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SUPPLEMENT - FEBRUARY, 1895. CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW.

PORT HOPE SHOW.

WE WERE ABLE to spend a day in Port Hope this year and thoroughly enjoyed it. The fanciers there are a pleasant lot and know their business, too. While the entry was not quite as large as we expected to see and was not as extensive as last year, the quality all through was high. The hall was nice and clean, the officials obliging and everyone pleased as far as we could learn. We thought the work rather too much for one judge.

Brahmas of both colors were few, a fair average lot. We made second dark cockerel about the best there, a neat headed, good colored one, and nice legs and feet.

Cochins.—The buffs better than we expected to see, even with the Whitby breeder present. The pullets were a good class; second cockerel was let off lightly with no cut on breast color, which is light in upper part of feathers. Part-ridge nice, first hen a good one cut rather severely. Whites few, but nice; first cock shapely, second fails in breast and legs. Chicks nice, of which the first pullet was the best. No blacks.

Langshans.—Good. A tendency is growing to get them too high on legs. Don't let us spoil a good useful breed.

Dorkings.—Few but fair.

Games were really good, and here Mr. Barber got in his fine work, winning heavily with a strong team. Mr. Field showed some nice shaped black-reds, cockerels and pullets, a bit short in head and leg. Guttin & Fox came all the way from Owen Sound with a nice trio of pyles and did well with them. The Indians were not as good as we expected to see, and many were under-sized. First hen a nice all-round one.

Plymouth Rocks.—White a fair lot; males show too much tail; first pullet easily the best, good all over. Barred not an extra good class, with the exception of first pullet—a grand colored one with one exception. i.e., neck. We heard she was purchased by Mr. Jarvis.

Wyandottes.—Good, especially the whites, and the pick of the bunch was the first white cockerel, a beauty all over. Golden showed a good deal of improvement and were large and good classes.

Javas.—Quite a nice lot, first cock and first hen the best.

Spanish.—Good. Seemed to be some error in pullet cards, as second (Hare) was much the best.

Minorcas.—Few but good. First black cockerel a gem, one of J. Y. Bicknell's strain and raised by Mr. Topley, of Port Hope—a grand, lustrous color all over, nice comb and

lobe, in fact hard to find fault with; well shown, but his owner did not improve his legs by oiling, much the reverse.

Leghorns.—White. First cock a large, good shaped one, grand, clean color, about his only fault is a bit rough in lobe, and wattles are bad; lobes a good color though rough. We greatly liked him. Others very good indeed—first cockerel a grand one, as was also the first brown. Both won at the Ontario. In brown cocks two beauties tied in first and second. Blacks, about as usual, first hen very sound in color. Rose-combs good, especially the youngsters. But two buffs shown, a good colored, large cockerel disqualified for white in face; a large hen rather uneven in color reached 89 and got second.

Andalusians.—Fair. First hen and first pullet easily the best.

Houdans.—A grand lot all through, Mr. Trew having a complete walk-over with a splendid team shown very fit.

Polands and Hamburgs.—Fair. The silvers of the latter, both spangled and pencilled, being the best. Two nice pairs young blacks shown.

A.O.V. class.—Mr. Daniels won all with nice Silkies.

Ducks.—Very few indeed.

Bantams were good classes, Mr. Barber taking most of the Game cards with his strong team. Mr. Trew showed a nice colored Pekin pullet with too much tail. Other varieties fair. The classification was poor.

Dressed Poultry made the best display we have ever seen. The winners beautifully trussed and dressed, evidently done by no novice. In chicks, the Indian Game-Plymouth Rock cross came out victors, large chicks with big full breasts.

THE SUPPER.

We unfortunately were unable to remain for the supper on the Thursday evening, but Mr. Daniels kindly gives us the following notes:

On Thursday evening twenty-three sat down to supper at the American Hotel. Mr. H. White, solicitor, President of Ontario Poultry Association, presided. After the health of the Queen had been drunk a toast to our poultry judges was responded to by Mr. L. G. Jarvis. He said he had found very keen competition at this show and many birds of very excellent quality. He also said he found it very hard to handle birds on account of present coops and strongly recommended patent wire coops. In Leghorns and Wyandottes competition was keener than at the Ontario. The other toasts were responded to by Messrs. Barber, Daniels, Goebel, Knight, Trew, Rice, McMillan, Baulch, Buckle, Brown, Glidden, Long, and Secretary Magill. Four excel-

lent songs were sung by Messrs. Buckle and Barber. Bro. Barber was in good singing trim and gave us "Paddy Don't Care" in good style. A very pleasant evening ended with all joining hands and singing "Auld Lang Syne," to meet again at Port Hope, January, 1896.

LIST OF AWARDS.

BRAHMAS, light cock, 1st 92, A A Coulturst, Amigari, 2nd 91, Goebel & Pequegnat, New Hamburg; hen, 1st 92, Coulturst; cockerel, 1st 91, Ed Birch, Kirby, 2nd 89½ Coulturst; pullet, 1st 93½, Birch, 2nd 92, Coulturst. **DARK COCK**, 2nd 88 C J Daniels, Toronto, 3rd 88, C S Benson, Toronto; hen, 2nd 89 Daniels, cockerel, 1st 93½ Daniels, 2nd 87½ W R Knight, Bowmanville; pullet, 1st 91 Daniels, 2nd 88½ Benson, 3rd 86½ Daniels. **COCHINS**, buff cock, 1st 91½ F C Hare, Whitby, 2nd 91½ Benson, 3rd 90 Coulturst; hen 1st 94 Hare, 2nd 91 A G Brown, Watford, 3rd 89 Benson; cockerel, 1st 95 Hare, 2nd 93 Brown, 3rd 86½ Benson; pullet 1st 94½ Hare, 2nd 94 Brown, 3rd 92½ Brown. **PARTRIDGE COCK**, 1st 92 Goebel & Pequegnat, 2nd 90½ Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 88 Birch; hen, 1st 90½, 2nd 90½ Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 88½ Birch; cockerel, 1st 92½, 2nd 90 Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 89 Knight. **WHITE COCK**, 1st 92½ J F Osborne, Bowmanville, 2nd 88½ F H Brown, Port Hope; hen 1st 93 Osborne, 2nd 91½ Brown; cockerel 92 Osborne; pullet 93 Osborne. **LANGSHANS**, cock, 1st 94 Osborne, 2nd 90 Daniels, 3rd 89½ Robert McCurdy, London; hen, 1st 95 Osborne, 2nd 93½ McCurdy, 3rd 93 Daniels; cockerel, 1st 95½ McCurdy, 2nd 94 Benson, 3rd 93 Osborne; pullet, 1st 94½ Osborne, 2nd 94½ Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 94 Benson. **DORKINGS**, cock, 1st 92½, hen 1st 94 Reid, Kingston, hen 2nd, 92, cockerel 1st 93½ Knight, cockerel 2nd 91½ Benson, pullet 1st 94 Knight 2nd 93½ Benson, 3rd 91 Daniels. **GAME**, black or brown red breasted; cock, 1st 94½ W Barber, Toronto, 2nd 91½, 3rd 88½, hen 1st 96½, 2nd 93½ Fred Field, Cobourg, 3rd 92½, cockerel 1st 94½ Barber, 2nd 94 3rd 93½ Field; pullet 1st 96 2nd 95½, Barber, 3rd 95 Field. **DUCKWING**, cock, 1st 93 Barber, 2nd 62½ Guttin & Fox, Owen Sound, 3rd 91½ Barber; hen, 1st 94½ Barber, 2nd 94 Guttin & Fox, 3rd 93½, cockerel 1st 95, 2nd 92½, pullet 1st 94½ 2nd 93½ Barber, 3rd 90 Guttin & Fox. **PYLE COCK**, 1st 93½ Guttin & Fox, 2nd 90, 3rd 87½ Barber; hen 95 Guttin & Fox, 2nd 94½ 3rd 92; cockerel 1st 93 2nd 91 1-2 Barber; pullet 1st 96 Guttin & Fox, 2nd 92 1-2, 3rd 89 Barber. **INDIAN COCK**, 2nd 89 1-2 Daniels; hen 1st 91 1-2 J H Parson, Osaca, 2nd 91 Daniels, 3rd 90 1-2 Parsons, cockerel 1st 91 1-2 pullet 1st 92 W F Langdon, Port Hope, 2nd 91 Daniels, 3rd 90 Langdon. **PLYMOUTH ROCKS**, barred, hens, 1st 92 J Topley, Port Hope, 2nd 88 1-2 George Jackson, Scugog; cockerel, 1st 92 D C Trew Lindsay, 2nd 90 1-2 Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 90 Trew; pullet 1st 94 1-2 Trew 2nd 92 1-2 Topley, 3rd 91 1-2 Trew. **WHITE COCK**, 1 94 1-2 Thomas Rice, Whitby, 2nd 93 Wm Elliott, Oshawa, 3rd 92 W H Reid, Kingston; hen 1st 96 Rice, 2nd 95 Reid, 3rd 94 Daniels; cockerel 1st 93 Elliott, 2nd 93 J H Baulch Port Hope, 3rd 92 1-2 Goebel & Pequegnat. **WYANDOTTES**, silver laced cock 2nd 89 Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 89 Jas Buckle, Port Hope; hen 1st 92 1-2 J L Margach, Port Hope, 2nd 92 J J Lenton, Oshawa, 3rd 92 Lenton; cockerel 1st 92 Margach, 2nd 91 1-2 Buckle, 3rd 91 1-2 Jacob Dorst Toronto; pullet, 1st 93 G F Scott, Port Hope, 2nd 93 Dorst, 3rd 93 Lenton. **GOLDEN COCK**, 1st 93 Daniels, 2nd and 3rd 92 8-2 Magill and Wm Ray, Port Hope a tie; hen 1st 91 1-2 Lenton, 2nd 89 1-2 Ray 3rd 89 Daniels; cockerels 1st 93 1-2 John McMullen, Port Hope; 2nd 93 Lenton, 3rd 92 Ray; pullet 1st 94 Magill, 2nd 93 1-2 G F Horseford, Port Hope, 3rd 93 1-2 McMullen. **WHITE COCK**, 1st 94 Chas Massie, Port Hope, 2nd 92 Buckle; hen 1st 98 1-2 Massie, 2nd 96 Buckle, 3rd 94 Brown; cockerel, 1st 96 1-2 2nd 93 Massie, 3rd 92 Buckle; pullet 96 2nd 96 Massie 3rd 95 Benson. **JAVA COCK** 1st 94 1-2 Goebel & Pequegnat, 2nd 92 1-2 Knight, 3rd 90 1-2 Daniels, cockerel, 1st 94 1-2 Knight, 2nd 93 Reid, 3rd 92 Daniels; pullet, 1st 96 1-2 Knight, 2nd 93 Daniels. **SPANISH**, cock 1st 92½ Hare, hen 1st 95 Hare, 2nd 94 1-2 Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 94 Coulturst, cockerel 1st 93 1-2 Osborne, 2nd 93 Goebel & Pequegnat, 3rd 92 1-2 Hare, pullet 1st 96½ Goebel & Pequegnat, 2nd 95 Hare, 3rd 94 1-2 Guttin & Fox. **MINORCAS**, black, hen 1st 92 1-2 Dorst, cockerel 1st 96 and 2nd 91 1-2 Topley,

pullet 1st 96 1-2 Dorst, 2nd 93 1-2 Wm Westlick, Bethany. **S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS**, cock 1st 95 H Gale, Colborne, 2nd 93 A W Graham, St. Thomas, 3rd 90 1-2 Brown, hen 1st 96 1-2 Trew, 2nd 95 1-4, 3rd 95, cockerel 1st 96 Rice, 2nd 95½ Guttin & Fox, 3rd 93 Daniels, pullet 1st 98 Rice, 2nd 96 Graham, 3rd 95 1-2 Trew. **S. C. BROWN COCK**, 1st 93 1-2 Margach, 2nd 93 1-2 Rice (ties), 3rd 89 J W Bittin, Lindsay, hen 94 1-2 Rice, 2nd 3rd 92 1-2 (ties) Margach and Goebel & Pequegnat, cockerel 1st 95 1-2 Rice, 2nd 95 Margach, 3rd 93 1-2, pullet 1st 94 Rice, 2nd 3rd 92 1-2 (ties) Westlick, Albert Hugh, Port Hope. **BLACK COCK**, 1st 93 1-2, 2nd 93 1-2, hen 1st 97 Goebel & Pequegnat, 2nd 96 Guttin & Fox, 3rd 94 Daniels, cockerel 1st 94 Guttin & Fox, 2nd 89 Goebel & Pequegnat, pullet 1st 96 1-2, 2nd 93 Brown, 3rd 91 Goebel & Pequegnat. **BUFF HEN OR PULLET 89, DANIELS**, Rose-comb cock, 2nd 88 1-2 Daniels, 3rd 87 1-2 McCurdy, hen 1st 93 Daniels, 2nd 90 1-2 McCurdy, cockerel 92 1-2 McCurdy, 2nd 92 Reid, 3rd 84 1-2 Daniels, pullet 1st 94 1-2 McCurdy, 2nd 93 1-2 Reid, 3rd 90 1-2 Daniels. **ANDALUSIANS**, cock 1st 92 W H Dustan, Bowmanville, 2nd 91 Reid, 3rd 90, hen 1st 95 Dustan, 2nd 93 1-2 Knight, 3rd 93 Benson, cockerel 95 Dustan, 2nd 92 1-2 Knight, 3rd 92, pullet 1st 93 Dustan, 2nd 91 1-2 Knight, 3rd 90 1-2 Reid. **HOUDANS**, cock 1st 95 1-2, hen 1st 96 1-2, 2nd 93 1-2, 3rd 92, cockerel 1st 95, 2nd 91 1-2, 3rd 91 1-2, pullet 1st 95, 2nd 94 1-2, 3rd 94, Trew, **SILVER POLANDS**, cock 2nd 88 1-2 Knight, hen 1st 92 J. T. Clarke, Cobourg, 2nd 91 1-2 Knight, 3rd 90 Knight. **GOLDEN COCK** 1st 91 1-2 Daniels, 2nd 90 Birch, hen 1st 92 1-2 Daniels, 2nd 91 Birch. **PENCILLED HAMBURGS**, cock 2nd 89 Osborne, hen 1st 93 Osborne, 2nd 92 Birch, cockerel 1st 93 Birch, pullet 1st 94 Guttin & Fox, 2nd 88 1-2 Knight. **SPANGLED COCK**, 1st 93 1-2 Knight, 2nd 89 Birch, hen 1st, 2nd 92 (ties) Birch and Knight, 3rd 91 Birch, cockerel 1st 94 Knight, 2nd, 3rd 92 1-2 (ties) Clarke and Birch, pullet 1st 94 Knight, 2nd 93 Birch, 3rd 91 Clarke. **BLACK COCK**, 1st 91 1-2 Knight, hen 1st 96 Guttin & Fox, 2nd 95 1-2 Knight, cockerel 1st 94 Knight, 2nd 92 Guttin & Fox, pullet 1st 96 Elliott, 2nd 92 Guttin & Fox. **RED CAPS**, cock 1st 92 1-2 Brown, 2nd 91 Daniels, 3rd 90 1-2 Brown, hen 1st 93 Brown, 2nd 92 Daniels, 3rd 90 Brown, cockerel 93 1-2 Brown, 2nd 92 1-2 Daniels, 3rd 91 1-2 Brown, pullet 1st 93 1-2 Brown, 2nd 93 1-2 Brown, 3rd 92 Daniels. **A. O. V. FOWL**, cock 1st Daniels, hen 1st Daniels, cockerel 1st Daniels, pullet 1st Daniels. **GAME BANTAMS BLACK OR BROWN RED**—Cock 1st and 2nd, hen 1st and 2nd, cockerel 1st and 2nd, pullet 1st and 2nd Barber. **DUCKWING**—Cock 1st and 2nd, hen 1st and 2nd, cockerel 1st and 2nd Barber, 3rd Goebel & Pequegnat, pullet 1st and 2nd Barber, 3rd Goebel & Pequegnat. **PYLE**—Cock 1st and 2nd, hen 1st and 2nd, cockerel 1st and 2nd, pullet 1st and 2nd Barber, 3rd Brown. **SEBRIGHT**—Cock 1st Birch, 2nd Rice, hen 1st Birch, 2nd Rice, pullet 1st Knight. **PERIN**—Cock 1st Benson, 2nd Daniels tie, hen 1st Daniels, 2nd Brown, cockerel 1st McCurdy, 2nd Daniels, pullets 1st Trew, 2nd Benson, 3rd McCurdy, 3rd Daniels tie. **JAPANESE**—Cock 1st, hen 1st, cockerel 1st and 2nd Geo L Haw, Port Hope, 3rd Daniels, pullet, 1st 2nd and 3rd Haw. **A O V**—Cock 1st Daniels, 2nd Reid, hen 1st Daniels, 2nd Reid, pullet 1st Reid. **PERIN DUCKS**—Drake 1st Goebel & Pequegnat, 2nd Langdon, 3rd Birch, duck 1st Langdon, 2nd Birch. **ROUEN**—Drake 1st and 2nd, duck 1st and 2nd Knight. **AYLESBURY**—Drake 1st and 2nd, duck 1st and 2nd Osborne. **DRESSED POULTRY CLASS**—Heaviest and best dressed Turkey 1st and 2nd Mrs. John Watt, 3rd J H Parsons. Heaviest and best Goose 1st and 2nd Watt, 3rd Osborne. Heaviest and best pair dressed ducks 3rd Osborne. Best pair Chickens 1st 2nd and 3rd Parsons.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Largest collection of live poultry at the show owned by one exhibitor, Daniels, Red Cap, Brown, Silver or Golden Wyandotte, Magill, White and Black Wyandotte, Massie, S C Brown Leghorn, Rice, Indian Game, Langdon, Houdan, Trew, Plymouth Rock, Rice, Black Minorca, Dorst, Buff Cochon, Hare, Light Brahma, Birch, Langshans, McCurdy, Japanese Bantam, Haw. To exhibitor of the heaviest and best dressed hen turkey of 1894 hatch, the bird to become the property of the donor, Parson, best dressed male, Mrs Watt, 1st prize goose, Mrs Watt, pair of ducks, Osborne, pair of chickens, Parson.

THE CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW

DEVOTED TO POULTRY, IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

VOL. XVIII.

124 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO, FEB., 1895.

No. 2.

CHESTNUTS,

WITH WHISKER ATTACHMENTS, WHICH SHOULD NOW BE WITHDRAWN FROM THE PUBLIC.

"The mice ate the tail off my Cochins, Chaney rooster." Memo.—Are Cochins to be forever shown without tails on?

"I never plucked a feather."

"I did not bring my best."

"I have better birds than these at home."

"That mark on his comb is where he tore it on the wire netting." Of course he would not attempt to cut out an extra and superfluous spike. Oh! no.

(To be continued.)

NOTES AND COMMENTS

POULTRY ASSOCIATION IN ORILLIA.

If a sufficient number of breeders can be got to co-operate, it is proposed to organize a poultry association in Orillia.

INDIAN GAME COCK ASTRAY.

Mr. F. H. Brown, Port Hope, writes us:—"Indian Game cock went astray at the Ontario Show, New Hamburg. I received a bird that did not belong to me. Some other exhibitor must have packed my bird by mistake."

MR. D. G. DAVIES, TORONTO,

purchased the Indian Game cock which won second at the Ontario to head his pen.

MR. A. C. BLYTH, TORONTO,

informs us that he should have been credited with a third prize in light Brahma pullets at Owen Sound with a score of 93½.

MR. R. MCCURDY, LONDON,

has bought the Langshan hen winner of first at the Ontario

from Mr. Fred Goebel. She also won second at the World's Fair.

OUR OLD FRIEND MR. F. WIXSON OF INGERSOLL,

does not often favor us with a letter now, but from a recent communication we are glad to learn he is still strong in white Leghorns, having at present no less than one hundred and eight of this ever popular breed. These are the pick of birds bred from three pens in his own yards as well as from eggs from other breeders. We should be glad to see his stock back in the show room again.

L. WATSON, M.D.C.M.,

of the N. W. Mounted Police, Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, N.W.T., writes us the attached gossip letter. The poultry fancy is surely finding its way into all corners of the earth and into none more rapidly than the great country to the west:—

"If you would like some ideas from this northern part of the country re poultry or dogs for publication, I will gladly write for your valuable paper gratis any time. I am only a novice as a dog fancier, though I have about 15 years experience with poultry, during which I have bred the following varieties, S. S. Hamburgs, S. C. W. Leghorns, brown Leghorns, black-red Games, S. D. Games, light Brahmas, buff Cochins, W. Polands, S. S. Polands, B. P. Rocks, Pekin, Rouen and Muscovy Ducks. The last five years or since coming to the west, I have bred barred P. Rocks exclusively, though I intend to add light Brahmas, partridge Cochins and brown Leghorns next season. In dogs I have English Pointers and Fox Terriers, so you see that even in what you, I have no doubt, think a frozen region (but what is in reality "the land of sunny skies and happy homes,") there exists at least one fancier. This is even in spite of our long winters a splendid country for poultry they seem to not feel the cold "the same as the immigrant," at any rate they thrive splendidly, develop strong constitutions

and are healthy and lively. Wishing you the compliments of the season."

We should be most happy to hear from Dr. Watson any time.

WE MISSED MR. A. BOGUE'S

face from the Ontario last month, the first time in a great many years. He, we are sorry to say, is seriously ill from blood poisoning the result of a peck from a Dorking cock.

MR. T. A. DUFF, TORONTO,

has placed us under many obligations to him for a stenographic report of the annual meeting of the Ontario. He acted as shorthand for the Ontario Government at the meeting.

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Is this month's REVIEW up to the mark? Read it through and let us know. We are open for advice.

"ALLOW ME TO MOVE A VOTE OF THANKS."

We very cordially thank our numerous readers who so kindly sent in an additional subscription when renewing their own. It shows us our efforts are being appreciated. We still have room for as many more as can be procured. The REVIEW makes no great noise, that is not our way of doing business, but our quiet and continued efforts seem "to get there just the same."

MR. C. J. DANIELS OF TORONTO,

wound up his show season at Port Hope, where he and his birds were pretty well played out. He purchased the first prize Red-Cap cockerel at Port Hope.

MR. ALF. BROWN OF BETHEL,

has been sent out by the Department of Agriculture for Ontario as lecturer on poultry, amongst other subjects. He found us out at our residence one night last month, being after office hours, when we had the pleasure of a long chat with him on matters poultry. That is right, the REVIEW never sleeps, at any rate not with both eyes closed at the same time. Mr. Brown was then on his way to Manitoulin Island to address the Farmers Institute meetings.

MR. G. M. HAVEN, TORONTO,

has purchased from Mr. Daniels at a big advance on his first price the grand black Minorca cockerel described in our Port Hope show report. This bird is to head Mr. Haven's pen (he has but room for one pen) this season and

with the pullets he now has, all sisters, excellent results should ensue. We have since seen the score card of this bird and it may be of interest to show just where he was out. The "outs" are shape of comb (frosted) $1\frac{1}{2}$; wattles and lobes $\frac{1}{2}$; shape of back $\frac{1}{2}$; shape of tail 1; in all $3\frac{1}{2}$ points, leaving him with the high score of $96\frac{1}{2}$.

MESSRS KENT AND OLDRIEVE, KINGSTON,

have recently been doing some large importing and many of the new arrivals have not yet been shown. The birds consist of two lots (from different breeders) of black-red Bantams, two black-red Game cockerels and two pullets, some grand brown-reds, also pyles, two pairs Red Caps, several golden Setright Bantams and Houdans. This firm has just purchased a nice place of ten acres adjacent to Kingston and it is now being fitted up with all the necessary houses, etc., for a first class plant.

JANUARY REVIEW.

The demand has been so great for the January number of the REVIEW that our surplus supply has entirely gone, although we had an extra number printed. Intending subscribers will therefore please note that all new subscriptions must perforce begin with the February issue.

KANSAS CITY SHOW.

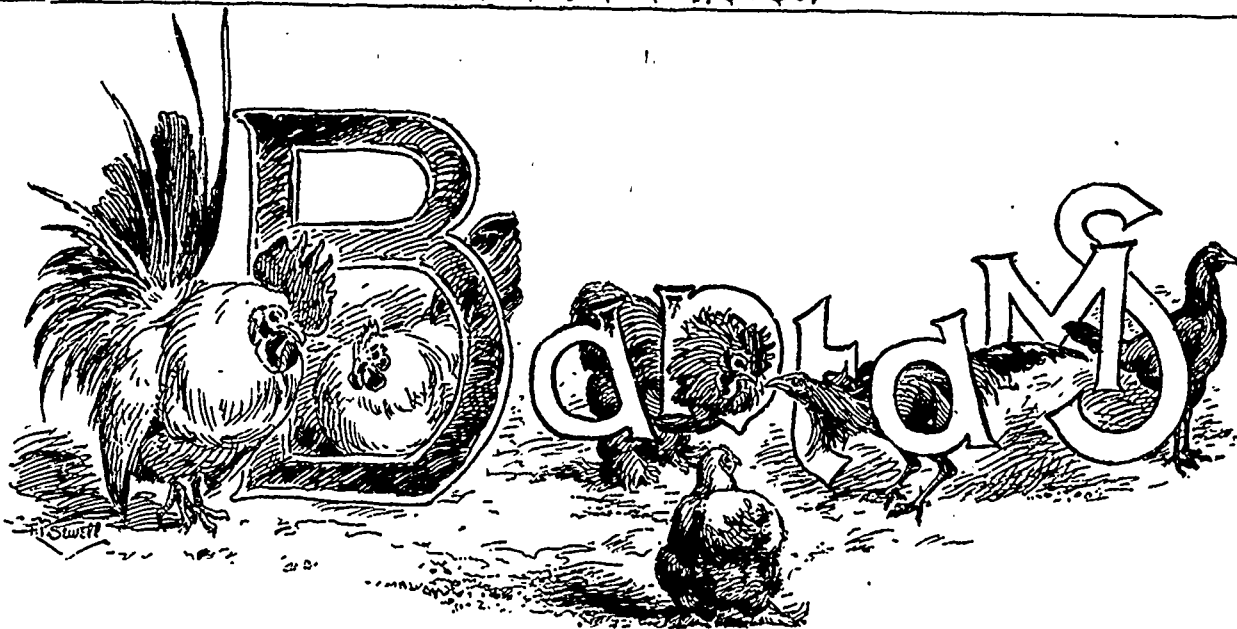
As we anticipated Mr. McNeill did bring back that piano to Canada, in fact practically swept all before him, winning in all some five hundred dollars, besides, of course, the piano. Mr. McCormick also did excellently on his specialties.

AT NEW YORK

this year the largest entry of Canadian birds ever sent will be shown, and we have no doubt but many plums will fall to the lot of our expectant countrymen.

MR. W. T. GIBBARD, OF NAPANEE,

goes as a spectator only, as he says himself, "to pick up pointers." Mr. Gibbard is a comparatively new arrival in poultry circles, and a curious fact, is aware of it. Most novices know more at the beginning than they do twenty years from their *debut* as breeders or exhibitors. We never met a more enthusiastic fancier than Mr. Gibbard and he is blessed in having the wherewithal to indulge his fancy, a blessing some of us poor mortals (like editors of poultry papers) are denied. While at the Ontario he sold two white Wyandotte pullets, scoring 93 and 94, to Mr. Jarvis for the use of the Guelph Agricultural Farm.



BANTLINGS.

THE cards were not all up on the Bantams at the Ontario, on Friday morning. Are we going back to the *bad* old days?

Mr. Barber at the Ontario, became the owner of one of the sweetest little black-red cocks we have ever seen, an Ainscough bird we believe, imported by Mr. Crowe of Guelph. He looked a little under the weather, which we are sure must have been his owner's reason for parting with him. He is a good color, very small, and with grand reach and station.

While on this point of size, we might give it as our opinion that the best birds can be *bred* from fair sized hens mated to small vigorous males. We do not like *too* small females as dams, let the midget if possible, be the male.

Will the genial Sharp Butterfield kindly let us know the variety of Bantam which received first prize in the A.O.V. class at the Ontario, and why he first of all awarded two firsts in this class? An expectant public waits (large waits, please.)

Brahma Bantams, both light and dark, are now being pretty freely shown in England, though yet they are rather large in size.

TWELVE BANTAMS.

II.

GOLDEN DUCKWING GAME.

BY H. S. BARCOCK, PROVIDENCE, R.I.

THE golden duckwing is one of the most richly colored varieties in the Game Bantam family. The cock with his strawy hackle and saddle, his coppery back and shoulders, his brilliant wing bars, and his lovely black breast and lustrous black tail is simply beautiful. And the hen with her steel grey ground color, black pencillings and salmon breast, is in her way, almost as handsome as her mate. At this writing I have a little cock that is almost perfect in coloring, and yet he doesn't attract much more admiration than the hens that share with him the accommodations of the house and yard.

In breeding golden duckwings there are the same problems of shape to solve as in breeding any other variety of Game Bantams. In a word, all varieties of Game Bantams should have the same shape, though as a matter of fact, the black-breasted red leads all the others in perfection of shape, but the golden duckwings are not so very far behind the black-breasted reds in this particular.

In breeding for color two matings are really desirable, though good birds are bred from a single pen. To keep up

the richness of color in the males it is necessary to frequently resort to a mating with the black-breasted red. A black-breasted red cock mated to duckwing hens will produce very richly colored cockerels, though the pullets are apt to be either wheatens or with considerable red on the wings. On the other hand the mating of a silver duckwing cock with the golden duckwing hens will produce the beautiful steel gray pullets that prove winners in the shows. As good pullets can also be produced by mating a golden duckwing cock, one whose color is rather weak, with silver duckwing hens.

The special matings required to produce the highest scoring birds seem to prove that the golden duckwing is a made color and that its characteristics are not very firmly fixed, and that the silver duckwing is a much more permanent color. Some have supposed that silver duckwings are only faded out goldens, and in some cases perhaps this is so, but it is very certain that with silvers and black reds the golden duckwing color can be readily produced. I believe, also, that in pit Games the silver duckwing is regarded as a very permanent, while the golden duckwing is regarded as a rather evanescent coloring.

It is very interesting to breed golden duckwings because there are so many chances for remarkable surprises in the results of the matings. The interest is much the same as that which attaches to rearing seedling flowers—there will be some failures, but there may be a success that will more than compensate for all the failures. This comparison must not be taken too literally, for there is not nearly so much uncertainty in breeding golden duckwings as there is in raising plants from the seed; indeed, after some experience, one can predict with some assurance what the results will be in the majority of cases. But there is, also, just enough of uncertainty to whet the edge of curiosity and keep the breeder intently interested all the time the chickens are developing.

GUELPH POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

GUELPH Poultry and Pet Stock Association met on Friday evening the 18th and elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—Honorary President, B. Ross McConkey; President, John Crowe; Vice-President, Geo. Chamberlain; Secretary, John Colson; Treasurer, A. W. Tyson; Directors, J. S. Moffat, J. B. Collins, F. Webber, G. Sully, W. H. Zeigler, Chas. Crowe, C. E. Howitt; Auditors, J. D. Robertson, G. J. Thorp.

JOHN COLSON,

Guelph, Jan, 18, 1895.

Sec'y, Box 462.

NOTES.

THE *New Zealand Fancier*,

the first copy of which has been kindly sent to us by our correspondent, Mr. Henry Thomas, of Timaru, N Z., is a very neatly printed magazine of twelve pages and cover. The price is five shillings (\$1.25) per annum, free by mail, and the paper is printed in Nelson, N Z. We wish our far off *confere* a happy and long life.

MR. GIBBARD, OF NAPANEE,

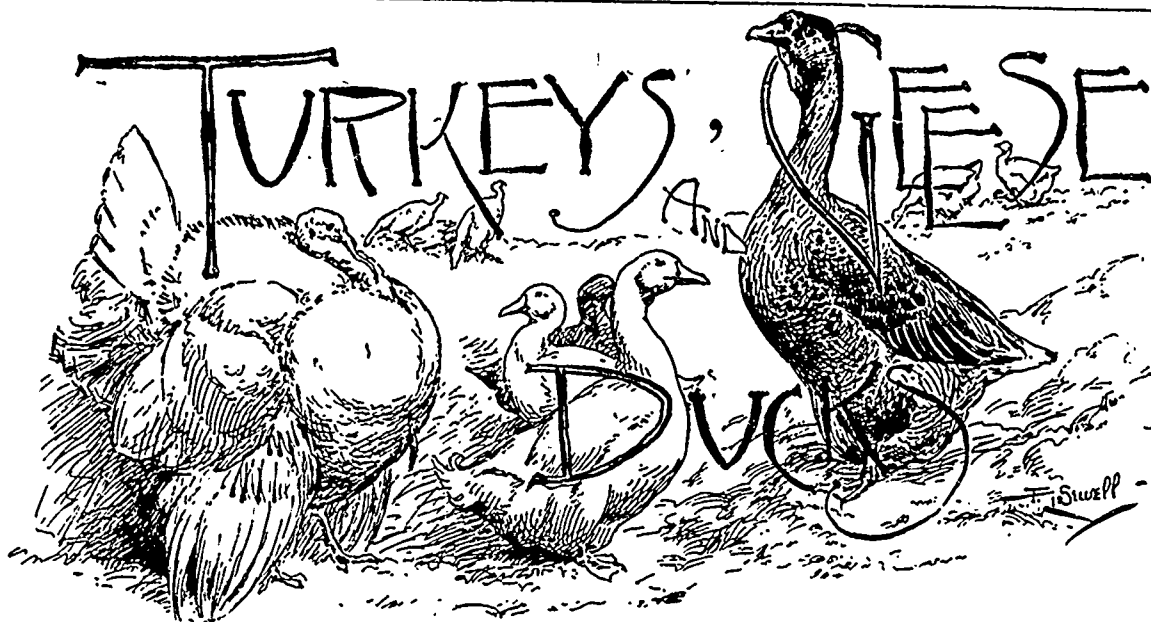
has since bought from Mr. Jarvis the barred Rock pullet which we mention so highly in our Port Hope report. She scored 94.

THE *British Fancier*

has kindly sent us a copy of the "British Fancier Annual Review," which is certainly about the best of the kind we have ever seen. It contains up to date reviews by prominent breeders of dogs, poultry and pigeons and is freely illustrated with portraits of its contributors and has an illustrated review of the kennels and lofts of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. A vast amount of general information is given. The price is but twenty-five cents and the address is: The *British Fancier*, Manchester, England. A spare quarter could not be better invested than in a copy of this work.

MR. C. S. JACKSON, OF INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE,

is also a Canadian who has been giving Uncle Sam a tussle. At Hamburg, N.Y., he made a large display and won as follows: Light Brahmas (about 100 birds in class), 1st and 2nd cock, 4th hen, 3rd cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet, 1st breeding pen; dark Brahmas, 1st cock; partridge Cochins (44 in class), 1st, 3rd and 4th cock, 2nd and 3rd hen, 2nd cockerel, 2nd and 4th pullet, 1st breeding pen; buff Cochin (60 in class), 2nd cockerel, 3rd pullet, 2nd pen; buff Wyandottes, 3rd cock and hen; black Cochin, 1st and 2nd hen; B. P Rocks, 2nd and 3rd hen; buff Rocks, 2nd and 3rd hen, 3rd pullet; Langshans, 1st pullet, 3rd hen; black Spanish, 2nd cockerel, 1st hen, 2nd and 3rd pullet, 1st pen; buff Leghorns (60 in class), 4th cockerel, 2nd pullet, 3rd hen; buff Polish, 1st cock, 1st hen, 2nd cockerel, 2nd pullet; white Java, 1st hen; S. L. Wyandotte, 2nd pullet; Pekin Bantams, 1st cockerel, 1st pullet; Silkies, 1st cock, 1st hen, 2nd cockerel, 2nd pullet; Frizzles, 1st cock, 1st hen. Specials—Best L. Brahma cock, pen pullet and best display, best dark Brahma cock, best partridge Cochin cock and display, best black Cochin, best W. Langshan pullet, best W. F. black Spanish hen, highest scoring bird in Mediterranean, best display in Asiatics, best white Java and S.S. Wyandotte pullet.



GOOSE CULTURE.

BY OHIO BREEDER.

THE GOOSE is a very domestic fowl, and properly managed and under right conditions it is undoubtedly a very profitable fowl. They are peculiar in their habits and notions, and these peculiarities should be studied by the man who expects to make a practical success with them. The proper mating is about three geese to a gander. If a not very valuable piece of swampy land offering proper forage can be obtained, it will probably pay a better percentage stocked with geese than in any other way. An excellent feed is made by boiling turnips, cull potatoes, and other vegetables, with corn meal. This makes a cheap and valuable ration. With good pasturage but little feed need be expended on the old geese during the warmer months. Expensive buildings are unnecessary, as very plain, low houses made of rough boards are as much appreciated by the geese as a "poultry palace" would be. The African goose is rarely seen at shows or in the yards of breeders, yet those who have experimented with them give them a very high place in the list of breeds. William Rankin in *American Agriculturist* says, in speaking of the different breeds of geese: "There are but about five varieties of geese worthy of our consideration—the African, Toulouse, Bremen or Embden, brown and white China. The nearest perfect goose is the pure bred African, as they lay more

eggs, mature earlier, and make more pounds of flesh in the same time, while they are very vigorous and hardy, and you will almost always raise all you hatch. The Toulouse, while a large variety, are with me not quite as hardy, yet fully as good layers as the African, but will not take on flesh as fast for the early market while fattening. The Embden Goose, while not as large as either the above varieties nor as good a layer, has one advantage in color, being pure white with a yellow bill, when picked its flesh when fat is a clean white, and will sell more readily. The brown and white China are much smaller geese, laying about as many eggs as the Embden, but their size excludes them for practical purposes." It is safe to say that any of the above varieties will pay a good return for the investment and labor if given proper care and managed on business lines.

QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

Would you kindly tell me how I can get my ducks in condition for exhibition. I cannot get them to put on any fat although I feed them three times a day and they have green cabbage in the pen all the time.

Portage La Prairie.

C. S. M.

[Give soft feed, plenty of grit in a pan of water, if not on a pond or stream. They really are better for *breeding* if not too fat, but for exhibition the weight can be got up by confining them in a quiet place and feeding heavily. Ed.]

PROFIT IN GEESE.

BY E. BROWN, BRACONDALE, ONT.

GEESE are large fowl and are thought by many people to be expensive to raise. I am often asked the question "Doesn't it cost more to feed them than they are worth?" I generally smile at this question, for I think they are the best paying fowl I ever raised, providing there is a good grass run. I can raise on an average nineteen young ones each season, and sometimes twenty-five, from two geese and one gander, and after they are three days old they don't cost anything to feed—they live on grass throughout the summer till November and sometimes December, and come off the grass real fat. I only run two geese with one gander to make sure breeding. I find the common ganders far ahead of the large breeds for mating. I am running Toulouse geese with a common gander. My young geese averaged twelve pounds each when killed in November, right off the fields and nothing but grass to eat. I sold retail at 7c. per pound nineteen geese—80c. each—\$15.20, from three geese, and counting winter's feed they did not cost me \$1. It is not necessary to feed grain. I feed red carrots or turnips chopped or grated fine and sprinkled with shorts. This makes good feed in the winter. Two bags of small carrots at fifteen cents per bag and fifty cents worth of shorts would feed three geese all winter—cost 80c. Then there are the feathers. You can get from 45c. to 75c. per pound for them. Another great advantage in geese, they are not subject to disease like chickens, and I have never seen a louse on a goose yet. Geese have been known to live sixty years. I had a goose two years ago that the old lady I bought her from told me she had had for twenty years—I kept her four years and she raised eleven young ones twice and twelve and thirteen the other years. So don't part with your geese because they are five or ten years old. I have customers who have had geese from me for several years and who have paid me 7c. a pound for them when they could have bought them for 5c. a pound in Toronto market. They claim they are so white and nice flavored and give me credit for clean plucking. My opinion is that if a man has a piece of low waste land they will pay a big profit.

Mr. W. H. Ulley, Past President of the Montreal Society, left on Tuesday the 29th for his annual visit to the New York Show. We always notice that Montreal is the richer in the poultry line after his visits to the big show.

A WATER FOWL CLUB.

Editor Review :

Looking through the poultry journals we note the absence of articles treating on Water Fowl. There are many ducks and geese reared in our land, and it seems to us they should have more than the casual notice they are now receiving from the press.

As secretary of the Water Fowl Club of America, I have lately had occasion to communicate with many of the breeders of Water Fowl and others who should be interested in this class of poultry, only to find that our favorites are a somewhat neglected class—far behind any other kind of feathered creatures. Our club hopes to remedy this to some extent.

We all know that at the shows ducks and geese take the poorest quarters and receive the poorest attention, every time. Although prizes are awarded ducks and geese at some State Fairs, the management at times fail to keep any record of the exhibit of this class.

In reply to a question, the Secretary of—— writes : "We have no record of there having been any Water Fowl on exhibition at our late fair."

All the same, there was a judge, and some of the Ex. Com. took prizes.

Another party writes : "There were no Water Fowl worthy of mention exhibited at our fair."

And this was the report from a state rich in every requirement for producing best results.

Another Manager and Secretary writes : "Although we have one of the largest shows (poultry) in connection with our fair in America, no special effort has been made to bring out an exhibit of Water Fowl. There were none other than the ordinary ducks and geese exhibited."

From the letters of breeders of Water Fowl we extract the following regarding the treatment of this class of fowl by judges of this class.

"Mr.——awarded a first premium for two drakes exhibited as a pair, and failed to find his error until a duck man pointed it out to him."

Quite as bad a slip as that made by our English cousins, in awarding a special prize to a pair of barred Plymouth Rocks with feathered legs.

Are our favorites properly accommodated and cared for by the managers of Agricultural Fairs ?

Who has not seen his pair of ducks—Mammoth Pekins, perhaps—crowded into a pen the same size as that allotted to a pair of pigmy Bantams ? Where are the ducks and

geese? Where? Out in a tent away off in the background.

At a noted show there were some breeding pens of Pekin ducks. Some were put in a pen that had been stored in a coal cellar. By the time the judge came around they were decidedly off-color. A pen of disqualified ducks took first prize. Thus it will be—~~ever~~—unless the breeders and lovers of the web-footed favorites join hands and insist upon better treatment.

To right these and other grievances is the object of our club. Come in and help us.

There are some who stand off at a distance and say: "That's right; that's what we have been waiting for. Go ahead. A Water Fowl Club rightly managed, must be of benefit to this neglected class."

What we need, and need right now, is letters of this stamp:

"I have been thinking for some time that something of the kind was needed, and am glad there has been a movement in that direction. Enclosed find \$1 for entrance fee."

"We are pleased to become members," etc.

"I shall most assuredly become a member," etc.

"I shall be glad to join," etc.

"Enclosed find my check for \$2, for entrance fee and dues for 1895."

"Let me hear regarding the Water Fowl Club."

"Put my name down for membership," etc.

"Believing the movement a good one, we comply with the requirements to become a member by sending \$1, the membership fee."

"Enclosed find money order, \$1, for entrance fee," etc.

We believe all lovers of water fowl, who think well of this movement, will consult their best interests by sending in their names and entrance fee.

J. C. HARVEY,

Secretary and Treasurer of the Water Fowl Club
of America.

Brookdale, Essex Co., N.J.

P.S.—Please accept thanks of Club for the very full report in your January issue.

J. C. H.

The Montreal Exposition Co. have fixed the date for their exhibition from the 12th to 21st of September, 1895. Owing to the great increase in the poultry department it is expected that a new poultry house will be built on the most improved principles and ready for the coming show. The arrangements of the show will be in the hands of a practical man and competent judges will be secured.



NOTES.

WE regret very much to announce the death of Dr. Jno. W. King, at his home in Kent, Con., U.S., on Nov. 14th. The doctor was an energetic and practical poultryman and for over a quarter of a century he studied and perfected his favorite breed, white Leghorns, and was the originator of the Royal Strain of this breed. Dr. King will be greatly missed by our Canadian Leghorn fanciers, for many birds from his yards have found their way to Canada and have won the highest honors in the keenest competition at our best shows and have been used to infuse fresh blood into our Canadian flocks.

We understand Mr. Geo. E. Lee of Highgate, Ont., has purchased recently from Mrs. King the best cock and cockerel in her possession.

At the meeting of the American Poultry Association at Kansas City, the well and favorably known breeder Mr. James Forsyth, of Owego, N.Y., was unanimously chosen as President, and Mr. Theo. Hewes of Missouri, as Secretary. Forty-one members were present and several were proposed and accepted as members. The Treasurer's report showed a balance of \$2,642.40 in cash on hand.

We learn that a State Poultry Association has been

organized in Michigan, with Jackson as its headquarters.

The next Mid-Continental Show in Kansas City will be held during January, 1896. More pianos?

At the meeting of the A. P. A. last month Mr. Geo. G. McCormick was elected a Vice-President and Messrs. A. Bogue and W. McNeill, members of the Executive.

AMERICAN COCHIN BANTAM CLUB.

THE AMERICAN Cochin Bantam Club held its annual meeting at Music Hall, Providence, R.I., Dec. 13, at 7.30 p.m. The old board of officers were unanimously re-elected: President, T. H. Adams; vice-presidents, D. A. Nichols, P. Williams; directors, W. B. Atherton, J. H. Seeley, C. H. Jencks, W. M. Hughes, R. G. Buffinton. Several new members were voted in.

Voted that the Club offer a silver cup, value \$5, for the best collection of buff, black and white Cochin Bantams at their next exhibition, to be competed for by members only. F. B. Zimmer was chosen judge for the Club.

The Club is to publish a catalogue for the benefit of its members, containing essays on the breeds and members' advertisements.

H. S. BALL, Sec'y-Treas.

AMERICAN POULTRY PRESS ASSOCIATION.

DURING the progress of the Mid Continental Exhibition at Kansas City, the American Poultry Press Association was permanently organized by the election of Mr. B. Holmes, jr., of the *Poultry Monthly*, president; Mrs. R. A. Judy, of *Poultry Inter Ocean*, vice-president, and Mr. E. E. Richards, of the *Western Poultry Journal*, as secretary. At this meeting were represented the *Midland Poultry Journal*, *Poultry Herald*, *Poultry Inter Ocean*, the *Western Poultry Breeder*, the *Western Poultry News*, the *Inter-State Poultryman*, the *American Fancier*, the *Colorado Poultry Journal*, the *Kansas Fancier*, the *Western Fancier* and the *Reliable Poultry Journal*. The meeting was harmonious. The need of a Publishers Pro-

tective Association was unanimously agreed to, and there is promise that the objects of the Association will be carried out.

These objects are, to protect publishers against dead-beats, to protect breeders against unreasonable kickers, and to protect the buying public against fraudulent advertisers. The methods to be devised for the accomplishment of these objects will not be made public. A committee consisting of Fred. T. Dean, editor of the *Western Poultry News*, A. E. Blunck, one of the editors of the *American Fancier*, and the editor of the *Reliable Poultry Journal*, were appointed to draft a constitution. This was done and the same was adopted at an adjourned meeting. Printed copies of the Constitution will be mailed by the secretary to the publisher of every reputable poultry paper in the United States and Canada, and it is expected that all such journals will join in the good work.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN BLACK LANGSHAN CLUB.

DURING the progress of the Mid Continental at Kansas City, the American Black Langshan Club held its seventh Annual Meeting.

President J. L. McDowell presided. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: William M. Hughes, Newport, R.I., President; Franklane L. Sewell, New Troy, Mich., Vice-President; Albert Lemen, Lincoln, Neb., Secretary and Treasurer; S. T. Lea, Cokesbury, S.C., Wm. H. Hamilton, Danielsonville, Conn., D. Lincoln Orr, Orr's Mills, N.Y., C. J. Forsyth, Winfield, Kan., and Dr. F. M. Robinson, Pawling, N.Y., Executive Committee. The following were elected Honorary Vice-Presidents: Mrs. M. A. Smith, Gilman, Iowa, O. J. Albee, Lawrence, Cal., P. H. Jacobs, Hammonton, N.J., E. P. Kirby, East Chatham, N.Y., E. J. Ladd, Portland, Ore., J. F. Knox, Buffalo, N.Y., Miss A. C. Croad, England, E. B. Harrington, Kansas City, Mo., J. W. Wale, Harrisonville, Mo.

Vice Pres. Franklane L. Sewell, who is an artist as well as a fancy poultry breeder, was instructed to get up a modified cut of the ideal Langshan male, to be submitted to the members of the club for their approval. The legs of the present ideal male are to be shortened somewhat. Secretary Lemen was authorized to contract for publishing the club's catalogue for 1895, which will be ready for sale and distribution on April 1st, 1895. Twelve names of Langshan breeders were added to the roll of membership.—*Reliable Poultry Journal*.



POULTRY ASSOCIATION OF ONTARIO.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE annual meeting of the Poultry Association of Ontario, was held in the William Tell Hall, New Hamburg, on Thursday, January 3rd, 1895, at 1 p.m. the President, Mr. C. F. Ernst, in the chair.

There was a very large attendance of members, and quite a gathering of spectators.

The following gentlemen occupied seats on the platform:—

C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Ontario; Professor James Mill, President of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, A. G. Gilbert, Manager Poultry Department Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa; and Messrs. G. S. Oldrieve, Kingston, William Barber, Toronto; Joseph Diiworth, Toronto; Thomas A. Duff, Toronto; Fred Goebel, New Hamburg; Thomas Rice, Whitby; D. C. Trew, Lindsay; M. T. Burn, Tilsonburg; John Colson, Guelph; William McNeil, Geo. G. McCormick, London; and the Secretary, Mr. Thomas A. Brown, London.

The President called the meeting to order. He said:

"I wish, as President of the Ontario Poultry Association, and on behalf of the local association, and the citizens of New Hamburg, to extend to you a hearty welcome, and to wish you, at the same time a prosperous and Happy New Year. We are now entering upon our twenty-first annual meeting, and we trust that the record of this meeting will be better than that of previous meetings, and, if possible, a little less noisy. Last year we had a rather excitable time in reference to where the next show was to be held, but I trust that harmony will prevail this time.

I regret very much that amongst the many exhibitors here last year we this year miss quite a few faces. We have lost two of our most energetic members, both of whom have left us for good, and there are others, I understand, that through sickness are not able to be with us to-day. To those I extend the sympathy of myself and that of the Association.

I have great pleasure in stating that this year's show, as well as that of last year, have both turned out financially successful. We are this year a little ahead of last in regard to the number of entries. Our entries this year are some twenty or thirty ahead of last year, and I understand the Secretary had to return a large number owing to their being

received too late. Some classes are not quite as fully represented as former years but others are more so, so that equalizes matters very well.

I have also (not having had the privilege before) to thank the members for electing me to the office of President. I have done all in my power to make the Association a success, and it is certainly a satisfaction to know that it has been a success.

It might not perhaps be out of place for me to say that in my opinion it would only be but right to hold the Ontario exhibition but one year in each place; not only do I think it would be to the interests of the Association, but I believe it would be to the the country at large, if the show should be held alternately—not too long in one portion of Ontario or the other. The idea is, I think, to hold the show for the benefit of all, and have it one year east and the next west, which will give all an opportunity of being present without being at too great an expense. I understand, too, that this would be more satisfactory to the Government. I believe to make these shows successful, especially where they are held in smaller places, that we should have permanent coops, and in my opinion it would be to the interest of the Government and the people of the Province if these were procured. The show could then be located in any part of the province and the coops taken there, but as it now is we have no places to go where there are coops. There are a number of places that would bid for the show but for the expense attached to making these coops.

I wish to extend my hearty thanks, and the thanks of the Association, to the judges for their good management and judgement. The time occupied this year in judging a larger number of birds than ever exhibited at the Ontario before has been considerably less than in previous years. This gives spectators an opportunity of seeing the birds that have won and thus become educated in the various points. There may be a time coming when we will have to take less entries than we have been taking in the past.

I also wish to extend my wish to the Secretary for the efficient manner in which he handled the affairs of the Association; also to the members generally for their assistance, for without such assistance no show would be a success.

Thanking you for your presence and wishing you the compliments of the season. I will now call upon the Secretary to read his report."

The Secretary read the minutes of the last annual meeting, and also minutes of meetings of Directors held Jan. 5th, 1894, and Sept. 12th, 1894.

Moved by George McCormick, seconded by William McNeil, that the report be adopted. Carried.

The Secretary read a letter from the Port Hope Poultry Association setting forth the claims of their Association for the next annual exhibition.

Moved by George McCormick, seconded by, Fried. Goebel, that the communication from Port Hope be laid over for discussion. Carried.

The Secretary read letters of regret from the Hon. John Dryden, M.P.P., Minister of Agriculture, and Mr. Hodgson, also a telegram from Hon. Clarke Wallace, Controller of Customs, regretting his inability to be present owing to his attending the funeral of the late Sir John Thompson at Halifax.

The Secretary read his report, as did the Treasurer his. The latter has already appeared in REVIEW.

The delegates to the Western Fair, London, and the Industrial, were called on by the Chairman and briefly replied.

Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, was then called upon and said :

I understood that this was your business meeting and that everything of this nature would be carried out and that whatever talking there might be (and I presume that is all I can do in connection with the Poultry Association meeting) would be this evening. I would very much like, if you were to have any talking this afternoon, that you would bring on some of the papers in connection with the poultry industry, papers that can be discussed. I do not suppose it will be possible, with a mixed audience at night, where you will have old and young persons of both sexes, attracted by music perhaps more than by any speeches that may be on the programme, to discuss these papers, so that if you have any papers of that kind I would suggest that you have them this afternoon in connection with the business portion of your meeting.

I may just at this point say, however, that I trust you will make still further improvement in connection with your annual report. We have been urging this upon your Association for years. Some of your own members have been urging it also. I think you have already made a fairly good start in that connection, and without much increase in connection with your work you can lay before this Province especially a report that will not only add materially to the interests of your Association but also do a great deal of good to the farming community. The members of this Association certainly are quite competent to prepare such material, and the Government have already shown themselves quite willing to put that material into shape and dis-

tribute it. Just to illustrate that I might say that some way or other a notice crept into one of the American poultry journals to the effect that a very important report had been issued in connection with the poultry industry under the auspices of the Ontario Poultry Association, and from one end of the United States to the other requests came pouring in upon us for the report. Within the last ten days I have had two requests from California for that report; others have asked for bundles. We have completely exhausted our stock of 20,000 copies. I do not think you can as an Association better advertise yourselves and the work of your Association than by laying before the reading public a valuable report. Every man who has in that report an article, carefully prepared and well digested, must certainly attract the attention of the readers. Men whose names appear there as members of the Association certainly will attract the attention of those who are going into the industry for the first time, and it seems to me that you, as breeders of poultry, can in no better way advance your interests than by giving us for publication as carefully prepared and as valuable a report as possible. With the help that we get from various quarters, with the work that your Secretary will put upon it, and with whatever help we may be able to give, I think you can give your Association a still better advertisement this year than you did last. It has been suggested here that the Government should provide coops for the better management of the show. This will, of course, require more money, and to get more money always requires something at the back of it. An Association that shows it is doing good work and helping the Government and the people of the Province will always get a reasonable amount of money to assist it in its work, but if it is all wrapt up within the Association itself and the good result is simply confined to a very few, why there may be some trouble in increasing your allowance or in bringing the Legislature into sympathy with your work. You must remember that your membership is well known only to you who are the members, and to those who take an interest in the Poultry Association. The public generally, who do not go very extensively into fancy poultry, have not a very good idea as to how this money is laid out, and of what benefit it is to the country. The best way to bring that home to them is by placing in their hands a report such as you can put out. This Association, as it goes from place to place, of course, gives an object lesson to the people in that locality which no report or any newspaper discussion can give. You will always find that the people of New Hamburg will stand by the Association; you also make new friends, but by putting before the people, a carefully prepared report such as you

can give I know you will find that you will be making friends all over the country. Whatever other remarks I have to make, Mr. President, I shall keep for this evening, as I understand that there will be some more talking on a more general scale, but I would suggest that whatever you have of a business nature should be brought on and that whatever papers there are should be read and discussed in connection with the business meeting.

Mr. A. G. Gilbert, Manager of the Poultry Department Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, was then introduced to the meeting. He said: I am very like Mr. James in my opinion of the business that should be done this afternoon. I think it would be better to leave us for the real workers with the farming community and let you have an opportunity of bringing up your papers and reading them and then having a discussion on them. Perhaps my remarks ought to be more descriptive of my work amongst the farmers of the country, and as there are some farmers amongst you this afternoon I might be permitted to say that as there is some effort about to be made to have the scene of your show changed from the Western to the Eastern portion of the Province, I would like to tell you that two or three weeks ago I got a communication from the Secretary of the Rideau Club in Ottawa to the effect that they were in need of fresh eggs and asking if I could furnish them with six or eight dozen new laid eggs. He said "It is impossible for us to get new laid eggs at this season of the year." I wrote back to him stating that I would be happy to give him any surplus eggs we had at the farm but I would have to get instructions from the Minister before I could take action in the matter. The Secretary of the Club replied stating that they were willing to offer forty-five cents a dozen for new laid eggs and in any quantity. I asked him if he would give me permission to write to certain friends of mine and who were likely to have fresh laid eggs. He said "Certainly," and that he would gladly take the eggs if I would guarantee them new laid. I wrote to some gentlemen whom I knew had made a success of the business. One of them was Mr. Duncan Paul, of Lachute, P.Q., a farmer. I prefer to write to farmers because it is really the farmers that I want to get interested and make money out of their poultry department. Mr. Paul wrote me as follows:

"Lachute, P.Q., Dec. 19, 1894.

Sir,—I am getting forty cents per dozen for strictly fresh eggs at present and would not like to promise any to you except on condition that it would be a permanent business, for it would not do to drop my customers at this season unless I could do better.

(Signed) DUNCAN PAUL."

I then wrote to another farmer and this is his reply:

"Lacolle, P.Q., Dec. 24, 1894.

Dear Sir,—In answer to your letter I may say that we are getting at present five dozen eggs per day, but I should be very loth to change customers till I was certain that the change would be to another permanent customer and at somewhat advance in price. I have shipped continuously every week for four years commencing Nov. 28th, 1890, to one man in Montreal, receiving from 15c. (lowest) to 40c. and 45c. per dozen. I have sent him since 1st Jan., 1894, 8092 dozen, about half of which I purchased from reliable farmers weekly. I received 30c. per dozen during October, and 40c. in November, but recently my customer wrote saying he had advanced the price to 45c. I calculate that I make \$1.50 each out of my hens, deducting expense for feed.

(Signed) H. LATHE."

These are letters from farmers. Now I thought I would try a lawyer. There is a gentleman by the name of Hector Chauvin who has one of the finest poultry houses in Canada. I wrote him asking if he could furnish me with some dozens of eggs per week, and he wrote me as follows:

Monte Bello, P.Q., Dec. 22, 94.

Sir,—I cannot send you any eggs now as they are all reserved for Montreal, but perhaps a little later, when all my hens are laying, I may send you a few dozens per week.

(Signed) H. CHAUVIN."

Now, gentlemen, I do not intend to make a long address, but I do wish you to just look at this poultry business seriously in the face. Farmers are passing through a period of depression. What does that mean? It means simply that no longer is wheat a value to them. I remember, when I was a young man, that wheat was considered as gold. It was as good as the gold in the bank. Farmers would bring their wheat in and buyers would meet them on the road. They bought their wheat before they got into town, but what do you find? You find that the cheap labor of Russia, India, Argentine Republic, and other places has reproduced wheat in greater quantity and of the same quality. The result is that the farmer finds himself face to face with a problem he never had to face before. He has to turn to new methods and to departments hitherto undeveloped. It was thought before that the cow was a neglected animal. By the introduction of the system of silos and by using care the animal has been turned into a paying agent. We are told that from thirteen to fourteen millions of dollars was brought into this country by the cow. Now with the cow, so will it be with the hen. When the farmer appreciates this fact he will make as much money out of the hen as he is doing now with the cow; all that a farmer requires is to know how to treat the hen and she will give him a large yield in return.

Now I had the pleasure of being in Cornwall a couple of weeks ago, and there are a lot of hard-headed Scotchmen there. They have been forming an Association and have about one hundred members. I did not know how to get on good terms with them. There were a great many present at our meeting by the name of Grant, and it just occurred to me that my grandmother was a Grant, and she had been the head of the clan Grant for many years, so I told them that I was very happy to meet so many of my relations—forry-second cousins anyway. My grandmother's minister was also named Grant. He was a very great man. There is a certain verse in the Bible which reads "And there were giants in those days," but he always read "And there were Grants in those days." I was very glad indeed to find out that I had so many friends there, and I have been wondering if I could not find some relatives here, but so far I have been unable to do so. I came nearly finding out one to-day in the person of Mr. McCallum, your corner druggist, who said he had known a friend of mine for twenty-five years, which I think is the closest relationship I can claim in New Hamburg.

What I would like to get you members of the Poultry Association to do is to get into touch with the farmer if possible. I think it would be a good idea to offer prizes to farmers for the best all-round fowl, the greatest number of the largest eggs, etc. I think this would be a good Association to start the ball rolling in this direction. I do not presume to dictate, but while on this subject it just occurred to me to read you this letter which I received not long ago just to show you how valuable the poultry trade can be made to the country, particularly in a time of agricultural depression. It is written by a Mr. W. B. Steele, of Calgary, N.W.T., and is as follows :

"Calgary, Nov. 19, 1894.

Sir,—I am wintering about sixty five hens. I fed barley altogether last year and have never been without some eggs since this time last year. My barley netted me \$1.50 per bushel feeding to the hens when the price was 35c. per bushel in town, this notwithstanding that eggs were cheaper last winter and spring than I ever knew them to be here. At present they are worth 35c. to 40c. per dozen. I always brown the barley in the oven before using it.

(Signed) WM. B. STEELE."

Now here is a farmer who makes \$1.50 per bushel out of barley that is only worth 35c. a bushel in his town. Can you show me any department of the farm that will show a better margin of profit than that?

Now I do not intend to say any more, but perhaps this evening I will have an opportunity of making some more re-

marks, but let me express to you the very great pleasure I have in being present with you to-day. This is the first opportunity I have had of meeting the members of the Ontario Poultry Association. I can assure you that I never saw a finer display of poultry in my life. I have always been a great white and barred Plymouth Rock man, but I believe that if the development of the Wyandotte is as great in the future as it has been in the past few years the Plymouth Rock will have to look out for its laurels.

Let me congratulate you upon the success of your grand show and to ask you all to think of the best ways and means by which you can come into touch with the farmer. If you can develop the industry on the farm you are adding to your own interests. You will profit in the long run, for the demand for birds will be very great.

The next speaker introduced to the meeting was Prof. Mills, President of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph. He said: I may say to you that the most I can do is to offer my congratulations to the officers and members of this Association for the excellent representation here on this occasion and for the fine show in the adjoining building, if I am any judge at all. Of course my judgment is not, as yet, very well developed on this line. I have only begun to take something of a practical interest in poultry breeding, and we hope in Guelph to be more intimately associated with you in the future than we have been in the past. During my period at the Ontario Agricultural College I have come into a good deal of contact with men of different classes throughout this Province, and I must say that I have generally found men engaged in the various branches of the live stock interest the most intelligent and progressive men. Along with these I would associate the fruit men—men engaged in the growing of fruit—and as a rule the most unprogressive and those who are farthest behind, generally speaking, are those who are devoting their time almost solely to the growing of grain. I have been all through the Province now and these are the conclusions at which I have arrived. I have been informed, and am prepared to believe, that one of the most intelligent sections of the stock interests of this Province of Ontario is this particular Association, the members of the Poultry Association being made up not only of the brightest and most intelligent of our farmers, but of various classes and professions, doctors, lawyers, mechanics and large manufacturers. It is to me an important and interesting branch of live stock, and it has certainly come to the front within the last few years, attracting great interest, and I think is bound to develop rapidly in the near future. I think we scarcely realize what advantage

will be gained by an intelligent prosecution of this branch of industry in this country. I quite agree with the suggestion of the Deputy Minister of Agriculture in regard to making this meeting one of practical value. I think that as much time as possible should be devoted to the reading of practical papers. Very little time should be taken up by men like myself who are not actively engaged in poultry. You ought to have here at this meeting men who are breeding and feeding fowl successfully. You want to hear them and have their papers discussed in order that you may have a first-class report, and I want to emphasize what has been said in regard to that. What are just the conditions that will enable us to supply a large quantity of fresh eggs when the market is high? What are the conditions which will enable us generally to produce a larger number of fresh eggs in winter time? Now we want, first of all, to know exactly what these conditions are, and in the second place how they can be most cheaply obtained so that people generally may have what they have not now—a fair supply of good fresh eggs in the winter season. At present they are very scarce and nearly always very dear. Now if we have the ability and the means within our reach to get a larger supply at this time the people should know it.

When we made up our mind to erect a poultry building at Guelph I went over to New York State and visited some establishments there in order to get such hints and assistance as I could, and then I consulted those notable men in London as to what they thought best and then made the plan and submitted it. I wished to get the most complete building possible at the smallest cost I could and then afterwards, having secured their approval, they could not criticize me. I visited a small farm of forty acres in New York State. The gentleman kept 600 white Leghorns. He had a wife, a hired girl and a hired man, also three horses. The hired man and a span of horses worked the forty acres and provided food for the household and the hens—that is what he looked to him to do. Then the man himself and his wife devoted their time almost wholly to looking after these 600 white Leghorns, and he shipped daily to New York all the year through. He had one horse which went daily to the trains. So anxious are they to get eggs that are absolutely fresh in these large cities that he was able to make this bargain with a dealer in New York. He was to receive fifteen cents per dozen more than market quotations all the year round provided that he would guarantee that none of the eggs shipped were more than three days old when they reached the city. From these 600 hens he made on an average of sixteen to eighteen hundred dollars per year. I believe the quotation in New York has not been under

fifteen cents at any time, so you perceive he received from thirty to sixty and seven-five cents per dozen. The people of New York who want that kind of eggs are able and willing to pay for them, and for such eggs as these the people in Toronto are able and willing to pay. Probably, however, there are more people of this class in Ottawa where there is so much *elite*.

What I want is for the poultrymen to tell us what are the conditions which will enable us to get a large proportion of good eggs in the winter—absolutely fresh eggs. This, too, with the least expenditure of money. I quite agree with the idea that poultrymen should come into closer contact with the farming community. These are the men we must look to for the larger development of the industry.

Now I had a conversation with one eminent member of your Association. He used to take a great interest in this Association, and he said he had got about tired of it. Why? He said he thought the Association was running away with fads in regard to the breeds, that in some respects they were sacrificing points of practical value to fancy points. Now my judgment is that the breeding of what you call pet stock may run in any particular line as it gives pleasure to the man who is breeding that class of stock. The same with Game fowl. I do think, however, that those particular classes or varieties of birds that have in them the characteristics which make them of use to the farmer as birds for the table and as layers of eggs for our use should not be sacrificed to fancy points. I would put their weight and form before color. I confess I like a bird that looks well, but I would put the weight and the form first, and I would lay great stress on my judgment. I would like to see some of the fine birds divested of their large combs and those feathers on their feet. I do think that these things unfit them for our severe weather. I think you have this matter in your own hands. If the judges would lay stress on a good heavy bird of the right form those men who are breeding will look out for that. I think it would be well to be a little more practical and not be so particular about a bit of color here and a bit there.

I congratulate you on the success of this meeting and on the fine show which I saw this afternoon. I am going to try to help to take the show to Guelph. We will give you a royal welcome to the Royal City—the centre of the finest stock country in the Dominion of Canada.

In the absence of Mr. C. F. Wagner, of Toronto, the Secretary read his essay upon the housing of poultry, which was as follows :

THE HOUSING OF POULTRY.

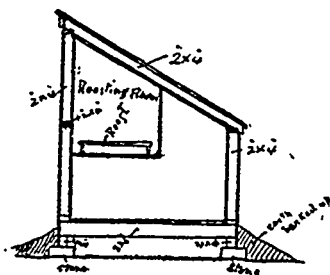
By C. F. Wagner, Toronto.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen.—It gives me much pleasure in being called upon to write a few lines which may be of benefit to the farmer as well as others.

We, the Poultry Association of Ontario, are experimenting year after year in breeding poultry for the purpose of educating the farmer, so to speak, as to the best breed to use for market purposes, the best kind to use as egg producers, the finest method of housing them, the best and cheapest way to feed so as to get good results.

I have chosen for my subject the housing of poultry. The first question the farmer will put to himself is : What kind of a house can I afford to build for my hens ? It will never pay me to build such an elaborate one as Brother Peacock's with its plastered walls inside and out, with such fine high ceilings and a dozen windows for the sun to beam through and a self feeding stove which keeps his hens warm during winter, nor will it pay to build a shed like Brother Gander's, which is, so cold and draughty in winter that his hens never lay.

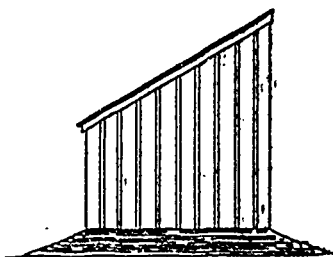
As a rule when a novice goes to erect a hen house he will build it just twice as high as it ought to be, making it so much harder for the fowls to heat in cold weather. Artificial heat is unnecessary. The least expensive and most servicable poultry house I know of, for a dozen or 15 hens, is one built about 5 feet high, with from 90 to 100 square feet floor space in it. This may be built inside of a shed or barn or may be built outside as per sketch attached to this, whichever is most suitable to the party about to keep hens for profit. I have found from experience that an oblong pen or hen house is better than a square one, for the reason that the hens get a longer run when confined, and besides it gives them a chance to get away from one another when being fed, as it is then the weaker ones are beaten and driven about. Unless a hen gets her full rations each day she will not lay. To build a hen house outside it may be built to advantage as follows :



SECTION. Figure 4.

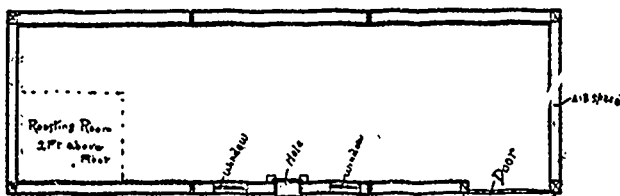
Select a site high and dry, in a shady place, if possible. Lay two rows of large flat stones parallel to one another 5 feet apart, the stones in each row to be at 3 ft. spaces. On these lay two 4x4 sills 18 ft. long, to receive 2x6 joists 6 ft. long laid at 18 inch centres. On

top of joists and at each end lay a 2 x 4 plate to receive studding, as shown in Figure 4. Cut studding 6 ft. long for highest side of building and 3 ft. long for low side. Face the low side of the building to the north, which will prevent the sun from melting the snow off the roof in winter and will also be much cooler in summer.



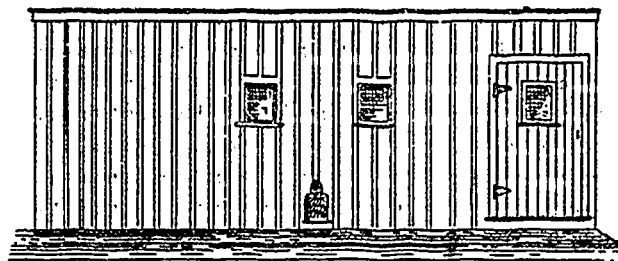
End Elevation. Figure 3.

Place a 4x4 stud at each corner and two 2 x 4 studs at equal spaces on either side, as shown in Figure 1. On



PLAN. Figure 1.

top of these nail a 2x4 plate to receive 2x4 rafters laid at 18 centres, and between these studs nail a centre girth on highest side and ends of building, to support the upright boarding of walls in centre. Tack No. 2 tarred felt on outside of studding horizontally around the frame ; over this nail on perpendicularly 7/8 matched sheeting of hemlock. Batten all cracks or joints with 2 1/2 x 7/8 stuff well nailed. Cover the floor joists and rafters of roof with 7/8 matched hemlock boards dressed on one side. Over the roof boards lay a thickness of No. 2 tarred felt laid the full length of building, leaving ample room at ends for turning under at eaves. All joints of felt must be well lapped. Over this lay another layer of tarred felt up and down the roof, lapping every joint fully two inches. Nail 2 1/2 x 7/8 battens over joints of felt and one in between or at 18 inch centres, which will keep the felt down tight. This will make the roof water-tight as well as wind-proof. Put a 2'6x5'0 door in front or south side of building, as shown in Figure 2, with



FRONT OR SOUTH ELEVATION. Figure 2.

a 10 x 14 light of glass securely fastened in same. Put two small windows in south side with 10 x 14 panes of glass, which should be hung at top and should be made to swing outward, having adjusting rods inside. These windows having sashes swung outward from the bottom keep out rain and wind when they are open. Make a hole in the south side of the building for the fowl to pass through. This is best made in the shape of a trefoil leaf, as shown in Figure 2. The extra notch in the top makes a space for the comb to pass through, especially birds with large combs, such as Minorcas. I have tried this shape of hole and found it prevented the comb from being rubbed every time the bird passed through. Put a slide inside of hole and close same at night. Bank up earth around outside of building to stop all draughts from getting underneath, as shown by Figure 4.

Now that we have the building proper erected we will go into the interior finish. The walls and roof inside should be covered with tarred felt or sheeting, firmly nailed to the studding. This, when done, forms a vacuum or air space, which adds much to the warmth of the house. Sometimes this space is filled with sawdust, etc., to keep the heat in, but experience has taught me that sawdust has not only kept out the cold but it has also made a fine nest for rats and mice and has proven to hold for a long time any dampness which might strike it. Having finished the interior lining we must do more to keep the fowls from freezing at night. A frozen comb means a non-productive hen. To do this we must construct a roosting-room, which should have the floor raised up two feet from the floor of the hen-house proper, as shown by Figures 1 and 4. Make this compartment about 4 ft. square, in the southwest corner of building if possible. Partition this off with tarred felt and make frame for door of $\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 in. strips with tarred felt tacked on face. This door should be made three or four inches shorter in height than sleeping compartment, hinged at top. This door being short will allow fresh air in at top and foul air out at bottom—the foul air being the heaviest always goes down. Fix a small pulley to roof of hen house, about 2 ft. 6 in. away from sleeping compartment. Over this pulley pass a piece of sash cord with counterpoise weight attached to one end, the other end being fastened to bottom of sleeping room door. This weight will keep the door open during the day and will also keep it at any angle that may be required to suit the temperature outside. On a cold night, when the thermometer stands at 20°, this door could be lowered to about four-fifths of the way or closed altogether, as may be desired.

Put two 2 x 4 inch perches on same level, broad side down, in sleeping room, raised up about six inches off the floor to allow a hoe to pass under while cleaning out droppings. This not only answers to keep the hens warm on a very cold night but it also keeps the droppings clean and saleable. To show the benefit derived from a sleeping compartment of this description: On the 28th day of December last, when the thermometer stood at 6° below zero outside in a sheltered place, it stood in my hen house at 24° above zero, and in the sleeping room where the hens were all night it stood at 38° above, or 6° above the freezing point.

The nest boxes are best made in pairs about 2 ft. long by 1 ft. wide, as shown by Figures 5 and 6, with division in centre. Cover front and back with tarred felt. Make ends and top of wood. Top should be hinged. No

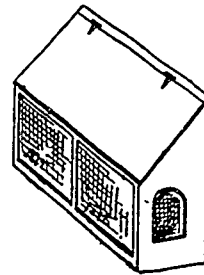


Figure 5.

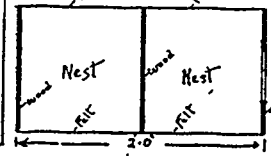


Figure 6.

bottom is required in the nest boxes as they are set on the floor. Put sand or straw in for nesting. When cleaning the nest boxes out all one has to do is lift them up bodily, nesting material being then removed. The nest boxes should be put in a new position. Some breeders prefer building the nests permanently underneath the roosting boards, but I think this a mistake, as it encourages vermin to run from roost to nest and *vice versa*.

A good drinking vessel is also a necessary article. You ask a farmer what kind of a drinking vessel he uses for his fowls, he will likely tell you a pail, an old tin pan, a crock or something of the sort, and perhaps he will tell you he doesn't use anything at all as there is plenty of snow for them to eat. All of these in cold weather are dangerous to a laying hen. If a hen gets her wattles or comb wet when drinking they are liable to freeze, which will stop her from laying at once. As for their continually eating snow in place of having a drink of water, any person ought to know that it will soon impair their health. In order to overcome these evils I invented a vessel a few years ago which answers the purpose very well. Any tinsmith will make one for about fifty cents. It is made of galvanized iron, heavy in weight, conical in shape, made in two sections; the upper portion is 5 inches in diameter at the top and 7 inches at the bottom, and 10 inches high, with a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch hole near the bottom—this is set into a pan $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep, being 7 inches in dia-

meter at the bottom and 9 inches at the top, having a projection or lip where the fowls drink from, as shown by Figure 8. All the rest of the pan is covered by the flange, soldered on top portion to keep out any dirt. When filling this vessel the upper portion is turned upside down, then placing the pan upside down over it, the whole thing is then inverted and it is ready for use—the water will be seen filling the pan from the small $\frac{1}{4}$ inch hole near the

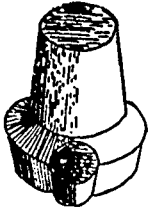
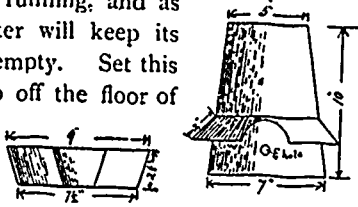


Figure 8.

bottom of the upper portion until it gets above the level of same, when it will stop running, and as the fowls drink the water will keep its level until the vessel is empty. Set this on a board six inches up off the floor of the hen house. A vessel of the above dimensions will hold a gallon of water.



Elevation of Pan. Elevation of Vessel.

In severe cold weather if the water should freeze it matters not, so far as the vessel is concerned. I have never known one to burst yet. It being conical in shape, allows for expansion and contraction. When frozen up solid I use a stick and by wrapping the pan on the lip it drops out, the vessel being wider at the bottom. If drinking vessels are greased occasionally in cold weather it will prevent the ice from sticking to them.

Last but not least, the hens should have an abundant supply of leaves scattered on the floor where the grain should be thrown in to make the fowls work for their food. A lazy hen is not a profitable one.

Gentlemen, as I am yet a beginner I leave it to you to judge for yourselves as to whether my experience is of any use.

Mr. A. G. Gilbert—There is one point that is worthy of consideration of, the meeting, and that is the great value during the winter of economizing the animal heat. I do not believe in artificial heat. You who are practical poultrymen know all about the care and breeding of poultry, but the hen during the day, as you know so well can keep herself comparatively warm or can keep herself at any rate from freezing by the exercise she ought to have by scratching in the litter on the floor which will always be found in every well regulated building. Now the time she ought to be warmest is at night. She cannot exercise herself then, and, of course, she gets colder. Now a point that ought to be seriously considered is how to economize the animal heat so as to make the hen comfortable during

the night. You must remember the egg is formed in the night and she should be kept warm.

Mr. McCormick—Mr. Wagner speaks of being a beginner at the poultry business. If he is new now what will he do when he is old? I do not think I ever heard a better essay. It is pretty hard to criticise it. I always like to find a hole in them some place but is very difficult here. I think, however, I can find a hole in Mr. Gilbert's remarks. He thinks the egg is formed at night. I do not think so. I think it is formed at all times. Frequently you will find eggs on the perches laid at night. The egg must have been formed in the day time.

Mr. Gilbert—That is from a hen out of condition.

Mr. McCormick—No.

Mr. Gilbert—It is the result of over-feeding.

Mr. McCormick—From the condition of the hen.

Mr. S. H. Clemo—The eggs will be soft shelled.

Mr. J. E. Bennett—If Mr. Wagner would have his house only three feet high at the back it seems to me it would be a hard job to clean it out.

Mr. F. C. Hare—I think it would better to reverse Mr. Wagner's idea and have it higher at the north than the south, because the snow will melt off and leave your shingles good and dry. For perches Mr. Wagner recommends a scantling 2 x 4 and using the flat side. As a fowl's foot is always turned down on a flat perch like that it is impossible for the bird to grasp the perch and when it sits down its foot has to be cramped. I think if a perch 2 inches square were used it would be better. It might be slightly rounded on the top.

I think the best water tin for the fowl is a shallow tin about three inches deep because when it freezes all you have to do is to give it two or three cuts with an axe and the ice drops out as there is nothing to keep it in.

I think it is a good idea to keep the house off the ground. In my own poultry house, I have it built right on the ground, but I observe that it is beginning to rot at the bottom. In my next house (if I ever build one) I intend to leave a space of about a foot and a half or two feet at the bottom of the house proper and arranged so that this can be opened at the front. In the winter time I will let the hens go into the bottom part through a sliding door and from there into the house proper. They do not go right straight into the house so in the winter time I do not think there will be any draught going through. This bottom arrangement being full of air makes a good ventilator and keeps the air pure. Let the windows in your house proper down for a while and let your fowls go down into this bottom part to scratch. You thus get twice as much floor space

having your own floor above and the earth floor below. In the summer time your hens can get into this place as it will be shady and cool. This would also, to a large extent keep the rats out. A dog could easily be located there.

Mr. J. H. Saunders.—I do not quite agree with the last speaker in regard to the roosts. According to his idea it would have to be almost a necessity to have the floor slightly rounded, the hens walk on from day to day to fit the feet. He claims the foot is of a little different shape when sitting on anything flat and becomes cramped, therefore I think the floor should be made round. I claim a flat roost is the best as it is more natural for the hen. If they can stand flat all day they can surely sit that way all night.

Mr. Hare.—I think the gentleman has misinterpreted my meaning. I mean that when a hen sits down on the perch her claws contract.

Mr. A. W. Graham—That is right.

Mr. Saunders—I think Mr. Hare is wrong. It is natural that any bird, if you catch hold of it, will put its claws around your finger to hold on by, but I claim if you set it down on the floor it will not turn its toes in under.

Professor Mills—It struck me that the wall of that house (referring to Mr. Wagner's essay) would not be warm enough under ordinary conditions. As I understand it, the wall is just made of perpendicular hemlock with a covering of tarred paper, then hemlock edge to edge and battened. I know the fowl would freeze stiff in Guelph. I want to say one word in defence of our Ottawa establishment and our own. I see the point in the suggestion that the house should be low. I believe it ought to be low, but we at Guelph have found (and they have found the same thing at Ottawa) that we have to build for the public, and we have to make a big hall that people can walk along in order to see the stock. It is difficult then to keep the birds warm enough. We have done everything that can be done to make a warm building and I am not sure yet, with all these large halls and accommodation for the public, that it will be warm enough for the fowls. We have made it as warm as possible. What is the right temperature? Is it proper that water should freeze.

Mr. G. S. Oldrieve—Let it freeze some.

Professor Mills—What temperature when we have it 10 degrees below zero? Is it objectionable to have the temperature below freezing point in the poultry house? I think the lower the ceiling, if you can get sufficient ventilation, the warmer your fowl will be, but when we have to build for the enjoyment of the public we are subject to defeat this end.

Mr. Thomas A. Duff.—I have known the thermometer to register 15 degrees above zero in my poultry house when

it was 18 degrees below outside, yet my Minorcas did not get frosted. I think if the interior of the poultry house never gets below 20 degrees above zero you are all right. In regard to Mr. Hare's contention that it would be better to have the roof of a poultry house sloping to the south instead of to the north, my opinion is that it is better to slope to the north, because a thick covering of snow upon the roof during the cold weather will add much to the warmth of the building.

Mr. Gilbert.—My idea is that the fowl should not roost in the same place where they scratch all day. There should be separate compartments.

As the hour was getting late, it was moved by Mr. S. M. Clemo, seconded by Mr. Massie, that the meeting now proceed with the business part thereof and the balance of the essays, with the consent of the gentlemen who prepared them, be taken as read and published in the Government report. Carried.

The first item of business taken up was in reference to where the next annual exhibition should be held.

Moved by Mr. George G. McCormick that the next annual exhibition of this Association be held in the town of Port Hope, and that it be held for one year only in each place and not oftener than once in every five years. Mr. D. C. Trew seconded the motion.

Moved in amendment by Mr. W. H. Beattie, seconded by Mr. Millar that the next annual exhibition of this Association be held in the city of Guelph.

Considerable discussion took place both in support of the motion and the amendment.

In regard to the method of voting it was moved by Mr. Heimrich, seconded by Mr. Webber that the voting be done by ballot.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Geo. G. McCormick seconded by Mr. Thomas A. Duff that the Secretary call out the names of all the members of the Association and upon their name being called they shall vote in favor of either the motion or the amendment, and that a scrutineer be appointed by Port Hope and another by Guelph to see that each vote is properly recorded. Carried.

Mr. H. B. Donovan was appointed scrutineer for Port Hope.

Mr. Howitt was appointed scrutineer for Guelph.

Upon the vote being taken it was found that a tie existed. The President thereupon gave the casting vote in favor of Mr. McCormick's motion which was carried.

It was then moved by Mr. Millar, seconded by Mr. McConkey that Port Hope be made the unanimous choice of the Association as the place of holding the next annual exhibition of this Association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Geo. G. McCormick, seconded by Mr. J. H. Baulch, that Mr. Henry White, Port Hope, be made the President of the Association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Thomas A. Duff, seconded by Mr. J. E. Bennet, that Mr. William McNeil, London, be 1st Vice-President. Carried.

Moved by Mr. George G. McCormick, seconded by Mr. M. T. Burn, that Mr. G. S. Oldrieve, Kingston, be 2nd Vice-President. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Thomas A. Duff, seconded by Mr. L. G. Pequegnat, that the President, Messrs. McNeil, Oldrieve, Dilworth and Donovan be a committee to select directors for the ensuing year. Carried.

The committee retired, and upon their return reported for directors the following gentlemen:—Messrs. Thomas A. Duff, Toronto; S. M. Clemo, Galt; John Crowe, Guelph; T. J. Senior, Hamilton; D. C. Trew, Lindsay; W. T. Gibbard, Napanee; T. Rice, Whitby; A. Bogue, London; C. Massie, Port Hope.

On motion of Mr. George G. McCormick, seconded by Mr. J. E. Bennet, the report of the committee was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Wm. Neil, seconded by Mr. G. S. Oldrieve, that Messrs. H. B. Donovan and Joseph Dilworth, Toronto, be the Auditors. Carried.

Moved by Mr. T. Rice, seconded by Mr. J. Colson, that Mr. McCormick, be Treasurer. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McNeil, seconded by Mr. George G. McCormick, that Messrs. William Barber and Joseph Dilworth, Toronto, be delegates to the Industrial Exhibition. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Thomas A. Duff, seconded by Mr. T. Rice, that Messrs. George G. McCormick, and J. H. Saunders, London, be delegates to the Western Fair. Carried.

Moved by Mr. C. J. Daniels, seconded by Mr. W. J. Bell, that the date for holding the annual exhibition be fixed by the board of directors. Carried.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 6.15 p.m.

In the evening the hall was crowded to the doors. Addresses of a more general character were delivered by Messrs. W. R. Plum, C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, A. G. Gilbert, Manager Poultry Department Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Geo. G. McCormick and others. An excellent musical programme was also rendered.

DIRECTOR'S MEETING

A meeting of the Board of Directors of this Association was held at New Hamburg immediately after the annual meeting. The following gentlemen were present:—Messrs. William McNeil, G. S. Oldrieve, George G. McCormick, Thomas A. Duff, S. M. Clemo, D. C. Trew, W. T. Gibbard,

T. Rice and C. Massie, also Secretary Thomas A. Browne.

Moved by Mr. Thomas A. Duff, seconded by Mr. S. M. Clemo, that the annual exhibition of this Association be permanently fixed for the second clear week in January. Carried.

Moved by Mr. W. T. Gibbard, seconded by Mr. S. M. Clemo, that in future each officer of the Association furnish some notes upon poultry for use at the annual meeting and publication in the Government report. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Trew, seconded by Mr. Clemo, that the Secretary write the Ontario Government requesting them to provide permanent coops for the Association. Carried.

Owing to not having appointed an Honorary President at the annual meeting, it was moved by Mr. William McNeil seconded by Mr. Thomas A. Duff, that Mr. Fred Goebel, New Hamburg, be Honorary President of this Association with power to vote at all meetings of directors, &c. Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

THE SHOW.

The show was a great success the total number of entries being some thirty or forty in excess of last year. The Hall was greatly crowded and in the case of the Bantams the pens were entirely too small and the water dishes being placed inside were continually being turned over making a terrible mess of the pen floors. The Superintendent, President and the various local members were indefatigable in their efforts to please the visiting fanciers, and spared no effort to make their stay a pleasant one. Personally our cordial thanks are due Mr. L. G. Pequegnat and his good lady for their hospitality.

The quality of the birds all through was high but we thought the judges in many cases more severe with the score cards than heretofore. This we are not inclined to find fault with.

The Ontario Show just closed at New Hamburg was admitted by all to be a great success, both in quantity and quality of birds. The building although not half large enough for the exhibit, had a nice appearance and the birds were well arranged. We hope to see a much larger building at Port Hope next year, and if possible to secure a grant from the Government to procure proper coops that can be shipped to different points where the show is to be held.

POLANDS an excellent class of first class birds in pink of condition. A noticeable feature in the silver and golden varieties was the improvement in color of tail in the golden very little white noticeable in any of the male birds and very evenly laced. In silver the lacing was very even and of great depth in color. Buff laced not numerous, but

fine specimens. W. C. black hard to beat and in good condition, 1st and 2nd pullets tied for 1st place preference being given to the larger one.

DORKINGS made up a nice class, the colored being especially fine. Combs on male birds a little large and not erect, as will be the case where combs are grown so large, all were standard weight, fair in color. Silver-grey hens good but only three shown. Only two cocks entered, fair in quality, could be better in color. Whites extra good and in good condition.

BLACK JAVAS, a strong class and the best ever shown at the Ontario; great size and grand in lustre of plumage with good symmetry. Whites not so numerous, but several fine birds especially the 1st hen and 1st and 2nd pullets, hope to see more at our exhibitions, as I consider them a good all round bird, and should be a useful breed for the farmer.

BARRED ROCKS not as large an entry as last year. 1st cockerel an evenly barred bird, standard weight, good shape, a trifle upright in tail; 2nd and 3rd tied, standard deciding for the heavier, when standard weight. 1st pullet not large but very even in barring a little off in neck and head. 1st hen in grand condition. 2nd hen grand in barring but out of condition, several feathers in wing broken and out.

BLACK MINORCAS a good class; 1st cock good lustre in plumage, good in shape of body, a little short in leg; 2nd not as good in color, rather rough in comb; 1st cockerel an imported bird was in pink of condition and an easy winner, fine style and rich in plumage; 2nd and 3rd close, the 3rd had the appearance of white under eye, so made a cut or would have taken 2nd place. 1st pullet a typical shape bird, a true type of Minorca; 2nd also a good pullet, fine in color but hardly as good in comb as 1st. We would like to see smaller combs if possible, as several of the specimens were too large and rough in comb. Whites a good lot all through.

DOMINQUES—1st cock fair in color, a little out of condition; 1st hen good; 2nd not as evenly barred; 1st cockerel good in shape, not as rich in plumage as we would like, only one pullet shown very faded in plumage.

HOUDANS a grand class of A 1 birds; 1st cock an old winner, in fine condition, would make a Forsyth or a Pinkney smile. Hens also were as good as I ever judged. 1st pullet a gem, and hard to cut; 1st cockerel not enough white in tail but evenly mottled in body color.

SPANISH a good class; 1st cockerel not as good in face as 2nd or 3rd, but grand in shape and lustre of plumage. While we like a good face with smooth surface, we cannot overlook the other parts of the bird; 1st pullet hard to beat, also 1st hen, would like to see the winners at New York.

TURKEYS, especially the white, were out in good force, and a good class.

GEESE, the best we have seen for years.

DUCKS were also very fine, the Aylesbury a great improvement over last year, better in color of beak, also better in plumage and of great size. L. G. JARVIS.

The Ontario Show is a thing of the past and at your request I give you a few notes on the classes which were detailed to me for judgement. I think all will agree that the Ontario Show of 1895 was by far the best show we ever had for quality of stock. Commencing with LEGHORNS, they were the finest lot I ever judged, especially in single combs not a poor one in the lot. White cocks and cockerels very fine both in color and style, winners all good; in females, 1st hen and 1st pullet especially grand, others close up; Brown males grand, 1st cockerel being especially fine in style, a little longer in leg than usual, which is what we want in browns, he has the best hackle and saddle I have seen; hens very fine; pullets good in head points, &c., but not so good in color as last year's winners. Rose-combs show a decided improvement in whites, winners all good. Browns good class but do not show such a marked improvement as the whites, being coarser in head and less stylish.

ANDALUSIANS—This class all through not up to former years, am sorry to see this grand variety going back. The winning cock and 1st and 2nd hens, the best in the lot, the remainder being away off in color, too smoky and indistinct in markings.

HAMBURGS, one of the grandest displays for quality that was ever shown in this country. To give a detailed description of the winners would take up too much of your space, suffice it to say that every winner is a gem and many left out that are good enough to win in strong company. Our Hamburg breeders deserve credit for the improvement made in the last two years.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS—Whites—This variety shows a decided improvement on last year's exhibit, especially in color, all the winners being a grand white, many good ones in all sections left out that could win in strong competition. There is one fault however in the majority of male birds, which breeders would do well to remedy, I refer to the same fault as I spoke of at the show of last year, the tails are altogether too large and carried too upright.

WHITE WYANDOTTES—Winners all away up, grand in shape and color, some extra fine ones left out. Blacks a fair class. Some extra fine in style but were disqualified for color. Silver-laced cocks, winners good but no improve-

ment on last year; hens, winners good, better in color, cockerels a good class, competition close; pullets a decided improvement, the winner of 1st being the best standard marking I have seen in silvers, nice, open centres and even lacing and fairly clean in color. Golden cocks, winners grand birds, rich in color and fine shape, competition keen; hens good, some finely marked but lack in depth of color; cockerels, the winner of 1st is a gem, nice style, grand rich color, well marked hackle and saddle, good enough to win anywhere, others close up; pullets a grand lot, winner of 1st is a beauty, good shape, rich in color and fine lacing, and almost perfect centres, she is the best golden female I ever saw, others grand ones.

LANGSHANS—Winners grand birds. Cockerels a lot of good ones, winners extra fine. Hen winner of first a gem, grand shape and good color—others close up. Pullets a nice lot and competition close; first a grand shaped pullet, fine color and well shown; others all fine.

In the AOV class were shown some very nice ones, the Silkies being particularly fine, also a very nice Sultan hen; a buff Rock cockerel, one of the best I have seen, good rock shape and very good color. I noticed a very nice colored buff Leghorn cockerel off in head. I think there is a good opening for some specialist to take up this variety—they would be a grand bird if we had them good. T. H. SMELT.

[Although we print 14 pages extra this month, we are unable to get all in, and are compelled to hold over a great deal of matter now in type for next issue, including Mr. Duff's and Mr. Dilworth's papers at the Ontario meeting, and discussion thereon. Ed.]

LIST OF AWARDS.

BRAHMAS—*Light*—Cock, Jas Munro, Goderich, 1st, 91; Kent & Oldrieve, Kingston, 2nd, 89. Hen—E H Donnelly, Sandwich, 1st, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 90½; Miller & Mitcheltree, London, 3rd, 89. Cockerel—Donnelly 1st, 94; Thorpe & Scott, London, 2nd, 93; Donnelly 3rd, 92. Pullet—Donnelly 1st and special, 94½; Donnelly 2nd, 94; Miller & Mitcheltree 3rd, 90½. *Dark*—Cock, Thorpe & Scott 1st, 92. Hen—Thorpe & Scott 1st, 92. Cockerel—Thorpe & Scott 1st, 93½; J H Saunders, London, 2nd, 92½; C J Daniels, Toronto, 3rd, 89½. Pullet—Thorpe & Scott, 1st, 94½; Saunders 2nd, 94½; Daniels 3rd, 92½.

COCHINS—*Buff*—Cock, G G McCormick, London, 1st, 93½; F C Hare, Whitby, 2nd, 93; McCormick 3rd, 91. Hen—McCormick 1st, 95; Hare 2nd, 94½; McCormick 3rd, 93. Cockerel—Hare 1st, 94; McCormick, 2nd, 93½; McCormick 3rd, 92½. Pullet—Hare 1st, 95; Hare 2nd, 94½; McCormick 3rd, 93. *Partridge*—Cock, L G Pequegnat, New Hamburg, 1st, 91½; E Wyatt, London, 2d, 91½; J E Meyer, Kossuth, 3rd, 90. Hen—Pequegnat 1st, 93; A Bogue, London, 2nd, 91½; Pequegnat 3rd, 89. Cockerel—Pequegnat 1st, 93; Bogue 2nd, 92½; S M Clemo, Galt, 3rd, 91½. Pullet—Bogue 1st and special, 94½; Richard Oke, London, 2nd, 93; Pequegnat 3rd, 91½. *Black*—

Cock, McCormick 1st, 93½; McCormick 2nd, 90. Hen—McCormick 1st 91½; McCormick 2nd, 91. Cockerel—McCormick 1st, 91; McCormick 2nd, 89½. Pullet—McCormick 1st, 92; McCormick 2nd, 91. *White*—Cock, Wm McNeil, London, 1st, 96½; Wyatt 2nd, 89½. Hen, McNeil 1st, 95½; Wyatt 2nd, 94; F H Brown, Port Hope, 3rd, 91½. Cockerel—McNeil 1st, 92½. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 95½; Wyatt 3rd, 93½. **PLYMOUTH ROCKS**—*Barred*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve, 1st and special, 90; F W McLoud, London, 2nd, 88; Pequegnat 3rd, 88. Hen—Thos A Duff, Toronto, 1st, 92½; Donnelly 2nd, 90½; Ker: & Oldrieve 3rd, 90½. Cockerel—McLoud 1st, 92½; J E Bennett, Toronto, 2nd, 91; Pequegnat 3rd, 91. Pullet—Bennett 1st, 91; W T Gibbard, Napanee, 2nd, 90½; Pequegnat 3rd, 90½. *White*—Cock, Thos Rice, Whitby, 1st, 95 and special; Clemo 2nd, 94; McKee & Mott, Norwich, 3rd, 93½. Hen—Thos Rice, 1st and special, 97½; Rice 2nd, 96; Pierson & Irvine, Weston, 3rd, 95. Cockerel—Clemo, 1st and special, 95; Rice 2nd, 94½; W H Reid, Kingston, 3rd, 93½. Pullet—Rice, 1st and special, 97; Clemo 2nd, 96; Reid 3rd, 96.

GAME—*Black Breasted Red*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve, 1st, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve, 2nd, 94½; Wm Main, Milton, 3rd, 92½. Hen—Wm Barber, Toronto, 1st, 94½; Main 2nd, 94½; B Ross McConkey, Guelph, 3rd, 94½. Cockerel—Kent & Oldrieve, 1st, 95½; Rev. Thos. Geoghegan, Hamilton, 2d, 92; Smith & Ferguson, Stratford, 3rd, 9½. Pullet—Kent & Oldrieve, 1st and special, 95½; Main 2nd, 95; Smith & Ferguson 3rd, 95. *Brown Breasted Red*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 94; Barber 2nd, 93; Barber 3rd, 91. Hen—Barber 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 94½. Cockerel—Kent & Oldrieve, 1st and special, 93; Barber 2nd, 91½. Pullet—Barber 1st, 95; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94; J L Hamilton, New Hamburg, 3rd, 92. *Duckwing*—Cock, Barber 1st, 93; Guttin & Fox, Owen Sound, 2nd, 92½; Barber 3rd, 92. Hen—Barber 1st, 92½; Barber 2nd, 92½; Guttin & Fox 3rd, 92. Cockerel—Barber 1st, 93; Jas Philpot, Guelph, 2nd, 91; Barber 3rd, 91. Pullet—Barber 1st, 94; Barber 2nd, 93½; Smith & Ferguson, 3rd, 91½. *Pyle*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 94; Guttin & Fox 2nd, 93; Barber 3rd, 92½. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 95; Barber 3rd, 93. Cockerel—Barber 1st 94; Barber 2nd, 92½; Philpots 3rd, 92½. Pullet—J C Lyon, Lucknow, 1st, 94½; Barber 2nd, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93½. *Indian*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st 92½; Gibbard 2nd, 89½; Gibbard 3rd, 89½. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 93½; D G Davies, Toronto, 2nd, 91½; Davies 3rd, 90½. Cockerel—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 93½; John Axford, St. Thomas, 2nd, 93; Axford 3rd, 92. Pullet—Richard Dinner 1st, 92; Kent & Oldrieve, 2nd, 91; Dinner 3rd, 89½. *A. O. S. V.*—Cock, S W Lobb, Toronto, 1st; Daniels 2nd. Hen—Daniels 1st, Lobb 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell, Paris, 3rd. Cockerel—Daniels 1st. Pullet—Daniels 1st.

BANTAMS—*Black Red*—Cock, Barber 1st, 96; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 95; Chas R Crowe, Guelph, 3rd, 92½. Hen—Lobb 1st, 95½; Barber 2nd, 95½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 95. Cockerel—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 96; Crowe 2nd, 94½; Barber 3rd, 94. Pullet—Crowe 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93½. *Brown Red*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 92½; Barber 2nd, 92. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 94½; Barber 2nd, 92½. Cockerel—Barber 1st, 91½; Barber 2nd, 88½. Pullet—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 93; Barber 2nd, 93; Barber 3rd, 92½. *Duckwing*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 92; Barber 3rd, 90. Hen—Barber 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 93½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93½. Cockerel—Barber 1st, 94; Barber 2nd, 93½; Hamilton 3rd, 87. Pullet—Barber 1st, 95; Barber 2nd,

94; Hamilton 3rd, 90½. *Pyle*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 95; Barber 2nd, 93; Crowe 3rd, 91. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 96; Barber 2nd, 95; Barber 3rd, 92½. Cockerel—Lobb 1st, 95½; Barber 2nd, 94; Crowe 3rd, 93½. Pullet—Barber 1st, 94½; Barber 2nd, 94; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 94. *Golden Sebright*—Cock, Oke 1st, 94; McNeil 2nd, 94. Hen—McNeil 1st, 96½; Oke 2nd, 94½. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 96; McNeil 2nd, 95. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 95; Oke 2nd, 93½. *Silver Sebright*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 93. Hen—Oke 1st, 96; McNeil 2nd, 95½. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 95. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 95½. *White or Black Rose Comb*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 94½; W R Readwin, Guelph, 3rd, 92½. Hen—Oke 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 95. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 95; James Munro 3rd, 93. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 94½; Readwin 3rd, 93½. *Pekin*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 94; Daniels 3rd, 92½. Hen—McNeil 1st, 96½; Daniels 2nd, 92½. Cockerel—McNeil 1st, 95½; Daniels 2nd, 92; Wm Coon, Guelph, 3rd, 91. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 97; Oke 2nd, 95; Daniels 3rd, 93½. *Cochin*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 95½; H B Donovan, Toronto, 2nd, 93. Hen—Donovan 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 95½; Coon 3rd, 82. Cockerel—McNeil 1st, 93. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 96. *White Booted*—Cock, Oke 1st, 94½; Oke 2nd, 94½. Hen—Oke 1st, 96½; Oke 2nd, 95½. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 93½; Oke 2nd, 93½. Pullet—Oke 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 94½. *Japanese*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 94½. Hen—McNeil 1st, 95; Oke 2nd, 94½. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 94½. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 95. *Polish*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 95½. Hen—McNeil 1st, 96½. Cockerel—McNeil 1st, 96; Donovan 2nd, 94½. Pullet—McNeil 1st, 97; Daniels 2nd, 95½; Donovan 3rd, 94. *A.O.V.*—Cock, Oke 1st, Donovan 2nd. Hen—Donovan 1st and 2nd. Cockerel—Donovan 1st, Laird & Hodgson, Brampton, 2nd. Pullet—Donovan 1st and 2nd.

LANGSHANS—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 95½; R McCurdy, London, 2nd, 94; Fred Goebel, New Hamburg, 3rd, 93. Hen—Goebel 1st, 95½; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94½; McCurdy 3rd, 93½. Cockerel—McCurdy 1st, 96; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 95½; McCurdy 3rd, 95. Pullet—T H Scott, St Thomas, 1st, 96; McCurdy 2nd, 95; McCurdy 3rd, 95.

WYANDOTTES—*Silver*—Cock, George Bogue, Strathroy, 1st and special, 92½; G Bogue 2nd, 91½; Jacob Dorst, Toronto, 3rd, 90½. Hen—J E Meyer, Kossuth, 1st, 94½; Meyer 2nd, 93; Laird & Hodgson 3rd, 92. Cockerel—Dorst 1st, 93½; G Bogue 2nd, 93½; Meyer 3rd, 93. Pullet—Meyer 1st, 95½; Dorst 2nd, 94½; Meyer 3rd, 93½. *Goblen*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 92½; Scott 2nd, 92; A W Graham, St. Thomas, 3rd, 90. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 91; Graham 2nd, 90½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 89½. Cockerel—Oke 1st, 93½; Scott 2nd, 90½; Graham 3rd, 88½. Pullet—Oke 1st, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94; Graham 3rd, 93. *Black*—Cock, Axford 1st, 92½; Webber & Robertson, Guelph, 2nd, 94½; Webber & Robertson 3rd, 94. Hen—G Bogue 1st, 96; Webber & Robertson 2nd 94½; Webber & Robertson 3rd, 94. Pullet—G Bogue 1st, 94½; Axford 2nd, 94½; Axford 3rd, 94½. *White*—Cock, McCormick 1st, 97; Chas. Massie, Port Hope, 2nd, 96; McCormick 3rd, 94½. Hen—McCormick 1st, 97; Massie 2nd, 96½; McCormick 3rd, 96½. Cockerel—McCormick 1st, 97½; McCormick 2nd, 96; Massie 3rd, 95. Pullet—McCormick 1st, 96½; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 96; Massie 3rd, 96.

LEGHORNS—*S. C. White*—Cock, J Pletsch, Sha. sp. 1st, 96; D C Trew, 2nd, 95½; Laird & Hodgson 3rd, 93½. Hen—Rice 1st, 98; Rice 2nd, 97; Rice 3rd, 96½. Cockerel—Rice 1st, 96; Rice 2nd, 95½; Laird & Hodgson 3rd, 94. Pullet—Rice 1st, 98; Pletsch 2nd, 96; Rice 3rd, 96. *S. C. Brown*—Cock, Rice 1st, 96; Pletsch 2nd, 92. Hen—Rice 1st, 96; Saunders 2nd, 94; Pletsch 3rd, 93½. Cockerel—Rice 1st, 96½; Rice 2nd, 96; Rice 3rd, 95. Pullet—Rice 1st and special, 95½; Pierson & Ervine 2nd, 93½; Saunders 3rd, 93. *S. C. Black*—Cock, Pequegnat 1st, 94; Clemo 2nd, 93½; George

Downham, Wisbeach, 3rd, 93. Hen—Ernst & Laschinger 1st, 94½; Downham 2nd, 94; D M Coultier, Amulree, 3rd, 92½. Cockerel—Daniels 1st, 92; Pequegnat 2nd, 91½; Clemo 3rd, 91½. Pullet—Guttin & Fox, 1st and special, 95; Daniels 2nd, 93½; Clemo 3rd, 93. *R. C. Brown*—Cock, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 93½; McCurdy 2nd, 92. Hen—Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 93; McCurdy 2nd, 92½. Cockerel—McCurdy 1st, 96½; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94½; H M Henrich, New Hamburg, 3rd, 91½. Pullet—McCurdy 1st, 95; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93½. *R. C. White*—Cock, T J Keiley, London, 1st, 96; Keiley 2nd, 94½; Saunders 3rd, 93½. Hen—Keiley 1st, 97; W J Bell, Angus, 2nd, 95; Saunders 3rd, 94½. Cockerel—Keiley 1st, 94½; Keiley 2nd, 93½; W H Reid, Kingston, 3rd, 92½. Pullet—Keiley 1st, 96½; Bell 2nd, 96; Saunders 3rd, 95½.

ANDALUSIANS—Cock, Pletsch 1st, 92½; W H Dustan, Bowmanville, 2nd, 90½; Reid 3rd, 90. Hen—Dustan 1st, 93½; Pletsch 2nd, 93; Reid 3rd, 90½. Cockerel—Dustan 1st, 92½; Dustan 2nd, 90½. Pullet—Dustan 1st, 90½; Dustan 2nd, 90; Reid 3rd, 90.

HAMBURGS—*G. S.*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 95½; A Bogue 3rd, 93½. Hen, McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 94½; A Bogue 3rd, 93½. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 97; Oke 2nd, 96; A Bogue 3rd, 94. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 97½; Oke 2nd, 95½; A Bogue 3rd, 93½. *S. S.*—Cock, Oke 1st, 94½; McNeil 2nd, 94. A Bogue 3rd, 92. Hen, McNeil 1st, 97; A Bogue 2nd, 94½. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 95; Bogue 2nd, 92. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 97; Oke 2nd, 96½; Bogue 3rd, 95. *Golden Pencilled*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 95½; A Bogue 3rd, 94. Hen, McNeil 1st, 96½; Oke 2nd, 95; A Bogue 3rd, 92½. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 97½; A Bogue 2nd, 95½. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 97½; Oke 2nd, 96; A Bogue 3rd, 94½. *Silver Pencilled*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 95½; A Bogue 2nd, 94½; Oke 3rd, 93½. Hen, McNeil 1st, 95; A Bogue 2nd, 93½; Oke 3rd, 93. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 97; A Bogue 2nd, 94; Oke 3rd, 93. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 97; Oke 2nd, 94; Guttin & Fox 3rd, 90½. *Black*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96½; Oke 2nd, 95½. Hen, Oke 1st, 97; McNeil 2nd, 96; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 95. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 97; Oke 2nd, 96; Munro 3rd, 95. Pullet, Oke 1st, 96; McNeil 2nd, 95½; Guttin & Fox 3rd, 94½.

DORKINGS—*Silver Grey*—Cock, A Bogue 1st, 91½; McKee & Mott, Norwich, 2nd, 90. Hen, McKee & Mott 1st, 93; McKee & Mott 2nd, 93; A Bogue 3rd, 91½. Cockerel, McKee & Mott 1st, 91. Pullet, A Bogue 1st, 94. *Colored*—Cock, Reid 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 89. Hen, A Bogue 1st, 94½; Reid 2nd, 93½; A Bogue 3rd, 93. Cockerel, A Bogue 1st, 93; A Bogue 2nd, 91. Pullet, A Bogue 1st, 95; A Bogue 2nd, 93½. *White*—Cock, A Bogue 1st, 91; A Bogue 2nd, 90½. Hen, A Bogue 1st, 95; A Bogue 2nd, 93½. Cockerel, A Bogue 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 90½. Pullet, A Bogue 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 92½. *Dominiques*—Cock, G Bogue 1st, 92. Hen, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 94; G Bogue 2nd, 93; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93. Cockerel, G Bogue 1st, 93; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 88½. Pullet, G Bogue 1st, 92.

JAVAS—*Black*—Cock, McCormick, 1st and special, 96; McCormick 2nd, 94½; H M Henrich 3rd, 93½. Hen, McCormick 1st, 97½; Henrich 2nd, 95½; McCormick 3rd, 95. Cockerel, McCormick 1st, 96½; McCormick 2nd, 96; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93. Pullet, McCormick 1st, 96½; McCormick 2nd, 95½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 95½. *A O C*—Cock, Webber & Robertson 1st, 91; Webber & Robertson 2nd, 90; Daniels 3rd, 85. Hen, Daniels 1st, 96; Webber & Robertson 2nd, 94½; Webber & Robertson 3rd, 92. Cockerel, Webber & Robertson 1st, 94½; Webber & Robertson 2nd, 93; Daniels 3rd, 88. Pullet, Webber & Robertson 1st, 95½; Daniels 2nd, 95; Webber & Robertson 3rd, 94½.

SPANISH—*Black*—Cock, Hare 1st, 90½. Hen, Hare 1st, 94½; Alex Fraser, New Hamburg, 2nd, 94½; Hare 3rd, 94. Cockerel, Fraser 1st, 93½; Hare 2nd, 93; Hare 3rd, 93. Pullet, Hare 1st, 97½; Hare 2nd, 95½; J E Bennet, Toronto, 3rd, 94½.

MINORCAS—*White*—Cock, Duff 1st, 94; Duff 2nd, 91½. Hen, Duff 1st, 96; Duff 2nd, 92½. Cockerel, Duff 1st, 92½; Duff 2nd, 90. Pullet, Duff 1st, 96½; Duff 2nd, 95½. *Black*—Cock, T J Senior, Hamilton, 1st, 94½; Webber & Robertson 2nd, 90; Duff 3rd, 89½. Hen, Senior 1st, 96; Duff 2nd, 92½. Cockerel, Duff 1st, 94½; Duff 2nd, 92½; Jas Dundas, Deer Park, 3rd, 92. Pullet, Duff 1st, 96½; Geo M Haven, Toronto, 2nd, 95; Haven 3rd, 94½.

HOUDANS—Cock, D C Trew, Lindsay, 1st, 95½; A Bogue 2nd, 93½; Pierson & Ervine 3rd, 90½. Hen, Trew 1st, 97; Kent & Old-

rievé 2nd, 94; Trew 3rd, 93. Cockerel, Trew 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 93½; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93½. Pullet, Trew 1st, 97½; Trew 2nd, 95½; Trew 3rd, 95.

CREVE COEURS—Cock, Oke 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 91½. Hen, Oke 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 95. Cockerel, none shown. Pullet, Oke 1st, 95½; Oke 2nd, 92½.

LA FLECHIE—Cock, Oke 1st, 93. Hen, Oke 1st 95½; Oke 2nd, 93. Cockerel, Oke 1st, 96½; Oke 2nd, 93½. Pullet, Oke 1st, 96; Oke 2nd, 92.

POLANDS—*W C B*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96½; A Bogue 2nd, 95½. Hen, A Bogue 1st, 97. McNeil 2nd, 96½. Cockerel, A Bogue 1st, 97½; McNeil 2nd, 94½. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 96½; A Bogue 2nd, 96. *Golden Bearded*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd 94. Hen, McNeil 1st, 93; A Bogue 2nd, 92. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 93½; A Bogue 2nd, 92½. Pullet, A Bogue 1st, 92½; McNeil 2nd, 92.

Silver Bearded—Cock, A Bogue 1st, 91; McNeil 2nd, 91. Hen, McNeil 1st, 94½; A Bogue 2nd, 93½. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 92. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 94½; A Bogue 2nd, 94. *White Bearded*—Cock, A Bogue 1st, 96; McNeil 2nd, 90. Hen, McNeil 1st, 97½; A Bogue 2nd, 96. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 90½. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 94½; A Bogue 2nd, 92. *Gold or Silver, Unbearded*—Cock, A Bogue 1st, 93½; McNeil 2nd, 93½; Miller & Mitchellree 3rd, 92. Hen, McNeil 1st, 94; A Bogue 2nd, 92; E Smith, Fairfield Plains, 3rd, 91½. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 92½; A Bogue 2nd, 91½. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 94½; A Bogue 2nd, 92. *White, Unbearded*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 96½; A Bogue 2nd, 95. Hen, McNeil 1st, 95½; A Bogue 2nd, 94. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 92½; A Bogue 2nd, 90. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 95; A Bogue 2nd, 95. *Buff Laced*—Cock, McNeil 1st, 93; McNeil 2nd, 92½. Hen, McNeil 1st, 94½; McNeil 2nd, 93. Cockerel, McNeil 1st, 90. Pullet, McNeil 1st, 95½; McNeil 2nd, 94½.

RED CAPS—Cock, J S Niven, M D, London, 1st, 93½; F H Brown, Port Hope, 2nd, 93; Kent & Oldrieve 3rd, 93. Hen, Kent & Oldrieve 1st, 92½; Brown 2nd, 90½; Niven 3rd, 90½. Cockerel, Daniels 1st, 95; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 94½; Niven 3rd, 93½. Pullet, Daniels 1st, 94; Kent & Oldrieve 2nd, 93; Daniels 3rd, 92.

A O V FOWLS—Cock, Donovan 1st, Daniels 2nd. Hen, Oke 1st, Daniels 2nd, Donovan 3rd. Cockerel, Geo Duran, Woodstock, 1st, Dundas 2nd, Donovan 3rd Pullet, Daniels 1st, Dunn 2nd, Dundas 3rd.

CROSS BREDS—Cockerel, Brown 1st, O'Brien & Caldwell 2nd. Pullet, Brown 1st, O'Brien & Caldwell 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd.

TURKEYS—*Bronze*—Cock, Main 1st; Henry Diebil, Haysville, 2nd; W J Bell, 3rd. Hen, Main 1st, Bell 2nd, Diebil 3rd. Cockerel, Bell 1st and special, Main 2nd, Bell 3rd. Pullet, Bell 1st, Main 2nd, Bell 3rd. *White or Black*—Cock, W H Beattie, Wilton Grove, 1st, McKee & Mott 2nd, Beattie 3rd. Hen, Beattie 1st, Beattie 2nd, McKee & Mott 3rd. Cockerel, Beattie 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pullet, Beattie 1st, McKee & Mott 2nd and 3rd. *A O V*—Cock, Ernest Smith 1st. Hen, Smith 1st. Cockerel, Smith 2nd. Pullet, Smith 2nd.

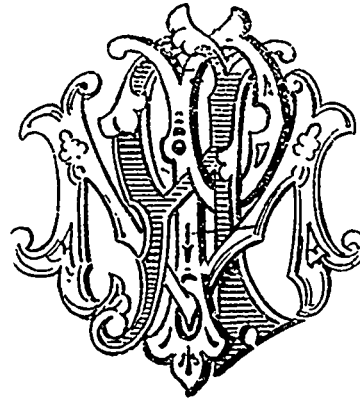
GEESE—*Toulouse*—Gander, Pletsch 1st, A Bogue 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd. Goose, Reid 1st, A Bogue 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd. Gander of 1894, A Bogue 1st, Pletsch 2nd, Smith 3rd. Goose of 1894, A Bogue 1st, E Smith 2nd, Senior 3rd. *Bremen*—Gander, Main 1st, O'Brien & Caldwell 2nd. Goose, O'Brien & Caldwell 1st, Main 2nd, Senior 3rd. Gander of 1894, O'Brien & Caldwell 1st, Main 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd. Goose of 1894, O'Brien & Caldwell 1st, Main 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd. *A O V*—Gander, O'Brien & Caldwell 1st. Goose, O'Brien & Caldwell 1st. Gander of 1894, Ernest Smith 1st. Goose of 1894, Smith 1st.

DUCKS—*Aylesbury*—Drake, A Bogue 1st, McKee & Mott 2nd, A Bogue 3rd. Duck, A Bogue 1st, McKee & Mott 2nd, O'Brien & Caldwell 3rd. Drake of 1894, A Bogue 1st, O'Brien & Caldwell 2nd, McKee & Mott 3rd. Duck of 1894, McKee & Mott 1st, A Bogue 2nd and 3rd. *Rouen*—Drake, W Main 1st and 2nd, A Bogue 3rd. Duck, Main 1st, A Bogue 2nd, Main 3rd. Drake of 1894, Main 1st, A Bogue 2nd, Main 3rd. Duck of 1894, A Bogue 1st, Main 2nd and 3rd. *Pekin*—Drake, A Bogue 1st, A Bogue 2nd, J L Hamilton 3rd. Duck, A Bogue 1st and 2nd. Drake of 1894, Duff 1st, A Bogue 2nd and 3rd. Duck of 1894, A Bogue 1st, O'Brien & Caldwell 2nd, Duff 3rd. *A O V*—Drake, E Smith 1st. Duck, Smith 1st. Drake of 1894, Smith 2nd. Duck of 1894, Smith 2nd.

PHEASANTS—*English*—Pair, J S Niven, M D, London, Ont, 1st and 2nd. *Golden*—Pair, J S Niven 1st. *Silver*—Pair, Niven 1st.

MONTREAL POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

BY OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT



THE ANNUAL SHOW of the above Association was held in the Victoria Armoury Hall from Jan. 7th to 12th, 1895. This building is the most suitable that can be secured in the city during the winter months. Its greatest defect is the poor light and on a dull day it is very hard to get a good

view of the birds. This is remedied in the evening by the abundance of electric light. The Society, in order to do the best for exhibitors, had many additional lights put in the hall.

The Committee this year very wisely fed the birds at regular intervals, although this did not meet the views of some of the exhibitors who expect that food should always be in the coops (Bantam owners excepted), and when they do not see it cry out that their birds are being starved.

The Weighing Committee have always a difficult task on hand, and more so if the judging is spread over two or three days, as the birds are likely to vary in weight if scaled on arrival, especially if the friends of the birds come provided with pocketsful of corn. Whether birds should be weighed when they are cooped or when they are being judged is a question that receives opposite answers. (Birds should certainly be weighed on the day of arrival—F.R.)

When there is only one judge and a large show, favoritism is always charged, no matter what variety is judged first, and to obviate this difficulty it seems to your correspondent that the best way would be to state in the prize list that the birds would be judged in the order of the number of entries received.

Considerable talk was indulged in, largely owing to the time consumed in judging, whether future shows ought to be judged by comparison. Many of those who support this way forgot that the great difficulty in the way was the number of cups that were open for competition and the awarding of which was plainly stated to be by scoring.

Some suggest that the birds should be judged by comparison, the tickets placed on the coops, and then the win

ning birds scored for the cups. This question will no doubt receive a large share of the attention of the Society at the next annual meeting.

The number of entries this year were 750 in the poultry and 150 in the pigeon classes, and the judges were J. Y. Bicknell, of Buffalo, for the poultry, and C. H. Carrier for the pigeons. There was a notable increase in the Games, Wyandottes, Rocks and Minorcas, owing to the keen competition for the cups. More breeding pens were entered than ever before, no less than twenty-five varieties being represented. The highest scoring Bantam pen in the show was exhibited by Wm. Cox, of Montreal, viz, red Pyle Bants, 192¼, black-red Game, owned by Messrs. Kent & Oldrieve, 190½; black Minorcas, 190½, owned by G. L. Ogilvie; light Brahmas, owned by Thos. Hall, 188¾. The highest scoring bird in the show was a black Hamburg hen, owned by W. J. Lindberg, which scored 97 points. The highest scoring male bird in the show was the black Minorca cockerel "Sir Donald," 96½ points, owned by Mr. G. L. Ogilvie.

The exhibitors were from East and West, including such well known fanciers as Messrs. Kent & Oldrieve with over 100 birds; C. J. Daniels, of Toronto; J. L. Margach, of Port Hope; W. H. Reid, of Kingston; U. Bonneville, of Danville; G. C. Howison, of Brockville; A. F. Fraser, of Sherbrooke, and J. Bedlow, Brockville. The city exhibitors included Dr. Wesley Mills, A. Joyce, T. Costen, T. Hall, W. H. Ulley and many others.

On the last afternoon of the show the Society was honored by the presence of His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen. They were met at the door by the Hon. President, Mr. Thomas Costen, who did the honors of the occasion, assisted by Mr. W. H. Ulley, Past President. Her Ladyship exhibited keen interest in the exhibition, remarking that she was a breeder and exhibitor herself and had exhibited at the Palace and Birmingham shows. His Excellency, on his departure, asked that Mr. Oldrieve, of Kingston, should be presented to them, and complimented him on his exhibit. After thanking the party for their kind invitation they retired expressing their regret that owing to their many engagements they had not been able to visit the show earlier in the week.

The following is a list of the officers of the Society, who did all in their power to make it one of the most successful shows held, Mr. William Cox again acted as Superintendent. Thos. Costen, honorary president; F. W. Molson, president; W. H. Ulley, first vice-president; Jas. Ainslie, second vice-president; A. Roddick, third vice-president; W. J. Morton, secretary-treasurer; J. H. Cayford, honorary secretary; Executive Committee: A. McD. Drummond, Geo. C. Philpott, Thos. Hall, A. F. Dawes, J. J. Riddle, Wm. Cox, J. Eddy, W. Grace, V. Fortier, T. W. Kermode.

SIR DONALD A. SMITH CUP.

The Sir Donald A. Smith cup, a cut of which we present our readers, is a handsome silver cup, valued at \$400, and presented by him to the Montreal Association as a perpetual challenge cup for the highest scoring breeding pen except Bantams.



THE SIR DONALD A. SMITH CUP.

The cup was won in 1894 by Messrs. Haycock & Kent with a breeding pen of white Wyandottes scoring 190½ points. The winner in 1895 is Mr. G. L. Ogilvie, son of Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, the well known miller. He wins with a breeding pen of black Minorcas scoring 190½ points, this is ½ of a point less than last year

LIST OF AWARDS.

Black-Red Game—1st cock 95, 1st hen 95½, 2nd 93¼, 1st cockerel 96, 1st pullet 94¼, 3rd pullet 92¾, 1st breeding pen 190½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 94¼, 3rd cockerel 93½, 3rd breeding pen 184¼, Laing & Cox; 3rd cock 93¼, 2nd cockerel 94¼, 2nd pullet 93, 2nd breeding pen 186 5-12, Thomas Hall, 3rd hen 92, U Bonneville.
Brown-Red—1st cock 90¾, 1st hen 91½, 1st cockerel 94, 1st pullet 92¾, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 88, 2nd hen 90¾, 3rd hen 90, Laing & Cox. *Red P*—1st cock 95, 1st hen 93, 1st pullet 94½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 92, 2nd hen 91, 3rd hen 89½, Laing & Cox; 2nd pullet 94, 3rd pullet 93¼, Bonneville. *Golden and Silver Duckwing*—1st cock 91½, 2nd hen 91½, 1st cockerel 90¼, 2nd pullet 90½, 3rd pullet 90½, Laing & Cox; 2nd cock 90½, 3rd cock 89, 1st hen 93, 3rd hen 90½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cockerel 88½, 1st pullet 91, Bonneville. *Indian Game*—1st cock 92, 3rd hen 86, 1st pullet 91½, C J Daniels; 2nd cock 89½, 1st hen 93, 1st cockerel 94½, 2nd pullet 89, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd hen 87, Dr. Wesley Mills. *Pit*—1st cock, 1st hen, Daniels; 2nd cock, 2nd hen, 1st cockerel, 2nd pullet, Laing & Cox; 3rd cock, W G Elliott; 3rd hen, J Allan; 2nd and 3rd cockerel, 1st and 3rd pullet, J Bedlow. *Barred Plymouth Rocks*—2nd cock 88½, Thos Costen; 3rd cock 85½, 1st hen 90, 3rd breeding pen 176½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd hen 89, 1st cockerel 91½, 2nd cockerel 90½, 3rd cockerel 90, 1st pullet 92, 2nd pullet 91½, 1st breeding pen 182½, James Ainslie; 3rd hen 87½, A J Fox; 3rd pullet 91, 2nd breeding pen 176½, W C Fyfe. *White*—1st cock 92½, 1st cockerel 93½, Thomas Hall; 2nd cock 89½, G C Howison; 3rd cock 88½, 1st hen 95, 2nd hen 94½, 2nd cockerel 93, 1st pullet 96, 2nd pullet 96, 1st breeding pen 188¾, T J Virtue; 3rd hen 93, 3rd pullet 95, 2nd breeding pen 185½, Costen; 3rd cockerel 92, 3rd breeding pen 184, Kent & Oldrieve. *Buff*—3rd cock 83, 2nd cockerel 89, 3rd cockerel 86, 1st pullet 91½, 2nd pullet 90½, 3rd pullet 90½, 2nd breeding pen 176 5 6, A Joyce. *Silver Laced Wyandotte*—1st cock 91½, 2nd hen 89½, 1st cockerel 91½, 2nd pullet 92½, 3rd pullet 92¼, 1st breeding pen 183 5-6, John Eddy; 2nd cock 88, W H Ulley; 3rd cock 86½, 2nd breeding pen 176½, G L Ogilvie; 3rd hen 87½, 1st

pullet 93, A Drummond; 2nd cockerel 88, Daniels; 3rd cockerel 87½, J L Margach; 3rd breeding pen 175⅙, Mrs K M Brown. *Golden Laced*—1st cock 90, 3rd hen 87, 3rd cockerel 88, 2nd pullet 91½, 2nd breeding pen 178 5-6, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd cock 89, 2nd hen 87, 2nd cockerel 88½, 3rd pullet 89½, Daniels; 2nd cock 90, 1st pullet 92½, 3rd breeding pen 178¾, Drummond. *White*—1st cock 93½, 1st hen 93½, 3rd cockerel 90, 1st pullet 96, 3rd pullet 95½, 1st breeding pen 188½, Howison; 2nd cock 89, Thos Matthews; 2nd hen 93½, 1st cockerel 93, 2nd pullet 95½, 2nd breeding pen 187½, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd hen 93, 2nd cockerel 92, 3rd breeding pen 184¼, Drummond. *Black*—1st pullet 91½, 2nd 91, W Grace. *Red Pyle Bantams*—2nd cock 96, 3rd pullet 95, 2nd breeding pen 191½, A F Beevor; 3rd cock 95½, 2nd hen 96, 3rd cockerel 95, Kent & Oldrieve; 1st cock 96¼, 1st hen 96, 3rd hen 95½, 1st cockerel 95¾, 2nd cockerel 95½, 1st pullet 96, 2nd pullet 96, 1st breeding pen 192¼, Wm Cox. *Black-Red*—1st cock 94¾, 1st hen 95¼, 1st cockerel 95¾, 1st pullet 95½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 94¼, 2nd hen 93½, 2nd cockerel 95½, 3rd pullet 92¼, Cox; 3rd hen 92½, Bonneville; 3rd cockerel 93½, 2nd pullet 95, Daniels. *Golden and Silver Duckwing*—1st cock 92, 1st hen 93½, 1st pullet 95, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd hen 92, Bonneville. *Brown-Red*—1st cock 91½, 2nd cock 90, 1st hen 95½, 1st pullet 96¾, Kent & Oldrieve. *Golden and Silver Schright*—2nd cock 85¾, 2nd hen 87½, Daniels; 3rd hen 87, 2nd pullet 88½, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cockerel 87½, W H Reid. *White Rose Comb*—1st hen 95, V Fortier. *Black Rose Comb*—1st cock 96, 3rd hen 93, 2nd breeding pen 190⅙, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 94, 2nd hen 94½, Daniels; 3rd cock 94, 1st hen 95, Fortier; 1st cockerel 95½, 1st pullet 96, 2nd pullet 95½, 3rd pullet 95, 1st breeding pen 191, Cox. *Japanese*—1st cockerel 93¾, 1st pullet 96, Daniels; 2nd cockerel 92½, Fortier; 1st breeding pen 190¼, M T Keating. *Pekin*—1st cock 91, 1st pullet 94, Daniels; 1st hen 91½, Fortier. *Light Brahmans*—2nd cock 89½, 3rd cock 89, 1st hen 91½, 3rd hen 90½, 1st cockerel 94¼, 2nd cockerel 92¼, 1st pullet 94½, 2nd pullet 94½, 3rd pullet 94½, 1st breeding pen 188¾, Hall; 2nd hen 91, 3rd breeding pen 181 5-6, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd cockerel 92, 2nd breeding pen 183¾, F Whitley. *Dark*—3rd cock 81½, 2nd cockerel 89½, 3rd hen 84, 3rd pullet 87, 3rd breeding pen 174⅙, Daniels; 1st cockerel 92½, 2nd pullet 88, 2nd breeding pen 176¾, Bonneville. *Buff Cochins*—2nd cock 90½, 1st hen 93, B F Loiselle; 1st cock 90½, 2nd hen 92½, 1st cockerel 91½, 2nd cockerel 89½, 1st pullet 94, 3rd pullet 91, 1st breeding pen 184, Fortier; 3rd cockerel 88, 2nd pullet 92½, W J Wilson. *Partridge*—2nd cock 89½, 3rd cockerel 86½, 1st pullet 90, Bedlow; 1st cockerel 90½, J Bessey; 2nd cockerel 87½, Bonneville; 2nd pullet 87½, 3rd pullet 85½, Wilson. *Black Langshans*—1st cock 94½, 1st hen 91½, 1st cockerel 93, 1st pullet 94, 1st breeding pen 186, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd cock 92, 2nd pullet 80½, Daniels. *S G and Colored Dorkings*—1st cock 90½, 2nd hen 94½, 1st breeding pen 183⅙, Reid; 2nd cock 86, 1st hen 95, 3rd hen 92½, Daniels; 3rd cock 85½, 2nd cockerel 89, T Irving; 3rd cockerel 88, 1st pullet 94½, 2nd pullet 93, 3rd pullet 92½, 2nd breeding pen 181½, Drummond; 1st cockerel 92, A G Campbell. *Black Hamburgs*—1st cock 95, 2nd hen 96, 3rd hen 94, 1st pullet 92½, 2nd breeding pen 189⅙, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd cock 95, 1st hen 97, 1st breeding pen 189½, Jno Lindberg. *Black Spanish*—1st cock 92½, 1st hen 94½, 2nd hen 94½, 3rd hen 92, 1st cockerel 93, 1st breeding pen 186¾, G Shelter; 2nd cock 88, 2nd pullet 92½, 3rd breeding pen 179¾, Drummond; 2nd cockerel 92½, 3rd cockerel 91, 1st pullet 94, 3rd pullet 92½, 2nd breeding pen 185 5-6, Bedlow. *Andalusians*—1st cock 90½, 1st hen 95, 3rd pullet 93, 1st breeding pen 183½, Reid; 3rd cock 85, 2nd hen 92, 3rd hen 91½, 3rd breeding pen 174, Joyce; 1st cockerel 91½, G Nicholson; 2nd cockerel 89½, 1st pullet 94½, 2nd pullet 93, 2nd breeding pen 182½, Daniels. *Black Minorcas*—1st cock 90, 3rd cock 87½, 1st hen 93½, 2nd cockerel 95, 3rd cockerel 94, 3rd pullet 94½, 2nd breeding pen 188¾, F W Molson; 2nd cock 88, 2nd hen 93, 3rd hen 92½, 1st cockerel 96½, 1st breeding pen 190⅙, Ogilvie; 1st pullet 95, 2nd pullet 94½, 3rd breeding pen 184¾, G H Muir. *S C White Leghorns*—2nd cock 89½, 1st hen 93½, 2nd hen 91½, 1st breeding pen 181, Howison; 3rd cock 86, 3rd hen 91, 3rd cockerel 92½, 2nd breeding pen 178 5-6, Dr G H Fulton; 1st cockerel 94, 1st pullet 95½, Daniels; 2nd cockerel 93½, 2nd pullet 95, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd pullet 94¼, R Gault. *S C Brown*—1st cock 93½, 3rd hen 92, Margach; 2nd cock 91½, 2nd breeding pen 181 5-6, Geo F Hughes; 3rd cock 90, 1st hen 92½, 1st cockerel 92½, 1st pullet 94½, A F Fraser; 2nd hen 92½, Loiselle; 2nd cockerel 92, 2nd pullet 93,

1st breeding pen 184⅙, D McKay; 3rd cockerel 88½, 3rd pullet 92½, Bedlow. *White Minorcas*—1st hen 90¼, 2nd hen 90, 3rd hen 88, 2nd cockerel 85, 1st pullet 90, 2nd breeding pen 175 1-12, G Shelter. *Buff Cochins*—1st hen 91, 2nd cockerel 89, 1st pullet 93, Daniels; 3rd cockerel 83, 2nd pullet 88, 3rd pullet 86, Joyce. *Houdans*—1st cock 93, 1st hen 94½, 3rd hen 92, 3rd pullet 92½, 1st breeding pen 186, Yuile & Rawlings; 2nd cock 90, Bedlow; 3rd cock 89, 1st cockerel 92, 1st pullet 93½, 2nd breeding pen 183 5-6, Kent & Oldrieve; 2nd hen 94, Fortier; 2nd cockerel 90, 3rd breeding pen 180¼, G C Philpott; 3rd cockerel 88, 2nd pullet 93, Costen. *White Polands*—1st cock 93½, 1st hen 95½, 1st cockerel 91, Howison; 2nd hen 95½, 3rd hen 93½, Fortier. *Silver*—2nd cock 85½, 1st hen 90½, 3rd hen 83, 2nd cockerel 86½, 3rd cockerel 85, 2nd pullet 87½, 3rd pullet 86½, 2nd breeding pen 172¾, Buff—2nd cock 85½, 2nd hen 86, 2nd cockerel 85, Fortier. *Black Leghorns*—1st cockerel 91, 1st pullet 91½, Daniels. *Domiques*—2nd hen 88½, 3rd hen 87, 3rd cockerel 81½, Kent & Oldrieve. *Golden Polands*—2nd cock 88½, 2nd hen 89, Daniels; 3rd cock 85, 3rd hen 87, 2nd cockerel 85, 3rd pullet 84½, Fortier. *W C Black Polish*—1st cockerel 93, 1st pullet 93½, 2nd pullet 93, Fortier. *Red Caps*—2nd cock 89½, 3rd hen 88, 2nd pullet 90, Kent & Oldrieve; 3rd cock 87½, 2nd breeding pen 174½, Cowper; 2nd hen 89, 1st cockerel 91, 1st pullet 90, Daniels. *White Javas*—2nd cock 88, 1st hen 93½, 2nd cockerel 88, 1st pullet 95, Daniels. *Bronze Turkeys*—1st cock, 1st hen, 2nd pullet, Drummond; 2nd and 3rd cock, 2nd and 3rd hen, 1st and 2nd cockerel, 1st and 3rd pullet, A Thompson. *White*—1st cock, 1st hen, 2nd cockerel, 2nd pullet, Thompson. *Toulouse Geese*—1st and 2nd gander, 1st and 2nd goose, Thompson. *Emden*—1st and 2nd gander, 1st and 2nd goose, 3rd gander, T Irving. *Aylesbury Ducks*—1st and 2nd Drake, 1st and 2nd duck, Thompson. *Cayuga*—1st drake, 1st duck, Thompson; 2nd drake, 2nd duck, J Ainslie. *Pekin*—1st drake, 1st duck, A J Fox; 2nd drake, 2nd duck, Thompson. *Muscovy*—1st drake, 1st duck, Fortier.

CUP WINNERS,

Game Cup—For the highest scoring male, any variety, won for the third time by Messrs. Oldrieve & Kent, Kingston, Ont., and now their property. The winner this year was a Black Red cockerel, scoring 96 points.

Plymouth Rock Cup—For highest scoring male any color, won by Thomas Hall, of Outremont, P.Q., with a white cockerel, scoring 93½ points.

Wyandotte Cup—Highest scoring pen any color, won by G. C. Howison, Brockville, Ont., with a pen of whites, scoring 188½ points.

Silver Bantam Cup—Presented to the Association by Mr. A. E. Smith, for the highest scoring pen of bantams any variety, won by Wm. Cox, Jr., with a pen of red Pyles, scoring 192¼ points.

Sir Donald A. Smith Cup—For the highest scoring pen in poultry (bantams excepted), won by Mr. Guy Ogilvie with a pen of black Minorcas, scoring 190⅙ points, Mr. T. Hall, of Outremont, being second with a pen of light Brahmans, scoring 188¾.

Silver Cup for Polands—Presented to the Association by Mr. C. J. Daniels, of Toronto, for the best exhibit of Polands, won by Mr. M. V. Fortier, of Montreal.

Silver Cup for Incubator—Presented to the Association by Mr. C. R. Crowley, of Montreal, for the incubator hatching the largest percentage of eggs during the exhibition, won by Mr. A. Drummond with a "Pineland."

WILL MR. SMITH EXPLAIN ?

Editor Review :

THE following item appears in the December number of the CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW: "Mr. E. Smith, Fairfield Plains, writes us that he was awarded first on black African Bantams at Ottawa, and not E. F. Murphy, as we gave it."

In endeavoring to do justice to Mr. Smith you have unintentionally done injustice to me. At Ottawa I won first and

second for black African Bantams. I have the prize cards and I received the prize money. Kindly publish this correction and oblige. Yours truly, E. F. MURPHY.
Ottawa, Dec. 27, '94.

Mr. Smith is in error as to black African Bantams. My list of awards is correct. If Mr. Smith was awarded first in the black Africans, as he states, why was he so anxious to purchase Mr. Murphy's birds?—for the purpose of taking the first prize from a certain Western exhibitor who deals largely in that class? Wishing you the compliments of the season. Yours truly, E. H. BENJAMIN.
Ottawa, Dec. 31, '94.

LOSS OF LEG COLOR.

Editor Review:

THE brown Leghorns I got from Ontario last spring with nice yellow legs are now white. You would greatly oblige me indeed if you could give me the reason they turn white, through your valuable REVIEW. I have been breeding brown Leghorns for four years and the greater part of my young brown Leghorns have yellow legs, but after I had them about six months the legs turn white and I cannot account for it, and I thought perhaps you could give me the reason they turn white. Trusting you will reply through your valuable journal, I remain, Yours truly,

New Westminster, B.C., Dec. 28, '94. GEO. MEAD.

[This is a common complaint and on certain soils seems unavoidable. A daily run on short grass or clover with the dew on is the best remedy we know of.—ED.]

WIRE COOPS FOR THE ONTARIO.

Editor Review:

I WOULD like to call the attention of fanciers in every county in Ontario to make it a personal matter to see their member for the Ontario Government re wire movable exhibition coops for the Ontario Show. The House will, I think, meet in February and the matter will likely come up, and if all the members are seen before it comes up and the matter explained they will be better able to do something for us. Once we get such coops there will be no excuse for local associations saying they are out by only having the show one year, which is all true, as we all know. It is no small item furnishing coops for such a show, which seems to be growing larger every year. I may say I have

spoken to Mr. John D. Moore, who represents the county of South Waterloo, and he is with us. Let every fancier see that he or some one else consult the representative of their county, and I think we may look for new wire coops at Port Hope for '96. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for space in your valuable journal, I am, Fraternaly yours,
Galt, Ont., Jan. 21, 95. S. M. CLEMO.

THE TORONTO POULTRY, PIGEON AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION.

THE regular monthly meeting of the above Association was held in Temperance Hall, on Thursday evening, January 10th, 1894, the President, Mr. Thomas A. Duff, in the chair.

On the meeting being called to order the President referred shortly to the past work of the Association, and expressed the hope that the members would give him all the assistance in their power. He urged upon them to bring in as many new members as possible.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. An account for the rent of hall was passed and ordered to be paid.

Messrs. J. Ford and E. J. Davis were proposed for membership by Mr. J. E. Bennett and admitted.

The Secretary read the report of the Executive Committee and after some amendment it was adopted.

Moved by Mr. James Brown, seconded by Mr. J. Powell, that the Treasurer be given credit for \$25 paid to Mr. Barnett in full settlement of the Association dinner account. Carried.

Moved by Mr. H. B. Donovan, seconded by Mr. William Fox, that the thanks of the Association be tendered to the Secretary, Mr. R. Durstan, for his kindness in presenting to the Association a magnificent pair of scales. Carried.

Moved by Mr. H. B. Donovan, seconded by Mr. J. Powell, that for this evening the birds be judged by comparison. Carried.

A large number of birds were on exhibition and prizes awarded as follows:

Class 1. Barred Plymouth Rock, cock or cockerel, 1st George Bell; 2nd A. H. Lake; 3rd Geo. Webster. Hen or pullet, 1st Geo. Webster; 2nd A. H. Lake; 3rd Geo. Bell.

Class 2. Silver or golden Wyandotte, cock or cockerel, 1st J. Dorst; 2nd, R. Fox; hen or pullet, 1st and 2nd J. Dorst.

Class 3. White or black Wyandottes, hen or pullet, 1st and 2nd, Chas. Grimsley.

Pigeons—Class 1. Barbs, Antwerps and Dragoons, cocks, 1st and 3rd, W. Fox; 2nd E. Brown; hens, 1st W. Fox, 2nd E. Brown.

Mr. J. E. Bennett judged the poultry and Mr. H. B. Donovan the pigeons.

The following varieties are on the list for the February meeting:—Light Brahmas, black red, brown-red, pile and duckwing Game Bantams, A.O.V. Game Bantams, white and black Minorcas, Spanish, Andalusians and Dorkings.

The following are the judges:—Light Brahmas, Mr. J. E. Bennett; Games, Mr. William Barber; Minorcas, Mr. Thomas A. Duff; Spanish, Andalusians and Dorkings, Mr. Jos. Dilworth.

The meeting adjourned at 10 p.m. Receipts \$4.85.

R. DURSTAN,
Secretary.

PUBLISHERS' NOTES

Mr. J. H. Cayford, Box 1,168, Montreal, is our Agent and Correspondent for the Province of Quebec. Any correspondence relating to subscriptions or advertising may be addressed to him.

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4. The courts have decided that refusing newspapers or periodicals from a post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for while unpaid, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

The Canadian Poultry Review

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