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TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR

TEN PAGES

FRIDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 16 1904 - TEN PAGES

ONE CENT

PROVE MINNIE M. CHARGES ALSO ESTABLISH AGENCY

Judges in Soo Election Protest Trial Believe the Story of Wholesale Persuasion, and View Sutherland, Coyne and Kennedy as Agents—Judgment Will Be Determined Upon After Consultation and Later.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—The trial of the charges against Sutherland, Coyne and Kennedy, as agents in connection with the election of C. N. Smith, was held in the trial of the petition against the election of C. N. Smith, M. L. A., for the Soo.

In addition to proof of the charges, agency was established and the respondent can be held responsible, the not in such a way that disqualification will necessarily result.

Counsel for both petitioners and respondent conducted long arguments before the court in regard to the charges, and their addresses occupied the greater portion of the day.

In rendering judgment, Chancellor Boyd said the charges had been proven, as in a cluster, and that judgment on the various charges would be determined upon after consultation between him and Justice Teetzel, and given later.

Agency was established by the relations shown to have existed between George Sutherland, who was Smith's agent in charge of the organization of the campaign; William Coyne, assistant manager of the Lake Superior Company, who supplied the steamer without charge, and Kennedy, alias Ferguson, who went up to Michipicottin in charge of the men on the boat.

G. H. Watson, K. C., for the respondent, addressed the court nearly three hours, claiming, in the first place, that there had been no proof that the men taken on the boat were aliens, and further, that they were not listed voters returning to cast their ballots. Most of his address was an endeavor to show that there had been no agency, and in his effort to do this, he referred their lordships to many previous election cases.

B. A. Davenport, K. C., for the petitioners, gave a review of the evidence, but did not dwell on it so much, as he said he thought the evidence was such as to clearly satisfy the judges that the allegations had been proven.

The effect of this judgment is that Mr. Smith will lose his seat.

The Minnie M. charges have been the sensation of the Soo election protest trial. The Minnie M. is one of the steamers of the Lake Superior Consolidated Company's fleet, and, according to the story of Purser Cole, took 20 persons up to Michipicottin, whence they went to Helen Mine by train, and voted. They were all strangers, and were instructed by one Kennedy. They were paid for their work, but paid nothing for transportation. W. D. McPherson, K. C., speaking to the World late last night, said that the proving of these charges and the establishing of agency would mean the voiding of C. N. Smith's seat. There was no doubt about it.

Five More Charges Heard Quinn Gets 2 Days in Jail

Two Dismissed by Judges, One Dropped by Petitioner's Counsel and Two Held Over for Further Evidence.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—During today's trial of the charges against C. N. Smith, M. L. A., five charges were taken up. Two were dismissed by the judges after hearing evidence. One was dropped by the counsel for the petitioners before the final, and two held over for further evidence.

It was charged that S. W. Fawcett had been in the possession of a bottle of whiskey and a farmer, residing ten miles from the Soo, by giving him a bottle of whiskey and some flannel, and asking for his vote for Mr. Smith. Parr swore that he did not know Fawcett, and that he had never bought whiskey in his life and certainly had never sold any to anyone.

His evidence was such that the judges accepted it in preference to Parr's and dismissed the case.

Hume Paid to Vote. Alexander Hume gave evidence on charges that he and others had been paid money to come from Blind River to vote. He said he came to the Soo on the election day with a man named Cole, and that he was given eight dollars by a man named Cole. He also got his dinner. The fare was four dollars and he was given \$2.50 daily. This case was not finished, and awaits further evidence.

George Hutchinson was working in the cellar near the polling booth at Sault Ste. Marie on election day. A friend brought him drink there, but it had not been given him by the members of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, and he declined to accept it. The witness said that the evidence was shadowy.

Another charge was that John Gault had been furnished money to use for bribing voters, particularly Martin Hanley, when it was endeavored to bring from Collingwood to the Soo. Gault declined all connection with Hanley. Hanley said that before the election David Williams had asked him to Collingwood if he would come to the Soo. He consented and was given an envelope with twenty dollars. Upon further consideration he decided not to come to the Soo. He had no vote here, and had not voted in his district. He offered Williams the money back. The charge was dropped. David Williams was summoned to appear at the trial as a witness, but did not come, and Mr. Davenport asked the court to draw an order that he appear, but his lordships to show cause why he did not answer the subpoena. This will be done.

They came from Buffalo. James Maher and Robert Stitt, two race track followers, who arrived from Buffalo yesterday, made rough house at the Woodbine, and wound up by attacking each other. Maher struck Stitt with a water bucket, and Stitt retaliated by hitting Maher with a heavy pair of shoes.

Presbyterian S. S. committee, Knox Church, 10 a.m. Parkdale W. C. T. U. annual meeting, Duane-street Methodist Church, 2:30 p.m. Grand Highlanders' parade, armistice, 3 p.m. Canadian Temperance League, People's Cafe, 8 p.m. Princes, "Glorious Gloria," 8 p.m. Grand, shore Acres, 8 p.m. Majestic, "The Factory Girl," 2 and 8 p.m. Shes' vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m. Star, burlesque, 2 and 8 p.m.

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon Always Reliable.

HAMILTON'S STREET LIGHTING.

Hamilton is not in a particularly happy position to appreciate the great work that the Cataract Heat, Light, Power and Traction Co. is doing for the city. One arm of the concern, the Street Railway Company, has refused point blank to carry out that part of its agreement which guarantees the citizens of Hamilton eight-for-a-quarter tickets during certain specified hours. While this controversy is being carried on another department of the electric merger attempts to bleed the city for years to come in connection with the street lighting.

Hamilton is to-day paying \$55 per horsepower light per annum. It has been paying this exorbitant price for five years. And now at the termination of the first stage of the contract, when the city naturally looks for emancipation from excessive lighting charges the civic committee dealing with the subject has brought in a recommendation that the contract be renewed on the basis of \$70 per horsepower light per annum.

The city's street lighting agreement with the Cataract Power Company provides that after five years the price to be paid for street lamps shall be revised, if, in the opinion of the city council, the cost to the company of supplying such light has been or can be materially reduced, owing to new discoveries or advances in the electric art. The terms of the agreement appear to be sufficiently clear to enable the city council to demand a very large reduction in the street lighting rates that the city has stood for the past five years.

But Ald. Stewart takes a different view of the situation. He recommends that the rate shall be reduced to \$70 per horsepower.

What this rate is based on it would be very difficult to conjecture. In the City of Ottawa, where electric power cannot be generated at a lower cost than by the Cataract Power Company of Hamilton, the new street lighting contract provides for lamps at \$55 per horsepower. Ottawa's street lighting contract was a gigantic job which the better element of the city council opposed on the ground that the lights could be supplied for at least \$40 per horsepower light, the rate in the adjacent city of Hull.

The company which Hamilton is asked to regard as its great benefactor now charges \$55 per horsepower lamp, and a civic committee is ready to allow it to continue its exorbitance at a slightly modified figure. The Cataract Power Company wants to charge \$70 per horsepower for a service about 12 hours out of the 24. The same company charges the big industrial concerns of Hamilton as low as \$15 per horsepower for a current supplied during the full 24 hours. This latter charge is at the rate of \$150 per horsepower, estimating it on the basis of the consumption of power for city lighting for 12 hours out of the 24. In other words, the company wants, and the civic committee is willing to pay, \$70 per horsepower for civic lighting, which on the basis of a 12-hour's per day service, the company would sell to the big industrial concerns for only \$7.50. These figures present a contract which should warrant the City of Hamilton against dealing with the Cataract Power Company on the outrageous terms proposed by Ald. Stewart's committee.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA Sterling Exchange bought and sold.

BERNIER'S ARCTIC FEET. Quebec, Que., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—The trouble with Captain Bernier of the steamer Arctic may be considered settled. The captain, after a consultation with the deputy minister of marine, expressed his willingness to proceed in the ship as sailing master, under Col. Moody.

United Irish League Meeting to-night. Temple Building, welcome all friends.

Saturday Night. Every Saturday night the last edition of the Sunday World will be delivered to any address in the city or suburbs. It always contains the latest sporting, telegraph and local news. Three months for fifty cents.

ITALY'S HEIR. Racconigi, Italy, Sept. 15.—Queen Helena was safely delivered of a son here to-night.

Broderick's Business Suits—\$22.50—118 King-street. Don't have to ask your help where you can find your correspondence. It is all neat and tidy in a Veronic Filting Cabinet. The best assortment of office furniture in the city at The Adams Furniture Company, Limited, City Hall Square.

Broderick's Business Suits \$22.50—118 King-street west. THE IMPERIAL LIFE. Is your life insured under an Imperial policy? If not, it will pay you to examine the fairest and best policy obtainable. Apply to the head office, Toronto.

DEATHS. WATSON—In 6th on Sept. 15, William Watson, a native of Roxburghshire, Scotland, in his 76th year.

BIRTHS. CHAMBERS—On Saturday, Sept. 10, at Canada Club, St. Clair Plats, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Chambers, a daughter. Both doing well.

EARTH SHOCK AT TORONTO IN FIRST TIME IN RECORD

Shock of 40 Seconds Recorded on Observatory on the Wonderfully Delicate Seismograph.

It is not often that a local earthquake shock affects Ontario; in fact, it is believed that the one felt here Wednesday night is the first of a purely local nature on record. At any rate, it is the only one remembered by the officials at the observatory in Queen's Park, and the first recorded on the instruments since its installation in 1897. The shock was confined to the Laurentian range and was felt more severely in Quebec than in Ontario, its radius extending over about 2000 or 3000 miles. The trembling of the earth, which lasted about 40 seconds, was distinctly felt in Toronto, and was registered on the wonderful, yet comparatively simple seismograph in the observatory. There are only two of these in Canada, one at Victoria, B.C., and the other in Toronto. The latter is situated, together, distributed at different points in the world. There are twenty-six in operation, all of which are exactly alike and set to exactly the same standard. The reason for this is the desire on the part of the inventor, Prof. Milne, the eminent English scientist, to make uniform observations around the world regarding the nature of earthquakes. Thru his help he has established the fact that large earthquakes occur in Japan, are felt in California, and are recorded in certain portions of it, as heretofore believed. When one of these great tremors occurs it is registered by the seismographs in every quarter of the globe.

To Prove Earthquake. From his observations by means of this instrument, Prof. Milne has concluded that the theory that the earth is an aqueous mass, the seismographs make uniform records from one side of the world to the other, which records could not be if the centre of the earth were molten matter.

The instrument is situated in a vault below the observatory, and is handily approached with the greatest care. The instrument is a small, rectangular box, the top of which is open. It is placed on a bed of sand, and is connected to a large number of fine wires, which are attached to the instrument. The instrument is arranged to make records of disturbances felt in the earth, and the records are taken on a drum. The instrument is so arranged that it registers tremors that would never be noticed without the instrument. The records are taken on a drum, and the drum is rotated by a small electric motor. The records are taken on a drum, and the drum is rotated by a small electric motor. The records are taken on a drum, and the drum is rotated by a small electric motor.

For Instance, the aldermen looked on good-naturedly and never entered a protest last winter when the company scooped the top of its tracks and piled it up high on the sides of the streets until the principal thoroughfares were practically impassable, and the company never made an effort or raised a voice to remove the obstructions. They allowed the company to use anti-traction cars and give any kind of a service it pleased. All this is allowed in the face of the fact that the company is not a public utility, and that it is not subject to public control.

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THANKSGIVING DAY

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—The Cabinet to-day fixed Thursday, November 17, as Thanksgiving Day. The holiday has been held in October for the past few years.

Hamilton Civic Affairs Touched By Corruption

Relations Existing Between City Council and Hamilton Cataract Power, Light and Traction Company Give Rise to Suspicions.

Hamilton, Sept. 15.—(Staff Special.)—It is not often that the people of Hamilton will harbor even a suspicion of corruption in municipal affairs, and if suspicion has at last been aroused, there is a clique in the city council who have only themselves to blame for it. The relations that exist between the city council and the Hamilton Cataract Power, Light and Traction Co. are very much of a riddle, and the answer that is beginning to take hold of the minds of many of the ratepayers and business men would give the aldermen a rude shock.

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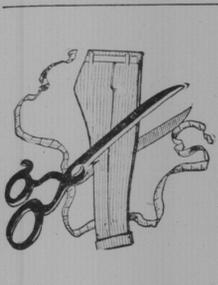
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GRAVEL COVERS, GRAVEL FALLS

COMMENCING FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Queen Summer has abdicated her throne and Prince Autumn reigns supreme. This store is his loyal subject, and great stocks of new Autumn merchandise are now here in recognition of his advent. To be sure, they rub elbows with the last lingering lots of Summer goods, but these are marked at enormous reductions for an early departure. This is our first Autumn in our large new store, and these bargain prices show our hearty good-will for our patrons.



Men's Trousers
Latest designs in Worsteds and Tweeds. Regular \$5 line of Trousers for \$3.25. Regular \$7 line of Trousers for \$4.00.

Men's Suits
Special \$13.50
Tweeds, Galashiels, Tweeds and Clay Wool. Steds, tailored to measure in latest and best style with highest grade of linings and interlinings—regular, \$18, \$20 and \$22.

Men's Neckwear
Special 25c.
Newest colorings—Flowing Ends and Derbys—our regular 50c. Neckwear.

Ladies' Autumn Jackets
Just the natty, jaunty little Coats to wear from now until December. They are made of covert cloth, lined with mercerized saten—strictly man-tailored in the very latest New York fashion and good value at \$12.00.

Ladies' Street Costumes
Special \$15.00
Also marvelous value—extremely smart and chic—two different styles in Fancy Tweeds—product from New York's latest models, and excellent value at their regular price of \$22.00. Our "special" of \$15.00 should make them extremely interesting to up-to-date women.



Ladies' New Fall Hats, \$5.50

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY

One very stylish line we have cut down to \$1.50 for Friday and Saturday selling only. Smart women will appreciate this offer when they see the Hats. Married ladies, too, will appreciate these offerings for the men, too.

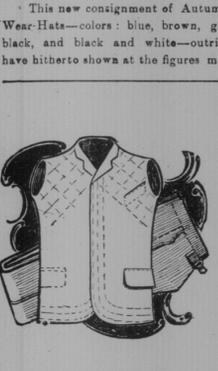
Men's Fall Overcoats
Special \$15
These Men's Fall Overcoats are of matchless value.

Men's Shirts
Special 75c.
These are peerless fitting colored shirts—fast shades—soft and stiff—regular price \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Men's Fall Hats
Special \$1.75
They come in all the newest and latest American shades and shapes. In Fur Fall. They sell regularly at \$3.00.

Ladies' Walking Skirts
Special \$3.95
All the very newest fall styles of Clear-ground Skirts—tailor-made, in three different models—blue and white and black and white tweeds, black chevrons and meltons—Skirts easily worth \$7.

Ladies' Walking Suits
Special \$9.75
An exceptional bargain at this price—material blue and black melton, 26 in. Coat lined with best twill tulle—velvet collar—7-gore skirt—lap seams—man-tailored and splendidly finished.



Glionna-Marsicano Orchestra

will be in attendance on Saturday Afternoon and Evening. We cordially invite every lady and gentleman in Toronto to come and inspect the BEST BARGAINS OF THE SEASON.

CRAWFORD BROS., Limited, TAILORS, CORNER YONGE AND SHUTER-STS. TORONTO.

WIM BEATTIE, GOOD THING, BUMPED BRIGHTON BOOKS

King Pepper, at Long Odds, Won Mercury Handicap—Results on Five Tracks.

New York, Sept. 15.—King Pepper won the Mercury Handicap, the feature at Brighton Beach, today by a head.

Jim Beattie, backed down from the 20 to 1, won the first race, and the king suffered a hard knock, as the track was in good condition, but the weather was very hot.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Lohrman, 112 (Shaw), 6 to 1; 2, 102 (Hildebrand), 10 to 1; 3, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 4, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 5, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 6, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 7, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 8, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 9, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 10, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 11, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 12, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 13, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 14, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 15, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 16, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 17, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 18, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 19, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 20, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 21, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 22, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 23, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 24, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 25, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 26, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 27, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 28, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 29, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 30, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 31, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 32, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 33, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 34, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 35, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 36, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 37, 114 (Dunlop), 10 to 1; 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Hamilton Office, 4 Arcade, North James-street, S. F. Lockwood, agent.

THE WORLD OUTSIDE

The World can be had at the following News Stands: Windsor Hotel, Montreal; St. Lawrence Hotel, Toronto; Peacock & Jones, Buffalo; Elliott-square News Stand, Chicago; Agency and Messenger Co., Ottawa; St. Denis Hotel, Winnipeg; M. T. A. McIntosh, Winnipeg; Mackay & Son, N. Westminister; Raymond & DeBorja, St. John, N.B. All Railways News Stands and Trains.

THE BIG FISH ESCAPE

Commenting on the alarming increase of crime in the City of New York, The New York American mentions that it considers the chief contributing causes. The American does not accept District Attorney Jerome's theory that the police and the detectives are to blame. It points out that the machinery of the trial courts is slow. Men kill other men and such is the law of the land that the people have forgotten the cases when they come to trial. Public opinion, The American argues, is the great force in convicting criminals.

But there are thefts committed in New York every day, and these high-class thieves hold themselves to be among the elect. They are in no danger. They know how to steal, but the customs of society tolerate the thefts. There is no public opinion against these thieves, and the lawyers say there is no statute to cover their offences. Two years ago a lot of men got together, bought some old junk, scrap iron, cranes and worn-out shipyards. The whole of the purchase was worth a few million dollars. The stuff was capitalised for \$80,000,000, and by means of the counterfeited stock the public was robbed. Over \$40,000,000 was stolen. No one has been indicted for this. The most magnificent crime that was ever written down in the book of grand larceny.

It is not contended that the law against common criminals should be less rigid because the public is robbed by floatations like the shipyards bubble. There is, however, this much for the American's argument, that public opinion, stunned with outrages like the shipyards trust, is unconsciously weakened in its general moral estimate of offences against the law.

It is a question if the same breaking down of the moral fibre of public opinion is not in progress in Canada. Look at the revelations of the election trials in the last few years. The corruption of the electorate has been reduced to a scientific basis. The number of men who will take one dollar for five dollars, or ten dollars for their votes, is increasing at an alarming rate. To some extent at least this growth of the corrupt vote of the country and the extraordinary apathy of the respectable public furnish the offenders is due to the prevalence of corruption in higher circles. The subsidy hunter, the railway exploiter, and the franchise holding corporation make certain contributions to the campaign fund and get what they ask. Members of parliament organize joint stock companies which grow rich on government patronage. A government supporter rebuffs against legislation that is aimed at the public interest, and he calmly transplanted to an office of emolument under the crown. Viewing these conditions, is it any wonder that the electorate is taking a lower view of the sanctity of the ballot, and that the public is viewing with indifferent concern the transactions between the election agent and the voter?

NOT A HEALTHY SPECTACLE

There was an error in a paragraph dealing with Hon. J. M. Gibson's relations to franchise-holding corporations published in yesterday's World. The paragraph should have read as follows: J. M. Gibson, the attorney-general of this province, is to-day recognized by all the electric and traction companies as their friend and chief protector, on all the contracts for the leasing of power privileges in this province (Niagara included) should not be in the business himself. He happens to get his power privileges from Ottawa. The minister of justice at Ottawa handing out power privileges to the attorney-general (who is in the attorney-general of Ontario (who is in the power business himself), handing out power leases to other power companies, is not a healthy spectacle.

A WEAK DEFENCE

In their desperate efforts to avoid this accumulative effects of the growing evidence in favor of municipal ownership, monopolist defenders present arguments of the most curious and inconclusive character. Municipal bodies

are treated as if they were separate entities unchangeable and ineradicably bad.

If under present conditions men in public positions prove amenable to the unscrupulous blandishments of predatory corporations the question is triumphantly asked: Are you going to entrust city and town councils to be composed with the administration of important public services? This is an altogether lonely specimen of fatuous reasoning.

Supposing it to be valid, what an intolerable situation would be created. Because the bribe and corrupter have succeeded in their policy their dominion is forever to remain unchallenged. Because some representatives have succumbed to temptation, therefore no good and honest men are to be found within the municipalities of Canada.

This would be reversing the sound principle of public policy with a vengeance. It would be the endorsement of corruption, the apotheosis of fraud. Hitherto the tempter has been regarded as more blameworthy than the tempted, and both as flagrant offenders of the citizen.

But the modern defenders of monopolies are quite prepared in their case to adopt the Jesuitical maxim, that the end justifies the means. The corporations who are everywhere refusing to acknowledge the just claims of the people need only adopt the cynical rule of Walpole and pay some men their price to pursue unfettered their hunt for ill-gotten gains.

It is a poor policy, but it is all they have to offer, and it is foredoomed to failure. Canada has a York in the continent which is flouted in its contemptuous style. They will resent the imputation that they cannot be trusted to elect honest and capable representatives and still more that these representatives are simply what the electorate make them.

In the early part of the nineteenth century the unreformed corporations of Britain were corrupt enough in all conscience, because they were largely irresponsible. Nothing changed them but the resolution of the citizens to have strong and pure administrators. Canada can get them if she will. It is because of the general awakening over the value of municipal ownership that our monopoly holders are struggling so violently and recklessly to maintain and strengthen their hold on our public services. That they are doing so marks the beginning of the end.

A NATION OF SKATERS

The article in The London Times, announcing the appointment of Earl Grey as Governor-General of Canada, contains this truly remarkable passage: It may be added without indiscretion that no small part of Lord Grey's popularity is due to his wife, Lady Grey's sister, who early won the hearts of the Canadians by her beauty and her admiration for the beauty of her skating. Whether the new Governor-General is a skater or not we cannot say; but it is easy to understand that a nation of skaters, like the Canadians, thinks all the better of its chiefs for possessing the art of skating. We cheerfully acquit our eminent contemporary of indiscretion, and its compliment to Lady Minto is well deserved. But the notion that Canadians are eager to discover whether their rulers can skate and are exempted when they discover that they can do the Dutch roll or the figure eight is new to us. Perhaps the dark secret of Lord Dundonald's dismissal is that he could not skate so as to meet the approval of Mr. Fisher. There is a fine old precedent for such action.

When good King Arthur ruled this land, He was a goodly king, And three sons out of four he turned out of the door, Because they could not sing.

"It may be added without indiscretion" that some of our political chiefs have a sincere admiration for clean skaters.

EDUCATION FOR EFFICIENCY

President Eliot of Harvard has written for The Brooklyn Eagle an article on education for efficiency, by which he means effective power for work and service during a healthy and active life. The child should be trained in a large variety of mental processes and established in useful mental habits, the acquisition of information being incidental. Continued education well adapted to the child's increasing stores of information. President Eliot thinks children should study the elements of a considerable number of subjects, such as language, mathematics, history, natural science, sanitation and economics, not so much to acquire information as to sample several kinds of knowledge, initiate appropriate processes and habits, and make a proper choice of lines for future work.

He dwells first on the training of the body senses—sight, hearing, touch, smell and taste, and points out how important this training is to surgeons as well as to mechanics. In regard to the training of the body, he makes the remarkable statement that the only cases of hopeless ruin he has known are those in which the body has been ruined by drink or other vice, or by neglect. So long as the body is sound there is hope.

On the subject of training for attention he says that prolonged attention should not be expected from children, but there should be quick and concentrated attention for brief periods. If one subject does not fix the attention another should be tried; if books or oral instruction will not attain the end, mechanical work should be used.

The difference between adults in mental efficiency is chiefly a difference in this very power of concentration. The man who has this power will grasp quickly the subjects presented to him, gratify people who have business with him by giving them prompt and effective attention, seize eagerly upon the contents of books or papers which relate to his affairs in hand, and despatch his daily work, whatever its nature—mechanical, commercial, scholarly or domestic. He will do in one minute the work which an inferior man will need five minutes or five hours. He will effect in every day of his life a great economy of time.

In their desperate efforts to avoid this accumulative effects of the growing evidence in favor of municipal ownership, monopolist defenders present arguments of the most curious and inconclusive character. Municipal bodies

are alike in possessing in the highest degree this power of concentrated attention; and in comparison men and women this is the most valuable of all mental faculties.

In this connection he points out the danger of the habit of reading newspapers, magazines, etc., rather than books. It is simply a mental distraction. Coaching manuals in school have a similar bad effect. "The efficient man is the man who thinks for himself and is capable of thinking hard and long."

Other matters referred to in the paper are the training of the taste for beauty, the love of truth, and the cultivation of enthusiasm or devotion to an ideal. It may be said that this is a rather large order for the ordinary teacher, who, who well-trained and faithful, may not be an Elliot. But there can be no doubt of the truth and value of what he says about the power of attention. Dawdling and listlessness are the most fatal defects of education, and the surest to lead to failure in after life.

IS THE HERALD IN EARNEST?

The Hamilton Herald the other day proposed as a desirable solution of the street railway difficulty that the city take back the franchise and operate the road as a municipal concern. Here are its words: "As the company is losing money and the operation of the street railway, and is weary of the present arrangement, it is proposed that the city take back the franchise and operate the road as a municipal concern. The company would then be a public utility, and would be freed from the financial and other obligations of a private corporation. The city would then be in a position to operate the street railway as a public work for the benefit of the citizens. It seems to us that the citizens should welcome such a solution of the problem. If its losses are so serious, the company would then be a public utility, and would be freed from the financial and other obligations of a private corporation. 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ESTABLISHED 1864. JOHN CATTO & SON

Are making very fine

OPENING EXHIBITS EVERY DAY

of highest class dry goods and exclusive novelties, which keep arriving constantly.

Millinery, Mantles, Cloaks, Suits, Costumes

The Dress Fabric, Suitings and Fine Goods Department will very soon display the results of their displays—containing at present unparalleled selections of the finest goods made.

Mail orders for samples should contain mention of price and colors required.

Many of the very fine suit and gown lengths are for one only, which makes it necessary to choose at the earliest possible moment.

The Very Fine Suitings

Opened out to day are marvels of distinct elegance—ask to see the "very fine," high-priced ones.

This display includes both black and colored wools.

BROADCLOTH ZIBELINES

Covers, Whipcords, Indistinct Checks, Faded Effects, Stripes, Neat Tweed Checks.

WOOL AND VELVET CORDS

Barathea Cords, Raised Spots, Venetian Stripes, Checks, Basket Effects, Panama Cloths.

BROADCLOTHS

Cheviots, Homespuns, Serges, Fines, Tweeds and Mixtures.

EMBROIDERED SPOT SUITINGS

Bedford Cords, Llama Cheviots, "Picnics," Fancy and Canvas, Tuft Stripes, Fine and Heavy Cords.

CORDED VOILES

Follies, Cepelines, Laines, Fancy Cords, Canvas, Canvas, Fluted Voiles, Twine Cloths.

UNCRUSHABLE SILK GRENADINES

Canvas Voiles, Nain Soies, Poplin de Chine, Silk and Wool Crepons, Crepe de Chine, Silk Gauzes.

SILKS AND SATINS

Fine, Fancy and Broad. Many exquisite single gown lengths of rare beauty and richness.

JOHN CATTO & SON TORONTO

King Street—opposite the Post-Office.

MAN WHO CAN DEFEAT JEFFRIES

Ralph Rose, Michigan Athlete, Says He Believes He Can.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Ralph Rose has a new ambition. He is the Michigan athlete who has not only broken the world's record, but is believed to be the only man in the world capable of knocking out Jeffries.

In a letter to a Chicago friend he writes that he is confident that he can beat Jeffries. He says he has a stronger right arm than Jeffries, and that he is confident that he can hit him hard enough to knock him out.

There is no reason to believe that I could not whip Jeff. I know he stands today as the premier man of the ring. But I am a swifter man on my feet, have a harder punch, a longer right, as much nerve and endurance and enough experience in the boxing game to win. Out there on the coast I used to do nothing but box. I have always resided there prior to entering the University of Michigan.

ARGENTON'S Autumn Races.

The Argenton fall at home and recent races place on Saturday, the 17th inst., at 2 p.m. Besides the usual races, great interest is being taken in the Hammond trophy race, which will be contested for by several of the best horses and those from the financial institutions. A large number of invitations have been issued for the race, and a very enjoyable afternoon sport will undoubtedly result. Invitations may be secured up till Friday from the members of the committee.

Tea Sets.

A complete 5-piece Tea Set, in heavy quality silver plate, may be had at from \$25.00 to \$50.00.

The pieces comprise tea and coffee pots, sugar bowl, creamer, pitcher and spoon holder.

Particularly attractive these sets in grey-blue finish, with rosette borders.

Ryrie Bros.

"Diamond Hall," 118 to 124 Yonge St., TORONTO.

OPEN REGATTA SATURDAY. Q.C.Y.C.'S MANY ENTRIES

45 Alone in 14-Foot Dinghy Class—Skiff and Miscellaneous Races.

The Queen City Yacht Club's open regatta on Saturday afternoon has a record-breaking list of entries. For the five races the entries are: 1. 14-foot dinghy class, 45 boats; 2. Skiff class, 15 boats; 3. Miscellaneous class, 15 boats; 4. 14-foot dinghy class, 15 boats; 5. Skiff class, 15 boats.

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TRIP OF USELESS BILLS GETS CORNERSTONE THIEF

Bert Disher of Thorold Arrested for Stealing \$370 in Canceled Money From Ridley College.

Yesterday Bert Disher of Thorold and a party otherwise known as the "Bills," were placed under arrest at St. Catharines through the instrumentality of the Dominion Detective Agency of this city. Disher is charged with stealing and Webber of having received money that was placed in the corner stone of Ridley College last July. The case is one which has been working its way through the courts for some time past and until a week ago was strong chance of being forgotten. When the corner stone was laid in November, there had been placed in the stone, \$370. They were of two issues, the old and the new, and were made up of two \$100 bills, two \$50 bills and two \$20 bills. The ten notes were cancelled by having a perforated hole made in them. During the ceremony the assistant manager of the bank, who was present, had placed in the stone, but he was unable to state that they had been cancelled. After the guests departed, the money was found by John Miller, felt uneasy and suspected the corner stone. He was in the morning he suspected it again. The money was gone. The case was called on by the St. Catharines police, who, until two weeks ago, failed to get any result. It was not until the search of one of the five bills turned up in the hands of Mr. Cooper, a diverman in Thorold. He had been employed by Bert Disher, who had been night watchman at the college until shortly before the robbery. Disher told a fantastic tale. He had been in the corner stone, and had been drunk. As he stood watching a wheel of fortune in the hands of a man in the crowd, he saw a man in a dark suit and a hat, who he asked him to change a five, which he did. He then saw the man go to the corner stone and he asked the officials of the Imperial Bank Building Agency, Thorold, to send him his story, the last time getting it put into writing and signed by the man who went to the people who were named in the "Bills" and he was arrested. On Saturday another class presented itself. Thomas Holmes, a Niagara, N.Y., saloon-keeper, appeared at the Thorold office of the Imperial Bank and presented two bills of the notes, a \$20 bill and a \$10 bill, and he had gotten them from a customer known as "Tom." He had been in the corner stone, and a man was sent back with the bills. Holmes was taken to the Thorold office, and after a search of the notes, he was found to be the Canadian Falls. He was a good customer of Holmes and when he presented the two big bills in one day he had been in the corner stone, and he was arrested. The perforations were seen, but no attention was paid to them.

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MR. DAVIS IN NORTH GREY EVIDENCE IS IMPORTANT

He Left for Toronto, But Mr. Blackstock Has Wired for Him to Return.

Owen Sound, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—The unauthenticity of the Nelson and Mulloy story was the line of defence Mr. Aylesworth adopted to-day on behalf of A. G. Mackay.

Leon J. Mulloy told his story in an easy style. He is brighter intellectually than even his colleague, Nelson, and under cross-examination, his narrative was unshaken.

As to the coveted insinuation that improper relations existed between himself and Mr. Wright, Mulloy said that there was no promise and no payment of any money between Mr. Wright and himself.

George P. Creighton, Owen Sound's tax collector, said that he knew Dr. Fisher and his drug store in Winton. He and Dr. Hough are associated in business.

Mr. Aylesworth protested against the insinuation and appealed to the judge. He said he had copies of the letter, where did you get them?" asked Mr. Blackstock.

When they reached Winton, he was put out of the room before he got to the hotel. He arrived there about 4.30 in the afternoon.

He told the witness to go down to the telephone office, where they were all sitting, to meet Mr. Kestner, who he went out. Dr. Hough said in a loud voice, "If you require further testimony, come back."

Mulloy was to drive out with key and cigars and make a good fellow of himself. He was also to take out \$25, of which Mulloy was to receive \$15 and McAllister \$10.

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What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and other Narcotic Substances.

It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee.

It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency.

It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisenberger, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my maternal and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eshderson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly does the work that I have been unable to do by other means for all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician do? Leave it to the mother."

Dr. Albert J. Weston, of Cleveland, O., says: "I have used your Castoria in my private for the past eighteen years with the utmost success."

Dr. Edwin P. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and find it to be so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Starr, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, unless the maker is willing to put in his name, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

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Dr. KOHR'S RESTORINE

Many years of careful study and research have resulted in the discovery of this powerful restorative.

It is a powerful restorative, and is recommended by the Medical Board of the State of New York.

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TREASURER'S SALE OF LANDS

ARRAERS OF TAXES In the Township of Scarborough, County of York.

By virtue of a warrant, issued by the Receiver of the Township of Scarborough, and bearing date the 1st day of June, 1904, and to me directed, commanding me to proceed to sell by public auction the arrears of taxes on the lands herein-after set out, together with the costs and charges thereon.

Block A. Sub-plot 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Block B. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Block C. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Block D. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Block F. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Block H. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Block K. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Block M. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Block O. Sub-plot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

WOOD DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness, and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Apert Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

First SOD TURNED OF THE GUELPH BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Police Commissioners Oppose Innovation—New Laundry Regulation.

Police Commissioner Urquhart in reference to the long-delayed improvements required at the various police stations.

Have You Lost a Watch? The detective department was owners for the following watches, which are thought to have been stolen.

King Solomon's Mine Found. The evidences that Rhodessa was the country from which King Solomon's gold was obtained are said to be accumulating.

Sheep Butcher on Strike. Chicago, Sept. 15.—Because of alleged discrimination against sheep butchers employed at the Union Stock Yards the sheep butchers have decided to remain on strike.

King Solomon's Mine Found. The evidences that Rhodessa was the country from which King Solomon's gold was obtained are said to be accumulating.

Rose That Changes Color. The Chinese, Japanese and Siamese are particularly skilled at botanic arts. One of their wonderful achievements is known as the "color-changing" rose.

Repairs Hair Sometimes nature's hair is a little help—Ayer's Hair Vigor. It repairs the hair, touches it up, gives it new life, brings back the old dark color, and makes it soft and glossy.

WOOD DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.

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First SOD TURNED OF THE GUELPH BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THE THIN MAN.



CUSTOM tailors and "ready-made" manufacturers will tell you the "thin man" is the easiest physique in the world to fit.

They cut down a size larger and rig him out somehow. With us the thin man is neither more nor less difficult than any physique.

We recognize in him a type just as the stout man or the regular man are considered as types—and tailor suits especially for his figure.

Then each Semi-ready suit is tailored to the try-on stage.

You can prevent effect of color and design and fit before you buy, whatever may be your physique.

Suit delivered two hours after fitting.

Semi-ready Tailoring

TORONTO 22 WEST KING STREET MANNING ARCADE

ONTARIO HEARS BORDEN

Continued From Page 1.

He began by showing that the government had failed to make provision for the effective prosecution of the accused who had nourished by reason of their skill in manipulating elections.

Mr. Borden was assured that the present members of the riding, A. B. Ingram, M.P., for Hallow, the Conservative member for the riding, A. B. Ingram, M.P., for Hallow, the Conservative member for the riding, A. B. Ingram, M.P., for Hallow.

There was also the case of Col. Greig, who was elected to the House of Commons because he was told to make a declaration which he did not believe to be true.

Mr. Borden at Aylmer. Address Afternoon Meeting, Opening Sept. 15.—(Staff Special.)

Mr. Borden, M.P., began his Ontario western tour this afternoon, addressing a gathering which filled the town hall here. He is accompanied by Mrs. Borden, Richard Blain, M.P., and D. Henderson, M.P., for Hallow.

There did not seem to be any Alexander Mackenzie in the Liberal party today. Mr. Borden detailed his efforts to give the auditor-general more power to safeguard the public treasury.

Mr. Borden, M.P., for Hallow, the Conservative member for the riding, A. B. Ingram, M.P., for Hallow, the Conservative member for the riding, A. B. Ingram, M.P., for Hallow.

HAPPY TO BE STRONG AGAIN

After Three Years of Low Vitality, Indigestion and Rheumatism—Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Made the Change.

Mr. M. A. Cook, Meaford, Ont., writes: "Three years ago I became very much run down in health and suffered from weak, tired feelings, indigestion and rheumatism. At times I was so badly used up that I required help to move in bed. While sick and downhearted I received Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and sent for some of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Under this treatment I soon began to improve, and by the time I had used eleven boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I was happy to find myself strong and well again. I often think of what a lot of money I spent for medicines which did me no good, and believe I owe my life to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous recipient book author, are on every box.

CITY BUYS 2 MORE PARKS AND WALKS LOOK AT OTHERS

The parks and exhibition committee discussed possible parks yesterday afternoon. The committee recommended the purchase of two lots. The first was the John Macdonald property on Cottingham-street, extending from 444-foot on both streets and a depth of 123 feet. The price was \$30 per foot.

Other park sites considered were the Jarvis property, near Victoria Park, for which \$1000 is asked as a \$100,000 valuation, and Victoria Park, for which Mr. Davis now asks \$100,000.

The fortification report of the city engineer was read to-day. An 8-foot concrete walk is recommended on the east side of Bay-street, from Harbor to Lake-street, to cost \$546, and a public lavatory at the intersection of the two streets, at a cost of \$300.

BLEINHEIM HOTELKEEPERS SEEK A MANDATORY ORDER

Mr. Johnston argues that Commissioners, in Legislating, exceeded their Power. The Bleinheim Hotelkeepers' Association is seeking a mandatory order from the Board of License Commissioners to prevent the granting of licenses to three hotel keepers in the town of Bleinheim.

E. F. B. Johnston, K.C., applied before Justice Gage yesterday for a mandatory order directed to the Board of License Commissioners to prevent the granting of licenses to three hotel keepers in the town of Bleinheim.

The local and provincial Young Men's Christian Association workers are being favored by a visit from the following men well known in the city.

MANAGER OF ROYAL

Montreal, Que., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—William Mackay, for a number of years assistant manager, has been appointed manager of the Royal Insurance Company. J. H. Labelle is promoted to be assistant manager, and George Jacoby superintendent.

EMERSON TO RETIRE

Montreal, Que., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—Hon. Mr. Emerson will retire from the cabinet and accept a chief justiceship in New Brunswick. He is to be succeeded by Hon. William Pugsley, attorney-general, also of New Brunswick.

PASSERS BY HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Winnipeg, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—Sens Requet, the half-breed horse thief, who effected a sensational escape last night, was recaptured in the university grounds, only after he had been shot through the knee. Passersby had a narrow escape, as the policeman, group for Sens Requet among the bushes, emptied their revolvers at any moving object.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING

Carleton Place, N.W.T., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—William Goodson, proprietor of Shakespeare Hotel, was accidentally shot in the head and instantly killed a few miles north, while out with a shooting party.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD WILL MEET TO-NIGHT

The late John Henning left an estate of \$12 to his daughter Jane. Charles Burton, who failed to make restitution for \$12, still will go down for a year.

Has stood the test for nearly sixty years as a cure for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Pains in the Stomach, Sea Sickness, and all forms of Summer Complaint.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. THEY'RE DANGEROUS!

Has stood the test for nearly sixty years as a cure for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Pains in the Stomach, Sea Sickness, and all forms of Summer Complaint. Do not experiment with new and untried remedies, but procure that which has stood the test of time.

The Russell Hardware Co. Saturday Bargains

A thorough knowledge of the best markets and a large buying capacity enable us to secure specially interesting prices to our customers.

Some Saws are Sold. Absolute Range Perfection. A Remnant Sale of Netting.

Sensational Snap for Machinists. A Big Clearance in Car Bits. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Marvellous Mallet Value. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Machinists' Hook Bolt Special. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Real Comfort, Great Convenience. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Fireproof Building Paper. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

The Immense Increase. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

A Chair Seat. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Wholesale Potato Dealers. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

Don't Wait for the Frost. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

A Saving for Shavers. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

When Falling Leaves Litter Your Lawn. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

A Gas Fixture Special. A Clearing in Fruit Jars. A Clearing in Fruit Jars.

FORGED TO PAY BILLS. William Halley, aged 21, arrested on a Serious Charge.

THE RUSSILL HARDWARE Co. 126 East King Street.

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THE RUSSILL HARDWARE Co. 126 East King Street.

A most complete stock of hardware

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MUSKRAT IS THE most extensively used fur produced. The annual collection fluctuates around five million pelts.

The size is generally 8x10 inches; the overhair is coarse and light brown in color, the fur fine, thick and silky.

The muskrat fur is used almost exclusively for the lining of capes, ulsters, jackets and coats.

We use superior Muskrat in the lining of our coats for gentlemen. Special attention is called to our beaver cloth overcoats, which have wide collars and lapels of otter and are lined with selected Muskrat.

Special - \$50.00

WAIT FOR OUR NEW CATALOGUE.

The W. & D. DINEEN CO. Limited

WHEAT PRICES HIGHER

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Canadian peaches, choice basket, ordinary, Apples, Lemons, Oranges, etc.

Receipts of live stock at the city market were large, 91 carloads, consisting of 1262 calves, 1848 hogs, 2860 sheep and lambs and 90 calves.

The quality of the fat cattle was generally of the common to medium classes, with a few good to choice lots.

Few shipping cattle were offered, the highest price quoted being \$4.70 per cwt., which was paid for three steers, 1275 lbs. each, sold by McDonald & Mayber.

There was less demand for choice butchers' cattle, and it would be safe to say that there was not more than 10 butchers' cattle that sold as high as \$2.50 per cwt., and there was not a large number that sold over \$4.

There were few good to choice butchers' cattle, and it would be safe to say that there was not more than 10 butchers' cattle that sold as high as \$2.50 per cwt., and there was not a large number that sold over \$4.

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Feeders. The class most in demand is steers weighing from 800 to 1000 lbs. each, and good quality at these weights is worth \$2.70 to \$2.90 per cwt.

Stockers. 500 to 700 lbs. each, sold all the way from \$2.40 to \$2.50 per cwt. The bulk selling at about \$2.50 to \$2.60 per cwt.

There was an active trade in milk cows and springers, over 40 being offered and sold at \$20 to \$31 each.

Veal Calves. Prices for veal calves remain steady, but \$225 to \$230 per head, \$4 to \$5.50, the bulk selling at about \$4.50 to \$5 per cwt.

The run of sheep and lambs was large, sheep for export are firm at \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt., the bulk going at \$3.50 per cwt.

Drovers and farmers are still flooding the market with stubbles, the majority of farmers would not think of killing for fat stock.

McDonald & Mayber sold 3 exporters, 1275 lbs. each, at \$4.70 per cwt.; 9 butchers' cattle, 1010 lbs. each, at \$4.10; 22 hogs, at \$2.85; 2 export hogs, at \$2.85; 2 export hogs, at \$2.85; 2 export hogs, at \$2.85.

Wesley Dunn was the highest buyer of calves, sheep and lambs, he having bought 1100 lbs. each, at \$3.50 per cwt., 50 calves at \$4 each.

A Rogers, buyer of Stouffville, Ont., bought 25 feeders of choice quality, 1100 lbs. each, at \$4.10 per cwt.

James Ryan bought 16 milk cows and 2 calves, at \$3.80 per cwt., and 10 calves at \$3.80 per cwt.

George Bontrée bought 1 load butchers' cattle, 1100 lbs. each, at \$4.10 per cwt.

C. Zeigman & Sons bought 100 mixed feeders and stockers, 450 mixed stockers, 600 to 800 lbs. each, at \$2.40 to \$2.50 per cwt.

Ben Smith bought 15 butchers' heifers, 800 lbs. each, at \$3.50 per cwt.

W. H. Peterson, Alton, bought 1 load of feeders, 1100 lbs. each, at \$2.25 per cwt.

R. C. Green bought 100 stockers, 1100 lbs. each, at \$2.70 per cwt.

James Hamilton bought 6 milk cows at \$30 to \$35 each.

Market Notes. There was a large number of buyers from outside points, and there was not enough of good quality of either.

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THE HOUSE OF QUALITY



The worry is on you if you go to some shop and buy a cheaper hat than we could sell you.

We emphasize the style, and we guarantee the quality of every hat we sell, and have no companionship with mere "cheapness."

Style Soft Hats and Derby's. \$1.25 to \$1.50

After the Gentleman's Hat what is there he can afford to be more particular about than his Gloves?—we have them 1-00 to 7-50.

We're credited by people who know with having the nicest line of men's "handwear" in Canada.

100 to 7-50

MAN'S LIFE AND THE BIBLE

Secretary Ritson of the British and Foreign Society Tells of Obstacles in Distributing Scriptures.

The public meeting of the Upper Canada Bible Society was held in the Association Hall last evening. Rev. John A. Ritson, M.A., gave a comprehensive review of the work and aims of the British and Foreign Bible Society. The meeting opened with the singing of a hymn, at the conclusion of which Rev. N. W. Hoyle, K.C., LL.D., was in the chair. Hon. Mr. Justice Forbes of the supreme court of Halifax was the first speaker. He related many reminiscences of the Nova Scotia auxiliary, which he had founded in 1810, and held out great hopes for the future of the society in Canada, which he believed had extended on a new and more prosperous era. Rev. T. E. Hill, D.D., also voiced his approval of the new order of things, and declared that the Bible in Canada had a glorious future, but its conservation depended upon the retention of the Bible as the governing book of the country and the inculcation in our children of the principles which it teaches. Mr. Ritson, "can exist without men, but it is impossible for man to exist without the Bible."

The Bible Society had three great difficulties to overcome in placing the Bible before the people. These were translation, publication and distribution. The difficulties encountered in translation could not be over-estimated. A great many languages did not contain words capable of interpreting the meaning of the Bible. Thus in one language "lived on milk and wild honey" was translated "lived on milk and wild honey." Yet he believed the day was not far distant when every man and woman would be able to read the Bible in his own tongue.

In the publishing of the Bible great difficulties were met. It would be unwise to publish a Bible in a language which had no printed type in it. The Chinese would not permit a book printed with foreign ink.

Publications of the Bible Society wherever possible in the country to be served. In pursuing this course, great difficulties were met. In Syria, for instance, 1000 different fonts of type were used in the production of the Bible. In India, it had been found necessary to write the whole Bible by hand and reproduce by the aid of a printer. In the United States, the Bible Society prints and publishes in all parts of the world. The publishers of the Bible are to be congratulated for their years in advance of the Oxford press in printing appliances. London, of course, was the chief point of distribution.

The manner of distribution was threefold, into three countries, England, the United States and India. The first was not satisfactory. The missionary was provided with all the books he needed, but he was not satisfied at the price he considered adequate. He then deducted that price and the cost of the distribution and retained the balance to the society. They distributed generally by sale, because they believed that the Bible should be in the hands of the people free. In the present war the soldiers of both countries have been provided with copies of the Scriptures free, and in this connection Mr. Ritson declared that the British and Foreign Bible Society knew no difference between friend and foe. A single Boer hospital was supplied with Bibles in four different languages.

The report of the committee of organization, recommending the formation of a Canadian Bible Society in affiliation with the British and Foreign Bible Society of Great Britain, to replace the Upper Canada Bible Society and the twelve other independent auxiliaries of the Dominion, was decided on as the headquarters. A committee was appointed to prepare a constitution for the proposed society, and it was decided to hold a general conference in Toronto in 1905.

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ROBEY STORE CLOSÉS AT 5.30 P.M.

Friday, Sept. 16th

Men's Day in the Men's Store

\$10 to \$18 Suits for \$7.95

THE FIRST THING Saturday morning's customers will make for will be the table where the special suits are waiting. One hundred and sixteen of them, made for one of the proud-fitting establishments, but used as samples by the travelers for a little while. They're nice suits, very nice and made for this fall. It's one of the chances the Men's Store likes to give you on Saturday's to encourage the early comers.

Men Suits—New Fall Suits—Regular \$10, \$12, \$14, \$15, \$16 and \$18, on Sale Saturday Morning at \$7.95

116 only Men's High-Grade Suits, new fall styles, in the latest patterns, in Scotch tweeds and fancy wools, mostly samples, made up and all are made-to-order, with best linings and trimmings, perfect-fitting, reg. \$10 up to \$18, suits \$4 to 44, on sale Saturday morning at \$7.95.

Men's Fine Imported English Whipcord Top Coats, made up in the new short booby style for early fall wear, in a light fawn shade, well tailored and elegant fitting, sizes 34-44, Saturday, 9.00

Men's New Fall Weight Overcoats, made up from a rich, soft-finished black vicuña, fall backs, silk extending to bottom of coat, very dressy and well-tailored equal to custom work, sizes 34-44, Saturday, 15.00

Men's Dark Oxford Grey and Olive Covert Cloth Best Coats, made up in the correct long, loose, single-breasted Chesterfield style, good linings and trimmings, and suitable to be worn either for a rain or fall overcoat, Saturday, 10.00

Men's Nobby New Imported Cravenette Rain Coats, made up in the long Chesterfield style, with half belt at back; the cloth is a fine fawn worsted, in a dark, fashionable stripe, 15.00

Men's New Fall Weight Long-Pant Suits, made from a fine imported tweed, in two colors, dark grey, also dark brown grounds, in a neat, quiet stripe pattern, single-breasted, with a full length button, medium width, sizes 32-38, Saturday, 7.50

Boys' Fine English Tweed Three-Piece Suits, made in this fall's latest double-breasted style; the pattern is a very dark grey ground, with red trimmings, and perfect-fitting, sizes 28-38, Saturday, 4.60

Boys' New Fall Reefers or Short Box-Back Overcoats, made from a medium fawn English whipcord, neat, natty little coats for little men, just the proper weight for this time of the year: sizes 21-28, Saturday, \$3.50

Boys' Nobby New Imported Cravenette Rain Coats, made up in the long Chesterfield style, with half belt at back; the cloth is a fine fawn worsted, in a dark, fashionable stripe, 15.00

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Chancellor