

Cattle Trade Tieup.

The British Embargo on Canadian Cattle Continues.

Close of Lord Alibury's Notorious and Unsavory Career.

Continued Spread of the Cholera in Constantinople.

How the Duchess of Manchester Lost Her Jewels and Then Recovered Them—A Bold Robber's Diastrophic Tumble.

Cholera!
CONSTANTINOPLE, April 10.—From five to ten fresh cases of cholera are reported daily in this city.

A Naval Battle.
BERLIN, April 10.—A dispatch from Rio Janeiro says that five insurgent warships are bombarding Rio Grande do Sul, and that the Brazilian Government has sent ten ships to the scene.

The Bering Sea Bill.
LONDON, April 10.—The Bering Sea Bill formally passed its first reading in the House of Lords to-day. There was no debate. The bill will come up for its second reading Thursday.

The Disabled Ems.
LONDON, April 10.—The Thames ocean tug Blackcock has been chartered by the North German Lloyd Steamship Company to tow the disabled steamship Ems from Horta, Fayal, to Southampton.

Archpriest of St. Peter's.
ROME, April 10.—The Pope has issued a special bull nominating Cardinal Rampolla as archbishop of St. Peter's. The document states that this honor is conferred upon Cardinal Rampolla in recognition of his eminent services to the church.

A Robber's Terrible Fate.
MADRID, April 10.—The Duchess of Manchester narrowly escaped losing her jewels while traveling through the Basque provinces to-day. The thief stole them between Alegria and Victoria, but in trying to escape from the train he fell under the wheels and both his legs were crushed. The jewels were returned to the duchess intact.

To Improve Zanzibar.
LONDON, April 10.—The report of the late Sir Gerald Porter, who was British consul-general and political agent at Zanzibar, has just been issued. The report strongly urges the construction of a railway to the coast and the draining of the territory around the Victoria Nyanza, with a view to the development of commerce in that region.

A Royal Trio.
LONDON, April 10.—King Humbert and Queen Margherita of Italy arrived at Florence this morning to visit Queen Victoria.

Queen Victoria returned King Humbert's visit at 5 o'clock this evening. King Humbert met her Majesty at the entrance to the palace and kissed her hand. Queen Victoria was carried in her arm chair into the grand salon, where she held a reception lasting half an hour. The Queen was cheered as she took her departure for the villa.

The Cattle Trade Tieup.
LONDON, April 10.—In reply to a delegation which waited on him to-day in reference to the removal of restrictions imposed upon the importation of Canadian cattle, Lord Alibury, president of the Board of Agriculture, said the Government was not prepared to remove such restrictions. The Government, however, he said, were in communication with the Dominion authorities on the subject, and any subsequent change of policy in regard to the importation of Canadian cattle would depend upon the result of the correspondence.

Da Gama Did Not Go.
BUENOS AYRES, April 10.—One hundred and twelve Brazilian insurgent officers and sailors who escaped from the Portuguese warships Mindello and Alfonso de Albuquerque, on Sunday afternoon, have landed on the Buenos Ayres quarantine station. Admiral Da Gama, who was reported yesterday to be among those who escaped, is now said to have refused at the last moment to leave the Mindello. The plan for the escape of the Brazilians was concocted in this city by Brazilian refugees.

"A Noble Lord He Was, of High Degree."
LONDON, April 10.—Lord Alibury died of heart disease in the house of a friend in Brixton, a southwestern suburb of London, to-day. He was apparently in his usual health.

terms of the agreement of Canada in regard to the Bering Sea Bill. He will also ask the Government to say whether Canada attached any condition to her agreement regarding compensation to Canadian sealers.

Look Out For It.
KIEL, April 11.—A bright comet with a tail was discovered by Prof. Holmes, London, April 9, near the stars Phi and Chi of the Dragon.

Late Canadian News.

Rowdism in Belleville May Result in a Lady's Death—A Suit Settled by a Wedding.

Rev. J. S. Trotter has been appointed rector of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church, Belleville.

The Quebec Chronicle gravely announces that "addressed fathers" will hereafter pay a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem.

A Toronto dispatch says that J. A. Van Watt, Q.C., has been appointed judge of the Supreme Court, New Brunswick, vice Palmer, resigned.

Dr. Ridley Mackenzie, son of Mr. W. I. Mackenzie, Toronto, has been appointed medical superintendent of the Montreal General Hospital.

The seduction case of Letta Young vs. Robt. Howard, of Shannonsville, was settled in the Belleville Police Court Tuesday by the marriage of the principals.

The first river boats are expected in Montreal by the end of the week, and the first ocean steamship should reach there a week from Saturday—a week earlier than usual.

Miss Vancott and Miss Wess, of Belleville, were seriously injured in a runaway Saturday night, caused by a ruffian who cut the lines. The recovery of the former lady is doubtful.

L. C. Lashley, manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Company, had one of his agents, W. G. Dale, arrested Tuesday afternoon at Toronto on a charge of defrauding the company.

Frank F. Pickering has been committed for trial at Toronto on a charge of obtaining \$1,500 by false pretenses from the People's Loan and Savings Company. His bail of \$3,000 has been renewed.

At Deseronto, Robert Milligan's little girl was badly burned Monday evening while the mother was out after water. It is supposed that her clothing caught fire from the stove. There are very little hopes of recovery.

The fire losses of the United States and Canada for the month of March, as estimated by the New York Journal of Commerce, aggregate \$9,147,100, a gratifying decrease from the showing of March, 1893, which was \$16,602,350.

The celebrated case of the Canada Review against Archbishop Fabre, in which the paper claims \$50,000 from the archbishop for having placed it under the ban of the church, came up for hearing on Tuesday in Montreal and is unfinished.

Suffocated by Coal Oil Fumes.
SARNIA, April 10.—A young man named Lee, who was employed by the Canadian Oil Company, while attending to some arrangements of the oil tanks yesterday, was overcome by the fumes from the oil, and after every endeavor was made to revive him, he died last night. His people live in Sparta West.

A Canadian Sampson.
QUEBEC, April 11.—Annie, wife brother of Louis Cyr, the strong man, who at present lives in St. Boniface, will follow his brother's example and travel as a strong man. He is only 19 years old, measuring 5 feet 9 inches and weighing 156 pounds. He lifts 447 pounds with one finger and carries over 2,200 pounds on his back.

British Columbia Protests.
VICTORIA, B. C., April 11.—A resolution has been adopted in the Provincial Parliament expressing the hope that the bill now before the Imperial Parliament, making the Bering Sea arbitration effective, would not receive royal assent unless the claims of the British Columbian sealers for the years 1891, 1892 and 1893 be placed in the course of settlement.

A Young Actor Suicides.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., April 11.—Charles Howe, the well-known female impersonator, living in this city, committed suicide by morphine in a room at the Clarendon Hotel, the body being found last night. He was only 19 years of age and exceptionally handsome, though of a markedly effeminate cast. There is a good deal of mystery surrounding the affair, and for the tragedy has been assigned. Young Howe took out a \$500 life insurance policy a few days ago. He was engaged to travel with the Wilbur Opera Company as impersonator next season.

THE WHEEL.
THE NEXT CHAMPION.
If Zimmerman retires it will be difficult to name the champion. Sanger, Tyler, Johnson and Taylor are speedy riders. All have followers, but down east many believe that Taylor will be champion this year.

CHESS.
SHOWALTER WON.
NEW YORK, April 10.—In the chess match between J. W. Showalter and A. E. Hodges to-day Showalter won. This gives him the purse of \$100 offered by the Manhattan Club. The score is Showalter, 7; Hodges, 6; drawn, 4.

ALL MEN
Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, dizziness, pain in the back and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, fullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital forces having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada.
Please mention this paper.

Three More Members

To Have Seats in the Ontario Legislature.

Provisions of the Redistribution Bill—The Opposition Not Yet Ready to Object—A Measure for the Punishment of Would-be Personators.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, April 10.—Shortly after the opening of the House this afternoon, Mr. Gibson, Provincial Secretary, rose to move the first reading of the Redistribution Bill. He briefly outlined its provisions. The only places affected are Toronto, Hamilton and Ottawa.

Toronto is divided into four constituencies. South Toronto, containing 10,666 voters, is bounded on the north by College avenue and Carleton street, which form an almost continuous thoroughfare; on the south by the bay, on the east by Sherbourne street, and on the west by Palmerston avenue and Tecumseh street, the latter being almost a continuation of the former.

North Toronto lies immediately to the north of the electoral division just described. It is limited thus: South, Carleton and College; east, Sunnyside, west, Palmerston; north, city limits. Number of voters, 7,611.

East Toronto—West, Sherbourne and Shumach; south, bay; east and north, city limits. Voters, 7,686.

West Toronto—South, bay; west, Tecumseh street and Palmerston avenue; north and west, city limits. Voters, 8,722.

The four constituencies thus marked out form, as nearly as possible, four rectangles. It will be noticed that South Toronto has a considerably larger population than any of the other three. The former, however, is not likely to increase, while the latter are all likely to undergo great expansion.

Many years ago, when Hamilton had very many more inhabitants than at the present time, it was generally thought that this city should have increased representation. When Mr. Gibson entered the House he urged that such a reconstruction be made. This is to be effected now, and it is proposed to give the Ambitious City, which has a population bordering upon 50,000, two members instead of one. The city will be divided into two electoral divisions—East and West Hamilton—the central boundary line being Hughson street, running south from the bay to the top of the mountain. Wards No. 3, 4, 5 and part of 6 and 2 go into West Hamilton, while wards 1, 6, 7 and part of 6 and 2 will be included in East Hamilton.

Ottawa is to have two members. Its population at the last census was 44,154. For Provincial election purposes two incorporated villages—Ottawa East (population 714) and Pictouburg (population 500)—and one unincorporated village, Mechanicville, all lying adjacent to the city, containing in all 2,014 people, will be included in the Ottawa constituency, the population in full will be 46,168. This latter increase in representation, the sponsor of the bill thought, could be adequately justified on the ground of population.

Mr. Gibson remarked that he was sure the statement he had made would meet with approval of the Opposition. The Government, he thought, should be complimented on bringing down a bill which would create so little disturbance in the existing conditions. The Government, he affirmed, had acted in this matter in the interests of the people affected, and not to gain party advantage.

Mr. Meredith said that he did not intend to enter into an extended discussion of the bill until he had an opportunity of inspecting its provisions. He hinted that the representation in the House rather than have increased it by three.

In respect to this latter criticism, Mr. Meredith said that the question thus mooted would have been met in either of two ways. The Government might have refused to give the cities more members, or have united some of the smaller constituencies. They did not, however, care to do either.

Mr. Meredith was in accord with the provisions of the bill, but thought that they might apply to the whole Province with equal efficacy.

A warm and interesting discussion arose out of the motion for the reading of the bill. Mr. Meredith, while not willing to protect unduly the man who would unfairly and unjustly attack a person's character, approved of the tenor of the measure. The leader of the Opposition was warm in his denunciation of the "gutter-snipe journalism" that counter-attacks minute searches for "petty gossip and small scandals."

Mr. Stratton, a newspaper editor of Peterboro, defended the bill. Mr. O'Connor, of South Bruce, made a vigorous attack upon what he termed "class legislation," which was calculated to place autocrats over the heads of the people of the Province. A sensible portion of his observations was that in which he condemned the system of anonymous correspondence as outrageous. The bill was supported by a vote of 45 yeas to 21 nays.

The House adjourned at 6:30, a committee on the drainage law being billed for the evening.

mily. The injured were removed to a hospital. Workmen are looking for the culprits. At midnight the bodies of John Kelly and Mrs. Clifford were taken from the bins.

ELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

The Republicans carried a majority of the town elections held in California Tuesday.

President Cleveland has issued a proclamation warning sealers to keep out of the waters of the North Pacific Ocean and bring under the penalties in the act carrying at the decision of the Paris Tribunal.

Mary Rss, of St. Catharines, fell unconscious in a drygoods store at Buffalo Tuesday afternoon, and was taken to Fitch Hospital, where she lies in a critical condition. Hospital physicians assert it to be a case of dum poisoning.

The situation in Bluefields is unchanged. An anarchist plot has been discovered in Cadiz, Spain.

There are 83 insurance companies doing business in Winnipeg.

The cyclone did \$60,000 damage in Coffey county, Kansas.

The ground throughout Genesee Valley, New York is now under about six inches of snow.

The Industrial Army in Utah will proceed east. Tiro has been great suffering among the.

At Escaba, Mich., about twenty inches of snow have fallen accompanied by a young blizzard.

A convention met in Detroit on Monday with the object of killing off the "cut rate" drug business.

The abolition of the kindergarten classes is very strongly supported in the Toronto public school board.

Emilo Caceres, of the Spanish Republican party, is joined the Monarchists. This created a sensation in the Cortes.

German metallists expect another conference to be called to fix the price of silver by treaty between countries.

The body of Assistant Chief Jansen was found in the gallery of the ruined Davidson Theater, Milwaukee, Tuesday morning.

It now transpires that the Brazilian rebel, Da Gama did not escape from the Portuguese warship. He refused to leave.

A Winnipeg dispatch says that Wm. Crawford, formerly of Exeter, has been drowned in Killarney District by the collapse of a ridge.

At Winnipeg, Tuesday, Archbishop Tache said, personally, would not appeal to the Privy Council against the decision of the Supreme Court in the school question.

Hon. S. D. Fisher, of Bay City, Mich., has completed the purchase of 5,000,000 feet of Canadian logs which will be brought to the Saginaw River to be sawed. He is also negotiating for 20,000,000 feet more.

Judge Egan, of Detroit, has made a decree of great interest to railway companies. It is in favor of the Consolidated Car Heater Company, of Albany, N. Y., against the M. C. R., for infringement of patent for heating cars by steam. The company is restrained from using them and damages will be awarded.

COXEY'S MEN

Preparing for Their March Over the Mountains.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 10.—Two meals consisting of coffee and bread were served to Coxeys' men to-day, and to-night they got hot vegetable soup, meat, bread and coffee. In his special order this morning Chief Marshal Brown made specific mention of the fact that any who feared the trip over the mountains should drop out. The talk tonight is that requests will be literally complied by many of the men. Reports placed the number of probable deserters at 10, but only six had left up to 9 o'clock. All day the marshals of the army have been soliciting provisions about town, and Coxeys' men have purchased a supply of hard tack, bacon and coffee, sufficient for four days' rations. To-night Commissary Marshal Blum says they have half a ton of hard tack, 200 pounds of coffee, and 1,000 pounds of bacon. A considerable amount of clothing has also been procured, and will be distributed among the men to-morrow morning. As the army has but two commissary wagons a portion of the supplies will be shipped by rail to a point beyond the mountains.

One of the cowboys was arrested and fined for fast riding in the streets. Coxeys paid the fine.

DUNDAS CENTER AUXILIARY

Of the W. M. S.—Thanksgiving Offering—\$100 Raised.

The latest regular meeting of the Dundas Street Methodist Church Women's Missionary Society was very numerously attended and enthusiastic. It was the occasion of the annual thank offering from the members and friends of the auxiliary. An excellent programme was prepared including a solo by Miss Golding and a deeply interesting reading by Mrs. J. H. Tennant on "Heavenly Claims and Christian Duty." A new departure was introduced, namely, "The Repeating of the Apostles Creed," by the audience.

The feature of the meeting was a most timely and suggestive address by Rev. Dr. Antill, the subject being "Thanksgiving and Benevolence." Among the numerous good thoughts presented were that "the extent of our giving is not measured by what we give but by what remains." The speaker laid great stress on the blessedness and joy that comes into the heart of the truly benevolent. The address was listened to with profound interest. At the close the thank offering was collected by two of the youngest members of the auxiliary, Misses Jennie Flock and Madeline Bowman. This was followed by the reading aloud of all the amounts subscribed and the accompanying passages of scripture. The offerings amounted to \$90. This sum was subsequently raised to \$100 by a generous member of the auxiliary. Eight new members were added. At the close of this most interesting meeting a few of the ladies entertained the auxiliary to refreshments, which were tastefully arranged on tables decorated with flowers, and a very enjoyable social half hour spent.

Steamship Arrivals.

At	From
April 10.	
Laurentian.....	Liverpool.....
Friesland.....	New York.....
Berlin.....	New York.....
Moravia.....	New York.....
Columbia.....	New York.....
Teutonic.....	Queensdown.....

ATTEND

GREAT

BANKRUPT

SALE!

DRY GOODS

STOCK

Spittal,
Burn &
Gentleman,
Successors to

T. BEATTIE & CO

MILLINERY

BANKRUPT PRICES

The whole staff of the late firm is here ready to trim anything to your order.

150 Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

NEW GOODS AT BANKRUPT PRICES.

KINGSMILL'S

176 and 178 Dundas Street.

(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

Bargains!

EVERY DAY.

We are always on the lookout for bargains for our customers, and you will always find them at

WHISKARD'S

Special Purchase of

Fancy Ribbons,
Ribbons, Ribbons,

Wide width, less than 50c on
the dollar, going at

5c Yard.

Call and see our Ribbon counter.
We are selling a large quantity of
Ribbon just now, and no wonder.
Our prices are right, and our cus-
tomers know it.

Ladies, you should see our

Figured Art Silks

At less than half price. Goods
worth 75c selling at

35c Yard

We bought a large quantity;
have sold a lot. You should have
some before they are all gone.
Fine goods for fancy work of all
kinds, mantle drapes, etc.

Special Purchase of

GRAY and FANCY
FLANNELS

—AT—

25 per cent. less than
regular price.

Call and see them.

In CURTAINS

As usual, we take the lead. Our
leading line of 3 yards, taped,

—AT—

50c Pair

Are excellent value, and are going
out quickly. We are showing also
in CURTAINS special lines at
special prices ranging from 50c, 75c,
\$1 and \$1 25 up. The patterns for
the goods are very fine and new for
this season.

CHILDREN'S

Fancy Straw Hats

At half price; new shapes only

20c each.

Whiskard's

IS THE PLACE FOR
BARGAINS,

232 Dundas Street.

THEY STILL OBJECT

To the Specifications for Electric
Lighting,

But Will Follow Instructions—No. 3 Com-
mittee Disapproves of a Bill Intro-
duced in the Ontario Legislature
—Applications for Electric
Lights Laid Over.

"I beg leave to advise you that the
municipal council at a special session,
after having considered and amended cer-
tain specifications for electric lighting,
adopted a resolution that No. 3 committee
instruct the city engineer to advertise for
tenders for the electric lighting of the city
according to specifications as amended."

The reading of the above communication
from the city clerk gave rise to a great
deal of discussion at the meeting of No. 3
committee last night, when Ald. Parnell
(chairman), Wm. Heaman, John Heaman,
Nuttins, O'Meara, Secretary Bell, Chief
Roe and Market Clerk Wilson were present.

The committee had submitted specifications
for the lighting and the council had
altered them in some respects.

Ald. O'Meara did not care about the idea
of advertising for tenders according to the
specifications as they now stood.

Ald. Parnell objected in particular to the
striking out of the words "new" and
"modern," referring to the machinery.
The reason of his desiring to have the word
inserted was, he said, to get rid of the
Ball rubbish and secure something better.

Ald. John Heaman—We are already on
record as objecting to the changes.

Ald. Parnell—Well, we cannot too often
be on record in that respect.

Ald. O'Meara moved that the specifica-
tions be sent back to the council for further
consideration.

Ald. W. Heaman moved that tenders be
advertised for. Carried.

Ald. Parnell also called the attention of
the committee to a bill which had been
introduced in the Ontario Legislature by a
private member, to exempt gas, electric
light, and telephone companies from tax-
ation on their buildings and plant, and
providing for the collection of taxes on the
incomes derived from these works by the
shareholders. Ald. Parnell objected strongly
to any such legislation being enforced,
as it would be in the interest of a few and
against the masses. All such companies in
this city made big profits and they should
pay taxes as well as any other business
concern. He moved that the committee
protest against the legislation and that
Mr. Meredith be asked to oppose it.

Carried.

In view of the fact that tenders had
been let for the cleaning of the market,
Ald. Parnell thought it would be neces-
sary to alter the duties of the clerk to some
extent. Mr. Wilson agreed, and a special
committee composed of Ald. Parnell,
O'Meara and John Heaman was appointed
to report at the next meeting.

P. Carney and a number of ratepayers
positioned for an electric light at the
corner of Hill and Clarence streets. Laid
over.

Ald. Parnell suggested that while the
specifications were being advertised the
engineer be instructed to report on places
in need of lights and also those which could
be moved.

The engineer's recommendation that
lights be placed at the corner of Grey and
Richmond streets and Mount Pleasant
avenue and Talbot street was also laid
over.

The claim of R. Quick for sheep killed
by dogs was again resurrected, accom-
panied by the valuation of Daniel Bacon.
The city solicitor's opinion was that the
council would not have to pay the claim
unless they were satisfied a diligent search
had been made by the loser. A statement
to that effect was made by Mr. Quick and
two-thirds of the loss will be paid by the
city and a bylaw recommended to the coun-
cil to free them from future responsibility
in such cases.

Progress will be reported in the matter
of equalizing market rents.

A petition from W. Farrell and others
was presented asking that Bathurst street,
between Richmond and Talbot streets, be
watered. It was accompanied by a contra-
petition, and Messrs. Geo. T. Hiscox and
John Pritchard spoke in support of the latter.
The chairman and engineer will re-
port.

Ald. Nutkins stated that it had been
rumored around that he was not prepared
to back up the findings of the committee,
and that he had also shirked his duty by
absenting himself when an important ques-
tion was up. Wherever the statement came
from it was untrue.

The assurance was given that it did not
originate with his fellow-committeemen.

APRIL PROVERBS.

After a wet April follows a dry June.
April and May are the keys of the year.
Thunder storm in April is the end of
hoar frost.

Whatever March does not want, April
brings along.

A cold and moist April fills the cellar
and fattens the cow.

April borrows three days from March,
and they are his.

A dry April's not the farmer's will; rain
in April is what he will.

When April blows his horn,
"Tis good for hay and corn."

When April makes much noise we will
have plenty of rye and hay.

When on the 24th rye has grown so high
as to hide a crow a good harvest may be
expected.

WORE A FALSE FACE.

A Spiritualist Medium Exposed at
Watervliet, Mich.

BATTLE CREEK, April 10.—Joseph King,
of St. Joseph, the spiritualist medium,
who will be tried at the next term of our
Circuit Court for a fraud, has again been
exposed. A letter received here from
Watervliet, Van Buren county, says that
Frank Bradt, of that village, invited him
to hold a seance at his house. He had
arranged with John Van Garrett and
George Austin to help expose the
humbug. At a given signal, as
a Mrs. Pratt thought that she
saw the spirit of her departed father,
Austin turned up the light, Van Garrett
sprang upon the back of Johnson, King's
assistant, and held him fast. Frank Bradt
sprang in the cabinet and took a firm hold
of the ghost, which proved to be Joseph
King himself, with a false face on, and his
boots off.

King gave back the receipts for two even-
ings, and then Bradt turned King and
Johnson outdoors in the rain and darkness,
and they started for a more congenial clime,
on foot. Still the spiritualists of this city
believe that King is honest, and that they
actually talked and shook hands with the
spirits of their departed friends.

I had a severe cold, for which I took
Norway Pine Syrup. I find it an excellent
remedy, giving prompt relief and pleasant
to take. J. PAYNTER, Huntville, Ont.

LUCAN LOCALS.

Attempted incendiarism—Old Resident a
Dead.

During the last few days we have had
several deaths of some of the old inhabi-
tants—Mr. Edward Blackwell at 71 years,
James Mayo at 60 years, and Mrs. John
Hoggins at 79 years, youngest daughter of
the late Caleb Ryan, died last week from
what was called cerebro-spinal meningitis.

Revival services are being held in Claudi-
boyne Methodist Church. Large numbers
attend them.

On the evening of March 23 the Epworth
League of the Methodist Church held an
"At Home" in the town hall. The old
room was furnished as a drawing room,
while the stage was curtained off as a
refreshment room.

Last Friday night the Ladies' Aid of Holy
Trinity Church gave a concert in the town
hall. St. Mary's talent gave most of the
entertainment. They did it well. The
hall was fairly well filled.

About 10:15 p.m. last Thursday night
Mr. Hawkeshaw was attracted to his stable
by seeing a blaze resembling a candle under
the corner. He discovered a ball of rags
saturated with coal oil burning. It had
set fire to the boards around. One pail of
water put out what might have swept
away a third of the town. A reward of
\$500 is offered for the scoundrel who did
this.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

BRANT.

The sudden death from heart disease of
a young woman named Margaret Corcoran,
in the service of the institution for the
blind, occurred Sunday morning.

Brant county jail is to-day empty. There
is not a single prisoner, male or female,
serving a sentence within its walls.

ELGIN.

Aylmer's assessment roll shows: Total
value of real property, \$614,628; personal
property, other than income, \$104,000; tax-
able income, \$18,216; total value of real and
personal property and taxable income,
\$725,844, an increase of \$7,630 over last
assessment; number of residents, 2,150.

Barney Reece, drayman, St. Thomas, aged
35, died suddenly Monday from the burst-
ing of a blood vessel in the brain. He
left a wife and one child.

Eliza Doggerell, widow of the late Henry
Doggerell, of Yarmouth, died Monday
night, aged 85.

Mrs. W. H. Martin, of Duluth, a former
resident of St. Thomas, arrived there on
Saturday night in the last stages of illness,
and died at the residence of her brother.

Mrs. Ead, of Port Stanley, aged 85, died
at the residence of her son, Capt. Mark
Berry, Monday.

ESSEX.

David Little has been appointed market
clerk of Windsor.

Tuesday morning about 1 o'clock flames
were seen issuing from a small frame unoc-
cupied dwelling in the southern part of
Leamington. The dwelling was probably
fired by parties who at the time were en-
gaged in burglarizing the postoffice in the
northern part of the town. The marauders
made their entrance by prying open the
back door. Then they blew open the safe,
which, however, contained little else but
papers of no value. All they secured were
the coppers and nickels in the cash drawer
even the stamps escaped their notice. The
safe will probably cost about \$75 to repair.

HURON.

The Stephen and Osborne Agricultural
Society held their spring fair at Exeter on
Tuesday. The weather was very unfavor-
able, rain, snow and very high winds pre-
vailing all day. There were some very fine
stallions and bulls shown, but not many
people were in attendance on account of the
bad weather.

KENT.

The assizes opened at Chatham on Mon-
day before Judge Street. The criminal
docket is: The Queen vs. Patterson, murder;
Queen vs. Richardson, murder;
Queen vs. Woodhull, bigamy; Queen vs.
Rohan, shooting with intent to kill; Queen
vs. Bannister, murder. There are three
civil cases.

Miss Ella McKelvey, daughter of Alex.
McKelvey, Indian agent, Wallaceburg,
died at Harper's Hospital, Detroit, on
Sunday forenoon, of diptheria.

Dan E. McMullen, an old Chatham
printer, was elected mayor of Cheboygan,
Mich., by a majority of 252, on Monday
last. This is Dan's third term.

LAMBTON.

Prohibitionists talk of running a man for
the Local House in West Lambton.

Rev. W. A. Bradley has been inducted
into the pastorate of the Alvinston Presby-
terian Church.

MIDDLESEX.

A few days ago burglars entered the R.
C. Church, Watervliet, and stole \$2,000 worth
of goods, which were afterwards found in
wood about two miles from the church. It
is believed this is the work of the same
band of thieves who robbed the church at
Bathurst.

The report comes from Belmont of the
death from neglect of a once flourishing
lodge of the Protestant Protective Associa-
tion.—[St. Thomas Journal.]

The Belmont cheese factory opened on
April 10.

OXFORD.

Sunday morning, James Round, aged 27,
secretary of the Drumbo cheese factory,
succumbed to an attack of appendicitis. A
surgical operation was unsuccessful.

WATERLOO.

Thirty dogs in Waterloo and five in
Berlin have been destroyed since the mad
dog scare there a week ago.

Rev. Mr. Ridley, with Mrs. Ridley and
daughter, of Galt, have left on a trip to
England.

Rev. Mr. Richardson, Berlin, declared
from his pulpit his belief in a material hell
—a place of mental and physical torture.

Do You Suffer From?

Does a dull aching of nerve or muscle, or
the center pang of neuralgia, toothache,
or lumbago make life misery? Thousands
are compelled to suffer day in and day out
simply because they are unacquainted with
the extraordinary pain subduing power of
Nerviline—the great nerve pain cure. It
is certain to cure nerve pain speedily.

Nerviline cures toothache, rheumatism,
neuralgia, lumbago, etc. Nerviline is
powerful, penetrating and effectual. Sold
everywhere.

Can anybody give a good reason why
clocks should not strike when they are re-
quired to work over time?

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate
your throat or lungs and run the risk of
filling a consumptive's grave, when by the
timely use of Bickie's Anti-Consumptive
syrup the pain can be allayed and the
danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to
the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving,
healing and curing all affections of the
throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis,
etc.

In the case of a telegrapher's strike it is
just a little doubtful who would have the
key to the situation.

No. 1362 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.,
Oct. 23, 1892.

I have sold your Extract for 18 or 19
years and always recommend it very highly.
Have been opposed to the sale of the bulk
hamamelis, and told my customers that I
much preferred Pond's Extract as it had
absolutely cured me of a very severe case
of Piles, when all other remedies failed
(which is a fact) and just one bottle did it.
H. A. HITCHCOCK.

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Medical Association for the Prize Essay on
Exhaustive Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous and
Physical Debility, and all Diseases and Weak-
ness of the young, the middle-aged and
old. Consultation in
person or by letter. Prospective, with testimonials,
Large book, The Science of Life
for Self-Preservation, the price
essay, 379 p. 125 invaluable prescriptions for acute
and chronic diseases, full gift, only \$1.00, double sealed.
Dr. Piker's works are the best, on the subjects
treated, and published and have an enormous sale
throughout this country and England. Read them
now, and you will be strong, vigorous and
manly. Sent free.—Medical Review.

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whose system needs toning up and whose
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than a liquid, because concentrated,
and housekeepers will find it
much cheaper to

BUY
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a solid, concentrated extract, free from
fat and undigestible or any foreign sub-
stance and dissolve it themselves.

The genuine has
this signature
the jar, in blue:

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COIL SPRING SHAFT SUPPORT
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French Masterpiece in Bronze
Some Triumphs of Terra Cotta
Innocence Baffling Cupid,
Gem of Spanish Metal Work,
An American Myth,
Blind Man's Buff,
Camp of Damascus Colony,
In Shoe and Leather Building,
The Old Locomotive "Rocket,"
Lady Aberdeen's Irish Village,
Dom Pedro's State Carriage,
Relics of a Nameless Race,
Down in the Windmill Section,
In a Mammoth Conservatory,
An Event in Church History.

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To start next week,

Will present a list of views surpassing
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Many of the various subjects that
were so carefully studied by con-
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cluded in No. 13:

The Admiral at the Helm,
Miriam's Song of Triumph,
A Danish Arachne,
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The Great Chicago Telescope,
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Famous Railroad Types,
Tools and Products of the Mines,
An Uphill Locomotive,
Interior of Machinery Hall,
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The Hero of Cedar Creek,
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God is in his heaven,

All's right with the world.

—BROWNING.

Never bear more than one kind of trouble at a time. Some people bear three kinds—all they have had, all they have now, and all they expect to have.

—EDWARD EVERETT HALE.

London, Wednesday, April 11.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, with its morning and evening editions, covers the ground. With one exception, it is the ONLY EARLY MORNING DAILY IN ONTARIO, outside of Toronto.

—Only those communications to which the writers are willing to have their names appended in print will be published in these columns. Neither the writing nor the publication of anonymous letters can be justified.

—"Trade and commerce develops best when left the most alone."—[Hon. L. H. Davies, of P. E. I.]

—Toronto charities will this year cost over \$80,000. This is a very large sum, even taking into account the size of the place.

—Canada has now 8,477 postoffices, an increase of 189 since last year. The country is pretty well supplied with postoffices, but one of these days a daily mail will be deemed a necessity for all thickly settled rural districts.

—Doctors have discovered that diphtheria can be communicated by books. So can the germs of smallpox. As convalescent patients are generally much given to reading the free library system is not without its drawbacks.

—In a speech delivered at Winnipeg last week Hugh John Macdonald, formerly M.P. for that city, earnestly urged Conservatives to run municipal elections on national party lines. Conservatives already do so in many places in Ontario.

—The Baptist ministers of Toronto have declared that a man's creed should not be inquired into before he gets a public office. That is a sensible view. The man's standing as a citizen and his ability to perform the labors pertaining to the office should alone be considered.

—The triumph of shorthand as a time and money saver was exemplified at the recent Wentworth assizes in Hamilton, where Chancellor Boyd disposed of ten cases in two days. If the evidence had been taken in long hand, the court could not have risen in less than a week.

—The Conservative member of the Ontario Legislature who loaned certain documents to a reporter, and forgot all about the transaction, is now sorry that his fertile imagination led him to report that his desk had been broken open and the papers stolen from it. He will do well in future to reflect first and speak afterwards.

—At the end of last March a football player in England was sunstruck. It looked at that time as if exposed Canadians might run a similar risk in the early days of April, so forward was the season. But where are we now? We have our early March weather in April. Nature levels things up pretty thoroughly taking one season with another.

—In St. Thomas, the curfew bell will only apply to children under 14, who will be required by the municipal enactment to leave off their play on the streets and resort to their homes by 9 p.m., or run the risk of being taken there by the officers. The age limit could have been extended a couple of years with positive benefit to the class of urchins affected.

—Mr. Martin, of Winnipeg, undoubtedly represented Northwest public opinion when he vigorously attacked the deformed Foster tariff. The Brandon Sun says the tariff is a "disguised makeshift," "a freak," and adds that a complete change cannot long be delayed. The Neepawa Register, a strong Conservative paper, says there is general dissatisfaction with the tariff changes announced, and that President Braithwaite, of the Manitoba Patrons, in his letter condemning the changes, "voiced the general sentiment of the farmers of the Northwest." The Manitou Mercury sums up the whole matter by asking: "Are we dogs that we should fawn on those who have insulted us by throwing these crumbs to us?"

—Mr. Gladstone's latest declaration may appear an enigma to some people. Let us repeat it: "If anyone asks you how I feel, tell them that I feel like a disestablished church with bracing breezes blowing about me." Judging by the experience of the Irish Episcopal Church, the disestablishment of which Mr. Gladstone brought about, the Grand Old Man is in tolerably good trim. When he resolved to remove the anomaly of a State Church sustained at the expense of a people the large majority of whom did not desire its ministrations, Mr. Gladstone's political enemies

denounced him with unexampled virulence. He was told that he was disloyal to Protestantism, to British interests, to religion itself, and it was prophesied that when disestablishment took place Protestantism in Ireland would be doomed. All these fears have been falsified, and after a quarter of a century of independent growth the Episcopal Church in Ireland, depending upon her own exertions, is in much better health than when pampered at public expense. The great British commoner has apparently chosen an apt simile to infer that he is in tolerably good health for a man of four score and five.

REDISTRIBUTION IN ONTARIO.

The Ontario Redistribution Bill, brought down in the Legislature last night, makes few changes.

Toronto, with its 180,000 inhabitants, is divided in four, and given an additional member.

Hamilton, with 48,000 of a population, is divided in two, and given two members. It is understood that Hon. J. M. Gibson, Provincial Secretary, will be the Liberal candidate for Hamilton West.

The only other change is in Ottawa city, to which has been added several suburban districts, giving a population in all of over 46,000. This will entitle the Dominion capital to two members.

We regret that the rearrangement has not been decreed for London and Middlesex county which we suggested some time ago. By it we would have two county constituencies and two of the city with a rural township and the village of London West added. Doubtless because the Administration had resolved to make as few changes in the constituencies as possible, no alteration is made in any of the Western constituencies. Is it too late to take action with the object of increasing the prestige of London in the direction here indicated?

A QUARTER OF A MILLION PRESENTED YEARLY TO THE BREWERS.

The excise duty on malt has been reduced 25 per cent. in Mr. Foster's new tariff. Few people probably realize what this means to the brewers. We are informed that by this change, which will not affect the price of beer in any respect or help any industry, the rich brewers of the country will save from \$225,000 to \$250,000 a year. When Mr. Foster brought in his budget, he put on a very poor mouth in discussing proposed changes in the tariff, and argued that he could not reduce the tariff to any great extent because of the revenue needs. Who outside the brewing fraternity will say that this quarter of a million revenue, which Mr. Foster has now diverted from the public purse into the pockets of the brewers, could not have been better spared from the taxes on necessities of life? Mr. Foster was at one time a temperance advocate, but now that he holds a well-paid Government office in a Cabinet dominated by the distillers and the brewers he has more "moments of weakness," in which he goes back on his former professions, than can be kept track of. It is understood that the distillers, who had already been favored by the men in power at Ottawa, and the brewers, now their special care, have agreed to give back in election subscriptions a substantial portion of the enormous gains thus rendered possible by Government favor. They can well afford to give a few hundred thousand dollars in each campaign and still count their profits large. But where do the independent taxpayers, who ask for a chance for an unbiased verdict of the people, come in?

PROGRESS IN BRITAIN.

The removal of Gladstone from the British political arena may precipitate a general election at an earlier period than would have been the case had the Grand Old Man remained at the head of affairs. The result is difficult to foretell. Though the usual experience in Great Britain may be repeated, and a change of Government may result, it is possible that neither party, in the event of a contest, would come back with a sufficiently strong following to promote effective legislation. Supporting the Rosebery Cabinet were to be defeated and a Conservative party, partly controlled by Liberal dissidents, as at present, were to take office, the chief result would be the reorganization of the Liberal party on distinctly Radical lines, with a determination to force measures of the most progressive character. In Great Britain the tendency in recent years has been distinctly democratic. By Gladstone's last electoral measure, the franchise has been enormously extended, and before many years have rolled by many proofs of the fact that Great Britain is practically a republic with a titled head will be given. In the midst of all the hubbub and uncertainty caused by the present relaxing of cohesion, one statesman at least stands unmoved and displaying all the self-restraint that has invariably been his forte. Lord Rosebery is undismayed by the current events. He embraces every opportunity to preach the gospel of the higher politics—the welfare of the common people. Whether as Premier or as leader of the progressive Liberal party out of office, but none the less faithfully serving the country he loves so well, Lord Rosebery is a personality who has come to stay in British politics. We have faith in his judgment of the best line of action to pursue in order to secure the attainment of the advanced Liberal programme.

The present difficulties are not of the new leader's making. They are partly due to the sudden withdrawal of Gladstone from the leadership, but in no small measure are they to be traced to the compulsory

resignation of the indefatigable Liberal whip (Mr. Majoribanks, brother of Lady Aberdeen), who succeeds his fier in the House of Lords.

All political fishing in Great Britain will be in troubled waters for some time, but the outcome of it cannot be dotted: the democratic programme will be promoted with a speed that will alarm every undue privilege holder in the land. To People's rule.

A FOOLISH CHARGE EXPOSED.

The Ottawa correspondent of the London Free Press, evidently inspired by Sir John Carling, makes an attack on "the W. C. T. U. of London, or somebody assuming to act on its behalf" for publishing a letter addressed to him prior to its receipt. It so happens that the W. C. T. U. did not send the letter to Sir John Carling, and therefore could not have published it, hence the assailant is very foolish to attack this influential body of women. The fact is that the letter in question was sent by a public organization, the Smerston Council of the Royal Templars of Temperance; it was sent to the nominal representative of this city at Ottawa, and I dealt with a public matter, being a protest, of temperance grounds, against the ratification of the treaty with France. That "piece of discourtesy" could there be in publishing a communication of this kind? Is not Sir John Carling a public servant, seeing that he accepts the seat in Parliament presented to him by Judge Elliot, and the emoluments accruing thereto?

Upon what meat doth this tr Caesar feed That he hath grown so great? But if there had been the slightest ground for the charge of discourtesy made against Messrs. Weekes and Uily, the officers of the organization who transmitted the letter to the politicians and to the press at the same time, what shall we say of the conduct of the gentleman telegraphed broadcast to the newspapers before he mailed it to those for whom it was intended? Complaint in either case would be childish.

A word as to Sir John Carling's letter. It is true that a deputation of the temperance people waited on Sir John Thompson protesting against the adoption of the French treaty, which provides for a great reduction on the taxation of intoxicating wines imported from France into Canada; but it is not true, as Sir John Carling seems to imagine, that the deputation referred to, or any section of the temperance people, approve of this proposal. Sir John Carling interprets the formal vote of thanks sent to the Dominion premier, after he had received the deputation, as an endorsement of the proposition, as an indorsement of the proposition to have this country flooded with cheap intoxicating liquors from France at the present time, provided it is stipulated that the treaty will not prevent the operation of a prohibitory law in the Dominion; it is passed at Ottawa. This is not a sound conclusion. No section of the temperance people favors the adoption of this law, and for the good reason that it is not in the interests of temperance.

IS \$2 WHEAT IN SIGHT?

President Van Horne, of the C. P. R., expresses the belief that when will be \$2 a bushel in eighteen months. The news is almost too good to be true. But Mr. Van Horne says that price will be the natural result of the low-price wheat which has discouraged the farmers and has caused a great shrinkage in the acreage devoted to this cereal. By the way, Mr. Van Horne asserts that no country in the world gives so long a haul for so small a rate as the C. P. R. in conveying wheat from the Northwest to the seaboard. This is in direct opposition to the politicians who desire to make the C. P. R. freight rates an excuse for the high tax on the necessities of life which the farmers must accept in payment for the wheat that they export.

THE FEES INQUIRY.

There need be no misgivings as to the nature of the inquiry that will be made by the Ontario commission on the remuneration of public servants. The commissioners will make a most searching investigation, and their report promises to be invaluable in aiding the Legislature to reach a conclusion as to the best way to remunerate these officers. These are the lines upon which the commissioners express their determination to proceed:

"Commissioners have been appointed to report upon the facts concerning the appointment and remuneration of Ontario Provincial officials, such as registrars of deeds, local masters, sheriffs, county crown attorneys, local registrars of the high court, clerks of county courts, registrars of surrogate courts, clerks of division courts and bailiffs. The desire of the commission is not merely to collect a mass of opinions for or against the proposed changes. These suggested changes involve constitutional as well as financial questions, which ought to be dealt with upon their merits. Information is asked in order to estimate the advantages or disadvantages of having the officials in question elected by the people or selected by the county councils, instead of being appointed by the Provincial executive. Information is also sought in order to judge of the advantages which a system of payment by fixed salary would be likely to possess, as compared with the present plan of paying by fees (or by a proportion of fees) received by the different officers. Apart, therefore, from any oral testimony which will be taken, the commissioners invite communications from all informed upon and interested in these matters, in order to facilitate the obtaining of materials which might otherwise be overlooked or remain unavailable. The information sought is other than that afforded by official documents and statistics of the Province, although reference to these, and deductions from these, in special instances, are desirable and will be valued. Letters may be addressed to 'James Fleming, secretary of the commission, Osgoode Hall, Toronto.'"

A NOTEWORTHY SHORTCOMING.

(Hamilton Herald.) A whole week has gone by without a letter from Dr. Ryerson on the shocking nepotism and things of King Henry VIII. Life is fast becoming sad and lonely.

SCRATCHED 28 YEARS

A Scaly, Itching, Skin Disease with Endless Suffering Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty-eight years ago, it would have saved me \$2000 and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body, and the scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what was leprosy, some might say. I got under my nails, and the scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what was leprosy, some might say. I got under my nails, and the scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. 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A Veteran's Story



Mr. Joseph Hemmerich, an old soldier, 520 E. 14th St., N. Y. City, writes us voluntarily. In 1862, at the battle of Fair Oaks, he was stricken with typhoid fever, and after a long struggle in hospitals, lasting several years, was discharged as incurable with Consumption.

Doctors said both lungs were affected and he could not live long, but a comrade urged him to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before he had finished one bottle his cough began to get loose, the choking sensation left, and night sweats grew less and less. He is now in good health and cordially recommends

Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a general blood purifier and tonic medicine, especially to his comrades in the G. A. R.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

"THE MERCHANT OF VENICE."

A Fine Audience Greets Keene - A Worthy Performance - Mrs. (Gen.) Tom Thumb.

Shakespeare's immortal comedy, "The Merchant of Venice," delighted a large and fashionable audience at the Grand last night. Thomas W. Keene was the teller. His annual visits are now looked forward to with pleasure by lovers of the "legitimate," and the handsome patronage always accorded him in London is a just reward of his praiseworthy efforts to cleave to high art, whatever may be said of his ability as its exponent. A Shakespearean play rightly interpreted is a refreshing draught to the jaded palate of the theater-goer who likes his intellect, as well as his risibles, stirred up a little. Such was the performance of last night. Mr. Keene's impersonation of Shylock was powerful, if not subtle. Divergent actors take different views of this character. Irving softens it and inspires a sympathy and furnishes a motive for the Jew which partially excuses the malignity of his conduct. Mr. Keene evidently conceives him to be the incarnation of avarice and hatred, and the actor certainly realizes his ideal, for he paints him villain with the deepest dye. He worked up the climax of the trial scene with excellent discretion and cumulative intensity, though his exit was rather too melodramatic. Mr. Keene's company, with a possible exception or two, is a strong one. Miss Vade's Portia hardly suggested an improvement. Her rendition of the sublime speech on mercy was a lesson in elocution, and in the playful scenes she showed a rich adaptability for the humorist. Her performance of the famous example which she gives to her daughter, Edward Arden - "would have done well to follow," Mr. Arden is a very clever actor, but failed to gauge the comic properties of the house. As Gratiano Mr. Hennig was a decided success and did some admirable play. Mr. Arden made a noble figure as the merchant and spoke his lines with proper understanding. Miss Fitz Allen and Miss Maud Dancy, as Portia and Jessica, were thoroughly satisfactory. A good word might be said for Mr. Mackay as young Gobbo. He recited with much unctious that soliloquy which, for a rare blending of philosophy and humor, has few equals in Shakespeare. So long as Mr. Keene continues to give such enjoyment he will be welcome in London.

MRS. TOM THUMB and company of twelve large and small artists, ponies, carriage and a cartload of baggage were due to arrive on the 9:05 Michigan Central train this morning and will give three performances at the Opera House, namely, to-night, to-morrow afternoon at 3 p.m. and to-morrow night. There is no exhibition given, but a clean, bright entertainment, consisting of comedy sketches and fifteen specialty acts by American and foreign artists - a two hours' entertainment. This is a special treat for ladies and children. Seats are selling extremely fast, and no doubt this company will break the record for audiences in size, as the prices are very cheap, enabling an entire family to go at about the same price that one would pay for any other large attractions. See advertisements elsewhere.

AFTER TYPHOID FEVER.

Harvey Neilson, Kidney Disease, Which Doctors Could Not Cure, Dodd's Kidney Pills Restored Him to Perfect Health.

PORT COLBORNE, April 9.—In March, 1893, Harvey H. Neilson, of this place, had a bad attack of typhoid fever. Good nursing and medical attendance brought him around, but the attack left him a victim of kidney disease. This the doctors failed to cure, but Dodd's Kidney Pills, the infallible remedy, did the same good work in his case as in all others, and Mr. Neilson is well to-day. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes, price 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2.50. To be had of all dealers.

Albany Goes Republican!

ALBANY, N. Y., April 10.—Wilson (Republican) is elected mayor by about 5,000. The usual Democratic majority is about 5,000.

Choked to Death by an Orange Pit.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Alfred Nelson Morris, 4 years of age, whose parents reside in Douglass street, Brooklyn, was choked to death by an orange pit at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Anderson, No. 189 South Orange avenue, Newark, Sunday afternoon.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

"Woofly West" Ways.

Ex-M. P. Hugh Sutherland in the Role of a Bully.

Hon. J. Martin, of Winnipeg, the Object of His Attack.

Another Day's Talk About the Tariff and the Budget.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, April 10.—Hugh Sutherland, ex-M.P., waited up to Hon. Jas. Martin, member for Winnipeg, this evening in the rotunda of the Russell House and calling him a scoundrel, struck him on the side of the head. Mr. Martin, who was sitting down, rose and clinched with Mr. Sutherland, and then the two were separated. Mr. Martin was not hurt and kept very cool.

Mr. Tarte rushed up ready to assist Mr. Martin, and helped to separate the two. Mr. Martin declared in his speech yesterday in the House that the members of the Hudson Bay Railway Company were not reputable or honest persons.

Mr. Sutherland is chief promoter of this scheme, and resents the language. There was a deal of talk around the House over the assault.

Sutherland, who was once a member of the House on the Liberal side, but is now said to be in sympathy with the present Administration, says he did not strike Mr. Martin, but merely invited him to stand up, and on his refusing tweaked his nose. Bystanders say Sutherland struck Mr. Martin.

IN THE HOUSE. The proceedings in the House to-day were rather dull. The question put by Mr. Charlton the other day and the answer to which was curtly refused three days ago was again asked. This time the Government thought it well to answer it. The House was told that the total expense of the revision of the voters' lists in 1886, 1889 and 1891 was \$989,000. The printing of the lists in 1886 cost \$416,000.

Mr. Foster informed Dr. Landerkin that the prohibition commission had cost to date \$30,000.

Mr. Bechard resumed the budget debate, arguing that the manufacturers had had their inning long enough, and the farmers should now have a chance. The revised tariff was not satisfactory.

Mr. Pelletier expressed satisfaction with the Government.

Mr. Taylor, also on the Ministerial side, endorsed his speech by issuing a challenge to Sir Richard Cartwright to resign and contest South Leeds with him. The Opposition suggested that he should contest South Oxford with Sir Richard, but Mr. Taylor objected that South Oxford was "a Grice hive," and the Opposition asked who was responsible for that, but Mr. Taylor did not reply.

Mr. Casey made an excellent and practical speech. He was in good voice and was attentively listened to.

Mr. Boyd, of Marquette, was quite satisfied with the new tariff. He is the gentleman who managed the Winnipeg campaign against Hon. Joseph Martin. He objected, however, to the tariff on coal oil. The debate was continued by Mr. Fawcett and Mr. Groulx (Two Mountains), and will be resumed to-morrow by Mr. Cockburn (Toronto). A division may be reached to-morrow night.

NOTES. Dr. Brisson, representing the Province of Quebec Immigration and Repatriation Society, accompanied by a number of Quebec members of Parliament in both Houses, waited this morning on Hon. T. M. Daly, Minister of the Interior, and urged the claim of the society to Government assistance in their work. Dr. Brisson stated that the work had been very successful of late years, and that many thousands of French-Canadians had been repatriated of late years. Mr. Daly said in reply that he would do what he could.

POLITICAL PREFERENCES.

Perth Liberals Renominate Mr. J. M. Clark.

Center Wellington Tories Select a Candidate—General Political News.

PERTH, Ont., April 10.—A large and influential convention of Liberals was held here to-day to consider the nomination of a candidate for the Local House. Over 100 delegates were present, representing almost every polling subdivision, besides a number of other Liberals. Mr. J. M. Clark, the sitting member, was present. He made a capital address and was unanimously renominated.

KEESWATER, Ont., April 10.—Center Wellington Conservatives met in convention here to-day and nominated John McGowan, member of Peel, for the Local House. Mr. McGowan asked for time to consider the nomination before accepting.

NEWMARKET, April 10.—At a meeting of Patrons of Industry here to-day it was decided not to rive a Patron candidate for North York at the Provincial general elections.

NOTES. Mr. Nicholas Awrey, M.P.P., addressed a large meeting at Inverkip, North Oxford, on Saturday evening. Mr. Fred Mitchell and Mr. A. S. Bell also spoke in behalf of Sir Oliver Mowat, while Mr. John Mackenzie supported the Patron candidate, Mr. Horsman.

Hon. John Dryden addressed large meetings at Kintore and Embro on Saturday in behalf of Sir Oliver Mowat's candidature in North Oxford. Resolutions endorsing Sir Oliver were adopted, and at Embro reference was made to the Government's satisfactory stand on the prohibition question.

A BAD OLD MAN.

Theodore Faughay Admits the Theft of Nearly a Million.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 10.—Theodore P. Faughay, ex-president of the Indianapolis National Bank, which failed July 26, 1893, appeared before Judge Baker, of the United States District Court, yesterday, and pleaded guilty to having systematically wrecked and looted the bank and embezzled the funds to the amount of nearly \$1,000,000. Mr. Faughay had been for 40 years the most trusted man in the city. The court said he would sentence the prisoner after the trials of the accessories, which will begin to-day. The penalty is from five to ten years' imprisonment and can be escaped only by death or the pardon of the President of the United States.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

For sale by W. S. Barkwell, city.

THE INGRAM INQUEST.

The Jury Says the Dead Man Was Trespassing.

And Does Not Hold the Company Liable—Evidence of the Drivers, Firemen, Yardmen and Switchmen—Ingram's Brother on the Stand—Geo. Ball's Testimony.

The adjourned inquest touching the death of George Ingram, who was killed on the Grand Trunk on Friday last, was held at the Police Court last night, Coroner Jek presiding. There was a large crowd of attendance, many being railway men and some late fellow-employees of Ingram. Ingram's father and brother were both present, the last named going into the box. A great number of witnesses were examined, and a verdict was returned at a late hour stating that Ingram had come to his death while trespassing on the tender of a Grand Trunk engine, and holding that the company were in no way to blame. This verdict virtually applies in Faulkner's case.

THE FREIGHT DRIVER'S STORY.

John McLarty, the driver of the mixed, was the first witness. The first he knew about a man being killed was when Henry Cronch, who was riding his engine nearby, came up after the accident and told him that a man had been killed behind his engine. When the switchman, who was on the engine, saw that a collision was inevitable he jumped. When he landed the witness heard him shouting to somebody to jump. "I thought he was calling on me," said Mr. McLarty, "but I did not intend to jump, because I thought the collision would not do much damage." From the position of the steps of the tender, which were under the car after the jam, the witness did not think it possible for the men to have been riding on them or else they would have been under the car when found. However, they might have jumped upwards when the crash came and got caught where they did.

To Mr. Meredith, who watched the case for the company, Mr. McLarty stated that the dead man had no authority from him or anybody else to be riding where they were. He had repeatedly warned riders off, and they seemed to feel insulted when he did so and sometimes made remarks in a seat of a deaf and dumb system, in which the hand and the nose played a part.

To Mr. McKillop, who was present in the interest of the commonwealth, the witness explained the way the different switches were thrown, giving him a clear track. The switchman, who was riding on the engine, was going to turn the Port Stanley switch to let the yard train out after the mixed had passed. But the yard engine came out before they got to Waterloo street. Both were going very slowly. It was impossible to see the yard engine owing to a curve.

THE MAN WHO ESCAPED.

George Ball, a drill hand at Stevens & Arny, was the man who was riding with Faulkner, but jumped in time. He got on the floor of the tender above him. Ingram got on the south side a few feet further on. He had no permission from anybody to get on, and knew that he was infringing on the rules of the company. He had a commutation ticket on the Stratford train last summer, but had not this year. He jumped when the whistle blew, because he thought there was danger. He did not hear anybody call to jump, and he himself shouted to Faulkner and Ingram, who probably did not hear him. After the accident he went and told Faulkner's father of the affair.

INGRAM'S BROTHER ON THE STAND.

John Ingram, a younger brother of the young man who was killed, was called to the stand. He worked with his brother at was not riding on the train the night of the accident. His father had read a warning in the papers a few days before the accident, and George had stated his intention of not riding any more.

BOMBARDING RIO GRANDE.

Attack by Sea and Land.

NEW YORK, April 10.—News comes from Rio Grande do Sul that the bombardment of the rebels under Admiral Mello last Friday was renewed at sunrise yesterday. Gen. Saravia, who is commanding the troops which were landed from the insurgent fleet, had succeeded in gaining possession of one-third of the city by noon, and at 1 o'clock a well-directed shell caused the powder magazine to explode. The loyal garrison, which numbered less than one-half the forces of the besiegers, then commenced a retreat, but at 5 o'clock a reinforcement of 660 of President Peixoto's men from Porto Alegre arrived, whereupon the garrison again assumed the defensive and the battle was still raging fiercely at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Brazili's minister to Uruguay received yesterday from this dispatch from Gen. Baezler, commander of the garrison. It was dated at 15 minutes to 2 o'clock a.m.:

"The rebel fleet bombarded the city for three hours yesterday morning, and their fire was vigorously answered by our land batteries. One of the rebel torpedo boats, the Marcellino Diaz, tried to enter the canal blocked by a sunken point."

Gen. Gumerindo Saravia landed upon the beach of the Lagoon at 1 o'clock in the afternoon with 2,500 men and marched upon the city. They quickly encountered our outposts, and a five hours' fight followed, in which I estimate that he lost 200 men. When darkness came on our men began throwing up entrenchments.

I received from the evening of Mello at 9 o'clock in the evening a formal demand for the surrender or evacuation of the city. To this I have made no reply, but have advised all non-combatants to clear out of here by daylight, when it is expected Gen. Saravia will renew his attack, while the warships renew the bombardment.

Our forces are determined to make a desperate resistance. Gov. Castillo telegraphs me from Porto Alegre that the rebels have not made any progress in their siege of that city."

Rio Janeiro dispatches under date of April 7 say President Peixoto's Cabinet held an all-night session when the news was received there of the bombardment of Rio Grande do Sul. It was compiled with the information that all the banks had suspended business, and that many mercantile houses had closed their doors, and it caused considerable excitement in the capital.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graces Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

For sale by W. S. Barkwell, city.

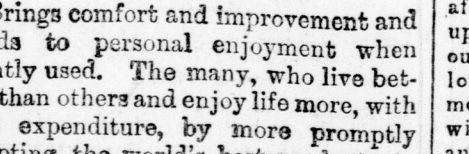
KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 7c. bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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THE JURY SAYS THE DEAD MAN WAS TRESPASSING.

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SURPRISE SOAP

The best For Washing Clothes.

SAVES Boiling or scalding the Clothes: does away with hard rubbing. Follow the directions on the wrapper.

The WHITEST Sweetest, cleanest clothes is the result. Harmless to hands and fabrics. Lasts longest—goes farthest.

MCLEAN'S HARDWARE

140 Market Square
151 Dundas Street,
LONDON.
PHONE 326.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE
AT PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

PETHICK & McDONALD,

MERCHANT TAILORS, 393 RICHMOND STREET.

Perfect Black Socks, 2 pairs for 25c.
Black Cashmere Socks, 25c pair.
See our window of 25c Scarfs.
Special Values in Trousers.
Suits and Spring Overcoatings.

MARSHALL BROS.,

Wholesale Importers of
TEAS and COFFEES
67 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

WINTER WHEAT.

Official Report of the United States Agricultural Department.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10.—The condition of winter wheat on April 1 as reported by the statistician of the Department of Agriculture averages 86.7 per cent of the entire country as against 77.4 on the same date last year. The corresponding condition of rye was 94.4 per cent. The averages of wheat for the principal States are: Kentucky 83, Ohio 90, Michigan 83, Indiana 90, Illinois 87, Missouri 88, Kansas 72, Nebraska 85, California 87.

Getting Out of Ontario.

TORONTO, Ont., March 10.—An excursion train left the Union station to-night with 150 settlers and ten cars of stock for various points in the west. All the settlers are from Ontario.

Meets Death in the Thames.

CHATHAM, April 10.—Last night at 8 o'clock a splash was heard in the river close by the tug Owen. It was followed by cries of distress. Before anybody could reach the spot the victim had disappeared. He is known to have been an American of sailor-like appearance, who was looking for a job. The body has not been recovered. He was drunk.

Don't Scribble on Newspapers!

TORONTO, April 10.—Deputy Inspector Burnham has been making an energetic campaign lately against parties who try to evade paying the postage required on articles sent through the mails. There were six cases of this sort before the police magistrate this morning. Some of the parties sent letters, some sent violin strings in newspapers and others wrote communications on the margins of newspapers. Geo. A. Learn and Mrs. John Schultz were each fined \$10 and costs or 20 days.

Methodist Deaconesses.

TORONTO, April 10.—Initial steps for the formation of a Methodist Deaconesses' Home were taken to-night at the Metropolitan Church, Rev. Dr. Williams presiding. The elder of the Buffalo district of the Methodist Episcopal Church explained how the homes were conducted in many cities of the Northern States. An organization was formed and officers elected. Four ladies have volunteered as deaconesses. A house has been secured on McGill street which will be used as a home.

SCALDED AND BROILED.

Nine Men Killed or Fatally Injured in a Michigan Railway Accident.

MUSKOGEE, Mich., April 10.—Seven were killed and two fatally injured in a horrible railroad logging accident in Oceana county yesterday. An engine containing nine men was thrown from the track, and all the men were burned amid escaping steam and red hot coals. Following is the list of victims:

DEAD: Adolph Sheldner, engineer, leaves wife and two children. Gust Anderson, fireman, single. Frank Shipper, foreman, married. Martin Lynch, trainman, married. Chas. Wolfe, single. Loran Critchett, single. Allen Critchett, single.

INJURED: Fred Chawkee and Henry Stein, single; both will probably die. Chawkee, who was so severely hurt, received his injuries in attempting to aid a fellow-workman. Stein saved his life by jumping through a window.

THE CAUSE. When within a hundred yards of the camp a tree blew upon the track in front of the engine which jumped into the air, straddled the track, tottered a moment and then tumbled end over end and down a 16-foot embankment, where it now lies bottom side up.

Be thou the rainbow to the storms of life, the evening beam that smiles the clouds away. And this to-morrow with prophetic ray. For headache, neuralgia and biliousness, take Stark's Powders. 25 cents a box.

If you want a solid walnut or oak cane-seated rocker for \$1.25 or anything else in a furniture line just as cheap call on KENE BROS., 127 King street, opposite market house. Get your furniture repaired and upholstered before the rush.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

**Latest Market Reports by Mail and
Telegraph.**

Montreal Stock Market.	
	MONTREAL, April 17.
C. P. R.	70
Duluth Railway common	8
Duluth Railway preferred	9
Grand Trunk Ry., firsts.	—
Grand Trunk Ry., second.	—
Commercial Cable Company	141
Wabash	—
Wabash preferred	—
Montreal Telephone Co.	103
Rich and Ont. Navigation	80
Montreal Street Railway	152
Montreal Bell Telephone Company	132
Royal Electric	112
Bank of Montreal	125
Canadian Bank	125
Banque du Peuple	125
Canada Colored Cotton Co.	—
Bank of Toronto	125
Banque Cartier	—
Commerce de la Baie	100
Merchants' Bank of Halifax	100
Union Bank	104
The Commercial Union Assurance Co.	104
N. W. Land Company	—
Montreal Cotton Company	140
Canada Colored Cotton Co.	—
Dominion Cotton Company	—

*SALES.—Com. Cable, 25 at 142; Montreal Telegraph, 10 at 142; Rich. and Ont. Navigation, 10 at 80; Grand Trunk Ry., 1st, 75 at 154; 60 at 154; Montreal Gas, 200 at 183; 75 of Montreal Gas, 100 at 183 at 183.

Toronto Stock Market.		
		ARR.
Montreal.....	225	
Ottawa.....	23	
Calcutta.....	23	
Toronto.....	234	
Merchants.....	142	
Commerce.....	180	
Imperial.....	267	
Dominion.....	181	
Dominion, ex-div.....	167	
Standard.....	171	
Hamilton.....	167	
Canadian Imperial.....	115	
Western Assurance.....	130	
Canada Life.....	119	
Confederation Life.....	119	
Consumers Gas.....	119	
Dominion Telegraph.....	1109	
Northwest Land Company, p.....	79	
Northwest Land Company, com.....	79	
Canada Pacific Railway Stock.....	704	
Commercial Cable Company.....	141	
Canadian Telephone.....	141	
Dominion Savings and Loan.....	83	
Farmers Loan and Savings.....	83	
Farmers L. and S., 20 per cent.....	83	
Huron and Erie L. and S.....	83	
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent.....	83	
London and Canada, L. and S.....	83	
London Loan.....	83	
London and Ontario.....	83	
Ontario Loan and Debitment.....	83	
Imperial Commerce, 20 at 114.....	114	
Imperial, 8 at 188; Bell Telephone, 20 at.....	188	

COMMERCIAL.
Local Market.
Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son

LONDON, Wednesday, Apr.
WEEKLY REVIEW.

Very few changes have occurred in the market during this week. Oats and wheatear only the ordinary kinds of grain that are very plenty, and for them there was no change in quotations. The price of wheat steady. There was a greater variety of things than in previous weeks. The range was wider, but the prices were about the same. Black oats that were black and not brown away up, some sales being recorded from £9 0d to £11 6s, and not many sold at latter. Ordinary black oats sold from £11 0s. Sales of white prices, red running from 9s to white at 9s to 8s.

No barley offered.

Peas sold from £7 0s to £8, according to quality. Peas were scarce, and sold at \$1 to good sound peas and 9s for ordinary samples.

Buckwheat and Rye.—Prices are the latest transactions, none having been offered for at least a month or more. Beans are coming in very slowly, and selling at lower prices than many months ago to be the ruling price per quarter.

The provision market was quiet, there being little change in either prices or quantities. Roll butter, the leader in the market by the basket were made at large rolls and crocks sold at 10c. Strictly new eggs were sold at 10c per dozen in basket lots. Shipped lot 6c per dozen by the crate.

Lard and cheese—No change and unchanged.

The supply of chickens was light, and unsold until moderate. Sales were in large lots, 50c to 70c by the single birds. Ducks, ducklings, and turkeys offering. Prices unchanged.

Meats quiet and no difference. Choice hind quarters sold at 5c to 6c and 4c to 4½c.

Veal was steady at 5c to 6c.

Lamb quiet at 7c.

Mutton sold at 6c.

Hides brought from 1c to 3c, according to quality. Green calf skins and sheepskins, 4c to 6c. Deer and wild animal skins, 4c to 6c.

Rendered tallow sold at 5½c; wool 10c.

There were very few apples of quality of what did was packed at \$1 50 a bag.

Potatoes were more than plentiful at 9c per bag, and some at 8½c. Onions ranged from 17 to 38 p

BUY YOUR _____
DUTCH SETT ONION _____
 _____ FR
A. M. Hamilton & Son

Gr. 62	Mark Lane—Foreign wheat quiet; Ex-			
101	first corn firm; Hour, English hard, quiet.			
102	London—Good shipping No. 1 Cal.			
143	wheat at 25s 3d; No. 2, 24s 6d; No. 3,			
	was 24s 9d.			
148	Wheat quiet; Flour, medium, steady;			
78	buyers hold off hoping to get concessions			
78	at Liverpool, April 10.			
100	The quotations for the past three			
100	days are as follows:			
114	April 9.	April 10.	April 11.	
	S. D. S. D. S. D. S. D.	S. D. S. D.	S. D. S. D.	
209	Spring...	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal
114	Red winter...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
	No. 1 Cal...	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
114	Corn, new...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Barley...	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
114	Pork (new)...	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
114	Lard...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Bacon...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Tallow light...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Flour...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Wheat...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Cheese...	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
114	Wheat spec. demand poor, holders			
114	moderately; corn quiet, demand fair.			
114	Toronto Market.			
114	TOLEDO, AD.			
114	FLOUR— White flour, @ 65 to 64 s. 8 d.			
114	St. Louis, @ 64 to 63 s. 8 d.			
114	Chicago, @ 63 to 62 s. 8 d.			
114	St. Paul, @ 62 to 61 s. 8 d.			
114	Minneapolis, @ 61 to 60 s. 8 d.			
114	Duluth, @ 60 to 59 s. 8 d.			
114	Superior, @ 59 to 58 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 58 to 57 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 57 to 56 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 56 to 55 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 55 to 54 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 54 to 53 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 53 to 52 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 52 to 51 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 51 to 50 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 50 to 49 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 49 to 48 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 48 to 47 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 47 to 46 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 46 to 45 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 45 to 44 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 44 to 43 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 43 to 42 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 42 to 41 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 41 to 40 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 40 to 39 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 39 to 38 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 38 to 37 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 37 to 36 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 36 to 35 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 35 to 34 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 34 to 33 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 33 to 32 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 32 to 31 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 31 to 30 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 30 to 29 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 29 to 28 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 28 to 27 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 27 to 26 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 26 to 25 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 25 to 24 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 24 to 23 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 23 to 22 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 22 to 21 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 21 to 20 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 20 to 19 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 19 to 18 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 18 to 17 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 17 to 16 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 16 to 15 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 15 to 14 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 14 to 13 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 13 to 12 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 12 to 11 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 11 to 10 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 10 to 9 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 9 to 8 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 8 to 7 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 7 to 6 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 6 to 5 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 5 to 4 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ 4 to 3 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ 3 to 2 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ 2 to 1 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ 1 to 0 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ 0 to -1 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ -1 to -2 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ -2 to -3 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ -3 to -4 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ -4 to -5 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ -5 to -6 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ -6 to -7 s. 8 d.			
114	Wheat, @ -7 to -8 s. 8 d.			
114	Barley, @ -8 to -9 s. 8 d.			
114	Oats, @ -9 to -10 s. 8 d.			
114	Rye, @ -10 to -11 s. 8 d.			
114	Corncob, @ -11 to -12 s. 8 d.			

111.	60c to 60c; red winter, 58c to 59c; reosa
112.	60c; Manitoba, 58c. No. 1, 54c to 55c.
113.	PEAS—No. 2, 54c to 55c.
114.	BARLEY—No. 1, 44c to 45c.
115.	WHEAT—No. 1, 60c to 61c.
116.	OATS—No. 2, 35c to 35 3/4c.
117.	Market dull. Sales—No. 1 Man. hard
118.	outside at 71c to 73c, and No. 2 at 72
119.	cents to arrive 73c to 74c.
120.	AMERICAN MARKETS.
121.	BUFAPO, N. Y., AT
122.	WHEAT—Spring wheat—Steady, in
123.	to a dispatch, Duluth wire, that no busi-
124.	ness had been done at Duluth in the morn-
125.	ing. The market at Duluth was in the in-
126.	terior was still solid; closing, No. 1, 61
127.	bid, 73c asked; No. 1 northern, 70 1/2c
128.	asked, 68c; No. 2, 65c; No. 3, 63c; No.
129.	4, 61c. Sales were: 3,500 bu No. 1,
130.	72 1/2c; 21,000 bu No. 1 northern, in
131.	3,000 bu do, 71c; 3,500 bu No. 2,
132.	69 1/2c; 10,000 bu No. 3 northern, 67 1/2c
133.	50,000 bu do, 48 1/2c. Winter wheat—Dul-
134.	uth, 62c; No. 1 white, 62c; 2 cars No.
135.	1, 60c.
136.	CORN—Dull; 13 cars No. 2 yellow sold
137.	closing 45 1/2c generally asked on car; No.
138.	4, 44 1/2c; 10 cars No. 3, 44c.
139.	OATS—Active demand; 12 cars No.
140.	1, 38c, closed 38 1/2c; 3 cars No. 2 white,
141.	38c.
142.	BAILEY—Only offerings were 2,000
143.	western, which sold at 62c.
144.	RYE—Quiet; No. 1, 47c asked.
145.	WHEAT—Quiet; steady.
146.	MILLEFEED—Dull, weak.

FLOUR—Steady.
BUCKWHEAT—Quiet; Canada, 65c.
RYE—Dull; western, 48c to 57c.
BARLEY—Dull; No. 2 Milwaukee, 57c.
BARLEY MALT—Quiet; city-mal-

[illegible]

The condition of live stock market, with prices generally steady. Choice cattle sold at \$30 to \$32c by the load, and at \$32 to \$34c for calves three or four years old. Medium cattle, 30 to 32c; and inferior 28c to 30c. Calves sold at \$25 to \$27c each, and milch cows at \$25 to \$30 each. Sheep—Unchanged, with sales at \$11 to \$12. Lambs sold at 40c to 44c per lb. Hogs are steadier, with sales of the best at 42c to 44c.

STRONG'S
DRUG STORE

184 Dundas Street, London.

25c Per Pound

Pantries incomplete unless they contain
unsurpassed

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

PISTACHIO, BANANA, PEPPERMINT,
RASPBERRY, VANILLA, ORANGE,
STRAWBERRY, LEMON, ETC.

Marriage Licenses issued at all
addresses.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS

—Ald. Coe is acting mayor.

—The annual meeting of the L
 Cricket Club will be held to night.
 —Mrs. (Gen.) Tom Thumb and co
 of midgets arrived in the city this morn
 —A carload of live hogs was ship
 Ingersoll to-day. The price paid
 cents.
 —The April showers have come
 frozen, much to the dismay of the ear
 tribe.
 —Mrs. John Burns and daughter
 left on an extended visit to frien
 Sabina, Iowa.
 —Wm. F. Guest, whose trial for
 has been set for to-morrow, will be
 remanded till April 18.
 —Mr. C. Pugh, Ontario street, h
 unable to perform his duties as
 carrier for two months past on acco
 illness.
 —The new locomotive foreman
 C. P. R. in this city, Mr. Duncan
 Smith's Falls, will take charge ab
 last of the month.
 —Mr. E. Best, car foreman on th
 R. R., has shipped several of his
 salary switches to Montreal, wh
 little switches use on the railwa

—Edward Fountain and Edward
agh started for Kingston at 4:30 th
ing to serve two years each for
They were accompanied by Sheriff

Graham.

—William David Dale, a White Westminster township, general manager, was married in this city on Monday, June 27, to Miss Emma Swartz, of Rochester. Dr. Anttila officiated.

—Mr. Francis Falkner, father of anier Falkner, deceased, one of the untate victims of Friday's accident, G. T. R., wishes to express his thanks to the friends and citizens at their sympathy in this severe trial.

—Mr. Spencer, of the chemical East London, has left for his own Sweden. He will engage in studies with the object of either as an M. D. or an official in either lines he would be a success.

—A change has been made in the agency of the Toronto Globe. Mr. Allaster has been appointed agent, and Mr. C. Tatham, who filled position for six years past, has been sole control of the advertising department for London and the Western provinces.

—Alex. Johnston who said he had years out of town Scotland, was arrested by the police of this city in charge in dispossessed with the lock last night but he denied that he was trying to escape, promised to leave town and the police let him go. Lawrence Haylock a month on the county jail store obtaining board under false pretenses.

—The Christian Endeavor Society Centennial Methodist Church will enjoy a topical service in the evening of the 10th.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. J. W. Cullen, introduced by the society. adopted for the discussion of the topic was a novel one. Every supplied with a programme containing topics of conversation, opposi-

being presented: Piano duo, Mrs. Milligam and Miss Gurd; duets, Misses Hartsock solos, Mr. Soper. Mrs. Kingsmill, O'Neil, Miss E. Hartson, Dr. Bayly; recitation, Miss Jean Phillips and Miss Burkhardt; harmonica selection, Mr. Giese; quartet; Misses Beaton and Farr, and Messrs. Giese and Soper.

ments consisted of a large number of the prepared and excellent array of pie which was prepared by someone of a practical joke, the paste of which was made of flour and water, while between the layers thin leaves were placed. This was served to the gentlemen. The pie was exceedingly hard and dry, but several of them placed their place before the joke was discovered, when of course everybody laughed. The committee made excellent arrangements.

LIBRARY FOR THE JAIL.

The W. C. T. U. May Establish One-ings at the Regular Meeting.

There was a well attended meeting of W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon. Bible reading given by Mrs. Childs was an inspiring character and full of thought. Reports were heard from eleven departments, each showing a good progress. The work of the last two months. The evangelistic committee reported 238 made eleven families relieved; 238 meetings held; and a large number of leaflets distributed. The literature de-

ment had distributed 475 petitions and papers and 1,000 copies of the Declaration of Sentiments. The superintendent of the Prisoners' Aid Society, having received signatures to a petition praying that youthful offenders should be brought into contact with criminals in jails and other places of confinement, reported the average attendance at the School for the past week to be 1,100. There were 85 number of teachers, and 1,000 attending school. The average number of girls having been present at a lesson. The dishes taught were plain, economical, and a number suitable for sick were on the bill of fare.

The superintendent of jail work reports a decrease in number of inmates. Efforts are being made to fill the library for the use of the Regulars, and to visit by a number of the prisoners.

Work Among Lumbermen.—Mrs. C. P. reported that through the kindness of some ladies of the union and several merchants the committee in London had prepared thirteen comfort bags for lumber camps and to assist that missionary in his efforts. Several of these

reports were given, after which
gave a most pleasing recitation
"Vashti."

Mrs. Douglas reported a most su
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Reminiscences of an Old and Respected Citizen.

Visit to Rev. J. E. Robinson, Ottawa.

(Rev. J. S. Ross, of Woodstock, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario, was the first to visit him.)

During my recent trip to the capital to interview Sir John Thompson respecting the proposed prohibition, I took advantage of the opportunity of my old friend, Rev. J. H. Robinson, to visit him. As he has a large circle of friends throughout Ontario, I thought I would share my pleasure with them by dropping you a few lines. He lives at the Dominion Government Hotel, Ottawa, and is about thirty miles from Ottawa, with a disaffected daughter, Mrs. Saunders, of Prof. Saunders, the director of the Ottawa Normal School. Another old friend, Rev. J. M. H. M.A., pastor of the Ottawa Baptist Church, kindly drove me out to Robinson, who is now 82 years of age. During his active ministry he was pastor of some of the most important New Connexion Methodist circuits in the Province.

England, superintendent of missions in Canada, editor of the Evangelical Alliance four times president of the Canadian Press Magazine, and president of English Conference. Though weak, he did not realize how really feeble he is, "and sleep well," he said, "and fond though I would never die, except that I feel in my limbs." He is totally lacking having catarrhs on both eyes, and plump as formerly, his health is failing. He takes no rest in all the evening world, the newspapers being read him every day. His mind, however, does not long retain impressions, but on sunset of the past his memory is excellent.

I was his pastor for three years at Dundas Street Center Church, London, Ont. He was such a renowned man himself that I could not be satisfied if "a poor time" when he was present in person, and perhaps, one of the best selected private libraries in this country. He was so fond of books that I thought he was reluctantly compelled to sell them because he became blind. He was particularly fond of Carlyle; I rather doubt whether he possessed everything he had

published, and I remember particularly interested in a few years ago that Carlyle's only living sister lived near Hamilton, county of Halton. He was a bibliophile.

A bookworm was his favorite reading. His pocketbook almost of a necessity was stuffed with a number of the best binding. Special Carle and the Scotch, I remember telling a story to illustrate the very complex explanation of the Scotch man had just died during a terrific storm of wind, rain and cold. "Ah," said the friend remarked, "what an awful death to be felled 'twixt the air."

Bro. Robinson was a great preacher of the best I have ever heard. I was original, quaint and vivid. His subjects were treated in a methodical and his thoughts were lofty. He cried for short sermons he had no eyes and plainly told the people that he preached they must expect to see from him. I never heard of any one going away discontented with him. One of the preachers in London some congregation had expressed their claims on preachers and preachers general. He got even with the next time he entered the preaching from the text, "Take ye heed." He thus carried the African." After one of his many sermons Col. Leake said to him, "Is he going to grow old?" Once when preaching for me at Pall Mall he had a tickling sensation in his which made him cough hard and knowing that the people were themselves, "Poor man, he is old," he remarked, "Don't be about me; I'll live to bury many yet."

He was particularly impatient complaining tone that some superintendents used to fall into—the annual district meeting—names were passed on to confer when they spoke as if they had that the people no longer desired

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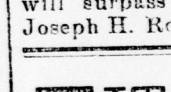
ATON
HATTER,
138 DUNDAS ST
MARKET LANE.

them; that they were now nobodies—
much so that the tone became decided

funeral, he would jump up and say, "Brethren, this is all wrong. So far as I am concerned they offer me all the praise I am able to do; the people are wrong in doing so; there is no reason why I should not be the happiest men on earth; don't let us make a funeral of this part of the meeting."

I had prayed at his bedside, to which I responded with many hearty "Amen's." His fine voice is scarcely affected at all; neither does he feel life to be a burden. His daughter provides him every comfort of body and mind. As I was leaving he said, "And so long as Dr. Douglas is gone I will be glad to finally wished me to remember to his many friends in the West."

My heart warms to these gifts of the past—gifts in the pulpit, in literature, in debate, and among those who have deep hold on my regard and affection. I will surely miss my revered friend, Joseph H. Robinson.



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 —SEE THEM AT—
 Mrs. MART
 202 DUNDAS STREET

"Turn to the Right."

This filled me with profound astonishment, but I said no more at the time, though I had my doubts. I waited until I was alone with M. de Rosny, and then I unobtrusively expressed my surprise at the suddenness of the conversion, and at such a man, as I had found the student to be, stating his views so firmly and steadfastly, and with so little excitement. Observing that M. de Rosny smiled but said nothing, I explained myself further.

"I am surprised," I said, "because I have always heard it maintained that clerks, being lost in the mazes of theology, seldom find any sure footing; that not one in a hundred returns to his old faith, or finds grace to accept a new one. I am speaking only of such, of course, as I believe this lad to be—eager, excitable, brains, learning much, and without judgment to digest what they learn."

"Of such I also believe it to be true," M. de Rosny answered, still smiling. "But even on them a little influence, applied at the right moment, has much effect, M. de Rosny."

"What?" I cried, my eyes opened. "Do you mean—that you mean that Mademoiselle has done this?"

"I fancy so," he answered, nodding. "I think my lady cast her spell over him by the way. The lad left Blois with her, if what you say be true, without faith in the world. He came to my hands two days after the stoutest of Huguenots. It is not hard to read this riddle."

"Such conversations are seldom lasting," I said.

He looked at me queerly; and, the smile still hovering about his lips, answered: "Tush, man! Why so serious? Theodore Beza himself could not look drier. The lad is in earnest and there is no harm done."

And, Heaven knows, I was in no mood to suspect harm; nor inclined just then to look at the dark side of things. It may conceivably have been to me to be received as an equal and honored guest by a man, even then famous, and now so overgrown in reputation as to be looked upon as a giant. I had seen his master; how pleasant to enjoy the comforts and amenities of home, from which I had been long estranged; to pour my mother's story into Madame's ears and find comfort in her sympathy; to be myself, in fine, once more a gentleman with an acknowledged place in the world. Our days were spent in hunting or excursions of some kind, our evenings in long conversations, which impressed me with an ever-growing respect for my lord's powers.

For there seemed to be no end either to his knowledge of France, or to the plans for its development, which even then filled his brain, and have since, as we have seen, become fruitful lands, and squall towns into great cities. Grave and formal, he could yet unbend; the most sagacious of counselors, he was a soldier also, and loved the action in which he lived the more that it was not devoid of danger; the neighboring towns being devoted to the League, and the general disorder alone making it possible for him to be unassisted in his household.

One thing only rendered my comfort and ease imperfect, and that was the attitude which Mademoiselle de la Vire assumed towards me. Of her gratitude for the first flush of the thing I felt no doubt, for not only had she thanked me very prettily, though with reserve, on the evening of my arrival, but the warmth of M. de Rosny's kindness left me no choice, save to believe that she had given him an exaggerated idea of my merits and services. I asked no more than this. Such good offices left me nothing to expect or desire; my age and ill-fortune placing me at so great a disadvantage that, far from dreaming of friendship or intimacy with her, I did not even assume the equality in our daily intercourse to which my birth, taken by itself, entitled me.

Knowing that I must appear in her eyes old, poor, and ill-dressed, and satisfied with having secured my conduct and honor, I was careful not to trespass on her gratitude; and while forward in such courtesies as could not weary her, I avoided with equal care every appearance of pursuing her, or inflating my companion upon her. I addressed her formally and upon formal topics only, such, I mean, as we shared with the rest of our company; and reminded myself often that though we now met in the same hall, and at the same table, she was still the Mademoiselle de la Vire who had borne herself so loftily in the King of Navarre's ante-chamber. This I did, not out of pique or wounded pride, which I no more God knows, harbored against her than against a bird; but that I might not in my new prosperity forget the light in which such a woman, young, spoiled, and beautiful, must still regard me.

Keeping to this inoffensive posture, I was the more hurt when I found her gratitude fade with the hour. After the first two days, during which I remarked that she was very silent, seldom speaking to me or looking at me, she resumed much of her old air of disdain. For that I cared little; but she presently went farther, and began to rake up the incidents which had happened at St. Jean d'Angely, and in which I had taken part. She continually adverted to my poverty while there, to the odd figure I had cut, and the many jests her friends had made at my expense. She seemed to take a pleasure positively savage in these, gibing at me sometimes so bitterly, as to shame and pain me, and bring the color to Madame de Rosny's cheeks.

To the time we had spent together, on the other hand, she never or rarely referred. One afternoon, however, a week after my arrival at Blois, I found her sitting alone in the parlor. I had not known she was there, and I was with drawing at once with a bow and a muttered apology. But she stopped me with an angry gesture. "I do not bite," she said, rising from her stool and meeting my eyes, a red spot in each cheek. "Why do you look at me like that? Do you know, M. de Marsac, that I have no patience with you." And she stamped her foot on the floor.

"But, mademoiselle," I stammered humbly, wondering what in the world she meant, "what have I done?"

"Done?" she repeated angrily. "Done?" It is not what you have done, it is what you are. I have no patience with you. Why are you so dull, sir? Why are you so doubtful? Why do you go about with your doublet awry, and your hair lank? Why do you speak of Malignan as if he were a gentleman? Why do you look always solemn and polite, as if all the world were a prelate? Why? Why? Why, I say?"

She stopped from sheer lack of breath, leaving me as much astonished as ever in my life. She looked so beautiful in her

fury and fierceness too, that I could only stare at her and wonder dumbly what it all meant.

"Well," she cried impatiently, after hearing this as long as she could, "have you not a word to say for yourself? Have you no tongue? Have you no will of your own at all, M. de Marsac?"

"But, mademoiselle," I began, trying to explain.

"Clout!" she exclaimed, cutting me short before I could get farther, as the way of women is. And then she added, in a changed tone, and very abruptly, "You have a velvet knot of mine, sir. Give it me."

"It is in my room," I answered, astonished beyond measure at this sudden change of subject, and equally sudden demand.

"Then fetch it, sir, if you please," she replied, her eyes flashing afresh. "Fetch it. Fetch it, I say! It has served its turn, and I prefer to have it. Who knows but that some day you may be showing it for a love-knot?"

"Mademoiselle!" I cried, hotly. And I think that for the moment I was as angry as she was.

"Still I prefer to have it," she answered suddenly, casting down her eyes.

I was so much enraged, I went without a word and fetched it, and bringing it to where she stood, in the same place, put it in her hands. When she saw it some recollection, I fancy, of the day when she had traced the ery for help on it, came to her in her anger; for she took it from me with all her heart, and for a moment in her hands, as if she did not know what to do with it. She was thinking, doubtless, of there; and being for my part quite willing that she should think and feel how badly she had acted, I stood looking at her, sparing her no whit of my glance.

"Yes, gold chain you left on my mother's pillow," I said coldly, seeing she continued silent. "I cannot return to you at once, for I have pledged it. But I will do so as soon as I can."

"You have pledged it?" she muttered, with her eyes averted.

"Yes, mademoiselle, to procure a horse to bring me here," I replied drily. "However it shall be redeemed. In return, there is something I too would ask."

(To be Continued.)

Hood's, and Only Hood's.
Are you weak and weary, do you work and tire? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine you need to purify and quicken your blood and give you appetite and strength. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other. Any effort to substitute another remedy is proof of the merit of Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box.

How it Happened.—Mrs. Binge (looking out of the window)—Why, my dear, there's ice all over the front door-step. Binge—I expect it's my fault. When I came in I upset the milk-can.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Pickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Both.—The position of woman from the fifth to the fifteenth centuries was particularly unenviable. May—Yes, they were middle-aged ladies and everybody knew it.

Captain Sweeney, U.S.A., San Diego. "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy" is the best medicine I have ever found that would cure me any good." Price 50 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

Mrs. Briss (at the musicale).—Oh, Mrs. Nait, I had so much to say to you, and the pianist is through. Mrs. Nait—'I'm just dying to hear it. Let's encore him.

SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose. 25 cents, 50 cents, and 1 per bottle. Sold by W. T. Strong.

Mr. Stratcliffe.—You don't mean to tell me, Johnny, that you played ball on Sunday. Johnny—Yes, sir; but I played on St. John's street.

Untold Misery.—What a Well-Known Commercial Traveler Suffered, and How He Was Cured.—Gentlemen.—About five years ago I began to be troubled with dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time traveling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine, and when the third bottle was finished I found I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, believing that the persistent use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia. (Signed.) T. S. McIntire.

Explained.—Agnes—I wonder what is pulling those trolley cars? B'Jones—Why! Have you never heard of wirepulling?

SHILOH'S VITALIZER.
Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer has cured my liver and I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble, it excels. Price 75 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

Artificial ice was first manufactured by the use of chemical mixtures in the year 1783.

About two months ago I was nearly wild with headaches. I started taking Burdock Blood Bitters, took two bottles and my headaches have now altogether disappeared. I think it is a grand medicine.

Eva Fink, Massey Station, Ont.
"Brains clothed where formerly feet were covered" is the notice put up by a New York bookseller on moving into premises which used to be occupied by a shoemaker.

Sirs.—I had such a severe cough that my throat felt as if scraped with a rasp. On taking Norway Pine Syrup I found the first dose gave relief, and the second bottle completely cured me.

Miss A. A. Downey, Manotick, Ont.
The International Mining and Metallurgical Exhibition is to be opened in Santiago, Chile, next September.

Build Up.
When the system is run down a person becomes an easy prey to Consumption, Scrofula. Many valuable lives are saved by using Scott's Emulsion as soon as a decline in health is observed.

COSTLY SHOOTING.

Testing Twelve-inch Projectiles at Sandy Hook, N. J.

The Four Shots, Including the Target, Involved an Expense of Over \$17,000.

New York, April 10.—A successful test of the first consignment of twelve-inch shot intended to be used in the United States army in the various coast defense batteries was made last week at the Sandy Hook proving ground. The Westervelt arsenal has already supplied five or six of the long twelve-inch rifles, but there have been no service shell or armor-piercing shot to fire from them. The trial yesterday was of armor-piercing shot of two different manufacturers—the Holtz, made by the Midvale Steel Company, of Philadelphia, and the Carpenter, produced by the Steel Company of that name at Nicetown, Pa. These shot are three and a half feet long and weigh in the neighborhood of 1,000 pounds. They are hollowed to a point about one-third of their length, and their heads are hardened by secret process, says the New York Sun.

In order to test the penetration of the steel bolts, they were fired against an oil-tempered, annealed nickel-steel plate made by the Bethlehem Iron Company. It was 13½ inches in thickness, about 9 feet wide by 16 feet long, and weighed 35 tons. It was recently bolted to an oak backing 56 inches thick, reinforced by 38 feet of sand. The plate was not expected to withstand the impact of such large caliber shot.

Four shots in all were hurled at the steel slab with very satisfactory results.

A cold, penetrating rain was falling, and the spectators stood about in uncomfortable attitudes, striving to obtain shelter under one or two projecting gun platforms and stray umbrellas. Interest in the test was not dampened, however, by the weather. Lieut. M. E. Harman, of the First Artillery, was in charge of the firing. The plate was set up 150 yards from the gun, and in order to attain the required velocity of 1,625 feet a second at impact, a charge of 355½ pounds of brown prismatic powder was used. This is 94½ pounds less than the service charge. Two Holtz shot and two Carpenter shot were fired under a chamber pressure of 23,000 pounds. These represent respectively a first lot of 36 pieces and two lots of 25 pieces each.

The first shot fired was a 1,001½ pound Carpenter projectile aimed at the upper left corner of the plate. It dislodged a portion of that section of the plate and developed several radial cracks. When the shot was dug up it was in three pieces, a section having been cleanly cut from the middle. From the heat generated by the impact a mass of sand was found to be fused into the point.

The next steel bolt discharged was of Holtz make and weighed 995 pounds. It clearly pierced the plate below and to the right of the first shot, and greatly widened the cracks already made. A prodigious amount of digging failed to discover this projectile, so the third shot was fired. It was a Carpenter bolt weighing 998 pounds. This quite demoralized the plate, leaving but small space for the remaining shot. Cracks extended across the steel in every direction, a large discolored running along the entire lower part of the plate.

The last projectile used was a Holtz that weighed 997 pounds. It penetrated the right upper part of the steel slab, and further demolishing it. The gang of 20 men were then ordered to work, shoveling sand to find the projectiles. After much work the second Holtz was discovered about ten feet to the left and quite near the surface of the level sand, having been reflected through the sand backing. Reaching so near the wet surface sand, it had begun to scale away at the base of the conical head, owing to its sudden cooling. The average heat generated by force of impact of the shells was in the neighborhood of 600° centigrade.

The workmen next dislodged the second Carpenter shot, which was found to be practically intact in spite of the severe test to which it had been subjected. Continued digging did not find the first Holtz, and the search for it will begin to-day. The Carpenter Steel Company's officers, while deploring the failure of their first shot, were much pleased with its mate. The Holtz people are very sanguine that the shot of their make remaining in the sand backing is in comparatively perfect condition, as their eight-inch shot were extremely successful at former tests.

The expense incurred by both the Government and manufacturers during a gun test is very great. The test cost \$17,040. The four shot represented \$980 apiece, the plate \$12,600, its mounting \$2,500 and the powder \$105 at each discharge. The Government has contracts for about 550 of the 12-inch shot.

Lost his Position.
That really happened to a certain grocer's clerk, because he couldn't induce customers to take an inferior brand of washing powder in place of Pearlina. The grocer said, "If you can't sell what I want you to sell, I don't want you." Now it doesn't take a very wise woman to decide whether this was an honest grocer. And a woman wise enough for that, would be likely to insist upon having nothing but Pearlina. There is nothing "as good as" or "the same as" Pearlina, the original—in fact, the only—washing-compound. If they send you something else, send it back. 209 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

Whist Score Cards.
Advertiser Job Dept. LONDON.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osmond, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kinkadee, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it assiduously to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

Allen C. Smith, Pres.

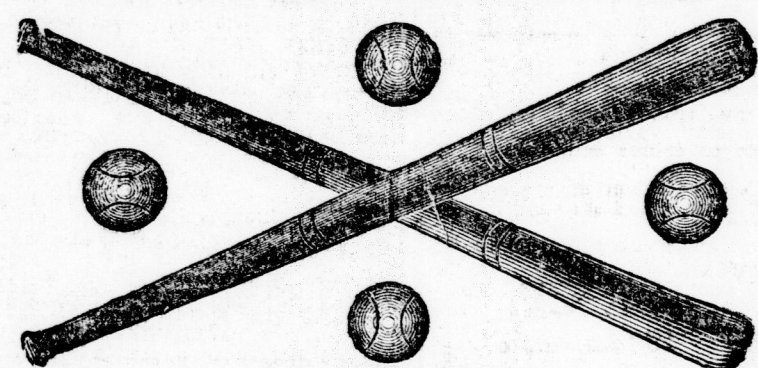
The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

WE MANUFACTURE
GLASS Advertising Signs,
Paper Weights,
Advertising Panels
in GOLD, SILVER or COLORS.

HOBBS GLASS WORKS
LONDON - - - - - ONTARIO.

OAK HALL,
The great one-price Clothiers.

SUITS FOR THE BOYS, made as only Oak Hall knows how to make them, bright, beautiful and strong.



Every boy gets a bat and ball with every suit.

OAK HALL
148, 150 DUNDAS ST., LONDON
ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

ADVERTISING

Fans,
Cards and
Novelties

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

New Designs Will Be Ready in a Short Time.

DO NOT ORDER UNTIL YOU SEE OUR SAMPLES

Advertiser Printing Company

LONDON, ONTARIO.

OLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR THE CALVERT LITHO GRAPHING COMPANY OF DETROIT.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division
CORRECTED Feb. 11, 1894.

MAIN LINE—Going East.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Wabash Express (A).....	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.	4:25 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:30 a.m.	4:35 a.m.	4:40 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A).....	12:10 p.m.	12:15 p.m.	12:20 p.m.
Day Express.....	10:50 a.m.	10:55 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Wabash Express (A) (B).....	4:40 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	4:50 p.m.
Mixed (C).....	5:50 p.m.	5:55 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	11:20 p.m.	11:25 p.m.	11:30 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Chicago Express (A).....	5:55 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
West End Mixed.....	6:15 a.m.	6:20 a.m.	6:25 a.m.
Wabash Express (A).....	11:35 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	12:15 p.m.	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Accommodation.....	12:35 p.m.	12:40 p.m.	12:45 p.m.
Pacific Express (A).....	6:50 p.m.	6:55 p.m.	7:00 p.m.
Mail.....	8:00 p.m.	8:05 p.m.	8:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	8:20 p.m.	8:25 p.m.	8:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Lehigh Express (B).....	4:05 a.m.	4:10 a.m.	4:15 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:20 a.m.	4:25 a.m.	4:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (B).....	11:35 a.m.	11:40 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Accommodation.....	12:14 p.m.	12:19 p.m.	12:24 p.m.
Mixed.....	5:35 p.m.	5:40 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
Accommodation.....	8:15 p.m.	8:20 p.m.	8:25 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	11:35 p.m.	11:40 p.m.	11:45 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Chicago Express (B).....	5:55 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
Accommodation.....	6:15 a.m.	6:20 a.m.	6:25 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B).....	11:40 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	11:50 a.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation.....	12:40 p.m.	12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m.
Pacific Express (B).....	7:00 p.m.	7:05 p.m.	7:10 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express.....	9:55 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	10:05 a.m.
Mail.....	8:40 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	8:50 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mixed—Mail.....	11:15 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:25 a.m.
Express.....	2:05 p.m.	2:10 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
Express.....	5:25 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	5:35 p.m.
Express—Mixed.....	8:15 p.m.	8:20 p.m.	8:25 p.m.

Toronto Branch.			
ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Hamilton—Depart.....	8:00 a.m.	8:05 a.m.	8:10 a.m.
Hamilton—Arrive.....	11:50 a.m.	11:55 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
Hamilton—Depart.....	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Hamilton—Arrive.....	12:30 p.m.	12:35 p.m.	12:40 p.m.

* These trains for Montreal.
† These trains from Montreal.
(a) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(b) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(c) Carries passengers between London and Paris only.
(d) This train connects at Toronto for all routes in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia via North Bay and Lake Huron.
E. De La Hogue, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, the "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.			
DEPART.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
London.....	4:20 a.m.	4:25 a.m.	4:30 a.m.
Woodstock.....	5:05 a.m.	5:10 a.m.	5:15 a.m.
Galt.....	5:55 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	6:05 a.m.
Guelph.....	6:50 a.m.	6:55 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Orangeville.....	7:40 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	7:50 a.m.
Peel.....	8:30 a.m.	8:35 a.m.	8:40 a.m.
Kingston.....	9:20 a.m.	9:25 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Altonville.....	10:10 a.m.	10:15 a.m.	10:20 a.m.
Montreal.....	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.	11:10 a.m.
Quebec.....	11:50 a.m.	11:55 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
Portland, Me.....	12:40 p.m.	12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m.
Boston.....	1:30 p.m.	1:35 p.m.	1:40 p.m.
Halifax, N.S.....	2:20 p.m.	2:25 p.m.	2:30 p.m.

Going West.			
DEPART—	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.
London.....	12:00	11:4	7:05
ARRIVE	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Chatham.....	1:37	1:22	12:13
	2:36	2	

GOOD GOODS, WORK

You'll Get by Ordering
From

N. Wilson & Co.

TAILORS, etc.

136 DUNDAS STREET

Nothing

Beautifies your home like
pretty Paper. We have
now a complete stock of
new goods.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY WM. H. WESTON
grocer, Stanley street. No bond re-
quired.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S
drug store, 679 Dundas street east, Resi-
dence, Dundas street, corner William. Take
Dundas street car. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT
CHAS. F. GILLESPIE'S Popular Music
House, 129 Dundas street, and 439 Princess
avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLESPIE,
jeweler, 422 Richmond street.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

DIED.

M'KECHNIE—On Sunday, April 8, at his late
residence, No. 10 Marley Place, Donald Mc-
Kechnie, aged 48 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock; ser-
vices at 2:30.

Western Ontario papers please copy.

SMITH—On April 11, Mary, beloved wife of
John A. Smith.

Funeral will take place on Friday, at 2:30
p.m., from her late residence, 3rd concession,
London township. Friends will please accept
this intimation.

JAS. G. ROSS,

CHEMIST,

491 RICHMOND STREET.

PREPARATION OF CROCODILE OIL WITH
CROCODILE.

BOYLE'S BAKING POWDER

—SELLS AT—
55c per pound.

652 Dundas Street.

The Complete Set

World's Fair Photographs
Bound Neat and Durable
From Fifty Cents Up.

E. H. KORDES

Account Book and General
Bookbinder.

428 RICHMOND STREET.

California and Mexico.

The Wabash Railway has now on sale
winter tourist tickets at the lowest rates
ever made to Old Mexico and California.
These rates are available for the winter
fair at San Francisco.

The banner route is the great trunk line
that passes through six States of the Union
and has the most superb and magnificent
trains in America. Full particulars may
be had from any railroad agent, or J. A.
RICHARDSON, Canadian passenger agent,
northeast corner King and Yonge streets,
Toronto.

NEW SHOES.

This store knows what to buy and what to let alone, in the
shoe line. There is magnetism in good value. That's
why we always have the crowds.

FOR MEN.

Men's well styles, razor toe, crimped
camps, square toe, common sense toe,
in tans, patent and black, comfortable
at guaranteed every time, \$4, \$3.50,
\$3.25, \$3.

The above popular shoes are down
25 per cent. in price this spring.

In workmen's shoes we do the trade. Our prices must be
right. Big stock of Trunks and Valises cheap.

POCOCK BROTHERS

JUST ARRIVED.

3 CASES

Manufacturers' Samples of

Table Linens,
Table Napkins,
Towels.

33 1/3 OFF

Pridd's Bros.

158 Dundas Street.

The Endowment Policy

—OF THE—

CONFEDERATION LIFE

—OFFERS VERY—

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

YOUNG MEN YOUNG WOMEN

See It. See It.

A splendid plan to save money. Policy can
not lapse after two premiums are paid.

FRED. H. BEATH, General Agent.

GEO. PRITCHARD, City Agent.

Telephone, No. 757.

N. B.—Ladies' rates same as men.

Gasoline Stoves!

We have the newest American
make; they are safe, economical and
satisfactory. Call and see them in
operation at our store.

Stevely's

RICHMOND STREET,

PHONE 452.

CLOUDY—SOME SNOW OR RAIN.

Toronto, April 10—11 p.m.—The depres-
sion advancing from the Southwestern
States last night is now centered over
Michigan. It has given high easterly
winds over the lake region and heavy rain
and snow. Elsewhere in Canada the
weather has been generally fair.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Calgary, 24°—64°; Winnipeg, 32°—40°;
Port Arthur, 32°—48°; Toronto, 34°—40°;
Montreal, 28°—43°; Quebec, 26°—40°; Hal-
ifax, 28°—36°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, April 11—1 a.m.—Probabilities
for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes
region (covering the peninsula and as far
east as Belleville): Generally cloudy,
with some snow or rain.

BUTTERCUPS!

We have twenty varieties of
these delectable confections, and a
full line of choice candies and
tutti-frutti.

Our Family Confectionery needs
but a trial to prove its superior
quality.

Prompt and polite attention to
all orders.

G. W. KENT,

Phone 996. 209 Dundas St.

SMOKE

Clam Bake

CIGARS

J. Gammage & Sons

GROW THE BEST

CUT FLOWERS

IN LONDON. SEE THEIR DISPLAY
IN THEIR WINDOW.

213 DUNDAS ST. E.

Children Poisoned at Guelph.

GUELPH, April 10.—A son and daughter
of Mr. George Townsend, Grange street,
aged respectively 4 and 2 years, had a
narrow escape from being poisoned on
Saturday. They were playing with copy-
ing pad material and chewed some of the
paper. Some time afterwards both of the
children were taken sick with vomiting
and purging. A physician was called, who
pronounced that the children had taken
poison in some form. The girl was very
sick for some time. The boy was danger-
ously ill, and at one time it was doubtful if
he would recover. He is now better.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It
removed ten corns from one pair of feet
without any pain. What it has done once
it will do again.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE

134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS

175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

To Portfolio Subscribers.

We have arranged to send all portfolios
in future direct from our own office
to addresses outside the city, thereby
relieving our subscribers from any trouble
and annoyance in connection with passing
the portfolios at the custom house. Send
in your orders at once. There will be six-
teen numbers in the series. No. 12 is run-
ning this week. Remember the portfolios
will be mailed in future direct from the
ADVERTISER office, London. Three coupons
and 10c secures a copy of each number.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

By three and four the ladies walked
the streets when lightly dressed, they
can go but two abreast.

—Mrs. Charles Lilley, East London, is
seriously ill.

—The G. T. R. dispatchers here have
moved into their new operating room.

—Ex-Ald. Thos. Browne and Mrs. Browne
have been visiting friends in Flint, Mich.

—Mr. J. W. Fetherston has resumed his
teaching at his new address, 325 Queen's
avenue, four doors west of Waterloo street.

—Mr. M. Atkinson, of the Bank of
Toronto, Cobourg, will marry Miss Shortt,
daughter of Rev. Mr. Shortt, in this city
to-morrow.

—"Master and Man" will be the attrac-
tion at the Grand next Tuesday. The en-
gagement is under the auspices of the
non-coms. of the Seventh Battalion.

—The game of Monday night and to-day
did not prove very disastrous in this
vicinity, but places further east suffered
severely, as did the telegraph companies,
whose wires were prostrated at many
points.

—Mr. Wm. Freeland, a popular street
car driver on the "blue" line, was married
at the Dundas Street Methodist parsonage
last night to Miss Maud Dyer, of Dundas
street east. Rev. Dr. Auliff performed the
ceremony.

—Mrs. May Thornley, city, speaks in
Aylmer on April 12. The St. Thomas
Journal correspondent speaks of her as one
who roused the sentiments of hundreds of
women in our Province when she waited on
Sir Oliver Mowat and pleaded so nobly for
the enfranchisement of women.

—City Clerk and Mrs. Kingston left to-
day to attend the funeral of Mr. Kingston's
father, who died yesterday near Stirling,
Hastings county, aged 84. Deceased took up
farming on the homestead in 1833, and has
lived there ever since. Eight children sur-
vive. Six reside in this vicinity and a
daughter in Victoria, B.C. The city clerk's
mother died two years ago, aged 80.

—Rev. John McEwen, of Toronto, was
the principal speaker at the Normal Insti-
tute on Sunday School work held in the
First Congregational Church, city, yester-
day afternoon and evening. Rev. T. Cullen
and Rev. W. J. Clark were the chairmen
at the respective sessions. The evening
meeting was embellished by music from
Misses Mutch and Meek and Messrs. Pink
and Brock.

—The Women's Missionary Society in
connection with the Queen's Avenue
Methodist Church held their monthly
meeting on Monday. The president, Mrs.
Fowler, took occasion to refer very feel-
ingly to the death of the late Mrs. Belton,
who had been a member of the society from
the time it was organized. At the close of
the usual business a voluntary thank offer-
ing was made by those present and a very
liberal sum was realized. The women of
this country are endeavoring to obey the
Lord's command, "Go ye into the world
and preach the Gospel to every creature."

—The Hamilton Women's Local Council,
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