

The Herald.

VOL. III.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867.

NO 45

THE HERALD
PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
EDWARD REILLY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
at his Office, Queen Street.

TERMS FOR THE "HERALD."
For 1 year, paid in advance, 20 9 0
Half-yearly in advance, 10 10 0

ALMANACK FOR AUGUST.
MOON'S PHASES.
First Quarter, 7th day, 21h. 56m., morning, N.W.
Full Moon, 15th day, 6h. 25m., morning, W.
Last Quarter, 22nd day, 5h. 10m., evening, N.
New Moon, 29th day, 8h. 52m., morning, N.

Table with columns: DAY WEEK, SUN, High Moon, Low Moon, RISE, SET, WATER, WIND.

Table titled 'Prices Current' listing various commodities like Beef, Pork, Butter, Eggs, etc. with their respective prices.

Fishermen's Outfits.
THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish promptly to FISHERMEN, at reasonable prices, all the GEAR and TRAPS necessary to prosecute all the different branches of FISHING.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her
Soothing Syrup,
For Children Teething.

WIND COLIC
This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in THOUSANDS OF CASES.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Having a Direct Influence on the Parts, give Immediate Relief.

Table titled 'MAILS' showing shipping schedules for various destinations like Nova Scotia, Great Britain, etc.

KENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
Black Broadcloths and Doeskins, Silk Mixtures and Tweeds.

Poetry. LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT.

The racing river leaped and sang. Full blithely in the perfect weather. All round the mountain echoes rang.

Select Literature. THE TURKISH SLAVE; OR, THE DUMB DWARF OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

Five years have passed since the close of the last chapter—years of bustle and toil, of pleasure and sorrow, in life's varied picture; but still the bright and luxuriant emporium of the East shines forth in all its Oriental splendor.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her
Soothing Syrup,
For Children Teething.

WIND COLIC
This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in THOUSANDS OF CASES.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Having a Direct Influence on the Parts, give Immediate Relief.

Table titled 'MAILS' showing shipping schedules for various destinations like Nova Scotia, Great Britain, etc.

KENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
Black Broadcloths and Doeskins, Silk Mixtures and Tweeds.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her
Soothing Syrup,
For Children Teething.

WIND COLIC
This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never failing success in THOUSANDS OF CASES.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Having a Direct Influence on the Parts, give Immediate Relief.

Table titled 'MAILS' showing shipping schedules for various destinations like Nova Scotia, Great Britain, etc.

KENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
Black Broadcloths and Doeskins, Silk Mixtures and Tweeds.

"And further, to cement the friendship which he would establish between the throne of Greece and this government, my royal master proposes to ally himself to your serene majesty, by the ties of marriage," continued the ambassador.

"This was coming at once to the point, and the speaker paused to think before he could reply, or commit himself upon the subject.

"Aristides has heard," continued the ambassador, following up what he seemed to interpret as a favorable expression in the sultan's face, "that you have a child of surpassing beauty, named Emah, and with her, your serene highness, he would offer to share his hand and throne."

"Has the fame of her beauty reached so far?" he asked.

"Highness, it is known throughout all our kingdoms," said the ambassador.

"It pleases us well, for she is the best beloved of our harem."

"Songs are sung in Athens of her beauty, highness," it said they were written by the king himself.

"By the king?"

"Highness, yes."

The sultan cast a glance of ill-pressed pride towards his ministers who heard these words, but said no more; while a slave from him handed the amber mouth-piece of the royal pipe to the ambassador, a compliment rarely bestowed.

To be Continued.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Lord Derby has so far recovered from his recent attack of gout as to be able to resume his duties in the House of Lords on the 1st inst.

It is understood that the prorogation of Parliament will take place on about Tuesday, the 20th August, but certainly not before.

According to the Board of Trade returns published on the 30th July, the value of the exports for the month of June was £15,490,000, against £14,630,000 in June last year. The exports for the six months of this year amount to £52,815,000, against £52,857,000 for the corresponding period of 1885, and £74,138,000 for the first six months of 1886.

MR. WATKIN TO BE KNIGHTED.

We observe by late London papers that Mr. E. Watkin, M. P., is to receive the honor of knighthood as an acknowledgment of his services in connection with the Intercolonial Railway, which has been finally sanctioned this session, and the negotiation of which was brought to a successful issue between the British North American Provinces and the mother-country mainly through the intervention of the hon. member for Stockport.

THE CROPS IN IRELAND.

The papers report that late in the crops through Ireland have improved very rapidly. It is stated that there is no failure in properly cultivated districts except in turnips, which have missed generally in the central and northern counties, whereas the potato crop has been cut and commenced in the counties of Westford and Cork. The potato shows no signs of disease, and it is hoped that this season the crop may altogether escape blight. For many years the latest prospect has not been so good in all parts at the close of the month of July.

THE HEALTH OF THE QUEEN.

When, a fortnight since, we stated that we had good grounds for making public the reasons which prevented Her Majesty from appearing at evening crowded assemblies, the statements were accepted by the majority of the press and the public as neither exaggerated nor incorrect. There have, however, been some exceptions to this rule. These have been scarcely noticed by the press, but they were more or less authorized to impugn the accuracy of the paragraph which appeared in the *Lancet*. Upon a subject of so much delicacy we spoke with what we believe to have been a becoming and justifiable reserve. Our report was in no respect sensational or overstated. It was a plain narration of facts which, in justice to Her Majesty and the source from which we obtained it, we felt bound to make public. The appearance of the Queen in public on a recent occasion was followed by no more distressing attack of sickness and exhaustion, which lasted for several hours. The life of the court is necessarily known but to few eyes those in immediate attendance upon the Queen are not always in a position to arrive at a correct knowledge of Her Majesty's real condition. The privacy of the Sovereign should be as much respected as that of the humblest of her subjects. There are occasional occasions, however, on which even that privacy might not be held too sacred. There is more especially the case when erroneous reports have gained general credence. Then it is right to know that Her Majesty, with the greatest desire to fulfill all those duties which appear to her dignity and her hospitality, is occasionally prevented from performing them, or is actually suffering a character most difficult to be borne.—*Lancet*.

THE RUMORS OF WAR.

For some time past articles have been published in some of the English and continental journals, declaring that Europe is on the brink of a crisis, and that many months cannot elapse before another and more terrible war than any which has preceded it will break out, probably commencing between France and Prussia. In reference to these rumors, the London Morning Post Government organ, writes:—"The articles of certain of our contemporaries are not as yet founded upon any tangible facts, and that there is no present cause to fear any disturbance of the peace. It may surprise the ingenious authors of the said articles to be informed that the Cabinets of St. Petersburg and the *Touilleries* are acting together in the most friendly and harmonious manner. The Prussian alliance which they have created as the last bugle-call at Berlin. The justice of the Danish requirements, which cannot fail to be ultimately conceded by Prussia, is so obvious that the pressure brought to bear is only that of clear argument and friendly counsel. The treaty of Prague has not even been mentioned in the negotiations, which are conducted in the most amicable manner. The true cause of the general distant in the restoration of the French army to what is called its normal footing—in a word, the increase of armaments in France. These give rise to nervousness in Austria, and men's fears quickly interpret in the worst sense any pending question, and hence the rumors obtaining such easy currency. It is, however, undeniably by any fair observer that, after having seen an Austrian army annihilated in a succession of battles, and Vienna all but occupied, the French could not remain content with a force of 400,000 men. After deductions made for Algeria, garrisons, and other detachments, they would find themselves in possession of 500,000 troops in a line of battle; and how could such a force measure itself with the countless hosts of new Prussia. What we feel about our naval power, France feels about her military prestige. The whole of Europe is in alarm whenever it is said that a French army only approximates to our own. In like manner, all France is agitated on finding that she is no longer the first military power of Europe, and have to make great exertions to keep even a first-rate place.

from the uneasiness engendered by the precautions of our neighbors, there is as yet no single question upon which any direct dispute exists, or upon which a quarrel can be fanned.

DESTRUCTION OF THE OAKS COLLIERY.

As the times draw near when the bodies of the unfortunate miners who have been entombed for more than seven months are to be exhumed, the interest of the public mind is riveted on a Greek. The work of digging out the bodies is progressing favorably. The last shaft on the one hand has been reached and efficiently secured, and little more than 50 yards of debris have to be removed before the covers of the shaft which communicates with the works will be reached. The state of the shaft is of a most agreeable nature, and the workmen are

indicated by the escape pipe it is still favorable, and should no unforeseen difficulty present itself little more than a fortnight, it is thought, will complete the task of entering the workings. It is, however, apprehended that the roads will be in any manner but good state, and that some time and labor will have to be bestowed before the bodies are reached.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN AUSTRIA.

The Vienna journals speak of a disastrous conflagration which has laid in ruins nearly the whole of the town of Schwanau, situated within a couple of leagues of Fribourg, the residence of Count de Chambray, and in which three women and five children perished. The Count, at the head of a number of his servants, was early at the scene of the disaster, and by his presence and exhortations, and even by his own personal aid contributed to the preservation of several buildings. One little girl was rescued by a servant of the count, named Chastoux, who daringly penetrated into a burning house and brought out the child, already unconscious, and whose clothes had caught fire. The soldiers of the garrison of Neuchâtel, the men employed in the various mines, and their gharibianes generally, exerted themselves to extinguish the flames, but only the church and some scores and a half of private houses were left uninjured. An extensive cotton mill and 130 houses and other buildings were destroyed.

DREADFUL EARTHQUAKE IN JAVA.

The correspondent of the *Post and Telegraph* at Batavia sends the following:—"We have just received the Java papers of the 14th June, giving full particulars of the dreadful earthquake which occurred in the island on the morning of the 10th of June. It was very destructive in the districts of Charion, Pekalongan, Hanjomas, Bugeien, Samarang, Djokjokarta, and Soukararta. The greater part of the indigo and sugar manufactures, private houses, and military establishments are destroyed at Djokjokarta, but in other districts the damage was not so extensive. The losses, however, are incalculable. The sugar crop which had just been brought into the harbor, is totally lost. A large number of Europeans and natives perished—the reports say as many as 300. It was feared that other parts of Java might be visited by earthquakes, even at Batavia, but this was not the case. The accounts of the rinderpest in Java are most distressing. In some districts the whole stock of buffaloes has died out, and great destitution and misery prevail; but the general effect of the news brought by this mail is very painful.

Correspondence.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Aug. 11, 1867.

Sir:—In forwarding to you for publication the accompanying document, I wish it to be distinctly understood that I am not influenced by feelings of animosity against any party whatever, and have no desire to hurt the feelings of or to challenge controversy. It is a simple, straight-forward statement of facts which, although possibly they may be denied in a few trifling details, cannot be stripped of their greater substance. The proceedings before the Mayor's Court, in the case held before you, have been in strict conformity with the usages of this island and with public justice. Then, Sir, I was left with him under the impression that he was a man of mine, for the information of the community at large, I cannot accuse myself of trenching on any proprietary right, nor of showing a want of consideration towards a high public functionary who, doubtless from his own high sense of justice, would be the first to tear from them the least covering of secrecy if such were attempted to be thrown over them.

The document was first offered for publication to the *Examiner* by the writer. The editor of that paper carefully read and pronounced it a very disgraceful affair. He promised to publish it in his very next issue. I was left with him under the impression that he was a man of mine, for the information of the community at large, I cannot accuse myself of trenching on any proprietary right, nor of showing a want of consideration towards a high public functionary who, doubtless from his own high sense of justice, would be the first to tear from them the least covering of secrecy if such were attempted to be thrown over them.

Under all these circumstances, it is right that the particulars connected with the whole case should be laid before the public.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
IXION.

DOMINION ELECTION NEWS.

The writs of election for the first Parliament of the Dominion of New Brunswick have been issued. They bear date the 7th day of August instant, and will be returnable on the 24th day of October next. The local elections for the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, and Nova Scotia, are proclaimed in terms similar to those for the General Parliament. New Brunswick, having undergone a general election last year, is allowed to be exempt from the Proclamation regarding the local elections. There are, however, several vacant seats to be supplied at the same time. The Canadian *Gazette*, which contains the foregoing Proclamations, calls the General Parliament together on the 24th of September, but not for the despatch of business. The time of actual assemblage will be somewhere in the month of November. The elections for both the General and Local Parliaments, in each Province, will come off at the same time; but at different dates in the various sections and Provinces of the Dominion. Thus, the Elections in Ontario and Nova Scotia will take place until the 18th of next month, although in Ontario and New Brunswick they will come off much earlier. The object of this arrangement is to strengthen the Coalition Government of Sir John A. McDonald, by causing the Elections to be held first in those Provinces where a majority of Ministerial supporters is confidently expected to be returned. We despise this dodgery, because we believe that if a Government is not deserving, upon its own merits, of the support of the people, it deserves to be driven into opposition and marred disgrace. A fate which we sincerely trust is in store for the McDonald Ministry. The "ruling passion," which is said to be strongly manifested even in death, is here prominently exhibited. The history of the Coalition Government has notoriously been one of make-shifts, of corruption and shuffling, rigging. In the management of the elections, therefore, which promise to be the prelude of the sudden death of the Coalition, we are not in the least surprised to see these corrupt principles attempted to be put in practice. We have too much confidence, however, in the intelligence and integrity of the electors to suppose that they can be gulled by such palpable and unworthy trickery into returning a majority of representatives to support a corrupt and extravagant Government. It speaks badly for the wisdom and patriotism of the Dominion statesmen, as well as for the harmonious working of the Constitution, to see one of the most honest and objectionable features in the politics of the neighboring Republic carried into practice at the very outset, we may say, of the Dominion's career. We mean those outlandish and never-ending elections by means of which the public mind is kept in a state of perpetual turmoil, and through which the interests of the country are made to suffer. There is nothing either in the situation of public affairs, or in the provisions of the Act of Union, to prevent the electors being

held both for the General and Local Parliaments simultaneously in all the Provinces. Common sense, as well as experience proves that the simultaneous system is the best. Bifurcation and political chaos, very alone induce the McDonald Ministry to adopt the more objectionable plan, which is more or less favorable to stability; objectionable because it affords greater facilities for bribery and corruption; and objectionable because it naturally induces a servile following in the footsteps of certain favored or interested constituencies, to the injury of that healthy independence of action and of thought so necessary to insure purity of government. When, therefore, Sir John A. McDonald and his colleagues introduced the contentious system of elections, they established a precedent which will be apt to prove a curse to the Dominion.

Another feature in the working of the new constitution, which is not only bad, but so novel in itself, as well as contrary to the loud predictions of the Fathers of Confederation, that we cannot avoid noticing it. We were positively assured, time and again, that with the advent of Confederation, party spirit, and the base of what is termed sectionalism, would be instantly abolished. But what is the actual state of the case? Why, that every public man who has not thought proper to pay absolute homage to the hydra-headed Coalition Ministry, has been not only rigidly excluded from both the General and Local Governments, but has also been attempted to be hounded down as a Fenian, an annexationist, or a rebel, and that with a malignancy of party spirit that has been rarely equalled. Mr. McGee, for example, with a modesty and good taste absolutely refreshing, recently addressed a letter to the *Montreal Gazette*, wherein he stigmatized his opponent, Mr. Devlin, and all his Irish supporters, as Fenians, many of whose lives he held in his mercy. A charge of this kind coming from Mr. McGee is ridiculous enough, but it serves to show the spirit which the leading Canadian statesmen wish to infuse into the politics of the Dominion. The Hon. John Sandford McDonald was selected to form a Local Government for the Province of Ontario—the Governor of which, who is a mere creature of the McDonald Ministry, at the same time dictating, as he had been instructed to do, to the Premier, the names of the gentlemen who were to comprise the remainder of his advisers. Let the reader imagine, for a moment, that from some cause or other a new Government were required to be formed in this Colony, and that the Colonial Minister were to instruct Lieutenant Governor Dundas to entrust that duty to some creature of his own, who in his turn was compelled to select, from among characters of his own facile disposition, the requisite number of ministers pointed out to him, and the baseness of the political system at present being carried out, will be at once perceived. It is no wonder indeed that Sir John A. McDonald told his supporters the other day, that from the exhibition which Canadian politicians were making of themselves, neither British Columbia, Newfoundland, nor Prince Edward Island would come into the Union, to be witnesses and participants in their bitter quarrels and tortuous juggling. What with these unceasing proceedings, and the supererogatory weight of official expenditure and supererogatory officers, annexation can only be a matter of time; and indeed from the present appearance of affairs, the sooner that measure of relief comes, the better for the Dominion.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—We copy the following paragraph from a recent number of the *St. John, N. B. Freeman*:—"The Rev. Mr. McDonald, of St. Francis, County Victoria, whose melancholy death we announced last week, was drowned while attempting to cross the River St. John near Fort Kent, at a ford. The night was dark, and it would appear that he missed the ford when he sought it. The traces on the bank indicate that he then got out of his wagon and led his horse to the right track. It is supposed that he missed the landing place on the opposite side, and that the horse in endeavoring to jump up a rocky bank, some three feet in height, broke his pin which attached the forward part of the wagon to the body, and at the same time threw the wagon backward, so that Mr. McDonald was thrown into the river where it was deep and rapid. The wife of a farmer, living close by, heard his cries, and heard him call her husband by name, but she did not then know who was calling or suspect what the cries meant. The body was found next day on a shoal three miles below the place where the marks on the bank show that the horse got submerged."

The gentleman alluded to was at one time the Parish Priest of Basileo and Hope River in this Island, and ex-acted for his simplicity of manners, holiness of life and zeal in the cause of religion.

We perceive that our smart contemporary, the *Hall's Reporter*, has despatched a "Chief" to Charlottetown to take notes among us. The said notices and the want of hotel accommodation have not escaped his vigilant attention. The performances of the bar-kend-Caledonians, "stern and wild," which take place day after day, will also receive a portion of his spare time and lively pen-and-ink portraiture.

The *Advertiser* and *Fredericton* appear to think that Mr. Henley has failed in negotiating a loan upon the terms of the Act of last session. We think that they are premature in arriving at this conclusion. Whenever Mr. Henley has completed his mission, the result will be communicated to the public without delay. At present it is idle to speculate whether the loan can be obtained within the limitation of the Loan Bill. It is sufficient perhaps to say that without an Imperial guarantee the money can be obtained on reasonable terms as the Dominion Government of Canada—a fact that speaks well for the credit of the colony.

LOCAL NEWS.

TEA PARTY AT ST. ANDREW'S.—One of the most interesting Tea Parties of the season took place at the old College grounds at St. Andrew's, on Wednesday night last. The tables were very tastefully set out and most abundantly supplied with every delicacy usually offered on such occasions. There were places for dancing, and places for athletic games, and the lights of the beautiful new Chapel erected on the College grounds, mainly through the seal and exertions of the former Missionary Priest, the Rev. F. W. Meekin, who is now the Bishop of Charlottetown, and who is to be succeeded in his office, were present. The party was a distinguished party from Quebec, the Rev. Henry Crawford, the popular Presbyterian Minister at Miramichi, also honored the occasion by his presence. We understand that a sum between £130 and £140 was realized by this very pleasant evening.—*Ed.*

We observe by an advertisement in yesterday's *Idler* that an agricultural Exhibition will be held at Crapaud on Wednesday the 23rd day of October next. The Exhibition is intended solely for the Tenants of Lady Georgeanna Fane, who has authorized her agent, Henry Palmer, Esq., to exhibit a portion of her rental in prizes. This is an act of praiseworthy liberality on her Ladyship's part. Had all the absent Proprietors dealt with their tenants in the same spirit, the history of the Land Question would be more satisfactory than it has been.—*Pat.*

NEW BOSTON PACKET.—The *Alice Myrick*, built in the shipyard of Herbert Bell, Esq., M. P. F. C. Casse-pee, and owned by I. C. Hall, O. Connell, Thomas and William Dunn, Esquires, and five others, arrived here yesterday, and now lies at Fox's Wharf, where her equipments as a sailing Packet between the West Indies and Boston are being completed. The *Alice Myrick* is modelled much after the "Carrie M. Kiech," and her tonnage is 185 tons, new measurement, and has a large carrying capacity, and good accommodation for cabin passengers. We wish her enterprising owners success.

The body of a man named Stranberg, who with several others was lost near Point Prim by the upsetting of a mill on the night of the gale, was picked up near St. Peter's Island, on Monday, and brought to this city, and after a Coroner's Inquest being held thereon, it was interred in the Protestant Cemetery.

Ringwood House, the property of Col. Cumberland, situated on Warren Farm, was destroyed by Fire on Monday the 13th inst. The fire originated by the setting on fire to the woods in the vicinity of the House.

The *Domino*, one of our small port-propelling fishing boats, returned yesterday, evening from her second trip, with 120 barrels mackerel. This fine schooner belongs to W. Welsh, Esq. The *Comet*, owned by Capt. O. Evans, and captained by D. D. Davies, and the *Wanderer*, captained by W. Hearns, Esq., also arrived from the Gulf on Monday. The latter vessel sailed on her second trip yesterday.—*Pat.*

ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

All the public offices are closed to-day, by order of the Governor in Council, in order of the Scottish Games on Government House grounds. The day is also generally observed throughout the City as a Public Holiday.

Quite a number of visitors to the Scottish Games arrived from Nova Scotia last evening by the steamer *Prince of Wales*.

Secretary Stanton has been dismissed by President Johnson on account of difference of opinion on the subject of reconstruction. General Grant succeeds him.

Her Majesty's iron-clad ship-of-war, *Albatross*, Capt. Short, which lay in Charlottetown harbor for ten days, sailed for Gaspé on Thursday morning last. She is destined to look after the Fisheries of these Provinces, and is expected back here in the course of a few weeks.

Some Editorial remarks prepared for to-day's paper, upon the Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition advertised in to-day's paper, are unavoidably crowded out.

The *Fredericton*'s important boats and a despatch cluster from this Government by the Atlantic Cable, is, we learn, without foundation.

The Wesleyan Sabbath School Tea came off at Spruce Avenue on Wednesday, and the Bible Christian Society at Willow Farm on Monday last.

We learn that the Cod are on our North shore in great abundance, and the fishermen are making fine hauls. The fish are, however, generally small in size; and unless the quality of fish is made up in the quantity, the Mackerel are beginning to strike in, but not in any great numbers as yet.—*Pat.*

The friends of Gen. Meagher having given up all hope of recovering his body, will have a solemn High Mass celebrated on the 5th of August at the St. James Church, Sixteenth street, N. Y. for the repose of his soul.

The Paper Mill on Little River, N. B., about two miles from the town, was totally destroyed by fire about five o'clock this morning, with all the machinery, warehouses, and outbuildings, stock, &c. Nothing was saved insured for about \$5,000. Loss fully \$25,000.

Deputy-Minister returned to Antigonish on the 12th inst. on board of nearly three months in Bermuda. His Lordship met with a very enthusiastic reception from his flock.—*Ed.*

Hon. Mr. Todd to the government the acceptance of Canada's vacancy in the British Parliament, lectured in the T. fair audience upon Edward."

To Congression, Lewis will appear will lay over for the Corporation watch, whose cry by the General G. Mr. Kennedy, Entertainment in Sea advertisement.

The Corporation Police from London high. This is We are glad attention to the boys swimming the phases and proper bathing-plumminances referred to.

A St. Louis to occurrence of ov in the West. It Morrie, a R. in among the Pot. A little boy is tried to commit

GOVERN

His Excellency has been pleased Commission of the Legislature in the last Agriculture and Robert P. Hay J. Calbeck, David A. McNeil, Charles Esquires; and Souris.

His Excellency cil, has been pleasa- ments, viz:— To be Justice Mr. Joseph Knip St. Surberlain, and Ready, of To be Justice Mr. Donald T. places of August 2 Newburg, of Dawson, of Tow Colonial Sec His Excellency plans the success of being the day of donian Club.

New

LONDON, August received are the and to make a la mona, but that killed by the nat of the murdered Paris, August meeting, Mr. Kip on Nealeon and DUBLIN, August who was arrested before the Comm the conviction of yet been pronounced subsequently, he yarr, despatched late Maximilian Government of this port, called to LONDON, August has give the follo two steamer, the United States au section nor spoke breaks in Kerry were ordered to Formosa. They shore, a demand underdressed, he meantime it being piling for fight both w're held. S subsequent her sued with the F The heat was int and men were re Keanole, the la wounds. At st drawn from the sealed, and con appeared, who where they arrive Corn 88s 6d.

LONDON, August was the polit signed by the Jaye, and throve d accordance with the the Govern direct LONDON, August Commons to-night prevent public m drawn by the Go Paris, August state that the Tur admission to the Powers has com mit of interven of the Island of enquir proposed by the Govern ment. His excellency has receiv whom he left in tation, in his recent Journ to of his obstruc ers of progress mised to submit benefits of his sub

Berlin, Aug, to take place bet tutor of Austria.

LONDON, Aug decided the Ap Querney & Co. favor of the L

FREDERICTON, in out in the Don This structure w year A. D. 1828, and it is cons of the l roof and tower l bly be on. At

Franco, where li seeing the gre which was to be At a house fall

Dexter, trott in harness 2 months

Gold 40 5-8.

GOVERN

His Excellency has been pleased Commission of the Legislature in the last Agriculture and Robert P. Hay J. Calbeck, David A. McNeil, Charles Esquires; and Souris.

His Excellency cil, has been pleasa- ments, viz:— To be Justice Mr. Joseph Knip St. Surberlain, and Ready, of To be Justice Mr. Donald T. places of August 2 Newburg, of Dawson, of Tow Colonial Sec His Excellency plans the success of being the day of donian Club.

New

LONDON, August received are the and to make a la mona, but that killed by the nat of the murdered Paris, August meeting, Mr. Kip on Nealeon and DUBLIN, August who was arrested before the Comm the conviction of yet been pronounced subsequently, he yarr, despatched late Maximilian Government of this port, called to LONDON, August has give the follo two steamer, the United States au section nor spoke breaks in Kerry were ordered to Formosa. They shore, a demand underdressed, he meantime it being piling for fight both w're held. S subsequent her sued with the F The heat was int and men were re Keanole, the la wounds. At st drawn from the sealed, and con appeared, who where they arrive Corn 88s 6d.

LONDON, August was the polit signed by the Jaye, and throve d accordance with the the Govern direct LONDON, August Commons to-night prevent public m drawn by the Go Paris, August state that the Tur admission to the Powers has com mit of interven of the Island of enquir proposed by the Govern ment. His excellency has receiv whom he left in tation, in his recent Journ to of his obstruc ers of progress mised to submit benefits of his sub

Berlin, Aug, to take place bet tutor of Austria.

LONDON, Aug decided the Ap Querney & Co. favor of the L

FREDERICTON, in out in the Don This structure w year A. D. 1828, and it is cons of the l roof and tower l bly be on. At

Franco, where li seeing the gre which was to be At a house fall

Dexter, trott in harness 2 months

Gold 40 5-8.

Hon. Mr. Todd to the government the acceptance of Canada's vacancy in the British Parliament, lectured in the T. fair audience upon Edward."

To Congression, Lewis will appear will lay over for the Corporation watch, whose cry by the General G. Mr. Kennedy, Entertainment in Sea advertisement.

The Corporation Police from London high. This is We are glad attention to the boys swimming the phases and proper bathing-plumminances referred to.

A St. Louis to occurrence of ov in the West. It Morrie, a R. in among the Pot. A little boy is tried to commit

GOVERN

His Excellency has been pleased Commission of the Legislature in the last Agriculture and Robert P. Hay J. Calbeck, David A. McNeil, Charles Esquires; and Souris.

His Excellency cil, has been pleasa- ments, viz:— To be Justice Mr. Joseph Knip St. Surberlain, and Ready, of To be Justice Mr. Donald T. places of August 2 Newburg, of Dawson, of Tow Colonial Sec His Excellency plans the success of being the day of donian Club.

New

LONDON, August received are the and to make a la mona, but that killed by the nat of the murdered Paris, August meeting, Mr. Kip on Nealeon and DUBLIN, August who was arrested before the Comm the conviction of yet been pronounced subsequently, he yarr, despatched late Maximilian Government of this port, called to LONDON, August has give the follo two steamer, the United States au section nor spoke breaks in Kerry were ordered to Formosa. They shore, a demand underdressed, he meantime it being piling for fight both w're held. S subsequent her sued with the F The heat was int and men were re Keanole, the la wounds. At st drawn from the sealed, and con appeared, who where they arrive Corn 88s 6d.

LONDON, August was the polit signed by the Jaye, and throve d accordance with the the Govern direct LONDON, August Commons to-night prevent public m drawn by the Go Paris, August state that the Tur admission to the Powers has com mit of interven of the Island of enquir proposed by the Govern ment. His excellency has receiv whom he left in tation, in his recent Journ to of his obstruc ers of progress mised to submit benefits of his sub

Berlin, Aug, to take place bet tutor of Austria.

LONDON, Aug decided the Ap Querney & Co. favor of the L

FREDERICTON, in out in the Don This structure w year A. D. 1828, and it is cons of the l roof and tower l bly be on. At

Franco, where li seeing the gre which was to be At a house fall

Dexter, trott in harness 2 months

Gold 40 5-8.

Mr. Todd to the government the acceptance of Canada's vacancy in the British Parliament, lectured in the T. fair audience upon Edward."

To Congression, Lewis will appear will lay over for the Corporation watch, whose cry by the General G. Mr. Kennedy, Entertainment in Sea advertisement.

The Corporation Police from London high. This is We are glad attention to the boys swimming the phases and proper bathing-plumminances referred to.

A St. Louis to occurrence of ov in the West. It Morrie, a R. in among the Pot. A little boy is tried to commit

GOVERN

His Excellency has been pleased Commission of the Legislature in the last Agriculture and Robert P. Hay J. Calbeck, David A. McNeil, Charles Esquires; and Souris.

His Excellency cil, has been pleasa- ments, viz:— To be Justice Mr. Joseph Knip St. Surberlain, and Ready, of To be Justice Mr. Donald T. places of August 2 Newburg, of Dawson, of Tow Colonial Sec His Excellency plans the success of being the day of donian Club.

New

LONDON, August received are the and to make a la mona, but that killed by the nat of the murdered Paris, August meeting, Mr. Kip on Nealeon and DUBLIN, August who was arrested before the Comm the conviction of yet been pronounced subsequently, he yarr, despatched late Maximilian Government of this port, called to LONDON, August has give the follo two steamer, the United States au section nor spoke breaks in Kerry were ordered to Formosa. They shore, a demand underdressed, he meantime it being piling for fight both w're held. S subsequent her sued with the F The heat was int and men were re Keanole, the la wounds. At st drawn from the sealed, and con appeared, who where they arrive Corn 88s 6d.

LONDON, August was the polit signed by the Jaye, and throve d accordance with the the Govern direct LONDON, August Commons to-night prevent public m drawn by the Go Paris, August state that the Tur admission to the Powers has com mit of interven of the Island of enquir proposed by the Govern ment. His excellency has receiv whom he left in tation, in his recent Journ to of his obstruc ers of progress mised to submit benefits of his sub

Berlin, Aug, to take place bet tutor of Austria.

LONDON, Aug decided the Ap Querney & Co. favor of the L

FREDERICTON, in out in the Don This structure w year A. D. 1828, and it is cons of the l roof and tower l bly be on. At

Franco, where li seeing the gre which was to be At a house fall

Dexter, trott in harness 2 months

Gold 40 5-8.

Mr. Todd to the government the acceptance of Canada's vacancy in the British Parliament, lectured in the T. fair audience upon Edward."

To Congression, Lewis will appear will lay over for the Corporation watch, whose cry by the General G. Mr. Kennedy, Entertainment in Sea advertisement.

The Corporation Police from London high. This is We are glad attention to the boys swimming the phases and proper bathing-plumminances referred to.

A St. Louis to occurrence of ov in the West. It Morrie, a R. in among the Pot. A little boy is tried to commit

GOVERN

His Excellency has been pleased Commission of the Legislature in the last Agriculture and Robert P. Hay J. Calbeck, David A. McNeil, Charles Esquires; and Souris.

His Excellency cil, has been pleasa- ments, viz:— To be Justice Mr. Joseph Knip St. Surberlain, and Ready, of To be Justice Mr. Donald T. places of August 2 Newburg, of Dawson, of Tow Colonial Sec His Excellency plans the success of being the day of donian Club.

New

LONDON, August received are the and to make a la mona, but that killed by the nat of the murdered Paris, August meeting, Mr. Kip on Nealeon and DUBLIN, August who was arrested before the Comm the conviction of yet been pronounced subsequently, he yarr, despatched late Maximilian Government of this port, called to LONDON, August has give the follo two steamer, the United States au section nor spoke breaks in Kerry were ordered to Formosa. They shore, a demand underdressed, he meantime it being piling for fight both w're held. S subsequent her sued with the F The heat was int and men were re Keanole, the la wounds. At st drawn from the sealed, and con appeared, who where they arrive Corn 88s 6d.

LONDON, August was the polit signed by the Jaye, and throve d accordance with the the Govern direct LONDON, August Commons to-night prevent public m drawn by the Go Paris, August state that the Tur admission to the Powers has com mit of interven of the Island of enquir proposed by the Govern ment. His excellency has receiv whom he left in tation, in his recent Journ to of his obstruc ers of progress mised to submit benefits of his sub

Berlin, Aug, to take place bet tutor of Austria.

LONDON, Aug decided the Ap Querney & Co. favor of the L

FREDERICTON, in out in the Don This structure w year A. D. 1828, and it is cons of the l roof and tower l bly be on. At

Franco, where li seeing the gre which was to be At a house fall

Dexter, trott in harness 2 months

Gold 40 5-8.

