St. John Chronicle.

"COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE."

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THE ST. JOHN CHRONICLE,

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Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally neatly executed.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the discretion of the publisher.

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All letters, Orders, Communications, &c., must be post-paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

☞ Archibald M'Allister, is an authorized Agent for the *Chronicle* at Gagetown, and vicinity.

Stephen Wiggins, is an authorized Agent for Grand Lake.

☞ The *Chronicle* is filed, and may be seen free of charge at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 244 Strand, London. Professor Holloway is duly empowered to receive all monies due our establishment in London, and whose receipts will be regarded by us as valid.

Mutual Insurance Company.

JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER, Esqr., *President.*

Directors—J. W. LAWRENCE, S. R. FOSTER, C. H. ETTERBROOKS, JOHN ANDERSON. *Solicitor*—J. M. ROBINSON, Esq. *Secretary*—ISAAC WOODWARD, Esquire.

☞ Applications for Insurance against Fire to be made at the office of the Secretary, Wiggins' Brick Building, Princess-street. May 23.

WILLIAM H. LESTER,

GROCER and Provision DEALER,
CORNER PRINCESS AND CHARLOTTE STREETS.

Goods sent to all parts of the City free of charge September 19, 1856.

WILLIAM WEDDERBURN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
No. 13, Princess Street, St. John, N. B.

Petitions for Patents, Insurance Claims, and Conveyancing in all its Branches executed with accuracy. May 29, 1857.

CHARLES W. WELDON,

Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Ranney, Sturdee & Co Prince William-street, St. John, N. B.
May 28, 1852.

MR. W. P. DOLE,

Attorney and Barrister-at-Law,
HAS REMOVED to the Office lately occupied by Charles Watters, Esquire, in Messrs. Deveber's building, Prince William Street.
August 22, 1856.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—The Subscriber having been lately appointed a Licensed AUCTIONEER for Queen's County, trusts from the Public a Share of Business which shall receive his prompt attention, on most reasonable terms. ARCHIBALD McALLISTER.
Gagetown, August 22, 1856.

GEORGE WHITMAN,

Auctioneer, Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.
CLEMENTSPORT, N. S.

DOOLEY'S

MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE HOTEL, State Street, Boston. Conducted on the European Plan.

Rooms per day,	50 cts.
Rooms per week,	$3,00
Lodging	37 1-2 cts.

N. B.—A Restaurant is attached, where Meals will be served at all hours of the day.
January 11, 1856. 1y.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.

GEORGE WOODS,

Princess Street next adjoining Dunn's Steam Saw Mill, a few doors from the corner of Germain Street.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
August 29.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.

Ex *Ann Rankin*, and *Courier*, from London:—

1000 KEGS Brandram's No. 1, White LEAD;
230 Kegs Yellow, Red, Black, Green, and Blue PAINTS;
50 Kegs Zinc Paint;
35 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL;
3 Bbls. Copal and Oak VARNISH;
7 Cans Carriage and White Copal do.;
1 Cask Brandram's Liquid Dryer;
5 " do. Patent do.;
50 dzs. Deep GOLD LEAF;
5 " Patent Glaziers' DIAMONDS.
For Sale at No. 1, North side Market Square.
Nov. 14. W. O. SMITH.

Oysters! Oysters!!

JUST received per steamer "Adelaide," from Boston:—12 bbls. Prime OYSTERS—fresh from the beds. Also—On hand, a few barrels of Fresh Shediac Oysters, which will be served up in any style required, at
JAMES KENNY'S
Eating House Water street.
N. B.—MEALS served up at the shortest notice—Day and Evening. J. K.
St. John, N. B., August 29.

COALS.—On hand ex Yard: 100 Chal. Orre COAL; 50 do Newcastle do.; 250 Scotch do For sale low by
Feb. 9. JOHN WALKER.

FUR CAPS—In every variety of Fur—made up on the premises, in the latest styles.
D. H. HALL,
October 21. 41, King-street.

TEAS.—Just received, and imported expressly for Family use:—
10 chests Souchong TEA;
10 catty boxes do. do.;
10 chests Breakfast Oolong do;
10 catty boxes do. do;
10 chests good retailing do.—For sale low.
August 29. JOHN McCOSKERY.

Beans and Shad.

40 BUSHELS N. S. White BEANS; 20 half-barrels good SHAD. For Sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Feb. 20. Ward-street

RUBBER CLOTHING.

COATS, CAPES, PANTS, LEGGINGS, Caps, &c., &c., of the very best quality just received from the manufactory.
—ALSO—
A new and superior article of RUBBER COATS, *price only* 20s. THOS. R. JONES,
5, Dock-street, one door above the Old Stand.
Oct. 3.

M. N. POWERS, Undertaker, &c.

Fourth Door North Trinity Church, Germain-st St. John, N. B.,

WOULD inform the public that he has purchased that beautiful and much admired Gothic Hearse from the Messrs. Lawrence, which he will furnish to parties requiring the same, with a careful driver.

He likewise attends to Funerals and furnishes every article in the above line in a superior style, and at prices more moderate than any other establishment in this City.

Orders from the Country attended to with care at the shortest notice.

FURNITURE.

M. N. P. will make to order all descriptions of MAHOGANY, WALNUT, BUTTERNUT, and PINE FURNITURE, at short notice, of superior material and workmanship. Prices moderate.

☞ Every description of Upholstery, Curtains, Carpets, &c., attended to at short notice. Old Furniture cleaned and repaired.

N. B. On hand a beautiful lot of Coffins.

Brandrams No. 1, White Lead and Coloured Paints.

RECEIVED per "Ann Rankin," and For Sale by the Subscriber—
4 Tons Brandram's No. 1 White LEAD;
1 Ton assorted COLOURS;
4 Casks Dry Red and White LEAD;
Raw and Burnt Umber; Raw and Burnt Terra de.; Sienna, Drop Black, Ultramarine Blue, &c. &c.;
1 case Deep Gold Leaf; 6 cases Florence OIL.
In Store—9000 feet Window GLASS, assorted sizes.
Oct. 24. S. L. TILLEY.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY.
Price 1s. sterling, with numerous Engravings and Cases.

NERVOUS DEBILITY: its Causes, Symptoms, and Cure.—An Essay on Spermatorrhœa, and the various forms of premature Decay, resulting from imprudence and vicious indulgence, with plain directions for perfect restoration to health; and practical Observations on a new mode of detecting Spermatorrhœa and other Urethral Discharges by Microscopic examination,—
BY SAMUEL LA'MERT, M.D.,
37, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medicine, Matriculated Member of the University of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the London Hospital Medical Society, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, &c.

Sold by MORTON AND COGSWELL, Halifax, Nova Scotia, and by H. CHUBB & Co. St. John's, New Brunswick
Price One Guinea Sterling.

31st March, 1857.

RAILROAD LUMBER YARD,

PORTLAND BRIDGE.

THE Subscribers grateful for the patronage extended to them during the past year, now offer for sale on reasonable terms a varied Stock of Seasoned LUMBER, comprising:—
PINE BOARDS and PLANKS;
Planed and Rough FLOORING;
Spruce and Pine Refuse BOARDS & SCANTLING;
CLAP-BOARDS, Siding, LATHS, &c. &c.
WHITING & PENALAGON.
J. M. F. WHITING,
J. T. PENALAGON.
May 1 1m.

French Paper Hangings.

Ex "Zurich" from Havre, thence by "Charles," from New York:—
2 CASES containing a very rich assortment of French PAPER HANGING—all new styles. B. O'BRIEN.
May 1.

NEW MEAT SHOP.

THE Subscriber thankful to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business, begs leave to inform them that he has taken the SHOP No. 11 Market Street, where (in conection with his Stall No. 4 City Market,) there will always be found a general assortment of MEATS and POULTRY of the best the market affords.

VEGETABLES of all kinds when in season.

☞ All orders left at either place will be strictly executed on the Square.
Jan. 22—1m. WM. C. GODSOE.

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of Andrew Sherwood late of the Parish of Upham, in King's County, (deceased) are requested to present the same duly attested within eighteen months from this date and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to
RICHARD C. SHERWOOD, JOHN F. SHERWOOD, } *Executors*
Upham, K. C., March 7th, 1857.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his Entire Stock in-Trade from his old stand, to 27 North side King street, next to Mr. Frost's Shoe Store, and directly opposite Canterbury street, where will be found a general assortment of *HATS* and *CAPS*, Foreign and Domestic.
A. MAGEE Hatter, &c.,
27 North side King street.
☞ The Latest Fashions always on hand.
Feb. 27.

S. K. FOSTER'S Shoe Store.

Just received per steamer from Liverpool:—
A Large assortment of Ladies, Misses, Boys, Children's, and Infants CLOTH BOOTS, of all qualities, suitable for the season.
A great variety of Men's, Women's, Misses, Children's and infants FELT BOOTS, Shoes and Slippers of every quality.
OIL HAND—A large lot of Women's Prunella BOOTS, suitable for wearing under Rubber Shoes in Winter—for 3s. to 4s. 6d. a pair.
Oct. 17. S. K. FOSTER.

HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES.—Now landing from the "John Barbour," one case London Holloway's PILLS and OINTMENT, warranted genuine. For sale by
S. L. TILLEY
April 17. 35, King street

WANTED, by a young man belonging to the City, a situation in a Grocery Store, having some knowledge of the business would be willing to make himself generally useful, will give good reference. Apply at this Office. April 17.

Oysters. Oysters.

4 BBLS. Prime Shediac OYSTERS, which will be served up in any style required.
Also—MEALS and LUNCHEONS served up at the *shortest notice*—Day an Evening—at
JAMES KENNY'S,
Sept. 26. Eating House, Water-street

Confectionary.

THE Subscriber has just received per Pilgrim from Glasgow—150 lbs Choice CONFECTIONARY, consisting of Conversation, Peppermint & mixed LOZENGES, Morro HEARTS, Ginger & Polka Seals, Rosebuds, Bracelets, Polka & Princess Balls, Horehound, Acid, Rose Acid, Pine Apple, Pear, Plum, Strawberry, and Alphabet Drops, Almonds, BARLEY SUGAR.
July 11. S. L. TILLEY.

LIVERPOOL OAKUM.—Landing ex "John Duncan"—5 Tons Liverpool OAKUM. For Sale by JOHN WALKER,
May 22. Ward-street

LIVERPOOL HOUSE COALS.—Landing ex "John Duncan"—60 chals. Liverpool House COALS, which will be sold low if taken from alongside. JOHN WALKER.
May 29. Ward-street.

TEA! TEA, &c.

IN STORE—30 Half Chests finest Souchong and Congo TEAS. "Recorder," "Henry Harbeck," and "White Swallow;" 10 do Oolong do., "Samuel Russell" and "Monsoon;"
2 do Old Hyson; 1 do. Gunpowder;
5 Bbls Crushed SUGAR; Brown Porto Rico ditto, and Molasses; Maple do., and Honey;
Fresh Ground COFFEE;
300 Lbls. Dried APPLES, (sliced and cored);
2 Tierces CRANBERRIES;
40 Packages RAISINS, in prime order
Zante and Smyrna Currants and Prunes;
3 Tierces Rice; Family FLOUR, Oatmeal, Gray Buckwheat, and Corn MEAL, Clark's Corn Starch, Hecker's FARINA; "Morr's" Ginger, BROMA, Cocoa Paste, Prepared Cocoa and CHOCOLATE; Scotch Marmalade, Window GLASS and putty; Porter's Burning FLUID, Chamberlain's SALERATUS in boxes, Cucumber PICKLES in vinegar and pickle; Castile and other SOAPS; 20 bushels NEW BRUNSWICK GRASS SEED, BEANS and PEASE, Sage and Hops, Buckwheat, and OATS; 10 boxes TOBACCO; 10 M. CIGARS choice brands; 10 do Woodstock Pipes; fat SHAD, Mackerel and Labrador Herrings—together with a general assortment of Groceries, inferior to none in the City at lowest Market rates, at No. 70 Charlott street, St. John.
JAMES G. LESTER.

TO LET.—The Hole in the Rock.
April 17. J. G. L.

Keating's Cough Lozenges.

THIS WORLD-RENOWNED MEDICINE, which has obtained such celebrity in all parts of the Globe, in the cure of COUGH, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and other affections of the Chest and Pulmonary Organs is strongly recommended to all suffering from any of the above disorders, as one Trial will be sufficient to prove their undoubted efficacy, being frequently used under the recommendation of the most eminent of the Faculty.

Prepared and sold in Boxes, and Tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., No. 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Venders in the World.

N.B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraved on the Government Stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIALS.

Recent Testimonial from a native Medical man in Bombay.

Agiari Lane, Native Town, Bombay, October 2nd, 1855.

Dear Sir,—I have great pleasure in informing you of the great good your excellent *Cough Lozenges* do in Pulmonary diseases.

I am a Medical Practitioner in Bombay, and am satisfied with their good effects, and would feel obliged by your sending me the wholesale price for a quantity.

I remain, Sir, yours, respectfully,
COWASJI RUTTONJI KHARADI.
T. KEATING, Esq.

Recent Testimonial to the value of Keating's Cough Lozenges.

I cannot express what I suffered,—coughing expectorating, and the respiration impeded Strange to say, I gradually recovered, without any treatment, except by taking a few boxes of Keating's Cough Lozenges My lungs were so much affected, and the general health so debilitated, that I had but little hopes of recovery.

3rd Nov., 1853. (Signed) J. PICKERSGILL.
Serjeant 66th Regiment, Quebec.

To Mr. KEATING, 79, St. Paul's Church Yard.

☞ Agent for St. John—Messrs. CHUBB & Co.
For Fredericton—Mr. GALE, Druggist.
October 31, 1856.

FLOUR STORE.

THE Subscriber will keep on hand the following articles:
FLOUR in Barrels; Do. in Bags;
Do. Extra do., for Family use;
CORN MEAL, in Bls.; Do. in Bags;
Extra do for Family use;
RYE FLOUR, Horse Feed, and BRAN;
CORN and OATS, &c. &c., with other kinds Mill Produce.

The undersigned intends carrying on the above business in addition to his present one, in the Shop adjoining the one he now occupies, and lately occupied and so long and favourably known as

Mr. Andrew Reed's Flour Store

SOUTH SIDE KING'S SQUARE.

The undersigned hopes, by keeping a good Stock always on hand, and selling at a low price to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage hitherto extended to the above establishment.
L. MITCHELL,
April 9, 1856. North Side King's square

S. K. FOSTER'S

LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE
Foster's Corner, Germain Street.

LADIES' White and Black Satin BOOTS;
Ladies' White and Black Satin SLIPPERS;
Ladies' White and Black Kid SLIPPERS;
Ladies' Bronze Kid SLIPPERS;
Ladies' Finest Enamelled SLIPPERS, and several other sorts for Ball purposes.
September 26. S. K. FOSTER.

Fish, Liquors etc.,

—IN STORE—
350 QUINTALS Cod COD FISH;
75 do. POLLOCK;
5 whole and 50 half-barrels prime SHAD;
10 chests Congo TEA; 300 pieces Grind-stones, from 15 in. to 45 in.; 20 brls. Gibb'd Herrings;
10 boxes PIPES; 5 do. Pepper Sauce; 20 dozen Bushel BASKETS; 1 bbl. Rum Colouring, Am.;
1 pun. Cammelton WHISKEY; 1 pun. J. RUM;
3 puns. Am. RUM; Port and Sherry WINE; 1 pipe Cognac, BRANDY; 1 do. H. GIN; and a general assortment of good GROCERIES.
—*In Bond (at Walker's)*—
5 puns. ALCOHOL—for sale at lowest Market Rates. JOHN MARVEN,
Ward-street.

I would also inform my Customers and the Public in general that I have enlarged my premises, and will be better able to accommodate them in future.
Oct. 17. J. MARVEN.

THE VICTIM'S FRIEND.—32 pages, free everywhere by post for two stamps.—A popular Essay adapted for those residents of warm climates who are disordered through secret impure habits, and sexual indulgences. By Dr. WM. BAYNTON, Member Royal College Surgeons, England, 1833, &c. &c., with whom patients may correspond, and receive the necessary specifics in *Sealed* cases at £5, £10, and £20. 69, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, London, England.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

Received per Brigt. "Antelope:"—
10 QR. CASKS Fine Pale SHERRY;
10 do. do. Hennessay's Old BRANDY;
Also, per "Enterprise:"—
30 pipes De Kuyper's HOLLANDS;
15 hhds. do. do.;
30 do. Hennessay's and Martell's BRANDY
10 puns. Scotch WHISKEY, fine quality.
For Sale at market rates.
September 26. JOHN McCOSKERY.

SATIN HATS.—Gentlemen wishing a superior light SATIN HAT, can be supplied with a very superior article at 41, King-street.
May 29. D. H. HALL.

Poetry.

AN INVITATION TO THE COUNTRY.

All day, from shrubs by our summer dwelling,
The Easter sparrow repeats his song;
A merry warbler, he chides the blossoms,
The idle blossoms, that sleep so long.

The blue bird chants, from the elm's long branches,
A hymn to welcome the budding year;
The south wind wanders from field to forest,
And softly whispers, The Spring is here!

Come, daughter mine, from the gloomy city,
Before these lays from the elm have ceased;
The violet breathes by our door as sweetly
As in the air of her native East.

Through many a flower in the wood is waking,
The daffodil is our door side queen;
She pushes upward the sward already,
To spot with sunshine the early green.

No lays so joyous as these are warbled
From wiry prison in maiden's bower;
No pampered bloom of the green house chamber
Has half the charm of the lawn's first flower.

Yet these sweet lays of the early season,
And these fair sights of its sunny days,
Are only sweet when we fondly listen,
And only fair when we fondly gaze.

There is no glory in star or blossom
Till looked upon by a loving eye;
There is no fragrance in April breezes,
Till breathed with joy as they wander by.

Come, Julia dear, to the sprouting willows,
The opening flower, and the gleaming brooks,
And hollows green in the sun are waiting
Their downer of beauty from thy glad looks.

Miscellany.

A NOTABLE WALKING MATCH.

About a month ago some of the leading sporting men of this city got up a walking match between the two widely known walking champions, Mickey Free and Charles Tramer. The match was for $1,000 a side; the one that gave out first, went to sleep, sat down, or tumbled off the plank, to lose the money. The place selected for the match was a hall in Ninth Avenue. A platform forty feet long and five feet wide was constructed along the hall. A partition ran through the centre of this platform, leaving for each contestant a plank of thirty inches wide.

The walking commenced last Monday night at 7 o'clock, and was kept up, till 8 A. M. last Friday—85 hours in all—when Tramer jumped off the plank, and Mickey Free was declared victor. Hosts of sporters visited the hall during the continuance of the match, and many bets were made and lost upon the result. During the last three hours that Tramer kept on the plank he was completely out of his head, and did not know where he was.—He would walk a few steps, then jump up and down and laugh violently. Finally, in one of his crazy jumps, he leaped off the plank and was declared the loser.—Mickey, too was nearly crazy—at least so he confessed, since. The contracted hall and low ceiling, with the dense crowd in constant attendance, kept the air exceedingly impure, and made it more trying for the contestants than it otherwise would have been.

Mickey Free is an Irishman, 38 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high, and weighing 128 pounds. He was dressed in cotton flannel drawers and undershirt, striped Nankin pants extending to the knees, white woolen stockings, large heavy shoes, and a jockey cap. Mickey had been the champion of several walking matches.—He walked 1,000 miles in a thousand consecutive hours, in 1852, in Jersey City.—At the Zoological Garden, in Dublin he walked 1,100 miles in 1,100 consecutive hours.

Charles Tramer is an Englishman, 31 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high and weighs 140 pounds. Over white flannel drawers and undershirt he wore short pants of a light blue, fringed with green, and Scottish plaid pants heavy shoes, with several cuts to let the air in. He has lately walked in two matches in California, in both of which he came off victor. His last walk was 115 consecutive hours against time.—*Am. Paper.*

THE TRUE WIFE.—She is no true wife who sustains not her husband in the day of calamity, who is not when the world's great frown makes the heart chill with anguish, his guardian angel, growing brighter and more beautiful as misfortunes crowd along his path. Then is the time for the trial of her gentleness, then is the time for testing whether the sweetness of her temper beams only with a transient light, or like the steady glory of the morning star, shines just as bright under the clouds. Has she then smiles just as charming. Does she say 'affliction cannot touch our purity, and should not quench our love?' Does she try by happy little inventions to lift from his sensitive spirit the burdens of thought?

There are wives—nay, there are beings—who, when dark hours come, fall to repining and upbraiding—that adding to outside anxiety the harrowing scenes of domestic strife—as all the blame in the world would make one hair white or black, or to change the decree gone immutably forth. Such know not that our darkness is heaven's light; our trials but steps in the golden ladder, by which if we rightly ascend, we may at last gain that eternal light, and bathe forever in its fulness and beauty.

'Is *that* all?' and the gentle face of the wife beamed with joy. Her husband had been on the verge of distraction—all his earthly possessions were gone—and he feared the result of *her* knowledge, she had been so tenderly cared for all her life. 'But,' says Irving's beautiful story, a friend advised him not to give sleep to his eyes, nor slumber to his eyelids until he had unfolded to her all his hapless case.

And that was her answer with the smile of an angle—*Is that all?* I feared by your sadness it was worse. Let these beautiful things be taken—all this splendor, let it go—I care not for it—I only care for my husband's love and confidence. You shall forget, in my affection, that you were ever in prosperity—only still love me, and I will aid you to bear these little reverses with cheerfulness.

Still love her! a man must reverence, aye liken her to the very angels, for such a woman is a living revelation of heaven.'—*Mrs. Denison.*

BE KIND TO YOUR WIFE.—Be kind to your wife. Think how, in the first blush of maiden beauty, she turned aside from the haunts of pleasure and caresses of fond parents, and brothers, and sisters, to follow your fortunes through the world. Think with what blended hope and agony you followed her from place to place, watching her every look, and pondering the meaning of her most careless tones, until, won by your importunity, she placed her hand all trustfully in yours, and said, "I am all your own. Think of the cares, and anxieties, and physical suffering she has incurred for you, and do not desert her now, when her cheek is faded, her step has lost its elasticity, and she sits an unoomplaining watcher over your best interests, a self incarcerated prisoner in her own home.

TO MAKE ADMONITION EFFECTUAL.—Find fault, when you must find fault, in private, if possible; and some time after the offence, rather than the time. The blamed are less inclined to resist when they are blamed without witnesses. Both parties are are calmer and the accused party is struck with the forbearance of the accuser, who has seen fault, and watched for a private and proper time for mentioning it.

WOMAN'S HATE.

"Heaven has no rage like love to hatred turn'd,
Nor hell a fury like a woman scorn'd."
—*Congreve.*

'What! woman whose form, whose voice, whose soul, seem made for love and gentleness alone—invert the order of her being, and dedicate herself to the dark purposes of hatred and revenge! I'll not believe it!' exclaimed a noble looking youth to an elderly gentleman, companion with him in the parlor of an inn at Dover. Having exhausted, in the journey from Paris, the common topics of conversation, they now sought a new and worthier theme of discussion—the varieties of the human heart. Nature had assigned age in forming a strong and distinctive dissimilarity in the appearance of the two. The clear, open, unclouded brow of the one, bore the impress of joyousness and buoyant gayety; whilst on that of the other, care, anxiety and acerbity were indelibly stamped.

'Aye,' replied the latter, 'and at your period of life, ere observation had taught me the fallacy of the doctrine, I should have received the assertion I made to you with the same incredulity; but assure yourself that I speak only truth, when I aver that as intensely as woman can love, she can hate. Long and fearful, I acknowledge must be the combat in her soul, ere she consents to wind up her energies to this fearful consumation. An earthquake of conflicting passions, each striving for mastery in her breast, must shake her spirit to its foundation; she must love, deeply, fondly love, yet be abandoned by him whom she loves. She must be wronged, despised, scorned, and calumniated, before the tender sympathies of her nature will turn to bitterness and gall. But that the fairest bosom can heave with the deadliest vengeance, the brightest flash with the wildest fury, *I have seen*'—and he shuddered as he spoke.

'When, where!' eagerly demanded his youthful interrogator; 'let me know the country where such feelings are generated that I may avoid it.'

'What country? Think you that the heart, like the soil we tread, recognizes the restriction of limits and landmarks? That it owns and is tributary to the localities of earthly space? That its dominion varies with clime or continent, and that a peculiar tract or territory of ground determines its operations! No! Human nature is essentially the same throughout the world. The forms of society may establish a line of demarkation between the untutored savage and the civilized European, and as a sign to the one a pre-eminence over the other. But the distinction extends only to their outward bearing; for, are they not alike internally, accessible to the same influences, governed by the same passions, subject to the same contingencies, obnoxious to the same feelings?'

'But these may be directed and controlled by superior illumination.'

'That I admit. Combinations, circumstances, even climate, may unite to give to the same actions a different aspect; but it is for the universality of the one governing principle which produces them, whose empire is general, whose source is changeless, that I contend.'

'May I ask if your opinions are the result of observation?'

'O, anxious research, and long continuous observation. My appearance indicates that I have numbered many years; forty of these I have devoted to one single pursuit, the study of human nature. It is the knowledge I have sought after with unwearied zeal, the science I have prosecuted with unabated ardor. I have visited distant lands, versed myself in foreign languages, with a reference to this object. Not for the petty distinction of having traversed more leagues, and heard stranger tongues than my neighbors; my aim has been to circumnavigate the heart of man. I have done this—I have dived into its inmost recesses, explored its furthest realms. My spiritual plumet has dared to fathom its perilous depths. The stormy sea of human passion, has been the ocean I loved to range, and watch its waves in sleep or storms. My voyage has been a fearful and eventful one, and many a tale of terror and gloom has it stored in memory's harbor.

'I have been convinced of the existence of many a feeling which for the dignity of our nature I had rather had believed dormant in the fathomless abyss of oblivion. But if I have touched on isles of darkness, I have also found many a spot of verdant beauty; for, believe me, Sir, man is not the debased and degraded being by nature, which the modern fashionable advocates of licentiousness find it their interest to represent, because it assimilates better with their own practice. Virtue is as indigenous to the soil as vice. But enough of this—an old man's reflections can have but little charms for the ear of a youth like you.'

'Not so, indeed. You mentioned, Sir, I think, having yourself witnessed an illustration of your theory of woman's hate; if no infringement of secrecy, or violation of feeling, may I solicit the particulars of the instance?'

'The gratification of your request will interfere with neither of these; she to whom I alluded, when furnishing me with the facts, bound me to no oath of silence, and is herself now sleeping where the bane of earthly censure can never reach her. Reflect, however, on what you ask. If the belief in woman's undeviating tenderness contributes to your happiness, why seek to dispel the illusion? And that your faith may be shaken, after hearing the little tale I am about to disclose is probable.'

'Never—I may, and doubtless shall, regard it as a singular aberration from general rules, not as an example of common occurrence. Is it historical?'

'It is. During a sojourn at Cadiz, in pursuance of my usual practice I visited the prisons of the city. In one of these the heroine of my story was confined—for what crime you will know hereafter: she was ill, and I attended her voluntarily in my medical capacity, for she interested me much. At one of my visits she placed in my possession a bundle of papers, with an injunction to give them into the hands of her child, who was not allowed direct communication with her. I sought and found the house where the boy resided; but him to whom my visit was made I found a corpse! An accident that very morning deprived him of life. I hastened back to his mother with the fearful news; and here, by a singular and fatal coincidence, a scene of death awaited me also: she had been tried, condemned and the following day fixed for her execution. To avoid the public ignomy of a scaffold, she had preferred the dreadful alternative of self-murder, and swallowed a quantity of poison. I found her in the last agonies of dissolution—senseless and speechless; a few brief minutes passed and the strong convulsion subsided—the bosom heaved its last sigh, and the body alone remained tenant of the cell—the spirit was in eternity! For a while I kept the MS. without opening it; but ere I quitted Cadiz I perused it; I found a family of high distinction implicated in the narrative, and to his care, whom most it involved, I transmitted the document. Before parting with the original, however, I made a sketch in my own language from it, of the leading events; this I have preserved, and shall have much pleasure in allowing you to inspect; the substitution of fictious names for real ones is the only alteration I have adopted.'

He opened a small portmanteau, and selecting from it a packet of papers, deposited them with his youthful fellow-traveller, who read as follows:—

'Sebastian, my boy for thy sake thy wretched mother consents to become the historian of her own injuries, the registrar of her own guilt. It was in the beautiful and romantic vale of Medelin, Estramadura, that I drew my first breath. My parents in honest and contented industry, followed the humble occupation of peasants. They did not feel their poverty; they gained sufficient by diligence and frugality to supply the exigencies of life, and its meretricious wants were to them unknown. The welfare of their offsprings, consisting of myself and one brother, formed their whole care; him at an early age they were induced to confide to the charge of an opulent merchant, who traded in the Levant, and who stipulated to require at the expiration of a certain term of years his heretofore unpaid services, by providing for and establishing him in his own profession. Thus relieved from anxiety on his account, my parents were left to concentrate their interest in me, and the sole aim and effort of their being appeared to be, to promote the happiness of their beloved Zidonia, and in this they were for a while successful. My youth was passed in almost unearthly peace. My spirit's bloom like the air I inhaled, fragrant with the blossoms that sighed around me, was balmy and pure. Sickness approached me not, grief came not near me. My life as it were, resembled the tinted rainbow, where joy, happiness and serenity bent their soft and brilliant hues into one beautiest whole, in the midst of a restless world of envy and discord, I could have fancied myself some fairy creation exempted from the contagion of its sufferings—the palpable impersonation of a dream, the native of some celestial sphere, where the Madona breathed over her children the exhalations of her heavenly grace. I yet love to linger, O! I could for ever linger on this delicious portion of the past. But I must onward in my narrative, I must fling from my pen the odor that clings about, while retracing the halcyon days of my infancy and youth, to steep it in the gall which embitters the record of after years. You have seen my picture, Sebastian; but though somewhat like me, it fails to afford any adequate notion of my then transcendent loveliness, I was stamped with the lineaments of an angel, only to be the medium of transforming my mind to that of a fiend. Perchance you may think your mother says false, when she tells you that these eyes now glaring in their sockets, which have often caused you to shrink back and tremble, had once a tender radiance, soft as the blue depths of a summer sky; that these amber tresses, which the storm of grief hath blanched with its touch, were bright and shining as our orange groves! Why should I speak of beauty, but to curse and deprecate its possession. The deviation in the character of my beauty, from the complexion of my countrywomen, attracted universal regard and admiration, and collected around me all the youth of our village in homage and devotion. I smiled approval on all of them, but loved not any; when, on my eighteenth birthday, a village *fete* was prepared in my honor, at which I was elevated to preside as queen of the rural festivities. Though there were many assembled, I saw but one, and he was a stranger, who acknowledged himself drawn thither by the report that had reached him of the beautiful peasant's daughter. It was the young, handsome, and gallant Marquis Velasco! It was thy father boy. At that name let the healthful current, which has hitherto flowed in thy youthful veins, be changed to bitterness; let poison circulate through thy frame and only rancor live in thy breast. Humiliating it is indeed, to confess to a child his mother's infamy; to seek the smothered curse he must breathe on her head for the disgrace she had fixed to his birth; yet it must be done—I would fain deceive the world, but my child shall know my most secret imaginings. Among the highest grandees of our land the Marquis Velasco had for centuries boasted the proudest name, the purest escutcheon, and the richest inheritance. The present youthful descendant shamed not his ancestry; in

outward appearance he was princely—nay, godlike; to be brief, to be brief, he won my love, and by the degrading use of perfidy and falsehood, obtained the splendid victory over a fond, weak, credulous woman's virtue. When he first approached me, he talked, nay swore, indeed, of marriage; but when the prospect of a double claim upon his faith and love appeared, he shrank from the ratification of his promise, he refused to wipe away the indelible stain he had cast upon me, and, by throwing the protection of his name around me, shielded me in part from the world's contumely. No, no—I was to bear, patiently and alone, the soul-harrowing sight of my wretched parents sinking into the grave beneath the weight of their daughter's disgrace, I was to listen, without one tongue to silence the scoffers, to the taunts of malignant rivals, and my reward was to be a few hurried minutes of his presence, a few heartless kisses—and my burning tears were to be repaid by the offering of a few paltry pieces of gold! Yes, he mocked my misery, by seriously assuring me that all my wants should be provided for. All my wants! Could the wealth of worlds repay to me the treasure I had forfeited? Could the richest pearls compensate the tears that anguish had wrung from my heart's mine? Oh! never. Midst the wailings of my parents, and the hardly suppressed curses of your mother, you were born into the world. No rapturous kiss of holy joy greeted your appearance—no prayer of devout thanksgiving hallowed your birth. As I gazed on you, I saw the image of your false father, reflected back in every lineament of your countenance, and I could have hurled you from me; but I did not—I wildly clasped you to my bosom, and my emotion vented itself in a deep, a dreadful oath of vengeance on the author of you hapless being. Time rolled on, and if aught could have softened the stern vindictiveness of my spirit, it would have been the constant contemplation of thy beauty and innocence; but these only served as an additional stimulus to my dreadful purpose. Velasco occasionally visited me, and in order effectually to throw him off his guard, and defeat his suspicions of the existence of any hostile feeling in my breast towards him, I disembled my animosity, and constrained myself to receive him with the appearance of affection. I wreathed my lips with smiles, while my heart frowned beneath. I thanked him for his kind condescension, in remembering me when all the world had forsaken me—but I did not remind him thro' whom I had been divorced from society. I blessed him with an air of humble gratitude for his liberality! Liberality!—when the pittance he awarded me from his ample revenue scarcely availed for the subsistence of myself and thee! I hid the flame that was smouldering in my bosom, whose fire should one day light the altar of everlasting wretchedness in his, or denounce him as the intended victim of woman's hate. Various were the schemes of vengeance that I revolved in my mind, but discarded them all, as inadequate to cancel to the amount of my injuries; when himself pointed out the means, and placed the weapon of destruction in my hand. My subdued manners had so imposed on him the belief that my passion for him had subsided into a calm and steady friendship, that he was accustomed to seek my judgment in the regulation of his conduct. But he went farther; he made me the confidant of a new passion which he had acquired for Senora, the fair daughter of one of our nobles. Great heavens! the fire that burns in the bosom of Etna is cold to that which raged in mine as I listened to the announcement—and from his lips too! Those lips, which, while fondly pressed to mine, had so often vowed to love me alone, and to love me ever! He asked my assistance—these I gave—while swearing to myself to hurl back my wrongs a thousand fold on the head of my detested rival. Let it suffice, that in a few months I was totally neglected, and I saw my seducer and deserter caressing his bride! Now it was that I began to arrange my system of revenge.

(To be Concluded.)

ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.—At the recent celebration of the completion of the Railroad from Memphis, in Tennessee, to Charleston, in South Carolina, and which connects the Atlantic with the Mississippi, a very agreeable incident occurred. At the conclusion of the regular toasts, His Honor the Mayor, called upon Mr. Alfred Huger, one of the Vice Presidents, for a sentiment, Mr. Huger immediately rose, walked to the Mayor's chair, and amid repeated manifestations of sympathy and applause, from the entire audience, recommended a cessation of those unkindly feelings between the citizens of the United States and the people of Great Britain, concluding with the following sentiment:

"*England, the Mother of these States*—Our standard in the purity of language; our authority in the great principles of law; our exemplar in all that commerce can achieve."

On taking his seat he was enthusiastically cheered. Her Brittanic Majesty's Consul responded to the sentiment. We extract a few sentences from his speech:

"Is it not enough to speak of the affinities of blood, of language and of laws? to dwell upon the great work which they alone can perform of carrying commerce and civilization to the whole world? to point to the glories of a common literature? to noble deeds of arms? or to great discoveries or improvements in art? to intimate relations of business, which render every vicissitude of the one country a matter of vital interest to the other? If all these, gentlemen, be not enough to make us friends, we can never hope for friendship among nations. Yes, gentlemen of the West, you upon whom Providence has lavished every condition of present happiness, and for whom it doubtless reserves a future greatness too brilliant for the mind to compass, may I not hope that this festive occasion will excite in your hearts some tender recollection of that people from whose loins you sprang, and the greatness of whose deeds you are destined to perpetuate. Take back, I pray you, to your no longer distant homes, a kindly feeling towards that ancient land where your forefathers first learned to fear God and to honor freedom, and where the turf even now grows green, in many a village churchyard, over their ashes."

The remarks of the Consul were received with great applause, and three cheers were given for Her Majesty, Queen Victoria.

TWIN brothers, sons of the late William Kirkpatrick, superintendent of the Onondaga salt works in New York, have gone to Paris to make a call on Eugenie the empress, who is their cousin, her mother's father having been the brother of Wm. Kirkpatrick's father.

The Chronicle.

St. John, N. B., July 3, 1857.

MR. JOSEPH W. LAWRENCE, is the Candidate nominated on the Conservative Ticket, to contest the Election with Mr. Tilley, for this City.

THE ELECTION.

"Once more unto the breach, dear friends, once more, and fill the walls up with our English dead."

We are again thrown into a political turmoil, thanks to a new fangled and destructive system, introduced by the Smashers, not at all calculated for this young country, highly inimical to anything like stability, and destructive of the most vital interests of the country. This "*ne plus ultra*" of Legislation, RESPONSIBILITY, bids fair to carry out the most republican ideas of the Chartists, and if persisted in, at no distant date to produce not annual, but semi-annual parliaments, and universal suffrage in its most rabid shape. But such as it is, we are bound to look it fairly in the face, and in the words of *Crooked Richard*, "at least will die with harness on our backs." The men who spent so much money to obtain place and power, who established *sundry* hirelings of the Press, to chaunt their praises, who got up tea drinks, and talked most learnedly to all the Mrs. Caudles of the Province, who attended and spouted politics at every Bible society, and every Temperance division. The men in short who did not hesitate to throw to the winds, their darling and patriotic project of *sobering the universe*. Have climbed to the sumit of power. These men, who if we were to believe their Organs, were to perform miracles in the way of Reform, who were to brighten and clear of old fogyism, this benighted land, have *performed a Session*. And like the mountain in labor have produced a mouse. They have put into the mouth of His Excellency a Speech forshadowing NOTHING! In furnishing the country with an efficient Executive they have done NOTHING!! In bringing down measures, *the crying sin of the late Government*, they have done NOTHING!!! But if promises will suffice, if vaunting will suffice, if much speaking will suffice, if threats and vengeance on the political opponents will suffice, they have done *everything*. But the day of trial is at hand, and we very much mistake the temper of the men of St. John if they do not in the most triumphant manner redeem the character, they in an hour of apathy permitted to depart from them.

The *appointments* they have so far made, are to say the least of them, dissatisfactory, and insignificant in the extreme; while the *disappointments*, to many of even their warmest friends, are fairly forshadowed in the change that has taken place in public sentiment. Reaction and disgust in their former supporters is every where apparent, while confidence, and a determination to redeem what they lost on a former occasion, is the prevailing sentiment with the Conservative party, who in a hope of a speedy return to British principles have "nailed their colors to the mast." "What, shall they hurt the *Lion* to his den, and beard him there." We shall *see*.

In this impression will be found an extract from "The Parliamentary Companion," which fully describes what the SPEAKER, the first commoner of the land *should be*, and also what are his perrogatives. We ask the serious attention of all but rabid Smashers, to calmly compare it with the choice of that highly important officer, recently made by the Smasher Government and as in duty bound, we pause for a reply.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS (DUTIES OF).—This great officer must have been anciently as at present the organ or mouthpiece of the Commons, although in modern times he is more occupied in delivering speeches on their behalf. Amongst the duties of the Speaker are the following:—To read to the Sovereign petitions or addresses from the Commons, and to deliver, in the Royal presence, whether at the Palace or in the House of Lords, such speeches as are usually made on behalf of the Commons; to manage in the name of the House, where counsel, witnesses, or prisoners, are at the bar; to reprimand persons who have incurred the displeasure of the House; to issue warrants of committal or release for breaches of privilege, to communicate in writing with any parties, when so instructed by the House; to exercise vigilance in reference to private bills, especially with a view to protect property in general, or the rights of individuals, from undue encroachment or injury; to express the thanks or approbation of the Commons to distinguished personages; to control and regulate the subordinate officers of the House; to entertain the members at dinner, in due succession, and at stated periods; to adjourn the House at four o'clock, if forty members be not present (see Adjournment); to appoint tellers on divisions. The Speaker must abstain from debating, unless in Committee of the whole House. As Chairman of the House, his duties are the same as those of any other President of a deliberative assembly. (See order.) When Parliament is about to be prorogued, it is customary for the Speaker to address to the Sovereign, in the House of Lords, a speech, recapitulating the proceedings of the session.

SPEAKER—HIS PRIVILEGES, APPOINTMENT, AND RANK.—He is chosen by the House of Commons from amongst its own members, subject to the approval of the Crown, and holds his office till the dissolution of the Parliament in which he was elected. His salary is £6000 a-year, exclusive of a furnished residence. At the end of his official labours he is generally rewarded by a peerage, and a pension of £4000 for two lives. He is a member of the Privy Council, and entitled to rank after Barons. When forty members are not present, he may adjourn the House without leave (see Adjournment). Generally speaking, business cannot be transacted in his absence, though to this rule there was an exception in the year 1606, a prisoner being released by order of the House during the illness of a Sepeaker. Should a member persevere in breaches of order, the Speaker may "name" him, as it is called, a course uniformly followed by the censure of the House. In extreme cases the Speaker may order members or others into custody until the pleasure of the House be signified (see Committals). On divisions, when the numbers happen to be equal, he gives the casting voice, but he never otherwise votes.

CONCERT.—On Tuesday evening next, the Choir of the Germain-street Baptist Church will give a Concert of Sacred and Vocal Music at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute. The programme embraces a choice variety of Solos, Duetts, Choruses, &c., and as the character of this Choir stands pre eminent in musical ability, they will be doubtless greeted by a numerous audience on this occasion.

THOUGHTFUL.—The parties who robbed the Bank in Fredericton, have remitted the sum of $20 through the Post Office here, to the owner of the horse and waggon, hired for the purpose of making their escape.

FIRE.—Early on Sunday morning, a fire broke out in one of Steam Saw Mills of Rankin and Co., at Indian Town, which was entirely consumed. Two of the city engines proceeded to the scene of conflagration, and the fire was confined to the mill in which it originated. The mill was insured for only £1000.—*New Brunswicker.*

Latest from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE "NIAGARA."

HALIFAX, June 20th.

The Steamship *Niagara* from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax, at twenty minutes past eight, on Monday evening.

Steamers *Columbia* from New York, and *Anglo Saxon* from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool on the 18th June.

Steamer *Constitution* left Southampton for New York on the 18th. In coming from Antwerp to Southampton the Constitution was in collision with another vessel, but consequences not serious.

BRITAIN.

In the House of Lords the Commons Bill in relation to ministers money in Ireland was brought up on Thursday.

Lord Granville said that the Bill enacted all existing interests shall be provided for out of the means at the disposal of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and would remove almost the only remaining cause of religious discord in Ireland. Lord Derby opposed the measure, but after a debate the Bill was ordered to a second reading by 101 to 36.

The House of Commons was mainly engrossed on the supply Bills; on a division on one of the appropriations, Government was left in a minority of 10.

Latest by Telegraph from London.—In the House of Commons on Friday, in answer to Sir G. B. Petchell, Sir C. Wood said it was the intention of the Government to increase the number of cruisers on the coast of Cuba for the suppression of the slave trade.

Lord Claude Hamilton asked what steps had been taken by Government to obtain compensation for British subjects residing at Greytown, whose property was destroyed when that town was bombarded in 1854.

Lord Palmerston could not help characterizing the proceedings as violent and cruel, reflecting no credit on the Government who ordered, or the officer who executed the order. The question, however, had to be considered as one of international law, and if the law officers of the Crown decided that the inhabitants of Greytown had no right to compensation.

Lord Lorane remarked that the British Consul's house with the flag flying, was set on fire, and condemned the cowardly policy of England towards the strong power of the United States.

Mr. Roebuck ridiculed the explanation given by the noble Lord that it was not the duty of the country to protect Greytown from conquest, and to allow bombardment without interference. The conduct of the American Government was dishonest, and if the offending power had been China instead of America, they would have heard immediately of insults to the British flag, and reparation would have been enforced.

Mr. Bentinck observed that there had been for some time a want of determination to resent outrages committed by the American Government, and condemned that policy as more likely to promote hostilities than to avert them.

The Attorney General denied that in any case the right to demand satisfaction had been given up by England, and expressed regret at the course which the Government had been compelled to take.

Mr. Disraeli considered the explanation of the Government most unsatisfactory, contending that it was a violation of International Law to bombard an unfortified town. The French Government had sought redress, though the English Government had failed to do so; but he believed that public opinion being brought to bear upon the matter would lead to a different course being adopted.

Lord John Russell approved of the course taken by the Government in regard to the claim for compensation, but thought that explanation should be demanded as to the insult to the British flag. The case of China had been referred to, but our conduct there had been most dubious and so totally opposed to justice, that it was a precedent he hoped would never again be followed. The subject then dropped.

The Catholic members of Parliament generally are still in opposition to the pending Oaths Bill. At an adjourned meeting of influential Catholics a Resolution was carried affirming that the Bill was practically a re-enactment of an oath which was allowed—even by Protestants to be insulting and offensive—and earnestly requesting all the Catholic members of both Houses of the Legislature to oppose the Bill at every stage.

The Cotton Supply Association had held another meeting at Heywood. The attendance was large, and the proceedings were in effect the same as at the previous meetings.

The Bank of England on Thursday reduced its rate of interest to 6 per cent, both for discount and loans on securities, but the movement created only very slight rise in the funds. The discount houses also lowered their rates half per cent.

The London *Times* publishes an article on Walker's career in Nicaragua, in which it calls upon the United States Government not to tolerate such brigandage in future, but to wait patiently until time adds the Central American States to the Union.

The alterations in the frigate Niagara were expected to be completed by Saturday the 20th, on which day she would leave Portsmouth for Liverpool to forthwith commence shipping the submarine cable. The officers of the Niagara were being hospitably entertained by the naval authorities at Portsmouth.

Amongst the presentations to the Queen at a Levee on the 18th, were Messrs. Cornelius Grinnell and J. V. L. Pruyn, of New York, by the American Minister.

The weather in England continued very fine, and the crops were in the most promising condition.

The question of the abolition of the Irish Vice Royalty had created considerable stir in Dublin, and at a special meeting of the Corporation of Dublin a strong protest was entered against it.

FRANCE.

The election canvass continued very animated, but presented no new feature. The democratic party was still divided, and likely to continue so. It was supposed that none of their candidates if elected would take the oath to the Government, although their organs refused to give any satisfaction in the matter.

The plenipotentiaries were to meet at the Foreign Embassy in Paris on the 19th for the purpose of signing the Convention relative to the "Turco-Russian" frontier.

The *Siecle* had received a third warning for an article in favour of the democratic candidates. The Moniteur says that on account of the election, the usual results in this case, a suspension of publication, will not be enforced.

There was a doubtful rumour afloat that Napoleon will shortly pay another visit to Queen Victoria.

Latest by Telegraph from France.—The oath is still in suspense; the Government party attach great importance to it. The Moniteur publishes the official custom returns, from which it appears that there has been an increase of 3,420,710 francs over the corresponding month of last year.

A Mayor who declared himself in favor of the opposition candidate, has been suspended.

PARIS, Friday night, 17th June, at 5 P.M.—The Plenipotentiaries representing the great powers, assembled at the Foreign Office, for the purpose of signing the convention respecting the new frontier of Bessarabia.

THE GERMAN DANISH QUESTION.

The Berlin correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says—that accounts have been received there from Copenhagen, which threaten to bring the German Danish question more rapidly to a solution, and for the time being to augment its complications; there accounts are to the effect that the King of Denmark had held a cabinet council, at which it was resolved that replies should be returned to the notes from Prussia and Austria, containing declaration of its being impossible for his Danish Majesty to assent to the demands of the Austrian and Prussian Governments, as implied in their note, that instructions have been forwarded to the Dantsh envoys at Londone Paris, and St. Petersburg, to lay copies of the reply before the Government to which they are accredited, and at the same time to propose that the question at issue be referred to an European Congress in the event of the German Diet adopting as no doubt it will adopt, the views of the two great courts. The same writer also mentions a rumour of a probable defensive and offensive alliance in the matter between Denmark and Sweden, and a supposition that Russia is disposed to befriend Denmark.

BELGIUM.

The emancipation bill states the Turkish officers on missions in Belgium have been suddenly recalled. This event is construed into a confirmation of the unsatisfactory relations said to be existing between the Governments of the two countries. The Brussels Moniteur announces that an order had been issued for the disbanding of the Militia called to arms during the recent demonstrations.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 12th.—Notwithstanding the favorable weather for crops, Wheat maintains its high price. In some of the Castillian markets, stocks are so small that scarcely any transactions occur, and those are at exorbitant rates. A bad account is given of vineyards of Xerez. Nothing has transpired in relation to the dispute with Mexico.

RUSSIA.

Some disturbances have taken place on the Gallician frontier, the peasants believing the world was coming to an end, committed some excesses, the troops had to be called out.

Letters from St. Petersburg states that the Cholera which is never totally extinct in that Capital, is now raging violently, number of deaths exceed seventy a day.

TURKEY.

The question of the Principalities was growing in importance daily and becoming more a question of principle, the decision which will settle whether nationality will be recognized in the Turkish Empire. The Vienna correspondent of the Times writes that he has good reason to believe that the question will be settled to the satisfaction of all parties. A letter of a compromising nature, written by Ferhad Pasha to Mr. Rossle, the Austrian Consul at Rustchuk, has been seized.

THE VERY LATEST.

The agent of the associated press is indebted to Captain Hickman, the gentlemanly and obliging commander of the steamship Niagara, for latest telegraphic despatches received at Liverpool on the eve of the steamer's departure.

Very latest *Times* City article, London, Saturday morning—It was announced to-day that the acceptance of Messrs. John Loughton & Co., of Liverpool, Ship Brokers have been returned; the liabilities of the firm are stated to amount to £75,000. The funds have been steady at the slight improvement of yesterday, but the market shews little tendency to animation. Money was in request during the morning at the Bank, minimum of six per cent. Later there was a better supply; about £30,000 out of the last arrivals of Californian gold, was taken to the bank to-day.

Rate of discount continues advance at Hamburg, now 6 one quarter per cent.

Paris Bourse seems totally incapable of revival. Neither the reduction in bank of England rate of discount, nor intimation that further artificial supplies of gold are not required by the bank of France, has sufficed to stop the downward movement.

The Moniteur of yesterday publishes an important address from Prefect of Seine to electors—it commences by pointing out that the Government in frankly adopting universal suffrage, wished that the chamber should be the expression of the general will. It has only reserved to itself one means of influence namely—to proclaim aloud to the country, the names of men who enjoy its confidence. People may not be deceived by any false declarations of political opinions—the address then shews that it is only by support of great bodies of state that the Emperor has been enabled to regain for France by arms, wisdom, and policy the grant which is her due in Europe. To be enabled to govern, the Emperor stands in need of an elective independent chamber, but devoted to his cause and new institution. The question therefore, stands clearly thus—first, to vote for candidates designated by Government, and to ratify their conduct by your votes, to approve what they already done, to facilitate execution of grand project of Emperor's; 2d—to vote on other hand for hostile candidates, and to enter a party who have really no sympathy with the people, who in the exercise of power have already given proofs of their insufficiency or inability, and who can only re-establish their party on the misfortunes of their country, your choice cannot be doubtful. The Moniteur subjoins a list of Government candidates.

PERSIA.—Trieste, June 18.—Prince Bariatinski, envoy extraordinary of Russia at court of Teheran, has arrived, accompanied by 17 officers and sixty Cossacks, who served him as escort. The envoy was to be received the following day at an audience of the Shah.

Prince of Herat who was taken prisoner has been beheaded at Teheran.

MARKETS.

Consols for account 93 1-4.

Cotton, fair boweds, 8 1-4d.; Mobile, 8 7-8d.; New Orleans, 8 3-8d.

Breadstuffs firm. Provisions active. Sugar dull—a decline of one shilling per cwt. is reported. Tea advanced 1-2d. to 1d.

TIMBER.—Yellow Pine, 18d. to 22d.; Red 14d. to 15d.; Spruce 16d. to 17d.; Birch, 16d. to 20d. Deals £7 10s. to £8 10s.

FREIGHTS.—Bars, fine iron, 8s., Boston, 9s. to 12s.; New York, 10s. to 12s. 6d.; Philadelphia, 15s. to 17s.; New Orleans, 20s. to 25s.

SHIP NEWS.

Arrived from St. John, June 13th, Eleanor, in the Channel; 14th, Greyhound, Crookhaven; 16th, Revere, Cardiff; Victor, Strachner.

Sailed—12th, Bolivia, Neath.

CHILD DROWNED.—Last evening a fine lad about nine or ten years old, son of Mr. Stentiford, Carriage Maker, fell off Pickard's wharf, and was drowned. We deeply sympathize with the afflicted parents.—*Head Quarter.*

☞The Store of Carvill & Co. of Richibucto with its contents, was entirely consumed by fire on Thursday night. Insured in St. John Office for £1000.

MR. GEORGE PEEBLES.—We are gratified to learn that this gentleman who superintended the Gas Works of this City for twelve years, up to within a few months since, has obtained the superintendence of the Gas Works in Water Town, Wisconsin, at a very handsome salary.—*News.*

DESERTION.—The Halifax Chronicle says—"We regret to learn that desertions are very frequent from this Garrison. On Sunday night the whole guard at the Royal Engineers' Yard, the corporal in charge excepted, deserted in a body. The corporal was tied up prior to their going off. A boat at the Bridge is missing, and it is supposed the men stole her." A few years since the whole of the guard at the Barracks in this City deserted in the same way, after they had hushed up the corporal by gagging him.

The New Orleans Courier of the 11th says, a man named Heinrich Vanderlin went to the residence of Mrs Estelle Wezell, at the corner of Magazine and Harmony streets, drew a double barreled pistol, discharged one barrel at her without effect, and knocked her down with the butt of the pistol. He then put the other barrel in his mouth, and blew his brains out. The parties were formerly husband and wife, she having obtained a divorce from him about two years ago.

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, June 12th.

Some interesting subjects have been discussed in Parliament during the week. First in general importance is undoubtedly the Divorce Bill, which was recommitted in the House of Lords on Tuesday evening in the presence of a large concourse of bishops who mustered for the occasion, and which has now only to pass a third reading. An important amendment was made in the omission of the Archbishop of Canterbury's provision which prohibited the offending party in a divorce from re-marrying. This result is in a great measure due to Lord Brougham, who, coming home from Cannes, where he has been avoiding the cold easterly winds of the Spring, made a fierce onslaught upon this provision as equally immoral and inexpedient. In the Commons Lord Goderich has been endeavouring to elicit from the government some pledge in favour of open competition for appointments to the civil service. The Chancellor of the Exchequer however declares point blank that as at present advised he will assent to no proposal for giving situations in the public departments to the best man in an open competition. Candidates must be nominated before they can compete, so that the old system of patronage is as prevalent, and Mr. Hayter is as powerful as ever. In fact that busy gentleman can now oblige an indefinite number of persons where he formerly obliged but one, because 20 individuals may compete for one situation and each must owe his position as a candidate to political influence.

The Oaths bill is to pass through the Commons and we hear upon good authority that matters are so arranged that it is to be permitted to pass thro' the lords also. It is a bitter pill, but it must be taken. It has cost the Premier some pains to obtain an implicit assurance that his own bill to emancipate the Jews shall be passed. However, it is understood that his lordship has been successful in his negotiations. A further rupture with the ministry would suit neither one party or the other, and this Palmerston knows full well, and accordingly he draws the strings a little tight now and then presuming upon being master of the situation. Well, he is a wonderfully clever man, and deserves all the success he obtains.

As far as the general public are concerned nobody seems to care what parliament is doing at present. The Reform bill is a thing to come, and so people make up their minds to wait patiently. This is of course very decent on the part of the people in general, but it is particularly dull. Sir James Graham was asked in our presence the other day what he thought of the present state of the political world. The right Hon. Baronet elevated his eyebrows and exclaimed "Think? I think things are very suspicious, and that all should be satisfied for things political are *Palmer* than they ever will be again." The hon. baronet is not usually witty, and, therefore, his auditors laughed the more at the pun. Mr. Disraeli has retired from business apparently for a time to reappear next session in a new character,—that of colleague with Palmerston. Club-men joke and say that Palmerston's new Reform bill will be endorsed with the name of the leader of the Opposition as well as his lordship as sponsors.

Another case of respectable middle class immorality has scandalized the metropolis within the last few days. John Gregory, of High street, Borough, wholesale and retail oilman, been declared bankrupt, and has absconded with, as is supposed, upwards of £2000 of gold in his possession. A hundred pounds reward is, therefore, offered for his apprehension, and he also is described as of "a prompt and quick manner." Inspector Field has his hands full. Mr. Gregory, trading in oil wholesale and retail, also traded in religion, and seems on the whole to have made the latter the more profitable speculation. He was a member of Mr. Spurgeon's congregation, and was treasurer of that gentleman's New Chaple fund, about which we have heard so much. If reports speak truly, £2000 in gold with which Gregor has absconded belongs to this fund. He evidently much preferred Mr. Spurgon's money to Mr. Spurgeon's preaching.

(To be Concluded.)

Provincial Legislature.

The following is the Address in answer to His Excellency Speech, which was carried unanimously:—

THE HUMBLE ADDRESS OF HER MAJESTY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

"*May it please Your Excellency,*

"We Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects the Legislative Council in General Assembly, thank Your Excellency for the Speech delivered at the opening of the Session.

"Feeling assured that the exigencies of the public service require the earliest consideration, we cheerfully submit to any inconvenience occasioned by the performance of our public duties.

"While we rejoice to be informed of the Birth of another Princess, we regret to learn the death of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester.

"We shall enter upon our labours with the earnest prayer that our deliberations may result in the maintenance of the character and advancement of the prosperity of the Province."

FREDERICTON, June 26.

The Council met, read the journals of yesterday, and having no business on before them, adjourned at an early hour.

FREDERICTON, June 27.

After reading of Journals some miscellaneous business was transacted.

The Bill relating to erection of wooden buildings in the burnt district of the City of St. John, passed in Committee, with the understanding that it would be discussed on the third reading Monday morning, when it was expected that members for the City and County of St. John would be present.

Mr. Mitchell introduced a Bill to afford greater facilities for the disposal of Timber or Crown Lands. Read a second time.

Mr. R. K. Gilbert moved an address to His Excellency, asking to be laid before the House notices of all appointments of Justices of the Peace since the 12th February last, and the date of the issue of their respective commissions.

Mr. Steadman gave notice of his intention to move an address to His Excellency, asking to be laid before the House copies of all correspondence between the Governor and Colonial Secretary relative to the late dissolution of the Assembly.

House went into Supply at 11½ o'clock.—There was much discussion upon several of the items. The usual amounts for the collection and protection of the Revenue passed without much opposition.

FREDERICTON, June 29.

The Bill to repeal certain acts for the more effectual prevention of fires in the City of St. John, passed a third reading.

Passed in Committee a Bill to provide for the defraying of certain expenses of the Civil Government of the Province.

Hon. Mr. Fisher introduced a Bill to revive and continue certain Chapters, title 7, Revised Statutes of Parish Schools. The Bill passed in Committee.

Mr. Cudlip presented sundry petitions from the Corporation of the City of St. John, accompanied with the following Bills, which were read a second time:

Bill relating to Public Debt of the City of Saint John.

A Bill to authorise increased assessment for the better support of the Fire Department of the City of St. John.

A Bill to provide for the appointment of a Deputy Harbour Master.

A Bill to enlarge the jurisdiction of the City Court of St John.

A Bill to amend the Act to authorise the opening of Canterbury-street.

A Bill to enable the Common Council to meet the liabilities incurred in erecting wharves at or near Reed's Point.

A Bill to authorise the Corporation of the City of St. John to close up a part of Sydney-street.

FREDERICTON, July 1.

There was much despatch in the transaction of business in the House this morning.

Several members were absent. Mr. Tibbits moved a resolution that the Railway Works on the line from St. John to the Bend, except that portion under contract be suspended the present year. Mr. McIntosh moved an Amendment. Much discussion ensued. Both Amendment and Resolution lost.

Mr. Tibbits and Allen presented several petitions, which were read and laid on the table.

Some Bills were summarily disposed of before prorogation.

His Excellency came down and closed the Session with the following

SPEECH.

Mr. President, and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council;

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

The attention which you have given to public business demands my acknowledgements. I thank you for the supplys you have so readily granted.

Mr. President, and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council;

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

I am enable to relieve you from the performance of your Legislative duties, and I trust that success may attend you in the avocations to which you will now return.

NOMINATION DAY.

Tuesday was Nomination day, and as we announced on that morning, Mr. Lawrence was put in nomination as one of the candidates for the representation of this city. We learn from the Morning News that.

"Hon. Mr. Tilley was nominated by S. K. Foster, W. H. Admas and John M. Walker, Esquires. Mr. Lawrence was nominated by Solomon Hersey, Joseph Fairweather, and L. H. Deveber, Esquires."

This, it seemed, altho' talked of for some days before, took Mr. Tilley's friends completely by surprise, and such blank and elongated faces, such pictures of utter dismay as they all presented, it is impossible to describe. We had not the fortune (good or bad) to hear Mr. Tilley's first speech, but his reply to Mr. Lawrence was one long dismal howl, such as we could not possibly have expected to hear this great Smasher raise. He declared the opposition to his election to be personal, unprecedented unparalleled, improper, and one would think he almost regarded it as criminal. Had it been anticipated, no doubt the Smasher majority would have decreed at the Special Session that Mr. Tilley should retain his seat without the trouble of obtaining a re-election, as he denounced opposition to a man elected only six or eight weeks ago, as something really monstrous, and all this was accompanied by an expression of countenance that proved he meant what he said. He argued too that his defeat would accomplised no end, but to drive out the Government the only St. John member in it, as the Government would stand even if he fell, and he lauded that distinguished body of men, himself of course included, as men above all personal considerations and anxious only to promote the public welfare even if they must make personal sacrifice for the purpose; as a body most coherent and unanimous. He explained that he did not mean he would be the only St. John member in the Government, he meant the only one holding office, as there would be another—a consoling piece of information for all those aspirants for the ninth seat in the Executive Council who are not members for St. John.

Mr. Lawrence denied that the opposition to Mr. Tilley was personal, and referred to the opposition to Mr. Wilmot when he first took office; to the recent elections in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island, to show that opposition to one newly appointed to office was no such unusual thing, but all these cases, Mr. Tilley asserted, afforded no parallel to this. Mr Lawrence ridiculed the argument that the effect of Mr. Tilley's defeat would be to drive the St. John member out of the Government. It would be much greater: it would lead to the overthrow of the Government, as he was the key stone of that ill-cemented arch—the oil on those troubled waters. The late Government had three St. John representative in it, but the party now so anxious not to lose one did not hesitate to drive out those three.

He denounced the present Government as a Government without any policy that they dare to avow. The Speech from the throne only conveyed to the people the wonderful information that the Queen had lost an aunt and got a baby, and Mr. Tilley in reply to the questions put to him had told them that the Government had not yet taken into consideration who were to have the offices. This surely was most extraordinary and unprecedented. In the short Session of '54, when the Government was overthrown and a new one formed, nearly all the offices were filled up at once, and the business of the Session went on as well as if they had retained their seats, and from what he knew of Mr. Johnson, he did not think his absence from the House would retard the business.

Mr. Tilley afterwards said the state of things in '54 was very different, as the House was then only called together to pass the Reciprocity Treaty. But he took care not to add that now they only came together to pass the supplies, and if our memory be not at fault, there was at least quite as much discussion about the Treaty in '54, as about the Budget last week, and the Treaty Bill was not passed until after the formation of the new Government.

The present position of the Government in which the people were asked to declare their confidence was, Mr. Lawrence remarked, most extraordinary. No one knew who were to hold the offices, and in St. John Mr. Watters' friends were told he was to be Postmaster General, while another large party were confidently assured that this was merely told for election purposes, and was not true, and to confuse the electors completely, Mr. M'Clellan, one of the supporters of the Government, brought in a Bill to make the office non politicial. This, he believed, was a mere blind.

We expected to find at least an outline of Mr. Tilley's speech in the Morning News which we could republish; but that transcendant creature seemed to be as much ashamed as Mr. Tilley himself of the figure he cut, and besides a few sentences of mere words, only following:—

"Mr. T. spoke of the late Government's Emigration Scheme, which had resulted in nothing but the expenses of the mission to England—£500—every copper of which had been taken up. He alluded to the reckless Railway conduct of the late Government—their manner of giving out contracts; and the way they squandered £1780 near this city, by not accepting the lowest tender on a certain section of the road. These things have come to light *since the present Government went into office*. Their conduct throughout was reckless in the extreme. The money they sunk at the Bend by not accepting Small & Crosby's tender turn out now to be £10,000. Mr. T. answered several questions that had appeared in the Freeman of yesterday morning, also explained the duplicity of the Financial Statement of the Tory Juggler General—all to the people."

It is very easy to say that he explained all to the satisfaction of the people, but we should much prefer to hear what the explanation was. If Mr. Tilley or any friend will send it to us we will publish it in full.

Mr. Lawrence said he knew nothing of the Railway and could only say that every story has two sides. Neither does or can any one else outside the Government, except the friends admitted to its confidence, know anything of this statement which,

though the Legislature has been in session for days, a member of the Government with true Smasher contempt for decency and courtesy or appearance of either made for the first time on the St. John hustings, *"since the present Government came into office"* no paper accounts have been laid before the Legislature or the public, and evidently for this, amongst other reasons, that Mr. Tilley may say for these few days just what he pleases, and even publish, if necessary, such cooked up statements as may gain or secure a few votes.—But is that the way the public desire or deserves to be trusted by any Government? Will any people in the most solemn and emphatic manner known to the constitution declare their approval of such chicanery and petty trickery? Day after day in the Assembly the representative of the people asked, any even requested, permission to see these and other accounts, and invariably was this first privilege of the Commons denied them most arbitrarily; and now, while the House is even yet in session, the people are asked to believe any absurd statements Mr. Tilley may choose to make to them, though they well know that none of his colleagues dare make these statements in the Assembly. And this is one evidence of the Smasher mode of dealing with the public.

But even if we admit for argument sake that the statement were true, what has that to do with the present election? It would not approve the fitness of the Smashers for office, or the unfitness of Mr. Lawrence to be a respresentative of St. John. It may prove that the late Government did wrong in entrusting to Mr. Chandler the management of the Railroad, but for this they have already paid the penalty. If Mr. Chandler has been guilty of improper conduct it should be thoroughly exposed, so that the public may be warned against him in future. If the conduct has been criminal he should be prosecuted or impreached. By all means denounce and punish fraud or crime and prove the mismanager of public affairs unworthy the people's confidence; but do not drag into an election, matters so entirely extraneous, as by doing so you only prove how weak your cause is. Mr. Tilley's duty on Tuesday was not to denounce the departed Government, a body that has caused to exist, but to expound the principles and policy of the Government he asked the people to support. That he was called on repeatedly to do; that he made no attempt whatever to do, and the only inference is that they no policy they dare avow.—*Freeman.*

INFANTICIDE.—An inquest was held at Fort Ogilvie, near Point Pleasant, on Friday last, on the body of an infant about ten days old.—The child had been exposed to die in the woods after having been nearly killed by violence inflicted on the head. When found the innocent was yet alive, covered with bushes and stones, and literally being devoured by black-ants.—All attempts to restore the child proved ineffectual. The post mortem examination, made by Dr. Slayter, showed a fracture across the crown of the head and extravasated blood.—The Jury returned a verdict—That the child of which we had a view came to its death by violence received on the head and exposure in the woods by some person or persons unknown.—*Halifax Chroniele.*

STEAMBOAT BURNT AND MELANCHOLY LOSS OF LIFE.—A despatch from Quebec says that the steamer *Montreal*, from Quebec, bound upwards, was burnt on Friday night last, near Cape Rouge, about nine miles above Quebec, and about 200 passengers are missing.

The Sales of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT have wonderfully increased in all parts of the world we presume, therefore that the well known virtues the medicines possess are becoming universally appreciated. Thousands of persons of both sexes, testify diurnally, as may be seen by the press that their effect is miraculous; they act conjointly so directly upon the system, the one internally and other externally, that the most serious cases will readily yield to their wonderful power.

Died.

On Monday last, Mr. Philip Kehoe, aged 72 years, a native of Wexford, Ireland, and for the last 40 years a respected member of this community.

On Saturday, 27th, James Mullen, aged 23 years and 5 months.

On Wednesday evening, Joseph E. only son of Capt. W. J. Philbrook.

At Kingston Richibucto, on the 27th ult., of Scarlet Rash, John, third son of Mr. Alexander Girvan, aged 4 years and 1 month.

FLUID & VINEGAR.—10 casks "Porter's" Burning FLUID; 5 bbls. Matthew's Cider VINEGAR. For Sale by JOHN MARVEN.
July 3. Ward-street.

WAVERLY NOVELS.—Sippincott's Philadelphia Edition of the "Waverly Novels," 12 vols.—slightly damaged—published at £3 15s., and now offered at £1 17s. 6d. Apply immediately. (July 3.) B. O'BRIEN.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS.—Received per Steamer:—1 case superior French PAPER HANGINGS, all new styles.
☞ For Sale at cost and charges.
July 3. B. O'BRIEN.

New Books.

CHAMBERS' JOURNAL, for April and May, price 7 1-2d. each;
Youths' Illuminated Magazine for June;
Harper's, Peterson's and Ballou's do., do.;
Spurgeon's last Great Sermon, 4d.;
Last New York LEDGER, price reduced to 2d. per copy. May 29. B. O'BRIEN.

To Farmers, Travelers, & Citizens.

THE Subscriber has refitted and renovated his Hotel to meet the Spring business, and where Travellers will find every comfort desired. He returns thanks for the very liberal share of patronage which has been awarded to him, and assures his numerous customers that every effort will be made as heretofore, to benefit.
His House is No. 15, Charlotte street, and reference is respectfully asked of former visitors.
Experienced Grooms always in attendance to see that Horses are properly attended to.
May 22. WM. YOUNG.

AMERICAN OYSTER SALOON and EATING HOUSE,
No. 27, Water Street.

THE Subscriber grateful for the kind patronage bestowed on him by his friends and the public generally heretofore, and soliciting from them a continuance of their favours, begs leave to announce that he has just received from Shediac a few barrels of Prime OYSTERS, which will be served up in any style required to suit customers.
MEALS at all hours of the Day and Evening.
Choice LIQUORS and CIGARS, Mineral, Soda Water, Syrups and Beers of the first quality, always on hand, and ready to order at a moments call. (May 29. JAMES KENNY.

New Books, ex Admiral.

BLACKWOOD for May 1s 3d;
Nothing New, by the author of Jno. Halifax;
Boat Life in Egypt and Nubia, by W. C. Paine;
Dr. Livingstone's Discoveries in Central Africa, only 7 1-2d;
Richardson's Dictionary, 2 vols, £3;
Rob Roy, of the Rocky Mountains;
Currer Bell's Novels, Paper Covers;
Bulwer's Novels, Cheap English Edition;
Leslie's Gazette of Fashions, June, 1s 3d;
Yankee Notions, July; Will Watch, the Smuggler;
Pauline, Berkram, Grimshaw, Bagshaw, Family Jars.
Ben Bolt, Man About Town, and other popular Plays, 6d each;
Leslie's News, 3d; True Flag, 2d; Ledger, 2d; with an immense assortment of other late Publications.
June 16 B. O'BRIEN.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS.—Just received 5 cases of the above Goods, all new Patterns. GEORGE NIXON,
may 1 104, Prince William St.

FOR SALE—A FRANKLIN STOVE, nearly new, with ash-pan, sheet iron and fender.—Apply at the Chronicle Office. May 8.

St. Andrews Ale & Porter.

THE undersigned, agent for the St. Andrews Brewing Establishment, keeps constantly on hand a supply of the best qualities of ALE and PORTER manufactured by them, which will be supplied in any quantity required.
A superior article of ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts, has just been received.
June 26. JOHN McCOSKERY.

HAMPTON BAZAAR.

THE Ladies of the Congregation of St. Paul's Church, intend holding a *BAZAAR* at the village of Hampton on TUESDAY the 7th July next, for the Sale of Fancy and useful articles, to raise funds for the repair and improvement of the Parish Church.
As a Steamboat leaves Indian Town every Tuesday morning for the village, returning in the evening, the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. John and its vicinity, will have an opportunity of enjoying a pleasant excursion to a beautiful part of the country.
By order of the Committee.
Hampton, June 23.

Notice.

RUNAWAY from the service of the Subscriber, on Tuesday last, an indented Apprentice named Frederick Whooton, aged about 18 years. All persons are forbid harbouring or trusting him on my account, as none except thereof, they will be prosecuted as the law directs.
CHAS. T. PERKINS.
Petersville, Queen's County, June 25, 1857.
3 ins. pd.

NOTICE OF CAUTION.

I HEREBY CAUTION any Person or Persons having anything whatever to do with two Notes of Hand, drawn in Mary Cougle's name against me, there being no such person (to whom the notes refer,) and any person or persons cashing said notes or in any wise taking them against me will be doing it on his or their own responsibility, as I shall not become answerable for one farthing of said notes, such notes being illegally exacted from me.
Oromocto, June 16, 1857. E. COUGLE.

WOODEN WARES, &c.
No. 16, Dock STREET.
Just received ex Southerner, from Boston:—
8 BOXES CLOTHES PINS;
6 doz. Wash Boards; 6 nests TUBBS;
8 setts MEASURES, iron bound;
2 doz. Rolling Pins, swivel handles;
1 doz. Wooden Faucetts;
1 doz Chopping Trays; 1 doz. Butter Ladles;
5 doz. BROOMS; 6 doz. Stove Polish;
3 doz. Corn Brushes; 3 doz. half Brooms;
1 doz. Wire Seives; 1 doz. Egg Beaters;
1 doz. Willow Fruit Baskets;
1 doz. Cocoa Dippers. For Sale by
June 12. T. & F. McMACKIN.

London Groceries.

Just received ex Arthur White, from London:—
2 CASKS Mixed PICKLES;
1 do. assorted do.;
10 kegs Coleman's MUSTARD;
8 bbls. Barclay & Co's. PORTER;
8 do. Bass's Pale ALE;
4 cases Coleman's STARCH;
4 boxes " Black Lead;
4 " " Extra MUSTARD;
2 " Tomato Ketchup;
" " Olive OIL.
Also—10 cases Jules Duret & Co.'s COGNAC;
1 qr-cask Fine Old Port WINE;
1 cask Old Jamaica RUM.
For Sale cheap by T. & F. McMACKIN,
June 12. 16, Dock Street.

Per Arthur White, from London.

100 CHESTS Souchong TEA;
5 tons Brandram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD;
1 ton Brandram's Coloured PAINTS;
Casks Boiled and Raw OIL;
3 do. PUTTY; 1 cask STARCH;
4 cases INDIGO;
1 case Ladies' BOOTS;
1 do. STATIONERY.
For Sale at the lowest market rates.
June 12. L. H. DEVEBER & SONS.

GERMAN WINDOW GLASS.

JUST RECEIVED from New York, per brig "Ransom," 350 boxes of various sizes—all in good order. ☞ Glass always cut to order.
GEORGE NIXON.
June 12. 104 Prince William Street.

WANTED.—At the North American Clothing Store, 19 King-street—a smart active Boy of good character. (May 22.) R. HUNTER.

CONFECTIONARY.—Now Landing from John Duncan, 5 tierces, and 1 case of Scotch CONFECTIONARY, assorted. For sale low by
May 22. S. L. TILLEY, 35 King-street.

FAIRBANKS'
CELEBRATED
SCALES,
of every variety,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.
GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.
A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.
For Sale in St. John by WM. THOMSON.
May 15th, 1857. (1y.)

Butter, Oranges, &c.

RECEIVED per Admiral from Boston—
10 Tubs Prime New BUTTER;
15 Boxes of ORANGES;
500 COCOA NUTS;
1 Brl. Cucumber PICKLES, in Vinegar;
2 Boxes new Goshen CHEESE;
590 Lbs. Sugar Cured HAMS.
W. H. LESTER,
June 5. 3i. Bustin's Corner.

NOTICE TO BOARDERS.—A limited number of Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD at MRS. LEWIS', No. 81, Princess Street. May 15th, 1857.

GERMAIN STREET BAKERY, FRONTING TRINITY CHURCH.

C. MACLARDY begs to inform her friends and the public generally that she continues to make the best HOUSEHOLD BREAD, and every description of PLAIN and FANCY CAKES; also, always on hand BRIDE CAKE, (not to be equalled in the Province.)
Call and judge for yourselves. Only Flour of best quality used at this establishment.
May 25, 1857. (1m.)

SHOPS TO LET.—Two shops in the Brick Building on the Corner of Union Street and Wellington Row. These shops are in an excellent position and have been fitted up for either Dry Goods or Groceries. Apply to
May 15. (Mkr.) C. W. STOCKTON

For City and Country Trade!!!
GOOD CLOTHING,
OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND AT LOW PRICES.
The Cheapest and largest Stock of Ready-made
CLOTHING,
is at Granite Hall, No. 5, Dock-street.
Every article warranted to what it is represented, or the money returned.
☞ GARMENTS made to measure at low prices, and in a superior manner.
May 29. THOS. R. JONES.

FOR SALE at 104 Prince William Street.—PAPER HANGINGS and BORDERS, of all kinds; Window GLASS, all sizes; Green Window SHADES, 32, 36 and 40 inches; BASKETS and PUTTY. GEORGE NIXON.
St. John, May 29, 1857.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE,—WILL IN FUTURE BE SOLD FOR 7 1-2d.
God Save the Queen.
May 29. B. O'BRIEN.

Loyal Orange Association.

THE Grand Orange Lodge of New Brunswick will hold its Annual Meeting for despatch of business, at the Orange Hall, Fredericton, on Tuesday, the seventh day of July, instant, pursuant to resolution.
County Masters, District Masters, and Masters of private lodges, will take notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly.
By order of the R. W. G. M.
G. F. ROUSE,
June 5, 1857. *Grand Secretary*

Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of "Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2," will be held in the Orange Hall, Brussel-st., on the first FRIDAY in every month. By order of the W. M.
CHAS. HILL, Secretary
May 22. *"God Save the Queen."*

Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 5.

THE Members of the above Lodge will meet at their Lodge Room, Marshall's Building, Princess street, on the evening of the Second FRIDAY in every Month. The brethren are respectfully invited to attend.
March 20. JOHN S. MAGEE, *Secretary.*

SAMUEL WILSON,
TAILOR & DRAPER,
NO. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET.

HAS received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, his supply of CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
TWEEDS,
BROAD CLOTHS,
RUSSEL CORDS,
PLAIDS,
MOLESKINS, &c., &c.
SATIN—Black and Fancy, } *Beautiful*
SILK, do. do. } *Articles for*
VELLVET, do. do. } *VESTS.*
☞ Persons wishing to have their Garments made-up from any of the above Articles will confer a favor on the Subscriber by giving him a call at his Establishment (no. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET,) where he is prepared to take their measure and produce the requisit articles at the shortest notice.
☞ The Subscriber would also intimate to his customers and the public, that he has now made-up and ready for inspection a large amount of Men and Boy's Clothing, viz: COATS, VESTS, PANTS, DRAWERS, &c.
A general assortment of Hdkfs., Stocks, Neck Ties, Fronts, Shirt Collars, Braces; Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Valises, &c., for Sale at market prices.
St. John, N. B., June 5, 1857. S. W.

T. & F. M'MACKIN,
No. 16, Dock Street.
Just received ex Southerner, from Boston:—
10 CHESTS Fine Souchong TEA;
10 half do. do do;
1 case fine Chewing TOBACCO;
2 boxes extra do. do;
12 do. 10's do;
5 bags Rio COFFEE;
10 do. Java do; 5 bags Ceylon Coffee;
4 bbls. BEANS; 50 bags extra fine SALT;
4 bags Dried Apples; 15 drums Eleme FIGS;
6 sacks Filberts and Walnuts; 3 bags Pimento.
Also—Bales Cotton Twine, Wicking, Yeast Powders, Yeast Cakes, (a new article.) Washing Powders, Stove Polish, Cloves, Cream Tartar and Baking Soda—all of which the Subscribers will dispose of at lowest market rates. June 5.

Selling Off at Great Reduction,
AT THE ST. JOHN CLOTHING MART,
Sign of the Royal Arms, No. 3 Water Street.

THE large and splendid Stock of SUMMER CLOTHING which will be sold at such Tremendous Low Prices as cannot fail to secure a host of *Ready Customers!*
OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PRICES:
Black Dress Coats, a beautiful article, from 45s. upwards;
Black Dress Frock do, do do. 40s. "
do. Paletots do, do do. 23s. 9d "
do. Hunting do, do do. 20s. "
do. Sacks do, do do. 22s. 9d "
Satinett Hunting do., various colours, 18s. 9d "
Spring Bottom Pants, a beautiful article from 12s. 6d. to 52s.
Summer Vests, of all descriptions;
Silk Velvet Vests, various colours;
BOY'S CLOTHING—of every description;
Seamen's Outfits, in great variety;
HATS, CAPS, CARPET BAGS, &c.;
RUBBER CLOTHING—of every description.
Wholesale and Retail customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
VESTINGS—in great variety;
☞ GARMENTS made to order in the most fashionable style, at the shortest notice.
May 29. FRANCIS NEILL.
St. John, N. B., 16th May, 1857.

Now landing ex the "Arthur White" from London.

7 TONS Brandram's No. 1 ground WHITE LEAD, in 1, 1-2, 1-4, and 1-8 cwt. kegs.
2 tons Brandrams No. 1 Coloured PAINTS;
6 cwt. Dry PAINTS, consisting of Red Lead; Rose Pink; Orange & Lemon Chrome Yellow; Prussian Blue; Ultramarine Blue, &c., &c.
1 Tin Brandram's Patent Liquid Dryer.
20 Brls. common Whitening; 12 casks PUTTY in Bladders;
6 Casks Raw Linseed Oil; 1 Can White Spirit Varnish.
6 Casks Double Boiled do.; 1 can Superfine Coach do.;
2 Chests INDIGO; 1 Cask Red Chalk;
14 Boxes Leschei's Blue Starch; 1 Cask Cream of Tartar;
10 Kegs Coleman's S. F. Mustard; 1 Cask Blue Vitriol;
2 Casks Mixed Pickles; 1 case Spanish Liqurice;
1 Case Black and Red Currant Jelly; 1 do. Orange Marmalade.
5 Bags Black Pepper; 1 Case Nutmegs;
12 Half chests Florence Oil; 2 Casks Saltpetre;
1 Cask Hemp Seed; 1 Case Deep Goldleaf;
And 8 other Packages, containing a large assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c., &c. For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by S. L. TILLEY.
May 29, 1857. No. 35, King-street.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.
1857.
Appointed to sail from Liverpool as under:

Ships.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail.
Imperial,	Moran,	1479	5th June.
John Harbour,	Abell,	924	20th "
Athenia,	Crocker,	1016	5th July.
John Duncan,	Leavitt,	921	5th August
Peter Maxwell,	Marshall,	1058	20th "
Middleton,	Bates,	936	5th Sept.
John Owens,	Brown,	1286	20th "

These ships are built of the best materials, sail remarkably fast, classed A1 at Lloyds, and coppered, and will be despatched punctually on the days appointed.
They are commanded by men of the greatest experience and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion will be spared to make this line efficient in every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance of Goods and Passengers.
Orders for shipment of Goods by this Line are respectfully solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool to Messrs. FRANK BARNARD & Co., Walmer Buildings, or here to June 16 J. R. REED.

OLIVE OIL.—Just received and for Sale by the Subscriber—200 gallons OLIVE OIL.
May 22. S. L. TILLEY, 35 King-street.

JUST PUBLISHED—A new Edition of Lennie's English GRAMMAR, strongly bound in linen. Price 5s. 6d. per dozen.
June 5. B. O'BRIEN.

NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE,
Sears' Brick Building,
19, *NORTH SIDE of KING STREET*

R. HUNTER

HAVING removed into the large and spacious Store and Wareroom formerly occupied by Messrs. HORNFALL & SHERATON, (one door West of his former stand,) has received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, his
SPRING IMPORTATIONS,
which with the Stock previosly on hand, will complete the largest and most general assortment of CLOTHING, CLOTHS, FURNISHING GOODS, &c., ever exhibited for Sale in any Clothing Establishment in the British Provinces, and which will be sold wholesale and retail at the lowest possible prices.
THE STOCK IN PART CONSISTING OF:
Coats, Vests, and *Pants,* in all the various materials now in use, and all qualities and prices, cut and made up on the premises in the most fashionable styles;
India Rubber *COATS, CAPES, LEGGING,* &c.;
Silk and Satin HATS, Kossuth and Glazed do.;
Cloth and Tweed CAPS, Glazed Caps.
The Furnishing Department.
comprises a general assortment of *Shirts,* Shirt Collars and Fronts, Hdkfs., Stocks Neck Ties, Braces, Drawers, Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, &c. &c.
A splendid assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, Mecton and Satin Cloths, *CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, TWEED,* Russel Cord, Moleskin, Satinetts, &c.
VESTINGS in great variety.
☞ Garments made to order in the most fashionable style at the shortest notice.
May 22. J. H.

SUPREME COURT,
In Equity.

To be Sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY the Seventeenth day of August next, at 12 o'clock, noon, under the direction and with the approbation of the Undersigned, in the Market square in the City of Saint John—

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court, in Equity, made the 27th day of January last, in a certain case, wherein Jury Haws, is Plaintiff, and James Johnston is Defendant, the LAND and PREMISES now in the possession and occupation of the said James Johnston situated in the Parish of Portland, in the County of Saint John, embraced in a certain Mortgage, dated 9th December, 1854, and made between the said John Haws and the said James Johnston, and described as certain premises leased by the Honorable Charles Simonds to the said James Johnston on 1st May, 1845, for 21 years, at a yearly rent of Ten Pounds Six and Three pence per annum, together with all the Lands, Out Houses, Buildings and Improvements, Privileges and Appurtenances.
Terms made known at the time of Sale, or on application to the Plaintiff's Solicitor.
Dated at Saint John, the 13th day of May, A.D. 1857.
DAVID S. KERR,
BARRISTER.
CHARLES W. STOCKTON, *Plaintiff's Solicitor.*

NEW BUTTER, HAMS, &c.
Received per Admiral from Boston:—
2 TUBS of New BUTTER;
1 Tierce Sugar Cured HAMS;
1 box New CHEESE;
3 bags cored Dried APPLES.
—IN STORE—
10 dozen (Preston & Merrill's) Yeast Powder;
1 barrel Round PEAS;
2 do. superior white BEANS;
15 chests and ½ chests superior TEAS;
6 boxes assorted Brands TOBACCO;
6 M. superior Havana CIGARS. With a full and general assortment of Groceries and Provisions—cheap as the cheapest.
W. H. LESTER,
May 22, 1857. *Bustin's Corner.*

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
SUMMER CLOTHING!
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Summer Coatings,
Personally selected by the Subscriber in the leading British Markets.
☞ GARMENTS made in a superior manner, at LOW PRICES.
May 22. THOMAS R. JONES.

North American House,
No. 7 North side of King's Square,
ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

IS now kept by the Subscriber, who having recently refitted and furnished the same in a thorough and most comfortable manner, and now is prepared to entertain Residents in this City, Farmers, and Travellers generally, by the day or for any period, in an agreeable style and on satisfactory terms. *Good Stabling* is attached. Experienced Attendants are employed in every department.
The Daily and other Newspapers are regularly taken and filed. Every information with regard to the Markets, and other business of the City, is promptly afforded. Purchases can be made for Strangers.
EXTRA MEALS, when called for, are provided without delay. In short nothing is wanting at any hour that can be reasonably required.
May 22.—1m. HUGH CHISHOLM.

Harris & Allan

INVITE especial attention to the New Screw STEERING GEAR manufactured by them, which can be seen at their Establishment. They confidently recommend to all Ship Owners and Masters, as the best Ship Steerer now in use. It works easier, and more promptly than the common tiller with ropes and blocks, and can be worked easily by one man in the heaviest gale. By an ingenious arrangement, a gradually increased power over the Rudder is obtained, which prevents sudden jerks, so well known to nautical men with the common gear. Its action is direct, prompt, and is not liable to get out of order. For strength and durability it is superior to any other apparatus that has yet been applied, and will be sold considerable lower than they can be imported.
May 22, 1857 6w.

To Ship Builders and Owners.

THE Subscribers begs to call attention to a new and superior description of *CAMBOOSE* which they are now manufacturing, suitable for a Vessel of from 1500 to 2000 tons, which from its great thickness of plate and improved arrangements will be found fully equal if not superior to any Camboose heretofore in use, it having numerous improvements of vast importance to its utility and durability, which have been hitherto neglected. They have also made similar improvements to their former Stock of PATTERNS, which they feel confident will make them superior to any others at present in the market, and will sell them lower than they can be imported.
May 22.—6w HARRIS & ALLAN.

Ship Chandlery.
LANDING EX "JOHN DUNCAN":—
63 BALES CORDAGE, (assorted;)
Spunyarn; Marline; Houseline; Ambroline; Log Lines; Tarpaulins; Wool Mop Heads; Ship Scrapers; Patent Deck Lights; Cork Fenders; Liverpool Oakum.
The above are the Manufacture of that well known firm Hutcheson & Jarvie, of Liverpool, and are warranted to be of a superior quality.
10 brls. Black Varnish; 1 Bag Carpet Threads;
4 kegs Countersunk Nails, (assorted;)
1 case Flags and Bunting; Cod Lines;
Connectings LINKS, (assorted.)
The above, together with the Subscribers Stock of General SHIP CHANDLERY, are for Sale at lowest Market rates. JOHN WALKER,
May 22. Ward Street.

BUTTER CROCKS, CREAM CROCKS, and MILK PANS, of the white Earthenware, now landing and for sale wholesale and retail, by FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
August 23. 29 Dock Street, St. John.

CURTIS ON MANHOOD—SHILLING EDITION.
A MEDICAL ESSAY ON NERVOUS & GENERATIVE DISEASES.
Just Published, the 77, 6d with numerous plates, in a sealed envelope price 1s., or 13 penny postage stamps, by the Author, to any British possession for 13 stamps.
MANHOOD: The CAUSE and CURE of PREMATURE DECLINE, with Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to Health and Vigour; being a Medical Review of the various forms and modern treatment of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Mental and Physical Capacity, whether resulting from Youthful Abuse, the Follies of Maturity, the Effects of Climate, or Infection, &c.; with Observations on a new and successful mode of detecting Spermatorrhœa, and other Urethral Discharges, by Microscopic Examination; to which are added, Curious and Interesting Cases, with the Author's Recipe of a Preventive Lotion.
By J. L. CURTIS, Surgeon, 15, Albemarle Street, Piccadilly, London.
"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—The professional reputation of the author, combined with his twenty years' experience as medical referee in the treatment of nervous debility, &c., fully accounts for the immense circulation which this popular and ably-written medical treatise has obtained."—*Saturday Times,* 23rd March, 1856.
"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—It is the duty of all men to study the laws of their body, no less than those of their mind. In the pages of this work will be found golden rules for regulating the one and preserving the other."—*New Lyme Express,* March 31, 1856.
"We feel no hesitation in saying, that there is no member of society by whom the book will not be found useful—whether such person hold the relation of a parent, preceptor, or a clergyman."—*Sun,* Evening Paper.
Sold also by PIPER & Co., 23, Paternoster-row, London.

TARPAULINGS AND SACKS.

EDGINGTON and Co., from Tooley-street, Southwark, Inventors of Waterproof Tarpaulings, have a large stock of consumer Cloths for exportation, Rick Cloths, Sacks, Threshing Cloths, Wagon covers, Marquees, Tents and Flags. Registered Office, King-street, Mansion-house, City. Warehouse 17, Smithfield Bars, London, Enclosed.

CROGGON'S PATENT ASPHALTE ROOFING FELT; numerous lots for sale, with Hanging iron houses; roof is rolled as wide 2d. per square Foot. Also Dry Hair Felt, for preventing the rotting of heat and deadening sound, and Building paper, upon which the copper lies; numerous testimonials can be given.
CROGGON & Co., 2, Downham Road N.

HOOPER'S
Hydrostatic Collapsed Cushions for Invalids.
To be used on ordinary beds—may be filled with air or water at any temperature. They are invaluable in cases of

BEDSORES	GOUT	RHEUMATISM
CHOLERA	GUNSHOT WOUNDS	SPASMS
CONSUMPTION	PARALYSIS	SCIATICA, SORES
DROPSY		PAINS, FEVER, &c.

The comfort they afford is greater than can be estimated.
The whole of the Profits of the Sale of these Cushions are given to Charity.
Also Hooper's Waterproof Sheets for preventing bedsores.
Hooper's Improved Valetudinarian Urinals for Invalids and Railway Travellers of both sexes.
Hooper, Operative Chemist, Inventor and Sole Manufacturer of Invalid Beds and Cushions to her Majesty the Queen, the late Queen Dowager, the Army and Navy, and the Honble. East India Company.
7, Pall Mall East, & 55, Grosvenor-street, London.
N.B.—Mr. Hooper's articles are all stamped with his Name and Address.

WM. DRAY & Co.,
Engineers & Machine Makers,
SWAN LANE, LONDON.
Execute orders for Steam Engines, Water Wheels, Drying Cones, Ice Houses for Cattle, Cane Top Coolers, Sugar Mills, Rum Stills, Coffee Roasters, Cocoa Nut Fibre Mattrasses, Hydraulic Presses, Screw Jacks, Hydraulic Jacks, Cast Iron Pulleys, Shafting, Gearing, Castings, Forgings, Iron Piles, Bridge Work, Iron Roofs, Tanks, Pumps, Boilers, Steam Cranes, Steam Hammers, Steam Boilers, Steam Engines, Steam Pumps, Steam Boilers, Steam Engines, Steam Pumps, Steam Boilers, Steam Engines, Steam Pumps

Poetry.

THE USE OF FLOWERS.

BY MARY HOWITT.

God might have made the earth bring forth
Enough for great and small,
The oak tree and the cedar tree
Without a flower at all.

He might have made enough, enough,
For every want of ours,
For luxury, medicine, and toil,
And yet have made no flower.

The ore within the mountain mine
Requireth none to grow,
Nor doth it need the lotus flower
To make the river flow.

The clouds might give abundant rain,
The nightly dews might fall,
And the herb that keepeth life in man,
Might yet have drunk them all.

Then wherefore, wherefore were they made,
All dyed with rainbow light,
All fashioned with supremest grace,
Up-springing day and night:

Springing in valleys green and low,
And the mountains high,
And in the silent wilderness,
Where no man passeth by?

Our outward life requires them not,
Then, wherefore had they birth?
To minister delight in man,
To beautify the earth.

To comfort man—to whisper hope,
Whenever his faith is dim,
For whoso careth for the flowers,
Will care much more for him!

ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND, CANADA!

BY WM. PITMAN LETT.

Hurrah! Hurrah! for ENGLAND!
The Goddess of the Sea—
The empire island of the brave,
The birth place of the free.
The land of honor, wealth and fame,
Of love and commerce too—
The land of many a noble name,
From the Nile to Waterloo.

Hurrah! Hurrah! for IRELAND!
The land of love and song,
Where genius with lavish hand
Flings light among the throng;
The land where minstrel warriors
First struck the deathless strain,
That made the shamrock valley ring
With music's pristine reign.

Hurrah! Hurrah! for SCOTLAND!
The soil of ancient worth,
Where learning her fair ensign waves,
And science had its birth;
The land of Bruce, of Bannockburn,
And many a hero more—
The land of bright tradition,
And of tartaned clans of yore.

Hurrah! Hurray! for CANADA!
The fairest, brightest gem,
That graces—happy, proud and free,
Victoria's diadem!
Prosperity expand her flag!
By enterprise unfurled;
And British Union long remain
The envy of the world.

THE CHEMISTRY OF NATURE.

A SELF-ACTING LABORATORY.—The gastric juice which reduces the food in the stomach to a semi-fluid, and the bile which tempers this crude material and adapts it to the purposes of nutrition, are the two principal agents in the production of venus blood. As health depends mainly upon the quality and purity of this fluid, a medicine which acts immediately upon its elements, discharging therefrom every tainted and unwholesome particle capable of feeding or creating disease, must necessarily be the true elixir of health—a sure antidote to the seeds of all internal disorders. In this consists the wonder-working power of Holloway's Pills. They seem literally to compell the stomach and the liver to do their whole duty, and to remove every impediment to its performance. We learn from their distinguished inventor, the *modus operandi* of his medicines, but our knowledge of their effects is based on our own observation as well as on the testimony of the world at large We know that the victim of liver complaint, with attenuated frame, jaundiced skin and lack-lustre eye, rapidly recovers strength, energy and a healthy appearance under the disinfecting, renovating and regulating influence of the Pills; and if the disturbance of the internal functions has produced external disease, that too disappears under the searching action of Holloway's Ointment The liver is a very susceptible organ. It always sympathises with the stomach, and intemperance in eating or drinking, over application to business, anxiety, sudden changes of temperature, and unwholesome atmosphere, and innumerable other causes, tend to derange and obstruct its action. What is the practice of the oracles of the faculty in cases of liver complaint? Their sole remedy is a mineral poison—*Quicksilver*, or one of its deadly oxides. Salivate! Salivate! Salivate! is the word. To cure one malady another is created. The liver becomes the battle ground between a dangerous disorder and a worse remedy; and if the patient escapes with life or without carious bones and contracted sinews, it is by a miracle. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS on the other hand strike at the very source of the disorder, and at the same time give tone to the whole system. Let common sense determine whether it is better to annihilate the virus of disease by an innocuous vegetable preparation, or to administer *poison* by way of antidote:—*N. Y. "Sunday Mercury."*

SEARCH FOR HAPPINESS.—A wealthy epicure applied to an Arabian doctor for a prescription that would restore his body to health, and give happiness to his mind. The physician advised him to exchange shirts with a man who was perfectly contented with his lot. Whereupon the patient set out on a journey in pursuit of such a person. After many months spent without accomplishing his object, he was told of a certain cobbler of whom every one had spoken as a model of contentment and happiness. Pursuing the direction given, the traveler was at length rewarded with a sight of the cobbler enjoying a nap on a board.—Without ceremony he was aroused from his slumbers, and the important interrogatory, whether he was contented with his lot, was answered in the affirmative.

'Then,' said the seeker after happiness, 'I have one small boon to ask at your hands. It is that you exchange shirts with me, that by this means I also may become contented and happy.'

'Most gladly would I accede to thy request,' replied the cobbler, 'but—

'Nay, refuse me not.' interrupted the man of wealth; 'any sum that you may name shall be thine.'

'I seek not thy wealth,' said the cobbler, 'but but—'

'But what?'

'But the truth is—*I have no shirt.*'

EXCITEMENT.—A fellow drinks three gin cock tails and he is in a state of excitment. A man receives a box on the ear—and he is excited. You kick another with a sharp toed boot—and he is excited. You wring the nose of another or spit in his face, and it creates—a sensation. In short, you can do nothing in the world without creating excitement, save one thing—hire a man to saw wood by the day, and such an example of coolness and real Christian patience, as he will exhibit, is perfectly excruciating.

Self confidence is the first requisite to great undertaking; yet he who forms his opinion of himself, without knowing the powers of other men, is very liable to error, which predominates.

No. 40, Germain-Street.

JAMES LUPTON,
Tailor and Draper.

WOULD invite the attention of his friends and customers to his present Stock of Goods, which has been completed by recent arrivals per ships *John Duncan*, *Middleton*, and *Courier*, consisting of West of England CLOTHS, FUR BEAVERS, VELVET CLOTHS, PATENT BEAVERS, BALTIC and EXTRA PILOT CLOTHS; WAIST-COATINGS, in Berlin, Silk and Velvets. TROUSERINGS in endless variety,—these goods he can recommend as being superior to any yet seen in this Market, and in making them up no care shall be spared to sustain the preference he has hitherto received.

To the Officers of H. M. Army.

J. L. would beg to state that having been for years employed in the CUTTING DEPARTMENT of *HART'S Military Tailors*, 26 Pall Mall, he is prepared to execute in a superior style all orders with which he may be entrusted.

St. John, Oct. 31, 1856.

New Books.

THE GENIUS OF CHRISTIANITY, by Viscount deChateaubriand;
ST. JOHN'S MANUAL; a Guide to the Public Worship and Services of the Catholic Church;
A Vindication of Italy and the Papal States, from the Dublin Review;
John Mitchell's Great Lecture on Thomas Devin Reilly, delivered in the Tabernacle, N. York;
Hendrick Conscience's Tales, complete;
Nos. 1 to 4 of the Complete Works of Gerald Griffin—to be completed in 30 numbers;
Luck is Everything, by W. H. Maxwell;
Charles Lever's Works, 4 vols., octavo, cloth;
Love after Marriage by Caroline Lee Hentz;
The Border Rover by Emerson Bennett;
The Rats of the Seine, by Paul Preston;
The Doomed Ship, by Harry Hazel;
Dow's Patent Sermons, new edition;
Reynolds' Complete Works;
Historical Magazine, and Notes and Queries for May, 18.;
Harper, Putnam, the Youths, Household Words, New York National, Waverley, and Blackwood for May;
The Testimony of the Rocks, by Hugh Miller.

☞ Latest "New York Ledger," &c.

May 8. B. O'BRIEN.

MAGEE, HATTER.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed a part of his Establishment to 27, North side of King Street, directly opposite Cross Street, and one door below Mr. J. Frost's Shoe Store, where he will be found ready to serve the Public with HATS and CAPS of his *own Manufacture*, made under his inspection, which he feels warranted in saying are equal to any made or sold in this City, as has been proved at the Exhibitions held in this City and Fredericton, and also at Halifax, N. S., from which he received a Certificate of merit under the Seal of that Province.

The business will be conducted as formerly at his old Stand, under the management of his Nephew, D. MAGEE, a practical Hatter; where the Public will always find a good article, and at a reasonable price.

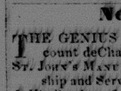
HATS and CAPS made to order.

A. MAGEE,

27 North Side, King street.

St. John June 6.

Phœnix Livery STABLE.



THE Subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the Premises occupied by himself in Charlotte street, (two or three doors north of the country market) and begs to acquaint the public that he has on hand TO LET a number of the best trained HORSES ever offered to the public for kindness, speed and durability, together with CARRIOLES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS and SADDLES, or in any style to suit customers.

The public may rely on being well accommodated and no imposition.

☞ *HORSES bought, sold, or Exchanged.*

WM. GABRIEL.

St. John, January, 1857.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late DANIEL SHECK, deceased, will hand in their Account, duly attested, within three months from this date, and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, will make immediate payment

WILLIAM McLEOD, JAMES MACKY, DANIEL SHECK. } *Executors.*

May 15th, 1857.

A Further Supply of STRAW HATS of the following descriptions: Panama, Leghorn, Canton, Caracoa, Sennett and Cuba.

And of FELT HATS of the following descriptions:—Kossuth, Hungarian, Empire, Panama, French, Cassimere & Cashmarett—various colours and qualities, have just been received and will be sold Wholesale and Retail, by

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

May 29. 15 King-street.

ONE PENNY REWARD.—Runaway from the service of the Subscriber two indented apprentices named John Williams, and John French, aged about 20 years. All persons are hereby cautioned against harbouring or trusting them on my account, as in the event thereof they will be prosecuted as the law directs.

RICHARD CALVERT.

May 8, 1857. (3in. pd.)

BUFFALO ROBES.—A fresh supply received per Steamer *Admiral*, and for sale by

D. H. HALL,

dec. 19. 41, King Street.

1000 SUMMER COATS,

LONDON Made, cut in every make worn, in Linen, Cord, Alpaca, &c., new and beautiful styles, at prices from 5s. to 25s., GRANITE HALL, No. 5 Dock-street.

☞ Boy's Linen COATS in great variety.

May 29. THOMAS R. JONES.

G. M. BURNS
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 20 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

March 20, 1857.

RECEIVED per "Athenais"—Two Cases London HATS, a superior article, made expressly for this Market; also, Children's HATS in great variety. Expected per steamer from Boston—A large Stock of Leghorn and Panama *HATS*, all of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at low prices for Cash or approved paper.

27 North side King street. A. MAGEE.

St. John, May 1.

GARDEN, FIELD, GRASS, AND CLOVER SEED.

JUST received per "John Owens" from Liverpool—3 casks containing a large assortment of Garden and Field Seeds. Also, superiror White Clover Seeds, all warranted fresh.

Also on hand, and to arrive in a few days:—2000 lbs. Northern Red Clover SEED, and 80 bushels Harvey Timothy SEED of superfine quality. Agricultural societies supplied at a small advance on cost. For sale by S. L. TILLEY.

April 17. No. 35 King street.

New Furs.

RECEIVED ex John Barbour and John Duncan, a superior assortment of FUR GOODS, in *Stone Martin, French Sable*, and *Pitch* BOAS, and CUFFS, and GAUNTLETS. Also—Chinchilla, Grey Squirrel, and Crimea CAPS.

D. H. HALL.

China and Earthenware.

Ex "John Duncan" and "Middleton"—

THE Fall Stock of these Goods are now opening, and offered on liberal terms, Wholesale & Retail, by

FRAS. CLEMENTSON,

Oct. 17. 29, Dock-street.

NOTICE.

SEASONED PINE, LUMBER of every description, large and small, SCANTLING, REFUSE BOARDS, and DEALS, LATHS and PICKETS. For Sale at No. 1 Lumber Yard, Jeffery's Hill. FROST & CO.

St. John, March 13, 1857.

EAGLE FOUNDRY,
Steam Engine and Machine Shop,

SAINT DAVID AND ALBION STREETS,

Near Messrs. W. & R. Wright's Ship Yard Courtenay Bay.

ALWAYS on hand at the above Establishment, Patent and Common WINDLASSES for Vessels of all sizes; Capstan Heads; Sheeves and Rollers; Bushes; Pump Chambers; Cabooses; Ploughs; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon Boxes; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Treenail Machines.

The Subscriber in returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business, solicits a continuance of the same, and would further add, that having served a regular apprenticeship to the Engineering and Millwright business in Great Britain, and having practised the same the last thirty years, continues to manufacture at the above Establishment all kinds of

STEAM ENGINES.

High and low Pressure, For Boats, Saw, or Grist Mills, and for Propelling any kind of machinery.—Steam Engine Boilers for Marine or Land purposes made and repaired; all kinds of Machinery repaired; Iron and BRASS CASTING made to order; BRASS AND IRON TURNING; Blacksmith Work of all kinds executed promptly and on favorable terms. ☞ As cheap or cheaper than any other Establishment in the Province. ☜

JOHN SMITH,

St. John, December 1, 1855. ENGINEER.

HORSE SHOEING
AND GENERAL
BLACKSMITH ESTABLISHMENT

THE Subscriber having received a liberal share of public patronage during the time he has been in business, begs respectfully to return thanks for the same, and begs further to state that he is prepared to manufacture, to order, all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

among which will be found the Improved Wrought Iron Scotch PLOUGH, and a newly invented and highly approved of Wrought Iron HARROW.

☞ HORSE SHOEING, ON THE MOST SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.

For reference to his efficiency in this department he refers to the owners of Horses who have favored him with their support.

JAMES SCRYMGEOUR.

St John, June 1, 1856.

SHARPS
BALSAM of HOARHOUND & ANISEED.

Is a safe and sure remedy for the cure of Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Chest, Hoarseness, Wheezing of the Lungs, &c.

This is the cheapest and best Medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of the above named diseases. Its speedy and extraordinary effects have gained for it a reputation far above all other remedies of a similar kind.

The most flattering Testimonials have been received from the following gentlemen:

Daniel Leavitt, Esq., J. P.
E. Lunt, Esq., Merchant.
W. D. Pickup, Esq., do.
John Armstrong, Esquire.
Capt. Hugh Chisholm,
William Neagle, Merchant.
James Bennett.

Prepared by John G. Sharp, Pharmaceutical Chemist, and Sold by James H. Chipman; Geo F. Everett & Co; Chalonet & Hunt; J. F. Secord; Wm. Neagle.

CARLETON—Henry Nase, & Richard N. Knight.

St. John, Jan. 9, 1857.

For Sale.

A SITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S VILLA,

FROM 10 to 15 Acres of GOOD LAND, situated on the St. Andrew's Road, between 3 and 4 miles from Carleton, on the upper side of the Road, and having a splendid view of the Bay of Fundy. The Land is of an excellent quality, and possession will be given at any time. Terms accommodating. For particulars, apply at the *Chronicle* Office, or on the premises to

dec. 19. SAMUEL HILLIS.

GENTS, SHAWLS.—The Subscriber has received an assortment of Gentlemen's SHAWLS, of superior quality to those usually imported. Also, Gents' MUFFLERS, for sale at reasonable prices, by D. H. HALL,

Nov. 14. 41, King-street.

OAKUM & CORDAGE.—Landing ex *Eleanor*—200 bundles Brown OAKUM;
150 coils CORDAGE, 6 thread to 5 inch;
20 coils Bolt ROPE, 2 1 4 to 4 1-2 inch.

For Sale by JOHN WALKER,

Sept. 26. Ward-street

A Large Stock of Furs.

5 CASES FURS just received by the Subscriber, ex "Middleton" and "Courier," in addition to 6 cases opened ex ships "John Barbour" and "John Duncan" from one of the largest and probably the best assorted stocks of RICH FURS ever offered to purchasers in this market, embracing Stone Martin, French Sable, Northern do., Ermine, Chinchilla, Mink, Fitch, Grey Squirrel, British Sable, &c., in MUFFS, BOAS, CUFFS, &c.

These Goods are all marked low, and in plain figures, with a view to early and quick Sales.

D. H. HALL,

October 24. 41, King-stree

HORSE SHOEING.

[Shop one door north of the Country Market]

WILLIAM GABRIEL begs to Tender his sincere thanks to his friends and the Public for the extensive patronage hitherto received from them; and he takes this method further to inform them that he is prepared at all times to execute orders in his line of business, in the best possible manner, and in the style that is most suitable to this Country.

January 20, 1854.

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

THE balance of our stock of Winter CAPS—Our hands are all employed in making up a first rate stock of HATS and CAPS for Spring & Summer wear, consisting of Satin, and Cassimere, and Glazed Caps, &c., Wholesale buyers would do well to leave their orders early.

On hand—A large stock of KOSSUTH and WIDE-AWAKE HATS, in Black, Drab, and Brown. Wholesale and Retail.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

Feb. 13. 15, King-street.

OAKUM AND OLIVE OIL.—40 bundles American OAKUM; 5 casks Olive OIL, landing ex Franklin, by

JOHN WALKER.

September 19. Ward-street.

HOLLANDS.

LANDING ex "Ann Rankine" from London:—150 packages GENEVA, Anchor Brand, which will be sold at 4s. per gallon in Bond from Wharf.

THOS. PARKS,

October 24. 25, Dock-street.

LARD OIL and PORPOISE OILS.—On hand—120 galls. Extra Lard OIL; 200 galls. Porpoise OIL. For Sale low by.

S. L. TILLEY.

September 19. 35, King-street

French Calf Boots.

JUST RECEIVED—4 cases Gent's. French Calf Skin BOOTS, (Sewed,) warranted to be of the best quality.

The above lot of Boots are all that are now remaining in the Province, or ever will be at 20s. *per pair.*

B. O'BRIEN,

October 3. 69, Waverly House

FOR SALE.

Valuable Freehold Property in Indiantown.

THE Subscriber offers for sale three valuable BUILDING LOTS, 40 ft. by 100 ft. each, on the front street. On one of the lots there is a neat cottage now in the occupation of Wm. H. Travis, Esq. Terms made liberal. Apply to

JOSEPH G. JOHNSTONE,

St. John, Dec. 26, Indiantown.

MEDICAL REVOLUTION!
THE WORLD ASTONISHES.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
THE GREAT COUNTER IRRITANT!

The virus of disease often makes its way to the internal organs through the pores of the skin. This penetrating Ointment, melting under the hand as it is rubbed in, is absorbed through the same channels, and, reaching the seat of inflammation, promptly and invariably subdues it, whether located in the kidneys, the liver, the lungs, or any other important organ. It penetrates the surface to the interior, through the countless tubes that communicate with the skin as summer rain passes into the fevered earth diffusing its cool and regenerating influence.

SKIN DISEASES & GLANDULAR SWELLINGS.

Every species of exterior irritation is quickly reduced by the anti-inflamatory action of this Ointment, Angry Eruptions, such as SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, TETTER, RINGWORM, SCALD HEAD, NETTLE RASH, SCURVY (or ITCH) &c., die out, to return no more under its application. Hospital experience in all parts of the world proves its infallibility in diseases of the skin, the muscles, the joints and the glands.

ULCERS, SORES, AND TUMORS.

The effect of this unrivaled external remedy upon Scrofula, and other virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterward complete are safe as well as permanent.

WOUNDS, BRUISES, BURNS, AND SCALDS.

In cases of the fracture of the bones, injuries caused by steam explosions, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, RHEUMATISM, STIFFNESS OF THE JOINTS, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

UNDENIABLE TESTIMONY.

The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most reliable dressing for sabre cuts, stabs, and gun-shot wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Navies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Rheumatism,	Sore Throats,
Burns,	Ringworm,	Sores of all kinds
Capped hands,	Salt Rheum,	Sprains,
Chilblains,	Scalds,	Stiff Joints
Fistula,	Skin Diseases	Tetter,
Gout,	Swelled	Ulcers,
Lumbago,	Glands,	Venereal Sores,
Mercurial	Sore Legs,	Wounds of all
Eruptions,	Sore Breasts,	kinds.
Piles,	Sore Heads,	

*** Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and 1$ each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2, King Street, St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and Jones G. White, Belleisle.

☞ CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK & LONDON," are discernible as a WATER-MARK in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by "holding the leaf to the light." A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

S. K. FOSTER'S,
Fashionable SHOE STORES,

"FOSTER'S CORNER,"—*Saint John.*
"QUEEN STREET,"—*Fredericton.*

NEW FALL GOODS.

Received per Packet ship John Barbour and recent steamers from Boston—

LADIES' BOOTS and SHOES of the best English manufacture, suitable for the season; Gentlemen's Black and Drab Cloth BOOTS; Misses', Boys', and Youths', and Children's Boots and Shoes, of English and American make. Ladies', Misses' and Children's American make BOOTS and SHOES in great variety.

—ALSO—

Men's, Women's, Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's Rubber Boots and Shoes.

—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE.—

Gentlemen's Dress Elastic side BOOTS
Do. Calf and Patent do.;
Do. Calf, Morocco & Patent BOOTTEES;
Boys', Youths', and Children's BOOTS, Bootees and SHOES, with many other varieties.

September 19. S. K. FOSTER.

PHŒNIX FOUNDRY,
POND STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE above establishment having recently been enlarged, and Machinery and Tools of the latest improved kinds introduced, the Proprietors respectfully inform their patrons and the Public generally, that they are prepared with superior facilities to manufacture High and Low Pressure STEAM ENGINES, and BOILERS, Steam Boat, Saw, and Grist Mill MACHINERY, Turning Lathes, Screw Presses, Ship Builders Cramps, Windlass Gear, Cast Iron Pumps, Hawser Pipes, Warping Checks, Shives, Cleets, and Rollers, &c.; Bark Mills, Oven and Furnace Mouths, Ploughs, Thrasher and Fanner Wheels, Truck and Barrow Wheels, &c.; Iron and Brass CASTINGS, Blacksmith Work, &c. &c.

FLEMMING & HUMBERT,
Proprietors.

☞ Iron and Brass Turning done; Gear Wheels cut, &c. &c., Machinery Repaired with despatch.

October 17, 1856.

Valuable Farms for Sale.—The Subscriber offers for Sale, Lot No. 6, at Salmon Creek, Johnston Parish, Q. C., containing 100 acres. The lot is most valuable for WOOD of almost every description, including Maple, Birch, Spruce, White Pine, etc. It is situated within a mile and a half of Green's Cove, where a wood-boat may load at any time while the navigation is open. The Post road to Judge Perry's landing runs across the front of the property. Persons wishing to view the place will please apply to Mr. Robert Strong, living in the vicinity.

Also, a Lot of Land, containing 200 acres, situated on the English settlement, head of Washademoak Lake, thirty to forty acres of which are cleared, ten acres having been ploughed. It has on it a good Frame Barn, in the vicinity there are Episcopal, Presbyterian, and Methodist Churches, several Schools, a Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Oat Mill, and a Carding Machine.

The post road runs through the property, and it is well timbered. There is a Stream by which a Mill may be driven. There is likewise between fifteen and twenty acres of interval not cleared. Mr. Richard Pearson, on the adjoining property may be applied to by persons who may desire to see the premises. Apply to W. H. ADAMS, or to

(Sept 23) JOHN HALL, *Saint John.*

Cordage, Oakum, and Paint.

By late arrivals:—

10 TONS London OAKUM; 5 do. Liverpool; 2 do. Domestic do.; 15 tons CORDAGE, 5 tons Brandram's No. 1 White Lead; with a large stock of naval stores and Ship Chandlery. For sale low By

Feb. 9. JOHN WALKER.

ST. ANDREWS ALE.—Just received, a small lot of St. Andrews Steam Brewed ALE, very superior. For sale by

Nov. 14. JOHN McCOSKERY.

New-Brunswick Branch
OF THE
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

TRUSTEES.

John Shaw Leigh, and R. B. B. H. Blundell, Esqrs

Directors, &c., in Liverpool.

Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Campbell, Esq., and J. Bramley Moore, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

George Armstrong, Esq.	Edward Johnston Esq.
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq.	Roger Lyon Jones, Esq.
Michael Bousfield, Esq.	James Lawrence, Esq.
David Cannon, Esq.	Francis Maxwell, Esq.
William Claxton, Esq.	George Maxwell, Esq.
Thomas Dover, Esq.	Robert M'Andrew, Esq.
Richd. Harbord, Esq.	Ed. Molyneux, Esq.
	Henry Moore, Esq.
R. Brodhurst Hill, Esq.	William Smith, Esq.
Thos. D. Hornby, Esq.	John Torr, Esq.
John Chas. Jack, Esq.	

Manager and Actuary—Percy M. Dove, Esq

Directors, &c., in London.

Samuel Baker, Esq.	Edw. Mackenzie, Esq
Robert B. Byass, Esq.	Daniel H. Rucker, Esq
Richard C. Coles, Esq.	Wm. Wainwright, Esq.

John Westmorland, Esq.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent to the above Company for New-Brunswick, begs to announce that he is prepared to receive Proposals for FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE. The large Capital of the Company, and the number and influence of its Proprietors, enable it to rank with the most eligible Offices, either in America or Europe, with respect to the advantages offered to the Public.

FIRE BRANCH.

Persons Assured by this Company are not subject to any covenants or calls to make good losses which may happen to themselves or other, nor do they depend on any uncertain fund or contribution, the Capital Stock of this Company being an unquestionable security to the Assured in case of Loss or Damage by Fire.

LIFE BRANCH.

In addition to the more customary methods of Insurance, the Company likewise Assures Lives on any of the following contingencies:—

For the terms of One Year, Seven Years, or any other definite period.

For the whole continuance of Life—The Premiums to cease, after a limited number of Annual Payments.

For Two Joint Lives.—The sum assured to be paid on the death of either.

On the longest of Two or Three Lives.—The sum assured to be payable at the death of the last survivor; or,

The Survivorships.—To secure the payment of the sum assured, if a life A die before another life B.

For a sum to be payable at age 60, or at death.

Premiums on Credit.—A portion of the Premiums on Credit. Assurances may be effected in various ways, not enumerated, to meet the convenience of parties.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in the Life Branch will include the following viz:—

The Guarantee of an ample Capital, and Exemption of the Assured from liability of Partnership.

Moderate Premiums.

Large Participation of Profits by the Assured amounting to Two-thirds of its net amount, which may be applied at the option of the party effecting the Assurance:—1st. By the immediate payment of the sum so apportioned.—2nd. By an equivalent increase of the sum assured.

Small Charge for Management.—The expenses of the Office being borne in due proportion by the two Branches.

Prompt Settlement of Claims.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of the Premium may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of 10s. per cent., on the production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the good health of the life assured.

The Company will always be prepared to Purchase the Policies of this Office at their equitable value or will grant a New Policy in lieu thereo without any further payment of Premium, for a sum to be agreed on.

Extra Premiums, suitable to special circumstances, will be accepted to enable a party possessing a Policy on the life of another to guard against the possibility of its being vitiated by the Life departing beyond limits, or by any other cause.

Thirty Days are allowed for the Payment of Premiums after the day on which they respectively

Additional Advantages offered to Lives Assured with this Company at St. John, N. B.

I.—RESIDENCE.—Persons assured for the whole term of life will have permission, without the payment of extra Premium, to reside in any part of Europe, or in any place in North America to the north of 38 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

II. VOYAGES.—They will also, if not seafaring by profession, be allowed, without any extr charge—

To cross and re-cross the Atlantic Ocean, in steamers or first class sailing-vessels;

To pass from any part of Europe to any other or from any part of North America to another within the limits above specified; also,

To pass to and from, but not to reside in any place which shall not be further south than 35 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

☞ *Office, in Wiggins' new Brick Building, Princess Street, immediately above the Office of the Electric Telegraph Company, and nearly opposite the General Post Office, St. John.*

JAMES J. KAYE, *Agent.*

January 2nd, 1852.

We have obtained the Victory.

KENNAY & SCRIBNER,
PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS
South side King Square, St. John, N. B.

HAVING taken the First and Second Prizes, and the Diploma for their Instruments, at the Provincial Exhibition, beg leave to inform the public that they can supply PIANOFORTES, at the ollowing prices:

Square Front Mahogany Piccolo,	£30	0	0
Rosewood O. G. Piccolo,	35	0	0
Do. Elegant do.	40	0	0
Cottage,	42	0	0
Semi-Cabinet,	45	10	0
Full Cabinet,	50	0	0
Elegant, with French front, tuns legs, and circular bottom,	65	0	0

The whole of the above Instruments are 6 3-4 Octave to A above.

N. B.—All Instruments manufactured by K.&S. will be warranted three years.

Every description of English and American Pianofortes tuned and repaired.

CONFECTIONARY, HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.

Now landing ex "John Duncan" from Liverpool, and for sale by the Subscriber:—

1 CASK head Scotch CONFECTIONARY; 1 case Holloway's Pills and Ointment; 1 case perfumery, SOAPS, Patent Medicines, &c.

—consisting of—

Hannay's Rondolitia and Verbena;
Rigge's Vegetable Essence and Military Soap;
Cleaver's Honey Soap; Botten's British Oil;
Leeming's Essence; Dalby's Cannimative, &c.

S. L. TILLEY.

Jan. 30. 35, King-st.

Land for Sale.

A LOT OF LAND on Salmon Creek, Parish of Johnston, Queen's County, containing 200 acres, part of which is cleared Land, with a good Mill privilege. For particulars apply to

SAMUEL H. GILBERT,

Feb. 13, 1857. Gagetown.

London Oakum, Oil and Paint.

20 TONS Best London OAKUM;
17 hhds. Boiled and Raw OIL, Brandram's best;
80 kegs WHITE LEAD, Brandram's best;
Landing ex "Arthur White," and for Sale by

JOHN WALKER,

May 29. Ward-street.

OLIVE OIL.—Just received and for Sale by the Subscriber—200 gallons OLIVE OIL.

May 22. S. L. TILLEY, 35 King-street.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

Established in 1836—Empowered by Special Acts of Parliament.

CHIEF OFFICE—37, Castle Street, Liverpool, 26 & 21 Poultry, London.

THOMAS BROCKLEBANK, Esq., *Chairman*; J. C. EWART, Esq., M. P., and F. HAYWOOD Esq., *Deputy Chairmen*; SWINTON BOULT, Esq *Secretary.*

BRANCH OFFICES AND AGENCIES.

Europe—Manchester, Hamburgh, Lisbon, Stockholm. *United States*—New York, New Orleans, Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, San Francisco. *British America*—Montreal, Halifax, N. S., Saint John, N. B., Saint Johns, N. F. *South America*—Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso, Demerara. *Australia*—Sydney, Victoria, Adelaide, Swan River. *New Zealand*—Lyttleton, Wellington, Auckland. *Tasmania*—Hobart Town, Launceston. *East Indies*—Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Madras, Manilla. *China*.—Canton, Hong Kong, Shanghai.

Capital, Two Millions Sterling.

Paid up Resources, £749,251 15 8, Sterling.
CONSTITUTION——UNLIMITED LIABILITY.
Fire Premiums Received in 1855, £186,271 16 11, Sterling.

Business—Insurance against Loss or damage by FIRE, on every description of Property.

Losses paid promptly on proof of claim.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH: *Office*—98, Prince William Street, St. John.

(*No Charge for Policy.*)

April 25. EDWARD ALLISON, *Agent.*

VULCAN FOUNDRY
REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber would take this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the liberal share of patronage he has received during the past ten years, while doing business in the Establisment known as VULCAN FOUNDRY, on the South side of Main Street: and having Removed directly opposite to his former place of Business No. 11 and 13, *Main Street*, where he intends to carry on the Foundry Business in the various branches of ENGINE, MILL, and SHIP WORK, Ship Builders' CRAMPS, WEDGES, Hoisting WHEELS, JACK SCREWS, &c. &c.—Together with a variety of the most approved STOVE PATTERNS and FRANKLINS,—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

On Hand.—Two STEAM ENGINES, one of 18 inch diameter by 36 inch Stroke, one of 10 inch diameter by 24 inch Stroke.

P. S. Also for Sale as they now lie at Digby Gut, or delivered in St. John,—Two large Steam BOILERS, 7 feet 8 in. diameter by 19 feet long, formerly belonging to the steamer "*Pilot*," and were in use about 18 months, and are now in good order; also, two Wrought Iron SHAFTS 9 inches in diameter, 18 feet 6 inches long, with two Wrought Iron CRANKS, 30 in. long from centre to centre; together with two second hand Cast Iron *SHAFTS*, of 6 and 10 in. diameter, 15 and 20 feet long.

All of the above articles will be sold on the most liberal terms.

Plan of Boilers can be seen at any time at the Foundry.

December 11. G. CRAIG.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE.

THE Subscriber wishes respectfully to inform his friends and the public that in order to provide the travelling community with a large and commodious house of entertainment in this City, he has purchased and fitted up at great expense that large and convenient Hotel, situated on the North side of Kings Square, and known as the FOUNTAIN HOUSE, where he intends to serve the public, and will be able to accomodate a large number of persons with well furnished single bed rooms, good Sitting Rooms, and all other conveniences for the comfort of travellers or permanent boarders. Also—a splendid Barn—none to exceed it in the City, with stalls for forty horses, and a large yard attached, all under cover, where sleighs, carriages, and loads of country produce can be driven in free from storms.

The subscriber is thankful to his friends and the public for the liberal manner in which he has been patronised and assures them that strict attention will still be paid to those who favour him with their patronage.

August 16. G. RIX PRICE.

Joshua Tallent,

IN returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public, for the liberal patronage he has received for the last six years he has been in the BOOT and SHOE BUSINESS, desires to inform them that he has enlarged his Establishment, and is now prepared to furnish all articles in his line particularly Waterproof BOOTS, at as low prices as can be found in the City, at his stand, Parish of Portland, near St. Luke's Church.

May, 1856.

Spring Style of Paper Hangings, for 1857.

JUST RECEIVED at the New Paper Store—12,000 Rolls of Gold, Velvet, and Common PAPER, of all kinds and shades. For Sale low for cash by GEORGE NIXON,

March 20. 104 Prince William Street.

Spring, 1857.

THE Subscribers have just received from the United States, a large assortment of Hungarian Kossuth, and Wide Awake HATS, various styles, colours, qualities, and prices.

They have also made up a Stock of SATIN HATS, of the *Spring Style* for 1857.

Expected by first arrivals from Liverpool—Children's Fancy CAPS, Felt Hats, Leghorn Hats, &c

All the above will be sold at a small advance on cost *Wholesale and Retail.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON.

April 15. 15 King street.

SHIRT COLLARS.—A good assortment of London-made