighed and paid for, and Mr. S—had gone to the desk to get change for a note which had been handed to him by his "customer."

While standing at his desk, he happened to him by his "customer." turn his head, and saw, in a looking-glass which was suspended near him, a stout arm reach up and take down from the shelf a heavy "white-oak" cheese and deposit it

heavy "white-oak" cheese and deposit it in the bag!
Instead of appearing suddenly, and rebuking the man for his theft, as many a less reflecting person would have done, thereby losing his custom forever, the crafty old gentleman gave the thief his change, as if nothing had happened, and then, under the pretense of lifting the hag to lay it on his horse for him, he took hold of it, and suddenly exclaimed: denly exclaimed:

"Why, bless me! I must have reckoned the weight wrong!"

"Oh, no," said his "customer," "that can't be so, because I counted with you, you know."

"Well, well," said Mr. S---won't dispute about the matter, it is so easily settled by just putting the bag in the scales again," which he proceeded at once

EDITORIAL DISCOURSE FROM ONE OF THE "Profession,"—"Fellow citizens, as you sprawl on your sofas this pleasant afternoon, or make an inverted Z of yourself by prop-ping your chair back against the wall, you probably think it must be easy to write what you find it easy to read. Did you ever plough, hoe corn, or plant cabbages? We have been engaged in all this rural exercises. and have also swung the scythe and cradle under the hot sun of the South; and we colemnly declare that the physical labors aforesaid are mere recreations in com-parison with the exhausted toil of writing for the press in a close office, with a south-western aspect, when the thermometer is in the neighborhood of the ninctus."

The Boston Post states that the poet wh attempted to plend a "poetical licence, for "verses of spirit," was informed by the court that, under the Maine law, he must

An editor out in Ohio has got eleven libel suits on his hands. He says he has been discussing law with the lawyers so much lately, that it is hard work for him to keep from cheating somebody.

ROTHSCHILD, with all his hoardings, wa by no means a happy man. Dangers and assassinations seemed to haunt his imagination by day and by night; and not without grounds. Many a time, as he himself said, just before he sat down to dinner, a note would be put in his hand, running thus;" If you do not send me immediately the sum of £500, I will blow your brains out." He affected to despise such threats, but they, nevertheless, exercised a direful effect apo the millionarie. He loaded his pistola every night before going to bed, and placed them by his bedside; nor did he think himself, more secure in his counting-room than in his bed chamber.

THE DEAD OF THE MEDITERRANEAN.-The whole channel of the Mediterranear must be strewed with human bones. Carthagenians, Syrians, Sidonians, Egyptians, Persians Grocks and Romans—there they lie, side by side, beneath the eternal waters; and the modern ship that fetches freight from Alexandria, sails in its whole course over buried nations. It may be the corruption of the dead that now adds brightness to the phosphorescence of the waves. In the East they have a superstition on this subject, which represents the spirits of the departed as hovering, whether on land or water, over the spots where the ruins of their earthly tabernacles are found; so that, in ploughing the Mediterranean, we sail through armies of ghosts more multitudinous than the waves. It is their union and thronging together says the Orientals, that phosphorescenc of the sea.

THE SNAKE NUT .- among the many no velties in the vegetable kingdom which Southern and Central America have of late years revealed, the snake nut is certainly This is a p the most extroardinary. This is a produc-tion not unlike the English walnut exter-nally, but smaller and smoother, although of nearly the same color. On opening it we find, however, not a kernal, in the usua sense of the term, but a small serpent, or at in the specimen now before us, an object least so identically resembling one, that the closest examination fails to present any direct affinity between it and the vegetable king-dom, unless the skin or husk which sur-rounds it, like the kernal of another nut, may be termed such. This serpent is not, that we are aware of, found actually alive in the shell, but exists in a hurdened state. It is of shell, but exists in a hardened state. It is of a dark brown color, smooth, and bound in a distinctly traceable coil, having up throughout, in every respect, exact dimensions and proportions of no ordinary snake, even the head being actually formed. From the gentleman from whom this nut was obtained, and who has many more in his possession, all of which, on being opened, have invariably been found to contain "snakes," we learn that a grows on trees found two or three hundred miles from Bogota, and that he was informed by the Indians that at certain seasons of the year dians that at certain seasons of the year these snakes, issuing from the shell, increased in size and were to be seen hanging alive and in numbers from the branches. We pretend to offer no solution of this extraordinary enigma. It is well known that many insects deposit their large in truits and ants, but we hardly see how this explanation is applicable to a serpent which fills the culire attein of a shell, and is at the same time, so curiously identified with the inner bank or coating as to favor the supposition that it has "grown with its growth and strengthened with its strength."

Now this, which we are assured by our correspondent is true in all respects, is only equaled by a like story of a somewhat similar physician, in a certain town in the region of "Down East," which shall for the present be nameless. The story is entirely authentic, and is told in the dialect of those parts by a simple-minded narrator:

"I 'xpect you've hear'n tell of Dr. A—, hain't you?"

"No, I never have."

"Well then I'll tell you. You see.

"Entremal see, and the whole, I'll take a part of it. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake entremand as of it, we can only regard neighbour, and stooping the hands of Mr. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake entremand as of it, we can only regard neighbour, and stooping the hands of Mr. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake entremand as of it, we can only regard neighbour, and stooping the hands of Mr. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake entremand as of it, we can only a regard neighbour, and stooping the hands of Mr. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake entremand as of it, we can only a larger scale, so much seminder as of it we can only a regard to the wicked trap which the wicked trap which the wicked trap which had at for his name as much seminder as of it, we can only a regard to the wicked trap which the will have a part of it. Should this kernal prove to be simply a vegetable product like the well known anake on the story of its should the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story of its and the for his in the will have a story o

IS TALKED OF IN LONDON.

A REARING Horse. - Whenever A REARING Horse. Whenever you preceive a horse's inclination to rear, separate your reins and prepare for him. The instant he is about to rise, slacken one hand, and bend or twist his head with the other, keeping your hands low. This bending compals him to move a hind leg, and of necessity brings his fore feet down. Instantly twist him round two or three times, which will confuse him very much, and completely throw him off his guard. The moment you have finished twisting him round, ment you have finished twisting him round, place his head in the direction you wish to place his head in the direction you wish to proceed, apply the spurs, and he will not fail to go forward; if the situation be confail to go forward; if the situation be convenient, press him into a gallop, and apply the spurs and whip two or three times severely. The horse will not, perhaps, be satisfied with the first defeat, but may be disposed to try "again" for the mastery. Should this be the case, you have only to twist him, &c., as before, and you will find that in the second struggle he will, be much mose easily subdued than on the former occasion; in fact, you will perceive him to quall under the operation. quail under the op

BEAUTIFUL-These is a deep and beau-BEAUTIFUL—These is a deep and beautiful meaning in the saying of the wife of Jagellon, Duke of Lithunia. Some peasants coming to her in tears, complained that the servants of the King, her husband, had carried off their cattle. She went to her husband, and obtained instant redress. "Their cattle have been restored to them," said the Qeen, "but who shall give them back their tears?"

Lanies Riding Sideways.—The introduction of riding sideways by women in England is attributed to Anna of Bohe-mia, consort of Richard II. She it was (according to Show) that originally showed the women of this country how grace-fully and conveniently they might ride on horseback sideways. Another old historian, enumerating the new fashion of Richard the Second's reign observes-" Like wise noble ladies then used high heads an corsets, and robes with long trains and seats on side saddles, on their horses, by the example of the respectable Queen Anna, daughter of the King of Bavaria, who first introduced the custom into the kingdom, for before women of every rank rode as men." In the beautiful illustrative picture of Chaucer's Canterbury pilgrims, Stethard appears to have con anachronism in placing the most conspicuous female character of his fine compositions, sideways on her steed. That the lady should have been depicted riding in the male fashion, might, it strikes us, have been inferred, without any historical research on the subject, from the poet's de-actibing her as having on her feet " a pair of spurres sharpe.'

A WITTE TAILOR .- Sheridan some times met with his match, and that in quarters where it might have been least expected. He was one day endeavouring to cut a suit of new clothes ont of a tailor's shop in the city. Flattery was the weapon he employed. Upon my word," said he, "you are an excellent finisher; you beat our snips in the west-end holow. Why don't you push your thimble unongst us? I'll recommend you everywhere. Upon my honour your work does you infinite credit." "Yes," replied the tailor, "I always take care that my work gives long credit, but the wearers ready oney.

THERE is much of the purest humanity, and a singularly delicate truth, in feeling that invests the roughest and most unpre-possessing occupation with a spiritual beauty when it is made a medium for the expression of the sympathies of the heart. Who does not fancy the flavour of the black grame increased, when an old com-panion or schoolfellow has shot it himself

THINGS TALEED OF IN LONDON.

THINGS TALKED OF IN LONDON.

October, 1633.

The application of science to industrial arts is becoming more and more an object of study, and is finding its way late institutions which have long sturned everything that was not classical and behind the age. And no wender, when we say the benefits that follow departure from an old, unintelligant routine. By the new process, the thickest ox-hide may now be tanned is two hours and a last, without bark; and walreshie, which required four years on the old method, can now be converted into leather in about an many hours. Look, too, at another important article of trade of late, the manufacture of best-root sugar in France has been 30,000,000 kilogrammes of melasses, which, being thought useless for any other purpose, was distilled for its alcohol. But sow it is found that this molaness contains 30 per cent. of crystalisable sugar, and this amount is actually extracted, equal in quality to the best, by an ingenious process of boiling with bargits, and efterwards passing a stream of carbonic acid through the mass. Improvements have also been made in the manufacture of India rabber thread: the proprieto of a factory at Greselle discovered that threads of this material, if heated while on the stretch, id not shrink back to their former dimensioner; and that, by repeated stretchings and rebeatings, any degree of fineness could be produced. In this way he obtains 50,000 metres from one kilogramme of India rabber, and manufactures 700,000 metres a day, finding a ready demand for the article in Germany and England. The superiority of threads produced by this means over those which are cut, is, that they are perfectly round.

And ace processes in the iron manufacture are talked about, which, considering the enormous and increasing demand for that metal, may have important consequences. Besides our own railways, socing that they can get so other kind of road, except very bad ones. What a demand will thus be created in our antipodal and Indian possessions! This, however, the Amer

thousaid miles of railway they are going to lay in the next ten years—to any nothing of renewals. One conclusion safely to be drawn from all this is, that no one will need to emigrate for want of work in this country.

Robert Stephenson has been proving to the citizens of Montreal the possibility of what has long been deemed impossible—building a bridge over the St. Lawrence that shall not be carried away by the ice. The connection of the two shores of the river by a permanent structure becomes more desirable, now that the railway from Portlaed, in the state of Maine, to Montreal, is began, and which, when its 250 miles are completed, will afford means of communication between the coast and the interior during the winter, when the water-channels are frozen up. There is a project, too, for a railway suspension bridge at Quebec, to be made of wire, 2400 feet long, with supporting towers, 230 feet high, 1600 feet apart, and the roadway 162 feet above the stream. A screwsteamer has just reached Liverpool direct from Quebec, a foreiuniser of further Canadian enterprise in the same direction. Bands of explorers have been busy on the lathmae, and some of their surveys proved highly adventurous. It is a curious fact, that what is believed to be the best route for a railway, is the track which the buffalous have followed from time immemorial. It is clear that the wants of the westers coast will not be satisfied until a speedy and safe road is established across that narrow territory. Gold alone forms a large item in the transit returns. In the first six months of 1851, the value of the precious metal chipped from California was £2,570,000; in the same half of 1852, it was £3,870,000; and in the same of the present year, £5,800,000.

Much astisfaction is felt in the fact, that incapables have become fewer here as well as in Ireland. In July 1852, the paupers in the unions of Eagland and Wales sambered 800,172; in July of this year, 743,638. Should this go on, the buildings will be available by and for Popular in the unio

with every convenience requisite for the health, com-fort and well-being of the mhabitants. The architect is expressly enjoined to use every precastion to pre-vent the pollution of the air by dimbte, or the water by sewage or other impurity. Wide streets and apa-cious squares, with gardens attached, ground for recreation, a large dining-hall and hitchess, batte and wash-houses, a covered market, schools and a church, eath combining every improvement that mod-ern art and science have brought to light," are main features in the schome. In this an instance of property recognizing its du-ties?

EUROPEAN NEWS-ONE WEEK LATER.

News Por Telegraph.

New York, Nov. 17.

Royal Mail steamship Arabia arrived at o'clock this morning.

NAMETS.

Flour has declined 1s. 6d. per barrel.

Wheat has declined 3d. per bushel.

Corn has declined considerably.

The Sugar market opened heavy, but improved at close.

proved at close.

Funds advancing.

There has been serious fighting on the Danube. The Turks have been victorious. Negociations promise a speedy termino

THE MAINE LAW IN ENGLAND.-The Temperance men in England are about to petition their Parliament for a prohibitory liquor law. There are 2527 licensed brewliquor law. There are 2527 licensed brewgers in the British Islands, 88, 400 persons licensed to sell spirits and wine, and 38,658 licensed to sell beer. In 1851, 31,000,000 gallons of spirits were consumed in Great Britain in one year with nearly 6,500,000 gallons of foreign wine. The whole amount thence accruing to the public revenue is over fifteen millions sterling. It will be seen from this statement, that the Temperance men have a formidable opposition to nce men have a formidable oppositi

PREPARATIONS FOR CHINESE WAR.-The Chinese are buying up American vessels and American seamen for the war. The San Francisco Herald says: "In addition to the ship Hamilton, we learn that atton to the snip riaminton, we learn that several large vessels have recently been purchased by Chinese merchants, and are now being fitted out in this port, for the opposite coast of the Pacific. They will be navigated by American seamen, but will sail under the Chinese flag. This will enable them to visit Japan, and we are disposed to think such is the purpose of the owners. It is said they are desirous of raching Jeddo about the time Com. Perry's squadron has brought the Islanders terms."

The population of India is estimated at 150,000,000, of which two-thirds are under 150,000,000, of which two-thirds are under the sway of Great Britian. This population is very unequally distributed. Some parts of the valley of the Ganges are as densely peopled as China, while other parts of India have but a slight population. There are, in this country, ten distinct nations, speaking ten different languages, with a great number of dialects. In all these languages, and dialects foreign tongues intermingle—such as the Sanscrit, Arabia and Persian. This foreign intermixture is greatest in the north part of Hindoostan, where all the Asiatic conquerors of the country have always entered.

Sig Harry Smith's Cloak.—This gal-

SIR HARRY SMITH'S CLOAR .- This gal-Sir Harry Shith's Cloar.—This gallant warrior has in his possession a remarkable cloak, so large we hear, that when worn it protects the horses as well as himself. It served all through the Indian campaign, and is fairly riddled with shot; so that it is at all times regarded with much curiosity. When Sir Harry met the 50th Regiment after their arrival from the East, the soldiers recognised the martial cloak that was on his shoulders, and they bore testimony to the great service it had rendered in the vicissitudes of war.—Plymouth Mail,

ZEW ZEALAND.—Letters from New Zealand, state that a very important discovery of a new available harbour had been made by Capt. Drury, of her Majesty's curveying vessel Pandora. The vast advantages which must accrue from this discovery are apparent, from the fact that it is the only good port on the west eide of the northern island. Auckland, as is well known, is aitmated on a nesk of land on the eastern harbour, and the distance to the western harbour (now discovered to be available for large vessels) is only four or five miles. The voyage round the northern peninsula will thus be avoided, and we are informed that, on a average, no less than ten days' voyage will be saved in the communication with New Plymouth, Wanganui, Wellington, and Nelson; also with the Australian colonies, and, in fact, with all ports to the Westward.

The Melhourar Post-office.—Sixteen years ZEW ZEALAND.-Letters from New Zealand

third, £1,200,002; including for goods traffic, the sum total of receipt was £2,850,073, being £002.

325 more than to be last six menths of 1852. At the bagmang of the personset year the number of miles of railway open was 7236. Mr. Nolson says, that the milesge of the parlimentary passengive according to the complex of the complex of the complex of the traffic of one, the body placed bears dangeous-like for heir accommedation. A new hind of railway-corrego is tailted of, the plan being the control of the complex of the complex of the control of the cont

though not in its movements, and principle. Also that they manifest in its results, through not in its movements, and antiliberal in principle. Also that they manifest not so much a fear of the Case as a fear and hatred of Domocracy, and he says he can prove, if needed, that all the exertion of English diplomacy in the East have been not so much prompted by the wish to do what is advantageous to Turkey, as by the consideration what might be feast embarrassing to Austria. The London Times denounces it with strong sarcasm for its expressions against the only government within five thousand miles of Hungary which dare give him an asylem. The English newspapers generally complain of it as a piece of importinent interference with the British Government, and as especially wanting in an acknowledgement of hospitality.

UNITED STATES.

UNIXED STATES.

HRAYT FAILURES IN NEW YORE —Leggett & Broa, paper dealers in Pearl street, failed yesterday. Liabilities about \$420,000. They had accepted for a number of country paper mills.

Henry Dwight, Jr., railroad broker, also suspended yesterday. Liabilities said to be heavy; principally in Chicago and Mississippi railroad stock.

principally in Chicago and Mississippi railroad stock.

In his message to Congress the President will recommend a general system of reciprocal trade with the British Provinces, of all articles the growth and product of each country, and the admission of fish, duty free, upon the U. S. fishermen being permitted to fish unrestrictedly on the coast of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The proposition of the English government to permit Colonial vessels to obtain American registers, will not be opposed, but the suggestion to throw open the coasting trade of California will be rejected as unconstitutional.

Signs of approaching winter have of late been quite marked and extensive in the middle and southern States. In some of the former snow has fallen to the depth of several inches, and in all the Atlantic Niates from South Carolina to Alabama, there have been smart frosts, sufficient to kill the cotton.

turn from the plains. These young gentlemen went out with Major Fitxpatrick, the U. S. Commissioner, who was sent out to distribute the annuities to the Indians, stipulated for under the Fort Laramia Treaty. They accompanied the expedition for the benefit of their healh, and returned greatly improved. Major Fitzpatrick is detained on the upper Missouri, but will be in the city in a few days.

Major F was authorised to make treaties with the Camanehes and Kiowas, which he succeeded in. The leading features of the agreement are these: The U. S. Government stipulates to give to the two tribes, for a limited period of time, an annuity, in goods suitable to their necessities, of \$ 10 000 per annum, with sundry other stipulations of minor import. In consideration of this the tribes grant to the United States the right of way over their lands for common, rail, or any other kind of roads—the free and unmolested of emigrants, &c.—the liberty to the United States to testablish military posts, missions, places of deposit, &c. &c. They further stipulate, to surrender immediately all Americans or Mexicans who have been taken prisoners by them, and are now held by them, and also all queh as may hereafter be taken by any of their people. They are also to maintain a striet peace towards the American citizens.

The treaty with each tribe is the same, and so well were they satisfied with its terms, the chiefs immediately dispatched couriers to the various bands to communicate the substance of the treaties and requiring them to conform to them;

various bands to communicate the substance of the treaties and requiring them to conform to them;

The Major also obtained from the tribes of Souiz, Cheyenues. Arapahoes and Rickarees, the amendment to the treaty made by Col. D. D. Mitchell, at Fort Lamarie, as required by the United States Senate. Throughout, the Indians manifested a friendly disposition. If they will be a lasting benefit to the country.

The party made the trip from Fort Larame to Westport by easy stages, and are the latest arrivals from that of Fort Kearoy. They report the health of both posts as good, and their whole trip up the Arkansas and then across to Fort Maramie as a delightful one. Game throughout was abundant, and immense bodies of buffalces were as far down as the Little Blue, which, has not occurred before for several years. The Pawnees were hunting on prairies and had been troublesome to some of the emigrants. A party of them met the mail bound out to Salt Lake, on the waters of the Little Blue, and after some parley with the driver and guard, compelled them to give up their blankets and bread, when they were permitted to proceed.

A man arrived at Fort Laramie a day or so

A man arrived at Fort Laramie a day or so before the party left there, and who was direct from Green River, confidently contradicted the report of the death of James Bridger, the founder of Bridger's Fort, part the

before the party left there, and who was direct from Green River, confidently contradicted the report of the death of James Bridger, the founder of Bridger's Fort, near the Mormon settlement, and one of the most experienced hunters and trappers in the mountains. The information is, that Bridger, when the Mormons attempted to arrest him, on a charge that he had sold guns and ammunition to the Indians, field to the post he has on Green River, about one hundred miles distant, and cached [hid] himself in the mountains. We are disposed to give the more credit to this report, from the fact that Bridger has been too long in the mountains and has had too many encounters with the Indians to be surprised by the Mormons. The party lost but few of their animals on the whole route.—St. Louis Republican.

There never was a time in St. Louis, when there was such a scarcity of coal for foundries and iron manufacturers. Several of the former are closed, or almost so, and but few if any, are working full time.—The stock of Pitsburgh coal, which has heretofore been used for making coke, is nearly exhausted. The Gas Company's supply will acarcely hold out a month longer, and all the coke that company can supply is not much more than a tithe of the demand. If there is no rise in the Ohio shortly, not only the iron manufacturers must suspend, but there is a strong probability that the city will be without light. It is singular that, situated as St, Louis is in the midst of an immense coal field, no coal, in sufficient quantity, has yet been obtained of proper quality for either of these purposes. Coal of the ordinary kind is now commanding 17 cents per bushel, too high by at least one half.—St. Louis Republican, 31st

CALIFORNIA. We have California exchanges of the 15th inst:—

A despatch from Stockton, conveys intelligence of the entire destruction of the city of Sonora, as follows:

From the Stecton Journal of Wednesday we have the following additional particulars:
Buzumo or Sonona.—From M'Elhauy, who came down from Sonors yesterday, we are gratified to learn that the confingration did not

sult so disasterously as we supposed. The

result so disasterously as we supposed. The fire broke out about the middle of the city, and burned both ways, but its ravages were confined to a portion of the city where but little of the heavy trading was done.

The damage was confined principally to salons, drinking houses, and small retail clothstores, with perbaps one or two large houses. The extent of the conflagration did not exceed six hundred feet, and the destruction was similar to what would occur should the Levee burn down in Stockton, or Long Wharf in San Francisco.

Sonora is a long city, and the heavy trading is done at both ends, leaving the centre as a kind of retreat, and it was this later section that was destroyed, leaving the best portion of the town standing.—Both Express offices were destroyed, but the fire stopped before reaching the Banking house of Yaney & Bertine, on the north, and the bridge on the south. This, we are told, is the utmost limit to which the flames pervaded. The loss is estimated at \$ 300 000.

E. B. Lunday, a Canadian late from Rarer County, was sleeping in the rear of Holland's Saloon, and was burned. The remains were identified by a pistol which had been loaned to him by a friend. He was often called Jim Lundy, in consequence of having a brother of that name, for whom he was frequently taken.

CAPE BRETON.

nehermen being permitted to fish unrestrictedly on the coast of Nova Scotia and New Brenswick. The proposition of the English government to permit Colonial vessels to obtain American registers, will not be oppused, but the suggestion to throw open the coasting trade of California will be rejected as unconstitutional.

Signs of approaching winter have of late been quite marked and extensive in the middle and southern States. In some of the former snow has fallen to the depth of several inches, and in althe Atlantic States from South Carolina to Alabama, there have been smart frosts, sufficient to kill the cotton.

NEWS FROM THE PLAINS.

Messrs Gratz Brown, George Alexander and George Collier, arrived in this city on their return from the plains. These young gentlemen went out with Major Fitzpatrick, the U. S. Commissioner, who was sent out to distribute the annuities to the Indians, stipulated for under the Fort Laramia Treaty. They accompanied the expedition for the benefit of their healh, and returned greatly improved. Major Fitzpatrick is detained on the upper Missouri, but will be in the city in a few days.

Major F was authorised to make treaties with the Camanches and Kiowas, which he succeeded in. The leading features of the agreement are these: The U. S. Government stipulates to give to the two tribes, for a limited period of time, an annuity, in goods suitable to their necessities, of § 10 000 per annum, with sundry other stipulations of minor import. In consideration of this the tribes grant to the United States the right of way over their lands for common, rail, or any other kind of roads—the free and unmolested of emigrants, &c.—the liberty to the United States to establish military posts, missions, places of deposit, &c. &c. They further stipulate, to surrender immediately all SYDNEY, November 5.
BRIDGEPORT COAL MINES.—The all absorbing

HASZARD'S GAZETTE Wednesday, November 23, 1853.

CHARLOTTETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

Notwithstanding the number of impediments that and to be removed, and the obstacles that presented themselves from time to time, the above Company themselves from time to time, the above Company have, by energy and perseverance, brought their un-dertaking to that point of forwardness that there eeems to be no doubt but that the inhabitants of Charlottetown will be able, in the course of a short time, to avail themselves of a purer and more economical light that they have hitherto had in their power to make use of. The Gas Works are situated, as most people in Char-lottetown know, at the eastern extremity of the town; they consist of a retort house, brick, roofed with iron; a purifying house, tank and gas holder house, black-smith's shop, and storehouse, coal-shed and office, so disposed as to form nearly three sides of a quadrangle, and are a great improvement to the appearance of that section of Charlottetowa. The tank, which is 45 feet in diameter, and 14 feet deep, presented the greatest difficulties to the undertakers; these have now been happily overcome, and the tank is completed, as will soon be the gas holder. There have already been 3000 yards of pipes laid down, and the Company will continue to lay down pipes where requisite as long as the weather remains open. Sevrequisite as long as the weather remains open. Severeral persons have had service pipes brought into their houses. As it is matter of some consequence, both to the inhabitants and the Company, that the rate at which gas light can be afforded should be publicly known, we have been at some pains to procure the

From a communication made by Mr. McAusland, to the Company, at their last Special General Meet-ing, it appears that the cost of the gas will be Twenty shilling agreement as 1000 cm. shillings currency per 1000 feet; and that a Numb 1 gas-burner will consume 1500 cubic feet of gas in shillings currency per 1900 teet; and that a Number I gas-burner will consume 1500 cubic feet of gas in a year, supplying light for four hours every night, at a cost of 30 shillings per annum, or one penny per night, for a light equal to three moulded sizes; that is, as much light for one penny as would cost sixpence at the lowest rate of mould candles per pound. This, however, it must be remembered, is independent of the gas-fittings, lustres, &c.,—the cost of which will depend upon the taste and the pleasure of the con-We have, however, been able to ascertain sumer. We have, however, been able to ascertain from Mr. McAssland what the expense of introducing gas light into a house, say of a respe-and find it as follows :—

To furnish two rooms—a parlor and kitchen,—with a brass bracket in each, of the best workmanship, and block-tin tubing, £2 currency; and if with three lights—say two in shop, and one in sitting room or kitchen,—£2 10s.

lights—say two in shop, and one in sitting room or kitchen, —22 10s.

If the house belong to the party, this will, of course, be a sum out of pocket in the first instance; but if he reside in a hired house, he will of course expect his landlord to procure the necessary fittings, charging him a proper interest—which would, of course, be an landlord to process—which would, of coarse, be an him a proper interest—which would, of coarse, be an increase of the rent, say 10 per cent.; this would fully reimburse the landlord, and not be any very great augmentation of the rent. Supposing the expence of fitting to be 50s., the interest at 10 per cent. pence of fitting to be 50a, the interest at 10 per cent. will be 5s. per anaum, or 1s. 3d per quarter—no very great sum to pay, when the convenience is taken into consideration; and no very great sum for the landlord to disburse, as in addition to the 10 per cent. interest, he would always be more certain of a tenant than if the house wanted these advantages. Five shillings per annum is not one farthing per night; but supposing it to amount to that sum, here then we have for 14d, per night the benefit of the light of 3 mould candles for four hours every night. But in the summer time four boars is more than the average, while in the winter it is less; taking one with the other, it will enable the mechanic or other, person to whom

good steady light is valuable—such as see rt makers, &c. -- to have light until 10 dress and sounce manuer, and to me o'clock all the year round; not to mention night schools, where it would not only be a groat saving of appeace, but give, what cavidles do not, a steady uniform light, that is less apt to injure the sys. When the risk of using fluid, the trouble and expense of oil, independent of the danger of injuring carpets, dressee and furniture—as well as the continuous waste of sandles, by opening and shutting doors, draughts, &c.—are taken into consideration, there can be, we believe, but one opinion as to the economy of gas light over every other species of illumination: and as it has succeeded everywhere it has been tried, we think there is little doubt but that in the lapse of a few months, we shall in Charlottetown net only have every house, shop and public building, but also our most populous streets lighted with gas, and thus become, by degrees, more assimilated to other towns and cities. We trust that the introduction of gas light will show the way to other equally required and equally advantageous improcesses. light will show the way to other equally required and equally advantageous improveme

Ma. Whelan has published a letter addressed to the inhabitants of Queen's County, in defence of himself, and as usual without much regard to truth. He states "had there been fair play shown to me at that meeting, and and I was allowed to express my opinions without interruption, I would have taken ample satisfaction for the insults offered to me first by Marke Langer Danger, and afterwards by Messey, Law. ample satisfaction for the insults offered to me first by Mr. James Duucan, and afterwards by Measrs. Lawson, Heli and Pelmer, without any provocation on my part. Those individuals knew right well, I presume, that I would not be heard, and hence I believe areas their readiness to assail me." Nothing can be more destitute of the truth than this assertion Mr. Whelan might have seen, from the manner in which Mr. Lord had been received, that there was no wish on the part of the meeting to refuse any person a fair hear-ng. Mr. Lord addressed the chair oftener, and at greater length than was reported, and the person on whom the preparing it for the press devolved was so sensible of this, that he wrote a note to Mr. Lord requesting him to send memoranda of what he had said at the meeting, and that they should be duly inserted; and the same person finding that Mr. Lord was from home, called at his residence, and requested Mrs. Lord to consult with some friend of Mr. Lord's who had attended the meeting, and probably recollected his expressions and would be willing to furnish notes of them. As to insult "without provocation on his part," his name was not, nor would have been mentioned had he not first volunteered an insult to the meeting, for which the Hon. Mr. Holl demanded—as was very proper and correct—that he should not be allowed to address the meeting unless he made an allowed to address the meeting uniess ne made an apology for the offensive expression. Had he come forward as a man, and demanded to be heard, the same courtesy would have been shewn to him as had been to Mr. Lord, and the same opportunity of having what he said correctly reported. As to his whole conduct and bearing, it was decidedly insulting, from first to last; and he may thank his good stars that the meeting was composed of men of better regulated minds than his own, as otherwise his exit would have been much more summary than it was, and probably not through the door.

Mr. Whelan has challenged the retired Magistrates

Mr. Whelan has challenged the retired Magistrates to give an explanation of the other "circumstances" alluded to in their letter: these gentlemen will probably reply to the challenge. Mr. Whelan has, however, to use a now obsolete parliamentary phrase, "blinked the question" propounded to him by ourselves, viz: Why, or at whose suggestion was it that Mr. Whelan's name was inserted into the Commission as a Magistrate for Queen's County? In the first place, why? There was surely a sefficient first place, why? There was surely a sufficient number of acting Magistrates resident in town already, without adding the name of Mr. Whelan to the number. Was it for the honor of the thing? Inasmuch as the whole is greater than a part, it was a diminution rather than an accession of dignity,—it was on the whole a fall, from being a Justice of the Peace for the whole Island to become one for a single County. Let Mr. Whelan answer this, and at the same time let him permit us to jog his men ory as to the account we required of him, and still require, in explanation of the discrepancy between him, and the Hon. Mr. Coles respecting Mr. Whitney's tender for the Fairy Queen having been put in before the time for giving in tenders had expired. One or the other-Mr. Coles or Mr. Whelm -has been guilty of the meanest of all mean actions: a wilful and deliberate falsehood. Methinks Mr. Whelan should have answered THIS before calling on the retired eleven for the other "circumstances."

Summary of Government Advertisements.

A PROCLAMATION.
By His Excellency By His Excellency
Sir ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, Knight,
Licutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and
over Her Majesty's Island Prince Edward, and
(L.S.) the Territories thereunto belonging Chancellor,
Vice Admiral, and Ordinary of the same, &c., &c.

&c., &c.

A. Bannerman, Lieut. Governor.

WHEREAL at the pleased Almighty God to bless the labors of the Husbandman, and thus to vouchsafe His mercies to the Inhabitants of this Island, during His mercies to the innervance vi turn seems, the past Season:

I have, therefore, theught fit, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Executive Council, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby appointing and ejioning that a GENERAL THANKSGIVING to Almighty

that a GENERAL THANKSGIVING to Almighty
God for these His mercies be observed throughout
this Island, on Thursday, the Eighth day of December next; and I do carnestly entreat that the said day
of Public Thanksgiving be revereatly and decently
observed by all Her Majesty's loving subjects in this
Island, as they value the favor of Almighty God.
And that all Ministers do hold Public Services in their
respective Churches or Chapels on that day.
Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the
Island, at Charlottetewn, the 17th day of
November, in the year of our Lord One
thousand Eight hundred and Fifty-three, and
in the Seventeenth year of Her Majesty's
Reign.

Reign.

By Command,

JAMES WARBURTON, Col. Sec'y.

God Save the Queen!

God Save the Queen!

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint John Trenaman, Eq., Visiting Justice of the Jail in Queen's County, in the terms of the Act, 12 Vic., cap. 12.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to order the names of the following gentleman to be inserted in the Commission of the Peace for Queen's County:—John McGill, Donald McIsac, John Rigg.

His Excellency the Lieut. Governor has been pleased to appoint Donald McIsac, Esq., to be Lieutenant in the 2st Twop of Queen's County Cavalry, vice Wellington Nelson, resigned.

To Correspondents.

"A subscriber" has been secreted and in under consideration.

DROWNED .- James 2 Diownen.—James Memploy of Messats Longrone of the arches of Porunfortunate man calle which, there being see promptly rendered an the purpose of rescuing extreme darkness of the being unable to eximane intentions. It boat might have par the water.

Passe
In the Packet Isabella
Palmer, Esq., Mesers. A
son, Edmund Wallace,
McNeal. Ma

In Brantford, Canada by the Rev. Thomas L. I the bride's father, Mr. T Prince Edward Island, to James Bellhouse, of Bra Saddenly, at half-past ing last, Edward Gorges keeper of this Garrison, yesterday, in St. Paul's In September last, at she had proceeded for that Mary Maberly, the eld R. N., and grand-daugi late of Ince Castle, Cox 14th.

Port of C

Nov. 20, Isabella, Turni Rustico, te Longwort 21, Nugget, Bideford, 6 22, Trial, Robinson, Pi Nov. 19, Bessie, Neal

14th.

garet Price, Wooden 21, Isabella, Turnbull Happy Return, Picto Charlottetown Beef, (small) lb. 3d a
Do., by quarter, 2id a
Fork, 3d a
Do., (small) 5d a

Do., by quarter, 24d a 2 fork, 3d a 4 Do., (smail) 55 ia Mutton, per ib. 2d a 2 da Hama, per ib., 6d a Turkeys, 6d a 1 Turkeys, 6d a 1 Turkeys, 6d a 1 Turkeys, 6d a 2 fowls, each, 1 a 1s Turnips bush below a 1 a 1s Turnips bush 2d a 1 a 1s Turkeys, 3d a Batter, (fresh) 1s a 1 a 1s Do., (by the tub) 11d i

MR OWEN requ furnished to the and settle them. Nov. 20th, 1853.

Stoves, THE Subscriber be and the public in Consignment from Board Tight Air STO various patterns, Cana BOOTS and SHOES

Pownal Street, No.

FALL AND GENTLEMENS Cleaned and Renova town Royalty.

Orders left LIAMS, Market Squ ed to. Nov. 19. 1m COMMISSA

SEALED TENDS Office until Fri noon, for the underm FRSuch quantities of marketable quality, a Staff, and Departm Prince Edward Isla

1st April, 1854. The Meat to con to be subject to the Commissariat Officer The Tenders to The Tenders to sterling, in words a two responsible per selves in the penal's performance of the 6 meathly, in specie, the Lords' Commiss at par, should the

BA For one year, co the Troops, Staff an as may be required. of Pounds of Bread 100 pounds of Flour —the Flour to be ta zines, and the Bres of the Officers, Tro pense, he being al Two Sareties wi sum of £100 sterlin

375 Cords of Fr. Black and Yellow crooked or rotten w of the Wood to be Yard, between the 1854, and to be pit Payment will b 125 cords, by Bill Her Majesty's Trabove, in the sum Tenders to state

For one year c
Tenders to state t
lowing services, v
Firewood from t
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De. to the Gar
Guarde to be come
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Baggage, Comm
Town, at per los
One or more G
may be ordered b
Buretine, as above,
Forms of Tenders
AMES B.
Commissaria,

rea bead we

sublished a letter addressed sen's County, in defence of thost much regard to truth. ten fair play shown to me at I was allo iption, I would have taken insults offered to me first by afterwards by Messrs. Lawthout any provocation on my knew right well, I presume, d, and hence I believe arese me." Nothing can be more a this assertion Mr. Whelan e manner in which Mr. Lord efuse any person a fair hear-ed the chair oftener, and at reported, and the person on or the press devolved semoranda of what he had said they should be duly inserted; ding that Mr. Lord was from idence, and requested Mrs. ne friend of Mr. Lord's who and probably recollected g, and probably reconlected ald be willing to farnish notes " without provocation on his volunteered an insult to the Hon. Mr. Holl demanded-as rrect-that he should not be meeting unless he made an e expression. Had he come demanded to be heard, the we been shewn to him as had the same opportunity of hav-tly reported. As to his whole was decidedly insulting, from thank his good stars that the better regulated otherwise his exit would have ary than it was, and probably

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ernment Advertisements. His Excellency

His Excellency

B BANNERMAN, Knight,
and Commander in Chief in and
sty's Island Prince Edward, and
thereunto belonging, Chancellor,
, and Ordinary of the sume,

t. Governor.

pleased Almighty God to bless bandman, and thus to vouchsafe shabitants of this Island, during thought fit, by and with the ad-s Executive Council, to issue this

ereby appointing and enjoining FHANESGIVING to Almighty nercies be observed throughout day, the Eighth day of Decemarnestly entreat that the said day arnestly entreat that the said day ring be reverently and decently r Majesty's loving subjects in this lue the favor of Almighty God. rs do hold Public Services in their or Chapels on that day. r hand and the Great Seal of the Charlottetewn, the 17th day of in the year of our Lord One ight hundred and Fifty-three, and atteenth year of Her Majesty's

By Command, WARBURTON, Col. Sec'y. Save the Queen!

e Lieuteaant Governor in Council appoint John Trenaman, Eq., to Jail in Queen's County, in the Vic., cap. 12.

In Lieuteaant Governor has been names of the following gentlemen Commission of the Peace for John McGill, Donald McIsso,

to Lieut, Governor has been pleased Mcleane, Esq., to be Lieutenant Queen's County Cavalry, vice resigned.

Drowners.—James M'Natton a person in the employ of Messirs Longworth and Tates, fell off one of the arches of Pownal afreet wharf. The unfortunate man called loudly for assistance unfortunate man called loudly for assistance which, there being several persons near, was promptly rendered and a boat dispatched for the purpose of rescuing him, but owing to the extreme darkness of the night and the party being unable to ewin, those who were in the boat were unable to carry into effect their humans intentions. It is conjectured that the boat might have passed over him while under the water.

Passengers,
In the Packet Instella, on Sunday last,—Donald Palmer, Esq., Messrs A. Larkin, William Thompson, Edmund Wallace, Ader Thompson, Donald McNeal.

Married,
In Brantford, Canada West, on the 13th October, by the Rev. Thomas L. Davidson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Thomas Large, of Little York, Prince Edward Island, to Maria, only daughter of Mr. James Bellhouse, of Brantford.

Died

Saddenly, at half-past six o'clock on Sunday morning last, Edward Gorges, Esq., late Ordnance Store-keeper of this Garrison. His remains were interred yesterday, in St. Paul's Churchyard.

In September last, at Mantanzas, in Cuba, whither she had proceeded for the recovery of her health, Mary Maberly, the eldest daughter of Capt. Crease, R. N., and grand-daughter of Edward Smith, Esq., late of Ince Castle, Cornwall.—[London Times, Oct. 14th.

Port of Charlottetown. ARRIVED,

Nov. 20, Isabella, Turnbull, Pictou. New Brig, from Rustico, te Longworth & Yates. 21, Nugget, Bideford, 64 days, to W. Heard. 22, Trial, Robinson, Pictou—coal. Dove, do—do.

SAILED, Nov. 19, Bessie, Neal, Boston. Duroc, do. Margaret Price, Wooden, Picton.
21, Isabella, Turnbull, do. Mary Ann, Bedeque. Happy Return, Picton. Three Brothers, do.

Charlottetown Markets, Nov. 16th.

MR OWEN requests those whose ACCOUNTS furnished to the 5th October are unpaid, to call and settle them. Nov. 20th, 1853.

Stoves, Clocks, Shoes.

THE Subscriber bega leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has received a Consignment from Boston, 100 Cooking, Franklin, and Tight Air STOVES, 5 Cases of CLOCKS or various patterns, Cane and Wood bottom CHAIRS, BOOTS and SHOES, and a variety of other Goods, the whole of which, will be sold at a small advance over cost and charges.

W. H. GARDINER,

Pownal Street, Nov. 17th.

FALL AND WINTER COATS. WITH EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GENTLEMENS' CLOTHES AND HATS, Cleaned and Renovated by the Subscriber, Charlotte

J. HOBS, Hatter, &c.

J. HOBS, Hatter, &c.

Orders left at the Store of Mr. J. WilAMS, Market Square, will be promptly attendd to. Nov. 19. 1m

COMMISSARIAT SUPPLIES. SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Friday the 9th December next, a

FRESH BEEF.

Such quantities of Ox or Heifer Beef, of good marketable quality, as may be required for the Troops, Staff, and Departments stationed at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, for one year, commencing

1854. at to consist of Fore and Hind Quarters, and The Meat to consist of row and find quarters, and to be subject to the inspection and approval of the Commissariat Officer or person appointed by him.

This Tenders to state the price per 100 lbs, in sterling, in words at length, and to be signed by two responsible persons, as Sureties, binding themselves in the penal sum of £200 sterling for the due performance of the Contract. Payment will be made menthly, in specie, at the Army rate; or by Bill on the Lords' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, at par, should the amount exceed £80.

BAKING BREAD

BAKING BREAD

For one year, commencing the 1st April, 1854, for the Troops, Staff and Departments, in such quantities as may be required. The Tenders to state the number of Pounds of Bread that will be returned for every 100 pounds of Flour furnished by the Commissariat:

—the Flour to be taken from the Commissariat Magazines, and the Bread to be delivered at the Quarters of the Officers, Troops, &c., at the Contractor's expense, he being allowed the empty Barrels.

Two Sureties will be required, as above, in the sum of £100 sterling.

FUEL WOOD. 375 Cords of Fuel Wood, consisting of Beech, Black and Yellow Birch, Ash and Rock Maple, no crooked or rotten wood being admissible. The whole of the Wood to be delivered into Her Majesty's Fuel Yard, between the let January and the 31st March, 1854, and to be piled six foet high. Payment will be made on the delivery of every 125 cords, by Bill on the Lords' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, at par. Two Sureties, as above, in the sum of £75 Sterling.

Tenders to state the price in sterling.

Tenders to state the price in s TRUCKAGE

TRUCKAGE

For one year commencing the let April, 1854.
Zenders to state the prices, in sterling, for the following services, viz.

Firewood from the Fuel Yard to the Barracks and Quanters of Officers, at per cord.
Do. to the Garrison Guards, when required, (both Guards to be considered one trip) at per load, or trip.
Beggage, Commissariat and Ordanace Stores, &c., to and from Wharves to Barracks, or elsewhere in the Town, at per load of Gewt.

Flow, at per load of Gewt.

Flow, at per load of Barrels.
One or more Carts or Trucks to be employed, as may be ordered by the Commissariat Officer. Two Sareties, as above, in the sum of £20 Sterling. Blank Forms of Tanders and every information, will be given at the Commissariat, to parties desirous of tendering.

Written Tenders will not be noticed.

JAMES B. LUNDY, Dy. Ass. Com. Geal. Commissariat, Charlottetown. F. E. Island.

AUCTIONS.

HAY! HAY!! HAY!!

BY H. W. LOBBAN. THE Auctioneer has received instructions to sell by Auction, about Twenty Tons of UPLAND HAY, on the Farm of the How. George Colles, St. Peter's Road, on MONDAY, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock, in Lots to suit Purchasers.—Terms libe-Nov. 14, 1853.

Leicester Rams.

Leicester Rams.

TO BE SOLD, at St. ELEANOR'S, on SATURDAY, the 26th Nov. inst. at 12 o'clock, ONE LEICESTER RAM.

And at GEORGETUWN, on the same day, ONE LEICESTER RAM, imported from England by the Royal Agricultural Society.

CH ARLES STEWART, Secty.

Nov. 16th. 1833. All the manger.

Nov. 16th, 1853. All the papers

LONDON HOUSE.

LONDON HOUSE.

New Fall Goods, for 1853.

JUST RECEIVED at the LONDON HOUSE, or Sir Alexander and Helca, from England, an extensive supply of BRITISH GOODS, suitable for the season, comprising in DRY GOODS.

Silka, Satins, plain and figured; Maire Antique Dresses, Plusbas in every shade, French Merinos, Silk Velvets, black and colored; Orleans and Coburghs, Dress materials of every kind, Cloakings in great variety, Robes in the latest fashion, Prints good and cheap, Damasks and Moreens, Fringes and Lace for do., Gents. silk, felt and covered Hats, Fur and Cloth Caps, Umbrellas, cotton and silk; Ladies' and Children's Stays, Do. cotton Dresses, Habit Shirts, Chemisettes, Sleeves, Collars and Cuffs, Laces and Muslins, Jewellery, large assortment; Vases, in every form; Gents'. Seal Overcoats, Work Boacs and Cabinets, Mautles, in all the new styles, Shawls in variety, Ribbons of all kinds, Fancy Trimmings, Dress Battons, Ladies' winter Bounets, Do. dress and other Caps, Do. Cap Fronts and Borders, Artificial Flowers, Gloves and Houslery, Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes, Carpot Slippers, Leather Slippers, Bertin Wools and Patterns, Penelope Canvass, Haberdashery, Millinery, large variety; Hollands and Lineas, Linea and Cotton Bed Ticks, Ready made Ctothing, Oil floor Ctoth, all widths; Ctoth and worsted Table Covers, Table Linea, Twilded Shirtings, Regatta and fancy do., Long Cloths, undressed, Domestic Cottons; Beaver, Pilot, superfine and fancy Cloths, Doeskins in variety, Worsted Cord, new article; Hunting Cord, Moleskins, Black and colored Cotton Velvets, Blankets, all prices; Domestic Sheets, Flanschs and Serges; Corded, quilted and hair Petticonts, Children's Dresses, Floor and stair Carpeting, Cramb Cloths, Stair Damask, Rubber Coats, Bosta, Toilet Soaps, Channois Skins, Petticont Cord, Travelshoes Shoes and Leggings, Stationery, Perfumery, Hair oils, Toilet Soaps, Chamois Skins, Petticoat Cord, Travel-ling Bags, Ladies 'Fers, Linings, French Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hassocks, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Handkerchiets, Hassocks, Silk Handkerchiets, Fancy Neck Ties, Table Matts, Cotton and muslin Handker-chiefs, Bonnet Shapes, Cap Shapes and Crowns, Gents' Mufflers, Hearth Rugs, Sacks and Sacking, GROVERIES:

Souchong and Cougou Tea, Coffee, Homeopathic Chocolate, Crushed and moist Sagar, Baking Powder Table Salt, Ground and whole Rice, Split Pess, Mustard, Preserved Citrou, cheap; Padding Spices, Spices of all kinds, Glenfield and Poland Starch, Fig and button Blue, Washing Powder Albert night lights, Soaps, Candles.

ALSO, a Large and General Assortment of Hardware, the whole having been selected by the Subscriber in person, and purchased direct from the manufactories, be can with confidence, recommend them to the public as good and cheap, at the establishment of HASZARD.

Oddonerous Commendation of HASZARD.

Opposite the Catholic Chapel, Great George Street, Charlottotown, Nov. 14th, 1853.

FALL GOODS.

JUST IMPORTED, and for sale by the Sub-scriber, at his NEW STORE, next door to his esidence in Grafton Street, a choice selection of American and other Goods,

consisting of—
SUGAR, in hogsheads, barrels and by retail,
Loaf, crushed and refined do.
Superior Hyson and Souchong TEAS, in chests,
haff chests, and by retail;
COFFEE, RICE, PILOT BREAD, in barrels and

COFFEE, RICE, FILOT BREAD, in barress and by retail;
CRACKERS, CHEESE, Vinegar, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Table Salt, Soda, Saleratus, Soap, Caodles, Starch, Blue, Burning Fluid, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Rosin, Blacking, &c.
Fresh Mascatel RAISINS, CONFECTIONARY, Nuts, Lemon and Ginger Syrup.
PRINTED COTTONS, Striped and Unbleached do.; Bed-ticks, &c. Cases of BOOTS and SHOES; Ladies' and Gentlemen's India Rubber Boots and Shoes:

Ladies' and Gentlemen's India Rubber Boots and Shoes;
Indian Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Buffalo Robes of superior quality; Hats and Caps; Cotton-wick and Lamp-wicks; Fluid Lamps—patent and common in variety; CHAIRS, with cane seats and wood ditto, in great variety of pattern; Looking Glasses, Glass Lanterns; Jute and Grass Mats; Hay Forks, Spades and Shovels; Rough Board, Shingle and Lath Nails; Window Glass in boxes and by retail; Shoemakors' Lasts, Nails, Pegs and Thread.

MOLASSES in hogsheads and by retail; Codfish Oil, in barrels and by retail.

Also—an assortment of CURRIERS' TOOLS;
Bulls, Tuba. in nests or single; Clothes Pins, Brooms,

Pails, Tubs, in nests or single ; Clothes Pins, Brooms,

ON HAND—American and Island manufactured SOLE LEATHER, Neats' Leather, Calf Skins, and W. B. DAWSON.

Charlottetown, November 14. NEW PERFUMES, &c.

NEW FERFUMES, &C.

UBIN'S EXTRACTS Bailey's Eas. Bouquet,
Ede's Hedyosmia, Deleroix's Fashionable Perfumes; Lowe's Fragrant Perfume, and Genuine Eau
de Cologne.

HENDRIE'S MOELINE, For preserving the Beauty and Luxuriance
Hair, an extract of Vegetable and Animal Olone Substances, most beneficial for promotin

Substances, most beneficial for promoting the uty and luxuriance of the Hair, and of a very EMOLIENT CAMPHOR CREAM Has been long approved of, as a certain and agree able remedy for chopped hands, and the injuriou effects of cold and pieceing winds on the skin, which however rough or red, is rendered soft and delicate is a few days. This Cream contains no soap or alkalin matter whatever.

whatever.
ROWLANDS KALYDOR, For improving and beautifying the Complex eradicating all cutaneous eruptions,

PEARL, DENTIFRICE

Is a most innocent and effectual preparation for beau-tifying the Teeth. By its tonic and astringent pro-perties, it braces and strengthens the Gums and Sockets, preserving them in a sound and healthy resulting. ALL THE FAVOUITE TOILET SOAPS,

Prepared in the useful form of a Tablet without angular corners.

Tooth, Nail, Hair and Cloth Bh.USHES in great rariety, all from LONDON.

Wm. R. WATSON. Reddin's New Building, Nov. 21st, 1853. Adv. & Isl.

A FEW WOOD STOVES suitable for Meetin or School House, just received and for sale by GEORGE MOORE.

North side Queen Squar

11th Nov. 1859. 485

NEW GOODS!

NEW GUUDS:

THE Subscriber being thankful for past patronage, begs leave to intimate to his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to his New Brick Building, on the East side of Pownal Street—that he has added to his former Stock a choice

AMERICAN AND OTHER GOODS,

selection of.

AMERICAN AND OTHER GOODS, suitable for the searon, consisting of Cooking Plank-lin, Close and Parlour Stoves; also Farmer's Boilers, Forks, Spades, Shovels and Scoops, Azes, Hatches, Hammers and Traces, chaff cutters, churns, locks, bolts, and chain bolts, with a variety of other Hardware; Clocks, of all descriptions, Looking Glasses, Boots, Shoes and Rabbers, in great variety, Rabber Overcusts and Ol Clothing.

ALSO—A Good Assortment of AMERICAN DRY GOODS—Door mats, Tobseco, Buffalo Robes, best kind; Sole Leather, Plot Bread, Dheese, Chrackers, Onions, Apples Nuts, Confectionary, Chairs, Brooms, Buckets, Nests Tubs, Oil Cloth for Hall Floors, Burning Fluid; TrA, wholesale and retail; Sugar, Molasses, Mustard, Starch, Indigo, bags salt, &c. A Good Assortment of Glass, Earthenseare and Cruel Slands; Cotton Warp, Hats, caps, window Blinds, counforters, braces, bales writing and wrapipung Paper, balance asid spring Scales, Jars, strings Bells, Baskets, shoe pegs, window glass, different sizes; with a variety of other articles.

**Secondary Control of Control of

Oct. 14, 1853. 6w

NEW GOODS. THE Subscriber is now receiving, per "Sir Alexander" and "Hellean" from Liverpool, 162 PACKAGES MERCHANDIZE, suitable for the present and coming seasons, which, having been personally selected from some of the first Houses in England and Glasgow, he is enabled to offer to his customers at extremely low prices for prompt payment. The STOCK comprises:—

10 Cases Ready Made Clothing,
5 do Hats and Caps,
8 do Dress Materials,
5 do Haberdashery,
2 do Laces and Millinery,
1 do Gloves, THE Suba

do Gloves, do Silks, Ribbons and Velvets,

2 do Silks, Ribbons and Velvets,
1 do Jewellery,
2 do Fars,
10 Trunks Boots and Shoes,
5 Bales Clotks,
6 Bales grey and white Calicos,
5 do Linen Drapery,
5 do Carpets and Flannels,
10 do Paper Hangings,
20 Chests Tea,
25 Packages Groceries,
40 do Hardware and Ironmongery,
Davilet Davies.
Charlottetown, Nov. 4, 1883. Charlottetown, Nov. 4, 1853.

FALL ARRIVALS.

FALL ARRIVALS.

THE Subscriber has received, on Consignment, per sehrs. Mary Arma and Isabella, from BOSTON, a quantity of GOODS, which he offers for Sale at his Store, Queen Street, consisting in part of—100 pieces grey, white and printed Cottong, bales of striped Shirtings, Deniums and Bed-ticks, Farmiture Cottons, window blinds, Handkerchiefs, satinetts and doeskins, vestings, shawls, table cloths, &c.

Also,
50 chests, half-chests and 15 lbs. boxes Congou
TEA, Tierces Rice, hhds. Muscovado Molasses,
boxes Raisins, Drums Figs, Drums Jews Apples,
dozens Buckets, Brooms, nests Tubs, Pilot Bread,
barrels Pitch, Tar, and Rosin, Franklin and other STOVES reams writing and wrapping Paper, cane and wooden seated Chairs, a variety of Brass Clocks, boxes Boots and shoes, 50 gross Matches, 50 boxes

Boap, &c. October 21.

Apples, Onions & Stoves

UST ARRIVED per Schr. Elizabeth, from Bosten, and for sale by the subscriber:—
Barrels Apples and Onions,
Cooking Stoves, Parlor Grates, Air-tight & Cannon

JAMES MORRIS.

Noves;
Also—For sale at the fuel yard of the subscriber, 100 conbs Rock maple & Birch fire wood, 20,000 eet Scantling.

W. B. DAWSON.

To Grocers. SUGAR! SUGAR! SUGAR! TUST RECEIVED, ex Schr. Hhhds.

Tierces, and
Barrels
Choice PORTO RICO SUGAR.

For Sale low, by WILLIAM T. PAW. Oct. 8, 1853. 3m "Catharine."

"Catharine."

THE Subscriber bega leave to inform his Friends and Customers, that he has just received per Schooner Catharine, and other arrivals from the United States, a large Stock of GOODS, which will be sold at a very small advance on first cost as Cash is wanted. They consist in part of 200 Stoves, assorted, 15 Puncheons Molasses, 50 Chests Tea, 25 Boxes Candles, 12 Cases Boots, Shoes and Brogans, 15 Bbls. Pilot Bread and Crackers, 5 Bbls Barning Fluid, 60 Eight day & Thirty hour Clocks, 32 Doz. Buckets. 32 Doz. Brooms, 50 Doz. Chairs, 20 Boxes Glass, 60 Suits Oil Clothing, 12 Boxes Glass, 60 Suits Oil Clothing, 12 Boxes Tohacco.

Sole Leather, Churns, Window Blinds, Rocking Horses, Wash Boards, Looking Glasses, Thermometors, Ladies' and Gents.' India Rubber Boots and Shoes, Whips, Satinetts, Drillings, Ticks, Striped Shirting, Prayer Books, Bibles, and other Books.

JOHN ANDREW MeDONALD.

October 14th. Isl & R. G.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!! JUST RECEIVED by the Subscriber, 200

J STOVES, well assorted, consisting of Pioneer,
Premium, Ransom, New Market, Yoging America
and Boston Cooking Stoves, Soap-stone-back Franklin, Wood Franklin, Cast & Sheet Iron Air Tight,
Box, Combination, and other Stoves.

JOHN ANDREW McDONALD.

October 14th, 1863. Isl & R.G.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale, a few FAB.
MERS' BOILERS.
THOMAS DODD, Pewnal Street.
Nov. 7th, 1888.

Farm to be Let.

Farm to be Let.

Farm to be Let.

THE subscriber offers to let for one or more years as may be agreed on. A fain at Summerside Lot 17 of about 00 acres of caltivated land all of which is under foone, it fronts ten chains of Green's Wharf, On the fired about 75 area of Freehold Land, on Vernon River, Let 50. About 20 acres is covered with hard and soft wood, and the remainder is cleared and has a marsh which cuts a considerable quantity of hay. For further particulars, ensuire at this office, or of DONALD McNEILL.

New 22d, 1853.

NEW Contract of Freehold Land, on Vernon River, and on the farm any quantity of Black und may be procured. A large Barr, Dwelling House and out-houses are on the premises, the rest may be paid in produce or in each at the option of the Lesse, if sor let soon it will be otherwise disposed of. Application may be made to Mr. P. Pewer Summerside or to the subscriber.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1853.
A steady sober man with a fair knowledge of faring wanted, with or without a wife. J. W.

Premises to be Let. Premises to be Let.

THE subscriber offers to let a shop, dwelling house and warehouse in one building, 60 by 28 & 22 feet on the ground, with an excellent frost poof refler, it is directly opposite the residence of Mr. McEwen, at Summerside, Bedeque, and within a few yards of the public wharf at which the Bedeque and Shediac packet arrive and depart from.

Also,

Near the same wharf a convenient dwelling house with a garden attached and a pump of good water at the door. This house has a frost proof celler and has on the first floor 2 Kitchens and 3 gooms, and 4 rooms on the second, also, a warehouse, stable, &c.,

A dwelling house with three rooms on the first and two on the second floor, with a frost proof celler, also a garden attached, part of the above buildings are new and the remainder nearly so and in good order, all of these premises are pleasently situated in that little and fast growing towa Summerside, further information may be had on applying to Mr. P. Power on the premises or to

J. WEATHERBE.

Charlottetown, Nov. 10th, 1853.

Cattle and Land Sale.

The subscriber will offer for sale by Peblic Auction on his Farm at 7 Mile Bay on Wednesday the 30 Inst. at 12 o clock noon the following property, viz: Cows, Calves, Young Cattle, Ozen, Sheep, Horees, Farming Utensils, Carts, &c.: Also Beds, Bedding, Bedsteads, Tables, Chaire, &c. &c. which have been sent to said farm to be sold: Also a small lot of Dry Goods: Immediately after which will be offered for sale the Farm and all Lands belonging to the Subscriber at 7 Mile Bay either together or in lots to suit purchasers, these Farms having been advertised in the Royal Gazette in 1849 and being otherwise so well known require but little further description than to say, they contain about 140 Acres each, and Marsh to each to cut about 6 stacks of Hay, or 249 acres in the whole with Marsh to cut about 12 stacks: about 140 acres are under cultivation: they are beautifully situated are possessed of the most natural and aquired local advantages and form altogether the best property now offered for sale in this Island. Credit given for all the stock, &c., until next Fall on approved notis, and such credit for the Farms as may be agreed on. Further information given at sale.

Charlottetown P. E. I. 11th Nov., 1852. Cattle and Land Sale.

J. WEATHERE. Charlottetown P. E. I. 11th Nov., 1853.

Ten Dollars Reward.

WARNING TO TIMBER STEALERS.
WHEREAS a number of Tenants, and other persons have, during the wister season, been in the habit of Stealing Timber from off the various Townships with which I am concerned. Now I hereby give Public Notice to all Tenants, or other individuals, who may hereafter be found Trespassing upon these Forest Lands, either by cutting timber, fire-wood, erecting camps, making sleigh roads, hauling on any private roads, on said property, that they will without distinction of persons, be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the Law; and any person who will give information of such Trespassers, so that they may be brought to justice, shall, on conviction, receive the above reward.

WILLIAM DOUSE, Charlottetown, October 6, 1853.

Charlottetown, October 6, 1853.

NOTICE.

NOTIUE.

THE Subscriber having been daly empowered by GILBERT HENDERSON, of Hyde Park, Square, London, Esquire, and ARTHUR HENDERSON, of Liverpool, in England, Merchant, surviving Executors and Trastees named and appointed in and by the last Will and Testament of Gilbert Henderson, late of Liverpool, aforesaid. Merchant, deceased to collect all Debts and Sums of Money due to the Estate of the and to dispose of all Lands and Hereditaments belonging to said Estate situate therein. All persons so indebted to the Estate of the said Gilbert Henderson, deceased, are daily required without delay to pay into my Lands the several amounts due by them; and those persons who may be in possession of any part those persons who may be in possession of any part of such Lands and Permises, are required to make an immediate and satisfactory arrangement with me, otherwise they will be treated as Trespassers.

JOHN LONGWORTH.

Charlottetown, April 9th, 1858.



Wanted to Charter. SHIPS amounting to about 2000 Tons Register from Meramiche to Liver-pool, enquire of CHARLES S. M'NUTT,

wn, Oct. 17th, 1853 FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE Brigantine "HELLEN," coppered and copper fastened, will sait for the above port on or before the 18th instant. Has good accommodations for passens For freight or passage, apply to the owner. November 3, 1853. W. WELSH.

FOR LIVERPOOL.



THE Brig "ELLEN," 300 tons burthen will sail for Liverpool, G. B., on or about the 1st December—has excellent accompacitions for greater gers. For freight or passage, apply to the owner, excellent acco

November 3, 1853, W. WELSH. Regular Liner from London.

THE Subscribers beg to intimate to Ship pers from London, that they will place on the Line between London and Chan-Lottstown, the A. I, Clipper Barque Harvest Home, 600 tons Register, to sulf from London on or about the lat April, 1854. Apply to the owners

ROMERT BROWN & Co.

24 Lims Street, Fenchurch Street, London. R. BROWN & Co. Wallace, N. S.,

Wallace, N. S.,
Wm. WALSH, Agent,
Charlettetown, P. E. I.
Charlettetown, P. E. I.
Will do well to make early application.
October 14th, 1858. Isl & R. D.

Butter, Wool and Sheep Skins. THE Subscriber will pay the highest market prio in Casts, for any quantity of WOOL and SHEEP SKINS. ROBERT BELL

Queen Square, Ch. Town, May 31st, 1858.

MONEY TO LEND. NQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALSE.



COMMISSABIAT.

DRAFTS at eight on the Commissarist Chest.

Distination Deliver in exchange for Britication, or Mexican Deliver, at par.

JAMES B. LUNDY, D. A. C. G.

Commissarist, P. E. Island. 22d Nev., 1888.



THE ALLIANCE

LIPE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.

HAVING a Capital of £5,000,000, Sterling, offers
advantages to this Community, which are equal,
if not superior, to any other in the world.

The Subscriber continues to issue Policies against
Fire, at reasonable rates of Premium.

All losees that may be sestained, are paid with
liberality and prompitude, by the Agent, without
reference to the Company, in Loisdon. In cases of
fraud, suspicion, or requiring explanation, the subscriber then asks for instructions, from the Board of
Directors

Quinquennial participation of profits will be declisted next year. It may be remembered that one of
the assured in this Tewn, was paid, in 1849, the
handsome sum of £41 % 10d. Cy., as his return of
premiums paid, for the then preceding five years.

Whenever reservoirs for water are made in the
Town; or Pumps are erected at the Wharves; to be
used in cases of Fire, the Company have authorised
the Subscriber to contribute liberal donations for such
useful purposes.

The Agent has received instructions by the last
Mail, to inform applicants for Life Insurance, that in
future, NO CHARGE FOR STAMP DUTY WILL BE
MADE. The Company will pay such charge out of
its own funds.

All blanks and informations wanted, will be cheerfully farnished, by making application to

CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

The National Loan Fund Liffe

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

CAPITAL £500,000 Sterling. Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria. A Saving Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

THEATH HAVILAND, jr.
Agent for Prince Edward Island.
Soptember 5, 1853. Isl

Equitable Fire Insurance Compa-Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

DOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—
Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hensely, Francis Longuevith, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dausson, Esq.
Uetached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W.Deblois Esq. Charlotte-town.

H. J. CUNDALL. Agent for P. E. I. pro tem Sept. 7th 1853. THE COLONIAL

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. GOVERNOR—THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE ARL of ELGIN and KINCARDINE, Governor General of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE-22 St. Andrew Square, Edin-

burgh.
Board of Management in Halifax for Noua
Scotia and Prince Edward Island.
Hon. M. B. Almon, Banker.
Hon. William A. Black, Banker.
Lewis Blies, Esq.
Charles Twining, Esq., Barrister.
John Bayley Bland, Esq.
Hon. Alexander Keith, Merchant.
James Stewart. Esc., Solicies.

Hon. Alexander Keith, Merchant.
James Stewart, Esq., Solicitor.
Medical Adviser—A. F. dawers.
Agent & Secretary—Matthew H. Richey, Solicitor
The following gentlemen have been appointed Officers of the Company in Prince Edward Island, and will be prepared to furnish information as to the principles and practice of the Company and the rates of Assurance.
Chylateters. ssurance.
Charlottetown—Medical Adviser—H. A. Johnston,

Charlottetown—Medical Aguser—II. A. Jonnston,
M. D. Agent—E. L. Lydiard.
Georgetown—Medical Adviser—David Kaye, M.
D. Agent—William Sanderson.
St. Eleanor's—Medical Adviser—Joseph Bell, M.

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

This Company offers the best guarantee in case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of fully 50 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceds £1700. Persons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

ID one of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. Incase of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at the an ne obtained immediately, by applying at the creatary's Office.

W. HEARD, President HENRY PALMER. ecretary's Office, Kent Street, Sec'y and Tr August 5th, 1853. ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG. FRENCH LANGUAGE.

of CESAR DEBASONT has the honor of informing the inhabitants of Charlottetowa, and vicinity, that he has opened Classes for instruction in the French Language, at Mrs. M. Dosald's, North side of Queen Square.

Moraing Classes, from 10 to 12. Evening Classes, FRENCH LANGUAGE.

of Queen Square.

Morning Classes, from 10 to 12. Evening Classes, from 7 to 9, (Squarday, excepted.)

TERRES—Morning Classes, 30s. per quarter.

Evening Classes, 25s. per quarter.

M. D. will also be prepared to attend private slasses between the hours of 2 and 5 in the aftersoon.

Residence—Mr. Bagnall's, Commercial House, Pownal Street. Swa50 is

Notice to Tenants on the Estates of Captain and Era. Cumberland, in P. E. Island. THE Tenants on the above Estate are hereby notified, that they will beneeforth be required to pay all taxes imposed by the local Statutes upon the lands in their possession, and that the Proprietors will in all cases of default, proceed against the Tenants, upon the covernate contained in their Tenants, upon the covernate contained in their Lange.

Charlottetown, 18th Getober 1888.

THE BIBLE IN SARDINIA.—The Genev correspondent of the London Christonia Times, in a letter to that paper, says:—
"Wishing to profit by the permission granted by the Sardinian Government with respect to admission of Bibles, the Bible Society of Geneva lately sent to Chambers two of its colporteurs, and such was the demand for the sacred volume, that in the space of a fortnight, in the two towns of Chambery and Annecy, 1500 copies of the Scriptures were sold by the colporteurs of the Bible society, and at the depot which Mr. Graydon, agent of the British and Foreign Bible Society, established at the house of the editor of the Gleaner. Of these 1500 copies, about 1000 were Bibles, and 500 Testamentsall of the French version of Sacy."

A LOCOMOTIVE was lately run, for the first time, five miles on the Egyptian railroad, much to the astonishment of the Bedouins, who galloped alongside on their fleet horses for some time, until they found they had no chance of keeping pace with

THE following anecdote, illustrative of railroad facility, is very pointed. A traveller inquired the distance to a certain point. "Dat 'pends on circumstance," replied the darkey. "If you gwine afoot, it 'll take you about a day ; if you gwine in the stage or de homnibus, you make it in half a day; but you get in one of dose smoke wagins, you be almost' dar now!

PRESERVING Eggs.-M. Appert's method of preserving eggs is to put them in a jar with bran, to prevent their braking; cork and hermetically seal the jar; put into a vessel of water, heated to 200 degrees Fahrenheit, or 12 degrees below boiling. The vessel with water being taken from the fire, the water must cool till the finger may be borne in it; remove the jar. The eggs may then be taken out, and will keep for six months.

THE BEST MEDICINE.-Good, wholesome food and temperance, with pure, cold water to drink and bathe in, with fresh air, plenty of exercise, and a clear conscience, are said to do more to restore or preserve health, and prolong life, than all the doctors and medicine in the uni-

HENS AND Eggs .- The Maine Farmer says a young hen will lay the first year about 150 eggs, the second 120, the third 100,—diminishing every year as she grows older; and she should "go to pot" after

BEST FOOD FOR FOWLS .- By experiments lately made on a farm at Neufchatel, in Switzerland, it has been proved that fowls to which a portion of chalk is given with their food lay aggs the shells of which are remarkable for their whiteness. Some hens, fed upon barley, would not lay well, and tore off each other's feat-The barley was then mixed with some feathers chopped up, which the hens ate and digested freely. By adding milk to their food, they began to lay, and cea-sed plucking each other's feathers. Never give poultry or birds salt, or salt food; ous to them.

CURRINGS SENTENCE.—The following verse contains every letter in the English alphabet except "E." It is a question whether any other English rhyme can be produced (in print) without the letter " which is a letter employed more than any other. By inserting the word vex instead of tax, in the second line, the verse would contain all the letters of the alpha-

A jovial swain may rack his brain, And tax his fancy's might, To quiz is vain, for 'tis most plain That what I did was right.

A Comparison. A preacher, who had once been a printer, observed in one of his sermons, that "youth might be campared to a comma, manhood to a semico on, old age to a colon, to which death puts a period."

A SECRET is like silencetalk about it and keep it; it is like money-when once you know there is any concealed it is half discovered. "My dear Murphy," said an Irishman to his friend why did you betray the secret that I told you?" "Is it betraying you call it? Sure, when I found I wasn't able to keep it myself, did't I do well to tell it to some body that could?"

WANTED, by an attorney, a clerk to engross people's attentions.

A MAN in Burlington advertises, "hams and cigars, smoked and unsmoked, for

"Dann, I want to ask you a question."
"Well what is it son?" "Why is Smith's gin-shop like a counterfeit shilling?"
"Don't know, son; why?" "Because
you can't pass it," said the boy. The
old man was carried off on a shutter. enough for our company," said a gay young wife to her frugal husband. "Plenty of chairs, ducky, but a little too much com-

FARM FOR SALE. FARM FOR SALE.

TWO be sold by private sale, the Leasehold for

989 years, containing 80½ acres of Land, with
the Buildings thereon. About 40 acres are clear.
There is a good pamp at the door of the Dwelling
House. This Farm is situated about 10 miles from
Charlottetown, on the Tryon Read, and known as
the SUN INN, for the last 18 years. Half the
purchase money can remisin on the Premises. For
further particulars apply to Mrs. WIDGERY on the
Premises, or to HENRY PALMER, Esq., Charlottetown.

wn. Lot 31, West River, June 27, 1853

House in Kent Street. House in Kent Street.

The subscriber offers for sale, or to let, the dwelling House in Kent Street, adjoining his own residence. It contains a large Store, and good frost-proof Cellar, and six good Rooms. There is also a Stable for eight Horses, and new Well of Water in the yard. It will be let altogether or in two parts. On £200 being paid down, the remainder could lie on mortage for four or five years.

JOHN BREEN. JOHN BREEN.

June 13th 1853. FOR SALE.

THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of Prince Street, formerly the site of the Baptist Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Euston Street, and 104 on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable situations in the suburbs for a gentleman's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to W. H. POPE.

Farm for Sale. Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his FARM, consisting of 140 acres, 99 acres Freehold, and 20 acres Leased, at One Shilling per acre. There is about 40 acres cleared, and in a high state of culvivation; a good House, Barn and Workshop on the Premises. It is situated in the beautiful and flourishing settlement of Searltown, about 2½ miles from the South Shore, where abundance of Sea Manure may be had. For particulars apply to Thomas Doddy, Charlottetown, or the Sabscriber on the premises.

JOHN TODD.

Searltown, 2d Oct, 1853. 16

Searltown, 2d Oct, 1853. 1ft

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THAT valuable leasehold FARM at Long Creek, for 999 years, formerly in the possession of John McLeon, now owned by the Subscriber. There are on the premises a good House and Bara, the house partly finished; two wells and plenty of poles; also a Marsh which cuts 30 tons of Hay. One thousand poles will run the line fence, as the farm is almost surrounded by water. There is abundance of Mussel and black marsh Mud in front of the Farm. Such a Farm is very seldom in the market. For particulars apply to Mr. JAMES CAIRNS, Globe Hotel, Charlotteown, or to JOHN GARVIE, Bonshaw Inn. Terms Moderate.

Oct. 8, 1853. Valuable Farm for Sale.

To be Sold,

BY PRIVATE SALE, the following VALUABLE REAL ESTATE of the late Hon. Colonel A. LANE, situate in Charlottetown, and its vicinity, viz TOWN LOTS Nos. 57, 58, 59, 60 and 61, in the TOWN LOTE Nos. 57, 58, 59, 60 and 61, in the Fourth Hundred of Lots in Charlottetown containing nearly two Acres of Land, fronting on Rochford Square, tastefully laid out with ornamental, fruit trees, and Garden; it contains also the Family Residence, out houses of the deceased, of the mos commodious description.

Town Lots Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6, in the Third Hundred of Lots in Carlottetown aforesaid, and One sweetish part of Town Lots Nos. 67, 68, and 69.

undred of Lots in Carhlottetown aforesaid, and ne-twentieth part of Town Lots Nos 67, 68 and 69, the Second hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, ad-

use Second hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, adjoining the property of Daniel Hodson, Esq., in lots to suit purchasers.

Town Lors Nos. 3, 4, and 5, in the Fifth hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, aforesaid, in lots to suit purchasers. Town Lot No. 64. in the Fourth hundred of Lots Charlottetown, adianases

estice.
Common Lors. 12 and 13, in the Common of and in close proximity to Charlottetown, containing Twenty-four Acres, in lots to suit purchasers.

Part of Common Lot No. 18, in the Common of Charlottetown, and which forms the Western side of the approach from Town to Government House, in

ots to suit purchasers.

PASTURE LOT No. 554, in the Royalty of Charottetown, containing Twelve Acres.

Also—PEW No. 31, in the South Aisle of St. ALSO—FEW No. 31, in the South Aisle of St. Paul's Church, Charlottetown.

For further particulars, apply to W. FORGAN, U.S. Barrister at Law, Charlottetown; at Pictou, to J. HAMLITON LANE, the Acting Executor of, and one of the Trustees named in the Will of the late Colonel A Lane.

and one of the Trustees named in the W Colonel A. Lane. Charlottetown, 26th October, 1853.

Cottage to Let. TO LET, the Cottage immediately above Apothecaries' Hall, fronting on Queen Street. Immediate possession given.

mediate possession given.

Also, the Store and Counting House adjoining Apothecaries' Hall, Cellar underneath, and Ware Room attached. Rent moderate.

THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY.

October 12th, 1853.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale. THE Subscriber offers for SALE his WHARF and several BUILDING LOTS adjoining, at Poot QUEEN STREET. Persons desirous of par chasing, will please make early application to TMOS. B. TREMAIN.

TO LET for such a Term of years as may be agreed upon, the Farm known as Sherwood sittate seven miles from Charlottetown at Dog River, Township No. 31 containing, 130 acres of excellent and, upon which are erected a Stone Cottage suitable for a gesteel family, and commodious outhouses.

Charlottetown. June 23, 1853.

ssion can be given at once.

Apply to J. HAMILTON LANE, Esq. ottetewn, 29th Sept. 1853.

For Sale or Lease,
TOUR DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, at the
Ferry, or Let 48, and an ELECHBLE FARM on
hat township. For particulars apply to,
LONDRY DATA Nov. 2d 1858. n811m.

Shop to be Let
PRONTING or Queen's Square and near the
Depoted the Royal Agricultural Society. It has
a small office adjoining, and a commodious cellar
beneath, and is a desirable stand for business. Enquire at this office.

For Sale, or to Let. THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE
about one mile from Charlottetowntogether with the Outbuildings, and
about six acres of land. For particular JOHN S. BREMNER.

Charlottetown, Oct. 8, 1853. House to Let.

TO LET, that well known HOUSE and PREMISES, situate in Pownal Street known as Mas. Wood's Boarding House. Possession given in November further particulars, apply to G. W. DEBLOIS.

Glasgow and Manchester House! THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED his SUMMER SUPPLY of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS,

Per Brig Attwood, direct from Condon.

DAVID WILSON.
Richmond Street, 17th June, 1853

NEW GOODS NEW GOODS
THE Subscriber has received, per Brig Attwood, from London, and other recent arrivals, the ollowing GOODS, which are offered cheap for Cash. Bales &. Cases Dry Goods. 50 Chests Choice Tens. Canvass, Cordge, Oakum. Chain Cables & inch to 7-8ths, Anchors and Kedges. Cat and Wrought Nails, Spikes, Round and flat Iron, Window Glass, Paints and Oil, London and Liverpool Soap, London waxed-wick Candles, Barrels Choice Sugar, Hds. Molases, &c. &c. LONGWORTH & YATES. Water Street, Charlottetown, June 17th, 1853.

Water Street, Charlottetown, June 17th, 1853.

BOATS.

BOATS.

THE Subscriber having been for several years employed in building Ship, Fishing, and Pleasure BOATS of all kinds, begs leave to return thanks for the generous support he has hitherto experienced in that line, and to notify his friends and the public at large, that he is making preparations for a larger and more extended business, and that, for the purpose of accommodating persons who may favor him with Orders, the following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as his Agents:—

Orders, the following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as his Agents:—
Captain MATHEWSON, of the Steamer 'Rose.'
Mr. G. T. HASZARD, Charlottetown.
Captain HUBBARD, Tignish.
Mr. WM. ME.WEN, Innkeeper, Summerside.
NICHOLAS CONROY, Esq., Kildare.
Boats of any description, dimensions or build (whether Clinker or Carvel), delivered in Charlottetown, or elsewhere, with promptitude. Workmanship and

ther Clinker or Cavery, or elsewhere, with promptitude. Workmanship and materials warranted of the best description. Produce or cattle will be taken in payment, if desired. CHARLES M-QUARRIE.

A handy LAD, of about 14 or 15 years of Saint John Sale Stables

M. A. CUMMING, Veterinary Surgeon, begs to intimate to parties having HORSES to dispose of, that he is about to open as a Sale Stable, those premises next the Catholic Chapel, head of King's Square, St. John; where Horses will be kept at liversely the stable of the st

Square, St. John, where Horses will be kept at liv-ery, and bought or sold on commission.

There being no well-understood place in St. John where those having Horses, and those wanting Horses, know where to find each other, M. A. C. fla-ters himself that a Horse Bazaar, or Sale Stable properly conducted, may in some measure supply a want often felt by the public; while from the know-ledge of horses derived from his profession, he may be able at times to give useful advice both to seller and

able at times to give useful having out to example purchaser.

N. B.—Two or three good young Harness Horses was the strong heavy pair, full mouthed for shippard work.

Saint John, 26th April, 1853.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

AlL persons heaving legal demands against the Estate of the late David Murray, Sen., of Bedeque, Lot 25, Farmer, are requested to furnish their Accounts for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate

PHILIP BAKER,
HUGH MONTGOMEY,

Executors. Bedeque November, 2d, 1853. 83 3we

VETERINARY PRACTICE,

Under the Patronage of His Excellancy Sir ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, Knight.

CHARLEMANDER BANNEMAN, Knight.

CEORGE LOND, begs leave respectfully to intition mate to his friends and the public in general, that he has resumed his practice in the Veterkinary Line, under the patronage of His Excellency Sir Alexander Brannerman, Knight.

After a successful practice of 27 years—14 in England and 13 in America,—in the course of which he has been directly instrumental, through his skill, in saving, for their owners, the lives of many valuable Horsks and Cows; he hopes that, in now soliciting a renewal of Public Patronack, he may be permitted to say that he considers himself to be as well qualified to prescribe Medicines and preform Operations, in the capacity of a Horse and Cow Doctor, as any individual who has ever practised in that line in this Colony; and he, therefore, presumes that he may confidently look forward to a renewal of that patronage which he formerly enjoyed in this Is-

Nearly 9,000 Bells have been cast and sold from this Foundry, which is the best evidence of their su-periority. We have fifteen Gold and Silver medals at our office, which were awarded for the "best Bells for sonorousees and purity of tone." We pay parti-cular attention to the getting up Peals or Chimes, and can refer to those furnished by us. Our establishment is contiguous to the Erie and Champlain Canals, and Railroads running in every direction, which brings us can reter to the continuous continuous contiguous to the Eric and Champtam Canasa, and Railroade running in every direction, which brings as within four hours of New York. Cash paid for old Copper. Old Clocks, Levels, Compasses, Transits, Theodelites, &c., for sale, of superior workmanship.

All communications, either by mail or otherwise will be a least of the communications.

All communications, either by mail or otherwise will have immediate attenton.

A. MENEELY'S SONS

West Troy, N. Y., March, 1853.

Orders will be received and information given as to prices, at Geo. T. Haszard's Book and Stationery Store.

NOTICE. THE Tenants on Townships Numbers Sixteen and.
Twenty-two, in this Island, the properly of The Right Honourable, Laurence Sulivan, are hereby required to make immediate payment of all arrears of rent due by them, otherwise proceedings will be instituted for the recovery thereof.
WILLIAM FORGAN. WILLIAM FORGAN. 12th April, 1853.

HORSES WANTED. TWENTY-FOUR SPAN GOOD DRAFT HORSES wanted.
Apply at the GLOSE HOTEL.
July 18. NOVELTIES FOR THE SUMMER. WILLIAM HEARD,

BEGS to announce the arrival per Attensed, from England, of a large assortment of BRITISH and FOREIGN MANUFACTURES, from the first Houses in the Trade. W. H. having personally selected this Stock, would call especial attention to a vartety of

NEW MATERIALS FOR LADIES' DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, RIB-BONS, PARASOLS, BONNETS, MILLINERY, &c., &c.

A large selection of Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Waist-coatings, Cotton and LINEN GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. Boots and Shoes, and every article in the Furnishing Department.

In order to compete with other Houses, W. H. begs to inform his Friends that in future his business will be conducted on the CASH principle, and requests those whose accounts were furnished to the Jane 25, 1833.

Health for a Shilling;



EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF LOSS OF HEALTH DISORDERED STOMACH, INDIGESTION AND DETERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD.

DETERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. John Lloyd, of Erw wen, near Harleth, Merionethshire.

To Professor Holloway,
Sin,—I avail myself of the first opportunity of informing you, that for a very long period, I was afflicted with a dangerous giddiness and frequent swimmings in the head, attended by loss of appetite, disordered stomach, and generally impaired health. Every mean-had failed to give me any permanent relief, and at length it became so alarming, that I was really afraid of going about without an attendant. In this melancholy condition, I waited personally upon Mr. Hughes, Chemist, Harlech, for the purpose of consulting him as to what I had better do; he kindly recommended your I'ills, I tried them without delay, and after taking them for a short time I am happy to bear testimeny to their wonderful efficacy. I am now restored to perfect health, and enabled to resume my usual mony to their wonderful efficacy. I am nonyro to their wonderful efficacy. I am now restored to perfect health, and enabled to resume my usual duties. You are at liberty to publish this letter is any way you may think proper.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant'

JOHN LLOYD. (Signed) June 6th, 1852. June 6th, 1852.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF DROPSY.

Extract of a Letter from Edward Rowley, Esq., India Walk, Tobago, dated April 8th, 1852.
To Professor Haylow.

To Professor Holloway,

DEAR SIR—I deem it a duty I owe to you and the

Bowel Companies
Cholice
Constipation of the Fits
Bowels
Gout
Consumption
Debility
Indigestion
Seconfalls, or Stone and Gravel
Seconfalls
Seconfalls
Seconfalls
Seconfalls
Seconfalls
Tic Doloureex
Venereal Affections
Weakness, from
Weakness, from
Whatever cause, dec.
whatever cause, dec. whatever cause, &c.
Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway,
244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by all
respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines
throughout the Civilized World, at the following

prices:—
2s. 5s. 8s. and 20s. Currency each Box.
There is a considerable saving by taking the

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each Box. GEORGE T. HASZARD, Sole Wholesale Agent for P. E. Island. CANDLES MADE.

HOUSEKEEPERS are respectfully informed, that they can have their TALLOW made up by ap-Nov. 10th. Corner of Queen & Water Street.

FLUID! FLUID!! TIVE Casks BURNING FLUID just received and for sale low. Also, a few FLUID LAMPS JOHN ANDREW McDONALD. Queen Street, 14th Oct. Isl

APOTHECARIE'S HALL. The Old Established

HOUSE, 1810 CHARLOTTETOWN, JANUARY, 1853. T. DESBRISAY & Co. AVE just received, per late arrivals from London, Dublin, United States and Halifax, their Supplies for the Season, comprising, in the whole, an Extensive and Varied Assortment of DRUGS & CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY,

DRUGS & CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, and other Toliet requisites; Paints, Oils, Colours, and Dye Stuffis; Fruits, Spices, Confectionary, Medicated and other Lonenges; with all the Patsent Medicines in repute, and overy other stricle usually kept at similar Establishments in Great Britini (See Apothecaries' Hall Advertiser.) The whole of which they can with confidence recommend to the public, and, if quality be considered, at as low, if not lower prices, than they can be procured in the market. on

Fire! Fire! Fire!!

Secure your Property at a saving of fifty per cent.

THIS can only be done by Insuring in the MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. TUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
This is the only Office where claims for loss can
be met, without reference to a foreign Company.
Blank forms of application, and any other informaion can be obtained at the Secretary and Treasurer's
Office, Kent Street.
April 6, 1852.



AYER'S PILLS.

A YER'S PILLS,

Dear Sin—I deem it a duty I owe to you and the public at large to inform you of a most miraculous recovery from that dreadful disease, Droppy, and which, under God, was effected by your invaluable Pills. I was tapped five times within eight months, and skiffelly treated by two medical practitioners, but could not get cared, until I had recourse to your remedy, and notwithstanding all I had undergone, this miraculous medicine cured me in the course of six weeks. (Signed) EDWARD ROWLEY.

A DANGEROUS LIVER COMPLAINT AND SPASM IN THE STOMACH EFFECTUALLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Bostock, Druggist, of Ashlon under Lyne, dated July 31, 1852.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir.—I have much pleasure in handing to you a testimonial of the efficacy of your Medicines. A person in this neighbourhood, with whom I am well acquainted, was affected for a long time with violent spasmodic pains in the stomach and liver, arising from frequent colds, smells of paint, and the effects of a stooping position, which he was obliged to assume in his business. The spasms were of an alarming character, and frequently left him in a.weak and debilitated condition. At length he heard of the salutary effects of your invaluable Pills, and was induced to give them a trial. The first dose gave him considerable relief, and by following them up in accordance with your directions, they have acted so wonderfully in cleansing the liver and stomach, and streagthening the digestive organs, that he has been restored to the enjoyment of good health.

I remain, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

(Signed) WILLIAM BOSTOCK.

INFALLIBLE CURE OF A STOMACH COM—

that he has resumed his practice in the Veterina at a trait. The first does grave him considerable of the form of the first does are the moderate of the first does grave him considerable to the first does are the moderate of the first does grave him considerable to the first does are the moderate of the first does grave him considerable the first does grave him considerable to the first does grave him to the degrave present of the first does grave him to the degrave present of the first has been from the first does grave him to the first does grave him to the degrave present and the first does grave him to the degrave present does for the first does and cover the first has been from the first does and the first does

promptly forwarded by mail to his address.

Of all the Patent Medicines that are offered, how few would be taken if their composition was known? Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mysteries.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject, freely acknowledge their convictions, of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful medicine before its effects were known. Many eniment Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more confidently, and are willing to certify that their anticipations were more than realized by their effects upon trial.

They operate by their effects upon trial, the stomach, howels, liver, and other organs of the intenal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, howels, liver, and other organs of the ody, restoring their irregular action to health, after body, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see the wrapper on the Prenared by Jaxing C. Axin, Practical and An-

Box.
Prepared by James C. Ayre, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass. For Sale by

T. DESBRISAY, & Co.,

And by
Mr. Lenuel Owen, Georgelows,
Edward Goff, Grand River,
Edward Needman, St. Peter's Bay,
J.J. Frasen, St. Elemer's,
George Woodstron, Crapsed,
Jan. L. Holland, of del.
WM. Dodd, Bedeque,
James Piddeon, New Load on

Established

Published every W Office, South side Quer TERMS—Annual Sc in advance. TERMS For the first inserts including hand, 20.—6 3c. 6d.—16 lines, 4a.—30 lines, 5a. 6d.—36 line. One fourth of th Advertisements sent antil forbid.

Hage

Georg
THE MAILS for
will be made a
and Friday morning
THOS
May 2, 1858.

WILL be held at V lotte own, on January, 1854, to a age House, in count of Crapand. Contribut by the following Lad Mas. Jenkins, "Firz. Gen." Curpall,

THE Christian Pai Ladies of the congregation worsh Charlottetown, purp Temperance Hall on to sid in raining Far and Parch to the sais Contributions in de

Charlottet

I is requested that in writing to the Com so that no time may pipes, and internal it cording to priority, of The Gas Company Gas litter, from So.

Oct 24, 1858. 1

THE Subscriber generally that Commission Me At the corner of (hoper by promptness of their patronage. CASH advan

THE undersigned CO-PARTNE COMMISSION MEI tofore carried on by the complement of the

June, 16th, 1851 N. B. The AUC Dissolution NOTICE is hereby

under the firm of C & Carriers, hath bein Charlottietown, 14th N. B. Likewise a against the enid parti accounts for settlents

COMMISSIO No. 7, SOUTH

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