TWENTY-SECOND

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

NOVA SCOTII HOSPPTAL FOR INSANE.

FOR THE YEAR 1879.


HALIFAX, N. S.:
ROBERT T. MURRAY, QUEEN'S PRINTER. 1880.

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# NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE. HALIFAX, N. S. 1879. 

COMMISSIONERS OF PUEIIC OHARITIES.

HON SAM'L CREELMAN, M. E. C., Chairman. STEPHEN TOBIN, Esq., Mayor of Halifax, (ex officio.) DOMINICK FARRELL, Esq., J. P. william nisbet, Esq., J. P. wilLiam dunbar, Esa., J. P. JOHN KELLY, Esq., Secretary.

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R. D. DICKSON, Esq., Engineer. MISS A. TUPPER, Housekeeper. MRS. JOHN H. MoNAB, Supervisor.
alex. Marvin, Esq., do.

Movements of
Admissions and
Recoveries ......
Deaths ...... ...
Moral Treatme
Repairs \& Alter
Care of the Inss
Recommendatio
Improvements .
Expenditure
Acknowledgmen
The Past Year..
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## TWE

## MEDICAL SU

To the Chatrm
Gextlemen,-
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Daily average
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# TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT 

OF THE
MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NOVA SCOTIA HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE,
1879.
To the Chatrman and Commissioners of Public Charities: Gextlemen,-
I have the honor to submit the Annual Report of the operations $\rho$ of:this Institution.
Number of patients in Hospital 31st Dec., 1878 ..... 362
received during the year 1879 ..... 74
Whole number under treatment ..... 436
Daily average
370
370
 ..... 378
363
Least " " " (Jany.)
Discharged as recovered
40
40
" " improved ..... 13
Died ..... 6
Whole number discharged ..... 72
Remaining on Register Dec. 31st, 1879
364
364
Percentage of recovery on admissions ..... 4.10
Percentage of deaths on daily average ..... 43.1
" " whole number treated ..... 3.5
" of previous years on daily average ..... 2.7 ..... 2.7 ..... 6.0

## ADMISSIONS.

There were 74 admissions of persons, of whom 17 had formerly been inmates- 12 once, 3 twice, 1 three times, and 1 four times. Of these 17 re-admissions, (5) five had been discharged as "improved," and (12) twelve as "recovered."
Many applications had to be declined owing to the crowded state of the wards. No application for any recent case has been refused, for such patients will be admitted under any circumstances,

## DISCHARGES.

The discharges (72) nearly equalled the admissions (74), but the daily average was (9) nine greater than the last or any previous year.

## RECOVERIES.

The recovery rate has been very favorable, (54) per cent. of aamissions, the mean of all former years being (43.1) forty-three per cent., last year ( 55.9 ) and previous year 51 per cent.
As stated, (40) forty patients (different persons) had left the Hospital so well as to justify the record "recovered," but among these were six who had been discharged as "recovered" in previous yearstwo of whom were each discharged four times, two twice, two once ; making, in the Hospital statistics, fourteen recoveries for these six persons, in addition to their discharges this year. Thirty-four (34) had never before been under treatment.

## DEATHS.

The mortality rate (3.5) three and a half per cent. is much below the mean (6) per cent., the rate of last year being 4.4 and the previous year 7.2

On the whole number under treatment it is so low as 2.7 , about two and three-fourths per cent.

The "recovery" rate and the death rate are eminently satisfactory, and bear most favorable comparison with those of other Hospitals for Insane.
There were 13 deaths, nine being of men and four of women. Apoplexy was the cause in.
Paresis " " "............................................. 4
Phthisis " " " $\ldots$...................................... 3
And one each from Dysentery, Alibuminuria and Suicide. ................... 3
It is most unsatisfactory to report a death from suicide, but under the best of care this will now and then happen where there are so many so inclined. The facts in this case were as follows :-

No. 1372, a m $23 \mathrm{rd}, 1879$. Th ment," but eve such patients t went out in ch along a path the wharf and s

One patient went a few p straggler he at the wharf and The attendant a impossible for th into the water."

Careful and ec on 24th March, came to search, The drag had se to lift by a sligh
The "glass" weather had rer
A Coroner's in were over fifty p pants and overe of the deceased
He had not be who were out wi occupied in wate patient said " he the wharf."
At the inques once attempted, ever, was not me

The fence aro commodious " Ait the necessity of u

This accident
We have to rep ing from defecti this is being reme water and an effic Happily no deatl were wery serious

Manual labor oc utilized in carryin shoe-shop, carpent and levelling the

No. 1372, a man laboring under Melancholia, was admitted January $23 \mathrm{rd}, 1879$. There was no history of suicidal tendency in the "statement," but every precaution was taken from the known liability of such patients to harbor suicidal fancies. On March 22nd, 1879, he went out in charge of his attendant to walk, with other patients, along a path (which he had travelled every fine day) that leads to the wharf and shore.
One patient was wandering away from the rest, and the attendant went a few paces to bring him back. On returning with the straggler he at once missed No. 1372, and searched in the vicinity of the wharf and shore, but could find no trace of the missing man. The attendant at once reported the "disappearance," saying "it was impossible for the patient to have passed out of sight except by going into the water." The hat was found near the shore soon after.

Careful and continuous "dragging" failed to find anything, until, on 24th March, examination with the "glass" by the divers who came to search, disclosed the body a little distance beyond the wharf. The drag had several times "hooked" it, but the weight was too much to lift by a slight hold.

The "glass" had been used by our searchers, but the stormy weather had rendered its use ineffectual.

A Coronec's inquest was held, and examination showed that there were over fifty pounds weight of stones secured in the pockets of the pants and overcoat, showing a plan and determination on the part of the deceased that could hardly have failed of success.
He had not been seen gathering the stones, and none of the patients who were out with him had seen him disappear, their attention being occupied in watching the attendant bringing back the straggler. One patient said " he saw the deceased go out and sit down on the end of the wharf."
At the inquest it was disclosed that suicide had been more than once attempted, but he had not been caught in the act. This, however, was not mentioned in the "history" given to us.
The fence around the wharf has been improved, and a new and commodious "Airing Court" has been enclosed, so as to do away with the necessity of using the walk along the shore.
This accident was the only serious casualty of the year.
We have to report several cases of typhoid fever and blood poisoning from defective water supply and inefficient water closets; but this is being remedied as rapidly as possible, by an assured supply of water and an efficient system of water closet, with proper ventilation, Happily no death resulted from this cause, though three patients were wery seriously affected.

## MORAL TREATMENT.

Manual labor occupies a prominent place, and every facility has been utilized in carrying out this necessity. Work on the farm, garden, shoe-shop, carpenter shop, repairing, ditching, in the boiler house, \&c., and levelling the grounds, have been the most available means of
employment for men. There is great need, however, for this to be supplemented.
With the "Airing Court" and Walks, all the patients have, weather permitting, out-of-door air and exercise, no matter how troublesome they may be. Yet this is not enough.
We have many patients who are able to work, but who would run awray on every opportunity, and hence cannot be trusted to go out with the men at daily work, and we have not a sufficient number of attendants to keep proper care and watch over them if thus employed.

In winter it is still more difficult to find occupation, and our recovery rate is thus proportionately lessened.

In other words, there are too many patients who, though in good physical health, have to spend day after day in doing nothing except some "ward work" and an "outing" if the weather be fine, and this for an indefinite time.
The majority show no inclination for work or occupation, yed we know that the influence of example and association is very strong, and if some means could be devised that would, while preventing their escape, keep them in the society of others who are at work, the "listless indifference" would gradually give place to an attempt at some occupation.
This is well illustrated by the " shoe-shop," the room in the basement is comfortable, well lighted and secure, and gives occupation to several patients, some of whom would "be off" at once if otherwise situated, and who, prior to the establishment of the shoe-shop (the past year), passed all their time doing nothing. They now lessen the expense of the Institution, are cheerful, enjoy good health, and are in every way better. Besides, this shop has been the route by which patients have passed to sanity and freedom.
The difficulty to be solved is not the fitting up of a convenient room, for there are unoccupied corridors, but the devising of a proper system of labor, which should be varied as well as interesting.
Picking oakum, or any monot
appeal strongly to the intellect. Mastre, is a variety that does not occupy several, but something else is needed making does, and can,
It would not be " novel" to institute an "an taining simple tools-the file saw, amateur workshop," con--that the patients could use in making anything that they wishe. The majority of persons have, more or less, a taste for my wished. pursuits in some direction, and facilities for gratifying anything of this kind would tend to develop ideas which would appeal to their reason and occupy their minds, to the exclusion or displacement of those delusional fancies which, though unexpressed, yet absorb the attention of the insane, and which medication or ordinary hospital care cannot easily reach. Amusements, \&c., are very good, are much depended on, and great attention is everywhere paid to this departthat will more is wanted. Some new ideas need to be brought out mirey channel in whe patient's thoughts and lift his mind out of the With sufficient which it is apt to flounder. the hands of a very great nuere need be no risk in trusting tools in On the Female side this number, for the cases should be selected. On the Female side this difficulty does not obtain, because there are
so many forms time, or appeal
The Sewing occupants.

The patients either to work difficulty are ta

We have had year, and each watchfulness ar taken out singl

A regular eve charm for the g in "Quadrilles," freshment.

The Superint present, and the of the patients.

Through the varieties of am ments."

The work of i share of this yea

Water-Our had a " water fa were without an

On the advice "six inch" pipe, by "nine inch" $p$ effect on the qua the house supply

The arrangeme was faulty, and stead, which, so $f$ tation" supply.
Fire Protecti soon have every "Holly" rotary p large engine, and supply, to keep tl lesome ld run out ber of loyed. ar re-

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so many forms of indoor occupation that furnish labor, employ the time, or appeal to the tastes of the inmates.

The Sewing Room and the Wards are always tenanted by busy occupants.

## WALKING OUT.

The patients in every Ward, on every suitable day, are taken out either to work or to walk in the grounds. Those managed with difficulty are taken out to the "Airing Court."

We have had an exceptionally small number of escapes this past year, and each was promptly returned, which speaks well for the watchfulness and care of the attendants. Very excitable patients are taken out singly.

## AMUSEMENTS.

A regular evening is set apart for dancing, as this has the greatest charm for the greatest number. Although only a percentage indulge in "Quadrilles," "Lancers," \&c., all enjoy the music, hilarity and refreshment.

The Superintendent, or Assistant, and Supervisors are always present, and the attendants make their pleasure subservient to that of the patients.

Through the kindness of friends we have been favored with several varieties of amusement, detailed under the head of "Acknowledg-
ments."

## REPAIRS, ALTERATIONS, \&c.

The work of improvement is steadily progressing, and a very large share of this year's expenses has been absorbed in these undertakings.

WATER.-Our supply was totally inadequate-so much so that we had a "water famine" for a great part of the year, and very often were without any at all.
On the advice of the Provincial Engineer, the first 500 feet of old "six inch" pipe, leading from the lake to the "declivity," was replaced by "nine inch" pipe. This increased the supply, but had not much effect on the quantity delivered to the tanks in the Attic, from which the house supply is obtained.
The arrangement of pipes leading from the ground to the "tanks" was faulty, and over 100 feet of large new pipe is being put up instead, which, so far, gives hope of satisfactory results from the "gravitation" supply.
Fire Protection.-We never have had proper facilities, but will soon have everything to be desired. A very large and powerful "Holly" rotary pump is now on the way, which will be driven by the large engine, and will suffice, in case of failure of the gravitation supply, to keep the tanks full.

It will be so arranged, for " fire protection" as to give "power" and "quantity" of water to a complete system of fire hydrants both within and without the building. About 500 feet of six inch pipe is already laid down, and four "single" inside and two "double" outside as as soon as spring opens.

Atrics.-The "attics" have been all sub-divided by brick partitions into small compartments so that in case of fire its spread will be much delayed, a small doorway only has been left in each partition-which opening is always shut by a self-closing door.

Steam Supply.-The old "small steam supply pipe" for the north wing has been replaced by one of "four inches" preparatory to

Painting, \&e.-A painter with assistant (a patient) is steadily employed continuing the renewal of the paint on the outside, and in inclement weather painting and whitewashing the interior.
All the female corridors have been carefully cleaned and whitegreatly to the six the walls have been tinted, which not only adds of continuous white watl but relieves the "glare" and "tiresomeness"
On the male side the attendants hrooms are being renovated. whitewashing and painting and in have done the most of the interior made it among the finest in the building. 4 the work of the attendant

Shoe Shop.-This shop has been about a year in operation, and has been successful, not only in furnishing employment for the patients, and very greatly benefiting them, but financially is satisfactory.

Airing Court:-A large area of ground had been cleared, and is now enclosed; its use is to give more freedom, with safety, to those patients who are disposed to wander or run away. There is a grove within its area that adds much to its appearance as well as use.
Chimney.-The "main chimney" top, which contained a great weight of iron, became much corroded, and a portion fell, but without doing much damage.
On examination it was found necessary to remove thirty feet from the top, which was done, and this was replaced by a plain but substantial "shaft." All the "joints" which had been corroded by the weather were "re-pointed" and the structure is now in perfect con-
dition.

Water Tank. -The tank for returned "condensed water" was worn out, and another much larger and better, of cast iron, has been obtained by taking down and fitting up one that previously served as a reservoir of supply, but that had not been required for years.

This subject In last year's add to or tak occasion for its 1878, pages 6

Ventilatio for ventilation,
The water-cl that effected in single room to and W. C. serv

Halls in $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{E}}$ support under flected from the roof and heavy
$W_{\text {ash }}$ Hous necessary in thi inadequate for

Coal Sheds. much of it must and snow.

Hot $W_{\text {ater. }}$ wards is very co be instituted. from the continu

Alcoves.-I verted into bedr be opened to its ting room, and long halls, whicl closed, as they m ed is from the w

We would the wards, or 84 be There would six wards, or 12

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## CARE OF THE INSANE.

This subject is one that has only been partially solved in this Province. In last year's report it was freely discussed, and we have nothing to add to or take from the suggestions there given, so that there is no occasion for its repetition here. I would refer to "Annual Report" for 1878, pages 6 to 17, inclusive.

## RECOMMENDATIONS.

Ventilation.-It is necessary to construct three additional "shafts " for ventilation, similar to the one put up last year in the south wing.
The water-closet system requires to be changed in a similar way to that effected in "M. 3 " and "M. 4 " wards, which gives an additional single room to each ward while making better facilities for bath room and W. C. service.

Halls in Centre Bulling.-It is necessary to put some additional support under the floors of each of the four halls, as they are much deflected from their correct position, and the walls supporting the main roof and heavy water tanks as well as these floors are unduly strained.

Wash House and Laundry.-More extended accommodation is necessary in this department, for the present limited space is totally inadequate for the work that must be performed.

Coal Sheds.-Additional room is necessary for the storage of coal, for much of it must at present be "piled up " outside, to its injury by rain and snow.

Hot Water.-Our present method of warming water for use in the wards is very costly and inefficient, and a more modern system should be instituted. The roof of the centre building is now badly injuredfrom the continuous steam and moisture.

Alcoves.-I would recommend that the present sitting rooms be converted into bedrooms and a single bedroom in the centre of each ward be opened to its full width into the Hall or Corridor, to serve as a sitting room, and to throw additional light and air into the centre of these long halls, which are now very dark where all the bedroom doors are closed, as they must be, during the daytime ; the only light then obtained is from the windows at each end.

We would thus be able to get seven additional beds in each of twelve wards, or 84 beds.
There would also be facility for making two single rooms in each of six wards, or 12 single rooms also additional.

The change in the water closet system would give 19 single rooms.
The accommodation for patients would thus be increased by (115)
one hundred and fifteen beds, and this without interfering with the comfort or convenience of the Hospital.

| This subject was more referred to in details in quarterly report of |
| :--- |

Chars - We want additional chairs, and they should be of the pattern obtained during the past year.

Bedstrads.-We are in need of two dozen additional for the Wards.
Mattresses.-I would recommend that we get a number of "woven wire" mattresses, at least for the uncleanly. Experience shows that this variety of mattress is superior to every other on the score of health, comfort and cost, but for filthy patients their advantages are unequalled by any other form.

Night Nurse for Male Wards.- 1 would recommend that a night attendant for the "Male Wards" be engaged, with precisely similar duties to those which are performed by the Night Nurse who is on duty in the "Female Wards." The "Watchman," who now does this duty, has to do all the outside supervision as well as the inside care of the sick, and it is more than one person can perform efficiently.

Isolating Wards.-I would recommend that convenience be made for removing patients to a distance who, from the following causes, interfere with the welfare of the others: Typhoid Fever (of which we have had several cases), Measles (we had one case among domestics), or any infectious malady which may at any time break out, from causes over which we have no control.
Again, we have at times some patients on both sides of the house who are so noisy at night that they disturb the rest of all in the ward for the greater part of the night ; and there are cases of other kinds that at times need to be separated from other patients, to accommodate any of which we have no means at present at our command.
There need be no occasion to go to great expense in "building," as but few require to be thus separated.

Library.-Our Library is very small, and the few volumes have been read over again and again. I trust you will see your way to have an "Bdition made to it, either by special grant or by making use of the

Telephone.-It is most desirable that we be placed in communication with either the Dartmouth or Halifax telegraph offices, for the difficulty in receiving, as well as sending, messages imposes not only double the cost, but as well great delay and uncertainty, which the Telephone would obviate.
The more recent extension of this system, which is now being instituted in Halifax, would be of very great additional utility.

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Linen Roo of reception a the wards.

During the tution into th the means bei and adequate. of the attics, outside of the mains in the $D$ a new ventilat main chimney

Daily Reco tion, treatmen been adopted " ward book" than is desirab

Speaking T wards on eithe Wards," but o attune the fem

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At the close the wards, whi and obtained.
that a rough coat of plaster be put on the ceilings of all these corridors, especially the hot-air chambers, to protect the dry wood work from exposure to flame or sparks.

Linen Rooms.--There is the greatest necessity for an efficient system of reception and distribution of the "linen," coming from and going to the wards.

## IMPROVEMENTS.

During the past year much has been done towards putting this Institution into thorough working condition. Mention has been made of the means being carried out, which will ensure a plentiful water supply and adequate fire protection, by a power pump, hydrant, subdivision of the attics, dc.; ; of the painting and renovating of the wards and the outside of the building; of the substitution of new and large steam mains in the North Wing ; of the Airing Court for Male patients; of a new ventilating shaft and improved water closets; of renewal of the main chimney ; of the shoe-shop, \&c.

Daily Record.-That system of keeping a daily record of the condition, treatment and employment of every patient in the building has been adopted which seems to work best in other Institutions-the "ward book" system being less precise and more difficult of reference than is desirable.

Speaking Tubes.-These have been put up between the office and wards on either side, which work very well for the nearer six "Male Wards," but on the Female side it has, so far, been found difficult to attune the female voice to the restricted area of the "speaking tube."

This was put up without incurring expense, by using old "inch tubing" that had finished its usefulness as "steam piping."

A very large amount of work has been done on the face of the hill on the water front, which will take the whole of the ensuing summer to conplete.

The road for the cartage of coal, \&c., has been much improved and the "gradients" much lessened.
Two pieces of rough land have been cleared and brought under cultivation. These works have given employment to all the patients able to do such labor.

A very long "gap" in the hedges has been filled, and preparation made for a Spruce hedge along the front of the "Court""
A lot of "physical apparatus" (for lecture illustration), has been obtained, and the whole placed in a neat case in the board room. Its use will serve to break the monotony of Asylum residence.
At the close of last year we submitted a pattern of chair for use in the wards, which received your commendation, and fifty were ordered and obtained. They have, after nearly a year of service, given perfect
satisfaction, for not one, so far, has been broken or injured, though subject to the roughest treatment.

A number of mattresses and rocking chairs have been made, and are
use.
Rockers. - We have had two made that can be used outside in sum. mer and inside the wards in winter. Each will accommodate two or four persons. They are not only a means of exercise, but in the "excited wards" (Female) are in constant use, thus giving harmless occupation to those who are most apt to use their energy in quarrelling or
destructiveness,

Swing.-We have had a form of swing erected that will accommodate two or four persons, and outside aid is not required to start, to stop, or keep it in motion (so-called self-acting). It is a source of great pleasure and amusement, as well as a mild form of exercise for female patients. Its motion is horizontal, and it does not rise much
above the ground.

Rubber Sheets, Spittoons, and Chambers had been found unsatisfactory, not only as regar:ls cost and facility for purchase, but they were not durable, being easily damaged
In lieu of the "sheets" we have had strong sheets made of light cotton duck, which were painted and oiled so as to fill all the "pores," and then varnished with "Japan" on both sides. We find that they are stronger, and not as liable to cracks and scaling, while quite as imare made good again they are less costly, and when injured from use "Japan."

Spittoons and Chambers.-We did have difficulty with these appliances, those of "crockeryware" being continually broken, and hence costly, but a greater evil was their use as weapons of offence.
For nearly a year we have been using in their places, a substitute made out of the strongest cotton canvas, double thickness, with a "No. $6 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{W} . \mathrm{G}$. Copper wire" placed between the folds at the edge which forms the "rim" and well stitched all round. A bottom of similar forms the material is sewed in so as to leave a projection which two thicknesses are keeps the bottom from resting on the floor. The ficient stiffness in then thoroughly stitched together, so as to give suf"boiled oil" for a weekides and bottom. They are then soaked in rated, and the pores filled more until the material is thoroughly satuaway in a warm place until they are then allowed to drain, then put ready they are painted in any desirabled dried and hardened. When for use. The " wire rim" and cable colour, and when dry, are ready flexible, so that a blow can do no injuas edge at the bottom are very ject which is struck, and when knocury either to the utensil or the obagain. They are not a success as wed out of shape is easily bent back are not costly and perfectly fulfil their pons of offence, but wear well; can be re-painted, and are as good their purpose. Atter long use they resisted all efforts at destruction.

Bedsteads vent the cloth falling out, is child's crib fo may lie down

Beds for for this special cleaning, char tendants in lif principle, diff of " Murray

Strong Su have had a nu destructive pa to positive me cutting and se

Commodes. rooms for the and key, their
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Bedsteads.-We find that a low bed, with a railing round it to prevent the clothes from being thrown off or the patients themselves from falling out, is of indispensable service for a great many ; in fact a large child's crib for the old, the weakly, and the epileptic, in which they may lie down or sit up, or take any position they wish.

Beds for Paralytics.--The foregoing variety is very serviceable, bat for this special class, one side is made removable, so as to facilitate their cleaning, changing or bathing, without overtaxing the strength of attendants in lifting, or in so doing hurting these helpless ones. The same principle, differently carried out, that is recommended by Dr. Lindsay of "Murray Royal Institution," Perth Scotland.

Strong Suits.-Through the ability and willingness of a patient, we have had a number of very superior suits made, which enable us to keep destructive patients warm and covered, without being forced to resort to positive means of restraint. The same patient does the most of the cutting and sewing of the canvas "material."

Commodes.-We have had "commodes" or "closets" placed in rooms for the "unclean," which being fixtures and controlled by lock and key, their illegitimate use is altogether prevented.

Winnow Guards.-The best form of defence for windows in case of violent patients, is a close, strong, galvanized wire netting, the mesh being three-eighths of an inch and wire No. 11 or 12. We have had a number put in place, and the improvement is still progressing.

Except making the chairs, bedsteads and water alterations, the work just specified has been done by patients and inmates, at no cost but that of "raw material."

## EXPENDITURE.

The cost for repairs has been very high this year, as well as last, and yet much requires to be done before we can reach such a point as will include the whole annual expenditure, and yet fall within the mark which is attainable without curtailment of comfort, convetrience or efficiency.

| For details see Table 22. | 1878 | 1879 | Per Patient. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Repairs (ordinary) \&c. . | \$4463 93 | \$ 492533 | \$13 31 |
| Extraordinary expenditure. | 476597 | 618162 | 1670 |
| Total | 922990 | 1110695 | 3001 |

The ordinary repairs, insurance, etc., amounts to $\$ 4,925.33$, a very much larger sum than should be required to keep everything in probeen $\$ 6,181.62$ for repair to start with; but in addition there have to over eleven thousand ( $\$ 11$ ary expenditure (Table 22), amounting per patient, being twenty-four tenance. This should be reduced (23.9) per cent. of the cost of maineverything is in repair to begin with from four to five per cent. when as rapidly as possible.
The cost for mainte. per patient; and the position little lower than last year, calculated patible with efficiency until we have ave reached is as low as is comwill enable the work of the patients a larger and better form, which own support. tenance for the past seven years :-

institutions expe per patient compares very favorably with the other always been very much Provinces.
, than they are in the 1879, was 57,424 ; an increase of purposes, 1878, was $\$ 55,163$; for repairs, $\$ 1,877$; so that our maintena ; the difference expended in patients only amounted to $\$ 384$ more the for a greater number of of patients were included, there were $\$ 2$ less exp. If the number making for the ordinary work of the instituts expended on each: exhibit.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

It is a pleasant duty to return thanks for the favors we have month, and Archdeacon Gilpin the second. the first Sunday of every We have also been favored by the Rev. Messrs. Burns, Laing,

Forrest, Simps Mellish, Tyler Rev. Canon tered to the si

We are und presides every when requeste

We have $h$ under the lead
J. Godfrey agreeable ente

The "Nortl us most enjoy?

The "Refo character."

Our late h Collard" (Con a gift not on endear her me acquaintance.

We had th from a gentle mentioned.

The Book a illustrated pap

Mrs. Montag
The Direct agent, Capt. M a harbor excur
The Managi rangements by visit the Exhil

Mr. Geo. G.
The Rev. M
Magic Luntern
The "Bosto room selection

My thanks
in preparing tl
Our thanks
the evening en
The Press which are mor tion, the Halif for which they

Commission papers and $m$

The followin
"Adv
"Aca
"Cap

Forrest, Simpson, McGregor, Angwin, Lowden, Heartz, Dunn, Evans, Mellish, Tyler, and Principal Ross.
Rev. Canon Woods, P. P., and Rev. J. Bell, have frequently ministered to the sick and dying.
We are under many obligations to Miss Adams, of Dartmouth, who presides every Sunday at the organ, and at evening entertainments when requested.

We have had two concerts from the "Halifax Quintette Club," under the leadership of Prof. Porter.
J. Godfrey Smith and friends, of Halifax, have furnished most agreeable entertainments.
The "North End Amateur String Band" have frequently given us most enjoyable music.

The "Reform Club" favored us with two entertainments "in character."

Our late housekeeper, Mrs. R. D. Dickson, donated a "Collard \& Collard" (Concert Grand) Piano for the amusement of the patients ; a gift not only of great value, but most appropriate, which will endear her memory even to those who had not the pleasure of her acquaintance.
We had the unusual donation of $\$ 10$ to the amusement fund from a gentleman, a stranger, who does not desire his name to be mentioned. (Mr. H. - Baddeck.)
The Book and Tract Society has kindly contributed packets of illustrated papers.
Mrs. Montagu has kindly sent Australian and English papers.
The Directors of the Halifax Steamboat Co. and their obliging agent, Capt. MacKenzie, have as usual placed us under obligations for a harbor excursion in the str. "Micmac" last summer.
The Managing Committee of the Provincial Exhibition made arrangements by which large number of our patients were able to visit the Exhibition without being incommoded by crowding.
Mr. Geo. G. Dustan and friends gave us a very enjoyable concert.
The Rev. Mr. Forrest gave us a very fine selection of views in a Magic Lustern entertainment.
The "Boston Pinafore Company" gave a most agreeable drawing room selection of music, dancing, \&c.
My thanks are also due to the Asst. Physician and Bursar for aid in preparing the "tables" which accompany this "report."
Our thanks are likewise due to members of our staff for music at the evening entertainments.
The Press have been very kind in their distribution of favors, which are more highly prized than any form of literature. In addition, the Halifax daily papers have given us bundles of "exchanges," for which they receive the thanks of the household.

Commissioners Nisbet and Dunbar are mindful in furnishing papers and magazines.

The following papers, furnished gratuitously, are regularly received :

[^1]```
"Christian Messenger."
"Colchester Sun," (Truro.)
"Colonial Standard," (Pictou.)
" Eastern Chronicle," (New Glasgow.)
"Halifax Reporter and Times."
"Journal of Agriculture."
"Morning Chronicle," (daily.)
"Morning Herald," (daily.)
"North Sydney Herald," (Cape Breton.)
"Summerside Progness," (P. E. Island.)
"Weekly Journal," (Annapolis.)
"Weekly Monitor," (Bridgetown.)
```


## THE PAST YEAR.

It is a mournful duty to report the death of an official, and mueh more so one who by general acts of kindness had endeared herself
The late housekeeper, Mrs. R. D. Dickson, had been a member of the staff of this hospital from its inception, and devoted her best energies to render her department successful, and her parting gift will keep her in continual remembrance.
I would express my obligations to my co-workers in this institu-

To you, gentlemen, my thanks are due for the care, attention and labor you have given this institution, as well as your efforts to favor the harmonious co-operation of all concerned.
On you rests the responsibility of the management of this the largest of our Provincial Charities, and it is to me a source of the greatest pleasure to feel that our duties have been performed so harmoniously, for without mutual aid and confidence our efforts would fail of the success we earmestly desire.

## Nova Scotia Hospital for Insane,

## A. P. REID, <br> Medical Superintendent.

## STATISTICAL TABLES.

Table 1. The
2. The
3. Mea
4. His
5. Cau
6. Len
7. Dun
8. Age
9. Civ
10. Ass

- 11. Mor
" 12. Alle
" 13. Civ
" 14. For
" 15. For

16. Re-
" 17. Cou
" 18. Gar
" 19. Art
" 20. Exp
" 21. Incc
17. Exp

Admission of Form of Certi
Statement on

## LIST OF TABLES, \& $c$.

## Medico-Psychological Association Tables.

Table 1. The Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges and Deaths, for the year 1879 .
" 2. The Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges and Deaths, from opening of the Hospital.
" 3. Mean Annual Mortality, and Proportion of Recoveries.
" 4. History of Annual Admissions.
" 5. Causes of Death.
" 6. Length of Residence.
" 7. Duration of Disorder on Admission.
" 8. Ages on Admission and Discharge.
9. Civil Condition.
" 10. Assigned Causes of Insanity.

## Othar Tables.

" 11. Monthly Admissions.
" 12. Alleged Ages, \&c.
" 13. Civil Condition.
" 14. Former Residence.
" 15. Former Occupation.
" 16. Re-Admissions.
" 17. County, Provincial, and Private Patients.
" 18. Garden Produce.
" 19. Articles made by Patients.
" 20. Expenditure for Labor.
" 21. Income.
" 22. Expenditure.

## Appendix.

Admission of Patients.
Form of Certificate.
Statement on Application.
TABLE I.
icns, Re-Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths for

${ }^{2} 877_{0}$

Females.

## -servй

TABLE II.
Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, from the opening of the Hospital to the present date, December 31st, 1879.

|  |  |  |  | Males. | Females. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons admitted during the period of twenty-one years . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {. }}$. |  |  |  | 667 | 560 | 1227 |
|  |  |  |  | 122 | 93 | 215 |
| Tctal of cases admitted. |  |  |  | 789 | 652 | 1442 |
| DISCHARGED OR REMOVED. | M. | F. | T. |  |  |  |
| Recovered. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 342 | 295 | 5637 |  |  |  |
| Relieved. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 41 | 1116 |  |  |  |
|  | 21 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 9 30 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 613 | 465 | 1078 |
| Remaining December 21st, 1879. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 176 |  |  |  |  | 188 | 364 |
| Summary of Total Admissions, 1859 to 1879. | Males |  | Females. | Both Sexes. |  |  |
| Pcr Centage of Cases Recovered................. | 43.36 |  | 48.15 | 44.17 |  |  |
| Relieved................... | 9.89 2.79 |  | 6.29 1.38 | 8.16 |  |  |
| Died......................... | 22.05 |  | 18.37 | 20.40 |  |  |
| Remaining................ | 22.30 |  | 28.78 | 25.23 |  |  |
| Total................. | 100.00 |  | 100.00 | 100.00 |  |  |
| Mean Annual Mortality-1859 to 1879......... | 7.6 |  | 5.2 | 6.- |  |  |




## TABLE IV.

Showing the History of the Annual Admissions since the opening of the Hospital, with the Discharges and Deaths,


CAUSES OF DEATH.

TABLE V. - (Continued.)



## 'IIA GTGVI

## TABLE VII.


TABLE VIII．

|  |  | सं | $\vdots \vdots$ ¢00ヶー | $\stackrel{\infty}{-1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 去 | $\vdots \vdots{ }^{\infty-1}$ | ＋ |
|  |  | $\dot{\otimes}$ | OO00 ロ－$\vdots$ | 0 |
|  |  | ＊ |  | $\stackrel{9}{-1}$ |
|  |  | 的 |  | $\infty$ |
|  |  | 立 |  | \＃ |
|  |  | H | H－゙心2000000 | 안 |
|  |  | 洔 | 0000み00ヶन | F |
|  |  | シ̇ |  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |
| 00000000 |  | $\dot{H}$ |  | स |
|  |  | ¢ | 10 0 － $102000 \vdots$ | $\infty$ |
|  |  | $\dot{*}$ | O000 | ¢ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \dot{0} \\ & \text { O4 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |

CIVIL CONDITION.
TABLE IX.


## TABLE X.

Showing the wrobable causes, apparent or assigned, of the Disorder, in the Admissions, Discharges and Deaths of the year 1879.

| CAUSE. | The Admissions. | The Discharges. |  | The Deaths. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { Improved. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Recovered | Relieved. |  |  |  |
|  | M. F. ${ }_{\text {P. }}$ | M. F. T. | M F. T. | M. F. T. | m. |  |
| moral. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Religious Excitement... | $2 \begin{array}{lll}2 & 1 & 3\end{array}$ | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Fright | $1 . . .1$ | .. . . . | $1 . .1$ | .. .. | . |  |
| Failure in Business. | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 2\end{array}$ | 2 .. |  | 2 .. 2 | . | 1 |
| Domestic Trouble . | . 44 | $1 .$. | . $\cdot$. | $1 . .1$ | - | 1 |
| Disappointment. | .. 22 | .. 1 | . . . $\cdot$. | $1 . .1$ |  |  |
| Grief . . . . . . | .. . . | .. 111 | .. 111 | .. 11 | - |  |
| Anxiety. | 2 .. 2 | . . . |  | .. .. . |  |  |
| Nostalgia. |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| PIIYSICAL. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hereditary Predisposition...... | 7815 | 62. | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |
| Intemperance........ . . . . . . . | 2 .. 2 | 311. | $1 . . .1$ | . $\cdot$ | . . . |  |
| Overstudy. |  | . $\cdot$. | $1 . .11$ | .. .. . | . |  |
| Injury. | 3 .. 3 | . .. . . | . | $1 . .1$ | . . | 1 |
| Onanism. | $3 . . .3$ | . | . . . . | $1 . .1$ | . |  |
| Epilepsy | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 2\end{array}$ | 2 .. |  | - . |  |  |
| Sunstroke |  |  |  | $1 .$. | . |  |
| Ill-health | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 2\end{array}$ | . $\cdot$. |  | - | . |  |
| Fever.. |  | $\cdots 1$ |  | . |  |  |
| Poison. |  |  |  | - | . |  |
| Puerperal. | $\because$ 6 6 | . 6 6 | $2{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Climacteric |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown and re-admission.. | 121224 | 6 ธ็11 |  |  | 11 | 2 |
| Paralysis | $1 . .11$ | $1 .$. |  | . . . . |  |  |
| Conguital..... | .. 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tota | 36\|38|74| | 231718 | 9\| 413 | $9 \mid 413$ | 24 | 46 |

- 

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TABLE XII.
Former Resi

Alleged Ages of all Admitted.

|  | 1879 | $\begin{gathered} 1859 \\ \text { to } \\ 1878 \end{gathered}$ | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From 5 to 10 years. |  | 4 | 4 |
| From ${ }^{\text {c }} 10$ to 20 " | 8 | 83 | 91 |
| " 20 to 30 " | 27 | 365 | 392 |
| " 30 to 40 " ................... | 13 | 319 | 322 |
| " 40 to 50 " ................... | 10 | 2150 | 160 |
| " 50 to 60 | 10 | 79 | 85 |
| . 60 to 70 ." |  | 30 | 30 |
| " 70 to 80 " |  | 1 | 1 |
| " 80 to 90 |  | 125 | 125 |
| Unknown.......... |  |  | 1442 |
| Total... | 74 | 1368 | 1442 |

TABLE XIII.
Civil Condition of all Admitted.


Halifax City and
Colchester Cour
Cumberland
Pictou
Antigonish
Guysboro
Inverness
Richmond
Victoria
Cape Breton
Hants
Kings
Annapolis
Digby
Yarmouth
Shelburne
Queens
Lunenburg
Newfoundland
New Brunswic
P. E. Island. .

Barbadoes and
United States.
England
Ireland.
Scotland.....
Germany....
Norway.....
Sweden
India
H. M. Service

Unknown...

## TABLE XIV.

Former Residence (corrected by separation of Re-Admissions.)


## TABLE XV.

Former Occupation, so for as ascertained.


Pensioners and Pedlars and Wi Plumbers, Tinsı Reporter. School Teachers ship Captains, Sexton . . . . W Seamen and W Soldiers and M Shoemakers and Saddler
Seamstresses . Students
Sbipwrights.
Surveyor
Shop Keeper
Sail Maker
Tailor's Wife.
Tanners and $V$
Teamsters and
Tobacconist . .
Trader .
Telegraph Ope
Wool Sorter. .
Wheelwright.
Washerwomer
Watchmen an
Watchmaker .
Weaver......
Stone Cutter
Photographer
Bailiff.
Conductor's

TABLE XV. - Contimued.
Former Occupation, so fur as ascertained.

|  | 1879. |  | 1859-1878 |  | TOTAL. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M. | F. | M | F. | M. | F. |
| Pensioners and Wives.. |  |  | 2 | 5 | ${ }^{2}$ | 5 |
| Pedlars and Wives... |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 2 | - | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Plumbers, Tinsmiths and Wives |  |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Reporter................... |  | 1 | 14 | 12 | 14 | 13 |
| School Teachers, Wives and Daugh |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{18}$ | 12 | 8 | 12 |
| ship Captains, Wives, Stevedore |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Sexton.......... |  | 1 | 43 | 25 | 43 | 26 |
| Seamen and Wives.. |  |  | 15 |  | 15 |  |
| Soldiers and Marines. |  |  | 19 | 6 | 19 | 6 |
| Shoemakers and Wives Saddler | 1 |  | - |  | 3 | 8 |
| Seamstresses |  |  | 7 | 2 |  | 2 |
| Students... |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |
| Sbipwrights |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Surveyor. |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Shop Keeper |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Sail Muker. |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Tailor's Wife. |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |
| Tanners and Wives. |  | 1 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| Teamsters and W |  |  | 1 |  | , |  |
| Tobacconis | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | 5 | 2 |
| Trader . ${ }_{\text {Telegraph }}$ |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Wool Sorter...... |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Wheelwright. |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Washerwomen. |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Watchmen and Wi |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Watchmaker . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weaver. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone Cutter |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Photographer |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Bailiff. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor's |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Cape Breton.
Inverness...
Richmond.. .
Victoria
Pictou.
Colchester. .
Cumberland.
Antigonish..
Guysboro'...
Hants, West
" East.
Kings......
Annapolis..
Halifax...
Lunenburg.
Queens...
Shelburne.
Yarmouth..
Digby
Province...
Private...
Brown \& B
Tote

## TABLE XVII.

Maintenance of Patients in Hospital, December 31st, 1879.



Pork killed for Hospital. . ............... 6000 lbs.
Milk from Barn. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 21,900 quarts.

## TABLE XIX.

Articles made by the Female Patients; 1879.

| 188 Coats, | 14 Jackets, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 225 Pants, | 12.0 veralls, |
| 194 Vests, | 26 Night Caps, |
| 623 Shirts, | 48 Hats, trimmed, |
| 336 Drawers, | 99 Bed Comforts, |
| 51 Mitts, | 527 Sheets, |
| 737 Socks, | 61 Table Cloths, |
| 197 Hose, | 299 Bolster Cases, |
| 40 Ties, | 266 Pillow Cases, |
| 40 Braces, | 19 Pillow Ticks, |
| 32 Collars, | 156 Red Sacks, |
| 4 Strong Suits, | 37 Mattress Covers, |
| 313 Chemises, | 60 " Ticks, |
| 65 Night Dresses, 91 Petticoats, | 388 Towels, |
| 293 Dresses, | 48 Napkins, |
| 50 Women's Drawers, | 50 Window Blinds, |
| 130 Aprons, | 60 Wash Bags, |
| 10 Strong Waists, | 12 Mats, |
| Mending for Male | Female Patients. |

## TABLE XX.

Expenditures for labor, as shown by Pay List; also for Salaries, 1879.


## TABLE XXI.

Showing the Amounts received from Counties and other sources during the year $18 \% 9$.

INCOME.

|  | Works Dept. | Com. Charitice |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annapolis Co.. | \$1381 67 | \$ 618 83 |
| Antigonish Co. ...... ....... ........................... | 86700 |  |
| Cape Breton Co | 200000 |  |
| Colchester Co.. | 101988 | 253415 |
| Cumberland Co. | 20000 | 40000 |
| Digby Co. |  |  |
| Guysboro' District | 100000 | 47020 |
| St. Mary's District |  | 19155 |
| Halifax City ........... ............ ...... . . . . . . . |  |  |
| Halifax County.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100000 | 500000 |
| Hants, West | 110693 | 92023 |
| Hants, East |  |  |
| Inverness Co. | 29956 | 40250 |
| Kings Co. | 213296 | 72500 |
| Lunenburg District |  | 85976 |
| Chester District......................... ................ | 50000 | 20000 |
| Pictou Co. | 600000 | 100000 |
| Queens Co. |  |  |
| Richmond Co. |  | 20000 |
| Shelburne District |  |  |
| Barrington District. |  | 18251 |
| Victoria Co |  |  |
| Yarmouth District | 31275 | 61080 |
| Argyle District |  |  |
| Funds |  | 53388 |
| Private Patients | 26791 | 396286 |
| Nale Pigs, \&c., at Hospital |  | 41058 |
| Water Rates ....... |  | 7136 |
| Provincial Government |  | 2800000 |
| Total | 81808866 | \$47293 71 |

## EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURE.

## 1879.

Dr.
Jany. 1st. To Stock on hand................................ $\$ 577704$
Dec. 31st. "Expenditure. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5608816
$\$ 6186520$
Cr.
By Earnings. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 4932367$
"Stock..................................................... ... 420414
" Deficiency. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 833789
$\$ 6186520$

## TABLE XXII.

Expenditure for the Yeur 1879.



Brought
Crockeryware .
Tinware and R
Furniture
Stationery
Knives and For
Brushes
Bird Seed
Toilet Soap
Spoons
Truckage
Buckets.
Wrapping Pap
Pipes.
Potash
Blue
Knife Brick
Candles
Shoe Shop
Ice
Stamps
Coal
Matches
Shoe Blacking
Brooms
Sweet Oil
Soap

Less clothin
workmen
repairs...

MISCEL
Cab Hire...
Razor Strops
Duck for Spi
Post Mortem
Rubber ....
Carrie

TABLE XXII - (Continued).


TABLE XXII - (Continued).

|  | Half ${ }_{\text {l }}^{\text {let }}$ Year. | Hall ${ }^{\text {2nd }}$ Year. | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward.... | 5594 | 1150 | 1375 | 4285722 |
| Truss | 250 |  |  |  |
| Watchman's Lanterns | 500 |  |  |  |
| Tea Trays | 500 |  |  |  |
| Scissors . | 350 |  |  |  |
| Knitting Pins | 70 |  |  |  |
| Row Locks . . | 125 |  |  |  |
| Extra Baker | 600 |  |  |  |
| Constables Fees | 200 |  |  |  |
| Ticket to Stewiacke for Patient | 140 |  |  |  |
| Ticket to Newfoundland for Patient. | 1200 |  |  |  |
| Ticket to Annapolis for Pa tient. | 420 |  |  |  |
| Sweeping Chimneys. | 300 |  |  |  |
| Statute Labor. . . . | 1800 |  | 11224 |  |
| Repairing Piano |  | 1510 |  |  |
| Maps. |  | 230 |  |  |
| Fairbanks' Hay Scale |  | 12550 |  |  |
| Lithogram |  | 950 |  |  |
| Travelling Expenses |  | 250 |  |  |
| Stencil Plates |  | 1875 |  |  |
| Recovering Boat. |  | 100 |  |  |
| Care of Sick Domestic |  | 300 |  |  |
| Dyeing Curtains. |  | 680 |  |  |
| Flat Irons . . . . |  | 375 |  |  |
| Clock |  | 800 |  |  |
| Repairs to Clocks |  | 200 |  |  |
| Organist |  | 4000 |  |  |
| Mail Bags. |  | 950 | 25370 |  |
| Recapture | 500 | 2170 | 2670 |  |
| Return Maintenance | 114 | 1974 | 2088 |  |
| Insurance.... . . . . |  | 72200 | 72200 |  |
| Ferriage . . . . . . . . . . . | 2750 | 12485 | 15235 |  |
| Recreation . . ... .... ... | 8182 | 1290 | 9472 |  |
| Funeral Expenses. . . . . . . . | 726 | 450 | 1176 |  |
| Medical Certificates......... | 6500 | 1500 | 8000 |  |
| Library . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 900 | 700 | 1600 |  |
| Incidental | 485 | 80 | 565 |  |
| Cordage | 1370. |  | 1370 |  |
| Advertising | 2850 | 3287 | 6137 |  |
| Printing |  | 4750 | 4750 |  |
| Advances to Patients |  | 500 | 500 | 163732 |
| Carried forvard . . . | 36426 | 127306 | 1637 32 | 4449454 |

Pollard
Hay
Straw
Oats
Farm Implen
Horse and
Breaking La

Carpenters'
Engineers' Glass
Smith Work
Repairs. (ma

Maintenanc
Clothing su

Extr
Hot Air Ch
Lumber
Window $\dot{G}$
Chairs ...
Window F
Strong Bed
Slate
Castings
Pipe
Tin
Repair to
Hardware
Iron for B
Laying ne

Tota

TABLE XXII - (Continued).


## TABLE XXII - (Continued.)

Summary of Expenditure for the Year 1879.
Summary of Expenditure for the Year 1879.
Food 17,774 30
Salaries and Wages ..... 13,504 46
Medicine ..... 43245
House Expenses ..... 11,146 01
Miscellaneous ..... 1,637 32
Farm ..... 1,823 14
Repairs ..... 4,925 33
Extraordinary ..... 6,181 62
Total Expenditure ..... \$57,424 63

## APPENDIX

## ADMISSION OF PATIENTS.

In order to be benefited by Hospital treatment, Patients should be placed under care at an early stage of their disease.

The following clauses of Chapter 36 of Revised Statutes, Fourth Series, are appended for the information of those desiring the admission of a patient :-
"Clause 19.-Whenever there are vacancies in the Hospital, the Commissioners of Public Charities shall admit patients for whom admission is sought, but they shall have power to refuse cases that are not suicidal, or dangerous through violence to others, and that are from long standing not likely to be benefitted by treatment in the Hospital, and also epileptic or idiotic cases."
" Clause 20.-In every case where admission is sought for a patient a statement in writing, in the form of Schedule A, shall be filled up and forwarded to the Medical Superintendent for examination ; and his answer and approval shall be received before the patient is forwarded. No person shall be received into the Hospital for the Insane as a patient without a certificate, as in Schedule B, from two qualified medical practitioners in actual practice in the Province, of whom the one shall not be the son, brother, partner or assistant of the other ; the examination therefor having been made not more than thirty days before admission."
"Clause 21.-In case of private paying patients, a bond shall be given to the Commissioners of Public Charities, with sufficient sureties, for payment of expenses, and a payment of one quarter's board (Fifty dollars) shall be made in advance."
"Clause 29.-The Commissioners of Public Charities, in the case of patients now in the Hospital for the Insane, or on whose behalf admissions are sought, and where in their judgment, there are circumstances justifying a departure from the ordinary rates, may make special agreements for the amount and payment of board; and where a patient from violence or otherwise requires a special or extra attendant, such extra attendance shall be charged and paid for in the same manner as the ordinary charges."

Should the case be deemed admissible, a Magistrate's order for a County patient (or a Bond if a private patient) will be forwarded, together with two blank Medical Certificates, which will not be valid unless made use of within a month thereafter.

Two go ? suits of clothing, at least, should be sent with every patient. A third suit for occasional use is very desirable.

Those about to be committed to Hospital should invariably be informed of it before leaving home. Everything like deception must be scrupulously avoided. No promise as to the precise time of their return should ever be made.

In every case before admission, it is imperative that the " order" therefor be obtained at the office of Commissioners of Public Charities, Province Building, Halifax.

## DISCHARGE OF PATIENTS.

When a patient recovers, the friends are notified, and upon their application, with the Medical Superintendent's Certificate, the order for discharge is granted by the Commissioners of Public Charities.

In cases of doubtful recovery, it is now customary to grant leave of absence "on trial." If a relapse occur before final discharge, the patient is at once re-admitted without any new formalities.
(a) Name in fall.
(b) Qualifleation be
(c) Locality.
(d) Name in full.
(e) Residence.
(f) Occupation

1. Appearance.
2. Conduct.
3. Conversation.
(g) State the in-
form ation, and 0
from whom.

## SCHEDULE B.-CERTIFICATE.

${ }^{\text {(a) Name in fall. }}$ I, the undersigned ${ }^{(a)}$
(b) Qualifeation being ${ }^{\text {(b) }}$
hereby certify that I, on the
and in actual practice, day of
(c) Locality.

18 at $^{(\mathrm{c})} \quad$ in the County of separately from any other Medical Practitioner, personally
(d) Name in full. examined ${ }^{(d)}$
${ }^{(e)}$ Residence. of ${ }^{(\mathrm{e})} \quad{ }^{(t)}$ and that the said
(f) Occupation.
is a person of unsound
mind, and a proper person to be taken charge of, and detained under care and treatment; and that I have formed this opinion on the following grounds, viz. :

1. Appearance.
2. Facts, indicating insanity, observed by myself:*
3. Conduct.
4. Conversation,
5. Facts, indicating insanity, communicated to me by (g) State the in- others: ${ }^{\text {(g) }}$
form ation, an
from whom.

Name
Place of Residence

## Date

N. B.-Two Certificates (dated within one month of the commitment) are required in every case. The second should not be sigued by the father, brother, son, or assistant of the Medical Practitioner who has signed the first Certificate.

[^2]
## SCHEDULE A.-STATEMENT

## To be forwarded to the Medical Superintendent when Application is made for the reception of a Patient.

1. Name of Patient (in full).
2. Where born.
3. Son (or danghter) of
4. Residence County of
5. Age Last Birthday.
6. State as to Marriage.
7. Number and age of Children.
8. Occupation, (or that of Father or Husband).
9. Natural Disposition.
10. Habits in Health—as to Temperance, \&c.
11. Education.
12. Religion.
13. Age at first attack.
14. Insanity-How first manifested.
15. Number and duration of attacks.
16. Where under treatment, and when.
17. What relatives similarly affected.
18. Supposed cause-Remote.
19. " " Recent.
20. Duration of present attack.
21. State as to sleep.
22. Appetite for food.
23. State of bodily health.
24. Whether subject to Epilepsy.
25. Any faltering of Speech, or loss of power.
26. Present habits and propensities.
27. What Delusions.
28. Whether Suicidal (attempted or threatened), and how.
29. If dangerous to others-How.
30. Pecuniary Circumstances, (or to whom chargeable).
31. Post Office address of nearest friend, and degree of relationship.
32. Other particulars.
[^3]
[^0]:    Basement Corridors.-It is desirable, for greater safety from fire,

[^1]:    "Advance," (Liverpool.)
    "Acadian Recorder," (tri-weekly.)
    "Cape Breton Advocate," (Sydney.)

[^2]:    * The facts upon which (from personal observation) the opinion of insanity has been formed, sbould always be specified.

[^3]:    I Certify that to the best of my knowledge the above particulars are correctly stated; and I hereby request you to receive the above named.............., whom I saw last at............. on the......day of ......, (being within one month from this date, as a person of unsound mind, as a patient into the Nova Scotia Hospital for the Insane.

    Name,
    Address,
    Date,
    Degree of relationship (if any) or other circumstances connected with the patient.
    N. B. - If any of the particulars in this statement be not known, the fact to be stated. No patient to be sent to Hospital until a reply shall have been receired to this statement

