

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1896.

Vol. XXV. No. 16

Calendar for April 1896.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Last Quarter, 4th day, 8h. 11.7m. a. m.
New Moon, 13th day, 0h. 10.3m. a. m.
First Quarter, 20th day, 6h. 34.3m. p. m.
Full Moon, 27th day, 9h. 34.7m. a. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	High Water	Low Water
1 Wed	5 43	24 11 54	7 37	0 45			
2 Thur	42 26	morning	8 30	1 35			
3 Fri	40 27	1 1	8 32	2 29			
4 Sat	38 28	1 85	10 39	3 24			
5 Sun	36 29	2 35	11 49	4 20			
6 Mon	34 31	3 44	8 48	5 16			
7 Tue	32 32	3 56	2 4	6 13			
8 Wed	30 33	3 48	3 7	7 9			
9 Thur	28 35	4 5	4 11	8 45			
10 Fri	26 36	4 19	5 18	9 23			
11 Sat	24 37	4 26	6 18	9 55			
12 Sun	22 39	4 41	7 22	10 26			
13 Mon	21 40	4 56	8 29	10 57			
14 Tue	19 41	5 21	9 27	11 29			
15 Wed	17 42	5 58	10 14	12 0			
16 Thur	15 44	6 33	11 46	0 4			
17 Fri	14 45	7 18	morning	0 41			
18 Sat	12 46	8 15	0 41	1 34			
19 Sun	10 47	9 16	1 35	2 28			
20 Mon	8 49	10 27	2 0	3 21			
21 Tue	7 50	11 54	2 29	4 23			
22 Wed	6 51	1 16	3 35	5 23			
23 Thur	5 53	2 34	4 32	6 17			
24 Fri	4 54	3 52	5 33	7 6			
25 Sat	3 56	5 15	6 35	8 6			
26 Sun	2 57	6 40	7 41	9 37			
27 Mon	1 58	8 1	8 49	10 22			
28 Tue	0 59	9 26	9 57	11 5			
29 Wed	0 47	10 43	11 16	12 49			
30 Thur	4 52	2 11	42	7 6	45		

Spring-Like, Isn't It?

Don't you think you are entitled to a New Suit for the Spring? We think you are, and hope to have the pleasure of selling you one. Our new Cloths for Overcoatings, Suitings and Trouserings are now opening. We invite inspection. All Cutters and All Workmen.

D. A. BRUCE,
Canada's Famous Tailoring Establishment.
Charlottetown, March 11, 1896.

Wall Paper.

GO TO

McMILLAN & HORNSBY'S

FOR

American and Canadian

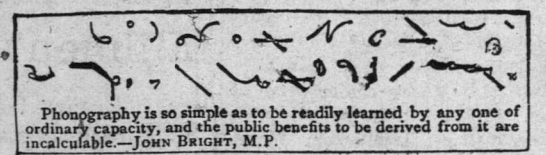
Wall Paper,
Latest Patterns

LOWEST PRICES

WALL PAPER.

ARE YOU ALIVE?

Are you up to the Times?
THEN LEARN SHORTHAND.

By  Mail.
Poor Handwriting Improved by a Rapid and Easy Method.
Send a stamp for circulars, specimens, and full particulars.
W. H. CROSSKILL,
Stenographer, Charlottetown.

North British and Mercantile FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
EDINBURGH AND LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
Local Assets, 1891, - \$60,082,727.

TRANSACTS every description of Fire and Life Insurance on the most favorable terms.
This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the past thirty years.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Agent,
Watson's Building, Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Jan. 21, 1896.—ly

JAMES H. REDDIN,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
CAMERON BLOCK,
CHARLOTTETOWN.
Special attention given to Collectors MONEY TO LOAN.

Ladies', Gents, Girls, Boys, COME AND SEE,
If you can't see come and get a pair of our
SPECTACLES or EYEGLASSES
And you will see our fine assortment of
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, etc
E. W. TAYLOR,
CAMERON BLOCK.

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used near D. & L. Menthol Plaster extensively in my practice as a medical and surgical practitioner, I can confidently recommend it as a safe and reliable remedy in all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, &c. &c.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Local and Special News.

SPRING REQUIRES
That the impurities which have accumulated in your blood during the winter should be promptly and thoroughly expelled, if good health is expected. When the warm weather comes these impurities are liable to manifest themselves in various ways and often lead to serious illness. Unless the blood is rich and pure that tired feeling will afflict you, your appetite will fall, and you will find yourself "all run down." Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the system, drives out all impurities and makes pure, rich, healthy blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and the best spring medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.
Minneapolis girls have red ribbon societies with the motto: "The line that touch wine shall never touch mine." We have begun to take ours through a straw.

Sick headache and Constipation are promptly cured by Burdock Pills. Easily taken, sure in effect.

Improper and deficient care of the scalp will cause grayness of the hair and baldness. Escape both by the use of that reliable specific, Hall's Hair Renewer.

I believe **MINARD'S LINIMENT** will cure every case of Diphtheria.
Mrs. REUBEN BAKER,
Riversdale.

I believe **MINARD'S LINIMENT** will promote growth of hair.
Mrs. CHAR. ANDERSON,
Stanley, P. E. I.

I believe **MINARD'S LINIMENT** is the best household remedy on earth.
MATTHEW FOLEY,
O'Leary, Ont.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.
CONSTIPATION CURED.
Gentle, I was in very poor health for over four years, the doctor said it was Constipation. Not wanting to spend too much cash, I got three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and took it regularly. I can testify that I am now in the very best of health and feel very grateful to B. B.

Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, and all throat and lung troubles. Price 25 and 50c.

Helen, aged four is stopping with her aunt in the city. At bedtime she knelt at her bedside knees to say her prayers, and would recite the usual prayer. After waiting some time in vain, she said: "Please God, some one, I can't remember my prayers and I'm living with a lady that don't know any."

A MERCHANT TESTIFIES.
Gentlemen, I write to tell you how good I have found Hagar's Yellow Oil. In my family alone the Yellow Oil cured several bad cases, and my customers now recognize the great value of it. They seem to prefer it to all others.
C. D. CORRIE,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Canaan Station, N. B.

Minard's Liniment is used by physician.
Rheumatism and Catarrh, caused by poor and corrupted blood, cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Minard's Liniment lumberman's friend.
Try E. B. Northrup's Medicine for all Kidney Troubles. It is the best. Sold by W. E. Colwell, ap 83.

Loaded with impurities, your blood needs cleansing with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
An Irishman and a Frenchman were disputing over the nationality of a friend of theirs. The Frenchman argued that if a man was born in France he was a Frenchman, no matter what his parents were. "Bad luck to you," said Pat, wrathfully. "A man was born in a pigpen, would you call him a pig?"

The Best Cough Cure is Hagar's Pectoral Balsam. It heals the lungs and cures coughs and colds.

A COMFORT SOMETIME.
When health is far gone in consumption, then sometimes only ease and comfort can be secured from the use of Scott's Emulsion. What is much better is to take this medicine in time to save your health.

To Remove Worms of all kinds from children or adults Dr. Low's Worm Syrup is a safe and sure remedy.

A COMMISSIONER IN B. R. Gentlemen,—Having used Hagar's Pectoral Balsam in our family for years I have no hesitation in saying that it beats everything else we ever tried for coughs and colds in children as well as grown up people. It relieves that tight binding sensation in the chest. We would not be without it for anything, as we have a large family.

WILLIAM ANDREW,
Commissioner in B. R.,
Baltimore, Md.

To destroy worms and expel them from children or adults use Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.
NINETY PER CENT
Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

Hood's Pills are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills.

The Catholic Press.

(Walter Leaky in American Catholic News.)

I warned a Catholic editor lately that Spring was coming, and with it that yearly crop of youngsters, male and female, who rush into print and give him gratis hints how to run his paper. This year their advent has been sooner than the scheduled time. March, and such a bristling fellow, as he of '96, is not a good month for Catholic editors to be bothered by juveniles throwing paper wads in their faces. There is the beautiful snow outside, a kind of beauty that waxes if the office stove is not a light red. Within are delirious subscribers' names, "duns, debt," and the one thousand thing that hurry to an early grave those men who are leading a life of sacrifice in order to keep a Catholic press alive. I notice and have noticed for years that those who snarl are generally noted for their unwillingness to support a Catholic journal. I will remember how one of those youth ul hint-makers became converted. Circumstances placed him for a few months in the office of a Catholic journal. There he learned what patience an editor must have. He read piles of MSS. from the thousand drunks, objecting to everything in the paper. He learned how lightly subscribers hold honesty in the paying of subscriptions, and what was harder to swallow, that those he had thought should encourage a strong, manly press, held aloof because the editor did not run his journal in their theoretical lines—lines which would mean bankruptcy. Learning these things, his wonder is that the Catholic press has attained such excellence. He has discovered that if the people would do their duty—something which they don't do—the editors would spare no pains in making for them bright and newsy journals. My acquaintance with Catholic editors has, I dare say, been as prolonged and intimate as the fault-finders, yet I have to meet the Catholic editor who was not willing to give to his readers under such circumstances the best. By editors I refer to those who are legitimate Catholic journalists. This best was more than subscribers paid for. What was the salary? A bare pittance. It is about time to stop this idle chatter about Catholic newspapers and begin to support them.

The Hair of Abbotsford.

(Antigonish Casket.)

The announcement that the Queen is about to confer knighthood upon the great-grand-awaken of Sir Walter Scott will awaken interest in the minds of all who have come under the spell of the "Wizard of the North." The ceremony will take place on the tenth of this month, when the young heir of Abbotsford, Walter Maxwell Scott, will have completed his twenty-first year. The honor about to be bestowed on Sir Walter's heir was promised by Her Majesty many years ago. On the occasion of his birth she telegraphed, with her congratulations, "He shall be knighted 'Sir Walter' when he's twenty-one." This promise she will now be able to fulfill in person. Only one of the great-grandchildren of the founder of Abbotsford now survives, the mother of the present heir. Both of Sir Walter's sons died childless. Of his two daughters the younger died unmarried, the other, Sophia, married John Gibson Lockhart, Sir Walter's biographer. The eldest child by this marriage, John Hugh Lockhart, for whom "The Tales of a Grandfather" were written, died some months before his grandfather, in 1832. The second son died without issue in 1853. An only daughter, Charlotte Harriet Jane Lockhart, married in 1847 James Robert Hope-Scott, the classmate and close personal friend of Cardinal Manning and Mr. Gladstone. They had three children, two of whom died in infancy. The third, Mary Monica Hope-Scott, was married in 1874 to the Honorable Joseph Maxwell. She and her seven children, of whom the eldest is now to be knighted, are the only descendants of Sir Walter Scott. It will be observed that the succession to the Abbotsford estate has thus far been kept up through the female line. Sir Walter was brought up a Presbyterian but ended his days an Episcopalian. As he lay on his deathbed, his biographer tells us, he was often heard to repeat verses of "some of the magnificent hymns of the Romish (sic) ritual in which he had always delighted," and among the last articulate words he ever uttered was the first stanza of the *Stabat Mater*. That he was alive to the beauty and grandeur of Catholicism is evidenced by his writings, more particularly by his poems. Hutton in his life of Scott says that if he had lived through the religious controversies of our own days it seems not unlikely that he might himself have become a Catholic. Yet the force of ingrained prejudice, coupled with his ignorance of Catholic doctrines and customs, led him to write many things that are offensive and unjust to Catholics. As late as 1829, three years before his death, he wrote in his diary: "I hold Popery to be such a mean and degrading superstition that I am not sure I could have found myself liberal enough for voting the repeal of the penal laws as they existed before 1780." Little did he dream when he penned these harsh words that in not much more than a score of years the peal of the Angelus bell would summon the inmates of Abbotsford to prayer and the Sacrifice of the Mass be offered within its walls! Yet this is what came to pass. All of Scott's descendants are Catholics to-day. I met Robert Hope-Scott became a convert in the spring of 1851, and his wife, Sir Walter's granddaughter followed him into the Church within two months. Mary Monica, the present mistress of Abbotsford, was thus brought up in the faith. One who spent some days at the home which Sir Walter left to his children tells in *The Cosmopolitan* magazine how she was awakened from her first morning slumbers at Abbotsford "by the Angelus bell ringing from the private chapel where, each morning service is read by the master of the house, or by the priest who

the value of the printed word Father Hoeker. To him, as has been well said, the press was the highest opportunity for religion. "He was convinced that religion should make the press its own. He would not look upon it as an extraordinary aid, but maintained that the ordinary provision of Christian instruction for the people should ever be two-fold—by speech and by print; neither the preacher without the press, nor the press without the preacher." These ideas have been taught in England by that able publicist, Dr. Barry. When shall we awake? A general taste for reading will not be diffused by Summer Soliloquies. Oracles whose unquestionable good comes to the few, but by the entrance into Catholic households of a weekly Catholic journal. Let the weeklies have a support and leave the dreams of the dailies vanish. I should advise editors to remain unruffled. They like other folk, are bound to do some penance. Why not suffer these midgets to ooze their natchings?

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(Antigonish Casket.)

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

may be a guest at the time." In the atmosphere of such a home as this the descendants of Sir Walter pass their days. The scornful words with which he, in his ignorance, wrote of their religion they can forgive him the more readily that they have evidences of his latent sympathy with much that is distinctive of Catholic faith and devotion, as witness his beautiful "Hymn to the Virgin."

Mary Queen of Scots.
The work of the late Archbishop Smith in behalf of the canonization of Mary Queen of Scots has been taken up by his successor. Everything connected with the last scene in her tragic life reveals the steadfast faith of a martyr. "I pray thee," she said, "carry this message from me, that I die a true woman to my religion and a true Queen of Scotland and France." This tardy act of justice to the memory of Mary is in accordance with the views of Archbishop De Beane, who preached her funeral oration in the Cathedral Church of Notre Dame, Paris, and who then did not hesitate to state to Europe that Mary's only crime was that of being a Catholic. Pope Pius V. regarded the death in the same light. Pope Benedict was so thoroughly convinced that all things requisite for her claims to the crown of martyrdom were present that he asks: "Is it not enough to constitute true martyrdom that the tyrant who inflicts death is excited by hatred against the faith of Christ, whatever may be subsequently alleged as a motive for the act, either belonging or not to the faith of Christ or only accidentally connected with it?" That the Queen expected death, and death in consequence of her religion, is seen from the beautiful letter she sent to Pope Sixtus V. "Nay, more; voluntarily at the foot of the cross my blood for my adherence to His Church and the faithful zeal I feel for it, as without the restoration of it I never desire to live in this wretched world. I have willingly offered my life in my heroic assembly to maintain my Catholic Apostolic and Roman religion, and to bring back the wanderers of this island, that is, themselves, protesting that in my case I would willingly lay down all title and dignity of Queen, and do all honor and service to theirs if she (Elizabeth) would cease to persecute the Catholics." Queen Mary says in another letter: "If I had embraced their religion I should have avoided this blow." The last words on the scaffold of the Earl of Kent are in the same strain: "My Lord of Kent has now betrayed the secret; it is my religion, then, it is my religion which is the cause of my death." Pope Pius VI., speaking of the violent death of Louis XVI. of France, claims the honor of martyrdom for Queen Mary, and gives the writings of Benedict XIV. as his authority for so doing. As the body of the illustrious Queen is in the Diocese of Westminster, the investigations for her martyrdom were held there, but now the matter is before the Congregation of Cardinals at Rome entrusted with such matters. The question is not one dealing with the life of the Queen or with any of the vexed discussions on various points in her life, it is purely and simply on the claim to a martyr's death. If her death was that of a martyr for her faith, there is no one, not even an enemy, will deny her the martyr's crown and palm.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Ave Maria! maiden mild!
Listen to a maiden's prayer!
That cannot hear through from the wild,
That cannot see amid despair,
Safe may we sleep beneath thy care,
Though banished, outcast, and reviled—
Maiden! hear a maiden's prayer!
Mother! hear a suppliant child!

Ave Maria! undefiled!
The flinty couch we now must share,
Shall seem with down of cedar piled
If thy protection hover there.
The murky cavern's heavy air
Shall breathe of balm, if thou hast smiled
Then, maiden! hear a maiden's prayer;
Mother, list a suppliant child!

Ave Maria! stainless styled!
Foul demons of the earth and air,
From this their wonted haunt expelled,
Shall flee before thy presence fair.
We bow us to our lot of care,
Beneath thy guidance reconciled;
Hear for a maid a maiden's prayer,
And for a father hear a child!

Elements of Happiness.
The questioners and the answers—for whom the age seems mad—have now begun on the prolific subject of man's possible, impossible, probable and improbable happiness.

"Can a man be happy?" asks one anxious inquirer, and details his own unhappy case of profligate misery. "A man ought to be happy, of course, for I am," declares the other, and portrays a nondescript existence such as would satisfy few.

"There are two sides to every question" we know of old, but to this question there are at least as many sides as there are answers. Happiness is dependent on so many and such changeable aspects that it cannot be graded and classified, cannot be studied and modified. Yet it is a far more general possession than we believe. It belongs to the majority of us and it is our own fault that we do not lay hold of it and wear it gratefully as a weapon, a breastplate, a royal mantle and a sovereign's crown. It has the power and might and beauty of all and it is ours by divine right. It is a complex thing, a gigantic whole formed of minute particles. It is not contentment nor satisfaction, for a man may be happy from morning until night and never know a contented moment or draw a satisfied breath. He may be happy because of his discontent and in spite of his dissatisfaction. The very fact that nothing he does satisfies him, brings him happiness, marking as it does the growth and rise of his powers.

The eager discontent of youth with its surroundings and of age with earth may both afford those keen and hopeful yearnings after a better and higher future which are happiness. Individual tastes and fancies, slight and evanescent, bring happiness in their gratification, differing with each and unknown to all the others. Beauty is happiness to all who perceive it, comfort is happiness to all who feel it; life, mere life, is happiness to thousands, and that in a world where we hear chiefly of misery. That all-wise, all-loving Creator whose perfect justice cannot overlook imperfection continually woos and strengthens to perfection. And the upward steps are the countless small happinesses among which we move. Not pleasures nor blissings, but the enjoyment of them, the delicate, spiritual thrill of acknowledgment and grateful uplifting natural to every soul, and only debased and obscured by wilfully outraging its first impulses.

There is no doubt that a "man can be happy." Every man ought to be, indeed, and he is but a cowardly shirker of his duty, but a paltry waster of time and strength, who is not happy. A good conscience, a firm determination to do the best in all things and a feeling heart for his fellows is all that is necessary for a man's happiness. With these three he walks hand in hand with happiness. Any hour may show him sunlight out of earth, every morning wakes him to hope and trust, every night shelters him under wings from whose shining strength the arrows of fear and doubt fall off blunted and harmless. Happy, indeed! Why should he not be happy? If he is envious, or jealous, or full of resentment, or cruel, he does not look for happiness, of course, but whose fault is it? If he is poor, or sick, or hard-

Merit

It is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, its constantly increasing sale, and enables it to accomplish its wonderful and unequalled cures. The combination, proportion and process used in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make Hood's Sarsaparilla

Peculiar to Itself

It cures a wide range of diseases because of its power as a blood purifier. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system. Thus all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficent influence of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. 61 per bottle, cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

SICK HEADACHE,
Dyspepsia, biliousness, sour stomach and Constipation arise from wrong action of the stomach, liver and bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters cures all diseases of these organs.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1896. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. JAMES MCISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

Obstruction Ran Mad

As will be seen by reference to our account of parliamentary proceedings, the Dominion House of Commons last week placed to its credit the longest continuous sitting in parliamentary history. The necessity for such a long sitting devolved upon the Government in consequence of the near approach of the expiry of Parliament, and the undignified and obstructive tactics employed by the opponents of remedial legislation. The principal of remedial legislation has been admitted by the House of Commons by the vote on the second reading of the bill, which, as our readers know, was carried by a substantial majority. But its opponents have so far forgotten the amenities of parliamentary life, and have so abused the privileges of free speech afforded by the committee stage as to deserve the disapprobation of all lovers of justice and upholders of representative government. Hour after hour, day after day, is consumed in discussions the most irrelevant, and altogether foreign to the question before the committee. Blue books are read by the hour, ballads are recited, and anything and everything is done to obstruct the business of parliament. Motions for the committee to rise are made and discussed for ten or twelve hours at a stretch, simply to afford the obstructionists an opportunity of greater extremity, and thus preventing the bill becoming law. It is unfortunate that a handful of bigots, such as Cartwright, Charlton, Davies, McCarthy and Martin, abetted by Mr. Laurier, can thus uselessly consume the time of Parliament and waste the public money. It is quite evident that a system of closure must ere long be adopted in order to expedite the progress of public business. It will be noticed that when obstruction was at its worst, and the most becoming scenes were enacted in the house, Mr. Charlton, having presumably exhausted all other sources, brought his bible into requisition for the furtherance of the farce. It is satisfactory to know that he was severely reprimanded for such irreverent conduct. We remember that this is the same Charlton who, session after session, introduces bills for the better observance of the Lord's day and for the suppression of various transgressions of the moral law. The principal items of the revenue are the Dominion Subsidy; Public Lands and Provincial Land Tax. From the Land office \$30,000 is expected, and \$33,500 from the Land Tax. Towards the close of his remarks the Premier, doubtless glad of a chance to change his subject, treated the house to a harangue on Dominion politics. He grew warm on this subject. He spoke of the bright hopes of the Grits coming into power at the approaching Dominion general election, and then a raid was to be made on the Dominion treasury. He knew his Grit friends, in power at Ottawa, would come to the rescue and replenish the depleted Provincial exchequer. It used to be looking to Washington; it is now looking to Ottawa. It is quite in accordance with the eternal fitness of things that the men who are just now, with hellish malice, persistently obstructing the business of parliament so as to deprive the Manitoba minority of their just rights, should be appealed to by Premier Peters to assist him to hold on to power in this Province. The Leader of the opposition made a spirited reply to the Premier, and successfully punctured his untenable arguments. But our space will not permit us to refer to the matter at any greater length in this issue.

Our Local Legislature.

The report of the Public Works Department of the Provincial Government shows that, during the past year, upwards of \$30,000 were spent in that department. A very considerable amount indeed, when account is taken of how little there is to show for it. It is true the Government have the new Grit member for the third district of Prince county to show us the investment such as to entitle it to be chargeable to "capital account". It is fittings of extraordinary length are required at Ottawa in consequence of the perversity of the opponents of remedial legislation, the same accusation cannot yet be made against our Local Legislature. But the time is just as effectively wasted as by their friends at Ottawa, for the past ten days, scarcely any sittings at all have been held. Our Grit friends in Provincial or Dominion politics are bound to waste the people's time and money.

As the report of proceedings in the Legislature will show, the estimates tabled by Premier Peters call for \$287,919. Last year, the actual expenditure was \$299,701, an actual expenditure amounted to \$302,632.19. It will thus be seen that as compared with last year, the estimates for the current year are about \$12,000 less than those of last year, and \$14,000 less than the actual expenditure of the same year. What are the Government going to turn a new leaf, and practice economy? We shall see.

The report of the visiting medical officer of the Hospital for the Insane shows that the number of patients on the roll on December 31st, was 167, being an increase during the year of 14. Thirty-two men and twenty-three women were admitted during the year, making the total number under treatment 208. Seventeen men and eight women were discharged, and six men and ten women died during the year, leaving 87 men and 80 women under treatment at the end of the year. The percentage of recoveries on admissions for the year was 18.2. This percentage of recoveries is the smallest on record since the exception of 1893, and 1894, when it was in round number 17, and 7 per cent respectively. In years past the percentage of recoveries was quite high, fifty and sixty per cent. But of late years it has gradually dwindled down to the figures indicated. There is something wrong. Is it principally due to the non residence of the medical officer?

PREMIER PETERS delivered his budget speech in the Legislature last evening. It was certainly the dulllest and most labored effort in the shape of a budget speech that our Legislature has witnessed for many a day. The audience was small in comparison with that on similar occasions in former years, and the feebleness of the applause at the conclusion indicated how flat the Premier's utterances had fallen on the ears of his auditors. It is not much wonder that the Premier's speech was up hill work; indeed it required no small amount of courage to attempt such a thing at all in the face of our deplorable financial condition. The estimates of expenditure, as published elsewhere, are, in round numbers, \$288,000. The revenue, the Premier estimates at \$287,000. The principal items of the revenue are the Dominion Subsidy; Public Lands and Provincial Land Tax. From the Land office \$30,000 is expected, and \$33,500 from the Land Tax. Towards the close of his remarks the Premier, doubtless glad of a chance to change his subject, treated the house to a harangue on Dominion politics. He grew warm on this subject. He spoke of the bright hopes of the Grits coming into power at the approaching Dominion general election, and then a raid was to be made on the Dominion treasury. He knew his Grit friends, in power at Ottawa, would come to the rescue and replenish the depleted Provincial exchequer. It used to be looking to Washington; it is now looking to Ottawa. It is quite in accordance with the eternal fitness of things that the men who are just now, with hellish malice, persistently obstructing the business of parliament so as to deprive the Manitoba minority of their just rights, should be appealed to by Premier Peters to assist him to hold on to power in this Province. The Leader of the opposition made a spirited reply to the Premier, and successfully punctured his untenable arguments. But our space will not permit us to refer to the matter at any greater length in this issue.

Dominion Parliament.

(Condensed from Halifax Herald's Report.)

The first half of the sitting of the Commons on Monday 6th, was devoted to public and private bills, but those were skimmed over as rapidly as possible in order to get down to the all-important measure of the session, the Remedial Bill. The house went into committee on the bill, and the discussion was resumed on Mr. McCarthy's amendment to the fourth clause, proposing to strike out the first line and substitute for the "board of Education" "the present advisory board of the province." The member for North Simcoe again repeated his objections to clause four, contending that it was inconsistent with the second sub-section of clause 3 which vests important powers in the Catholic board. Hon. Mr. Dickey replied that the wording of the clause was exactly the same as in the old act. Mr. McCarthy's difficulty was a theoretical difficulty because these sections have stood side by side in Manitoba for nineteen years. Sub-section 2 of clause 3 was of much less importance than clause 4, and if on investigation it should prove to be unworkable he would be prepared to drop it. Messrs. Mills and Davies replied again to the point raised on Saturday that it was unconstitutional to create under this bill another board of education in addition to the one created by the local legislature. While restoring the rights of the minority, parliament had no power to interfere with the education machinery of a province. Hon. Mr. Dickey and Sir C. H. Tupper contended that parliament was vested with full power under the principle of federalism, and that the bill was not unconstitutional. Mr. McCarthy continued the discussion and followed by Mr. Cartwright, who declared that the bill was clumsily drawn and indeed did not appear to be drawn by the government at all. To his regret for information upon the subject of the bill, the Hon. Mr. Foster replied that the explanation had been given over and over and he was sorry to see Sir Richard Cartwright join the ranks of the obstructionists. Mr. Henderson took up the discussion, expressing the hope that the difficulty would be settled in some other way. For that reason he had voted for the six months' adjournment, but he hoped there would be as little disturbance as possible of the school system. Mr. McCarthy heard, hear. He would therefore object to tacking a separate school system on to the administration of public schools. Mr. Foster—Hear, hear. He would therefore not stultify himself by voting for the amendment of Mr. McCarthy. Mr. Henderson's past votes on the bill as being of a sham character. Ories of "order" arose from the conservative benches, followed by laughter on one honorable member's part. "Don't read him out of your party," Dr. Sprules continued the discussion for an hour, after which the first sub-section of clause 4 was declared carried. Mr. McCarthy's amendment having been voted down. On sub-section "B" however the objections were renewed. It was contended that the standard of qualification for teachers being made the same as for the public schools, the teachers' certificates issued by the provincial board of education shall be recognized by the Catholic board. Mr. Laurier held that the provision would enable the teachers to escape from the Catholic religious examination provided they held public school certificates. O. I. O'Brien moved an amendment to sub-section "B" he struck out and one substituted providing that the provisions of the Manitoba educational act as regards qualification and examination shall apply to all teachers employed in the separate schools, must pass such an examination in religious subjects as the separate school board of education might prescribe. Sir Charles Tupper moved an amendment to the effect that the objector was more Catholic than the Pope. (Laughter.) If any separate school board wanted to employ a Protestant teacher, which was quite possible, such a teacher would be absolutely debarred by Col. O'Brien's amendment. (Hear, hear.) Possibly the only reason why the amendment was moved was in accordance with the policy of a few gentlemen in destroying or disfigure the bill. Evidently an insignificant section of the house had decided to prevent the bill from becoming law. Mr. McCarthy becoming recognized by the House of Commons, Tupper's point as he moved an amendment to the amendment to strike out the provision regarding the examination on religious topics. At one o'clock, after Deputy Speaker Bergeron had been steady at his post as chairman for five hours, he called Mr. Mills of Annapolis to take his place for a little while. This led to a protest from Mr. Davies, who contended that the chairman had no question to retire if it was the intention of the house to remain in session all night. This point was discussed for some time, Mr. Bergeron in the meantime having retired. A remark by Hon. Mr. Guimé, "I think, Mr. Chairman, you can rule that you are rightly in the chair," set the house in a roar, which was renewed when Mr. Mills gave his ruling in the words, "Well, I am certainly here." At two o'clock in the morning the committee divided, on Mr. McCarthy's amendment to the amendment, which was lost by a vote of 22 to 10. Among those who voted with the ten were Messrs. Mulock, Sproule, Martin,

Bain, Bennett and W. F. Maclean.

The amendment of Col. O'Brien was also defeated, and then sub-section "B" was declared carried. At 2.30 about forty members were in the house, an all night session evidently being in store. Members of the conservative side are divided into relays. A new set of members came on duty at 4 o'clock. There was an air of weariness over the house of commons on Tuesday morning at the hour at which members generally put in their appearance for a day's work. Everything looked untidy and unkempt. Members were reclining listlessly in their chairs listening in a half sleepy manner to monotonous orations. At eight o'clock Hon. Messrs. Daly and Prior were the only two members on the treasury benches, and thirty other members represented the commons of the do. At one point in the chamber Sam Hughes and Mr. Mulock were confabing; at another point Clarke Wallace and Billy Maclean were sitting up, while Mr. Girouard was busily engaged in trying to place a paper hat labelled "sleep darling," on the head of Mr. Turcotte. During the course of Mr. Bain's speech, three French members created a hindrance and awoke their slumbering colleagues by bursting into the chamber, one playing a mouth organ and another keeping time with "rooters." To revert for a moment to the early hours of the morning, it may be said that Clarke Wallace kept up his end in good style until four o'clock, when he was joined by the Hon. Mr. Haggart and Mr. O'Brien. A new leader of the opposition had been installed and wished him to state his policy. This was too much for Mr. McDonald, who hurriedly left the legislature. Mr. Haggart and Mr. O'Brien, Messrs. Haggart and O'Brien took the places of Daly and Prior, while Mr. Mills gave way to Mr. Bergeron as chairman. Mr. Bergeron took the chair, and Mr. Bergeron Maclean sat down, but Mr. Martin thought the committee was not ready, as many members had just come who had not heard the arguments of the opposition. Mr. Haggart and Mr. Martin rehearsed them. Mr. Mulock also very obligingly repeated the arguments of the early morning, and chaffed the government. He pictured Sir Charles Tupper as dying in his country in his own quiet bed in his comfortable room in the building. Sir Richard Cartwright he entered and got the floor. He said he had been very busy in the morning, and was now prepared to look after the constitution of the country. He reminded the house of many past incidents when lengthy sessions were held on to the administration of the country. Mr. Haggart by recalling the time when the minister of railways and Sir Charles Tupper obstructed the house for eight hours because Le (Sir Richard) had not been present. 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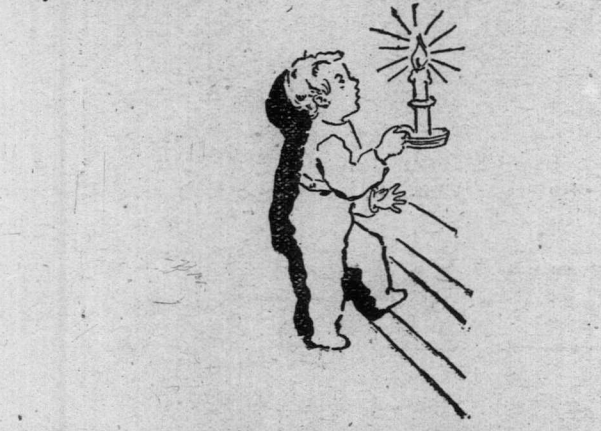
ment was adopted, and a further one of Mr. Langelier to include the books published in any country...

A motion that the committee should rise was made by Mr. Fraser shortly after 2 o'clock Friday morning.

We have Cheap Goods for you, We have Good Goods for you, We have New Spring Goods for you, We have Bargains for you.

The place to spend your money wisely and well is at BEER BROS.

For the last three months whilst the storms of winter have been howling around you...



We have been persistently searching the markets all over the continent to procure for you

- Every useful and pretty novelty, Every desirable fabric, Every bang up bargain.

and have now in stock one of the finest assortments of Dry Goods for the spring trade you have ever had shown to you.

- We will sell you Roller Toweling for 3 cents, And a much better line for 5 cents, A good honest Flannel for 7 cents...

BEER BROS.

The chairman—Mr. Choquette must take back the word "lie." Dr. Berger—I move that Mr. Choquette's words be taken down.

The same obstructive tactics were continued all day Saturday and Sunday night.

Break Up a Cold in Time BY USING PNYN-PECTORAL

Province Legislature. TUESDAY, April 7. Mr. Warburton presented a petition from Alexander McLure and others...

WEDNESDAY, April 8. Mr. Godkin presented a petition from B. T. Holm...

Table with financial data: Administration of Justice, Board of Health, Coroners' Inquests, Dairy Association, Executive Council, Education, Exhibitions, Hospital for Insane, Interest, Legislative Library, Miscellaneous grants, Miscellaneous expenditure, Newspapers, Poor House, Postage, etc.

Mr. Arthur Peters asked the Commissioner of Public Works if he had received a petition from the inhabitants of Morell...

THURSDAY, April 9. Mr. Arthur Peters asked the Commissioner of Public Works if he had received a petition from some of the inhabitants of Morell...

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LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Buy your boots at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

Buy your clothing at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

Buy men's and boys' felt hats at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

Six JOHN SCHULTZ, ex-Governor of Manitoba, died in Mexico on Sunday last.

It is a "shoe" thing to please. What! Goff Bros new boots. April 15.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Howland entertained members of the Legislature to dinner this evening.

Now is the time to get cheap glass and crockeryware as we want to make room for new goods.

A LADY STEPHEN, wife of Lord Mount Stephen, one of the principal promoters of the C. P. R., died in London on Saturday last.

Why do Goff Bros. do such a big business? Simply by giving a little more and taking a little less than anybody else.

In consequence of the great demand for Central Creamery butter, the price has been advanced to 22 cents per pound.

A C. P. R. express train from Halifax, ran into a milk wagon two miles from St. John, on Saturday morning last.

The Steamer Halifax of the Plant Line is expected to reach here from Boston about the first week in May.

The first sailing of the Black Diamond Line steamers from Montreal for Charlottetown and St. John's Nfld., via North Sydney, will be about May 5th.

DINER sets, Chamber sets, glass water sets, berry sets, cups, saucers, plates, teapots, and china egg cups, cheap, as we want to make room for new goods.

In consequence of the large amount of space occupied by our parliamentary reports, we are obliged to leave out several matters of importance.

The Stanley reached Charlottetown early on Saturday, bringing over a large quantity of mail, the accumulation of several days.

We would again remind our readers of the lectures on the "Destiny of Canada," to be delivered by Hon. D. Laird in St. Patrick's Hall, on Monday evening next.

At the Imperial House of Commons on Monday last, the Irish Land Bill was introduced, and its provisions were explained by Gerald Balfour.

As the general intention of the devotion of the League of the Cross for the month of April is the "Catholic Press," the article under the same caption, from the pen of Walter Leake, which we reproduce on our first page, comes in most opportune...

In consequence of the Stanley being prevented from crossing several days last week, mail was ordered to the Cape.

At the Charlottetown Hospital on the 14th inst., Bernard McPhillips, aged 78 years.

In Boston, on Dec. 15th, last, of diphtheria, Almon Hersey Jordan, beloved husband of Rebecca Higgins Jordan, aged 29 years.

At Little Pond, Lot 36, on April 8th, after an illness of five days of paralysis of the heart, Charles McDonald Esq., in the 59th year of his age.

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THE PEOPLE'S STORE

"We Can't be Beat."

Now is the Day! and Now is the Hour!

These immortal words of the great Scottish chieftain should not be lost sight of in the grand opportunity that

present itself to economical housewives to provide daily wants at bargain prices.

4,000 yards heavy Fleecy Cotton, - 7c up

4,000 yards good Bed Tickings, - 10c up

20,000 yards strong Gingham Shirtings, - 6c up

50,000 yards Grey and White Cottons, - 3c up

ANOTHER BROADSIDE

of special opportunities thrown across your path by the People's Store.

1,000 yards Pillow Cottons, 12c. up

2,000 yards Grey and White Sheetings, - 16c. up

2,500 yards New Flannel-ettes, - 5c. up

15,000 yards Mat Canvas, - 5c. up

1,500 yards best Cashmere, for 50c

We are selling these goods CHEAP!

CHEAP! CHEAP! to make a clearance for the

Big Spring Stock

Now on the way.

TRY THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Hundreds of new Felt Hats, Shirts, Collars, Braces, Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Boas and underwear of every quality.

\$13 to \$20.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail.

AT THE EXCELSIOR Tailoring Establishment

You can get a good ALL-WOOL SUIT at \$15, ALL-WOOL TWEED SUIT at \$14, other suits and Spring Overcoats at bottom prices, or save your dollars by bringing your own cloth and get it made and trimmed good and cheap at.

CALDER & SONS.

Up stairs next to Johnston's Drug Store, Queen Street.

April 15, 1896—41

C. M. B. A. LECTURE

Hon. David Laird will deliver his great lecture on the "Destiny of Canada," under the auspices of Branch 216 C. M. B. A., in St. Patrick's Hall

Monday Evening, 20th instant.

Doors open at 7.30. Lecture commences at 8. Tickets 10 cents.

April 8—41



Great Attractions. We are daily opening and selling rapidly our new stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING

You should see our men's pants for \$1.00, we have every price you can name, and so very reasonable.

Felt Hats. Thousands of Men's felt hats, English and American make any price from 25 cents up.

Our Boot Department is filling up daily, and such bargains. This department is an eye-opener, no one can, and no one will attempt to undersell us. We are the leaders in low prices.

J. B. McDONALD & Co.

To the Clergy

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

We have a fine assortment of Soutane Goods, which we will make up in good style at short notice. We guarantee a perfect fit and finish in every case. Prices ranging from

W. A. WEEKS & CO. OUR SPRING CLOTHS

Suits, Trousers, Overcoats, etc.

Have arrived, and have struck within the circle of popular favor.

Shrewd buyers are investing with us. Our prices are right. We guarantee the best values in the market. Call and examine our stock.

John MacLeod & Co.

March 4, 1896.

Mortgage Sale. Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction on Wednesday the 21st day of May, A. D. 1896, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Court Building in Charlottetown...

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ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN THE GREAT Family Medicine of the Age. Taken Internally, it Cures Diphtheria, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, etc., etc.

ST. VERONICA'S VAIL. BY G. K. CALLENDER. (In Baltimore Catholic Mirror) As on the first Good Friday And saw Him wither the dead Dragged painfully the heavy cross On which he was to die.

DMITRIOS AND IRENE. OR— The Conquest of Constantinople. A HISTORICAL ROMANCE. (Copyrighted) BY CHARLES WARREN CURRIER.

CHAPTER XIX. The dreary night was at an end. Before the break of day, the Emperor and his guard stood beside the gate of St. Romanus, where the principal breach was yawning to allow the entrance of the foe.

"I will most surely lord, for it may be for us the Vitiators." "Come then, my faithful friends," The Emperor mounted his horse, and his companions following his example, they rode off towards the church in which the Christian mysteries were to be celebrated for the last time.

The Emperor had occupied his usual and he kept Dimitrios and Morosini near him. At the altar stood a priest, clad in the vestments of the Latin Church. A Roman Cardinal, the envoy of the Sverre sign Pontif, was also there, and high dignitaries of the Greek Church.

The Emperor had taken of the Sacrament of the Eucharist in the Church of Justinian. He arose and returned to his seat, to the west of the Sacred edifice, facing the altar. Dimitrios and Morosini also received the Holy Communion.

CHAPTER XX. The morn of the 29th of May was dawning. Faint rays from the East shot over the heads of the valiant leaders of Constantinople, reflecting upon the Turkish army before the ditch.

"Woe! woe!" he cried, "woe to Constantinople!" The Emperor summoning one of his attendants, bade him run after the strange individual, fearing lest his cries might excite a panic among the population.

"Woe to Constantinople! woe to Byzantium! woe to Constantine!" All was silent once more, the man had disappeared.

"The Emperor wishes you to come to him," said the man. The youth immediately obeyed the summons, and, proceeding to the spot where the Sovereign of Byzantium stood, he found Morosini standing beside him.

"Dimitrios," said the monarch, we have loved each other in life, we shall love each other in death. I now proceed to St. Sophia. I feel that it is for the last time. Morosini goes with me. Will you accompany us?"

STRAIGHT AS AN ARROW TO THE MARK.

In all diseases that affect humanity there is some weak link in the chain of health, some spot that is the seat of the trouble. It may be the liver, it may be the stomach; perhaps it is the bowels or the kidneys; most likely it is the blood.

With good red blood health is assured, without it disease is certain to come and Burdock Blood Bitters is the only remedy that will positively remove all blood poisons.

CHAPTER XX. "Oh, my brother, my brother!" This was the stifled cry which burst from the lips of the sister of Dimitrios, as, now and anon, she arose from her attitude of prayer, to give vent to her feelings.

"Weep not for me, my children, weep rather for yourselves. Weep for Constantinople. Whatever its fate, you are to share it." "Courage, dear lady," replied the faithful servant, "God is good."

"The firing has nearly ceased," said Helena, "but that ominous sound, like the distant roar of the ocean, bodes no good. Perhaps at this solemn moment of my life, before our common Creator, and in presence of you, my brethren, I beg you all to forgive me."

"Follow me!" cried Helena, "what does that mean?" "Be calm, lady," replied Zee, "I will go, be careful, venture not into the streets!"

"Follow me!" shouted the Venetian, leading the way. "Dimitrios, where is Dimitrios? I do not want to live without Dimitrios," shrieked the girl, half crazed with terror.

"Help, mercy spare her!" The follower of Mahomet rudely thrust her off, but still she clung to Helena, who was rendered speechless by the sight.

"Begone, hag!" roared the Turk, "this girl is mine. I was the first to lay eyes on her." The faithful servant held on to her mistress.

"I say she is mine by the right of the strongest, or the right of conquest if you like; give her up at once." "I will not, you shall have to fight for her first," you shall have to fight for her first.

"A loud cry is heard; there is a fearful rush; a crowd of Janizaries, headed by Hassan of Ubad. Dimitrios casts a rapid glance around him. Only a few Greeks are visible. Where is Morosini? The Emperor stands there still. But it is all in vain; naught can save him now. His sword still falls upon the heads of the enemy, but he is wounded, covered with blood and exhausted.

ceived by Ali was so great that the clumsy Turk fell sprawling upon the ground.

"Hold him," he cried, "hold the thief, the dog of a Christian!" His companion roared with laughter as he beheld the discomfited Ali struggling to his feet.

"Be cool, Ali," said the other, "don't be angry." "Angry?" roared Ali, "angry? thou lovest, I will choke thee!"

"What is the matter, Ismael?" queried one of their number. "Nothing of importance. Two ravens happened to catch a beautiful little dove, but an eagle suddenly appeared and snatched the dove away from both. The dove is gone and the ravens are fighting it out between themselves."

"Let me go, for Mahomet's sake," cried Ali, "the blood is rushing to my head." "Well, I will let go, for we are losing our precious time, but if you ever again dost threaten to choke me, I will not let thee off so easily."

"The latter, without waiting to reply, hastened to the door. She was met by one of the Venetian guards, running breathlessly into the house. "Noble lady," he exclaimed, "fly, fly quickly, if you value your life; the Turks are upon us!"

"Follow me!" shouted the Venetian, leading the way. "Dimitrios, where is Dimitrios? I do not want to live without Dimitrios," shrieked the girl, half crazed with terror.

"Help, mercy spare her!" The follower of Mahomet rudely thrust her off, but still she clung to Helena, who was rendered speechless by the sight.

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NEW SERIES

Calendar for 1896. Last Quarter, 4th day. New Moon, 13th day. First Quarter, 20th day. Full Moon, 27th day.

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