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## Ca. Dan lu lota zing or

 PROSPECTUS
## DOUGLAS

#  OF NOVA sCOTIA. 




## 37

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Hardwood Timber

Shetr miseble rell reern this lirll

Slate Yinod
㘄 Evinine Housr
Ofcale of Qhirinus.



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# PROSPECTUS 

# JOIN'T S'TOCK COMPANY, 

# "THE DOUGLAS SLA'TE (qUARRYING COMPANY, OF NOVA SCO'LIA," 

Th the Incorporatel for the purpose of Quarrying and Manufacturing Rooting slates, School Shates, Billiarl Tables, Marblel Mantles, and all deseriptions of Useful and Ormamental Slate Work.

Shete eovered roots are univergally mimitted to be the best in use, being more durable, and a gieater pretection against tire, than those covered by any other known material. The only reason why slates are not more generally used in this eomotry, is the high priee that has to be paid for tham. They bave to be inuported from other comutries at a very heavy expense; but if thoy condd, by quarrying, bo proenrel in Nova scotia at a far more moderate cost, there ean be no doubt whatever that not only all brick and atone buildings, but a great many woolen ones, would be roofed with them, instead of a
trety of materials now employed, all immenamal,y bitierior to slates, with regard either to eafoty or durability.

Tho promoters of the Company are therefore glal to be able to bring to the uotice of the public a property having uron it almost inexhanstible bels of the very finest description of Slates, the cost, not only of quarryitg, but of delivering which, will be comparntively so smull as tc alford a supply at an exeeedingly low rate, at the same time yieliling a handsome protit on the capitnl invested.

The property consists of three dillerent lots of land, situate nt the Gore, Donglas, in the Connty of llants, (ride phans in the front of this prospeetus.)
No. 1 contains 165 acres of laml, with larm honses, harns, stores, mills, and two quarries of Slate. This will he conveyed in fee simple to the Company.

No. 2 containa a right of mining and quarrying, de., under a tract of land containing 13:5 acres. A quarry has been opened on this property: There are two cottages and a blacksmith's shop; also shafts, pump, and inclined railway, driven by the engine in the yart, on this property.

No. a eontains s:1 aeres uf lamd, is sithate directly oprosite No. o-has honse, barn, slable, eugine house, und fine hardwood. 'Ilhis will also be conveyed in fee simple the Compung:

These propertics have heen visited mad fully reported upon by Professor Lawson (ride eopy of report.) His opinion is, "that, if judiciously worked hy a company possessed of moderate capital, the concern will prove a thoroughly safe and permanent invest nent."

With reapect to the cost of raising the diflerent descriptions of slates, de., mat the comparative prices of Donglas Quarry and imported Slates, the promoters havo the anthority of Mr. Thomas, the present Manager, who has hal many years experience in slate quarries in Walef, for stating that, when the quarries shall be fully worked, a+ not less than 50 squares per day, and the same proportion of other slate, slab, and ornamental work, then rooting slates can be delivered nt Elmbilalo Station, N. S. Railway, including all expenses for quarrying and hauling, per sumare, under \$4. The presont selling price of roof slates in Ilalitinx is $\$ 7$ to $\$ 9$ per square. Hearth stones can be delivered at Elmsdale, $\mathbf{2}$ ivehes thick, smoothed and cut to size, for 10 cents per foot. 'The present selling price of frecstono, eut and polished, is from 40 ceuts to 50 cents per foot. The slate is much sujuerior. Mautles, marbled, polished and realy for use, can be delivered at same place for from $\$_{5}$ ) to $\$ 30$. The present selling price here is from $\$ 15$ to $\$ 50$. School slates, fitted with frames, can bo delivered at Eimsdale at not over 45 cents per dozen; and all other kinds of plain and ormamental slate work can be manufactured at these Quarried as cheap, or cheaper, than in any other part of the world.

Theso calculations are given with a large margin for contingencien, and it mis be added that deliveries can be mule, at the smme prives, at a shipping port on the lay of Fumb, fur trmsportation liy water.

The proprictors will convey to the Compme ull the lamds montioned nbove, with the buildings, bia elinery, engine, mills, and all other rights and privilegea, tor the sum of twenty-seven thonsant dollars, ( $\$ 27,000$, -fisteen thousmed dollars $(\$ 1,000)$ eash on the formation of the Company, nend twelvo thonennd doliars $(\$ 12,000)$ within six months, without interest.

It is therefore proposed to raise a Joint Stock Comp:my with a eapital of one humdred thomsamd dol. lare, $(\$ 100,000)$-shares of ane dollar each, upon whieh fity per cent shall he called, say twenty-five per cent when the Company is incorprated, and twenty-fise per eent within three monthat thereatier ; and it is not likely that more calls will he reguired, certainly not for n eonsiderable time.

That a meeting of the shmeholders he held in llalifax us soon the the stock is subseribed, to aprint Directors and make bye laws. No sharehohder to he eligible to he n Director muless he shall hohl in his own right tive handred shnres.
 Ma. James Steinson, Halifiax Hotel, or whe the of the subseriber, where the stock subseription list lies.
W. Mybiks uRAY',
$13: 1$ Hollis Netreet, Halitax, N゙. S.

## REPORT OF PROEESSOR LAWSON.

## Mislfay, 18th May, 186\%.

Having been requested to inmpect the Donglas Slate Quarly and udjoining lands, with a view to forming an opinion as to the valne of the minerals contained und the pacticability of working them to advantage. I now heg to submit the following leport.

I visited th.e locality in bonglas liove on the lat of May, and spent two days in examining the property. Being accomamied liy Mr. sitemson, the aceredited agent of the proprietor, he peinted out the boundaries and furnshed other neecestary intormation, whilst Mr, 'Ihomas, the manager, explaned the results obtained in the workings hitherto. and answered engniries on varions other points.

The distance of the slate lamds from the limsdale railway station is estimated at 11 miles; the road is for the most part level, and good for a country road, but might be buth improsed by a slight expentiture judicionsly "plimed.
The slate 'znary properties consist of $8: 3$ aeres of land, hed in fee simple, whieh is in form ot' a marrow strip, roming in westerly direetion, nearly parallel with the state heds, trom the old Nine Mile liver romd and back over the lawden liver, where it in densely covered with thmber: There


The slate hands are large and extensive, roming in an sasterly and westorly direction, and there is a deep salley ent throngh them at right bughes north and sonth. 'Therw being little soil on the surface, the slates are exposed all abog the opposite tices of the two bills which form this valley, one of the hills rises to an height of about 2at teet abose the level ot the I rook, and the otiaer hill is somewhat higher. 'The slate beds extend ower heth hills, showing consinmosly from the bottom of the valley to the toper of the hills. It is wbvions, therefires. that the alates are not only extensive in lorizontal ramge, but likewise extend 10 a verg great depth, at hast on the morthern pertion of the jroperty, -the rising un of whin on the southern j"rtion of the lifenp lands ents ofl the slates to the sonthwarl.

On one part of the kileup property is sithate the Shate (quary which las heen opened and worked fior sereral yours: this puary is in the face of the hill looking towards the west. $A$ embiderable puantity of moting shate has hern taken out, mal likewise shab of eight toten of tidteen feet in diameter. Some of the shrface slates wore of an inderior charabler, and one portion of the band is quite wavy mal shaky. Some slates taken ont here were likewise fomil to be liatbe to crack from not having been ent, as Dr. 'Thomas informed me, in the proper line of gran. But the slate improves very monch in going downwards, and the rooding slate that has lately been taken ont is of a very superior chameter. The shates wre hard, compact, unitorn in thickness, of good colonr, mad exacllent plality, Several roots recently fornished from the guarry present a neat, clean, miform aprarnuce, nat show no indication of sutlering from our severe climate. The beat roofing slates have heen tommi in the bottom of the guary, and it is evident that in descending the slates hecome harder, less shaky, and of more miform colour. 'l'he eolour of the hate whites is un mohtrusise dark hhe, very suitable for rooling.

In comectition with the Slate Quarry there in a Shato Vard amd Factory, with most of the necessary apparatus required for enrying on the business of gharrying. The quarry is kept dry by n phmp driven liy it ten horse steam engine, which likewine supplies power to the other machinery. The erections are sitnate close to the ghary, and in the north contern comer of the broperty held in fee simple, on the face of the oljosite hill to the westward, there is a manger's dwelling honse, barus, nud extensive stalsing for horses.

The stemm engine and pumping gear were nt work during the time of my visit, but ho guarring had been done since the preceding season. In resuming operntions it will be advisable to consider serionsly whether a change in the nethod of working is not required. It is indeed possible to continne the quarrying on the face of the nresent opening; but, if uny great nmount of work is to be done, it will be necessary, from the shaky and imperfect charncter of tho upper portion of shate, to ineur a great expense in removing from day to day a very lurge quantity of useless material. Farther, on necount of the fanlty character of the bed, the working surfince obtainable at this spot is insuflicient for economical working on a large seale. Mr. Thomas, from his experience and intimate nequaintanco with slate working, is very sensible of this difliculty. It is therefore proposed, instead of continuing the present opening, to make a larger facing to the northward, ut the place marked in the plan "New

Quarry." At that place the slate is of a moro unitorm eharacter, free from waves or slakes, and some which I had taken ont show that even the surface slate was perfectly hard and of good colour, suitable tor roofing.
In tuking out roofing slates large slubs are likewise olstained, aml it is thereforg very desirable to find a market for thom. Severnl very fine slahs huve heon got ont, and some of them have been polished and show to mueh ndvantage. I3ut the hurdness of the slates on the Kilenp property, whieh is a guality so alvantageons in rooting shte, is a serions objecfion where entting, planing, and polishing are regnired. It renains, in het, to be aseertained whether the prices realized will juatity tho labor required to bring these large hard slabs into saleable condition. In view ol these facts it aphears to be very desirable to seenro a band of soft slates, without whieh tho manufacture of cut and polished articles is not likely to prove remunerative.
Soft slate ol this character has been observed in the "Scott joroperty" adjoining, and portions of the slate which I exmmined on exposures by tho rondsides and on tho banks of the river, appured to be well mapted for manulicture. The Scott property embraces a tract of land upwards of 800 aeres in extent. The available slate bed is from 400 to 400 yarls wide, (so far as can bo ascertained, and probably a mile and a half in length. A portion of it eonsists of a very fine iuality of roofing slate, but the shates are for the most purt of the noft kind to whieh reforence has been rade, and might ho cut, phued, and polished tor tables, mantle pieces, cisterns and ornamental work of various kimls. The water power and saw mills on the river which flows throngh the slate band, entting it nearly at right moges, ollor great heilities for a fictory of this kiml-both the saw bill and shingle milh, which befong to the property, heing capable of conversion into planing and polishing finctories, whilst the fam buiddings and dwelling houses would aflord other aecommodation required. Fron informution olstaned from business men in the eity, I have reason to believo that there would arise in Inalifix alone un extensive demand for mantle pieees and fire grato littings; and also for sehool shates, which are at present imported from Germany. Some exmmples of school slates have been mude by ronghly polishing a few pieces picked from the surfice. If carefully selected and properly prepared, there seems no grood reason why Douglas slates should not tuko the phace of imported slates in the schools throughont the Womimon. The market in the United States for manafactured slate of nll kinds, both nsefinl and ornamental, is very extensive.
In conclasion, I wonh heg leave to express very strongly my opinion that the slate properties above deserihed ure of a valmble chmacter, und that it judicionsly worked by a eompany porsessed of moderate capithl, the coneern will prove a thoronghly sufe mad permanent investment. The slate exists in such gumatios that the suphles are not likely to be exhansted for several generations, even if extensively worked. In order, however, that tho property may be remmerative, and its value permanenily maintuined, it will be necessury to avoid wasto of labor, waste of material, and unnecessary aceumulations of rubbish, by estublishing at the outset a thoroughly systematic method of working, ly opening up a working face of suflicient extent to meet the probable demands. The facilities for dranage are such that maler proper management there need not be much expense ineurred for the next ten or twelve years, and before then, if the business has increased, probably new quarries will have been opened on other parts of the property.

GEORGE LAWSON, I'n. D., LI.. J.,<br>lrofessor of Chemistry and Mineralogy,

Dalhonsie College and Universily, Halifux, N. S.

## POSTSCRII'f.

ILalifax, 18th May, 1868.
At a distance of between gon and song yards southwats from the opening on the slato bands ou the Kitup property, there nppar one or two narow bands of "whin rock," (quartzite, through Which ron veins of white fuartz. Indging tron the genema "pearance of the fuarta, the appearanee in it of mispickel, and the reporta resperting it by persms whathere searched fier golal mad fomal a few "sights" in it, I believe that it is anriterons. A golil license has meordingly beetn seenred on 30 areas of 250 x 150 feet each over the guartz leads.

At a distmee of a mile or more in the other direction, viz, to the northward, there oceur eompaet beds ot itou ore, which are visible in a brook where the soil lus been washed awny. From its purtly carhonateons chatacter and other ciremmstanes, the iron-stone appears to helong to the corboniforons or coal serios at rocks. "The iron-stome is overlaid hy a black, ohbrons, bitmminoms gravel, or slightly coherent eomglomerate, Further on to the morth eist, "puear ont-cropping strata at seseral points, consisting of shatey sambenes, such as ocear the coma mensures with sigillarin and other coal fossil paints, umi from hementh these whales, culn us well as large pieces of lituminotis coal have been dug ont. By seraping out the lowe material at the onterop I obtained a few frogme its of eobl. All these tacte indiate the probable existerne of ewal beds at no great alepth. The dip, botla of the irom hamband of the fossiliti robs shates and sambatomes, is to the borth cast, und blthough the point of contact of the two has mot heen lat hame, I have no donbt hat that the iron band will be tombl to he inferior in position the thales and sambatoms, and the coal heds may he finm between.

A license to search for coal has bean sernted over live strave miles ot the most likely portion of the distriet.
(ibolifit LAWStoN, l'm. I)., 1.t., I),
Irofessor of chemistry thal Mineralagy.

## REPOR'I OF MALCOM \& JOHNSTON

Halifax, N. S., 20til Mat, 18ub.
Having heen asked onr opinion of the slates from the bonglas slate Qunry, wo have much pleasure in being ahbe to say that we roofed same buildings with them fonr yeurs ago, sind they have stood withont leak or break daring that ime. The slates we used were fiom the top of the hed, and were not of that miferm color and thickness that conlal be desired. We have, however, had shates from a greater depth in the same fonry, and can recommeme them to bidders and others as being linlly as durable and suitable for general nse as any, The color is more unitorm, being a dark blue.


