

# Vote for Wilkinson and Honest Government

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Now on sale, some 17 dozen Men's Work Gloves. Choice goods at manufacturer's prices.

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# The West.

## WORK SHOES

We are clearing out several lines of Men's Strong Work Shoes. You will neither kick about the wear or the price. Make your feet glad.

C. H. GORDON & CO.

Vol. 12 No. 29

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1908

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## MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Farm Lands and City Property

**FIRE INSURANCE**--We represent some of the oldest, largest and wealthiest Fire Insurance Companies in the World, and their rates are no higher than those charged by the "weak ones."

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FARM LANDS CITY PROPERTY PLATE GLASS INSURANCE  
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To make room for Holiday Goods we are Clearing Out our Wall Paper at Half-Price.

Sale Will Last Until Oct. 31

SALES FOR CASH ONLY

Canada Drug & Book Co.

## FOR LADIES WATCHES FOR LADIES

You Promised Your Wife a Watch if the Wheat Was Not Frozen. We have selected the best assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Watches that it is possible to get. Our Special is a Gold 14k. Filled with 15 Jewel movement. Ladies' size for \$15.00. Gents' size, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

M. G. HOWE, Jeweller and Graduate Optician, Regina

## Heating Stoves

Souvenir Hot Blast  
Souvenir Air Tight  
Souvenir Oak  
Cole's Hot Blast

See our Souvenir Base Burner (self-feeder). It gives great satisfaction.

Armstrong, Smyth & Dowsell LIMITED

## HON. R. P. ROBLIN EXPOSES GOVERNMENT

Large Audience in Regina City Hall Listens to the Premier of Manitoba on the Issues of the Campaign--Why the Liberals Advocate the Hudson's Bay Road--The Broken Pledges of 1893.

A great mass meeting was held in the city hall last Saturday evening under the auspices of the Conservative Association. The hall was crowded and hundreds could not gain admission. President Dr. Whitmore presided and shortly after eight o'clock called the meeting to order. The first speaker was E. J. Bott, who very ably dealt with the platform of W. M. Martin, the Liberal candidate. The next speaker was G. S. Houston of Regina who spoke very briefly.

Upon Hon. R. P. Roblin being introduced, he received a splendid ovation. He was presented with a bouquet of flowers by little Miss England, which he very courteously acknowledged. He expressed his regret that he had come to Regina to speak. It was his first appearance here and he was greatly pleased with the reception given him. The interests of the sister provinces were common, and it was proper therefore that he should take part in the campaign in Saskatchewan.

In rich satire he referred to the peurile attack of the morning paper upon himself, and he assured the people of Regina that should their premier come to Manitoba to speak he would be accorded courtesy and consideration such as the people of Saskatchewan had a right to expect. Referring to his tour he said he began the tour with Mr. Borden at Halifax, where there were 8,000 people present. Up to the present time he had held between 30 and 40 meetings and at none of them had there been a single interruption, a most unprecedented thing in the history of Canadian campaigns. The summary of such a tour was this. That there has never been such interest taken as to equal the present in all his political experience. The Conservative party was united, with one single exception and that was Regina district. At every meeting from half a dozen to forty men who had been noted Liberals in the last election pledged themselves to Mr. Borden. Three Liberal members of the last house had promised their support, and some of these had since taken the platform. This meant that the public conscience had been reached, and that on Oct. 26th Sir Wilfrid Laurier would meet his Waterloo.

Office a Public Trust  
If the people of Canada could get their minds free from party bias there would not be fifteen Liberals returned this election. He laid down the principle of political economy and in doing so, he rebuked some who endeavored to interrupt his remarks. The principle was this: "That a public office is a public trust; that the man who has a public duty to perform should do so honestly as the man who administers the estate of a deceased friend. The man who dealt loosely or improperly with a public trust should be punished, and a public man who makes a pre-election pledge deserves condemnation if he does not carry out the promise on securing office. On this principle he examined the platform of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in 1893, showing that not one of the 10 planks of that platform had been carried out.

The people he said, had voted Liberal in 1896 because they believed that platform would be carried out. These same people would be instrumental in turning out the party today. The Liberals today endeavored to joke at the platform of 1893, but he doubted if there was one Liberal who was proud of the broken pledges.

A Free Trader?  
On the tariff question Sir Wilfrid Laurier preached the gospel of free trade as they have it in England, claiming that protection was worse than slavery. The government had reduced the tariff from 20 per cent. to 17 1/2 per cent. on implements, and pointed to this as a great good done the farmers. They do not tell, however, that under section 48 of the customs act only one man in Canada could tell what the duty on a binder should be.

The minister had the absolute power of placing the valuation on all implements brought into Canada and there was no appeal. The result of this was that the agricultural implement houses were simply delighted with the reduced tariff. The duty was reduced 2 1/2 per cent., but the

price was raised five or six per cent. Duty was not paid on actual values, but upon the values placed by the minister of customs and these were changed every day.

Senate Reform  
Senate reform was accomplished by placing in the senate men who were rejected by the people of the country. There was an example of the kind of men placed in the senate in today's papers, where the story of how Hon. Robert Watson endeavored to debase the electorate of Mackenzie and to purchase the independence of a candidate there was published. This was a disgrace to the people of Canada and was an example of Liberal senate reform.

(Continued on page 2.)

## DOMINION CANDIDATES

Nominations Passed Off Quietly on Monday--The Election in Prince Albert Deferred--Irregularities in Knowles' Papers at Moose Jaw.

The nomination of candidates for the federal contest took place on Monday. In Regina it was merely a formal affair. Returning Officer J. M. Wessell received the nominations in the police court in the city hall. Only two were nominated: Taps Wilkinson, who has appointed A. L. Gordon as his agent, and W. M. Martin whose agent is D. J. Thom. In In Moose Jaw Dr. Wheeler for the Conservatives and W. E. Knowles for the Liberals. Objection, however, has been taken to the nomination papers of Mr. Knowles because they do not conform to the law. His papers were sworn out before a notary public and not before a J.P. as the law requires. The Conservatives are claiming the seat.

The candidates for Saskatchewan named yesterday are:  
REGINA:--  
Thos. Wilkinson, Conservative.  
W. M. Martin, Liberal.  
QU'APPELLE:--  
R. S. Lake, Conservative.  
J. T. Brown, Liberal.

ASSINBOIA:--  
R. L. Richardson, Independent.  
J. G. Turfitt, Liberal.  
SALTCOATS:--  
J. Miller, Conservative.  
J. Paynter, Independent.  
T. MacNutt, Liberal.

MACKENZIE:--  
M. Buchanan, Independent.  
Dr. Cash, Liberal.  
HUMBOLDT:--  
J. Little, Conservative.  
Dr. Neeley, Liberal.

BATTLEFORD:--  
Dr. Morrison, Conservative.  
A. Champaigne, Liberal.  
SASKATOON:--  
M. McInnes, Conservative.  
G. E. McCraney, Liberal.

MOOSE JAW:--  
Dr. Wheeler, Conservative.  
W. E. Knowles, Liberal.  
The election to be held in Prince Albert being deferred, nominations for that constituency have not been held yet.

## LAIRD VS. SCOTT

Premier Scott Simply Questions the Jurisdiction of the Court.

Another stage in the Laird-Scott libel charges was reached on Monday when the time fixed by Judge Johnston for Mr. Scott to file his plea and set forth his charges against Mr. Laird in detail, expired. Messrs. Mackenzie, Brown, Thom & Frame filed the plea in due course, but Mr. Scott simply questions the jurisdiction of the court, and does not raise the question of justification at all, nor pleads the truth of the charges. As the case is sub judice, no comment is permissible.

## PRETTY BLOUSES

Here are some special values in Ladies' Blouses--for day or evening wear, that are prettier and daintier than we have been able to show you before. The Net Blouses listed here are very handsome for the price.



- Vesting Blouses--In Tan and White Self-stripe Vestings of good weight, long sleeves, tucked front, embroidered turn-over collar, closing in front. Each \$2.75, \$3.00
- Special Silk Blouses--Black Jap. Taffeta Blouse of nice quality, tucked yoke effect, with lace collar, closing in front, long sleeves. Each \$3.00
- Square Mesh Net Blouses--Yoke of Platan embroidery, Gibson tuck over shoulders, piped with colored silk, three-quarter sleeves with lace cuffs. Each \$8.00
- Wool Taffeta Blouses--In pearl grey and cream, front of tucks and embroidered long sleeves, closes in front, very dainty and serviceable. Each \$4.50
- Embroidered Net Blouses--Fine embroidered Brussels, net trimmed with lace and insertion to match, three-quarter sleeves, lace collar and cuffs. Each \$8.50
- Fillet Net Blouses--A very handsome Blouse, trimmed of Sontache effect insertion, Gibson shoulder, lace collar and cuffs. Each \$11.00

R. H. Williams & Sons, Limited  
THE GLASGOW HOUSE

## McCarthy's October Sale

Rally to our Big Clearing Sale during this month. You need the goods--we need the money. Big Bargains! A Big Stock! Good Service!

**Gents' Furnishings**  
Men's Suits, \$5.00  
34 only Men's and Boys' Suits. Sizes 33 to 38. Odd lines. To clear values to \$9.00, for \$5.00.  
Men's Sox, 3 pairs 50c  
30 dozen Men's Grey Sox. To clear values to 35c, 3 pairs 50c.  
\$1.00 Men's Shirts, 75c  
Men's Fine Stripe Drill or Heavy Knit Shirts. Values to \$1.00. Special 75c.  
Sheep Coats, \$5.00  
Odd lines in Sheep Coats. Values to \$7.50. Special \$5.00.  
\$3.00 Hats, \$1.95  
All our \$3.00 Stiff or Soft Hats. Valued at \$8.00, now \$1.95.  
Progress Brand Suits  
See our leading lines of Clothing, from \$12.00 to \$35.00.

**Dry Goods**  
Prints, 12 1/2c  
10 pieces of Fall Prints, long and serviceable, in light or dark colors, at 12 1/2c yard.  
Flannelette, 10c yard  
10 pieces of Fancy, White, Pink or Colored Flannelette, 10c yard.  
Wrapperette, 8 yards \$1.00  
25 pieces of Fancy Colored Wrapperette. Value to 15c, 8 yards for \$1.00.  
\$1.50 Spreads, \$1.00  
Large White Bed Quilts--a \$1.50 line. Special at \$1.00.  
Hose, 25c pair  
Ladies' Wool, Cashmere, Plain or Ribbed Hose. Value to 35c, for 25c.  
Cottons  
Heavy White or Grey Cottons, new lines, at 8 1/2c to 25c a yard. Extra good.

The McCarthy Supply Co., Ltd.  
THE ECONOMY HOUSE, BROAD STREET

## "PURITY"

Naptha Laundry Soap

Not Cheaper, but Better

WS  
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Rolls  
Papers  
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old good until  
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IMITED

## LIBERAL RECORD OF EXPENDITURE

The Liberal Party Were Pledged to Reduce the Expenditure, But They Have Increased It Over Sixty-Eight Millions

### WHAT THEY PROMISED

"I promise you that if you put our party into power, we will reduce the annual expenditure by \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 per annum."—Sir Wilfrid Laurier 1896.

"I repeat it now that \$88,000,000, let alone \$40,000,000 is in my opinion a monstrous sum for the people of Canada to be called upon to provide."—Sir Richard Cartwright.

"I say that it is a disgrace and a shame to the Government that they ask for an expenditure of \$88,300,000 a year for Federal purposes. Sir, the thing is utterly unjustifiable."—Sir Richard Cartwright.

Such were the declarations of Sir Wilfrid and his Ministers when they took office. What is their record?

### COMPARISON OF EXPENDITURE

	1895-6	1907-8
On current account	\$37,949,142	\$ 77,500,000
Capital and special	4,753,241	33,000,000
Total expenditure	41,702,383	110,500,000
Expenditure per head	\$8.14	\$18
Increase 1908 over 1896		\$68,797,617
Increase per cent.		165
Ten years Liberal-Conservative expenditure, 1887 to 1896		\$ 423,358,830
Ten years Liberal expenditure, 1897 to 1906		655,385,838
Excess in the Liberal period		231,976,802

### OUR DAILY EXPENDITURE

	Liberal-Conservative 1896	Liberal 1908
For the year	\$41,702,383	\$110,500,000
Per week	801,967	2,125,000
Per day, including Sunday	114,566	303,571

The expenditure for the year 1907-8 was \$88.40 for every family in Canada.

### GHASTLY RECORD OF ELEVEN YEARS

The following in round figures is the amount by which the expenditure under Liberal rule exceeds that of the last Conservative year.

In 1896 Expenditure under Conservatives	\$41,702,000
In 1897 this was exceeded by	1,200,000
In 1898 this was exceeded by	3,600,000
In 1899 this was exceeded by	9,800,000
In 1900 this was exceeded by	11,000,000
In 1901 this was exceeded by	16,200,000
In 1902 this was exceeded by	22,200,000
In 1903 this was exceeded by	20,000,000
In 1904 this was exceeded by	30,500,000
In 1905 this was exceeded by	37,100,000
In 1906 this was exceeded by	41,500,000
In 1908 this was exceeded by	68,800,000

### BY DEPARTMENTS

The expenditure by Departments for 1907-8 is not yet reported, and 1906-7 was a short year, but the following is a comparison of expenditure between 1896 and 1906 (Public Accounts 1906, pages 61 to 69).

	1896	1906	Increase	Increase
				percent
Civil Government	\$1,396,628	\$1,911,611	\$ 514,983	37
Fisheries	427,251	908,702	481,451	137
Immigration	190,189	843,668	653,479	343
Quarantine	45,247	624,738	579,491	1281
India	89,408	1,198,350	1,108,942	1240
Legislation	904,883	1,359,916	455,033	50
Marine	1,137,765	4,601,000	3,463,235	304
Militia	1,126,714	4,294,122	3,167,411	275
Interior	1,255,868	3,183,081	1,927,213	150
Public Works	1,289,709	7,484,716	6,195,007	475
Munited Police	538,014	1,004,979	466,965	86
Justice	1,143,497	1,649,242	505,745	49
Agriculture, Arts and Statistics	333,043	1,595,643	1,262,600	378
Miscellaneous	173,864	943,087	769,223	449
Pensions	38,080	179,223	141,143	371
Collection of Customs	396,323	1,643,284	1,246,961	314
Trade and Commerce	9,463	63,626	54,163	572

### FUTURE EXPENDITURE

If the recent increase of expenditure is starting, that of the immediate future is still more so. The fiscal year 1908-9 began on April 1st, 1908. The main estimates for the year were brought down early in the Session and large supplementary estimates follow. The main estimates compare as follows with 1907, the year of which we have been speaking.

	1907-8	1908-9	Increase
Current expenditure	\$ 67,391,179	\$ 76,871,471	\$ 9,480,292
Capital expenditure	28,298,340	42,365,630	14,067,290
Total	95,689,519	119,237,101	23,547,572

There will probably be a corresponding increase in the supplementary estimates and in the total expenditure of the year. The expenditure of the year 1907-8 was \$5,000,000 larger than the main estimates, and on this basis we may look for an outlay in the year beginning with April 1908, of at least \$124,000,000. This gives us the following amazing table of expenditure.

1896	\$ 41,702,383
1908	110,500,000
1909	124,000,000

Mr. Fielding's budget statement indicates that the expenditure for this year (1908-9) will be even larger than \$124,000,000. At the same time he expresses the belief that the revenue will be under \$90,000,000, or \$6,500,000 less than in the previous year, and \$34,000,000 less than the expenditure.

### TIME FOR A CHANGE

Liberal Conservatives do not claim that Canada can be administered without a reasonable increase in expenditure. As the country expands and develops the demands for work and improvements multiply, and must be reasonably met.

But with an increase of some 13 p.c. in population, and granting a generous response to the call for improvements no sane man can justify the head long, reckless rush of the past 12 years.

It has been a carnival of extravagance and waste. Public money has been lavishly thrown away on works benefitting only private parties, on works meant only for party patronage, on middle men and contractors who contribute to party expenses, on wild expeditions like the Arctic, on unknown companies like the North Atlantic Trading Company, on useless sub-target and unbusinesslike Ross Rifle and Quebec Bridge ventures, on enormous outlays for purely patronage purposes.

The immense taxation has been extracted from the earnings and savings of the toilers—in such sums as stagger the thoughtful elector—\$7 millions in 1906 and \$73 millions in 1908, and in these eleven years and nine months \$229,000,000 more than would have been taken on the basis of 1896.

And still taxation goes up by leaps of millions yearly! Is it not time to turn over a new leaf? Mr. Borden and the Liberal Conservative party stand for moderate taxation—reasonable expenditure—honest administration.



A PUBLIC OFFICE IS A PUBLIC TRUST

MARK YOUR BALLOT

FOR

Thos. Wilkinson

W. M. MARTIN	
T. WILKINSON	X

BECAUSE

He Is In Favor of

- The immediate construction of the Hudson Bay Railway
- Government Control of Terminal Elevators
- Tariff Revision so as to Meet the Needs of the Western Farmer
- Timber Limits granted only to actual users
- Restoration of Lands to Western Provinces
- Purity in Politics and Public Offices
- Government Ownership of Townsites

AND SUCH OTHER REFORMS AS ARE IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CANADA

## HE LIKES THE NORTH

Traveller Who Has Spent the Summer in the Northern Wilds Tells of His Trips and Adventures.

After spending the summer paddling, camping and prospecting about in the north, a few hundred miles over the edge of the world, Frederick E. Simonds, is in town for a short visit, says the Saskatoon Phoenix. He has threaded almost all the great north rivers, portaged the portages, and sailed the lakes at some time or other. He loves that great lone land whose only highways are its water-courses.

Mr. Simonds strikes one as being just such a fellow as they used to tell about in the early stories of the west. Restless, roving, of splendid constitution, tireless, and with a whole lot of Irish simplicity. He says that he is going to break into the northland somewhere, next spring and put in a good long summer. This year Mr. Simonds didn't get any further than Lac La Ronge to which point there has been something of a rush during the summer months following the discoveries of rich mineral deposits. His home is at Millet.

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THEN AND NOW

In 1895-96 the total expenditure of Canada was \$41,000,000. Sir Wilfrid Laurier then said: "I promise you if you put our party in power we will reduce the annual expenditure by two or three million dollars." Instead of the expenditure being decreased it has been increased to the enormous sum of \$112,895,430.

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Alta, south of Edmonton and early in June in company with H. H. Tippet, a former Montreal newspaper man, he canoed down the North Saskatchewan to Prince Albert. Hearing there of the Lac-la Ronge discoveries, they decided to go north, and the summer was put in up there.

Mr. Simonds believes that there are rich mineral deposits up there, but says nothing but preliminary prospecting has been undertaken. On the return home, the pair went down the Churchill river sixty miles and from there down the Sturgeon river through Pelican Lake and Beaver Lake to Cumberland House on the Saskatchewan.

From Cumberland house the travellers went down the Saskatchewan to the Pas to which point the C.N.R. have laid track. From there they pumped their way to Etomnam by handcar and from there of course a train could be had on the north C.N.R. line.

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Members Gazetted.

The following members of the legislative assembly were gazetted in the issue of the Saskatchewan Gazette, dated Oct. 15th.

Yonda—A. F. Totka.  
Saskatoon County—W. C. Sutherland.  
Milestone—A. E. Whitmore.  
Moose Jaw County—J. A. Sheppard.  
Cannington—J. D. Stewart.  
North Battleford—D. M. Finlayson.

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Justice of the Peace:

Sverre Barth of Margo.

+++++

Notaries Public:

Jas. A. Johnson of Redvers.  
W. W. Edmondson of Swift Current.  
Jos. H. Parker of Yorkton.  
Stanley Dolje of Melville.

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Commissioners for Oaths:

Wm. H. Speers of Broadview.  
Wm. H. Nusiek of Broadview.  
Peter Glassman of Lipton.  
Chas. Gray of Maple Creek.  
Alex. Patterson of Huron.  
William Bielschowsky of Regina.  
Geo. Lyon Valentine, of Kethville.  
J. Turner of Saskatchewan Landing.  
Geo. J. Robertson of Lanigan.  
Geo. C. Sayles of Hanley.  
W. A. McPhail of Swift Current.  
Samuel Wagner of Chaplin.  
Alex. G. Mackie, Sask'n Landing.  
Alex. D. Minnelly of Blue Hill.  
Francis W. Ball of Wilkie.  
H. E. Billings of Riverside.  
S. R. McKee of Togo.  
R. W. Humphries of Waldeck.  
Maxwell Heppner of Wapella.  
F. A. M. Taylor of Kingsview.  
J. D. McMillan of Francis.  
H. F. Pillsbury of Bruno.  
F. J. Lang of Scott, Battleford.  
R. M. Mason of Paynton.  
Sam Stott of Blue Hill.  
Chas. Briggs of Graburn.  
D. C. McNab of Regina.  
O. N. Ruden of Thunder Creek.  
Fred Riley of Hanley.  
J. J. Bowler of Muenster.  
John L. Jeffrey of Viscount.  
C. D. Fraser of North Battleford.  
John Vashinder of Regina.  
R. A. Hudson of Bryetown.  
W. G. Redding of Davidson.  
Hans Johnson of Bladworth.  
Jno. T. Stewart of Swift Current.  
R. T. Brackenburg of Out Knife.  
Wm. Hogg Stiles of Humboldt.  
Ward Leslie Savage of Saxby.  
Neil A. McCannel of Regina.  
E. K. Allison of Indian Head.  
T. B. Malone of Melville.  
W. T. Harmer of Regina.  
Wm. Houston of Moose Jaw.  
W. L. Meagher of Moose Jaw.  
Thos. Ross of Swift Current.  
Chas. H. W. Westdyke of Lashburn.

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Process Issuer:

Frederick C. B. Wilson, of Maple

## HON. R. P. ROBLIN EXPOSES GOVERNMENT

(Continued from page 1.)

Never in 25 years had the issue been so clearly defined as they are in this fight. The issue was whether or not there should be an honest administration of public affairs. Mr. Borden had promised a proper accounting for every cent. Charges of graft have been made on the floor of the house, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier said they were not true. No one charged Sir Wilfrid with doing anything wrong, but the civil service commission had gone into the charges and said that the administration was characterized by wanton waste, and there was no conscience in the government departments. In the Marine department there was a waste in one year of \$600,000. This was managed through the employment of middlemen.

At first the government had chosen to ignore these scandals, but they were being forced upon their attention by the people of Canada. Sir Wilfrid tried to shirk the question by pointing to his great imperial policy, and wanted to finish his work. He feared that with four years more of such management there would be nothing left. Theodore Burrows, M.P., had paid \$50,000 for 1,152 sq. miles of timber limits. Mr. Fraser had paid \$1,000 for a timber limit and sold half his holdings for \$100,000. The people would have to pay for the profit which Mr. Fraser secured. The lumbermen had to pay the high price, and he would have to charge the balance to the people. This was the kind of thing he claimed was wrong, and that these transactions should be examined and that there should be restitution to the people, was the Borden policy.

### More Grafts

The same policy has been carried out in regard to fishery rights which had been sold for \$10 a year. The coal lands were disposed of similarly and contrary to law. And these deals were put through in the department of Mr. Oliver. Caldwell has secured 70,000 acres of coal lands by fraud and Mr. Oliver declined to cancel the contracts.

The Hudson-Bay railroad was not solved because of any desire to help the people of the country, but because of a desire to get the railway into the timber lands of Frazer, Turf and Burrows. The surveyors were today placing their lines in that country, and this was the motive that prompted the Hudson Bay railway policy. Why did not the government build the railway three or four years ago with some of the money wasted on the G.T.P. railway east of Winnipeg? Had this been done,

the meeting would be a line of steamships plying between Liverpool and Fort Churchill.

### Cost of the G.T.P.

Taking up the cost of the G.T.P., he pointed out that Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the cost to the people would be thirteen millions and no more. The people of Canada believed this statement, and endorsed him. What was the result today, the road would cost at least \$140,000,000 according to Mr. Borden's statement, and Mr. Graham admitted it would cost \$114,000,000. The railway will cost every cent more in Canada one million dollars before it is completed. Why is it that G.T.P. finances are now showing unrest? Because there is under the surface a boiling caldron of financial storm which will be disclosed when the elections are over.

He knew there was dissatisfaction on the part of the G.T.P., else why did Mr. Graham make the statement that if the G.T.P. wanted to get out of its contract they had another company ready to take it over? There was unrest because of the profligate use of money in the paying of contracts. What was the reason for the over-charges allowed? The reason was that the contractors had to pay three per cent into the Liberal campaign fund. The over-charge was only a way of giving them back their money. That was the cause of the unrest and that was the reason he asked the people of Canada to join with him to turn these rascals out. He gave the government credit for all the good they had done and doubted that but even then he was not able to find enough good to even recommend them to mercy.

### Immigration Question

Taking up the immigration question he recalled the North Atlantic Trading Co., the bringing over of the Doukhobors and the callous, cold blooded way in which these undesirable were brought into Canada, and it was because of his intense interest in the welfare of Canada that he took the risk of injuring his voice that he might lay his views of the matter before the people of Canada. He had only one desire, and he believed the people of Canada were aroused and that they recognized a time for a change. If Borden did not carry out his promises, he too should be turned out of the government.

The meeting closed with cheers for Mr. Roblin, Mr. Wilkinson, Mr. Borden and the King.

After the close of the meeting several voters came forward and stated that though they had been life-long Liberals they were going to support Mr. Borden in this election.

Crek in the Judicial District of Moose Jaw.

### MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUERS:

E. H. Grosse of Humboldt.  
R. R. Brown of Langham.  
A. B. Biehn of Gurney.  
T. E. Oliver of Warata.

### OFFICIAL AUDITORS:

Henry Henning of Davidson.  
I. W. Tinkness of Oliver.  
J. J. Heinrichs of Aberdeen.  
A. B. Biehn, of Gurney.  
Wm. Burton of Brownlee.  
John Perritte of Tugaska.  
Wilfrid Mills of Normanston.

### Do-It-Now

This is the war-try of the life insurance agents. Let it also be the slogan of all interested in the cause of clean government.

That cause is a good one. Well then, isn't it good enough for you? Yes, for you who are reading this, to get out and do something.

You know well enough that you can do something. DO IT NOW.

Don't wait till after the elections. Remember, every vote counts; every bit of assistance counts; every bit of confidence counts.

The present Ottawa regime will die just as surely as the life insurance agent says that you will.

LET IT BE NOW.

Laurier himself says he is prepared to sing the Nine Dimeitis.

DISMISS HIS GOVERNMENT NOW. What are you waiting for?

Don't think that enough has been done in giving decent administration to Ontario.

Give it to CANADA and DO IT NOW.

Failure to act will mean that the country will have the same trustees for four years more—and YOU will be responsible.

DO IT NOW.

The curse of drink is the cause of more failures in life than anything else. You can surmount any other faulty habit, but the man who is a confirmed drinker has not one chance in a million of success in life.—Andrew Carnegie, at Brooklyn, March 28, '08.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

## We Are Leaders

FOR

# Job Printing

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN

OUR Job Department is replete with the most up-to-date materials and appliances for the production of First-class Work. We are thus enabled to handle Job Work of every kind, and undertake to produce the highest grade of work in conjunction with the least possible delay to our customers.

OUR Prices for all classes of Printing are the very lowest compatible with high-class work and good stock.

Prize Lists

Price Lists

Municipal By-laws

Pamphlets

Lodge Constitutions

Catalogues

Window Cards

Real Estate Mortgage

Writ of Summons

Mortgage Agreements

Promissory Notes

School Debentures

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Agreements of Sale

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Transfer Forms

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and almost every other kind of Legal Form carried in stock.

Noteheads

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Billheads

Statements

Memorandums

Envelopes

Business Cards

Professional Cards

Shipping Tickets

Shipping Tags

Invitations

Posters

Handbills

Receipt Books

Typewriter Circulars

Letter Circulars

Receipt Forms

Township Maps

Blotters

Counter Check Books

Menu Cards

Meal Tickets

Auditors' Reports

THE WEST COMPANY, Limited  
ROSE STREET REGINA

## Liberal

As Enunciated at the Borden, Lea Opposition

- Honest appropriations in the public
- Appointment capacity and personal
- More effective at elections, to ensue by political organization, campaign funds for tributions thereto by to expedite hearing collusive arrangements thereof, to provide practices and if necessary prosecuting officer to
- A thorough making to the Civil be made by an independent of examiners
- Such reform as will make that body.
- A more care immigration shall immigrants and the under very special obtaining particular
- The management (in which are) for the public benefit, a proportion from shall inure to
- The operation railways by an independent control or interference
- Development ways, the equipment transportation facilities rates between the at home or abroad system of cold stores
- The re-organization mission as a public and more extended and effective controlling public utilities character.
- The establishment of national telegraph shall be just to cap
- The improvement in newly inauguration, after free rural mail delivery
- A fiscal policy within Canada of a manufactured from having due regard to the just claims
- The promotion means of a system empire.
- The restoration of Alberta and Sas
- The union government, which of Canada under t

VERNMENT

ould be a line of steam- between Liverpool and of the G.T.P. the cost of the G.T.P., that Sir Wilfrid Laur- to the people would millions and so more. Canada believed this endorsed him. What today, the road would \$140,000,000 according's statement, and Mr. itted it would cost The railway will cost money in Canada one before it is completed at G.T.P. finances are unrest? Because there urface a boiling caldron form which will be dis- he elections are over, ere was dissatisfaction of the G.T.P., else why am make the statement T.P. wanted to get out act they had another y to take it over? There ecause of the profligate in the paying of con- was the reason for the allowed? The reason contractors had to pay t into the Liberal cam- the over-charge was only giving them back their e was the cause of the hat was the reason he ople of Canada to join turn these rascals out. government credit for od they had done and but even then he was ind enough good to even me to mercy.

igration Question the immigration question the North Atlantic Trad- bringing over of the and the callous, cold in which these undesir- brought into Canada, and se of his intense interest re of Canada that he k of injuring his voice ht lay his views of the re the people of Canada. y one desire, and he pe- people of Canada were that they recognized a change. If Borden did not s promises, he too should ut of the government.

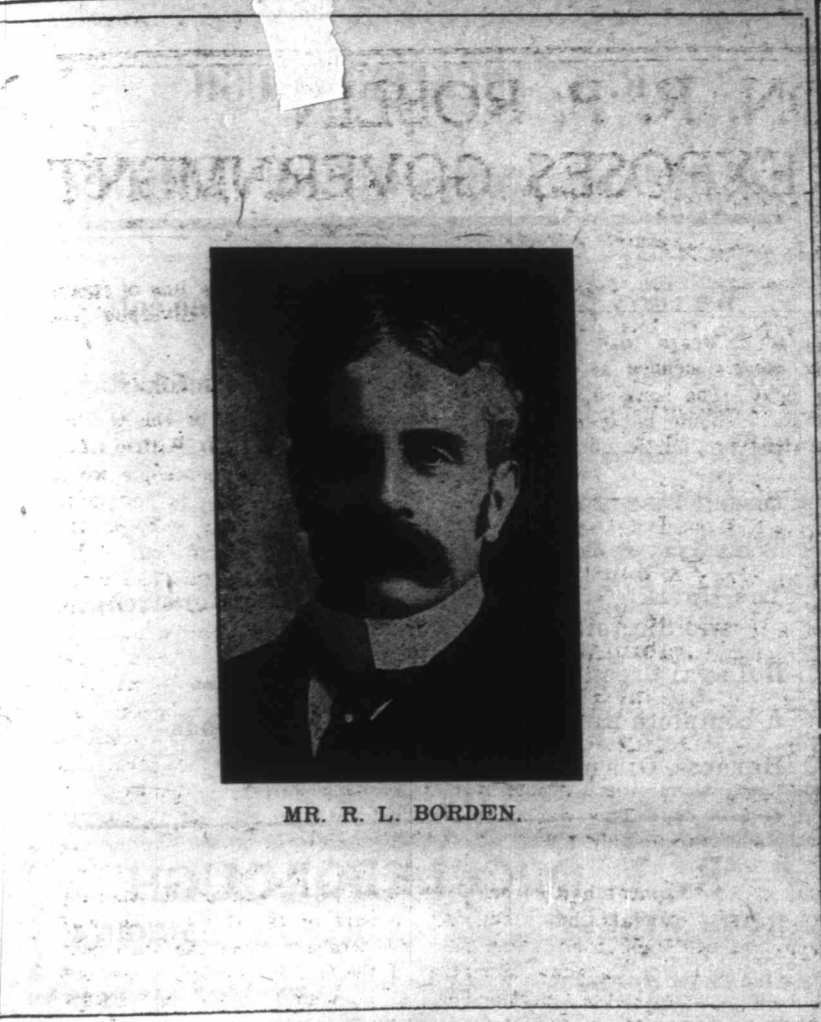
ng closed with cheers for Mr. Wilkinson, Mr. Bor- e King. close of the meeting ser- came forward and stated they had been life-long y were going to support in this election.

the Judicial District of w. E. LICENSE ISSUERS: ose of Humboldt. own of Langham. sh of Guernsey. ver of Wawota. AUDITORS: nning of Davidson. kness of Olver. nrichs of Aberdeen. hn, of Guernsey. on of Brownlee. ritte of Tugaskie. hills of Normanton.

Do It Now the war-cry of the life int- Let it also be the ll interested in the cause vernment. e is a good one. Well it good enough for you? y who are reading this, to do something. well enough that you ething. DO IT NOW. every vote counts; every tance counts; every bit of ounts.

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of drink is the cause of es in life than anything can surmount any other t, but the man who is a drinker has not one chance of success in life.—An- gie, at Brooklyn, March liniment relieves neuralgia.



MR. R. L. BORDEN.

# The Liberal-Conservative Platform

As Enunciated at Halifax and Other Places by Mr. R. L. Borden, Leader of His Majesty's Loyal Opposition in the House of Commons.

1. Honest appropriation and expenditure of public moneys in the public interest.
2. Appointment of public officials under consideration of capacity and personal character and not of party service alone.
3. More effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections, to ensure through publicity as to expenditures by political organizations, to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters, to expedite hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof, to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices and if necessary to appoint an independent prosecuting officer to enforce the laws so amended.
4. A thorough and complete reformation of the laws relating to the Civil Service so that future appointments shall be made by an independent commission acting upon the report of examiners after competitive examination.
5. Such reform in the selecting of members of the senate as will make that chamber a more useful and representative body.
6. A more careful selection of the sources from which immigrants and the abolition of the bonus system, except under very special circumstances and for the purpose of obtaining particularly desirable classes of settlers.
7. The management and development of the public domain (in which are to be included great national franchises) for the public benefit and under such conditions that a respectable proportion of the increment of value arising therefrom shall inure to the people.
8. The operation and management of our government railways by an independent commission, free from partizan control or interference.
9. Development and improvement of our national waterways, the equipment of national ports, the improvement of transportation facilities and subsequent reduction of freight rates between the place of production and market, whether at home or abroad, and the establishment of a thorough system of cold storage.
10. The re-organization of the present railway commission as a public utilities commission with wider power and more extended jurisdiction, so as to establish thorough and effective control over all corporations owning or operating public utilities or invested with a franchise of a national character.
11. The establishment after due investigation of a system of national telegraphs and telephones under conditions which shall be just to capital already invested in those enterprises.
12. The improvement of existing postal facilities, especially in newly developed portions of the country, and inauguration, after proper enquiry as to cost of a system of free rural mail delivery.
13. A fiscal policy which will promote the production within Canada of all useful articles that can be advantageously manufactured from or by means of our natural resources, having due regard to the interests of the consumer as well as to the just claims of our wage-earning population.
14. The promotion by negotiation and other constitutional means of a system of mutual preferential trade within the empire.
15. The restoration of the public lands to the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan upon fair terms.
16. The unimpaired maintenance of all powers of self-government which have been conferred upon the provinces of Canada under the constitution.

## VANCOUVER CAMPAIGN

Mr. Cowan Tells a Few Things About W. W. B. McInnis Which Ought to Force the Latter's Retirement.

Vancouver, Oct. 13.—For a campaign of personalities probably the contest in this city has them all beaten. But, strange to say, when G. H. Cowan, the Conservative, is hammering W. W. B. McInnis, late lieutenant governor of the Yukon, in return for his remarks, Mr. Joseph Martin, who generally cannot keep out of a mix-up, turns up his nose and says it is all beneath him. He has become a man of ideals; not that this is wrong but it is a little unusual to find Mr. Martin hanging on to the platform of ideals when he sees others in a fight of reals.

The fight is now at fever heat, and there is not a hall in the city big enough for the crowds, although there are several where two or three thousand can be packed in uncomfortably. Mr. McInnis started out by charging his opponent with (1) employing seventy Japanese to cut timber on his Bowen Island property, (2) holding information as a pistol at the head of a former commissioner of lands and works, R. F. Green, to strain the law and grant him a large concession in the Peace River district; (3) with all being hushed, and Mr. Cowan getting the city solicitorship.

COWAN'S REPLY Mr. Cowan's reply was (1) that, so far from employing Japs, he had expended \$3,000 in establishing a white camp of laborers, and driven out the Japs; (2) that he never even asked for a concession; (3) that the mayor's statements clear up this. "Now I hope that my dear little fat, hly-white angel friend, Willie, will sleep peacefully tonight," he added. But Mr. Cowan went on to speak, and at the end few had his "hope" that "Willie" would sleep peacefully. For he added as a beginning: "If Mr. McInnis' purse in this campaign is so far depleted that he cannot employ a good Anglo-Saxon servant instead of a Chinese servant now in his house—a riot of laughter and applause—I will see that he has the funds." (Renewed laughter and applause.)

YUKON LIBERALS and McINNIS This was easy compared with what was to come. Mr. McInnis had been one time head of the Yukon; then he resigned. At his last meeting he said it was for principle's sake. Mr. Cowan was dubious. He held in his hand a resolution sent by the Yukon Territorial Liberal Association to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It reads as follows: "Resolution passed at a meeting of the Yukon Territorial Liberal Association on July 25th, 1906. "Whereas in the opinion of this association, the Commissioner of the Yukon territory has shown himself wholly unworthy of representing His Majesty, The King in any portion of His Majesty's Empire, for the following reasons: "First—Because he is notoriously untrustworthy, and his word is not of the slightest value. "Second—Because all his energies and abilities are devoted to his own advancement, and to the gratification of his own personal vanity. "Thirdly—Because he is publicly immoral, and has acted in a manner that has made his conduct a public disgrace by frequently exhibiting himself in public in a condition of disgusting drunkenness. "Therefore, be it resolved, that this association submit the foregoing accusations to the Right Honorable Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and demand investigation of the same, and the dismissal of W. W. B. McInnes, Esq., from the office of Commissioner." Signed by the president and secretary.

RESIGNATION FOLLOWED "Now, that resolution" continued Mr. Cowan, as the last exclamation of surprise floated out of the hall and down Westminster avenue, "was sent to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. I cannot vouch for the facts, for I was not in the Yukon, but it is certain that the Liberal association passed it, and soon we find McInnes packing his grip-sack for Ottawa for an interview with Sir Wilfrid, and soon after resigning as he puts it 'on principle.'" Mr. McInnes, he declared, was telling how much he has done and how much he would do if elected, even going so far as to get Sir Wilfrid Laurier to pass a Natal Bill. "Truly this is a most pathetic attempt of the last joint of the tail of the Liberal dog, to wag the whole dog." (Renewed laughter and prolonged applause.)

STORY FOR WILLIE That last joint in the canine tail was followed by a little story that will remind Esstemers of Mr. Bowser's "cold day" anecdote. "There was once a candidate for Congress who addressed the electors in something like this fashion, as near as I can recall the story: "My fellow citizens, I have fought against the Indians. Many a time my bed has been on the battlefield, and my only canopy the sky. I have

## SHAREHOLDERS DISSATISFIED

Holders of G.T.P. Townsite Properties Anxious to Sell—Bad Returns of G.T.R. Have Alarmed the Shareholders.

The Calgary Herald publishes the following from its Montreal correspondent: Montreal, Oct. 15.—Considerable support is given to the report that the Grand Trunk railway was attempting to slip out of its contract with the government for the building of the prairie section of the Grand Trunk Pacific, when it became known today that officials of the company who bought up land in several of the towns through which the national transcontinental will pass are now anxious to get rid of their holdings and are sending an agent west for the purpose of putting these lots on the market.

COMIC AND SERIOUS Mr. Tellit: A woman can dress well on a sum that would keep a man looking shabby. Mr. Doitt: That's right. The sum my wife dresses on keeps me shabby all the year round.—Dayton Journal. "Why did Bink's widow feel so indignant at his funeral?" "The members of his volunteer hose company sent him a floral fire-extinguisher."—Judge.

The star pupil arose at the school entertainment to declaim his piece. "Lend me your ears!" he bawled. "Ha!" sneered the mother of the opposition, but, defeated, pupil, "that is Sarah Jane Bagg's boy. He would n't be his mother's son if he didn't want to borrow something."—Baltimore American. Farmer Barker: I want to get a present to take back to my wife on the farm. An Elegant Clerk: How would she like a pie knife? Farmer Barker: Good land, young man! Ain't you never been told you mustn't eat pie with no knife.—New York Times.

"Glad to welcome you into our little family, Mr. Newcome," said Mrs. Starven. "Our boarders almost invariably get fat." "Yes," replied the new boarder, who was not, however, new to boarding. "I've noticed the same thing in most boarding houses. It's cheaper than lean meat, isn't it, ma'am?"—Philadelphia Press.

Irate Pedestrian: Take off them glasses, you scoundrel, and I'll punch yer face for yer. "But my dear sir, that is quite against the custom. Who ever heard of ordering off the glasses before the punch is served?"—Life. He: They say that people who marry soon grow to look alike. She: Then you must consider my refusal as final.—Illustrated Bits.

"I'm afraid I'm catching cold," said Mr. Kloseman, trying to get some medical advice free. "Every once in a while I feel an itching in my nose, and then I sneeze. What would you do in a case like that doctor?" "Well," replied Dr. Sharpe, "I guess I'd sneeze too."—Philadelphia Press.

Peripatetic Peter went for two days with almost nothing to eat before he struck a farm house near Newark, N.J., where a reluctant housewife with a lot of advice handed him out a big square sandwich of hard ham and stale bread. A little while later a companion found him writhing in pain upon a convenient hayrick. "Wha's de trouble, Pete?" he inquired. "De hardest luck ever," was Pete's reply. "I've just had a square meal—an' de corners are scratchin' me!"—Saturday evening Post.

Mr. Green had been paying four dollars a week for board; his appetite constantly increased. Finally his landlady saw that she must either sell out and quit or raise her boarder's rate. One day after watching him feverishly devouring plateful after plateful, she plucked up courage, and said: "Mr. Green, I shall have to raise your board to five dollars." Mr. Green looked up with a start, then in a tone of consternation said, "Oh, Mrs. Small, don't. It's as much as I can do now to eat four dollars' worth."—Woman's Home and Family Companion.

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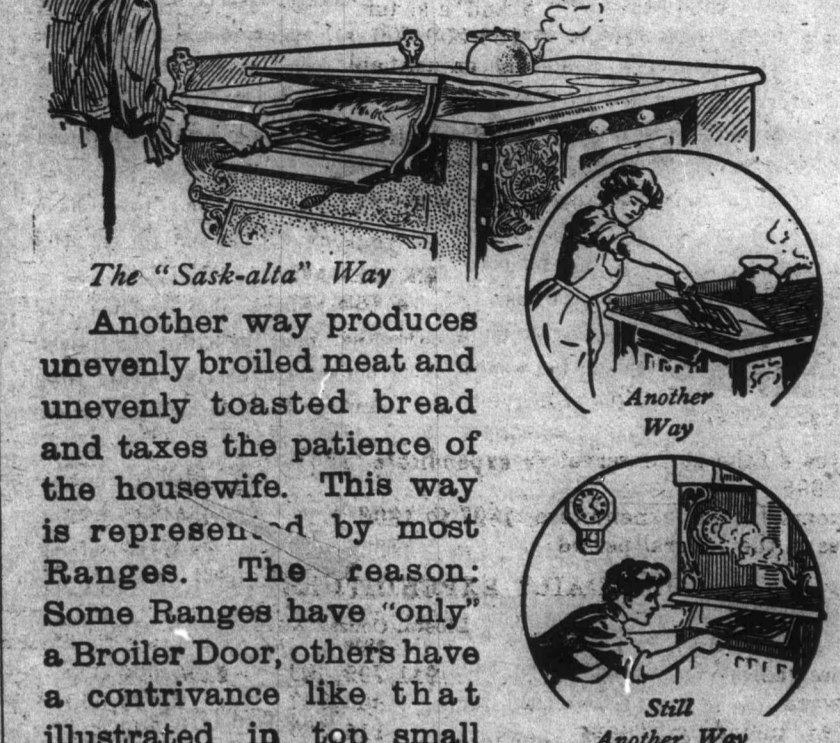
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# Sask-alta Range

Broiling Meat & Toasting Bread

One way produces evenly broiled meat and evenly toasted bread without taxing the patience of the housewife. This way is represented by "Sask-alta" Range. The reason: "Sask-alta" Range has an Automatic Lift Top (Patented) in addition to regular Broiler Door; and this team works for the operator instead of making her work.



Another way produces unevenly broiled meat and unevenly toasted bread and taxes the patience of the housewife. This way is represented by most Ranges. The reason: Some Ranges have "only" a Broiler Door, others have a contrivance like that illustrated in top small drawing; both of which enjoy the distinction of tiring the arm that holds the broiler and tiring the eye that directs the arm.

# McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, Hamilton, Calgary PEART BROS. HARDWARE CO. Ltd. Local Agent

CHILD HERO. We have to hand the news of one of the most heroic actions of a child heard of in this district for some time, we might say, the most heroic act on the railway track since it was laid. It appears that as was her accustomed act a little girl by the name of Alice Potter, aged 11 years was on Friday morning proceeding along the side of the track to school. The child had not gone more than half a mile when she noticed a broken rail. At once realizing the danger the eastbound train was in, the child no longer thought of school and her lessons, but of the lives of those who were on board. She at once rushed home with the train even at that time in sight. On reaching her home which is by the side of the track, she informed her father of what she had seen and asked him if he would stop the train. The father at once rushed in the direction of the fast approaching train and succeeded in stopping it and bringing it to a standstill. A gang of section men were at once sent for and before the train could proceed there had to be considerable repairing done. Often child-life is not valued as it should be but who can tell how many lives this sharp and brave little girl saved. It is reported that the C.P.R. are investigating the matter and are going to reward the child, who will always be looked upon as a hero and who were on board. She at once

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Canadian Northern Railway

THE SHORT LINE

REGINA to EDMONTON

With Lowest Rates

Ex. Sun. .... 7.45 Lv.	REGINA EDMONTON	Single Fare .....	\$16.30
Ex. Mon. .... 6.15 Arr.		30 Day Return Fare .....	\$26.50

Cafe Parlor Cars between Regina and Warman.

First-class Sleeping and Dining Cars between Warman and Edmonton.

Fulllest information and Time Tables from F. J. HURKETT, Agent Can. Nor. Ry., Regina.

## THE WEST

Published every Wednesday by The West Company, Limited at their offices Ross Street, Regina, Saskatchewan. Subscription price \$1.00 per annum in advance; other rates on application. Single copies 10c. Description to United States \$1.50 per annum in advance; otherwise \$2.00 per annum. Commercial advertising rates furnished on application. All communications, etc., should be addressed to THE MANAGER, THE WEST COMPANY, LIMITED, REGINA, SASK.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1908

### Canada's Trade.

Liberals tell us that trade has been wonderfully developed since the Laurier administration came into power. Where does the money go that the people make? Is it kept in the country? The following figures show that every year we are sending more money out of Canada for goods than we are receiving for goods:

In 1904 our imports exceeded our exports by \$33,000,000. In 1905 by \$50,000,000; in 1906 by \$36,000,000, and in 1907 by \$104,000,000.

Surely this is not the way to build up a country. Why should the wealth which is created in the country be sent out of Canada to make others rich?

### Our Debt Grows.

The wastefulness of the Laurier administration is building up a big national debt for Canada. The official Gazette of Canada covering the month of September 1908, shows a total expenditure of over forty-six million dollars, and a revenue of only forty million dollars, or a deficit for the month of nearly six millions of dollars. If Laurier is allowed to do more of such work Canada will soon be bankrupt. As it is our credit on the English investing market is on the wane. The British public has taken only one-quarter of the new \$25,000,000 3 1/2 per cent. Canadian loan of the hands of the underwriters. A similar fate overtook the \$5,000,000 3 1/2 per cent. loan in June last.

So far this year the government has issued three loans in London for a total of \$13,000,000 or \$95,000,000 besides this the government has borrowed temporarily the sum of \$15,600,000 just to keep the country going. The nation faces further great expenditures. It is time to practice economy at Ottawa. Therefore it is time for a change of government.

### End It Now.

The "rake-off" revelation from St. John is surely the last straw.

A government which adds to the contract price for work done for the country, in order that the president of a Liberal association may collect from the treasury \$35,933 that he has not earned, will surely not be tolerated by the people of Canada.

Were this the entire story it would certainly be sufficient to bring about the most disastrous defeat of a ministry guilty of such conduct in any other part of the world.

But it is merely a sample case.

In all the transactions at Ottawa there is wrong doing.

The free land of the people of the west is blanketed by politicians, who sell to the incoming settler what has cost them nothing.

By the Winnipeg Free Press this rogery is described as a "cold-blooded swindle."

Other public land is passed to politicians for \$1 an acre, and these men sell again for eight times what they have paid.

This crookedness drew forth from Mr. J. W. Bengough, Liberal though he is, a condemnation in the name of humanity. Mr. Bengough has pronounced the thing "legalized robbery."

The timber lands of the people instead of being sold at public auction, are passed out to politicians of the Burrows, and Fraser type, who sell them again for from \$100,000 to half a million.

The merchant who does business with the Ottawa government, and the contractor who carries out public works, pay tribute at the toll-gate.

Charles Patton had to agree to give \$3,000 for an order for fire extinguishers.

Gershon S. Mayes was compelled to sign a contract to pay 3 cents for every sq. yard of dredging done by him, or \$36,933 in all, to George McAvity, the president of the St. John Liberal association, and the confidential agent of the government.

Ottawa reeks with this sort of thing. This is why it is that our public expenditures have been lifted from \$44,000,000 to over \$112,000,000. This is why our taxes have jumped from \$27,000,000 to \$72,000,000 per annum.

The crookedness also explains the corruption and the ballot box frauds. It is out of the over-payments from the treasury that the campaign money comes.

Canada is faced with a gigantic conspiracy of graft and election wickedness. The thing is getting bolder. Another term and the robberies will be conducted on a scale that will be appalling.

### End the Graft.

The disclosures made by Premier Hazen at St. John, although entirely in line with what is understood to be the Laurier system, are shocking to all honest men. Here we have a case in which a dredging contractor has offered to do a certain piece of work for the country at a figure that is profitable to himself. He is ready to go on at that price. But he swears that the president of the Liberal association intervenes, and, in co-operation with the then minister of public works, has the figure raised. The contractor is compelled to agree to the increased charge to the government, and is required to hand over the added sum to the politician who has interested himself in the affair. Under the arrangement thus forced upon the contractor Mr. McAvity, the president of the Liberal association in New Brunswick, draws \$35,933 from the public treasury by way of Mr. Mayes, the contractor, although he has done nothing to earn the money. Along with this exploitation of the public chest comes the payment of \$2,000 which Mr. Mayes says he had to make to Mr. Pugsley.

This is an unpleasant story, but it is in harmony with the practice prevailing at Ottawa. There is reason to believe that transactions at the capital, large or small, pay tribute to some one. We see the system at work in cases such as that of Chas. Patton who supplied fire extinguishers to the government. That gentleman had to pay a toll of \$4 each upon the 680 he furnished, and he could not get the order until he formally agreed to this rake-off. We see the thing again in the land purchases of the government. The Ottawa ministers would not think of buying land for the use of the public direct from the owner. They go to a local politician of high degree, a president of the party association, or a member of the local government, or the proprietor of a newspaper that can be made useful in times of stress, and purchase through him. This man deals with the real owner, and then sells to the government at twice the sum allowed to the original proprietor. The system applies to the purchase of machinery, as in the Merwin case, and to the buying of supplies, as in the case of the Arctic. It was this rogery that produced the breach between the government and Mr. J. Lorne Macdougall, the former auditor-general. When Mr. Macdougall saw what was going on he began to stop payments, and asked parliament for powers to make his supervision of the expenditure more thorough. The auditor general thought he should have additional help, and that he should be authorized to determine whether or not the charges made by politicians are honest. The reply received by the auditor general was an insult from Finance Minister Fielding. That gentleman declined to give the new powers, and introduced a bill to parliament to reduce the authority of the auditor general so far as concerned. Previously the auditor general could refuse to pay any account which was dishonest. Mr. Fielding now proposed by an act of parliament to give a committee of the government, called a treasury board, the power to order the payment of any bills which the Auditor refused to pass. This was opposed by Mr. Borden and the finance minister had to abandon the attempted legislation. But the attack upon the auditor general was kept up, and Mr. Macdougall resigned in disgust. Leaving office the auditor general addressed a letter to the public, in which he said of the ministers: "They give too much of the sweat-stained money of the people to men who have not earned it." And the revelations against which the government so bitterly fought, prove that this allegation by the officer who ought to know is only too true.

What we are learning at this moment is not the entire story. It is merely a sample of the work that has brought about the augmentation of our public expenditures from \$44,000,000 to \$112,000,000. We are entitled to know the worst. We are entitled to demand complete and thorough reform. That everything may be laid bare and that the iniquity may be ended it is the duty of each one of us to strengthen Mr. Borden in his struggle for better conditions. This situation will certainly grow worse and worse unless we deal with it now. The men who have brought it about are asking for another five years that they may dodge enquiry and continue their depredations. Let us show them that there is such a thing as public honor in Canada. Let us bring the disgrace and its accompanying loss to an end at once, that our people may be relieved of the taxation which robbery imposes upon them; and that our country may enjoy a reputation among nations of which we need not be ashamed.—Mail and Empire.

### The Land for the Settler.

The Hon. Frank Oliver stated when he was in Regina speaking on the policy of the Laurier government that they had carried out their policy of land for the settler. W. M. Martin, in speaking in the city hall on Thursday evening, qualified the remarks of the Minister of the Interior, and allowed that the Saskatchewan Valley land deal was one exception.

We can go further than either of these gentlemen and show that the land instead of being given to the settler was preserved for the speculator. The homestead lands in the best districts were not given to the bona fide settlers, but they were blanketed for those speculators who had a pull.

Here is what the Winnipeg Free Press had to say on this subject on the 3rd of March, 1906:

The Free Press has reason to believe that this fraud is being practiced on a large scale. In some districts the homesteads are all tied up in this way. No doubt the official records in the land office show that each of these quarter sections has been duly entered for in the name of some individual and the conditions fixed by the act complied with. Superficially the record is probably correct, but behind the forms of law, a DARING, COLD BLOODED HOLD UP AND SWINDEE IS BEING PERPETRATED.

The same paper published a statement from Mr. Richard Waugh that:

"There are districts in which every homestead of any real value is blanketed with names; many of them fictitious, a practice which necessarily drives the bona fide settlers a long distance from railroads, or makes him turn away with disgust."

Here also is a report from the Dominion lands agent at Battleford. It was in July 1905:

"There is no doubt that a considerable proportion of the homestead entries made two or three years ago were made by speculators, and a number of those entries are still being held by persons who are yet to make an appearance. Neighbors are complaining bitterly of this, as an obstacle in the formation of the

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school districts and impeding settlement as a whole. The majority of land seekers do not care to go through the process of cancelling an entry with the necessary delay attending the same. In the interest of settlement I would suggest that steps be taken to throw open, as soon as possible, all lands so held, making same available for actual settlers."

Do these statements show that actual settlers were getting a square deal in regard to the lands at the hands of the Laurier administration? Oh, no, but the speculator was being protected.

### Editorial Notes

Have the Liberals in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's cabinet considered public office as a public trust?

"Counterfeit Bill," reminds us of those used in the east end of this city at the recent provincial election.

It is for the people of Canada to say whether the grafters shall continue to have access to the public treasury of Canada.

Several Liberal candidates have withdrawn from the contest, fearing to face the music. Among the latest is the Liberal party nominee in London, Ont.

The Liberal campaigners are busy in this constituency circulating lies about the Conservative candidate. They have stated in some districts that Mr. Wilkinson has retired from the contest. What will they do next?

It's time for a change. Stop the extravagance and graft which is ruining the country. Remember the deficit for the last month alone was nearly six millions of dollars. Electors should do their duty to the country and vote to put an end to the wholesale waste of the people's money.

W. M. Martin, the Liberal machine candidate in this constituency is a counterfeit for a certainty. Any man that claims to stand for honest administration and endorses the crooked grafting deals of the Laurier administration is certainly a counterfeit apostle of purity if ever there was one.

Prior to the election of 1906 the Conservative party pledged themselves to the building of the Hudson Bay Railroad. They pledge themselves now to the immediate construction of that road so that the products of western Canada farmers may be brought nearer to the markets of the world. Vote for Wilkinson and secure this road.

Will Premier Scott say that civil servants are not taking part in politics? With his knowledge they are and he is doing nothing to prevent them. Here is an item from the Carleton Place Herald to prove it. "Sheriff Stauffer, accompanied by A. D. McLeod, editor of the Moose Mountain

Journal, were in town on Monday, the sheriff having brought Premier Scott from Arrola to Carleton in his auto."

There must be something wrong with the men who are the heads of the Liberal party in Canada, when ministers of the gospel in great numbers are taking up their fight for clean public men in every province where such Liberals appear. Sir Frederick Borden, whose immorality is known all over the Dominion, will no doubt be snowed under. Ministers of all denominations are on the platform denouncing him and working to secure his defeat.

Joseph Martin, who has been termed "Fighting Joe" by Sir Wilfrid Laurier is telling the people of British Columbia a few things about the Liberal administration. Here is an extract from one of his speeches: "It was bad enough to sell postmaster-

ships, but it was infinitely worse when they laid their hands on the judiciary and trafficked in judgeships. Some time ago two lawyers in this city had been anxious for the position on the bench now occupied by Mr. Justice Clement, but neither of them got it, because they were told before they did get it they must put up \$5,000 towards the Liberal campaign funds. Both these men are now unfortunately supporting the Liberal candidate. "For my part," said Mr. Martin, "I would rather vote for the Tory candidate a hundred thousand times before I would allow a man to go down to Ottawa with my franchise to support a government that carries on that kind of traffic."

Press Comment (Ottawa Citizen.)

It will be remembered that just before the Ross government got the jiu jitsu from the electors of Ontario a great party convention was called in Toronto, regarding which it was estimated that 96 per cent. were grafters, machine men or some sort of beneficiaries of the government. The same thing is noticeable in the present campaign as regards the speakers who are making appeals on the platform for the Laurier government. It is not an exaggeration to say that there is not one in ten of them who is not an "easy money" man who has chafed in some way in the \$300,000,000 that the Laurier government has spent. Just look over the list of speakers at the local Liberal rallies and see if this is not true. No wonder they want Laurier returned to power. Each one of them could say with little Joe, "E was good to me 'e was."

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Bank of Ottawa Building Regina, Saskatchewan

The epistle is signed by R. D. Wilson, postoffice inspector. The department will inaugurate rural mail delivery at an early date and it is essential that accurate information should be obtained regarding all mail routes. I shall be glad if you will give this matter your best attention and would ask you to obtain the information mentioned on the attached form regarding those who make use of your postoffice. It will only be necessary to give the actual owner or lessee of the land, for the present—the names of members of families other than the actual heads, will not be necessary. The names of persons residing in towns and villages are not required.

If the post office department of the party who is responsible for mailing such out to the people in this section of the country imagine that we are fishy enough to swallow such stonny, not they are of their troglodytes. It might be reasonable enough to suppose that in a province like Ontario where the country has been settled for years that a rural mail delivery would be inaugurated and undoubtedly should be, but in a new country like this the idea is preposterous. Rural patrons of village and town post offices in this province are indeed lucky if they receive their mail by driving fifteen or twenty miles instead of having it delivered to their door steps. If the post office department is being influenced by the Liberal party in using such tactics they might win more votes by getting out here and building up some roads and bridges and giving us a better mail service.

(Yorkton Enterprise)

We solemnly warn our Liberal friends in the local constituency of Saltcoats that if they persist in their rebellious refusal to accept the candidature of our rejected cabinet minister Calder at the coming by-election we shall read them out of the party. What right have they to refuse to be transferred like mortgagee chattel when the premier of Saskatchewan issues his fiat? They appear to labor under the mistaken impression that Liberal Voters have any other course to pursue than to emulate the example of their Saskatchewan leader and "swallow" the dose prepared for them. Let them open their mouths and shut their eyes and Scott will give them something to make them wise—a minister of education. The exigencies of the party demand it. Calder can't be elected elsewhere than in a constituency with a large Ruthenian vote and it's preposterous for Saltcoats Liberals to refuse what Milestone would not have.

MacNutt didn't want to resign until he was probably told that if he didn't he wouldn't get the speaker'ship. He has done what was commanded. Let his erstwhile followers follow his example or take the consequences. There is no room in the Liberal party today for voters who refuse to obey the crack of the party whip. Bally horses are often lashed unmercifully. Let the bally Liberals of Saltcoats beware.

(Moose Jaw News.)

Defenders of the government, forced to admit the charges of maladministration of the public domain, now make the excuse that it was not to be expected but that some mistakes would be made in the great work of development which has been done since 1856. If all the maladministration had been the result of mistaken judgment, one might be disposed to overlook many things. But even then it would have established that the administrators had been very incapable. Men who allow speculators to acquire the most valuable tracts of the public domain at mere nominal prices, are surely incapable trustees. It is undeniable that the speculators have acquired much of it, and that the trustees must assume the responsibility. But who is so credulous as to think that all this has been the result of accident? How comes it then that almost without exception the beneficiaries are Liberals? The records show that when there was a good

thing to be had it went to a friend of the government. As Mr. Ames said, a Conservative could not get within "forty rows of apple trees" to it. When 250,000,000 feet of timber was to be had for \$500 the president of a Liberal association got it. When fishing rights over 10,000 sq. miles were to be had for \$10 a year a political favorite got them. When the government required parcels of land, its friends unexpectedly secured the options. If all this were the work of accident, then in justice to one-half of the community there should be a change of government; for it is not well that the members of one party should be favored by fortune.

Speaking candidly, to attribute the scandal and jobbery of the Laurier regime to accident, chance or the occasional slipping of a cog in the administrative machinery is the veriest humbug. Those who make the excuses would, in private business, be the first to discharge an incompetent servant. If administrative negligence and criminality is to be excused by party sentiment, then good bye to honest and efficient government.

(Mail and Empire.)

Two factors much relied upon by the people to protect them against waste or dishonesty in the conduct of their affairs are publicity and competition. Until the Laurier government came into office these were the ruling principles in the administration of the country's business. There was no secrecy, there was no favoritism. This was as it ought to be. Not a dollar of the public money, not an acre of the public lands, not a thousand feet of the public timber, not a lease, franchise, concession, right or privilege of any kind should be disposed of except after adequate advertisement to the highest bidder.

Under the Laurier government publicity and competition have been virtually suppressed. For many contracts involving the expenditure of large sums tenders were not called and the work was placed with some friend of the government. The excessive profits gained might be divided up with politicians, but whoever got the money the people had to stand the loss. When the grafters became more voracious the method of dealing became less bold. Tenders would be called for, but contractors soon learned that in addition to the ordinary elements in the cost of the work they must provide for a new one, that namely, of the "rake-off." After estimating the labor, material, management, wear and tear, interest and contingent charges, the contractor had to make a further allowance of 10 or 20 or whatever per cent. for the "good-will" of the politicians. What the politician might do with the money was of no concern to the contractor. The job was supposed to go to the lowest tenderer, but such tenderer would have fair warning to allow for the "rake-off." Of what use is the tender principle when the object of it is thus frustrated? If contractors cannot get work without agreeing to hand out a slice to some grafter, the people can be robbed under the forms of tender as well as in the absence of competition. Publicity is of no avail when the purposes of it are circumvented by secret understandings. Moreover, publicity has been reduced to a farce in the government's timber lands transactions. In most cases the advertisements of the sales were put where few people could see them, and the lands would be safely transferred to the Turffills, Burrows, Adamsons and the rest before the public had any suspicion of the sacrifice. The hundreds of thousands of dollars made in a single deal of this type were so much gain for the lucky grabbers, and so much loss for the people of Canada.

Mr. Borden estimates that our annual expenditures have been swollen \$10,000,000 on graft account alone. He is well within the mark. The annual rake-off exceeds that sum. He does not include of course the apportionment in the form of alienated lands, timber, minerals, etc., which amounts to a very large sum. The all important thing for the people to

take note of is that under this government the usual securities are rendered of no effect. Letting by tender, selling by public auction, recourse to advertising—these things are reduced to mere forms, so as to be no check whatever upon the government. The country is bled to pay for publicly, but for the many hundreds of thousands of dollars paid to the government's subsidized press the people get only rabid defence of graft and a flood of personal slander. There is but one remedy. The Laurier government must be ended.

### LIKE THORNES IN THE FLESH

Are the Sharp Twinges and Tortures of Rheumatism Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a Certain Cure.

The twinges and the tortures of rheumatism are not due to cold, damp weather as so many people imagine. Rheumatism comes from poisonous acid in the blood. The pain may be started by cold weather, or by keen winds. There is only one way to cure rheumatism. It must be treated through the blood. All the liniments and rubbings, and so-called electric treatment in the world will not cure rheumatism. The acid that causes the disease must be driven out of the blood and the blood enriched and purified. It is because Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new red blood that they have cured thousands of cases of rheumatism after all other treatment had failed. As a proof of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do even in the most severe cases of rheumatism, the case of Mr. David Carroll, a well known furniture dealer of Pictou, N.S., may be cited. Mr. Carroll says: "I have been a most severe sufferer from rheumatism, and in the hope that some other poor sufferer may find relief from my experience I gladly write you of the benefit I have received from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The trouble settled in my shoulders and down my sides and at times I was quite unable to raise my arms. I was attended by a doctor, but as I did not appear to be getting any better I sent for a so-called electric belt for which I paid \$40. It did not do me any good, and then I tried another remedy, but without any better results. A friend asked me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got three boxes, by the time I had used them all I found the stiffness and pain less severe, and I got another half dozen boxes. When I had taken these every symptom of the trouble had disappeared and in the two years that have since passed I have had no return of the trouble. I believe there is no other medicine equal to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for curing this most painful trouble, and I have recommended the pills to others who have been benefited by their use."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only cure rheumatism but all the other diseases due to poor watery blood, such as anaemia, indigestion, nervous disorders, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance paralysis, and the ailments of girlhood and womanhood, with their headaches, backaches, sideaches and attendant miseries. Only the genuine pill can do this and you should see that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" is on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$3.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

Mr. Fisher, the minister of agriculture, says that no charges have been made against any minister of the crown. What about Sir Frederick Borden's cold storage, and Mr. Borden's extravagance and inefficiency, and Mr. Fielding's use of public works to keep Queen's-Shelburne quiet, and Mr. Pugsley's over-drafts from the Provincial treasury of New Brunswick?

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### THERE IS ENVY



AMONG men who see their fellows clothed as we clothe men. The jealousy isn't confined to looks—we shame others as to prices. How are you going to know beyond this bold statement, fact as it is? Come in here the first day you're this way.

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THE TAILORS SOARH STREET

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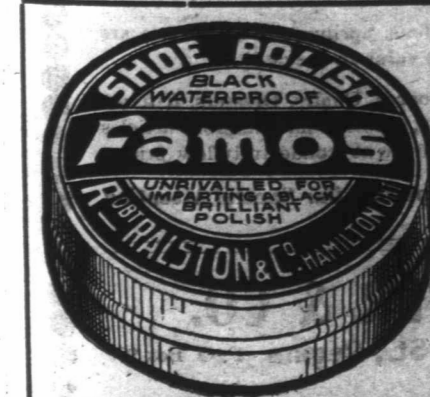
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.....	1.00
.....	1.00
.....	1.00
.....	1.00

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All kinds of blacksmithing done promptly and in a workmanlike manner.  
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If you intend putting up a house to cost \$800 or more, estimate on a "Sovereign" Boiler and Radiators.  
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**BRITISH COMMENT**

**London Papers have Something To Say on Canada's Political Situation—Signs Favor a Change of Government.**

Montreal, Que., Oct. 17.—A special cablegram to the Star says: "The London Times editorially strikes the first authoritative note in the press regarding Sir Wilfrid Laurier's chance of success at the coming elections. It declares the Canadian people are showing a disposition to reconsider allegiance to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberal government."

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier's personality," the writer asserts, "is no longer a dominating factor." The writer regards the Fraser incident at Ottawa as significant.

The campaign literature of the opposition alleging graft, seems certified by official reports.

Sir Wilfrid's services to Canada and the empire are cordially recognized. He is not personally interested, but if ministerialists can count on his great reputation to save them from defeat, their majority will be considerably reduced.

**AGREES WITH TIMES.**  
The Morning Post editorially agrees with The Times that Laurier will have a harder struggle than ever before to retain power. He himself is destined to an abiding place in fame and imperial history, but there is little doubt that during the latter years of his administration, the corrupt practices, aiming at private profit, have become deplorably common. The Canadian people are determined to grapple with the evil, which is the penalty they pay for their proximity to the United States.

The Morning Post commends the non-political civil service commission. It says the best opinion is that Liberals cannot hope for more than a relatively insignificant majority, and any considerable loss in Quebec will mean Borden's victory.

**SIGNS OF A CHANGE**  
The Saturday Review referring to the coming elections in Canada says the opposition Premier Laurier has to face is strenuous and determined, and that the signs seem to favor a change of government. Premier Laurier is not above reproach as an Imperialist, but he has at least to his credit the preference Great Britain now enjoys, but the preference would be quite safe with the Conservatives, though they might perhaps endeavor to make the arrangement a little more business-like. They might suggest to Great Britain that the matter will come when Canada might ask some sort of return and such suggestion would not be without its effect on the tariff reform movement.

**THE PRESIDENT OF SWITZERLAND.**

In striking contrast to the fury and turmoil attending the election of a president of the United States is the matter-of-fact procedure that gives Switzerland a new president every year. Of course, no such great issues are bound up with the political contests in Switzerland as are almost invariably associated with the struggle of contending parties in Great Britain, the United States or Canada. But the advantage after all is with the Swiss republic. It does not need great issues, for it has all it wants in administration and foreign relations. No power threatens it from without; its trade policy is unsettled, and it offers little scope for grafters. If questions of foreign relations, trade policy and honest government could be eliminated from the politics of the English speaking democracies, contests over premiers and presidents would be as unexciting as a ballot for the second honorary vice-president of the Mechanics' Institute.

**A POWERLESS PRESIDENT**  
The chief difference between Switzerland and the United States in the matter of presidents is that the presidents of Switzerland has little or no authority. In Switzerland it matters little whether the president is a bold, unscrupulous adventurer, or a shy, amiable Sunday school teacher. No matter how good or how bad he is, he has only twelve months in which to operate, and in no circumstances can he be re-elected until a year has elapsed. If he were a despotic ruler who wished to extend the authority of his office he would find himself instantly in collision with the Swiss constitution, which so clearly defines the rights of the people that only by trampling it under foot could he add an inch to his political stature. When Switzerland adopted its constitution, the memory of her statesmen went back to the time when Louis Napoleon elected a president of the French republic, made himself ruler of the French empire. Therefore they guarded themselves accordingly.

**HEDGED IN AND CUT OFF**  
Nor could a would-be dictator call upon the army to aid him, for he has no authority over the army. He could not even summon the police

force, nor has he any voice in the conduct of foreign affairs or matters at issue between Swiss municipalities. All this business is in the hands of a national council, which is elected every three years by popular vote. But the authors of the Swiss constitution took account of the possibility of a designing president exerting such influence over the council that it would connive with him to pass some vicious piece of legislation. The law provides, therefore, that if 30,000 voters demand it, any enactment of the National Council, before becoming law, must be passed back to the people for their approval. A majority vote against any law will destroy it. Moreover, on the demand of 50,000 voters the council is obliged to order a plebiscite on any question.

**SMALL SALARY**  
The president of Switzerland receives a salary of \$2,500 a year, and there are no perquisites or extra emoluments allowed him. He lives in his own house, and as the Swiss people do not believe in pomp he is not encouraged to do much "receiving" of foreign notables. It is not strange therefore that for an office which gives little scope to an ambitious man, and little reward to a grasping one, there should be so little strenuous competition. In the absence of more tangible rewards, the honor of the position looms larger, and no doubt the president of Switzerland feels just as proud as the president of France. On this account, therefore, active competition might be expected, but although there is no law on the subject—a remarkable oversight, no doubt—it is customary for the vice president one year to become president the next. The present chief magistrate, M. Brenner, was vice president, and out of 192 votes cast he received 158.

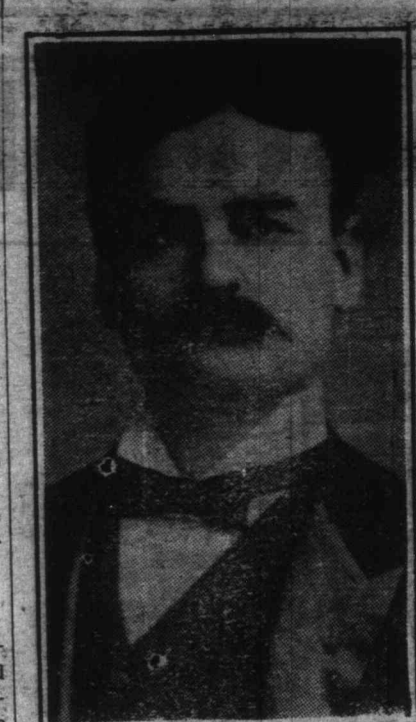
**A GREAT DEMOCRACY**  
The president and vice president are not elected by popular vote any more than are the president of the United States, or the prime minister of England. They are chosen by the federal assembly. The federal assembly is formed by the union of the National Council and the state Council. The latter is composed of 44 members, elected by separate cantons, or states, and as each canton elects two representatives, regardless of its population, the state council's chief business is to decide questions arising out of the relation between cantons. The national council numbers 167, and is chosen by popular vote in the different cantons, one representative being allowed for every 20,000 souls. It has charge of foreign affairs, the army, police, postoffice, etc. The council has more authority than any other elective body in Switzerland, but its functions too, are limited by the constitution. There may be other countries in the world that are as democratic in their forms of government as Switzerland, but there is none where the workings of the people's will is so plainly to be seen, or where that will can so swiftly impose itself upon the government of the day.

**Aylesworth's Position**  
In June 1899, it was established by the sworn confession of the government candidate in West Elgin that in the election of January 12, Conservative holdings "were in some farious and corrupt manner manipulated," by persons sent from outside on behalf of the Liberal party. Some of these committed perjury and forgery by acting under assumed names in the place of local men as deputy returning officers. Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, now minister of justice, signed his name as a witness to this confession. W. T. R. Preston, organizer of this government campaign, was so proud of the performance that on election night, after the fraudulent vote was counted, he sent the following telegram to the candidate who had been counted in:

"Heartiest congratulations. Sorry from the bottom of my heart I cannot be with you tonight. To be supported by such a noble army of workers should make you the proudest man in Ontario. Shake hands with the boys for me and bid the members of the much abused threshing machine for Auld Lang Syne."

**A Sensible Merchant**  
Bear Island, Aug. 26, 1908.  
MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., Ltd.  
Dear Sirs,—Your traveller is here today and we are getting a large quantity of your MINARD'S LINIMENT. We find it the best liniment in the market making no exceptions. We have been in business 13 years, and have handled all kinds, but have dropped them all but yours; that sells itself; the others have to be pushed to get rid of.

**M. A. HAGERMAN.**  
Little Margie on her first visit to the farm was told to wander about the barn in search for eggs. Some time later the child returned almost in tears.  
"Couldn't you find any eggs dear?" asked her mother.  
"No," replied Margie wearily. "I think it's mean too, 'cause lots of hens were standing around doing nothing."—Lippincott's.



**R. L. RICHARDSON**  
Who is putting up a strong fight against that infamous land and timber manipulator, J. G. Turriff. If there is any conscience in the people he should win easily.

**POLITICAL NOTES**

The new Transcontinental railway is costing the country \$200,000,000, and when it is finished the nation will not control it.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier says that a straight Brit is the man nearest his heart. All others lose the patronage, and are cast into outer darkness.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: "The principles of reform in 1841 are the principles of reform today." They may be. But they are not the principles of the Ottawa government.

Mr. Brodeur says the opposition confines itself to the discussion of petty details. Is it a petty detail that ten million of the one hundred millions expended by the government last year was wasted in extravagance and waste?

It is said the Liberals are very much worried in Nova Scotia over the way the fishermen's vote is going. The fishermen have many grievances against the present administration and they are preparing to even up scores on Oct. 26.

Mr. Fielding says that the personality of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is one of the assets of the country. In that case some western politicians may attempt to buy it for thirty cents and sell it for a million dollars. Our assets must be developed.

The Ottawa Journal commenting on Mr. Brodeur's statement that if ten seats in Quebec go to the opposition the government will be defeated, declares that Mr. Brodeur has a general weakness for blurring out things, and that as a blurter he is a shining success.

Mr. Fielding believes we should not dwell on theories. Quite right. There is no theory that the government should get its full value for its expenditure of public money. We shall not dwell on that theory, but consider rather, the practice of wasting ten millions a year.

Hon. W. S. Fielding has been suddenly recalled to his home constituency where the outlook is far from bright with him. Hon. A. B. Morfin the Conservative candidate, is one of the most brilliant and eloquent orators in the Maritime provinces, and is making great inroads on Fielding's enormous majority.

A protest has been filed against the return of R. M. Mitchell as member of the legislative assembly for Weyburn constituency. The usual charges are made and in addition numerous irregularities are charged in the division into polling divisions, and fixing the polling booths and the holding of the election in several divisions.

One of the best evidences of the fear the Liberals have of a Conservative landslide in Quebec is the way the premier is sticking to the province. He will not go outside of the province except to Ottawa until election day, and is booked to speak in many constituencies previously looked on as absolutely safe for the Liberals.

Geiswold, Man., Oct. 18.—Evidently Clifford Sifton is well scared. The latest that comes to notice is that the inspector of post offices is now in Brandon constituency arranging for rural delivery on the Geiswold and Roden mail route. The bait is the American made box for \$3 and delivery. It is easily seen that desperate efforts are being made to win Brandon, but the people understand it as an election dodge, and just smile.

At Jackson's Point Sir Wilfrid Laurier said: "I will not do anything for profit or personal gain." No one accuses the premier of the dishonest acquisition of wealth. Had he grown rich by speculation in office, he would be the first prime minister of

Canada to have done so. The charge against Sir Wilfrid is that under his government the people's money has been wasted for the enrichment of a host of grafters and partisan hangers on. For that diversion of the treasury funds to his government must be held accountable. Such abuses of the public trust could never have gone on under Sir Alexander Mackenzie.

Last Sunday there was distributed at the doors of the Sacred Heart Church Liberal campaign literature. It was a thirty two page eulogy of Laurier in French and was entitled "The Last Appeal of Sir Wilfrid Laurier."

The distribution of the literature gave offence to the large number of the congregation irrespective of party leanings. It was felt it was an unjustifiable violation of the sanctity of the Sabbath. While there might be some excuse for such a proceeding in a country place where it is difficult to get people together, it was felt there was no justification in a city like Winnipeg.

The action of the Liberals has come in for a great deal of criticism and many friends of the Liberals have expressed themselves in no uncertain tones on the affair, and the action of the government supporters has been condemned in the most vigorous language—Winnipeg Telegram.

**HOW TO FATTEN CHICKENS.**

One of Mr. Fisher's supporters in the House has stated that "a settler is a man who works the farm and an agriculturalist is a man who works the farmer." Mr. Fisher is an agriculturalist. In that capacity the minister got about to show farmers how to make money by fattening chickens. The auditor's report for 1907 (D. 45) shows how he did it: There are seven stations where the business is carried on and the following is the return—

Andover, N.B.	\$256	\$103.25
Station Expenses	Proceeds	\$103.25
Andover	\$256.83	\$103.25
Bonville, Que.	718.40	\$60.77
Bowmanville, Ont.	386.83	\$2.42
Chicoutimi, Que.	319.66	178.36
Holmesville, Ont.	236.64	90.13
Vernon River P.E.I.	440.91	146.07
La Trappe, Que.	240.31	286.24
Total	\$2,508.58	\$1,237.24
Loss	\$1,261.34	

Only a political agriculturalist with the power of taxation behind him can afford to fatten chickens at this rate.

**MINISTERS OPPOSE SIR FRED.**

Halifax, Oct. 15.—Following is the programme of public meetings and list of speakers in King's county, Nova Scotia, in opposition to Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia and defence, Oct. 16—Blomston, Revs. F. S. McGregor, J. D. Spidell.  
Friday, Oct. 16—Gaspereaux, Revs. Geo. McMillan, M. C. Higgins.  
Monday, Oct. 19—Scott's Bay Road, Revs. Spidell and Dr. J. W. Brown.  
Monday, Oct. 19—Millville, Revs. Geo. McMillan, P. S. McGregor.  
Tuesday, Oct. 20—Berwick, Revs. F. H. Beals, Wm. Ryan.  
Tuesday, Oct. 20—Scott's Bay, Revs. J. D. Spidell, Dr. J. W. Brown.  
Wednesday, Oct. 21—Arlington, Revs. Dr. W. Brown, J. D. Spidell.  
Wednesday, Oct. 21—Morden, Revs. M. P. Freeman, D. W. Grandall.  
Thursday, Oct. 22—Ross Corner, Revs. M. W. Brown, M. C. Higgins, C. L. Wolfe.  
Thursday, Oct. 22—Victoria, Revs. Geo. McMillan, F. H. Beals.  
Friday, Oct. 23—Garland, Revs. P. S. McGregor, Wm. Ryan.

The above is a partial list of Alliance meetings. A second may be held in many places as the exigencies of the occasion demand. There will be additional speakers, among whom are Rev. Wm. Brown, Dr. J. B. Hall, Rev. Archibald McKinnon, E. A. Dunlop and Geo. C. Keirstead, whose dates have not yet been fixed. The Alliance candidate, Mr. N. W. Eaton will attend as many meetings as possible.

**Indispensible to Mothers**

"I am satisfied that Baby's Own Tablets are indispensable to mothers," says Mrs. Abraham Boucher, Pierreville Mills, Que., and she adds: "Before using the Tablets my baby was cross, peevish and not thriving well, but the Tablets have worked a great change and my little one is well and happy." This is the verdict of all mothers who have used these Tablets. And better still mothers have the guarantee of a government analyst that Baby's Own Tablets are absolutely safe; that they contain no particle of opiate or poisonous soothing stuff. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont.

An old couple in Glasgow were in a very depressed state owing to dull trade. Thinking their son in America would help them, they wrote stating their troubles, and that if he did not help them they would have to go to the poor-house.

Three weeks passed and then came a letter from their son saying: "Dear Mother and Father—Just wait another fortnight. I'll come home as 'gang' wi' ye. Your affectionate son."—San Francisco Bulletin.

Thinking their son in America would help them, they wrote stating their troubles, and that if he did not help them they would have to go to the poor-house.

**SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION**

**Second Provincial Sunday School Convention Meets in Regina on Nov. 10-12—Addressed by C. W. Pearce.**

The second provincial Sunday School convention is to be held in Regina, Nov. 10-12th.

The principal speaker will be Mr. C. W. Pearce, international superintendent of the adult department. Mr. Pearce is a very interesting and practical speaker. He is the leader of the adult department, the great movement of the twentieth century in Sunday school work. It is practically through his efforts that this department has become so prominent during the past few years. Thousands of men through the work of the department have been gathered into the Sunday schools in all parts of the North American continent. At the recent international convention held at Louisville, Ky. under Mr. Pearce's leadership 1200 business men belonging to the adult classes, marched through the streets of the city, and demonstrated to the public that the Sunday school is no longer to be regarded as simply for children, but that it is for men also, and men of the highest calibre. The Sunday school workers of the province should make a special effort to hear Mr. Pearce.

This promises to be the greatest religious gathering ever held in the province. The general theme is "The Twentieth Century Sunday School Organized for Effectual Work." The different phases of the organization and work of the up-to-date Sunday School will be discussed. The Sunday school should be the right arm of the church in all lines of Christian effort; hence this convention will endeavor to show what the twentieth century Sunday school should do in training workers in Soul Winning, in Character Building, in Moral Reform, in Reaching Homes, in reaching the neglected masses and many other live questions.

Each school can send the pastor and superintendent, and one additional delegate for each fifty of the enrollment or fraction thereof. The provincial board hopes that all the schools will send full delegates.

**Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.**

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

**FALL FOOTWEAR**

Boots and Shoes—Suitable for everybody, in all sizes and styles. We can guarantee your satisfaction, as we have an immense stock to choose from.  
REPAIRING—We do Repairing of All Kinds.  
**ENGEL BROS.**  
The Quality Shoe Store  
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Chopping and Gristing Done Promptly  
OUR FLOUR IS GUARANTEED  
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GO TO THE CORNWALL ST. FURNITURE STORE  
A Few of Our Snaps  
5-piece Staff-over Parlor Suite for \$35.00  
5-piece Polished Mahogany Suite for \$38.00  
Arm Chair and Rocker at \$5.00, \$10.00  
Couches, from \$8.00 to \$40.00  
We Have Exceptionally Good Value in Upholstered Goods  
Our Beds, Springs and Mattresses are the best value in the city.  
Sideboards, Chairs, Dressers, Kitchen Cabinets, Tables and numerous articles of Furniture at wonderfully low prices.  
We Give Re-upholstering and Repairing Our Special Attention.  
**L. E. WEAVER & CO.**  
Phone 83, 1719 Cornwall St., Regina, P. O. Box 800

**STRAYED.**  
On to my premises, S.E. 1/4, 32-18-18, W. 2nd, one young mare; bay with star on forehead; no brand. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and remove same.  
E. C. SHAW,  
McLean, Sask.

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Regina Office, 5th St., W. Washington, B.C.

**SOME TIMBER FOR GR**

H. B. Ames, M.  
Were Diverted Speculators' About It?

**CEDAR LAKE**

Just north of Lake Regina there lies a lake called on the shores and islands there is much valuable timber. In 1903, A. W. Ottawa lawyer, not long since, applied to have put a timber berth, to include miles on this lake. His application was granted. The timber was to be cut on the 12th of October, and was to be received at Ottawa on the 2nd of November. One advertisement appeared in the Manitoba and in the Dauphin Press. Cedar Lake lies 100 miles from the town of Regina. In order to reach the timber, the train must take the line from which point occurs tugs can be taken for the northern end of the lake. Steamer service comes to latter part of October commences, early in November. The advertisement did not appear in the western papers before October, it will be quite impossible at the year to visit the timber, put in a bid deposit and have the saw by the 2nd of December. It was impossible to conclude that ties at Ottawa intended so. As was no doubt expected, but one bid, that was made, and that was by Mr. Fraser, and he offered the patrium sum secured the limit. Short acquisition the area of 100 acres to 90 sq. miles. A distinction bonus, so that secured his limit at the per sq. mile or at a lot one cent an acre. No was acquired for speculation by Mr. Fraser, was placed in the hands of certain agents. Their prospectus property to a prospective read in the House of Commons. He had the original document J. Halpern & Son, real 387 Main street, Winnipeg read as follows:

"Cedar Lake, which is Saskatchewan waters of something over 100 sq. miles is estimated at 250,000,000 ft. of timber on this berth. The advantage in connection former berth. As you see the accompanying plan, short portage to land the Cedar Lake to Lake Winnipeg distance of from two to three miles. The water lakes are of the same level country lying in between lakes is of a low flat timber is immediately the shores of the lake square miles, together lands or portions of the have been selected. The been made, but up to the am not in possession of the timber is of good fairly clean, more so than in the Erwood and districts, but not quite so price for this BLOCK I.

Can anyone defend the for permitting so valuation to pass into a speculation under such circumstances.

**MOOSE LAKE**  
Just north of Cedar still larger sheet of water Moose Lake. This also the Saskatchewan river, as large as Lake Nipiss is some very fine timber thereby. Mr. Fraser applied at the time he applied Lake. There was the deficiency of advertising and of competition. Mr. Fraser, expecting to have it way, put in a nominal bid. But there was a surprise him, for Lake in the morning on which the bid opened, a tender reached from James Curd with the McDonalds, who 420 for the limit. Then der appeared in the Nolan, containing a and this last offer captured the limit.  
T. L. No. 103.  
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## SOME TIMBER DEALS FOR GRAFTERS' BENEFIT

H. B. Ames, M.P., Explains How Timber Limits Were Diverted From the People and Placed in Speculators' Hands--What Are You Going to Do About It?

### CEDAR LAKE LIMIT

Just north of Lake Winnipegosis there lies a lake called Cedar Lake, on the shores and islands of which there is much valuable timber. In September, 1903, A. W. Fraser, an Ottawa lawyer, not long since president of the Ottawa Liberal association, applied to have put up for sale a timber berth to include 80 square miles on this lake. His request was at once granted. The notices were issued on the 12th of October calling for bids to be received and opened at Ottawa on the 2nd of December. One advertisement, and one only appeared in the Manitoba Free Press, and in the Dauphin Press. Now Cedar Lake lies 100 miles north of a railroad. In order to reach it, one must take the train to Winnipegosis, from which point occasional fishing tugs can be taken for points at the northern end of the lake. But the steamer service comes to an end the latter part of October and the ice commences, early in November, to form upon Lake Winnipegosis. Since the advertisement did not appear in the western papers before the 20th of October, it will be seen that it was quite impossible at that time of the year to visit the limit, examine the timber, put in a bid with a cash deposit and have the same reach Ottawa by the 2nd of December. Competition was impossible. It is reasonable to conclude that the authorities at Ottawa intended to make it so. As was no doubt expected there was but one bid, that of the applicant, Mr. Fraser, and this gentleman offered the paltry sum of \$500 and secured the limit. Shortly after its acquisition the area of the berth was increased to 90 sq. miles without additional bonus, so that Mr. Fraser secured his limit at the rate of \$5.56 per sq. mile or at a little less than one cent an acre. Now that limit was acquired for speculative purposes by Mr. Fraser, was placed for sale in the hands of certain Winnipeg agents. Their prospectus offering the property to a prospective buyer was read in the House of Commons. I have the original document issued by J. Hafner & Son, real estate agents 387 Main street, Winnipeg, which read as follows:

"Cedar lake, which is situated on Saskatchewan waters is comprised of something over 100 sq. miles and is estimated at 250,000,000 feet. The timber on this berth would work to advantage in connection with the former berth. As you will notice by the accompanying plan there is one short portage to land the logs from Cedar Lake to Lake Winnipegosis, a distance of from two and a half to three miles. The waters in both lakes are of the same level and the country lying in between the two lakes is of a low flat nature. The timber is immediately surrounding the shores of the lake stated, for 60 square miles, together with the islands or portions of the islands that have been selected. The survey has been made, but up to the present I am not in possession of the plans. The timber is of good quality and fairly clean, more so than the timber in the Erwood and Red Deer districts, but not quite so large. The price for this BLOCK IS \$600,000.

Can anyone defend the government for permitting so valuable a concession to pass into a speculator's hand under such circumstances.

### MOOSE LAKE LIMIT

Just north of Cedar lake lies a still larger sheet of water known as Moose Lake. This also drains into the Saskatchewan river. This lake is as large as Lake Nipissing and there is some very fine timber located thereby. Mr. Fraser applied for this limit at the time he asked for Cedar Lake. There was the same insufficiency of advertising and opportunity of competition. Mr. Fraser apparently expecting to have it all his own way, put in a nominal bid of \$1,000. But there was a surprise in store for him, for late in the morning of the day on which the bids were to be opened, a tender reached the department from James Currie, associated with the McDonalds, who offered \$6,420 for the limit. Then a third tender appeared in the name of W. H. Nolan, containing a \$7,000 cheque and this last offer captured the limit. T. L. No. 1031.

The first appearance of the Imperial Pulp Company on the records of the department is in reference to timber limit No. 1031. In the summer of 1902 a local Edmonton syndicate sent an exploration party to examine the timber along the upper waters of the North Saskatchewan river. In conformity with their report, application was made to the department to put up 118 square miles in eleven blocks. The applicants asked that there be no unnecessary delay as they wished to construct a saw mill and begin operations at once. The government, however, did not act with alacrity. A delay of two months and more ensued, during which John Cameron, homestead inspector at Edmonton,

was despatched to the upper waters to examine timber and make report—a commendable proceeding and one that should have been followed in all cases. But—and mark this—it had the additional advantage in this instance of placing the "inner circle" at Ottawa in possession of full information as to the value of these limits. Finally on the 9th of November, the notices were issued putting up the entire area for competition as a single proposition.

### HURRY-UP SALE

Forty-two days were allowed from the issue of the notice to the date of opening bids. One advertisement appeared in the Edmonton Bulletin about December 1. This gave about four weeks to outsiders to acquire information on which to make competitive offers. That this length of time was wholly insufficient is shown by a letter on file from W. S. Dwinell, who represents Minneapolis capitalists, and who had also a large interest in the Edmonton Lumber Co. Mr. Dwinell in his letter says: "I have been endeavoring to secure information which would enable me to act intelligently, but have not had sufficient time to do so. I would ask you to have this sale postponed for thirty or sixty days, preferably the latter, to the end that I may complete an examination and make a substantial bid for the property. I am satisfied that the interests of the Dominion government would be subserved thereby, and that a much larger bid would be received than if the sale took place at this time. This tract comprising as it does, 118 sq. miles, is so extensive, that the time given under the notice is altogether insufficient to permit any one to make proper examination thereof." It is the same story disclosed in connection with other transactions, "insufficient time," "tract too large." A further letter from Messrs. Crafts & Lee, of Edmonton, asks: "Must the tenders be on each block separately, or in the whole?" intimating that if so large an area be put up at once there were few possessed of sufficient capital to bid upon it. It meant shutting out the small Edmonton manufacturer and granting every advantage to the wealthy Ottawa speculator.

### INSIDE CIRCLE KNEW

But the department did not postpone the sale as asked by Mr. Dwinell. Presumably enough information was by this time in the possession of those in whose behalf information was desired. The bids were opened on December 31, 1902. They were as follows, omitting several smaller offerings:

- (a) T. A. Burrows, \$6,057.
- (b) James Ross, on behalf of Edmonton syndicate, \$17,010.
- (c) H. & K. McDonald & Frith, \$31,161.
- (d) The Imperial Pulp Co. \$31,575.

The tender of the Imperial Pulp Co., was a model of brevity. It read:

Toronto, Dec. 29, 1902.  
To the Secretary, Department of the Interior, Ottawa:  
Sir,—Enclosed please find tender for timber berth No. 1031.  
Yours truly,  
(Signed) Imperial Pulp Co.

The regular form of the department was not used. No amount as bonus was specified. Marginal notes on the original showed that there were two cheques, the first for \$17,575, and the second for \$14,000. It was brought out as evidence that these two cheques were manager's cheques on the Ottawa office of the Bank of Ottawa, handed to T. A. Burrows in exchange for deposit. The letter purports to have come from Toronto, the cheques from Ottawa. Mr. Burrows seems to have been the instrument of their union. Now it will be noticed that the larger of these two cheques, \$17,575, slightly exceeds the bid of James Ross and the Edmonton syndicate. Just before twelve o'clock the tender of the McDonalds arrived for \$31,161. The addition of the second cheque for \$14,000 to the previous cheque of the Imperial Pulp Company for \$17,575, would give a total of \$31,575, sufficient by a small margin to exceed the McDonald bid. Is it any wonder the question is asked, "was this coincidence or design?"

### BURROWS WAS AHEAD

Edmonton advices show that the local syndicate was represented in Ottawa on the day the tenders were opened by Frederick E. Moroney, who brought down the \$17,010 Ross cheque. This party told, on his return of his experience and impressions. You will find his story, as repeated by Dr. H. L. McInnis, in the Edmonton Weekly Journal of February 28, 1908. After stating that the Edmonton syndicate sent a man to Ottawa with a marked cheque the citation reads, "When the man got there a tender had been submitted by Burrows for \$6,810. The man was at the office a few minutes before the tenders were opened. The tender was

# Electors of Regina Constituency

**DO YOU WANT**  
Clean, Honest and Capable Administration?

**IF YOU DO**  
Go to the Polls on Monday Next and

**Mark Your Ballot for Thos. Wilkinson**

taken inside and in the meantime a conference took place and a blank cheque signed by Burrows was filled out. This made Burrows total amount to \$31,110, and so he got the berth." The figures may not be quite accurate, but it is plain that, rightly or wrongly, the Edmonton representative believed that his tender was topped. Certainly the circumstantial evidence in regard to this transaction does not tend to remove that impression.

It is estimated that limit No. 1031 of which we are speaking, will produce 75,000,000 feet of sawn lumber. All the timber lies close to the river and at a reasonable valuation this limit is worth today \$250,000.

T. B. NO. 1122  
On Nov. 27, 1903, Burrows' timber cruiser, Archie McLean, made application to have seven widely separated tracts of selected timber, located on the McLeod and Pembina rivers, tributaries to the Athabasca, and aggregating in all 110 sq. miles, put up for public competition. The department acted with great dispatch. Advertisements were issued on the 15th of December 1903, and bids were called for to be opened on the 27th of January 1904. Between the issue of the advertisements and the opening of the bids the gross time was 43 days, but for anyone in Edmonton desirous of visiting the limits the time available was but one month. Now merely to make the four of these seven widely separated tracts, passing from one to another and returning to Edmonton, would

require a journey of 450 miles. This in itself would take a couple of months, allowing no time for examination. No condemnation can be too severe on the department for thus putting up so large an area in such scattered tracts in a single competition. It is practically shut out the local Edmonton dealers from anything like a fair deal. The bids were opened on the 27th of January, 1904.

They were as follows:  
(a) McDonald & Frith, Ottawa, \$1,320.  
(b) J. H. Lamont, Prince Albert, \$4,000.

(c) Kenneth A. McLeod, P.O. Box 175, Edmonton, \$10,925.  
(d) A. W. Fraser (Imperial Pulp Co.) \$11,000.

**HANDY SECOND CHECK**  
The offer of the Imperial Pulp Co. was in the form of a letter written by Lawyer Fraser of Ottawa. Marginal notes on the original indicate that two cheques were given—one for \$5,000 and one for \$6,000. Mr. Fraser under examination has stated that he wrote the letter and handed it in an unsealed letter to Mr. Burrows. Mr. Finnie, local manager of the Bank of Ottawa, has testified that he gave Mr. Burrows two manager's cheques for these amounts on the morning of January 27, in exchange for deposits. The cheque for \$5,000 was accepted first. It will be readily noted that the \$5,000 cheque would have been sufficient to have captured the limit over the Lamont bid, but that it required the combined cheques to exceed the McLeod offer. This limit was transferred the following day to the Imperial Pulp Co. by whom it is held today. Again may I ask was this coincidence or design?

It has been the cause of many protests and numberless petitions from several hundred of whom were for some years shut out from obtaining building material for local needs by the granting of track No. 1 of this berth, but what cares this government for the settler in comparison with its solicitude for the interest of those connected with the Imperial Pulp Co.!

### WHO MAY VOTE

Any Male, British subject who has been a resident of Saskatchewan for one year and of this Constituency for three months prior to the issue of the writ of election, may vote at this election in this constituency, whether his name is on the list or not. Do not be bluffed. If you are qualified, go to the poll and demand a ballot.

## SENATOR BOB WATSON TRIES DIRTY GAME

He Writes to Senator James H. Ross Telling How He is Helping the Party in Mackenzie District--Watson is Supposed to be One of the Western Liberal Leaders.

The most cold-blooded attempt to steal votes yet exposed in this campaign, places Senator Watson and other Liberal leaders in bad position. Robert Watson has been exposed as the leading character in a conspiracy to rob the electoral district of Mackenzie of an independent candidate.

This has proved one of the most cold-blooded and bare-faced cases of crookedness that has been exposed during the campaign.

It shows the class of men and their small honor, who are today asking for Liberal support.

Senator Robert Watson.  
Senator James Ross.  
John Crawford.

These are the central figures in the plot.

The scheme was to deprive Robert Buchanan, independent candidate in the Mackenzie division of the support, thought by Liberal workers to be surely his.

Dr. Cash, who is the Liberal government candidate, was to receive the votes stolen from Buchanan.

Read the following:  
It will tell you of the rottenest piece of political crookedness yet exposed, in connection with the Liberal campaign.

At the outset it may be stated that there is no Conservative candidate in Mackenzie. Dr. Cash who has represented the constituency for some years, is again the government candidate. When Robt. Buchanan, backed as it appeared by a large number of Liberals who were dissatisfied with Dr. Cash and the record of the Laurier government, was nominated to oppose him, the Conservatives decided not to place a candidate in the field. It is therefore, rather was, up to the time Senator Bob Watson and John Crawford appeared on the scene, a fight between Dr. Cash, Liberal and Mr. Buchanan, Independent.

### ENTER BOB WATSON

And now appears the fine hand of the eminent Liberal diplomat of Portage la Prairie. It has evidently come to Senator Bob Watson's ears that Dr. Cash was in danger and that it would be smart politics to secure in some manner a signed statement from Mr. Buchanan which would enable the latter to support the Laurier government should the result of the election be so close as to make his vote a matter of importance to the party. Conditions favored the promotion of the intrigue. John Crawford, Liberal candidate in Portage la Prairie is a brother-in-law of Mr. Buchanan, and Senator Watson conceived the bright idea of having Mr. Crawford write Mr. Buchanan a nice, brotherly letter pointing out that he was desirous of making the latter's political path pleasant and showing him a means of making himself persona grata with the government in the event of Sir Wilfrid Laurier being returned.

The following letter gives the details of the plot.

It shows the trick to be a typical Watson one, so poorly played and so clumsy that it could not get through without the public being made aware of it:

Portage la Prairie, Oct. 1, 1908.  
Hon. James Ross,  
Regina, Sask.

Dear Ross,—I wish to submit to you what I have done in the Mackenzie district. I came into Winnipeg Tuesday evening and was fortunate in meeting Crawford, M.P. Then of course you are aware he is brother-in-law to Buchanan, and after fully discussing the situation we decided on the plan of having Buchanan address a letter to Crawford defining his position. I enclose you a copy of the letter Crawford sent Buchanan also the letter we expect him to sign and return. MacMillan has gone with letter. You will be able to see Buchanan without creating suspicion with the Tories. Dr. Cash will also be in the dark so far as party is concerned. MacMillan will advise Buchanan to be careful and not make mistakes in his campaign so that he will be free to support government

should be elected. You will observe as per letter Buchanan's reasons for running (that is if we have properly diagnosed his case) are not very numerous. So far as government policy of disposal of timber is concerned the old policy which is now being criticised has already been changed so far as large expenditures are concerned. There are a great many Liberals who had seats in the last parliament and we trust will have again who are of the same opinion as Buchanan. If Buchanan will sign letter I should judge it will carry out our wishes. Of course it might be well to send Cash some assistance as he is the straight government candidate and it would be better for the party for that reason if he were elected. At the same time it would be a good line to have the letter from the other fellow. I will keep you posted and wire you just as soon as MacMillan reports. Everything looks well here. I am also of the opinion that Thompson will defeat Staples in Macdonald. He is putting up a good fight and looking well to organization. I am pleased to see Hautain did not accept Regina nomination. Of course you will be aware by this time that Turriff and Richardson will have a fight by themselves.

I remain,  
Yours respectfully,  
(Signed) ROBERT WATSON.

Drop me a line giving me your opinion as to Mackenzie.

### THE TIME HAS COME

To Turn Out the Political Party Which Hands Over Our Land Timber and Mineral Resources to the Speculator.

To every nation comes its great opportunity. To the United States it came forty years ago when the rush to the west was in full swing. To us Canadians the awakening has come with the beginning of this new century. We had the experience of those south of the line, with their mistakes clearly before us, to guide those into whose hands the destiny of the west had been entrusted. Up to 1900 the lands, forest, coal areas and fisheries of the Canadian west were still in the hands of the nation. The speculator came, saw and conquered. Today the speculator holds large areas of our agricultural land waiting his price:— He holds 50 per cent. of all the timbered regions under lease in the three provinces, which he will not cut over, but which he will sell at many times their original cost; He holds valuable closed irrevocable grazing leases; He has acquired irrigation contracts that afford no protection to the ultimate small purchaser; He controls four-fifths of the coal supply of the future; He has secured for nothing and resold for much, the right to exterminate the food fish of the inland lakes. All this, and more, the speculator has obtained with the assistance and approval of a political party, that in opposition, propped "land for the settler." What are you going to do about it? Re-elect men who have so flagrantly violated their pledges? I hope not. It is time for a change. Put a new set of men in control with a mandate to recover for the people of Canada the lands and resources which through fraud or imposition have passed into the grafters' hands. Let restitution be your watchword in the next campaign and do not stay your hands till this has been accomplished.

### GIRL WANTED

For general housework in a small family. Apply to  
MRS. A. MARTIN  
Pilot Butte.

Minard's Lintment Cures Colds, etc.

"They give too much of the sweat-stained money of the people to men who have not earned it."—J. Lorne Macdougall, late Auditor-General, in referring to the Laurier government.

TRAYED.  
Premises, S.E. 1/4, 32-12-10  
one young mare; bay  
horse; no brand  
needed to prove pro-  
penses and remove same.  
E. C. SHAW,  
McLean, Sask.

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DESIGNS  
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We are a sketch and description may  
be made for you. Our opinion free. Our  
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agent for securing patents,  
in all countries, and receive  
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Italy, Spain, Portugal, Belgium,  
Switzerland, Austria, Hungary,  
Czechoslovakia, Poland, Russia,  
Japan, China, India, Siam,  
Ceylon, Persia, Egypt, Greece,  
Turkey, and all other countries.  
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**EAR**  
Everybody, in all sizes,  
satisfaction, as we  
can prove.

**ROS.**  
214 North Street, Regina

**Our Mill**  
READY  
Done Promptly  
WARRANTED  
**ELEVATOR**  
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**Furniture**  
FURNITURE STORE  
**Our Snaps**  
Parlor Suite for \$55.00  
Mahogany Suite for \$58.00  
Rocker at \$8.00, \$10.00  
\$8.00 to \$40.00  
Exceptionally Good  
Polstered Goods  
Mats and Mattresses, are  
the city.  
Chairs, Dressers, Kitchen  
and numerous articles  
wonderfully low prices.  
Our Special Attention  
**& CO.**  
Regina P. O. Box 909

**Local and General**

Andy Blair of Lumsden, was in the city yesterday.

Daniel McCusker left last week for Rochester, N.Y.

A. B. Gillis, M.L.A., of Whitewood was in the city on Tuesday.

F. M. Crapper has recently returned from a business trip to the east.

Ald. and Mrs. J. R. Peverett returned last week from their trip east.

D. H. McDonald of Fort Qu'Appelle was in the city on business on Saturday.

Mayor Smith has gone to Salt-coats constituency to do election work.

Rev. C. W. Brown and family have moved into the new parsonage on Lorrie St.

Geo. K. Smith of Moose Jaw has sold out his hardware business in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Loverock have returned to the city from their trip to the old country.

Mrs. W. Broderick is in the city from St. Paul on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno McIntyre.

The sale of unclaimed goods on hand at the Customs office commences tomorrow in the Donahue block.

The commencement exercises in the Regina Collegiate Institute will be held on Thursday evening of next week.

Protests have been entered against the return of the Haultain candidates in Last Mountain and Pheasant Hills.

S. B. Jamieson, collector of customs at Regina port, is slowly recovering from a severe attack of typhoid fever.

The Women's Morning Musicale will hold the first of their fall and winter recitals in the city hall next Saturday afternoon.

P. Cooper received word on Monday of the death of his father on Oct. 4th at the family home in the Orkney Islands.

Dr. Seymour has returned from Washington, D.C., where he has been attending the international congress on tuberculosis.

A. Bowser, who has been manager of the Royal Bank in Regina has left for New York. He is succeeded here by L. C. McLean.

When Lord Milner was here last week he conferred an honor on Hon. F. W. G. Haultain by having him dine with him in his private car.

In the recent issue of the Saskatchewan Gazette appears the names of all those who received government seed grain. There are over 8,700 on the list.

C. H. Gordon received the sad news on Monday evening of the death of his mother at Owen Sound. He left by the first train to be present at the funeral.

The concert and supper which was to have been held by the Condie Presbyterian church on Monday evening last was postponed until Friday evening next.

Returns received at Prince Albert would indicate that Nolan will win the election for member of the legislative assembly for the constituency of Athabasca.

Rev. E. A. Henry spoke on Sunday evening on the moral issues of the campaign. He scathingly denounced the graters and dishonest men in politics.

Rev. C. R. Littler, warden of St. Chad's Hostel, has returned from British Columbia where he has been for the benefit of his health. Mr. Littler is much improved.

The auction sale of land held in the city last week by the Saskatoon & Western Land Co. could not be termed a success as only a very few parcels were knocked down by the auctioneer.

A man named White who appeared before Magistrate McCausland last Friday charged with being drunk and disorderly and having entered a private house without an invitation was given thirty days in jail.

In the Autumn rheumatism is so general that all our readers so suffering will be glad to hear that a letter addressed to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., will be to their advantage. Write today.

The auction sale of property held in the city last week by J. M. Young was affected somewhat by the sale put on by the Saskatoon & Western Land Co. A large number of lots were sold, however, at good prices.

J. K. Smith, of Francis, who pleaded guilty to appropriating to his own use the sum of \$125 while secretary-treasurer of Pleasant View school district, was sentenced last Thursday to six months imprisonment in Regina jail with hard labor.

Provincial government officials are using their utmost endeavors to secure the election of the Liberal candidate in this constituency. Their la-

test move is an attempt to secure the dismissal of non-Liberal men at work on the new parliament buildings.

On Monday, before Magistrates McCausland and Laird, W. A. Kline appeared to answer a charge of having placed obscene writing on the door of the Regina Windmill & Pump Co. last September. He was found guilty and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

The harvest thanksgiving services will be held in the English church at Foxleigh and at Condie on November 1st. Services will be held at Foxleigh at 11 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Simpson taking the services and the St. James choir of Condie will lead the music. The services will be held at Condie at three o'clock in the afternoon. The annual harvest festival will follow at Condie on Wednesday evening Nov. 4th. Posters are out announcing the festival.

J. H. Spooner, Dominion Express agent in this city, received word this week of the death by drowning of his uncle, Capt. John Henry Scott, at Swift's Warf, Kingston, Ont. Deceased was for many years Captain of the steamer Persia which plied between Montreal and Chicago. Deceased came to his death, it is supposed, by walking off the warf after dark when he was about to go on board a boat bound for Ottawa, and unfortunately no one was near to render assistance. Mr. J. H. S. Spooner was named after the deceased.

Wonderful Value.—All Canadians are proud of the wonderful success of the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. Few homes in Canada will be found without it today and every home is the better for receiving it. It is a weekly newspaper, family magazine and agricultural journal, all three in one, and each one worth what they ask for the whole combination. Our readers should all have their local paper, but no family can well afford to be without "The Family Herald and Weekly Star". It is simply marvellous what a vast amount one gets for a dollar a year. "The Family Herald and Weekly Star" is looked upon as a clean family paper in every respect.

REGINA CONSTITUENCY  
Regina, Oct. 2, 1908.

To the Electors:—Having been tendered the unanimous nomination of the Liberal-Conservative Convention held in Regina on Sept. 30th, I beg to solicit your vote and influence and assure you that if elected I shall endeavor to represent you in parliament in such a manner as shall promote the best interests of Canada and especially the western provinces, realizing that I am the servant of the people and that a public office is a public trust, (not a public graft.)

I wish to say that I have successfully farmed for some years in western Canada and understand every condition of farm life on the prairies of which I have been a resident for more than a quarter of a century. I have also been manager of two of the leading wholesale concerns in Regina and have a practical business training.

I am in favor of the immediate construction of the Hudson's Bay rail way which has been promised for the last twenty years and which is now being made a political catch cry by the Liberal party; government control and operation of terminal elevators; tariff revision to suit the needs of western Canada; fair wage legislation and honest compensation for all labor; timber limits and grazing leases granted only to actual users; the restoration of the lands to the western provinces; purity in politics and public officials; clean administration and honest appropriation of public funds; government ownership of telephones and townsites along new railways; abolition of the bonusing system; a vigorous immigration policy, and such other reforms as are in the best interests of Canada.

I regret that owing to the short time between now and the 26th of October, I shall not be able to meet you personally, I have unbounded confidence in western Canada and think myself well qualified to judge the needs of this great agricultural country.

I have served as Alderman of the City of Regina for two years as chairman of an important committee and have been requested to enter the mayoralty contest this fall, which I have declined in order to take up this fight for the Conservative party in the interests of good clean government.

Thanking you in anticipation of your generous support,  
Yours truly,  
THOS. WILKINSON.

**REGINA MARKETS**

<b>WHEAT—</b>	
No. 1 Northern	79
No. 2 Northern	77
No. 3 Northern	74
No. 4 Northern	71
<b>OATS—</b>	
No. 2 White	35
<b>PRODUCE—</b>	
Butter	30
Eggs	30
Potatoes	30

**THE TRADING CO. WEEKLY STORE NEWS**

**OVERCOATS FOR FALL**

FOR MAN AND BOY



**"QUALITY"** WE are splendidly ready to equip Man or Boy with Fashionable Clothing for fall or winter, and at a moderate price. Never before in the history of this store were we selling so many men and boys their winter outfits, and never before were we in a position to do so as satisfactorily as now. Stocks are larger, which gives better choosing. We have bought in larger quantities, which means lower prices, and for the quality we stand back of every garment we sell.



**Two New Overcoats for Men \$20.00**

On Saturday we will show two New Overcoats in two different styles—one an Olive Brown Tweed of very smart appearance, cut in the Chesterfield style—and the other a Dark Brown Tweed in a heavy weight, cut in the new college style, buttoning close up at the throat with a wide storm collar. The tailoring in both garments is perfect. Our price ..... **\$20.00**

**\$20.00 Suits for Men**

At this price we offer a wide range of styles and patterns. English Tweeds and Worsted, Scotch Tweeds and Imported Serges in blue and black. Hand-tailored garments of the well-known Fit-Rite and 20th Century makes.

**Our Special Boys' Overcoat \$6.75**

Made in the two popular styles for fall, 1908—single-breasted Chesterfield and College Ulster. Made with coat buttoning close up to throat. All sizes 30 to 34. Our price ..... **\$6.75**

**Little Boys' Overcoats**

Fancy Overcoats for little boys of from three to seven years, made in plain and fancy materials in a great many styles, some belt at back and some self-belt. Our prices range from ..... **\$4.00 to \$6.75**

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If you want a Cook Stove, Steel Range, Hot Blast Heater or a Stove of any description--BUY NOW!

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY we are giving a 10 per cent. Discount on all lines of Stoves.

All Stoves guaranteed to work satisfactory in every respect. Also set up FREE OF CHARGE.

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**LADIES' COATS**



We have just received another shipment of Ladies' Cloth Coats with Fur Collars, and they are better than ever, so do not miss this chance to get one.

**216—Extra Fine Beaver Cloth Coat with real Alaska Sable Collar, loose-fitting back, made in two lengths—46 and 50 inches, fine quilted lining and interlined with rubber. Notice these prices:**

Coat, 45 inches long, \$35.00  
Coat, 50 " " " 37.50

**210X—Ladies' Black Beaver Cloth Coats, loose-fitting, 46 inches long, German Otter collar, Kersey lining as well as being interlined with rubber. Our price ..... \$25.00**

We have a good many other qualities and prices which are too numerous to mention, but we feel sure that if you could see these coats you would appreciate their value.

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