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DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE. SCIENCF, EDUCATION. AND LITERATURE

VOLUME XXII., No. 6.
MONTREAL \& NEW YORK, MARCH 25, 1857.
30 CTS. per An. Post-Paid.

THE QUEEN'S EARLY TRAVELS ABOUT ENGLAND.
Queen Victoria owed all the best influ: ences of the first part of her life, humanly speaking, to her mother, the Duchess of Kent. Her method of education wis in many respects admirable and enlightened. While there was such seclusion from the fashionable world that, on the Princess Victoria's accession to the throne, hardly anyone knew her bufficiently to have formed an idea of her character, there had been such freedom that the princess had mixed with various classee of the people, and had travelled a good dealabout England. These journeys commenced in her infancy. Not to mention the residence in the winter of 18i9.20, at Sid wouth, Where the Duke of Kent died, the duchess took the princess, when about two years of age, to stay at the Pavilion at Brighton. - Tho building had just been restored by Nash and as the child bounded through it. long gallery, filled with all kinds of atrange and grotesque works of art, her imagination must, it is reasonable: to suppose, have been sonsiderably developed.
In 1826 ohe went on a visit to King George the Fourth, a. Windsor Castle. A few years later the princess was near another of her future homes. During August; 1830, sue went with her juother to stay at Norris..Castle, in the Isle of Wight, and remained there until October. In the autumn of 1832 the duchess took ber daughter on a tour through the


THE PRINGESS YICTORIA IN THE COTTON FAOTORY AT BELPER.
counties borderivg on Wales, Coventry, prizes. On their homeward journey they fountains illumiuated with different colored Shrewsbury, Powis Castle, and Beaumaris paid visits to Eaton Hall, Alton Towerg, lights. The brilliant fele does not appear to were each visited in turn, the royal travel. and Chatoworth.. Thicy were entertained have dazed the child, for everybody was lérs finally taking up their residence in the with great splendor-grand dinners, with delightea with her easy manners, $\backslash$ She sang, Isle of Anglesea, where they attended the music; and great display of plate, the even. when abked, in a clear-toned voice, either Beaumaris Eiateddfod, and gave away the ing finishing up with fireworke, and the alone or in duets with her mother,

But, as if to teach her the stuff life is really made of, the was carried off from these fairy regions to a cotton factory at Beiper, where Mr. Strutt explained to her the pro cees of colton spin ning. The poor workers appear to have been very pleaserl to catch a glimpso of their little gucen bee, who musthave been a marvellons child if she was not glad to get awny from beir wan faces and he prison-like buildings in which hey worked and lived.
Beaides this glimpse of factory life, the princess got ome notion of what t was to pass existence in making nails, for she was taken to Bromsgrove, where those articles have been made for centuries.
There was food for thought in the Belper and Bromsrove factories, and the Princess Victoria was a thought. ul child. This our ended with a visit to Oxford, where the duches, in a reply to an address, spoke of her efforts to educato the princess in accordance with the just expectations of all classes.

In the summer of 1833 they took up their alode at Norris Castle, from which delightful reaidence many marine excursion were made. They attended the opening of the new land ing pier at South ampton, visited Carisbrooke, Win-
chester, Plymouth, Devonport, and the Eddystone Lighthouse, On the homeward voyage the yacht ran foul of a
the mainmast'to spring. The sail and a heavy spar were about to fall exactly on the heavy spar were about to fall exadiyg when
spot where the princess was standing, when spot where the princess was sanding, when
happily the pilot, seeing the danger, caught happily the pilot, seeing the danger, caugb her up in his arms, and put her in a place of
safety; but the crash of the rigging sent a shudder through all who saw the near es cape of the child
The Isle of Thanet was, however, the favorite resort. It was during some of their earlier visits to Ramsgate that they had the much-injured negro race, Mr. Wilberforce. One day a visitor to Ramsgate saw the little princess running about on the sands, dressed in a muslin frock and straw hat trimmed with a white ribbon. Her mother, walking with their aged friend, suddenly caught sigh of the little darcing queen getting her shoes wet in an unmanuerly breaker. She beckoned to her, and the child came. Mr.
Wilberforce looked down benevolently, and taking the priucess's hands in bis own, was observed to say something which made the child fix her eyes on him in a wondering manner, the duchess, meanwhile, looking on with evident interest. Was the philanthropist striving to drop into that budding mind a germ of pity for suffering humanity It is more than probable, for he might well have thought it a golden opport
They were again at Ramegate in 1834, neighbors of Mr. Moses Montefiore, who gave them a special key to his grounds at
East Cliff Lodge. When, in the first year of her accession, the queen was called upon to knight Mr. Hontetiore as the first Jew who had filled the office of sheriff, the Duchess of Kent reminded him of "the happy days spent at Ramegate.'
by visits to rence at Ramsgate was broken by visits to London, and to the seats of
various noblemen. In August, 1834; they were at Tunbridge Wells. In September of the same year they made a journey to
the North, to visit the Archbishop of York the North, to visit the Archbishop of York at Bishopsthorpe, and on the way home they were guests at Harewood House,
Wentworth House, and Belvoir Castie, Towards the end of the month they returned to Kent, where the duchess repeived the King and Queen of the Belgiaape, and in October they paid a visit to the Duke of Wellington, at Walmer Castle: These journeys were apoken of by those who had no good will to the duchess as "royal progresses," addresses being occasionally offered and accepted. Perbaps they were, as in her plan of education the Duchess of Kent evidently kept in mind the fact that the life of the princess would above all things be a public one. We have little detall as to this plan, the reason probably being that it was not a cut and-dnied system, but the unconscious
intluence of an enlightened mind, animated influence of an enlighten
by a high sense of duty.

PARENTS' LOVE IN MAORI.
A very pathetic story of suffering love comes from Maori, New Zealaud, being told by the Rev. Mr. Fairbrother, $a$ missionary at Wairoa. When the eruption commenced
a Maori named Molie, with his wife Mary and their two little boys, were in a chief's house. They were driven out by the falling boards of the house, seeking shelter in their own whare or hut. Then Molie said:
"Well, Mr. Fairbrother has taught us to "Well, Mr. Fairbrother has taught us to pray to God aud Christ of the Cross," and
they knelt down and prayed. Soon the
roof was smashed in with the lava, heated roof was smashed in with the lava, heated
stones and mud. To save the life of the elder boy the father wrapped him in a shawl and placing him on the grouud, knelt over him so that the Jad should not receive any hurt from the falling lava and stones. The drift, however, gathered so quickly round his body that the little one was soon covered,
so the father had to keep throwing it aside so the father had to keep throwing it aside
with one arm to keep it away. All through with one arm to keep it away. All through
the early morning the Maori had his hands the early morning the Maori had his hands
on the ground, and was also on his knees, so on the ground, and was also on his knee,
as to provide an effectual shelter for the little one; he did not mind the lava which found a resting-place on his back so long as mother was trying to protect the other little boy, but her efforts were in vain, and in the silent struggle with the elements the lava Molie, finding it getting dark, and the lave Molie, finding it getting dark, and the lava effort to fling it off, and taking up his little one, called to his wife to be quick and fol.
low, when, to his horror, he found that both
his dear ones had silently died by his side They were afterwards dug out. .The mother was in a sitting posture, with her arms, ex tended over her babe to protect it from the sand drift.-N. Y. Observer.

## AUNTIE HOWARD.

When Auntie Howard was converted she was a young widow with a large family of poor. children about ber. They were very whose visits and prayers at a time of illness and bereavement were the means of her chauge of heart, gave her one.' She began at the beginning to read it through. In the eighteenth chapter of Genesis she paused over these words: "ForI know him (Abraham), that he will command his children and his household after him, and they shall keep the way of the Lord." "Why may not any one in these days so live as to be worthy the Lord's confidence? ?' she thought as she looked about the poor little room of the poor little house, at the group of poorly and girls. The thought seemed to take pos. session of her, and she said,
"With this Bible for my guide and by the power of prayer just awakened in my heart I can bring up these childran to keep the way of the Lord, and thus to become a power for good in the world, and from this moment I will make that object my purpose in life," and she did so.
They lived on a rugged, isolated mountain farm, with nothing inviting to ent or wear The children went irregularly to school, but she taught them at home to read ard spell out of the Bible. Theo learned to write
with the charred ends of small sticks on the with the charred ends of small sticks on the broad stone hearth before the greal open fire. All their rules of equity and of good breeding were taken from the Bible, but they learned them 80 Well that when the proprietor of the great general store in the village wanted to hire a boy and knew he
could have the pick of the hoys in the town. could have the pick of the hoys in the to wn-
ship, he took his horse and chaise and wife ship, he took his horse and chaise and wife
and drove up to the little mountain farm. and drove up to the little mountain farm. The widow made them welcome to her neat kitchen and regaled them with rye bread and butter, sourimilk cheese, aud a cup of sage tea so daintily served that not
only was the boy hired to work in the tore only was the boy hired to work in the store, but the oldest girl was taken back to the verchant's family while she attended the village school
Soon after this the little, low farmhouse was burned to the ground one autumn night, and these new friends provided a tenement in the vilage or the in the church and in bocame a necessity in the churd and in society. As the children grew older they were each "Auntie. Howard" as every. ne calld her lived to be nearly one hun one called her, lived to be nearly one hundred. Shesen her gradchildrend respected grandchildren prosperous and Lespected the end of her days she continued to pray the end of her days she continued to pray were coming after her to do the same, and she was fond of saying that if Christians had faith to take the Lord at his word and show him that he might have confidence in them us he had in Abraham, there was, even in this world, no limit to the beautiful things the Lord had prepared for those who love him and keep in his ways.-Illustrated Chris. tian Weekly.

## A MISSIONARY'S STORY.

BY MRS, PORTER.
During a famine in India, some years ago, group of little Hindu girls, belonging to an orphanage, came to me one evening, bean orp
fore th
said-
"
"Salaam, Amah! May we tell Nargoma not to cook our supper ?"
Why, dear children ? do you not like hat $i_{s}$ given you for supper?"
"Oh, yes, A mab! we like it very much, but Catechist Moses has been here to-day, many says the chimaren at Ventools are them have only one meal in three days, and we have three meals in one day ; and we are ure we could manage to be sstisfied with two weals a day, if we might have a little rice-water before we lie down to sleep ; and then, ma'am, if you would give what our supper costs to Catechist Moses, he would buy a little food for the poor children at Ventoola. We haveno money, "but then
we are fed and clothed, so please, ma'am will you allow this'?" It was a request that could not be refused, and the cost of their supper, with something added, was sent to the poor starving ones,
while the dear children in the school had their "rice-water," with a plantain.

## SCHOLARS NOTES.

(From International Qucstion Book.) LESSON IL.-APRLL 10.
JOSEPH EXALTED.-GEN. 41:38-48 Commit Verses 38-4
Commit thy way untn the Lord; trust niso
him ; and he shall bring it to pass.-Ps. $37: 5$. CENTRAL TRUTH.

Fait
perity

## DAILY READINGS.

## 

Time:-B.C. 1718; thirteen years after the last Pladeb.-Heliopolis, the ancient On, was the
cene of Joseph's slavery, imprisonmeent, and lie as a prince. It was thein the capltal of eiver Lgyphann
eat Delta.
RULEERS-Aphophis, the last king of the
ifteenli dynasty; was the Pbaraoh or Eing of egypt.
Egypr.-Egypt was at this Uime the most was exceedingly frutiful; writing, painting arehtecture, weaving mathematics and learnivg were cullivated verry extenslvely, Heliopo. its cliter cities and capitals.
Joseph.-Now thity years old; ten years
bad boen spent in slavery; and three in Jacob.-121 sears old, and still living at Hebron.
INTRODUCTION, Joseph, after renching Egypt.
was sold by the NId ianites to pinliphar cap wais sold by the NIdianlies to Pulipuar, cap-
tain ot guard at Hellopolis. Now begins long series of preparations for the life-work of
Joseph. He was soon made to ve the overseer
over ail Hot over ail Youiplar's estate. Every Lhitug pros-
pered under his hand. Then he was; on an unpered under his hand. Then he was; on an un-
just accusalion, cast jnto.prison, where he ra-
inatued hree years, Here lis ust accusalion, cast inio.prison, where he re-
nand hed hree years. Here his good behavior
and kindness gave him favor. He interpreted he:dreams of two high offcers, and through Thatlous drenms, pe was called on to give their
interyretations.

HELPS OVER IARD PLACES.
di His kiNG-the royal signei-ivivg with
which all orders and decres wert st gued


 THROUGH ALL THE SLAND-to
needed, and make preparations.
needed, and make preparations. Subjects ror Special Reponts.-Joseph's
 adversity prepared hin for prosperstity, Pha-
raons
mentranis.-The steps 10
Joseph's advance QUESTIONS:
Introductory,-To what country are we
now taken in our stadies? How much time benowenthe lastilesson and thisy Mach time be-
tween tras the
condition of Egypt? Where were Jacob and condition
h18 sons?
SUBJECT: THE WAY TO A SUCCESSFUL I. The Divine and the huaran Elements in Life. What become of Joseph when ba
reached Egypt How long was ha have to
Potlphar What liud of lif did

 about the
lai: 17-18.)
In how many placesin this narrative do you
see God's hand in matters that influenced Joseph's 11 fe , and which yot were beyond bis
control Could ne of hinself heve autaiue coutros Could he of hanself have altaine
success What part had he in his success? Are these two elements in all our lives?
What can yout tell about Egypt at this time?
Are the Blbleaccounts conflrmed by the monnt ments . What should we learn as to our
IVes by tracing thedivineandhumanelements
II. Long l'reparation For life's Work.How mang years was Joseph being prepared
for his great work in Egypu How would bls
 experience ald him in undersanding ine
Egyplians? in strengineniog his character? in
increasing his faith in ood in injparting skili
in managing alfairs What does Jesus siay in in managing
What strange dreams came to Pharaohy How
id it come to pass iwat Joseph was called dit come to pass wat joseph was called to vice dia Joseph givel
IIII. Tue SUCCESSFOL, LIFE (ve, 38-48).-Would
Joseph's life have been a success ir he had ouly gained character and experlence, and had not been exalted to be rulery diat was Joseph's
outward sucess Why did Pharaon choose
ninin be ruler: Why is one "in whom the spirit or God is" sure to be both wise and goodi Whit fnur marks of high office
What was Joseph's great work to bel How
did heaccomplish it? Was thls greater success
than his honors and wealth?

Was Joseph right in marrying a heathen
WIfe? Were his plans statesmanilise and wise Wre? Were his plans statesmanilice and wise
Why did ho not let his fither know that he was
all
 lesson 1 Does true success as incuugh neaven
Will the same priaciples apply to that as to
W. Will the same principles
success in our earlhly life

LESSON III.-APRLL 17.
JOSEPH MAKES HMSELF KNOWN:-GEN. $45: 1-15$. Conmit Verses is-1
Overcome evil rith good.-Rom. $12: 21$. CENTRAD ITRUNH.
Our duty and privilege, to overcom
good. DAILY READINGS.

Time.-B.C. 1707, , two years after tho faming
begau; nine years after the last lesson. Place.-Heliopolis, the capital of Lower
Egynt. About 250 miles from Hebron, Jacob's
home. Rule
nast, - l'robably
kingen kingdom.
Jacos,-About 130 sears old, stil! living at
Hebron with eleven sous. Josepr.-Thirty-vine years old, of which he
had 1 lved 22 years in Enypt. He has a Wlie
and two chldre Histomical Confrimations.-The pictured tomb band monuments of Egypt are each yenr
lhrowng new light and confrmatlon upon the
Blble bistory of these times. Introguction.-The ramine extended to other countrijes - besides Egypt, extended to was relt
severely in Canan. Jacol and his sons evduverely in Canaan, Jacol and his sons en-
dured for two yars, and then the sons; all but
Benjanin, went to Benjantir weat to Egypt to buy grain. Joseph
knew ihem, but they did not recogni kne whem, but they did not recongize him.
Ho tested them in varlous ways to see whetber Ho tested them in varlous ways to see whether
they had become betler, and loved thelr
father, and were worthy or his contdenoes. He found and were worthy or his conddenoes. He
found
had sold Josethren front envy, They who berore
Wine willing to be had sold Joseph fron envy, were willing to b
savaves. for the loved Beajamin. Read th
hilstory in chapters proved them suflciently. he made he himself
known to them, and took the whole family
under tis care.

HELPS OVER HARD PLAOES.
n. Cause Every man to go out-thev must how these men once treated their brother

 they Were not to blame. G. EARING-old
English for ploughing. 8 . FATHER TO PrA-RAOB-one Who has taken care ot him ard his
RIIIgdom. 10 LAND or ciosikn extending along the eastern brach of the mouths or the
NIle to the Mediterranean. 13. TEEL OF AL
MY GLORY no from
 do what he
invitailion.

## QUESTIONS.

THE SToRY.- How long had Joseph been in
EGYpt How old was he? Where were his cgypl How old was he? Where wore his
fainer aud brethren living? How far away
was it? How wide did the famine extend? How long aiter the fanine began was the firs
trip of the brothers into Egyth. Give an ac
count or this expedition. Tell the story of the count of this expedi
second expedition?
SUBJEOT: OVERCOMING EVIL WITH
I. BYGOD'S Work of DISGIPLINEIN Trose
Who Had Done wong.-Name the varlous
 mind of the brothers thelr past evil deeds.
How would this help himem prow hetter How long was it since they had sold Joseph
Point out in the narrative the proors that they remembered their crime. How would their faher's sorrow lead them to repentance
What proors do you find in the narralive that
the brothers had grown betler? Why do the results of sin make the guil
more deeply felt? Why is it necessary 10
feel our sins before we will deeply repent feel our sins betore we will deoply repent
Is all Godis disclpline intended to make us bet
ler!
 first Why was he so harsh to themi How pented and had become good enough for him
to trusit Did thes stand tie test? Dotrust 1 Did thes stan one lest
Describe how Joseph made himself known.
How did he show hat hed forglven thum What good did he return for forgiven thump
Whevil Dld this overcome the evil in them? How does
desus tellus to treathose who have tinjured
us? (Matu. $5: 99-18$. what does paul tell us to do 1 (Rom. 12:14, 17, 18-21)
How was it that the brothers did not know
Joseph whille he knew hem returning evil for ovil overcome evil? Is
roper punshment a returnins evil for evil?
prope
 up nswith
purpose?
III. BY GoD's Overruling Providence (ve.
 would it help them to forgive themselves
D.es God overrule the sins of men What comforth us in this assum
do you find in Rom. 8:281
IV. Gospex Applications.-In what re-
spects have we treated Jesus, our Ehder
Brother, as Joseph brethren Brotner as Joseph's brethren treated him
What do you find In Josepa's treatment of his
brothers that will illusirate Jesur' feelings and brothers that will illustrate Jesus' feelings and
actions oward us What sliould such treat

## THE HOUSEHOLD.

THE RESTLESS BOY AT OHOROH
How he turns and twists,
And how hepersists
How uneasy he feels,
Our wide-awake boy in church!

## Then earnost and still, <br> While the story is told <br> Of some old hero bold, <br> Our dear, thoughteful boy in ohurch!

But our glad surprise
At his thurughtful ayes
As turned to despair,
Of bis little sister in church !
Still, each naughty trick flies
At a look from the eyes
Who thinks best do sit, near
Another trick comes?
Yes His Enger he drums,
Or his kerchief is spread
Or his kerchief is spread
All over lis head,
And still over his head
He's troublesome? Yes,
That I'm bound to confess
Bat God made the boys
With their fun and their nois
Ard He surely wants them in charch!
Such children, you know,
Ling, long yeara ago.
Though disciples were bored
So we'll still keep them near Him in church ! -Fpiscopal Rccorder:

## RULING WITH DILIGENCE

## by e. P. allan.

"I used to monder," said old Aunt Halibone, "what the apostle meant by the injunction to rule with wisdom, with firmness, with justness? But diligence-it seemed as if he bad mistaken his word. 1 am now cighty years old," continued the old lady,
"and it is only this summer that I bavedis"and it is only this summer thatI I bave discovered how apt that apostolic expression is about ruling with diligence.
"I have been visiting two dear nieces, sweet, lovely young women both of them,
living far apart and in circuosstances also very far apart. They have the same theory of family Government, but Lilian, busy, oppressed with household cares, often without servants, issues her commands, and that is too often the end of it. 'Roy,' I would hear her say to her seven- year-old boy, 'get down off that lattice, and don't let me see you on it again.' Roy, to my surprise, would not stir, and his nother would hurry a way to the kitchen, diligent to see that dinner was cooked, diligent to ho har the little wills under her guidance.
"I found many excnses for poor overworked Lilian, but I did not enjoy my visit to Riverside nor the acquexintance of my handsome, smart, disobedient great nephews. "I went from her home to Grace's. There were many drawbacks to my enjoyman like ; to a plain, countrifed old woand parade of fashionable life are a great and parade of rashionable life ave a great
trial ; but one thing rested me and made my stay a pleasant one; five perfectly my stay a peasant one ; ive perfectly
obedient children ; consequently five sweet, interesting, happy, loving, and lovable chil
ind dren.
Arace bad the secret of it was just diligence. Grace had more leisure than her sister, I grant you, but she used it for the very most
important of all mother purposes, namely, ruling her children. Quietly, affectionately, without brawling or nagging or threatening she gave her gentle commands, and then at tended to having them obeyed.
'Little chicks,' I heard her ask, raising her finger, playfully, 'who tore up all that paper under my library window ?' '" I 'spect I did,' answered Gerty, the haps. it all well," then, lady-bird, trot off and pick it all up."
pany, was un company, the inevitable company, was ushored in, and I could but smile vantage of this fact. Mother would forget about the paper, she thought; I thought so too. But we were both mistaken. The littered paper was too smalla matter to have stayed in the mother's occupied mind, but

## her child's obedience was above all other considerations.

"Not hearing the little footsteps going up with ection of obedience, my niece gol the. parlor brief, graceful apology, and her her voice, though low, was no longer tender A look, a tone, quickly admonished the little delinquent, and the mother stood gravely by till the scraps had been picked up. think Gerty will go at the first bidding nex time. But oh, a mother needs every day and hour to rule with ailigence! "-lilus trated Clristian Weekly.

## HARSH WORDS.

We never intend to speak them; No, indeed. But when there is everything to do, and but one pair of hands to work with, When the fire won't kindle, or the cake will fall, when we are so tired and nervous that We feel as if we certainly should fly, and the children tease and hang about our skirts, or get into some new mischief, or, worse still, pick quarrels with each other, quarrels tha who tortod them. Then oh thost before we have time to think, these barsh words pass our lips! We feel as though we really could not help saying them, for those children were so very trying. In fact, I think children are liable to be far more troublesome when we are in a hurry than at any other time; and it is hard to keep back the quick, angry words that rise to our lips. But, mothe, don' you honestly think that there are a great many himes when we don't try to keep them back ? Yet when the hurry
und bustle of the day is over, and we stand und bustle of the day is over, and we stand
beaide the little beds where lie our little sleeping treasures we say softly to ourselves as we stoop to press the goodnight kiss upon the little, rosiy, innocent faces, "How could We have spoken such quick harsh words to
our darlings!" And yet when the next day comes we do just the same thing. When Frankie and Charlie quarrel over a top string, and with hot cheeks and loud words proclaim their individual rights to the said string, instead of firmly but gently parting the disputants, and inquiring into the cause of the quarrel, how apt we busy, nervous muthers are to snatch the string from the little eager hands, thrust it into the fire, and scold the young rebels roundly and vigorous. y without stopping to choose our words. We tell them that they ought to be ashamed of themselves, good-for-nothing young scamps. We wish they knew how to behave across the street. An our boys seem to know is just how to quarrel. And while we are talking we do not stop to think how loudly our own voices are raised, how angry we really are, and how the boys can not but harder that we are quarrelling with then And than they were among themselves. And so throughout the day, and the next grows upon us. We don't stop tay think habit often we say those harsh words. How often and how needlessly we scold our little ones for something that perhaps they have not done. We dou't mean to wound or hurt the little tender, sensitive hearts, or we don't mean to make our boys and girle sullen and ndifferent, yet many, many times we do so first wound, and then harden the child's heart, when one or two softly-spolen, gentle Words of reproof would have melted the angry heart and make the little one feel that meelings intentionally.
We cannot have our little ones with us a great while at the most ; soon, all too soon Cor the loving mother hearts, our boys and girls will have grown up and left the home
nest to try the world for themselves. Don't nest to try the world for themselves. Don't you think, then, that we will look back over
the days that have passed and think of the the days that bave passed and think of the
many quick, sharp words we uttered to the many quick, sharp words we uttered to
little ones that now are so far from us.
ttle ones that now are so far from us.
Don't you think we will realize then often we were to blame for things that we blame the children for 1 I think we will. A fer days ago I had one of those dreadfully "trying" days, as we call them ; evergthing had gone wrong. It was baking day, heat. I piled on more wood, opened all the drafte, and the consequence was that when went to look at my pies a few minutes later, I found the upper crust burnt black,
while I knew that the lower crust must be While I knew that the lower crust must be raw dough, My little eight.-year-old Clarice
exclaimed at the sight of the blackaned,
spoiled pastry. "Poor little woman !" She was only trying to sympathize with me, but I puahed her impatiently aside, saying "There, now, hold your tongue, and mind your own affairs. If you hadn't been onering about the kitchen 1 shouldn't have spoiled all my cooking." Poor little gir, as to say : "Why, mamma, you know that I never made you spoil your cooking." I an the look but was too angry to care for milk accidentally over my clean floor, I declared passionately that there was no need of his having done so. He never looked where he was going, or cared how much I scolded Clarice for letting two year-old Rossie fall off the steps. I scolded-Rossie Rosfielling, and then when the little fellow for faling, and then when the little fellow
sobbed and cried, and hung about my skirts, sobed and cried, and hung about my skirts,
coaxing mamma to "Take Baby," I shook coaxing mamma to "Take Baby," I shook
him roughly off, declaring that mamma could not be bothered, Baby was naughty, etc., etc.
That night after the little ones were snugly tucked away in their respective beds and cribs, I sat down to my sewing, and thought over the incidents of the day. The children had been so tiresome, so hateful and aggravating, and-Just then my younger sister in an adjoining room commenced to sing, expressly for me

If we knew that baby fingers Pressed against the window pane,
Would be cold and still to-morrow, Never troublesome again,
Would the sweet voicco of our darlings
Meet the frown upon our brow? Would those tiny; hithe fingers

## Would those tiny, fittle fingers

The verse eided I rose and stole into the darkened chamber where my darlings lay. My precious treasures! Suppose, oh, sup pose that to-morrow they should be beyond Sue reach of mamma's harsh, cruel words. my little ones would be cold day should dawn my ey wouns would be cold and sill, when they would never know how sorry mamma My precious little ones, my god-given ewole, I had not intended to bo gom wit them. I was in such a hurry, and every thing went wrong, and I did not think, that was the trouble, I did not think. How very crmel and harsh my words must have sounded to my darlings, And to-morrow they might be where they would never arain hear any hasty, harsh words, and would they Ther know that mamma nsver meant them
That mamma did not think ?-Mrs.May $E$. Staford, in American Kindergarten.

It Wodld be a Good Plan if every boy could bave the trdining of a West Poin cadet in orderliness. No untidiness allowed perfect order ; and he must put it so and perfect order ; and he must put it so and
keep it so himself. How iudependent and comfortable this habit makes the man. A word or two now, to the mothers. Mothers are apt to let their boys go. "Sallie," says mother to Bob's sister, "' put away your hings ; keep your drawers in order ; and while you are about it do put away Bob's
things, too." I know mother who trained her three boys always to open wide the windows, take off the bed-clothen, and put both dows, tate of he bed-clo the, and pat both ing their hedroo ms in the morning.-Frances A. Himphrrey, in Wide Awake.

The Ventilation of school-rooms, especially in winter, is one of the teacher's most serious dilficulties. The importance of good ventilation can scarcely be over-rated. Neither teacher nor pupil can do good work, or preserve the cheerful, elastic frame of mind which is one of its conditions, in an atmosphere vitiated as that of every room containing a considerable number of pupils must become in a short time when doors and windows are closed. Time will be saved and health and good spirits promoted by frequently throwing open doors and win. dows for a few minutes, and have the children form into line and march briskly around the room until it is thoroughly around the room until it is thoroughly
charged with fresh air. No wise teacher will neglect to do this.-School Journal.

## REOIPES.

Grahasr Bisoutr.-Thres cupfuls of Graham four, one cupful of white flour, thres cupfuls of fresh or sweet milk, two tablespoonfuls of lard, one heaping tablesponful of white sugar, one
saltspoontui of salt, one teaspoonful of sod
two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar. Mix and

Hominy.--Soak a cup of amall hominy for two put over the fire in a farina kettle with a quart of warni water slightly salted, and cook for half an hour after it reachas the boil. If it has not the place with-a cup of warm milk, Bring it to a boil and serve. Eat with meat as a vegetable or with sugar and cream.
The Stains on linen can be easily removed, but the quick process will be very apt to destroy the stain on A slower, but better way, is to rub tarch and cold sides with yellow soap, Max $t$ well into the linen on both sides of the stain. Spread the linen on the grass, if possible in the un and wind, till the stain disappears. If not the pastemoved in two or three days, rub of the paste and renew the pros
added to the paste is good.
Maganoni Pobirng.-Take one good cupfua macaroni, break in small pieces and boil in beat up the yolks of five egga, two cups of granulated sugar, a little salt, one quart of mill and stir all together. Beat your eggs well. Grate nutmeg and beat one hour. Take the whites of the eggs and beat stiff; one-half cup of granu-
lated sugar, teaspoonful essence of lemon ; when the pudding is done, spread it over the top, stit in the oven and brown.
Geys,-Four cupfuls of sifted flour, one and a half cupfuls of mills, one and a half cupfuls of water, Mix and beat thoroughly and lightly for ten minutes, heat the gem pans hot- in the oven, then butter them, fill them two-thirds full and bake in a hot oven. The Cottage Hearth
gives this siniple recipe for Graham gems: Tvo gives this siniple recipe for Graham gems: Two
coffee cupfuls of Graham flour, one of milk, small cupful of water, and one and one half teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Hot gem pans and hot

Almond and Potato Podding.-Rub half a pound of cold, mealy potatoes through a fine
sieve; place them in a stew pan with two ounces sieve; place them in a stew pan with two ounces of ground almonds, six ounces of white sugar, an ounce of butter, a little grated nutmeg, and
essence of lemon. Stand on the stove and let it get slightly warm, add half a gill of mills and up the whites of fas ; work well together ; beat lightly stir in the potato mixturo. Butter a tin mould, pour in the mixture, and bake in a quick
oven for forty minutes ; turn out carefully and

Eag Salad.-Boil six fresh eggs fifteen minutes, take off the shells carefully, cut them plate together, pulverize them as tine yolks on a add a piece of butter the size of a walnut or larger, two teaspoonfuls of ground mustard and some balt, mix together thoroughly, then, with ful to to the cavities in the whites (being care place the pieces singly on r them up a little, dress with paraley round the edges and between the piece and you will not only have a very pretty looking dish for the tea table, buta very fine relish. I hope some of our friends will try it.
Morhar's Plom Pudding.- One and one-halt cuppals of suet, rubbed fine; two cupfuls raisins, aeded and chopped; one of currants; one fourth pound citron, cut small ; two tablespoonheaping eupfuis of bread crumbs; two table spoonsful of ginger ; two teaspoonfule of cinnamon; a half nutmeg, grated; one cupful of Now cups of milk, in which a heaping teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved; put in a mould and steam four hours. Or tie in a cloth, wrung from hours. The water should boil when the pudding is put in, should not cease boiling till the pud-
diag is done, and be roplenished as it boila away.

## PUZZLES.

beheadings.
I am a circular frame turning on an nxis Behead me and 1 am a part of the foot.
Behead me again and $I$ am a fish resembling a snake.
I am a home for animals.
Behead me and I am a
Behead me and I am a piece of household furniture.
Behead me again and I mean capable of doing. sqUARE WORD.

1. A girl's name. 2. A period of time. 3.
Always.
A. very very, littlo word

And that my second is a y youth
I think you will agree.
My third is something muoh disliked
By those of riper years,
And when my second mukes it
They often stop their ears
My whole one whose lot was cast
But who, at lenkth, by magic arts,
ANSWERS'LO PUZZLES IN LAST NUMBER.
Square word.-


Riddle.-Partition.
Initial chavoes.-Bane, cane, Dano, fane,


The Family Circle.
MY CLASS FOR JESUS.
(Published by request.)
"My precious class for Jesus, who did so much Who paid the
Tis little, of my siny, Tis little, 0 my Saviour, that my weak hand
can give, can cive,
et me win thase thoughtless ones, to look to
thee and live.
My whole dear class for Jesus, now in their Ere shaudows lie neross the path, dull sicknes Ere sadaows he acros
and the tomb;
While life is in its inorning, and bright things May cluster high,
in the sky.
My whole dear class for Jesus, 0 I let not one be When Calv,
drous ransom cost;
Oue little step may sever the parting veil away, And forms that now are glad and Eair, to
morrow may be clay.

For Yesus, $O$ for Jesus, the time is fleeting fast, come the last.
01 teachers toil for Jesus, as no'er ye toiled
That each may bear a precious sheaf, to yonder hining store.

## A MOTHER'S INFLUENOE

## be mati b. whifing.

In a pretty village, not far frim London, lived a family named Morgan. Mr. Morgan was a person of infuence in the neigh-
borhood ; his house was open to all his friends, for he was a liberal hearted mana somewhat easily led, but popular with al on account of his genial manner. He had a large family of sons and daughters, all of whom were growing up at the time of which I write. He was rich and everything that man could desire seemed to be his, and yet
upon this lovelv and reeminghly happy home there rested a hidden blight.
Mrs. Morgan had been left an orphan at
an carly age, and had been brought up in an early age, and had been brought up in reat luxury by her unclo.
Hubert Morgan had married her against the advice of his friends, who warned hiru that such habits as Ellen had been trained in could never be eradicated ; but he only laughed at their prophecies, and replied that it was absurd to take such a view of a sfirl who was still under twenty, she would scion forget all she had lnown in her unclio's house-a new lifo would begin with her new
home. Under some circumstances no donibt this might have proved true, but Mr. Morgian was not the man to counteract long-formied habits by a steady influence of his own; 'he was careless and easy-roing, devotedly fomd was careless and easy-poing, devotedy fomd
of his wife-ready to let her have her own way in everything.
An old friend of Mr. Morgan's, Hadley by name, came down to lunch one day. He was one of those who had warned his frieind gainst his marriage, and ho was glad to fm Mrs. Morgan a quiet and ladylike lookitag person ; but his face grew rather grave as he upon the table, aud noticed that Mrs. Morupon the table, aud noticed that Mrs. Mor-
gan filled her glass three or four times before gan filled her glass
luncheon was over.
During the afternoon a walk round the place was proposed, and Mrs. Morgan went out of the room to put on her hat. Mr. Hadley was standing in the hall waiting for his host when a sound in the dining-room attracted his attention, and looking through the open door he eaw Mrs. Morgan putting a glass of wine to her lips. He sluuddered involuntarily.
"Her husband cannot know of this," was the thought that crossed his mind, butat the same moment Mr. and Mrs. Morgan oame out of the dining-room together, and invited their guest to walk. Hisattention was sadly disturbed by what he had seen, but still he managed to conceal his thoughts from his friends.
"You will have a cup of tea before you gtart, will you not $[$ " asked Mrs. Morgan as
they returned to the house, and Mr. Hadley accepted her officr. The tea was standing
in the drawing-room when they entered, and Mr . Hadley took a cup; but what were his feelings.when ho heard Mrs. Morgan say to the servant, "Bring me a glass of sherry tea makes me so nervous.": He could hardly restrain his disgust, and when he was once on his way to the station, whither $\mathrm{Mr}_{\text {. }}$
Morgan had insisted on driving him, he could Morgan had insisted on dri
resist speaking. no longer.
"I hope you will forgive me for mention ing an unpleasant topic," he began, "but do you think it is wise to allow such an un limited use of wine in your house?"
"What do you mean?"
"I do not want to say anything to offend you, but may I ask whather Mrs. Morg taking wine under doctor's: orders ?"
" No, but she, takes nothing to speak of
assure you it is all right.
Mr. Hadley did not like to say more, and his friend soon changed the subject ; but as they shook hands at parting, he said in
The "Do not forget my warning."
The years passed quickly by and children's voices echoed in the Morgans pleasant home. Mrs. Morgan loved her she:could not put aside the fatal habit which had gained so strong a footing.
ad gained so strong a footing. Hadey had
It was ang time since Mr. Hadey visited the house, for he had been in India ooking after the affairs of the firm with which he was connected, and Mr. Morgan was surprised one day by receiving a letter
from him proposing to come:down: : He from him proposing to come:down: He
wrote off at once offering his friend a warm Wrote off at once offering his friend a warm
welcome, but as the day of his arrival drew ear he felt somewhat uneasy at the prospect Mr. Hadley's long neglected warning cam back to his mind, and he could not but ac-
knowledge that much wont on in his house knowledge that much went on in his house of which his friend would strongly disapprove. However, he consoled himself by the
thouglt that on the surface nothing was miss, and went to meet him with pleasant anticipations. Mr. Hadley could not restrain a slight gesture of surprise as he stepped upon the platform. Mr. Morgan had grown stout and florid in the years that had elapsed since their last meeting; his ejes were dinmer, and he had lost all the look o healthy activity, which had once so strongly characterized him ; but he still retained his old hearty manner, and he greeted his friend warmly, Mr. Morgan had looked. War little nervously to the after-dinner hour turbed tete-a-tete; Harold was the only one of his sons at home, and as soon as he had wallowed all the wine his father would al. low him, he always escaped out of doors. Ir. Hadley sat silent for some time after he Fas gone, and Mr, Morgan moved uneasily on his seat, with the air of a man expecting a "cture.
What do you proposo to do with tha bay " "asked Mr. Hadley at last
bilition hnow exactly; he haṣ good cular line."
Mr. Hadley had made up his mind that i Harold were not put uader strict discipline or a time he would be ruined, and he re olved that
"What do you $\quad$ asy to my taking Harold out to India with me?" he asked.
"To India !"
Yes. I would take him into my own ofice, and watch over him as a son for your
"His mother would never allow it, he is the light of her eyes, nad she cannot bear to be parted from him for a day."
"Still she must part from him some thme or other, aud $I_{\text {am }}$ sure you will find that or other, aud 1 mm sure you wrill find that
unless he is put to steady work he will get unless he is pu,
Mr. Morgian hated discussions, as he hated rouble of all kinds, and the most that Mr. Eadley could get from him was a permission talk the matter over with his wife. This ho took the first opportunity of doing, and
found to his surprise that she did not oppose the scheme as strongly as he had expected, dim idea was beginning to dawn upon her that she had not done all she might for her children, and that periaps some of their nany faults might be traced to the fact of her own unrestrained self-indulgence. So the matter was settled, though much against tarold's will.
Before Mr. Hadley left he took an opportunity of speaking to Mr. and Mrs. Morgan in private. "I must not conceal from you," he said, "that I have great fears for your boy. I will do all I can for him, but still
his future resta with himself, and it gives me

## great uneasiness to see a lad of his age so ad

"Addicted
"Addicted to wine "" exclained Mrs. Mor an, " what a dreadful phrase"; ;he takes no thing but a glass now and then.
"If it were bui a glass now and then, I should not be so anxious about him," replied
Mr. Hadley. "I give you fair warning that I shall do all in my power to induce him to give up the use of wine altogether." "That is too strong a measure," said Mr Morgan ; "restrict him if you can, but don't draw the bow too tight."
"I will do my best to act wisely. Witb God's help; in some cases, no doubt, young ut in drink a lutle, whout tering must remember his early training."
There was a silence after the words were spoken, and, seeing that he had made an im. pression, Mr. Hadley went away without saying more. He resolved not to begin by rousing Harold's opposition on the temper nce question unless he were obilged, and occasion for interference having arisen. The occasion for interference having arisen. The new scenes which surrounded him kept-him from transgressing and Mr. Hadley began to eel more hopeful for his future
But one day, as they were nearing their destination, the captain announced his in tention of giving a sort of farewell dinner
to the passengers. Mr. Hadley was one of to the passengers. Mr. Hadley was one of
the most cheerful of the party, but he had the most cheerful of the party, but he had not forgotten his young charge. He had tried in vain to get Harold to sit next him, and he saw with disappointment that his glass was again and again filled and einptied.
He took advantage of a move at last to lean He took advantage of a move at last to lean over his chair and say; in an uudertone, "I too ?
Harold's cheek was flushed, and his tones indistinct, as he answered, "Not I-much better fun here."
Mr. Hadley knew it was no use to prese the matter ; but the next morning he put his arm kindly through the lad's and drow him aside.

What made you refuse to come with me ast night ?" he asked.

Oh! I raas:enjoying myself."
"You don't look as though you were enying yourself very muich this morning aind to " Ho "Ahind them," said Harold laughing lightly, "Ah! my boy," said Mr. Hadley, in a serious tone, "they leave something worse han a headache; you will soon find to your cost that such things carry a heartache with them. Do promise me before we land that You will keep out of the way of temptation
in the future in the future ; the course that you have en-
tered upon can only end in misery in this tered upon can only
world and the next."
"What do you mean?" asked Harold angrily.
"Do not be vexied with me if $I$ say that half-measures will be of no use to you. I want you to promise me that you will abstain altogether, from the moment you put your foot ou shore.
"It is great nonsense, but of course I can do it if I choose."
"You cannot do it in your own strength; trust in God's grace alons can keep you steadfast."
Harold made no answer at the time, but the next day he came to Mr. Hadley, and said, earnestly, "I do not think you" can have any idea of the craving for wine which I feel; but still I am willigg to make you a promise that I will go without any intoxi. promise that I will go without any in ating drink for a year from this date.
Mr. Hadley's face beamed with joy. Mr. Hadley's face beamed with joy. "I
cannot tell you what pleasure it gives me to hear what you say," he exclaimed, "and I am sure that at the year's end you will acam sure that at the year's end you will ac-
kuowledge that you never felt better or knowledge that you

Harold smiled rather incredulously, but made no reply. Sorely was he tempted during the weeks that followed, but the
thought of his promiss restrained him. thought of his promise restrained him.
ifr. Hadley watched his conduct day by day, and began to think that all was really safe; his heart was filled with thankfulness at the thought that another young life was saved from the curse of drunkenness; but yet he rejoiced with trembling, for be knew that fierce temptations still lay before the lad.
He was late at the office oue morning, for he had been detained at his own house, and
when he entered his first glance showed him Harold standing at his desk, with bloodshot eyes and shaking hand.

Hadley, in a atern voice. Harold obeyed reluctantly, but when his friend spoke o fessed with shame how he had been led a way on the previous night. Mr. Hadley knelt down, and poured forth an earnest prayer for the uulappy lad, who promised amendment in eager words.
But not many days had passed before Harold fell again, and this time he remained sullen and unrepentant; again and again was the same scene witneased, and each time he became more hardened and reckless. In vain Mr. Hadley pointed out to him the wful risk he was running ; Harold listeied doggedly, but refused to take the warning. "Give it up for your mother's sake, if not for your own," urged his friend one day, when all other arguments had proved un-
Harold turned fiercely upon him, "It was my mother who first taught me to love it," he cried, and the other's heart sank at the terrible words.
"Young Morgan will soon do for himself at this rate," said the doctor one evening as he met Mr. Hadley returning from his must bring on bring as do does in this climate "What can be done to save him ?"
"I don't know, unless you can send him way on some business tour. Hard work and new scenes might give him a chance." "That is what I said once before," anwered Mr. Hadley sadly. "Such cures are f no avail when it runs in the blood."
It was not many days after this that a pencilled note was hauded to Mr. Hadley one morning. It was written by Harold, and in it he implored his friend to come to
him. Mr. Hadley him. Mr. Hadley was soon at the house,
and found the lad in bed. A glance was suffi' cient to tell him that. the doctor's words were true, Harold was on the brink of a serious illness. He grasped his hand as he stooped over him. "I see it now," he said,
"too late! I have not striven as I might "too late! I have not strivèn as I might have done, but oh! I was born with a curse upon me!" "
"Hush !" said Mr, Hadley, "do not think of that now, let us ask for forgivenees." his feeble hads in prayer, but hardly had he finisued before raging delirium seized him, and he became uneonscious
For turee daye and nights Mr. Hadley never left him; all that unwearied care and attention could do was done, but it was indeed too late. "He will not see another morning:
The hours passed slowly away, until at milnight Harold opened his eyes ; Mr. Hadley bent forward and took big hand, but the dying lad did not notice him, bis gaze scemed to be fixed on something and he exclained, in low but distinct tones, "Mother, this is your doing !" Then fell back and 'died.
Who shall dearribe the sudden and sharp anguish that filled the mother's heart when There despnir the words to convey the depth of women of England, look to it that while such opportunities of good are put into such opportunities of good are put into your hands, you do not abuse them and
cause the souls of those whom you love to go astray.

There is no balm to heal the wound which is made by the thought that we have turaed another's steps out of the way; the sin indeed may be forgiven through the allatoning Blood of Christ, but the agony of remorse can never be stilled on this side of the grave,-Church of England'. Temperance Olironiole.

LEAVING THEM TO GOD.
In West Africa a society in England has tarted a school for native children. One day in that school a little girl struck her achoolmate. The teacher found it out, and
asked the child who was struck "Did you strike her back again ?"
"No, ma'na," said the cbild.
"What did you do?" asked the teacher. "I left her to God," said she.
A beatiful and most efficient way to settle all difficulties, and prevent all fights among children and amoug men. We shall never be etruck by others when they know that we shall not return the blow, but "leave them to God." Then, whatever our enemies do, or threaten to do to $\mathrm{us}_{\mathrm{j}}$ let $\mathrm{u}_{3}$ loave them to Him, praying that He would
A STRANGE SLEEPING-PLACE. We've lost our dear Harry, our own little boy Oh, wherecan the little one be ?
We've searched every corner and nook of the hoüse;
Nurse wants him to come to his tea.
Let's look in the garden. Alas ! he's not there ! "Oh, Harry!" cries mother, her heart full of "Come,
"Come
"Come home, my wee darling, come home !
But what is the matter with Osicar just now? He seems quite excited and wild But the dress of my dear little child?
Asleep in the kennel, curled up in the straw His rosy face pressed on his arm; While honestoce pressed Oncar lies down by his side,
To keep his companion from harm.
"Oh Harry, you rogue! you have frightened Oried mother, her heart full of joy.
You never must aleep in the ken. Or I'll thaint,
Or I'll think you a naughty wea
boy." boy."
-The Prize.

## A HARD WINTER.

by margarme b. sangster. The question was, should Dick remain at school 1
"I'm afraid you'll have to give it up, Dick, my boy. I'm sorry, old fellow, but there doesn't seem to be a way out; and.mamma and myeelf have talked it over and over.until we are exhausted. It breales my heirt to disappoint you, Dick." It was papa, who spoke, rather sorrowfully.
Dick Hanford was standing beside his father, with an arn thro wn lovingly over the latter's shoulder. Mr. Hanford was very pale and thin, and had a languid appearance. He was, in fact, recovering from a long siege of covering from a long siege of rheumatic fever, which had drained the little family of its
savings, and owing to which Mr. savings, and owing to which Mr.
Hanford had lost his position. It Hanford had lost his position. It Fould be many weeks before he
could take another place, even if could take another place, even if was doubtful.
In the meantime Mrs. Hanford and Eva were supporting the and Eva were supporting
family. Eva painted scarfs, family, Eva painted scars,
vases, cups and saucers, screens, vases, cups and saucers, sco and had a market for them in the had a market for where a dealer in bric-a-brac city, where a dealer in oric-a-brac
kept her supplied with orders. kept her supplied with orders.
In the intervals of nursing her In the intervals of nursing her
husband Mrs. Hanford wrote stories and sketches, which were sometimes accepted and paid for, and sometimes declined with thanks. Between the two they kept the pot boiling, and had gotten through the father's long illness without debt, but as for continuing Dick at the academy, it was not to be thought of. Not honestly, at least, said the mother; and in this little home there was ahorror of dishonesty. "Either," said the Hanfords, "we will pay our way, or we will do without what we want, no matter how much we want it."
So when Mr. Hanford, knowing that Dick understood the situa.
tion perfectly, explained that the academy his lips to gether, and bravely keeping back the tears which came near starting, not withstanding his fourteen years, made.the beist of it. $\qquad$ "ork any harder than they do Dick" said work any hand it will be some time before I can hope to take my share of the load Ore M MonwhileI can carry you on with again. Meanwhile your Latin and mathematics."
your Latin and mathematics.
Dick went to hisown den in the attic, and did a little thinking. Presently he came down, and appeared in the sitting-roon
overcoat and rubbers on, cap in hand.
"I suppose, papa and mamma," he said "that a fellow can keep on at school if he can pay his own bills? I've been thinking hat perhaps I can earn the money myaelf. Mainma looked up brightly. That speech has the true ring, ray boy. have my consent to do anything honorable."

Papa held out his hand. "I wish you success, Dick ; but don't be too sanguine." Eva, lopking up from a lovely spray of apple blossoms which, under her deft touches, was growing on the corner of a picture frame, exclaimed, "Please don't ap. prentice yourself to the livery-stable man, or become a newsboy, Dick ; you would not make enough to pay for the hard work and the disagreeable associations."
"I am thinking of applying for a position in which the work is hard enough, but which Deacon Dale's to inquire whether the First Church has yet found a sexton."
And shutting the door gently, the boy was off, lifting his cap to the trio as he shot like an arrow past the window where Eva bent over her dainty palette, with brush poised in the air, and a wondering expression on her face.
"Poor Dick !" they'll never accept him

The new bexton found himself in business. There were the fires to be lighted and attended to on Sundays and on week days too, for the church had meetings ofone sort or another nearly every day. The bell had to be rung whenever there was a service, and the paths around the building to be kept, clear, which of itself was no easy "chore," as the villagers said. It really seemed that winter as though the snow fell every day. All the coasting, the skating, the tobogganing, which the young people enjoyed so fully, was given up by Dick, who, as sexton, found no time for play. He protected his hands with leathern loves aud his pantaloons with overalls, and nobody saw a clond on his face nor heard a igh as he manfully attacked his duties. He did find time for his studies, though, and his place in his classes was higher than ever The head-master complimented him openly
"Iיll tell you what," said Lewis Hunter, "Dick Hanford, won't get his skates on or"ce this winter. It's simply too badd. I suppose when the next thaw comes it'll put an end to the ice for the year."
"I rote that we all go up' to the churoh with shovels to morrow morning in a regu nr brigade-a relief party-and help him out with his work, on condition that he goes to Crystal Lake with us in the afternoon, and skates in the annual match."
This proposition came from Ronald Dex
er. It was received with acclamation, and was carried out. So with a clear conscience and a light heart Dick joined the party to the lake.
The only drawback to full enjoyment was he fact that several fellows who did not know much aboutskating had insisted upon being of the company. Of course they did not enter the lists with those who slated for the prize-a silver pin presented by the sisters of the members of the club to the champion winner-but they skirmished about on the edges, madea great deal of noise, and occasionally met with an accident.
The number who were competing for the prize had gradually lessened till only two, Ron Dexter and Dick Hanford, almost side by side, with a longs sinuous, graceful sweep of mo. tion, wers nearing the goal. Suddenly there was a cry of distress in the rear. Ronald kept on steadily. Dick hesitated, paused and turned back
It was Jittle Jack Mason, who, fired with ambition to do his best, had skated as near the course as he dared, determined to come in as close to the goal as the winners if he could. His place, and he caughen a seamy violently down, and was unconveious. A crowd of frightened ecious. A crowd of frightened
boys presently gathered about boys presently gathered
their prostrate comrade.
"He is dead," said Aleck Prime.
"Not dead, only faint," said Dick. "Don'traise hima ; lay him down, so, his head a little lower than his body. He'll come to presently, and then we'll turn to, bear a hand, and carry him home.'
"Mother," said Dick, thai eveniug, as he sat beside her for a few winutes talk before bedtime, " this has been a very busy winter, but I feel as if I'd grown auinch every way, nدt in stature alone."
"My boy has gained in manli. ness by his experience," said the mother, softly.
Just then Ronald Dexter, Lewis Hunter, and a half-dozen others made a call. They were the bearers of the silver pin which they declared belonged to Dick for his humanity in resign. ng his chance of winning it, that he might go to the help of little
"Take it, Dick," insisted Ron. ald "I should never enjoy keeping it, for you fairly gave me the race. The girls will like
better that you should wear it
than I. Nest year we'll try again."
By next year Dick's father was completely restored to health, and there was no occasion for Dick's serving as sexton Ho recigne a favor of a stout Irishman resigned not for all his tough muscles who did shoulders, givo as much satianaction as Dick had for braing will tall where.
here.
The best outcome of Dick's hard winter was not reached until a few years afterward, when he was taken into Judge Arnold's office to study law.
"A plucky, trustworthy young man with a clear purpose, and grit enough to hold on," said the Judge. "I've kept my eye on him ever aince the winter when he lighted the fires and rang the bell for our church, and at the same time managed the whole academy."-Harper's Young Pcople.
for that work ; it needs a strong man," was namma's comment. And il "I wish Dick would come home" the mother was saying, when there was a great stamping of feet, and the sound of a merry whistle at the threshold, and presently in burst the boy with a cheery,
"Hello, little mater! Wish me joy, please, You behold the sexton pro tem. of the old church. The situation is mine for a month, on trial, and for the year after that, if I chroses to retain it."

Mrs. Hanford's'sympathy with Dick might always be counted on, and she warmly congratulated him. For the sexton's salary Was thirty dollars a month, and that, ghe lothe him and leave something over forthe, luture But had she foreseen precisely how much her Richard had made himself responsible for, she would have been very doubtful of his power of holding out.

Who had at first dubbed him "Old Mortality," and poked fun at his sextonship, began to be proud of him as a leader.
The cold came down one February night with a sharpness which the oldest inhabi. tant did not recollect. There came a long period of skating-such skating as sets the blood dancing, and paints the cheeks red, and makes life a splendid holiday. Poor Dick counted on one day's frolic in the sea. son, but on the very day he solected, the ladies gave an impromptu supper in the church parlor, which detained him, and that very night there came one of the heavies snow-falls of the whole winter.
Disappointed as lue was, the sight of his little bank-book, and the thought of the gold pieces deposited every month, and the bold pieces deposited every month, and the much. Then, too, his father was getting well, and Dick was not a baby to cry over a trifle. The boys, however, held an indignation meeting one day after school. and poud of him as a leader. counted on one day's frolic in the sea +


## A strange slemping place

## ELLEN'S OFFERING.

## by mama stewart.

Ellen Allen was a Christian girl, and it was with a sincere and earnest purpose that she asked of God-

Yet she was young and often thoughtless ; full of life and fun, and in danger of losing sight of the high standard of action she had set for herself with the opening year. Miss Havergal's words are indeed an in-
sirition, by which the simple round of spiration, by which the simple round of
daily life may be made rich and beautiful with heavenly light, and Ellen wanted to realize this wish as expressed in one of her poems-
"A bright new year and a sunny track
Along an upward way,
And $n$ song of praise on looking back
When the your has passed away
And golden sheaves nor small nor fee
And golden sheaves nor mail nor tow,
Ellen was siting on the floor in her mother's room, arranging a box which held like to do what others are doing ; censequently there were rolls of crocheted antique lace and lovely embroidered squares of a silk quilt, as well as a completed sofa cushion, richly worked. Embroidery was
Ellen's they had bee thrown carelessly on the olive
satin, and the shading was excellent, while satin, and the shading was excellent, while
her cockscombs and golden-rod were tufted her cockscombs and tolden-rod were
in soft perfection; and then her work never looked drawn, nor were the stitches uneven Just now, however, she was looking at a crocheted tidy worked in cross stitch.
thing ? I 'm tired to death of it, and thing ? I'm tired to death of it, and never did like to do cross stitch.
to give it to Agnes Keller,", said her to give
mother.
"
mother.
"Yes, but it isn't pretty enough, so I will finish it in in it prathyry enough, so noon and put it in the missionary basket; it will do plenty well chough
for that. By the way, I promised. for that. by the way, 1 promised
last month to look up something last wont ot or look up something
about the climate and productions of India, and here it is nearly time for the meeting of the Band!"
Mrs Allen was tor much engaged in trying to get the inside part of a sleeve out of a very small piece of gingham to pay ruth attention to her daughter, Bo merely said, "hem 'hem"
musingly, after the fashion of busy musingly, after the fashion of busy
people. Ellen was about to hunt up people. Ellen was about to hunt up
her information concerning India her information concerning India
when the mail came in, and with it a when the wail came in, and with it a
roll of music which occupied her unroll of music which occupied her un-
til it was within ten minutes of the til it was within ten minutes of Band.
time to go to the meeting of the time to go to the meeting of the Band. anything about the climate and proanything about the
ductions of India?"
"If I do, I cannot tell your now, I am very busy ; look in your geography;" "Cant time ul geography," cried Ellen from the depths of the book closet where
oho was searching frantically. "Well, 1 shall have to tell them all I know, and that will be very little."

- But she was disturbed by her own neglect aud at bedtime she remembered, with another twinge of conscience, that she had not looked at her Sunday school lesson, and it was Saturday night. So wrapping herself in a shawl she sat down to look it over, for anything so cursory could not be called study; but one verse of the lesson' was in pressed upon her heart :
the Nether win of er burnt offerings unto the Lord my God of that which doth cost me nothing "-2 Sam, 24 : 24.
dined with Ellen's parents, and she heard dined with Ellen's parents, and she heard
him tell of how the ladies of a Southern town where he used to live, had done plain sewing, in order to earn money for charitabe purposes. The idea attracted Ellen at be purposes. The idea attracted Elem at
once, and she eagerly suggested it to her mother at the first opportunity, asking: "Why should not I do something of the kind. Let me make those gingham aprons and unbleached muslin things you intended Mrs. Howen to do."
"Why, Ellen," said her mother, "I am rather in a burry for these things, and your time is so occupied with study and music that you would not finish them very soon;
however, that is not really the point, Mrs. however, that is not really the point, Mrs.
Howen positively needs the money for this
machine work, and it is a real charity to give her sewing to do."
"But, mother, I would like to do something."
"Yes, dear, but it seems to me you already
have a good deal on hand. There is your Sunday. school class; have you visited all your children lately ?"
"I am afraid if I do they will all come out, and what I have nearly set me wild," said Ellen, laughing.
"No matter what happens, do notneglect them on any account ; and there is the Miso. sion Band, for which you should carefully prepare and attend regularly, and your Sunday.gchool lesson; do you study it as
you should? But if, besides all this, you want to earn by your own effort some money to use in your Christian work, I have a plan to propose ; but it will require some selfsacrifice on your part. Cousin Mary Wilmot
wants to have a white cashmere cloak em. broidered for her little namesake, and I think you might offer to do it. What do
to you think of undertaking it?"
"The very thing!" cried Ellen; "but mother, I would rather that only you and Cousin Mary should know for what purpose " want the money."
"Very well, dear ; and think well before you undertake it, for you' will be obliged to spend your evenings at home for a while, and exercise self-denial in other ways. Above all, do not depend upon your own strength to carry out this new purpose." Ellen made no reply, but the conversation


Give references (from Psalm cxix.) to the texts on these 14 cards,
led her to think more seriously of her plan, and to give it more prayerful
Mrs. Allen hoped that this work, though perhaps begun in mere enthusiasm or jim. pulse, might have a lasting effect upon Ellen's character. She was evidently beginning to realize that it is notright to offer to the Lord that which costs us nothing. The service of Christ requires "our warmest affections, our sunniest hours." She was also learning that the little ordinary everyday -duties, when performed with an eye single to God's service, are as acceptable as was the alabaster box of very precious ointmont offered by the woman who loved the perfume thereof?

The trivial round, the common task,
Would furnish all we ought to ask;
Room to deny ourselves, a road
To bring us daily nearer God."
The dainty needle- $\dot{\text { wo r }}$ or k begun and perse versed in in this spirit proved, after all, a real pleasure to Ellen. With what care she placed every stitch, nad how many loving thoughts and earnest resolutions were interoven with the graceful pattern, and when that she had taken one step along the upward way ! $-N . Y$. Observer.

MRS. THOMPSON ON THE CRUSADE. Many of you hear much about the W.C.T.U., because your mothersand sisters
belong to it. And perhaps you have heard
and about the Woman's Crusade, the "Cru sade Quilt," and the woman who led the first prayer-meeting in the Crusade
Mrs. Eliza J. Thompson, as the daughter of Governor Trimble, of Ohio, came by he strong temperance principles both by in heritance and education. When only a girl she was her father's companion upon one occasion when he was a delegate to a term perance convention. Now some of you have been in temperance conventions where the largest churches or city halls would not contain the crowds who came. Convention where the delegates were numbered by hun thousands ; but this en ty convectaton was small that ; dated in the who came could be accommo in another respect was that a hotel. And half a century ago unlike those of to day. Now you will find men and women coming together to plan for the battle against our nation's foo; then, the young Ohio girl said as she glanced in at the open door and saw only men assembled: "i shall be the only lady there! I am afraid it is not proper for me to go in." But her father reassured her, by saying, "My.daughter should never be afraid even if she is alone in a good cause."
When, years afterwards, in Hillsborough, O., there came the beginning of that remark able temperance movement known as the
Crusade, this same Ohio girl, now Mrs. Judge Crusade, this same Ohio girl, now Mrs. Judge
Thompson, was chosen by the women of the
the leader Seizing the strange opportunity, ir, this er addressed him as follows: ' $W$ ell ene. . map seem to you a strange aud s stand the whose, however, that you under upon some of the fur visit, As you and ob serve the furrows of sorrow, made deep by the unholy business that you ply, you will hand that it is no wonder we are here. We have come, not to threaten, not even to upFriend but in the name of our Heavenly Friend and Saviour, and, in His spirit, to forgive and to commend you to His pardon oo damaging to our hearts and homes,
o damaging to our hearts and homes.'

- The embarrassment and hesitation of the saloon keeper were at once improved
upon. The leader said softly, 'Let us upon; The leader said softly, 'Let us pray. Instantly al, even the liquor-selle of utterance came upon the leader, and perbaps for the first time in a saloon, 'the heavens were opened,' and as a seal of God's approval upon the self-sacrificing work there naugurated, the 'spirit' came down and touched all hearts."
I have mentioned the "Crusade Quilt" This was presented to Mrs. Thompson at the convention in Baltimore, in 1877. It containe the autographs of three thousand women, and a curious thing about it is, that on the centre of the quilt there was sew rd a prophecy, to be opened in the year 1976! We can imagine, can we not, what would he the prophecy of the hopeful, sanguine hearts the women of the 'Temperance Crusade? And we can all echo the sentiment expressed by Mrs, Lathrop: "Let ins hope to met t at the next centennial on the hills of Paradise, and look the curse of alcohol."-Pansy.


## A BOY'S STORY.

A. Christian man, meeting a little boy in the country one lay, had a other thing ho asked him if he wag other taved
"Oared yes!" replied the boy; "I have been saved ever since the bee stung my mother."
"What is that you say, my boy ?" said the gentleman.
"I have been saved, sir, ever since the be stang my mother."
Seeing that the boy. looked serious and as if he were only making a very ordinary remark, he said, "Tell me all about it, then."
"Why, sir, it was like this," said the boy; "I was out in the garden one day when a bee came buzzing all round me, and being afraid that I should be stung, I called out,
'Mother ! oh, mother ! She quickly 'Mother! oh, mother!' She quickly
came to my help, and led me indoors,
but the bee came in, too, and there it was buzzing about mother and me was buzzing about mother and me ; my head with it, that the bee could not get near to me.
"Wear me. apron the bee settled on her arm and stung apron the bee settled on her arm and stung took me from under her apron, shewed me the sting still in her arm, and said that that be could never sting any one else, because it had lost its ating-left it in mother's arm. "Then she said that, like to the way she had borne the sting for me, so Jesus had borne death for me; that He had destroyed the power of Satan our enemy, and that if I believed that Ele had really done this for me, all my sins would be gone. I did believe, then, sir ; and so I am paved.
This was the little boy's story, and the gentleman could not say nay to it ; he could only add, May God bless you, bo
bade him good.lye.-Litlé Friend.
"THAT I MAY HAVE TO GIVE TO HIM THAT NEEDETH."
Write it on every bond you accumulate, on every profit you acquire. Write it on your daily earnings and on your weekly pay: "That I may have to give to him that needeth" Write it on your investments and on your income, the great amount or the little amount:' "That I may have to give to him that needeth." Write it on your safes and on your ledgers, on your workman's tools, on your seamstress' pools and needle case: "That I may have to give to him that needeth." Here is the
end of toil and labor. -Rev A. J. Gordon.
village to lead the first heroic band in saloon visiting. She tells us how, when the sum. mons came to her to join the women who per, 1873 , she sought to know her duty in the matter. She says : "I turned the key and was in the act of kneeling before God and his holy word to see what would be sent me, when I. heard a gentle tap at my door. Upon opening it, I saw my little daughter with her Bible open, and the tears coursing down her young cheeks, as she said I opened to this, mother ; it must be fo you.' She immediately left the room, and I eat down to read. the wonderful message of the great 'I am' contained in the one hundred and forty -sixth. Psalm. Sh to doubted no longer, but immediately went to the chur
And this psalm which was her inspiration "Chat morning, has since been known as the "Crusade and singing the hymn, the first line prayer, and singing the hymn, the first hin these noble women formed a procession with Mrs. Thompson as their leader, and visited the places where liquor was sold. A description of one visit made that moruing as related by Mrs. Thompson herself, will give you an idea of the Woman's Crusade on High street. Doubtless the propriety had heard of our approach, as he held th door open with the most perfect suavity of
manner until all the ladies had passed in manner until all the ladies had passed in
then closing it, he walked to his place behind

THE STORY OF RAGGED JOE. by mas. fitzgerald. ceapteri.
Not long ago, somè peoplo who loved God comnienced a special Mission to the inhabicomuenced a special Missiou to the inhabi-
tants of a certain street in Iuancaster. A tants of a certain street in Luancaster. A
strange medley of a street it was ; for, whil strange medley of astreet it was; for,
at one ond there dwelt many reat one end there dwelt many re-
spectable, working-men with their spectable , working-men with their
families, at the other one, very many families, at the other one, very many
doubtful characters were to be found doubtful cbaracters were to be found
in the dingy, crazy-looking places in the dingy, crazy looking places which were known as lodging. houses, To these disreputable-looking houses; with dirty floors and curtainless windows, beggars and tramps of every description constantly made their way, and for a few pence found shelter and rest for the night. It was not a pleasant place to visit, yet the good people would not be discouraged, but went about from house to house and besought the inmates to come to the Mission-room where the services were being held, that they might hear about God's love to sinners. A dear friend of mine, when one evening thus engaged, saw a dirty, wretched-looking boy, about twelve years old lounging idly at the corner of the lounging
street. The lady went up to him, placed her hand on his shoulder, sayplaced " Will you come with me? I ing : Will youl come with me Mis am going to the neeting in th
sion-room. Will you come?"
The boy, whom we will call Joe, shufld dabout uneasily, then said : '. I don't like, to.. I.am so ragged-like don't dike,
and dirty."
"Never mind the ragged clothes; Jesus wön't look at them," said my friend, kindly ; " please come."
"I don't like to go, though ; they laughs at one so. I went last night but I had to come out ; the boys
so Jaugh at me 'cos I am ragged:" so laugh at me'cos I am ragged;"
"O, bow sorry I am !" said the lady "O, bow sorry I am!" said the lady; "but come with me now. I will hide
you with my dress as we go in, and you with my dress as we go in, and
we will sit quite at the top of the room, where few will see us."
"All right!" said the boy, on whom the kind words of the lady made a great impression. "All right! I'll come."
The lady kept him as close as she could to her side to hide him from the jeering boys already seated there, until they reached the upper end of the preaching.room, when-she gave him a seat beside her. The poor fellow. looked about him for a moment, then at the spotless dress of his new friend, then with anxious face at his own torn clothing. Presently he ran his fingers along the bottom part of his waistcoat along the bottom part of his waistcoal dirty fingers be now drew together the ragged edges of a large rent in the kn of his trousers, and secured them with the of his trousers, and secured them with the
pin he had found; this done, he made pin he had found, this done, he made lucky enough to find another pin; with it he joined another ugly tear on the opposite he joined another ugly tear on the opposite knee. Ther a wearch he found a button, anã but after a search he found a button, and
drew the opposite ragged edge over, and drew the opposite ragged edge over, and
secured it. Next he loozed down at his secured it. Next he oosed down at his laces of the dusty old boots he wore. This done, with both hands he smoothed and parted, as well as he was able, his rough, unkempt hair, and looked in the face of his new friend with a smile which said: "I
hope I look a little better, for I have done hope I look a little better, for I have done the best I can." The lady gave the poor fellow an encouraging smile, and he sat in silence while the gentleman wbo conducted the service told the people about the dear Saviour who gave his life for them, ond was ready to receive the very worst of them if they would only give their hearts to Him, and give up their sinful ways.
"Will you do this, my friends? will you not do it at once? Jesus is waiting now won't you come to Him now? No matter, the preacher went on to say, "no matter how poor, or miserable, or friendless you may be, Jesus loves you. Ragged and homeless, Jesus loves you! Ignorant and sinful, Jesus loves you ; and waits to make you Jesus loves you ; and waits to make you
holy and happy, and help you to take a holy and happy, and help you to take a give yon a home amonget the angels in give you a home amongst the angels in heaven.
and some sighs were heaved as the good man spoke. My friend heard a quivering sob
phe turned quickly. With deep thankful$\int_{\text {ness she saw that it was her ragged com- }}^{\text {she }}$ paninn in tears.
Ah! how poor Joe wept! The tears ran
awn how poor Joo they the tears ran own the channels they had made on his poor griany face. He rubbed his eyes with
present at a service when the minister hae tell them what the Lord wants them to do; invited any who are seeking Chisist to come that is, to give up their sins, take Jesus for into the vestry, or up to the Communion- their Lord and Master, and determine to ail. Whilst the minister has been apeaking God's wondrous love to sinners, the good
on and women in the congregation bave orgoten us resive their lives long. All who do selves a profession of the Lord upon them-
there was no communion-rail in the Mission, but at one end there were several loose forms; of these the minister took one, aud, placing it in a coneniont place, said: "N quito sure there are some in this place Who are sorry for their past sins, and would lize to come to Jesus to be penitent come and kneel jou as are We will pray with you ant here and Im pray with you and for you, ing and turn, if you will give up your ent to ho Whil He whac-者 you to.night! Will you come, $m y$ friends?
Presently a man rose from his seat, and going down the roow, knelt in prayer. Then anotuer, soon after a woman, then anotrer, and now a oung girr-all enquiring the way to heaven. There was a sound of feet at the top of the room. There is another about to go up to the form. Who is it ? It is a weeping hoy! He very dirty. His shoes are worn bis bair is rough ; but under the dirt the rags, the ignorauce, the Holy Spirit ound a precious soul, and with convincing power showed the poor tranf -for my readers will have guessed who it was-that he was a sinner Sobbing, the poor fellow made his way to the form and knelt down.
" 0 ," he cried, "I dao want to be good! I do want to be a better boy ;

It was a touching sight. Words of oving advice were given to this poor boy, and earnest prayer offered for and with him ;and many prayers followed the ragged child to the Jdging-house where he, with some of his own clabs, was to spend the night. Early mornng gaw then on their way to another town, and his friends at the Missionroom saw the poor boy no more. But do not- my little readers think, and hope, and pray that some glad day the good lady who took the poor waif to the service, the minister who showed him the way to the Saviour, and all the dear friends who prayed for him, way meet again in the bright and above, where there isno poverty, no poor cutcast, no mocking voice, no scornful laugh, no sorrow, no sin ; but where Jesus Jives, Who will give a loving welcome to them all, evcu he rafged tramp boy-a poor tramp no longer, but one of the Lord's ransomed ones? What a blessed change! what a happy company! May we be amongst them.-Early Days,
him because of his ragged and forlorn ap- haps when they came to the chapel they pearance. You see, little friend, a message thought they were very good sort of people. om the Lord Jesus had reached the heart quite as good as they need be ; but when fte poor tramp hoy! The laugh of the God's Spirit showed hem what hind of siacruel boys had hardenel it; but the tender, fulthoughts they bad been entertaingig, whal full of love is Jesus! His "Come" embraces ingratitude and forgetfulness of that; great "all sorts and conditions of men," from the |Being who loved them so much. they were


80 tu of the royal lady who governs our land, to the poor child, "Homeless, ragged and that "the blood of Jesus Christ," the Son of God, was shed for him!
ceapter II.
No doubt some of $m 5$ readers have been
sorry and ashamed of their past lives; and they saw that unless they were, for Jesus sake, forgiven and changed from badness to would never reach that blessed place wher all the pure in heart go.
Then you may also have seen ministers hen you may also have seen ministers

## "OUR LORD JESUS CCIRIST."

"Our Lord Jesus Christ," spelt out a little boy who had not learned yet to read properly, but he kuew the meaning of those blessed names, for he quickly added: "Oh that does sound nice!-I do like that so much-it sounds as if 'our' meant lik having the Lord Jesus Christ for our very keep."
Yes, that is indeed a beautiful truth. of the he Lord of the heart of any hittle girl or boy by Hi Holy Spirt, havis washea away their sins by agan. Ho is inceed their own to keep for
Whathey Whatasweet hought, is it not, dear little ones? Christ says to His own, "I will never leave thee;" and "They shall never perisb, neither shall any plack taem out of $m y$ hand." (John X. 28). So He is grosping His own loved ones so tightly, so closely, in His almighty, all-powerful hand, that they can never be taken outor his hand, nor can they ever fall out, for they are His "very own to keep," and keep them He will for ever and ever. What a safe, what a happy place to be in! Indeed, little boy, you are right ; it does "sound nice," and it fin really "nice" beyond telling for any one to be able to say truly and lovingly, from real love to Fim, "Our Lord Jesus Christ,"-Little Fricind.
A. Sound Discremion is not so much in. dicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.-Bover.

NORTHERN MESSENGER

## Question Corner.-No. 6.

BIBLE QUESTIONS.

1. To what city did Jonah flee when sent to warn the people of Nineveh?
2. What village is intimately associated in our minds with the scenes of the last days "o Christ?
3. 

Peter and Philip? the native place of Andrew, Peter and Philip?
4. Upon what city beside Bethasida did Christ pronounce woe?
5. What city did Christ say should have less tolerance in the day of judgment than Sodom?
6. In what place were Christ and His dis6. In what place were Chirist and His dis-
ciples when He asked them "Whumdo nien say that I am"?
7. In what place did Jesus spend the first
thirty years of his iiie? thirty years of his iife?
soripione amthasbitoal evzzale,
Caleb The number of years that elapsed botween Caleb spying out the promised land and obtaining inis portion of it.
2. Multiply by the
was bed-ridden with palsy, and who was suddenly healed.
3. Add the number of letters in the Lord'e
Pe Prayer as mentioned the frst time in the Bible. 4. Divido by the fourth part of the age of zariah whan he began to reign.
o. Subtract the nuaber of stayed with St. Peter in Jerusalem.
stayed with St. Peter in Jerusalen.
6. Multiply by the number of men who were near the seppulchre of Joseph's mother, and who told Saul.some good news aboint lost assesi: 7. Add the number of princes and elders in
Succoth.
8. Multiply by the number of times $S t$. Paul Succolh. Multiply by the
8.
was beaten with rods.
was beaten with rodg. Enoch's father was when Enoch was born.
10. Subtract the number of months a beautikuilled.
was hid by his mother for fear of being The result will be the number of chariots of Tron a certain king of Cannan possessed. -Child's Connpanion.
ANSWERS TO BIBLE QUESTIONS NO. 5.




HIS INNER LIFE.
About a year ago a prominent broker in New York died, and was discovered, to the surprise of all the business world, to be bankrupt. His estate was brought to the hammer. Fie had been a noted collector of works of art, and the sale attracted con.
noisseurs and dealers in pictures, rare and antique furniture, china and bric-a-brac. The sale of his library was the most impor. tant of the year. Catalogues were sold at a high price, and the lovers of fine editions in all parts of the country came or appointed agents to compete for the treasures which, at enormous cost, he had gathered on his shelves.
Several ladics were present. Among them, one in deep mourning, seated in a quiet corner, attracted much silent sympa-
thy. It was his only child, a married daughthy. It was his only child, a married daughter, who had just arrived from. New Orleans, for the purpose, it was supposed, of securing some of the rare volumes which her father had accumulated with such infinite trouble and cost, rand had held at such priceicss value.
As one volume and another was put up, the As one volume and another was put up, the auctioneer glanced at her, expecting her to bid, but she remained motionless, Old Elzevirs, unique folios, specimens of the earliest or the most perfect printing, were sold, but she made no cffort to keep them. At last, near the close of the sale, a small octavo, cheaply bound, but well-worn Bilile
was put up. She bid on it eagerly. One was put up. She bid on it eagerly. One or two dealers, seeing her agitation, and sup. posing she would know the chicf treasure of the collection, opposed her. The price rose rapidly. She was a poor woman, as they ail knew, but she continued to bid, with pale cheeks and trembling lips. The book was tant price, and she at once leit the hall.
"What zare treasure have you gained said a friend who went out with her.
said a friend who weat out with her. copy of the New Testament. There were faint pencil marks against some of the verses.
"I kuew my father had this book; I have leans to find it it. I came fromarks show me his secret thoughts."
Now that the rich man was dead, the faint pencil-lines on the cheap brok were worth to her all the vast sums and all the rich treasures he had gathered, for they showed that his soul was at peace with God.
Before we decide on the value of an ob-
ject or give-oureelves to its pursuit, we
should consider how much it will be worth to fus the day after our death.-Youth' Companion, is. istar our

THE CHILD MESSENGERS. Nittle A. Perham.
Two little girls with curly hair. 'And winsome faces sweet and fair, With ribbons waving in the brceze
That caule froma tops of naple trees, Walked down the street one afternoon Each humuring as they went a tune." They. passed some dwellings. large and gra
Which liad boen built by skiful band Which liad been buitt by skifful hand Others where poyerty had cone,
Whose predecessor oft is rum
"Oh! Bessie, look !" cried Sister Neil
"What is this costly building, tell?"
"Why, that is a salvon! ob, dear 1 I. wish there was no rum-shop here. Oh! Nelly, say, let's you and
Go in and talk with Mr. Guy, And tell him that he mustn't sel And tel him that he mustn't sell
The poison people like so well. And maybe he will stop it then And never sell the stuff again." But I' Beasie, if he ouly would! But we can try it anyhow; Oht we can try it anyhow ; The two approached him with some fear "Gest he at all their talk should sneer. "Good morning, Mr. Giay," they said "Who iquor youler raised his head. What do you want herē? The old man's tone was rough and queer. "Wo're Bess and Nellie Ames," baid thoy "And as we came along this way. We thought we'd stop and talk
As we had nothing else to do." As we had nothing else to do."
"Please, sir, strong drink does lo It's meaner, than the worst of dirt. What makes you sell it, Mr. Gay, If lots of folks do want to huy For in the Biblo I bave read Woo to him who toward neighbor's lips Holds out the glass from which he sips. Please, Mr., won't you stop it, though? Some people will be glad, I know." As in his eones the dew drops cane. frame He said, "I had two little girls With rosy cheeks and flowing curls, With pretty ways and eves of blueThey looked a little bit like you. Adid many a time with me they've plead.
But now the little ones are dead." But now the little ones are dead.' Which had not flowed before for years, "Poor man ! perhaps you didn't think How wroug it was to sell the drink; But you won't sell it now I know,
Because you see it hurts folks so, But in its place have lemonade; Of that you needn't be afraid. In summer time, when it is hot, That's nice and cool ; but rum is not. It heats the brain and makes men mad
Who once good sense and reason had. Please tell us, will you sell it more? We ought to've told you this before." The liquor dealer was confused; He hardly knew what words to choose, To anbwer such an earnest plea That came from girls so young and free. Thiat came from liquor he had sold; But with these messengers of love, Aud thoughts of -his dear ones above, A strugele passed within his breast. At last he said: "Childrem," said he, "You've dodidyour duty well to me , In telling of the wrong $I$ do,
Althongh I knew it before you.
Yes, I will grint what you have asked Gou ve.gamed your victory at las
God helpinit me m will no more Let jifurur come inside this door But this a temperance house shail be, And in it inarmless drinks you'li see." Do untold good with one small tongue. Donestio Journal.

## WOMAN IN JAPAN.

The husband is compared to henven, the wife to the dirt under his feet. The hus band is the day, the wife the night. A woman may have every beauty, grace, and mau. Woman's position in Japan is bette than in most other Easteru lands, still it not what wo find it in Christian lands Woman in Japon is never herown miatres She seoms never to come of age. Until married she must obey her father; when a wife, the will of ber husband; if a widow ber eldest zon. I knew one case, however where the mother ruled as with a rod of iron, and made her son'slife most miserable He often came to us with his trials and troubles. Sometimes she would watch him, and when she found him praying would throw water on him. Still he kept on praying, and believed she would become a Cbristian, and she did. And one New Year's morning, she took all. her gods, for she had many of them, and threw them into
the canal. I received a letter from this
young man, after his mother's conversion Japan now thed there was hope for al the truth. Woman in Japan enjoys many libertiesiand advantages of educiction. She is not degraded nor kept in ignorance to the same extent as in India or China, Nine But after all, Christianity alone gives woman her true position, and creates the home.life and the happy child-life.-A Missionary in Jayan.

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