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## EDITORIAL COMMENTS．

We welcome to the pages of our Fortaigiltis with the most sincere pleasure a contribution from the pen of Lady Aberdeen．She has written this article to the women students of Canadian Universitics to encourage and to show them the mighty influ－ ence for good which lies within their power．She warns them to undertake their work in the spirit of true womanliness：＂Truest woman apes not to become man＇s shade．＂Lady Aberdeen lays much impor． tance upon the dress and carriage of the woman stu－ dent．If＂manners maketh man，＂what do they for woman ？Surely more in evely way．We believe the influence of the surroundings of the women of McGill t．be elevating，therefore it rests with themselves to demonstrate to their world that a University educa－ tion has not exerted a deteriorating influence on their womanhood．We also think that the extension of University privileges to the women of Canada will result in strengthening the general belief of Canadians， ultra－conservative pessimists to the contrary notwith－ standing，that the unity of the family is the bulwark of modern civilization．Already we sec many women
entering college，not for the purpose of pursuing a professional carecr，but to acquire the breadeh of mind， the disciplined habits of work and the general nobil－ ity of character which the Universitics of the mother－ land have given in so great a degree to their students． We expect to sec many Canadian women whose minds have been trained within the walls of McGill finding fitting opportunities in their own homes for the exercise of these cnnobling qualities．

The Session $1894^{\prime}-95$ is now fairly begun．Hard work，if not already，must soon be the order of the day．The number of matriculants in the several Faculties is in no case smal＇er and in some cases larger than before ；altogether，this promises to be a pros－ perous year for McGill．

The athletic season has opened most auspiciously， and the Knights of the three Crows，who，in the opi－ nion of many of their admirers，hold，just as present， the fate of the University in their hands，and who cer－ tainly have the good wishes of all，are to be congra－ tulated upon their well earned victories．

The new buildings of the Faculty of Medicine are not yet quite ready for occupation，but the excellent arrangements afforded by them will soon be at the disposal of the members of that Faculty．

Indeed，new buildings，or renovated ones，seem to be，thanks to the gencrosity of certain gentlemen，as easily obtained at McGill as students to occupy them， for it is rumored that the quarters of the Law Faculty will soon be moved from the Fraser Institutc，and that the students of Arts，Medicine and Applied Science are to enjoy the companionship of their fellows in Law．Should this take place，it would give great satisfaction to all undergraduates，inasmuch as the distance，which has hitherto separated the Faculty of Law from the sister Faculties．has been a serious ob－ stacle to the unauimity and friendship that should exist between students of the same university．When this change comes，as is sincerely to be hoped it may， Law can rely upon a warm welcome from the pre－ sent denizens of the College grounds．

FOR THE benefit of the occasional readers of the Fontinghtls，we deem it but right to refer to a re－ mark which was recently made by one of our City con－
temporaries, to the effect that " nicknames" had been applied to professors in the last number of the FORTNighti.Y. We say "occasional" readers, because we feel confident that rigular readers will at once acquit the Forrelghtly of such a charge. No professor has been or will be "nicknamed" in our columns, and we beg to assure any reader who may have thought that he detected a professor lurking behind any soubriquet in our recent issue, that he has been entirely and, as far as we concerned, unwillingly deccived.

## CONTRIBUTIONS.

## AN ADDRESS BY LADY ABERDEEN TO WOMEN STUDENTS.

The prejudice against women being admitted to the advantages of a University education dies but slowlyI suppose because the main ground for desiring to have such an education is so largely misunderstood.

Very often one hears the motive assigned for our desiring to go to the Universitics being to show that women are as clever as men, that they are able to carry off as many honors, that they can be as good classical scholars, and so on. Whether these things be true or not, is not for me to say; but if that were the object, I scarcely think it would be worth striving for. Pray forgive ne for saying so, gentlemen.

But, ladiss, is it not true that the reason why we value the concession that women have a right to a University training is because that thereby is also conceded that women, according to their circumstances and opportunities, have a right to as thorough, as real an education as men ; that women have a definite life-work for which they must be prepared and disciplined as well as men are for theirs, and that if they are not thus prepared and educated, it is not only the individuals that suffer loss, but their homes and their country?

But here the objectors to University cducation for women tell us that women's life-work is a difierent one, and therefore that they need a different training. Be it so; but may we ask these objectors whether, they can point to any schools or colleges where re can go and learn the science of housckecping, the science of motherhood, the laws of health, the knowledge of nursing and of physiology, and how to draw out the powers and facultics of the little children. There are many of us, I have no doubt, who hope the day may not be far distant when there may be such places of education. But in the meantime, what do we find instead of this? A system which provides, for the education of women for theirlife-work, that they shall lcarn a little French, a little German, a little music, a littlesmattering of many accomplishments. We don't
think that that prepares women in the best possible way to be wives and mothers. We rebel against that system, and it is the system which has received its deathblow by the admission of women to the Universitics.

I well understand that for a long time yet it will only be the few women who will go in for a University career, and that the majority of these will go through it for the sake of a profession ; yet it mustnevertheless, be true that the admission of women to the Universities of Canada must have a far wider influence than its direct effect on the students admitted; for by making the standard by which women's attainments are judged the same as that of men, the whole attitude towards the education of girls in the country is changed. It is placed on a more thorough footing it suggests the advisability of training all girls, whatever may be their station, for some definite calling in life, and the need which exists for women as well as men to acquire, in some way or another, that learning how to lcarn, that discipline of mind, that realization of how vast and wide are the fields of knowledge, how many sides there are to all truths, that knowledge of life, which, I presume, are considered of even greater value as the results of a University training than the actual knowledge gathered and learning acquired.
loung ladies, you can scarcely realize with what hope we older women, who have not had the advantages which you are enjoying, are looking towards you. A true woman's life has always been, must always be a life ofservice, and to this the women of our gencration have been called-servic: not only in the family and to socicty but to the country. Service to humanity is so full of opportunities that we, to whom these opportunitics have come, feel very keenly the need and the lack of that training, which you have at jour command.

There are social problems and difficulties which are facing us, and which follour us into those relations of family and domestic life where we cannot shirk them if we would; they camnot be solved without the help of women-but the help of women of ba lanced minds, trained to accurate thought, accurate obscrvation, accurate judgment, based on personal knowledge coupled with the sympathy which wins confidence. Time and thought and woik and self are required for this service. The call to labor here is urgent, the responsibilitics are very great. We are living in times when the most sacred questions of the family are unreservedly discussed, and the faith which so many of us have been brought up in is being doubted, reconstructed or rejected. How can uneducated mindsminds without intellectual principle or consistency, which flash into enthusiasm or sink into panic before each new aspect of truth, whether in defence or attack -prescrve their faith or remodel it or help those near
and dear through that most lonely of struggles on the question of questions? We cannot do it without that balance of mind, that humanity of spirit, that sense of the power of evidence and the weight of fact which higher education in its truest sen-e gives.

There is one more call which is imperative to cducated, thoughtful women. The chief danger in any country lies in the lives of those whose education has taught them to subordinate work to pleasure and ease, who make conformity to fashion their standard of conduct and morality. Doubtless in Canada there is less of this done than elsewhere, owing to the happy necessity that exists for work in most cases, but let us remember that where it does exist it is the fault of the women. If higher education is not to be a delusion or a sham, it will turn out women whose true culture will enable them to create in cocicty, as well as in the family, a leaven of thought, of action and morality which will act upon all classes of the community purifying and elevating our whole national life.

Only, ladies, in your preparation for the high service which is before you, let me entreat you to remember that one great essential is to approach it in the spirit of trucst womanliness. Evell in such small mat-ters-such very small matters-as dress and appearance nay I beg of University students ever to kecp in mind the importance of being prettily and daintily dressed.

But, young ladics, you know how much harm to many causes frowsiness and frumpiness have done in the past. And then any imitating or aping of men any altempt at mannishncss, ruins woman's work and saps it of all its force. It may ofien be he very same work as that carried on by men, and yet there will be an insensible distinction in the spirit in which it is undertaken. It should be as difficult to define when man's work ends and woman's work begins as to define the exact distinction between the father's and the mother's influence. Both are blended in one, and yet the children feel instinctively that there is a sphere for each. And so in the world of service, whether it be in family, society or humanity, we need to sec it blended, not opposed; man working in the fullest strength of his manhood, which involves many of the virtues hitherto supposed to be peculiar to women, and woman working in the fullest strength of womanhood, which also involves many of the virtues specially attributed to men-strength, judgment, truth, courage -in which perhaps we have been $s$ :pposed to be lacking.

But whatever may be the result of this educational movement, a very great responsibility rests upon you who are reaping the fruits of the toil of those who have gonc before you. You have to justify the action of those who have won these privileges for you; you have to show that University women will justify their
cmancipators-not by unsexing themselves, not by claming power or by asserting their superiority, but in the words of a pioncer of the University educational movement in England by showing "that conscience, reason and will, trained and disciplined to understand and act on principle, will produce a higher type of character in the average woman than the old life in the leading strings of custom and conventionality; that the wider knowledge, the more practical judgment, the decper sense of responsibility which belongs to freedom, will make them better as well as wiser women, will fit them in fact-not in pretention only, like the old system, but in fact-to fulfill all the duties of their womanhood."

This, young ladics, is the task set before you. This is what we hope from you. Accept my very best congratulations for the opportunities which you have, and my carnest wishes, that you may so use them that the country may yield grateful thanks to your Alma Mater for the gift she has given it in you.

## OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

## Quis desiderio sit putor ant modus Tall cari capitis?

Holmes' warmest admirer would not dare to hint that as a literary figure he is in the same class with Sophocles, yet Matthew Arnold's lines on the "singcr of sweet Colonus" are equally true of the mellow humanist of Beacon Strect. It is well to give high praise where high praise is duc, and let no reader grudge to have it said of Holmes that he was one
" Whose even balanced soul, Fiom first youth tested up to extreme old age, Business could not make dull, nor pastion wild; Who saw life steatily, and saw it whole."
In Holnes' case, busincss was the practice of his profession ; passion,-so far as any is revealed in his writings,-dislike of homocopathy. He was assiduous in his devotion to medicine : in attacking the Hahnemaniacs he was not lithout his smashing blow. But no one can accuse him of being either dull or wild.

It is possible to write about Holmes from numerous points of view. He was, for most of those who knew anything of him, a literary man; and as a literary man he had many titles to regard. He was a poet, a nuvelist, an essayist, a talker in print who combined wit and humor with wide reading, sagacity, and knowledge of the world. But he was more thion this. He was a distinguished professor of Anatomy, a man of affairs, and above all an adept in the ait of living. In this complex age when the temptation is strong to seck distinction in a narrow ficld without regard to general cuiture, it is refreshing :o come across men who by precept or example encourage one to perfect himself in the art of liv-
ing. One need not quarrel with Milton's definition of a good book as " the precious life-blood of a master spirit, imbalmed and treasured up on purpose to a life beyond life," to believe that for most literary men living is more important than writing. Occasionally some one who has been educated under the influence of Greek rather than German ideas comes out with a definite profession of faith on this subject. Symonds, writing volume after volume it his imprisonment at Davos, felt that even the short life he could expect was of more consequence than anything he was likely to write. "Life seems so much graver, more important, more permanently interesting than books. Literature is what Aristotle called $\delta$ iing $\omega$ y an honest, healthful, harmless pastime." l'erhaps a time will cone when biography will be esteemed more highly than it is now; when it will be held that the record of a life led in conformity with high ideas is of more value than any literary expression of the ideas themselves. Holmes is certainly a writer " whose own example strengthens all his laws." He is not one of those who are more edifying in their books than in their lives. What devotec of the "Vicar of Wakefield" does not feel that the author's human qualities are less than his literary qualitics? It is not alone that Goldsmith "talked like poor Yoll :" he had weaknesses of disposition which make us regret that we have so much biographical detai! about him. How difierent it is with Holmes! His masterpicee is not the "Autocrat," but his eighty-five years of buoyant, inspiring vitality.

Holmes was born in 1So9, the ycar of Wagram; the year, also, in which Darwin, Tennyson, and Gladstone were born. is a Harvard student the intellectual influences by which he was affected were very different from those which had held universal sway in New England during the preceding century. The moral basis of llassachusetts society was as strong in the days of Holmes' youth as it had been in the days of Solomon Stoddard and Cottou Mather. But the intellectual horizon was expanding rapidly. It was not alone that Calvinism in large measure relaxed its hold on popular credence. A genuine social awakening accompanied the process of religious transition. The combination of ethical purity with frcedom of thought, and wide human sympathy, is what gives the Bosten literary school 1840-1880 its claim to lasting regard. Tliose who have read the "Professor," or the essays on Johnathan Edwards, and the Pulpit and the Pcw, wil] hardly need to be reminded of the spirit periading Holmes' utterances on matters of speculative religion. For the rest, cuery page he wrote is aglow with his interest in whatever men do. No writer of classical or modern times could say more truly of himself: Homo sum; nil humani a me alienum puto.

The Harvard of Holmes' youth was a very different institution from the Harvard of the present day. No doubt it was a better place to study than had been the embryonic high-school over which Dunster presided in the early years of the colony of Massachusetts Bay: when the dormitory windows had no glass, and when students paid their fees in eggs and pumpkins. But Harvard in the carly part of this century had not outgrown the stage at which one professor teaches threc or four subjects; occupiesto borrow a phrase from Holmes himself-not a chair, but a whole settee. And, moreover, Harvard in those days was not progressivc. Holmes said not long before his death: "During all my carly years our old Harvard Alma Mater sat still and lifeless as the colossi in the Egyptian desert." But if stationary, Harvard even then was not without charm. The library was housed in Harvard Hall. The books were stored in arched alcoves, "which secluded without isolating the reader." In this place where a little later Lowell browsed delightedly upon Dodsley's "Old Plays," Cotton's "Montaigne," and Hakluyt's "Voyages," Holmes must have found much to arouse his literary enthusiasm. The class of 1829 to which he belonged, numbered among its members several men who rose to eminence in the generation of the Civil War. James Freeman Clarke; Benjamin l'ierce, the mathematician S. F. Smi.h, author of the national anthem "My Country, tis of thee;" 13. R. Curtis, of the Supreme Court of the United States; G. T. Bigelow, Chicf Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusctts; 1. 13. Crowninshicld, Speaker of the Masachusetts House of Representatives; were classmates with whom Holmes remained through life upon terms of special intimacy. He was while in college a member of the famous Phi Beta Kappa Society, and a considerable number of his occasional poems were prompted by gatherings of his class, by banquets of the Phi Beta Kappa, and by functions of the University. The piece entitled "The lBoys," written for the class banquet of 1859 , will be remembered as one of his happiest performances in this sort.

In the introduction to "A Mortal Astipathy," Holmes has given an account of the state of American literature when he opened his first portfolio. Cooper, IIving, Bryant, Dana had all done their best work before Holmes became known to the American public. The reigning favorite was N. P. Willis, who emerging from a line of "old-fashioned, colcopterous" Calvinists led for a while a butterfly existence as dilettante and dictator of fashion. The popularity of Willis in one way, as the brook Farm movement in another, points to a general unsettling of socicty in castern Massachusetts, which was particularly noticeable in the years 1830-45. When the
process of readjustment was complete, the flowering time of the old Puri'an stock came. Holmes, Lowell, Enerson, Longfellow, Hawthornc, Thoreau, Channing, Everett, Prescott, Motley, Philipps, Parker, Garrison, Sumner, Parkman: this is a list of great and worthy names, a list of which New England may well be proud. And there were others, not so well known to the present generation, who were felt by those just mentioned to be their intellectual pecrs. It is an unusual society which reckoned among its less conspicuous members, Benjamin Pierce, Jeffries Wyman, Dean Gurney, Asa Gray and Charles Eliot Norton.

Versatile as Holmes was, he is free from the charge of cacoethes scribcudi. His table-talk is sometimes a little garrulous in style, but self-control is seen in the comparative paucity of his production. He doubtless wrote with facility. The American people bought his books with a free hand. And yet all his contributions to literature-with the exception of a few memoirs-are contained in the twelve small volumes of the " River:ide" edition. To criticizc the writings of Holmes seems a work of supererogation "Fanny" Bowen covered the ground very well $\mu$ hen he said in an old number of the North Almerican Reyiciu: "As he is everybody's favorite, there is no occasion for critics to meddle with him, cither to censure or praise. He can afford to laugh at the whole reviewing fraternity." The qualities revealed in Holmes' books are the qualities which make a man beloved in daily intercourse. Wit, humor, intormation, observation, sagacity, benevolence, affection made Holmes dear to the hundreds of his friends and to the thousands of his readers. It is by no means a grateful business to tabulate the strong points of a favorite author for the purpose of deducting therefrom his limitations. Chacun ì son goût, in literature as in gastronomy, It is the opinion of the writer that Lowell, Emerson, Hawthorne and Thoreau are each to be credited with works which, cither in point of form or as contributions to the world's stock of ideas, must be ranked higher than the best work of Holmes. But this is no bar to his full and free enjoyment of every book which the latter published, from the Poems of 1836 to "Over the Teacups."

One strong point of Holmes' writing it is always well to emphasize. While his knowledge of literature was most unusual in a doctor, his habits of scientific observation were of great service to him in literature. In the combination of literary and scientific attainments he recalls Goothe more than dues any other American. Unlike the mass of professional men, he was able to rise above his profession. We never feel that his knowledge of medicinc is a bar to our non-professional intercourse with him. Special
study and active practice brought him in contact with many phases of life which are little known to the layman. That for which we have reason to be thankful is that wide acquaintance with mankind made him reflective, without making him cynical or pedantic.
It is always pleasant to read a selection of pieces which show the wide range of Holmes' moods and knowledge. To pass from the broad fun of the
Height of the Ridiculous" to the perfect grace of " Dorothy' Q," or to the elevating beauty of the "Chambered Nautilus;" to pass from the persiffage of lighter passages in the Breakfast Table series to the serious discourses of the same, or from a descriptive essay like "The Seasons" to a scientific essay like "Automatism and Crime:" this is a test of the writer's power and the man's breadth. Lowell, of all the New England brotherhood, is the only one whose compass is not less than that of Holmes.
The public career of Holmes was a career of unbroken success, and numerous passages testify to his domestic happiness. Rarely has a life been so well rounded. His friends were the foremost men of his own land. He had no enemies,-except, it may be, the homœopaths. Health, comfort, worthy posterity, power of enjoyment in old age were all his. A fitting fifth act to his long and happy life was a triumphal reception in England in 1886. We who feel defrauded if we are unable to visit Europe every two or three years may wonder that Holmes crossed the Atlantic but twice. Such is the fact; but on the occasion of his second visit he was covered with enough glory to have satisficd a Roman dictator. It is interesting to read the list of receptions and dinners which were given in his honor. It is pleasant to think of his visit to Quaritch's shop in Piccadilly. It is positively delightful to know that Oxford, Cambridge and Edinburgh gave him their degrees; that on arriving at the House of Commons after all the places reserved for distinguished strangers were occupied he was put among the ambassadors to hear Gladstone's speech on the Second Reading of the Home Rule Bill. Every circumstance which shows the warmth of English good-will is gratifying to Holmes' admirers in America. But for reallight upon Holmes' own character, two incidents of his visit to Paris are worth the whole catalogue of social ovations. He called upon Pasteur without a letter of introduction, simply to pay him homage. "I told him I was an American physician who wished to look in his face and take his hand-nothing more." The other incident carries us back to 1836 when Holmes was a student in the Quartier Latin. Returning to Paris fifty years later, he went alone to the Café Procope, illustrious for its association with great Frenchmen from Voltaire to Gambetta. Here,Holmes had seen
in his youth Arago, l'oisson, and Jouffroy: Here in tSSG he thought of old friends who for the most part had become a mere tradition to their grandechildren. No wonder sentiment wased strong within himas he sipped his solitary cup of colfee in the empty room. So deeply had he been moved, that on departing he wished to give the waiter five frames instead of the five sous which formed the total of the not: But one consideration deterred him: He would be violating tie traditions of a place "where generation after generation of poor students and threadbare Bohemians had taken their morning coffee and pocketed their two lumps of sugar. It acas avith a foting of arivile samily and Roman silf compucst that I paid my fiat sous, with the small adititional fraction sobich I supposiad the acaiter to cappict, and mo more:"

Aspiration makes ideal whaterer is best in the gualitics of common humanity. And Holmes did not lack a note of aspiration to exalt his humor, his wisdom, and his sympathy with eecry plase of man's experience. Since his death many-one can hardyguess how many-have had in their minds and on their lips the last stanza of his tinest pocm. It is be. cause Holmes so truly lived in the spirit of these his own lines, that thousands have blessed him and mourned his death:

> " Huild thee more stately mansions, oh my sorn, As the swin seasons roll!
> 1eave thy low:raulted pas:!
> let each sew temple, notice thaǹ the last.
> Shat thee from heaven with a dome more vast, Till thou at lenglh ant frec,
> Jeaving thine outgrown shell by life's unrestings sea !"

## COLALEGE HONOURS.

This world would be a paradise indeed, were man but perfect. Had our first parents been content with the pleasure so abu.dantly bestowed upon them, tilere would be no need for us, their unhappy children, to be ever driven on to our tasks by the lash of stern duty, or enticed to fresh endeavour by the rewards of fortune or fame. But since we can neither turn back the wheels of time, nor undo that which has been done, let us look at the matter candidly, and discover, if possible, by what means we may counteract the effects of their sad fall.

We find is mankind, gencrally, ạ constitutional antipathy to labour or exertion of any kind, cither of mind or body: His normal condition is cone of sloth and inactivity. We have abundant proof in the lives of muhitudes around us at the present day; and in the record left us by generations gone before, that if man's wamts are supplicd, like the brute, he lies down in perfect contentment. There is, therefore, a need for some outward inducement to arouse him from this condition, and incite him to rise to that noble
elevation upon which he is capable of standing. Whatever, then, will stimulate him to exercise his dormant powers is good, and demands our hearty commendation. We might cite, without limit, the sayings of philosophers, poets and statesmen to mantain the truth of this statement. Let a few instances, however, suffice. In cultured, wise and noble Greece we see the most honourable of her sons contending in the established games; and in these, rewards were offered not only tor feats of muscular development, but also in those "exercitationes ingenii at curriculu misutis," on which Ciccro bestows such ligh praise. And is not the high state of culture and refinement, to which Greece attained, due in large measure to these contests in which her citizens contended for revards or prizes? And that philosopher, whose fables have been familiar to us from childheod, and are so replete with wisdon, encourages us to the use of racard in leading on, when he tells us of the struggle of the Sun and Wind. One mare instance will le sufficient for our purpose. Let him sho has passed a peaceful day with Horace on his 3 bine farm, charmed by the gentle murmur of the fountain that plays near by his dwelling, or slowly meandering through that little grove which grows not far away; listen to the poet as he recommends rewards in the following lines:-

> "Et pucris olim dant crustuin blandi Joctores, elementa veiiat ut discere prima."

And again, pursuing the same theme, he says:-

- Preffilus tic caupe, mikes, nauteque per omne
"Avdacess mare qui currunt, bac mente haborem
"SCse ferre, senes ut in otia huta recedant,
"Aiunt, quum sibis sint congesta cibaria."
Hevery effiort made by man is, simp!y and solely, for the ricicard which it brings. The merchant strives with all his powers, rising cariy and toiling late. He racks his brains for ncw plans, and closely watches every chan:se in the market in order that he may increase his trade and cnlarge his business, and all for one end: that he may gain the recuard of a large fortunc.
The politician bends all his energics to the pleasing of his constituents. The slightest ripple on the surface of public affairs cannot escape his watchful cye; and all this he docs for the recuard of praise and power.

To him who pursucs the paths of literature, Fame beckons on, and point: to a niche in her temple, as yet, unoccupied. This is to be his reaturd.

Wie sec, then, that this stimulus of recoard applics to all the walks of life. Is it just to deny it to the student? Rather would we say that to him of all others it must be prescribed, for to youth the honours of the world are not yet apparent in all their fulness, the growing inteliect must be stimulated by every means that is right and true.

Now college honours tend in that direction; they expand the mind by encouraging the student to excel in a laudable contest, and the youth who strips himself of every incumbrance, and pushes forward toward the prize, deserves the cinecr of all beholders; He who gained the garland of olive in the Olympic games was deemed a hero of whom his countrymen were proud, and while in training was, doubtless, cheered by the thought that he had the good wishes of all his fellow-citizens. So let then iwho in: our college contests devote themselves with untiring energy to study, depriving themselve: of many plea. sures which they might otherwise enjoy, receive the hearty Godspeed of all their fellows.

ANLIQUIS.

## thratris Night.

[Recited at the closing concert of the Glee Clul, in the Queen's Theatre, May, 1894.]

There are some sights a fellow sees, not soon to be forgot, Hut like the scencs which nature spreads around some ballowed spot,
The memory fondles them as things it lovingly reveres, And, of recurring, ungaified beyond the anists of years, They cheer with visions of the dawn the dimming eye of age, And gleam like little poems forth from life's prosaic page.
And we, in later years, perchance, enamored by the gleam
Of days behiud, shall think of when we ferried ocerthe stream
'Twixt youth's gay garden and the fields of solemn toil and strife,
And stooped and drank from out the flood a few deep draughes of life.
Ay, comrades, then such nights as these we'll cherish every one:
When, by a sliding thread of rears, short, frayile, guickly run, Slern manhood bekl the sword of life suspended o'er our joss,
We felt for one whole night at least that-hang it !-we were boys.

And when small kids that look like us shall hang upon our knees,
And say; "A little story tell, dear papa, if you please?"
Whea the misty sualight shortens anil the leaf is brown and sere,
In the mild October weather at the waning of the jear, We'll tell with many a thrill of joy and many a look of pride, Of how we marched in college days as sandents, side hy side, Down the old avenuce elate, and shoating with a will, liehimd the storied banders, the hanvers of MoGill; Of how we throaged the theatre and filled the bouse with din, Of how the city crowded out and coulda't half get in ; Such we will jus to tell them, and they will joy to hear, In the mild October weather at the waning of the year.
And when wetrian their youthful misds, ove leseon welliustil, That there is pothing in the world the matter with McGill; One grand old soog, the first of all, we'll tench them how to sing.
And bear inlisping ireble tones car 'Alma Mater'ring;
Owe grand old word before the rext we'll teach them how to spell,
Till lojal thousands sboat like us,

$$
" M-C-G-I-J_{r}-I_{\infty} "
$$

Car'y gous.

## SI JIECNESSE SAVAIT.

O pleasant 'tis to loiter on the lawn,
When our fierce phalanx, swathed ingules and white,
I, ines for the scrimmage, and prepares to take
Vicarious exercise for all who watch.
One alteruoon, thus loitering, I saw
A Fireshman who had stayed him to observe.
I say a Freshmall ; there could lie no doubt.
He bore the marks in gnit, in guise, in mien.
Nor do they lear more sure betokening marks,
Who but a little week ago were wed.
Hlazoned are both, but in a different way;
These seek in vain to livele their amorous joy,
The Freshman triumphs in his verdancy.
lie had not waited l.ong ere be espied
A maiden of transparent beauty; one
So fresh, so trim, so radiant that $e^{\prime \prime} e n$
My wizened heart beat with a quicker pulse,
At sight of her. But not alone she moved;
Heside her was a youth on whom she smiled.
Not academic, he; his craft I ween
Was to shave drafts, and keep a ledger right. Short time the Freshman tarried. His soft heart Glowed with ambition to cut out that clerk.
He had some slight acquaintance with the maid, 1 kuow not how. Perchance for him she'd poured, At a church social, a cup of tea.
Some slight acquaintance had he, and therewith
Put forward his best foot tu gain her grace.
And I who watched could not but wonder how
A Freshman, with so little to commend Fixtravagant pretensions, should have dared
To meet a bank clerk apon meutral ground. Self.knowledge should have plucked him by the sleeve:
A sense of supplementals imminent
Shoukl hare recalled to him his littlemess.
Accosting her be ventured to remark
That rain is customary in the fall,
And for that matter so's fair weather, too.
He failed to score a little joke, and then
Blashed to his ears, and felt that he had failed.
She, interrupted in a collogay
Of all-absorbing interest, was scant
In courtesy, and quickly turned to 80 .
I who was sorry for the Freshman, then
Would fain have gone to him, asd told hin not
To make himself an ass avother time. Rut olher counsels followed; and it seemed Better to write these lines which be should read, And meditate with much self-questioning.
But the alluriag maiden sanntered on
Out of the precincts of the college grounds, Cimmindfal of the havoc she had made,
Cinuindfal of she youth of 'gs,
Unmindful of his wounded amour foreve, Her thoughts were fired on ber erect bank clerk, Who walked so well, amul had swch pleasant ways And talked to ber of theatres, and balls. ENVOY.
Freshean, if you from this a morel seek, ruick acation, and beware of cheek.

## TRE TIREE GRACES OF AMERICAN TRAVEL.

## II. THE BACGAGE SMASMEA.

Bagure samarer, lithe and raik,
Who canst sumesh with equal skill
Lixde and beavy, thont and fryites
Well pack'd truakes and trulbe peck'd ill ;

Tell mit, ilost thou love the cirntige love to :iee the boxes fly.
I.ovest thou mand travellers drasmage When their tones mount hot and high ?

Neither bile nor bale nor rancor In thy strenuous heart is hid: Alancst never clost thou hanker To wrench of a hinge or lid,

Save for tourists in mild-summer, And thy old inveterate for, The seductive, guilesome drunumes, Thou art free from passions glow.

But the Saratoga waxes
firery year more broad and tall.
And the drummer never jacks his Samples in a band•loox small.

These thou markest thy examples, These thou smasliest with a slam, tising specially the samples As a bigh-power hattering ram.
lut impartially thou wreakest One destruction in the main, On the strongest as the weakest, Like earthruake or hurricane.

C'into me thou scarce seem'st human: Kather a dread cosmic force

So I care not if thou small ixe, Nedium, massive, !can, or fat, Kinerar 1 'm constrained to call thee, Though thy name's more likely l'al.

## 111. THE: HOTEL Ch.tikk.

Thou, ouly thou, hast to periection brought In our rough world, the oxymandian art Of making all men feel thou liv'st apars lisom them, and holiost their vulyar life at nought.

Such dignity as thou hast can's le lxoughit Hy weality parvenus in conmmon mart: And yet it seems to ne thou play'st a part Which witb thy stately uien comyrorteth not.

Thou siondist have been a monarch in an axe When siaves were numerous. Alas that now The E:thiof lell-thoy should exact a wage, Thy mirson. Servilciy he seeuns to frow thefore tivee in thy presence, lut c'en lie Behind thy back raties mocks and gilest at thec.

## M1:D1:A.

Whitren from a dalstinc.
 leaps to the light, anil yet so fierce it glows Around thy strock, full face ; as from the skics The lighining hurls its terror, yel le stows Lipon the face of Meaven a weird, will leauty:

And yet thou once wast full of grace, ainl true To all the world; thy gleaming eyes spoke love, Aad 'routed thy molle life thon wrapled ity new And alorious passion, and joyous as a dove, Rove o'er the rolling waters of ilie sea.
How changed thy face! at last I see thee stanil I.ining the cotesings fromilly chibiren's forms, A podiniard's hik rests in thy firm, sure hamis, Aad soop the glittering bimk their younk livool wasms: Set I mut llame; twas potity halare to furgite The hamd that shatiered all that mate thee lowg to live.

## SOCIETIES.

## McGILL LITEERARY SOCIETY.

The meeting on Friday; Oct. 12 th, was called to order promptly at eight p.m., the l'resident, Mr. Hanson, occupying the chair.

After the reading and confirming of the minutes of the previous meeting. the business of the Socicty wals quickly disposed of and the programme for the evening procecded with.
liirst came a reading, by Mr. Packard of Science. This was delitered in splendid style, and was without doubt one of the best redings ever given before the Society:

Next canc the event of the evening, the debate on the subject :-" Resolved, that the poets have exerted a more fermanent influence on civilization than the Statesmen."

The subject was ably handled by Messrs. Robertson, Campbell and Ilopkins for the affirmative, and Messrs. Hanson, Trenholme and Ross for the negative. The question was then put to the meeting for decision, and renulted in a victory for the affirmative. Mr. Wallace gave all able critique of the evening's proceedings. Mr. IV. C. Sutherland, who was unavoidably absent during the earlier part of the evening, being now present, read a splendid essay on the "Principles of Anarchy:" This concluded the programme, and the meeting adjourned to mect again on the following Friday:
l'erhaps the most interesting meeting of the Literary Society which has been held at Old MeGill for ycars opened at ten minutes after eight last Friday evening, with President Hanson in the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and, approved, and as there was no business the programme foliowed inmediately.

Finst came a very appropriate reading from Oliver Wendall Holmes, by Mr. Mc.Master (Arts'97), which was delivered with great fecling and expression.

Neither the song nor the singer were present, but as someone thought that the latter might be suffering from a severe attack of "Culdus Canadensis," he was excused without censure.

Next came an excellent essay on "Friendship" by Mr. K. Kogers (Arts' 94 ), which was well written and, if possible, better read.

And then the Detratc! The subject for discussion was:-" Resolved, that the advantages of a British connection are such that Canada would not be bencfited by national insiepuendence."

The speakers proand con were as follows: Howard ( ${ }^{\prime}$ rts ${ }^{\circ} 94$ ). Craig (Arts '94) and l'ollock (97) iersws Mullin (I, aw), Murnet (Arts 94), and Trenholme (Arts 97).

A truly patriotic meeting, by a slender majority decided in favor of the affirmative.

Mr. Tory then followed with an interesting critigue. He criticized the general behavior of the audience for uncalled for and irregular applause.

He commended the reacer and the cisayist, but hethought that both spoke too rapidly.

Of the speakers in the debate, Mr.Tory stated that Mr. Howard expressed himself well, but said the leader's closing summary was especially worthy of commendation.
He praised Mr. Mullin for great eloquence.
Mr. Craig, Mr. Tory thought, nade a wonderfully fine showing: indecd, Mr. Craig's speech was considered by the audience generally to be the speech of the evening.

The other speakers, while criticized for smaller faults, were praised for arguments.

Mr. Tory closed his useful critique by saying he "as glad to be among "the boys" again.

On the motion of Mesists. Carmichacl and Howard the mecting was adjourned until next Friday night.
So finished an evening eventful in the annals of the McGill Literary Socicty, though the happy notes of " What's the matter with Old McGill?" were borne by the breczes till some hours later. J. G. S. '97.

## McGILL MINING SOCIETY.

A meeling of the McGill Mining Society was held in the old Science building on Thursday evening, Oct. 4th. I'rof. Carlyle in the chair: The minutes of the previous meeting were read and accepted.
It being the first meeting of the Society this session, officers were elected. The elections resulted as follows:-
Honorary Prcsident-Dr. Harrington.
President.-Prof. Carlylc.
Irec-1President.-J. C. Gwillim.
Secrelary-Treasurer.-IV, M. Archibald.
Dr. Harrington, l'rof. Carlyle and Mr. Gwillim were elected unanimously. Messrs. Rutherford and Archibald were nominated for Secretary Treasurer, and Mr. Archibald was elected.
A hearty vote of thanks was tendered by the l'resident to Mr. Hart, the retiring secretary, for the manner in which he had carried on the work during his term of office. Mr. Hart said 2 few words in reply; and promised to read a paper before the Society some time during the session.

It was moved by Mr. Gwillim, seconded by Mr. Askwith, that the night of meeting be changed to Friday; as required by the Constitution, this matter was hid over until the next meeting.

After a few remarks by the l'resident on the future outlook for the mining enginecr, the meeting adjourned until Friday, Oct. 1yth.

## VETERINARY ASSOCIATION.

## annual. Oreming Mebing and Eiection of Orfictrs.

The ammal opening meeting of the Montreal Veterinary Medical Association, held in the lecture room of Faculty of Comparative Medicine of McGill University, was attended by an unusually large and enthusiastic audience. In the absence of Dr. J. G. Adami, President of the Society, Dr. D. McEachran occupied the chair.
The clection of officers for the ensuing year resultcd as follows:

President--Dr. J. G. Adami.
1st Vict-President.-Dr. M. C. Baker.
2nd Vicc-President.-L. S. Cleaves.
Sccretary-Treasurer.-E. C. Thurston.
The Honorary President, Dr. McEachran, in an address of welcome made a brief resume of the work of the Society, than which no better incentive to earnest, successful effort in the future could be given. The ballot for new members resulted in the addition of twenty names to the list of active membership, a large nuuiber, and significant of an awakening interest in the Society and the profession to the advancement of which it ains.
Dr. M. C, Baker, upon invitation, addressed the Socicty in his usual entertaining style, more especially directing his attention to the new members. The culivation of habits, of accurate obscrvation and record was impressed upon those present. At the next regular meeting, to be held on the 25th ult, a paper, entitled "The Feeding of Live Stock;" will be read by Mr. H. D. Clarkc. Mr. E. C. Thurston will report an interesting case of "Laccration of the Muscles of the Neck" of a horse.

The following officers werc elected at the opening mecting of the Society for the Study of Comparative 1syychology; held on the $17^{\text {th }}$ inst :-

Honurary Prcsident.-Dr. Duncan Mclizachran.
Prosident.-Dr. Wesley Mills.
ist Vice-President.-Dr. M. A. Dawes.
and Vicc-Prcsident.-Mr. Sherman Cleaves.
Sccritary-Trcaswicr.-Mr. C. A. Boutclic.
Corrispouding Secrelary.-Mr. A. Cowan.
Press Koportcr.—Mr. Harry Dell.
Lihrarian.-Mr. E. C. Thurston.
Aficr the election, addresses were given by Dr. McEachran and Dr. Wesky Mills, and an exceedingly interesting paper, published recently in Forest and Strcam, was read by Mr. C. H. Zink, describing the ability of a certain retricver doz to understand huaian language.

Dr. M. A. Dawes will deliver an address at the next meeting.

## OUR MUSICAL CLUB.

Again in the front rank of our University organizations we find the McGill Glee and lanjo Club, with renewed strength in both numbers and activity, ready to uphold the reputation which was gained by it during the past season.

The few enthusiastic students, who, one evening, met to discuss the feasibility of organizing a Banjo and Glee Club in connection with the $A$ pplied Science Faculty, little dreamed that their scheme was the nuclcus of a club, which has in two years developed imto a strong and permanent socicty in connection with McGill University life.

The one feature especially commendabic in regard to this organization is the lack of any rules of nembership which might tend towards exclusivencss. Our menbers are drawn from all facultics of the University; the only requirements being, either a trained voice and good music-reading abilities, or the knowledge. of tise use of some string instrument.

I few words may not be amiss in reference to the very successful journey made by the Club last April through the Eastern protinces. The reception met with at the hands of the graduates of our Alma Mater, here and there along the routc, showed the interest still maintained by them in their old home The Club would here take the opportunity to cxtend to the following Universitics thanks for their kind patronage and College fellowship in aiding to tnake the trip a success: University of New Brunswick, Mount Allison Liniversity, Bishop's University, St. Dunstan's College, and the College of the l'rince of IVales.

The annual meeting of the McGill Glec and lanjo Club was held on Tucsday; 16 th inst., with Vicc1'resident . \skwith in the chair. After upwards of an hourspent in discussing the business affiairs of the Cilub, the election of officers was taken up. Mr. K. A. Gunn, 13.Sc., to whose untiring energies the present welfare of the Club is duc, will act as Business Manager. The other officers are as follows:-

How. Pres.-Alexiander Johnson, LL.D., Vice. l'rincipaland Dcan of the Faculty of. Irts.

Jrisidiou-R. O. Koss, 11, A.
Jicc-Prcisidiut. - IV. R. Askwith.
Rec. Scercharr-F. W. Harcer, M.A.
l.cader liamjo Clwb.-K. 1B. McDunnough.
J.rader Glec Clut.-Thos. Teitreau.
fircss Kigmoricr.-S. Graham.
S. $G$.

## Y. M. C. A.

The Sunday diternoon lectures in Association Hall, Dominion Square, are increasing in interest. On the $t_{\text {th }}$ inst. Rev. E. I. Kexford gave 2 very helpful address on "lractical Suggestions to BibleStu-
dents"; and on the 2tst, Prof. Ross of the Presbyterian College gave a very vivid presentation of the doctrine of "progress in revelation:" A choir of twenty students lead the singing, and some excellent solos are usually provided. We are glad to welcome a goodly number of friends who attend these intensely interesting and profitable lectures.

The Faculty Bible classes are also on the increase.
loor the next fortnight, meetings are as follows:-
Sunday, Oct. 28th, Mrs. Ashley Carus-Wilson will lecture on "The Hope of the Promise;" and on Nov. $4^{\text {th, Rev. Dr. Rose will speak on "The Bible and }}$ Modern Criticism."

Bible class work will be: "Character studies in the life of Abraham."

Wiatch for posters. A. M.

## GLASS REPORTS.

## MEDICALCLASS REPORTS.

The officers of the McGill Medical Society for the present session are:-

President.-Mr. A. Cruikshank.
Iici-President.-Mr. E. Commins, B.A.
Treasurcr.-Mr. D. D. McTaggart, B.Sc.
Lilirarian.-Mr. C. C. Alexander.
Sccretary-Mr. H. B. Fraser, B.A.
During the summer session, meetings of the Socjety were held every Saturday evening, and much valuable information was acquired by those who attended, from the many instructive and interesting papers that were read and the enthusiastic discussion which followed them.

It is the desire of the Committce to put forth every effort to make this one of the most successful years in the history of the Society, and to this end it is hoped that the men of every ycar in the Medical Faculty will give their support, both by attending the mectings of the Socicty and also by 2 willing response to invitations to prepare and read papers. During the winter session the meetings will be held every second Saturday night, commencing at $8 o^{\circ}$ clock, in the Medical building.

On Wednesday, the 10th inst., the Fourth Year in Alcdicine held its annual election of officers, and showed its good judgment by selecting such capable men as Duncan Wood, President, and D. F. Walker, Sec. Treasurer.

Duncan Anderson, of the Fourth Year, who repre. sented the Medical College at the dinner of the Laval Students on Thursday last, turned up on the follow: ing morning for lectures at 9 o'clock. He reports a jolly time, and pronounces the Laval Medicals " White Boys."

Three months' vacation does not seem to have been sufficient for J.E. Robertson of the Fourth Year. However, we are glad to see him in his old place, and hope that the extra recreation will count to his benefit.

The Medical College has just commenced a new cra in its amals of illumiration. The incandescent lights are most satisfactory; no more will Cook clinb up the students' coat collars to light the gas jets irt the lecture theatres.

The Constitution which was unanimously adopted last session, for controlling the money matters of the Medical Students, has admirably succeeded in its object. Not only has it given entire satisfaction, but also leaves a reserve of over seventy dollars.

For the benefit of Freshmen and others we insert below a correct copy of the reprort, just as it was adopted:-

## REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON CLRRENT EXPIENSES TO THE MEMBERS OF THE FOUR YEARS IN MEDICINE.

## Gentifenex;

Your Committec consider that the following itemized account of expenditure is at present adequate for the purposes mentioned :

| Delegate to | Calb fare. | Hotel Bill. | Pull | Ticket |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) Toronio.. <br> (b) Triaity .. | - \$200 | \$00 | St ${ }^{\text {cos}}$ | \$1; 30 \$ | 52S 30 |
|  | . 200 | 500 | $4 \infty$ | 1750 | 2 S 30 |
| (b) Triaity ... <br> c) Queen's... | - 200 | 50 | + ${ }^{0}$ | 930 | 20 jo |
| c) Queen's... <br> (d) Malifax... | - $2 \infty$ | 50 | \$ 0 | 2500 | 43 - |
| (e) Keception Committee for dinner ( 3 men).............. 50 mo |  |  |  |  |  |
| (f) Expenses Acmic |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | T |  |  |  |  |

They would also submit the following suggestions for your considcration; that.

1. A fec of $\$ 1.50$ belevied on every student to defray these and other expenses;
2. Any student who has not paid this fee will not be eligible to vote at any meeting or to receive office cither from his own year or from the Faculty, but may acquire such right by paying all back fees from date of entrance ;
3. A general.treasurer be appointed by the Third Year, who shall receive the collections from the secretary treasurers of the four years;
4. A tinance committee be appointed, consisting of the secretary-treasurer of each year, together with the general-treasuret, whose duty it shall be to detcrmine the amount of each expenditure. The secretary.treasurer of the fourth year shall be chairman of this committee;
5. A majority of a mecting of the four ycars hav: ing decided that an appropriation be made for a cer-
tain purpose, it shall be the duty of the chairman of the finance committee to call a mecting of said committee, at which will be determined the amount of the appropriation, the votes of thrce members being necessary for a decision. He shall then communicate the decision to the secretary of the fourth oear, who shall draw out an order on the general-treasurer, sign it himself, and have it countersigned by the president of the fourth year. The secretary shall then forward this order to the person authorized to receive it, to whom the money shall be paid by the general-treasurer on presentation of the order;
6. The president of the fourth ycar shall have the right of refusing to sign any order for the expenditure of money. In such a case it shall be his duty to call a meeting of the four years at the earliest possible oppot tunity, and lay the matter before them. The decision of a majority of this meeting shall be final;
7. The president of the fourth year shall at any time call a meeting to discuss any question with regard to expenditure, on reccipt of a request signed by any ten men who are eligible to vote. A major ity of this mecting shall decide whether or not an expenditure shall be made ;
8. An annual meeting called by the president of the fourth year shall be held during the first week of the winter session, at which the general-treasurer of the past year shall present his financial statement and at which his books shall be audited and handed over to the newly appointed treasurer.

## JAMES PRITCHARD,

Sccrctary.

At a mecting of the Third Ycar ; it was unanimously resolved that no election for president should be held until next ycar, and that the office should be left vacant out of respect for our late president, J. 13. Ferguson, the vice-president acting in his stead.
W. F. Scutt was elected Class Reporter by 2 unanimous vote, this being the only change in officers frem last ycar.

We would like todraw the attention of the Faculty to the fact that on account of the Third Year having lectures every afiernoon from 4 to 6 , members of the class are unable to take part in or witness the football practiccs. Wic are all football enthusiasts in our class, and many are keen players, who are thus prevented from representing McGill on the football campus.

As foothall is the representative game of McGill. this is a very discouraging state of affairs, and we all hope that some step will be soon taken to remedy it.

## ARTS NOTES.

What's in a name? Everything, in the case of our Secretary-Treasurer. Mr. A. Gordon holds that position, not Mr. Campbell, as stated in last number. Ilis duties have not beell very heavy so far, yet he deserves all the credit that is to be had.

Messrs. Cole and Smiley were omitted in the list of officers for the year.
They were elected as members of the Reading roon Committe.

Mr. Kemeth Molson will probably represent us in the Arts team for the Faculty Race. We expect to see, at least, one geod lap.

The rhetoric class is distinguishing itself. We wish to callattention to the fact that in every debate up to this time, the side supported by its men has been successful.

Wic do not mention this from any motive of selfglorification, but mercly as a hint to the junior mem-bers-if you wish to vote on the winning side, vote for the Third Year man.
lianted-
At the Saturday demonstrations in \%oolory;-a Hamlet, all other essential requisites are on handan audience and Yorick's headpicec.

The year has subscribed nobly to the Fontaniati.y -no less than twenty out of a possible eighteen sub-scriptions,-so says our Treasurer.

A meeting of the Second lear was held in Lecture room No. 1 on Monday; Oct. 15 th, the lresident, Mr. MeMaster, in the chair.

An animated discussion took place as to the advisability of procuring a banncr for the year. The dẹbate continued for some time and it was fimally considered better not to put the question to wite, but to appoint a committec to make enguiries relative to the banner; the meeting was adjourned until Wednesday:

The adjounned meeting was held at noon on Wednesdiay: The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The report of the comunitice was heard. The discussion was rencwed, Mr. Saxe supperting, Mr, Marler opposing, the motion. The opinions of many were expressed, and the feeling of the year was seen to be decidedly against the proposition. While all commended the action of the First lear in giving the initiative to succecding yeare, it was felt that the Second Year slould not be infuenced by its action, but that it should rather follow the precelent set by its predecessors and be content to walk under the Piucully banncr.

## LEGAL BRIEIS.

Be Brier:
Since the night of the Laval promemade, there has been trouble brewing in the liaculty of Law. An unaccountable uncasiness and nervous disquiet has fallen upon and disturbed the whole student body of Law. Hitherto industrious students have been found during the lectures gazing at the Professor with a pained expression, and not taking a note. Even the indefatigable $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{n}$ has sometimes looked up, and with an audible sigh haid down his pen for a space. Fluent professors have fidgetted in the chair, ill at case. The other day the source of all this mischief was disclosed. An important discovery was made The sacred banner of the Faculty with the familiar effigy of the grave and philosophic fowl emblazoned thereon hung no longer from the walls of the class room. Where was the owl that was wont to look down with his kindly cye (one cye) on the perspiring note-taker? There was wrath ; there was indignation. A meeting was called in this emergency, and every man constituted himself a voluntary witness, and bit by bit the fabric of circumstantial verity was established. All started at the same point. All saw the banner with due solemnity taken from its hanging place on the wall to head the procession on Laval night. All saw it flying gaily as the procession started. So far there was not the shadow of a doubt in the mind of any. But the testimony of the witnesses beyond this point was strangely incongruous and conflicting. Some lost all sight of the beloved pennant early in the evening; others declared that they watched the owl intently, and that it grew funnicras the night went on ; while still others solemnly deposed that far on in the night they observed the sagacious bird under a gas-light deliberately open hus blind eyc, flap his stubby wings, and give forth the shrill, clear note of chanticleer. The testimony of these latter was rejected as totally untrustworthy, and the deponents put aside for reexamiantion when the pressure of popular excitement had stbsided. Then came forward a Second Year man, who made a starting statement that stirred the student mass to its profoundest depths. He had scen the banner in the rooms of our worthy V. P.! In the rooms of owr acorthy $V$. P.! A cry went up for a sope, but here the cooler heads intervened, and counseled haw and order. "Let these investigations be carricd forward in the spirit of justice and fair play: Let the accused defend himself," they said. Worthy V. P. rose, and pleaded in his own behalf. It was an eloquent cffort. Yes, he carried the flag on that cientful night-but he did not know of its present whereabouts. It was not in his rooms; it was not in his care and kecping. Here the speaker was interrupted by a cheer, and in burst D-t bearing the long-lost banner.

Oh, dear reader, whocver you are, picture the secue which followed. 'Third Year men clasped the flagpole in a fervid embrace, till at length they weoc taleen away by sympathetic friends; Second lear men stood on the desks, that they might hold the precious texture in their proper hands; while First Year men stood at a respectful distance, and ga\%ed in silent adoration on the features of the wise and ancient fowl. Many wept.

Slowly, solemunly, and with all due care and decorum it was re-installed in its old place on the wall.

Therelet it remain.
Laus Ululac

## Bulletin-(later).

Since the remarkable circumstances related above, and discovery of the owl, profound quict has settled once more over the Faculty. The lubricative clement has been restored. All goes smoothly.

Pleased to sce the familiar face of Mr. J. A. Devlin once more in the class room-happy, hearty and-bewhiskered.
$C-k$ is a cook-oo; he cooked (misprint for cocked) his cye on the judge, and then "cooked" the defendants.

Theatre night is approaching, Let us have a rousing turn-out. Our class is very large this year owing to the big influx of First l'carmen, all of whom are good fellows, and many old Arts men. Let us make the Law Facuity the contingent of the evening.
At an informal meeting, loud cries for Secretary to read th= minutes. $C-m-1$ (tendering his watch to the Sccy.): "Here, read them the minutes." Great confusion, during which $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{l}$ escapes.

Messrs. White of the Second, and Boyd of the First, Year have been appointed to represent law on the Committee Theatre night-the right men.

At a recent meeting Mr. Carmichael laid before the Law students :a proposal for a University Memorial to the late Mr. Peter Redpath, the matter having been taken up by the several other Facultics. The co-operation desired will no doubt be checrfully accorded, and we trust the commendable object in view will be speedily accomplished. A meeting will shortly be held with regard to it.

The second meeting of the Moot Court was held in the Faculty room, on the sth instant, when an interesting case, involving questions of commetcial contract, was presented. Dean Trenholme presided in court, and took the case $c x$ delibecici. Mr. Patterson appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Gaudet and Boyer for the defendant.

The third meeting of the Court was held on the thth instant, the case being argued before l'rofessor Fortin on points of procedure. Messrs. Donahue and Couke appeared for plaintiffs, Mesirs. White and Jasmin for defendants.

## SCIENCE JOTTINGS.

The Students in Applied Science were treated to an excellent lecture on the "Distribution of Power at Niagara," on Monday the 15 th inst. The lecturer not only handled his subject ably, but in such a way as to inspire his hearers with a portion of his energy.

The many friends of Mr. Louis Herdt, B.A.Sc. '93, will be pleased to hear of his recent success. Mr Herdt has lately obtained the Diploma from the Institute at Montefiore, with very creditable standing.

We see that fall planting has commenced at the Physics building. While we would not presume to dictate, yet, having considerable experience with this climate, uc have good reasons to believe that it is not suited for growing thermometers.

Magnificence is sometimes inconvenient, as certain ' 95 electricals recently experienced-for we live so high with our magnificent equipment that even a waste-paper box is too good to be used for a seat while using instruments which otherwise necessitate a very uncomfortable posture.

It is encouraging, especially to the junior years, to see what prestige one obtains by persevering in the arduous tasks which fall to our lot. The following, from the Bishops College School's publication, we are pleased to insert : "H......C. B......(B.C.S. 1883$\$_{7}$,) who is taking the Applicd Science course at McGill University, has lately come out second in his ycar. Mr. B. paid a visit to the School 2 few weeks ago, and expressed himscif as greatly pleased with the genera work and apparatus of the laboratory."

We notice with regret that one of the Mining students of Class' 96 has taken a rather too lively interest in the affairs of the Mechanicals at this their busy time. He had better beware, for we have a Hunter who will Chase him till he turns Grecn about the Gill(s). We will Walkem downstairs with litte Courtici, and he will get no Sma(i) $l l$ punishment. We will put him in the tank, turn on the water, and we think he would Rutherford the rushing river about which the Green grass and II'hicic flowers grow. If he is Wcbb footed he will be all right, otherwise the question is Kenny swim. He thinksit is quite Wright to take this interest, but we fail to see Hroce he makes it out. He should understand that he Mussen( $t$ ) take this unwelcome interest or he will lose his Harc.

The following appeared on the bulletin board a few days ago:-
l.ost-. Sun-dial by Mr.-, Ist year with brass face.

Mr. II. T. Barnes, B.A.Sc., is taking a post graduate course in Electrical Engineering.

At a meeting of First lear Science the following officers were elected:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Prisidint.—l:. Mcl.ea. } \\
& \text { l'it:-I'resident.-l'. Butler. } \\
& \text { Scertary-Tratsuct.—J. MclRac. } \\
& \text { (Kuss Riperter.—K. G. Rea. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## HEATHERS FROM THE EAST WING.

The First lear is very glad to be able to express in the pages of the Fortwigutle itsappreciation of the warm welcome it has received from all sides, and the feeling of good fellowship which has been uppermost whenever it has met with the other years for work or pleasure.
The First lear has eighteen members, who for the most part seem to be interested in their work. They are not afraid of asking questions, and are anxious to find out the exact limits for which the examiners will hold them responsible.
However, all the satisfaction these inquirers have yet receiced is the meagre information that "examiners are uncertain animals."
The First lear is reported on good authority to possess the "most presumptuous Freshie" yet seen within the East Wing. Let us strive to assist this member in kecping up the reputation of Arts' 98.
Please don't teach the class of 98 any slang. The President has forbidden its use.
Domalda Siphomore (translating)-"Pimuria crat mulicrum-There was a lack of asses"-

Profissor.-"llell, not cxactly."
Priffessor--Oì avez-vous perda vorre francais, Mademoiselle?

Studint.-."Oui ;" (and she docsn't understand yet why they linughed).

Once upon a time there walked along one of our principal up-town streets a lady, a McGill student, and-a small dog of the breed known as poodles.

The latter repeatedly amoyed the student by attacking the heels of his rubbers and even a little ligigher up.

Now, this student, although handsome, was not a crucl man, and did not wish to incur the displeasure of the lady by injuring her dog.

He placed his foot under the quadruped, and deposited him at a safe distance in the gutter.

The lady hastenced to the rescuc, and with scorn and indignation in her voice, commanded : "Sir! kick a dog your own sizc."

Our friend the student was somewhat astounded; but, student-like, rose to the emergency, and with, cqual indignation, cxclaimed: "Madım, find me a deg of my sizc."

Last Monday there was a meeting of the Donaldas to discuss the question of buying a piano. It is felt that the old custom of paying rent for one every year has so many disadvantages that we must get rid of it by having a piano that has "come to stay:" A cabinet grand piano, which seems to meet our wishes has been offered to us for $\$ 150$. After speaking for itself at the meeting, almost all present promised to do their share in paying for it. If we accomplish this. we flatter oursclves that we will have conferred a lasting bencfit on the Donaldas who succeed us.

We always did believe our professors most self. sacrificing, but what of him who not only tears out the hairs of his head for our sakes, but sheds his ver, heart's blood that we may advance in wisdom?

## CLASS REPORT FOURTH YEAR.

On Saturiay, Oct. 6th, the c'ass of Arts '95 set off on their second Geological tramp.

The mountain was selected for investigation, and indecd it abounds in material for scientific research; for we saw boulders galore, vast heaps of earth that once had been rock, huge layers of Trenton limestonc, and plenty of stink-stei that stank as only stink-stein can stink.

One part of the mountain was thickly sprinkled with colo sal crystals composed of quartz, mica and feldspar; in thesc were preserved "the monumental records of the changes" which the professor no doubt referred to in his definition of Gcology.

After we had done up the mountain from a Geological standpoint, we p-cceeded to investigate the varicus places of interest, and refreshed our memoryas to some of the later historical events.

Our love for the asthetic was gratified by a bird's cye view of the mountain from the obscrvatory.

Even a horse kindly contributed to our amusement by dumping his master down on the ground in such a fantastic manner, that even Seniors could not refrain 2 smile-and, ol. I forgot-the professor, he smiled too.

We all enjoyed the excursion, and derived great bencfit not only from the valuable information obtained, but also from the healthy exercisc, for we have learned to wield our hammers now with considerably dexterity.

Oct. 13 th.-An expedition plauned to the quarries. Thank fortunc it rained. There's no place like home.

## COMPARATIVE MEDICINE CLASS REPORTS.

A college work is merely a foundation, a bcyinning, not an end ; the proper criterion of an institution is not numerical strength, nor the immediate value of its instruction, but rather the after-lives of its alumni.
To those who are well asquainted with the history of this Faculty, it is a common fact that our graduates very generally occupy high positions, and stand foremost in all movements for the elevation of the profession.
With this year begins the first session of the United States College of Veterinary Surgeons, Washington, D.C. With a proper equipment, hospital, and an extensive practice, everything augurs well for

- its success. We wish Dr. C. Barnwell Robinson, '82, Dean, and Dr. Cecil French, '94, Professor of Anatomy and Bacteriology, every success in their new abors.

Senior.-Great sights up at the laboratory this afternoon.

Freshmant (with visions of class rushes, black eyes, ctc.)-What sights?

Senior.-Leucocytes!
Professor in Cymology.-How long has the dog been known as a domestic animal?

Freshman (after severe mental effort).-Well, as far back as I can remember.

Before the Bel Air races.-Have you any-awnice imported cigars?

After the same.-Derbys, please.
Unconscious joke.
A Freshman leaving the Anatomy class on Friday noticed a scissors man, and innocently remarked, "What! Another grind?"

Second Year men are delighted over the inauguration of "quiz" classes in Anatomy. Under the able conduction of Mr. Zink they cannot fail to be of much material service.

Mr. Charlie Richards has been clected our representative to the Athletic Association.

The Second Year officers for the ensuing year are: President.-J. A. Ness.
Treasurer.-Harry Newcomb.
Secrelary.-Harry Dell.

## ATHLETICS.

## REPORT OF FOOT-BALL MATCHES.

The Foot-Ball season opened, as regards McGill, on Saturday, 13th Oct., when McGill ist XV played Britannia ist XV on the College campus, and succeeded, after a good hard struggle, in winning by a score of 14 points to 9 . The weather was very unfavorable, a heavy rain having fallen during the previous night and all Saturday forenoon, thus making the campus very muddy, and curtailing to some extent very brilliant play. The referee, Mr. A.G. B. Claxton, got the game started a little after three o'clock, when the teams lined up as follows:


The McGill back division was much stronger than Britannia's, and the College wings also proved to be slightly superior to their opponents. But the superiority of the wings was counterbalanced by the weakness of the McGill scrimmage. If a change in its composition had not been made in the second half, it is doubtful if the boys would have won. The prettiest piece of play were the respective runs of $A$. Barclay and Trenholme. The game was a hard one from start to finish, the checking of the wings being particularly close. McGill certainly deserved to win, as her team play was much superior to Britannia's. There is just one word to add, which may be of use to the college team: tackle low, practise hard, and something ought to be effected before the close of the season.

## McGILL $2 \times \mathrm{d}$ XV is. OTTAWA COLLEGE 2ND XV.

On Saturday, Oct. 13th, our and XV travelled to Ottawa to play Ottawa College 2nd XV, and gained a well merited victory, scoring 16 points to their opponents 8 . The match was a thoroughly hard and clean exhibition of Rugby Foot-Ball from start to finish, the play being characterized by its openness and also by the amount of dribbling which was effectively done
by the McGill boys. Our team worked well tugether, and far ontelassed their oppencols in cevery way. Dasidsonat quarter particularly distinguished himself. Our team, though much lighter, were much fister than their heavier opponents. The following was the McGill team:
(Back) McLeod; $1 / 3$ Back) 1. Lynch, Baker, Drinkwater (Capt.) ; ( $1 / \mathrm{b}$ back) S. Davidson ; (Wings) Turner, I'rimrose, Wilkinson, Gilday, Todd, McLea, Wilkin; (Scrim.) Kings Lauric and Howard. Mr. J. Savage of the Montreal club made a very efficient referce. With lots of hard practice and team play the end ought to give a very sood account of itself this year.

## Mccill.L III is. BRITS III.

The above teams played their scheduled match on the Shamrock Lacrosse grounds on Saturday, 13th Oct. The grounds were covered with liquid mud, and consequently clever play was totally absent from the game. Both teams played a hard game, but the pace was very slow, and the College 111 just managed to win by a doubtful score of 2 to 1 . A great improvement will need to te effected by our 3rd if they are to get the Championship. We were represented by the following:-
(Back) C. Russel; (1/2 backs) Burnett, Lynch, Davidson, Molson 1 Lynch replaced Burnett who was hurt) ; ( $1 / 4$ back) Montgomery; (Wings) l3alfour (Capt.), Hillary; Mcl'hail, McLennan, Sise, Haycock, luurke ; (Scrimmage) J. Ross, Mc.Master, Gordon. The above team is composed of entircly new players, and set needs to learn how to give and take that amount of rough usage which is to be got in a game of Foot-13all.

## McGILL ist ©s. OTTAlN COLLEGE 1 st.

Perhaps, what will prove to be the finest championship same in the Province of Quebec, Kugby Union, was platyed last Saturday in Ottawa by the team of these two Colleges. All the Ottawa boys admitted that it was the hardest fought game which they had played for gears. Mr. Shillington of the Ottawa College Club acted as referce, and performed his duties with admirable impurtiality: He, as well as many others, said that it was the fastest match they had everseen, and it goes down as a record in the annals of Kugby Foot-ball in Ottawa. Both forward lin's played an excecdingly fast and brilliant game, and many were the plaudits which our wing men received. It was anybody'sgame from start to finish, as about 5 minutes before time the score stood is points all.

It would seem that superior condition enabled Ottana Collese to make the desperate spurt which secured them the victory. l3y a very finc piece of play they grot over the line, and-secured a try, thus making the score at the finish 22 to 18 in their favor. Our boys certainly did exceptionally well, and will perhaps, if they practise hard and keep in condition, vanquish Montreal next Saturday. The following were the teams :-


## READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

A well known classical professor in a Western Canadian college said to some students who had come to the Lecture Hall without gown and trencher:
"I see some gentlemen here who are academically naked."

Two brothers, of smail stature, by the name of Hill, from the sime college, are about to be ordained - both are nervous and excited.
"Why hop ye so, ye little Hills?" said a waggish brother-student.

In a clever little book, "Verses to Order", the writer points out in an original way that the crudities and errors in the verses of classic poets are used as models by the versifiers of to day. Here are two cases in the way of illustration:-

Still from slips in ancient song
We frame consistent uses,
Aull when they make their lines too long
We call it Anacrusis.

Whenc'er some celebrated man
The critic's ear perplexes,
bly writing lines that will not scan
'Tis Ilypercatalexin.

##  <br> the best line SOLD in Causda. <br> A FULL I.INE OF <br> ACCESSORIES. <br> 8KULLS, 8KELETONS, <br> Students' OUTFITS

A SPECIALTY.
All Instruments guaranteed Highest Quality and Finish.

PATERSON \& FOSTER,
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