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Volume 48 -- No. 20.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1919.

Whole No. 2466

COURT OF REVISION
Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the Court of Revision for revising the Assessment Roll of the Township of Mosa for the year 1919 will be held in the Town Hall, Village of Glencoe, on Monday, the 26th day of May, at 10 o'clock a. m.
C. C. McNAUGHTON,
Clerk Township of Mosa.

FOR SALE
House and lot on corner of Orange and Simpson streets. Apply to Mrs. Emie Livingston, Alvinston.

TOWNSHIP OF EKFRID
Court of Revision
Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision for hearing and determining appeals or complaints against the assessment roll of the Township of Ekfrid for the year 1919 will be held in the Town Hall, Appin, at 10 o'clock forenoon of Wednesday, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1919.
A. P. McDUGALD, Clerk of Ekfrid.

FOR SALE
Extra early maturing strain of Golden Dent seed corn. Average corn season will ripen by Aug. 21st. Don't fool yourselves on southern seed. This seed is strictly A No. 1. Price, \$2.25 per 72 lbs. - WALTER SQUIRE, lot 19, con. 1, Ekfrid.

COURT OF REVISION
Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision for hearing and determining appeals against the Assessment Roll of the Village of Glencoe for 1919 will be held in the Town Hall, Glencoe, on Monday, the 26th day of May, 1919, at the hour of eight o'clock p. m., of which all persons interested are required to take notice and be governed accordingly.
CHAS. GEORGE, Municipal Clerk.

WANTED TO BUY
Second-hand coal and wood heater, in good condition. - Transcript Office.

DR. L. W. M. FREELE,
at present on the staff of the Canadian Special Hospital, Witley, England, has bought the business and property belonging to Dr. Walker, and is expected shortly to begin practice in Glencoe.

LORNE LODGE No. 282
A. F. & A. M.
Glencoe Ontario
A regular communication of the above Lodge will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, June 12 at 7.30 o'clock precisely. General business. Conferring degrees. All Masonic brethren welcome.
D. A. McALPINE, W. M.
J. A. McKELLAR, Secretary.

A. B. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

Cream and Eggs Wanted
Get our proposition re cream; highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
Hoyse, 30-2 - Store, 89.

Chantry Farm
Do you want to increase your egg yield? Try a few utility Black Leghorn eggs. Only \$1.50 per 15; special rates on 100 or more. Handsome, hardy, and regular egg machines. An ideal farm fowl. Or are you aiming at a good table fowl and winter layer? Try the Silver Grey Dorking. Cockerels nine to ten pounds each at six months of age. Can spare a few settings only.
ED. DE GEX.

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
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No wonder automobiles are taking the place of horses in the country. All a farmer has to do now is to come to market with a hog and exchange it for a new auto.

A Standard Medicine - Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

HEAR THE WORLD FAMOUS
ERNEST GAMBLE CONCERT CO.
Saturday Evening at 7.30 sharp
GLENCOE OPERA HOUSE

Ernest Gamble is one of the greatest basses in the concert world and has been heard in every large city on the globe. Verna Page is a wonderful violinist and Aline Kuhn a pianist of international reputation. Such a musical program is a credit to a big city, and music lovers of Glencoe will crowd the hall.

Seats at Lumley's Drug Store - 75c, 50c and 25c.

Full weight of tea in every package
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FOR YOUR SPRING REQUIREMENTS
IN
HARNESS REPAIRS, COLLARS, SWEAT PADS, ROYAL PURPLE CALF FEED AND CHICK FEED, SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES, NEW PERFECTION COAL-OIL STOVES, FROST WIRE FENCING AND AUTO SUPPLIES.
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Local Selling Agents for De Laol Cream Separators.

NEW GROCERY
A full and well-assorted stock of Fresh Groceries, Domestic and Imported Fruits, Confectionery, Cakes, Biscuits, Parnell's Bread, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc. Many lines bought close for cash at pre-war prices.
All Standard Lines of Soap sold at three bars for 25c on Mondays only.
Cash for Good Table Butter and Eggs.
W. A. CURRIE
TELEPHONE 25 MAIN ST., W.
COUNTER CHECK BOOKS
Order your next lot of these at The Transcript office

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

The noon Wabash trains east and west will hereafter stop at Thamesville for passengers.

A bowling tournament will be held at Thamesville on May 26 to which all the surrounding clubs have been invited.

The farmers clubs of Howard township have arranged to take over the flour mill and elevator at Ridgeway from the Kent Farmers' Produce Co.

Blades that are vibrated 1,200 times a minute do the work of a new electric razor, the motor for which gets its current from a light socket.

Mrs. James Clark, a native of Metcalfe, dies at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Minnie White, London, last week, aged 91 years. She was born near Sheddin.

Battle Creek, Mich., is to have a new serve-self grocery store, where the customer will enter by a turnstile, take from the shelves the articles wished, move past a checker with an adding machine, pay his bill and pass out.

About two hundred ratepayers from Essex and Kent counties met at Chatham one day last week to discuss the need of and proper location for a trunk highway that would link up the border cities and the city of Chatham in the most convenient and direct manner, having regard to the territory between these large centres of population.

THE LATE ROBERT WEBSTER

On Monday, May 5th, there passed to his reward after a long and trying illness an old and highly esteemed resident of Ekfrid township, Robert Webster. The late Mr. Webster was born in the year 1843, Dec. 28, on the old Union road near Port Stanley. He was the son of David Webster and Agnes Muir, both natives of Scotland.

Robert was the middle child in a family of eleven, of whom four survive him. These are James of Clearville, Ont.; John of Forest, Manitoba; and Mrs. Henry Wellman of Crosswell, Mich. In 1876 he married Ellen, eldest daughter of the late Jacob Young, who with two sons, David and Earl of Ekfrid, and one daughter, Mrs. W. F. Stewart of Herrington, Alberta, survive.

When Mr. Webster came to Ekfrid fifty years ago he made a start by working out among the farmers until he was able to buy the farm where he resided until his decease. He was fond of relating that when he bought this farm—a wet one, and with only about thirty acres of thistly clearing and covered with big oak stumps—people said he would not be there long, yet there he remained for forty-five years. He was a life-long Presbyterian and a member of the church, having for thirty-five years served the Appin congregation in the office to which he was elected and ordained during the pastorate of the late Rev. W. R. Sutherland. As elder he was twice commissioner to the General Assembly. For many years he was also superintendent of the Sunday school. To him was largely due the erection of the present church building, and he himself hauled the greater part of its material. Throughout his busy life of toiling he always found time for his church duties and the visitation of the sick. The regularity of his attendance at church was so perfect that aside from sickness and absence when, travelling, very few indeed were the Sabbaths on which he was not to be found in his accustomed seat at church. Neither ordinary illness nor light excursions ever kept him from the house of God. His public spirit was manifested among many other ways by his interest in the school, of which for many years he was a trustee. His death means a very large company of those sturdy toilers whose energy and enterprise made our farms what they are and whose interest in higher things passes on to us the torch and task.

The funeral took place from the family residence on the sunny spring afternoon of May 7th, the service being conducted by Rev. H. D. McCulloch. The text of the brief funeral address was Phil. 1:21: "For to me to live is Christ and to die is gain," this being the verse that Mr. Webster had mentioned as his choice for his funeral address. The choir of the Presbyterian church sang "The Lord Is My Shepherd," "Forever With the Lord," and that beautiful anthem "Going Down the Valley." The funeral was attended by a very large company of friends and neighbors who had assembled to pay a last tribute of respect to the departed and to express their sympathy with the sorrowing relatives. Interment took place at the beautiful Oakland cemetery on the Longwoods Road.

"When with bowed head And silent, streaming tears, With mind of hopes and fears, To earth we yield our dead, The saints, with clearer sight, Do cry in glad accord: 'A soul released from prison Is risen, is risen, is risen, To the glory of the Lord.'"

Put it in for Lame Back—A brisk rub with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will cure lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that its touch is magical, as it is.

GOING AFTER HYDRO-ELECTRIC

Deputation Will Take the Matter Up With Sir Adam Beck.

A special meeting of the municipal council of the village of Glencoe was held in the council chamber on Monday, May 12th. Members present—Reeve A. J. Wright; Councillors P. D. Keith, W. A. Hagerty and P. E. Lumley. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

A communication from the superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway re outfit drain was received and filed. The object of the meeting was to arrange to meet Sir Adam Beck with a view to securing hydro. On motion of P. E. Lumley and W. A. Hagerty, the clerk was instructed to write Philip Pocock, chairman of the Utility Commission of London, to make definite arrangements that the council have a meeting with Sir Adam Beck in London on Friday, May 16, at two o'clock.

On motion of Messrs. Hagerty and Keith it was decided to hold May 24th a holiday instead of May 24th, which falls on Saturday.

P. E. Lumley then moved notice of motion that at the next council meeting the council submit a by-law to the people re hydro.

It was moved by Mr. Hagerty and seconded by Mr. Keith that this meeting resolve itself into a joint meeting of the council and the Industrial Association for the purpose of discussing and securing hydro. Carried.

It was moved by J. N. Currie and seconded by John Hayter that the members of this meeting form a board of delegates to meet Sir Adam Beck on Friday, May 16, with a view of laying plans for securing hydro. Carried unanimously.

DEATH OF SAMUEL SQUIRE

The death occurred at his home in Ekfrid township on Sunday morning of Samuel C. Squire, in his 82nd year. Mr. Squire was one of the well-known and esteemed old residents of the community, having lived in Ekfrid nearly all his life. He leaves a large family of married sons and daughters. His wife died a few years ago.

The funeral service was held at his late residence on Tuesday afternoon and interment was made at Appin cemetery.

Mr. Squire was one of a family of seven brothers and one sister. He came on his mother's side of United Empire Loyalist stock, and on his father's side from the Puritan Pilgrims of New England. He was an esteemed old resident of the community, a Methodist and a Liberal in politics.

SOLDIERS WELCOMED

During the week the following returned soldiers were given hearty welcome home at Glencoe:—Arnold Aldred (from Siberia), Clifford Currie, George Grant, E. M. Thomson, Harold Payne, Horace Liddington.

NEWBURY WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

Newbury, May 13.—The following officers were elected for the W. I. on Wednesday, May 7th:—Mrs. Matthew Armstrong, president; Mrs. Stephen Fennell, vice-president; Mrs. J. V. Hammett, sec.-treasurer; Mrs. Edward Haggitt, district director.

Mrs. S. Fennell and Mrs. R. B. Smith were appointed school fair directors, and instead of the former allowance of \$4 for prizes the amount was increased to \$10.

Mrs. Hammett, the retiring president, thanked the ladies for their splendid support during the five years of her presidency and requested the loyal help of all for Mrs. Armstrong. The motto of the W. I. is "For home and country," and now that the war is over the W. I. will work for the benefit of the village and township—particularly for the benefit of the schools and expects that schools in the immediate neighborhood will have medical inspection. They ask the women of the village and township for their help and support. Watch for financial report for year just closed.

FIELD CROP COMPETITION

The Mosa and Ekfrid Agricultural Society will hold a field crop competition in White Oats and Flint Corn. An entry fee of 50c will be charged on each entry. All prize winners must exhibit a sheaf of grain at the local fair. All persons wishing to compete will send in their entries to R. W. McKellar, Glencoe, not later than May 15th for oats and June 15th for corn.

BASEBALL LEAGUE

At a meeting held at West Lorne on the evening of May 12, at which representatives from the Appin, Dutton, West Lorne and Glencoe teams were present, it was decided to create an organization to be known as the Elgin-Middlesex Baseball League, to be composed of clubs from the above-mentioned towns. The officers elected were:—J. C. Elliott, M. P. P., and F. Macdonald, M. P. P., honorary presidents; J. H. McCleod, president and secretary-treasurer. The executive will be composed of the president and manager of each club.

The schedule in full will be drawn up in the near future, but it was decided that two games be played at West Lorne on May 26th and two at Glencoe on June 3rd.

A colored philosopher says it is foolish to count your chickens before they break.

OIL FIELD NOTES

The Castle Oil & Gas Company have moved the McCutcheon drilling rig onto the Gillies lease, where they now have several productive wells, and intend drilling in a number of new ones, which will undoubtedly increase their production in this part of the field.

The Ontario Petroleum Co. during the past week have shut wells on the J. A. Walker and E. Quick farms which, though small, will be lasting.

The Imperial Oil Co. have completed the pipe line which connects the Erie Investment Co. with Shields shipping station. This company have installed a boiler and steam pump on the Mitchell lease and are prepared to put their production through the pipe line which formerly was teamed to North Glencoe.

The National Supply Co. now have their pipe line gang at work for the Toronto-Glencoe Syndicate, who will load their oil at Gillies' siding. This company also have a large crew at work rebuilding their pumping plant and putting it in condition to force oil to the receiving station.

THE FORWARD MOVEMENT

The special meetings being held in the Presbyterian church this week in the cause of the forward movement are proving a splendid success and no doubt will result in much spiritual uplift and moral inspiration to the community. The speakers are the strong men in the Presbyterian Church in Canada and their addresses are forceful and to the point. Special music is adding to the attractiveness of the meetings, which so far have been largely attended.

On Sunday Rev. D. C. MacGregor of London spoke in the morning on Missions and in the evening on Stewardship. On Monday the call to the ministry was presented by Rev. J. W. Gordon of Brantford. Tuesday evening Rev. Mr. McIntosh of London gave an address on "The future of the Church," illustrated with lantern views. Rev. A. C. Stewart of Brantford is expected to speak on Wednesday evening, Rev. A. H. McGillivray on Thursday evening, and Rev. J. W. Gordon on Friday evening. The special services will close on Sunday when Rev. James MacKay of London will occupy the pulpit for both the morning and evening services.

YOUNG LADY DIES SUDDENLY

The sudden death of Miss Ellis McKinnon, under distressing circumstances, a result, it is believed, of a surgical operation for mastitis which she underwent some time ago, occurred during Sunday night last at the home of her cousin, Mrs. Christina McLellan, where she had arrived a few hours before from Pittsburgh on a visit.

Miss McKinnon was the third daughter of the late Rev. Neil McKinnon of Mosa and of Mrs. Annie C. McKinnon now of Pittsburgh, Pa. For some time up to February last she had been teaching school at Fort William. Afterwards she went on a visit to Toronto and then to Pittsburgh. For many years the family resided in Glencoe and the deceased was well-known and esteemed in the community from her girlhood up.

The funeral was held yesterday from the residence of Mrs. McLellan to Kilmartin cemetery. The bereaved mother and members of the family have the sincere sympathy of the community in their sorrow.

OVERLOOKING ONTARIO

The traveller from Europe enters Canada at Halifax or Montreal and leaves it at Vancouver. He skirts the Great Lakes on the north, crosses the plains and goes through the Rockies, and thinks that he has seen Canada!

Or he lands at New York, takes the New York Central or the Lehigh Valley railroads, crosses the Niagara River at Suspension Bridge or Black Rock, passes through the tunnel at Sarnia or is ferried over the Detroit River at Windsor, and eventually reaches San Francisco unconscious of the fact that he was ever in Canada.

The simple truth is that this peninsula of Western Ontario is sidetracked. It is the finest portion of the Dominion. Here is the seat of Canadian manufacturing, the home of cheap power, the garden where grows the richest fruit, the farm lands where agriculture and dairying are unexcelled—the most populous and prosperous part of Canada, in short. And yet when the European thinks of Canada his mind travels to the north country and to the plains, and seldom to Ontario.

We cannot help our geographical situation, but we can do something to bring before the desirable immigration of Great Britain the importance that attaches to Ontario and the opportunities that are afforded here. We have room for millions of people. Our farming districts are only sparsely cultivated. We know little or nothing of intensive cultivation. Ontario has room for many millions of people, and it is for our governments to see that we have at least a larger share of the immigration that is coming to this country.—Free Press.

PAYS TO ADVERTISE

An advertiser who offered a machine for sale in the "Special Notice" column last week called up to congratulate The Transcript as an effective advertising medium, stating that the machine was sold within two hours after the paper was issued.

Blank oil leases for sale at The Transcript office.

GENERAL McRAE COMING

Will Address Meeting in Glencoe Town Hall on Friday Evening.

Major-General A. D. McRae has accepted the invitation of the Glencoe Soldiers' Aid Commission to address a public meeting in Glencoe, and the date set for his visit here by the International Press Council, who have his itinerary in hand, is Friday evening, May 16th. The subject of his address will be "Canadian Citizenship of the Future."

General McRae is a native of this community and an old Glencoe boy who has been signally honored for his ability. It is likely that the meeting will be in the form of a reception, and everybody will be expected to attend and in this way show their appreciation of one of their own who has brought distinction not only to himself but to his home town.

THIRTY YEARS AGO

Alfred Crow appointed constable for Glencoe; salary \$45 per annum. At John Henry's sale cows touched a record price, selling as high as \$43.50.

Annual statement of Glencoe Mechanics' Institute shows receipts of \$448.44. Grand trunk express wrecked near Hamilton. Twenty persons killed or burned to death.

Scott Act repealed in Middlesex by majority of about 2,000. Was adopted four years prior to 3,377 majority. J. Huston, Glencoe assessor, makes his return. Population 905; increased assessment over preceding year—\$18,650.

Ascending Glencoe express agent and postmaster caught in Nebraska, tried in London and given two-year sentence. Contract let to Andrew Clananan for Glencoe Presbyterian church, at \$9,300, without spire; also public school addition, at \$2,175.

APPIN

Tom King visited here on Tuesday. A large crowd attended the play, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which was put on in the town hall last Monday night. Mrs. Peter MacTaggart is under the doctor's care.

One of the largest funerals ever seen in this locality was that of the late Robert Webster held from his late residence near Appin last Wednesday.

Mrs. David McArthur's father, Mr. Lightfoot, died at his home in Strathroy last Tuesday. Mr. Lightfoot was being helped Earl Webster with the seedling this week. We were pleased to welcome Bob Woods and George Thomas back from the fringe-line.

Miss C. Hardwell of Ridgeway is spending a few days with her brothers here. The funeral of the late Mrs. Fuchs took place from Rev. Mr. Whaley's residence on Tuesday at 10 a. m. to Blenheim.

The forward movement meetings in the Presbyterian church here are proving a great success. Local Orangemen report a very pleasant event which took place at Brother Wm. May's residence after the regular meeting in the Orange Hall on Monday night. Visiting brethren from Glencoe and other points together with the local lodge motored out to Mr. May's home and there enjoyed a social evening, at the close of which George Ramsey was called to the front and presented with a past master's jewel and an elaborate address which was read by Brother Alf. Bardwell. The address was one of welcome, as Brother Ramsey enlisted some three years ago in the 15th Battalion and has seen some severe fighting, and all were glad to welcome him home safely. The ladies served a dainty lunch, and after all joining in singing "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" and "God Save the King," the gathering dispersed.

NEWBURY

The Guild of the Church of England are holding a sale of homemade cooking in Arthur McDonald's late residence.

D. J. Bateman and wife have returned from Detroit. Herb. Heatherington and mother spent Sunday at A. Fennell's. Mr. Heatherington sang a solo in Knox church Sunday afternoon.

The forward movement in the Presbyterian church here was opened on Sunday afternoon. Rev. A. C. Stewart of Mornington had charge of the meeting and delivered a strong address. On Monday evening Rev. A. H. McGillivray of Hamilton was unable to take the services and Rev. Mr. Lloyd of Glencoe took his place, using lantern views to show the need of men and money in the home and foreign missions. Rev. Mr. Gordon will preach at 8 p. m. on Wednesday and Rev. Mr. MacGillivray on Friday night.

Judging by the standard of the addresses on Sunday and Monday evening, anyone missing these meetings misses a treat.

Rev. Mr. Malcolm was at Mornington on Sunday preaching for Rev. A. C. Stewart.

It's time the municipal authorities stopped the boys riding bicycles on the sidewalk. Some of the new riders will injure somebody and then there will be trouble.

Charles Rush, jr., is putting a new foundation under his mother's residence. The farmers who work only from sunup to dark shouldn't care a hoot what the clock says about anything.

**It's Always Best
—To Be Well on the Safe Side**

When buying Tea, insist on getting



The Tea with a Quarter of a Century of Unrivalled Public Service.

The Road to Understanding

—BY—
Eleanor H. Porter
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Published by special arrangement with
Thea Allen,
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CHAPTER VII.—(Cont'd.)
As the hour drew near for the expected guest's arrival, Burke Denby greatly to his vexation, found himself growing more and more nervous. He asked himself indignantly if he were going to let a purple cushion entirely spoil the pleasure of the evening. Not until he had seen Gleason that afternoon had he realized how sorely he had missed his father's companionship all these past weeks. Not until he had found himself bubbling over with the things he wanted to talk about that evening had he realized how keenly he had missed the mental stimulus of that father's comradeship. And now, for the sake of a purple cushion, was he to lose the chance he had had for weeks of conversing with an intelligent man?

With an almost audible gasp she looked at the shocked and shamed husband pulled himself up again.
Well, of course Helen was intelligent. It was only that she was not interested in, and did not know about, these things he was thinking of, and—
The doorbell rang sharply, and Burke leaped to his feet and hastened to press the button that would release the catch of the lock at the entrance below.
"Why, Burke, you never called down through the tube at all, and asked who it was." And he hurriedly, in her fingers busy with the final fastenings of her dress.
"You bet your life I didn't," laughed Burke, a bit grimly. "You've got another guess coming if you think I'm going to hold Doc Gleason off at the end of a 'Who is it?' bellows into his ear from that impertinent copper trumpet down there."
"Why, Burke, that's all right. Everybody does it," maintained Helen. "We have to. We've been letting all sorts of folks in, and—"
At a warning gesture from her husband she stopped just as a tall, smooth-shaven man with kind eyes and a grave smile appeared at the open hallway door.
"Glad to see you, doctor," cried Burke, extending a cordial hand, that yet trembled a little. "Let me present you to my wife."
"Pleased to meet you, I'm sure," bobbed Helen. And because she was nervous she said the next thing that came into her head. "And I hope you're pleased to meet me, too. All Burke's friends are so swell, you know, that—"
"Eh—?" broke in the dismayed husband.
But the visitor advanced quietly, still with that same grave smile, and clasped Mrs. Denby's extended hand. "I am very sure Burke's friends are, indeed, very glad to meet you," he said. "Certainly I am." He finished, with a cordial heartiness so nicely balanced that even Burke Denby's sensitive alertness could find in it neither the overzealousness or insincerity nor the indifference of disdain.
Even when, a minute later, they turned and went into the living room, Burke's still apprehensive watchfulness could detect in his friend's face not one trace of the dismayed horror he had been dreading to see there.
"Gleason's a brick," he sighed to himself, trying to relax his tense muscles. "As if I didn't know that every last gimcrack in this miserable room would fairly scream at him the moment he entered that door!"
In spite of everybody's very evident efforts to have everything pass off pleasantly, the evening was anything but a success. Helen, at first shy and ill at ease, said little. Then, as if suddenly realizing her deficiencies as a hostess, she tried to remedy it by talking very loud and very fast about anything that came into her mind, revealing especially in minute

BABY'S OWN SOAP

The Creamy Lather of BABY'S OWN SOAP softens and whitens, retards and delicately aromatises the skin.

Albert Heape Limited, Mfrs. Montreal

details concerning their own daily lives, ranging all the way from storked of the elopement and the house-hilariou accounts of her experiences furnishing on the installment plan to hilarious accounts of her experiences with the cook-book and the account-book.
Very plainly Helen was doing her best to "show off." From one to the other she looked, with little nods and coquetish smiles.
The doctor still with the grave smile and kindly eyes, listened politely, uttering now and then a pleasant word or two, in a way that even the distraught husband could not criticize. As for the husband himself, between his anger at Helen and his anger at himself because of his anger at Helen, he was in a woeful condition of nervousness and ill-humor. Vainly trying to wrest the ball of conversation from Helen's bungling fingers, he yet felt obliged to laugh in apparent approval of her wild throws. Nor was he unaware of the sorry figure he thus made of himself. Having long since given up all hope of the anticipated chat with his friend, his one aim now was to get the visit over, and the doctor out of the house as soon as possible. Yet the very fact that he did want the visit over and the doctor gone only angered him the more, and put into his mouth words that were a mockery of cordiality.
The evening was a series of fidgetings, throat-clearings, and nervous laughs that (if he had known it) were fully as distressing to the doctor as they were to himself.
At half-past nine the doctor rose to his feet.
"Well, good people, I must go," he announced cheerily. (For the last half-hour the doctor had been wondering just how soon he might make that statement.) "It's half-past nine."
"Pshaw! That ain't late," protested Helen.
"No, indeed," echoed Burke—though Burke had promptly risen with his guest.
"Perhaps not, to you; but to me—" The doctor let a smile finish his sentence.
"But you're coming again," gurgled Helen. "You're coming to dinner. Burke said you was."
Burke's mouth flew open—but just in time he snapped it shut. He had remembered that hospitable husbands do not usually retract their wives' invitations with a terrified "For Heaven's sake, no!"—at least, not in the face of the prospective guest. Before he could put the new, proper words into his mouth, the doctor spoke.
"Thank you. You're very kind; but I'm afraid not—this time, Mrs. Denby. My stay is to be very short. But I'm glad to have had this little visit," he finished, holding out his hand.
And again Burke, neither then, nor when he looked straight into the doctor's eyes a moment later, could find aught in word or manner upon which to pin his watchful suspicions. The next moment the doctor was gone.
Helen yawned luxuriously, openly. Helen never troubled to hide her yawns.
"Now I like him," she observed emphatically, but not very distinctly (owing to the yawn). "If all your swell friends were—"
"Helen, for Heaven's sake, don't there any word but that abominable 'swell' that you can use?" interrupted her husband, seizing the first pretext that offered itself as a scapegoat for his irritation.
Helen laughed and shrugged her shoulders.
"All right; 'stuck up,' then, if you like that better. But, for my part, I like 'swell' best. It's so expressive, so much more swell—there, you see," she laughed, with another shrug; "it just says itself. But, really, I do like the doctor. I think he's just grand. Where does he live?"
"Boston." Burke hated "grand" only one degree less than "swell."
"Is he married?"
"No."
"How old did you say he was?"
"I didn't say. I don't know. Thirty-five probably."
"Why, Burke, what's the matter? What are you so short about? Don't you like it that I like him? I thought you wanted me to like your friends."
"Yes, yes, I know; and I do, Helen, of course." Burke got to his feet and took a turn about the tiny room.
(To be continued.)

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Cleans sinks, closets
Kills roaches, rats, mice
Dissolves dirt that nothing else will move

A quickening of interest among manufacturers in the possibilities of export trade is reported by the Canadian Trade Commission.



Know Your Oil Stove.
The first oil-stoves were made with flat wicks and were accompanied by a water pan which was considered necessary to counteract the naphtha and gasoline vapors that might form on the surface of the kerosene. As petroleum products became more refined, and the different elements were separated and standardized, it became possible to make stoves of different types, the improvements continuing, so that the oil-stove is now considered a necessity.
The process of burning (combustion), whether it is wood, coal, or kerosene, is first to reduce the element to a gas, the common means being heat, and then to burn this gas, mixing it with oxygen, one of the gases which supports life. Kerosene vaporizes or turns into a gas more easily than wood or coal, but not so quickly and easily as does gasoline or naphtha. When kerosene is properly refined it is comparatively safe. Kerosene can also be deodorized, so that in its liquid form most of its strong, natural odor is removed; when, however, it is heated and the particles turn into gas, it gives off an odor. Therefore, in using an oil-stove, it is necessary that all the gas that is formed by heat shall be burned, that is, mixed with its proper amount of oxygen and consumed, so that no unburned gas escapes into the room.
When an oil-stove is dirty, or when oil is spread over the outer surface or outside of the burner itself, the heat turns this oil into a vapor; and if it can not be burned inside the burner, it is given off in the room in the form of an odor which is unpleasant. This is the reason why all of the parts around the oil-stove should be kept clean. If after being cleaned your stove does give forth an odor, the chances are that some part around the burner has been overlooked.
To get the best results from an oil-stove it needs to be set approximately level. The vaporizing chamber of the stove is so arranged that with the surface of the oil a certain distance away, the supply of oil or gas to the vaporizing chamber is uniform at all times. If the oil should be farther away from the vaporizing point, or what is used to bring the oil or gas to the point of combustion, does not give the best results; on the other hand, if the oil is too near to the vaporizing chamber, too much gas is likely to flow through the wick or form in the vaporizing chamber, and this excess of gas makes too great a volume of flame.
It is generally supposed that an oil-stove always gives off an odor. This is not so. The modern oil-stove burner is a cleaner and more perfect burning apparatus than a gas burner. The products of combustion coming from the completed burning of kerosene are a clean, dry heat that is purer than that coming from city gas. Food baked or cooked over the oil-stove is as clean and appetizing as that which has been done by electricity.
It is necessary, also, that the burner in which the kerosene vapor is burned should be properly balanced and be a burner in which all the gases which are formed in the vaporizing chamber are burned. If you have a wick stove, the vaporizing chamber is practically at the top of the wick. Above this must be some form of a chimney or combustion chamber in which all the gases that are formed in the vaporizing chamber are mixed with the proper amount of air or oxygen and turned into heat. In a wickless type of stove, the vaporizing chamber is the oil bowl, and the burning chamber is represented by two cylinders which are perforated, and in which the draft has been arranged so that oxygen is taken in and mixed with the gas that forms in the vaporizing bowl and burns with an intense heat.
If your oil-stove is apparently clean and you are getting an odor from the stove, you should make sure that your chimney is properly placed on the vaporizing chamber and that all the parts connected with it are in their proper position, so

that the entire amount of gas that is forming in the vaporizing chamber is burned in the chimney.
Sometimes drafts of air strike the burner and a little gas is blown away from the chimney itself and is not burned. An unpleasant odor may result; but if the cause of the odor is known and it can be avoided, it ceases to be a cause of annoyance. "Keep your oil-stove clean" appears on all direction cards, and a stove will not give good service unless the rules are observed.
Heat enters the oven of an oil-stove from below, and a deflector, placed near the bottom of the oven, distributes this heat, which must pass along the sides of the oven in order to reach the top. Consequently, to allow this heat to pass the dishes or pans used in the oven they must not be too large.
In order to do any baking, it is necessary, first, that the oven shall become thoroughly heated. Usually ten minutes or more are required. Beginning with an even which is thoroughly heated, most of the baking can be accomplished with a moderate, constant heat. As a rule, articles that require to be brown on top will brown more quickly if the top of the bread, pudding or cake is near the top of the oven where it receives some of the deflected heat. Pans should be sufficiently shallow so that the food will rise to the top of the pan and perhaps above it, in order that it may have an opportunity to brown. Hot air does not readily force itself down into a pocket.
Those who are not accustomed to the use of oil-stoves are surprised at the variety of work that can be done with them and the ease and economy with which they can be used. Kerosene is concentrated fuel; and if it were twice its present price, it would still be an economical household agent.

When Your Child Must Face Pain.
When the doctor advised me to have Nancy's adenoids and tonsils removed, I realized that a serious problem confronted me. She is a nervous, high-strung child, abnormally sensitive to pain. I dared not send her to the operating table without some preparation for the ordeal through which she must pass.
My first impulse was to promise a reward if Nancy would submit quietly to the operation. But I wanted to make this experience count for character-building, to strengthen her in some small measure for the dangers and difficulties of woman's lot that she must face later on.
So I talked to her cheerfully about the operation, frankly acknowledged that it would hurt for a while, but explained that the pain now would save her from a great deal of trouble and suffering later on. I dwelt upon the kindness of the doctor, who had a little girl of his own at home, and who loved all little girls and wanted to help them become strong and well. I described the good nurses, and the beautiful and beautiful white walls and comfortable beds; and I promised to stay with her as much as possible while she was there, and to hold her in my arms and happy I would be if she were brave.
As a result she walked into the operating room rather timidly, but voluntarily. And during the suffering afterward she did not reproach me.
In the next room to ours was a little boy, an only son, whose parents had lured him into the hospital by telling him he was going to the seashore. When they arrived, the child was carried screaming to the operating room and instantly etherized. When the operation was over, he screamed and thrashed around in bed, raging and scolding like a little caged animal, working himself into a fever.
Did this child come out of the ordeal strengthened by his pain? Or did he come out having less confidence in his parents' word, and with a feeling of resentment against them springing from the fact that they had deceived him?
Surely it is the duty of every mother to help her children bear pain by fortifying them against it. Pain is an instrument of higher discipline for humanity; to try to avoid it for one's children is to produce moral flabbiness where they most need strength.

Why Not Be a Washerwoman?
Not long ago I was left alone with three children to bring up and nothing to do with. When I sat down and made an inventory of my accomplishments, preparatory to earning a living for myself and them, I found that the profession for which I seemed best suited was that of a washerwoman.
My friends were shocked and disgusted. It seemed dreadful to them. The fact that I actually liked to wash and iron pretty things, and would almost rather have died than have gone into a man's office or behind a counter, meant nothing to them. "Never you mind," I told them. "I'll be a washerwoman de luxe, and the woman who doesn't send her fine things to Miss Madam Sans Gene will be so behind the

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times that she will be as uncomfortable as she would in a last year's hat."
I went to a society editor of one of the daily papers in town, and got a list of the ultra-fashionables. I sent a letter to each of them, explaining my new venture, although, of course, I didn't tell them that it was a new one, and stated my prices, which were so high that they created interest in themselves.
"I am not soliciting ordinary stuff," I said, "that an ordinary laundress can do; I can't bother with that. But when your white satin skirt is ready for a bath, or your pet silk sweater, or your silk underwear and stockings, send them to me. I can do them so you will never have to worry about them again."
The responses I received from the letters surprised me. I do every piece myself, and to-day my income is more than it was when my husband was alive. A girl in the kitchen does my housework. We live very comfortably, and I am already accumulating a bank account toward a college education for my children.

The War Memorial.
Lay its foundation deep
Here, where the heroes sleep;
Then build it high
To meet the sky—
Their name must never die!
Let us defy
Old Time's erasing hand
Here, where they made their stand,
And died that we might live
In righteous peace. We give
Of all our best to raise
This monument of praise,
The cross of sacrifice,
That tells the bitter price
Of duty bravely done,
Of splendid triumph won.
For evermore their name
Shall live: undying fame
Attend our heroes: be our life
More worthy of their mighty strife.

Second V.C. For a Mother.
At a recent investiture at Buckingham Palace the King handed to Mrs. Bradford the V.C. won by her son, Lieutenant-Commander Bradford, at Zeebrugge. This was the second occasion on which Mrs. Bradford has received the decoration from his Majesty, who at a former investiture presented her with the V.C. awarded to her son, the late Brigadier-General Bradford, who was 24 years old and probably the youngest brigadier in the army. The King recalled the fact that Mrs. Bradford had been at the Palace before and had a long and sympathetic talk with her.

Explaining the War.
Sergeant: "Yes, ma'am, we fought 'em to 'em' for four days and four nights."
Interested Old Lady: "I don't see how you stood the tension."
Sergeant: "Well, you see, ma'am, we don't stand at 'tension when we're fightin'."

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Sacredness of Human Life.
We no longer travel armed ready to kill before we are killed, but there are more ways than one of killing people. A man who would not so much as strike another, may head a corporation that works men to the breaking point and then discards them hopeless and useless. The employer who pays his shop-girl so scanty wages that, to secure food and clothing, she is tempted into immorality and finally is shamed into suicide, is not he implicated in the crime? The man who is a willing partner to a system which, to make him rich, throttles the ambition and starves the development of others so that they can be said at best to be only half alive, is not their blood upon his hands?

A short preparatory course on foreign trade for business men and students has been suggested to every Dominion university by the Canadian Trade Commission.

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MOTHER'S DAY.

Because I love you, Mother dear, I love them—
Altho' they've faded now their beauty gone—
But still the memory of your goodness lingers.
The dearest little Mother death the sun.
Because I love you, Mother dear, I pressed them—
The flowers I wore so proudly and for you,
And I would press your lips—were they but near me—
The sweetest, gentlest lips I ever knew.
Because I love you, Mother dear, I send them.
Lifeless and wither'd tho' they now may be—
Because I love you, Mother dear, I kissed them—
And the flowers bear that kiss to you—from me.

The mauve is for the sacred years you've toiled,
The white is for your purity divine,
The red is for your warm and loving nature—
May Heaven bless and keep you, Mother mine—
SWEET MAY MORNS.
Oh! the gay-colored birds are coming—
To warble so sweet in the wild-wood—
Janglers, thrushes, robins and orioles,
That sing as they did in our childhood.

Dear to remembrance comes the volume of mirth
They poured from the tree-tops at morn,
And melody swept like a clarion peal
As they sang 'midst the bloom of the thorn.
Oh, sweet were those days when we sat by the stream,
'Neath the shade of the wide-spreading tree—
Each ripple was laughter, each murmur a song,
As our hearts beat in rapture and glee.
Then, oh, for the days of sweet, sunny childhood,
When happy and gay we drifted along,
In sunshine or rain, in love with the woodland—
Life all a dream, our existence a song.

'Twas little we recked of the sorrows to come,
Which now sweep o'er our lives like a billow;
The tears of the evening were smiles at the morn,
As we rose from sweet dreams on our pillow.
In Flanders Ground.
The guns are sleeping on Flanders field
Over the silent dead,
And the song of Woe is hushed and still.
As the sun shines overhead,
'Til night gives stars to spray the scene
With gems that can never fade,
Though raindrops fall on the sacred soil
Where Freedom's men are laid.
The guns are lulled by the voice of peace
It called from the vale of Death,
As men looked agast at the work of man
With fevered and bated breath.
When the Shepherds unseen on Flanders' field
Came at last, with unerring will,
And guns grew dumb at the hand of man,
Inert at last, was still.
On the broad expanse of Flanders' field
A silent Awe now reigns,
As men apart in the halls of space
Sing or weep for their loss or gains.
'Til out from the heart of Flanders' field
When the trumpet of time shall sound,
There shall come all those who in silent worth
Are wrapped in Flanders ground.

Where Pat Was.
In a small village in Ireland the mother of a soldier met the village priest, who asked her if she had had bad news. "Sure, I have," she said. "Pat has been killed."
"Oh, I am very sorry," said the priest. "Did you receive word from the War Office?"
"No," she said, "I received word from himself."
The priest looked perplexed, and said, "But how is that?"
"Sure," she said, "here is the letter; read it for yourself."
The letter said: "Dear Mother—I am now in the Holy Land."
How She Saved the Dollar.
Ernest rushed into his father's study and asked whether he wouldn't be glad to know that his son had saved a dollar for him.
Whereupon father expressed delight at this evidence of juvenile economy, and incidentally handed Ernest a dime. Then it occurred to the parent to enquire how the dollar had been saved.
"Well, I saved it all right," Ernest replied. "Don't you remember that you said you'd give me a dollar if I brought home a good report from my teacher. But I didn't."

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.
This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W. Toronto.

Silage for Young Stock.

Several years ago a breeder called my attention to the value of corn silage for the rearing and developing of young stock. Having two farms, one equipped with silos and the other not, he had an opportunity to see the advantage of silage for this purpose. I was greatly surprised to note the difference in size and quality of the young stock that were liberally fed corn silage with alfalfa hay. They were not only larger but were in better condition. This convinced me that the silo silage was used more for this purpose, and I have since that time often found examples to prove the value of silage for young growing animals. The breeder of pure-bred stock, whether dairy or beef cattle, has much need for silage in the economic development of his herd. The cost of the product, whether beef or milk, is the principal item of expense. The breeder to consider and in this age of high-priced hay and grain, the cost of the ration becomes the most important item and the one on which depends the profit for the breeder.

Any man who keeps ten head or more of cattle will find a silo an economic equipment on his farm. It is necessary for nine-tenths of our milk and cream producers to grow and develop their young stock and the silage which furnishes the succulent ration to the milk cows will also form the best kind of ration for the young stock.

Liberal feeding is the only profitable kind, for there is no money in half feeding stock. An animal must be boarded and if only a boarding ration be given there is no profit but really a loss. It is that part of the ration which is over and above the food of maintenance, or board, from which we derive our profit. On this basis, an animal will earn money in proportion to the amount of food she consumes, and this is largely true. Good feeding is supplying animals with their required nutriment at the lowest possible cost. Anyone with plenty of money can feed an animal well, but to feed an animal well and economically requires knowledge of the subject. The two great food elements which are necessary are known as carbohydrates, and protein. Corn silage is our cheapest form of carbohydrate, and clover, or the legumes, furnish our protein in the cheapest forms. Young stock, from the time they are weaned, will make a splendid growth and development on corn silage and clover or alfalfa hay without any grain, and this ration is a cheap one and within the reach of practically every breeder. The silo will prove of great economy not only in the growing and developing of young stock, but also the growing of colts or maintenance of idle horses. Silage has been likened to pasture and it is very properly considered from this viewpoint when used for the growing and developing of all our live stock.

TRANSFORMING A LIVING ROOM

"Well, well!" exclaimed the visitor, as she stepped into the big living room. "You've been getting new furniture, I see. And new rugs, too," she added as her bright eyes glanced from one object to another. In answer to the swift denial of her hostess she expostulated, "but I never saw that chair before, nor the table and rug. How I wished I could get some new things for the house this year. But every cent above living expenses has gone into bonds and war relief. So I'll just have to wait a while," she said resignedly.

"You need wait no longer, if you care to re-furnish your house the way we have done," said her hostess.

"Then tell me how you did it," was the quick reply.

Her hostess laughed in sympathy with the eagerness. "There is nothing new in this room except some of the pillow covers and the tapestry on the big chair. We are just going through a period of reconstruction, you know. And it extends all the way from the big interests to our homes. Really, the thrift habit we have acquired is doing wonders for us. We are just beginning to realize what an abundance of everything we have, and how to use it to the best advantage."

"That is true—in a general way. But how—?"

"How did we apply it to this room? Well, to begin with, all our furniture looked shabby and worn, and we did so long for new. There were many

Humus—Crop Insurance.

"I can make it rain whenever I want to," said a prosperous looking farmer in reply to a seedy individual who at the close of a lecture on soils and crops had declared, "Let them talk all they please, and give us all the advice they want to, but just give me plenty of rain and I'll get a crop."

What did these men mean, and what effect would their directly opposed courses of reasoning, if widespread, have upon the agricultural production of the nation at this time? To be sure, almost any of us can grow bumper crops when conditions are just right. To do so is no test of our ability. The real test comes when things go dead wrong.

Now, of all the adverse conditions there is nothing more disastrous than a drought. The continued "glassy sky" is not conducive either to crop yields or cheerfulness. Even the most optimistic of us find it exceedingly difficult to see the proverbial silver lining when there are no clouds. It is then that we wish for crop insurance, for the ability to make it rain.

Many costly experiments have been conducted in the hope of discovering some method of producing precipitation. Fake operators and fly-by-night folk have from time to time proclaimed their ability to produce rain on order, and as a result have reaped a rich harvest of coin from the over-credulous. Still, men wait in vain for showers, and in every country, drought takes heavy toll—sometimes in every decade.

What, then, did Mr. Prosperous Farmer mean when he said that he could make it rain whenever he wanted to? Being a sensible man, he could not have meant that he had the ability to cause clouds to gather and rain to come pouring down. What he really referred to was the moisture in the soil, the moisture that he had carefully conserved against the season of need. The "dark cloud" in this man's belief upon is just under the surface, not far above it. It is the soil—and good soil is the most satisfactory substitute for a shower.

What Mr. Prosperous Farmer meant was that through the use of legumes and green manures, through approved crop rotations, with a liberal supply of humus and with the right kind of cultivation, his crops continue to grow right along.

All of us have witnessed the withering work of a continued dry spell on thin land that had year after year been robbed of its fertility. Humus is crop insurance, but we must not, through bad management, allow the policy to lapse. If we insist upon working the ground too wet, or if, in cultivating our corn, we ridge it up in rows that are too high, and drought comes later in the summer, the crop will suffer.

All of us must exercise common sense and be ready to accept every truth that science teaches. We must learn how to conserve moisture—to make it rain so that crops will not grow thirsty.

figure on the exact amount to buy and had nothing left over. In taking off the cover, we did it very carefully, taking particular notice of how it had been put on. Then we tightened the springs, not an easy job, I'll admit. We tacked strips of stout canvas from one side of the frame to the other, one of us holding the springs in place while the other stretched the canvas. Under the seat we used strips of thin wood slipped under the frame to hold the springs until the canvas was securely tacked. We tacked a square of canvas over the entire under side of the seat to catch the bits of excelsior which these old chairs seem to shed. One reason you did not recognize the chair was because we have covered and padded the wooden fronts to the arms and the "open-work" panel below the seat.

"The other chairs look new. What did you do to them?" asked her friend, who had been paying close attention.

"They were badly scratched, so we took off the varnish with ammonia, and sandedpaper them smooth. They are walnut, you see, so all the finish they needed was a coat of paraffine oil, well rubbed in with a rag. All these tasks were finished before we put on the tapestry. We took particular pains in selecting the pattern, and I think the combination of browns and greens harmonizes very nicely with the other furnishings. You see how we cut the material so that the back and seat would come lengthwise of the material. By stretching each piece and pinning it to the stuffing before tacking the edges, it was not difficult to do neat work."

"It looks as if an expert had done it," said her visitor admiringly. "Now tell me about that table. I know you did not make that over."

"Yes, but we did. It was light oak, and never matched anything in the room. You see the piano, music cabinet and two chairs are mahogany, the book cases, couch and library table are cherry, and the woodwork is as near like both woods as we could get it. We had this furniture when the house was built and have tried to keep to harmonious colors. As you know, we use the one end of the room for a dining room, and the light oak table never looked well. Besides we had to keep a cloth on it because the top had long since lost its polish. Our success with the chair inspired us to refinish the table. We found it possible to apply an oil stain (matching the woodwork in color) to the legs of the table without removing the varnish. What little varnish there was left on the top, was removed with ammonia."

"Just how did you do that?" interrupted the visitor. "I may want to make over my table."

"Apply ordinary household ammonia with a paint brush. This softens the varnish, which may then be scraped off with a piece of glass. It is a sticky job, but well worth while. You may have to apply the ammonia more than once if the old varnish is very thick. When you have removed all you can in this way, use fine sandpaper to finish off. Always rub with the grain of the wood, unless there are very rough places to be smoothed off. Now apply the stain as evenly as possible with a wide flat brush, following the grain again, then wipe it off lightly with a rag. Wipe with the grain. This prevents too heavy a coat, which would look like paint. The next day the table will be dry and you can rub it down with paraffine or linseed oil and pumice stone. Dip your rag first in the oil and then in the powdered pumice. Go over the entire surface with this and then with oil alone, and the table is ready for use. If you rub it well with an oiled rag every week for a while you will soon have a fine finish."

"Isn't the table smaller?" queried the visitor.

Her hostess laughed. "The fact of the matter is that the white cloth always made the table look larger. And it seemed to take up so much room that we pushed it as far back as possible to make it less conspicuous. Now that we use a runner or dolly, it looks less like a dining table so we pulled it out farther into the room and left space by the window for a rocking chair."

The visitor's interest encouraged the hostess to proceed. "You remember that one book case has always stood beside the dining table and the other one at the far end of the room opposite the piano. For some time I have had a vague notion that I would like both cases at one end of the room. Moving the dining table farther into the room made this possible, and I am more than pleased with the change."

The hostess paused, then began again as she saw her visitor looking at the rugs. "They do look like new, but they, too, are made over. We learned of a firm who make them out of old carpet, even using old 'fluff' rugs and woolen pieces of all kinds of material. They dye them any shade you wish. We like that moss-green. It is warm and rich-looking. However, it seemed so very 'green' that it was necessary to add more of the same color in the other furnishings in order to keep the rug from 'coming up and hitting you in the face,' as someone expressed it. Consequently, we made a green cushion for the little black chair, and covered the two stools with the same. With the green tints in the couch cover repeated in the cushions of the willow chair and tapestry of the easy chair, there is now enough to bind the room together.

things we really needed, but as you say, there were no available funds. It all began with that chair."

The speaker indicated a large easy rocker. "I went to a furniture store which was selling out, determined to buy a new one. Either the reports of bargains were exaggerated or the best things were gone. At any rate, I came home without a chair. As father had always declared that chairs to be the most comfortable in the house, we decided to reupholster it. Don't you remember how it looked? It was covered with black leather, very much scarred and worn. The springs of the seat and back were all saggy and loose."

"I never would have thought it the same chair," declared the visitor. "How did you do such splendid work?"

"In the first place we took off the old cover and used it as a pattern to cut the new. In this way we could

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

The steamboat calling through the night,
Lost in the dark
must wail and roam
While I lie snug and safe in bed—
I wish that it could find its home.



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"So much brown and green made the furnishings a little dark. Notice what we have done to lighten the effect. Over one book case is a water-color drawing in a wide gold and brass frame. On top of the case is a gold-framed photograph and a low flower bowl of yellow pottery. On the other book case are two brass candlesticks in front of an oil painting in dull colors which is framed in gilt. And I must tell you about those gold frames," the hostess interrupted herself. "The one on the water-color was especially black and dingy. So we washed it and then applied a coat of gold enamel. There is another in the hall which has been rejuvenated."

"I thought it was a new frame," said the guest in astonishment.

"Then you see how well the tall green jar looks on the dining table with the copper nut bowl beside it," continued her hostess. "There are the brass andirons, and on the lintel against the reddish brown bricks of the chimney is a copper tray with brass handles, and two small brass bowls. You see how each of these

catch the light and reflect it. They help to make the room lighter on dark days and at night."

The visitor drew a long breath and nodded her head approvingly. "I see what you mean. And I know I can rearrange my possessions to better advantage after having seen this. Even if I don't happen to have so much brass as you have, I can use the lighter colored articles to better advantage. You have done wonders by using just what you had."

"It was not all accomplished in a day. You must live with things and make many changes before seeing their possibilities and arrange them to the best advantage. However, it is wonderful how much more livable some rooms can be made by a new arrangement of furniture, and a little stain and polish, backed up by a happy thought."

"I never had thought this room needed any improvement. It is so nice to have plenty of windows, and the way you have arranged them," asked the visitor, noticing their absence.

"That is another of my convictions

acquire sufficient English to transact their business of buying and selling old iron and other materials. And their best customers are the farmers. For proof of this statement just glance at the many pieces of machinery you will see that it is made up largely of binder, mower and other implement parts, which through exposure and want of care on the farmers' part, have been scrapped. These implements were cut off in the prime of their useful life.

Now this metal collecting business is a remunerative one, for after a few years of buying for a song and selling at a good profit our Hebrew friend is in a position to return to the land from whence he came, where by virtue of the wealth he has made from the Canadian farmer he is able to purchase a baronial hall, the original baron having left his estate for financial reasons, and being perhaps now engaged as a waiter in a Toronto hotel or possibly employing his artistic talent in creating studies in black and tan in a shoe shine parlor.

Our retired scrapper is now in a position to live at ease for the rest of his life. With our mind's eye we can see him watching his goats grazing on the verdant hills of his estate, we can see his look of pleasure as his eyes follow the gambols of his kids both Jewish and goathish. Or again, we see him testing the luscious fruit of his vineyard. And always he wears a complacent smile, a smile so broad that even his patriarchal beard cannot obscure it. For all these good things are his, received at the hands of the careless Canadian farmer.

The farmer will continue to plow, sow and reap; incidentally he will neglect to build an implement shed, and thus continue the business of providing scrap for the junk man's success.



And always he wears a complacent smile.

A NEW LANDED GENTRY

By S. O. S.

There has been a lot of disapproval voiced lately against the importation of titles. Personally we can't see what all the row is about. It surely cannot hamper a man's usefulness in life just to have a few initials hitched on to the rear end of his name or for that matter to have a "Sir" drum-majoring in front.

On the other hand we do view with concern the growth of the Landed Gentry whom the farmers of Ontario are unconsciously creating. In every town and village you see the creating of a new gentry. In every town and village you will find at least one gentleman of Hebrew extraction who delights in the name of Scrapinsky, Junkovitch or something just as suggestive. They come to this country from Russia, Austria, Hungary, Poland and other European countries; sometimes with sufficient funds to purchase an ancient horse and wagon and cut a storage yard, but more often these accessories come later. In either event they soon

CREAM WANTED

We are in the market for Cream all through the year. We pay the highest market price. In business since 1898. Drop us a line for particulars.

Mutual Dairy & Creamery Co.
743-745 King St. West - Toronto

The visitor looked at her a bit curiously, and then at the tree again, where a downy woodpecker had joined the nut-hatch. There was a clear whistle from the sumach bush and a flash of red as a cardinal flew past the window. "I never see the birds around our house," she said thoughtfully. "Perhaps—" She turned back to the room. "At any rate I'm going to recover Pa's arm chair and make over my dining table. I don't know about the curtains."

Big Money, Raise Rabbits for Us

We pay \$6 a pair for all you raise from our stock. No better Canada. Literature and contract 10c each. Nothing Free. DETROIT FOOD & FUR SOCIETY BOX 608 DETROIT, MICH.

Feathers Wanted

Highest prices paid for best grade new geese, duck, chicken and turkey feathers.

Geo. H. Hees, Son & Co., Ltd.
278 Davenport Road, Toronto

ROOFING

MARATHON BRAND
Ready Roofing, Asphalt Slate Shingles, Wall Board, Building Papers, Roof Paints, etc.

Write for prices and samples. Save money by buying direct.

MODERN BROS., 77 Jarvis St. Toronto

MR. FARMER

INVEST YOUR MONEY

In an

Implement Shed

Ask your

LUMBER DEALER

For

Plans and Prices.

FISHERMAN'S LUCK.

Mary Emerson was thoroughly discouraged. She had put in a hard winter of work at the little mission, and her efforts seemed futile. She felt that she had better give it up, and came to tell Dr. Edgeworth, her pastor, so.

"But there is no dissension among your people, is there, Mary?" he asked.

"No," she replied. "I sometimes wish there were. It would at least indicate some sign of life. I feel about like the disciples when they came ashore and said to Christ, 'Master, we have toiled all the night and have taken nothing.'"

"Yes, but do you remember the last half of that text, Mary?" asked the minister.

"Why, no; I don't recollect it just now. What is it?" she asked.

"It's a text for all discouraged workers like you, Mary. The whole text is this: 'Master, we have toiled all the night and have taken nothing; nevertheless, at thy word we will let down the net.' And you remember the result. It was the miraculous draft of fishes that nearly swamped the boat. And yet all the facts seemed to be against them when they made the cast. They pitched their faith in the Master against appearances, and they won."

"I think that is what we all have to do, when we face a situation like yours, Mary," he continued. "Hopelessness, indifference, weak despondency, foolish desperation, cynical unbelief—these are the things that make real failure. It is not our ignorance and clumsiness that baffle the Almighty; it is our despair. Too often we flinch in God's face. The bitter cry of life's unfruitful hours in reply to His command for a new venture of faith. Some of us are too wise to succeed—too worldly-wise. That is the failure that comes of putting experience before faith. If we can only tread the path of routine with the voice of Christ in our ears, we may be sure that we are skirting the kingdom of the miraculous. That is the only thing which will save us from discounting the worth of our work and criticizing the conditions of it."

"That is good spiritual tonic, doctor," she replied, "but don't you think some other worker would do better than I?"

"Did Christ choose a new crew when He gave the command to 'let down the net'? No; it was the same crew that had just come ashore with empty nets. That is my answer to your question."

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MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES

It Always Begins on The Outside

Whether it's wood or metal, everything inside and outside the house begins to wear on the surface.

The moment the surface is exposed, decay and rust attack it.

So that everything with a surface needs protection.

"Save the surface and you save all" Paint & Varnish

give you surface protection for everything about the house—for outside wood, brick and stucco—for metal roof and metal trimmings—for floors, walls and furniture.

Paint for protection as well as for appearance. And use the Paints and Varnishes that have proved their protective qualities under every condition of climate and weather—the time-tested Martin-Senour products.

The MARTIN-SENOUR Co.
GREENSHIELDS AVENUE, MONTREAL

"100% Pure" Paint
For buildings, outside and in.

Senour's Floor Paint
Paint today—walk on tomorrow.

"Varnoleum"
Inexpensive and preservative Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

"Marble-ite"
The one perfect floor finish.

"Wood-Lac" Stains
Improve the new—renew the old.

"New-Tone"
The sanitary, washable Flat Oil Paint for interior decorations.

The Store Where Service Wins



SERVICE is the basis for modern business.

SERVICE is the foundation upon which This Store depends.

Good buying, ample stocks, worthy merchandise, all counts in winning trade and increasing sales



Make the Closest Comparison of Real Value

Look into "quality", compare the "style," and this store will be satisfied with your decision.

"Foresight in Buying" Places This Store in a Position

to sell many lines of merchandise at less than today's "wholesale prices."

Our Clothing Room is a Busy Spot

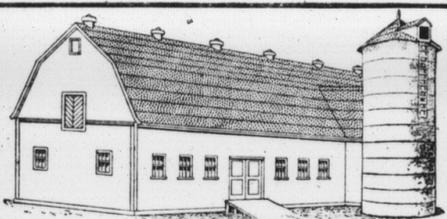
Because we have the right Stocks, the right Styles, all "under value." Suits with New Waist Seams, properly tailored to fit. Suits for Young Chaps—first long trousers, youthful in appearance. Smart styles for Boys' Suits.

Buy King Hats

If you want "style" coupled with "quality." In all the new Spring shades—\$3.50, \$4 and \$4.50. Other good lines at \$2.50 and \$3.



J. N. CURRIE & CO.



Barn and Silo Roofed with Brantford Asphalt Roofing.

Resists Fire, Sheds Water, Wears Long

Flying sparks and embers from a burning building often cause roofs near by to catch fire, especially in a dry, hot season. Under like conditions, roofs covered with

Brantford Asphalt Roofing

are in no danger from flying embers, because any that fall on Brantford Asphalt Roofing die out harmlessly. Build a bonfire on a roof of Brantford Asphalt Roofing and the fire will not spread and the boards underneath the roofing will be protected in a surprising manner.

If a fire starts in the interior of a building, Brantford Asphalt Roofing acts as a retardant and keeps the fire from spreading. Fire chiefs and insurance companies endorse its use in the most congested cities.

Brantford Asphalt Roofing does not absorb water, but sheds the heaviest rain with ease. Acid proof and alkali proof. Reliable, durable, economical. Three weights—40 lb., 50 lb., 70 lb., 80 lb. per square.

Brantford Rubber Roofing is the same quality as Brantford Asphalt, but has a smooth, rubbery surface instead of the sand. It is particularly suitable for verandah decks and floor coverings. Three weights—40 lb., 50 lb., and 60 lb. per square.

Leatheroid Roofing is slightly lower quality than Brantford Rubber Roofing. Used for same purposes. Has a leathery surface. Exceptionally good roofing at a low price. 35 lb., 45 lb., and 55 lb. weights.

Standard Mohawk Roofing is made of the same materials as Brantford Asphalt Roofing, but is lighter in weight. A thoroughly reliable roofing at a low price. Tested for years and has given entire satisfaction. Sanded on one side. One weight—40 lbs. per square.

Climax Sheathing Paper A tough kraft paper coated with high-grade asphalt. For making buildings damp-proof and wind-proof. Also for roofing temporary bunk houses, lumber camps, etc.

Samples of any of these roofings and prices will be furnished on request.

Brantford Roofing Co. Limited

Head Office and Factory, Brantford, Canada
Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax

For Sale by McPherson & Clarke

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription price, \$1.00 per year, \$1.50 per year, \$2.00 for eight months, to address in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

Advertisements—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. For PRINTING—The Jobbing Department has complete equipment for printing, including books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1919

PUTTING TEACHERS ON SAME PLANE AS WORK ANIMALS

(From Toronto "Saturday Night")

The secretary of an Ontario rural school board takes issue with writer in respect to a recent article in these columns condemning the wage scale of country teachers. This gentleman seems to think that \$600 per annum is about all that a school teacher is worth, and in any event they cannot afford to pay more. For educational purposes, he explains, his district levies a tax of 17 1/10 mills, and added to this there is a debenture rate in connection with the school of an additional 2 1/2 mills, which, according to his notion, looks like a pretty fair provision for education. Whether this should be considered too low a rate depends upon valuations for assessment purposes. Country districts, as a rule, place an exceedingly low valuation upon realty for taxation purposes as compared with the larger towns and cities. That is to say, a ten-thousand-dollar city property in most provinces would be assessed for taxation purposes at anywhere from eighty to one hundred per cent. of the true selling value, whereas the village or the farm property would, on the average, be assessed no more than fifty per cent. of its normal value, and in many districts not over twenty-five per cent. So it is that the mill rate set aside for educational purposes does not always tell the story. A farming community may imagine that they are paying through the nose for educational purposes, when as a matter of fact they are paying only a trifle as compared to a city like Toronto where upon exceedingly high realty valuations the taxes set aside for school purposes in 1918 amounted to 22 3/4 mills.

There is still another point of view expressed by this gentleman that is interesting. He starts in to figure that rural teachers on \$600 per annum actually receive 50 cents per hour, for the time occupied at school, a much better rate, as he puts it, than the average stenographer is paid on an eight-hour day basis. This is an original point of view, if not an enlightening or a heartening one, particularly from the secretary of a school board. He would, it seems, place a teacher, the person upon whom we depend to either make or mar our rising generations, on the same plane as a work horse or a hired automobile. So much per hour. But take it from another angle. Does a teacher's work

cease when the clock strikes in the country school house? Not if the teacher is doing her duty and is worth employing at all. How about the written examinations, the shorter records and the preparation of the week's work on each subject? Is this done in school hours? It is not. It is ordinarily done in a room in a boarding house for which she may be paying \$7 or \$8 per week with meals, but no laundry, all out of a teacher's \$600 or less. One might, with just as good reason, state that a bank president or railway magnate or the general manager of an iron works be paid hourly for the time he attends his office, never taking into account that the same man is in all likelihood taking his business home to bed with him every night of his life.

Back in the days of daily newspaper work I was once asked by a fussy old gentleman who chanced to have a financial interest in the institution, and whose mind apparently worked along the same lines as that of our friend the school board secretary, how many hours a day the reporters worked. To which I replied that a good newspaper man worked all the time he was awake, which is literally true, for his mind, no matter what he is doing, is ever receptive and is keenly alive to the possibilities of a good newspaper. If his notes are constructed he is a square peg in a round hole and should try other work.

There is, without doubt, a great lack of leadership among the trustees of our schools, and boards, and among a good many of our city school boards for that matter. Too many of them lack both intelligence and education. The fact that a man is a ratepayer should not by any means qualify him for a trusteeship on a board of education. His qualifications should be put to a test as are the teachers, and it is necessary that he be intelligent, broad-minded and alert to the necessities of both the child and the teacher.

While we are revamping and rearranging matters in an after-the-war fashion, let us not forget our public schools, and more particularly our country schools. Young Canada should be having in its schools the best we can get, the future of this country depends upon it, and there is grave reason to doubt that this can be attained under a system where school trustees will not even pay a decent wage to their employees.

BACK TO THE VILLAGE

The Advertiser says: News items printed each day manifest the warmth of spirit of the small town for the men returning from service overseas. Receptions tendered to the men are affairs that glow with the finest of Canadian hospitality. The whole town turns out the mayor or reeve is on hand, the maidens of the village are dressed in their best, and the small boy and his dog Towser are ready to deliver over the main street, the town hall, the church basement and everywhere else, the good that may be piled into these places in order that the community hero may be made to know that the homekeeping hearts of his own little country village always had a picture of him by their hands gets out its instruments and its uniforms, and under the direction of Professor Somebody "does its darndest" to sound like the finest aggregation Sousa ever got together, playing the Swanee River melody and "A Hot Time" as a few travellers from the cities look on just a trifle envious of the small town spirit when it gets to making one of its soldier boys feel thoroughly "to hum."

The small town or village not only has its musical and oratorical and gastronomic reception, but it passes the hat to the maidens of the village for that gosh-darn Parsons boy who won the M. M. or the V. C., and who every one thought was as wild as Peck's Bad Boy, and could swim under Jenkin's and at the same time, in five minutes. The returning lad may be a man of wider and more worldly experience than anyone can ever guess, but there is no fun in it for him. These people are not the kind who will back with them; he loves every one of them, even to the old "squire" who shot him full of rock-salt, and who now hobbles along on the walk crying out in a thin croak, "Hello, boy, how do you know he has won something from them he never could have had by staying home. He knows millions of others were given the same distinction, but he realizes that city folks and city life are in the heart of a big family, with all the chidings and rebukes of close domestic interest, and all the appreciation of a community possession.

The larger centres duplicate these small town homecomings. When a place reaches a population of even 5,000 it begins to acquire certain airs and graces, and the village atmosphere look and the village intimacy do not permit. Such events are the fine things of the little community. May they never be misjudged into believing that city folks and city life are ever to be held up as ideals. The city life may be smarter, the manufactured joys and thrills more deceptively glamorous, but the ideals that go with a village that likes to shape its destiny by quiet ways, taking much that nature gives, finding in simplicity of thought and action the pleasure that leads one to a friendly attitude to life and to those in life, are seen in their true perspective when the village boys get home.

Is it not a fact that the farmers as a rule are antagonistic to the tradesmen of the towns and villages of their locality? In speaking on this topic last week, Charles Stewart, ex-reeve of Ashfield, a prominent member of the U. F. O., said that he is opposed to the movement of farmers in some districts to buy all their goods from the big centres. He says the farmers need the local merchants just as much as the local merchants need the farmers' patronage. If business places in all small towns are wiped out, the value of farm property will not increase. He thinks the farmer and the business man should work together.

The good die young and the other kind when they can't help it. The Transcript office receives and forwards subscriptions to all newspapers and magazines. Save bother and money by renewing with us.

SCHOOL REPORTS

Report of S. S. No. 7, Ekfrid, for April:
Class IV.—Robert C. Carruthers 59, Class III.—Cameron McTaggart 78, Elva Sutton 77, Joe McVicar 70, Russell Campbell 65.
Class II.—John Carruthers 77, Clarence Eddie 65, Ella Lettich 56.
Class I.—Lillian Eddie, Elizabeth Crawford, Mack Lettich, Sarah Crawford, J. D. McGill.
Primer.—Clarice Glasgow; B.—Kenneth Eddie. M. Little, Teacher.

The following card of thanks is taken from an Ohio newspaper:—"We wish to thank the neighbors and friends, also the singers and pastor, for the death and burial of our son's wife."

Never believe anything had about anyone unless you positively know it is true; never tell even that unless you feel that it is absolutely necessary and that God is listening while you tell it.—Montreal Star.

Now that we've just about gotten able to escape automobiles, motorcycles, bicycles, street cars and such, we're going to have to keep a weather eye upon the skies for fear some aeroplane will come hurtling down upon us. These are truly strenuous days for a timid man.—Toledo Messenger.

The stingiest man was scoring the hired man for his extravagance in wasting to carry a lantern in going to see his best girl.—"The idea!" he scoffed. "When I was courtin' I never carried a lantern; I went in the dark." The hired man proceeded to fill the lantern. "Yes," he said sadly, "and look what you got."

TRANSCRIPT ADVERTISING RATES

Display advertising—1 inch, 50c; each additional inch, 25c. Special contracts made for 100 inches and over.

Notices among news items, 2 cents per word for each insertion; minimum charge, 20c.

Special notices—one cent per word each insertion; minimum charge, 25c.

Births, 25c; marriages, 50c; deaths, 50c.

Cards of Thanks and In Memoriam Verses, 10c per line; minimum charge, 50c.

Farm for Sale, Strayed, Tenders Wanted, and other short advertisements, when not exceeding one inch, 50c first insertion, 25c each subsequent insertion.

Auction sale lists—\$1 up.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Make money in your spare time during the Fall and Winter months by selling Hardy Canadian Nursery Stock.

British and European markets will be open again for Canadian Fruit and now is the time to order for spring planting.

Largest list of Fruit and Ornamental Stock, Seed Potatoes, etc., grown in Canada.

Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON, The Old Reliable Fonthill Nurseries, Established 1837 Toronto, Ont.

WESTERN Business College WINDSOR, ONTARIO A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students placed annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR. L. S. McMillan, Frin. P. O. Box 56 Accountants

DELCO-LIGHT

The complete Electric Light and Power Plant Bright, safe electric light means more protection for your premises



M. C. MORGAN, DEALER Kerwood, Ont.

Children Cry for Fletcher's



The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; alleviating Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We Carry a Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eave-troughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE Plumber
Tinmith

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles William Carden, Late of the Township of Mosa in the County of Middlesex, Laborer, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the late Charles William Carden, who died on or about the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned, solicitors for James W. Abbott, administrator of the estate of the said Charles William Carden, deceased, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. And take notice that after the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919, the said James William Abbott will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and that the said James William Abbott will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim he shall not then have received notice.

Dated at Glencoe the fifth day of May, A. D. 1919.

ELLIOTT & MOSS,
Solicitors for the said James Wm. Abbott.

McALPINE HOUSE

Licensed Standard Hotel
Opened for the accommodation of the travelling public.

MEAL HOURS
Per Week
Breakfast 6 to 9 a. m.
Dinner 11.45 to 2 p. m.
Supper 5.30 to 7.30 p. m.

SUNDAY SPECIAL
Breakfast 8.30 to 9.30 a. m.
Dinner 1 to 2 p. m.
Supper 6 to 6 p. m.
Rates: \$2 per day. Special rates to steady boarders.

NICHOL & SON, Props.

Cream Wanted

Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call.

LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
ALEX. McNEIL,
Local Manager.

Women's and Misses' New Dolman Wraps

Unusual Values
at \$25.00

Very practical and attractive wraps at this exceptionally modest price. Exact reproductions of much higher-priced models. We are also showing capes and coats of unusual charm at this price. Coats, straightlined and belted. Handsome circular capes of Serge in graceful styles, and the fashionable dolman wraps.

WE ACCEPT CANADIAN MONEY AT PAR



NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORES DETROIT, MICH.

Sending Money to Soldiers



Those who have friends or relatives at the front, may wish to send money, but possibly do not know the best way to do so.

If time permits, the safest and most convenient method of making remittances abroad is the Bank Money Order or Draft, as issued by The Merchants Bank.

If, however, it is necessary to send money without delay, the Bank will arrange this by Cable Transfer.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. **OF CANADA** Established 1864.
 GLENCOE BRANCH, BOTHWELL BRANCH, NEWBURY BRANCH.
 J. A. McKELLAR, Manager.
 F. C. SMYTH, Manager.
 G. T. MURDOCH, Manager.

MRS. CURRIE'S LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR STORE

MILLINERY, SILK DRESSES, ODD SKIRTS AND WAISTS
 Opposite Royal Bank Building
 FLOWER DEPT. Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs. Phone 25
 FANCY GOODS DEPT. Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.

P. D. KEITH'S CASH STORE

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery and Groceries.
 Piles of New Goods always on hand. Redpath
 Granulated Sugar in carload lots.

P. D. KEITH

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
 Rev. G. S. Lloyd, M. A., Minister
 SUNDAY, MAY 18
 Morning and evening—Rev. James McKay of London.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
 Main Line
 Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9.37 a. m.; No. 114, express, local points to London, 2.50 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 6.05 p. m.; No. 116, local accommodation to London, 10.40 p. m.
 Westbound—No. 113, local mail and express, 7.30 a. m.; No. 115, Detroit express, 1.31 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 6.37 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 10.05 p. m.
 Nos. 114, 115, 116 and 16, Sundays included.
Wabash and Air Line
 Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9.35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12.40 p. m.; way freight, 4.20 p. m.
 Westbound—No. 3, express, 12.59 p. m.; No. 353, mixed, local points St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2.50 p. m.; way freight, 9.25 a. m.
 Nos. 2 and 3, Sundays included.
Kingscourt Branch
 Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 365, mixed, 7.35 a. m.; No. 288, passenger, 6.40 p. m.
 Arrive at Glencoe—No. 272, passenger, 7.05 a. m.; No. 364, mixed, 4.55 p. m.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
 Eastbound—No. 634, 12.25 p. m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p. m.; No. 22, stops for Toronto passengers, 5.46 p. m.
 Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4.48 a. m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.20 a. m.; No. 633, 3.18 p. m.
 Trains 22, 634, 633 and 635, Sundays included.
GLENCOE POST-OFFICE
 Mails closed—G. T. R. East, 9.00 a. m.; G. T. R. West, 6.00 p. m.; London and East, 7.00 p. m.
 Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a. m.; G. T. R. East, 7.00 p. m.; G. T. R. West, 9.45 a. m.
 Street letter box collections made at 8.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.

1847 RODGERS SILVERWARE

OLD COLONY PATTERN
 What we carry in stock—
 KNIVES AND FORKS
 TEA SPOONS
 COFFEE SPOONS
 BUTTER SPREADS
 MEAT FORKS
 CAKE FORKS
 OLIVE SPOONS
 PICKLE FORKS
 BUTTER KNIVES
 BERRY SPOONS
 CREAM LADLES
 TOMATO SERVERS
 SUGAR SHELS
 BABY SPOONS
 PIE KNIVES
 SALAD FORKS

We also have a complete line of Community Silver (Adam Pattern).

G. E. DAVIDSON JEWELER OPTICIAN

Marriage Licenses Issued
 Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

I. D. Kerr, formerly of Dresden, is now doing business in the stand formerly occupied by Chas. George, which he bought recently. The family have moved to Glencoe and are occupying the residence bought from Mr. Gordon.

Mrs. W. G. McCallum and J. T. Lethbridge materially assisted the Glencoe Presbyterian choir at the morning service on Sunday, singing a duet with pleasing effect. Mrs. McCallum also gave a solo which was greatly appreciated.

Peter McArthur has returned from his tour of the west. His articles in the Globe, always interesting, will have an added interest for readers who want to know some of the facts of the broad prairie lands and resources of the Western coast.

No. 3 Wabash express, due at Glencoe at 12.59 p. m., was wrecked near Cayuga on Thursday morning, owing to a broken brake beam. Engineer Fred Bechley and Fireman Emory Bellows were killed and several passengers were slightly injured.

Joe Stevens, a former Glencoe barber, called on clients here last Sunday. He says he is now located near St. John, N. B., conducting a sanatorium for alcoholism, and since prohibition went into effect the patients are principally drug fiends and more numerous than ever.

When placing chains on your tires be sure to have the hooks toward the back as you lay them over the wheel. This gives a whipping motion to the hooks when in use which tends to keep them closed. If the chains are put on the other way they will tend to open and so be in danger of coming off.

Miss B. Gilholm of Bright will address meetings of the Women's Institute at places in West Middlesex and on dates as follows—Delaware, May 25; Mt. Brydges, May 27; Glencoe, May 28; Appin, May 29; Middlemiss, May 30; Wardsville, May 31; Newbury, June 2; Napier, June 3; Kerwood, June 4; Stratroy, June 5. Fred Bechley and his wife, Miss Garet Beaton, of Brandon are visiting Mr. Beaton's sister, Mrs. Jas. Gates, Mosa, for a couple of weeks. Mr. Beaton has recently returned from overseas. He enlisted with the 44th Battalion at Winnipeg in April, 1916, and went over with the 181st Battalion from Brandon. For fourteen months he was in the front in France and almost constantly under shell fire, luckily escaping with but a slight wound received in one of his earliest engagements.

A unique gathering was held at the home of Percy E. Lumley last Thursday, when five generations met to celebrate the birthday of Mrs. Wm. Henry of London, mother of J. B. Henry of Glencoe, who has reached the age of 76. Among those present were three great-grandmothers—Mrs. Gamble of Bothwell, mother of Hiram Lumley, who is 87 years old; Mrs. Wm. Henry, London; and Mrs. Thomas Wilcox, Appin; one great-grandfather, Thomas Wilcox of Appin, and two grandfathers and grandmothers, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Lumley, and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Henry of Glencoe. Pictures were taken of the five generations.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL
 Mrs. White is visiting at Mrs. Blackburn's.
 Park Davidson of Chatham is visiting his brother, C. E. Davidson.
 Miss Julia Gardner of Chicago spent a week with Mrs. D. A. McCallum.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McHugh of Detroit have been guests at Charles Gould's.
 Miss Mary Leitch spent a few days with relatives at Kent Bridge and Louisville.
 Mrs. E. H. Wemmoth of Sandusky, Ohio, is visiting friends in St. Thomas, Glencoe and London.
 Dr. and Mrs. A. A. McIntyre attended the funeral of his uncle, John M. McKellar, at Belmont on Saturday.
 Misses Margaret McIntyre, Helen Moore, Olive Thomson and Mrs. W. T. Rapley motored over from Stratroy on Sunday and spent the day with friends in town.
 Among those who attended the funeral of Miss Ellis McKinnon were Major and Mrs. Meredith and son Thomas, Mrs. McKinnon and Miss Mary McKinnon of Pittsburg, Pa., and John M. Warren of Toronto.

EKFRID STATION
 Mr. and Mrs. Ben Switzer, Mr. and Mrs. George Lee and Mrs. Anna Lee attended the graduating exercises of Victoria Hospital, London, last week, of which Miss Annie Mae Johnston was one of the graduating nurses.

The farmers' club will hold their meeting in S. S. No. 4 on Saturday evening, May 17. Two delegates from here will be appointed to attend the farmers' meeting in S. S. No. 6, Glencoe, on Friday evening, previous to Ekfrid Patriotic Society held their last meeting at Mrs. Hugh Black's on Thursday afternoon last. An enjoyable time was spent. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Ben Switzer on Wednesday, June 11.

Friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. F. McTavish on Friday evening, previous to their departure for their new home in Alvinston, and presented them with a rocking-chair each. The evening was spent in games and dancing. On Wednesday evening previous the Sunday school met at their home and presented Miss Tena with half a dozen silver knives and forks. The evening was spent in games, and all had a good time. Best wishes go with the McTavish family to their new home.

A number from here attended the May meeting in Dunwich last Sunday. Lieut. and Mrs. Henry Carruthers visited with Mr. and Mrs. George Lee recently.

Misses Anna and Alma McCallum were in London last week attending the graduation of the nurses of Victoria Hospital.

Peter McArthur lingers so long in the golden west that an English world is beginning to wonder who is feeding Beatrice!—Toronto Telegram.

Never make a confidant of every body's friend.

INDIGESTION AND CONSTIPATION

Quickly Relieved By "Fruit-a-lives"

ROCHON, P. Q.
 "I suffered for many years with terrible indigestion and constipation. A neighbor advised me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. I did so and to the surprise of my doctor, I began to improve and he advised me to go on with 'Fruit-a-lives'."

I consider that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-lives' and I want to say to those who suffer from Indigestion, Constipation or Headaches—try 'Fruit-a-lives' and you will get well! CORINE GAUDREAU.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Shoes at reduced prices at Kerr's. 46c trade and 45c cash for eggs at Mayhew's.

The concert Saturday night begins sharp at 7.30.

You are invited to see Mayhew's new model silk dresses.

A fine stock of single harness at Lamont's at reasonable prices.

Golden Dent and White Cap Dent seed corn for sale.—John Gould.

For sale—18 yearling cattle, at John Beckett's, R. R. No. 3, Stratroy.

One heavy work mare and one light one for sale cheap.—Wm. McCallum.

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Ernest Gamble Concert Company Saturday night. A rare musical treat.

For sale—Rhode Island Red eggs, at \$1.50 per setting.—Mrs. J. W. Mitchell.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets.—J. D. McKellar.

New silk dresses, skirts and waists arrived today at Mrs. W. A. Currie's millinery parlors.

I sold six used cars last week but still have some extra good bargains left.—Wm. McCallum.

Plants for sale—tomato, cabbage and cauliflower. Apply V. Watterworth, Appin Road, Glencoe.

Remember Lamont's 10-day bargain sale of pants and overalls. Largest stock in town to select from.

For sale—Golden Glow seed corn, spike cured \$3 per 70 lbs.—Lewis Watterworth, Route 2, Wardsville.

For sale—select seed corn, King of the West, suitable for husking or ensilage. Price \$2.50.—Wm. Stinson.

For sale—good work mare, with Percheron colt by side.—W. R. Sutherland, south Main street, phone 81.

Secure your seats at once for the Ernest Gamble concert Saturday night and avoid disappointment.

Bedding plants of all kinds—asters, pansies, salvia—and all other plants, at Mrs. W. A. Currie's.

Fifteen bushels of choice S-rowed Yellow Flint seed corn for sale.—Joseph Gillett, Newbury; Bell phone 96 r 11.

For sale—three cows; your choice of ten; some now in, others coming in soon.—Alfred Quick, Route 1, Newbury.

Just a few high-grade buggies left. The weather is fine now; you will want that new buggy.—Wm. McCallum.

For sale—choice Golden Dent seed corn, all house dried, also a good Durham steer calf one month old.—Walter Hallstone, Route 1, Glencoe.

For sale—a good upright overstring piano, practically new, very little used. For quick sale use for it. Cheap for quick sale.—H. C. Vause.

Lost—in Glencoe opera house on Tuesday, May 6th, a wedding ring. Finder please leave at Transcript office and receive suitable reward.

Comfortable dwelling house, with 2 lots and good orchard, belonging to Mrs. Christina McLellan, Victoria street, for sale. Apply to P. D. Keith, Lethbridge, Elizabeth street.

For rent—100 acres pasture land, about 3 miles from Newbury. Apply to T. E. Armstrong, 175 Horton street, London.

Miss Riggs offers for sale her property on corner of Main and Symes streets, Glencoe. The store has had dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes, crockery, millinery, dressmaking.

For sale—1 litter of pure-bred Poland China pigs, bred by Geo. Gould of Essex and sired by the champion hog at London in 1918. Will sell single or in pairs.—Wm. McTaggart, Appin.

Sawing wanted by Mr. Lang of Melbourne; who will be cutting a skidway at the Fletcher Mfg. Co. yard, commencing May 20th. Any farmer wishing to have sawing done will have their logs in the yard by the above date.

For sale—1 extension table, 2 drop-leaf tables, 8 dining-room chairs, 1 camp chair, 1 rocking chair, 1 centre table, 1 clothes wringer, 2 boilers, 1 set sad irons, 1 bookcase, fruit sealers, and other small articles.—J. G.

Farmers everywhere are finding out the value of newspaper publicity. A few years ago it was the custom to get a big bunch of sale bills printed. Today conditions have changed. The farmer has rural mail and telephone. He does not open so much, belong to hotels and blacksmith shops. The way to reach him is through the local newspapers. And farmers have found that publishing their fat sale lists in their local paper costs only a few dollars but puts them in touch with a score of interested buyers for every one reached by the bills. But the two together make a combination that spells success with a big capital "S."

Overland
 Oh Boy!
 The owner of an Overland owns all out of doors. In his Model 90 he goes in comfort and with an enjoyment possible only because of the high quality, fine appearance and unfailing performance of his car.
 Last month in Oklahoma, U. S. A., a stock Model 90 Overland car broke the world's non-stop high gear record, 4,370 miles in 7 days and nights in high gear, over bad roads with a gas record of 20.66 miles per gallon.
 This durability and economy is an every-day advantage for Model 90 owners—order yours now.
 Wm. McCallum Dealer Glencoe
 Phone 88
 Willys-Overland, Limited, Head Office and Works, West Toronto
 Branches: Montreal, Winnipeg, Regina

AUCTION SALES

Clearing sale of stock at G. T. R. stock yards, Appin, on Saturday, May 17th, at 2 o'clock—10 three-year-old steers; 15 two-year-old steers; 10 one-year-old steers; 8 two-year-old heifers; 10 one-year-old heifers; 5 farrow cows; 3 new milk cows; 3 cows, due shortly; 2 fat heifers; 10 brood ewes, with lambs, a very choice bunch; 1 Tad-hope buggy, good as new, steel tires. M. A. McAlpine, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

KILMARTIN

James McAlpine of Detroit spent the week-end here.
 Mrs. Margaret Dewar, sister of Alexander Dewar of Mosa, is ill with pneumonia.
 Mothers' Day was fittingly observed in Burns' church last Sunday. Several floral offerings were placed in the church in memory of the mothers who have recently departed from this congregation.
 Mrs. Alexander Dewar is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mitchell, Brose.
 Garfield Munroe is visiting in Walkerville.
 Mrs. Rebecca McAlpine has returned to her home here after spending the winter in Glencoe.
 Marriage licenses issued by J. S. Macraut, Appin, 68.

Relieves Asthma at Little Expense.

—Thousands of dollars have been vainly spent upon remedies for asthma and seldom, if ever, with any relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, despite its assurance of benefit, costs so little that it is within reach of all. It is the national remedy for asthma, far removed from the class of doubtful and experimental preparations. Your dealer can supply it.

ROY SIDDALL

Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds, Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

WE SELL The Famous NEWCOMBE PIANO

Phonola and other TALKING MACHINES (for \$25 up, on cash or monthly payment plan) and the SINGER SEWING MACHINE as well as all lines of Farm Implements and Machinery.

W. A. HAGERTY

Phone 57r12 Glencoe

House-cleaning AND SPRING NECESSITIES AT WRIGHT'S HARDWARE

Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes, Chisel, Varnish Stain, Liquid Veneer, Washing Machines and Wringers, the 1900 Gravity Washing Machine, see this machine before you buy any other.
 Garden Tools—We have a nice assortment of Garden Tools: Rakes, Spades, Hoes, Spading Forks, Cultivators, etc.
JAS. WRIGHT & SON
 MAIN ST., GLENCOE
 GARDEN SEEDS, in packages and in bulk WIRE FENCE

GREAT BARGAIN SALE FOR 10 DAYS OF PANTS AND OVERALLS AT D. LAMONT'S

Carhart's, Peabody's and Bob Long Overalls. Regular price, \$3.50. Sale price, \$2.50.
 Other Brands of Overalls at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.25.
 Regular \$3.50 Pants for \$2.45.
 Regular \$4 Pants for \$2.75.
 Regular \$5 Pants for \$3.95.
 Regular \$8 Pants for \$6.50.
 Remember, these bargains for 10 days only.

Saves Work for Mary Saves Work for John
 The handiest helper on the farm is a **Leader Home Water System**
 It means less daily work for the women folk and the men folk. More time to do the things that insure bigger profits on the farm. \$0.00 now in use. Be a happy Leader farmer from now on.

Plenty Fresh Running Water
 Cify Your Farm Home
 For Sale by
FOR SALE BY I. T. WING & CO., LIMITED
 Windsor Ontario

SUMMARY OF PEACE TERMS PRESENTED TO GERMAN DELEGATES

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The following summary of the Peace Treaty draft has been received: Paris, May 7.—The Treaty of Peace between the twenty-seven Allied and Associated Powers on the one hand and Germany on the other, has been handed to the German plenipotentiaries at Versailles. It is the longest treaty ever drawn. It totals about 80,000 words divided into fifteen main sections, and represents the combined product of over a thousand experts working continuously through a series of commissions for the three and a half months since January 18. The treaty is printed in parallel pages of English and French which are recognized as having equal validity. It does not deal with questions affecting Austria, Bulgaria, and Turkey, except in so far as binding Germany to accept any agreement reached with those former allies.

Germany by the terms of the treaty restores Alsace-Lorraine to France, and accepts the internationalization of the Saar Basin temporarily and of Danzig permanently, agrees to territorial changes towards Belgium, and Denmark in East Prussia, cedes most of Upper Silesia to Poland, and renounces all territorial and political rights outside Europe, as to her own or her allies' territories, and especially to Morocco, Egypt, Siam, Liberia, and Shantung. She also recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Poland.

Her army is reduced to one hundred thousand men, including officers, conscription within her territories is abolished, all forts fifty kilometres east of the Rhine razed, and all importations, exportations and nearly all production of war materials stopped. Allied occupation of parts of Germany will continue till reparation is made, but will be reduced at the end of each of three-year periods if Germany is fulfilling her obligations. Any violation by Germany of the conditions as to the zone fifty kilometres east of the Rhine will be regarded as an act of war.

The German navy is reduced to six battleships, six light cruisers, and 12 torpedo boats, without submarines, and a personal of not over fifteen thousand. All other vessels must be surrendered or destroyed. Germany is forbidden to build forts controlling the Baltic, must demilitarize Heligoland, open the Kiel Canal to all nations, and surrender her fourteen submarine cables.

She may have no military or naval air forces, except 100 unarmed seaplanes until October 1, to detect mines and manufacture aviation material for a six-month period.

She agrees to return to the 1914 most favored nation tariffs, without discrimination of any sort; to allow Allied and Associated National freedom of transit through her territories; and to accept lightly detained provisions as to private debts, unfair competition, internationalization of roads and rivers, and other economic and financial clauses.

She also agrees to the trial of the ex-Kaiser by an international high court for a supreme offence against international morality and of other nationals for violation of the laws and customs of war, Holland to be asked to extradite the former Emperor and Germany being responsible for delivering the latter. The League of Nations is accepted by the Allied and Associated Powers as operative and by Germany in principle, but without membership. Similarly an international labor body is brought into being with a permanent office and annual convention.

A great number of international bodies of different kinds and for different purposes are created, some under the League of Nations and some under the Peace Treaty. Among the former is the commission to govern the Saar Basin till a plebiscite is held fifteen years hence, the high commission to Danzig, which is created into a free city under the League, and various commissions for plebiscites in Malmedy, Schleswig, and East Prussia. Among those to carry out the Peace Treaty are the reparations, military, naval, air, financial, and economic commissions; the International High Court and military tribunals to fix responsibilities, and a series of bodies for the control of international rivers. Certain problems are left for solution between the Allied and Associated Powers, notably details of the disposition of the German fleet and cables, the former German colonies, and the values paid in separation. Certain other problems such as the laws of the air and the opium, arms, and liquor traffic are either agreed to in detail or set for early international action.

Germany accepts full responsibility for all damages caused to Allied and Associated Governments and nationals, agrees specifically to reimburse all civilian damages, beginning with an initial payment of 20,000,000,000 marks, subsequent payments to be secured by bonds to be issued at the discretion of the Reparation Commission. Germany is to pay shipping damage on a ton-for-ton basis by cessation of a large part of her merchant, coasting and river fleets, and the new construction, and to devote her economic resources to the rebuilding of the devastated regions.

Germany cedes to France Alsace-Lorraine, 5,999 square miles, and to Belgium two small districts between Luxembourg and Holland, totalling 989 square miles. She also cedes to Poland the south-eastern tip of Silesia beyond and including Oppeln, most of Posen, and West Prussia, 27,586 square miles, East Prussia being isolated from the main body by a part of Poland. She loses sovereignty over the north-eastern tip of East Prussia, 49 square miles north of the River Memel, and the internationalized areas about Danzig, 729 square miles, and the basin of the Saar, 738 square miles, between the western border of the Rhenish Palatinate of Bavaria, and the south-east corner of Luxembourg. The Danzig area consists of the "V" between the Nogat and Vistula Rivers made by the addition of a smaller "V" on the west including the city of Danzig. The south-eastern third of East Prussia and the area between East Prussia and the Vistula north of latitude 53 degrees 3 minutes, is to have its nationality determined by popular vote, 5,785 square miles, as is to be the case in parts of Schleswig, 2,787 square miles.

Washington, May 11.—Fifteen million Americans bought Victory Liberty Notes in the campaign which closed last night, according to estimates received by the treasury from federal reserve banks. This compares with about 21,000,000 purchases in the fourth loan, 17,000,000 in the third, 9,400,000 in the second, and 4,000,000 in the first.

Late reports emphasized the earlier indications that the loan had been heavily oversubscribed.

It is announced officially that as a result of a comparison of figures of returned prisoners with those hitherto calculated as missing some thirty-four thousand must be added to the number of dead. The total number of dead, including the navy, is now given at five hundred and seven thousand and one hundred and sixty-nine.

—The District Council elections in the three North Schleswig districts of Hadersleben, Apenrade and Sonderburg have resulted in an overwhelming Danish majority. Fifty-three Danes and twelve Germans were elected as compared with eighteen Danes and forty-six Germans in the previous elections.



PULL TOGETHER.
ARE WE, as a community, pulling together? Or are we pulling in OPPOSITE directions? ORGANIZATION is the great community need of the day. WITHOUT organization men and women are apt to sink below the level of mules. EVEN mules, in times of danger or panic, have been known to CO-OPERATE. They sometimes KICK together. If we were given to think, they would wonder at the ways of men. That men and women, living and working in the same community, should refuse to co-operate, is one of the riddles of civilization. The only benefits worth having are the benefits we can share with our NEIGHBORS. INDIVIDUAL benefits count for little. It is the CO-OPERATIVE effort that brings EVERLASTING good. Good roads, factories, better schools, good markets can only be secured when ALL pull TOGETHER. Every man, woman and child in THIS community should give ONE hour each day to COMMUNITY WORK. But, don't WAIT for someone else to start it. There is work for YOU to do. Begin with YOURSELF.

LEADING MARKETS IMMIGRANTS, EXCEPT FARM LABORERS AND DOMESTICS, NOT ACCEPTED

Canada Will Not Encourage Immigration of Any Kind Until the Spring of 1920.
London, May 11.—No immigrants except farm laborers and domestic servants will be accepted by the Canadian Immigration Commission here until the Autumn, and immigrants of any kind will not be encouraged before next Spring. Col. J. Obed Smith, Canadian Immigration Commissioner, stated that at present the department is only lecturing on Canada in the English schools. No immigration campaign will be carried on until the Autumn in view of possible Canadian unemployment following demobilization and, consequently, it is expected, there will be no rush of new citizens until 1920.

Provisions—Wholesale.
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 30 to 41¢; do, heavy, 32 to 34¢; cooked, 54 to 56¢; rolls, 33 to 34¢; breakfast bacon, 44 to 48¢; backs, plain, 47 to 48¢; boneless, 52 to 55¢.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 29 to 30¢; clear hollies, 30 to 31¢.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 33 to 33½¢; tubs, 33½ to 34¢; pails, 33½ to 34½¢; prints, 34½ to 35¢. Compound tierces, 26½ to 27¢; tubs, 27 to 27½¢; pails, 27½ to 27¾¢; prints, 28 to 28½¢.

Montreal Markets.
Cheese—Finest Easterns, 24 to 26¢. Butter—Choice, 48 to 50¢; good, 46 to 48¢. Eggs—Fresh, 49 to 50¢. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$2 to \$2.25. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, \$30.50 to \$31. Lard—Pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 34¢. Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, 83½¢. Flour—Spring wheat, \$11 to \$11.10. Rolled oats—Bag, 90 lbs., \$3.90 to \$4; bran, \$4.8 to \$4.4; shorts, \$4.5 to \$4.6. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$34. Live Stock Markets.

U-BOAT CAPTAIN CAUGHT WHO SANK HOSPITAL SHIPS
A despatch from London says:—The Captain of a German submarine arrived in London from Spain yesterday and was placed in the Tower. The Star understands that he was the commander of a U-boat which sank several hospital ships.

AFGHANS SEIZE INDIAN POSITIONS

North-Western Frontier Violated by Troops of New Amir.
A despatch from London says:—Afghan tribesmen have crossed the Afghan border with the assistance of Afghan regular troops, and have occupied certain positions on the Indian side of the border, according to a despatch from the Indian Foreign Office. Military precautions have been taken by the British, who have addressed a vigorous note to the Amir.

It has been reported for some time that the new Amir had adopted an unfriendly attitude toward the British, and contemplated a violation of the northwest frontier and Khyber Pass, the principal northern pass into that country from India. No large number of tribesmen are concerned, but they have occupied some heights of importance commanding two roads leading across the frontier. A later despatch says:—Reuters learns that General Barrett has commenced operations and that there are already indications that the advance of the British mobile columns in the neighborhood of the Indian frontier is having a reassuring effect. The latest news from Kabul is dated April 30, when some escorts of the British agent, who is an Indian, left the capital. Kabul was then the scene of great excitement, and there were considerable movements of troops in the surrounding country. It was, however, clearly understood that there was to be nothing in the nature of a general advance, in the absence of direct orders from the Amir. It is understood that there is a band of four hundred Afghans with a couple of guns at one frontier position occupied and a somewhat larger force at another point.

HOLLAND WILLING TO EXTRADITE KAISER

Paris, May 11.—The Temps publishes a note from the Dutch Legation at Paris, declaring that the demand for the extradition of the former German Emperor has reached Holland.

London, May 11.—The Dutch Government has decided to surrender the former German Emperor to the Allied and Associated Powers, according to a despatch from The Hague to the National News.

WEEK OF MOURNING STARTS THROUGHOUT ALL GERMANY

Berlin, May 11.—A "week of mourning" has been decreed by the Government to express "sorrow and depression" over announcement of the peace terms. The week began yesterday. The decree provides that public frolics must be stopped for eight days. Its provisions affect theatres and cabarets. Dancing, horse racing and gambling will be suppressed.

GERMAN-AUSTRIA UNION WITH GERMANY ABANDONED

A despatch from Basle says:—The majority faction in the Austrian National Assembly, according to a report from Vienna, has decided to renounce the idea of the union of German-Austria and Germany in the interests of Austrian and world peace.

PEACE CONDITIONS FOR CHEESE TRADE

British Food Ministry Will Discontinue Purchase of Canadian Product.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Minister of Agriculture announces that a cable has been received by the Dairy Produce Commission from the British Ministry of Food, stating that it has been finally decided that the Ministry will not purchase the exportable surplus of Canadian cheese for the season 1919, and that producers and dealers should be notified accordingly. This means that the exportation of cheese will be left to private trading as in pre-war days. The Dairy Produce Commission, through which the cheese and other products has been handled for the past two years, will now go out of business.

ALLIES WILL ADMIT OF NO DISCUSSION OF THEIR RIGHTS REGARDING PEACE TERMS

German Delegation's Protest Receives Decided Reply—Marshal Foch Returns to Front to Resume War if Necessary.

Paris, May 10.—The allies can admit of no discussion of their right to insist upon the terms of the peace treaty substantially as drafted. This is the reply to Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, who submitted a note to Premier Clemenceau declaring that the peace treaty contains demands which could be borne by no people, and many of them incapable of accomplishment. Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau has also been informed, in answer to his complaint that Germany was asked to sign the allied plan for a League of Nations, although not among the States invited to enter it, that the admission of additional member States has not been overlooked, but has been explicitly provided for in the second paragraph of Article 1 of the Covenant.

The German peace delegation declares, in letters sent to the allied and associated powers, that on essential points the basis of the peace of right agreed upon between the belligerents has been abandoned. London, May 11.—Marshal Foch is returning to the front to-morrow, according to a Reuter despatch from Paris.

FROM OLD SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

The Military Cross has been awarded to Lieut. James Mitchell, R.F.A., Tantallon Place, Edinburgh. Mrs. T. J. Millar, daughter of the late Sir Robert K. Inches, has been elected a member of the Edinburgh Town Council.

Peter Millar, Craigmillar Park, has given to the Kenmore Nursing Association's Nursing Fund £2,000 in memory of his son, Captain Stewart McPhail.

Lieut. Douglas, King's Royal Rifles, awarded the M.C. and D.S.O. is the only son of Rev. J. Robertson, Corstorphine.

Sergeant John McAnlay, who won the Victoria Cross, has returned to duty on the Glasgow Police Force.

The Glasgow Parish Council has decided to ask the Government to increase the amount of the old-age pensions.

Bishop Deane, of Aberdeen Diocese, is quite an expert arman and has already gone as high as six thousand feet.

The Croix de Guerre has been awarded to Major Thomas Sturrock, son of the late Mr. Sturrock, town clerk of Dalkeith.

The Edinburgh School Board has given bonuses amounting to £22,250 per annum to their teaching staff.

The Highland Agricultural Show has decided to hold their "Victory" show in Edinburgh Meadows in July next.

The Military Cross has been awarded to Captain A. F. Reade, son of Mr. and Mrs. Reade, Bridge Street, Musselburgh.

Captain J. S. Balderson, Piershill, Edinburgh, has been awarded the French Croix de Guerre and the Silver Star.

The death is announced at Craigs Villa, Ferry Road, Edinburgh, of Jas. T. Clark, for thirty years keeper of the Advocates' Library, Edinburgh.

Miss E. M. V. Berry, nurse daughter of Edmund Berry, Danish Consul-General for Scotland, has been awarded the Royal Red Cross.

The Military Cross has been awarded to Captain A. M. Duff, son of Mr. B. Duff, Pentlands Terrace, Edinburgh.

The death is announced of Chief Inspector Allan Campbell of the Northern Division of the Glasgow police.

The engagement is announced of Capt. N. Sloan, Scottish Rifles, and Caroline Ada, daughter of the late J. S. Templeton, Knockberry Castle, Cove.

On the occasion of his silver wedding, ex-Battle Hamilton Brown was presented by his admirers in Bridge-ton and Dalmarack with a substantial cheque.

The death took place recently of Dr. Angus Macphie, a well-known medical practitioner of Glasgow for the past forty years.

Capt. Robert W. Dobbie, R.A.F., killed recently in a flying accident, was the son of Rev. R. W. Dobbie, Bochimur U.P. Church.

A German hawtizer and two field guns have been placed on exhibition in the square at Wigton.

Capt. John N. Kennedy, M.C., mentioned in despatches, is a port of the Rev. James R. Kennedy, Postpatrick.

The death took place recently at Stranorlar of George McMeekin, the oldest farmer in Wigtonshire.

Several mines have been discovered off the Berwick coast, apparently cast adrift by the stormy weather.

Norwegian salmon are ascending the Esk and the Liddle, and their tributaries in large numbers for the spawning.

Lieut. George Cowan, of the Tank Corp. who was awarded the Military Cross, is a son of Sir John Cowan, Edinburgh.

Mrs. Mackenzie, Sykehead Terrace, Bellshill, who gave birth to quadruplets, has received the King's bounty of £3.

GERMANS TO SIT IN ASHES AND BEWAIL THEIR FATE

A despatch from Berlin says:—The President of the Imperial Ministry has sent the following telegram to the Governments of the free States:

"In deep distress and weighed down by cares, the German people have waited through the months of the armistice for the peace conditions. Their publication has brought the bitter disappointment and unexpressed grief to the entire people. A public expression ought to be given these feelings by all Germans. The Imperial Government requests that the free States have public amusements suspended for a week and allow in the theatres only such productions as correspond to the seriousness of these grievous days."

NORTH SCHLESWIG STRONGLY DANISH

A despatch from Copenhagen says:—The District Council elections in the three North Schleswig districts of Hadersleben, Apenrade and Sonderburg have resulted in an overwhelming Danish majority. Fifty-three Danes and twelve Germans were elected as compared with eighteen Danes and forty-six Germans in the previous elections.

BRINGING UP FATHER



KING REVIEWED DOMINION TROOPS

A UNIQUE EMPIRE PAGEANT IN
OLD LONDON STREETS.

General Currie Heads March Through
the Capital of Overseas Forces and
His Majesty Takes Salute.

The march through London on May 3rd of the Overseas troops provided a unique Empire pageant for the dense crowds of cheering people with which the route was lined. The gaily decorated streets, ablaze with allied flags, presented a brilliant picture in the bright sunshine, while squadrons of airplanes, piloted by Dominion aces, circled and swooped above the ranks of marching troops.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught accompanied Lt. Gen. Sir Arthur Currie at the head of the Canadians, who led the procession. In succession followed Gen. Chauvel with the Australians, Gen. Young with the New Zealanders, Col. Thackeray with the South Africans, and Col. Bernard with the Newfoundlanders.

The King, who in the morning held an investiture of overseas troops, took the salute at the palace.

The King's Address.

The following message from the King was handed each man on the dispersal of the parade: "Officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the overseas forces:

"It is with a heart full of pride and gratitude, I take your salute to-day as you march in triumph through London. The people of the British Dominions beyond the seas by their instant readiness to share in the trials and responsibilities of the great war have shown to the world the unity of the British Empire. You, with your comrades from the Mother Country, vie with one another in noble deeds, which will ever be held in proud remembrance. Readily you adapted yourselves to changing conditions of a new and formidable kind of warfare, and endured physical hardships and exacting mental strain.

"Whether on the plains of Flanders, the heights of Gallipoli, in France, in Palestine or other theatres of war you displayed gallant endurance in defence and vigorous initiative in attack. We and future generations will never forget the part played by the Canadians in the second battle of Ypres and Vimy Ridge, by the Australians and New Zealanders at Gallipoli, and in the advance in France in the spring of 1917 by troops of all the three Dominions in breaking the Hindenburg Line last year, by the South African Brigade in Delville Wood, and by the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at Monchy Le Preux.

"Now in the day of victory I wish to express to you who represent the overseas forces my unbounded admiration for your splendid feats of arms and services you have made. I wish you all God-speed on your homeward journey, with the hope that the outcome of this world struggle will assure peace to your children and your children's children."

High Standard of Courage.

As one writer says: "Each Dominion contingent in its first battle set itself to reach and reached the highest standard of desperate and disciplined courage."

It is pointed out that the Victoria Cross was never so hard to win as in the present war, yet the number conferred on overseas soldiers is greater than the crosses gained by all arms in any previous campaign, with the exception of the Indian Mutiny.

The Times prints a detailed account of the deeds of Canadians and Newfoundlanders and says the final effort of Canada during the last hundred days is worthy of her sons, who, under Gen. Currie, proved second to none in battle.

FEAST ON ELEPHANTS' FEET.

Diet of Tommies in Africa Included
Eland and Zebra Steaks.

Men returning from what was German East Africa have been telling people in England some of their impressions about strange meats with which the British Tommies have varied their diet of bully beef. It is stated that the best of the strange meats was eland steak, which is appetizing and as satisfying as the juiciest steak from an English ox.

Elephant meat has a good flavor, according to the returned soldiers, but it is sometimes stringy and coarse. The trunk of the elephant is a delicacy resembling, according to the men, the succulent meat from the hump of the angeli. Elephants' feet baked in wood ashes in a hole in the ground make fairly good meat jelly, but it is inclined to be gluey unless properly cooked. Giraffe flesh is coarse and its flavor recalls the odor of cat's meat. Zebra steaks are very sweet, and the meat is white, rather like veal.

While the British Tommies could vary their diet with zebra and eland steaks, and such like, he looked with horror upon the natives who relished flying ants, and if they had an opportunity of preparing caterpillars, rats, monkeys and crocodile meat, they enjoyed such food. Also tortises roasted in their shells were favored by the natives.

Clean stained knives with a raw potato kept damp with water and dipped in powdered brick dust.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

has formed a close working association with the
**LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER
AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED**

one of the great English joint stock banks, for the purpose of encouraging trade within the Empire and for the extension of Empire trade in foreign countries. This arrangement gives The Royal Bank of Canada unexcelled facilities for handling all classes of business with Great Britain and Ireland and the Continent of Europe.

Corporations, firms and individuals who wish to transact business with the Mother Country, including the transfer of funds to or from the British Isles, are invited to confer with the Branch Managers of the Bank.

Over 560 Branches throughout Canada, Newfoundland, the West Indies, Central and South America.

BRITAIN PREPARES FOR PEACE REVELS

GREATEST OF ALL CELEBRATIONS TO BE HELD IN JUNE.

General Illumination of the Whole
Kingdom at 11 p.m. on Night Fixed
—Pageants and Plays.

The date of the celebration of peace in Britain is yet uncertain, though June is still spoken of, says a London despatch. He is wise who refuses to prophesy, but it is safe to prophesy one thing, and that is when the peace night revels do come off they will be fast and furious, with bonfires and beacons and squibs and crackers, and, with the sanction of the War Office, a barrage of star shells and Very lights, with the long white beams from scores of searchlights illuminating the whole. There will be no end of light and laughter, pageants and plays and shows, and the whole Empire, circled by a chain of fire, will rejoice.

Under the direction of a committee of members of Parliament, presided over by Mr. J. G. Butler, M.P., Peace Celebrations, Beacons, and Bonfires Committees have been formed all over the kingdom, which have arranged that the general illumination of the whole kingdom will commence at eleven p.m. on the night fixed.

As the use of salable fuel is to be deprecated at this time, the Admiralty and War Office are supplying the large surplus stocks of Dover flares, rockets and handlights at the very lowest possible prices, so that for even the smallest communities they may be cheap enough. The flares, the invention of the late Wing Commander Brock, brilliantly illuminate an area of three miles radius. They burn for seven and a half minutes, weigh ninety pounds, stand three feet high by eight inches diameter, are non-explosive and are fired by friction, so that they are safe enough even to the most inexperienced. Eight of these flares will maintain the illumination for an hour, and conveyed to mountain tops in sufficient number, the whole Empire should be made bright as day for an hour even on the darkest, moonless and cloudiest night.

Great Peace Pageants.

But the bonfires will not be confined to the flares alone. All the waste brushwood and hedgerow clippings, which at this time of year are usually burned up, are being collected to make bonfires on "the night." They will make a dull red glow with a maximum of smoke, but they will serve.

Then there is to be a wonderful series of peace pageants in aid of St. Dunstan's Fund for soldiers blinded in the war. St. Dunstan's, which has the patronage of Queen Alexandra, is striving now to enlist the help of 20,000 voluntary performers, for whom costumes are being prepared. It is to be a gigantic production with scenic and mechanical effects never before attempted or even thought of in connection with open air displays. This pageant, which will have a vast central arena and subsidiary stages on either side, will open with an episode showing the Empire at peace. Then,

with the call to arms, come the "Old Contemptibles" boarding a great troopship.

The early stages of the conflict will be realistically depicted, and it is proposed that in each city where the Peace Pageant is given the most notable deeds of local regiments shall be reconstructed, where possible, by the men who fought in the engagements.

The Navy is the theme of the fourth episode, which will begin with the Spithead review of 1914 and close with the glorious attack on Zeebrugge. In the final scene of triumph all the regiments of the Allies will be represented in a parade of colors reminiscent of the days before khaki replaced distinctive and decorative uniform. As a finale, symbolic of the coming generation, a thousand children clad in red, white and blue will form a Living Union Jack.

Chair of 20,000 Voices.

The League of Arts is arranging for other entertainments on a colossal scale in London. On from twenty to thirty of the parks and commons stands are to be erected capable of accommodating about 1,000 instrumentalists and singers, and in addition there will be raised stages for the production of such plays as "A Midsummer Night's Dream" and "As You Like It."

The organization of a choir of 20,000 voices to sing in the open air is being undertaken by Dr. Charles Harris. "I will raise a choir of 10,000 in London and 10,000 in the provinces and bring them together in a London park," says Dr. Harris. "All the things we sing are known to most people. We are not going to attempt to sing over people's heads, but just simple things which appeal to the multitude—the national anthems of the Allies, 'March of the Men of Harlech,' parts of the 'Hallelujah Chorus,' while there is a wealth of expression both in words and music in 'Hymns Ancient and Modern,' which are worth singing. In a big demonstration of this sort the singing must be on simple lines, and if it is kept within this area of modesty in music every one can understand and every one can sing."

The daring checked skirt combined with the plain waist section is a contrast that only the young and slender should attempt. McCall Pattern No. 8900, Misses' Bathing Suit. In 4 sizes.

This pattern may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

SPINNING STEEL.

Intricate Process Used in Manufacture of Steel.

Steel for wire making is delivered to the wire mill in bars four inches square, a yard long and about one hundred and fifty pounds in weight. The wire makers bring the bars to a white-hot, pliable condition, then run them through a series of grooved rolls in the rod mill. It forms them into rods of lead-pencil size that are conveyed through a pipe to a mechanism that coils them into bundles. The rods are then carried on moving platforms to the open air and cooled. From that point on, says the Scientific American, the wire makers bring the metal to its final shape while it is cold by the wire-drawing process.

The bundles are first immersed in a vat of dilute sulphuric acid, called a pickling solution. Then after most of the acid is got rid of in a hot-water bath, the rods are run very slowly under successive sprays of water. The rods are then dipped in milk of lime to neutralize any remaining traces of acid, in order to protect them from further atmospheric action, and to provide them with a lubricant during their subsequent passage through the steel die. The die is then run through the lime-coated rods for several hours in an oven at a temperature of four hundred degrees; after that they are ready to be drawn into wire.

A wire-drawing die is a solid piece of steel with a number of round, tapered holes—that is, smaller on one side of the die than on the other. The die is clamped in a vise, and the end of the rod forced through one of the holes. The projecting end is then fastened to a revolving drum that pulls the entire length of the rod through the die. It is now wire—round, smooth and without kinks. It is drawn through one die after another, each smaller than the one before, until it is reduced to the required size. The reducing process also makes the wire harder, for the steel becomes packed together more tightly as it passes through the die.

If the drawing process were continued long enough, the wire would become brittle. It is therefore necessary to stop drawing and run the bundles through an oven to anneal the wire and to make it soft. Finally, the wire passes through a molten zinc galvanizing bath and runs through a shredded asbestos wiper that carries off the surplus zinc. It is then cooled and wound on reels.

A motor plow that has been invented in Denmark can be driven by steam, benzine or petroleum.

The Latest Designs



Dainty dotted swiss, combined with sheer organdie, makes this attractive dress for the little tot. McCall Pattern No. 8884. Girl's Dress. In 5 sizes, 6 to 14 years. Price, 20 cents.



The daring checked skirt combined with the plain waist section is a contrast that only the young and slender should attempt. McCall Pattern No. 8900, Misses' Bathing Suit. In 4 sizes.

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Will You Walk Into My Parlor?
A Mr. Cobb has married a Miss Webb. He knew that they were meant to be joined as soon as he spied her.

Tender-Hearted.
Mrs. Gamp—Good morning.
Green Grocer—Good morning, ma'am.

Mrs. Gamp—I want three-penny'orth o' Brussels sprouts. I want to help them distressed Belgians.

How He Got It.
A colored veteran just back from the other side when questioned about an iron cross he was wearing explained: "Boss, it was a extra decoration. De Kaiser hisself sent it to me by a special messenger what dropt daid jus' befo' he give it to me."

An Appealing Feature.
General March was talking about the impressions soldiers received in the war. "One," he said, "when I asked him how he felt, said he was too busy to feel, and when I asked him what appealed to him as the most remarkable thing about the war, answered: "The number of bullets that missed me."

Decision.
"You know, Pat, it is said that a good name is rather to be chosen than great riches."

"Is that so?"
"Yes, Pat. Now, which would you prefer to have—a good name or riches?"

No Money Needed.
Anxious Mama—"Little Dick is upstairs crying with the toothache."

Practical Papa—"Take him around to the dentist's."

"I haven't any money."
"You don't need any money. The toothache will stop before you get there."

For Ever!
Two Rhinelanders—not from choice, but from necessity—were having an argument about the music—and musicians—of their native lands.

"Talk about long playing," said Pat. "Why, your countrymen wouldn't get a look-in with us." I know of a fellow who played 'Kathleen Mavourneen' on the piano for several hours."

Said Sandy:
"You ought to be ashamed of yourself for being so talkative about nothing. Sure, I know a laddie that played 'Scotland For Ever' on the pipes!"

What's in a Name?
No man is so well known as he thinks he is, says Enrico Caruso, the world-famed tenor. To illustrate his point he tells the following incident:

While motoring in New York State my automobile broke down, and I sought refuge in a farm-house while the car was being repaired. I became friendly with the farmer, who asked me my name, and I told him it was Caruso. The farmer leaped to his feet and seized me by the hand.

"Little did I think I should see a man like you in this here humble kitchen, sir," he exclaimed. "Caruso! The great traveller! Robinson Caruso!"

During the war the Belgian Red Cross maintained communications with 100,000 families in occupied Belgium.

YES! MAGICALLY!
CORNS LIFT OUT
WITH FINGERS

You simply say to the drug store man, "Give me a quarter of an ounce of frezone." This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn should relieve the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn, root and all, dries up and can be lifted out with the fingers.

BITS OF HUMOR

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A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn should relieve the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn, root and all, dries up and can be lifted out with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that, while frezone is sticky, it dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whitening of his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

SAVE BIG MONEY ON LUMBER.
Write to-day for our "Mill-Direct-to-User" prices before ordering elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. Shipped anywhere. Taylor Construction Company, Vancouver, B.C.

LIVE POULTRY WANTED.
50c. PAIR OF PIGEONS AND UP.
Write for Prices. I. Weir, 121-123 St. Jean Baptiste Market, Montreal, Que.

NURSES EARN \$15 TO \$25 A WEEK.
Learn without leaving home. Send for free booklet. Royal College of Science, Dept. 46, Toronto, Canada.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER
and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 42, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC.
Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

OPENS SIX NEW BRANCHES.
Royal Bank of Canada announces Further Extensions.

The Royal Bank of Canada announces the opening of the following branches: Pointe-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe; Iroquois Falls, Ont.; Midland, Ont.; Waterloo, Ont.; Winnipeg, Elmwood, Man. A branch of the bank will be opened at Kitchener, Ont., early in May.

Well Lubricated.
The motorist emerged from beneath the car and struggled for breath. His helpful friend, holding the oil can, beamed upon him.

"I've just given the cylinder a thorough oiling, Dick, old man," said the helpful friend.

"Cylinder," said the motorist, heatedly, "that wasn't the cylinder; it was my ear."

MONEY ORDERS.
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Cool milk as soon as it is drawn, but be sure that the cooling process is carried on in a clean place, free from objectionable odors.

Approximately 500 horses have been purchased in Saskatchewan for soldier settlers at prices ranging from \$125 to \$195.

LEMON JUICE IS
FRECKLE REMOVER

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

WHEN YOU SUFFER
FROM RHEUMATISM

Almost any man will tell you that Sloan's Liniment means relief

For practically every man has used it who has suffered from rheumatic aches, soreness of muscles, stiffness of joints, the results of weather exposure.

Women, too, by the hundreds of thousands, use it for relieving neuritis, lame backs, neuralgia, sick headache. Clean, refreshing, soothing, economical, quickly effective. Say "Sloan's Liniment" to your druggist. Made in Canada. Get it today.



Give Cuticura the Care
Of Your Skin

And watch that troublesome eruption disappear. Bathe with Cuticura Soap, dry and apply Cuticura Ointment. For eruptions, rashes, irritations, etc., they are wonderful. Nothing so injures a clear skin and good hair as making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, 15c. each. Sold everywhere. Write for free booklet. Address: Cuticura Dept., P. O. Box 103, Portland, Me., U.S.A.

ISSUE 19-18.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN IN MAY

"THE DAYLIGHT STORE"

E. A. Mayhew & Co.

FULL SPEED AHEAD EVERY DAY
There will be no let-up in our drive for 1919
 The fact that we have exceeded our quota so far is but a stimulus for increased effort to see how far over the top we can go.
 It is by making OUR STORE, OUR PRICES and OUR MERCHANDISE more attractive that we are inducing more and more persons to shop in this "Glencoe's Greatest Store."

Grand Opening This Week
Ladies' and Misses' Ready-to-wear Department

Come this week and see the great display of Silk Dresses, Skirts and Waists, in fact all the Newest Style in Styedom, at prices that will defy all competition.

Nightgown Sale at 89c
 Women's Nightgowns of fine quality cotton, slip-over style, with linen lace edging, each—89c.
Our 85c Shantung Silk—59c
 Exceptional values offered.

Spring Styles of Smart Originality in our Hat and Cap Department for Men and Young Men.

MEN, visit our Clothing Department and save \$10. A High Class Clothing Store that is Not High Priced.

Special Values in Wash Goods
 40c Gingham, 20c. Pretty checks in combination colors.
 40c White Repp, 20c. Just the thing for white skirts or middies.

75c Voiles—50c
 Fine English Voiles in pretty stripes, checks and combination colors, also pure white.

Shoes of Quality

at reasonable prices. Call in and see them.



More Remnants of Wall Paper at 98c

Enough for small and medium sized rooms.

Millinery Prices Slaughtered.

Buy your Rugs, Linoleums, Oil Cloth, Window Shades and Wall Paper Here and Save Money.

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

The Easiest Way To Invest

Canada, following the example of other Allied countries, has made it possible for wage earners—men and women—to invest in safe securities without effort.

These securities are called War Savings Stamps.

The cost now \$1.04, but by compounding interest, the \$4.04 you invest now will be worth \$5.00 in 1924. There is no other security in which you can invest such a small amount that is as safe and that bears so high a rate of interest.

Or you can start with 25 cents, by buying a Thrift Stamp. When you have sixteen Thrift Stamps, you can exchange them for a War Savings Stamp.

You take no risks. The Government of Canada guarantees to pay you back your money—with interest—at any time during the five years, or to pay you in 1924 \$5.00 for every \$4.00 (and a fraction) you invest now.

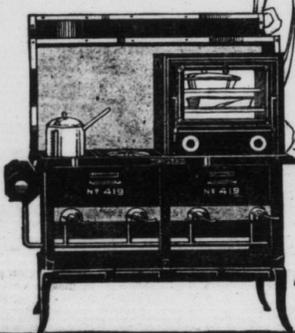
In May
W.S.S.
Cost \$4.04

In June
W.S.S.
Cost \$4.05



War Savings Stamps can be bought wherever this sign is displayed.

Make Your Savings Serve You and Serve Your Country—Invest Them in War Savings Stamps.



"FLORENCE AUTOMATIC" OIL COOK STOVES

A GREAT comfort in the heat of summer! No hot range to bother with—no shaking down—no ashes to carry out. No wicks to clean. And remember, no fuel is cheaper than kerosene.

McClary's Florence Automatic with a McClary's Success oven is the finest baking outfit you could use.

Have a cool kitchen this summer.

Call and see the McClary's Florence Automatic in actual operation.

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son

McClary's

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1919

WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Porter is visiting friends in London.
 Leonard Purdy has left for Detroit. Services will be held in all the Presbyterian churches during the week in the interests of the forward movement of that church. Sunday Rev. Mr. Stewart of Mornington occupied the pulpit here twice. Rev. Mr. Gordon of Brantford will preach Tuesday evening, on "Recruits for the ministry." On Thursday evening Rev. Mr. Stewart will speak on mission to our village. His father, who is staying with him, is very ill.

Mr. Hobbes is visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. Mulligan.
 Mrs. T. Paulds, who was taking treatment in the hospital at London, has returned home.

Th. A. Y. P. A. of the Anglican church held a very successful box social last week. Proceeds \$47.

Mr. Day of Dorchester spent the week-end at Mrs. Jackson's.

Mrs. Donald Smith has returned after spending the winter with her daughters in Detroit and Walkerville.

George Constant spent the week-end with his mother here.

Regie Martyn is spending a few days with his sisters here.

MELBOURNE

The members of the Epworth League of the Methodist church met and elected the following officers for the coming year:—President, Mrs. Sparling Clarke; 1st vice-president, Walter Lewis; 2nd, Miss Anna Parr; 3rd, Ernest Stevenson; 4th, Mr. Gumb; 5th, Miss Mary Robinson; secretary, Miss A. Bole; treasurer, Miss Mildred Robinson; pianist, Miss Mildred Richards.

Mothers' Day was observed in both the Methodist and Presbyterian churches here on Sunday last. Rev. Wm. R. Vance, pastor, spoke in the Methodist church, and Rev. Mr. Courtney of St. Thomas in the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. Hazen and Mrs. Acton, who have been ill for some time, are both improving slowly.

The many friends here of Harold Trott, schoolboy of this village, now attending the medical school in Montreal, were very sorry to learn a few days ago that he is seriously ill and that very little hope is held out for his recovery. It is reported, however, that a message has been received stating that he is a little better.

We are pleased to see Mrs. Marshman out again after her recent illness. Walter Robinson, who is attending school in Strathroy, spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Watson of Mc Carmel spent the week-end with her daughter here, Mrs. W. G. Robinson.

Maxwell Parr, who is attending the university in Toronto, spent a few days at his home here.

Miss Alice Wellman is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Moerick of Toronto.

CASHMERE

A number from here attended "The Better Ole" at Bothwell on Wednesday evening and report it fine.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Sutton and Mrs. John Marcus of Smith's Falls spent a few days with Mr. Henry Willick.

Born on Friday, May 9, 1919, to Lieut. and Mrs. J. E. Taylor, a daughter.

Miss Eva Robinson and brother George, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tunks.

Mr. and Mrs. James Dent and Mr. and Mrs. Ted Knowler of Bothwell spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Darke.

Carl Brown is spending a few weeks in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jeffery and Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jeffery of Newbury spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Sittler.

The Willing Workers held a meeting in the church on Saturday afternoon. There was a fair attendance.

On Sunday, May 11, the following babies were christened:—Charles Thomas Darke, Walter Allen Tunks, Raymond Irvine Willick, William George Willick and Albert Lloyd Willick.

CAIRO

S. Frank, proprietor of the general store, accompanied by Mac, D. Smith, returned to Hamilton on Saturday.

Mrs. W. S. Fraser returned from Walkerville on the 10th inst.

Miss Mammie Munroe of London arrived at the home of her brother, Alex Munroe, on Friday.

Miss Ila Todd of Rodney has secured a position at the home of her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wehlann.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wehlann visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Bilton, Florence, on Sunday.

A number attended the ordination and induction meeting at Bothwell on Monday and enjoyed the meeting and the sociability extended to them by the Bothwell people.

CRINAN

The regular meeting of the W. M. S. was held in the vestry of the church on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Currie, who recently returned from the Canadian West, are visiting friends here. Mr. and Mrs. Currie's many friends are pleased to welcome them back to Crinan.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in Argyll church next Sunday. Services will be held Thursday afternoon and Friday evening.

On account of there being church on Friday evening the farmers' club will meet Thursday evening. Corp. J. M. Kelly of West Lorne will address the meeting.

The average of spring crop in this section will be much smaller than usual on account of the continued bad weather.

Wedding invitations printed in the latest style and with neatness and despatch at The Transcript office.

ALVINSTON

A very pretty and informal marriage ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Susan Genge, when her elder daughter, Nena Louise, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Samuel F. Howard of Kitchener, Ont., by Rev. R. G. McKay, M. A., of Guthrie Presbyterian church, Alvinston. While the register was being signed, Miss Edith Featherston of London rendered some choice vocal selections, and was accompanied on the piano by her brother Elmer, who had lately returned from overseas. After a dainty lunch which was served by three young ladies, Misses Bella and Violet McNally and Miss Ella Martyn, the newly-wedded couple took their departure amid showers of confetti and well wishes for New York to spend their honeymoon. The bridegroom's gift to the bride was a beautiful ring set with a cluster of diamonds, and the wedding gifts were numerous, beautiful and useful. The guests were Robert Howard of Toronto, Mrs. Bain, Miss Irene Bain and Walter Howard of Kitchener, Mrs. R. and Miss Ethel Winn of New Hamburg, Elmer and Miss Edith Featherston of London, Dr. Eccles, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hoag of Blissfield, Mich., Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Gotshall of Toledo, Ohio, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Hoag of Detroit, Mich., Mr. and Mrs. C. Troyer and Mr. and Mrs. Ross McEachern of Glencoe, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Clarke, Mrs. M. Temple, Dr. P. P. and Mrs. Winn, Rev. R. G. and Mrs. McKay and son Allick, Mr. R. M. E. McDiarmid and son Ralph, and Mr. and Mrs. P. A. McDiarmid of Alvinston.

MIDDLEMISS

Pte. L. W. Lucas is expected to sail for home shortly.

Moving has been the order recently. James Davis moved from the farm to near Melbourne; Mr. Hooper to his farm; George Davis to the farm with James; Mr. Louch into George Davis's house; C. H. Lucas to town; Frank McNeil to Mr. Lucas's house; Mrs. Graham to her house on the farm; Dan McNeil to the Decon farm; D. Albert to where D. McNeil was; D. Fisher to London; Joe Wadlow to the Fisher house; Thomas Brown to Alliance; C. Mullins to the Brown farm; Edward Clark to Bairds; Mrs. Wm. Richards to Saskatchewan; Mrs. Bertha McIntyre back to her own house.

All these moves took place in the past two weeks and within a radius of about a mile and a half square.

Pearl Perkins paid a short visit to her parents here.

Mrs. J. Richards has been attending several Women's Institute meetings recently. Mrs. Richards is district representative for the institute.

Gentleman Bros. disposed of a fine bunch of steers to P. Campbell at 14c.

What might have been a serious accident happened a few days ago. On the railroad section some steel rails were being carried on two gasoline cars, when the end of a rail dropped off the leading car, throwing several of the men off the leading car. No one was seriously hurt, although one or two were badly shaken up.

McDonald & Son are improving their store by painting, which adds much to its appearance. There are a number of other houses in town that a coat of paint would benefit.

No better protection against worms can be got than Miller's Worm Powders. They consume worms and render the stomach and intestines untenable to them. They heal the surfaces that have become inflamed by the attacks of the parasites and serve to restore the strength of the child that has been undermined by the draughts that the worms have made upon it, and their operation is altogether health-giving.

MOSA

On May 6th the Ferguson Crossing Needle Club met at the home of Mrs. Archie Purcell. The ladies have laid aside Red Cross work and turned their attention to ladies' aid work, the proceeds of their gatherings to be divided among the five different churches whose congregations are represented in the society. A useful gathering of excellent workers was present, and it was decided to hold a lawn social on the grounds of S. S. No. 12, Mosa, on July 17. Mrs. Purcell served a tasty and dainty lunch with ice cream to about 40 ladies. A free-will offering was taken up after lunch. Rev. and Mrs. Robertson of Kilmartin were present and opened and closed the meeting with a word of prayer.

A United States court having decided that a Jewsharp is a musical instrument, there is yet a chance that the bagpipes may be so classed.—Hamilton Herald.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.



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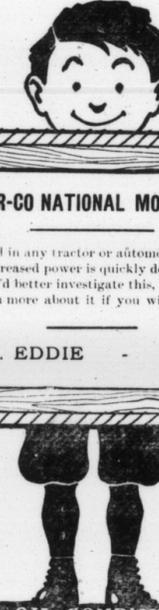
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