

THE CHIGNECTO POST  
EVERY THURSDAY

\$1.25 per Annum, or \$1.00 in Advance

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING

Promptly Executed at Lowest Rates

ADVERTISEMENTS  
Inserted at very Lowest Rates.

E. WOODWORTH, Manager.

HALIFAX

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AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

—Thousand of cattle are dying in Texas for want of water.

—Fully 100,000 ears of corn will be put up at Hoeg's factory, Barker's Landing, this season.

—Sir John Lawes has grown wheat on his experimental lands at Rothamstead for 43 years in succession without any manure whatever, with an average crop for the time of 14 bushels per acre.

—A string of Wyoming grass cattle were included in last week's supply of cattle at the Chicago stock yards.

They were rather thin and were closed out at \$2.80. Not much money to the growers in that, after expenses were paid.

—It is a fact worthy of note that the number of live cattle sent East from Chicago during the week ended Saturday, was the largest in the history of the trade. The total reached 31,189 head.

For the two weeks ended that day was in excess of 40,000 head.

—The story comes from Salem, Ill., of a flock of 150 sheep that were overtaken in the pasture by fire.

They at once made for a knoll in the field, and there bunched themselves with the lambs in the middle, and began moving in a circle, treading the weeds and grass until the dry earth until the fire was out.

—Mr. J. S. Loring, Athens, Ga., some thing more than seventy years of age, has a farm of 150 acres, naturally stony land, which he has cleared so that almost all the hay is cut by machine. He keeps a stock of twelve or thirteen cattle, three horses and a flock of sheep, and has hired but one day on his farm in the last four years.

—In Iowa 655 women own and direct farms, eighteen manage stock farms, five own greenhouses, ninety manage market gardens, thirteen serve as country school superintendents, thirty-seven manage intermediate institutions of learning, 125 are physicians, forty-nine are registered nurses, and one is a civil engineer.

—Information from McDowell County, West Virginia, says a dreadful state of affairs exists throughout a portion of that State and southwestern Virginia.

The drought made the waters very low, and the peculiar disease which has several times previously followed this state of affairs has broken out. In Morse Cove neighborhood are over 100 cases, with thirty deaths.

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Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 18.-NO. 16.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1887.

WHOLE-NO. 902.

Westmorland County Teachers' Institute.

The following experience of a Mississippi lawyer was related by himself to a writer many years ago. He said:

"I was defending a prisoner for horse-stealing, and seeing no other means of defending him, under the circumstances, I set up the plea of insanity. I argued it at length, read many extracts from works on medical jurisprudence, and had the patient attention of the Court. The prosecuting attorney did not attempt to reply to my argument or controvert my authorities; I seemed to have things my own way, and whispered to the prisoner that he need not be uneasy. Then came the Judge's charge, in which he reminded the jury that there was no dispute between counsel as to the facts of the case. Indeed, there could not have been, for several witnesses had sworn positively that they saw my client steal the horse. 'But,' said the Court, 'the plea of insanity has been set up, and I charge you gentlemen of the jury, that it should receive your very grave and serious deliberation; but I must be allowed to say, gentlemen, that for myself, upon a review of the whole case, I can discover no evidence of insanity on the part of the prisoner, except, perhaps, in the selection of his counsel.'—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in Harper's Magazine for September.

Stories From Down East.

Many arguments appeal to the rustic New-Englanders, but there is one that never fails—the argument of custom.

An elderly farmer and his middle-aged son Sam had been spending the day at the county fair. When it came to be time to go home Sam appeared rather the worse for his pleasure.

"Sam," said his father, "what ails you? Ain't you got no sense? I don't care a cent about yer takin' a nipper or so, but how ka ye be such a tormented fool ez to go and git corned, ez ye."

A gleam of triumph shone in Sam's watery eyes as he answered, "Wot ye goin' ter do wen folks Git it in ye?"

There is no reply known in rural New England to such reasoning as this.—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in Harper's Magazine for September.

The Pneumatic Dynamite Torpedo Gun Company claim that their gun will revolutionize warfare. The United States Congress last session appropriated \$350,000 for the construction of a cruiser to be armed with such guns. These guns, which are made of brass, are twelve inches in diameter or bore and forty feet in length of barrel. They are to carry a regulation shell which will contain 600 pounds of dynamite, but they can throw shells of much larger or smaller capacity. For example, they can throw shells of 1,000 pounds, two and a half miles; 750 pounds, two and a half miles; 500 pounds, three miles; 250 pounds, four miles; 200 pounds, four and one-half miles; 100 pounds, six miles. This with reasonable accuracy and with safety to the crew, vessels and guns. What a small quantity of dynamite can do in the way of destruction is always more or less a matter of uncertainty. But as to the destructive power of a thousands pounds of dynamite there can be no question. Dropped upon the deck of any war vessel in existence the result would be a total and total destruction of that vessel. Exploded in the water beside it, the ship would be overwhelmed and sunk. As to land warfare, how would a fort be constructed that could resist the shelling of a gun of such a shell? It is claimed for this pneumatic gun that its introduction will change the entire system of attack and defence not only by the navies but also by the armies of the world.

—In this practical age when nothing is accepted as truth without strict investigation, and old beliefs are exposed to the glaring light of criticism, our most cherished notions and firmly established facts are sometimes apt to receive a rude shock. One would almost as lief believe that there are no Pyramids in Egypt as that the Great Wall of China is only a myth. Yet Abbe Larrieux has recently published a pamphlet, in which, writing from personal observation obtained in journeys to many parts of the reputed wall, he denies the existence of the Great Wall of China for any considerable length, and says, "its windings over hill and dale, over mountain and river and valley, is a pure figment." This pamphlet has, of course, caused a considerable amount of discussion, the upshot of which would appear to be that the Abbe had formed in his own mind an idea of the wall which was not realized. He had pictured a wall constructed of stone throughout and of regular sized blocks of stone, instead of which he discovered only a very small length of stone wall, the remainder a huge earth embankment, and, in many places, for considerable distances, nothing at all.

"I regard the use of beer as a true temperance principle. When I work all day and am exhausted nothing helps me like a glass of beer. It assists nature you understand," said Ramon to Benson.

"It makes a fool of me," Benson replied. "Just so," exclaimed Ramon, "that's what I say; it assists nature."

Hard on the Counsel.

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"I was defending a prisoner for horse-stealing, and seeing no other means of defending him, under the circumstances, I set up the plea of insanity. I argued it at length, read many extracts from works on medical jurisprudence, and had the patient attention of the Court. The prosecuting attorney did not attempt to reply to my argument or controvert my authorities; I seemed to have things my own way, and whispered to the prisoner that he need not be uneasy. Then came the Judge's charge, in which he reminded the jury that there was no dispute between counsel as to the facts of the case. Indeed, there could not have been, for several witnesses had sworn positively that they saw my client steal the horse. 'But,' said the Court, 'the plea of insanity has been set up, and I charge you gentlemen of the jury, that it should receive your very grave and serious deliberation; but I must be allowed to say, gentlemen, that for myself, upon a review of the whole case, I can discover no evidence of insanity on the part of the prisoner, except, perhaps, in the selection of his counsel.'—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in Harper's Magazine for September.

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GENERAL NEWS.

—Thirteen cities and 275 towns and villages of Massachusetts are under prohibition this year.

—Oil of cinnamon will cause disappearance of warts, however hard, large, or dense they may be.

—Within the past eighty years missionaries have formed and readied to writing over forty languages.

—Sixteen carloads of canned salmon left British Columbia last week, destined for Eastern Canadian points.

—The oleomargarine industry is being rapidly centralized in a few big houses, there being now less than one-half the number of a year ago.

—The eight pin factories in the United States produce 6,720,000,000 pins a year. In England the production of pins is put at 4,659,000,000.

—The abolition of the wooden railroad bridge is now being called for. There are 2,500 miles of wooden bridges and trestlework on the American lines.

"A monkey wrench" is not so named because it is a handy thing to monkey with, or for any kind of reason. "Monkey" is not its name at all, but "Monkey." Charles Monkey was the inventor of it.

—Miss Kate Shelley, the young girl who saved a railroad train from destruction at a ruined bridge in Ohio, two years ago, wears with pride, a massive gold medal, the gift of the Iowa State Legislature, and enjoys a life pass over all the land.

—Thomas Stevens, the bicyclist, who travelled around the world on his wheel, states that one custom that appears to be universal is the use of tobacco. In some form or other, he says, the weed is used by the men of every country, and in most of them by the women as well.

—Some of the older States are renewing their growth of timber, thus tending to allay the fears of an eventual exhaustion of the timber supply. In New England there is a vigorous second growth of white pine, where the forests are already yielding between 200,000,000 and 300,000,000 feet of timber annually.

—The Canadian Methodist Church covers the whole of the Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland and the Bermuda Islands, with a prosperous mission in Japan. It has 1,610 ministers, and 1,610,000 members. Value of church property, \$9,895,046. College property, \$469,445. Sunday schools, 2,675.

—Rev. Moses Rogers, a direct descendant of John Rogers, (who was burned at the stake in England on account of his religious convictions in the 16th century), who was probably the oldest member of the Methodist ministry in America, died in Rhode Island on Thursday night. The deceased was in his 94th year, and had been preaching about 70 years.

—It is stated by the North British Agriculturalist that in a gallon of skim milk there is nearly a pound of solid food, almost chemically similar to the lean of meat. This is the flesh of the milk, and it is not a matter of uncertainty. But as to the destructive power of a thousands pounds of dynamite there can be no question. Dropped upon the deck of any war vessel in existence the result would be a total and total destruction of that vessel. Exploded in the water beside it, the ship would be overwhelmed and sunk. As to land warfare, how would a fort be constructed that could resist the shelling of a gun of such a shell? It is claimed for this pneumatic gun that its introduction will change the entire system of attack and defence not only by the navies but also by the armies of the world.

—Up to the end of July, there had been exported from Canada the cheese of this season's make to the value of \$2,570,000, an increase over the exportation for the same period of 1886 of \$1,153,000, of 1885 of \$707,000, of 1884 of \$399,000, of 1883 of \$871,000, and of 1882 of \$1,128,000. The export this year, as a matter of quantity is not so exceptionally large, but the price is remarkably high.

—Lady Roberts, wife of the commander-in-chief has put the British Army in India under a great obligation. She has pointed out that there is a heavy mortality, especially among young officers and soldiers, from typhoid and other diseases, in which nursing is perhaps more important than medical skill; and, as trained nurses are almost unknown outside the Presidency towns, she proposed to get a staff of them from England for the purpose of nursing the sick and wounded in the field.

—The young Catholic priest and scientist of Charleston, Ill., recently created a lieutenant in the French Army for valuable discoveries in the art of making and using of a powerful explosive for war purposes, claims to have made a more valuable discovery or rather rediscovery. He says that he has by continued test and experiment, fashioned the art of making Greek fire which was lost in the dark ages, about 1250, when gunpowder came into use, and he thinks his invention quite an achievement for science. The compound consists of naphtha and two other ingredients, and its power of destruction is something marvellous. It will so corrode iron as to dissolve it, while water, instead of extinguishing it, will only increase its power.

WOMEN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by Members of Sackville W. C. T. U.

Faith lifts her telescope on high, And brings the heavenly glories nigh. Hope trims her taper with a prayer, That she may find an entrance there. Love stoops to earth in service sweet, And foremost treads the golden street.

Effect of Alcohol on Physical Life.

T. M. MANSFIELD.

I have seen tens of thousands of beautiful Algae under the microscope which were always at once destroyed by alcohol. The Protean Amœba, emblem of simplest life in matter, turns instantly ragged and dead at the very breath of alcohol, even in exceedingly weak solutions. The blood, which is the life of man and beast, dies instantly under alcohol—its corpuscles all killed, its albumen dead. The muscles, at once unable to move, even with a strong electric shock, show that alcohol is the great enemy of life. It borrows up its protoplasm, takes out of the water of life, destroys every living function. It puts into solution a mass of compounds which ought to be insoluble, precipitates what ought to be in solution. It disorganizes the conductive power of nerves, and destroys the higher co-ordinative power of body and mind; kills the senses insane and dead; kills taste, smell, hearing, touch and sight. It does not stop here, but comes to mind, killing preception, memory, judgment and reason in its destructive flight. It robs the very soul of love, truth and God, always first killing the best part of the soul and body. It works from the individual to society. The world is going forth, robbing Heaven of many precious jewels. God speaks in every science with His word against its use and manufacture. "Look not upon it."

French Wines and Brandy.

France is so deeply exercised over the drink question that more than a year ago her Senate did what we have for years been petitioning Congress to do—appointed a commission of inquiry into the effect of the drink traffic. That commission has just made its report, and it dispels all illusions which have been cherished concerning the harmlessness and healthfulness of French wines and brandies by showing that the sale of intoxicants in France produces the same effect that it does in America. The investigation proves that the drink traffic has added largely to the prison population of France, drunkenness being directly responsible for 67,238 prosecutions, on an average, each year, and indirectly responsible for a much larger number; that twenty per cent of the inmates in Department Asylums are brought there directly through their own drinking habits, to say nothing of the great number who are there through their parents' sins in this direction, and that from thirty to forty per cent of the pauper population of France is directly traceable to the drink traffic.

We wait with much interest the action of the French government in regard to the report of this commission. What will they do with it? Frenchmen are even more opposed to "sumptuary legislation" than are the politicians of America, but are clear-headed enough to see that something ought to be done to save France from the ravages of a foe more destructive than the hated German army.

—In Sweden and Norway no intoxicant can be sold except at a place where good food, coffee and other non-alcoholic drinks are also kept constantly on hand. The dealer is allowed to make a profit on these, but he is stringently prohibited from selling any liquor except at cost. The idea is that dealers will endeavor to promote the sale of edibles and non-intoxicating drinks, upon which he does make a profit, and discourage buyers from drinking liquors upon which he makes none. It is called the "Gothenburg System," from the town in which it was first put in operation.

—The claim that the use of beer will diminish drunkenness and largely take the place of spirits is not borne out by Parliamentary report in Belgium. This report says intemperance is spreading fearfully in the kingdom. Next to Bavaria, Belgium has the reputation of being the country where most beer is consumed, the amount per year being 240 liters, or over fifty-two gallons per head. It also comes next to Russia and Denmark in the consumption of spirits; the amount consumed of the latter being thirteen liters per head a year.

—Probably the largest temperance gathering ever held convened in Crystal Palace, London, in July, the occasion being the National Temperance Fete, arranged by the order of Good Templars. There were 32,393 persons in attendance, and the great meeting was in every particular a marked success.

—A gentleman in Wintport, Me., is the owner of a two-months old colt which is perfectly white and when born had red eyes. The animal is a very handsome one, and is of that pure color are rarely seen.

Legal.

T. A. WELLING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. BAIE VERTE, N. B.

R. BARRY SMITH, Barrister, Solicitor and Notary.

Main Street, - Moncton, N. B.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B., Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c. DORCHESTER, N. B.

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H. A. POWELL. A. W. BENNETT.

WELLS & WELCH, Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers, OFFICES: Dorchester and Moncton, N. B.



**WANTED.**  
A CUSTOM SHOEMAKER. Appl  
to  
CYRUS E. BLACK,  
91







**Woman and Artist.**

(From The Century Magazine.)  
I thought to win me a name  
Should ring in the ear of the world—  
How can I work with small pink bits  
About my fingers curled?

Then adieu to name and to fame!  
They scarce are worth at the best  
One touch of this wet little, warm little  
mouth of the lips against my breast.

Alice Williams Brewster.

**Deaf and Dumb.**

Quietly entering a barber's shop  
the stranger removed his hat and  
coat, and taking a card from his  
pocket, wrote on it:  
"I want to be shaved."  
A barber stepping forward read  
the card, and pointing to a chair,  
said to his other customers:  
"Dear as a brass kettle and dumb  
as an oyster."

The man straightened himself out  
in the chair, when his manipulator  
began lathering his face. Most  
white, allusions, far from compli-  
mentary, were flying about him.  
The operation of shaving was  
finished and the man arose, put on  
his coat, and, turning to the  
astonished barber, said:  
"How much for the shave and  
compliments?"

"I—I—I—I," gasped the aston-  
ished man, "Oh, nothing—nothing  
—all again—excuse!" and as the  
stranger left the shop the discomfited  
barber vowed he would never believe  
in a deaf and dumb man again until  
he had first read a cannon about his  
ears, at the very least.

—She: I saw a funny thing in  
the paper. It says that somewhere  
out West the weather is so hot  
that a farmer who went into his  
cornfield found that all the corn had  
popped. It must be awfully nice  
to have such weather. He: Why,  
what are you talking about? Think  
how you'd suffer. She: Yes, I know  
I'd suffer. But, then, perhaps other  
things beside the corn might pop.  
He popped.

A young city clerk who felt  
inclined for a trip to the seaside,  
called upon a friend. "Hi, my  
dear boy," said he, "I'm a trifle  
sore. Lend me a ten, will you?"  
"Hi, after a pause, which appar-  
ently included a mental examination  
of his financial arrangements. "Well,  
—Pill—to tell you the truth—I  
do not feel disposed—at present—  
to make—any—permanent—invest-  
ments."

For Sale and To Let.

**For Sale at a Bargain.**

THE Steam Tannery and Machinery  
owned by the Frederick Leather  
Company, King St., Fredericton. Terms  
easy. Apply to M. RICHIEY.  
May 18.

**Valuable Farm and Marsh  
For Sale.**

THIS subscriber offers for sale his Farm  
at Second Westcott, containing about  
200 acres of Land, in a good state  
of cultivation, on which is a well-located  
House, two good Barns and other Build-  
ings. Also, 7 acres of Marsh, part Eng-  
lish and part Broadleaf, situated on West  
Marsh.  
aug24 67 CHARLES DOO.

**FOR SALE.**

THE PREMISES occupied by the sub-  
scriber in Sackville, consisting of  
House, with Outbuildings attached. The  
Buildings are in good repair. Good  
Tank in Cellar, well Fenced, and nice  
Shade Trees around the Ground. Loca-  
tion one of the best in Town, and only a  
few minutes' walk from Railway, Post  
Office and Institutions. For further  
particulars apply to  
CLARA PURDY.  
Sackville, August 28, 1887.

**To Rent.**

THE house and grounds formerly the  
residence of the late Nathan Chase,  
Esq., Upper Sackville, is a very  
valuable garden and flower garden.  
The house is commodious and comfortable,  
with good barn and outbuildings. Also  
a number of good trees for sale. Possession  
given immediately. Apply to  
MRS. REUBEN CHASE.  
Sackville, April 15th, 1887.

**House and Lot  
For Sale or to Let.**

THIS desirable Property formerly owned  
by Alex. Johnston, is situated at  
Upper Sackville, convenient to School,  
Church, Store and Post Office, and is a  
very pleasant locality. The House is  
new and very convenient. Outbuildings  
are in good repair. There is also a Black-  
smith Shop and Carpenter Shop on the  
premises, and plenty of good trees.  
Terms very favorable. Apply to  
CHARLES FAWCETT.  
May 11th, 1887. Sackville, N. B.

**For Sale.**

THE PREMISES occupied by me in  
Baie Verte, consisting of a Dwelling  
House, Shop, Office, Outbuildings and Wharf.  
The location is one of the most convenient  
and desirable in town, and only a few min-  
utes' walk from Churches, School House  
or Station.  
If not sold within a short time, the Shop,  
with Office, suitable for any kind of busi-  
ness, can be let separately.  
Title undealt. Apply to  
T. A. WELLING.  
Baie Verte, May 25th, 1887.

**STOCK & BUSINESS  
FOR SALE.**

THE health of the subscriber is such that  
she has resolved on disposing of her  
Stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods  
and the business which she has built up  
during the past six years. The Stock is  
in excellent order, the Stand central, and  
the business in a prosperous condition,  
offering an opportunity seldom presented  
to any one wishing to engage in this  
business.  
Offers will be received for the whole,  
and should be sent without delay. In the  
meantime the Goods will be  
SOLD AT COST, and  
those waiting bargains will find them  
here.  
MRS. DOUGLAS.  
Amherst, Aug. 2, 1887.

**SUMMER GOODS!**

WE HAVE NOW THE  
**Best Assortment of Dress Muslins**  
We Have Ever Shown.

PRINTED INDIA LINENS, NEW LAMA CLOTHS, CASHMERE FINISHE  
PRINTS, WORKED SPOTTED MUSLINS, FRENCH MUSLINS,  
FRENCH SATENS, CHAMBRAYS, ZEPHYRS.

EMBROIDERED DRESSES.

Special Reduc-  
tions in PRINT COTTONS For Next Thirty  
Days.

300 Pieces to Select From.

Silk and Lisle Gloves, Dents' Kid Gloves.  
Children's and Ladies' Hosiery.

The Largest Stock and LOWEST Prices in Amherst.

**F. A. WILSON.**

**NEW SPRING GOODS**

—AT—  
**CHAPMAN BROTHERS',**

**AMHERST.**

5 Cases London and New York Hats and Helmets,

4 Cases Cloths and Tweeds,

Half a Car Load of Trunks and Valises.

PRICES LOW. ASSORTMENT COMPLETE.

1 Case Rubber Coats and Umbrellas.

**CHAPMAN BROTHERS.**

**RHODES, CURRY & Co.,**

**AMHERST, NOVA SCOTIA.**

**Manufacturers and Builders.**

**DOORS.**

**SASHES.**

**BLINDS.**

**WOOD.**

**Mouldings.**

**Joists, etc.**

**SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH AND HOUSE FURNITURE.**

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of Builders' Materials.

Jan 27 Send for Estimates.

**Spring Trade.**

**NEW GOODS.**

WHITE COTTONS, every grade and  
price. WHITE SHEETINGS;  
GREY SHEETINGS; PILLOW COT-  
TONS, plain and circular; COTTON-  
ADES, plain and checked Ducks, 7, 8, 9  
and 10 oz. White Ducks; GIBSON GREY  
COTTONS, Gingham, Tickings; CHECK-  
ED SHIRTINGS, every quality;  
SHAKER PLANKS in white, colored  
and fancy.

New Goods in all Departments.

5,000 Pieces of newest styles in Eng-  
lish Prints. Patterns selected and  
printed especially to my order.

These prints are expected to arrive dur-  
ing this month.  
Every attention paid to orders by mail.

**A. EVERITT.**

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE,  
94, 95 and 96 Germain Street,  
AND THE RING BUILDING,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

**BURDOCK'S BLOOD  
BITTERS.**

Unlocks all the clogged passages of the  
Bowel, Kidney and Liver, carry-  
ing off gradually without weakening the  
system, all the impurities and food  
of VARIETIES, in Japan, Fur-  
nishes the secretions; at the same  
time Correcting Acidity of the  
Stomach, curing Bilelessness, Dys-  
pepsia, Headaches, Dizziness,  
Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness  
of the Skin, Dropsy, Rheumatism,  
General Debility; all these and many  
other similar Complaints yield to the  
happy influence of BURDOCK'S  
BLOOD BITTERS.

**JUST RECEIVED.**

WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK:  
Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Herring Nets, Rope,  
Oil Cloths.

**WHITE LEAD.**

(Warranted), Drop Black and other  
Paints, Boiled and Raw Oils, best qual-  
ity of VARNISHES, in Japan, Fur-  
nishes the secretions; at the same  
time Correcting Acidity of the  
Stomach, curing Bilelessness, Dys-  
pepsia, Headaches, Dizziness,  
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happy influence of BURDOCK'S  
BLOOD BITTERS.

**WALL PAPERS.**

House Furniture in Bedroom Suites, &c.  
To arrive: Timothy, Clover, and Gar-  
den SEEDS.

We respectfully invite inspection

**E. C. GOODEN & CO.**

Baie Verte, April 12th, 1887.

**TELEPHONES!**

HAVING entered upon the manufacture  
of all forms of TELEPHONIC AP-  
PARATUS we are prepared to make ar-  
rangements for installing Telephone Ex-  
changes. We will also furnish in-  
struments for private lines.

Our new Telephone embodies improve-  
ments never before introduced (all of  
which are thoroughly protected), and  
articulates with a power and distinctness  
never before attained. Correspondence  
solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. R. BLISS,  
Manufact. of all forms of Electrical Apparatus.

**Money to Loan.**

The subscribers are prepared to loan  
Money on good security at reason-  
able rates.

**POWELL & BENNETT.**  
Sackville, July 15, 1886.

**SPORTSMEN TAKE NOTICE.**

THAT all the "Sage Shooting Grounds"  
within the limits of twenty-nine  
farms situated in Pointe du Lac, Joliette,  
and Westmorland Point, have been duly  
leased for the above purpose, that Notice  
is posted upon the same, and that all  
persons trespassing thereon will be prosecuted.

A. R. BLISS,  
Manufact. of all forms of Electrical Apparatus.

**MONCTON SUGAR!**

JUST RECEIVED:  
74 bbls Yellow Extra C.  
60 " Granulated.  
aug120 A. J. BABANG & CO.

**A Sea-Side Flirtation.**

(Continued from page 1.)

With arrow in her eye of blue,  
With trembling hands she slowly panned  
it—

The little parting billow dove  
That consequence told her now should  
and fit.

Those little curls along the shore,  
Those gipsying with fern-faded basket,  
Must join the dear delight of yore  
And only live in memory's casket.

There never was a heart like Jack's:  
He told his passion in his glances.  
She sealed her note with scented wax,  
And murmured as he sat a-singing:

"So long the theme of idle gazers,  
She pictured him a suicide  
And shuddered at the thought of razors!"

At last she slept—but not till dawn  
Had blossomed through the ocean  
ragers.

Jack counted her mischievous yawn  
When he had read the morning paper.  
He gave his heart a languid twist,  
And murmured as he sat a-singing:

"Tear-stained—By Jove!—poor little  
girl—I thought she knew that I was joking!"

Samuel Minton Pick.

**Bear vs. Birch-Bark.**

CHARLES G. D. ROBERTS.

It was on the upper waters of the  
Oromocto river that the case of  
Bear vs. Birch-Bark was decided.  
The tributary of the St. John is one  
of the noted trout streams of New  
Brunswick. Hither had my friend  
C— and I taken ourselves, in our  
birch-bark canoe, to cool off a  
little, and the city dust out of our  
eyes, and, most important of all, to  
take some Oromocto trout.

The Oromocto is for the most  
part a rapid stream, other trout  
rivers of New Brunswick; in fact,  
for long distances its current is  
quite sluggish, a characteristic finely  
suited to our indolence and luxuri-  
ousness of mood. Paddling quietly,  
or poling when the water was swift,  
we lay back behind us all traces  
of civilization. Instead of beautiful  
open meadow shores shaded with  
willows and a mighty elm or ash,  
we entered the ruggedest parts of  
the original wilderness, where the  
soil was so barren and stony to  
tempt even a squatter, and where  
the banks were clothed with dark  
hemlocks to the water's edge.

Sometimes these sombre woods gave  
back a space, and a wild confusion  
of many kinds of trees took the  
place of pines, ash, birch, basswood,  
larch and beech, mixed with fallen  
trunks and staring white boulders.

Sometimes, again, in the midst of  
the most impenetrable forest, a de-  
lightful landscape of intervals, or  
dry water-side meadows, would open  
up before us, inviting us to pitch  
our tent amid its deep, soft grasses.

Such invitation as this we were  
generally prompt to accept. These  
tiny meadows were always studded  
with elms, poplars, hawthorn,  
growing wide apart, so that the  
grassy carpet between them was  
warmed by the sunshine. Scattered  
through the grass were clumps of  
tall wild lilies, their orange bloom-  
ing glimmers in the green, and  
around the stately heads of the  
wild-pannias, which made the air  
heavy with rich perfume, flustered  
and clung the silver-throated bob-  
links.

What wonder we rested  
when we came to these green, and  
the garden whose possession there  
was none to dispute with us! We found  
that as a rule we might count upon  
an ice-cold brook near by. Where-  
ever such brooks flowed in there  
would be a deep pool, or an eddy  
in a rapid, or a waterfall, and a  
pebbly rapid; which meant  
a day of glorious activity for our  
rods and reels and flies. Here were  
the trout, many and hungry; and  
only at such spots it was worth our  
trouble to cast a fly, at least till we  
should come to the outlets of the  
lakes, still many miles of paddling  
beyond.

After several delightful days of  
this sort of thing, we came upon a  
place where two brooks emptied with-  
in a stone's throw of each other, com-  
ing in through a deep shaded valley  
on either side the main stream.  
These brooks were noisy and rapid,  
full of rapids and tiny falls; the  
pools at their mouth were deep and  
warm, and our trout trials were  
risen to with an eagerness which  
promised unlimited sport. High up  
on one of the hillsides we espied a  
stagnant "pocket," wherein we  
established ourselves for a stay of  
some days. It was a romantic, quiet  
camping ground, combining to our  
sights the charm of a hill fortress  
and a desert island. About this  
nest the breezes blew deliciously,  
and mosquitoes and sand-flies seldom  
crossed the air. The fishing  
ground to be all we had anticipated,  
and we doubted if the lakes them-  
selves would be able to give us any  
thing better.

It was the third day of our stay  
in this rare nook, and after a well-  
morning with the trout as had last  
morning and Cumberland Counties, as no  
Presses are under construction except  
those that have been ordered.

ALBERT ANDERSON,  
Sackville, N. B., Sept. 1, 1887. 2m

**SHINGLES.**

On Hand and for Sale:  
200,000 No. 1 Sawed Spruce Shingles.  
100,000 Cedar Shingles, No. 1 and 2.  
For Sale at Lowest Market Rates  
aug17 JAMES R. AYER.

**NOTICE.**

SPORTSMEN TAKE NOTICE.

THAT all the "Sage Shooting Grounds"  
within the limits of twenty-nine  
farms situated in Pointe du Lac, Joliette,  
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A. R. BLISS,  
Manufact. of all forms of Electrical Apparatus.

**MONCTON SUGAR!**

JUST RECEIVED:  
74 bbls Yellow Extra C.  
60 " Granulated.  
aug120 A. J. BABANG & CO.

**WOOD'S  
& ERMANN  
BAKING POWDER.**

RETAILS AT  
32 Cents per Pound; 2 Cents per Ounce;  
in Paper Packets 5, 10 and 20c.

Address: W. M. D. PEARMAN, Halifax.

**TO ARRIVE!**

1 Car Load of "Ocean" Flour.

Also  
1 Car of Mixed Brands of Flour.

Also  
**CATTLE FEED.**

**J. H. GOODWIN.**

Pointe du Lac, Jan. 15, 1886.

**HAY PRESSES.**

PARTIES intending to purchase a  
TRENHOLM HAY PRESS will find it  
to their advantage to correspond with  
the Subscriber, who is agent for West-  
morland and Cumberland Counties, as no  
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