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BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

Capital all Paid-up - \$12,000,000
Reserve Fund - 7,000,000
Bal. Profit and Loss - 427,180.80

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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A. T. Paterson, Esq. James Ross, Esq.
Sir William McDonald K. B. Angus, Esq.
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BRANCHES in all the principal cities and towns throughout the Dominion of Canada, and in the following cities:
St. John's, Newfoundland London, Eng., 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C.
New York, 59 Wall St. Chicago, 185 La Salle Street.

BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool
Scotland—British Linen Co. Bank and Branches.

WINNIPEG BRANCH

Travellers' Circular Letters of Credit and Commercial Credits issued for use in all parts of the world.
Collections made on favorable terms.
Interest allowed on deposits at current rates.
Drafts paid available at all points in Europe, United States and Canada, including Adm and Dawson City.

A. F. D. MACGACHEN, Manager

DOMINION BANK

Capital (Paid up), \$1,500,000
Reserve Fund - \$1,500,000

Hon. Sir Frank Smith, Pres., E. B. Osler, Vice-Pres.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

T. G. BROUGH, - GENERAL MANAGER

WINNIPEG OFFICES:

Main Office: 150 Princess St.
P. L. PATTON, Manager.

North End Branch: 709 Main St.
S. L. JONES, Manager.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS IN SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID-UP - 2,000,000
REST - 500,000

HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.

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Indian Head, Assn. Redwood, Alberta
Bartney, Man. Calgary, N.W.T.
Crystal City, Man. Regina, N.W.T.

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Eastings, Ont. Ottawa, Ont.
Harrichville, Ont. Toronto, Ont.
Montreal, Que. Quebec, Que.
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Carleton Place

A General Banking Business Transacted.

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Capital - \$2,500,000
Capital Paid Up - \$2,458,603
Rest - \$1,700,000

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Wm. Ramsay, Robt. Jeffrey.
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Strathcona, Alta. J. H. Wilson, Manager.
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Galt, Ont. Port Hope, Ont.
Fergus, Ont. St. Catharines, Ont.
Hamilton, Ont. Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.
Ingersoll, Ont. St. Thomas, Ont.
Listowel, Ont. St. Thomas East End.
Niagara Falls, Ont. Woodstock, Ont.
Ottawa, Ont. Welland, Ont.

Toronto: Wellington and Leader Lane
" Yonge and Queen
" Yonge and Bloor
" King and York

Montreal, Que.

WINNIPEG BRANCH

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed.

DEBENTURES—Municipal and other Debentures purchased.

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN—Lloyd's Bank Ltd., 13 Lombard St., London, with whom money may be deposited for transfer by letter or cable to any of the above branches.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS issued negotiable without charge at any of the Hudson's Bay Co's Posts in Athabasca, Peace River and Mackenzie Districts.

DRAFTS SOLD, available at all points in Canada, United States and Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in any part of the world

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at any Bank in Canada Rates—Under \$10, 8c; \$10 to \$20, 10c; \$20 to \$30, 12c; \$30 to \$50, 14c.

C. S. HOARE, Manager.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

Head Office, Ottawa.

Capital authorized, \$2,000,000
Capital subscribed, \$1,994,900
Capital paid up, \$1,731,080
Rest, \$1,403,310

This Bank offers to clients every facility which their Balance, Business and responsibility warrant.

WINNIPEG BRANCH, - J. B. MONK, Manager

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

CAPITAL PAID-UP - \$6,000,000
RESERVE FUND - \$1,250,000

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H. E. Walker, General Manager.

J. H. Plummer Asst. General Manager.

Winnipeg Branch: JOHN AIKID, Manager

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED:

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS IN SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

ESTABLISHED 1858.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER IN 1840.

Paid-up Capital - \$1,000,000 Stg.
Reserve Fund - \$325,000 "

HEAD OFFICE—3 Clements Lane, Lombard St., London.

COYR OF DIRECTORS—J. H. Brodie, John James Cater, Henry R. Farrer, Cleward Farrer, Richard H. Glyn, E. A. Hoare, H. J. B. Kendall, Frederic Lubbock, John Paton, Geo. D. Whitman
A. G. Wallis, Secretary.

Head Office in Canada—St. James St., Montreal.

H. Sukeman, General Manager.

J. Elmaly, Inspector.

BRANCHES IN CANADA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO: London, Hamilton, Toronto, Midland, Kingston, Ottawa.
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC: Montreal, Quebec.
PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA: Halifax, Sydney, Cape Breton.
PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK: St. John, Fredericton, Moncton, Dawson City.
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BRITISH COLUMBIA: Ashcroft, Atlin, Bennett, Victoria, Vancouver, Roseland, Greenwood, Kialo.Yukon District: Kialo.Dawson City.

AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

New York—52 Wall Street, W. Lawson and J. C. Walsh, Agts
San Francisco—120 Sansome St., H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose, Agents.

Drafts on South Africa may be obtained at the Bank's Branches.

BANK OF HAMILTON

Head Office, Hamilton.

Capital (all paid-up) \$1,703,212
Reserve Fund 1,234,120

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

John Stuart, President. A. G. Ramsay, Vice-President.
John Proctor. George Houch. A. T. Wood, M.P.
A. H. Lee (Toronto). Wm Gibson, M.P.
J. Turnbull, Cashier. H. S. Steven, Asst. Cashier.

Agencies throughout Ontario and at the following points in Manitoba and the West: Brandon, Carman, Hamiota, Manitoba, Morden, Plum Coulee, Winkler, Winnipeg and Vancouver, B.C.

Deposits received and interest allowed.
General Banking Business transacted.
Collections carefully and promptly effected at all points in Canada.

Savings Banks at all Offices.
Travellers are notified that the Bank of Hamilton and its Branches issue Green's Notes of the National Provincial Bank of England Limited, which can be cashed WITHOUT CHARGE OR TROUBLE IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD.

WINNIPEG BRANCH, Opposite Post Office.

C. BARTLETT, Agent.

Please Mention.

When writing to advertisers, please mention that you saw their advertisement in the Commercial.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

INCORPORATED 1852.

HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX; GENERAL OFFICE, TORONTO.

JOHN Y. PAYZANT, PRESIDENT.

H. C. MCLEOD, GENERAL MANAGER.

CAPITAL PAID UP, - \$1,852,300.00.

RESERVE, - \$2,272,500.00.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, 1890--1900.

ASSETS.	Jan. 1st, 1890		Jan. 1st, 1900.		LIABILITIES.	Jan. 1st, 1890		Jan. 1st, 1900	
	\$		\$			\$		\$	
Quick Assets	2,432,135.38		8,274,162.14		Capital paid in	1,114,300.00		1,780,800.00	
Loans and bills discounted.	5,903,084.20		11,270,924.09		Reserve & undivided profits	572,973.81		2,193,136.57	
Other assets	44,956.41		74,669.61		Notes in circulation	1,325,270.68		1,670,368.50	
Bank premises	94,975.77		18,640.59		Other liabilities	194,238.36		198,632.96	
	\$ 8,475,161.76		\$ 19,638,396.43		Deposits	5,268,378.91		13,815,358.40	
						\$ 8,475,161.76		\$ 19,638,396.40	

Winnipeg Branch: C. A. KENNEDY, Manager!

• Nominal value.

CHANGE OF NAME

By Act of Parliament assented to June 14th, 1920, the name of
THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Waterloo, Ont., was changed to

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. of Canada

As the only purely Mutual Life Company in Canada, and its business extends from ocean to ocean, a more NATIONAL AND COMPREHENSIVE NAME was found desirable. Under the new name the management will aim to perpetuate and extend the SAME POPULAR FEATURES AND SOUND PRINCIPLES which have made the Company what it is to-day, and to which the

UNPRECEDENTEDLY PROFITABLE RESULTS

To its policy holders are largely attributable. With the same hearty co-operation of our policy holders and the same generous confidence of the assuring public, as accorded for the last 30 years, we believe THESE RESULTS WILL CONTINUE to be as satisfactory to policy holders in the future as they have been in the past.

R. MELVIN, President. GEO. WEGENAST, Manager. W. H. RIDDELL, Secretary
 Winnipeg Branch: McIntyre Block.
 P. D. MCKINNON, Prov. Mgr.; CASPER KILLER, Gen. Agt.; S. J. DRAKE, Cashier
 R. L. DRURY, Prov. Mgr. for B.C., E. H. CRANDELL, General Agent,
 Victoria, B.C. Calgary, N.W.T.

AT THE FRONT

We are leading with our new samples of

FINE CLOTHING For Fall and Winter of 1900

It will pay you to wait and see our travellers and samples before buying.

DONALD FRASER & CO.

Manufacturers of Fine Clothing
 WHOLESALE

502 St. Paul St., Montreal. 126 Princess St., Winnipeg.

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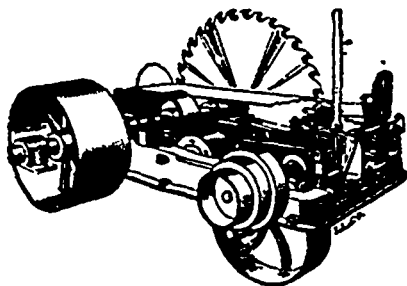
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 (SUCCESSORS TO STUART & HARPER)

Are now located in their new offices and warerooms — **764-766 Main St. Winnipeg**

ONE DOOR NORTH OF THE OLD STAND - -

Call, ring up, or write them, for prices and information required on Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Flour and Saw Mill Machinery, Motors and Electrical Supplies of all kinds.

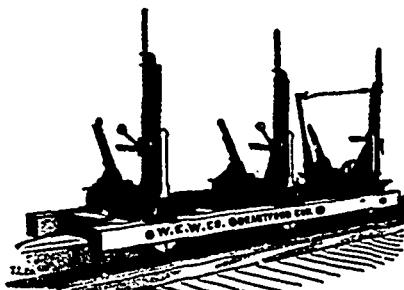
Phone 324 Established 1879 P. O. Box 693



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Shingle Mills and Planers
 Edgers and Trimmers



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JOHN W. PECK & CO.
 MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER

Manufacturers of



**CLOTHING
 FURS
 SHIRTS**

— Dealers in —

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS
 HATS, CAPS.**

OUR travellers are just out with a full line of the following import samples for the fall trade:

CELLULOID GOODS

In this line we are showing a splendid set of Samples, a line that will pay you to examine.

Xmas Goods, Booklets and Fancy Calendars

This is the best line of these goods we have yet seen. It includes the famous English Art Series, also a fine selection of Boxed Cards, Fancy Calendars and Booklets.

Books, Bibles and Hymnals

We carry a full line of attractive money makers in leather, vellum, and fancy cloth, gilt, etc.

1901 CALENDARS

We are showing two American and four English lines. They will speak for themselves.

CLARK BROS. & CO.

Wholesale Stationers
 173 McDermott Ave., WINNIPEG

LIME JUICE

An excellent quality at rock bottom prices. In barrels, quarts and pints.

Tell customers to kill flies with
SELBY'S FLY PLATES
 OR
ELECTRIC FLY PAPER
 Both are instantaneous in action.

PARIS GREEN.—A first-class quality at a very low price.

Write for Quotations.

The Martin, Bole & Wynne Co.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

P.O. Drawer 1464. WINNIPEG

R. A. LISTER & CO. Ltd.

232 King St., Winnipeg

Offer to the trade at right discount their

'Alexandra' and 'Melotte' Cream Separators

which are unequalled for large or small dairies, also

- Barrel Churns
- Butter Prints
- Butter Workers
- Thermometers
- Butter Boxes
- Parchment Paper
- Cheese Box Material
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- Colouring
- Bandage
- Dairy Brushes
- Egg Cases

Correspondence solicited in English, French, German, Icelandic and Scandinavian.

THE COMMERCIAL

The recognized authority on all matters pertaining to trade and progress in Western Canada, including that portion of Ontario west of Lake Superior, the Provinces of Manitoba and British Columbia and the Territories.

Eighteenth Year of Publication

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY

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not later than Thursday Morning.

Advertisements purporting to be news matter,
or which profess to express the opinions of this
journal, will not be inserted.

Office: 219 McDermot Street. Telephone 224.

D. W. BUCHANAN,
Publisher.

The Commercial certainly enjoys a very much larger circulation among the business community of the vast region lying between Lake Superior and the Pacific Coast than any other paper in Canada, daily or weekly. The Commercial also reaches the leading wholesale, commission, manufacturing and financial houses of Eastern Canada.

WINNIPEG, AUGUST 11.

ASSINIBOINE WATER POWER.

It is pleasing to note that attention has recently been directed again to the matter of utilizing the waterpower of the Assiniboine river at Winnipeg. It is earnestly hoped that the present movement will result in the carrying out of the proposed work, which would do more than anything else we can conceive of to build up the city of Winnipeg. The undertaking of this work at the present time, together with the work now going on for the improvement of the Red river would greatly tend to counteract any tendency to depression resulting from the unfavorable crop conditions existing this year. Winnipeg has made rapid strides in population, industry and influence of late years. The city and country has now reached a position which offers a far better inducement for taking hold of this work than at the time the undertaking was first seriously considered. The country is now on a solid basis and our future is assured. We are now in a position to turn to practical account the power running to waste in the Assiniboine river. The power required for civic purposes alone will be doubled by the time the new waterworks are in operation, compared with a few years ago. If the waterpower of the Assiniboine were made available, it would be largely taken up at once, for municipal and general industrial purposes.

Some years ago great interest was taken in the proposal to utilize the waterpower of the Assiniboine river at Winnipeg. A thorough investigation was made at the time and it was then considered that the work would prove of great advantage to the city. A complete survey of the proposed work was made by the city engineer, who estimated that a waterpower, at

the lowest stage of the river in a dry year, could be developed of 3,219 horse-power. By making a cut from Lake Manitoba to the Assiniboine river it was estimated that the power could be increased to 15,000 horse-power per day of fourteen hours. In order to verify the finding of the city engineer, J. T. Fanning, an expert hydraulic engineer, was brought here from the United States, and in the main he fully endorsed the report of City Engineer Ruttan. This set at rest any doubt as to the feasibility of the work, the approximate cost of the same, and the value which the development of the power would be to the city.

Latterly, attention seems to have been directed toward the improvement of navigation on the Red river, so much so that the development of the waterpower within the city limits has been almost forgotten. While it is very important that navigation should be opened on the Red river to Lake Winnipeg, in many respects the development of the Assiniboine river water power within the city limits particularly in connection with the canal to Lake Manitoba, is of very great importance.

It is estimated that at the present cost of fuel, steam power will cost in Winnipeg about \$90 per annum per horse power, or 29 cents per day for each working day in the year. This applies to steam power used on a large scale for twenty-four hours' steady running. Used in a small way the cost would be greater, ranging as high as \$300 or more per horse power per year. After allowing very liberally for the cost of developing and maintaining the Assiniboine waterpower, the rental of only 2,500 horse power at an average of \$10 per year would pay an interest of 5 per cent on the outlay and cost of maintenance. The cost of construction is estimated for canals, dams, etc., of a capacity of 10,000 horse power. If the cost of the work were estimated on a basis of the minimum low water power of something over 3,000 horse power, the percentage of interest would be much greater. But even at the outside estimate of cost of construction we would have the cost of motive power in Winnipeg reduced from \$90 or more per horse power per annum to \$10 per horse power per annum, besides securing a liberal return by way of interest on the investment. What this reduction would mean in the direction of encouraging the location of factories here, is beyond comprehension. The present total steam capacity of the city is estimated at about 3,500 horse power, or something less than the minimum power which the Assiniboine river would furnish at lowest water, without the Lake Manitoba connection. This 3,500 horse power represents an expenditure estimated at an average

cost of \$100 per horse power per year, of \$350,000 per annum. This 3,500 horse power if obtained from the Assiniboine river and rented at \$10 per annum, would represent an annual saving of \$310,000 after paying expenses of maintenance and allowing for a liberal interest on the first cost. As stated, this first cost is estimated on the work necessary to develop 10,000 horse power, though the river does not furnish this amount of power all the year round. Work required to develop the minimum power would cost much less, and would therefore represent a much greater saving than is apparent on the present steam power capacity of the city.

It is also stated by competent authority that by carrying out this work, a portion of the water could be used for flushing the sewers of the city, the principle of natural gravitation, and, therefore, without any cost of pumping. Now that the city is going in for municipal ownership of waterworks, electric lighting plant, etc., the great need of developing the waterpower should become more urgent. When the city has the new waterworks in operation, a maximum of about 800 horse power will be required. The saving on 800 horse power, by the development of the Assiniboine waterpower, would be \$64,000 per year, on the basis of \$10 per year per horse power for the waterpower. The actual saving should be considerably greater, as the charge for waterpower would allow a larger interest on investment than the city would have to pay for money, providing the work were done by the city.

This much has been said with reference to the Assiniboine waterpower at Winnipeg alone, without the Lake Manitoba connection. If the cut from the lake to the Assiniboine river were made the value of the waterpower at Winnipeg would be increased by almost the multiple of 5, as the horse power thus made available would be increased by about this proportion. It would make possible the development of 15,000 horse power within the city limits of Winnipeg, and this would be of vastly more importance to the city than any other enterprise now in view.

THE NEW GAME PROTECTION ACT.

At the recent session of the Manitoba legislature all previous enactments relating to the protection of game within the province were repealed and a new law substituted therefore which embodies a number of changes and new provisions. The legislature recognizes the value of the game birds and animals which inhabit the province in such large numbers and makes strict provision for their protection from the destructive propensities of unscrupulous and un-

Stephens

The Quality of the Oil
is the
Life of the Paint.



Crown Brand

PURE READY-MIXED PAINTS

Manufactured by **G. F. STEPHENS & CO., Market St., WINNIPEG.**

Made with Manitoba
Boiled
Linseed Oil.

ACETYLENE THE LIGHT FOR ALL

Buy the Ontario Acetylene Generator, and get your light at cost price. It is simple, portable, cheap and safe. Acetylene gas is acknowledged to be the best artificial light known, and as manufactured by the Ontario, makes a brilliant and cheap light. No waste. Agents wanted in every town in Manitoba and N. W. I.



— Manufactured by —

NORTH-WEST ACETYLENE GAS CO.
312 Princess St., WINNIPEG

D. J. Lalonde O. Milord

LALONDE & MILORD

Manufacturers of

SHOW CASES, STORE FITTINGS
SASH, DOORS, ETC.

Cor. King and Sutherland Streets
WINNIPEG.

SADLER & HAWORTH

Formerly Robin, Sadler & Haworth

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEATHER BELTING

MONTREAL AND TORONTO

FAR-SEEING PEOPLE

are the most successful. They look ahead and plan what is best for their future, and with this object in view, get a useful and Money-Making Education at

WINNIPEG Business College

This institution has been largely patronized during the last few years, and is now located in splendid premises, fitted up expressly for business college work. Over 100 students have been assisted to positions through its influence last year. Full particulars on application.

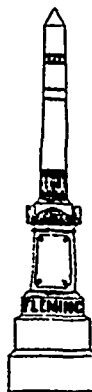
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137 Water St., - VANCOUVER, B. C.



Somerville
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BRANDON, - - MAN.

Estimates given on every description of Monument, Headstone or Fence. This monument, 27 feet 8 inches in height, manufactured of Manitoba granite, was erected by us in Brandon cemetery during 1899.

JOHN GUNN

Dealer in all kinds of

**BUILDING and
DIMENSION**

STONE

White and
Grey . . . LIME

Quarried at Stonewall, Stony Mountain and Tyndall.

Office: 402 McIntyre Block,
WINNIPEG

Box 520.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER

Writing machines that do their work out of sight; that require tabulators; that strike into aligning blocks; that can only do one color work; that cost thirty dollars more than the standard price, are antiquities.

The OLIVER is a modern machine, and is made and sold for

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By the Linotype Company
156 St. Antoine Street,
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BRANCHES:

39 Sparks Street, Ottawa;
55 Victoria Street, Toronto.

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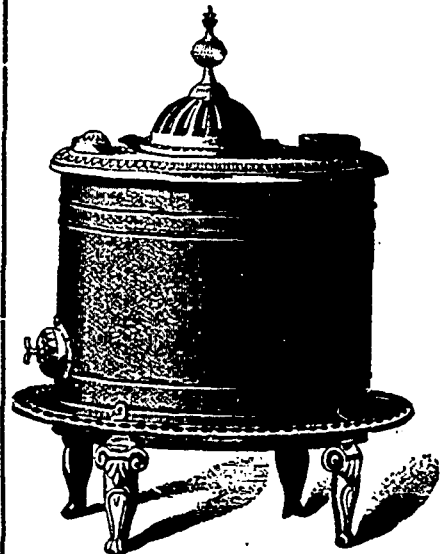
F. A. Drummond

Agent for Manitoba and N.W.T.

339 Main Street, - WINNIPEG, MAN.

McCLARY'S

FAMOUS "AIR-TIGHT" HEATERS FOR WOOD



Now is the time for Dealers to place their orders with us. Those handling our "AIR-TIGHTS" last season could not get enough to supply the demand. Our Wood "AIR-TIGHTS" have no equal anywhere. They took the lead last season, and will take the lead the coming season.

We are now receiving our "HOT BLAST COAL HEATERS." These are our own design and made specially for the trade of MANITOBA and THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES. Will burn successfully Hard Coal, Soft Coal and Souris Coal, and practically consumes its own smoke. We are now filling orders for these as fast as possible.

Dealers should place their orders with us AT ONCE.

THE McCLARY MANUFACT'G CO.

183-185-187 BANNATYNE AVE., WINNIPEG, MAN.
London Toronto Montreal Vancouver

sportmanslike hunters and trappers. The law as it now stands should conserve the valuable game possessions of the province and ensure their perpetuation for an indefinite period of time. Under the new act all kinds of male deer are protected from injury or capture between the first of December and the fifteenth of September in the following year and no person shall during any one year or season kill or take more in all than two of such animals. Female deer may not be molested at any time. Beaver and otter are placed under absolute protection and their skins may not be had in the possession or offered for sale at any time, no matter where from. Fisher and sable are protected between the 15th of May and the 1st of October; marten between the 15th of April and the 1st of November, and muskrat between the 1st of May and the 1st of December. For the protection of game birds it is provided that no person shall hunt, catch, shoot at or pursue any variety of grouse, prairie chicken, pheasant or partridge between the 15th of November and the 1st of October of the following year; plover, quail, woodcock, snipe and sandpiper between the 1st of January and the 1st of August; ducks of all kinds between the 1st of January and the 1st of September. Not more than 100 grouse, prairie chicken, partridge or pheasant may be killed by one person in any one season, nor more than 20 in one day. Night shooting is absolutely prohibited. Neither deer of any kind nor birds may be trapped nor snared or taken by any such contrivance. The use of poison is absolutely prohibited. Beaver and muskrat houses must not be destroyed at any time. The Manitoba Field Trials club is allowed certain special privileges in connection with their annual shoot with regard to game birds. With regard to the eggs of birds protected by this act it is provided that these shall at no time be taken or destroyed. Sale and export of protected animals or birds either dead or alive during the close season or which may have been killed or captured during the close season is prohibited. Deer, prairie chicken and other kinds of grouse may not be sold or exported at any time. Persons not domiciled in Manitoba are required to obtain a license before they are entitled to kill or capture any of the birds or animals protected.

The penalty for infraction of the game protection act is to be a fine of not less than \$10 or more than \$100 with costs, excepting that in the case of non-residents, the minimum fine shall be \$25 and costs. In case of default in payment of such fines, imprisonment for not more than a month shall be the punishment. The prosecutor is to have the amount of the fine excepting when the magistrate has reason to suspect collusion with the accused when the fine may

be ordered to be paid to the provincial treasurer.

It will be seen from this, that the new act is in all important respects a renewal of the provisions of the old one. The terms of the act have been simplified to some extent. Probably the only serious objection to the new law is that it still leaves a doubt as to the legality of the traffic carried on by fur buyers in Winnipeg in beaver and other skins which have been taken outside of the province of Manitoba. It is well known that there are a great many of these pelts, especially beaver, handled annually by Winnipeg traders, these being shipped in to them by trappers at remote points both east and northwest, and until last winter no attempt was made on the part of Manitoba authorities to interfere with that trade. A seizure of beaver skins was, however, made last winter and the trade warned thereby that the government considered the local act operative to prevent interprovincial traffic. Since that time some dealers here have been shipping back all beaver skins to their owners with instructions not to send any more to this market. It was expected that the new act would be so framed as to make this point clear, but apparently it has been overlooked.

A WORD OF CAUTION.

The trading community of Manitoba are passing through a period of uncertainty such as has never been experienced in the history of the west, and there are some things which might be profitably said just now as to the best course to pursue in the management of trading concerns. The feeling among closest students of the business situation seems to be that this is a good time to go slow. There are those who tell us that everything is alright, that there is no occasion for curtailment in any direction, that the crops are good and grain prices are going to be better than last year, but this view of the situation is not shared by all or even a majority of business men, and there are many who go a long way towards the other extreme. It really matters very little which view prevails so long as one thing is kept in mind, and that is that there is nothing in the business outlook just at present to warrant anything but the most careful trading. The crops are going to be very light and from all appearances will sell very little, if any better than a year ago, while on the other hand there is a great deal of debt hanging over the mercantile world and no immediate prospects of payment. It is hardly to be expected that the banks will materially enlarge the amount of money they will lend on mercantile security and without that the jobbing trade will not be in a position to increase to any extent the limit to which they allow retail customers to go. In fact the policy of the banks

in the past has always been to curtail the accommodation allowed customers in poor years, and there is not the least reason to believe that they will adopt any different course this year. This practically means that future business must be done on a cash basis. It should, therefore, be good policy for the country merchants to act very cautiously in extending credit and to make it their business to follow up collections very closely and practice economy in every way they can until money is somewhat easier. That a great many accounts will have to be carried there is no reason to doubt, and no deserving request for extension of time should be refused, but in many cases a little judicious pressure will secure payment of an account with money which might otherwise have been invested in some unnecessary way. It is a wise view to take of extensions that each time they are made the security becomes so much weaker.

As a general rule cancellations are not looked upon as a good thing by the trade and the fewer there have to be the better, but in an exceptional year such as this the retail merchant who has the courage and good sense to cancel an order or part of one which he thinks he cannot safely take delivery of improves the good opinion in which he is held by his wholesaler and likewise his credit generally. Many of the leading country merchants throughout the west have already cut down their orders for fall and winter goods and more will no doubt follow, with the general result that the cautious retail merchants will be relieved from a burden of debt which they can ill afford to carry, if as seems more than likely, the fall and winter demand should be light. Those merchants who have not taken any steps as yet towards a re-adjustment of their accounts and orders with the wholesale trade will find it advisable to do so before the season becomes too far advanced.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

Thursday next being civic holiday, no work will be done by printers on this paper and advertisers are therefore reminded that to ensure proper attention their advertisement changes should be in by Wednesday noon.

Last Tuesday the special agent of the Winnipeg Early Closing Association had a number of retailers up at police court for infringement of the by-law. These were Gilbert Fowler, Frank Druxerman, G. Frankfurter and M. Weldman.

The applications for the right-of-way of the two companies chartered to build electric lines from Winnipeg to West Selkirk, was brought up at a meeting of St. Andrew's municipality last Saturday and both refused until money was placed in a bank and other proof given that the companies were in a financial condition to carry on the work.



THE MOST CONTENTED SMOKERS

Are unable to find any fault with it.
It is a free, easy smoke, made from
choice Havana tobacco and Suniata wrap-
per.

Doing business dally everywhere.

WESTERN CIGAR FACTORY
713-723 Main Street, WINNIPEG

THOS. LEE, Proprietor.

DON'T BE DUPED

There have been placed upon the market
several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition
of "Webster's Dictionary." They are being
offered under various names at a low price

By

dry goods dealers, grocers, agents, etc., and
in a few instances as a premium for subscrip-
tions to papers.

Announcements of these comparatively

Worthless

reprints are very misleading; for instance,
they are advertised to be the substantial
equivalent of a higher-priced book, when in
reality, so far as we know and believe, they
are all, from A to Z,

Reprint Dictionaries,

phototype copies of a book of over fifty
years ago, which in its day was sold for about
\$5.00, and which was much superior in paper,
print, and binding to these imitations, being
then a work of some merit instead of one

Long Since Obsolete.

The supplement of 10,000 so-called "new
words," which some of these books are adver-
tised to contain, was compiled by a gentle-
man who died over forty years ago, and was
published before his death. Other minor
additions are probably of more or less value.

The Webster's Unabridged Dictionary pub-
lished by our house is the only meritorious
one of that name familiar to this generation.
It contains over 2000 pages, with illustra-
tions on nearly every page, and bears our
imprint on the title page. It is protected by
copyright from cheap imitation.

Valuable as this work is, we have at vast
expense published a thoroughly revised
successor, known throughout the world as
Webster's International Dictionary.
As a dictionary lasts a lifetime you should

Get the Best.

Illustrated pamphlet free. Address
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LEADING COMMERCIAL HOTELS

DRYDEN, ONT.

DRYDEN HOTEL

A. R. HUTCHINSON, Prop.

Headquarters for commercial and min-
ing men and the general public.

PORT ARTHUR

HOTEL NORTHERN

J. A. McDOUGALL, Mgr.

First-class. Free sample rooms. Seventy
rooms. Steam heated. Rates \$2 per day.

WINNIPEG

HOTEL LELAND

Headquarters for commercial men.
CITY HALL SQUARE.

RAT PORTAGE

HILLIARD HOUSE

LOUIS HILLIARD, Prop.

First-class accommodation for commer-
cial men.

SELKIRK

CANADA PACIFIC HOTEL

J. H. MONTGOMERY, Prop.

Best accommodation for commercial
travellers.

RAPID CITY

QUEEN'S HOTEL

THOS. EVOY, PROP.

Headquarters for commercial travellers.
Free bus meets all trains.

TREHERNE

LELAND HOTEL

G. F. McBAIN, Prop.

First-class accommodation for Commer-
cial Travellers, etc.

CRYSTAL CITY

THE MANITOBA HOTEL.

SMITH BROS., Props.

Refitted and refurbished throughout.
Commodious sample rooms. Everything
first-class.

MACGREGOR, MAN.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

E. WATSON, Prop.

First class accommodation for travellers.
Commodious sample rooms. Livery and
feed stable in connection. All kinds of
teaming attended to.

OAK LAKE

HOTEL MANITOBA

GEO. WRIGHT, Prop.

Newly remodelled and heated by hot air.
Commercial headquarters. First class
sample rooms.

ELKHORN

HOTEL MANITOBA

W. J. DIXON, Prop.

New building. New furnishings. Fur-
nace heating. Acetylene gas. First-class.
Large sample rooms.

PLEASANT

WINDSOR HOTEL

W. GEO. CLEVERLY, Prop

New management. Rates \$1.25. Reno-
vated and refurbished. Commodious sam-
ple rooms. Heated by hot air. Livery
and feed stable in connection. Inside
closet.

WAPELLE

HOTEL MUNDELL

STUART MUNDELL, Prop.

Good sample rooms. Hot air heating.

WHITEWOOD

WOODBINE HOTEL

R. MAY, Prop.

First-class accommodation for travelling
public. Good sample rooms.

FORT QU'APPELLE

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel

J. ZINKAN, Manager.

Good accommodation for travelling pub-
lic. Sample rooms.

PRINCE ALBERT

PRINCE ALBERT HOTEL

DAVID POLLOCK, Prop.

First-class accommodation. Good sam-
ple rooms for commercial men. Bus
meets all trains.

ROSTHERN

QUEEN'S HOTEL

CAZES & FOIRIER, Props.

Every accommodation for commercial
travellers.

MOOSE JAW

THE MAPLE LEAF HOTEL

EDW. C. MATHEWS, Prop.

Heated by steam. Lighted with acety-
lene gas. Hot and cold baths. Barber
shop in connection. Commercial trunks
moved from and to station free. Rates \$2
per day, including sample room.

MEDICINE HAT

ASSINIBOIA HOTEL

H. H. ROSS, Prop.

Commercial headquarters. Commodious
sample rooms. Newly furnished bath-
rooms. Rates \$2.50 per day.

STRATHCONA

HOTEL EDMONTON

W. H. SHEPPARD, Prop.

First-class. Opposite depot.

EDMONTON

ALBERTA HOTEL

JACKSON & GRIERSON, Proprietors.

Sample rooms. Free bus. Livery in
connection.

MACLEOD

MACLEOD HOTEL

R. S. IRWIN, Prop.

Good sample rooms and every accommo-
dation for commercial travellers and the
general public. Rates \$2.00 per day. Bus
to and from all trains.

PINCHER CREEK

BRICK HOTEL

MITCHELL & DOBBIE, Proprietors.

First-class in every respect. Good ac-
commodation for commercial men.

CRANBROOK, B. C.

CRANBROOK HOTEL

JAS. RYAN, Prop.

Large and convenient sample rooms and
good accommodation for commercial men.
Rates \$2.00 a day.

FORT STEELE, B. C.

HOTEL WINDSOR

Headquarters for commercial and min-
ing men. All modern conveniences. Large
sample rooms for commercial men.

MOYIE, B. C.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL

DESAULNIER & BATLEY, Props.

Headquarters for commercial and min-
ing men. Sample rooms. Rates \$2 per day.

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

HOTEL VICTORIA

JOHN V. PERKS, Prop.

Large and well lighted sample rooms.
Hot air and electric bells and light in
every room. Night Grill Room in connec-
tion for the convenience of guests arriv-
ing and departing by night trains.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

HOTEL COLONIAL

J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor.

Special attention given to commercial
travellers. Charges moderate.

NANAIMO, B. C.

HOTEL WILSON

GEO. R. RAYMOND, Proprietor.

Headquarters for commercial travellers.
Well lighted sample rooms.
Booking office Alberni Stage.

THE COMMERCIAL IN N. W. ONTARIO.

RAT PORTAGE TO MINE CENTRE.

Among the many excursion trips around Rat Portage, the one to Fort Francis and Mine Centre is the most enjoyable, and it would be hard to find anywhere a pleasanter way of spending a short vacation. It has become an especially attractive trip since the Rainy River Navigation Co. put on their fine steamer the Keenora, on the Fort Francis portion of the route. Unfortunately, the trip is shortened this year, as, on account of low water, it is impossible to take the Keenora above the rapids and smaller boats have to be used beyond Boucherville, but to some who have only a limited time at their disposal, this will be considered an advantage, as it takes in the fine fall on the Lake of the Woods, and about half of the river course, thus giving a general idea of the physical features of

forms for its entire length the boundary line between Canada and the United States, or more particularly between the province of Ontario and the state of Minnesota.

The Canadian side is well settled and the numerous farm houses, surrounded by clearings, in which are seen fine crops of grain and vegetables, are a marked and pleasing contrast to the almost unbroken forest line of pine, tamarac, cedar, etc., on the south side. A short distance above Boucherville, the first rapids, known as the Long Sault, are reached, the Manitou rapids being a few miles further up. The running of these rapids is watched by all with great interest, heightened in some cases, possibly, by a little anxious fear.

The steamer makes numerous calls along the river, although there are as

making, with the surrounding landscape, a most inviting picture. Nearly a quarter of a century ago the Canadian government commenced the construction of locks at this point, but after cutting a canal through the rock and putting in part of the wood structure work was abandoned, upon a change of government, and they now serve only as an additional attraction to the sightseer. From the Hudson's Bay Co.'s store a particularly fine view can be had both up and down stream.

The Hudson's Bay and the Northwest Trading Companies, established posts here in the early part of the present century, but it is only twenty or twenty-five years ago that the growth of the town commenced. Fort Francis has been supported in the past almost entirely by the lumbering carried on in the district, but with the opening up of the mining industry, together with the increased numbers of farmers who are each year settling in its locality, its sources of revenue are being greatly extended. It has now a population of nearly three hundred, with three general stores, owned by the Hudson's Bay Co., H. Williams and Saunders & Co., a grocery store belonging to S. C.



Mine Centre, Ont.

the country. To those who are not afraid of "roughing it," a little the balance of the trip would also be found to be most enjoyable.

Leaving Rat Portage at 9 p. m. the traveller sails all night across the Lake of the Woods, arriving at daybreak at the mouth of Rainy river. This body of water has been well named the Lake of the Woods as no matter in what direction the eye is turned it is met by forest covered land rising out of the water. There are thousands of wooded islands, of all sizes and shapes, scattered throughout this lake presenting so many beautiful views that it would be impossible, even for the most unappreciative person not to enjoy a sail among them. On the return trip the lake is crossed during daylight, giving to the tourist an opportunity of seeing probably the most picturesque lake scenery in America. The trip up Rainy river occupying the day, is full of interest and enjoyment. This river is about 80 miles long and

yet only a few places besides Fort Francis that can be regarded as villages. These are Boucherville, Barwick, Emo and Big Forks, at each of which there are one or more stores. Emo is quite the largest of these, containing three general and a hardware store. This place has good prospects of becoming an important business centre, as the railway will touch at this point, thus doing away with the possibility of there being two towns close together. Boucher, Langstaff and Holmes, who have been carrying on a general store business here and at Boucherville for a number of years, have dissolved partnership, C. R. Langstaff taking over the Emo business, and E. J. Boucher that at Boucherville.

Fort Francis is situated at Koochiching falls, only a short distance from the head of Rainy river, the site chosen being a happy selection, as it is one of the most charming spots imaginable. The river here rushes over a succession of wild rapids and falls

Smith, bakery and confectionery, W. G. Breckon; two tinshops, W. G. Johnson and J. L. Wells, both started this year; meat market, L. Christie; M. E. Neads, druggist; a branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, etc.

During the last four or five years a good immigration has been coming into this section and the greater part of the land along the river has been taken up and is now being farmed and in many sections these settlements extend for miles back. Notwithstanding the difficulty of clearing the land, good progress is also being made in this respect. Four years ago the clearings were very small indeed, the most of them being not much more than garden plots, but these have now been so extended that all along the river large fields of grain are seen. Many of the settlers have erected very neat and comfortable looking houses but they all seem to be filled with a passion for chopping down the trees and it is only in rare cases that any have been left standing



Benson's Prepared Corn

Canada Corn Starch

Edwardsburg Silver Gloss

Canada Laundry

No. 1 White

Rice Starch

Easy to Sell Because Well Known.

PROFITABLE GOODS TO HANDLE

FOR SALE BY ALL WINNIPEG WHOLESALE GROCERS.

E. NICHOLSON, 115 Bannatyne Street East, WINNIPEG, MAN.
WHOLESALE AGENT.

What About Plug Tobacco?

Brands which will give your customers every satisfaction
 and allow you a reasonable profit for handling are—

CHEWING PLUG— BLACK BASS CARMEL (Bright) SMILAX (American style)
SMOKING PLUG— VIRGIN GOLD BULL'S EYE

These tobaccos are good and will hold and make
 new trade. Ask your wholesaler for them.

See Price List, page 1572.
 For Sale by all wholesale grocers.

DOMINION TOBACCO COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS, MONTREAL

E. NICHOLSON, WINNIPEG AGENT.

around the houses. There are three saw mills along the river which supply the necessary lumber for these buildings although many of the places are, of course, only log cabins. The country along the Rainy river on the Canadian side for a distance of fifteen or twenty miles back, and comprising about 600,000 acres, appears to be very well adapted for farming purposes, being either a rich black clay or clay and sandy loam. It is very heavily timbered, excepting in some places where it has been burnt over, requiring both time and great labor to get it into shape for cultivation,

here have turned out very satisfactorily, such as the Golden Star, Olive, Foley, etc. The Golden Star is equipped with a 10-stamp mill and had ordered an additional 10-stamps, but this cannot now be placed at the mine until next year. This mine has been working for three years and has so far paid a good dividend.

The Manhattan has one shaft down 350 feet and has a vein 26 feet in width.

The Foley has a 20-stamp mill. This was the first mine in this district to send out any bullion.

of drifting, which has given very satisfactory showings.

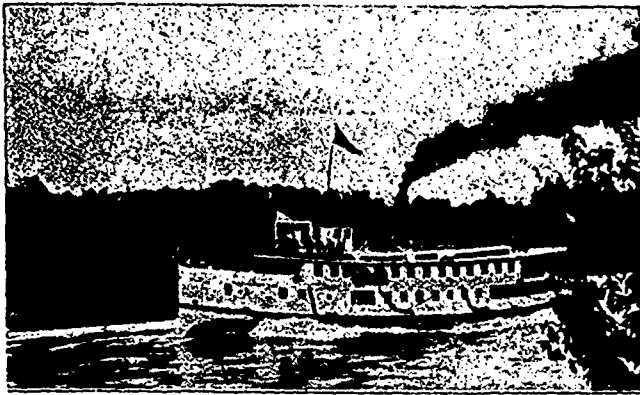
We have not attempted to give any lengthy description of any of the properties in this district. The work done so far has, with few exceptions, been entirely opening up of the properties with a view to securing outside capital to work them further. The mining interests are still in their infancy here and have been greatly retarded owing to a lack of capital, which is a common drawback to new mining sections. Sufficient work has been done, however, to show that there are a great many valuable mineral deposits and it is only a matter of time until the necessary funds with which to work them will be forthcoming.

Commercial Legislation.

The late session of the Manitoba legislature was prolific of legislation, amending and creating laws relating to a great many questions affecting the interests of the people of this province. Many of the new enactments affect commercial interests to a greater or less extent.

Among the most important of these is "An Act to amend the Assignment Act." This is intended to have the effect of voiding preferences given by debtors to a favored creditor. In case of assignment or any other action within sixty days of such preference being given the preference shall be null and void notwithstanding any plea of pressure.

Another important act is that for the protection of game. This is reviewed separately elsewhere in this issue. An Act respecting Hotel and Boarding House Keepers gives these the right to detain and sell after a certain period, the trunks, valises and personal clothing of any person who may be indebted for board or lodgings, but not for liquors. Sale of such effects must be advertised for at least one week before and the proceeds over and above satisfaction of the debt and expenses connected therewith must be handed over to the county clerk by him to be kept one year and then if not claimed by person whose goods were sold by that time to be paid in-



Steamer Keenora Jumping the Sault Rapids, Rainy River.

but the soil is rich and produces good yields, both of grain and vegetables. With the completion of the railway now under construction through this district, it is expected that the country will settle up much more rapidly than it has done in the past.

All through this region the sportman will find abundant opportunity for exercising his skill with the rod and gun, as the rivers and lakes are filled with fish and in the forests both large and small game abound, moose, deer, bear, etc., being frequently seen.

Beyond Fort Francis the nature of the country changes, becoming rough and rocky, and instead of farming land, we find here a mining region which has been receiving considerable attention of recent years from mining men. This portion of the trip is quite as interesting as the first part. A short distance above Fort Francis Rainy lake is entered, two rapids at the mouth of the river having first to be run. This lake differs from the Lake of the Woods in that it contains fewer islands and has longer and wider stretches of water. Crossing this we entered Seine river, which in turn brings us into Shoal lake on the shores of which Mine Centre is built. The site of this town reminds one very much of some of the British Columbia mining camps, as it is built on a very uneven and rocky shore. There is no farming done around here, although there is some good arable land about six miles back along Turtle river, which will, no doubt, some day be cultivated. This is purely a mining camp, and as such has prospects of becoming a good business point, although a change of site may be necessary on completion of the railway. Some very busy times have been witnessed here during the last two or three years but business has been very quiet this year owing to the difficulty, on account of low water, of bringing in machinery and other requisites for working the mines and in shipping out of the ores.

A number of miles around

The Olive has a 25-stamp mill. The most of the work done on this property so far has been on a narrow vein of high grade ore, but they have a dyke of from 100 to 1,000 feet in width of low grade ore which, with additional machinery, could be worked with profit. On this same dyke are the Swede, Alice A, Gold Bug and Emma Abbott claims.

On the Randolph a shaft has been sunk 250 feet and cross cutting has been done at this depth. They have so far got good values on the vein worked.



Koochiching Falls, Fort Francis.

The Lucky Coon, the first property to be worked in this country, has four well defined veins, but it is not being worked at present. On the Golden Crescent, on the same vein, a shaft has been sunk about 250 feet and about 130 feet of drifting done. This property has shown up well but more capital is required to work it.

Development work is being done on the Mayflower, consisting so far of about 90 feet of sinking and 50 feet

to the provincial treasurer. Hotel-keepers by this act are made liable for the goods of guests where such property shall have been lost through their neglect. Persons obtaining food, lodging or other accommodation from a hotel or lodging house with the intention of defrauding the owner shall upon conviction be liable to a fine of not more than \$50 or imprisonment for not more than 10 days. All the exemptions provided in the "The Exe-

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Oak Lake

Anchor
Brand" **Flours**

FROM NO. 1 HARD WHEAT.

Bran, Shorts and all kinds of
Chopped Feed and Grain.

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Mills & HicksImporters of and Wholesale
Dealers inTeas, Roasted and Ground Coffees
Jams Etc.Packers of Britannia, Beaver and Buffalo
Blend of Packet Teas and Sole Agents
for Thos. Lipton's Package Teas for Mani-
toba, N. W. Territories and British Co-
lumbia.

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W. R. JOHNSTON & Co.

(Late Livingston, Johnston & Co.)

Wholesale Manufacturers

READY MADE

CLOTHING

Corner Bay and Front Streets, Toronto

Western Representatives: A. W. Lasher,
W. W. Armstrong.**Refined Ale**

"THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE."

A light, mild Ale, bright and sparkling
to the last. No sediment. Bottled and
draught.**EDWARD L. DREWRY**MANUFACTURER
AND IMPORTER

WINNIPEG

Place "For Sale" or "Want" ads. in
The Commercial. It reaches nearly all
business people between Lake Superior
and the Pacific coast.**Jubilee Brand
Condensed Milk**

TRY IT IN YOUR COFFEE

Better than fresh Milk and equal to Cream
A boon to the Miner and Camper**THE MANITOBA DAIRY COMPANY LIMITED.**HEAD OFFICE:
WINNIPEG.FACTORY:
LA ROCHELLE, MAN.**DICK,
BANNING
& CO'Y**

WINNIPEG

Red Oak, 1 in. and 2 in.
White Oak, 1 to 4 in.
Maple Flooring, 2 & 3 in.
Birch Flooring, 2 in.**NOTICE.**Running again. Call and see our
mill machinery and stock.**ROYAL PLANING MILL**Market Street East
Below City Hall.**G. W. MURRAY.****Rolled Oats.**If you want a good clean and sweet ar-
ticle, manufactured from the very best
grade of milling oats, ask your grocer for
those manufactured by and branded**METCALFE & SON,**

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE

The John L. Cassidy Co

LIMITED

339 and 341 St. Paul St., MONTREAL

Importers of **China, Glass and
Earthenware, Etc., Etc.**Communications addressed to A. C.
Beach, their western representative, at
the Leland House, Winnipeg, or to Geo.
L. Mitchell, local representative for Mani-
toba, 246 Princess street, Winnipeg, will
receive prompt attention.C. R. King, Victoria, is our local rep-
resentative for British Columbia.**The Jobin-Marrin Co.**WHOLESALE GROCERS and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS**JUST IN**Full line of Cross & Blackwell's pickles,
jams, vinegars, marmalades, etc. Order
now.Country produce handled at lowest
rates of commission.

Market Street East, - Winnipeg

**ACTINA****THE DRUGLESS CURE FOR
ALL DISEASES OF THE EYE.**ACTINA is a perfect electric
pocket battery, and by its use
the blind see, the deaf hear and
cataract is impossible.For the cure of Cataracts,
Pterygiums, Common Sore
Eyes, Weakened Vision, Etc.,
there is nothing that gives such
sure and lasting relief as Actina.Colds, Catarrh, Asthma,
Neuralgia, Weak Lungs, etc.,
are cured by Actina.It cures without the use of
drugs or the surgeon's knife."The Eye and Its Diseases,"
a valuable book telling of all
troubles curable by Actina, is
free upon request.**KARL K. ALBERT**
268 McDERMOTT AVE.

cutious Act" are waived for the purpose of this enactment.

One of the most important acts of the session in some respects is that relating to the Mortgage and Sale of Personal Property. This act provides that every sale of goods and chattels hereafter made in the province of Manitoba, not accompanied by immediate delivery followed by an actual and continued change of possession of the goods and chattels sold shall be in writing and such writing shall be a conveyance under the provisions of this act and shall be accompanied by an affidavit that the sale is bona fide and not for the purpose of holding or enabling the bargainee to hold goods mentioned therein against the creditors of the bargainor and this conveyance must be registered within fifteen days from its execution otherwise the sale shall

after the time of filing as required by this act. All goods mortgaged under this act must be so described that they can be easily identified. Every assignment of any instrument under this act must be registered within 15 days. Every mortgage registered in pursuance of this act shall cease to be valid after two years, but may be registered again within thirty days, and in like manner it may be renewed at the end of each succeeding two years. Under the provisions of this act growing crops may not be mortgaged, excepting as security for the purchase price and interest thereon of said grain. Seed grain mortgages are created a preferred claim against growing crops.

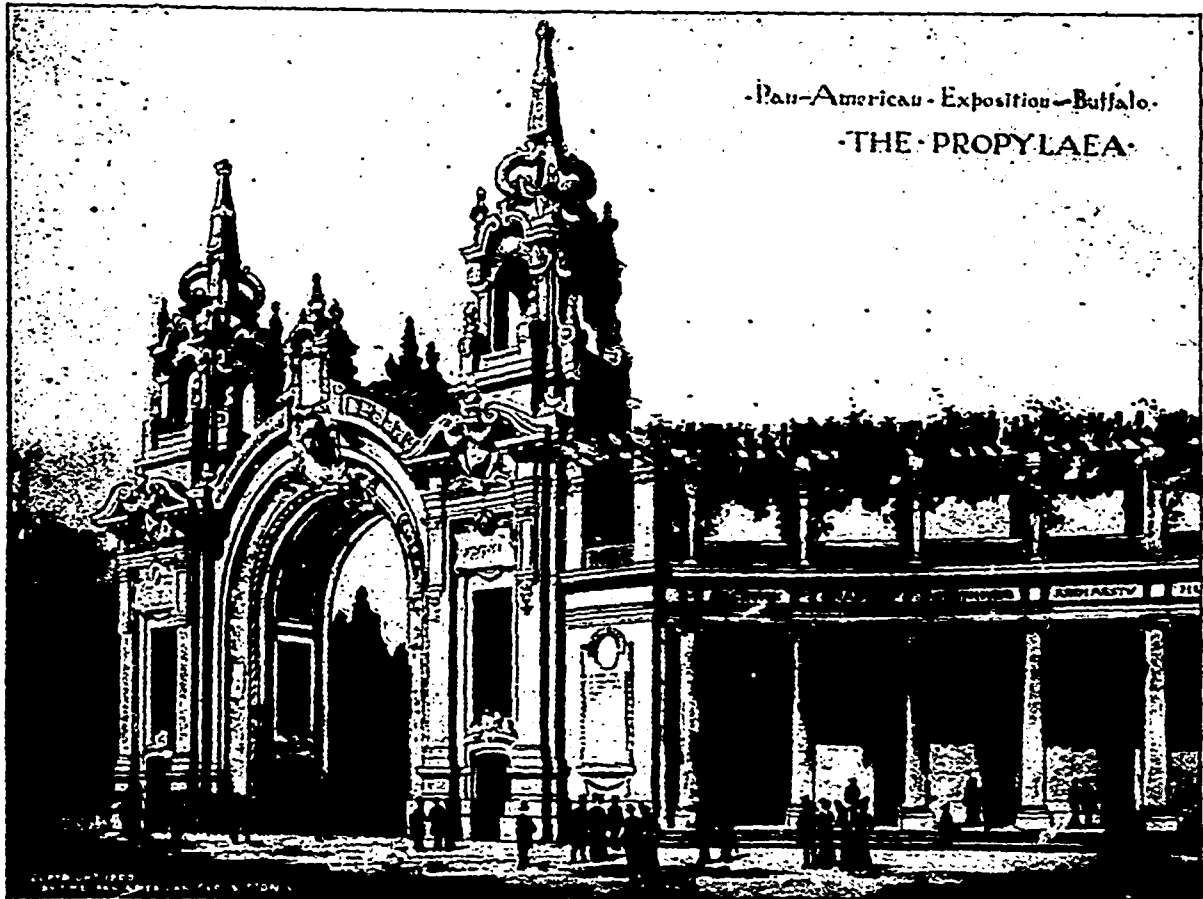
Under the head "An Act to Amend the Municipal Act," a number of new provisions are made with regard to various towns and municipalities

The act was also further amended so as to include barber shops.

"An Act to provide for giving Threshers a Lien in Certain Cases" is another important piece of legislation. This provides that persons employed as threshers may obtain a lien upon all earnings of the threshing machines upon which they are employed to secure monies due for wages providing notice is given to the person from whom such earnings are due within forty-eight hours after removal of machine.

Pan-American Exposition.

The Propylaea at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo in 1901, will mark the northern boundary of the Plaza and the extreme northern limit of the Grand Court. The elaborate



The Propylaea, Buffalo Exposition.

be null and void, as against the creditors of the bargainor. Section five of this act provides further that every mortgage or conveyance intended to act as a mortgage of goods and chattels made for the purpose of securing monies due or accruing due must be registered within 15 days from execution and accompanied by an affidavit stating that the mortgagor is truly indebted for the amount named and that the mortgage has not been given for the purpose of preventing other creditors from obtaining satisfaction, otherwise it will be null and void. Mortgages given to secure future advances for the purpose of enabling the borrower to carry on business must also be registered within 15 days. Agreements made under this act may only take effect, except as between the parties thereto from and

within the limits of the province. Under this act the rate of business tax to be levied in Winnipeg is limited to two per cent. The city of Brandon is granted authority to issue debentures for \$21,000 for the purpose of paying arrears of interest on debentures and all other existing indebtedness which is due and unpaid. The section of this act relating to the rules of the road has already been referred to pretty fully in these columns.

Two acts were passed making changes in the Municipal Assessment Act.

The Shops Regulations Act providing for the compulsory closing of stores at certain hours was amended so to authorize municipalities to enforce the closing of stores and auction rooms at 6 p. m.

and beautiful architectural ornament will serve the purpose of a colossal screen, shutting out from the Exposition the noisy and smoky reminders of the toil and care of every-day life. The Propylaea is a magnificent creation, treated with fine artistic skill. The combined work is 500 feet long, consisting of two massive arched entrances or gateways at the extreme eastern and western ends of a long, gracefully curved colonnade. These gateways are 36 feet wide and 54 feet high. Two open towers surmount the sides of each arch, and above the 20 tall Ionic columns that form the colonnade is a pergola or arbor over which growing vines will wind their delicate tracery of green. Behind the colonnade will be the railway station reached by a broad promenade. In the spaces between the

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great columns statues will be placed, showing their outlines distinctly against a background of color.

The electric street railway cars as well as the steam roads will unload many of their passengers at the station opposite the Propylaea which is reached from the tracks by a spacious subway. The visitor will thus enter the grounds through the high arches on either hand of the Propylaea and obtain at once one of the grand views of the great group of Exposition buildings. On the right and left of the Propylaea are the Midway and the Stadium in front the Electric Tower and sunken gardens and Court of the Fountains; the Electricity building and the Agricultural hall are on either side; farther along the Machinery and Transportation building and that of Manufacturers and Liberal Arts; and in the distance the Temple of Music and Ethnology building. The visitor thus plunges at once into the midst of the Exposition.

Manitoba Government Crop Report.

The August crop bulletin was issued by the local government on Monday. It shows that 348,819 acres of the wheat crop; 143,842 acres sown to oats, and 23,414 acres sown to barley have been badly damaged and in the majority of cases entirely destroyed by the drought, high winds and other causes. There still remains 1,457,396 acres under wheat crop which will give an estimated yield of 7.5 bushels or a total yield of 10,938,613 bushels for the province. This will make the yield about one-third of the usual quantity. The bulletin is as follows.

Contrast With June.

In the June bulletin it was noted that the province generally was suffering for want of rain, but that it was too early to predict what the harvest would be. The dry season continued for the remainder of the month until it was admitted that a short crop only could be expected. Farmers became exceedingly anxious regarding fodder for stock the coming winter. Every available permit for cutting hay was taken. In some districts as far as 25 miles distant from homes. At the sale of school lands many sections that could only be considered hay lands were eagerly purchased by actual settlers on account of the hay on the same. At the end of June many fields of oats and barley, sown in May and the first part of June, were still bare, as seed had never germinated. Wheat fields that had made a good showing a month or six weeks previously had now only two or three stalks in the stool, and these though short were in the shot blade or headed out. Copious rains fell during the first week in July and a rapid growing time followed. Farmers were relieved regarding the question of fodder for a sufficient supply of straw from oat and barley fields was practically assured.

Wheat Fields.

The condition of the wheat fields and the estimated yield per acre have been subjects of much comment from the time of the rainfall to the present date. Even to-day it is only an estimate that can be made. The rain gave a wonderful impetus to plant life. Every seed near the surface of the soil germinated, fields became green with grain and weeds, but it was impossible to make the two and a half or three months wheat plants wait for the new growth. The result is that to-day the early crop is almost ripe, some is being cut, and the new growth becomes fodder. The

last two weeks being dry and hot have hastened the ripening of wheat. What the result may be can only be decided at threshing time. It will be seen that a considerable acreage of the crop has been plowed down as the crop would not pay for harvesting. Farmers realize that a good summer fallow for next year's crop is better than harvesting four or five bushels to the acre and having only stubble, fall plowed for next year's crop.

Lessons at Experimental Farm.

A practical illustration of the condition of our wheat fields may be seen at the Experimental farm, Brandon. Superintendent Bedford gives the lesson in a few words. Three plots side by side sown with wheat. The first he calls bad farming—last year's wheat stubble plowed this spring, wheat six to eight inches high, small heads, crop practically drying up, no good. This is a type of the fields that have been plowed down by farmers. The second plot—indifferent farming—fairly good soil, fall plowed, grain twelve to fifteen inches high, not much good, may be worth cutting. The third plot—summer-fallowed in good order, everything well done, crop good, two and a half to three feet high, promises 20 to 25 bushels to the acre. There are many good fields of wheat in all parts of the province that show the result of good farming. It is from such fields that samples are invariably taken upon which estimates were made that a 50 per cent. or 60 per cent. crop would be reaped. The figures given in this bulletin are compiled from answers given by the usual crop correspondents, practical farmers in all districts of the province and the department believes that their estimate on the crop, as a whole, is reliable.

General Remarks.

Some of the objects in publishing crop bulletins are to advertise the wants of the farmer regarding farm help required, to guide banking institutions and grain men in providing funds for handling the grain as well as to engage men to manage elevators, to guide railway companies in supplying rolling stock to move the crop promptly, and to encourage immigration to the province by showing what the farmers in Manitoba are doing and can do. The government endeavors to give accurate reports and by the practical assistance of over 400 crop correspondents located in all parts of the province has been able to do so in the past.

Manitoba can stand that the truth be told about its crops. A partial crop failure in twenty years will discourage no one. Everybody admits that this is an exceptional year, the driest experienced since the province was settled. Of the 36,000 farmers in the province to-day about one-third have money banked or last year's wheat in granary or elevators. There is now in Fort William elevators over one and a quarter million bushels of last year's wheat, the warehouse receipts for one million bushels of which are held by individual farmers throughout the province, who can afford to hold it. Then about one-third of the farmers are about even with the world and can pull through for another year without much difficulty. The last one third may be said to be down for the present as they are indebted to loan companies, machinemen or storekeepers. These farmers will in a few years be free from debt if they are given a chance the present year. These are the men regarding whom the minister of agriculture in a recent interview on the crop prospects said, "There is no use dis-

guising the fact as it only works harm to many farmers who will have to ask their creditors to wait for another year. If these creditors understand the true position of affairs they will not be so imperative in their demands."

The province has for several years been engaging more and more in raising stock and it is now laying the foundation of success more surely than in the past, when it depended on wheat alone. No better index of this success could be desired than the exhibits of live stock—horses, cattle, sheep, swine, and poultry—at the late Winnipeg and Brandon exhibitions. The prosperity of the province is assured even although the wheat crop may be light this year.

Harvest Hands Required.

Northwest district..	270
Southwest district..	753
North central district	450
South central district	340
East district	110

Although the crop is light this season, correspondents estimate that 1,925 men have to be engaged to assist in harvesting the crop. The majority of correspondents say that no men are wanted. It is a difficult matter, therefore, for the department to advise what is best to be done. It is too late to ask the question, "How many men in your township will seek work elsewhere?" It is believed that there are a sufficient number of men now in the province to do all harvest work. Work in towns and villages is slack at present, and many men will be glad to have an opportunity of working in harvest fields for a month or six weeks. A number of immigrants have lately arrived who will want work at once, and there is but little railroad construction going on at present. Again, the harvest is commencing early in Southern Manitoba, whereas in the northern part of the province it will be two or three weeks later. The department does not consider it wise, therefore, taking all these facts into consideration, to make any appeal for laborers to come from the east. The usual rate might be offered for an excursion party from Ontario, but no special effort should be made to induce laborers to come.

Noxious Weeds.

Fields were considered very free from weeds until after the rainfall in July. Since that date they are very much in evidence. Individual effort by farmers, cutting, pulling and summer-fallowing, is generally reported. This is really the only successful method that can be pursued in order to eradicate weeds. Municipal councils in most cases are reported diligent in appointing weed inspectors to see that the weeds are destroyed especially on road allowances and vacant, unoccupied fields. Complaint is made by a few correspondents that the work is not yet properly attended to by councils.

Grasshoppers.

The ravages of grasshoppers at one time threatened to be serious. The district infested extended from McGregor to Virden and south to Delcrau and Hartney, and followed the Souris river to Glenboro. Information was given by the department regarding the nature and habits of the locusts and how best to fight them. Farmers promptly acted upon instructions, and by burning the straw, plowing down stubble fields and the use of the hopper dozers, which have been so successfully used in the United States for years, were successful in checking the locusts and saving much of their crops. To complete the work of fighting the hoppers this year

1901 CALENDARS

Every customer now demands a Calendar from the tradesman with whom they deal. Moreover, they want one different from last year's. The up-to-date tradesman must then provide to meet this demand on the part of his customers. He does not want the same thing as every other tradesman in town has. He wants something distinctive and original. This is not provided by the traveller who hawks around the Province a large assortment of stock designs. To get something original and uncommon write for suggestions to the

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It will be necessary for farmers to plow down every acre of stubble in order to destroy the eggs deposited in the summer. If this precaution is taken it is doubtful if locusts will give much trouble next year, especially if we have a usual season with the customary moisture and rainfall.

Correspondents Returns.

The information contained in this bulletin is summarized from reports received from the regular correspondents of the department, made under date of August 1.

The northwestern district comprises the municipalities of Shell River, Bpulton, Russell, Silver Creek, Rossburn, Ellice, Birtle, Shoal Lake, Strathclair, Harrison, Clan William, Archie, Minlota, Hamiota, Blanchard, Saskatchewan, Odanah, Dauphin, Gilbert Plains.

The southwestern, Wallace, Woodworth, Daly, Elton, Cornwallis, Whitehead, Sifton, Pipestone, Glenwood, Oakland, Arthur, Winchester, Morton, Turtle Mountain, Cameron, Whitewater and Riverside.

The north central—Rosedale, Lansdowne, Westbourne, North Cypress, North Norfolk, Langford, Portage la Prairie, St. Francois, Xavier, Woodlands, St. Laurent, Posen and Ochre River.

The south central—South Cypress, South Norfolk, Dufferin, Morris, Montcalm, Rhineland, Stanley, Pembina, Lorne, Louise, Argyle and the west half of Macdonald.

The eastern—Gimli, Rockwood, St. Andrews, St. Clements, St. Paul's, Springfield, Kidonan, St. Boniface, Assiniboia, Tache, Richot, De Salaberry, Hanover, La Broquerie, Franklin, Rosser, and the east half of Macdonald.

Area destroyed by drought and wind:

	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
N. W. District	21,450	12,000	2,500
S. W. District	178,705	92,902	9,500
N. C. District	65,400	16,000	4,500
S. C. District	75,114	22,230	6,664
E. District	8,150	710	250

Total 318,819 143,812 23,414

Deducting this acreage from the acreage sown in the spring, the following tables are prepared:

WHEAT.

	Area in Crop.	Yield per Acre.	Total Yield, Bushels.
N. W. District	162,250	10	1,622,500
S. W. District	607,150	6.8	4,148,484
N. C. District	295,960	7.6	2,255,296
S. C. District	337,126	6.87	2,306,570
E. District	143,040	9.1	1,301,760

Total 1,457,396

This is an average of 6.05 bushels per acre on the original acreage sown—that is, on 1,806,215 acres.

OATS.

	Area in Crop.	Yield per Acre.	Total Yield, Bushels.
N. W. District	162,300	12.5	2,028,750
S. W. District	119,948	19.2	2,302,801
N. C. District	63,200	30	1,896,000
S. C. District	90,010	19.25	1,733,205
E. District	62,650	29.5	1,848,075

Total 423,108 20.3 8,747,168

BARLEY.

	Area in Crop.	Yield per Acre.	Total Yield, Bushels.
N. W. District	16,900	16.5	278,850
S. W. District	29,785	16.5	491,452
N. C. District	27,580	16.2	446,796
S. C. District	32,776	17.5	573,580
E. District	38,070	19.1	727,137

Total 155,111 17.3 2,682,815

FLAX, RYE AND PEAS.

	Area in Crop.	Yield per Acre.	Total Yield, Bushels.
Flax	20,437	10	204,370
Rye	2,480	10	24,800
Peas	780	8	6,240

Acres re-sown for fodder crop:

	Acres.
N. W. District	201
S. W. District	15,525
N. C. District	4,280
S. C. District	4,525
E. District	2,000

Total 26,531

Hay.

Very little hay has yet been cut in any part of the province. From the usual hay lands the yield is estimated at from one quarter of a ton to one ton per acre. From hay lands not cut in the past, now dry, it is expected that from one to two tons per acre will be cut.

Cultivated meadows are light, and will yield only from one-half to three-quarters of a ton per acre.

BREAKING AND SUMMER FALLOWING.

	Breaking.	Summer Fallowing.
	Acres.	Acres.
N. W. District	31,962	42,180
S. W. District	61,155	237,060
N. C. District	12,080	64,000
S. C. District	29,784	89,824
E. District	18,075	14,255

Province 153,056 447,319

Crop Notes.

Dr. McFadden, minister of public works, returned from Emerson on Monday afternoon and reports that the crops in that vicinity are looking well and just nearing proper condition for ripening.

Birds Hill, Aug. 6. — Fine weather still continues, but rain would greatly help the crops and garden produce.

Mr. R. C. Innes, of Neepawa, states the wheat on Beautiful Plains is heading out and looking better than was first anticipated and the yield will average seven to eight bushels. Some fields will go as high as 20 bushels. The heads look well but the straw is short and the results may yet be satisfactory.

Rosewood, Aug. 6. — Wheat in this district is filling well and is changing in color. Unfortunately there will be no talk of heavy grain this fall. Hay making is now the order of the day.

An electric rack-railway, with a gauge of 40 inches, part of the track being raised 9/2 feet above the towing path, is being tested with satisfactory results on the Finow canal between Berlin and Stettin. The boats can be made heavier than those drawn by horses.

A novel idea for sportsmen seems to be of Portuguese origin. An electric lamp is placed on the collar of a hunting dog, and this frightens foxes and badgers from their burrows when the dog enters.

Arsenic obtained eight years ago from the action of ammonia gas on phosphorus was supposed to have been an impurity of the phosphorus. The astonishing announcement is now made by Prof. F. Mitler that arsenic is not an element, but is a nitrous acid compound of phosphorus. It has been produced synthetically from arsenic—was heated with finely powdered ammonium nitrate, the resulting mass being cooled, dissolved in water, and treated with hydrogen sulphide, and the yellow precipitate being then dissolved in ammonium carbonate, and treated with hydrochloric acid. The arsenic sulphide precipitated is recognized by the usual tests.

Tuberculosis caused 12,314 of the 46,788 deaths in Paris in 1899, or more than one-fourth, and three-fifths of all the deaths between the ages of 20 and 40 were due to this cause.

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One of the best bakery and confectionery businesses in the Northwest for sale. Rare opening for a hustler. Capital required, \$1,500.00 to \$2,000.00. Poor health cause of selling. Possession given at once. Write C. O. N., care Commercial, Winnipeg, Man.

For Sale.

A good paying general store business, in a first-class mixed farming district in Northwestern Manitoba, on the M. & N. W. Ry. Stock about \$3,000.00. Store can be purchased or leased for any length of time. Apply to N. O. X., care of The Commercial, Winnipeg.

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Wanted—Position as Miller by a single man, in 75 to 125 barrel mill. 10 years' experience; understand both reel and sifter systems. Address W. W. Peters, Altona, Man.

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In Manitoba—A good paying business, in first-class location on the Pembina branch of the C. P. R., less than 100 miles from Winnipeg, in the well known Mennonite reserve. Stock about \$1,500. Store, stock, good will, etc. Terms made known to applicants. Good reasons for selling. Apply F. & L., care Commercial, Winnipeg.

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Desires an appointment, responsible or otherwise (British Columbia preferred). Thoroughly understands balance sheets, partnerships and departmenting. Moderate salary. Highest references. Apply A. H., box 176, Portage la Prairie.

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Grocery Trade Notes.

Advices from France state that the prospects are good for a large crop of walnuts this year.

Present indications are that the prune crop of California will not be as large as was expected.

New pack lobsters are now arriving in eastern markets, the prices being about 25c per case higher than last year.

Advices from Sicily state that the crop of filberts is estimated to be 20 or 25 per cent larger than that of last year.

China green teas advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c at Toronto last week. The market for new season's China green teas is firm.

Word comes from the Smyrna that the prices for Sultana raisins will be high this year as the crops have been badly damaged.

Japan teas are still firm, new season's bringing 3c above last year's prices in eastern markets, with little business doing.

Most of the apple districts of Ontario report a fair to good crop this season. The Georgian Bay district reports a short yield.

The Toronto retail grocers are throwing off the trading stamp incubus. Commencing the first of the month, they have not had anything to do with the stamp business.

The Edwardsburg Starch Co.'s glucose works at Cardinal, Ont., which were burned last April, are being rapidly rebuilt. The new works will have double the capacity of the old and will have several important improvements.

The boom in prices for raw sugar in the foreign market is apparently at an end for the present as the tone is weaker, owing to the approach of the new crop. This has affected the New York market slightly, but local prices remain unchanged.

Advices from Greece indicate that currants continue to rise in price and that there will not be more than half a crop. Wet weather is doing considerable damage, but aside from this the quality of the new crop will be good as the peronosporos completely destroyed the bunches it attacked, leaving the untouched berries in a healthy condition.

The trouble between the salmon canners and fishermen on the Fraser river has been settled by the canners agreeing to pay 19c per fish for the season. The demand of the fishermen was for 25c a fish, the canners offering 20c when the run was light and 15c when it was heavy. At 19c the cost to the canners for fish required to fill a case of four dozen will be \$2.28, while the canners up north will pay only \$1.20 for the same quantity. The strike lasted about three weeks—nearly half the season—and as the run is rather light the pack will be a small one on the Fraser, but it is expected that the northern canneries will have a fair season. The pack on the United States coast will also be short, so that the outlook for canned salmon is favorable for firm prices.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.**CANADIAN GOODS PROMINENT.**

There was never a season when Canadian goods were in such demand as they are now, both for women's and men's wear. Canadian goods are selling purely on their merits, and they are in many cases pushing out lines of foreign manufacture. They are right up to date. For out-door costumes, sporting suits, golfing, boating and cycling, they are superior to anything in the market. In the

demand for dress goods travellers say in many instances, the domestic fabrics are preferred to the imported lines. Canadian homespuns in hair lines and grey, for skirtings, promise to have a large run. There is little or nothing offering that will make a more attractive skirt than these domestic goods. They are neat and up to date, and as durable as anything offering, and the prices are right. They are made wholly in Canada, even the yarns being made of Canadian wools, and so good is the raw material used in them that an old country manufacturer expressed astonishment that such a good quality of yarn could be used in goods at the price. Oxford homespuns of the old-fashioned style, formerly known in a popular way as Miller's or Canadian greys, are again coming to the front. What is known as hopsacking Oxfords is a particularly fine line for suitings. They are being made up by fashionable tailors into well finished and expensive suits.

These Canadian homespuns have been largely exported for the trade in important outside centres. A well-known firm in New York lately bought 5,000 yards, and a number have been sent to London, England, for use of the tailors there. When they are sold for export in that way it may be taken for granted that they will be strong features in the domestic trade.

It is a fact that some Canadian buyers have gone to the Old Country markets and on their return home have bought liberally of these Canadian homespuns and tweeds, having found nothing abroad that would suit better than the goods of our own manufacture in certain departments of the trade of Canada.

A favorite line among these Canadian goods is a weave with an appearance like a two-tone frieze. It is well adapted for skirts, and is cheap and of excellent quality and very stylish. It is shown in two shades of blue mixture, being a light and dark, in light brown and dark red mixed, navy and cadet, brown and green, red and blue and in grey and blue mixture. In connection with these goods, a gentleman who has just returned from London, where he closely studies the styles, says that he was struck with the small amount of black shown, considering the earlier promise of such a line prevailing owing to the war. Colors, he said, prevailed, and he added: "People who wish to know just what is the proper thing should watch their friends who have gone to London and Paris this summer. They will return with the latest suits, and it will be seen that our Toronto leading retailers who handle these Canadian homespuns could easily clothe all the people in London so far as style goes, with the goods we manufacture in this country.

Some bright pink and lavender shades are shown in Canadian homespuns, which are very fetching. Good blues, all in pastel shades, are being shown, and for winter wear in plain, small checks and stripes. The large checks are not so good. For the autumn the darker shades will not be as dark as in previous seasons, the lighter to bright goods again showing a strong tendency to become prominent.—Globe.

DRY GOODS TRADE NOTES.

A large demand is noticeable for Canadian goods, both in women's and men's wear. In dress goods the domestic are preferred to imported lines, and this is also the case in regard to sporting suits and other out of door costumes. In Canadian homespuns for skirting a large trade is looked for,

and several large shipments have been made to foreign centres.

Linen crashes are scarce in New York, and prices have advanced considerably.

Cotton yarns dropped $\frac{1}{2}$ c at New York last week while woollens show an advance of about ten per cent.

The Leicester hosiery market is reported brisk in all directions and production is generally maintained at its utmost capacity.

According to the latest advices from Chemnitz, the prices of fabric gloves are as firm as they were several months ago, and there is no indication that there will be a decline in the near future.

The shirt waist as an article of male attire figures among the latest fads. While these should certainly be very comfortable during hot weather there need be no serious fears entertained that they will come into general use.

Hardware Trade Notes.

The advance in the price of pig tin this month has been phenomenal, and further advances may be looked for.

A deal is nearing consummation for the taking over by an American syndicate of ten stove factories in Ontario.

The Toronto wholesale dealers are again trying to make some satisfactory arrangement regarding the price of iron pipe.

Canadian refined petroleum has declined $\frac{1}{2}$ c per gallon at Montreal, but an advance in the near future is to be expected.

Pig lead is now quoted higher in Great Britain than it has been for a number of years. The prices there are for Spanish £18 per ton, and £18 5s for English.

Large shipments of steam refined seal oil have been made from Newfoundland to the United States and Great Britain recently, which has developed a firmer feeling on Canadian markets.

The Marshall-Wells Co., who have a branch in Winnipeg, have a large wholesale warehouse under construction in Duluth. The building is designed to carry on the lower floor 1,000 pounds to the square foot and is situated on the water front, and so arranged that goods can be loaded or unloaded directly from vessels and cars.

THE IMPLEMENT TRADE.**MINNEAPOLIS TWINE MARKET.**

Twine trade is brisk in small lots, says the correspondent of Farm Implement News. Telegraph and telephone orders are the rule now for the southern half of this state. It is interesting to note that three telegraph orders from one firm in one day is not a very uncommon thing. Two orders a day from the same retailer is quite common. They are buying only as they see a certainty of selling the twine. The retailers are determined not to get caught at the end of this harvest with any high-priced twine on their hands, if they can get rid of it. However, there will be some twine left in the dealers' hands. Not much of it will have cost the dealers to exceed 9 cents.

The market is about as reported last week. The leading twine concerns are holding to their 9-cent basis, and are doing a reasonably good business at that figure, as they have a certain amount of trade wedded to them. Some other houses are

4 Star Lime Juice

Druggists and Wholesale Dealers would do well to stock up on 4 Star Lime Juice.

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

We have not advanced our price on this article.

The Bole Drug Co

making quotations at 8 cents, while at least one house has gone below that and is reported to have made sales as low as 7½ cents. There is great freedom in making prices, each house being a law unto itself in this regard. But the figures given are the range, with probably more than half the business being done at the 9-cent figure. These figures are for sisal and standard, the only twines that cut any figure now in this market. There are some little bunches of twine swept up for bargain sales, and some lots of twine that are reputed to have gone through a fire, that are being handled by men who have not hitherto done much or anything in twine. They are not quoting below the figure given.

IMPLEMENT TRADE NOTES.

Advice has been received from Warden Platt, of the Kingston penitentiary, that the price of their twine will be from 6 to 9 cents.

Lumber Trade Notes.

Andrew Haslam's lumber mills, Nainaimo, have been enlarged by the addition of machinery for turning out 25,000 shingles per day.

Statistics of the output and regular requirements of Georgia Bay lumber for this year indicate that there will be a shortage of 240,000,000 feet.

A syndicate is being formed in Ottawa with a capital of \$50,000,000 to regulate the lumber market and prevent an over supply of lumber being cut in any one season. J. R. Booth is spoken of for the presidency.

The Mississippi river and its tributaries in the north has fallen so rapidly that it has now reached a point as low as at any time during the

June drouth and saw mill men are getting very anxious about their further supplies of logs.

A new discount has been fixed for doors and mill work at Chicago which shows a reduction from the last list of about 5 per cent.

Dairy Trade Notes.

English importers of Canadian cheese report a very weak and discouraging market and they say that cheese cannot possibly be bought at present Canadian prices and sold at a profit on the other side of the water.

Word has been received at the department of agriculture, Ottawa, from W. A. Mackinnon, who is in charge of the exhibition of Canadian products at the Paris exposition that Canada has been awarded the grand prize for cheese, butter and eggs in cold storage. The cold storage show case and its contents continue to attract great attention from commercial men with a view to the possibility of enlarging the export trade of Canada in all classes of perishable food products.

Bad Butter Shipments.

From our B. C. Correspondent:

Some wholesalers are making serious complaints regarding the condition in which many consignments of butter from Manitoba are reaching Vancouver. "Disgusting" is the only word which conveys any idea of the condition of a large lot of butter received from Manitoba by F. R. Stewart & Company. In the greater part of it blue mould had started, and it had to be rushed out of the warehouse and sold for anything it would bring. It was consigned as creamery butter but

was sacrificed at 12 cents. The butter was wrapped in newspapers and common wrapping paper and placed in squares, greasy round masses and unsightly chunks, in boxes marked "Tar Soap," "Starch," etc. Many of the discolored, shapeless chunks, were covered with well known creamery labels, but had been squeezed out of shape by bad packing. Several tubs of butter were also shown with long rusty nails driven into the side of the tub which had discolored and tainted the butter.

The Commercial correspondent was informed that the lot shown him was worse than usual but that a general complaint was due from all wholesale produce merchants owing to the many wretchedly packed consignments of butter sent to British Columbia from Manitoba. At present butter from far Eastern Canada arrives in much better shape and sells more readily on the whole. All consignments from Manitoba are not included in the complaint. Many shipments of butter from the Prairie Province reach here in fine shape, commands the best prices in the market and sells very fast.

Shipments of live stock from Montreal last week totalled 5,588 head of cattle, 2,143 head of sheep and 151 horses.

The "Salada" Tea Company are applying for incorporation in Canada with a capital of \$400,000, in shares of \$10 each.

The strike among the operatives of the cotton mills at Magog, Quebec, was settled last week and the mills are now working again. The strikers have gained some advantages but the settlement is in the nature of a compromise.

Forestry in the West.

The Canadian forestry exhibit at the Paris exhibition is made up of a very complete representation of the products of the Canadian forests. It forms a part of the British section in the "Palais des Forests," and as a collective exhibit greatly excels that of any other country, both as regards the variety of material shown and the preparation and arrangement of the specimens. The space allotted to Canada in the forestry building was not large—about 1,000 square feet—and it could not be divided in any way that would allow each province to make a separate exhibit as was done at Chicago. It was, therefore, decided by the Canadian commissioners that the exhibit would be a collective one, representing the forest products of the whole Dominion. The various provinces and private individuals and companies throughout Canada were asked to contribute material and the great majority of the specimens exhibited were produced in this way; what was lacking to make the exhibit complete were secured by purchase. Mr. G. M. McGoun, of the geological survey staff, acting under instructions from the Canadian commission, selected the material required for the exhibit and is in charge of it at the exhibition.

Of the 131 Canadian forest trees, 81 are shown in one form or another; those not represented being either of no economic value occurring in such small quantities in Canada that they could not be included in a commercial exhibit. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Ontario, as provinces, contributed nothing. The largest and most complete provincial exhibit came from British Columbia. It includes large sections of the principal trees growing in that province, and nearly 200 pieces of square timber, deals, boards, flooring, wainscoting, etc., as well as tan bark, shingles and other articles of less importance. The section of the Douglass fir sent from that province occupies an important place in the centre of the Canadian exhibit and attracts much attention. It is not quite eight feet in diameter but it is the largest tree section shown at the exposition.

The province of Manitoba sent sections of all the different kinds of trees growing in that province as well as a fine exhibit of railway ties, lumber and pulp wood, quite sufficient to convince any one that there is an abundance of material for construction purposes to be found there.

The material from Quebec consists of thirty panels and five sections of trees furnished by the crown lands department and a similar number of smaller panels, pulp wood and box shooks from the department of agriculture.

The exhibit of the greatest scientific interest is from the geological survey department at Ottawa. It consists of eighty photographs of native Canadian trees framed in their own woods, and fifty-five tree sections with polished faces.

In the arrangement of the various exhibits no attempt has been made to group the specimens with any other object in view than to utilize the available space to the best possible advantage. The high wall which runs for fifty feet along the back of the Canadian section, has been covered with light green cloth upon which is exhibited chair stock from the North American Bent Chair Co., Owen Sound, and wagon and buggy spokes from the factory of John Heard & Sons, of St. Thomas. Along the entire length of this wall, polished

deal deals six feet high are ranged. Some of these were supplied by exhibitors already mentioned, while others came from the British Canadian Timber Manufacturing Co., Kearney, Ont. The W. C. Edwards Co., Ottawa, Ont. Gilmour & Co., Canoe Lake, the Hawkesbury Lumber Co., Hawkesbury, and Henri Menier, Anticosti. These deals as well as all panels and similar exhibits have been polished in Paris.

Permission having been obtained, nearly forty feet of additional wall space has been secured on the back of cases containing private exhibits on the opposite side of the passage by which the Canadian space is reached. On this polished panels and a very fine series of photographs illustrating lumbering operations are shown. The eight pillars supporting the gallery which forms the second storey of the forestry building have been covered with handles of various kinds. Kitchen woodenware and other hardware specialties from the Columbia Handle & Lumber Co., London, Ont., and J. H. Still, St. Thomas, Ont. In addition to the polished handles already referred to, special exhibits are made by the Canadian Office & School Furniture Co., Preston, Ont., and by Carl Zeldler, Toronto, Ont.

The other exhibits of importance are thirteen pieces of squared timber, Dobell, Beckett & Co., of Quebec; cigar boxes and oak flooring, Adam Beck, London, Ont.; parquet flooring, the W. C. Edwards Co., fruit baskets and walnut veneer, J. H. Grant, & Co., Grimsby, Ont.; butchers skewers, John Harrison & Sons, Owen Sound, Ont.; cloth boards and veneers the Patent Cloth Board Co., Parry Sound, Ont.; elm hubs, John Roux, Ste. Theresa, Que.; rustic furniture, Victor Leeland, Ste. Agathe des Monts, Que., and polished sections of walnut grown from seed, by Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere.

Each specimen is labelled, the name of the wood being given in English, French and Latin, the description of the article in English and French. These labels with an abundant supply of literature dealing with the forest products of Canada furnish all the information required by the general public, but more details are asked for by lumber merchants and others interested in the lumber business and to those the addresses of Canadian producers are given, together with the latest prices and such other facts as are necessary. But one thing seems to stand in the way of a very large export of manufactured and semi-manufactured wooden goods from Canada to France and southern Europe—a direct line of steamers from Canada to France.

British Live Stock Markets.

London, Aug. 6.—There was a firmer tone to the market for American cattle and prices were fully $\frac{1}{4}$ c per lb higher than a week ago, owing, no doubt, to the fact that there were no Canadians on the market. Choice States sold at 13c.

Liverpool, Aug. 6.—The feeling in this market was weaker for both Canadian cattle and sheep, and prices show a decline of $\frac{1}{4}$ c since this day week. Choice Canadian cattle sold at $11\frac{1}{4}$ c to 12c, and sheep at 11c.

Ocean Freights.

Ocean freights for grain are very firm at 2s $4\frac{1}{2}$ d to 2s 6d Liverpool; 2s 9d to 3s London; 2s 6d Glasgow, 3s Antwerp, and 3s 3d Hamburg. Freights on flour have advanced all round.—Montreal Trade Bulletin.

London Sheepskin Sales.

London, August 2.—A sale of sheepskins was held here to-day, at which 3,624 bales of skins were offered. The attendance was good, but the demand was slow. There were large withdrawals in consequence of the low offers. There was a decline of $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 10 per cent.

Cheese Markets.

Campbellford, Aug. 7.—At the cheese board held here to-day 1,300 cheese were boarded. Watkins bought 205 at 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ c; Kerr 320 at 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ c, Branton 270 at 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ c, McGrath 410 at 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ c. Board adjourned for two weeks.

Ingersoll, Aug. 7.—Offerings to-day, 145 colored and 150 white, remnant July make; 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ c bid for colored and 10c for white. No sales. Majority sold through week for less money.

Winnipeg Caterers' Excursion.

The Winnipeg caterers' outing was again held at Rat Portage this year, the date being Aug. 9th. There was not so large an attendance as on previous occasions, but the day passed off very enjoyably. A number of steamers had been engaged and large crowds took this opportunity of getting out on the lake. A good programme of sports was arranged, consisting of racing, jumping, diving, swimming, sailing, etc.

New Railway Charter.

Articles of incorporation for the Manitoba and Lake Superior Railway Co. were filed Thursday at Duluth. This company proposes building a railway and telegraph line from a point on Lake Superior, near Duluth to a point on the international boundary between Manitoba and Minnesota. Authority is also asked to construct such branch lines or extensions as may be desirable; to acquire and adopt as its own, for a portion of the distance, a line of road or a part thereof of any other railway company, or to enter into any contract or lease or make connection with any other railway company; also power to build, own and operate a line of vessels upon the great lakes, connecting and tributary waters, to be run in connection with the company's railway; also to own and operate docks and elevators.

This is regarded as the link in the new lake and rail line from Western Canada to the Atlantic via Duluth, and from the fact that Jas T. Rose is one of the applicants for this charter it would seem likely that the Atlantic Transit Co. might become the boat line of the company. This route will shorten the haul from Manitoba by over 100 miles.

Anthracite coal is firmer and prices now ruling will be maintained.

In Minneapolis there are sixty wholesale fruit and produce firms doing business amounting annually to \$15,000,000.

Mr. D. M. Telford and Mr. Helntz, statisticians at the customs house in Winnipeg, have been removed to Ottawa, where it is understood their work in the future will be done.

The capacity of the best sugar factory at Minneapolis is being increased. Last year this factory gave employment to 450 men, and produced five million pounds of granulated sugar.

From the bulldog's point of view this is a very quarrelsome old world.

It sometimes happens that a man's conscience is as good as new because he never uses it.

TO THE TRADE.

Our Brands

Are a guarantee of superior value. Customers know the rapid selling "Crescent" Black Dress Goods, "Seabelle" Black and Navy Serges, "Abergellie" Costume Cloths, "Imperial" Velveteens and Hosiery, "Queen City" Cotton Goods, and all goods bearing our trade mark.

Filling Letter Orders a Specialty.

John Macdonald & Co.

Wellington and Front Sts. E.,
TORONTO, ONT.

Marshall-Wells Co.

WHOLESALE
Hardware
Merchants
WINNIPEG.
WRITE FOR PRICES.
Selling Agents for the
Puritan Wickless Oil Stove.

S. GREENSHIELDS SON & CO.

MONTREAL.

Wholesale

DRY GOODS
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
CARPETS, Etc.

Winnipeg Sample Room:
412-414 McIntyre Block

Represented by:
R. R. GALLAGHER
G. M. NEWTON

Some of our specialties:

ELEY'S SHOT SHELLS
Loaded with black or smokeless powder.

CLAPROUGH GUNS

SAVAGE AND WINCHESTER RIFLES

J. H. ASHDOWN

...WHOLESALE DEALER IN...

Hardware, Metals
AND
Sporting Goods

Offices and Warerooms:

Bannatyne Avenue East, - WINNIPEG

Hodgson, Sumner & Co.

IMPORTERS OF

DRY GOODS
MEN'S FURNISHINGS

DOMESTIC
BRITISH
FRENCH
GERMAN
AMERICAN

Small Wares and Fancy Goods

47 and 349 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL. Represented in the West by

A. C. McLAUCHLAN, WINNIPEG



AVERAGE WEIGHTS OF "QUEEN'S HEAD" GALVANIZED IRON

	CANADA	16	18	20	22	24	26	28
6 ft. x 30 in.	40	30	24½	19	16	11½	10	lbs. per sheet.
6 ft. x 36 in.	48	36	29½	23	19	13½	12½	lbs. per sheet.
8 ft. x 30 in.	53	40	31½	27	22	15½	13½	lbs. per sheet.
8 ft. x 36 in.	63	50	40	33	26½	18½	17	lbs. per sheet.

Cut this out for reference, and compare the cost per sheet with brands that seem to be cheaper.

JOHN LYSACHT LTD., Mfrs.
Bristol, Eng., and Montreal

A. C. LESLIE & CO., Montreal
Managers Canadian Branch

HOTEL



LELAND

THE PALACE FAMILY AND
COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Rates \$2.00 to \$4.00 per Day

Second to nothing in Canada.

W. D. DOUGLAS, Manager.

City Hall Square, Winnipeg

WHOLESALE MILLINERY

Range Complete.

Our representatives are out with complete range of Samples for fall. Kindly reserve orders.

The D. McCALL CO.

LIMITED
Winnipeg Toronto Montreal

Manitoba.

J. Bryce, baker, Dauphin, has sold out to Geo. Johnson.

Douglas has a new bakery, which was started recently by Montgomery.

G. D. Wilson, editor of the Brandon Sun, died in the Brandon general hospital last Monday of typhoid fever.

The Minnedosa summer fair was favored with fine weather and a large list of entries and proved a great success.

The general stock of T. C. Forbes, Rathwell, will be sold on the 16th inst., at 11 a. m., at the office of Newton & Davidson, Bulman Block, Winnipeg.

G. G. Lewis, who ran a booth at the Winnipeg exhibition grounds during fair week, has decamped, leaving accounts amounting to about \$1,000 unsettled.

The stock of boots and shoes of R. S. Fisher, Dauphin, has been purchased by T. Finklestein for 65% on the dollar.

B. L. Baldwinson, M. P. P. for Gimli, reports that already this year 800 Icelandic immigrants have settled in Manitoba and that 200 more are expected before fall.

Complaints are being made by the news stands people of Winnipeg against the early closing by-law which compells them to close their places of business at 6 o'clock.

An attempt was made to rob the premises of the Manitoba Clothing Company, Winnipeg, but the thieves were interrupted and made their escape, only securing \$2.50 in cash.

The partnership between Wm. L. Mackenzie and Wm. R. Rowan, as commission merchants, at Winnipeg, has been dissolved, the business being continued under the name of W. L. Mackenzie & Co.

The inland revenue department, Winnipeg, has issued the following synopsis of their transactions during the month of July: Spirits, \$20,801.98, malt, \$2,715.03; tobacco, \$13,491; raw leaf tobacco, \$626.60; cigars, \$2,170.20; licenses, \$1,660; total, \$41,464.81.

The Winnipeg retail clerks at their regular meeting on Monday night had one of the largest attendances for some time. The following is the list of officers: Honorary president, S. H. Fournier; president, W. B. Calder, first vice-president, J. B. Hardy; second vice-president, Mr. Payne; secretary, J. H. Harris; treasurer, R. Germain; guide, P. Wilson.

At the meeting of the Winnipeg fire, water and light committee this week, at which all the members were present, James Stuart, the water commissioner, submitted his financial statement of last year's operation of the waterworks. The total water rents from April 1, 1899, to March 31, 1900, were \$61,983.18. Taken from this amount were refunds amounting to \$238.10, discounts, \$3,010.05; 25 per cent reductions to parks board, \$595.58; a total reduction of \$3,643.81. To offset this was the amount of \$620.80 for rents of the building on Garry street, leaving a total of \$58,960.17. The total expenditure for the year was \$57,157.79, including interest of \$27,404.40 on debentures and a clear surplus of \$1,802.38 was thus left. The running expenses amounted to \$15,711.60; office expenses, \$5,982.54; pipe lines maintenance and repairs, \$2,304.82; interest, \$27,404.40; taxes \$4,076.60; insurance, \$532.50; expended on office furniture, \$388.50; horses, wagons, etc., \$466.65. Mr. Stuart also submitted an itemized account of interest paid. E. H. Rodgers, inspector of buildings, reported that up to date 317 building permits have

been issued, the expenditure aggregating \$900,225.

The outlook for work for laborers this fall is not the brightest. Last fall 10,000 farm laborers were brought in to assist in the harvest fields, while the government estimates for this class of work this season, places the number at about 1,500. It is a question whether any outsiders will be required, as there is nothing like the amount of railway construction going on this year as there was last, and it is expected that work on some of the contracts will be through before harvest. For winter, work on the Rainy River road will be continued, and possibly also on the Prince Albert extension of the Canadian Northern, and it is understood that the C. P. R. will require a large number of ties for next year. The railways are not advertising harvest excursions this year but will issue round trip tickets which will enable those who come west to return if they should not succeed in getting work.

The city engineer's department, Winnipeg, is quite busy at present with paving and boulevarding streets and sewer construction. Asphaltting is going on on Belle street, Fort Rouge, and Edmonton and Cumberland streets. The asphalt has been laid on Mayfair avenue and that thoroughfare is now being boulevarded, as also are Ellen, Furby and McDermot streets; Vaughan street has been completed. The sewer on Lydia street which was built by contract, has been completed. The construction of sewers on Meade and Alfred streets by day labor will begin within a few days. Work is also about to commence on the long sewer on Wardlow avenue, Fort Rouge. In regard to macadam paving all arrears are being closed. A number of petitions for this kind of pavement have expired and are now awaiting the further order of the council before being dealt with. A number of streets advertised for macadamization have been changed at the wish of the property owners and will be asphaltted instead. A large number of sidewalks are being laid and re-laid throughout the city, including a granolithic pavement on the south side of Portage avenue and another on Main street, from Point Douglas avenue to James street.

Assiniboia.

G. E. Nugent is opening a store at Esterhaz.

Hugh Ferguson, Moose Jaw, has sold his butcher business to Frank Colbourne.

A by-law has been introduced providing for the early closing of stores at Moose Jaw.

A. M. Blackburn has purchased the bakery and confectionery business of L. Elliott, Wolseley.

The Central Assiniboia association, representing the districts of Indian Head, Qu'Appelle and Fort Qu'Appelle, held their exhibition this year at Fort Qu'Appelle under very favorable auspices.

Alberta.

The flour mill at Innisfail is advertised for sale.

Jesse Stewart has opened a general store at Tindastol.

The first number of the Cardston Exhibitor has been published.

The hardware stock of J. L. Johnson & Co., Edmonton, is advertised for sale by tender, to be in by August 25; amount of stock, \$5,166.08. Address James McGeorge, assignee, Edmonton.

Northwest Ontario.

Young's clothing store, Rat Portage, was burglarized last Monday morning.

Malcolm Campbell has purchased the retail butcher shop of Gordon, Ironside and Fares, at Port Arthur.

J. H. Johnson has bought out and will conduct the bakery and confectionery business in Port Arthur of W. L. Hanna & Co., known as the Palace Bakery.

Fort Francis is mentioned as the probable site of the next great pulp mill to be built in Canada. Spruce is abundant, and water power to be had cheap, in addition to which the immense system of waterways tributary to the Fort furnishes ready means of transportation.

Eddy Co.'s New Mill.

The Eddy Co., of Hull, are getting along famously in rebuilding their immense works considering the vexatious delays and stoppages on the masonry work owing to rains. The large machine shop, large smithy and large carriage making shop are running full blast day and night getting shafts and pulleys and gears and carts ready for the new mill. The roof is on and machinery is being installed in the large wood working factory. The walls are up and the roofs are going on the match factory, the machinery for which is on the way here. The walls are up, and the roof is being put on the Jumbo warehouse. The small saw mill is completed and the machinery is being installed.

The inside foundation piers are in, and first story timbers are into the new large saw mill. The walls on the big mill to be known as "A" mill are going up rapidly. The large stone piers on which the wide machines are to stand are built. The large addition to the sulphite mill is nearly completed. The larger of the two pulp mills is furnished, the grinders are on the way here is expected to have them installed and to be making pulp before the month goes out. The foundations and piers are in paper mill "B" where will be made book paper, wrapping paper, tissue paper. Paper mill "C" where book and fine writings are to be made, is being got ready. The bag machinery is well under way.

Canadian Pacific Mileage.

By the recent additions to its mileage the C. P. R. has passed the 10,000 mile limit, and stands out pre-eminently as the greatest owner of mileage in America. The C. P. R. lines including trackage rights of 94 miles, now stands at 8,184 miles, to which are to be added the subsidiary lines it owns in the United States, the Duluth, Lake Shore & Atlantic, 589 miles including trackage rights of 17 miles; and the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, 1,245 miles, a total of 10,018 miles. The figures will be further increased this year by branches under construction. The other American lines having over 4,000 miles are:

Chicago & Northwestern	8,463
Burlington	7,890
Atcheson, Topeka & Santa Fe	7,782
Southern Pacific	7,313
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	6,436
Southern	6,416
Missouri Pacific	5,326
Great Northern	5,201
Northern Pacific	4,993
Pennsylvania	4,233
Grand Trunk	4,183

Over \$1,000,000 worth of new business buildings were erected in Minneapolis during the year ending June 30, 1900.

Northern Pacific Crop Report.

The Northern Pacific railway's crop report ending Aug. 7, shows that harvesting is general in some parts along the main line. The dry weather lately has favored the rapid ripening of grain.

Main Line.

Morris—Weather favorable since last report; couple of nice rains; grain filling out well; cutting has commenced and will be general in a week or ten days.

St. Jean—Weather since last report has been fine and cool with exception of very light showers on 5th; wheat cutting started on the 2nd and will be general in a few days; farmers claim wheat is shelling badly.

Letellier—Harvesting now general throughout this district. Farmers claim if weather is favorable they will be finished cutting by beginning of next week; weather cloudy and calm with light rain during night of the 6th.

Emerson.—With the exception of a couple of light rains, weather very favorable for harvesting which is now in full swing. A splendid sample of wheat is shown and the yield will more than reach the estimate; other grains also in proportion.

Portage Branch.

Portage la Prairie—Wheat harvesting has commenced and will be general the first of next week; fine rains on the 7th and during the night.

Oakland—Crops changing color very rapidly and will soon be ready for the binder; if weather continues fine, some barley will be ready to cut next week; the grain is not ripening very evenly, some fields looking very green yet while others will be ready to cut in a week or ten days. This may also be said of both oats and barley, but a good deal of the wheat is ripening rapidly. Haying is practically over though a little is being gathered and there is some in the larger sloughs. No rain has fallen during the past week and the thermometer has stood high all week; rain is needed for vegetables, especially the late potato crop which has been in bloom now for the past week, and as root has not more than started out, return will depend on conditions during the next two or three weeks, which if it remains at present heat, will make potatoes small. Almost every kind of crop would be better for rain, but the weather is very dry.

Beaver—Crops are ripening fast; some farmers will commence harvesting this week; wheat is filling out well, but owing to the thinness of crop will not exceed 10 bushels to the acre. Oats and barley are still growing and are expected to make a fair crop, although below the average; weather has been very warm and dry. A good rain now would greatly improve oats and barley.

Morris-Brandon Branch.

Roland—Wheat cutting began on the 28th ult. and is now general; two very light showers during the week; chiefly calm weather, hot and close.

Rosebank—Quite a number of farmers have commenced cutting, and if the present weather continues, harvest will be general about the beginning of next week. Oats and barley are doing fairly well but need rain.

Miami.—Weather since last report has been dry and warm; farmers are busy cutting wheat; root crops want rain.

Altamont—Crops now beginning to ripen and looking fairly well and prospects are good for a fair harvest.

Somerset—Weather has been quite dry with the exception of a couple of light showers; wheat will be ready to

cut in a week or two; oats and barley looking well.

Swan Lake—Wheat and barley ripening fast and most farmers have commenced cutting oats. Some fields of wheat will average 15 bushels per acre, but average yield will be ten bushels. Hay cutting almost finished, and what little hay there is well dried and good on account of dry weather after it was cut. Vegetables progressing favorably.

Baldur—Since last report weather has been warm and dry; crops now require rain to give heads a chance to fill out; harvesting is just commencing and will be general in a week or ten days. The average per acre is likely to be from eight to twelve bushels. Many fields look well and will yield fifteen bushels per acre, while other fields are very poor and may not go over five.

Belmont—Weather during the past week has been warm and dry; wheat turning quickly; some farmers started cutting on the 30th ult. and others on 7th inst, while cutting will be general by the end of the week. The heads are filling up better than was expected and sample will be fairly good. Oats and barley coming on quickly; potatoes will be small in size and yield owing to lack of moisture.

Hilton—Crops are coming on very nicely and rather fast; wheat filling out very fairly and better than was expected; some farmers are beginning to cut this week but it will be some time before cutting is general. Rain is badly required for the late sown oats; barley is doing fairly well but requires rain; haying is general and the yield is much more than was expected.

Wawanesa—Weather still very dry, no rain having fallen since last report; rain much needed for late sown crops; some farmers have started cutting and in a week or ten days, cutting will be general.

Routhwaite—No rain since last report; weather very warm; wheat is ripening very quickly; and I expect that some cutting will be done next week. Coarse grain would be much improved by a heavy rain.

Brandon—Weather very warm and dry; crops in need of rain. The early sown grain is ripening very fast, and will not be much of a crop, while later sown grains will be better, providing rain comes to keep it from maturing too rapidly.

Hartney Extension.

Ninette—Owing to the hot, dry weather, crops of all kinds have ripened very rapidly during the past week. It is expected that cutting will commence about the 9th of the month, but it will not be general until about the 14th, this being considerably in advance of last year. Haying is well advanced; the crop is light but of very good quality.

Dunrea—Crops looking well, and turning fast. Farmers expect to be cutting by the 15th. Rain is required to push on the shorter grain. Oats are nicely headed in most places. The chances are fair for a good half crop.

Minto—The crops are making fair progress, considering the dry weather, having only had one light shower during the week. Wheat is filling out fairly well, and some fields are beginning to show signs of ripening. A good rain would be a great benefit, especially to oats and barley, which promise a fairly good crop if rain comes early. Vegetables will be a light crop, with the exception of potatoes, which appear to be doing well.

Elgin—Weather during the past week has been warm and dry; grain turning fast, and cutting will commence the latter part of this week and be general by next week. Quite a number will wait for the second growth. Sample good; yield will be rather light, probably a half crop.

Don't allow yourself to become melancholy. Laugh once in a while, whether you are tickled or not.

On Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 2.30 p. m., a sale of municipal lands in the municipality of Rosser, Man., will be held at the auction rooms of L. Lecompte, Winnipeg.

Tenders.

Tenders are wanted for work to be done at two of the Winnipeg public schools. Bids to be in by Aug. 13.

Tenders will be received up to 6 p. m., the 13th August, for the erection at Regina of a hospital, 40 ft. x 36 ft., in plain good brick. Wm. Trant, secretary.

Tenders are asked by C. H. Wheeler for the brick and plaster work necessary for the erection of an additional story to the Campbell block, Main street, Winnipeg.

Tenders will be received by H. Wheeler, Waskada, up to noon, Aug. 16th, for the building of a new school house at Waskada. Plans and specifications at G. W. McLaren's hardware store, Waskada.

Bulk and separate tenders will be received up to 6 p. m., Aug. 11th, for the erection of a brick Presbyterian church at Edmonton, Alta. Plans to be seen at Edmonton, or office of James Chisholm, Winnipeg.

D. G. McBean.

The announcement of the death of D. G. McBean, grain merchant, Winnipeg, on Thursday last, caused general regret in grain trade circles, and among the friends and acquaintances of the deceased gentleman. Mr. McBean was one of the oldest and best known persons connected with the Manitoba grain trade. Mr. McBean was well known in the grain trade here before probably a majority of those now connected with the trade had handled a bushel of Manitoba wheat. He came here from Montreal at the very commencement of the grain trade, early in the eighties, and in connection with the firm of McBean Bros., established one of the first two or three lines of elevators erected in Manitoba. Of late years Mr. McBean has not taken as prominent a position in the grain trade as he did earlier, but he has been almost continually in the trade here.

At a meeting of the Grain Exchange yesterday a resolution was adopted expressive of the deep regret felt on learning of the death of Mr. McBean and sympathy for the bereaved family. It was also resolved to attend the funeral to-day in a body.

The Commercial Men.

The following commercial travellers registered at the Leland House, Winnipeg, this week: Fred. Edwards, Montreal; V. T. Bonner, Montreal; Houstworth, Toronto; Henry Borbridge, Ottawa; H. E. R. Stock, Jas. K. Osborne, Toronto; Geo. Nunn, Hamilton; B. Neild, Toronto; H. W. Bowers, Chicago; J. W. Scott, Listowell, Ont.; A. W. Hooper, Sarnia, Ont.; A. Leightonham, New York; A. R. Shewan, Montreal; S. S. Waggoner, London; H. M. Way, Minneapolis; C. F. Williams, Hamilton; Jas. Gilpin, Toronto; G. W. Crawford, Brampton; W. E. Short, Montreal; C. H. L. Paterson, P. B. Wallace, Toronto; S. Ashfield, Montreal; J. A. Cole, London; B. S. Robertson, Milton, Ont.; J. T. Doble, Mitchell, Ont.

A driver of a delivery wagon in Winnipeg was fined this week for driving on the wrong side of the street. It is to be hoped the new by-law regarding driving on the street will be vigorously enforced. There is a great deal of careless driving, and so far many of the delivery drivers have little attention to the new rules, particularly as regards the dangerous custom of turning corners on the wrong side of the street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL

Business at Vancouver.

Vancouver, August 6.

Business among the wholesalers has improved this week, owing chiefly to an active northern trade and the abandonment of the fishermen's strike. The strike being settled on a basis of 19 cents per fish for the season. The C. P. R. machinists' strike only affects thirty men in Vancouver; these men have no local grievances of consequence, they having gone out by order from Winnipeg. Coal has advanced \$1 a ton in Vancouver owing to the demand from San Francisco, which depends almost entirely on British Columbia coal. Farmers report that the oats and wheat crops will be double last year, and far ahead of any year in the history of the province. The root crop, however, is a partial failure owing to the ravages of the cut worm. The cut worm has also very badly affected the early clover and pasturing will be a serious problem this fall.

British Columbia Market.

(All quotations, unless otherwise specified, are wholesale for such quantities as are usually taken by retail dealers, and are subject to the usual reductions on large quantities, and to cash discounts.)

PRICES AT VANCOUVER.

(By wire to The Commercial.)

Vancouver, Aug. 11.

Manitoba flour has declined 35c per barrel. Local creamery butter makers have made agreement to advance prices, and this grade is now 5c per lb dearer at 30c. The imported article has not yet been affected. Cheese is 1/2c lower. Local plums are quoted at 85c.

GRAIN—Oats, \$27 per ton, wheat, \$25. **FLOUR**—Delivered B. C. points—Manitoba patent, per barrel, \$3.25; strong bakers, \$4.80; Oregon, \$4.50 per barrel.

FEED—National mills chop, \$25 per ton; bran, \$18; shorts, \$20; oil cake meal, \$35; ton, f.o.b. Vancouver, including duty paid on imported stuff.

HAY—Per ton, \$12.

MEAL—Rolled oats, 90lb sack, \$2.60; two 45lb sacks, \$2.70; four 22 1/2lb sacks, \$2.90; ten 7lb sacks, \$2.60; oatmeal in 10lb sacks, per 100lb, \$3.25; in 50lb sacks, \$3.00 per 100lb.

LIVE STOCK—Steers, \$4.25 per 100lb; butchers, cows, \$3.75 per 100lb; sheep, \$4 per 100lb; lambs, \$4@4.50 each; hogs, \$6.75 per 100lb.

DRESSED MEATS—Beef, 8c; mutton, 10c; pork, 9c; veal, 11c.

CURED MEATS—Hams, 15c; breakfast bacon, 14@14 1/2c; backs, 13c; long clear, 11 1/2c; rolls, 12 1/2@13c; smoked sides, 12 1/2c.

LARD—Tins, 12c per lb; pails, 11c; tubs 10 1/2c.

BUTTER—Local creamery, 30c; Ontario creamery, 23c; Manitoba creamery, 23@24c; fresh dairy, 18c.

EGGS—Fresh local, 25c; Manitoba eggs, 18 1/2@19 1/2c.

CHEESE—Eastern, 13@13 1/2c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, \$17 per ton; carrots, turnips and beets, \$12.00 per ton; silver skin onions, 2 1/2c; California onions, 2@2 1/2c.

FISH—Flounders, 3c; smelts, 5c; sea bass, 4c; whiting, 5c; soles, 6c; halibut, 6c; salmon 8c; cod 6c per lb; crabs, 60c per dozen.

GREEN FRUIT—Oranges, Valencias, \$3.50@3.75; St. Michaels, \$3.75; seedlings, \$2.75 @ \$3.00; lemons, \$6.50; raspberries, \$1.00; peaches, 90c@1.00 per box; local plums, 85c per box; prunes, \$1.15; pears, \$1.50.

DRIED FRUITS—Apricots, 17@18c; peaches, 10@11c; pitted plums, 12 1/2@13 1/2c; prunes, French, 5 1/2@8c; London layer raisins, \$2@2.25 per box; Muscatel raisins, 2 crown, 8c; 3 crown, 8 1/2c; 4 crown, 9c; dates, 9c; black figs, 6c; white figs, 8 1/2c; layer figs, 10lb box, \$1.45; silver prunes, 9 1/2c; quartered pears, 11 1/2@

12 1/2c; half pears, 12 1/2@13c; nectarines, 14c; Valencia raisins, 12c; sultanas, 11@14c; blackberries, 10c; raspberries, 25c; seeded raisins, 9 1/2c.

NUTS—Almonds, 10c; filberts, 12 1/2c; peanuts, 9c; Brazil, 12 1/2c; walnuts, 15c per lb.

SUGARS—Powdered, icing and bar, 6 1/2c; Paris lump, 6 1/2c; granulated, 5 1/2c; extra C, 4 1/2c; fancy yellows, 4 1/2c; yellow, 4 1/2c per lb.

SYRUPS—30 gal. barrels, 2 1/2c lb; 10 gal. kegs, 2 1/2c; 5 gal. tins, \$1.75 each; 1 gal. tins, \$1.50 case of 10; 1/2 gal. tins, \$5.25 case of 20.

TEAS—Congo, fair, 11 1/2c; good, 18c; choice, 20c; Ceylon and India, fair, 20c.

HARDWARE—Bar iron—base, \$3.25. Horse shoe nails, discount, 40 per cent; horse shoes, keg, \$3.25. Wire nails—base price, \$4.50, cut, \$3.95. Rope Manila, 16c. Boiled oil, \$1.10. White lead, \$9. Putty, \$3.50. Barbed wire, \$4.75 per 100 lb. Glass, first break, \$5.

PRICES IN THE KOOTENAY.

Special to The Commercial.

Nelson, Aug. 11.

There is a better feeling in the market and indications are for a good fall trade. Manitoba flour is 20c lower. Potatoes have advanced \$1 per ton.

Butter—Manitoba creamery, 21 and 22c; choice dairy, 16c.

Cheese—New cheese, 13c. Eggs—Fresh, 20c per dozen.

Oats—Per ton, \$30. **Millfeed**—Bran, \$20; shorts, \$22 per ton.

Flour—Manitoba patent, \$5.60.

Hay—Per ton, \$25.

Potatoes—New, \$19 per ton.

Oats—Per ton, \$19.

British Columbia Notes.

Le Feuvro & Co. have started a grocery store at Nanaimo.

H. H. Reeves has purchased the fruit and confectionery business of J. I. McIntosh, at Silverton, and will continue.

The Frank & Bryce Co., Ltd., have taken out a license to do business in the province, with offices in Vancouver.

A large number of pears and apples shipped from San Francisco, and affected with codlin moth, were destroyed by the government inspector this week.

Notice is given that the firm formerly known as E. Trimble & Sons, butchers, Mount Pleasant, has been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will in future be carried on by Frank Trimble.

Shipments from the Sloean from the 10th to the 25th July, from the following mines were: Whitewater, 450,000 pounds; Last Chance, 237,000; Rambler, \$5,000; Payne, 626,000; Ruth, 127,000; Sloean Star, 180,000; Hillside, 5,000.

The report received by The Commercial correspondent that the Okanagan hay crop has been affected injuriously by the rain before cutting has proved incorrect. The latest news received by the Vancouver dealers from the valley is that the Okanagan hay crop was never better than this season.

The following companies have been incorporated. Eldorado Mines, Ltd., of Rossland, capital \$150,000; Nelson Mining Co., of Nelson, capital \$10,000; Anglo-Lardeau Mining Syndicate, of Rossland, capital \$1,000,000; St. Joseph Gold Mines, of Rossland, capital \$100,000; Tamarac Mines, of Rossland, capital \$1,000,000.

Word is to hand that the trouble between the union and the Japanese fishermen on the Fraser river salmon grounds is still unsettled. Fifty Japanese nets, valued at \$100 each, are reported to have been cut while the owners were sleeping, and a white fisherman was stabbed almost to death by four Japs.

Notice is given that the firms composed of W. J. McMillan, R. J. Hamilton, R. J. McMillan and John Cholditch, trading as McMillan & Hamilton, at Vancouver, B. C., and as John Cholditch & Co., at Nelson, B. C., are dissolved by mutual consent. McMillan & Hamilton will do business at Vancouver as W. J. McMillan & Co., trading in wholesale groceries and commissions, taking over the old business and accounts of McMillan & Hamilton, and John Cholditch & Co., will carry on business as wholesale grocers and commission merchants at Nelson, taking over the obligations of the old firm.

The Strike.

The strike of C. P. R. employees in the mechanical department at Winnipeg and other western points, continues as reported last week, and no new developments have been announced. A conference between officials of the company and a committee of the men, was held yesterday, and it is hoped that this will be continued until an amicable settlement is arrived at. It is stated this morning that nothing has so far been accomplished. There are rumors of contemplated strikes in other departments, but there may or may not be anything in such reports, which are always liable to be made at a time when trouble is experienced in one department.

The trouble with the average man is that he thinks there are too many other smart men in the world.

THE GENUINE MICA ROOFING
SOLD IN WINNIPEG BY W.G. FONSECA
705 MAIN ST.
WIND AND WATER TIGHT
FIRE PROOF
NOT AFFECTED BY HEAT OR COLD
WORK GUARANTEED
MICA ENAMEL PAINT
SPECIALLY PREPARED TO PRESERVE TIN AND METAL ROOFS DOES NOT RUN, CRACK OR PEEL DRIES HARD

705 MAIN STREET.

One of Our Numerous Testimonials

Winnipeg, May 22nd, 1899.

W. G. Fonseca, Esq.,

Dear Sir:

Replying to your inquiry, would say that the All Wool Mica Roofing that you supplied us with four years ago has given us satisfaction.

(Signed) BLACKWOOD BROS.

Sole Agent for Manitoba and the Territories—

W. G. FONSECA

MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG

Statistical Wheat Report.

WHEAT IN CANADA.

Stocks of wheat in Canada at principal points of accumulation are reported as follows:

Montreal	481,000
Toronto	30,000
Coteau, Que.	442,000
Kingston	80,000
Depot Harbor, Ont.	220,000
Winnipeg	240,000
Manitoba elevators	900,000
Fort William, Port Arthur and Keewatin	1,584,000

Total July 25	4,057,000
Total previous week	4,328,000
Total a year ago	5,233,000

BRADSTREET'S REPORT OF STOCKS.

Total stocks in the United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by Bradstreet's July 28, were 58,622,000 bushels.

Total stocks in the United States and Canada a year ago were 48,622,000 bushels, according to Bradstreet's report.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

The Chicago visible supply statement of stocks in the United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, for the week ended Aug. 4, was 47,594,000 bushels, being an increase of 1,240,000 bushels for the week. A year ago the visible supply was 37,166,000 bushels, two years ago 8,254,000 bushels, three years ago 17,814,000 bushels, and four years ago 46,754,000 bushels.

STOCKS OF OATS AND CORN.

The visible supply of oats in the United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains is 7,655,000 bushels, compared with 4,512,000 bushels a year ago. The visible supply of corn is 12,315,000 bushels compared with 10,461,000 bushels a year ago, according to the Chicago statement.

WORLD'S WHEAT STOCKS.

Stocks of wheat in America and Europe, and afloat for Europe July 1, in each year, for a series of years, were as follows—Bradstreet's report:

Year	Bushels
1900	158,826,000
1899	119,333,000
1898	50,363,000
1897	78,502,000
1896	124,691,000
1895	148,517,000

CROP MOVEMENT.

The following table gives the receipts of wheat at the four principal United States spring wheat markets, from the beginning of the crop movement, Aug. 1, 1900, to date, compared with the same period of last year:

City	This crop.	Last crop.
Minneapolis	483,120	323,509
Milwaukee	41,300	49,700
Duluth	457,767	290,591
Chicago	442,200	214,486

Total 1,424,387 888,177

The following table gives the receipts of wheat at the four principal United States winter wheat markets, from the beginning of the crop movement, July 1, 1900, to date, compared with the same period of last year:

City	This crop.	Last crop.
Toledo	1,623,205	4,307,967
St. Louis	1,120,907	2,144,115
Detroit	460,564	354,312
Kansas City	4,735,617	1,633,408

Total 11,945,393 9,040,472

Grain and Milling Notes.

The Ogilvie Milling Co. has erected a 30,000 bushel elevator at Pierson, Man.

The Great Northern railway, it is understood will be in a position by the middle of the month to carry grain to Quebec.

A sample of No. 1 hard has been received by the Ogilvie Milling Co. from Gretna. This was cut on July 27th, and threshed on the 31st.

The Great Northern are erecting a 6,000,000 bushel elevator at Duluth, which will cost when completed about \$2,000,000. In the main building alone, twenty million pounds of steel will be used. This will be surrounded by

thirty steel storage tanks. This will exceed by 2,000,000 bushels the largest elevator now in existence.

The Elkhorn roller mill was sold under mortgage on the 1st August to the Union bank. The former management will continue to operate it.

Harvesting has commenced in British Columbia. The grain and hay crop it is expected, will be double that of last year, but the fruit and root crops will be light owing to damage done by worms.

Winnipeg Prices a Year Ago.

Following were Winnipeg prices this week last year:

- Wheat—No. 1 hard closed at 64½¢/70¢ Fort William.
- Flour—Local price per sack: Patent, \$1.85; best bakers', \$1.65.
- Oatmeal—\$1.70¢/\$1.85 per 80lb sack of Manitoba meal, in carlots.
- Millstuffs—Bran, \$9.50 per ton; shorts, \$12, delivered to city dealers.
- Oats—Carlots on track, 40¢/42¢ per bushel.
- Barley—35¢/38¢ per bushel.
- Corn—In carlots, 40¢/42¢ per bushel of 56lb.
- Butter—Dairy, full grass butter, 11½¢ per lb, commission basis creamery, 16¢/16½¢ at the factories.
- Cheese—Regular sizes, 8¢/9¢.
- Eggs—14¢ for Manitoba fresh.
- Hides—No. 1 green hides, 6½¢ per lb.
- Wool—7¢/8¢ for unwashed fleeca.
- Seneca—20¢/21¢ per lb.
- Hay—Baled, \$5.50¢/\$6.50 per ton on cars.
- Potatoes—Choice new potatoes, 60¢/75¢ per bushel.
- Poultry—Turkeys, live weight, 11¢ per lb; live chickens, 35¢/50¢ per pair.
- Dressed Meats—Fresh killed beef, 6½¢/7¢; fresh killed mutton, 10¢/10½¢; hogs, 6½¢/7¢; veal, 8¢/9¢.
- Live Stock—Cattle, 3½¢ for good to choice steers; sheep, 4¢; hogs, 4.25¢/4.85¢ off cars, according to weight and quality.

Dominion Trade Returns.

The fiscal year ending 30th June last was the most prosperous in the history of the Dominion, the aggregate trade of Canadian products exported and goods entered for consumption amounting to \$336,028,190 as against \$286,852,855 for the previous year. In addition to this the goods entered not for consumption during the past year and the exports, not the products of Canada, amounting to nearly \$30,000,000, making a total of \$372,000,000, which is an increase of about 55 per cent. in the last four years. The total exports for the past fiscal year were \$157,656,947, of which amount the home products, exclusive of the precious metals, were \$152,818,917. The exports of agricultural products for the last year were \$27,429,121, manufactured goods \$13,692,773, animals and their products \$55,879,800, forest products \$30,050,018, products of the mine \$14,106,764, fisheries \$11,303,028. Goods entered for home consumption amounted to \$183,209,273, on which duty to the amount of \$28,866,986 was collected on an average rate of 18.25 per cent. It is expected that after meeting all expenditures for the past year there will be a surplus of about \$1,000,000 to go towards reducing the public debt.

"Fellow-citizens of the jungle," said the monkey, "various as our interests may be, can't we find some platform on which we may all stand?" "That's right," put in the elephant. "Let us denounce menageries!"—Puck.

A Saving Habit—"I can't see," said the shoe clerk boarder, "why a Scotchman should say 'hae' for 'have.'" "It is his very saving disposition. He saves a 'v' every time he does so." said the Cheerful Idiot.—Indianapolis Press.



WINNIPEG GRAIN AND PRODUCE EXCHANGE

President WM. MARTIN
Vice-President C. A. YOUNG
Secy.-Treas. CHAS. S. HELI

WHEAT
OATS
CORN
FLAX
HAY

BOUGHT
AND
SOLD
ON
COMMISSION

Money advanced on bills of lading.
Daily market report on application.

THOMPSON, SONS & CO.

Grain Commission Merchants.
GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG

ALEX. MCFEE & Co.

GRAIN EXPORTERS
Board of Trade Building, Montreal.
Room 19, Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

THE WINNIPEG ELEVATOR CO. LTD.

GRAIN EXPORTERS.
GRAIN EXCHANGE WINNIPEG.

JAMES CARRUTHERS & CO.

....GRAIN EXPORTERS.
MONTREAL,
TORONTO and WINNIPEG.
C. TILT, Manager Winnipeg Branch.
Office: Grain Exchange.

KIRKPATRICK & COOKSON
MONTREAL.

Consignments of Grain and Manitoba Produce solicited.
F.O.B. offers of Wheat, Barley etc. requested.
Established 1800. Manitoba C. Elevator used.

FINANCIAL

WINNIPEG BANK CLEARINGS.

Returns for the Winnipeg Clearing House for the week ending Thursday, show as follows:

Week ending Aug. 9, 1900	\$2,076,456
Corresponding week, 1899	1,337,396
Corresponding week, 1898	1,195,221

The monthly totals are as follows:

	1900.	1899.	1898.
Jan. ..	\$9,906,607	\$7,683,052	\$6,347,168
Feb. ..	6,702,646	6,293,471	5,317,340
Mar. ..	7,320,962	6,756,121	5,968,275
April ..	7,091,519	6,916,431	6,210,113
May ..	9,762,579	7,472,857	6,683,364
June ..	9,612,081	8,211,716	7,326,793
July ..	9,335,125	8,169,235	6,316,248
Aug. ..		7,995,291	6,180,385
Sept. ..		8,251,159	6,314,351
Oct. ..		12,632,060	9,347,622
Nov. ..		14,435,219	11,353,623
Dec. ..		12,966,365	10,708,731

Totals .. \$107,786,814 \$90,674,325

MONEY.

Interest rates remain unchanged. Most bank loans go through at 7 per cent. Mortgage companies are asking 5½ to 7 per cent. for city loans with a few choice ones going at lower rates and from 7 to 8 per cent. for farm loans.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The tax levied on the banks and other financial institutions in Manitoba is being paid as promptly as could be expected.

The liquidators of the Ville Marie banque are now busy paying a second dividend of 5 per cent. and announce that another dividend will be paid about the first of November.

On account of failing health a petition is being circulated asking that the department of Justice liberate James Baxter who was mixed up in the failure of the Banque Ville Marie, at Montreal.

INSURANCE MATTERS.

INSURANCE MEN IN THE WEST.

Among the large number of eastern business men who have this year visited the west for the purpose of looking after investments and sizing up the business situation for themselves may be mentioned R. Melvin, president, and George Wegenast, manager of the Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada, Waterloo, Ontario, formerly the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company. These two gentlemen were in the city on Friday and Saturday last after a ten-days' trip through central and southern Manitoba, during which they drove over 5000 miles and saw most of the important farming lands and country towns. They are looking over the field for investment of funds rather than extending the insurance operations of their company and express themselves as being very highly pleased with what they have seen of Manitoba. Mr. Wegenast had a pretty thorough previous acquaintance with the west as he has been here before. This trip has revealed the fact that Manitoba is on a thoroughly sound and businesslike basis, and the rate of development in both town and country rather astonishes eastern visitors. In spite of the poor crop outlook this year these gentlemen found everybody hopeful and new enterprises being pushed with energy. Mr. Melvin expressed himself as being particularly impressed with the buoyancy which pervades the

west. Speaking of the crops this gentleman said he would estimate the average for the districts through which he passed at about nine bushels per acre. He thinks that the poor crop prospect in Manitoba together with the fact that in Ontario almost everything is above the average this year will operate to curtail immigration until another season.

Winnipeg, these gentlemen, regard as a city of remarkable growth and energy and they predict for it continued prosperity.

They were accompanied on the trip through Manitoba by Manager P. D. McKinnon, of Winnipeg, and from here they went to Banff to enjoy a short rest.

INSURANCE NOTES.

J. T. Wren, of Hat Portage, has been appointed manager of the Continental Life Insurance Co., for Manitoba, Northwest Territories and Western Ontario, with headquarters at Winnipeg.

The report of the amalgamation of the Manufacturers Life and the Temperance and General companies seems to have little foundation other than in the fact that several capitalists have recently purchased stock in both companies.

MINING MATTERS

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A London company has bought out the Highland mine at Ainsworth.

Arrangements are being made to work the Le Roi No. 2, on a large scale.

The week's ore shipments from Silvertown amounted to 100 tons; the total for July being 350 tons.

Work has been resumed on the Northern Belle, Rosslund camp, a contract having been let for 50 feet of drifting.

In the recent forest fire near Ymir the concentrator, tramway and bunk house on the Dundee Mining Co.'s property was destroyed.

Work has re-commenced on the Spitzee property in the Rosslund camp, and a trial shipment will be made to the Trail smelter.

Notice is given by several of the leading Rosslund mines that work will be suspended for 24 hours every Sunday. This will go into effect as soon as possible.

Le Roi shipments for the last week were 5,730 tons, being the largest week's shipment from that mine. The total shipped from this mine during July was 18,508 tons.

The spur track to the Le Roi has been finished excepting for the ballasting, and work on the aerial tramway is progressing satisfactorily. The 40-drill air compressor was started running last week.

The capacity of the concentrator at the St. Eugene mine, at Moyie, has been increased to a daily capacity of 400 tons. Last fall a 150 ton concentrator was erected, but this was found to be totally inadequate and was increased first to 250 tons capacity, then to 300 tons and now to 400 tons per day.

The Granby smelter at Grand Forks, B. C., is now practically completed and it may be started working any time. As soon as arrangements can be completed it is the intention of the Mines-Graves syndicate, who are also owners of the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides and Victoria mines, to have three trains steadily at work conveying ore to this smelter, which is distant only 17 miles. Already a large amount of ore is ready for the smelter, as besides the above mines the

City of Paris has about 1,500 tons now ready, and other properties are being rapidly developed.

An unconfirmed report is current that Canadian Pacific Railway officials have purchased the B. C. mine, the amount being \$2,000,000. This mine, which is near Grand Forks, is among the most valuable and most extensively developed properties in the Boundary district. It has been a steady shipper to the Trail smelter for some time.

The Rosslund Miner gives the following as a partial list of the dividend paying mines of British Columbia. Camp McKinnon, paid up to June, 1899, \$311,965; the Fern, up to June, 1898, \$10,000; the Hall Mines, Limited, up to May, 1899, \$120,000; the Idaho, up to January, 1899, \$292,000; the Last Chance, up to April, 1899, \$45,000; the Le Roi, up to November, 1899, \$1,305,000; the Queen Bess, up to July, 1899, \$25,000; the Rambler-Cariboo, up to December, 1899, \$60,000; the Itoco, up to January, 1898, \$27,500; the War Eagle Consolidated, up to February, 1900, \$745,250; the Ymir, up to November, 1899, \$30,000. It is a difficult matter to obtain full statistics on account of a number of the dividend paying mines being held by close corporations, which do not make public their dividends.

NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO.

Offices have been opened at Sudbury and at Massey Station, Algoma, for the registration of mining lands. Maps and information regarding the districts will be kept on hand.

A Lesson in Economics.

The payment of taxation by statute labor is growing in disfavor. It is a relic of a primitive time, and corresponds to the trade by barter instead of by a circulating medium. It is found more profitable for men to adhere to their usual occupations and pay in taxes for the hire of road-builders than to work at road-building themselves. In either case it is a contribution of labor to a public use. The form of taxation or tribute has often been used to compel involuntary service from the conquered races. Some of the early Spanish conquerors in America levied a tax of a certain weight of gold on each native, and the man found without a tag to signify that his tax was paid was subjected to severe punishment. Each native thus became an energetic gold-seeker, and those fortunate enough to wash out sufficient dust before the day of reckoning often helped their less fortunate neighbors. A modified form of this scheme is forcing industrial service from the natives in some of the islands recently acquired by the United States. In Northern Rhodesia, where the Chartered Company occupies the position of the government, a tax is levied on the natives. They have no means of raising the money to pay except by working for the company, and the service they render secures the receipt for their taxes.—Toronto Globe.

The Algoma Central Railway has secured the local stock in the old Hudson Bay & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company, acquiring its charter and privileges. The charter gives the company the right to construct a road from Missanabie to Moose Factory, located on Hudson's Bay, and carries with it a subsidy of \$500,000 and 1,250,000 acres of land along the proposed route. The length of this division is about 250 miles. The road will be an extension of the Algoma Central Railway, and work on it will begin as soon as the main line to Missanabie is completed.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION

Winnipeg, August 11.

Business in the city is for the most part very quiet owing to the absence of many business men on vacations. Fruit men are the only really busy people. Values hold steady for most lines. In country produce there is a good business doing and eggs are 1c lower. The strike of the C. P. R. shop hands has extended throughout the week but at time of writing appears to be in a fair way to be settled. The weather has been hot and sultry, with the exception of Thursday when it rained for the greater part of the day. Harvest is now more general in the country and the government crop bulletin given elsewhere in this issue makes opportune reading in consequence. Bank clearings at Winnipeg maintain the recent rate of increase.

WINNIPEG MARKETS

Saturday, Aug. 11, 1906.

(All quotations, unless otherwise specified, are wholesale for such quantities as are usually taken by retail dealers, and are subject to the usual reduction on large quantities and to cash discounts.)

BINDER TWINE.

Twine orders are becoming smaller and much less numerous as the harvest advances. One leading house announces that it has cleaned up its twine business for the season, having no more to sell. Prices are hard to quote as the market is now practically an open one, but at least two large concerns are quoting 3½c for sisal, 11½c for manilla and 13½c for pure manilla, f.o.b. Winnipeg.

DRUGS.

Business keeps good and prices for the most part are steady. Cocaine is now quoted at a higher level here in sympathy with other markets, while Paris green is 3 to 5c lower. At New York American quinine is 2c higher, but there has been no change here. Glucose is 2c lower at New York. Menthol 5c lower and anise 5c lower.

DRY GOODS.

Business continues quiet amongst city jobbing houses and the situation is largely a waiting one. Fall orders are being shipped but the volume of goods going out on these is much smaller than it would have been had the full quantities on the original orders been taken. Values at manufacturing centres both in America and Europe are holding firm on most lines.

FISH.

Fresh fish are in good demand and firm at last week's prices. We quote Whitefish, fresh caught, 5c per lb.; pickerel, 4c; pike, 3c; trout, 10c; salmon, 12½c; halibut, 12½c; mackerel, 15c; salt cod, 7c; Labrador herring, half barrel, \$1.

FUEL.

Wood dealers say their trade was never lighter at this time of the year, which is saying a good deal. Some yards report absolute stagnation. The number of people who are away, or camping, or using coal oil and gas stoves accounts for this. These latter cooking utensils are coming into use to a surprising extent. Coal is quiet and unchanged. Quotations at Winnipeg for both coal and wood will be found on page 1572.

GREEN FRUITS.

Business is very active. Peaches are 10c per case lower. Apples are

now in the market at \$4.50 per barrel. Plums are a little lower. Crab-apples to arrive are quoted at \$5.50, and it is said that these may be scarce this year. We quote: Late Valencia oranges, \$4.50 to \$5.50; California lemons, \$6.50 per box; bananas, \$2.75 to \$3. per bunch, as to size; peaches, \$1.35 to \$1.40 per case; plums, \$1.50 to \$1.60 per case; green plums, \$1.75 per case; pears, \$2.50 per case; blueberries, 5 cents per lb.; apples, per barrel, \$4.50; water-melons, \$5.00 per dozen; cocoanuts, per sack, \$5.50; Grenoble walnuts, 15c; Tarragona almonds, 15c; filberts, 12c; peanuts, green, 9c; roasted, 12c; pecan nuts, 15c per lb.; maple sugar per pound, 11 to 15c; maple syrup \$6.75 per case of 1 dozen ½ gal. tins; apple cider, 35c per gallon in barrels and half barrels; fruit cider put in 20 and 30 gallon kegs, per gallon 30c; California layer figs in 10 lb. boxes, \$1.40; new Smyrnas in glove boxes, \$2 per dozen; 10 lb. boxes, \$1.50 per box; dates, 7c per lb. in 1 lb. cartons, 10c; honey in 1 lb. glass jars, per dozen jars, \$2.50.

GROCERIES.

Jobbing trade is steady and fairly active. Oatmeals are quoted by United States manufacturers at 2½ to 5c per sack less in carlots, but in view of the poor oat crop outlook this decline is looked upon as hardly likely to go further and it has not affected the price to the retail trade. The canned goods situation is apparently unchanged so far as vegetables are concerned. It is now known that peas are a short crop, as packing operations are already practically over. Beans are also a short crop. All small fruits are more or less dearer and this coupled with the high price of sugar has caused canners to advance their prices from 2½ to 5c per dozen. This on top of a former advance in strawberries of 10c per dozen makes these cost considerably more than ordinarily. Canned meats still maintain their strength and although Canadian canners have not followed the United States canners to the full extent this must necessarily come very soon. Green Rio coffee still maintains its strength and the indications are that present prices will be at least maintained. Reports from Ontario indicate that large quantities of white beans have been bought for the United States market and higher prices are looked for in consequence. In California dried fruits there has been a fair trade doing, but a good many are disappointed at the turn that apricots have taken. Early reports indicated a very large crop, but in this they have been mistaken as it will scarcely be up to the average. In consequence of which prices on all grades have advanced from ½ to 1c per pound, and there appears to be but little doubt that this advance will hold. Peaches are a fair crop and prices quoted are somewhat lower than last season. This also applies to nectarines. Winnipeg jobbing prices will be found on page 1572.

HARDWARE.

Business is quiet and there are no changes in prices to report. The feeling in the market is still weak, however, and there are many dealers who believe that further declines on some lines which have suffered reductions in the near past are quite within the range of possibility. The poor crop outlook in Manitoba, coupled with this weaker feeling in regard to prices, makes buyers very cautious and such orders as are being received are mostly for small quantities. Prices at Winnipeg are given on another page.

IMPLEMENTS.

Harvesting machinery is going out

freely on old orders, and some new business is being done. Binders have been selling this week fairly well with some houses and the only difficulty apparently is to get the machines to deliver. Factories are behind with some shipments. Mowers and rakes are about over. Plows have not commenced to move again yet. Threshers have been selling a great deal better than was expected. Wagons are selling fairly well. Altogether the trade in implements has been much better than was expected six weeks ago, and besides there has been a good trade in repairs.

LEATHER.

There is a fair volume of trade doing and prices remain as quoted last week. It may be said, however, that sole leather has become weaker in outside markets and a decline here in the early future is not at all improbable. For Winnipeg prices see page 1572.

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

The local market is steady on all staple lines and business is only moderately good. With regard to linseed oil we may say that while the price of Manitoba oil remains firm at 32 and 35c per gallon for raw and boiled respectively, there has been some oil in the market this week which sold for less money, but as this imported article contains about 10 per cent of adulteration it will easily be seen how the cut in price is made possible. Glass has advanced again in the manufacturing centres of Belgium to the extent of about 10 per cent., but as stocks here were bought before the rise there has been no change locally. See prices elsewhere in this issue.

SCRAP.

We quote: No. 1 cast iron, free from wrought and malleable, \$13 to \$14 per ton; No. 2, \$5 ton; wrought iron scrap, \$5 ton; heavy copper, 10c per pound; red brass, 8c per pound; yellow brass, heavy, 7c per pound; light brass, 4½ to 5c per pound; lead pipe or tea lead, 2 to 2½c; rags, country mixed, 50c per 100 pounds; rubbers, free from rivets, buckles and articles, 5½c per pound; zinc scrap 1c per lb; bones, clean, dry and bleached, \$6 per ton.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

WHEAT—The wheat markets during the past week have not shown any material change from the previous week. It has been a narrow market, but between the ups and downs from day to day, there have been some signs of a more confident and firmer feeling, and prices on the whole closed yesterday at about 5½c advance on the week. In the American speculative markets trading has been on a very conservative scale. In Kansas and the southwest, and also in the southern portion of the spring wheat country the primary receipts of new wheat are very large and daily overrun the receipts for corresponding days a year ago, and although the demand for this wheat has been good, and it is being absorbed without difficulty, the large figures reported daily deter speculative buyers from buying freely. At the same time there is still a wide difference in estimates of the probable yield of the spring wheat crop. The United States government's report for August was issued yesterday afternoon and gives the condition of the spring wheat on Aug. 1, as 56.1, against 55.2 on July 1. This condition indicates a yield of around 80,000,000 bushels for the three hard spring wheat states, but many commercial estimates put it at 100,000,000 bushels to 110,000,000 bus.

and the crop expert of a leading Minneapolis paper who is esteemed as an authority, has issued a report at the same time as the government report, and estimated the yield of the three states as 136,000,000 bushels. This diversity of forecast embarrasses traders and is no doubt the means of keeping many buyers out of the market. European markets are a little stronger, and a good export business at the Atlantic seaboard has been reported in the last four days. This demand seems to have been started principally by wet weather in England, where farmers are in the midst of wheat harvest, and the delay caused thereby necessitates merchants providing more foreign wheat in the meantime. Winter wheat harvest in the States is finished and cutting in the Northwest is well advanced, but has met with some delay from rains the last three days. Harvest in Europe is well forward, the yield in France is scarcely up to expectations. Last week the American visible supply increased 1,210,000 bushels, compared to an increase in the previous week of 723,000 bushels, and an increase for the same week last year of 1,147,000 bushels. The world's shipments were 6,771,000 bushels, compared to 5,995,000 bushels for previous week. The world's visible supply according to Bradstreet's increased 1,476,000 bushels compared to a decrease of 1,267,000 bushels for the same week last year.

There has been no change in the local market, which has continued to drag along with scarcely any business doing. The demand for wheat is light and little is offered. The price of 1 hard spot, Fort William, has varied from 80c to 80½c; 1 hard September delivery has been offered at 81c without finding buyers. The closing price yesterday for spot 1 hard, Fort William, was 80½c; 2 hard and 1 northern are nominal at 3c under 1 hard, and 3 hard 9c under 1 hard. There is no demand at present for anything but 1 hard, and all off grade wheat has to submit to a large discount from 1 hard price.

FLOUR—Both the big mills have reduced their prices 10c per sack and quote now as follows: Ogilvie's Hungarian Patent, \$2.20 per sack of 48 pounds; Glenora, \$2.05; Lake of the Woods, Five Roses, \$2.20; Patent, \$2.05.

MILLFEED—Business is quiet and prices steady at \$11 to \$11.50 for bran in bulk and \$13 to \$13.50 for shorts.

GROUND FEED—Prices are: Oat chop, \$28.50 per ton; barley, \$21.50 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$25.50 per ton; corn chop, \$22.00 per ton; oil cake, \$27.00.

OATMEAL—Dealers are quoting \$1.90 per sack of 50 pounds to the retail trade, with the usual reductions for cash. Granulated and standard oatmeal are worth \$2.50 per sack.

OATS—The market is if anything a little weaker and we hear of no 42c oats now. The prevailing quotations to-day is 40c per bushel with 41c being asked in some cases for carlots on track. Some very poor oats are offering.

BARLEY—There is no business doing. Prices are quoted nominal at 45c per bushel on track.

CORN—There is not much demand for corn and the price is unchanged at 49 to 50c per bushel for No. 3 in carlots on track.

FLAXSEED—Manitoba stocks are exhausted and the market is purely nominal.

HAY—Prices are lower owing to poor demand. Fresh baled in cars on

track, is worth \$5.75 to \$6.00 per ton; loose hay on the street \$5 to \$6 per ton.

BUTTER—Creamery—Dealers are regularly paying 17½c for choice creamery butter at the factories.

BUTTER—Dairy—Market steady and unchanged. Receipts continue fairly large, but are of poor quality. Dealers are quoting from 12 to 14c commission basis for best grades and 8 to 12c for inferior.

CHEESE—The feeling in the market is firmer in sympathy with Brockville and other eastern markets. Most business is now being done at 9½c per pound delivered here.

EGGS—The market is lower, owing to continued liberal receipts and the fact that eastern eggs have begun to arrive in the market. One carload came in this week from Ontario. Dealers are quoting 12 to 12½c per dozen for fresh packed eggs delivered here.

VEGETABLES—We quote: New potatoes, 6½c per bushel; imported onions, 3c per lb.; rhubarb, 20c per dozen; lettuce, 15 to 20c per dozen; parsley 40c; green onions 20c per doz; carrots and beets, 30c per dozen; turnips, 20c per dozen; cabbage, 30 to 40c per dozen; ripe tomatoes, \$1 per case; celery, 30c per dozen; cucumbers, 30 to 40c per dozen.

DRESSED MEATS—Beef is again ½c lower and the top price is now 6½c, with a range of from 6 to 6½c, according to quality. Veal is worth 7 to 9c, mutton 10 to 10½c, lamb 12c, and hogs 6½ to 7½c.

POULTRY—Live hens are worth 60c per pair; spring chickens, dressed, 11c per pound; fowl, dressed, 12c; turkeys, dressed, 13c, live weight, 9c per pound.

HIDES—The market is very quiet and prices steady. We quote: No. 1 inspected hides, 6 to 6½c per lb.; No. 2, 5 to 5½c per lb.; No. 3, 4 to 4½c; shearing sheep skins, 10 to 15c each; calfskins, 25 to 35c each; horse hides, 75c to \$1.25 each.

WOOL—Receipts are very light. We quote 8 to 8½c per pound for unwashed fleece and 12½c per pound for washed.

TALLOW—The market is weaker in sympathy with Toronto. About 3½c represents the top price now at Winnipeg for No. 1 tallow.

SENECA—The root market is weak. The fact that so many Doukhobors and Galicians have gone into the root digging business this year and are willing to dig for any price, has introduced an entirely new factor, and is making it difficult to know what price the market will really stand. At present Winnipeg buyers are paying from 20c to 22c per pound according to quality, but as the market declined 2c at New York on Monday and the receipts here are large, it is more than likely that these figures will be shaded very shortly.

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE—Another busy week has been experienced in the export cattle trade. About 3,000 head of range cattle from all parts of the west have gone through to Montreal. Some of the shipments have exceeded in weight and quality almost all previous records. The cattle are certainly in fine condition. On Friday a train of 40 cars was shipped out which is the largest single shipment ever made. Butcher's cattle are quiet and a little easier. Choice exporters of cars here are worth 3½c per pound; and for butcher's cattle, 2½c to 3c. Stockers are not wanted.

SHEEP—Manitoba sheep are com-

ing forward more freely and are quoted at 4½ to 4¾c per pound off cars here. Range sheep are expected shortly.

HOGS—Receipts are fairly liberal and the price is unchanged at 4 to 5c per pound off cars, according to weight and quality.

MILCH COWS—Cows are in good demand and readily bring from \$30 to \$40 each.

HORSES—There is very little demand for horses at present. The better outlook has improved the feeling of the market and there are prospects of a brisk trade later on.

Weather and Crops.

The weather has been fairly favorable this week for maturing the wheat crop, and cutting wheat has now commenced pretty generally throughout Manitoba. There have also been many local showers, which have helped the late crops considerably. The remarkable crop conditions prevailing this season render the situation somewhat peculiar. A heavy general rain would do much good for the late crops, potatoes and grain sown for cutting green for fodder. While more rain is needed for such crops, those who are cutting wheat and putting up hay, are now anxious for dry weather. There is no upland hay, and the wild hay crop is being cut in many places. A heavy rain would render some of this hay land unfit for cutting. The present is a sort of double season, so far as the crop situation is concerned. There is the early crop which got a start before the June drouth, and which is now about ready for the binder, and the late crop, which did not get a start until the drouth was broken. Somewhat variable weather conditions are therefore required for the early and late crops.

Minneapolis Markets.

Flour prices in barrels: First patents, \$3.95 to \$4.10; second patents, \$3.70 to \$3.90.

Millfeed—Shorts in bulk, \$1.75 per ton; bran in bulk, \$11.50 per ton; corn feed, \$14.75 to \$16.00 per ton.

Oats—22 to 24½c.

Barley—34 to 42c.

Corn—Quoted at 38½c per bushel; for No. 3.

Flax seed—Cash, flax, \$1.20; Sept., option, \$1.24½; Oct., \$1.21½.

Eggs—10 to 10½c for strictly fresh, including cases.

Butter—Creamery, 17 to 19c for choice to extras; seconds, 16 to 17c; dairy, 15 to 17c for choice to fancy. Seconds, 14 to 15c.

Cheese—9 to 11c per lb.

Poultry—Live roosters 4 to 5c; hens, 8 to 8½c; spring chickens, 10c; turkeys, 6 to 8c; geese, 5c; ducks, 6c; spring ducks, 7½ to 8c.

Dressed Meats—Veal, 5 to 7c; mutton, 5 to 7½c; lamb, 10 to 11c.

Potatoes—5c per bushel.

Hides—Green salted hides, light, 7½c for No. 1; 6½c for No. 2; steers, over 60 lbs, No. 1, 8½c; No. 2, 7½c; sheepskins, for shearlings, 15 to 25c each; veal, calf, 8 to 9½c for No. 2 and No. 1; seneca root 23 to 26c, according to quality; tallow, 3¼ to 4c.

Wool—Unwashed, fine, 12 to 13c; medium fine, 14 to 15c; medium, 16 to 17c; coarse, 14 to 15c.

Hay—Timothy, \$9.50 to \$11.50 per ton, as to quality; prairie, \$6.50 to \$10.00.

Live stock—Hogs average about \$5.25 to \$5.30.

Beans—Hand picked, \$1.85 to \$2.10; fancy, do, \$2.40.

Toronto Grocery Market.

Toronto, Aug. 11.

SUGARS—Granulated, delivered Toronto, \$5.33@5.38; yellows, from \$4.68 @ \$5.28.

SYRUPS—Imperial gallons, medium, 32c; special bright, 35@34c.

MOLASSES—West India, barrels, 32@40c; New Orleans, 25@30c for medium, and 35@47c for bright.

COFFEES—Rio, green, 10@14c; Mochin, 23@25c; Java, 25@32c.

TEAS—Japans, low grade, 16@20c per lb; Young Hysons, seconds, 16@19c; firsts, 25@45c; Indian, 18@50c; Congous, low grades, 10@15c; mediums, 22@25c; finest, 40@55c; Ceylon 17@35c; Formosa oolongs 20@40c.

CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes, \$5@90c; peas, 8c up; corn, \$1.00@1.15; beans, 90c; sifted selected peas, \$1.00@1.20; pumpkins, 80c; raspberries, 2s, \$1.75@2.25; peaches, 2s, \$1.50@2.00; 3s, \$2.50@3.00; apples, 2s 85c; pineapple, 2s \$2.25@2.75; do, 2 1/2s, \$2.40; do, 3s, \$2.50; plums, 2s, \$1.10@1.20. Salmon—Colours, prime dark pink fish, \$1.15@1.25; sockeyes, red, \$1.25 @ \$1.60; lobsters, lbs, \$1.75@1.80; tall, lbs., \$2.50; flats, \$3.25.

RICES—Rice bags, 3 1/2@3 3/4c; Java, 6@6 1/2c; Patna, 5 1/2@6c; Japan, 5 1/2@6c.

SPICES—Ginger, Jamaica, 25c; Ceylon, 25c; cloves, Zanzibar, 20@22c; Amboyna, 25@27c; Penang, 30@35c; all spice, 20c; nutmegs, 50c@51c; cream tartar, pure, 25@28c; compound, 15@20c; pepper, black, pure Singapore, 16c; Penang, 17c; compound, 13@14c; pepper, pure white, 28@30c.

DRIED FRUITS—Raisins, Valencia, selected, 5 1/2c; California 3-crown loose Muscatels, 8c; provincial currants, 5 1/2@7c; Filadelfia, 6 1/2@6 3/4c; Patras, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4c; Vostizans, 9c; California dried fruits—Apricots, 10@20c; peaches, 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2c; prunes, 70's to 80's, 6 1/2@7c; 80's to 90's, 6 1/2@7c; 90's to 100's, 5 1/2@6c; Sultanas, 8 1/2c; Hallowee dates, 5 1/2@5 3/4c; Malaga royal clusters, \$4; fancy desert clusters, \$3.

NUTS—Shelled Valencia almonds, 26@30c; shelled Jordan almonds, 40c; Bordeaux walnuts, 10 1/2@11c; shelled walnuts, 24@28c; Grenoble, 13 1/2@14c; Sicily filberts, 10@10 1/2c.

PEEL—Orange, 12@13c; lemon, 10 1/2 @ 12c; citron, 17@20c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Canada mess, short cut, \$18.50; heavy, \$16.50; shoulders, \$13.50@14.

DRY SALTED MEATS—Long clear bacon, car lots, 5 1/2c; ton and case lots, 5 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 13@13 1/2c; backs, 12 1/2@13c; shoulders, 10c; hams, 17 1/2@18c; rolls, 10 1/2c. Green meats out of pickle are quoted at 1c less than smoked.

LARD—Tierres, 8 1/2@8 3/4c; tubs, 8 1/2@8c; pails, 8 1/2@8 1/2c.

Toronto Hardware and Paint Prices.

Toronto, Aug. 11.

ANTIMONY—11@11 1/2c per lb for Cookson's.

HARBED WIRE—Car lots, l.o.b. Cleveland, \$2.45@3.00; \$3.25 Toronto.

BAR IRON—Base for common, 24@25.10.

BLACK SHEETS—28 gauge, \$3.60.

BOLTS AND NUTS—Norway bolts, full square, 65 per cent; common carriage bolts, all sizes, 50 per cent; do, full square, 65 per cent; machine bolts, all sizes, 52 1/2 per cent; coach screws, 65 per cent; sleigh shoe bolts, 70 per cent; blank bolts, 52 1/2 per cent; bolt ends, 52 1/2 per cent; nuts, square, 3 1/2c off; nuts, hexagon 4c off; tapping nuts, 60 per cent; tire bolts, 60 per cent; stove bolts, 60 and 10 per cent; plough bolts, 50 per cent.

BINDER TWINE—Pure essal, 3c; mixed, 4 1/2c; pure Manila, 12 1/2c.

BRASS—Sheet, discount 10 per cent.

BUILDING PAPER—Plain building, 30c per roll; tarred lining, 40c.

CANADA PLATES—All dull, \$3.50 per 100lb; half polished \$2.60, and all bright \$4 per 100lb.

CEMENT—Canadian Portland, \$2.80@3.00; English do., \$3.00; Belgian, \$2.75@3.00; Canadian hydraulic cements, \$1.25 @ \$1.50; calcined plaster, \$1.30; asbestos cement, \$2.50 per barrel.

CHAIN—5-16 in., \$1.85@1.85.35; 3/4 in., \$4.80 @ \$5.30; 7-16 in., \$4.50@4.55; 1/2 in., \$4.25 @ \$4.65; 3/8 in., \$3.80@4.20; 3/4 in., \$3.75@4.15; 3/8 in., \$3.70@4.10.

COPPER—Ingot copper, 19 1/2@20c per lb; sheet copper, 23@23 1/2c.

CUT NAILS—\$2.60 per keg l.o.b. Toronto, Hamilton and London.

FENCE WIRE—Woven, 7 1/2c per rod.

FINE STEEL WIRE—Discount 15 per cent.

GALVANIZED IRON—28 gauge, \$5.00; per 100lb for English and \$4.60 for American.

GALVANIZED WIRE—9 gauge, \$3.10; 12 gauge, \$3.25; 13 gauge, \$3.35; No. 10, \$5.15.

GLASS—Star, first break, in 50 foot boxes, \$2.10, and in 100 foot boxes, \$4.00; double diamond, under 25 united inches, in .00 foot boxes, \$8.00; Toronto, Hamilton and London, Terms 4 months or 3 per cent 30 days.

GREEN WIRE CLOTH—\$2.00 per 100 square feet.

HARVEST TOOLS—50, 10 and 5 per cent.

HORSE NAILS—Standard oval head, 50 per cent; Acadia, 50 and 10 per cent.

HORSESHOES—No. 2 iron shoes, light, medium and heavy, \$3.75 l.o.b.; snowshoes, \$4.00.

IRON PIPE—Black pipe—1/4 to 3/4 in. 49 per cent; 1/2 in. 60 per cent; 3/4 to 2 in., 60 2/3 per cent; larger sizes, 50 and 5 per cent. Galvanized pipe—1/2 in., 40 per cent; 3/4 to 2 in. 50 per cent.

LEAD PIPE—Ordinary pipe, 7c; discount 15 per cent.

OLD MATERIAL—Agricultural scrap, 50c per cwt.; machinery cast 50c per cwt; stove scrap 40c; No. 1 wrought scrap 50c 100lb; new light scrap copper, 12 1/2c per lb; bottoms, 10 1/2c; heavy copper, 12c; high scrap brass, 7c; heavy yellow scrap brass, 10c; heavy red scrap brass, 10 1/2c; scrap lead, 2 1/2c; zinc, 2 1/2c; scrap rubber, 5 1/2c; good country mixed rags, 65@75c; clean dry bones, 40@50c per 100lb.

PIG IRON—Hamilton l.o.b. cars at furnace, \$22@22.50.

PIG LEAD—Imported, at 5@5 1/2c per lb.

PIG TIN—37@38c per lb.

POULTRY NETTING—Discount of 40 and 5 per cent.

RIVETS AND BURRS—Carriage section wagon box rivets, etc., 50 per cent; 5/16 M rivets 50 per cent; iron burrs, 45 per cent; copper rivets, 35 per cent; bifurcated with box, 5lb carton boxes, 30c per lb.

ROPE—Sisal, 5 1/2@1 1/2c; pure Manila, 13 1/2 @ 14c; "A" quality Manila, 11 1/2@12c; special Manila, 10 1/2@11c.

SCREWS—Flat head bright, 80 per cent off the list; round head bright, 75 per cent; flat head brass, 75 per cent; round head brass, 67 1/2 per cent; round head bronze, 62 1/2 per cent.

SHEET ZINC—6 1/2c for cask lots 7c for part casks.

SMOOTH STEEL WIRE—The base is \$3.00 per 100lb l.o.b. factory.

SPADES AND SHOVELS—40 and 5 per cent.

SPELTER—7@7 1/2c per lb.

SOLDER—Half and half, 21 1/2@22 1/2c; refined, 21 1/2@22 1/2c; white, 20 1/2@21c.

TERNE PLATES—I. C., \$8.50; I. N., \$10.50.

TINNED SHEETS—24 gauge, 6 1/2@6 3/4c.

WIRE NAILS—Base price at \$3.00@ \$3.10 l.o.b. Toronto and west.

PAINTS AND OILS.

CASTOR OIL—East India, in cases, 4 @ 10 1/2c per lb, and 10 1/2@11c for single tins.

GUM SHELLAC—In cases, 22 1/2c; in less than cases, 25c.

LINSEED OIL—Itaw, 1 to 4 barrels, 50c; hotted, 53c.

LIQUID PAINTS—Pure, \$1.20@1.30 per gallon; No. 1 quality, \$1 per gallon.

PARIS WHITE—30c.

PARIS GREEN—Petroleum brls., 19c; arsenic kegs, 18 1/2c; drums, 50 and 1.075; 18 1/2c; drums, 25lb, 10 1/2c; tins, 1lb, 20 1/2c; packages, 1lb, 19 1/2c.

PLASTER PARIS—New Brunswick, \$1.90 per barrel.

PUMICE STONE—Powdered, \$2.50 per 100lb for barrels and 4@5c per lb in small quantities; lump, 10c per lb in small lots, and 8c per lb in barrels.

PURTY—Bladders, in barrels, \$2.10; bladders, in 100lb kegs, \$2.15; bulk in barrels, \$1.95; in less quantities, \$2.10.

RED LEAD—Genuine, in casks of 560 lb, \$5.50; ditto, in kegs of 100lb, \$5.75; No. 1 in casks of 560lb, \$5@5.25; do., kegs of 100lb, \$5.25@5.50.

REFINED OIL—American water white, 18c in barrels; photogene, 17 1/2c; Sarnia water white, 17c in barrels; Sarnia prime, 16c in barrels.

SEAL OIL—54c per gallon, and yellow seal at 45c.

TURPENTINE—In single barrels, 63c; to 4 barrel lots, 65c.

WHITING—60c per 100lb; gliders' whitening, 75@80c.

WHITE LEAD—Ex-Toronto, pure white lead, \$6.87 1/2; No. 1, \$6.50; No. 2, \$6.12 1/2; No. 3, \$5.75; No. 4, \$5.00; dry white lead in casks, \$5.75.

JAS. MCCREADY & CO.

WHOLESALE

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MONTREAL, Q.-EBEC

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SENECA

We are paying 24 cents for good dry Seneca, 22 cents for poor, delivered in Minneapolis. Will advance 15 cents on sight draft against bill of lading. We can use large quantities and urge diggers to gather it freely. Prices subject to change without notice.

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MINNEAPOLIS,

MINN.

WRITE FOR LATEST PRICES OF FURS, SENECA, DEERSKINS, ETC.

Winnipeg Hardware and Metal Prices.

ANVILS—Per lb, 10¢¹²/₁₆; anvil and vice combined, each, \$3.50.

AUGERS—Post hole, Vaughan's, each, .35.

AXES—Bench, 30 and 10 per cent; chopping axes, per dozen, \$7.00; double bit, per dozen, \$12.00.

BAR—Crow, \$6.50 per 100lb.

BELLOWS—20-24, \$4.50; 25, \$4.95; 28, \$5.40; 30, \$5.85; 32, \$6.30; 34, \$7.25; 36, \$8.10; 38, \$9; 40, \$10.35.

BELTING—Agricultural, 65 per cent; No. 1, 0 per cent; extra, 50 per cent off new list.

B.L.S. AUGER—American, 50 per cent; Jennings' Excelsior, 45 per cent.

ROLLERS—Carriage, 42½ per cent; machine, 45 per cent; plow, 40 per cent; sleigh shoe, 60 per cent; stove, 55 per cent; tire, 55 per cent.

BUILDING PAPER—Anchor, Cyclone and Jubilee plain, 65c; Cyclone and Jubilee, tarred, 80c; Anchor, plain, 60c per roll; Anchor, tarred, 70c; Shield, tarred, 55c.

BUTTS—Cast, loose pin, com. 60 per cent; Peterboro, 33 1-3 per cent; wrought steel, narrow, 60 per cent; loose pin, 60 per cent; bronze, 45c up.

CATCHIDGES—Blm fire, American discount 40 per cent; Dominion, 50 and 5 per cent; central fire, pistol, American discount 10 per cent, Dominion discount 30 per cent; military and sporting, American net list, Dominion 15 per cent.

CEMENT—Portland, barrel, \$1.25@1.50.

CHAIN—Coll, proved, 3-16 in. per 100 lb, \$11.00; ¼ in. \$7.00; 5-16 in. \$6.25; ¾ in. \$6; 7-16 in. \$5.75; ½ in. and up, \$5.50. Jack, iron, single, per dozen yards, 15¢@75¢; double, per dozen yards, 25¢@81¢. Lov 3-16, \$8.50; ¾, \$9. Trace, per dozen pairs, \$1.75@2.50.

CHAINS—B. H. Steel frame, 55 per cent; wood frame, 20 cents less net.

COPPER—Plated sheets, 28c; planished 33c; boiler and T. E. plits, plain thinned, per lb, 25c; spun, 33c.

FILES—Com, 70 and 10 per cent; Nicholson's and Black Diamond, 60 per cent.

GLUE—Sheets, 15¢; broken, 12½¢; glue, white, for kalsomining, 18¢@25¢.

GRASSES, **AXLES**—Fraser's, per case, \$1.75; Diamond, light, \$1.75 case; dark, \$1.75; Mica, \$3.

GRINDSTONES—\$1.50 100lb.

HAIR—Basterers', 90c bale.

HARVEST FOOLS—35 per cent.

HORSESHOES—Iron shoes, keg, 0 and 1, \$4.90; 2 and larger, \$4.65; Less than full kegs, 2½c extra. Steel shoes, 0 and 1 \$5.20; 2 and larger, \$4.95.

HITCHES—Heavy T and strap, per 100 lb, \$8.25@7.20; light do., 60 per cent; screw hook and hinge, 6 to 10 in., 5c per lb; 12 in. up, per lb, 4c.

IRON—Bar, iron, 100lb, base price, \$2.90. Band iron, 100lb, \$3.20 base. Swedish iron 100lb, \$5 base. Sheet, black, 16@20 gauge, \$3.50; 22@26 gauge, \$3.75; 28 gauge \$4. Galvanized American, 16 gauge, \$4.25; 18@22 gauge, \$4.50; 24 gauge, \$4.75; 26 gauge, \$5; 28 gauge, \$5.25 per 100lb; Queen's head, 25c advance on American prices. Canada plates, Garth and Blaina, \$4. Imitation Russian sheets, 7@8c; genuine Russian sheets, 10, 12@13c.

PLATE—¼ in. per lb, 6c; sheets, 6½c.

NAILS—Cut, 30d up, \$3.30; 20d, \$3.35; 10d, \$3.40; 8d, \$3.45; 6d, \$3.60; 4d, \$3.70; 3d, \$3.95; 2d, \$4.30; Wire nails—½ in. up, \$7.75; 4 in. \$3.80; 3 in. \$3.85; 3½ in. \$3.90; 2 in. \$4.05; 1½ in. \$4.15; 1¼ in. \$4.40; 2 in. \$4.75. Horse nails, pointed, finished, oval heads, list price, No. 5, \$7.50 box; No. 6, \$8.75 box; No. 7, \$8 box; No. 8, \$5.75 box; Nos. 9, 10 and 11, \$5.50 box; discount on these prices, 45 per cent.

OAKUM—Navy, \$3.25 bale; U. S. navy, \$3.75; spun, \$3.00.

PICKS—Gray, \$7 doz.; pick mattocks, \$8 dozen.

PLIES—Iron, black, per 100 feet, ¼ in. \$3.70; ½ in. \$3.50; ¾ in. \$4; 1 in. \$4.65; 1 in. \$6.70; 1¼ in. \$9.15; 1½ in. \$11.05; 2 in. \$14.00. Sizes 2¼@7 45 per cent discount. Galvanized, ¼ in. \$5.00; ¾, \$7.15; 1 in. \$10.20; 1¼ in. \$13.10; 1½ in. \$15.70; 2 in. \$22.70; lead 6½c lb.

PIPE—Stove—6 in. \$9.25; 7 in. \$10; per 100 lengths.

PLUM—Pine, \$4 per barrel.

PLASTER—Per barrel, \$3.25.

RIVETS AND BURS—Carriage, section 37½ per cent; M rivets, black and thinned, 72½ per cent; copper rivets and burs, 33½c; coppered rivets, 20c; cartons 1c per lb extra net.

ROPE—Cotton, ¼@½ inch and larger, 15c lb; coop sea, 10½c; lath yarn, 11c; Manila, per lb, 15c base; sisal, 11½c base.

SCREWS—F. H. Bright discount, 75, 10 per cent; R. H. discount 70; F. H.

brass, discount 70; R. H. brass, discount 60 and 5 per cent. Bench, wood, per doz., \$3.75@4.50; bench, iron, per doz., \$5.25@ \$7.25; coach screws, 57½ per cent.

SHELLS—Loaded—Eley's black, 12 gauge, per 100, soft, \$1.05, chilled, \$1.80; 10 gauge, soft, \$2.15, chilled, \$2.30; Eley's smokeless, 12 gauge, soft, \$2.10, chilled, \$2.25; 10 gauge, soft, \$2.60, chilled, \$2.75.

SHOT—Soft, \$6.65 per 100 lb; chilled, \$7.15; buckshot, \$7.65; ball, 28, \$7.65.

SOLDER—Half and half, per lb, 22c.

SOLDERING IRONS—Per lb, 32c.

SPADES AND SHOVELS—40 per cent.

SPRINKERS—Pressed, ¼, \$4.85; 5-16, \$4.65; ¾, \$4.40; 7-16 up, \$4.10.

STEEL—Sleigh shoe, \$3.60 base; spring, \$4.25 base; machinery, \$4.25 base; share, com. \$4.75 base; share, crucible, \$5.50, toe calk, \$4.25 base; tire steel, \$3.75 base; cast tool steel, lb, 9¢@12½c.

STEEL BOILER PLATE—3-16 inch, \$4.25; ¼, 5, and thicker, \$4.00.

STAPLES—Galvanized, \$4.25 per 100lb.

TAR—Coal tar, per barrel, \$6.50.

TIN—Lamb and flagg, 56 and 28lb ingots, per lb, 35c.

TIN PLATES—Charcoal plates, 1 C, 10 x14, 12x12, and 14x20, \$5.50; 1 N, same size box, \$6.50; 1 C, charcoal, 20x28, 112 sheets to box, \$10.50; 1 N box, 20x28, 112 sheets, \$12.50.

TIERNE PLATES—1 C, 20x28, \$10.00.

TINWARE—Plain, 75 and 2½ per cent; returned, 70 and 10 per cent.

TRAPS—Game, H. & N., No. 0, \$1.92 doz.; No. 1, \$2.25; No. 1½, \$3.39; No. 2, \$4.73; No. 3, \$6.30; No. 4, \$7.42; bear, No. 5, \$7.50.

TUBES—Roller, 2 inch, 10½c per foot; 2½ inch, 21½c; 3 inch, 25c per foot.

VISES—B. S. Wright's, 14c; Sampson, 40.5c lb, \$6.50@87 each, parallel, \$2@87 each.

WADS—Gray felt, 75c per lb; thin card wads in boxes of 500 each, 12 and smaller gauges, 20c per lb; thin card wads in boxes of 500 each, 10 gauge, 25c per lb. Chemically prepared black edge gray cloth wads, in boxes of 250 each, 11 and smaller gauges, 65c per 1,000; 9 and 10 gauges, 75c per 1,000; 7 and 8 gauges, \$1 per 1,000.

WIRE—Brass and copper wire, 20 per cent advance on the list; clothes line wire, 15 gauge, per 1,000 feet, \$3.50. Galvanized, 4 barb, regular, \$3.75; galvanized plain twist, \$3.75.

ZINC—Sheets in casks, \$7.50 per 100lb; broken lots, \$3.00.

Winnipeg Prices Paints Oils, Glass, Etc.

ALABASTINE—Cases of 20 packages, \$6.50; Muralo, do., \$6.50.

BENZINE—Case, \$3.50.

DRY COLORS—White lead, lb, 7½c red lead, 7c; yellow ochre in barrel lots 2½c, less than barrel lots, 3c; golden ochre, barrels, 3½c; less than barrels, 4c; Venetian red, barrels, 3c, less than barrels, 3½c; American vermilion, 15c; English vermilion, \$1 per lb; Canadian metallic oxides, barrel lots 2½c, less than barrels, 3c; English purple oxides, in casks, 3½c, less quantities, 4c lb.

GASOLINE—Stove, per case, \$3.50.

GLASS—Single glass, first break, 16 to 25 unilted inches \$2.50; 26 to 40, \$2.75 per 50 feet boxes; 40 to 50, \$6; 51 to 60, \$6.50; 61 to 70, \$7 per 100 feet boxes.

LINSEED OIL—Raw, gal., 92c; boiled, gal., 95c in barrels, less than barrels, 5c gal, extra, with additional charges for cans and cases.

OILS—Black oils, 25 to 30c gal.; clear machine oil, 30½c; cylinder oil, 53@78c, as to quality; castor oil, 11c per lb; tanners' or harness oil, 65c; neatfoot oil, \$1; steam refined oil, 85c; pure winter-bleached sperm oil, \$2 gal.

PREPARED PAINTS—Pure liquid colors, gal., \$1.30@1.30, as to shade and quality.

PUTTY—In bladders, barrel lots, 2½c lb; in 100lb kegs, 2½c; do. less than barrels, 3c lb.

REFINED PETROLEUM—Silver Star, 20c; Oleophene, 22c; Sunlight, 23c; and Eocene 25½c per gallon.

TURPENTINE—Pure spirits in barrels, 50c; less than barrels, 58c per gal. An additional charge for packages of small quantities.

VARNISHES—No. 1 furniture, per gal., \$1; extra furniture, \$1.25; pale oak, \$1.50; elastic oak, \$1.75; No. 1 carriage, \$1.50@ \$1.75; hard oil finish, \$1.50@2; brown Japan, \$1; coach painters' gold size Japan, \$1.70; coach painters' do., \$2@2.25; No. 1 brown shellac, \$2.25; pure orange shellac, \$2.50.

WHITE LEAD—Pure, \$7.25 per 100lb; No. 1, \$7.00.

WHITING—\$1.25 per 100lb gross weight.

Winnipeg Lumber Prices.

Following are wholesale prices, delivered at Winnipeg, for pine lumber:

TIMBER AND DIMENSION—Timber, 4x10 and 12, 6x10 and 12, and 8x8 to 12x12, 12, 14 and 16 feet long, \$20; timber, 6x6 to 6x8, 4x4 to 4x8, and 3x6 to 3x12, 12, 14 and 16 feet long, \$18; dimensions, 2x4 to 2x12, 12, 14 and 16 feet long, \$17.50; dimensions, 2x4, 10 feet long, \$18; dimensions, 2x8 to 2x12, 10 feet long, \$17.50; dimensions, 2x6, 10 feet long, \$16.50; dimensions, 2x4 to 2x12, 6 and 8 feet long, \$15; cull plank, all widths, \$12; cull plank re-sawn \$12, \$1 per M advance on each inch over 12 in. in depth and width, \$1 per M advance on each 2 feet over 16 feet.

BOARDS—First common boards, red pine, 10 to 18 feet, \$23; second common, 10 to 18 feet, \$18; third common, 10 to 18 feet, \$7.50; culls, 10 to 18 feet, \$16; ¼ inch sheathing, S.I.S., 10 to 18 feet, \$14; second common stock, 12 in., 10 to 18 feet, \$19.50; second common stock, 8 to 10 in., 10 to 18 feet, \$18.50; No. 1 wide box boards, 10 to 18 feet, \$29; No. 2 wide box boards, 10 to 18 feet, \$20.50. \$2 per M less for 6 and 8 feet. Itc-sawn boards \$1 per M extra.

SHIPLAP—Shiplap, 8 and 10 in., \$19; shiplap, 6 in. \$18; shiplap, culls, 8 and 10 in. \$16.50; culls, 6 in. \$13.50. \$2 per M less for 8 feet and under.

FLOORING, SIDING AND CEILING—Flooring and siding, 8 and 10 in., \$20.00; flooring and siding, 8 and 10 in. culls, \$16.50; flooring, siding and ceiling, 4, 5 and 6 in., first white pine, \$36; do., second white pine, \$32; do., third white pine, \$23; do. 5 and 6 in. first and second red pine, \$27.50; do., 4 in. first and second red pine, \$26; do., 5 and 6 in. third red pine, \$22.50; do., 4 in. third red pine, \$21.50; do. 5 and 6 in. fourth red and white pine, \$19.50; do., 4 in. fourth red and white pine, \$17.50; do., 4, 5 and 6 in. culls, \$15.50. \$2 per M less for 8 feet and under. \$1 per M advance for dressing two sides, 1¼ and 1½ in. flooring, \$1 per M advance over 1 in. bevel siding, No. 1, ½x8 in., \$21.50; bevel siding, No. 2, ½x8 in., \$18.50.

FINISHING—¼, 1½ and 2 in. first, second and third clear white pine, \$45.50; do. select white pine, \$35.50; do. shop \$30.50. \$5 per M advance on 2½ in. and thicker, 1¼, 1½ and 2 in. clear red pine, \$31.50; do. selected red pine \$27; 1 in. first and second clear white pine, \$48; do. third clear white pine, \$37; do. C. select white pine, \$30.50; do. C. select white pine, \$25.50; No. 1 stock white pine, 12 in., \$42.00; do., 8 and 10 in., \$40; No. 2 stock white pine, 12 in., \$37; do., 8 and 10 in., \$35; No. 3 white and red pine, 12 in., \$30; do., 8 and 10 in., \$28; 1 in. clear red pine, \$31.50; do. select, \$26.50. Selected widths, \$2 per M extra.

MOULDING—Parting strips, per 100 lineal feet, 40c; window stops, do., 50c; door stops, do., 75c quarter round and Cove, do., 50c; 4 in. casing, do., \$1.60; 5 in. casing, do., \$2; 6 in. casing, do., \$2.40; 8 in. base, do., \$3.25; 10 in. base, do., \$4. All other mouldings, 50 per cent discount off universal moulding list. Lath, per M, \$5.50. pine shingles, 6 in. clear butts, per M, \$1.75.

MANITOBA'S NEW

FRUIT HOUSE

EVERYTHING IN SEASON.

Lock Bros. & Co.

WHOLESALE FRUIT AND PRODUCE

WINNIPEG AND RAT PORTAGE

New York Wheat.

New York, Aug. 6.—Wheat, Sept. opened 80½¢, closed 80½¢ b. Dec. opened 82½¢, closed 82½¢ a.

New York, Aug. 7.—Wheat, Sept. opened 81½¢, closed 81½¢ b. Dec. opened 83¢, closed 83¢ a.

New York, Aug. 8.—Wheat, Sept. opened 80½¢, closed 80½¢ a. Dec. opened 82½¢, closed 82½¢ a.

New York, Aug. 9.—Wheat, Sept. opened 81½¢, closed 81½¢. Dec. opened 83½¢, closed 83½¢.

New York, Aug. 10.—Wheat, Sept. opened 81½¢, closed 81½¢. Dec. opened 83½¢, closed 83¢ b.

New York, Aug. 11.—Sept. wheat closed to-day at 80½¢; Dec., 82½¢.

Chicago Board of Trade Prices.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—Wheat, Aug. opened 74¢, closed 74¢. Sept. opened 75¢, closed 75¢. Oct. opened 76¢, closed 76¢. Corn, Aug. opened 38¢, Sept. opened 37½¢, closed 37½¢. Oct. opened 36½¢, closed 36½¢. Oats, Aug. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Sep. opened 29¢, closed 29¢. Pork, Sept. opened \$11.75, closed \$11.85 b. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.05, closed \$7.12. Oct. opened \$7.05, closed \$7.10. Lard, Sept. opened \$6.77, closed \$6.82. Oct. opened at \$6.82@6.85, closed \$6.82 b.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Wheat, Aug. opened 75½¢, closed 75½¢. Sept. opened 76½¢, closed 76½¢ b. Oct. opened 77¢, closed 77¢. Corn, Aug. opened 38¢, closed 38½¢. Sept. opened 38½¢, closed 38½¢. Oct. opened 37½¢, closed 37½¢. Oats, Aug. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Sept. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Pork, Sept. opened \$11.97, closed \$11.87 a. Oct. closed \$11.90. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.20, closed \$6.85. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.20, closed \$7.21. Lard, Sept. opened \$6.85, closed \$6.85. Oct. opened \$6.90, closed \$6.90. Flax, cash \$1.34. Oct. \$1.24½ b. Sept. \$1.29½ b.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Wheat, Aug. opened 75½¢, closed 74½¢ a. Sept. opened 75½¢, closed 75½¢ b. Oct. opened 76½¢, closed 76½¢. Corn, Aug. opened 38½¢, closed 37½¢. Sept. opened 38½¢, closed 37½¢. Oct. opened 37½¢, closed 37½¢. Oats, Aug. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Sept. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Pork, Sept. opened \$11.85, closed \$11.77. Oct. closed \$11.85. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.15, closed \$7.15. Lard, Sept. opened \$6.85, closed \$6.85. Oct. opened \$6.90, closed at \$6.85@6.87. Flax, cash \$1.32. Aug. \$1.29½ b. Sept. opened \$1.29½ b. Oct. \$1.29½ b.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Wheat, Aug. opened 75½¢, closed 75½¢. Sept. opened 76½¢, closed 76½¢. Corn, Aug. opened 38½¢, closed 38½¢. Sept. opened 38½¢, closed 38½¢. Oct. opened 37½¢, closed 37½¢. Oats, Aug. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Sept. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Pork, Sept. opened \$11.67½, closed \$11.75. Lard, Sept. opened \$6.75, closed \$6.77½. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.12½, closed \$7.15.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Wheat, Aug. closed 75½¢. Sept. opened 76¢ a. closed 76¢ b. Oct. opened 77¢, closed 76½¢. Corn, Aug. opened 39¢, closed 39½¢. Sept. opened 39½¢, closed 39½¢. Oct. opened 38½¢, closed 38½¢. Oats, Aug. closed 29¢. Sept. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. Pork, Sept. opened \$1.65, closed \$1.72. Oct. opened \$1.75, closed \$1.80. Ribs, Sept. opened \$7.10, closed \$7.12 a. Oct. opened \$7.05 a. closed \$7.07 b. Lard, Sept. opened \$6.72@6.75, closed \$6.72. Oct. opened \$6.77, closed at \$6.77.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—September wheat opened at 76¢ and ranged from 75½¢ to 76½¢. Closing prices were:

Wheat—Aug., 75¢; Sept., 75½¢.
Corn—Aug., 38½¢; Sept., 38¢.
Oats—Aug., 29½¢; Sept., 29½¢.
Pork—Aug., \$11.55; Sept., \$11.60.
Lard—Aug., \$6.65; Sept., \$6.67½.
Ribs—Aug., \$7.05; Sept., \$7.05.

A week ago September option closed at 75¢. A year ago September wheat closed at 70½¢; two years ago at 69½¢; three years ago at 84¢.

CHICAGO FLAX MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—The market for flax seed closed to-day at \$1.35 for cash; Sept., \$1.32; Oct., \$1.28.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, Aug. 11.—Wheat closed ½ to ¾d lower.

WINNIPEG CLOSING WHEAT.

Market dull and nominally lower to-day at 80½¢ for No. 1 hard, in store, Fort William.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 11.—Wheat closed at 74½¢ for Sept., and 76¢ for Dec. Cash No. 1 hard closed at 77½¢ and cash No. 1 northern at 75½¢.

DULUTH WHEAT MARKET.

No. 1 northern wheat at Duluth closed as follows for each day of the week:

Monday—Sept., 77½¢; Dec., 77½¢.
Tuesday—Sept., 78¢; Dec., 78½¢.
Wednesday—Sept., 77½¢; Dec., 77½¢.
Thursday—Sept., 78½¢; Dec., 78½¢.
Friday—Sept., 77½¢; Dec., 78½¢.
Saturday—Sept., 77½¢; Dec., 77½¢.

Cash No. 1 hard closed on Saturday at 79½¢, and cash No. 1 northern at 77½¢.

A week ago Sept. wheat closed at 76½¢. A year ago September wheat closed at 70½¢; two years ago at 66½¢; three years ago at 84¢; four years ago at 55½¢; five years ago at 65½¢; six years ago at 54½¢.

Winnipeg Grain Inspection.

For the week ending August 4 there were 168 cars of grain inspected, which graded as follows:

Wheat—1 hard, 97; 2 hard, 16; 1 northern, 0; 2 northern, 0; 3 hard, 29; 1 northern, 1; 2 northern, 0; 1 rejected, 4; 2 rejected, 0; no grade, 13; condemned, 2 cars.

Oats—2 white, 3; feed, 3 cars.

Manitoba Wheat Stocks.

There were 1,261,765 bushels of wheat in store at Fort William on Aug. 4. Receipts for the week were 68,228 bushels, and shipments were 61,166 bushels. A year ago stocks in store at Fort William were 1,997,000 bushels and 312,000 bushels two years ago. Stocks of wheat at Fort William Port Arthur, Keewatin, Winnipeg and Interior points were estimated approximately at 2,725,000 bushels, compared with 3,925,000 bushels a year ago; 800,000 bushels two years ago.

Western Business Items.

F. L. Waterous, president of the Waterous Engine Works Co., paid Winnipeg a visit last week.

First shipments of crabapples are expected in by local wholesale fruit dealers early next week from the south.

James Ross, formerly of Winnipeg, has purchased from H. C. Clay the Herald newspaper of Hamiota, Man., and will lat once take possession.

The town council of Portage la Prairie has announced its rate of taxation for 1900. The rate has been fixed at six mills on the dollar, exclusive of school taxes.

An early closing by-law went into force in Manitou this week, compelling all but a few specially mentioned lines of business to close at 7 p. m. each evening, except Saturday and days preceding holidays, when 9.30 is the closing hour.

One of the sights of the Winnipeg stockyards on Friday, was an enormous bull, which came in with a shipment of Gordon & Ironside's cattle, from Yorkton. His weight was about 2,300 pounds, and age a little over six years.

Scientific Miscellany.

The greatest possible duration of a total eclipse of the sun has been accurately computed by the president of the Leeds Astronomical society, whose determination will succeed a more imperfect one made 123 years ago. Five conditions are necessary to give the longest totality. The new moon, at or near the point where the orbit crosses that of the earth, must also be at its nearest approach to the earth; the sun must be at its greatest distance away; totality should occur at local noon, with the shadow moving along a parallel of latitude, in order that the diurnal motion of the observer may have its full effect in detaining him within the shadow; the sun and moon should be in the zenith, so that the shadow may be as large as possible; the observer should be on the equator, so that his motion may be as rapid as possible. The fourth and fifth conditions cannot occur simultaneously, the fifth being the more favorable. The earth's radius, or semi-diameter, being taken as 3,963,296 miles, and the moon's radius as 1,080 miles, it is found that the maximum totality will be about 7 minutes 40 seconds, and the eclipse should be observed at noon near the fifth parallel of north latitude about the beginning of July. The longest eclipse of the twentieth century will occur June 20, 1955, and will have a totality of 7 minutes 24.5 seconds, the moon point being at 117 degrees longitude and 15 degrees north latitude.

The plan of using floating nets to reduce the force of waves at sea or at the mouths of harbors is being tested by Baron Benvenuto d'Alessandro, an Italian, living in Paris. Such nets form a crust over which the waves cannot climb and under which they become much flattened out. A net lately made is 360 feet long and 50 feet wide, with square meshes of 1½ inches, the material being waterproof hemp, and the weight less than half an ounce per square foot. This was anchored at the port of Havre to protect some unfinished hydraulic works from a heavy surf, but the effect could not be favorably observed.

The detection of silicon in one of the fixed stars is reported by J. Lunt. Three unknown lines had been previously noted in the spectrum of this star (Beta Crucis) and while examining the spectra of tubes of carbonic oxide and argon, this observer discovered the same lines. As a strong electric discharge was passing through the tubes and the lines did not appear with a weak discharge, it was suspected that the spectra was affected by disintegration of the glass. Further investigation proved this conclusion correct, and that the lines were due to silicon.

Colored vision as an effect of snake-bite, is reported by Richard Hilbert. A young girl was bitten on the toe by a snake, the bite causing stiffness and pain which lasted seven weeks and a half. A bluish discoloration over the abdomen continued fourteen days. The most curious symptoms appeared on the second day, when all bright colored objects were found to be yellow.

From the experiments at Sassari, Sardinia, it is estimated that a town of 50,000 inhabitants may be kept free from mosquitoes for \$250 a year. The swamps and other breeding spots are covered with petroleum to kill the larvae, and the mosquitoes are exterminated by means of chlorine and other powerful chemicals.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.
Special to The Commercial.

Toronto, August 11.

Dry Goods—Quiet owing to excessive heat. Large shipments of fall goods have been made this week. The few orders for Manitoba are disappointing. Canadian manufacturers of grey and white cottons are refusing to take orders for spring. This action is taken by the wholesale trade here as an indication of a coming advance in those lines.

Hardware—Business is fair for the season. Iron pipe prices are not yet fixed, but there is less cutting. Turpentine is 2c lower. Binder twine is in better demand and quoted, pure manilla 12½c, mixed 9½c, sisal 9c. Pig iron is unsettled and weak, and buyers are holding off. Scrap rubber is ½c higher. New light scrap copper is ¼c higher.

Groceries—Dull. Domestic rice 20c per hundred pounds higher. Jobbers stocks of canned tomatoes are light and firm at 85 to 90c. Spot corn \$1.10 to \$1.15, futures 75c. Apples are selling \$2.25. Sugars weaker and unchanged.

TORONTO GRAIN AND PRODUCE.
Special to The Commercial.

Toronto, Aug. 11.

Wheat is dull and offerings light. Manitoba is about 3½c higher than a week ago. Manitoba flour is firmer at an advance of 35c. Dairy butter receipts are small owing to heat and firms are drawing on cold storage supplies. Creamery butter is scarce.

Flour—Manitoba patent, \$4.60; Manitoba bakers, \$4.35 for carlots at Toronto. Ontario patent, \$2.95 in barrels west and \$2.75 in buyers' bags.

Wheat—Ontario winter wheat, 68 to 70c for red and white west; Ontario spring, 68c east; new wheat, 67c west; No. 1 hard, 90½ to 91c, grinding in transit; Toronto and west, 87½ to 88c; Midland, 84½ to 85c.

Oats—25½c for white east, white, 24c west; new white oats, 25c west.

Barley—No. 2, 37 to 38c west.

Millfeed—Shorts, \$14.50 to \$15 per ton for cars west; bran, \$11 to \$11.50 per ton.

Oatmeal—\$3.10 in bags per barrel, and \$3.20 in wood for carlots, Toronto.

Eggs—Candled, 12 to 12½c per doz.

Butter—Choice fresh dairy, in tubs, and pails, 16½ to 17c, as to quality; pound rolls, 19 to 20c; second grades, 14 to 15c; creamery prints, 20 to 21½c; packages, 20 to 21c.

Cheese—10 to 10½c for job lots.

Hides—7½c for No. 1 cows; No. 1 heavy steers, 8½c country hides ½c under these prices; sheepskins, \$1.25 to \$1.40; spring lambs, 50c; calfskins, 9c for No. 1, and 8c for No. 2; tallow, 4½ to 4¾c.

Wool—Washed fleeces, 16 to 19c; unwashed, 10c.

Beans—\$1.75 per bushel for hand picked.

Dried Apples—5½ to 6c for round lots; evaporated, 6½ to 7c.

Honey—6½ to 7½c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, 50 to 50c per pair; turkeys, 9 to 11c per pound.

Potatoes—New potatoes, 35 to 40c per bushel.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Aug. 8.

Receipts at the semi-weekly market yesterday were 1,000 cattle, 600 sheep and lambs and 400 hogs.

Export cattle—The supply was moderate, but the demand was brisk. Prices ranged about the same as the closing market last week, choice export cattle being quotable at \$4.85 to \$5.12 per cwt. Light stock was

steady at Friday's prices or \$4.50 to \$4.75 per cwt.

Butchers' cattle—Trading in this line was exceptionally brisk. Quotations show no change, and choice picked lots sold as high as \$4.65 per cwt., while other grades brought from \$3 to \$4.10 per cwt.

Stockers—A fairly heavy run met with a slow demand, good Buffalo stockers being quotable at \$3 to \$3.40 per cwt. and off-colors and helpers fetched \$2.25 to \$2.50 per cwt.

Sheep—The supply was about equal to the demand, which was not very brisk. Prices for sheep remained steady at \$3.75 to \$4.00 per cwt. for export ewes, \$2.75 to \$3.00 for export bucks and \$2.50 to \$3.50 each for butchers' sheep; but lambs were inclined to be a little easier owing to the heavy supply, being quoted at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Hogs—The run was very light for the opening trade this week. Quotations unchanged at \$6.25 per cwt. for selections of 160, to 200 lbs. natural weight, \$5.37½ per cwt. for fats and \$5.25 for lights.

FRIDAY'S MARKET.

Toronto, Aug. 11.

At the semi-weekly market yesterday receipts were 61 carloads, including 687 sheep and lambs and 800 hogs.

Export cattle were in good demand and easier. The top price paid was 7½c for one choice lot. Good sold at 4½ to 4¾c. Butchers' cattle were rather scarce and firm at 3 to 4¾c. Stockers sold steady at 3½c top. Lambs firm at \$4 to \$4.75 per cwt. Hogs steady.

MONTREAL GRAIN & PRODUCE.

Special to The Commercial.

Montreal, Aug. 11.

The market is generally quiet and there are but few changes. Flour is 30c lower. Feed is steady and in good demand. Meal is quiet and unchanged. Eggs fairly active and supplies large at unchanged prices. Butter and cheese is quiet, buyers and sellers being apart in their views, but the general idea of cheese values is higher.

Oats—30c afloat.

Barley—No. 1 afloat, 51 to 51½c.

Flour—Prices to the trade delivered are: Manitoba Strong Bakers, \$4.20 to \$4.35; Manitoba patents, \$4.70; winter wheat patents, \$3.90 to \$4.25; straight rollers, \$3.85; in bags, \$1.80 to \$1.85.

Millfeed—Bran, \$15 per ton; shorts, \$17, including sacks.

Oatmeal—Rolled oats, \$1.30 to \$1.45 barrel on track, and \$1.60 to \$1.67½ per sack.

Hides—No. 1 green city hides 5c; No. 2, 7c; No. 3, 6c; calfskins, No. 1, 9c; No. 2, 7c; lambskins, 40c; sheepskins, \$1.10 each; tallow, 4 to 4½c.

Eggs—Strictly fresh, 15 to 16c for selected, and 11½c for seconds.

Butter—Choice creamery, 20½c to 21c per pound.

Butter—Choice western dairy, 17½ to 17¾c per lb.

Cheese—Western 10½ to 10¾c; eastern 10¼ to 10½c.

Maple syrup—Western, 55c per large tin and 75c per wine gallon tin or 6½ to 7½c per lb.; pure sugar, 9½ to 10c per pound.

Honey—White clover in comb 14 to 15c per pound; white extracted in large tins, 9 to 9½c.

Beans—\$1.60 to \$1.65 per bushel, as to quality.

Potatoes—Car lots, old on track, 30c per bag; new potatoes 55c per bag.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK PRICES.
Special to The Commercial.

Montreal, August 7.

Receipts of live stock at the East End abattoir market yesterday were 700 cattle and 300 sheep and lambs.

Unfavorable weather has had a tendency to weaken prices and in consequence, holders, in order to make sales, were obliged to accept ¼c per lb less than on last Thursday. The trade throughout was slow and the offerings were in excess of the requirements; consequently at the close some were left over. There was no demand from shippers to speak of, except for an odd steer to complete shipments with. Choice sold at 4¾c to 5c; good at 4½c to 4¾c; fair at 3½ to 4c; common at 3c to 3½c, and inferior at 2½c to 2¾c per lb. live weight. The tone of the market for sheep was also weaker and prices ruled ¼c per lb lower, which is, no doubt, due to the recent sharp declines in the foreign markets. The demand was good and shippers paid 3¾c for suitable stock, and the culls went at 3c to 3½c per lb. Lambs were in good demand, and as the supply was small, prices ruled higher at \$2.50 to \$4 each. The demand for calves was also good at prices ranging from \$3 to \$11 each, as to size and quality.

At the Grand Trunk Stock Yards, at point St. Charles, the receipts of live hogs were fair; in consequence the tone of the market was easier, and prices for heavy grades ruled lower. The demand was ample to absorb all offerings and sales were made at from 4¾c to 5¾c per lb. weighed off cars, as to grade.

THURSDAY'S MARKET.

Montreal, Aug. 10.

At the East End abattoir yesterday cattle receipts were 650 cattle and 450 sheep and lambs.

The cattle market was a shade easier, best steers bringing 4¾c, and other grades ranging down to 3c. Sheep sold at \$3.25 to \$3.75, lambs at \$2.50 to \$5.00 each. Hogs sold at \$3.75 per cwt.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKET.

Special to The Commercial.

Montreal, Aug. 11.

Sugars and general groceries are strong in tone. Teas are higher. Hardware, paints and oils are fairly steady and active. No changes in prices.

LONDON SUGAR MARKET.

Special to The Commercial.

London, Aug. 10.

Beet sugar is firm at 12s for August and 11s 6d for September.

LIVERPOOL CATTLE MARKET.
Special to The Commercial.

Liverpool, Aug. 10.

Cattle steady at 11½ to 12½c dressed. Sheep, steady, 11 to 13c.

LIVERPOOL CHEESE MARKET.
Special to The Commercial.

Liverpool, Aug. 10.

Cheese is higher at 48s 6d for white and 49s for colored.

BROCKVILLE CHEESE MARKET.
Brockville, Aug. 9.

The market for cheese to-day was 5c higher at 10½c per pound.

Mitchell & McComb, building contractors, Winnipeg, have dissolved partnership, S. McComb retiring. The business will be carried on by Geo. A. Mitchell.

WINNIPEG PRICES CURRENT

GROCERIES

Prices to retail dealers for ordinary lot, with usual discounts for cash or large lots.

Canned Goods		Per case
Apples, 35, 2 doz.	2 15	2 25
Apples, preserved, 35, 2 doz.	3 00	3 25
Apples, gallons, (per doz.)	2 50	3 00
Black or Lawton berries, 25, 2 doz.	2 00	2 10
Beans, 25, 2 doz.	2 00	2 10
Corn, 25, 2 doz.	2 00	2 10
Cherries, red, pitted, 25, 2 doz.	4 50	4 00
Peas, Marrowf. 1, 25, 2 doz.	2 00	2 10
Peas, sifted, 25, 2 doz.	2 00	2 10
Pears, Bartlett, 25, 2 doz.	3 25	3 50
Pears, California, 2 1/2, 2 doz.	4 50	4 75
Pears, Bartlett, 35, 2 doz.	5 00	5 50
Pineapple, 25, 2 doz.	4 50	4 75
Pineapple, imported, 25, 2 doz.	5 50	6 00
Peaches, 25, 2 doz.	3 97	4 25
Peaches, California, 2 1/2, 2 doz.	4 50	5 00
Peaches, Canadian, 35, 2 doz.	6 25	6 50
Plums, 25, 2 doz.	2 75	3 00
Pumpkins, California, 2 1/2, 2 doz.	4 50	5 00
Pumpkins, 35, 2 doz.	2 10	2 25
Raspberries, 25, 2 doz. Syrup.	3 25	3 50
Raspberries, 25, 2 doz. Preser.	3 50	3 75
Strawberries, 25, 2 doz. Syrup.	3 25	3 50
Strawberries, 25, 2 doz. Preser.	3 50	3 75
Tomatoes, 35, 2 doz.	2 35	2 40
Salmon, talls, 15, 4 doz.	5 25	6 00
Salmon, Cohoes talls, 15, 4 doz.	7 25	8 00
Per tin.		
Sardines, domestic 1/2s.	0 1 1/2	0 15
Sardines, imported, 1/2s.	0 1 1/2	0 15
Sardines, imported, 1/4s.	0 1 1/2	0 15
Sardines, imp. 1/2s, boneless.	20	31
Sardines, Dom., mustard 1/2s.	10	12
Per doz.		
Imported Fresh Herring, 15, 1 doz.	1 50	1 50
Imp. Kipperd Herring, 15, 1 doz.	1 75	1 85
Imp. Herring, Tom. Sauce 15, 1 doz.	1 50	1 50
Imp. " Anch. Sauce 15, 1 doz.	1 50	1 50
Imp. " Shrimp Sauce 15, 1 doz.	1 50	2 00
Canned Meats		
Corn Beef, 15, 2 doz.	3 15	3 15
Corn Beef, 25, 1 doz.	2 99	2 99
Lunch Beef, 25, 1 doz.	3 00	3 00
Lunch Tongue, 15, 3 doz.	6 00	6 25
Lunch Tongue, U.S., 25, 1 doz.	6 00	6 25
Lunch Tongue, Can., 25, 1 doz.	6 00	6 00
Brawn, 25, 1 doz.	2 60	3 00
Pigs Feet, 15, 2 doz.	2 50	2 90
Roast Beef, 25, 1 doz.	2 50	2 90
Per doz.		
Chicken, Duck or Turkey, 15, 2 doz.	2 60	2 60
Potted Ham, 1/2s.	65	70
Devilled Ham, 1/2s.	65	70
Potted Tongue, 1/2s.	65	70
Potted Ham, 1/4s.	1 30	1 40
Devilled Ham, 1/4s.	1 30	1 40
Potted Tongue, 1/4s.	1 30	1 40
Coffee		
Green Rio.	12 1/2	13
Inferior grades.	12 1/2	12
Cereals		
Split Peas, sack 95.	2 50	2 50
Pot Barley, sack 95.	2 30	2 10
Pearl Barley, sack 95.	3 75	4 00
Rolled Oatmeal, sack 95.	1 00	1 00
Standard Oatmeal, sack 95.	2 50	2 50
Granulated Oatmeal, sack 95.	2 50	2 50
Beans (per bushel).	2 10	2 10
Cornmeal, sack 95.	1 45	1 45
Cornmeal, 1/2 sac 49 (per 1/2 sac).	1 45	1 45
Per pound.		
Rice, B.	3 1/2	4 1/2
Patna	5 1/2	5 1/2
Rice, Japan	5 1/2	5 1/2
Sago	4 1/2	5 1/2
Tapioca	5	5 1/2
Cigarettes		
Old Judge	\$7 50	\$7 50
Athlete	5 50	5 50
Sweet Caporal	5 50	5 50
Sweet Sixteen	5 50	5 50
Derby	5 50	5 50
T. & H.	5 50	5 50
Cured Fish		
Boneless Hake, per lb.	05	05 1/2
Codfish, whole cases, 100 lbs.	6	6 50
Codfish, Pure per lb.	7 1/2	7 1/2
Herrings, in half-barrels.	4 00	4 00
Digby chicks	16	16
Dried Fruits		
Currants, new, Prov'l Bbls.	07 7 1/2	07 7 1/2
Currants, Prov'l Cases	07 1/2 7 1/2	07 1/2 7 1/2
Currants, Prov'l 1/2 Barrels.	07 1/2 7 1/2	07 1/2 7 1/2
Currants, Filiatria, bbls.	07 1/2 7 1/2	07 1/2 7 1/2
Currants, Filiatria, cases	07 1/2 7 1/2	07 1/2 7 1/2
Currants, cleaned, cases	08 1/2 8 1/2	08 1/2 8 1/2
Dates, Cases	07 1/2 08	07 1/2 08
Figs, Hleme, about 10 lb box.	20	22
Figs, Glove Box, per doz.	2 00	2 00
Figs, Cooking, S-v.	06 1/2 07	06 1/2 07
Figs, boxes.	07 1/2 08	07 1/2 08
Figs, Tapnets	05 1/2 05	05 1/2 05
Figs, Portuguese, boxes	06 1/2 07	06 1/2 07
Saltana Raisins	10 1/2 11	10 1/2 11

Dried Fruits		Per pound
Raisins, Val., fine, off stalk	2 50	2 50
Raisins, Selected, off stalk	2 60	2 60
Raisins, Val. Layers, per box	2 50	2 60
Clusters, 3 Crown	2 25	2 25
Loose Muscatels, 2 crown	2 75	2 75
Loose Muscatels, 3 crown	2 75	2 75
Loose Muscatels, 4 crown	2 75	2 75
London Layers, 20 lb Boxes.	90	2 00
Apples, Dried	07	07 1/2
Evap Apples, finest quality	07 1/2	07 1/2
California Evaporated Fruits		
Peaches, peeled	17	18
Peaches, unpeeled	11	12
Pears	12 1/2	13
Apricots	12	13
Pitted Plums	11	11 1/2
Nectarines	10 1/2	11
Prunes, 100 to 120	5 1/2	5 1/2
Prunes, 90 to 100	5 1/2	5 1/2
Prunes, 80 to 90	6	6 1/2
Prunes, 70 to 80	6 1/2	6 1/2
Prunes, 60 to 70	7	7 1/2
Prunes, 40 to 50	8	8 1/2
Matches		
Telegraph	Per case	3 1/2
Telephone	Per case	4 1/2
Lighter	Per case	4 1/2
Parlor Matches, Eagle	Per case	1 75
Nuts		
Brazils	Per pound	11 12 1/2
Taragona Almonds	15	15 1/2
Peanuts, roasted	11	11 1/2
Peanuts, green	9	10
Grenoble Walnuts	14 1/2	15
French Walnuts	13	14
Sticky Filberts	10	11
Shelled Almonds	30	35
Syrup		
Extra Bright, per lb.	30	33 1/2
Medium, per lb.	25	30
Maple, case 1 doz. 1/2 gal. tins	75	7 00
Glucose, bris	3 1/2	3 1/2
half bris	3 1/2	3 1/2
Molasses, per gal. (New Or.)	37 1/2	40 1/2
Porto Rico	45	46
Barbadoes	50	55
Sugar		
Extra Standard Gran.	5 95	5 95
Extra Ground	70	70
Powdered	6 1/2	6 1/2
Lumps	70	70
Bright Yellow Sugar	5 30	5 30
Maple Sugar	13 1/2	15 1/2
Salt		
Rock Salt	Per pound	1 1/2
Common, fine	Per barrel	2 00
Common, coarse	2 00	2 00
Dairy, 100 5	3 25	3 50
Dairy, 60-5	3 15	3 30
Per Sack		
Dairy, white duck sack	00	48
Common, fine jute sack	00	43
Spices		
Assorted Herbs, 1/2 lb tins.	75	90
Per pound		
Allspice, whole	15	20
Allspice, pure ground	15	22
Allspice, compound	15	18
Cassia, whole	15	20
Cassia, pure ground	20	25
Cassia, compound	13	18
Cloves, whole	17	20
Cloves, pure ground	25	30
Cloves, compound	15	20
Pepper, black, whole	16	17
Pepper, black, pure ground	15	20
Pepper, black, compound	10	13
Pepper, white, whole	23	25
Pepper, white, pure ground	23	30
Pepper, white, compound	15	20
Pepper, Cayenne	25	30
Ginger, whole, Jamaica	25	30
Ginger, whole, Cochina	20	25
Ginger, pure ground	23	25
Ginger, compound	15	25
Nutmegs, (per pound)	55	50
Mace (per pound)	75	80
Teas		
China Blacks—	Per pound	
Choice	35	40
Medium	25	30
Common	13	20
Indian and C-vion—		
Choice	32	40
Medium	25	32
Common	16	22
Young Hysons—		
Choice	35	45
Medium	25	35
Common	22	30
Japan—		
Finest May Picking	35	40
Fine	30	35
Good Medium	25	30
Common	15	20

Tobacco		Per pound
T. & B., 35, 48, and 95 Cads.	00	70
Lily, 55, Cads.	00	61
Green, 55, Cads.	00	58
T. & B. Black Chewing, Ssoríos	00	61 1/2
T. & B. Mahogany Chewing,		
55 or 16.	00	61 1/2
T. & B. 1-12 pkg, cut	00	55
T. & B. 1-5 pkg, cut	00	55
T. & B. in pouches, 1-4	00	55
T. & B. in 1-5 tins	00	56
T. & B. in 1/2 tins	00	56
T. & B. in 1/2 tins	00	53
Orinoco, 1-12 pkg.	00	51
Orinoco, 1-5 tins	00	50
Orinoco, 1/2 tins	00	50
Tuckett's Cherub Cigarette	1 1/2	1 1/2
Brier, 55, Cads	00	55
Derby, 35 and 45, Cads.	00	61
Derby, 55, Cads	00	65
P. & W. Chewing, Cads	00	65
P. & W. Chewing, Butts	00	65
Tonka, 1/2 tin	00	60
Tonka, 1/2 tin pkg	00	55
Canadian Leaf, 50 lb bates,		
very bright	12 1/2	21
Lower grades	12 1/2	15
Dominion Tobacco Co.'s List.		
BRIGHT CHEWING PLUG.		
Pompey, 10 1/2 s	72	72
Smias, Bars 5 s	63	63
Holly, 5 s and 15 s	50	50
Caravel, Bars, 7 s	48	48
BLACK CHEWING PLUG.		
Black Bass, Bars, 10 1/2 s	40	40
Black Bass, 6 s and 5 s	43	43
BRIGHT SMOKING PLUG.		
Virgin Gold, 3 1/2 s	68	68
Virgin Gold, 9 s	68	68
Bulls Eye, 3 1/2 sand 5 s	40	40
Empire Tobacco Co.'s List		
SMOKING.		
Empire, 35 @ 1/2	37	37
Golden Plug, 35	53	53
Royal Oak, 55	53	53
Something Good, 75	51	51
CHEWING.		
Currency, Bars, 10 1/2 s	40	40
Trade, 6 s	40	40
Free Trade, 5 s	45	45
Snowshoe, Bars, 12 s	45	45
Wooden Ware		
Per doz.		
Pails, a hoop clear	1 95	2 00
Pails, wire hoop	2 20	2 25
Pails, Star fibre	3 50	3 50
Tubs, No. 0 common	11 50	12 00
Tubs, No. 1 common	10 00	10 50
Tubs, No. 2 common	8 00	8 50
Tubs, No. 3 common	6 75	7 25
Per nest.		
Tubs, nests (3)	1 90	2 00
Tubs, wire hoop (3)	2 25	2 40
Per doz.		
Tubs, fibre, No. 0	16 50	16 50
Tubs, fibre, No. 1	14 50	14 50
Tubs, fibre, No. 2	12 50	12 50
Tubs, fibre, No. 3	10 50	10 50
Per nest		
Tubs, fibre, (3)	3 20	3 20
Butter Tubs, wire hoop (3)	57	57
Butter Tubs, wire hoop (3)	99	99
Washboards, Globe, per doz.	2 00	2 00
Perfection, per doz.	2 20	2 25
CURED MEATS, ETC.		
Lard, pure leaf, steam rend.	\$ 1 90	\$ 1 90
Lard, pure, in 3, 5 and 10 lb.		
tins, per case of 60 lbs	6 00	6 00
Lard, pure, Tierces, per lb.	5	5
Lard, 50lb tubs	9 1/2	9 1/2
Lard, Compound, 20 lb pails		
Lard, Compound, 3 and 5 lb.		
tins, case 60 lbs.		
Smoked Meats		
per lb.		
Hams	13	13
Breakfast bacon, bellies	12	12 1/2
Breakfast bacon, backs	10	10 1/2
Spiced rolls	9 1/2	9 1/2
Shoulders	8 1/2	8 1/2
Pic nic Hams	8 1/2	8 1/2
Dry Salt Meats		
Long clear bacon	9	9
Shoulders	8 1/2	8 1/2
Short Clear		
Backs	9	9
Barrel Pork		
Heavy mess	Per barrel	18 00
Short cut	18 00	18 00
Meat Sundries		
Fresh pork sausage, lb	7	7
Bologna sausage, lb.	8	8
Pickled pigs feet, kits.	\$ 1 40	\$ 1 40
Sausage casings, lb.	30	30

DRUGS		Following are prices for parcel lots with usual reductions for unbroken packages.	
Alum, lb	3 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Alcohol, gal.	5 25	5 50	5 50
Bleaching Powder, lb	05	07	07
Bleestone, lb.	09	10	10
Borax	09	10	10
Bromide Potash	75	80	80
Camphor	55	50	50
Camphor ounces	55	50	50
Castor Oil	45	50	50
Chlorate Potash	13	20	20
Citric Acid	18	20	20
Copperas	55	60	60
Cocaine, oz	03	04	04
Cream Tartar, lb	5 75	6 00	6 00
Cloves	28	32	32
Epsom Salts	20	25	25
Extract Logwood, bulk	03	04	04
Extract Logwood, boxes	12	10	10
Formalin, per lb	17	24	24
German Quinine	40	45	45
Glycerine, lb	50	55	55
Ginger, Jamaica	25	25	25
Ginger, African	30	35	35
Howard's Quinine, oz.	15	20	20
Iodine	60	65	65
Insect Powder	4 75	5 00	5 00
Morphia, sul.	30	35	35
Opium	2 00	2 25	2 25
Oil, olive, Pure	4 50	5 00	5 00
Oil, U.S. Salad	2 10	2 15	2 15
Oil, lemon, super	1 00	1 25	1 25
Oil, peppermint	1 60	1 80	1 80
Oil, cod liver, gal.	1 80	2 00	2 00
Oxalic Acid	1 40	1 75	1 75
Potass Iodide	14	16	16
Paris Green, lb	3 75	4 00	4 00
Saltpetre	22	25	25
Sal Rochelle	05	10	10
Shellac	25	32	32
Sulphur Flowers	25	32	32
Sulphur Roll, keg	3 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Soda Bicarb, keg of 112 lbs	3 75	4 00	4 00
Sol Soda	2 00	3 25	3 25
Tartaric Acid, lb.	40	45	45
Strychnine, pure crystals, oz.	75	85	85
LEATHER			
Per pound			
Harness, oak	44	44	44
Harness, union oak No. 1	34	34	34
Harness, union oak No. 1 R	33	33	33
Harness, hemlock No. 1, anchor brand	34	34	34
Harness, hemlock No. 1 R anchor brand			