

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SEERS

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 40

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Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

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Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

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A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

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### Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town. When you buy your

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I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

## H. H. BROWN,

The Young Men's Man.  
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3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in Furniture and Carpets!

And we guarantee you Better Goods for Less Money Than you'll find anywhere else.

## MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.

## OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

## McKenna's Grocery,

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Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) .....

(And Address) .....

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Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

### Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,  
PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN  
Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

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Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,  
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### Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.  
CHARLOTTETOWN.

### Growth of the Faith in Asia.

At what period was first made his appearance in Asia, despite the many learned treatises written upon the subject, still is a matter of conjecture. The general opinion now prevalent is that two great races, the Semitic and the Mongolian, controlled the destinies of the vast continent. The former with whom we are principally concerned, occupied the south-western portion of Asia, the Mediterranean, the Red Sea and Persian Gulf territories, Syria, Phoenicia, Palestine, Arabia and the basins of the Tigris and Euphrates. These countries may be described as the cradle of Christianity, since after the death of Christ, these were the regions in which Christianity won over its early recruits, Palestine and Syria being the first recipients of the new religion, the Jewish communities naturally supplying the first members.

From the acts of the Apostles, it can be clearly shown that as early as the second half of the first century of the Christian era, Christian communities were thriving in the following Asiatic centres: Jerusalem, Damascus, Samaria, Lydia, Joppa, Saron, Caesarea, Antioch, Tyre, Sidon, Taras, Cyprus, Smyrna, Malta and Seleucia.

From the signatures of the various Asiatic bishops who assisted at the Council of Nice in 325, we are certain that in all of the above cities and in many others, there already existed before 300 A. D., not only Christian communities, but also well-organized churches, dioceses and ecclesiastical centres. In Edessa, Mesopotamia and Babylonia we have positive traces of fully organized dioceses and churches, as early as the first half of the third century, with many illustrious saints and martyrs.

In the fourth, fifth, sixth, and the beginning of the seventh century, until the rise of Islam, Christianity became the dominant and generally accepted religion of Western Asia, with the exception of Arabia, the Christian Church being subject to two mighty rivals, the Roman and the Persian.

Rome governed Palestine, Syria, north-west Arabia, west Euphrates, Mesopotamia and Asia Minor; Persia governed east Euphrates, Mesopotamia, North-east Arabia, Assyria, Babylonia, Persia and Media.

The progress of Christianity was fatally arrested by the rivalry of the conquering Arab, however, threatened Christianity in Western Asia with total extinction, a fate from which it was only rescued by the enlightenment of certain Persian provincial governors who permitted the exercise of the faith in places like Damascus and Bagdad. Till the thirteenth century, Christianity flourished exceedingly, the Mongol invasion at this period, putting an end to its progress and inaugurating a period of wholesale persecution.

Missionary work by Catholic Orders became very active in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries in which Franciscan, Dominican, Carmelite and Jesuit missions began to bring back schismatic sects to the faith. The great stream of conversions not only of individuals, but of whole communities, has continued to this day, the actual state of Catholicity in Asia being as follows: Asiatic Turkey, 700,000 or one-fifth of the whole Christian population; Persia, 5,000 Catholic Armenians; India, including Ceylon, 2,100,000 with 4,938 churches and chapels, 106 seminaries and colleges, 2,312 schools, 37 hospitals, 2,190 European missionaries, 1 patriarch (in Goa), 7 archbishops, 26 bishops, 3 Apostolic Vicars and 3 Apostolic Prefects.

The number of Protestants in India is 750,000. China, 820,000 under 39 Apostolic Vicars, with 955 European missionaries, 4,067 churches and schools, 96 colleges and 62 hospitals.

In Korea, there are 45,000 Catholics with 1 bishop and 42 priests. In Japan, the Catholics number 60,500 with one archbishop, 3 bishops and 130 missionary priests. In Indo-China there are 320,000 Catholics with 410 priests, 3,304 churches and chapels, 24 seminaries and colleges, 2,349 schools and 38 hospitals. In the Philippine Islands, there are 6,000,000 Catholics, governed by an Apostolic Delegate, 1 archbishop and 4 bishops with numerous secular and regular priests. In Asiatic Russia, there are some 75,000 Catholics. The grand total of Catholics in Asia amounts to 10,625,000. N. F. Freeman's Journal.

You can save from 20 to 80 dollars on an organ if you buy it from us. No middle-men's profits to pay. Write to-day.—Miller Bros., the P. E. Island Music House.

### Recent Cures at Famous Shrine.

This year, writes the Paris correspondent of the Dublin Irish Catholic, the miracles wrought at Lourdes were as numerous and as marvelous as ever. Of course, the very large number of cases reported at the office of the basilica where the cures are inscribed will, as is always the practice, be carefully investigated and followed up before they are proclaimed. But already the Croix has given the publicity bureau the facts as to thirty-one miraculous cures on the occasion of the grand national pilgrimage.

As in previous years, the "White Train," as it is called, in which the most terribly afflicted pilgrims travel, bore its burden of suffering creatures from the French capital to the Grotto of Massabielle, hoping that the Queen of Heaven would obtain for them the grace of being cured. And, as a matter of fact, several of the persons restored to health were among the pilgrims of the "White Train," which contained none but patients whose cases had been regarded as hopeless by members of the medical profession.

First may be mentioned the case of a man of thirty-three years of age named Lebozec, living in Rue Saint Manr, Paris. He brought to Lourdes a medical certificate declaring he was suffering from tuberculosis in the third stage. He had presented himself to perform his military service in November, 1896, but had been liberated from the army in the following February as unfit for military service. In October of the same year he was admitted into the Lariboisiere Hospital, but after a month's treatment was sent away as incurable. Lebozec's condition became worse and worse, till, having gone to Lourdes in the national pilgrimage, he was plunged into the piscina on August 19. He was for a moment seized with a contraction of the throat, and then felt completely powerless to draw a breath. In a few minutes he, however, recovered, and felt he was cured. Ten doctors who examined him at Lourdes after he left the piscina have all failed to discover any trace of the tuberculosis, of which disease Lebozec was, so to say, dying. Naturally this case is regarded as the most important.

However, the cure of Vincent Filippi, thirty-one years of age, living at 214 Rue de Faubourg Saint Honoré, Paris, can scarcely be considered as less so. He brought to Lourdes the following certificate, signed by Dr. Kalt, of the Hospice des Quinze Vingts (the hospital for the Blind): "I, the undersigned (Dr. Kalt), certify that Vincent Filippi is suffering from complete and incurable blindness, consequent on the pigmented affection of the retina of both eyes." Filippi lost his sight five years ago. He went first to the Quinze Vingts Hospital, where a suture of two vomica was prescribed. He followed that treatment about two months without deriving any benefit from it. The patient then consulted Dr. Galewsky, who told him that his case was incurable. He did not, however, abandon hope, and went to the Hotel Dieu to consult Dr. Laperonne, who confirmed the declaration of Dr. Galewsky that the disease he was suffering from was incurable. Filippi received the same discouraging reply to his subsequent applications to the physicians at the Lariboisiere and Kothobill Hospitals, and also from Dr. Forbin, of 32 Avenue Friedland, Paris. It was after all these specialists had pronounced that his blindness was incurable that Filippi went to Lourdes. On August 19 he approached the piscina and washed his eyes. He returned the next day, after having received Holy Communion. It was on quitting the grotto after the second visit that he experienced a sharp pain in the eye, and could then distinguish the objects surrounding him. At the office to which he went to report his cure, he read the title of a journal, told the time indicated by a watch, recognized the various objects in the office, etc. Though the disease has not entirely disappeared, Filippi has recovered his sight.

Mlle. Marie Antoinette Riviere, aged twenty-one, for whom the grave had already been prepared, suffering for the past four years from tuberculosis, ulcerations of the stomach and intestines, and with suspected points at the apex of the two lungs, in a generally advanced stage of cachexia, and whose case a number of doctors had given up, who was vomiting blood and could neither eat nor walk, having kept her bed since last Christmas Day, was able at the return of the procession on August 18 to get up and walk without assistance, and eat and digest her food with ease for the first time for four years.

Not less remarkable than the

### Presence of the present year in previous years, who, in their gratitude to Our Lady of the Immaculate Conception have come this year to give thanks at her shrine and to testify to the doctors the permanence of their cures. Here are some of these:

Madame Elizabeth Bosman, cured in 1906 of paralysis, the ravages of which made her appear to be eighty years of age. This year she presented herself radiant with life, her age not appearing more than it really is—thirty-eight years.

Mlle. Desmaries, of Arles, cured last year of tuberculosis coxalgia. Persistence of the cure shown by the freedom of her gait and her general appearance.

Mlle. Philomene Coussat, aged forty-three years, of Martiniere, Porteviciere (Maine-et-Loire), paralyzed since she attained her twentieth year, cured in the piscina, on August 19, 1906, at the passing of the Blessed Sacrament. She brought with her the certificate of her own medical attendant, Dr. Andouzeau, as to the completeness of her cure and the impossibility of its being brought about by natural means.

The Spectator thinks the Vatican is defied in France even by the rural voters, who have so recently elected the Departmental Councils in a way which indicates full approval of the separation of Church and State. In this case the wish is father to the thought, for the great English journal believes in national churches and hopes to see one established in France. An American Protestant journalist, Stoddard Dewey, writing from Paris to the New York Evening Post takes a different view of the recent elections. He says:

"These councils stand to the departments into which France is divided something as our Legislatures do to the separate States. Only the French body cannot legislate, for that is done by the one, centralized, absolute national Parliament. These departmental councils elect Senators, administer local finances and public works, and have political importance because they are made up of successful local politicians. In of their elections to them are a sort of repetition of the next Parliamentary election.

"The Government naturally watches very closely such elections, which are supposed to show whether its policy has the popular favor. Parliament always adjourns at least two weeks beforehand, so that Senators and Deputies may beat up their constituencies. The prefects and sub-prefects of the departments, who are named by Government, are supposed not to use their authority to turn the scale, but the Opposition always accuses them of doing so. M. Melles, who was so long Prime Minister, and is now Senator, felt obliged to withdraw altogether his candidacy for the General Council in which he has sat ever since the Third Republic existed. A rival candidate—suddenly appeared after being named justice of peace by Government.

"When it is remembered that every school-teacher, every tobacco-seller in France, as well as countless petty officeholders, are also dependent on the central Government for their positions, just like postmasters in the United States, the only wonder is, not how a Government gets into office, but how it ever gets out.

"The present elections show that the Radical Socialists now in power are likely to stay there, unless there should come some sudden stampede of the popular vote for reasons which no one can foresee. The results communicated to this effect by M. Clemenceau, as Minister of the Interior, are fairly complete.

"A 'canton' elects a general councillor; several cantons together make up an 'arrondissement,' which elects a Deputy; several arrondissements make a 'department,' which elects Senators. Each district votes for its own members only. This is more or less exactly the gradation in the electoral hierarchy of France.

"Except for Socialist workmen, there are no great political parties uniting voters from one end of France to the other. The Radical Socialist Bloc, which has ruled the country of late years, is really a Parliamentary combination. The elections are always for local candidates, and are governed by local interests and 'celebrities,' and neither Freemasonry nor religion can change this. In fact, just as under the Second Empire, the popular vote was steady with Government, so under the Parliamentary Republic universal suffrage is pretty sure to follow the majority of Parliament. A national election in the American sense is unknown in France.

Minard's, Liniment cures Dandruff.

### KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

The kidneys form a very important channel for the out-let of disease from the system, carrying off accumulations that poison the blood.

The kidneys are often affected and cause serious disease when less suspected. When the back aches, specks float before the eyes, the urine contains a brick-dust sediment, or is thick and stringy, scanty, highly colored, in fact when there is anything wrong with the small of the back or the urinary organs then the kidneys are affected.

If you are troubled with your kidneys

## DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

will cure you. Mrs. Frank Foss, Woodside, N.B., writes: "I was a great sufferer with backache for over a year, and could get nothing to relieve me until I took two boxes of DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, and now I do not feel any pain whatever and can eat and sleep well; something I could not do before."

Price 50 cents a box or 3 for \$1.25, at all dealers, or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

A traveler putting up at a fifth class hotel brought the "boots" up with his angry storming.

"Want your room changed, sir?"

"What's the matter sir?"

"The room's all right," fumed the guest scorchingly; "it's the fleas I object to, that's all."

"Mrs Bloobs," bawled the "boots" in an uninterested sort of voice, "the gent in No. 6 is satisfied with his room, but he wants the fleas changed."

—Illustrated Bits.

Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough, so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

"I want to get a pair of scales," remarked the customer. "Have you the ambuscade make?"

"What's the ambuscade?" inquired the clerk.

"Well," returned the customer, "I am given to understand that they're the kind which lie in wait." Bohemian.

### Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills." Price 50c a box.

Father—What are you doing, Emma? Daughter—Oh, Arthur is coming tonight, and I'm cooking something for him. Father—Emma, Emma, you'd better be careful. You'll keep on cooking for him till he breaks the engagement.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powder gives women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, all dealers.

It takes a lot of courage on the part of a young man to tell a girl how pretty some other girl is.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

### Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

The Man—None of their relatives will speak to them since their elopement.

The Girl—They ought to be a very happy couple.

### Minard's Liniment cures colds, etc.

### SUFFERED FROM HEART and NERVE TROUBLES FOR the LAST TEN YEARS.

If there be nerve derangement of any kind, it is bound to produce all the various phenomena of heart derangement. In

## MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

is combined treatment that will cure all forms of nervous disorders, as well as act upon the heart itself.

Mrs. John Riley, Douro, Ont., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from heart and nerve troubles for the past ten years. After trying many remedies, and doctoring for two years without the least benefit, I decided to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a trial. I am thankful to say that, after using nine boxes I am entirely cured and would recommend them to all sufferers."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1907

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES MOISAAC Editor & Proprietor

Please don't delay your Subscriptions for 1907. We shall esteem it a great favor if you remit now.

In a by election for the Ontario Legislature, held in Brockville on Monday last, Mr. W. A. Donovan, Conservative, was elected by a majority of about one hundred and sixty. This adds another to Premier Whitney's large majority in the Legislature, as the seat was previously held by a Liberal...

During the last session of the Federal Parliament a vote of \$100,000 was passed for additions to Rideau Hall, the residence of the Governor General. Architects have made estimates and tenders have been called for. But it appears that the lowest offer for the work is \$300,000, just three times the amount of the Parliamentary vote of last session...

Continuing his discussion of the matter, our correspondent points out how very gorgeous the whole affair is, and of course how democratic. Under the new arrangement Rideau Hall maintenance will cost two or three times as much as heretofore and the next step in Sir Wilfrid's triumphant democracy will probably be an increase in the Vice Regal allowance from \$50,000 to \$100,000. Reviewing these matters in the light of past events our correspondent says:—Only twelve short years ago Tory extravagance was denounced because from \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year was expended in repairs, improvements and furnishings for Rideau Hall. Last year the bill was \$71,717, and we can dimly see what the cost is to be in the future.

The Hon. Jean Prevost, Minister of Colonisation, Mines and fisheries, in the Quebec Provincial Government has resigned his portfolio. Mr. Prevost, our readers will remember, acquired notoriety in connection with the Baron De Lapine land scandal which was aired in the courts a few months ago. Mr. Bourassa has been holding this famous land deal, and other apparently scandalous transactions of the Gouin Government, up to the light of day in his public meetings throughout the Province of Quebec, and his exposures seem to be causing quite a rude awakening among the electorate of that Province. The adverse public opinion aroused against the Government seems to have rendered Mr. Prevost's retention of office very dangerous for the Government and hence his resignation. It is given out by the Government that Prevost has resigned in order that he may meet Baron De Lapine on an equal footing in the courts. Mr. Emerson declared that he had resigned his portfolio in the Federal Cabinet for a somewhat similar reason. He declared that he was desirous of having a free hand to fight the 'Beasts of Ephesus.' But where is Emerson now? Prevost's political scalp seems to be Bourassa's first trophy.

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

The Alaska Surrender.

Lord Alverston Selected by Canada

Sir Wilfrid Furnished United States With an Argument

Fielding and Brodeur Do Nothing New, Will Mr. Pugsley Proceed?

How Whitney Differs from Laurier.

Ottawa, Oct. 5th, 1907.

Once more Sir Wilfrid Laurier has had a fling at British diplomacy. The Premier, speaking in Toronto, charged that Canadian interests had been repeatedly sacrificed by the British Foreign Office in negotiations with the United States. Particular reference was made to the Alaska boundary arbitration, in which Sir Wilfrid charges that the Home Government made a surrender of Canadian rights and Canadian territory. But it is the historical fact that whatever surrender was made in the Alaska award was the work of Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself and of his colleagues. They are distinctly and directly responsible for the whole sacrifice, and Sir Wilfrid is himself wholly to blame for providing the United States with a prevailing argument against Canada.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN CANADIANS.

Of the commissioners who made the award three were named by the United States and three by Great Britain. The award could not have been made by less than four of the commissioners. It required the consent of one British arbitrator. Now all the three British arbitrators were chosen by the Government of Canada which was allowed absolute freedom to name them. Moreover Lord Alverston was selected by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in spite of the suggestion of the Imperial Office that the British commissioners should be chosen by Canada with full regard to the fact that the United States representatives were not impartial, but had already committed themselves to the United States side of the case. There was a clear invitation by the Home Government that Canada should name as British arbitrators public men of her own who could be relied on to refuse any surrender of Canadian rights. The Laurier government rejected this advice and named two Canadians who met these conditions, but for the third selected Lord Alverston, who for the sake of reaching a settlement acquiesced in the decision of the United States commissioners.

CANADA SATISFIED WITH THE QUESTIONS.

It is all set forth in the public papers. Great Britain first asked that the question be settled in the same manner as the Venezuela boundary. That was refused by the United States, which also rejected the Hague tribunal, and every other proposition involving the appointment of an equal number of commissioners from each side with a neutral umpire from some third nation. The United States proposed a commission of three from each country, all to be "impartial jurists of repute." Canada raised some objection to this but consented finally, with the idea that if the court should be equally divided much valuable information on the point at issue would be obtained though there should be no decision. The Canadian Government expressed itself "satisfied with the questions to be submitted."

LEFT IN CANADIAN CONTROL.

So the matter stood [until the United States appointments were made. The President selected Mr. Root, one of his own Cabinet, who had already taken strong ground for the American contention, and Senators Turner and Lodge, both of whom had repeatedly and publicly advocated the United States claim, and denounced the Canadian contention. These were clearly not "impartial jurists," and their appointment was declared by the Laurier Government to be a "violation of an important article in the treaty." The Home Government acquiesced in this view. But the Colonial Secretary informed Canada that the United States appointments would not be withdrawn, and that it remained for Britain and Canada to decide whether to break off negotiations or accept the American nominations and appoint as their colleagues "representatives who

will meet the altered circumstances of the case." The Imperial view was that the latter course should be adopted, and the arbitration should go on Canada, selecting commissioners of the same class as those selected by the United States. The result, of course, would have been a final disagreement and no award. Evidently it had to be that or an award satisfactory to Washington. That was the moment for Canada to decide which it should be, and the Laurier Government decided that the case should go as it has gone.

LAURIER CHOSE ALVERSTON.

On March 7th, 1901 Lord Minto telegraphed the Colonial Office "As to the composition of tribunal my Ministers suggest Chief Justice of England, and two Canadian judges, names to be telegraphed hereafter." Ten days later Canada named Sir Louis Jette and Judge Armour. For the latter Mr. Aylesworth was afterwards substituted. If the advice of the Home Government had been accepted and the Canadian Minister of justice, or the Minister of the Interior, or Mr. Blake, or Sir Christopher Robinson had been selected with Sir Louis Jette and Mr. Aylesworth, there would have been no surrender. Clearly then Sir Wilfrid had no case against the Home Government on this matter, though the Canadian people have a strong grievance against Sir Wilfrid.

WHEN SIR WILFRID GAVE THE CASE AWAY.

But that is not the whole of it. Sir Wilfrid not only provided the United States with a tribunal satisfactory to that country, but also furnished the United States with an argument which was of immense importance in making out the American case. In 1898 Sir Wilfrid Laurier was forcing through the House his notorious Yukon Railway Bill, under which a large part of the gold areas of that district were to be given to a company for the construction of a short line of railway, by a ridiculous route, which no sane man would now think of adopting. Other capitalists were ready to construct without any such grant a railway by a more direct route. This shorter line has since been constructed at no cost to Canada and serves all purposes. But Sir Wilfrid wished to condemn the short line and argued that it would not be under Canadian control, because the ports of Dyea and other points on the Lynn Canal were within United States jurisdiction. These points were in the disputed territory and Sir Wilfrid's admission gave away the whole case.

THE FATAL WORDS.

The proof of this will be found in the opinion of the United States members, Mr. Root, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Turner, set forth in the award. They declared that the head of the Lynn Canal had been in undisputed possession of Russia before 1867 and of the United States ever since. This statement is not correct, but the United States had high Canadian authority for it. The American Commissioners offered in proof the declaration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. In this decision they say:—

"The true condition was stated by the Prime Minister of Canada, in the Canadian Parliament, on February 15th, 1898 when he said:—

THE CASE CONCEDED.

"The fact remains that, from time immemorial, Dyea was in possession of the Russians, and in 1867 it passed into the hands of the Americans, and it has been held in their hands ever since. Now, I will not recriminate here; this is not the time nor the occasion for doing so, but so far as I am aware, no protest has ever been entered against the occupation of Dyea by the American authorities, and when the American authorities are in possession of that strip of territory on the sea, which has Dyea as its harbour, encroaching the Possession of the Russians from time immemorial. It becomes manifest to everybody that at this moment we cannot dispute their possession, and that, before their possession can be disputed, the question must be determined by a settlement of the question involved in the treaty."

construction which gave the territory to Russia and the United States, and to which the Prime Minister testified."

MORE OF THE SAME.

Such was the effective use by the United States commissioners of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's unhappy admissions. The statements of Sir Wilfrid were a large part of the argument of the United States counsel before the commission, and had great weight with the Commission as a whole. When they were made by Sir Wilfrid in the House the Premier elaborated at considerable length. In addition to the passages quoted he said: "If we had adopted the Route by the Lynn Canal we would have had to place the ocean terminus of the railway upon what is now American Territory. We should have been in the position that the ocean terminus was not in our own country and we could not send a pound of goods over that railway without the consent of the American authorities."

REBUKED AT THE TIME.

Sir Wilfrid's admission did not go unnoticed at the time. Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, speaking almost immediately after him said:—

CONTRADICTED BY A COLLEAGUE.

Two years after Sir Wilfrid Laurier made these fatal and incorrect admissions his colleague Sir Louis Davies, to whom the Government had referred a United States despatch respecting the boundary, was obliged in the interest of Canada and of truth to deny and contradict the statement of his leader. Mr. Choate for the United States had asked that the right to Dyea, Skagway and Pyramid Harbour should be reserved from arbitration as settlements in undisputed possession of the United States. Sir Louis protested against this demand declaring that there never was such undisputed possession, and that the whole case would be given away by admitting such a claim.

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SURRENDER.

So Sir Wilfrid Laurier is thus himself doubly responsible for the Alaska surrender. He furnished the false arguments and the erroneous admissions on which the United States case was largely supported. Contrary to Imperial advice he named a tribunal which by its very constitution, made it absolutely certain that the award would be in favour of the United States. The weakness and incapacity exhibited in making the admissions which supported the United States case, are only equalled by the astonishing conduct in which the Premier now fixes the blame upon the Imperial Government. For the selection of commissioners no reasonable excuse has ever been offered. For the fatal admissions the only reason was a desire to defend an imprudent and probably corrupt railway deal.

SAME THINGS 25 AND 13 YEARS AGO.

The bottom has fallen out of the claim that Mr. Fielding and Mr. Brodeur have done something new in negotiating a treaty with France all by themselves. The treaty is signed by the British Minister at Paris and the Canadian plenipotentiaries, though it appears that the actual negotiations were carried out without the Imperial Minister.

WILL IT GO ON.

Mr. Pugsley has given notice that he will take libel action against the Toronto "World" for saying: "Some think that Mr. Pugsley was on the inside of all the Blair-Ramsell deal. This suit may prove instructive unless Mr. Pugsley should refuse to go on if the 'World' puts in the plea that its statements are true. Something like this happened in the Kemperston libel case conducted by Mr. Pugsley."

price per acre double that charged to settlers. The Ontario Government differs from the Federal Administration, which sells land to favored capitalists in 250,000 acre blocks, and one sixth of the price per acre that is charged to farmer-purchasers.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Provincial Exhibition was opened, with due formality, by his Hon. the Lieutenant Governor in the Exhibition Building yesterday afternoon. Appropriate speeches were made by the Lieutenant Governor, his Worship Mayor Paton, his Lordship Bishop McDonald, Judge Fitzgerald, and by several of the judges of live stock from Ontario. All were high in their praise of the qualities of the Exhibits and of Prince Edward Island, as an ideal country to live in. We cannot say any more about the Exhibition this week.

THE COUNTY EXHIBITIONS.

Last week County Exhibitions, revived after a lapse of ten years, were held; Thursday the King's County show at Georgetown, and on Friday and Saturday Prince County's show at Summerside. Both these Exhibitions were formally opened by his Honor Lieut. Governor McKinnon. The opening ceremonies at Georgetown took place in the Drill Shed at 12 o'clock, when his Honor was presented with an address by John A. Annett, Esq., President of the King's County Exhibition Association. In reply to the address his Honor spoke at some length on different phases of agriculture, and the benefit of agricultural exhibitions, such as the one they were attending. He advocated the establishment of agricultural schools in different sections of the Province. Technical education along the different agricultural lines would be of the highest possible benefit to those who follow the avocation of farming.

The exhibits, both inside and outside, were good, but were not as numerous as in some past years. This was probably in consequence of no exhibitions being held for so many years that the people had to some extent, lost interest in the matter; and not unlikely because of the lateness of the harvest and uncertainty of the weather. The day was very fine and many farmers who had grain to gather were not in attendance and had not prepared anything to show.

The horse trotting was good, and most decidedly interesting. The races, for the most part, were so close as to elicit the concentrated attention of spectators. There were but two classes—three minute and two forty trots—and in almost every heat it was a neck and neck race from start to finish. The starters in the 2.40 class were Almost J., owned by McKay Bros., Souris, driven by J. McCabe, Iona Jessie Mac, owned by W. F. Boggis, formerly owned by Mr. R. H. Sterns, and driven by Dr. F. S. McDonald; Minnie Mac, owned by Dr. A. J. Fraser, Montague, and Sky Pilot, owned and driven by J. W. McKay, Souris. It took four heats to decide the race, and Almost J. was the winner, with Jessie Mac second and Minnie Mac third. The contest for first place between Almost J. and Jessie Mac was very close. Jessie took the first heat and Almost the three others; but each time there was not much between them at the wire. The starters in the three minute class were Peripillion owned by Dr. J. D. McIntyre, Montague, driven by the owner; Flashlight, owned by J. J. McDonald, Montague, driven by J. McGregor; Tins owned by A. M. Ross, Murray River, driven by J. McCabe, and Nelson, owned and driven by Dr. F. S. McDonald, Souris. The race was won by Peripillion Flashlight second and Tins third. This race also required four heats to decide the winner. The Prince County Exhibition was larger than on Friday. Good trotting races took place on both days. Following prize list is King's County.

HORSES.

Carriage stallion, any age, registered David Reid, Victoria Cross. Standard bred stallion, registered, Wm. J. Nicholson, Dundas. Carriage mare with foal at foot, E. B. McLaren, Georgetown, 2 Escoe Webster, Montague. Carriage filly or gelding under 4 years, O. B. Clay, Bridgetown. Garrigue filly or gelding under 3 years, Robt. Farquharson, St. An-

draw's, a John N. McCormick, Boughton Island, 3 J. J. Morrison, Georgetown.

Carriage filly or gelding under 2 years, 1 Seymour Knight, Georgetown, 2 Nat. McPhee, Georgetown.

Carriage foal of 1907, 1 Ewen E. Webster, Marie, 2 E. B. McLaren, Georgetown, 3 George Annett, Lower Montague.

Carriage mare or gelding in carriage, 1 Chas. A. McDonald, Georgetown, 2 Isadore Martin, Montague, 3 A. J. Fraser, Montague.

Cart stallion, any age, 1 D. Reid, Victoria Cross, 2 Daniel McGregor, Montague, 3 D. Reid, Victoria Cross.

Best cart mare with her foal, 1 John A. McKinnon, Rollo Bay, 2 John McDonald, Victoria Cross, D. M. Nicholson, Dundas.

Draft filly or gelding under 4 years, Roy W. Bulpitt, Cardigan, 2 John McDonald, Victoria Cross, D. M. Nicholson, Dundas.

Draft filly or gelding under 3 years, F. G. Boyer, Georgetown.

Draft filly or gelding under 2 years, 1 R. W. Bulpitt, Cardigan, 2 Thomas Henry, Georgetown.

Draft foal, 1 John H. McKinnon, Rollo Bay, 2 D. M. Nicholson, Dundas, 3 John McDonald, Commercial Cross.

Mare or gelding for general purposes any age, C. A. McDonald, Georgetown, D. J. McCormick, Boughton Island, 3 Raymond Poole, Lower Montague.

Draft mare or gelding, 1 H. Bulpitt, Cardigan, 2 Wallace Dingwell, Bay Fortune, 3 John W. McDonald, Commercial Cross.

CATTLE.

Best shorthorn bull any age, registered, 1 John Robertson, Lower Montague, 2 Ossius Clay, Dundas.

Holstein Bull any age, registered, 1 William Dewar, Brudenell.

Ayrshire bull any age, registered, 1 A. J. Kennedy, New Perth West, 2 Henry Green, Mitchell River.

Shorthorn or shorthorn grade heifer calved last year, D. A. Wilson, Cardigan.

Shorthorn or shorthorn grade heifer calved this year, C. B. Clay, Bridgetown, Mont Annett, Lower Montague.

Best Ayrshire or Ayrshire grade cow in milk, any age, 1 Thomas Henry, Georgetown, D. H. Logan, Georgetown.

Best Ayrshire or Ayrshire grade heifer calved in 1905, 1 J. D. Campbell, Dundas, 2 Felix Morrison, Georgetown.

Ayrshire or Ayrshire grade heifer calved in 1905, 1 John Robertson, Lower Montague.

Ayrshire or Ayrshire grade heifer 1 Wm. J. Nicholson, Dundas, Geo. W. Aitken, Aitken's Ferry, 3 John Annett, Lower Montague.

Jersey or Guernsey grade cow in milk any age, George A. Poole, Lower Montague, R. R. Jenkins, Georgetown, 3 A. E. Smith, Montague.

Jersey or Guernsey grade heifer calved last year, 1 Capt. Hugh McPhee, Georgetown, Peter Ross, Georgetown.

Jersey or Guernsey grade heifer calved in 1905, 1 John Robertson, Lower Montague.

Holstein or Holstein grade cow in milk any age, George O'Connor, Aitken's Ferry.

Holstein or Holstein grade heifer calved in 1905, F. G. Boyer, Georgetown.

Holstein or Holstein grade heifer calved last year, A. W. Morrow, North Lake.

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Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

Stanley Bros.



The Opening of THE NEW Fall Coats

Quality, Style, Assortment, Fit, Finish, And Workmanship.

All sizes from 32 to 44 inch.

All prices from \$4.00 each and up.

Stanley Bros.

They are the very latest direct from the markets, and are perfection in

THE GRAND Cathedral Bazaar!

—IN AID OF— St. Dunstan's Cathedral

—WILL BE HELD IN THE— Cathedral Basement, Ch'town

BEGINNING MONDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1907

And will continue during the whole of Exhibition Week.

Excellent Meals (dinner or tea) will be provided for all visitors, all of whom will receive the best attention.

A most striking feature will be the magnificent display of all that is good and serviceable for the visiting public, and tastefully distributed on the different Fancy Tables, Apron Tables, Men's Furnishing Tables, Art Tables, Variety Tables, Refreshment Tables, and in various other attractive and useful departments.

A gorgeous plan of decoration has been arranged for beautifying the basement hall, and the whole appearance will be a veritable Dreamland.

Musical Entertainments will be furnished every evening, and everything will be done for the comfort of visitors.

Everybody invited. Admission only 10 cents. For those who purchase a Dinner or Tea Ticket at the door, admission will be Free.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE. Sept. 25, 1907.—31

Our Make Of Coats have the Perfect Fitting

Lapels, Shoulders and Collars that all Tasty Dressers require.

Maclellan Bros.

Where all Good Garments are made

Prowse Bros. Ltd. CHARLOTTETOWN'S BIG DEPARTMENTAL STORE

Bankrupt Stock Sale Commences Wednesday, Sept. 11

Through unfortunate and unforeseen circumstances, the old established firm of D. G. Cameron & Co., Montague, recently became insolvent. Their stock being offered for tender, we tendered, and our offer was accepted. The goods are now in our store and the sale commences Wednesday, Sept. 11th, at nine o'clock a. m.

\$13.00 Worth at Retail.

The stock is a large and well-assorted one, amounting to over \$13,000 worth at retail, and consists of General Dry Goods, Men's Furnishings and Clothing, Boots and Shoes, etc. It is in first class condition, up-to-date, and purchased at close prices.

We Want to Make a Quick Sale.

In order that this great quantity of goods shall not interfere with our immense Fall Stock now coming to hand we desire to dispose of it quickly. Great bargains may therefore be expected.

Country Merchants Should Come.

Country merchants should take advantage of the splendid purchasing opportunities afforded by this sale. Many lots, especially suited to the requirements of country trade will be offered at much below regular lowest wholesale prices.

PROWSE BROS. Ltd., Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Purchase some of your Jewelry needs from

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.

Table with jewelry items: Fine Timekeeping Regina Watches, Souvenir Spoons, Ladies' Chains and Bracelets, High grade and real stone set Rings, Solid Gold Scarf Pins, Lockets in solid gold, Links, Buttons, Studs, Eyeglasses, Knives, Forks, Spoons.

OAK BRAND TEA.

\$50 Scholarships Free

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund our money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 676, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) (And Address)

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

will YOU win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College, WM. MORAN, Prin.

Morson & Duffy Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I. MONEY TO LOAN.

Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

Annear, Montague. Pair Wyndotte chickens, 1 Fred Smith, Cardigan, 2 Genevieve McPhee, Georgetown.

Pair of Geese, Toulouse, 1 Prestar Campbell, Montague.

BUTTER AND CHEESE. Best tub or crock of salt butter not less than 2 lbs the home made, 1 Mrs J Robertson, Lower Montague, Mrs E Pulpit, Rosemeath, 3 Mrs J Fogarty, Glenfanning.

Best basket new butter, 1 D J Stewart Aitken's Ferry, 2 Mrs Capt Hugh McPhee, Georgetown, 3 Jemima Robertson, Montague.

Best exhibit of factory cheese not less than 50 lbs 1 Chas F Cook, New Perth West, 2 David Colling, Sturgess.

GRAIN AND GRASS SEED. 2 bus White Wheat (other than Russian) 1 Edwin Clay, Dundas, 2 Geo W Aitken, Aitken's Ferry, 2 bus Red Wheat, 1 Mont Annear, Lower Montague.

Bushel 6 rowed barley, 1 G W Aitken, Lower Montague, 2 Richard Creed, Albion.

2 bus black oats, 1 Benj Beckles, Whim Road, 2, Edwin Clay, Bridge-town.

2 bushels white oats, 1 Benj Wright Lower Montague, 5 Herbert Peake Georgetown.

Bushel field peas, 1 Geo Wright, Lower Montague.

Bushel Greening seed, 1 Richard Creed, Albion, 2 Wm Cain, New Perth West.

10 lbs Atlas clover seed, 1 Jas Harris Rosemeath.

4 bus flax seed, 1 Thos Pulpit, Rosemeath, 2 Geo Wright, Lower Montague. Collection vegetable seeds the growth of the exhibitor, 2 D J Stewart, Aitken's Ferry.

FRUIT. Red Astrachan apples, 1 Wm McAnlay, Georgetown, 2 Peter Stewart, Brudenell.

Duchess Oldenburg apples, 1 J M McLean, New Perth, 2 J A Dewar New Perth.

Gravenstein, 1 J Robertson, Inkerman, 2 Mrs Wm McDonald, New Perth. Alexander, Superior, 1 J J Morrison, Georgetown, Alex D Campbell, Montague.

Wealthy, 1 E B McLaren, Georgetown, 2 Chester L Boyver, Georgetown. Ribston Pippin, 1 Geo Wright, Lower Montague, 2 Chester L Boyver.

Northern Spy, 1 John Robertson, Inkerman.

Famouse, 2 E B McLaren, Georgetown, 2 John Robertson, Inkerman. Golden Russet, 1 John Robertson, Inkerman, 2 E B McLaren, Georgetown.

Roxbury Rosset, 1 Elmore McDonald, Cardigan, 2 Elmore McDonald, Cardigan. Stak, 1 John Robertson, 2 Mrs Wm McDonald, New Perth.

Box apples picked for export, 1 John Robertson, Inkerman.

Sample bbl apples packed for export, 1 John Robertson.

Transcendent Crab apples, 1 Peter Stewart, Brudenell, 2 Mont Annear, Lower Montague.

Golden, 1 John Robertson, Inkerman, 2 Mrs Wm McDonald, New Perth.

Hyalop, Earl Morson, Cardigan, John Robertson.

Yellow Magnon Bonum plumbs, 1 George Wright, Lower Montague, 2 John Mallis, Montague.

Moore's Arctic, 1 J M McLean, New Perth, 2 D J Stewart, Aitken's Ferry.

Lombard, 1 D J Stewart, Mrs Jos Wrightman, Aitken's Ferry.

Bradshaws, 1 Preston Campbell, Montague, 2 Geo Wright, Lower Montague.

Damsons, 1 Mrs H L McDonald, Cardigan, 2 Elmore McDonald, Cardigan.

Bartlett's, 1 D J Stewart, Lower Montague.

5 other variety, 1 Mrs Jos Wrightman, Aitken's Ferry, 2 George Wright, Lower Montague.

FISH. Best Quintal Dry Hake, 1 Percymanuel.

Best Case 1 dozen canned Lobsters unshelled, 1 Thos E Morrison, Georgetown, 2 W W Jenkins.

Best half barrel Mackerel, 1 Sam Hemphill, 2 P McKinnon.

Best quart Codfish Oil, 1 W W Jenkins.

WOOLEN AND FLAX GOODS. 10 yards Full Dress Cloth, black, 1 Mrs F McQuillan, Glenfanning, 2 Mrs F McLeod.

10 yards White Flannel, twilled, 1 Lizzie Holland, Georgetown, 2 Mrs J McEachern, DeGros Marsh.

10 yards White Flannel, plain, 1 Mrs Wm Gordon, Cardigan.

Pair of Blankets, 1 Mrs D McCormack, St George, 2 Mrs P McIntyre, Newport.

Knit or Woven Counterpane, 1 Mrs H A McPhee, St George, 5, Miss Annie Campbell, Montague.

Hearth Rug, all wool, 1 Mrs A Dewar Brudenell, 2 Mrs H G W Aitken, Aitken's Ferry.

Hearth Rug, all wool, 1 Mrs W B Creed, Albion, 2 Hattie Fongers, 2 Pat Woollen Speks, 1 Miss Lizzie Holland, Georgetown, 2 Mrs John Fogarty, Glenfanning.

1 Pair Woollen Gloves, 1 Mrs G Lavers, 2 Mrs G W Aitken.

1 Pair Winter mitts, 1 Lillian Moore, Cardigan, 2 Mrs G Lavers. Collection Knit Goods, 1 Mrs H Poole, Montague.

Centerpiece in White or Colored Linen, 1 Miss Cassie Clay, 2 Mrs Tapper.

Collection Fancy Work, 1 Jean Aitken, Georgetown, 2 Mrs G W Aitken.

Selection Lace Work, 1 Jean Aitken, Georgetown, 2 Mrs G W Aitken.

Selection Lace Work, 1 Jean Aitken, 2, Miss L Wright, Montague.

Palating, oil, framed, 1 Mrs John Ryan, Montague, 2, Mrs C B Poole, Aitken's Ferry.

Selection Fancy Needlework, 1 Mrs D C Morrison, 2, Miss Helena McDonald.

Selection Knitting or Crocheting, Miss G Annear, Montague, 2, Miss Laura Itken.

Tea Cozy, mounting to be considered, 1 Mrs C B Poole, 2, Miss Helena McDonald.

Patch Work Quilt, 1 Mrs H Poole, Montague, 2, Mrs H A McPhee, St George.

Phytophary Specimens, 1, Miss Marion McDonald, Georgetown, 2, Miss A J McDonald, Montague.

HOUSEKEEPING. Single Loaf Bread, home made, 1

Mrs. Dr. Stewart, Georgetown, Miss L Aitken, Aitken's Ferry.

Single Loaf Whole Wheat or Graham Bread, 1 Mrs Dr Stewart, 2 Mrs Capt Wm Gordon, Georgetown.

1 dozen Tea Biscuits, 1 G Annear, Lower Montague, 2 Mrs Dr Stewart.

1 dozen Raised Biscuits or Rolls, 1 Emma Harris, Rosemeath, 2 Mrs J D Delaney, Georgetown.

Found Cakes, plain icing, 1 Mrs John McEldon, New Perth.

1 lb Box home made Candles, mixed, 1 Miss Mammie Howat, Brudenell Mills.

Pink Jar Mixed Pickles, home made, 1 Mrs. Dr Stewart, 2 Mrs D W Morrison, Georgetown.

Pink Jar Chow-ohow, home made, 1 Mrs C B Clay, Bridgetown, 2 Miss Wightman, Aitken's Ferry.

Pink Jar Sweet Pickles, home made, 1 Mrs D W Morrison, 2 Mrs D Stewart.

Pink Bottle Tomato Catsup, home made, 1 Mrs D W Morrison, 2 Mrs Stewart.

Sample Red Currant Jelly or Jam, 1 Mrs Wm McDonald, New Perth, 2, H Fongers.

Sample Strawberry Jam, 1 Mrs Wm McDonald, New Perth, 2, Mrs J Delaney.

Shipwreck at Souris.

The schooner Marcella, thirty tons register, engaged in carrying gravel from Cape George, N. S., to the railway wharf at Souris, was driven ashore and smashed to pieces during the southwest gale early yesterday morning, and her crew had a narrow escape with their lives. Captain Hayden, the owner, his sixteen year old son and another man constituted the crew. She arrived in port about 9 o'clock Monday morning and was at the wharf at 10 o'clock. As the gale increased she began to drag her anchors and to drift towards the rocks. It was about three o'clock in the morning when the captain, finding all his efforts to keep her afloat were vain, took to the rigging with his two companions. They then began to shoot for help. Fortunately their cries were heard, and Norman McIntosh and Mark Christie went off in a dory, and with much difficulty reached the schooner and rescued the crew. In about fifteen minutes after after the rescue the vessel pitched to pieces on the rocks. The night was very dark and the wind was blowing a hurricane. The rescue, under the existing conditions, was a brave deed.

In this issue will be found advertisement of a lecture by Hon. J. H. Fletcher, in the Kindergarten Hall, on Thursday evening 17th inst. The subject, the lecturer and the cause should ensure a full house.

MARRIED. In St. Dunstan's Cathedral Charlottetown on the 8th inst. by Very Rev. Dr. Morrison, Mr. Joseph A. Molanac, of the International Harvester Co. to Miss Margaret E. Delaney, daughter of Arthur Delaney, Avondale. Congratulations.

DIED. At Hunter River, on September 30th, 1907, Mary A. Mahar, widow of the late Gilbert Brown, aged 73 years, R.I.P.

In this city Oct. 3rd, Daphne, beloved wife of Felix Gallant in the 70th year of her age. May her soul rest in peace.

The Prices.

Table with prices: Butter, (fresh) 0.25 to 0.28, Eggs, per doz. 0.22 to 0.20, Flour, (per cw) 2.30 to 2.40, etc.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, held in Montreal a few days ago, the board of Directors was authorized to arrange for the construction or acquisition of two additional steamships for the Pacific trade to build larger and faster boats for the Atlantic service, transferring the Empress of Britain and Empress of Ireland to the Pacific, and to incur the necessary capital expenditure therefor.

North Sydney advices of the 5th, inst. say:—The barkentine Eliso, sail laden, from Liverpool has arrived here after the toughest experience in Captain Johannegan's career. The barkentine left Liverpool forty-seven days ago and for three consecutive days and nights the commandeer stood at the wheel without sleep. Off Scattered he signalled the Bonavita, for bearings and with difficulty finally reached port.

A large boarding house, kept by Nelson McDougall at Moncton was burned to the ground last Saturday night. The fire was discovered by a boarder named Arthur Shone, who was awakened by the smoke. He was almost suffocated by the smoke and the flames were burning into his room. He at once gave the alarm; but the fire had made too much headway to be quenched. About forty of the workmen, employed at the saw railroad shops, lost nearly all their belongings.

The Allan liner Bavarian is now out in two after which she will be placed in dry dock at Quebec. Mr. Lee, of the American Wrecking Company denied the reports that the vessel had broken in two and that she would be abandoned. "She showed signs of weakness," he said, "but we decided to cut her in two and the work is progressing favorably. We do not expect to experience any difficulty in getting her into dry dock here, when she will be cut in two, after which a survey will be made of her. If thought practicable she will then be temporarily repaired and taken to New York."

Beware of Worms. Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

What is a mean man? One who will borrow a religious paper which he or his wife could easily pay for, read it, and then find fault with the paper's management.

As a result of the strike at the Dry Dock at Halifax the steamers Oscar and Universe will probably go to New York for repairs. It was reported Friday that arrangements had been completed to send the steamers to the docks in New York. But at the office of the Dry Dock Company in Halifax it is stated that nothing has been decided as yet.

The steamer Halifax of the Plant Line, on the passage from Boston last week experienced very rough weather, and Sunday morning about eight o'clock her steering chains suddenly parted causing the ship to fall off into the sea, during which she rolled about in an most alarming manner, causing much excitement among the passengers. The engines were stopped for half an hour, when the damage was being repaired.

President Roosevelt, in an address at a dinner on board the Steamer Altora, at Cairo Ill. on the 3rd inst, which was attended by the Governors of fifteen States, endorsed the general principles involved in the scheme for the creation of a ship channel up the Mississippi River and the Great Lakes. This scheme would involve a loop in the Gulf of Mexico at New Orleans, and would partially create an arm in the body of water to the Lakes.

Dr. Saunders, Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa who is keeping in close touch with the crop conditions in western Canada through a host of correspondents scattered over the three provinces, is inclined to the belief that the Winnipeg estimates of only five million bushels of wheat fit for mill use below the actual yield. Dr. Saunders places the probable crop at between fifty and sixty million bushels, and a considerable quantity in addition for feed.

The British schooner Empress, which limped into Boston on the 3rd. inst. considerably overdue, was another of the coastwise fleet that had a hard battle with Sunday's storm and came through with the loss of sails, broken spars and her plank in a vacant state in one of the holds. When he got ready to return home, Smith found that the judges, thinking his horse was on exhibition, had awarded him a prize and bestowed on him the red ribbon. An incident quite as amusing as the foregoing and much more ridiculous, occurred at the Georgetown Exhibition on Thursday last. A Jersey cow had a prize ticket attached to her horn which, an examination turned out to be for the "best draft filley under 3 years."

Boston advices say:—Terrific winds and phenomenal downpour of rain combined to give the New England coast one of the severest storms in several years. For almost 24 hours the gale had a velocity of from 50 to 70 miles an hour while almost as much rain fell as has fallen in the entire 28 preceding days of the month. The fact that an ocean steamer in the harbor from the gale is doubtless due to the fact that masters had sufficient warning to enable them to make harbor safely. From Block Island to Eastport, in every harbor hundreds of vessels weathered the gale. The North Atlantic squadron, which has been at target practice in Massachusetts Bay, was sheltered in Barnstable Harbor last night.

Ottawa advices of the 5th, say that the reports received at the office of the National Transcontinental Railway Commission state that the contractors on the various sections of the new roads now under contract intend to vigorously push construction work during the whole winter, and instead of laying off their men this autumn they are anxious to add to the good-sized army of winter work. This fact, taken in conjunction with the fact that the reports from all over Canada to the Labor Department show, in all industries a continuing and pressing scarcity of labor, combined with rising wages goes to indicate that the floods of new immigrants to Canada, this summer and autumn and the laboring classes generally, need fear nothing from the usual slacking off of the demand for labor during the winter months.

A sad drowning accident occurred at Sharp's Shore, Lot 11 on the 1st inst. The victim was John Williams of Freeport. He was with another young man, Herbert Larkins of Alberton, went out in a boat to fish for oysters. When coming around a point land a sudden gust of wind filled the sails of their boat expelling it. Williams was swept out of reach of the boat but on account of the rough sea and heavy wind could not suggest in reaching it and was drowned. Larkins managed to reach the boat and clung on until help arrived. Williams was 25 years of age and was the son of Mr. Fred Williams of Freeport. The body was recovered a short time after the accident. A sorrowing father and mother, one brother and two sisters are left to mourn. Much sympathy is felt for them in their bereavement.

Rayward Kipling addressed the Canadian Club at Winnipeg on Wednesday last. He received an ovation from the large audience in attendance and said that he had done his best for the past twenty years to keep all men of the sister nations within the sphere in touch with each other, because he knew that at heart all men were created much alike. He referred to his visit to the city fifteen years ago. Then the citizens were considering where with all the city should be paved. On his present visit he drove over twenty two miles of asphalt to look at some small parts of the marvelous city. Visions that old men had seen fifteen years ago, are translated today into stone, brick and concrete. He said that he had realized a spirit of an assured nationhood, a spirit of a people not contented to be merely imitators of other people, but contented to be themselves.

What is a socialist? A man too lazy to work, as a rule, or, at least, one who would want enough to eat without having to work for it.

Recent Prairie fires, in the vicinity of Halbride, Saskatchewan, caused enormous damages to farmers and cattlemen. One man lost 140 acres of wheat and another lost all his crop and farm buildings.

By the slipping of a rope from pulley at Foggy Colliery, near Bolton, England on Saturday last, nine lives were lost. The accident precipitated an elevator cage to the bottom of a deep shaft.

Four men were killed, twenty fatally injured and ten seriously injured on Sunday night at Butler Pa., by the explosion of cupola in the cast plant of the Standard Steel Car Company.

The contract for an addition to the Montreal Post Office has been let by the Federal Department of Public Works. The contract price is in the vicinity of half a million dollars.

Mr. Stephen Brown, butcher, had in the market yesterday, the best pair of lambs shown in the market this season. The carcasses weighed 114 lbs dressed meat. Mr. Brown bought these lambs from Mr. Robert Dingwell, Marie.

It is thought that Caid Sir Harry McLean, who has been held captive by Benali Raisuli, may now be released. The terms demanded by Raisuli are \$150,000 and British protection to himself and his family.

A wireless message was received at the Montreal Station at Sydney on Monday from a wireless station at Manila, South Pacific, about 6,000 miles away. The message announced the safe arrival of the American cruiser, Philadelphia.

The Cunarder, Lusitania left Liverpool for New York, on her second voyage on Saturday night last. She had about 3,000 passengers. She made a rapid passage to Queenstown, averaging twenty-four knots an hour.

The seven year old daughter of Mrs. Oranstein a boarding house keeper in Toronto, was suffocated to death on Sunday last during a fire that broke out in the house. She was jammed between the bed and the wall. Six men and a woman jumped from the upper story windows. One man's feet were smashed and another badly injured. Mrs. Oranstein may die as a result of her injuries.

On Sunday last, three unidentified men, driving in a buggy along the Chamby Canal bank, near St. Therese, a small village near Montreal, were drowned. Their horse took fright at an old wagon and shield jumping into the canal. There was no assistance near and all three were drowned. They probably belonged to Montreal.

The Marine Department of St. Pierre, MIQ, has officially announced that both bank and coast catches of the French Islands are away ahead of former years, even eclipsing the fishing of 1903 which was the best year in the history of the province. Catches varying from three thousand to five thousand quintals are upwards are arriving daily from the grounds.

In the September examinations held at St. Dunstan's College, Messrs Peter F. McDonald, West St. Peter, and A. L. McIntyre, Armadale, were successful in procuring their degrees of B. A. from Laval University. Mr. McDonald, who was valedictorian of his class, heads the list of successful candidates from the Island during the year, making a total of 92.7. Mr. McDonald is now an ecclesiastical student in St. Paul Seminary, St. Paul, Minn. Congratulations.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, held in Montreal a few days ago, the board of Directors was authorized to arrange for the construction or acquisition of two additional steamships for the Pacific trade to build larger and faster boats for the Atlantic service, transferring the Empress of Britain and Empress of Ireland to the Pacific, and to incur the necessary capital expenditure therefor.

North Sydney advices of the 5th, inst. say:—The barkentine Eliso, sail laden, from Liverpool has arrived here after the toughest experience in Captain Johannegan's career. The barkentine left Liverpool forty-seven days ago and for three consecutive days and nights the commandeer stood at the wheel without sleep. Off Scattered he signalled the Bonavita, for bearings and with difficulty finally reached port.

A large boarding house, kept by Nelson McDougall at Moncton was burned to the ground last Saturday night. The fire was discovered by a boarder named Arthur Shone, who was awakened by the smoke. He was almost suffocated by the smoke and the flames were burning into his room. He at once gave the alarm; but the fire had made too much headway to be quenched. About forty of the workmen, employed at the saw railroad shops, lost nearly all their belongings.

The Allan liner Bavarian is now out in two after which she will be placed in dry dock at Quebec. Mr. Lee, of the American Wrecking Company denied the reports that the vessel had broken in two and that she would be abandoned. "She showed signs of weakness," he said, "but we decided to cut her in two and the work is progressing favorably. We do not expect to experience any difficulty in getting her into dry dock here, when she will be cut in two, after which a survey will be made of her. If thought practicable she will then be temporarily repaired and taken to New York."

Beware of Worms. Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

Are You SATISFIED

to pay large prices for inferior goods.

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Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines

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We employ no agents—therefore save you all middlemen's profits.

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CALL AT

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Provincial EXHIBITION!

The Horse, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry and Dairy-men; also the Farmer and his Wife, are asked to note the dates of the great

Inter-Provincial Exhibition

Charlottetown,

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Open to the Maritime Provinces

Over \$6,000 IN EXHIBITION PRIZES.

Two Days Horse Racing. Three Classes Each Day.

Over \$4,700 in Race Purses.

If you have not received the Prize List or Race Programme write the Secretary.

Lowest Rates on Railways and Steam boats.

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C. R. Smallwood, Secretary.

Sept. 4, 1907—51

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COAL!

We would advise customers to order their Coal and have it delivered before the season gets too late, as

The Strike now on at the Springhill Mines may cause a scarcity and be the means of advancing the prices.

G. Lyons & Co.

Sept. 4, 1907—51

Calendar for Oct. 1907.

Calendar table with columns for Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, and High/Low tide information.

Guth Na Bladhna.

As our readers may remember, we have already had occasion to speak of the excellent work in the past few years by our Highland contemporary—Guth na Bladhna, which is at once a militant Gaelic magazine and one of the ablest literary organs of the Gaelic movement.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Remove the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take it.

and which he was wont to use as a boy in his conversation with his parents, and with the members of their most intimate entourage, such as Baron Stockmar and Queen Victoria's half-sister, and for children the late Queen of Belgium, etc.

Other Literary Associations

For the hero of the story is to be identified with the Lir of Irish legend, known to most readers by one of Moore's Melodies, and with the King Lear of Shakespeare's immortal tragedy.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?

There is no form of disease more prevalent than dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high living and rapid eating of the present day mode of life.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

will cure the worst case of dyspepsia, by regulating the bowels, and toning up the digestive organs.

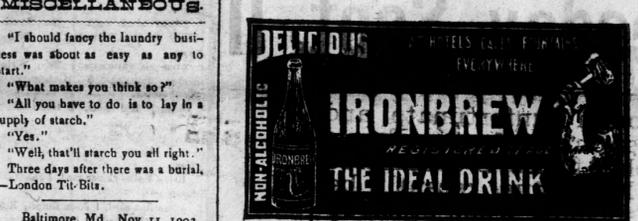
MISCELLANEOUS

"I should fancy the laundry business was about as easy as any to start." "What makes you think so?" "All you have to do is to lay in a supply of starch."

Tea Party Supplies.

We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

SODA DRINKS,



Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase.

Preserves.

We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure.

R. F. Maddigan & Co. Eureka Grocery.

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Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

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Summer Complaint, Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, All Fluxes of the Bowels.

It is without doubt the safest and most reliable remedy in existence.

It has been a household remedy for sixty-two years.

Its effects are instantaneous and it does not leave the bowels in a congested condition.

Do not be lugged into taking something the unscrupulous druggist says is just as good.

Mr. Ed. Stringer, Hingham, Mass., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry with excellent results. I always keep it in the house as it is the best cure for Diarrhoea that can be had."

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Montague Dental Parlors

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Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D. S. Aug. 15, 1906—3m

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Mrs. Larter, Proprietress.

Will now be conducted on KENT STREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

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Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only.

Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

These Boots arrived a few days ago a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

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