

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER WORKS Chatham, N. B. JOSEPH M. RUDDOCK, PROPRIETOR.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Mill Machinery of all kinds: Steamers of any size constructed & furnished complete. GANG EDGERS, SHINGLE AND LATH MACHINES, CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. CAN DIES. Iron Pipe Valves and Fittings Of All Kinds.

MONARCH Steel Wire Nails, THEY NEVER LET GO, AND TAKE NO OTHERS. KERR & ROBERTSON, SAINT JOHN N. B.

Miller's Foundry & Machine Works RITCHIE WHARF, CHATHAM, N.B. (Successors to GILLESPIE FOUNDRY, Established 1852).

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Hardware Ready-Mixed Paints, all shades, including the Celebrated Weather and Waterproof THE BEST EVER MADE.

J. R. GOGGIN. WE DO FLOUR AND FEED DEPOT. At the Old Stand Concord Street, Shorts Bran Cornmeal Cracked Feed Hay and Oats E. A. STRANG.

Job Printing Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Hand Bills. Printing For Saw Mills. WE PRINT—ON WOOD, LINEN, COTTON, OR PAPER WITH FULL FACILITY.

ONE CHRISTMAS EVE. There was a bright fire burning in the grate and the soft fragrance of violets in the room. Over the mantel hung the brave face of the old man, with his white beard, dark foliage behind him, and paler clouds, showing up the steadfast look on the knight's noble countenance.

One Christmas eve the snow was over the city making it pure and beautiful, and the people came and went on their happy marketing, and presents for the children and the young were to-morrow's fire was to come from, and if her one or two words nearly well now, and he must reply her any more—though she loved him dearly. She had found her unknown man, then.

And Ernestine had fled at once—to a life of hardship and privation, and she was now in the narrow street, and she was now in the narrow street, and she was now in the narrow street, and she was now in the narrow street.

A light shone from the passage, and a firm footstep crossed the room. Some one stood by her—kind, brave, and true. He was now in the narrow street, and she was now in the narrow street, and she was now in the narrow street.

Contrary to the general opinion, more people go mad during the summer months than in the usually gloomy and dull months of November, December and January, when times are bad and the general conditions appear more conducive to insanity.

THE UNATTAINABLE. Oh that I had the wings of a dove! exclaimed and sighed and sighed. The Fates exchanged meaning glances. She's a blame-sight more likely to get cross'd feet, observed the Fates, meaning in despatches and promotion.

INDIAN TATTOOING.

Tattooing was a universal custom among the Indians of old Louisiana with both sexes. Among the men it possessed a significance attaching to their career as warriors, and their tattoo marks were testimonials of distinction; with the women it seemed to have been merely a matter of adornment.

Every man and woman among the Indians yielded to the arbitrary practice of tattooing. The warriors, above all, were carried away by this sort of vanity, and not one of that class by any chance allowed his opportunity to receive this patent of nobility to pass by neglected.

GEN. WHITE'S V. C. He was His Way to Distinction in a Highland Regiment. Sir George White, who commands the Natal forces, is an Irish officer, who has not only distinguished himself in his way to distinction in a Highland regiment, says Mainly About People.

What name is mightiest to-day in the hearts of men? Jesus. Who has more friends on earth than any other being? Jesus. Before whom do the most thoughtful kneel in chapel and in the privacy of their own hearts?

GEN. SIR CHARLES WARREN. He is Born Appointed to Command the Fifth Infantry Division in A. Africa. General Sir Charles Warren, who has been appointed chief of the Fifth Infantry division ordered to Cape Town, is nearly sixty years of age and has seen considerable service in South Africa.

THE BOOMERANG. The Australian aborigines are not the only users of the boomerang, nor were they the first to use that weapon. The Egyptians knew all about it, just as they seem to have known all about everything else.

Canada House. Corner Water and St. John Sts., Chatham. LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM. Every attention paid to THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.

The Factory JOHN McDONALD & CO (Successors to George Cassidy.) Manufacturers of Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Lumber Planed and Matched to order.

INSURANCE The Insurance business heretofore carried on by the late Thomas F. Gillespie, deceased, is continued by the undersigned, who represents the following companies:

Mark You! We have the Best Studio, BEST assistants and the largest and most varied EXPERIENCE, and use only the BEST materials and therefore produce the Best Photographs.

WOOD GOODS! WE MANUFACTURE & HAVE For Sale Laths, Pallets, Box-Shooks, Barrel Heading, Matched Flooring, Matched Sheathing, Dimensioned Lumber, Sawn Spruce Shingles.

Medical - Hall BATH GLOVES AND MITTS PONGES Toilet Soaps. The Headquarters for Drugs, Patent Medicines and Toilet articles is at the NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.

MACKENZIE'S Quinine Wine and Iron THE BEST TONIC AND BLOOD MAKER—50c Bottles. We guarantee it as Mackenzie's Medical Hall, CHATHAM, N. B.

Scientific American. The indifferent marksmanship of the bores is attributed to the fact that the light of the barrel fires are marked by the wind instead of jars.

General Business.

FREDERICTON The Business College W. LOBSON PRINCIPAL

The long experience as a practical Accountant and Commercial Teacher...

Fredericton Business College the popular college of the Maritime Provinces...

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO. TWO TRIPS A WEEK FOR BOSTON

Commencing Nov. 6, and continuing weekly on Wednesdays...

Notice of Sale. To Charles H. Roy, of the Parish of Beresford...

A STORY OF CANADIAN BOYS IN SOUTH AFRICA. The eyes of the world are on South Africa...

WANTED. 400 Tons Granite. stones not larger than 24 in. for which the Town of Chatham will pay 45c. per ton delivered on town wharf.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Excursion Rates. Christmas and New Year's Holidays.

ONE WAY FIRST-CLASS FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP between all Stations on the Atlantic Division and from Atlantic Division Stations to points in Canada...

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. Tickets on sale on presentation of school certificates...

TO BOSTON, MASS. First-class limited one-way fare for the round trip from St. John, Fredericton, St. Stephen, St. George, and Miramichi...

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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., DECEMBER 28, 1899.

Shameless Partyism. Every man in Canada, no doubt, enjoys in a greater or less degree the friction of political warfare...

THE WAR. NO FIGHTING. There is no authentic news of any fighting having been done in South Africa since THE ADVANCE was issued last week.

WHAT ABOUT DELAGOS BAY? There is a well defined belief in Great Britain and elsewhere that the Portuguese officials at Delagos Bay are assisting the Boers by permitting food, munitions of war and recruits to pass through that port for Pretoria and other points in the South African Republic.

ABOUT MEDIATION. A London despatch of 23rd says: "Though Great Britain's plight in South Africa seems temporarily critical, the Associated Press learns that the Boers are straining every nerve to secure the mediation of President McKinley towards a favorable peace."

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THE QUEEN has commanded the Archbishop of Canterbury to order the collection of contributions in behalf of sick and wounded soldiers and their wives and children and the half of the widows and orphans of soldiers who have been killed in South Africa.

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the latter are directly and personally concerned. (Signed) F. W. BORDEN. What must people abroad think of our country and its public men when one of Mr. Wallace's assumed position makes such an exhibition of silly ignorance!

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first category contains 701 names and among 205 missing, 33 are known to have been made prisoners. Including all ranks the British casualties were: Killed 144, Wounded 743, Missing 221. Total 1,108. GREAT HEROISM. Further stirring details of the battle are published. So terrible, says one correspondent, was at times the fire from the Boer rifles it seemed inconceivable how a mortal man could continue to advance in the face of it. Many deeds of heroism are reported. Men returned to the fire zone to bring out their wounded comrades, and in one case a corporal succeeded in dressing the injuries of two men under a murderous fusillade.

REVENUE INDIAN CAVALRY. Lord Roberts held a special military council at the war office on 22nd. He strongly urged that a large contingent of Indian Cavalry be sent to South Africa for service against the Boers. It was his judgment that they would render invaluable service in the guerilla warfare necessary to cope with the mode of warfare. As a result of Roberts' insistence, Lord Hamilton, secretary for India, cabled Curzon to ascertain how many squadrons were available for service and how soon they could be landed in South Africa.

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timber market, in that country was very dull, but as the greater part of them were consigned to pay remittance, sales had to be effected, though at a very depreciated price. Of this year's trade, we soon ascertained the result by feeling the consequences. After paying freight, insurance, commission, and all the incidental charges of agency, &c., it was found that the net proceeds arising from our consignments, did not collectively, average more than one half of the prime cost. That is, for most of the timber sent home, in 1894, the shippers did not receive more than 9s. to 9s. 6d. per ton. This arose, chiefly, from our excesses, and from the facilities we afforded the manufacturer. The merchants here, having imported largely, had as a matter of course, to credit their liberally. Hence the timber trade became an exclusive pursuit; and consequently, the only means by which our commerce could be sustained. The lumberers, in many instances were men of state, and of less integrity. The supplies afforded them were highly priced; and this circumstance, coupled with the facts of their having little to lose, and hardly a probability of gaining, induced an extravagant and unbusinesslike manner in their business, which generally involved them with the merchant. The latter, suffering from repeated losses of this kind, superadded to those accruing from high freight, and other disadvantages of character, a very sensible diminution of property succeeded.

Notwithstanding these disabstent circumstances, the trade of the following year was nearly the same—but who, when advertising to 1895, can assume the calmness and deliberation necessary for the discussion of commercial subjects? In this year, we were visited by a calamity, which making us popular by our misery, introduced us to a sorrowful intimacy with most of the civilized states of the earth. A few months before that visitation, of which we shall speak anon, and we were happy and cheerful. Our trade was looking up; and brightening over our prospects. The bottom of our river sustained a large fleet and with the production of many climates; its sloping banks were enameled with the beauties of expanding vegetation, and the edge of each foliage was fringed by the luxuriant foliage of the surrounding forest. Our wharves and warehouses, grazed under the weight of the wealth they contained; the market was well stocked with its staple commodity; ships cluttered on our sea board; commerce flourished in our town; and plenty filled our hamlets. Health sat on every cheek; gladness beamed in every eye. Our late excellent governor, too, Sir Howard Douglas, came to fill the cup of our pleasure, by favoring us with his presence. The visit of so distinguished a personage was exceedingly flattering; and the solicitude his excellency evinced for our prosperity, seemed to promise a continuance of it. The interview between the governor and the governed was an exhibition of the most amiable feelings. Respect and attachment distinguished the conduct of the people; and their affectionate regard for the depositions of the magistracy. The order of the day was harmony; the only rivalry, which should pay most respect to a man, that deserved it from everyone.

In short, we enjoyed all the blessings of a just, without envying any of the fatigues of it; while a sumptuous entertainment, alike creditable to the distinguished guest, and his hospitable entertainers, closed the ceremony of the visit. Heaven seemed to smile upon us; and we were permitted to enjoy the benefits of his benignity, by an act that would have our thanksgiving, and purchase tribute blessing, the foundation of a Presbyterian church, was personally laid at Newcastle, by Sir Howard himself.

Every man shrouded with pleasure; present enjoyment inspired cheerful happiness; and future prospects opened a pleasant way before us.

In the midst of our enjoyments, the cause of our approaching calamity had already commenced its operation. [To be continued next week.]

THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, in the year 1894—the number of vessels, exclusive of coasters, therein entered and discharged; also an account of their registered tonnage and seamen.

Arrived from the United Kingdom and Foreign Europe, 327 vessels registering 94,601 tons, manned by 4,274 seamen, and bringing the following goods and merchandise:—

Barrels of flour, 17,285; bread, 1,963; meal, 11,598; beef and mutton, 6,016; pigs and hams, 1,204; naval stores, 218; onions and seeds, 719; barley, 17,292; Cwts. of rice, 100; coffee, 126; sugar, 2,462; tobacco, 727; Gallons of wine, 6,493; brandy and gin, 25,333; rum, 86,977; Pounds of tinned goods, 1,144; Tons of salt, 410; iron and copper, 125; molasses and logwood, 42; Chests of tea, 980; Cwts. of sardines, 1,053; Children of iron, 34; Thousands of hides, 34; Staves, 34; Pieces of stoneware, 60,300; Packages of merchandise, 4,500.

The probable amounts of these imports, in currency, adding costs and charges to the difference of exchange, may be estimated at about £210,000.

Exported in 331 vessels, registering 94,800 tons, and manned by 4,341 seamen, viz:—

Timber, tons, 141,384; Pine boards and plank, M feet, 1,250; Thousands of staves, 4,000; Tons of shingles, 8; Pieces of millinery, 1,027; Cars and railers, 708; Handpicks, 802; Cordage, 3,080; Barrels of pickled fish, 590; Flour, 737; Bread, 263; Quinials of dry fish, 70; Tons of smoked herring, 70; Gallons of rum, 1,000; Barrels of naval stores, 806; Cwts. of tobacco, 106.

Assuming the general rates of invoice in our estimation of these exports, we cannot rate them very far above £160,000 currency. By this scale, our imports would exceed our remittances by £230,000; and consequently leave the country in debt for that amount. Deceivable, however, as such a situation would be, ours was still worse. When our shipments arrived in Great Britain, the

MAKE HENS LAY. No matter what kind of food you use, with NESTLE'S CONDENSED POWDER, it will increase your profits this fall and winter, because perfect assimilation of the food elements is secured for farm eggs.

A Nestful of Eggs. May be obtained in winter if you do as many successful poultry raisers do, by using NESTLE'S CONDENSED POWDER, mixed with the usual food of the fowls. It is the best food for the young of the fowls, and is sold in all the principal stores.

DENTISTRY. Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S. OFFICE—OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL, CHATHAM, N. B.

GO TO PORTLAND, BOSTON, ETC. VIA THE CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY and Fredericton.

Pullman Sleeper runs through from Fredericton Junction to Boston.

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Handsomely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated. By JACOB BIGGLE. No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK. No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK. No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK. No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK. No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK.

THE COMBINATION THAT CURES EVERY MOTHER SHOULD HAVE IN THE HOUSE

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment Dropped on Sugar. Will cure many common ailments which may occur in every family. It is a family remedy. For INTERNAL use as much as EXTERNAL use. Originated in 1810 by an old family Physician.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY. FALL AND WINTER 1899-00.

Table with columns for Train Name, Destination, and Schedule. Includes routes to Fredericton, Chatham, and other stations.

Express Trains on I. C. R. run through to destinations on Sunday. Express trains run Sunday mornings but not Monday mornings.

COONEY'S HISTORY! OF NEW BRUNSWICK AND GASPE.

Printed by Joseph Howe in 1833 and reprinted by D. G. Smith in 1860. Contains a full and complete history of the province of New Brunswick and the Gaspe Peninsula.

FOR RIVER-DRIVING AND AROUND HOME.

Buy a pair of Boots From W. T. HARRIS. They are warranted to keep out water to the top. They keep soft and pliable and are neat and comfortable and cheap.

W. T. HARRIS is giving particular attention to FLOUR MEALS, HAY, OATS, FEEDS OF ALL KINDS, GENERAL GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY AND FRUIT.

His chief aim is to have all eatables fresh and the surroundings clear. His Confectionery is assorted to suit the most economical and the most extravagant.

W. T. HARRIS. The Best and Freshest. A large stock of Fresh Garden Seeds, Wheat, Timothy, Clover, and Turnip Seeds. Just in.



Sketch of Mme. Labori.

Madame Labori, wife of M. Labori, the world-famous counsel to Dreyfus, is a red-haired woman. The beauty is not of form and feature alone. The radiance is that reflected by one of the kindest, most generous hearts in the world. She is tall, and of graceful figure. Her hair has become the glow of the burnished chestnut, and her eyes the calm, brown depths of forest pools in autumn. Her complexion shows a hint of crimson roses beneath the olive. Her teeth are as white and even as your corns. Her face in repose is noble and gentle. Alight with quick thought, it is arch, chagrelful, fascinating. A beautiful face and figure that appear central in a series of pictures we will name "One Woman's Life."

A Double Disobedience.

CHAPTER VII. "As to the granddaughter—Nina Daryl, she calls her now 'my dear,' and to know anything about her antecedents, I believe I can tell you," said Fenwick, in a low, confidential voice to Mrs. Marsh, a rather fastidious woman who was among the number of the guests gathered at Mr. Daryl's house. "Draw your chair closer. There is no use in everybody hearing the tale; but you, Mrs. Marsh, I know a discretion of, and perfectly safe to trust anything to."

On the Farm.

What is commonly known as the white grub, or grub worm, is the young of the brown May beetle, or June bug, which occurs in such abundance in late May and June, and is not, as is often supposed, the young of the common tumble bug. They may be often deposited in the June, usually about the roots of grass. These eggs hatch in about a month, and the young grub, by the first of November, is about half an inch in length, having an oval appearance of the full-grown grub, excepting in the matter of size. In late autumn they go deeper into the ground, sometimes a foot or even more, and make for themselves a sort of chamber in which they pass the winter, coming upward in the spring, feeding upon the entire surface throughout the entire summer, and at the end of the second autumn they have reached about two inches in length, and are prepared for the winter. They burrow into the ground, and again pass the winter in the same manner, and in the spring, feeding until the latter part of May, in the latter part of the year, they abandon the grass roots, burrow down into the ground, and again make an entrance into the soil, but this time they transform to the adult beetle. A young of the insect is, by nature, a grass feeder, and it is by means of the grub, that the soil is enriched with the manure of the insect, which has remained in the soil for a long period of years. In the case of the white grub, the manure is deposited in the soil in the form of a small, round, white, cylindrical object, which is known as a grub ball. This ball is composed of the manure of the grub, and is of such a nature that it is not only difficult to break, but it is also difficult to destroy. It is, therefore, a very valuable fertilizer, and is one of the best means of enriching the soil. It is, therefore, a very valuable fertilizer, and is one of the best means of enriching the soil.

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GEN. SYMONS' DOGS.

An amusing incident in the late Zulu Campaign. A military correspondent recalls an incident of the late Zulu campaign, in which General Symons, then a captain in the 2nd Battalion of the Twenty-fourth, took part. Four companies of the 24th and 88th combined were advancing to an attack in skirmishing order. Symons was followed by about his knowing it by two favorite dogs of his, highly bred pointers. Presently, when the firing began, these two dogs, who had hitherto been sneaking carefully behind—knowing full well they were not allowed on parade or at church—got wildly excited by the firing, and bounded off between the enemy's position and the advancing line of skirmishers. At first they showed by their actions the excellent training they had received, and worked for all their worth. But at last, not seeing any sign of their masters, standing the perpetual of the firing, they evidently lost patience and emboldened their impetuous master's voice recalled them to their better sense. This homely incident started the whole line of the firing, and made everyone forget that they were engaged in what might have been a serious matter, if it turned out a blank day after all.

THE USE OF DOGS IN WAR.

Results of Experiments Made by the German Army Last Autumn. The use of dogs in war dates back to the Greeks and Romans, and the modern idea of training them for military service was born in 1880 in Germany, and for the past ten or twelve years each battalion of German infantry has had a dog. The dog is used for various special duties, such as the service of information and security or scouting, and in particular, to locate and destroy the enemy's positions. The dog is also used as a messenger on both sides, as carriers of supplies and ammunition on the battlefield, and to hunt up the wounded after battle. The dog is also used for the purpose of carrying messages, and for the purpose of carrying supplies and ammunition on the battlefield, and to hunt up the wounded after battle. The dog is also used for the purpose of carrying messages, and for the purpose of carrying supplies and ammunition on the battlefield, and to hunt up the wounded after battle.

A PARALLEL CASE.

The Case of R. A. Wade, the Criminal Lawyer of Chicago, Duplicated by That of an Ontario Lady. Wade's Night Was Entered by Dodd's Kidney Pills—Mrs. G. Barnes Was Not Only Restored, But Freed—Pills Restored Both Sight and Hearing. Wade's Night Was Entered by Dodd's Kidney Pills—Mrs. G. Barnes Was Not Only Restored, But Freed—Pills Restored Both Sight and Hearing. Wade's Night Was Entered by Dodd's Kidney Pills—Mrs. G. Barnes Was Not Only Restored, But Freed—Pills Restored Both Sight and Hearing.

DRABIC MEASURES.

HOPE—How did you finally get rid of those undesirable neighbors? "Jaxx—Well, first I hung a scarf over the door, and when that didn't have any effect I began taking lessons on the trombone. HOPE—How did you finally get rid of those undesirable neighbors? "Jaxx—Well, first I hung a scarf over the door, and when that didn't have any effect I began taking lessons on the trombone.

SUICIDE OF CHILDREN.

Among the curiosities of Prussian statistics is the fact that in a decade 419 school children, under 15 years of age, committed suicide. Among the curiosities of Prussian statistics is the fact that in a decade 419 school children, under 15 years of age, committed suicide.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

DR. WARD'S NERVE PILLS. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS. DR. WARD'S NERVE PILLS. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS. DR. WARD'S NERVE PILLS. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS. DR. WARD'S NERVE PILLS. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

THE APPROACH OF INDIGESTION.

INDIGESTION is very insidious. The appetite becomes poor, capricious, or is altogether lost. Pain, accompanied by nausea and flatulence follows the taking of food; nutrition being arrested, the blood becomes impoverished, and then appears various nervous affections, such as headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, hysteria, and the collection of distressing symptoms which the name of "nervous debility" or "nervous trouble" has been applied. The liver is specially affected, and there is constipation, flatulence, offensive breath, depression of spirits and slow skin.

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PRINTERS WERE NOT CAUGHT.

The first Australian newspaper—the Sydney Gazette—was published in 1805. It was followed by the rise of the colony. The duty was caused through there being no printers among the convicts, and through the every profession, including the legal.

AS HE FOUND IT.

I asked a scissor sharpener the other day what he thought of the world. He said, "I don't know, but I don't like it."

THE HEAVY LOSS OF THE KING'S ROYAL RIFLES AT DUNDÉE.

The heavy loss of the King's Royal Rifles at Dundée is said to have been caused by the black bolts over the barrel, affording an excellent mark.

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UNANSWERABLE. HARRIS. O'KEEFE'S MALT. AN IMPORTANT DISTINCTION. DRABIC MEASURES.

PARALLEL CASE. SUICIDE OF CHILDREN. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS. DR. WARD'S NERVE PILLS.

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