

YOU CAN RELY
On anything you read in this
paper. It gives facts,
unexaggerated.

VOL. XXVII., NO. 200.

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

We understand that Hon. A. M. Ross, who recently resigned the treasurership of the Province, has been appointed to the position of the County Court of York, owing to the death of Walter Macdonald.

When Mr. J. C. Dance, ex-M.P.P. for St. John's, arrived home from the Methodist Conference in Chatham the other afternoon he was warmly welcomed by a large number of his friends from all parts of the city.

The Berlin Boersen Courier estimates that there are 13,000 different kinds of postage stamps in the world. Last January the Imperial Postal Museum possessed 9,500 sorts, and is now supposed to have at least 20,000 more.

The Austrian and German press are hot with hostility to the introduction of English fashions for men. The German masher, who in Berlin is known as a "patent falke" and in Vienna as a "gigeli," the victim of Anglomania, and his press is trying to save him.

M. Peschkeff, the Cossack officer who left Vladivostok in November last on horseback to ride across Siberia to St. Petersburg, a distance of nearly 5,000 miles, reached the Russian capital on May 31. He received tremendous ovations throughout the day.

Herr Victor Meyer, in an address at Heidelberg, announces that we may reasonably hope that chemistry will teach us to make the fibre of wood the source of human food. The fibre of wood consists essentially of cellulose, and Herr Meyer hopes to make it starch.

The new crown of King Menelik of Abyssinia has just been completed, in Milan. It is of solid gold, weighs four and a half pounds and resembles somewhat in appearance the tiara of the Pope. It is adorned with 120 precious stones, and is valued at \$5,000.

The memoirs of the ex-Empress Eugenie will be first published after her death, and not in the immediate future, as has been stated recently by several Paris dailies. They will reach back to 1859. The ex-Empress claims that she is industriously daily endeavoring to write.

The annual production of india-rubber balls in different countries (in dozens) is: Germany, 2,500,000; France, 800,000; Russia, 750,000; England, 630,000; Austria, 220,000; America, 500,000; Italy, 450,000; total, say 6,500,000 dozens. The demand for German balls is increasing yearly. Germany now exports to England about 800,000 dozens and to America about 950,000 dozens.

The funniest story yet told by Explorer Stanley, and which comes in quite appropriate now, when he is about to forsake a bachelor's life, is that one day when conversing with a friendly tribe during his recent travels, one of the chiefs present inquired how many wives he possessed. Upon Stanley innocently replying that he had none, all those present stood up like one man and unanimously exclaimed, "What a splendid liar!" They instantly admired the apparent calmness with which he had, as they thought, tried to pass off on them a wondrous traveler's tale.

Every man and maid in London, whether of high or low degree, knows what a picnic is. But few are aware of the origin of the word. An exchange gives this derivation: When a picnic was being arranged for, the custom originally was that those who intended to be present should supply the eatables and drinkables. A list of these necessities having been drawn up, it was passed round, and each person picked out the article of food or drink he or she was willing to furnish, and the name of the list was picked or ticked off the list. The open-air entertainment thus became known as a "pick-and-tick." The custom is said to date from 1802, so that the picnic is really an institution of the nineteenth century.

High Honors Captured by a Colored Student.

CHICAGO, May 12.—At the commencement exercises of the Union College of Law held yesterday the member of the graduating class having the highest scholarship, and who delivered the valedictory address, was Franklin A. Dennison, colored, of Texas.

Aimed at the Latter Day Saints.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Mr. Edmunds has introduced a bill in the U. S. Senate providing that all funds or real estate property lately belonging to or in possession or claimed by the corporation of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, to which it shall appear there is no lawful private right, shall be devoted to the benefit of public common schools in Utah, the money to be disposed of by the Secretary of the Interior.

Taking the Census.
NEW YORK, June 12.—Forty persons have thus far been arrested for giving the census enumerators trouble and refusing to answer questions. Out of this number not one has been fined. "Is your home mortgaged?" appears to be one of the questions at which the women rebel. Then, again, they complain that the census man comes around while they are in bed and refuses to leave until they dress. All sorts of excuses are made. The culprits are generally reprimanded and allowed to go.

The Royal Visitors.
OSCAR, June 12.—Yesterday the Duke of Connaught, accompanied by the Duchess and Governor-General Stanley, left the Citadel for the Parliament buildings, to attend the reception tendered them by the city. The Queen's Own Canadian Hussars furnished the escort. The Mayor read a address of welcome, to which the Prince replied in French and English. The party then returned to the Citadel. Both going and returning from the Parliament buildings their Royal Highnesses received many marks of public esteem. At night a dinner party was given in their honor by the Governor-General as the Citadel, followed by a reception, at which leading citizens were present. This morning the Royal party take leave of America in the R. M. steamer Sardinian.

London Times.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1890.

ALEXANDER'S PERIL.

Discovery of a New Movement Against the Czar.

Abortive Caucus of Conservative Members of Parliament.

Austria Announced by Kankoly to be in Perfect Accord with England.

A Prominent New Yorker Arrested for Insulting Emperor William.

Newfoundland's Case Deferred.

LONDON, June 12.—The Newfoundland delegates will sail for home on the 26th inst. The Colonial Office will defer further negotiations pending Sir William Whitehead's arrival.

Religious Paraphernalia Seized.

ROME, June 12.—The authorities have seized, as contraband goods, a quantity of valuable objects of art, in the form of religious paraphernalia in course of transit to Archbishop Walsh at Dublin.

The Czar's Peril.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 12.—The Government has received information of a new movement against the life of the Czar. The guards in the Imperial Palace and at all the approaches to the building have been doubled and several suspects arrested.

Resignation of London's Police Chief.

LONDON, June 12.—It is reported that James Munroe, chief of the Metropolitan Police, has resigned in consequence of a quarrel between himself and the Government over the regulations adopted by the police on the occasion of the demonstration against the License Bill in Hyde Park Sunday last.

Stanley on Emin.

EDINBURGH, June 12.—When Henry M. Stanley made his address before the Geographical Society the Marquis of Lorne, who presided, presented a gold medal to the explorer on behalf of the society. Mr. Stanley gave a graphic account of his journey, and an accomplished gentleman, but in many respects he was a mystery, a fact that the speaker attributed to human vagaries.

Canadian Emigration.

LONDON, June 12.—Sir Charles Tupper held conferences at Liverpool with all the Canadian immigration agents here respecting the means of utilizing the increased immigration grant made by Parliament to the best possible advantage. Whatever is the outcome of this conference, the fear here is that the Ottawa authorities, as usual, override the counsel of practical men and persist in the policy so often pursued hitherto.

The Serbian Press in Disfavor.

BELGRADE, June 12.—The Serbian Government has seized all Austrian and Hungarian newspapers to be found in its territory. The Serbian Prime Minister has sent a message to the Austrian Minister at Vienna in which he regrets the attitude assumed by the press of Serbia in regard to Austria, and assures Austria of Serbia's sincere friendship.

Activity in French Royalist Circles.

PARIS, June 12.—Since the release of the Duke of Orleans, Royalist circles in Paris have been in a state of feverish activity. There is every reason to believe that the Comte de Paris is about to issue a manifesto to the French nation, as he has arranged for a grand council to take place Wednesday and Thursday at St. Cloud, near Paris. All the members of the Orleans family and their advisers will be present for the purpose of considering the political situation. On Friday and Saturday a reception of Royalists will be held in the Chamber of the French Senate.

In End Company.

BERLIN, June 12.—A sensation has been caused here this week by the arrest of Joseph Jansson, of the firm of Meyer, Jansson & Co., of 308 Broad Street, New York, on the charge made by a couple of drunken students for libeling Emperor William. The police officers declined to entertain Jansson's protests, and ordered his removal to jail. He was taken to a dirty cell, compelled to give up his clothes and wear prison garb. For three days and nights he was kept in solitary confinement, and given food in a filthy condition. Friends then secured his release on bail. His accusers now say they made the charge while drunk and remember nothing about the affair.

Austria in Accord with England.

PESTH, June 12.—During the sitting of the Foreign Committee of the Hungarian delegation yesterday Herr Zalk asked whether Count Kankoly would endeavor to secure the recognition by the various powers of Prince Ferdinand as the ruler of Bulgaria. Count Kankoly said the answer was yet of secondary importance. He said, ought to strengthen and develop the independence of the Balkan states as far as possible. He would not countenance sharper measures against Serbia. He declared Austria was completely in accord with England, and especially in regard to affairs in the east.

Conservative Caucus.

LONDON, June 12.—The caucus of the Conservative party called to consider the present status of matters now before Parliament, was held at the Carlton Club to-day. Lord Salisbury announced that the Government would not abandon the Irish Land Purchase Bill. In order to cope with the business which is now blocking proceedings of Parliament, bills which reach an advanced stage during one session would be resumed at next session at the stage at which they had been left at the preceding session subject to the resolution of the House.

James Lowther, Robert William Harbary and others condemned as a course of procedure. They declared it would initiate a bad system in legislation. The matter was discussed for half an hour when the caucus separated without adopting any formal resolution or subject.

THE ANGLICANS.

The Toronto Synod and the Dominion Alliance—An Alleged "Piece of Impertinence."

TORONTO, June 12.—At the second day's Conference of the Synod of the Diocese of Toronto, among the correspondence was a communication from the officers of the Dominion Alliance asking that the Synod appoint four delegates to attend the Alliance meeting in Montreal on Aug. 14 and 15. Col. Robert Denison asked if it was expected that the Synod should pay the expenses of those delegates.

Rev. Dr. Carry, of Port Perry, also spoke with much warmth. "Are these people ignorant?" he asked, "of the principles of the Church of England as represented by the C. E. T. S.? They ask us to renounce those principles by giving our countenance to prohibition. I say it is a piece of impertinence." Rev. Canon Allan, Millbrook, took strong ground against the tone of Rev. Dr. Carry's remarks. He said: "We must give these people credit for sincerity although we do not believe in their movement. We cannot move with them, but I think it is beneath the dignity of this Synod to insult them." Rural Dean Allen moved that the communication be acknowledged and a courteous reply sent the Alliance.

Rev. J. P. Lewis, of Grace Church, wanted the Synod to have backbones enough to state its dissent from the prohibitionists, and state its declaration of the Alliance's invitation. "The Church of England," he concluded, "doesn't believe in prohibition, and should say so." Rev. J. P. Lewis moved an amendment with regard to the Dominion Alliance's communication which, by the withdrawal of Rural Dean Allen's motion, became the main motion. It reads:

That the communication addressed to the Synod by the Dominion Alliance be acknowledged by the secretaries, and that they be directed to inform the Alliance that this Synod is in deep sympathy with all efforts for the suppression of drunkenness and intemperance, but that it does not approve of prohibition, and should say so.

The last part of this motion roused a protest from Mr. J. A. Worrell and from Col. Bolton, of Cobourg. Mr. Worrell asked Ontario to adopt such legislation as will secure to every Christian denomination in the country the right of free expression of opinion, and thought they already possessed, and will also secure to them equal rights with the Catholics. He said that the resolution of the Synod and members of the church who did not. The Synod had never considered the question of the right of expression of opinion, and should not offend against an opinion of them. The object desired would be attained if the secretaries were instructed to acknowledge the communication, and send the Alliance a copy of the constitution of the C. E. T. S. This he put into the shape of an amendment, which was adopted and the matter dropped.

The object of the motion was to send a permit to the Rev. Rural Dean Langtry, giving notice of a resolution in regard to separate schools for Protestants, as follows: That this Synod petition the Government of Ontario to adopt such legislation as will secure to every Christian denomination in the country the right of free expression of opinion, and thought they already possessed, and will also secure to them equal rights with the Catholics. He said that the resolution of the Synod and members of the church who did not. The Synod had never considered the question of the right of expression of opinion, and should not offend against an opinion of them. The object desired would be attained if the secretaries were instructed to acknowledge the communication, and send the Alliance a copy of the constitution of the C. E. T. S. This he put into the shape of an amendment, which was adopted and the matter dropped.

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THE WIND'S WORK.

Esqueping Township Visited by a Terrific Tornado.

A Large Number of Buildings Completely Wrecked.

Cyclone in Illinois—A Number of Persons Badly Injured.

MILTON, June 12.—Yesterday afternoon about 2:30 a tornado passed about a mile to the north of this town. About 2 o'clock the clouds gathered dark in the west, and a heavy dash of rain, accompanied by lightning, came up and swept over the county. As the storm was passing a tornado suddenly developed on the line of the C. & N. W. Railroad, near the works of the Toronto and Chisholm Press Brick and Terra Cotta Company, taking an easterly direction, wrecking fences and buildings in its course. The first building touched was William Custer's barn on the Chisholm line, the tornado struck the barn, which was unroofed. About half a mile further the whirling column struck the sheds and barn of Malcolm Chisholm, wrecking the sheds and unroofing the barn. His dwelling house was next attacked, and badly shattered, chimneys being torn down, and windows and doors destroyed. Just across the road from Chisholm's the tornado struck the barn and sheds of Alex. McNab, and made an almost complete wreck of them. Fortunately, his residence escaped. The storm then rushed across the fields for about a mile, further leveling fences and trees in its course, and then apparently had expended its force, as to further damage is reported.

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THE TRIPP CASE.

How the Ingersoll Doctor Was Suspected of Poisoning His Mother.

The following dispatch, gives additional particulars of the Tripp case: Dr. Moses E. Tripp, of this town, whose elopement with Mrs. Andrews last February was cut short by the arrest of the party at Detroit at the instance of the outraged husband, returned to Ingersoll yesterday morning. He was promptly arrested for contempt of court in not appearing to a charge laid against him by Mr. Tim Cantrill, as soon as this little matter was disposed of, Detective B. B. Allen, of London, rearrested the Doctor on a charge of poisoning his mother, who died last June, and conveyed him to Woodstock for a preliminary hearing, when he was remanded to jail for eight days. Some years ago Dr. Tripp failed in business and has led a dissolute life ever since. His father, a wealthy farmer of this town, who died two years ago, was induced to alter his will so that the scapegrace son, who had previously been disinherited, might at the option of his mother be appointed guardian of his estate, and a share of his father's estate. Mrs. Tripp, senior, was an invalid and Mrs. Andrews, the doctor's inamorata, was engaged to nurse her. She survived her husband about a year, but the last bequeathed the bulk of the estate to the Doctor after her death. The guardian of the Doctor's infant children brought an action to set aside this will on the ground of coercion, and set up another will made a few days before which gave the property to the children. The suit was finally compromised, and a division of the property made. From that time forward the Doctor seems to have devoted the greater part of his time to Mrs. Andrews and her daughter until their arrest in Detroit separated them. The Doctor went to live with a distant relative in Detroit named Mrs. Pope, to whom he subsequently conveyed a valuable farm of 200 acres in Oxford. Several letters from Mrs. Andrews to the Doctor threatening him with exposure in court unless he made provision for her and her children alarmed Mrs. Pope and brought her to Canada to investigate them. She had an interview with Mrs. Andrews in Woodstock in the presence of Mr. McMullen, of Etna, McKay & McMullen. Mrs. Andrews made a statement, which the Doctor refused to dispute, to the effect that the Doctor frequently tampered with his mother's medicine, that he kept poison in the house and that the medicine which he gave her made her very sick. No direct charge of poisoning was made, but many suspicious circumstances were related. By some means this statement fell into the hands of Detective Allen, who considered it of sufficient weight to have the Doctor arrested.

Tripp was yesterday afternoon brought before Wm. Grey, J.P., and allowed to go on his own recognizance in \$500 to appear before J. M. Field on the 17th inst. The opinion prevails that the case surely cannot be a very strong one or such leniency would not be shown.

The secret of Mrs. Andrews' action toward Tripp is said to be that Tripp has transferred his affections to Mrs. Andrews' daughter, and they were to have been married to-day. The Doctor refused to dispute, to the effect that the Doctor frequently tampered with his mother's medicine, that he kept poison in the house and that the medicine which he gave her made her very sick. No direct charge of poisoning was made, but many suspicious circumstances were related. By some means this statement fell into the hands of Detective Allen, who considered it of sufficient weight to have the Doctor arrested.

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EVENING
EDITION

WHOLE NO., 8632

TEA BISCUITS

Delicious Tea Biscuits and Cakes can always be made when you use our superior Baking Powder. Being an absolutely pure cream tartar powder your biscuits will always be sweet and wholesome.

PRICE, 25c. PER POUND.

New Perfumes, Sachet Powders, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, etc., just received.

Cairncross & Lawrence

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

256 Dundas Street, - London.

THE KEMMLER CASE.

The Writ of Habeas Corpus Dismissed by Judge Wallace.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 12.—Judge Wallace, on motion of the Attorney-General, has vacated and dismissed the writ of habeas corpus in Wm. Kemmler's case. The Attorney-General appeared for the agent and warden of Auburn Prison. In the Judge's order he recites the facts of the issuing of the writ, and now since the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the sentence under which Kemmler is sentenced is due process of law, and that he is not held and detained contrary to the Constitution of the United States, the writ is recalled and dismissed, and Kemmler remanded to the agent and Warden Durston's custody in order that the judgment of the Court of Oyer and Terminer may be duly executed.

CURRENT CONDENSATIONS.

CANADIAN.

Sir John Macdonald will probably leave for River du Loup on July 1.

Fire at Domes' brewery, Chabouillet Square, Montreal, Wednesday, did \$4,000 damage.

The Hon. S. H. Blake has given the Toronto Young Woman's Christian Guild \$1,000 towards their new building.

Principal Grant delivered the annual discourse before the General Assembly at Ottawa on Wednesday. He took for his text Hebrews xiii, 28-29.

There is great activity in the phosphate industry in Ottawa county. It is expected that this season's output will surpass the record for previous years.

The application for a medical examination as to the sanity of Dubois, the St. Albans, Que., murderer, has been refused by the Minister of Justice.

The first Synod of the Reformed Episcopal Church in Canada opened Wednesday in St. Bartholomew's Church, Montreal. About 35 delegates were present.

The

THE METHODIS

Closing Session of the
Conference.
Final Draft of Stations—Dr.
Case Dealt With—Interest
tures of the Guelph, Nis
Montreal and Bay
Quinte Con-
ferences.
LONDON.
CHATHAM, June 11.—The Co
at 9 o'clock, the Pres

London District—London, Col. Thos. Crews (superannuated), J. E. Holmes (superannuated), Wm. H. Hays (superannuated), Mrs. E. Park, W. Hays (superannuated), J. B. Darches (superannuated), J. A. Ayer (superannuated), J. B. Millard; and D. D. Hughes (superannuated).
Melrose District—Melrose, Mass. McAllen (Victoria College), ad. Exeter District—Elmville, J. H. Place of J. B. Kennedy, T. R. McNeil; Melrose. In place of Samuel Salton; Grand Junction (Victoria College), ad. M. S. Thomas District—Iona, E. M. G. Geo. Jewell.
New York District—Lyons, Jas.

place of J. B. Kennedy; Brown
ing, in place of C. S. Hays;
Snel added; Silkefordville, J. B.
Jas. Hussan, Kingslake,
Chatham District—Blenheim,
Wm. Haunst; Dover,
H. H. Chant, D.
in place of J. H. Chant, D.
in place of P. W. Jones,
B. Millyard, in place of Wm. G.
Dawn, one ward.
Ridge District—Amherstburg,
added; Arner, to be supplied;
Yelland, in place of M. Griffin;
H. Chant, in place of T. E. Coople;
T. E. Coople, added.

Ridgetown District—Har-
Jewitt, in place of J. G. Yelland;
Thamesville, M. Griffin;
J. Allin; Florence, A. Down, in

Sarnia District—Adolph J.
 place of J. H. Kirkland; E. H. Orme;
 land, in place of J. F. Furchild;
 Sarnia District—Ravenswood ad-
 J. Husar, in place of Jas. G. Under-
 E. McNaig, in place of Russell;
 Sarnia District, in place of E. M.
 Chairmen and Financial Sec-
 dtn. Wm. Melnchson, chairman;
 person, secretary;
 J. C. Wilson, secretary;
 J. G. Scott, chairman; E. Mid-
 taylor, Aymer, Dr. Pascoe, chair-
 Jackson, secretary;
 chairman; Wm. Godwin, secreta-
 J. C. Gundy, chairman; T. W.
 secretary. Ridgetown, J. Graham,
 W. H. Shaw, secretary. Strath-
 Aylesworth, chairman; Charles
 Sarnia, T. Cullen, chairman.

son, secretary.

Rev. T. Cullen read the address, which was adopted by voice and directed to be read in churches.

Rev. Dr. Sanderson introduced a resolution expressing the great loss which had suffered in the death of Williams, D.D., general superintendent. Several of the ministers sustained the resolution in addresses of sympathy.

The Temperance Committee reported and the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That petitions be signed in every city and sent to the Dominion of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in support of the petition of the

ing the prohibition and sale of alcoholic
as a Conference we are willing to
with the Presbyterian and all other
demanding by law, we are not
w. 2. That we keep the
total prohibition prominently before
church and the public as the only
of the State in reference to
should be to press upon the
necessity of total abstinence as
course for the individual.
especially advocate these the
of young people in the
school, Sunday school and all
places. As an immediate prac-
tice we request our members to
total temperance meetings if
changes, seeking the reformation
and the persuasion of the people
to total abstinence, and to fol-
low the example of the church.

decision in the number of the lie
their localities, either through
councils or license commissions.
This conference was held at
Alliance to send four dele
next Alliance meeting to be held
Aug. 18, 1890, and that Revs. W.
F. Austin, B.D., and J. W. Mc
Ward be the delegates. The
mittee further recommended the
committee on Temperance be a
posed of Revs. T. B. McNair,
H. T. Tamm, and J. W. Mc
Temperance Committee of 1891.

Considerable time was taken
discussing General Conference
Many of the resolutions aimed
ment in the expenditure of t
the missionary fund. The co

The following treasurers were
Contingent fund, Rev. J. L. Parsons;
Conference, R. C. Parsons; edu-
cational fund, J. L. Parsons;
Foreign fund, J. L. Parsons;
Home fund, J. L. Parsons;
Industrial fund, J. L. Parsons;
Missionary fund, J. L. Parsons;
Sabbath school fund, J. L. Parsons;
Sunday school fund, J. L. Parsons;
Union church fund, J. L. Parsons;

A resolution was heartily pressing thanks to Revs. R. J. A. H. Going and the friends for their kind hospitality at the Conference.

Moved by Dr. Sandersson, Rev. W. McDonagh:

That this Conference cordially thank the Rev. General Synod of this Conference, and hail his brother, and one in whose ability the Conference has confidence, prays the great Head of the Church, and the long spare our honored brother, of which he is so valued a member, discharge of the varied duties of his office.

It was unanimously adopted.

At the annual Conference meeting, which was held in Church, Superintendent Car chair. Revs. Dr. Briggs and land were the speakers.

Dr. Briggs said he remem used to go as junior memb gushed deputation to a mis where there would be a gr missions, and they would money to pay for the candle as much noise to-day but

Dr. Sutherland said some-
times he acted as if he carried dynamite
under his arm. Some one said to him before
Sunday night: "Don't say
anything that will stir up any feeling on
some questions." He replied:
"I don't touch any subjects which
anyone except sin and salvation
is talking on the question of ex-
perience." He said by a careful
working of 50 different
societies the society in connection
with the Methodist Church had the
largest percentage of expenses. Dr.
Sutherland made up printed
addresses of the various churches.

cases to Japan. **GUELPH.**
STRATFORD, June 11.—A
exercise the case of G. Smi

CANADA PRESBYTERIAN: Yes, Ontario
is improving. Times of excitement are a
good test and this Province stands the test
well. We have not heard of one fight during
the Ontario elections.

MR. STEWART TUPPER denies that his
father, Sir Charles Tupper, is coming to
Canada in connection with the fisheries
negotiations. Then what is he coming to
Canada for? Surely he is not once more on a
health-seeking journey at the expense of the
taxpayers of Canada.

THE report is revived that Mr. Freed,
editor of the Hamilton Spectator, will be
appointed head of the new Labor Bureau at
Ottawa. Mr. Freed was a member of the
parliamentary Labor Commission, and for a
time its chairman. His taste runs in the
statistical direction. He has had experience
in both the United States and Canada.

MR. MARK DYER, one of the oldest resi-
dents of the City of London, who was a
voter and freeholder prior to the re-
bellion of 1837 and who now owns and
resides on the farm where he resided with his
father in 1820, is one of the old pioneers
who gave his vote in favor of Mr. Purdon
at the recent election. The family always
favored good government.

THE bride of Wm. O'Brien, the well-
known Irish agitator, who was married
yesterday, is Miss. Sophia Raffolovich, who
if her ancestors had remained in Ireland,
would be plain Sophy O'Rafferty, for the
latter was the family name. Her father is
said to be one of the richest merchants in
Odessa. One of her brothers is a dis-
tinguished Russian diplomat; the other a
poet.

IT is not the most unlikely thing in the
world that during the next session of the On-
tario Legislature Mowat will run against a
man that will send him again to the country.
—Toronto World.

THE wish is father to the suggestion. No
one need fear for the future while Mr.
Mowat is at the helm. He has the happy
knack of keeping the ship of State far away
from shoals. Better concern yourself about
the future of your own friends in the Legis-
lature. Mowat is all right.

THE hen which made a tremendous fuss
over the fact that she discovered a porcelain
egg under her was not a patch to the editor
of the Port Arthur Sentinel, who on the
day after the elections could scarcely hold
himself to the earth because he had dis-
covered that the Liberal candidate for Al-
gonquin West had been defeated, that Hon. G.
W. Ross had met a similar fate, and that
the Province had declared "strong for Mer-
edith." It was a case of previousness such
as one rarely meets with.

EXPLORER STANLEY has no end of honors
heaped upon him. The University of
Cambridge this week made him an LL.D.,
and his admirers in the historic old place
presented him with a gown. This gift is
unprecedented at Cambridge, where
usually the recipient of the degree has the
privilege of not only buying his own robes,
but also of paying a considerable fee to the
university that confers the degree, as well
as to the college that has the honor of re-
ceiving him as one of its members. The
best gift of all yet to come, however. On
July 12 next, Mr. Stanley will receive the
hand in marriage of one of England's fair
daughters.

REFERRING to the plight in which Mr.
Meredith finds himself, the Ottawa Journal,
which supported him during the late cam-
paign, says:
"The trouble is he hasn't a single capable man
to back him up in the Legislature except the
Clarks of Ontario, neither of them very
effective artillery. Mr. Clark is shrewd
enough, but principally for himself. Craig,
French and Craighead, the next best men he
had in the last Legislature, are all gone.
They did not amount to much, but there seems
absolutely nothing to replace even them."
The Journal has heard that Mr. Meredith
will resign the leadership. "But," it
mournfully adds, "if he abandons it, who is
to take his place? There is not another on
the Opposition side in the Legislature to be
named in the same breath. The Con-
servatives may well pray that he shall not
come from nothing."

APPLE CROP PROSPECTS.
The apple orchards of Middlesex and
adjacent counties made a wonderful show
of bloom this season, and up to this writing
(June 10) had escaped injury by frost, which
wrought such terrible havoc last year. The
western fruit king, Mr. A. McD. Allan, of
Goderich, writes as follows:
"We never had a finer promise of a large
fruit harvest in all kinds than there is at
present. The trees are in a splendid con-
dition to produce a large crop, and if Jack
Frost keeps away this district will easily
have 150,000 barrels of apples for ex-
port. The pear, plum and cherry crop
promises just as well in proportion, and the
peach trees are ready to burst forth in a
perfect cover of bloom. In some few in-
stances where growers were ignorant enough
to plant on low or undrained land, I hear
of damage to strawberry vines, but gener-
ally speaking, the crop is safe."

THE QUEBEC CONTEST.

In all probability Premier Mercier will
carry Quebec in the elections of next week
by as large a majority as now follows him.
At the nominations his candidates were un-
usually successful, and in not a few
constituencies there are no regulation
Tories running. The worst that can be
said against Mercier by his opponents is
that he is extravagant, that he has been
subsidizing railways, making payments to
the municipalities, and all the time increas-
ing the Provincial debt. The fact that he
conducts his Government in this manner
should not be a serious objection to the
average Tory, however. When Mercier ob-
tained power he found the debt of the Pro-
vince, largely paid out for the bribery of con-
stituencies and of Tory agents who dis-
tributed the money, considerably over \$20,-
000,000, with not a dollar in the treasury.
Mercier has added to the gross debt, but
his claim is that it is much less now than it
would have been had the friends of Lan-
gevain and Chapleau been kept in power.
And there is a plausibility in the defense,
when we come to think of the Tory way of
doing business at Ottawa. A party that
does no wrong in the piling up of debt
by the present Ottawa Government, and
has endorsed the wholesale jobbery that has
characterized the distribution of aid for
railway and other schemes, can scarcely be
troubled with the ruling of a Province,
especially in view of its past record in
Quebec. Mercier might be defeated if
Taillon, the Tory leader, could cut himself
loose from Macdonald and Chapleau, and
the people could forget the Tory record in
the Province. As it is, they cannot be ex-
pected to be very anxious for a change.

FUNNY JOURNALISM.

An American magazine in writing of
journalists and newspapers makes the re-
mark that the present tendency toward
trivialities and personalities will continue
until private rights and public morals are
better protected by the laws, and until the
scale of size and profit in newspapers has
been reached. What the scale of size and
profit has to do with the tendency towards
trivialities and personalities in newspapers
we can only guess at; it is a magazine
writer's way of saying something philoso-
phical, we may suppose. But it is no
doubt a fact that there is a tendency
towards trivialities and personalities in the
modern newspaper, and particularly in the
modern newspaper of Uncle Sam's land.
Even in the Congressional reports the aim
appears to be to catch only what is
piquant or personal, rather than what is
relevant and instructive, and there is much
truth in the remark of the magazine writer
that, however faithful the report of a debate
may be, it is the duty of the sub-editor to
eliminate everything that is not "quaint,
some, imperious or funny." We some-
times think that these things are better
done on our own side of the lakes, and per-
haps that is one reason why, in the Ameri-
can view, we are a slow people. But this
world was not made for fun, and however
pleasing or popular the funny writing of
a journal may be it does not
count for much when the day's work is
ended. It is easy to be funny in a me-
chanical way, and anyone of ordinary news-
paper ability may acquire the art of scribbling
off columns of "funny" stuff every day of
the week. We heard a shrewd member of the
United States Congress say a few months
ago that he greatly desired the political
union of Canada and his own country be-
cause the Canadians are such a solid,
sensible people, and they would make a
splendid ballast in the continental nation.
Perhaps if American newspapers took more
pains to instruct their readers instead of
amusing them the Americans, too, might
become a solid and sensible folk, and could
stand alone without help of Canadian
ballast. The great office of a newspaper is
to give news, and this is but a synonym for
information, instruction, education. And
of necessity the successful journalist must
not merely a man of intelligence and
judgment, but a close and watchful student.
He ought to know all that is going on in
the world about him, in every sphere and
calling of life, and to make the best use of
what he learns day by day he must have
the capacity to digest news and the faculty
to present it to his readers in the most at-
tractive form. This implies that he must
know how to amuse at times as well as how
to instruct, and so a funny remark or a
humorous way of dressing up a subject or
an article of news is never out of place in
a well-edited journal. But the newspaper
whose feature is funny, smart and personal
writing is never likely to have thoughtful
readers, or to make thoughtful readers.
There is far more of earnest than of fun in
the world, and if there was not it would
not last.

A New Millionaire.

[From the Utica Herald.]

After a recent storm a Buffalo man found
eight pounds of hailstones in his hammock.
He has stored them and is now a leading
member of the Ice trust.

Recipe for White Sparrows.

[From the Albany (Ga.) News.]

Mrs. Hobbs, of Albany, was annoyed by
English sparrows, and soaked hominy in
times which to poison them. They ate it,
and it killed them, but every one of them
turned snow white.

The Wickedness of Long Skirts.

[From Kate Field's Washington Letter.]

Recognizing the wickedness of long and
inconvenient skirts, fashion has
latterly reduced riding habits to as short a
fit as is possible with the present
style of get up. Recognizing, too,
the absurdity of the old wide saffron,
which throws up the right leg and
absolutely displaces many vital organs, to
the lasting injury of many women, this
serious detriment to women has been large-
ly overcome, though the only saddle I
know which lies flat on a horse's back and
does not twist a woman out of shape was
invented not long ago by Col. R. E. White,
of Louisville, who seems to have studied
the requirements of both woman and beast
with admirable results.

The Irish Races.

[From the New York Tribune.]

The recent session of the Scotch-Irish
Congress suggests the fact, not generally
understood, that a great many races may
be found in Ireland between which there
has been little assimilation. In Ulster, of
course, there is a large English element,
and of S. A. and Highland Scots,
while in the southern portion of the island
there is a population having a strong Iberian
strain; and here and there all over
the island, and even in half Celtic and
half Anglo-Saxon, and right good Irishmen
they are, too. Ethnologists also claim that
they are Welsh-Irish, Danish-Irish, and of
course, Irish-Irish. Even the Irish brogue
is more English than Irish, for it is said to
be largely a survival of the West of Eng-
land form of speech, which has long ago
become obsolete in England itself.

R. Fellows, M. D., of Hill, N. H., says

that he has made use of WINTER'S BALSAM
or WILD CHERRY for several years, and it
has proved to be very reliable and effica-
cious in the treatment of severe and long-
standing coughs. He says that it saved the
life of at least one of his patients.

He is a simpleton who imagines that the

chief power of wealth is to supply wants.
In 99 cases out of 100 it creates more wants
than it supplies. —(Zimmerman.)

Castoria is recommended by physicians

for children teething. It is a purely vege-
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less extraction.

was 19,574, the aggregate of Conservative
majorities was only 4,875, being an average
majority of 381 for 51 Liberal members, and
of 147 for 33 Conservative, and a net total
majority over the Province for the Liberals
of 14,586.

But the significance of the vote becomes
more apparent when the details of majorities
are examined. There are six constituencies
in which a change of 33 votes, or an increase
of 65 in the number of Liberal votes cast,
would have given the Government a major-
ity of 29 in the House; there are nine con-
stituencies in which a change of 91 votes, or
an addition of 182 to the number of Liberal
votes cast, would have given the Govern-
ment a majority of 35 in the House; and
there are nineteen constituencies in which a
change of 500 votes, or the polling of an
extra 1,000 Liberal votes, would have given
the Government a majority of 65 in the
House. In other words, had the friends of
the Government in nineteen constituencies
elected themselves, and the friends of the
opposition in one more Liberal in each
polling sub-division—and a less number
would accomplish the object—the number
of Mr. Mowat's followers in the new
Legislature would have been more
times the number of Mr. Meredith's fol-
lowers, or 73 Liberals to 13 Conservatives.
And we have no doubt but that in each of
those nineteen constituencies a sufficient
number of Liberal votes remained unpolled
not only to accomplish this result but to
give each Liberal candidate a majority of at
least 50 over his opponent. Mr. Meredith
and his party, it is plain, have barely
escaped a crushing defeat, and although we
recognize how dangerous an overwhelming
majority would have been to the Govern-
ment it is a matter for rejoicing that the
people have, as the figures of the election
show, put the stamp of their strong dis-
approbation upon the tactics employed to
snatch a victory for the Conservative party.
Race and religion cries, let us now hope,
have received their quietus in the fair
commonwealth of Ontario.

There is just one other lesson which the
election figures teach, and we want the
Liberals of Ontario to ponder over it and
live up to it. When the next election
comes round, the one for the Dominion
Parliament, let every Liberal vote in every
polling division be polled. Let the Liberal
party in Ontario send a splendid
Liberal contingent to the House of Commons
a year and a half hence.

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Stomach, Sick Head-
ache, it will afford im-
mediate relief. Its
pleasant taste and
milk-like smoothness
render it very valu-
able for infants. It
positively prevents
indigestion and
good morning on the
stomach.

Bad Taste
in the Mouth,
Nausea,
Sour Stomach,
Impure
Breath.

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Need Perfect Days for June—and here they are!

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Elaine, A Love Song. Van de Water. 50c.
Mirrah, Song. Adam Gelbel. 50c.
Signal Bells at Sea. Song. W. S. Hays. 40c.
Old Home Down on the Farm. Hubbs. 40c.
Visions of West Wallows. F. T. Baker. 60c.
Dance Ecossaise. F. T. Baker. 60c.
Edelweiss. Gilbert. 50c. E. Vanderbeck.
60c.

Battle Won. Triumphal March. E. Holst.
50c.

IN BOOK FORM.

Sabbath Day Music. For Piano. Very beau-
tiful music. More than 40 sacred airs.
Song Classics. The best of the
music of 19 operas. Arr. for Piano. 60c.
Young Players' Popular Collection. 61
very easy and very good pieces.
Classic Four-Hand Collection. 19 Piano
Pieces. Highly trained by good players.
Piano Classics. Volume 2. Marvelously
good pieces, all those of Vol. 1.

Song Classics. Volume 2. Grand music.
Any book or piece mailed for retail price, which
for any one of the superior books above
is sent in time with \$1.

OLIVER DITSON COMPANY, Boston

C. H. Ditson & Co.,

87 Broadway, New York.

INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE, ONTARIO.

“The Seat of Trouble Here is at once

“Eaten.”

But unfortunately human troubles are not so easily

located, and though it is a fact that most disease is

caused by a weak stomach which needs aid, and if

traced in time with \$1.

MALTOPEPSIN

(An artificial gastric juice—formula on every label.)

is easily put into good shape, the average person is

permeated by spread eagle advertisements to take

some drastic medicine to move the bowels and so

by overeating, though the trouble were instead of

better. MALTOPEPSIN, taken regularly, gives to

the stomach what it lacks, namely, gastric juice, and

cures Dyspepsia and Indigestion in a rational and

thorough manner. Send for a sample for value.

HAZEN MORSE,

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the stomach what it lacks, namely, gastric juice, and

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