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The Toronto World.

G. B. GZOWSKI, JR.
Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Line of steamships for Europe.

NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW FINANCIAL MOVES.

REAL ESTATE PURCHASES BY THE TRUSTS CO. AND THE UNION BANK.

Another New Trusts Co. Being Formed—Its Leading Shareholders—The Future of the Old Bank of Commerce Building—The Safe Deposit Business.

Toronto's financial institutions are steadily growing in individual strength and number. This morning The World announces the formation of a new Trusts Co. of the highest standing, the purchase of a building for itself by that successful institution, the Toronto General Trusts Co., and the purchase by the Union Bank of Canada of the building now occupied by its Toronto branch on Wellington-street.

Things are more and more shaping toward those two little streets that cross one another, Melinda and Jordan, becoming the main financial thoroughfares of Toronto. At the head of Jordan-street is now the Bank of Hamilton and the new Bank of Commerce; at its foot the Union Bank; on either side of the same end the Standard and Merchants' and many other concerns on either side of it.

The Toronto General Trusts Co.'s Purchase.

The Toronto General Trusts Company has completed the purchase of the old Bank of Commerce building, corner of Yonge and Colborne-streets. The company would rather have procured a site on the north side of King-street somewhere between Toronto and Bay-streets, and if such could have been purchased a handsome building would have been erected. Jackes' building, corner King and Jordan-streets, was offered at $2000 per foot, but that figure was considered too high; a property on King-street between Toronto and Yonge was offered at $1500, a foot and it was decided by the company to accept it, but the owner withdrew. On the north side of King between Yonge and Bay not a foot of land could be purchased at less than $2000 a foot. The company have decided to take the Bank of Commerce building and as soon as possible alter it for their accommodation. On the ground floor handsome offices for the company will be fitted up and strong safe deposit vaults will be built after the plans of similar institutions in the large cities of the United States. The vaults will not only be for rent for bonds, etc., but all kinds of valuables will be received. The vaults will be as complete as those in any city on the continent. Besides the vaults and offices on the ground floor a reading and sitting room will be fitted out for the accommodation of patrons. The upper part of the building will be fitted up as chambers and suites of rooms for rent. The plans are now drawn, but when the changes are made it is estimated that their cost will be about $90,000.

The Union Bank's Purchase.

The directors of the Union Bank of Canada have purchased the building of the Federal Bank on Wellington-street now occupied by their Toronto agency. This is an evidence that the business here under Mr. Buchanan's management is a success and that they have come to Toronto to stay. The site is one of the best banking locations in the city.

The New Trusts Company.

The World yesterday gathered some particulars of another new financial institution to be started in this city and to be known as the Ontario Trusts Company, application for letters of incorporation of which have already been made to the proper authorities. Among the proposed directors and shareholders are Hon. J. C. Aikins, P. C., President; Hon. Sir Adam Wilson, Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright, P.C., K.C.M.G., Hon. S. C. Wood, John L. Blaikie, A. A. Wood, Hugh Ryan, W. Cooke, G. W. Kiely, Hon. James R. Gowan, Wilmot D. Matthews, John Stuart, James Turnbull, J. J. Kenny, Alexander Manning and Hon. C. F. Fraser. The manager is to be Mr. Alfred E. Plummer, formerly inspector of the Federal Bank, and the solicitor Mr. Frank Arnoldi, of the firm of Hoskin & Arnoldi, Toronto. The capital stock is to be $1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of $100 each, and the letters patent are to be taken out under the Ontario law. Already over one third of the stock has been subscribed, and the names of those subscribing for it include many of the best men throughout Ontario, and some from Montreal. It is proposed that not more than 10 per cent. upon the face value of the shares be called up as the paid up or working capital of the company, but the subscription of stock is to be subject to the provisions of the joint stocks companies letters patent act, a feature which will give the main security of the company fulfilling all its trusts. The shares being in the hands of wealthy and reliable men and only one tenth of the amount having been paid up, the shareholders will be good for the amount and liable to the clients and creditors of the company for $900,000.

The prospectus of the company states that the increase of wealth of individuals and municipalities and corporations in Canada during recent years has multiplied indefinitely trust and fiduciary relations. The company will be prepared to take over trusts from private individuals and corporations of all kinds, for the settlement of family matters and the management of sinking funds, the payment of interest and the thousand and one duties that devolve upon executorships and administratorships. The company will also negotiate large loans for municipalities and other corporations. The company will be, too, a rival of the Toronto General Trusts Company for the management of court funds, but it puts forth the plea that the second company is necessary, as in case of conflicting trusts one company can only act for one side and it would not do for two parties to a cause to resort to one trust.

The company base their hope of profit and extensive business upon the fact that the company already in operation has a rapidly increasing and very profitable business, and that instead of competition interfering with either concern it will promote the interests of both. The Ontario Trusts Company will also go into the safe deposit business and when it has been duly organized a building will be secured and vaults erected for the accommodation of its clients. The promoters of the company hope to have everything organized and running in a very few weeks.

Mr. Brown Enlarging His Stables.

Mr. Charles Brown, the cab and livery proprietor, King-street, has purchased the extensive stables on Adelaide-street opposite the Grand Opera House, and will open them today as a boarding and sales stables. He will continue the cab and carriage stand where it is, and will have at the Adelaide-street stables accommodation for a large number of additional horses. Last night he received a car load of western horses, personally selected by himself. These will be for sale at Adelaide-street. They include saddle horses, drivers, general purpose and workers. He has one special pair of roan geldings weighing 3100 pounds, of good breeding, suitable for almost anything, as they are of good action and active. New lots of horses will be constantly arriving and offered to the public.

Denouncing the Church of Rome.

The Argyle-street Baptist Church held a large audience last evening to hear Rev. Father Chiniquy elaborate on the evils of the Roman Church, and tell of what bad things some men do do. The address was a repetition of Monday evening's lecture, bearing more particularly on the subject of the fallacy of the Pope. The way to counteract all the difficulties arising from this dangerous source would be to completely efface the Church of Rome, building up in her stead a church of God undivided and unparted, so that no heresy could possibly exist. Father Chiniquy lectures this evening in the Dunn-avenue Presbyterian Church, Parkdale.

Probably Will Be Sent Back.

It is not at all unlikely that the return of disbursements in the matter of the Board of Works investigation furnished by Mr. J. S. Fullerton will be sent back to him for further information as to why and wherefore and by whose order John Thomas Cooper was paid the $300 opposite his name in the books. A resolution of Council called for this, and Mr. Fullerton omitted to furnish it.

HARRISON AND ANNEXATION.

He Has Not Thought of It—Views of a Canadian Knight of Labor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Tribune's Indianapolis special says: The trustworthy information relative to matters connected with the new Administration comes through friends of the President elect. One of them, whose relations with him are of a confidential nature, says that the simple truth is, General Harrison has really given no thought to the Canadian question and the annexation scheme is an idea that it is positively known he has never had in mind. All the talk of the last week about his desire to add Canada to the United States was without foundation. So far as known by his most intimate friends, he has never expressed such views.

Robert F. Elliott of Uxbridge, Ont., who is here as a delegate to the General Assembly, Knights of Labor, does not believe the time will ever come when Canada will be annexed to the United States. To-day he said:

"There are many people in Canada who favor annexation to the United States, but the majority do not. I believe that any movement towards annexation would be opposed by fully two-thirds of the people. We believe that we have more freedom than the people of the United States. The power in Canada is directly in the hands of the people all the time, but here you practically have one-man power for four years without a chance for a change."

"Wouldn't commercial union with the United States be beneficial to Canada?"

"It might, but we think that commercial union means annexation. If commercial union should be established it would only be a short time until annexation would follow. The question of commercial union has been made an issue in our elections for several years, and the Liberal party, which favored the idea, has steadily lost ground. On the other hand the Conservatives have gained. That shows the drift of sentiment and I do not believe it can ever be changed. The Liberal party is committed to Unrestricted Reciprocity or Free Trade with the States, while the Conservatives are strongly opposed to Free Trade, Commercial Union, or Annexation. As the Dominion Parliament now stands, the Conservatives have a majority. The Liberals claim that their Commercial Union idea is being indorsed rapidly, and that by the time the next election occurs, in 1889, they will have a majority in Parliament, but I don't think they will."

THE WHISKY DETECTIVES.

Charges of Perjury Against Them Fail to the Ground at St. Catharines.

ST. CATHARINES, Nov. 27.—Police Magistrate Comfort this morning gave his decision in the whisky detective perjury cases. He first took up the case of John Jaynes, which also applied equally to the case of Elijah Jaynes, and also indirectly on the case of Mrs. Sherlock. All the evidence, generally speaking, was greatly modified on cross-examination, and was not sufficient to commit the prisoners. In the case of Mrs. Sherlock, although there was no doubt she was anxious to tell what she thought to be true, she contradicted herself in several instances, and he thought it was simply from her memory failing her that caused her evidence to break down when it did. He would, therefore, also dismiss her case.

THE LATEST IN TRUSTS.

Contemplated Formation of a Gigantic Railway Combine.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A local paper says: For several weeks past, Jay Gould, C. P. Huntington, Charles Francis Adams, W. B. Strong and other railroad magnates interested in Western railroads have been holding conferences in New York, in which Chairman Midgley of the Southwestern Railway Association has taken a prominent part. It has been learned that the project under consideration contemplates the formation of a gigantic railroad trust or clearing house comprising all roads between points west of a line drawn through Chicago and Milwaukee on the east, St. Paul and Minneapolis on the north, Colorado, New Mexico and Wyoming on the west and Arkansas on the south. All the existing freight and passenger associations within the territory named are to be abolished and merged in the new trust or clearing house.

Nova Scotia Notes.

HALIFAX, Nov. 27.—Alderman H. F. Worrall, flour and general grocer, has assigned. The liabilities are not stated, but will be heavy. Mrs. Worrall is preferred for $35,000, Mr. Worrall has been unfortunate in business speculations, and has lost a large amount of money. His latest loss was by Miller, the absconding baker. Mr. Worrall was not only a heavy creditor, but one of his bondsmen for supplying bread to the Imperial troops. Mr. Worrall had to take over the contract, and this also involved loss. Mr. Worrall married the widow of W. L. Black a few years ago, and she was worth a quarter of a million.

Last month 2127 ounces of gold were mined in Nova Scotia. The Old Albion mine at Montague, near Halifax, is being reworked by a small company. A $900 nugget was found on Saturday and purchased by the Local Government. It will be sent to the Imperial Exhibition at London.

A ten foot bed of rich copper ore, 1000 feet in length, has been struck at Coxheath copper mine, Cape Breton.

Mrs. Sarah O'Rourke said she was tired of life and attempted to jump off a wharf yesterday morning, but was dissuaded.

True to Her First Love.

SANDWICH, Nov. 27.—Sixty years ago, when the county of Essex was nothing but a forest, a small colony of French people settled upon the Detroit River. Among the colony were two families, Parent and Vigneau, who occupied the same house. Daniel Vigneau was the only son of the latter family, and he and Sophie Parent, a member of the Parent family, were engaged to be married, but before the ceremony Vigneau was stricken with a malignant type of fever and died. Miss Parent watched day and night at his bedside, and when he died it was thought that she would become insane. From that day until her death she suffered with severe headache, and always wore a band of cloth about the head. Never after the death of her lover was she seen a mile away from her house, and the only place she visited for many years was the old church that stood close by her house.

Setting Type for a Wager.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Leo Monheimer and Peter Thienes set type yesterday for a wager of $250 a side, Monheimer winning. There were two stretches of three hours each, with half an hour's interval. Monheimer set 11,167 ems and Thienes 10,880, the matter being straight minion.

The winner lost 19 minutes in correcting, while Thienes lost 32 minutes and then became discouraged.

An Old Brant Citizen Dead.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 27.—Humphrey Davis, an old resident of Brant County, died yesterday at his farm near the city, aged 73. He had no relatives in Canada, but several in the United States and England. Out of a fortune of about $100,000 he had before his death given $5000 to the new House of Refuge, which he was not destined to see finished.

Germany vs. England.

We have received to-day a full line of German linen collars, which surpass anything in the market for beauty of design, workmanship and quality. To be had only at A. Willee's, 65 King-street west.

THE LATEST FROM LONDON

RESUMPTION OF THE LAND PURCHASE BILL DEBATE.

Another Batch of Evidence Concerning Outrages Given Before the Parnell Commission—Why Gladstone Went to London for the Autumn Session.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Smith stated that if British troops were sent to Suakim they would not be employed beyond the vicinity of the port.

Mr. Balfour intimated that Mr. Harrington, Mr. Finucane and other members of the Irish party under warrant of arrest would be permitted to attend the sittings of Parliament during the time the Irish estimates were under discussion.

The debate on the Irish Land Purchase bill was resumed and Mr. Shaw-Lefevre moved to insert in the bill a provision directing that no advance shall be made to any tenant or purchaser exceeding £2000. He urged that tenants borrowing above that sum came within the landlord and not within the peasant proprietor class.

Mr. Balfour proposed as a substitute for Mr. Shaw-Lefevre's proposal that no advance exceeding £3000 be made unless the land commission decide that a large advance, not, however, exceeding £5000, is expedient.

Mr. Balfour's proposal was agreed to.

Mr. Shaw-Lefevre next moved that no advance be given unless the tenant or his predecessors in the title had occupied the holdings for at least five years. The motion was rejected. The Government accepted a clause proposed by Mr. Healy exempting the purchaser from all liabilities for rent arrears from the date the purchase is sanctioned.

Mr. Healy then proposed a clause with the object of preventing the enforcement of purchase by threats of eviction. Rejected.

Other amendments proposed by Mr. Healy were negatived and the bill finally passed the committee stage.

The Oaths Bill Passed.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Oaths Bill was passed in the House of Lords to-day without amendment.

SICK AND TIRED OF REITERATION.

The Parnellites' Counsel Object to the Mass of Evidence Touching Outrages.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day Sergeant Gilhooly of County Kerry testified concerning outrages. He said that an increase of police had been necessary at Castle Island.

Sir Charles Russel, counsel for the Parnellites, interrupting the witness said: "We admit all that, we are sick and tired of reiteration entailing enormous expenses."

Presiding Justice Hannen said he hoped the details would be given as briefly as possible.

Witness continuing said that since 1880 the police force had been doubled. Prior to the founding of the league in 1880 the district had been quiet. Afterwards outrages had been general. He had kept a book for recording outrages.

Sir Charles Russell demanded that the book be produced.

Sir Henry James said the book contained letters and official communications respecting certain persons and it was desirable they should not be published.

Sir Charles Russell asked: "Why should The Times counsel have access to the book and we be denied the same privilege? Until the judges rule otherwise I shall continue to call for this and every other book referred to in the case."

Mr. Reid, for the Parnellites, also urged that the book be produced. He said if counsel were not allowed to see the book they would not have an opportunity to meet the case properly.

Justice Hannen said it was highly desirable that the whole book, including a column headed "Motives," should be produced. Special entries relating to certain persons ought not perhaps to be disclosed. He suggested that Sir Henry James and Sir Charles Russell inspect the book, and then if they did not agree the judges themselves would inspect it.

Other policemen then testified at length concerning outrages. Mr. Reid suggested that in order to save time witnesses should state simply the number of outrages they were cognizant of and the period in which they were committed. Justice Hannen welcomed the suggestion and Sir Henry James promised to comply with it as far as possible.

Inspector Davis said he had discovered that there was an inner circle of the League which organized Fenians to execute the League's behests. He declined to give the name of his informant. Mr. Reid pressed him for the name and witness finally appealed to the court for protection against the question. Mr. Reid complained that his clients were at the mercy of an anonymous informer. If he had the name he might prove the informant the greatest liar in the three kingdoms. Sir Henry James said the witness might have good reason for concealing the name. Mr. Reid said he would defer the question. Witness then in answer to questions said the man who gave him the information was not in the pay of the police. He was a member of the League and had taken part in the work of the inner circles. Another person similarly situated had also informed him of the workings of the inner circles. One of the informants could be subpoenaed, but the other could not. Mr. Reid concluded his cross-examination by reading extracts from speeches made by Father O'Reardon denouncing outrages as a shame and a disgrace.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE GIFTS.

Anxiety About the Czarina's Health—Empress Frederick and Her Son.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Queen's jubilee presents were conveyed to Windsor in three vans. The presents filled every inch of the Waterloo gallery when they were at Windsor last year. It will be impossible to place more than two-thirds of them in the principal vestibule of the state apartments. A few will probably be placed in the corridor and in the white drawing room. The remainder will go to Osborne and Balmoral.

Empress Frederick, looking very worn, aged and a good deal thinner than when last in England, has driven out constantly with the Queen. She will, it is said, in a short time see a few of her old friends. It may be stated that the relations between the Empress and Emperor William are greatly improved.

Much anxiety is felt in Russia about the health of the Czarina. It is an open secret that she has never recovered from the terrible shock to her nerves caused by the recent railway accident.

Gladstone was not in the least anxious to come to London for the autumn session. He was more inclined to remain at Hawarden and finish the arrangement of his papers. Mrs. Gladstone, however, took quite a different view. Having a suspicion that the discipline of the party was getting relaxed, the more ardent spirits among them inclining to be mutinous, she deemed it most advisable that Gladstone should come to London forthwith and lead his party, and despite the anxious and repeated assurances of Sir William Harcourt that the health of Gladsone would suffer from the fatigues of the autumn session, and that, as his most faithful henchmen, he was ready to undertake the leading of Gladstone's party during his absence, Mrs. Gladstone thought it more prudent that he should not delegate that position to anyone, however devoted; so she brought her husband to London.

Proclaimed Baronies.

DUBLIN, Nov. 27.—The Baronies of Cornell and West Offaly in Kildare have been proclaimed under the second section of the Crimes Act.

The Grasping Landlords.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Henry George in an address in London this evening said that the grasping for land in America was rapidly making that country similar to England. He wanted to utterly abolish landlordism and to grant to every child a share in the soil.

Parnell v. The Times.

EDINBURGH, Nov. 27.—In the case of Parnell against The London Times for libel Judge Kinnear has fixed upon Dec. 20 for the hearing of proof on the question of arrestments. Counsel for Mr. Parnell have served an order upon defendants requiring them to produce the contracts of co-partner ownership of The Times and also business books and accounts.

A LADY IN THE CASE.

Two New York Clubmen Fight a Duel With Pistols in Central Park.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—It was reported last Friday that a duel had been fought in Central Park between two men from a leading club in this city. A pistol was found on the grass in a secluded part of the park together with a blood-stained handkerchief, but the police, failing to unravel any clue to the participants, concluded that it was a hoax. A police official stated to-night that detectives have been working on the case ever since and have succeeded in finding the cab driver who drove the duellists to the park. A description of the men and a supposed doctor who accompanied them is in the hands of the police. A lady is said to be the cause of the affair. The cab driver reports that he conveyed the wounded duellist and the doctor to a fashionable part of the city. Further developments are expected soon.

Half price—no humbug—we will sell full plated new silver spoons from $14.40 $20, regular prices from $28 to $40. Wheeler & Bain, King-street East.

To Suppress the Slave Trade.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—In the Reichstag today the President announced that the office bearers of the House were received yesterday by the Emperor, who expressed the hope that deliberations would be harmonious and rapid and for the welfare of the Fatherland. The debate on the Budget was then opened. Herr Windthorst, the Clerical leader, with the approval of the entire Centre party, laid on the table a motion providing that all the federal governments should be informed that the Reichstag, conscious of the necessity of repressing slave hunting in order that Africa may be converted to Christian morality, is prepared to support federal measures having that object in view, and hopes that other powers will co-operate in working to that end upon a uniform plan.

Her Richter announced that the Progressists concurred in the agreement between Germany and England regarding East Africa, but that they were opposed to any expedition into the interior not accepting the projected mission for the relief of Emin Pasha. The Progressists, he said, would demand the abolition of slavery wherever the German flag floats.

Done by Drink.

HALIFAX, Nov. 27.—Two revolting tragedies from drink are reported. Eliza Nixon, aged 35, wife of Thomas Nixon, blacksmith, drank herself to death, leaving a family of little children. At the coroner's inquest a witness swore that deceased drank "a pint and a half of gin a day." Last evening William Summers, an old soldier, got drunk and beat his wife. She ran into a next door neighbor's to escape his ferocity. Summers then smashed his stove and all the furniture, followed his wife and continued to beat her in the neighbor's house. This was objected to by Frank Norgraine, the neighbor, and the two men closured. Summers got his grip on Norgraine's throat, and when he let go the latter exclaimed: "My God, I'm dying," and rolled over and died. He was a respectable man, aged 55, a native of Sweden. Summers is a drunken scamp of 35. He was arrested.

The Queer French.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The Journal des Debats and other Parisian journals ridicule the action of the majority of the Chamber of Deputies in adopting the motion of M. Mesnoeer yesterday to adjourn the sitting for an hour on account of the presence of M. Wilson, the son-in-law of ex-President Grevy. They say the members who voted for the motion evidently desired to give France a proof of the purity of conscience, austerity and virtue of the Chamber. M. Wilson, in an interview, said the incident would not have the effect of keeping him from the Chamber. He would continue the struggle no matter what action the members might take.

Two Fatal Boiler Explosions.

POYNETTE, Wis., Nov. 27.—The boiler of a threshing machine exploded last evening, frightfully mangling and killing Jack Tuttle and Charles York and seriously injuring Alison Cross, Ira Hall, Warren Palmer and Wm. Buckley. Mr. Buckley was the owner of the machine, and died of his injuries.

COCHRAN, Ind., Nov. 27.—The boiler in the chair factory exploded yesterday, killing Wm. Benecke, John Stark and Wm. Matthews, jr., and severely injuring Fred. Bruce, the engineer. The factory was destroyed.

A Rumored Settlement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—There were many rumors current in regard to a settlement of trunk line matters to-day, but nothing official can be obtained.

Chauncey M. Depew said to-night that there is no definite plan under consideration for the settlement of the freight question. He thought, however, that the difficulties would be righted in a few days, but in answer to the many rumors of adjustment said: "I assure you we have done nothing more toward a settlement to-day than any other day this week."

He Was Jealous.

AMESBURY, Mass., Nov. 27.—Jewel Dargenton, proprietor of a boarding house, was found dead last night lying on the floor of a room in his house with a bullet hole in his head, while near him lay his wife unconscious with two bullet holes in her neck inflicted by Dargenton. He was jealous.

Destroyed by Incendiaries.

BELAIRE, Md., Nov. 27.—The canning house of McGaw Bros., near Spesnia Island, was burned by incendiaries Saturday night. Twelve thousand cases of canned corn, 8000 empty cases and all the machinery and fixtures were destroyed.

On Saturday and Monday large numbers of people attended the auction sale of C. & J. Allen's stock, and amongst the goods sold we noticed several lots of diamonds which were sold at remarkably low prices. The sale will be continued day by day until the whole stock is sold.

THE HAMILTON LABOR TROUBLES.

An Important Case Growing Out of the Bricklayers' Strike Up There.

The case of the Queen v. Gibson was argued in the Queen's Bench yesterday. This is a Crown case reserved by the County Court Judge at Hamilton as to the sufficiency of an indictment charging the defendant with injuring one Edward Buscombe in his trade as a bricklayer. A resolution was passed in the Hamilton Bricklayers and Masons Union that no union men should work on the new City Hall building as long as Buscombe was employed. Upon these facts an indictment was laid, which the County Judge reserved for the decision of the full court. Mr. B. B. Osler, Q.C., appeared for the defendant, and Crown Attorney Crerar of Wentworth contra. After an extensive argument judgment was reserved.

In the Court of Appeal Nottawasaga v Hamilton & N. W. Ry. Co., occupied the court all day and reserved judgment. This is an appeal by the defendants from Judge Robertson's decision, ordering the maintaining of a station at the village of Averiug on the line of the defendant's railway. The township has bonused the railway to the extent of $20,000. Among the conditions attaching to the grant was that a station should be erected and maintained at Averiug, which was never done. Mr. W. Cassels, Q.C., for the railway and Mr. D. McCartby, Q.C., for the township.

Peremptory lists for to-day: Queen's Bench—Wells v Eckhart, Helliwell v York, Webster v Osborne, Freehold v Brown, Clancy v Sixsmit. Common Pleas—Re J. O'Donohoe. Water house Co. v McQuade, Cameron v Lewis, Queen v Stuart, Queen v Jones, Queen v O'Neill. Court of Appeal—Daniels v Noxon, Weir v C. P. R., Clarkson v Attorney-General. To-morrow: Clendinning v Toronto, Palmer v Ontario Cotton Mills Co.

Use the Eranium Metal Pens, they never scratch, spurt, nor corrode; sait any hand. Grand & Toy, Leader Lane, Agents. 136

FOR LAND SPECULATORS.

City Solicitor Biggar Defines the Rights of the Corporation in Drainage Matters.

In answer to the Board of Works requesting an opinion as to the right of the city to refuse drainage to those houses erected on streets of not the proper width, the City Solicitor writes as follows:

I have your letter of Nov. 22 relative to the case of Mr. Armstrong, builder, with a plan of the property on Yonge-street extending westward to McMurrich-street, and asking for my opinion the City Engineer can legally refuse Mr. Armstrong the right to drain into the Yonge-street sewer, now or hereafter, when a private lane 25 feet wide, extending from Yonge-street to McMurrich-street.

In reply I beg to say that, as I understand the Municipal Act and the powers decided thereon, the city has a right in every case to determine whether or not any person shall be allowed the privilege of connecting his property into a public sewer. The city is not bound to provide sewerage or drainage for private purposes, and whether they will do so or not is in every case a matter of discretion; but, if they do allow any person to drain into a sewer they are bound to see that the sewer is properly constructed and kept in repair, and are liable for any negligence in this respect. It seems from the cases that their discretion, in allowing or refusing the right to drainage will not be controlled by the Courts by mandamus or otherwise.

I am therefore of opinion that the council may in proper cases, including the case in question, refuse permission to any person to drain his property into a public sewer, but I do not understand that this matter rests with the engineer or with any officer of the municipality, but solely with the Council.

When the letter was read at the Board of Works meeting yesterday Ald. Baxter and Galbraith got it referred to a sub-committee, avowing their dissent from the opinion as expressed by Mr. Biggar.

It comes as a boon and a blessing to men the Celebrated Uranium Metal Pen, Grand & Toy, Sole Agents, Leader Lane. 136

A RAILWAY IN AFRICA.

The Liberian Government Looking for Pointers From the C. P. R.

The fame of the Canadian Pacific Railway has reached the African continent. The Liberian Government are contemplating the construction of a national railway from the coast to the interior of the country, and have written to Mr. J. E. Thompson, their consul-general at Toronto, for full particulars of the privileges granted and mode of construction by which the C. P. R. has been so successfully completed. The first section of the proposed Liberian Railway will probably be 400 miles, which would bring it to the mountains. The intervening country is mostly tropical bush rich in valuable timbers. Labor is very cheap and a ready line of steamers from Liverpool afford excellent facilities for securing railway materials in England. It might be worth while for some of our enterprising railway contractors to correspond with Mr. Thompson on this subject. There is no reason why Canadian capital and enterprise should be confined to this continent.

DINEEN'S FUR SALE.

A Fifty Thousand Dollar Stock to Select From.

Five stores in one block filled with choice sealskin mantles, circulars, wraps, dolmans, capes, visettes, collars, cuffs, and trimmings, all to be sold at close wholesale rates for cash. The Dineen firm is making a great specialty of fine long bear and other very rare and scarce boas, which are offered very low considering the great advance. Several very new shapes of ladies' seal caps are also shown, and several novelties in large collars. Before buying Dineen's fur room should be visited. It is situated on the corner of King and Yonge-streets.

Mrs. Walton Again Refused a License.

The West York Board of License Commissioners met yesterday afternoon, Dr. Cotton of Lambton Mills (chairman); M. Naughton, Richmond Hill; J. C. Morgan, Parkdale, and Inspector Robert Wilcock being present. They considered the application of Mrs. Alice Walton for a license for her new hotel at West Toronto Junction, which has been repeatedly refused. Mrs. Walton proposed, if granted the license, to transfer the lease to her brother named Watson, late of Sunderland. The Board decided that the interests of Mrs. Walton and her brother were not sufficiently separated and again declined to grant the license. The probability is that no more licenses will be granted in the Junction till next May.

The Gerrard-Street Subway.

The Gerrard-street subway came up before the Board of Works yesterday afternoon for discussion, the City Engineer presenting the draft agreement to be signed by the G. T. R. and the corporation before the work was commenced. Ald. Baxter in a carefully-worded speech, which travelled all round the subject without really touching on the most important points, expressed his satisfaction with the proceedings of the department and his surprise at the comments of the press in the matter. Ald. Baxter neglected to refer to the fact that the contract was let before the city had got the G. T. R.'s consent to the work in black and white.

The Women's Interest in Missions.

The quarterly meeting of the Toronto branch of the Canadian Congregational Women's Board of Missions was of special interest in Bond-street Church yesterday. Mrs. Enoch Barber presided. Miss McGregor, a missionary from India, who is visiting in Toronto, gave an address on her labors in that far-off land. She illustrated the customs of the country and exhibited Indian curiosities. She was cordially thanked for her address. Encouraging reports were read from various auxiliary branches. Thirty-five ladies were present, which was the largest number ever present at these quarterly meetings. Bond-street ladies' auxiliary is flourishing, as is everything else connected with the church.

Beautiful Neck Dressings.

There was quite a rush at Levian's Neckwear Emporium during the last week for those self-colored satin scarfs and four-in-hands; they are shown in sixteen colors. All the ties sold are made on the premises. We put into stock Saturday a magnificent range of buck, kid-lined driving and astrachan gloves, exceptional value. 92 Yonge-street.

FEARS FOR THE STANLEY.

THE NEW STEAMER PROBABLY OUT IN THE BIG BLOW.

Extension of Bonding Privileges to the Northern Pacific—The 90-Days Quarantine on American Cattle to Remain—A New Water Bottle for the Militia.

OTTAWA, Nov. 27.—It is understood that the Government has decided to extend to the Northern Pacific Railway the same bonding facilities enjoyed by other roads on their giving the customary surety bonds, which will amount to $80,000.

Ever since the Dominion Government surveyed the Swan district efforts have been made to get the parties who settled the surveys to make entry of their lands, but with only partial success. Circular after circular has been issued by the Dominion Lands Commissioner, but very little attention has been paid to them. The districts in which entries have been most backward are Prince Albert, Carlton, Duck Lake and along the south branch of the Saskatchewan. The Government has now sent Mr. Bourgeois, D.L.S., to Duck Lake and vicinity to try to get entries made, and a new circular has been issued informing the settlers that it is in their own interests to have their entries made right away. The circular concludes as follows: "Notice is also hereby given that inasmuch as many of the persons herein referred to are doubtless now entitled to a patent for their lands, application for patent in all such cases should be made at the same time that homestead entry is obtained." In this connection it may be stated that the halfbreeds of Batoche have never made any entries in the Interior Department, but nevertheless the Government has never disturbed them in the enjoyment of their lands.

It is understood that the request of the Montana ranchmen, that the ninety-day quarantine on American cattle entering the Northwest be removed, will not be granted, as it is felt that if this was done the British Government would most probably schedule Canadian cattle and our exporters would lose the advantage which they now possess over American exporters of being able to transport their cattle from one point of the United Kingdom to another while American cattle must be killed at the port at which they are landed.

Some anxiety was felt in the Marine Department to-day as to the safety of the new Government steamer Stanley, built on the Clyde, which was to have sailed on Nov. 21. If she did so she was probably in the storm which raged on the Atlantic on Saturday and Sunday, and being, comparatively speaking, a small vessel she may have had difficulty in weathering so severe a gale. A cablegram was sent to Glasgow today to ascertain whether she had sailed.

The United States Treasury Department officials deny the truth of the report that there has been any change in the policy of the Administration or of the department towards the Alaska seal fisheries. There has been a relaxation this season of their watchfulness in Behring Sea.

General Middleton and Adjutant-General Powell to-day examined a new water bottle, the invention of Mr. Lewis of Quebec, and expressed themselves so pleased with it that its adoption by the Canada Militia will be recommended. It is of block tin, stout and serviceable, and will stand a good deal of knocking about. Its chief advantage, however, is that it contains a small charcoal filter so that muddy or partly impure water can be rendered drinkable in a few minutes, a great advantage to troops on the march in a poorly watered country. General Middleton said with reference to it: "No European army has yet got anything like a good water bottle. They are either of glass or wood. In England the troops carry the latter. If I am not mistaken the Imperial authorities have offered a reward for a suitable water bottle, one that will suit all requirements. This new invention costs something like 50 cents. I believe it is a little heavier than the ordinary article."

Over 200 members of the Northwest Mounted Police, or about one-fifth of their number, have postoffice savings bank accounts, their joint accumulation amounting to about $25,000.

One of the small portable buildings at the Mounted Police Barracks at Regina was destroyed by fire on Saturday night.

The last of the fishery cruisers in commission, the Vigilant, was docked for repairs at Halifax on Saturday.

General Middleton says that the visit of Sir John Ross, Commander of Her Majesty's Forces in British North America, to British Columbia is purely one of pleasure, and has no connection with the Imperial fortification scheme.

His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Stanley visited the Collegiate Institute to-day. They will leave for Toronto Thursday night to attend the ball of the St. Andrew's Society on the following evening. On Saturday they will go to Hamilton, when His Excellency will open the Art Exhibition.

FOR BURGLARY.

A Hamilton Dry Goods Clerk Arrested on a Serious Charge.

HAMILTON, Nov. 27.—John James Jarvis, a good-looking dry goods clerk, who has been working for James Shea for about three weeks, was arrested this afternoon on a serious charge of burglary. Jarvis is a well-dressed young man about 21 years old. He was formerly employed by J. L. Mader, a dry goods merchant in Attwood, a small town in the county of Perth. He worked there off and on for about two years, but left four or five weeks ago to accept a more lucrative position in Listowel. One Sunday night about a month ago he returned to Attwood and went into Mr. Mader's store without getting his permission. Jarvis retained possession of some keys which enabled him to get into the premises. He was caught in the act of going through the safe, but the level-headed person who detected him allowed him to escape out of the back door. That was the last seen of Jarvis in Attwood. Mader got a tip from a commercial traveler that the young man was working in a store here, and Constable Struthers was sent to hunt him up. He arrived this morning, and in company with two detectives went to the store where he was employed and took him in charge.

Judge Sinclair to-day granted a summons to quash a conviction in a liquor case against John Berlinghoff and H. R. Hall. The defendants were fined $40 by the police magistrate for keeping their bar-rooms open during prohibited hours. The case will come up for argument on Dec. 10.

The New M.P. for Cariboo.

VICTORIA, Nov. 27.—Mr. Barnard, who has just been elected M.P. for Cariboo by a majority of 22, is a son of Mr. F. J. Barnard, who formerly represented Yale, B.C., in the House of Commons, and is also a nephew of Mr. J. T. Barnard of Hamilton, Ont. Cariboo is the smallest constituency in the Dominion. Its inhabitants number 7550 and the voters on the roll 489.

Facts, Stubborn Facts.

We tell no silly trumped up story in our reading ads. to lead the unwary astray, but give the public startling facts. Our ordered and ready made overcoats, winter suits, boys' overcoats and suits, winter underwear, etc., are the best value and lowest price in the city. The British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-street, corner of Shuter-street, R. Baker & Company.

MASHING THE BLONDES.

Some of the Antics of the Gilded Youth and Stage Door Loungers.

Whenever a company which gives what is generally termed a "leg" show comes to town there is always a gathering of the so-called "gilded youth" and the masher at the theatre and the stage door. Lydia Thompson's collection of British "blondes" has brought these gentlemen out in full force. Manager Sheppard has had a lively experience with some of them. On Monday night a party of the "gilded youth" was in one of the stage boxes. They are well-known youths of the town, and devoted themselves assiduously to guying, mashing and ogling the semi-draped blondes on the stage. Their conduct was notoriously noticeable, in fact it attracted the attention of the whole audience.

There is another class of young men who haunt the theatre during the performance and try to force their way into the green room or the wings of the stage. But none of them were successful in this respect. The rule of no admittance to outsiders was strictly enforced. After the performance last night the stage door in Johnston-street was surrounded with giddy-headed youths and young men, all bent upon making a mash. A couple of policemen had to be called to make them move on. Then a number of them moved down to the King-street entrance to the Arcade, and continued their mashing operations on the "blondes" as they made their way to their hotels.

The funniest part of the whole business is that the would-be "guyers" got unmercifully "guyed" themselves.

HANDLING THE DUSKY DIAMONDS.

The Coal Men Discuss the Matter—Talking About the Losses.

The coal section of the Board of Trade held a meeting yesterday afternoon at which the cost of handling coal was discussed. The matter of the loss on screenings was more particularly dealt with. This is a serious loss, the dealers say

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 28, 1888.

Harrison's Southern Policy.

If what THE NEW YORK HERALD'S Washington correspondent tells be true, then a very important part of President-elect Harrison's Southern policy has already been determined upon. The incoming President will not fill Southern offices with Northern carpet-baggers, nor yet will he put black men in to "boss" white men, merely because the former vote Republican. He has got hold of quite another idea, and one that if carried out in practice must lead to important results. His choice for Southern offices will be—now hold your breath a bit—Southern Protectionists. But it has been asked: Can he find Southern Protectionists who will "fill the bill"? The correspondent has been interviewing somebody, who furnishes the following reply. First, the interlocutor remarks:

"You don't mean to be understood that he will appoint Democrats to office?"

"That is what he will do whenever there is no white Republican who is talented and respectable enough to command the respect of his neighbors, and he realizes the fact that in many parts of the South there is not for miles and miles an educated man and one who is fit to hold office that votes the Republican ticket. There are many men in the South who vote the Democratic ticket who are really Republicans. That is, they are protectionists and in sympathy with the Republican party on many other of the live issues of the day. They simply vote the Democratic ticket for historical reasons, because they hate that the Republican banner is stained with the blood of their fellow man. Many of them are honest enough to admit this.

"It is this class that Gen. Harrison will recognize. They will hold the offices in the South during the coming administration. General Harrison thinks that by treating these people kindly and generously, and by elevating such men to office as have the confidence of the people, that it will make Republicans of thousands who now vote the Democratic ticket for sentimental reasons and in the end greatly strengthen the Republican party in the South. He also thinks this will solve the social question there and bring about a friendly feeling between the North and the South."

One who is spoken of as "A Southern Man" thus expressed himself to the correspondent: "There has been for the last four or five years a great change of opinion going on in the Southern States. In Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee there is already a well constituted and respectable Republican party, based not on plunder, but on Republican policies—protection and internal improvement. In these States the party has grown without help from the Republican bodies of the North—rather against discouragement from them. But in Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas and Louisiana there is a large element of the old native population, respected, honorable, influential, which will support the Republican policies if its leadership is clearly and honorably recognized. Nothing but the fear of a new era of carpet bag misrule and the persistent cold shoulder which they have had from the Republican leaders in the North has kept such men in the Democratic ranks.

To the policy above sketched out THE Herald gives its best editorial support and evidently wishes the public to understand that there is something in it. The Herald calls it "sight and wise," and "true statesmanship." A few words more from our contemporary:

If Mr. Harrison does that lie will in his four years' administration form a num-ross and vigorous Republican party in every Southern State, under the leadership of men capable of leading and informed with the same creed as Northern Republicans. He will thus make the Republican party, for the first time in its history, national instead of sectional, and while he will forever break up the "Solid South" he will gain the good will of even sensible Northern Democrats by so doing.

We are to understand, then, that it will be Harrison's policy to build up a Southern Protectionist party, composed of men who can without sacrifice of consistency act with Northern Protectionists, who are mostly Republicans, though not all. The attempt will be made to obliterate as much as possible the old party line between North and South; to make even that between Republicans and Democrats fainter than heretofore; and to make that between protection and free trade the great dividing party line for the whole country. More unlikely things than the realization of this idea have happened.

Put This and That Together.

Yes, we say, put what THE Globe had on Monday in its "Observations" column along with what it had yesterday in its editorial on "Imperial Zollverein Impracticable," and see what you can make of it all. In the former our contemporary is "death" on annexation, and has no mercy for those who would basely extinguish their country's existence. Thus it holds forth:

It is humiliating that any part of our people should harbor a thought of surrender to the United States, even though it is inevitable that as the years go on our commercial interests must be closer and closer with this continent. Whether we admit it or not the cry for Annexation is a confession that we are unequal to the task of self-government. The Annexationist in his heart has despaired of Canada.

And further:

We must bear in mind that once we consent to political union with the United States we put control of our future out of our hands finally and forever. There could be no escape. There could be no retreat except through revolution, and for that the Annexationists will tell us we should be unequal. Shall we involve ourselves in the danger of sectional divisions which must always threaten in a country of such vast extent as the Republic? Shall we share the peril of the Negro problem? Shall we accept inferior institutions? And all for what? To gain perhaps some slight increase of material prosperity for just as long as extreme Protection shall be the trade policy of the United States.

The above reads off well. It has a patriotic sound. But in yesterday's editorial the voice seems to have changed:

Many object against Unrestricted Reciprocity that it would involve Canadian discrimination against British goods. It might or might not. But suppose it did. Still it would not produce British discrimination against Canadian goods, for Brother John Bull is a genuine free trader and understands well that he gains by buying cheap from every country, no matter whether it taxes his goods or has the sense to take them untaxed.

Here it is admitted that Unrestricted Reciprocity *might or might not* involve Canadian discrimination against British goods. Why not be honest about it, and say at once that it certainly would, which is the real truth of the matter? Is it not a first condition with our neighbors that, while their goods are to come into Canada free, British goods are to pay such duties as Congress thinks fit to impose? This is the crucial point, and there is no getting away from it.

We call it base, and mean, and contemptible, to be trusting that John Bull, because he is a consistent Free Trader, will still admit our products free, even should we tax his goods, while admitting free those of Uncle Sam. Would you be just mean enough to take this advantage if you could get it? You had better answer The World's question, and tell us what Canada's relations toward England would be, if we discriminated against her goods, while admitting American goods free. Sir Richard and others of our Reciprocity champions will have to answer this question on the floor of Parliament, and that with a good deal of shame and confusion of face, ere they are much older. To say—"it might or might not" won't avail them there. A square, straight answer will have to come, depend upon it. It might well set some of them shaking even now, just to think of what is before them.

United States Meat Supply.

A meeting of importance will be held at St. Louis on the 20th December of the cattle breeders, feeders and butchers of the United States, to investigate the beef supply of the country. The object is not the formation of a trust or combination but to devise means for getting rid of the monopoly in dressed meats that is said to exist in Chicago. Competition in the sale of cattle and beef in the open market is to be re-established. It is said that meat put into the market by the great slaughtering establishments of the west is affected with diseases which are transmissible to the human family.

According to The Philadelphia Ledger it is one of the anomalies of the beef market that, while the prices of all, or nearly all, other articles of food have materially declined since the close of the war, that of beef has declined very little. During the continuance of the war meat was but a trifle higher than at present, though in the means of preparing food for the market no other article has been subjected to such cheapening processes. With the breaking of the Chicago monopoly lower prices will be procured.

Only a few weeks ago an article appeared in The World correcting the generally received opinion that the Postoffice people here could intercept lott ry letters from Hamburg. The Globe in a paroxysm of frenzy once more returns to the charge, and calls on Mr. Haggert to do his duty and stop the pernicious literature. The Postmaster-General can only stop letters connected with *illegal* lotteries. In Hamburg and Louisiana the lotteries are run by the State, and are clearly therefore not illegal. We should have a war upon our hands, to which Lord Sackville's dismissal would be nothing, if the sanctity of the mails were invaded as The Globe advises.

THE NEW CHURCH AT DEER PARK.

How Presbyterianism is Growing at the Northern suburb—An Opening Social.

Presbyterianism is growing in North Toronto. In 1882 a mission was organized at Deer Park in connection with the Central Presbyterian Church. Rev. G. E. Freeman was the first pastor. The services were held in the frame building which has been used till the present church was erected. The building committee consisted of J. T. M. Burnside, Chairman; John Dixon, Treasurer; J. R. Mackenzie, Secretary, and Messrs. Crean, McCarter, Spears, Duncan, Stephens, Sinclair, Gibb, Fisken, John Murray, Wm. Murray, Garland and Dunwoodie. Building operations were begun in June and the structure, though small, is a handsome architectural design. It is gothic in style; the front of the edifice is 44 feet in width, extending 34 in depth to the transept, which is 60 feet in width by 34 feet deep. Behind this is an addition of class rooms and vestry, extending back to and connected with the old church, which will hereafter be used as a Sunday school room. The total length is 116 feet and the seating capacity of the church, with the western part of the transept, is 10 feet square and 52 feet in height. The interior of the church is lined with white brick artistically intermixed with red ornamentation and the lofty ceiling has a fine olive tint. The stained glass windows, the pulpit furniture and the oil finish of the woodwork impart an air of comfort. Provision is made in the rear of the pulpit platform for choir and organ. A reading-desk of brass, presented to the congregation by the pastor and his lady, takes the place of a pulpit. The building cost $8500. Messrs. Smith & Gemmel were the architects.

In connection with the opening a social meeting was held last night. A goodly number partook of tea and the after proceedings were bright with musical selections and congratulatory speeches from Pastor Freeman and numerous friends from Toronto. The success of the opening services is regarded as a happy augury of this beautiful new church in a rapidly growing and improving suburb of Toronto.

ON THE PARAMATTA.

Hanlan Again Defeated by Beach—The Toronto Ex-Champion Soon to Return.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 27.—Beach and Hanlan rowed a race on the Paramatta River to-day for £500 a side. Beach won.

[The announcement contained in the above message dispatch caused considerable surprise as the cable had hitherto announced that the race had been fixed for Dec. 1. Beach has now beaten Hanlan so many times as to leave no room for doubt as to the comparative merits of the two oarsmen. Neither of the two, however, can now be considered as first-class. Hanlan will probably return to Toronto early next year. In a letter written before the Searle-Kemp race he predicted that Searle would win the championship and pronounced him one of the greatest oarsmen in the world.]

O'Connor on a Plane With the Best.

New York Herald: The present year has been the most exciting in the annals of boat racing the world over. Far away in Australia Hanlan, Beach, Kemp and Searle have battled for the proud title of champion of all oarsmen, and the result leaves Searle master of the sculls. On home waters the fight for supremacy has been long and stubborn, and the championship has passed from Gaudaur to Teemer and from Teemer to O'Connor. Saturday's race on the Potomac places the young sculler from Toronto on a plane with the best, and he has wisely decided to seek the world's honors in the antipodes. O'Connor is big, strong, skilful and plucky, and if he meets Searle on even terms will stand a good chance of regaining the championship first lost by Hanlan in Australia four years ago.

The Carney-McAuliffe Fight Fizzling.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The proposed fight between Jemmy Carney of England and Jack McAuliffe for the light weigh championship of the world appears to be fizzling. Carney cabled to-day that he declined to fight McAuliffe in America, as he feared he would not get fair play, but repeats that he is willing to fight McAuliffe abroad.

Dust From the Diamond.

Secretary White's official circular notes contracts by Detroit with J. R. Virtue and Ed. Wiswell and the following players released from reservation: By Hamilton, W. Anders; by Troy, James Banning, Peter Sweeney and Geo. Haddock.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Juice Latham, the famous first baseman of the Louisville and Athletic teams, is in the city in destitute circumstances. Hugh Nichol, President Stearns and others contributed for his relief. It is probable that a purse will be raised by the numerous professionals in this city. Juice is a good fellow and deserves to be helped. He wants a job as a street car driver.

Stagg, Yale's great pitcher, will visit Toronto shortly as a delegate to the Y. M. C. A. convention here.

Five at least of the Syracuse players declare they will not sign with that club for $200 per month. Ely is reported to be the only man who is willing to play for that sum.

Whitby Toboggan Club.

WHITBY, Nov. 27.—The Whitby Toboggan Club has organized for the coming season. The officers-elect are: Patrons, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Downey; Hon. president, Mr. A. G. Henderson; president, Mr. F. Howard Annes; 1st vice-president, Mr. Geo. W. Wilson; 2nd vice-president, Mr. E. R. Blow; secretary, Mr. Geo. A. Ross; treasurer, Mr. G. E. Gross. Committee—Messrs. F. W. Billings, D. C. Downey, Arthur Burnham, G. H. Dartnell, jr., Warren and Blow.

Moor Leads the Pedestrians.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The score of the leaders in the walking match at 12 o'clock was:

Cartwright	227	Herty	225	Moore	240
Littlewood	218	Bay	215	Howards	216
Connor	202	Golden	220	Mason	237
Hart	207	Campana	190	Noremac	187
Elson	186	Vint	181	Smythe	153
W. Smith	159	C. Smith	79	Taylor	179
Peach	121				

ORANGE BLOSSOMS BLOOM.

A PAIR OF FASHIONABLE WEDDINGS YESTERDAY.

Mr. A. B. Cameron and Miss Alice Walker at St. Andrew's—Mr. John Hargraft of Cobourg and Miss Boyes at Carlton-street Methodist.

Weddings are always interesting, but that which took place in St. Andrew's Church, King-street west, at 11.30 yesterday morning, when Mr. Alfred B. Cameron, son of Mr. Alexander Cameron, who compose the law firm of Cameron & Cameron, and Miss Alice, daughter of Mr. David Walker, were made man and wife, was an event of unusual interest, chiefly because of the bride's well known beauty and accomplishments. It is usual to say of every bride that she is charming and pretty, and of the bride in this instance it may be said without hurting the truth in the least. The announcement of the wedding drew a tremendous crowd of people, ninety-nine out of a hundred of them ladies, to the church to witness an event of such keen interest to womankind the world over. They crowded the seats and aisles below and above and also the steps and open space before the church to such an extent that the bridal party and guests both in coming and going were put to considerable inconvenience by the crush of curious fair ones.

It was a "directoire" wedding and a very novel one, and the arrangements except with regard to the management of the crowd was most perfect. At 11.20 the bridesmaids, Misses Grace and May Walker, sisters of the bride, and little Miss Katie Torrance, niece of the bridegroom, entered the church followed by the bride on the arm of her father, while Mr. Fisher played the bridal march from "Lohengrin." As the altar the bridal party met the bridegroom supported by Messrs. Geo. Burton and Hume Blake, and Master D. Ernest Wright, the bride's nephew, in a becoming Eton suit.

The bride was attired in a white directoire gown with front of silk Brussels net draped with orange blossoms, and bodice and train of white brocaded satin; she also wore a net veil held by orange blossoms and a costly pearl necklace with diamond pendant and clasp, the gift of the groom, and carried a bouquet of white roses. The three bridesmaids were noticeable figures in white directoire costumes of white brocaded satin and crepe de chine, wearing large white felt hats with ostrich plumes, and jewelled bangles, the gift of the groom; and carrying decided novelties in the shape of long white enamelled sticks with bunches of yellow roses attached.

The invited guests were seated in the centre pews, and the ladies were most handsomely attired. Mrs. Alexander Cameron, the groom's mother, wore a gown of crimson silk velvet with gold embroidery and bonnet to match and carried a rare bouquet of orchids and mignonette, the gift of Mr. Walker; Mrs. George Torrance, the groom's sister, was attired in a combination of green cloth with green and gold brocade and bonnet of the same colors; Mrs. John Wright's, the bride's sister, was a striking dress of black and white striped silk with steel ornaments; while Mrs. Fred. Moffatt, another sister, wore a most attractive costume of dove colored silk with fronts of embroidered white crepe and directoire hat of the same shade with plumes.

There were eight ushers, and they had enough to do to carry out the arrangements and place the guests in view of the large attendance. They were Messrs. Robert Stanley, Roly Moffatt, Harry Brock, Casimir Dickson, Willie Spratt, Aubrey Winslow, George Michie and Arthur Morphy.

Rev. Dr. J. J. Maclaren officiated the impressive ceremony, after which the newly married pair entered the vestry and signed the register. To the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March the bridal party marched down the aisle, and entering carriages were driven to Mr. Walker's residence at 256 Victoria-street. There a sumptuous breakfast was partaken of, the newly wedded pair sitting at one end of the table, between Mr. and Mrs. Alex Cameron, and Mr. Walker presiding as the representative of the absent guests, most of whom were present, were besides those already named:

Mr. and Mrs. George Torrance, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Burton, Mrs. Justice Patterson, Chief Justice and Miss Richards, Mr. and Mrs Arthur Croft, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Barwick, Mrs. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. John Osborne and Miss Osborne, Miss Jones, Hamilton; Rev D. J. MacDonnell, Co. and Mrs. Dawson, Capt. and Mrs. J. J. Davidson, Capt. Morrow, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Christie, Mr. Charles Cameron, Collingwood; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Holmes, Mr. and Mrs Henry Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Jennings and Mr. Verner Jennings, Mr. James and Miss Miss Mrs. Gibson, Miss Jamieson, Mr. and Mrs. Ross, Mr. Hogaboom, Miss Thorburn, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Foy, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bain, Mr. Kenneth Moffat, Dr. Allen Baines, Mrs. Boyd and Mr. James Boyd, str. and Mrs. John Wright, the Misses Spratt, Mr. and Mrs. Dougate Macdonald, Miss Macdonald, Mr. Frank Drake, Mr. W. Blake, Mr. Arcille Langmuir, Mr. H. Osler, Mr. Ben Crouly, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bird, Brockville; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Osborne, Buffalo; Mr. G. Sandfield Macdonald, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Lyon of Connecticut, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Osborne, Mr. Mrs. Frank Macdonald, Hamilton; Mr. and Mrs. Eardley Wilmot and Miss Wilmot, Stratford; Miss Gibson, Owen Sound; Miss Hunt, Port Hope; Mr. and Mrs Wolfer Stanns Thomas, London; Mrs. D'Hare, Belleville, Mr. Alex. Osborne, Hamilton.

The gifts of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron and Mr. John W. Cartwright of London, Eng., the bridegroom's brother-in-law, were cheques for very substantial amounts, while that of Mr. David Walker was a fine piano. Among the many other presents, which were displayed in an upper room, were these: Walker House employes, a rich silver service; Mrs. Geo. Torrance and Mrs. John W. Cartwright, a solid silver service of unique design; Misses Grace and May Walker, dining-room chairs in oak and blue plush; Mr. and Mrs. John Wright, China dinner and breakfast service; Mrs. Fred. Moffatt, table and picture; Mrs. Henry Moffatt, picture; Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Dawson, soup ladle; Mr. Bernard Saunders, China five-o'clock tea service; Lieut.-Col. Grassett, soup ladle; Mrs. Geo. Hogaboom, pair of gilt drawing-room chairs; Mr. and Mrs. Cleary, Windsor, solid silver spoons; Miss Irwin, San Francisco, solid silver tea spoons; Mr. Hume Blake, music cabinet; Mr. Cecil Gibson, Japanese vase; Mrs. Boyd, silver salver; Mr. Burton, silver bell; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Christie, silver soup ladle; Miss Glen Airston, Owen Sound, silver ink stand.

Mr. and Mrs. Cameron left by the 2.50 train for Detroit, Mrs. Cameron wearing a going-away suit of navy blue, with toque to match, and short seal coat. To-morrow they will visit Sandwich, Ont., where they will be tendered a reception and dinner by the tenants of Mr. Alexander Cameron, who owns an estate of 40 square miles in Essex County, and who will present them with a handsome testimonial, and on Friday night they will be tendered a ball. On Saturday they will proceed on a tour to New York and other American cities.

HARGRAFT-BOYES.

Last Night's Fashionable Event in Carlton-Street Methodist Church.

There was a second fashionable wedding yesterday and it was attended by as many guests, witnessed by as large and curious a crowd and attended with as novel features as that of the morning. It was the marriage of Miss Eva Boyes, stepdaughter of Mr. Joseph McCausland, and Mr. John Hargraft, merchant, Cobourg, which took place in the Carlton-street Methodist Church at 9 o'clock last night. For an hour before the appointed time the gallery and seats down stairs were crowded with people, mostly ladies, who watched the invited guests being escorted to a reserved circle of seats by faultlessly dressed ushers in the persons of Messrs. E. J. Boyes, J. A. Garvin, Bert Thompson and Bert Walker. Sharp on time the bridal party arrived, the bashful young bride leaning on the arm of her step-father, and followed by her maids. Mr. Hargraft was already waiting at the rail, attended by Mr. Charles Parsons, while before them stood Rev. Dr. W. J. Hunter, who, assisted by Rev. Hugh Johnston, performed the ceremony.

The bride was handsomely arrayed in a dress of white watered silk with train, lace frillings and pearl trimmings, wearing a tulle veil fastened by a horseshoe of orange blossoms, and carrying a bouquet of white carnations. Miss Eva McCausland was first bride-maid and wore a gown of cream lace with apple green ribbons, and a novel boa of sudiax and white chrysanthemums. The other maids were two charming little girls, Miss Grace McCausland and Miss Susie Mars, whose costumes formed the most novel part of the affair, as they were attired in quaint Kate Greenaway gowns of pink delaine with pink sarah sashes and puffed sleeves, large white muslin hats with pink ribbons and feathers, and carrying gilt shepherd's crooks with bouquets of pink roses attached.

After the couple had been made man and wife Dr. Hunter in a few words stated that according to the usual custom of presenting the first bride married in a new church with a Bible he had much pleasure, on behalf of the trustees of Carlton-street Methodist Church, in presenting a copy of the Holy Word, as this was the first marriage in the church since its rebuilding. After the bride had been greeted by her relatives the bridal party left the church to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, played by Prof. Arlidge. They and the guests proceeded to Mr. McCausland's residence at 411 Jarvis-street, where a reception was held and the many handsome and costly presents viewed. Among the guests were:

Mrs. Hargraft and Mr. S. Hargraft, Cobourg; Mrs. W. J. and Miss Orr, Mr. W. Boyes, Chatham; Mr. D. and Miss McLean, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Aikins, Mr. and Mrs. Dooly, Miss Hazlehurst, Mrs. J. Rogers, Miss Armour, Cobourg; Mr. and Mrs. F. Roper, Mrs. Ross, Miss Stafford, Miss Bushven, Mr. and Mrs. W. Thurston, Mrs. Lawson, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thompson, Miss Gurney, Mrs. R. J. Tackaberry, Mr. and Mrs. M. Langmuir, Miss Morgan, Dr. and Mrs. McCallum, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Gooderham, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Walker and Miss Ida Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Rusoe, Cobourg; Mr. and Mrs. Hendry, Kingston; Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Walker, Miss Billicy, Cobourg; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Boyce Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Hoar, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Hargraft and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hargraft, Cobourg; Mr. and Mrs. W. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ross Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Uzziel Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Walker, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Mars, Mr. D. J. Macmurchy, Miss Macdonald.

At 10.30 Mr. and Mrs. Hargraft left on a wedding tour to Boston, New York and other eastern cities.

Herbert-Wilson.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Hon. Michael Henry Herbert, now Charge D'Affaires of the British Legation at Washington, and Miss Leila Belle Wilson, daughter of R. T. Wilson, a wealthy retired merchant of this city, were married to-day at St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church by Rev. Dr. Greer.

THE ACT IS NOW IN FORCE

To Prevent Accidents by Fire in Hotels and Public Buildings.

It may not be generally known that the act passed at the last session of the Provincial Legislature for the better prevention of accidents at fires in hotels and other public buildings is now in force. It took effect on Nov. 1 and specially concerns hotel and tavernkeepers. As the responsibility for the enforcement of this Act has been placed upon the inspector of licenses, it is his duty to see that all applicants for tavern licenses have the proper appliances attached to the premises for which licenses have been applied, and that those failing to comply with the provisions of the act are reported as not having the required accommodations. The provisions are, briefly:

Every owner, lessee, or proprietor of a hotel exceeding two stories in height, shall erect or cause to be erected at least one permanent outside stairway or ladder, from the landings or floors, landing or floor above the first story of such hotel and extending to at least said first story, such stairway or ladder to be built of iron and to be firmly attached to the wall of the building and to be of sufficient strength to sustain the weight of at least 5 fully grown persons at the same time; and the proprietor or proprietor shall at all times keep the way or passage to such stairway or ladder unobstructed and free of access.

The keeper of every hotel shall, where the same is more than two stories in height, provide and keep in each of the sleeping apartments or bedrooms thereof, are situate above the ground floor, a fire escape for the use of guests occupying the same. It shall be a rope not less than three-quarters of an inch in thickness, and of sufficient length to reach from the window of apartment in which it is kept to the ground below.

The keeper of every hotel shall, in addition to the notices which he is now required by law to keep posted up in each of his sleeping apartments or bedrooms, also keep posted up a notice calling the attention to the said fire escapes, and containing full direction for the use of the same, as well as a description of the outside fire escape and the situation and means of egress to the same.

The penalty for each offence is not less than $20 or more than $100, with costs of prosecution, or in default three months' imprisonment.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

George Henderson was yesterday committed to the Central Prison for six months for embezzling $45 from R. Walker & Sons.

The Grand Lodge Sons of England will hold a mass meeting of the W. R. D. members Friday night in Shaftesbury Hall to bid farewell to the Grand Chaplain, the Rev. H. P. Hobson, who is leaving for British Columbia.

The triduum at St. Patrick's concluded last night. The services have been largely attended and are regarded as successful. The preacher yesterday morning was Very Reverend Father Laurent, joint administrator of the diocese.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Scottish Home Rule Association was held last evening in Temperance Hall, Dr. D. Clark was in the chair. The object of the meeting was to make arrangements for holding regular monthly winter meetings.

At Monday night's "Mock Parliament" of the Young National Club, the Government, led by W. Skeon, recommended that the propositions received from the Imperial Government with reference to Imperial Federation be acted upon. George Campbell, S. McDonald, Alex Deuton, J. Ford and others took part in the discussion. The Government was sustained by a small majority. W. Scott, J. Ford and W. Little were elected members.

A Founders Collier.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The steamer Allentown, said to have foundered off Cohasset, carried her full capacity of coal consigned to Salem, Mass., parties and had a crew of 18 men. She sailed from Philadelphia Nov. 21, and was due to arrive on Saturday last. The steamer cost $250,000 and belonged to the Philadelphia and Reading Company, to whom the cargo also belonged. Nothing can be learned here of the crew list or insurance on the vessel.

Quick and Complete Destruction.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 27.—The storm has abated, much to the relief of property owners along the beach. A survey of the situation shows that no such destruction to property has ever been known since the incorporation of the city. The work of the waves was quick and complete.

Caught in the Hurricane.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Steamers which reached port to-day report having been caught in the hurricane, but no serious damage was sustained. The schooner Jonathan May, from Savannah with lumber, was driven ashore at Sandy Hook last night. She will probably go to pieces as the surf is very high.

Feverish French Politics.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Times London special says Paris despatches indicate a feverish state of mind, among the correspondents at least; but how far this represents the public attitude is difficult to judge. Undoubtedly there is ground for apprehension, as by common consent, next Sunday, the sinister anniversary of the coup d'etat, is to be given over to politics by a demonstration. The Deputies resolved yesterday to move Bandin's remains to the Pantheon on July 14 next, but the Boulangists first tried to steal their thunder by moving that it be done next Sunday. Inasmuch as the Boulangists draw the bulk of their support from the Bonapartists this is rather confusing, but everything in French politics is confusing just now.

Montreal's Jack the Ripper.

MONTREAL, Nov. 27.—When the wife of Baker Jos. Cloran of McCord-street awoke this morning at 5.30 o'clock she found a man lying on the sofa in the sitting room. She hastened to the telephone to summon the police and then demanded the man's business in her house. He suddenly jumped up and drawing a large knife from his hip pocket remarked: "I am Jack the Ripper, and if you don't keep quiet I'll silence you." Hearing a noise on the front stair the individual rushed through a rear door and escaped just as four policemen entered the house.

An entirely new way to save coal has just been discovered, buy your overcoat at the Army & Navy stores and you will be as warm as toast all winter. Those heavy nap coats at ten dollars would keep a man hot even at the North Pole. Don't waste your money in coal but go direct to the Army & Navy for an overcoat.

The Plague Ship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Surveon Simon of the United States steamer Boston died of yellow fever last night. The other two patients are steadily improving, and the rest of the ship's company is in good health.

One million dollars a year could be saved by the people of Toronto if they would go direct to the Army & Navy clothing stores for their suits, overcoats, underwear, caps, etc., etc. Don't spend a cent for these articles till you have seen the stocks at the Army & Navy stores. A great sale of boys' overcoats from one dollar upwards at the Army & Navy stores.

MRS. BREDIN AT LIBERTY

POLLY PUTS UP $1000 IN CASH AND IS RELEASED.

Mr. Justice Falconbridge Makes the Order—The Preliminary Investigation in the Police Court—Her Father-in-Law in the Witness Box.

Packed to its fullest extent was the Police Court yesterday morning with young, middle-aged and old anxious to catch a glance of the trembling Polly Bredin alias Mary Pattison Hill. The curious gaze for a while was baulked, as on the case being called the prisoner entered the dock veiled and attired in black. She was allowed to sit while the evidence was given, which added little to that with which the public are already familiar.

Mr. G. W. Badgerow conducted the case for the Crown and Mr. W. R. Meredith, Q.C., appeared for the defence.

Rev. Robert Wallace, of the West Presbyterian Church, testified that he remembered being called to the Queen's Hotel to marry two people July 8, 1874. Their names as given to him were Thomas W. Bredin, bank clerk, Lindsay, and Mary P. Watson, aged 22, of Lindsay, Ont. Those were the names on the license. The woman was born in Glasgow. The witnesses who signed the certificate were William Thomas and Thomas McGaw. Witness could not identify the prisoner owing to the lapse of 14 years.

There was excitement in court when Rev. Dr. John Bredin was called. He is an aged Methodist minister of venerable mien and with white hair. A curious incident would flash across the old man's memory on this occasion. He had ten years ago an introduction to Barbee, the suicide, under circumstances worth recalling in connection with his appearance in court. The Doctor took a trip to England and carried a letter of introduction to the firm of Thomas Elliu & Co. of Sheffield, of which concern Barbee was a partner. Barbee was the only partner at home, so to him he handed the note. Barbee then mentioned the fact of having heard his visitor preach in Quebec some years previous. Barbee grew very fond of Mr. Bredin and one day escorted him through the factory, explaining every process of manufacturing. Halting before a mechanic who was fashioning rough bars of steel into shapely carving knives and forks, Barbee ordered the workman to make a pair with special care for Dr. Bredin, the two standing by until they were finished. Barbee then handed them to the minister with the remark, "When you are carving your Christmas turkey in Canada, kindly remember me." Barbee and his ministerial friend never met again, but it is believed that Barbee refers to Rev. Dr. Bredin in his last letter where he makes apology to the good man he is wronging.

The witness said he scarcely knew the prisoner, but he thought he identified her. Mr. Meredith objected to this evidence. Mr. Badgerow stated he wished to prove that prisoner's cohabitation with Bredin. Witness, continuing, said he had dinner with his son and the prisoner at the Revere House shortly after their marriage. He was introduced by his son to the prisoner as his wife. "She called me Father." [At this touching reminiscence the prisoner swayed herself to and fro and wept.] At a later date his son brought prisoner to witness's house at Bowmanville for a month's stay. His son used to come and see his wife on Saturdays and remain over Sunday. His son and the prisoner lived together at his house as man and wife. They lived together at Whitby for five years. Three children were born to them. Once since then he had seen the prisoner. It was at McGee's lunch room about two years ago. Prisoner and her husband were then separated. She always talked of Greenock as her native place, where her mother now lives.

To Mr. Meredith: Witness was sure that his son, when he introduced prisoner to him, said, "This is my wife, pa."

Rev. Cornelius J. Stowitts of Niagara Falls, N.Y., sworn by holding up his right hand, said he was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Niagara Falls. On Nov. 14 he called at his residence Frederic Barber and a lady who gave her name as Mary Pattison Hill. The woman signed that name. He believed the prisoner to be the woman he married, but she was much changed in appearance.

Prisoner was requested to stand up and remove her veil. Having done so the witness swore she was the woman he married.

Witness, continuing, said that unquestionably the marriage was a legal one according to the laws of the State of New York. The certificate of the marriage at Niagara Falls was then put in and witness explained how the record was kept. Prisoner told witness that she was a divorced woman, divorced from her husband for wilful desertion and drunkenness.

To Mr. Meredith witness said the marriage laws of New York were rather loose, but the man must be 21 years old and the woman 18 years old and be married in the presence of two competent witnesses, there being two witnesses on this occasion besides himself. No license was necessary. Magistrates and clergymen had power to celebrate marriages. Every legal formality necessary according to the laws of New York State had been observed in this case.

Thomas William Bredin was called as a witness, but there was no response save the echoes from the corridors.

Mrs. Agnes Woolnough, next door neighbor to the Bredins on Adelaide-street, testified to being slightly acquainted with Bredin. He lived at 180 Adelaide west with the prisoner a month ago. She saw him assisting in removing the furniture when they left.

Detective Slemin was the next witness, but he added nothing new to the published facts of the case. Witness had seen Bredin since the prisoner's arrest, and had subpoenaed him to attend court that day.

Col. Denison said he had evidence enough upon which to commit for trial.

Mr. Meredith asked that the prisoner be committed for trial at the Assizes instead of at the Sessions.

His Worship did not think he had any power to do so. He was bound to commit to the first court of competent jurisdiction, and that was the Sessions. But he would remand the prisoner back to jail for a week. Then, when she was brought up, he would formally commit her.

Mr. Meredith asked for bail, to which Mr. Badgerow objected.

Polly listened intently with streaming eyes and tear-stained face to these latter observations. She was then removed to the cells in a hysterical condition. To Detective Cuddy, who escorted her, she wofully exclaimed: "Oh, if Freddy had only known what trouble I would get into he would never have done it!"

Polly Bredin at Liberty.

The next scene of action was at Osgoode Hall. At 5 o'clock in the evening Mr. Meredith and Crown Attorney Badgerow went before Mr. Justice Falconbridge and argued an application for bail. Nearly an hour was taken up in deciding the application. His Lordship decided to accept bail, fixing the bonds at $2000, two sureties of $500 each and the prisoner herself in $1000. About 6 o'clock Mr. Meredith drove to the jail and Mrs. Bredin was soon at liberty. She put up $1000 in cash in lieu of the two sureties and furnished an additional $1000 in the shape of a bond. She at once drove to her residence at No. 17 Windsor-street, where she joined her family of three children.

Her First Marriage.

The World obtained an exact copy of the registration of the marriage of Thomas W. Bredin and Mary P. Watson at the City Hall. The ceremony was performed in the Queen's Hotel on July 8, 1874, by Rev. Robert Wallace, the present pastor of the West Presbyterian Church, College-street. The witnesses were Thomas McGaw and William Thomas. The other details are:

THE BRIDEGROOM.

Name—Thomas W. Bredin.
Age—25.
Residence when married—Lindsay.
Place of birth—Guelph.
Profession—Bank Clerk.
Names of parents—John and Sarah Bredin.
Religion—Wesleyan Methodist.

THE BRIDE.

Name—Mary P. Watson.
Age—22.
Residence when married—Lindsay.
Place of birth—Glasgow.
Spinster or widow—Spinster.
Name of parents—Launcelot W. and Mary Watson.
Religion—Episcopalian.

A grass widow says if my husband had only bought his clothing at the Army & Navy stores we would have been living happily together now, he used to go to the high priced stores and found he could not support 3 decent suits so in desperation he left me and now I am alone in the world. Wives should see that their husbands buy clothing at the Army & Navy stores.

BEFORE THE FOOTLIGHTS.

What is Going On at the Theatres—An Evening of Concerts.

Another full house greeted Miss Lydia Thompson's burlesque company at the Grand Opera House last night. The company and Penelope is a decided success. Last performance to-night. To-morrow evening Mrs. Langtry opens a three nights' engagement in her greatest success, "As in a Looking Glass."

"Theodora" is booked at the Toronto Opera House for the whole of the present week. Matinee this afternoon.

Another appreciative audience heard the Beacon Orchestral Club, composed of seven ladies, at the Permanent Exhibition last evening, and judging from the applause the audience went away well satisfied. They play every night this week and Saturday matinee.

Mr. Torrington's orchestra has prepared a splendid program for its first concert, Dec. 12. It will play two movements from Mozart's "Jupiter

THE WHEAT SITUATION.

THE FIRMER CHICAGO MARKET HAS NO EFFECT HERE.

Western Assurance Holds Its Advanced Ground—Barley Is Quiet with Quotations Nominal—A Grist of Business Embarrassments.

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 27.

The wheat situation is not much changed here. The stiffening in the Chicago market has had no effect here. If there is a change, wheat is weaker. It is almost impossible to give quotations, very few sales having been reported; sales there were at $1.03, but $1 is bid bugside.

Barley is dull with nominal quotations. No. 1 is offered at 70c, No. 2 at 68c, and 60c was bid for No.3. There is a little demand for lower grades; the only feature is the falling off in deliveries during the past day or two.

A meeting of the Property Committee of the Board of Trade will be held at 3.30 p.m. on the 29th inst. A council meeting will be held at 4 o'clock on the 30th inst.

Business on the local stock exchange was quiet to-day. Prices opened weaker than yesterday and did not strengthen during the day except in one or two instances. In the forenoon British America was quoted at 97 and 96; Western Assurance, 144¾ and 144; Consumers' Gas, 181 and 182½; Dom. Tel., 80½; Globe Printing Co., 50 asked; N. W. Land, 60 and 57; Canada Permanent, 200; Freehold, 165 and 160; Western Canada, 190 and 185; Union, 131½; Can. Landed Credit, 118 asked; B. and Loan Assn., 105 and 103½; Imperial S. and Invest., 116 and 115½; Farmers' L. and Savings, 117½ and 115; Lon. and Can. L. and A., 145 and 143½; National Invest., 101 asked; People's Loan, 111; Real Estate Loan and Deb. Co., 35; The Land Security Co., 250; Manitoba Loan, 100 and 90; Dom. Savings and Loan, 88; Ontario Loan and Deb., 125 and 121; Ontario Industrial, 96. In the afternoon British American, 100 and 96; Western Assurance, 144¾ and 144½; Consumers' Gas, 181 and 182½; Dom. Tel., 80½; N. W. Land Co., 60 and 56.

GEO. T. ALEXANDER. G. TOWER FERGUSSON.

ALEXANDER & FERGUSSON,

38 King-street East.

Members of Toronto Stock Exchange.

ESTATE AND INVESTMENT AGENTS.

Loans Negotiated. Rents Collected.

TELEPHONE No. 1352. 136

To-day's bank stock quotations are as follows:

STOCKS.	12 M. Asked.	12 M. Bid.	4 P.M. Asked.	4 P.M. Bid.
Montreal	226	225	226	223
Ontario	107	105	107	106¼
Molsons	165	163		
Toronto	213	208	213	205
Merchants'	136	134	136	134
Commerce	117¾	117	117¾	117
Imperial		132		132
Dominion	215	213	216	213
Standard	124	122	122¾	122
Hamilton	156	155		148

Transactions: In the forenoon, 20 Commerce at 117; 4 Dominion at 215; 20 British America at 101; 30 Western Assurance at 144½. In the afternoon: 50, 100, 25 Commerce at 117; 10 Central Canada Loan at 110.

DRIESTMAN & CO., 71 YONGE-STREET

Brokers and Commission Merchants—Loans and Investments negotiated.

Grain and provisions bought and sold on Chicago and Toronto Boards of Trade and New York Produce Exchange. We have arrangements with responsible houses in New York and Chicago, members of the regular Stock and Produce Exchanges—affording the most liberal facilities for the purchase or sale of all commodities dealt in. Our patrons are kept promptly advised of all changes likely to affect values of stock, grain or other investments.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, Nov. 27.—11.45 a.m.—Montreal, 226 and 222; Ontario, 130 asked; People's, 104½ and 102½; Molsons, 165 and 155; Merchants', 137 and 135½; Union, 52; Commerce, 118½ and 117½; Imperial xd, 136; Mon. Tel., 82½ and 82; Richelieu, 55½ and 55½; Passenger, 197 asked; Gas, 208 and 205½; C. P. R., 53 and 52½. 3.35 p.m.—Montreal, 223 and 222½; sale 5 at 222½; Ontario, 128 and 125; People's, 104½ and 102½; Molsons, 165 and 155; Merchants', 136 and 134½; Union, 54; Commerce, 118 and 116½, sales 5 at 117; Imperial, xd, 136; Mon. Tel., 82½ and 82½; N. W. Land, 62 and 56; Richelieu, 55½ and 55; Passenger, 196 asked; Gas, 207½ and 206; Can. Pac. Ry, 53½ and 53¾.

JOHN STARK & CO.,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.

Estates carefully managed. Rents collected.

Moneys lent on Mortgages, Debentures, &c.

26 Toronto-street. Telephone 986.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

To-day's fluctuations in leading stocks on the New York stock market are as follows:

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.	Total Sales.
Can. Pacific	51¾	52¼	51¼	51¼	800
Can. Southern	34	34¼	34	34	500
Del. & Hudson	119	119¼	119	119	600
Del. & Lack	128	128½	128	128½	7000
Erie	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¼	19300
Mer. Central					
Kansas & Texas	15	15	15	15	100
Lake Shore	99¾	100¼	99¾	100¼	900
Lou. & Nash	54¾	55⅛	54¾	55⅛	5400
Mich. Cent	85	85	85	85	400
Missouri Pacific	66	77¼	66	77¼	8000
N. Y. & N. E.	41	41	41	41	2400
N. Y. Central	103	103	103	103	100
Northern Pacific	26	26½	26	26½	300
Northwest	109¾	111¼	109¾	110¼	7300
Oregon Trans	29¾	29¾	28½	29¾	4800
Reading	47	47¼	46¾	47¼	5300
St. Paul	82	82¼	82	82¼	4270
Union Pacific	57	57¼	56¾	57¼	1700
Western Union	87½	88⅛	87½	88⅛	94-0

W. P. HOWLAND & CO.,

TORONTO.

MANITOBA AND ONTARIO

Wheat, Flour, Hay, Oats and Feed.

LONDON STOCKS AND BONDS.

London quotations are cabled to-day as follows: 12.30 p.m.—Consols, 96 11-16 money and 96 11-16 account; U. S. 4's, 130½; U. S. 4½'s, 110½; Erie, 25½; Erie 2nds, 99½; Can. Pac., 53½; N.Y.C., 136; Ill. Cen., 138. 4 p.m.—Can. Pac., 54½; Erie, 26½; N. Y. C., 110½.

ROBERT COCHRAN,

Member Toronto Stock Exchange.

STOCKS AND BONDS,

OIL GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,

23 Colborne-street, Toronto.

TELEPHONE 316.

Orders for grain, etc., direct on the Chicago Board of Trade. ed

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Reported by John Stark & Co.:

BANK COUNTER RATES IN TORONTO.

New York Exchange	⅛ to ¼
Sixty days' sterling	9⅝ to 9¾
Demand do	10⅜ to 10½

POSTED RATES FOR STERLING IN NEW YORK.

Sixty days	$4.83¼
Demand	4.89
Bank of England rate	5 p.c.

The local money market is unchanged.

We pay highest cash prices for

SCRAP,

Rubber, Copper, Brass, Lead, Zinc, Iron, Waste Paper, Rags, Horse Hair, etc., etc.

Toronto Mill Stock & Metal Co.

Telephone 1319. Esplanade near Bay-St. 135

Grain and Produce.

On call at the Board of Trade to-day No. 2 fall wheat was offered at $1.11 with $1.05 bid; No. 1 frosted Manitoba wheat was offered at $1 to arrive with 90c. bid; No. 1 barley offered at 71c.; No. 2 barley offered at 68½; No. 3 barley offered at 61c. with 60c. bid; one car of oats offered at 36½c. on the track with 36c. bid.

THE STREET MARKET.

The street receipts to-day were: 1500 bushels wheat, at white, $1.03 and $1.04, red $1.04, spring $1.04, goose 86½c and 87½c; 7000 bushels barley at 62c to 66½c; 100 bushels peas at 67c; 500 bushels oats at 37½c to 38c. Hay quiet, with sales at $11 to $23 a ton. Straw quoted at $14 to $16. Dressed hogs, $7.25 to $7.50. Beef, $3 to $4.50 for forequarters and $5.50 to $7.50 for hindquarters. Mutton, $6 to $7. Lamb, $8.50 to $9. Veal, $7 to $9.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

The receipts to-day were moderate and prices steady. Beef, sirloin, 14c to 15c; round steak, 10c to 12c. Mutton, legs, 12½c; chops, 15c. Lamb, hindquarters, 15c; forequarters, 10c. Veal, best cuts, 12½c; inferior, 6c to 10c. Pork, chops, 12c. Butter, pound rolls, 22c to 24c; large rolls, 18c to 20c; inferior, 14c to 16c. Lard, tubs, 12c to 12c. Cheese, 12c to 13c. Bacon, 11c to 12c. Eggs, 21c to 23c. Spring chickens, 25c to 35c. Geese, 70c to 90c each. Ducks, 55c to 65c. Potatoes, bag, 45c to 50c. Apples, per bri, $1.25 to $1.75. Beets, per bag, 75c to $1. Onions, per bag, 75c to 85c. Celery, 40c to 50c per dozen bunches; Turnips, bag, 15c to 20c. Carrots, bag, 35c to 40c. Cauliflower, per doz, 60c to 75c. Cabbages, doz. 30c to 40c. Beans, 40c to 50c per peck.

ICE SKATES.

ACME PATENT.

All Sizes in Stock.

RICE LEWIS & SON,

52, 54, 56 KING-STREET,

TORONTO.

SHERBOHM'S REPORT.

Beerbohm reports today as follows: Floating cargoes—wheat inactive; corn nil. Arrivals nil; sold 3 cargoes wheat and 4 awaiting orders. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and corn very heavy. Mark Lane—Spot good No. 2 Club Cal. wheat, 36s 6d, was 37s; present and following month, 36s 3d, was 37s; ditto good Danube corn, 24s 9d, was 24s 9d; prompt, 26s 3d, was 25s 6d; good cargoes No. 1 Cal. wheat off coast, 42s, was 41s 6d; ditto Australian off coast, 41s, was 41s 3d; present and following month, 41s 6d, was 42s; ditto Chilian off coast, 38s 6d, was 39s; present and following month, 40s and 40s 6d, was 40s and 40s 6d; ditto Walla off coast, 39s, was 39s 3d; present and following month, 39s 9d, was 40s 9d; ditto mixed American corn, prompt, steamer, 22s 3d, was 22s; London good shipping No. 1 Cal. wheat, prompt sail, 40s, was 40s 6d; ditto nearly due, 40s, was 40s 6d. French country markets mostly a turn cheaper. Liverpool spot wheat depressed; corn quieter; corn, 4s 8½d, half pence cheaper. On passage to the United Kingdom—Wheat, 2,467,000 qrs, corn, 147,000 qrs; to the continent, wheat 633,000 qrs, corn 24,000 qrs; India shipments of wheat to United Kingdom, 42,500 qrs; to continent, 10,000 qrs.

The Ontario Bolt Company,

(Limited), of TORONTO.

Contractors' Ironwork a Specialty.

TELEPHONE NO. 1128. 36

LIVERPOOL REPORT.

Liverpool report: R. wheat, 8s 1d; red winter, 8s; No. 1 Cal., 8s 1½d and 8s 2d; corn, 4s 8½d; peas, 5s 11d; pork, 82s 6d; lard, 47s 3d; bacon, 47s 6d and 48s 6d; no stock of tallow; cheese, 56s; wheat dull, demand fair, holders offer freely; corn firm, demand fair. Receipts during the past 3 days were 595,000 centals, including 6000 American; corn receipts same time, 104,100 centals.

OSWEGO BARLEY MARKET.

Oswego reports: Barley quiet; No. 1 Canada held at 56; No. 2 extra Canada, 58c.

J. MCARTHUR GRIFFITH, J. R. SAWLE.

J. M'ARTHUR GRIFFITH & CO.

Chartered Public Accountants,

Financial Brokers,

MANNING ARCADE, TORONTO.

Auditing a specialty. Loans at lowest rates. Debentures bought. Business transfers effected. Business Agents in London and Manchester, England. 63

CHICAGO MARKETS.

To-day's fluctuations in the Chicago grain and produce market are as follows:

		Opened.	Closed.	Highest.	Lowest.
Wheat	Nov	103¼	103⅝	103¾	102¾
"	Dec	103¾	103¾	103⅞	102⅞
"	Jan	103¾	104¼	104⅛	103⅝
"	May	107¼	108¼	109	107
Corn	Nov	37½	36¾	37½	36¾
"	Dec	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
"	Jan	26¾	27	26¾	26¾
"	May	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
Oats	Nov	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
"	Dec	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
"	Jan	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
"	May	30¾	30⅝	30⅝	30¾
Pork	Nov	14.12	14.12	14.12	14.12
"	Dec	14.17½	14.10	14.17½	14.10
"	Jan	14.40	14.17½	14.40	14.07½
"	May	14.65	14.42½	14.65	14.40
Lard	Nov	8.47½	8.37½	8.47½	8.37½
"	Dec	8.47½	8.37½	8.47½	8.37½
"	Jan	8.20	8.12	8.22½	8.10
"	May	8.35	8.27½	8.37½	8.27½

BOECKH'S STANDARD BRUSHES ARE THE BEST. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING HOUSES.

To-day's Inspection.

GRAND TRUNK.

No. of Car.	Grade.	No. of Car.	Grade.
23239	B No. 1	10575	B No. 1
2929	1	67997	1 cut
6163	1	595	2
11014	3	4296	2
9729	2 cut	12111	3x
4841	3	5923	2 cut
22307	2 cut	23003	1 do
7076	3x	21536	1
11728	2 cut	20104	1 cut
24123	2 do	1038	1
27982	1 do	8573	1
7276	3	23245	3x
4526	1	1908	3
2421	3	1018	3x
555	2	8814	1 cut
1039	2	2938	Sep 2
18725	3x	8367	Spg 1
1013	2		

C. P. R.

No. of Car.	Grade.	No. of Car.	Grade.
1690	1 Frosted	1080	2 R W
1547	2 R W	11942	3 R W
21654	B No. 2	10106	B No. 1
5046	2	686	

The Horse Market.

At Grand's to-day 20 horses, general purpose and some good heavy drafts, were sold at prices ranging from $80 to $155. The demand was fair although the prices were hardly up to those of the last few weeks.

Business Troubles.

The following business embarrassments are reported: Michael Brennan, tailor, Acton, sold out by sheriff. O. Robillard, boots and shoes, Arnprior, assigned in trust; W. & W. Addison, builders, Hamilton, assigned to F. H. Lamb; Geo. Ashfield, fancy goods, Ottawa, offering to compromise; Martin Ringrose, grocer, Ottawa, assigned in trust; McCormack & Bryson, agents for agricultural implements, Montreal, requested to assign.

Commercial Miscellany.

An exchange estimates the fire losses in the United States for the past ten months at $87,077,000. This rate would bring the loss for the year up to $104,206,770, an average of $285,498 per day.

The total value of exports from the United States for the year ended Oct. 31, 1888, was $724,505,230; imports, $707,571,198. For 1887 the imports were $722,776,526, and the exports $678,422,850.

Thousands upon thousands of barrels of apples were destroyed in western New York by the recent cold snap which suddenly swept down upon that section.

S. W. Lewis, a member of the "Consolidated" Exchange of New York, appealed to the courts to enjoin the Exchange from expelling him for non-fulfilment of a contract for the sale of stock. The Supreme Court of the state has decided against Lewis, and upholds the legality of contracts for future delivery. One paragraph of the decision reads: "When the gaming interest is not made out, a contract for the future sale or delivery of stocks not owned by either of the parties at the time is a valid agreement, capable of being enforced between the parties making the contract."

—Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recognized as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A Dyer & Co., Montreal.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

The Paris bourse was weak and Panama Canal securities were down to 200 francs yesterday.

It is feared nine fishermen have starved to death on the Donegal coast, the weather having prevented their return.

Serious election riots occurred Monday in Servia. Several lives were lost and many public buildings were demolished.

The London Telegraph says Sir Charles Warren will be succeeded as Chief of the Metropolitan Police by James Munro, now assistant commissioner.

Madame Patti has accepted low terms for her Paris operatic season. She says she only wishes to cover expenses, and that her object is to do homage to Gounod.

The Liberal Unionists will have a big demonstration in Birmingham in April. In the meantime they will stump the country, traveling in vans bearing the inscription "Union Jack."

The North German Gazette and almost all other prominent German papers concur in the opinion that the affairs of France are drifting toward a crisis, of which the sequences are incalculable.

The London Daily News says it regrets Lord Salisbury's decision to delay the appointment of a successor to Lord Sackville. This course, it thinks, may provoke President Cleveland to withdraw Minister Phelps.

The British ship The Douglas, Capt. Bettes, from Martin Island, June 22, for Hamburg, has foundered off the Island of Texel, in the North Sea. Two of the crew were drowned. The remainder have arrived at Yarmouth.

QUEEN'S PARK IS SETTLED

THE UNIVERSITY SECURES $6000 BY THE CITY PAYING $6000.

Some Important Features of the Bargain—The Driveway Across the Park—The Lease is Non-Forfeitable—Thanks to the Mayor and Mr. John Hoskin.

Yesterday afternoon Mayor Clarke and Solicitor Bigger representing the city met Mr. John Hoskin, Q.C., the representative of the University, in the Mayor's office and finally concluded the agreement between the city and the University authorities respecting Queen's Park lease and the chairs to be endowed by the city in connection therewith.

The agreement provides that the actions against the city shall be dismissed, thus restoring the original lease with the balance of its term, namely, 970 years at a nominal rent. It is further agreed that in case of a conflict between the two the remedy therefor should be by arbitration and not by forfeiture of the lease, thus securing the citizens' enjoyment of the Queen's Park and avenues for the 970 years.

As to the botanical gardens reserved in the original lease, it is provided that if it is ever established it shall be open to the public at all times free of charge.

But the principal feature in the agreement, and that wherein it differs from the original understanding, is that the two chairs established by the City of Toronto are made conditional upon the Government of Ontario spending an equivalent sum ($6000) on the salaries of professors and lecturers in the School of Science to be maintained in Toronto. The effect of this is that the city practically secures an endowment of $12,000 a year for the University by spending $6000 on the two chairs selected by it.

Here are the clauses defining these points:

So long as the Government of the Province of Ontario expends $6000 per year (in addition to the sum now annually expended therefor) in salaries of lecturers, professors, and other instructors for the teaching in the School of Practical Science at Toronto of full courses in applied mechanics and applied chemistry, the two chairs to be maintained by the city to the University of Toronto shall be: (1) A chair of English literature and language. (2) A chair of mineralogy and geology, or such other chairs as the city and University authorities may from time to time agree upon.

Should the Government of the Province of Ontario at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of this memorandum fail to expend the said amount of money per annum in the manner aforesaid, the right of the city to re-select the two chairs in the University of Toronto, which they will endow and maintain, shall revive as it existed at the date of this memorandum; and the same may be in addition to or instead of any chairs at present or then existing in the said University.

The city agrees to endow and maintain during the residue of the term of the hereinbefore recited lease two chairs in the University of Toronto at an annual cost of $3000 for each chair, the said two sums of $3000 each to be paid in four quarterly payments in each year to the proper officer of the said University, the first quarterly payment or sum of $1500 to be paid on the first day of July next.

The location of the Queen's Park drive has been altered so that the new road will open upon St. George-street nearly opposite Harbord, thus giving a continual street from Harbord and the Queen's Park drive from Brunswick-street across the park, a much more convenient location than the Queen's Park drive as located in the former agreement of 1870, which the University refused to carry out, and restrained the City Council by injunction from opening.

These, then, are the main features of the agreement, which required a lot of tact upon the part of the representatives of both sides to consummate, and it is only right that credit should be accorded to the gentlemen concerned for the time and attention which they have given to the matter, and which has resulted in a most substantial increase in the endowment fund of the University and has secured to the citizens of Toronto forever their principal park and breathing place.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no excuse for not running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Hale's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

Sir Samuel Griffiths Not a Separatist.

Editor World: In yesterday's city newspapers I noticed the following paragraph in an article on the Queensland difficulty over the question of the appointment of their governor; and, to-day, you publish an editorial on the subject in which you quote the paragraph to which I refer:

"The Prime Minister of Queensland, Sir S. W. Griffiths, is ultra-radical on the question of Home Rule and other vital colonial questions, and is ready at any time to precipitate a separation from England whether any other colonies follow or not."

At the Imperial Conference of 1887, Sir Samuel Griffiths was one of the representatives of Queensland, and in response to an invitation, which was sent out before the Conference assembled, inviting an expression of opinion as to the subjects which it would be proper to discuss, wrote as follows:

"I hope that an opportunity may arise during the conference of discussing the practicability of consolidating and maintaining the unity of the Empire by adding to the existing bonds a definite recognition of the principle that Her Majesty's subjects, as such, have a community of material interest as distinguished from the rest of the world, and of considering how far effect may be given to this principle by the several countries forming part of Her Majesty's dominions affording to each other commercial concessions and advantages greater than those which are granted to subjects of other States."

At the session of the conference on the 3rd May, 1887, Sir Samuel Griffiths introduced his proposal in a speech to which I will not refer at length. I will but quote the expressions: "Unity and so idarity of the Empire," "The pervading sentiment to govern us in all acts as an Imperial power," "Individual liberty must yield to the general good of the whole community."

The bringing forward a proposal to solidify the Empire does not look very much like being ready to precipitate at any time a separation from England! The remarks of Sir Samuel Griffiths are those of a man who would be the opposite of a Separatist.

Later on in the same session of the conference he is to be found opposing a proposal by the New Zealand representatives to the effect that Colonial Governments should be allowed to negotiate commercial treaties with foreign powers as "tending in the very opposite direction to that of unity." He considered that the proposal would tend towards a diversity of interest in the various colonies instead of such a union as should be their object.

Surely in view of this—unless it can be shown that Sir Samuel has materially altered his views—the press despatches do him an injustice in classing him as a Separatist.

R. CASIMIR DICKSON.

Toronto, Nov. 27.

The progress of Medical Enlightenment has led to the abandonment of many antiquated remedies of questionable value, and the adoption of newer and more rational ones. Prominent among the latter is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, the justly celebrated Blood Purifier, a comprehensive family remedy for liver complaint, constipation, indigestion, loss of physical energy, and female complaints.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

There is a split in the Grand Army of the Republic in Indiana, and it is said that the Democrats will withdraw and form a new order.

On Sunday night at Chicago 200 Anarchists uproariously cheered a tableau in which an Anarchist waved aloft a crimson banner and trod under foot the Stars and Stripes.

In a collision yesterday on the Rio Grande Railroad at Husted, Col., between two express trains two trainmen were killed and several others were injured, some fatally.

Gov. Hill yesterday respited Reich, the condemned murderer, sentenced to be hanged at Albany on Nov. 20, till Jan. 9, 1889.

The Medicine for Live and Kidney Complaint.—Mr. Victor Auger, Ottawa, writes: "I take great pleasure in recommending to the general public Parmelee's Pills, as a cure for Liver and Kidney Complaint. I have doctored for the last three years with leading physicians, and have taken many medicines which were recommended to me without relief, but after taking eight of Parmelee's Pills I was quite relieved, and now I feel as free from the disease as before I was troubled."

A Machies (Me.) man who cut grass with a mowing machine all afternoon Wednesday of last week only to have it buried out of sight under the snow before night, thinks something is out of gear this year, and not the mowing machine either.

CATARRH CAN BE CURED.

NASAL BALM INSTANTLY RELIEVES **COLD IN THE HEAD.**

THE PROOF.

Mr. G. T. Orrell, Mail Clerk on C.P.R., says—Nasal Balm is a boon to all suffering from cold in the head. It gives relief rapidly and never fails to effect a speedy cure.

D. Derbyshire, President of the Ontario Creamery Association says—Nasal Balm beats the world for catarrh and cold in head. In my case it effected relief from the first application.

NASAL BALM POSITIVELY **CURES CATARRH** In All Its Forms and Stages.

THE PROOF.

Mr. A. W. Mallory, Mallorytown, Ont., says—My daughter suffered for years from a most distressing and annoying catarrh. Her case was under the treatment of eminent physicians in the United States and Canada. Two months' use of Nasal Balm has had more beneficial effects than all former treatments combined.

Mr. Horatio Collier, Woollen Manufacturer, Cameron-town, Ont., states—Nasal Balm is the only positive remedy for catarrh that I ever used.

O. L. Potter, Manufacturer of Woodenware, McIntosh Mills, Ont., says—Nasal Balm completely cured me of a case of catarrh from which I had suffered for over 15 years. It can not be too highly recommended and should be used by any one troubled with catarrh. It is one of the wonders of science.

NASAL BALM IS UNEQUALLED When Used for the Stoppage of Nasal Passages and Difficult Breathing in Children.

THE PROOF.

Mr. M. Ray, Canno, N. S., says—I have used Nasal Balm on several occasions with the children for cold in the head, and always find it effects a speedy cure.

Mr. E. G. Hart, of Gananoque, says—My child was suffering severely from cold in the head, indeed to such an extent that breathing was difficult. One application of Nasal Balm gave instant relief and in a short time made a perfect cure.

E. A. Harrison, Druggist, Dunnville, Ont., says—I use your Nasal Balm in my own family and find it by far the best remedy we can get. When baby gets cold we rub his forehead and nose well at night and in the morning he is all right.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. The reputation achieved by Nasal Balm from its wonderful curative properties has induced certain unscrupulous parties to place imitations on sale closely resembling the style of our package and with names similar in sound. Beware of all preparations styled Nasal Cream-Balsam, etc. Ask for Nasal Balm and see that you get it. If you cannot get NASAL BALM from your dealer it will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1, by addressing

FULFORD & CO.,

BROCKVILLE, ONT.

Send for our Pamphlet, "GEMS OF WISDOM." 246

THE HORRORS OF ALASKA.

Its Wretched People the Victims of a Commercial Despotism.

From The St. Paul Pioneer Press.

As urgent as is the demand that the next congress proceed to admit the waiting territories of the Northwest, so instant should be its attention to the condition of Alaska. The position of that great province is entirely anomalous. We have always believed that its acquisition by the United States was an act of far-sighted policy, which results would abundantly justify. The development of its resources sustains that conviction. But, if Alaskan mountains were of solid gold and her streams bore milk and honey to the sea, it would be far better that we had never stretched our authority over her than that reported abuses should have stained our national honor and disgraced our flag. We need not believe all that is said of cruelties and outrages practiced there upon defenceless natives to feel a thrill of horror. There is enough in the accounts of occasional travelers, there is enough in the discreetly worded reports of government officials to show that in Alaska exists a little hell for which we are responsible. The frame of the Republic admits of no colonial or provincial system.

Our officers cannot be clothed with those arbitrary powers which alone are sufficient to repress the worst of human passions in communities not self-governed. It is shown by experience that even the territorial system, with its direct responsibility to Washington, is full of dangers; and that the moment when a territory becomes a state is a happy one for the nation as well as for its people. How much worse, then, how much more open to incredible abuse, is the sub-territorial position which Alaska occupies? The rude soldierly who are stationed there know nothing but military allegiance. For such abuses as they practise on the simple natives there can be no civil redress. There are no tribunals for the offender, and there is no authority to which the oppressed can appeal. Worse infinitely is the domination of the commercial company to which this country has granted the monopoly of the seal fisheries.

In a financial and economic way, this arrangement has proved a success. It has protected the seal from extinction and brought to us a handsome revenue from our least productive possession. But the employes of that concern are irresponsible. Whatever greed or self-interest or the vilest lusts can prompt, is is theirs to do. And there is no hand to restrain and no power to redress such infamies as make all civilized peoples shudder. Nothing in the treatment of the Netherlands at the hands of the Inquisition. Nothing in the nameless terrors of sack and pillage in the middle ages, nothing in the wild excesses of the Sepoy rebellion is worse than what we have reason to believe has taken place and is now taking place among the wretched people of Alaska. For the honor of the nation, if not for mere humanity, let the helping hand be shown.

Give to this province some sort of government. Fill it, if need be, with troops under the rigid discipline of war. Establish there courts clothed with ample power to protect the weak. Give to its inhabitants a representative voice at Washington under the territorial system, so that the people shall at least be heard. Though it take all the revenue that we are likely to receive from Alaska for the next half century, let us show that cruelty and rapine cannot flourish where the flag of this country waves as the symbol of hope for the oppressed. Alaska is to-day the shame of the republic. If we cannot establish there the semblance of order, and guarantee at least protection to the humble property of man and the person and honor of woman, let us turn the haunt of lawlessness back to the hands of a power whose Siberian cruelties are less inhuman than our work of carelessness and neglect upon the wild shore of the Pacific coast.

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

The Author of "Robert Elsmere."

We take the following from an authorized sketch of Mrs. Humphry Ward, which, with a very interesting portrait of that lady, appears in The November Book Buyer.

Mrs. Ward's literary activity has extended over the last eight or nine years. Her decided taste for letters is without doubt inherited, and she seems from the first to have been the fortunate possessor of a style of extraordinary richness, flexibility, and precision. She is the eldest daughter of Thomas Arnold, M.A., of University College, Oxford, and Fellow of the Royal University of Ireland. The late Dr. Arnold, of Rugby, was her grandfather, and the late Matthew Arnold, her uncle. She was born June 11, 1851, in Hobart, the chief town of the Island of Tasmania, which, it is perhaps needless to say, lies about 120 miles south-east of Australia. Her maiden name was Mary Augusta Arnold. In 1872 she was married to Mr. Thomas Humphry Ward, Fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford, whose work as the editor of "The English Poets" (four volumes, Macmillan) has made his name favorably known in this country. Her home is at No. 61 Russell Square, London, not far, one may imagine, from the house where Miss Amelia Sedley once lived.

The first book that Mrs. Ward published was a story for children, entitled "Milly and Olly; or, a Holiday Among the Mountains" (1880). In 1884 "Miss Bretherton," appeared, and attracted considerable attention. The heroine of the book is an actress, an elaborate study of whose character is made, with much of the brilliancy of diction and masculine firmness of touch which lift "Robert Elsmere" above the level of contemporaneous fiction. One or two Americans figure in the story, which has a further interest for readers in this country by reason of the report that Miss Mary Anderson was the model from which some of the heroine's characteristics were drawn. In 1885 Mrs. Ward's translation, with an introduction, of "Amiel's Journal" was published, and "Robert Elsmere" completes the brief list of her books.

In other fields, however, Mrs. Ward had meantime been doing considerable work. Her critical articles show the variety of her taste, as well as her familiarity with the modern literature of the Latin races. With recent Spanish literature she is thoroughly conversant, and the French seem to attract her sympathies almost as much as they did those of her uncle, Matthew Arnold. The Quarterly Review has had two papers by her—one on "Modern Spanish Literature," and another on "Modern Geneva." She has also been a frequent contributor to Macmillan's Magazine during the last eight or nine years. One of her early articles, entitled "A Spanish Romanticist," was a review of the life, works and influence of Gustave Becquer, with a prefatory sketch of Spanish politics, which was essential for a right understanding of the subject. This was signed, "Mrs. Humphry Ward." Since then, however, Mrs. Ward's contributions to Macmillan's have been signed "M. A. W."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

A Clear Case.

"I am sorry to see you here, Mr. Shadbolt," said the police magistrate, "on a charge of being drunk on the street. I think that in your first offence, though, and I am not disposed to——"

"But I was not drunk, Your Honor," protested Shadbolt. "I know exactly what I was doing. I can remember everything that took place from the time Johnson asked me to lend him $10 till the policeman collared me."

"You are well acquainted with Mr. Dingus, I presume?"

"Certainly."

"Did you lend him the $10?"

"I did, your Honor, but"——

"The fine, Mr. Shadbolt, will be $3 and costs," remarked the magistrate, shaking his head sadly.

To Hide Their Miserable Boots.

This from the pen of "Cousin Madge": "Have you ever noticed that the poorer a woman is the long r are her skirts? do not think a charwoman considers herself respectably attired if her gown does not trail a couple of inches on the ground. It must wear out the gown very fast, to say nothing of the uncleanliness. In passing through Westminster chapel we noticed that the most wretched looking of the women had the longest skirts. Perhaps they do it to hide their miserable boots, poor souls!"

Mr. Rich's Rule of Sackville.

A music-box that played a few bars from "Erminie" and then positively declined to run any longer was sold to a stranger at $15.—Pa.

"What is your name?" asked the auctioneer.

"Rich," was the reply.

"You must be," was General Van Vliet's comment, and the crowd laughed.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON THE NERVES, THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS

This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases.

Why Are We Sick?

Because we allow the nerves to remain weakened and irritated, and these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND WILL CURE BILIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS.

By quieting and strengthening the nerves, and causing free action of the liver, bowels, and kidneys, and restoring their power to throw off disease.

Why suffer Bilious Pains and Aches? Why tormented with Piles, Constipation? Why frightened over Disordered Kidneys? Why endure nervous or sick headaches? Why have sleepless nights?

Use PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND and rejoice in health. It is an entirely vegetable remedy, harmless in all cases.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.00. Six for $5.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, MONTREAL, P. Q.

I. X. L. STEAM LAUNDRY

42 1-2 Richmond-st. West

OUR SPECIALTY:

GENTS' WASHINGS.

36 J. GARDINER, Prop.

TELEPHONE NO. 1066.

FRED. ARMSTRONG,

PLUMBER,

229 Queen-street West, Toronto.

First-class assortment of Gas Fixtures 951

LADIES!

Do not be misled by blatherskite advertisements but call and see the Fine Furs manufactured by the oldest and most reliable FU

RECKONING THE LOSSES.

Terrible Destruction of Life and Property Caused by the Storm.

COHASSET, Mass., Nov. 27.—The damage by the fearful storm which has raged along the south shore for the past three days is far in excess of anything of the kind before known in this locality and a careful inspection of the property along the coast line from Cohasset to Windmill Point, Hull, shows it to be much greater than was indicated in yesterday's despatches. All day long wreckage of various descriptions has been coming ashore along the beach, more particularly at Sandy Cove. Huge timbers, spars, cabin furniture, fine inside furnishings, chairs, life-preservers and other articles appertaining to the steamer's outfit and many of them stamped with the word "Allentown" have been seen in the breakers off shore and found scattered along the water front. This wreckage tells too plainly that the steamer Allentown has been broken up on one of the huge sunken ledges off this port. The vessel must have gone down with all on board a very few minutes after striking.

$30,000 Damage Done at Coney Island.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.— The amount of damage done at Coney Island by the storm will probably reach $30,000.

The Cable Parted.

NANTUCKET, Mass., Nov. 27.—The cable connecting this island with the mainland has parted at the shore end and is lost.

M. Wilson Sits Again With the Deputies.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The Senate has adopted the commercial convention between France and China.

In the Chamber of Deputies Gen. Boulanger's election from the Department of the Nord was declared valid.

M. Wilson was again present in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. The deputies did not suspend the session as was done yesterday to manifest their displeasure at his presence.

The council of the Grand Orient Masons have decided to take part in the demonstration at the grave of the revolutionist Baudin on Dec. 2.

Erie Canal Navigation.

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—Supt. Shanahan has received telegrams from assistant superintendents along the line of the canal stating that on the Syracuse and Oswego divisions of the Erie boats can move as usual and locks 43, 44 and 45 are working in good order. Boats that ran aground Monday on Nine-mile Level are moving. There are 75 boats on Nine-mile Level west of Ilion. All moving ice is getting soft and the prospects are that all boats en-voyage will be able to reach port before Nov. 30, the day set for official closing of the canal.

Count Herbert and the Pope.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Daily News says that it learns from official sources that in the recent interview between the Pope and Count Bismarck the former remarked: "If the events of 1870 had depended upon me everything would have been speedily arranged. Now, after the lapse of so much time, it is more difficult, but I shall regain the time lost." Count Herbert replied: "God has not made it possible for a man to recall a single moment of his experience, and Your Holiness wishes to recall eighteen years."

General Assembly K. of L. Adjourns.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 27.—The General Assembly Knights of Labor took a final adjournment at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The Committee on Law recommended that the temperance plank now in the constitution remain intact. The place for the next meeting will be chosen by the General Executive Board.

The Pope's Departure.

ROME, Nov. 27.—The Moniteur says that the Pope's departure is the probable solution of the Roman question. It is certain that several nations would contend for the honor of receiving him.

The Observatore Romano denies that the Pope is relying on the outbreak of war to gain temporal power.

The American Ejectments.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Nov. 27.—The backbone of resistance to the Snell ejectments is effectually broken. Farmers from all parts of the disputed land were here yesterday, and five of them made settlements by which they will be allowed to resume possession of their farms. The terms made in most cases were called easy.

The Switchmen's Strike Declared Off.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—The strike of the switchmen employed at the Union Stock yards because two members of the day force were appointed yard masters of the night force was declared off to-day and the strikers returned to work to-night. The matter was compromised.

Both Legs Were Cut Off.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Frederick P. Bagaly, 18 years old, a native of St. Mary's, Ont., was trying to get on a freight train on the New Haven Railroad yesterday afternoon, when he fell on the track and was run over. Both his legs were cut off.

Two Perished in this Fire.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 27.—A fire to-night in the dry goods store of Bernard J. McLaughlin did $3500 damage. John Wood, who resided on the first floor, was fatally burned and his bed-ridden sister Mary, 61 years old, was taken out dead.

The Proposal Rejected.

ROME, Nov. 27.—The Senate to-day rejected a proposal to give illiterate persons the right to vote at elections for local administrative officials.

A Desperado Killed.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 27.—Bill Thompson, who killed Sheriff Gerty at Viau, I. T., Saturday, has been killed while resisting arrest.

Twelve Persons Drowned.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A despatch from Whitby says that a life boat was upset there to-day and that 12 persons were drowned.

The Frost They Looked For.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., Nov. 27.—There was a heavy frost here last night and the weather is very cold to-night.

The Belgian Armament.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 27.—The Government will ask the Chamber of Deputies for five millions to complete armaments.

A Second Papal Rescript.

DUBLIN, Nov. 27.—The report that a second papal rescript had been sent to the Irish bishops a fortnight ago is confirmed.

Failure of a Chicago Tobacco Firm.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Sues & Uhlendof, tobacconists, assigned to-day with liabilities of $50,000.

THE LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

Savannah raised the quarantine against Florida yesterday.

The Report of the Jacksonville Board of Health last night for the first time in 112 days shows a "clean bill."

An explosion of gasoline occurred yesterday at the cotton works at South Glastonbury, Conn., The office was destroyed, and Maggie Cullen, aged 22, was killed.

At Auburn, N. Y., yesterday at the conclusion of the Government's evidence against Gardner, the opium smuggler, a motion was made and taken under advisement that the court direct a plea of not guilty because the indictment did not follow the language of the statute.

Rose's Winter Balm.

The finest thing in the world for the skin, chapped hands, sore lips and for gentlemen after shaving, prepared by Hargreaves Bros., corner Queen and Simcoe.

TELEPHONE.

Subscribers Call No. 500

Electric Despatch Company

82 YONGE STREET.

For MESSENGERS to deliver LETTERS and PARCELS to all parts of the CITY.

Telephone Company's Public Station. 136

AMUSEMENTS.

JACOBS & SHAW'S OPERA HOUSE.

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26,

Matinees To-day, Wednesday and Saturday.

GRAND PRODUCTION OF

"THEODORA,"

THE LION QUEEN.

A grand production in caste, scenery and costumes.

Next week—TRUE IRISH HEARTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

To-night positively last appearance of

Lydia Thompson Burlesque Co

In the Great Satirical Burlesque,

"PENELOPE."

Box plan now open.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 29 and 30 and December 1.

MRS. LANGTRY,

IN THE FOLLOWING REPERTOIRE:

Thursday Evening and Saturday Matinee,

"AS IN A LOOKING GLASS"

Friday Evening, The Lady of Lyons.

Saturday Evening, Pygmalion and Galatea.

Prices 25c to $1.50.

THE BEACON

ORCHESTRAL CLUB,

OF BOSTON.

7—LADY ARTISTS—7

At Permanent Exhibition of Manufactures, 63 to 69 Front-street West.

Every Evening during week commencing Nov. 26th, and Saturday Matinee. Admission 25 cts. Tickets at A. & S. Nordheimer's, I. Suckling & Sons' and at Permanent Exhibition. Doors open at 7.30 p. m. 356135

NOW READY,

Gilbert & Sullivan's New Opera, the

YEOMEN OF THE GUARD

OR

The Merryman and His Maid.

Written by W. S. GILBERT. Music by ARTHUR SULLIVAN.

Vocal Score, paper, $1.00. Vocal Score, boards, $1.25. Libretto 25 cents.

The pianoforte arrangement and dance music will be ready shortly. 245

ANGLO-CANADIAN MUSIC PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION,

13 Richmond-Street West, Toronto.

JARVIS-STREET, near Bloor—House for sale; detached; extra well built; stable; grounds 200 feet deep. High, dry and healthy; nearly 200 feet above the lake; prompt purchaser gets a bargain. R. J. Griffith & Co., 16 King-street east.

MUSICAL AND EDUCATIONAL.

TORONTO

COLLEGE OF MUSIC.

The next college term commences on Monday, Nov. 26th. Intending pupils should enter before that date.

F. H. TORRINGTON, Director,

12 and 14 Pembroke-street.

ELOCUTION.

RICHARD LEWIS

Has resumed his lessons in Culture of the speaking voice, ELOCUTION, PUBLIC READING AND SPEAKING.

63 16 WOOD-STREET.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

TORONTO.

Miss Campbell will be at home to receive visitors between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock on the afternoons of the first and last Wednesdays in each month, until further notice, commencing with Wednesday, the 28th of this month.

FRED'K C. LAW, Com. R.N., Official Secretary.

THE TORONTO

GENERAL TRUSTS CO.

27 and 29 Wellington-st. East.

CAPITAL, - - - $1,000,000.

HON. EDWARD BLAKE, Q.C., M.P.....President
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This Company acts as **Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Committee**, and undertakes **Trusts** of every description under Wills, Deeds of Trust, appointment of Courts, etc. The Company also acts as agents for persons who have been appointed to any of these positions, or for private individuals, in the investment of money and management of estates.

MEETINGS.

I HEREBY REQUEST ALL MEMBERS OF THE

SONS OF SCOTLAND

To meet in Room I, TEMPERANCE HALL, Nov. 28, 8 p.m. Object Uniform Corps.

JAMES M. WINGFIELD, Grand Chief.

NEW THINGS IN WALL PAPER

that are Cheap and Effective. Headquarters for Ingrain in New Designs or Plain Art Colors, Rich Frieizes. Very Cheap and Pretty Chamber Papers, Special Designs for Offices, Stores, &c. 36

McCausland & Sons,

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THE FIRST PRIZE FLORIST

78 Yonge-street, near King.

6 first prizes at the Horticultural Society's show in July, for the best wedding and hand bouquets; also best in funeral designs. Everything in the floral line. 20,000 feet glass devoted to floriculture. Telephone 1461. 351

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

$8500 WILL BUY A 12-ROOMED detached dwelling near the corner of Bloor and Spadina-avenue, hot air, four grates, hot water, gas, speaking tubes, electric bells, sliding blinds, pantry, dressing-room, scullery, stained-glass doors and windows, best surroundings. R. A. Gray, 7 Adelaide east. Telephone 1341.

FARMS—FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—"Clarke's Land List," No. 18, with Provincial and County maps, is now ready; this is the most extensive list of farms for sale and exchange published in Canada; free to intending purchasers. E. LAKE & Co., 16 King-street east. edtf

FRANK R. MACDONALD,

DEALER IN REAL ESTATE,

Federal Block, 13 Victoria-street (up stairs).

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, 53 Jarvis-street, Toronto, Harry Keeble, proprietor. One dollar per day. Warm rooms, good table, stabling for 100 horses.

PALMER HOUSE—CORNER KING AND York-Streets, Toronto—only $2 per day; also Kelby House, Brantford.

GUELPH—Wellington Hotel. First-class in every respect. Good sample rooms for commercial men. DAVID MARTIN, Proprietor

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Brock streets. Terms $1 to $1.50 per day. Reduction to weekly boarders. Heated by hot water; gas in every room; all modern improvements. For comfort as a family hotel cannot be excelled. Forty bedrooms; baths and barber shop in connection. Telephone 815. S. RICHARDSON, Prop.

Grand Opera Restaurant.

OYSTER AND SUPPER ROOMS.

Opera House Building.

Open until 12 p.m. A 25 cent dinner served from 12 o'clock noon, until 2.30 p.m. Every convenience for private parties large or small. F. CREED, Proprietor.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL RESTAURANT.

No. 3 Front-st. east. EDWARD BETTS, Proprietor. 1 per day. 50 rooms. Electric bells. Sitting-room, bath-rooms, &c., and everything required for the comfort of guests. Board, Sunday included, $3.00 per week. 136

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FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

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H. E. HUGHES, Proprietor. 136

LAKE VIEW HOTEL.

Corner Winchester and Parliament streets, Terms, $1 and $1.50 per day. Rooms single and in suite on European plan. Excellent accommodation for visitors and guests. Bath on every floor. All modern heating and sanitary improvements. 136

JOHN AYRE, Proprietor.

MONTREAL HOTELS.

HOTEL BALMORAL

MONTREAL.

New Management. The Undersigned is assuming the management of this centrally located and most conveniently appointed hotel, begs to assure the traveling public that no effort will be spared on his part to ensure their comfort and merit their approbation.

S. V. WOODRUFF, Manager.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

135 to 139 St. James-street, Montreal. 36

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.

The Best Known Hotel in the Dominion.

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THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA.

The Palace Hotel of Canada. This magnificent new hotel is fitted up in the most modern style. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading public men.

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VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, Horse Infirmary, Temperance-street. Principal assistants in attendance day or night.

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PATENTS PROCURED IN CANADA, United States and foreign countries. Donald C. Ridout & Co., Solicitors of Patents, 22 King-street east, Toronto.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—881 YONGE-ST.—Guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied; retail only. Fred. Sole, proprietor.

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ART CLASS—NOW FORMING, OIL AND Crayon. Terms $10 a quarter. 60 Gloucester.

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J. A. TROUTMAN, Dentist, 369 Spadina second house north of College-street. None but first-class work done, and warranted to give satisfaction. Telephone 1749.

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PERSONAL—Do you want bargains in furniture? Does your furniture need renovating or repairing? Call or send postal card to WILLIS & RICHARDSON, 189 Queen west. ed

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HOWIE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, 86 Bay-street, Toronto. Telephone 1309. Established 1863

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT AND girl for upstairs. Apply with references, 504 Church-street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF ONE or two years experience as salesman in a drug store. Apply to D. F. Smith, M. D., Ilipley, Ont.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. J. E. ELLIOTT, 28 Wilton-avenue Telephone 1574. Office hours 8 to 10 a.m., 2 to 3 p.m., and 6 to 8 p.m.

ARTICLES WANTED.

WANTED—500 LIVE PIGEONS. SAULTER Bros., 23 Adelaide-st. east.

STOLEN.

STOLEN FROM ELLIOTT & SON'S stores, 94 Bay-street, between five and six Tuesday evening, Nov. 27, a dark bay mare, tail cropped, cut on right hip. Also top buggy, thin springs and one leaf spring under seat. New grey horse blanket bound with orange, also brown striped rug.

FOR RENT.

CORNER STORE TO LET, 370 YONGE—plate glass front—good business stand. Apply 336 Yonge-street.

WAREHOUSE ON ESPLANADE-ST. near Church-street—four flats, each 20 x 165. Enquire 75 Front-street east.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED AS COPYIST OR assistant in an office by a young lady—best of references. Address A B C, World office. 61

FOR SALE.

WATER POWER,

One of the best on the Welland Canal, well situated for shipping either by water or rail,

D. DE. POTTER,

Real Estate Agent, No. 4 Queen-street. St. Catharines.

FURNACES.

"YORK,"

"GIANT,"

"ECONOMY."

Also a good assortment of second hand

SELF-FEEDERS, COOK STOVES & RANGES

GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED

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136 KING STREET EAST. 36

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A. D. FERRY—Barrister, Solicitor, etc.—Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life Offices, 32 Wellington-street east, Toronto. 246

BECK & CODE, barristers, solicitors, etc., 65 King-street east, Toronto, cor. Leader lane. Money to loan.

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MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLEY, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. J. J. MACLAREN, J. H. MACDONALD, W. M. MERRITT, G. F. SHEPLEY, W. K. MIDDLETON, R. C. DONALD, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto-street.

MACNABB & FOWLER, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Offices: 26 Church-street, Toronto, and Dundas-street, West Toronto Junction. ALEX. MACNABB, HENRY C. FOWLER. Telephone No. 1582.

O'SULLIVAN & ANGLIN—BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Offices, Medical Building, corner Bay and Richmond-streets.

QUINN & HENRY—Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Toronto, Ont.; offices: Millichamp's Buildings, 31 Adelaide-st. east, room 5. F. P. HENRY, J. M. QUINN.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. D. E. Read, Q.C., Walter Read, H. V. Knight. Money to loan.

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WILLOUGHBY, MCPHILLIPS & CAMERON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Dominion Bank Chambers, corner King and Yonge. W. B. WILLOUGHBY, F. MCPHILLIPS, D. O. CAMERON.

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A LARGE AMOUNT of private funds to loan on real estate, city or farm property. FRANK CAYLEY, real estate and financial agent, 65 King-street east, cor. Leader-lane.

ALEX. MACLEAN, FINANCIAL broker, 9 Victoria-st., building loans effected without delay; money advanced to pay off old mortgages. Specially low rates on business properties. Mortgages bought.

LOANS—One thousand dollars and over made with despatch, specially low rates on good security. THOS. H. MONK, 30 Church-street.

MONEY LOANED IN SUMS TO SUIT borrowers. Lowest market rates without commission. Mortgages purchased. Moffatt & Rankin, 20 Toronto-street.

MONEY below market rates on business property; if the security is undoubted, loans negotiated on real estate securities at current rates without trouble or expense to borrower. R. K. SPROULE, 20 Wellington-st. E.

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MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages, endowments, life policies and other securities. JAMES C. MOORE, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON CITY and Farm Securities at 5½ and 6 per cent. James A. Mulligan, Barrister, cor. King and Bay streets, Toronto.

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$50000—PRIVATE FUNDS—To loan at lowest rates. DICKSON, TAYLOR & MCCULLOUGH, Barristers, Manning Arcade, Toronto. 136

$250,000 TO LOAN

At 5½ and 6 per cent., on Real Estate Security, in sums to suit. Second Mortgages purchased. Notes Discounted.

WM. A. LEE & SON,

Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Company. Offices, 10 Adelaide-street East Telephone 592.

NOTICE.

The South Ontario Pacific Railway Co

will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act continuing the powers granted by the Act authorizing the construction of its Railway, and for other purposes.

W. R. TURNER, Secretary.

Hamilton, Nov. 19th, 1888.

THE BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE Company of Canada, hereby give notice that they will, at the next session of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, apply for an act granting them power to include under their policies insurance covering loss of life or injury to person resulting from explosion of the insured boilers, and also to transact a plate-glass insurance business, and for such other powers as may be necessary in the premises.

M'MURRICH, URQUHART & M'DONALD, Solicitors for Applicants.

Toronto, 15th October, 1888.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

T. P. T. CO.

ROUTE:

Broadview, Queen, King, Church and Front-streets to Union Depot.

TIME TABLE.

NEW COACHES NOW LEAVE:

Cor. Broadview-ave. and Withrow-ave.		UNION DEPOT:	
8.00	A.M.	8.35	A.M.
8.45	"	9.20	"
9.30	"	10.05	"
10.45	"	11.20	"
1.15	P.M.	1.50	P.M.
2.00	"	2.35	"
4.00	"	4.35	"
5.00	"	5.35	"

N. B.—Time will be changed during the month and more coaches put on the above route and several new routes established.

THE TORONTO PASSENGER TRANSPORT CO.

WINTER TOURS

IN THE

SOUTHERN CLIMES.

BERMUDA,

Nassau, Havana, Cuba, California, West Indies, Etc.

For full information apply or write to

BARLOW CUMBERLAND,

72 Yonge-street, Toronto.

BANFF SPRINGS HOTEL

AND RETURN,

INCLUDING

1 Week's Board

AT THE

Canadian Pacific Railway Hotel.

ONLY

$80.00

CITY OFFICES—110 King-st. west, 24 York-street, 56 Yonge-st.

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VIA THE

Allan, Dominion or White Star S. S. Lines,

CALL AT

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And obtain rates and all information.

P. J. SLATTER, Agent.

WILSON LINE.

Sailing from New York to London and Hull.

TO LONDON.

Lydian Monarch, . . . Nov. 7.
Egyptian Monarch, . . . Nov. 24.

TO HULL.

Buffalo, . . . Nov. 24.
Santiago, . . . Dec. 8.

Saloon, $45. Return, $80.

Secure tickets from

W. A. GEDDES, Agent,

38 Yonge-street, Toronto.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW RATES TO

CALIFORNIA.

The Undersigned will run an

EXCURSION

From Toronto to San Francisco

About the 10th, 20th and 30th of Every Month until further notice.

For further particulars call on, or address (with stamp) to 36

FRANK ADAMS & CO.,

California Excursion Agents,

24 ADELAIDE-STREET EAST.

Intercolonial Railway OF CANADA.

The Royal Mail, Passenger and Freight Route

between Canada and Great Britain, and direct route between the west and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie de Chaleur, also New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton and Newfoundland.

New and elegant buffet sleeping and day cars run on through express trains.

Passengers for Great Britain or the Continent by leaving Toronto by 8 a. m. train Thursday will join outward mail steamer at Halifax Saturday.

SUPERIOR ELEVATOR, WAREHOUSE & DOCK ACCOMMODATION

at Halifax for shipment of grain and general merchandise.

Years of experience have proved the Intercolonial in connection with steamship lines to and from London, Liverpool and Glasgow to Halifax to be the quickest freight route between Canada and Great Britain.

Information as to passenger and freight rates can be had on application to

ROBERT B. MOODIE,
Western Freight and Passenger Agent,
93 Rossin House Block, York-st., Toronto.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office,
Moncton N.B., November 20, 1888.

The Latest Improvement in Photography.

Micklethwaite Gets There.

Photographs of lodges, balls, weddings, birthday, supper parties made at your own house or lodge-room, equal to daylight, instantaneously by the New Artificial Light. Call and see samples. Gallery, corner King and Jarvis streets, opposite Market.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

Situate in the City of Toronto in the County of York.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A POWER of sale contained in two certain indentures of mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at "THE MART," 57 King-street east, in the City of Toronto, on

Saturday, December 8th, A.D. 1888,

At twelve o'clock noon; all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land being composed of a part of lot number Thirty-three on the north side of St. Patrick-street in the said City of Toronto, according to registered plan "D 83," more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the northerly limit of St. Patrick-street at the distance easterly of twenty feet from the south westerly angle of the said lot number Thirty-three, hence easterly along the northerly limit of St. Patrick-street twenty feet, thence northerly parallel with Huron-street to the southerly limit of a lane in rear of the said lot number Thirty-three, thence westerly along the southerly limit of the said twenty feet, thence southerly parallel with Huron-street to the northerly limit of St. Patrick-street, the place of beginning. There is erected upon said property a solid brick semi-detached dwelling house, in excellent repair, with stone foundation, three stories high with basement, and is known as house number 106 St. Patrick-street.

TERMS OF SALE:

The property will be offered subject to a reserve bid. Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance as may be agreed upon.

For further particulars, apply to

McMURRICH, URQUHART & MACDONALD, Vendors' Solicitors,
18 & 19 York Chambers, Toronto,

63625

AUCTION SALE

OF

TIMBER BERTH.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
(Woods and Forests Branch),
Toronto, 30th October, 1888.

NOTICE is hereby given, that under Order in Council Timber Berth No. 2, in the Township of Bangor, County of Hastings, will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday, the Eleventh day of December next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto.

T. B. PARDEE,
Commissioner.

NOTE.—The above berth was bid off at the sale of timber limits of 15th December, 1887, but the purchaser failed to comply with the conditions of sale.

Particulars as to locality and description, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale, will be furnished on application personally, or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands.

No unauthorized advertisement of the above will be paid for. 35

AUCTION SALE

OF VALUABLE

Freehold Property!

IN THE

CITY OF TORONTO

Pursuant to the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Mart, 57 King-street East, by F. W. COATE & CO., on

Wednesday, Nov. 28th Inst.,

At the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the following Valuable Freehold City Property, viz.:

Lots 4 and 5 on the East side of Dundas street according to Plan 194, on which is erected a store, No. 32 Dundas-street, with flat overhead. This parcel has a frontage on Dundas-street of 18 feet and 11 inches and a depth of 138 feet to a lane 20 feet wide.

For terms and further particulars apply to

ADAM H. MEYERS,
1462 Solicitor for Vendor.

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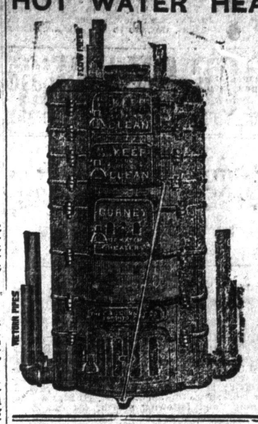

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Street Railway Service.

Street Railway Service.

Street Railway Service.

PUBLIC MEETING

A Public Meeting of Residents, Electors and Property-owners of

ST. MATTHEW'S WARD,

WILL BE HELD IN

MALLINDINE'S HALL

—ON—

Friday, the 30th day of November

AT 8 O'CLOCK, P.M.,

FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES

1—To consider the proposed new Street Railway service offered by "The Toronto Passenger Transport Company," or any other proposed service.

2—To recommend to the City Council the construction and operation of any line or lines of Street Railway that the meeting may think proper or that may be expedient.

3—To instruct the representatives of St. Matthew's Ward as to the course that the meeting desires them to pursue on the Street Railway question.

DIVIDENDS.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 27.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of Dec. next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

D. R. WILKIE, Cashier.

Toronto, 25th October, 1888. 35

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 65.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. for the current half-year (being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum) upon the paid-up capital of the bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of Dec. next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of Nov., both days included.

By order of the Board.

(Signed) D. COULSON, Cashier.

The Bank of Toronto,
Toronto, October 24th, 1888.

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 44.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of THREE per cent. upon the capital stock of