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## Readers of The Guide

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AST week re"pointed out to you the adrisability from your oven standpoint of helping to increase the circulation of The Guide-by talking about it to your-friends and neighbours, and by loaning them some of your copies for a trial reading. We reproduce herevith a letter from Mr. Chas. Lunn, of Jasmin, Sask., which shors the aggressive work he is doing in his ovn locality on behalf of The Guide

## Jasmin, Sask

Dear Sir.
June 3rd, 1910
I would like to recommend your paper to every farmer in the country. Last week's Number, May 25th, is a dandy, as every article is good. No farmer should miss reading "Making Public Opinion," or "Protection the Carse of Canada." I am circulating it everywhere I possibly can.
chas. lens
Ereryone of you can do work on behalf of The Guide similar to that done by Mr. Lunn. In fact many of you no doubt are, and you will be glad to learn that the arerage weekly circulation of The Guide for the month of May was 20,150 copies, the largest erer recorded since it began publication.

The goal in front of $u s$ is the 30,000 mark, and with every present reader acting as an enthusiastic and aggressive circulation canvasser, it will only be a question of a short time until it is reached.
tHE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, Winnipeg

## Power on the Farm

How the Rivers of Ontario are Harnessed to Aid the Farmer in his Work.
By "W. L. S." in Toromto Sun

T
 Pote nterothy io viev of the diffeculties of traniportation. Ar. koes is not on the railuny, and Yorest, a mall market, is aise milec away. strathroy, the firt important market. it erghtees miles dirtanbive miles dirtand sarnis tout the name. In the rase en Mrurs. oay of trasoportation have been odvel. as stated, by coepperation. The fruit is pirked doring the day: the vagos. starting in the evening. is atl night on
the roit, and the return journry is evemplefed the arst everise
peat by is Mr. E. D. Morningtar. obo
 plam, and eleves actes of berries, finds his market in Sarnis, and he nees an suto Theck for the carriage of his prowlurt. The truck has ould rubler tires and the the bakes, of trut, "as buil thy Mr. Morningstar himelf. With this trum. losided, the journey to Sarnia is made in Chree hours: the return trip light, io made In too and eme han
carry \& tos of fruit.

## Electrie Rail way Comint

But another and better solution of the iransportation difficulty is about to be provided.
An electrie railway is being projected from London to Karnia which, diverting Arkons. There is a special reason, aside from the potentialities of the district in Iruit production, why Arkona should be touched. Arkona lies on the Salik, and the Sable is already one of Ontarions
producing mines of white coal. It will soon produce to an infinitely larger enly ist feet in use, with a drop of less than is feet, and a volume of water five mehes deep, is developing tito horse power. This power is user ior running a grist
mill and evaporator in Arkona, for lighting the village and for lighting farm homes along the route. And the power is cheap. Mr. Morningstar lights his house, bark, repair shop and charges the batteries of his automobile and auto truck, all for 814 a year. He does more than this
He has two incandestent lights in his orchard as insect traps. The lights attract the enemy and a pail-with water in the bottom and an inch of oil on topformat the trap. Mr. Morningstar has caught as/much aral

## Possibilities in Small River

But to this power scheme again. One hundred and twenty horse power is not nuch, as the basis of an eletric railway some ninety-one miles long. But that
is far from the limit. Fsprrience has shown that by placing planks 30 inches bigh on top of the dam where the power is heveloped a third can be added to the energy created; and engineers who have examined the site say the dam, now is些t in height, can be put up to eighty feet. can be created along the same without any one interfering with another. and all of about equal capacity. is there danger of failure in water supply. Just above the existing plant there are
five springs in the sides of the river bank five springs in the sides of the river bank
from which pour never-failing streams five to eight inches in diameter. Finally, there isten miles away, the Sebee River. on which two more power plants can be rected.
All this gives propise of energy enough tailway, but to light all the villages and farm houses along the way, and even to operate spramotors, feed choppers, cream separators and other kinds of farm machinery. The farmer's electrical age And now another diversion. The Sable is not, if such a formir of expression may is not, if such a formi of expression may
be permitted, the only frog in the puddle.
Ontario is full of Sables. Some day the Ontario is full of Sables. Some day the wires carrying energy for light. power.
and poisibly hest as well, to the remotest and powibly hest as avil, to the remotest
cornert. It is not tow woos it is almant
tos late) to tepis the taking of stets to we that this development is wisely coin: durted and atung the lises calculated to easure the ervatest advantage for all the poople. The Geversment of Quelec
 Prove all the water prsources of that
Prine Whifaey Goverthenst choculd follow suit, and either ask the Hydro- Diectrie Commisuish to report
on all power sites of appeant a special coniminsion for the parpos.

## IMMIGRATION REPORT

The Dominion government immigrafern reports for the mosth of April, number of prople who are cotaing into Casada ths wravon. March showed a remarkalle increave in the tides. but April
marks a nes flowal level with as increas marks a new flood level with as increase
of close to 100 per cefli. Of the total of ciose to 100 per celit. Of the total new arrivals approsimately 75 jlet cent.
came west of the great lakes. The "A merican invasion" it mare proneunered in the west, fof of the total of 37,ive
arriving. In, states.
The figures issued by the department
ahow that for April, 1909 , ti,217 immigrants arrises, is Sotal ade while in 1910 there was a total of 43,207 . an increase of aver 99 per cent. Is
connection with these figures it should be pointed out that the arrivals from ocean ports in Aprit, 1909 , numbered 11,6 ts, sons, an increase of 130 per crnt. On the nons, an increase of isu per evnt. On the
other hand the arrivals from the Chited States during April, Ise9, numbered 11,969 , while during the eorreaponding month of 1910, they numbered, to, +is personss, an increase of $6 t$ per ceat. In the figures given for the ocean ports points west of the great lakes, while of those from the Lnited Sattes a total of wo per cent, have settled west of the lakes.

MANIPLLATION-IN ELEVATORS
In dealing with the terminal elevator graft, the Canauian Miller and Grain
"Incidents such as those recently recorded in the West, where Westera
elevator owners were proved to have elevator owners were proved to have
manipulated the grain and recorded it darations of the grain growers to that effect. And it gives weight to the argument for public ownership of elevators. bowever lacking in reason that doetrine
may be otherwise. The Manitoba Govmay be otherwise. Phe Banitoba bove operation bas alreaty patued: oo it is too late for the incidents referred to to affeet the issue, at least as far as interiof elevators are concerned. Were it not
for that fact. we can imagine the hue and for that fact. we can imakine the hue and
ery which would be raised by the farmers; Ay which mould be raised by the farmers;
in fact. the argument is be ng strungly ver by the - Gominion Gev crament This is one point which makes such mal. practices so criminally foolish, besides oring dishonest. A few elevators guilty of such wrongful mixing catuse doubt to majority of owners are above susp the "The importance of doing away ation. lutely with any temptation to moix grain is very great. Epon it depends the future reputation of Canadiah wheat. In fact, there can be little doubt but that it has from this very cause. especially the fery highest grades.

William Mann, of Brandon, who it was thought was fatally hurt in an auto accident there a month ago, was oischarg-
ed from the hospital. He had his collar bone, right arm, shoulder bone and buth jaws broken and sustained serious internal
injuries. The recovery is considered little injuries. The recovery is considered little

## ENTRIES CLOSE June 30th

For the General Exhibiting Classes of the Great Fair of the Great West. Exhibitors participate in \$40,000 Distribution

## Farmers' Features

Tractor Test-Good Roads Convention July 20-Municipalities' Assembly July 20-Magnificent Array of Agricultural Products-Machinery-Industrials Harness Horses Judged on the Track Monday, July 18 -"Threshermen's Day" Wednesday, July 20-Farmers' Day

## Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition JULY

DISPLTE IN ORIENT
A Vietoris, B. C. divpatch of June 6 and Japan is due to the fact that sis hunded foshing junks and seliooners
 south Manchavinn perts. The Chinses els, regaraing the guif as teriteriat vaters. Japan insists that China cannot interfere with the fisher men, holocing that
the Gulf of Peeliilis "hish suas
The Manchurian vicetoy las
The Manchurian viceroy has taken a trong atctude on the question agginst guntroats and several converted cruisers to seixe these vesels whose owners relased to pay tases, and five were fired un
and their evews armoted. Japanioe mina and their crews arrested. Japanese men
of war and torpedo beats were promp, ty ent to protect the fishermen agaitast the Chincse warships, and the incuent furnt - if serku* complicatoins. a several parts of China threaten to cause large loss of life accoraing to news tecrives

## FISHERIES DISPLTE

sir Robert Finlay, Monday, began the opening speech on the Lanauan shoe of
bie fisticties dispute bedore the hague artitration tritunal. It is expected this aduress will last a forthight at least, and
that durring it every phave and feature of the controversy will ie reviened arbitration turned upon seven questions 1sis. He argued that Britain could reguate these tisheries without the to-
operation of the L Lited States, fortid the employ ment of nim-American itizens on tisheries, collect customs and other duties on vesels, freely dehne what fshing in Senfounoland Hay, and deprive
fisting vesels of commercal privieges. holing vessels of commertual priviueges. question, shouing that the Lnited states Ttseli, contrary to its present attutuce waters, the entrance to which was more than six nautical miles in wioth. He than Quoted ouplomatic documents retutung the asser tha that prior to the 1 sis treaty
Ifritain had aiready limited her jurisSays.
thit hit addreas will last about as long as that of sir Robert Finlay. The dosing rguments for both sidee to be made by
 not Le heard until the very close of the cave, the rule having been atopted that the «nior counsel fer both parties to the ontroversy will be the last ones to talk. In adaition to thove mentioned Johins ent Canada., and Giearze Turnet ond Charles Warren will aet for the Enited states.

## LONDON HORSE SHOW

Through. the financial prodigality of show which opened at London, Ene, Monday, in a fairyland of flowers, more gorgeous than any of its predecessurs, letorative scheme is a teproasction Lord Lonsdale's famous Lowther Gastle Gardens. The most lavish decurators are American owners. Walter and Louis Hisans have forty stails, Alfred G. Vanderbilt twenty, and Judge W. II. Moore forty. The entries exceed 3,000 , which is a
record. Nine countries are entered fot the king Edward gold cup, which was last won by France. Cossack horsemen compete for the first time, the military ontingent being divided as follows: gum, 9; L nited Stales 3; S, R3; Wel sweden, 3: Canada 3; Italy, No Hay, 3, The value of the eatritits is 82 se0, e00 The prizes amount to 865,000 . The $1,000,000$ are expected.
With the call With the call of "Boots and Saddles," show was opened. While shorn of the of its social brilliance by the official and popular mourning for the late king, the exhibition this jear eclipses its predeessors from the viexpoint of the lover of slooded horses. The number of entries indicates the measure of the exhibition ppeal to the hotse owner.
The exhitits include practically every pony, in adortiun to trotters and hunters novices, appoint ments, chargers, pace and hands.

A faint heart hasn't the ghost of a show

## JUNE kth, IMO

## GLAD TO MAKE AMENDS

We are very glad to note that the Winnipeg Tribune has taken us to tack for the statement that we are the only paper that is truly taking the part of the farmers in the live questions of the day. There is no statement we have
ever published that we should like to ever published that we should like to see
disproved so murh as that one. We should be delighted to know that every paper that lives on the farmers is protecting the interests of its patrons. We have not the slightest desire to adopt any "Holicr than Thou"
attitude. The Weekly Tribune has stood by attitude. The
the farmers of the west for years on a number of most vital matters and was a valiant friend of most vital matters and was a valiant friend
at the time of the organization of the Grain Growers' Grain Co. We gladly record our appreciation of the work of the Farmers Tribune in the past and we hope it will continue to go even more earnestly into the fight and remain there till special privilege has disappeared and the farmer has a fair show with other citizens in the blessings which a free country should bestow. wish to disagree with the Tribune. It calls us its lieutenant. This is a new one on us. We did not know before is a new one on us. We did not know before
that we were a lieutenant to anybody or took that we were a lieutenant to anybody or took
orders from any superior officer. We think the Tribune made an error in the choice of words. If they will keep up with us they will find enough to do without taking on sincerely desire that every paper in Western Canada will be able to disprove our state-ment-by deeds and not by words, And every paper that does this can consider that we are glad to see it

*     * 


## SIGN THE PETITIONS

It is of the utmost importance at the present time that the farmers of Manifoba should circulate and sign the petitions for public elevators, that are being sent out by the elevator
commission. Under the Elevator Act, unfortunately, no elevators can be taken over by the commission "unless and until" there is a petition requesting it signed by at least 60 per cent. of the farmers tributary to that eleva-
tor point. Two forms of petitions are being sent out. One is for use in the case where elevators are to be purchased and the other where new elevators are to be built. As soon
as the petitions are signed by the required as the petitions are signed by the required
number of farmers the commsision is empowered to act, so the, necessity of having the
petitions signed at oner is evident. Petition forms can be had on application to the Manitoha Elevator Commission, z79 Garry Street, Winnipg. We would urge that all grain growers take hold of this matter at onere. It must be remembered that the fact that a properly signed petition is presented for purchasing an elevator does not compel the commisioners to pay an unreasonable price for an existing elevater. This would afford tor an existing elryater. This would afford too kood an opportumty to the elevator oun ners to hold up the Government for an exhorbitant
price. If the price demanded is beyond reason they can secure another petition and build an elevator. The further the work progresers, the more unati-factory the Elevator Aet will be found to be. But that can be remedied by further legislation. However, the Elevator Act as it stands is all we have to work upon and we should make the best of it for the time being. By going to work at bire the farmers can have the petitions signed in a few weeks and there should be a large number of public elevators in Manitoba in time for the present crop.
then puilic

## * .

## ELEVATORS FIRST; THEN ELECTION

As far as the ordinary perion is permitted to know, there is but little doubt that a general election will be called in Manitoha during the month of July. This is a subject which is of the derpest interest to every man in Manitoba. TuE Gube is a non-political paper and has no preference for parties. We are, however, absolutely devoted to the interests of the farmers of the West. It is for this reason that we feel it our duty to discuss the plan of bolding an election in July
It is one of the priviliges given under a British constitution that any government may call a general election whenever desired This is one of the principles of our system of responsible government. In Manitobs the term of the present legislature does not expire until september, 1911. The only reason for calling an election before the term expires is because of some important isste epen whirh the voice of the people is regured This would be entirely unnecrssary if Direct Legislation were in force. But in Manitoha today there is only one big question in which the farmers are intensely interested. That is the elevator question. It was only by the force of enlightened pullic opinion that the legislature was induced to enact the Elevator Bill. Then there was a two months delay in naming the commission. Three good men have been named. But the government holds full power over the commission. Cp to the present the Elevator Bill has meant nothing to the farmers. It was not what the Grain Growers wanted, but still it could be made to afford considerable relief to the farmers. Moreover, and this is the important point, there has been no opportunity to test the Elevator Act mor the government's promise that the Elevator Comaission should have an absolutely free hand in their work. In view of this wit consider that the government has no moral right to call an election in July. The elevator question will be the hig one in the campaigr and all the talk by both parties will be mere hot air and of no benefit to the farmers. What the farmers want is a system of pullic elevators, and they want it badly. Now, in face of this, we submit that the government of Manitoba would be giving the best possible manifestation of its good faith if the commission were given time to procure the elevators before an election ments lecome forgetfil after many govern ments become forgetful after an election that we like to see pledges fulfilled before a renewal
of confidence is given. We cannot forget how two years ago both the political parties on the eve of the Dominion electiont promised immediate construction of the Hudson Bay Road." What have we got? Nothing.
At present in Manitola both political parties are red hot to give the farmers public power after the election tharty may be in power after the election they may forget,
which is to say in plain English that they may;] fool the farmers merely to get into power Now, we do not want to see this. It is well known to all the farmers that neither political party in Manitoba as a whole, would be in favor of public elevators if public opinion had not driven them to it. The chirf object of any political party in Canada is to stay in power. That sccounts for the monderfie power That accous for the wonderful But in Manitoha the that are so freely made. But in Manitoba the party in power has been driven to give the Elevator Bill and now we say they should give the elevators. The farmers will appreciate such action on the part of the governmeht. If the government will provide the elevators in Manitoba the farmers will then know that they really mean business, and will act accordingly. But if an election is called in July it leads us to wonder if the government will provide the elevators throughout the province. When the Grain Growert demanded an independent commission it was not because they distrusted the present government. But if the government is to remain free from distrust they must produce the elevators before an election is held.

## MEETING SIR WILFRID

At a merting of the executive of the Manitoba Grain Growers Aswociation held on June 3rd it was dercided to make full preparations to meet sir Wilfrid Laurier on bis western tour and take up with him the four questions advocated in Tus Guibs, namely, taking over of the Tenuinal elevators by the federal government: the actual and immediate congovernment; the actual and immediate con-
struction of the Hudson Bay Railway; the inauguration of a chilled meat industry under the Dominion government and also a reduction in the Tariff. The delegation will also urge that Canada accept the offer of United States for free trade in farm implements.
This action on the part of the Manitoba Association will result in much good. But the greatest success will be achieved by the Saskatchewan and Alherta farmers organizations meeting Sir Wilfrid in pursuit of the same end. Saskatchewan is the largest province and its population is growing the most rapidly. Any action taken along this line by the Girain Growers of that province will command the immediate attention of any public man. Nowhere do these problems present themselve to the farmers more than in Saskatchewan and Alberta. Alberta farmers feel the need of the chilled meat industry more forcibly than the two other provinces, but it will be a splendid thing for all three provinces. The farmers of the West can meet on common ground and by presenting an united front they will be making a most important move for the benefit of the country.. By the time Sir Wilfrid is met at Brandon, Moose Jaw and Edmonton met at Brandon, Noose Jaw and Edmonton
by the organized farmers he will begin to by the organized farmers he will begin to
realize the importance of the farmers in the realize the importance of the farmers in the
West. It is only right that the farmers should West. It is only right that the farmers should
meet him as all the other interests will do so. From the time Sir Wilfrid lands at Fort William the big interests will be ready for him and will demand all kinds of special privileges. If the farmers are not on hand he will think that the farmers in the West are satisfied with things as they are. But this is not to be. The farmers are not satisfied and will present their views in a clear cut and busibess prese manner to the real head of the Canadian Government.

## INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS

The allied questions of the conservation of natural resources and the control and operation of public utilities is demanding much attention from thoughtful men in Canada at the present time. The Dominion Government has manifested its appreciation of the important character of the former by appointing a commission of Veading men to whom it has entrusted the important duty of safe-guarding in every possible way the natural resources of 'the nation. The abuses incident to and
arising out of the modern methods of doing business by corporations, mergers, and holding companies has directed the public towards providing a remedy for relieving the masss of the people from the oppression of corporate greed, and the country from the dangers arising from the accumulation of too mucb wealth in the control of a few individuals.
The parliament of Canada, the legislatures of our different provinces and many town and city councils have unsucersfully endeavored to control the operations of organized cotnpanies operated under, special legislation. Their experience invariably has been that the English language cain not be used in legislation so as to tie down a corporation that has eccured a franchise for public service or semipublic utility. Under these circumstances public utility. Under these circumstances
the public instinctively turns for reliff to one the public instinctively turns for relief to one
of two sourers. Government (that is publie) of two sourecs. Government (that is public) ownersthp and operation of public and semipublic utilities and the co-operative method of distribution and manufacture of commodities. Under existing conditions the few co-operate to discharge those functions for the benefit of the few. Obviously the remedy for the evil that condition creates is for the many to co-operate for the benefit of the many.

The practical application of the principle of government ownership of public utilities is well recognized by governing bodies in Canada. Municipal councils,as might be expected, being nearer the people, are pioneers of the movement and the moat active in applying the principle. They are followed somewhat closely by the provincial governments of the prairie by the provincial governments of tare praine
provinces and the province of Ontario, while, provinces and the province of Ontario, while, of the Dominion, due largely to its environment and being less accessible to the people, is the most tardy in putting the principle into active operation. The usual method in recent years is to have those andertakings administered by commissions appointed, in the case of municipalities, by the council, that of the provincial and Dominion government, by the cabinet. It is a very significant fact that commissions appointed by cabinets whether Dominion of provncial, are constantly accused of being derelict to duty and amenable to corrupt influences by the party in power When When suspected they are very difficult to reach by the people or their representatives shortcomings in the interest of the party in shortcomings in the interest of the party in power, while commissions appointed by muni-
cipal councils are comparatively free from such suspicion. When incompetency or worse is discovered in their case there is never any difficulty in the way of removing the delinquents as their position is dependent entirely on the representatives of the people-not on a cabinet.
We venture to say that, had the commission appointed by the Dominion Govern ment to build the National Transcontinental Railway been appointed by parliament and directly responsible to parliament instead of o the government, or had the Manitobin Telephone Commission been er iantel by the legislature and controlled by the legislature instead of by the cabinet, much of the adverse criticism that is directed against both would not have been heard.
The Manitoba Grain
The Growers' Association has the distinction of being the first public body to advocate extending to the provincial egislature the principle that now obtains in municipal bodies, nañely that of appointing public service commissioners by the representaives of the people rather than by the cabinet. They incorporated in their demands for public ownership of grain elevators that the commission entrusted with the operating of those elevators should be appointed by the legislature and directly responsible to the representatives of the people
The committee to which the Grain Growers entrusted the initial negotiations for securing government ownership of elevators was subjected to a good deal of adverse criticism in
artais quarters for the attitude they took in respert to the appointment and control of the commision. Their attitude was represented as being untenable and without precedent. We, however, think that the attitude they took on this question is a sound one, and will be justified by the support it will rereive from enlightened public opinion. That it will recrive due attention in the near future is fairly certain.

## DOMINION GOVERNMENT NEGLIGENT

## The elevator companies that were fined

heavily a few weeks ago were not formally charged with mixing wheat, though it is apparent to any pervon that the discrepencies in figures could have lyen caused in no other way. On account of the absence of this charge some people seem to think that the elevator companies did not do anything very serious. But the knowledge that they were mixing wheat and thus robbing the farmers is just as serious whether it be known by one name or another. The flixing has been carried on while a swarm of government officials stond whatehing. But they could see nothing out watching. But they could see nothing out
of the way. After it was all over the inspectors, by checking up their books, saw they had been fooled. Then the elevator companies were prosecuted and fined $\$ 5,350$. Evidently this is supposed to make it all right to the farmers. But we cannot see how it will aid the farmers one bit. There is nothing to prevent the elevator companies carrying on this system of robbery year after year and paying a fine when they are caught. If they can make 8200,000 a year or a great deal more by manipulating the grain they will gladly pay a fine of $\$ 5,350$ for the privilege of so doing.
All the officials of the federal government are fully aware of the fact that 500 inspectors are the terminals would not be smart enough to at the terminals would not be smart enough to prevent the manipulations. The government graft, but still they make no move to help the farmers. The government has been asking the farmers to prove the graft. It is already proven. The Dominion government in its endeavor to slide by the terminal elevator problem has not a leg to stand on. The graft is there; the government is aware of it and yet does nothing. This can only continue so long as the farmers are willing to put up with it.

## SIR WILFRID'S ITINERARY

Our readers will see in another part of this paper the announcement of the itincrary which Sir Wilfrid Laurier will follow on his western tour. He will be at Winnipeg on July 11th, Brandon, July 18th; Moose Jaw, August 6th and Edmonton on August 8th. These dates will be in good season for the farmers to get together and meet him. It will also be noted that Sir Wilfrid will speak at a number of intermediate points. At all of these other points there are branch associations. It would be a splendid scheme if the president and directors, and as many of the officers as possible, could get together and meet the possible, could get together and meet the
premier on their own ground and support the premier on their own ground and support the take on the four big questions. By having take on the four big questions. By having
Sir Wilfrid's mind jogged at all points in the Sir Wilfrid's mind jogged at all points in the West he will be convinced of the earnestness
of the demands of western farmers. This is the only opportunity in fourteen years that western farmers have had to meet Sir Wilfrid, and it should not be lost.

## HOMESTEADS FOR WOMEN

There is a growing feeling among the women in Western Canada that they should have the same right as the men to the free homestead lands of the prairie. They realize that they creating a vast empire in this new country. Parents with a fanily of children see their
hoys go out and secure free land, but their girls are not so fortunate. Suppose two
families live side by side. In one family there are four boys but no girls: and in the other family four girls, but no boys. The parents of the girls family are not to blame because their children are all girls. The Creator undoubtedly had some good purpose in view when he ordained it. But our law steps in and gives a prize to the parents of the boys and penalires the parents of the girls, Of course if the four hoys married the four girls when they grew up then things would le pare ceval frew up then things would fe micre cqual, but it doesn't scem just right that matrimony
should be made a provision of securing a fair should be made a provision of securing a fair
share of what the state has for distribution. share of what the state has for distribution. Under ordinary circumstances the family with the boys would have five homesteads from the government and the family with the girls would have only one. The boys'family becomes wealthy but the girls'family becomes poorer. Entil the government of our land is entrusted with the power of ordaining the sex of children it does not seem fair that such discrimination should be made as is done in the case of our homestead laws,
At the present time there is practically nothing being done towards the construction of the Hudson Bay Road. There is a lot of talk about building the big bridge across the Saskatchewan River at The Pas. But still it is only talk or was a few days ago. It is also interesting to note that the 00 miles of the Hudson Bay Road from Hudson Bay Junction on the C.N.R. (Prince Albert Line) to The Pas, is owned and operated (by spells) by the C.N.If. The Dominion government is building right onto the end of Mackenzie and Mann's line. Does this mean that they are going to hand over the Hudson Bay road to those two gentlemen. If this is the case it seems useless to support two administrations. We might just about as two administrations. parliament and hand over the keys of the federal treasury to the railway companies and manufacturers.

Over in England certain of the party political papers and politicians are endeavoring to condemn some of the cabinet ministers for causing the death of King Edward. This is about the most extreme step that we have ever known politicians to take and it is agreeable to know that it is not the general ppinion of any party. Such a scheme is lower than even plots and schemes that are hatched in Canadian politics. Even in Canada, bad as our politics may be, our newspapers and
politicians would hardly stoop to such tactics. We are all right now. Sir Ernest Shackleton,
We are all right now. Sir Emest Shackleton,
the Antarctic explorer, was in Winnipeg the the Antarctic explorer, was in Winnipeg the
other day and was interviewed by the press. The reporter asked hip: "Do you believe in Canada's future?
Shackleton replied: " Undoubtedly. And not only its future, but its immediate future."
Everybody will be glad to know this. If we are to ask this question of all visitors, they will begin to think we are skeptical about our owh future.

We are glad to correct the statement that we are the only independent and unpurchaseable paper in the West. But such papers are so scarce that it seems like a bearn of sunlight on a dull day. When papers claim they are independent and unpurchaseable the best method of proving it is by deeds and not by words.

We see by a press dispatch, that one of the leading elevator men in Minneapolis has been arrested in New York on the charge of smuggling. It-is strange what these elevator men wil do. They are such active lads, that we are liable to see them crop up anywhere

Don't forget to write to your Ottawa Mem-
ber and tell him to get busy.

June sth, 1910 d, but their Suppose twi family there in the other The parents
lame berause Theme because
The Creator irpose in view iw steps in and the boys and irls when the nicte igtal at matrimony ecuring a fair distribution homesteads mily with the e boys' family imily becomes ordaiming the fair that such as is done in
practically construction re is a lot of
ge across the is. But stil is ago. It is \& .90 miles of fudson Bay ed (by spells) government Mackenzic an that they on Bay road is is the case
ninistrations. away with keys of the impanies and
the party endeavoring ministers for ird. This is and it is the general eme is lower are hatched anada, bad such tactics.

Shackleton, innipeg the the press. ly. And not wture. this. If isitors, they ement that npurchaseuch papers yam of sun-
claim they le the best ind not by
one of the smuggling. en are liable

# The Grain Gromues Cuuite <br>  

Vol. II
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8th, 1910

## Western Agricultural Problems

 admit that the aericultaral lant in Canads. The land sill kerp oe produrise, and will furnich emplogherst and give support to many millions of
pmple in this country. hong after waur pemple in this country; hong after our fure I say that agriculture in Canata Not ithetandines all that the if on. Miniter has beer placed to tell as this nffernosas alout what he has done for the
propt of Canada. when wr come to isvestigate the other departmont- and cume bark again and look at what the
department of azriculture is doing. deparment onpelted to stmit that the depart.
ate event of a arienultuse in the mout usdevel. oped depart ment in the \#hoce government.
 Geurre $81,114.000$ for that department.
But whrn wo ko through the extimatoc. Hut whrn w" Eo through the cotimate:
and sift out what is really spent in the and sift out whatio really spent in the
 kem which brings it up a good deal higherf. and that tem is the hralth of
animals. Knowing sometling aloutt how animals. Knowing something about haw
thiv meney is spent on the hrealth of anithiv munery is opent on the health of ant;
male throughoot Western Canads,
dsim it is not bering apent is the interat of the farmers. Take the eatimates for laot year. Last ycar the zovernment was entrenching: they found that ther was
put tnought money to po atraund and they not enough money to go around. and they
had to retrench. We find the other sreat departionsts cut down alout ten per cunt , but when wr cume to the akri-
cultural depart ment. ar find it cut down
 ion ur provincial, have any function at
all, that function ewentially is to stand betaren the producet and the consumer. and to oee that there is no undue toll taken from either. 1 would a ask the minisor when he has ever stowis up in this place the consumer against the grafterer H. has never done so during the two yeate I have had the honor of a seat in thi. House. Still, we find combines startin. up everywhere, berl combines, pork
combines, cement combines, and every other kind of combine, from one end of anada to the other, which are taking
undur tolls, from the people: yet the minixter has never raiked one hand or finger to protect them. I considet that the
conditions in regard fo his department aw in a deplorable state Would you fevery thing raised or grown on the arm.
is dwindling exerpt whrat? I daimf that is dwindling except whrat? I daim that
the condition in that reopert is net anls regrettable but deplorable.

Canada's Export
Let me give you a few figure. of our
exportations to prove what f am saying Hamvand bacon $815,906,334$ 8x, 833,144 Checse of $24,00,7,776,40620,384.666$

 Pa ted pork
Potatoes Butter


## By W. H. Sharpe, M.P.

The folloring address on the Problems of the Western Farmer uras made by Mr. Sharpe in the House of Commons on April 14. 1909, and is reproduced from IIansard. It shours that urestern members are studying conditions.
succrestel is hertum of therir slipshomel


That orve expanding and woina ahrad
practivally wha par with Canada. I fousd the conditions altokertier different Isetrad of the prodartionss of the Arern
tise Hepuldic Sr= Zraland and A matralie tiser Hepuhly. New Zraland and Asetralis
zoing down from yrar to ywar ar ears ats. they are ging up. They arv experting more of their farm prodorts than ever Pal yest The Arevitiser. Republie is ifoul dral faster
In 1sex, 11.657 immigasts arrived on thrut hurrysis Isas, 1es, tos: and is 180t. ses.let. Ko you sre thry arr grtting than we are in Canaila. Thry espuifted in isv\%, is,iss,emo busherls of whrat, and in 1 my they exported se, swo.000 buchels. Their exportations of ehest is
practically on as par sith ours. We find
 estent of 101.113 tois. That showe that they have gune inte sherp hreeding. and in 1907, the expurtation of woml had incroused to $154, \mathrm{BI}=$ tons. Instrad of their lering the same as ore are is Canads. instrad ef the exportation of sherp and mool going down year after year, the es-
purtation of sheep and woul from the Argentine Hepublic is going op year after year. I wish to speak partirularly in connertion with the ratile trade of the Argentine Aepublic We fad that they have twn sy stems of shipping thrir cattle. Thery ship aster on the hool and some in
 and in 1906, se9.118. That showrin my opinion, that thry tmut have some pietwens in the Argrntine Mepublic, who are looking after the interest of the great prodoring oupulation of that cementry, In Anstralis. They are developing their country acropd. ing to population as fast as we are. They esported of bref, in 1906, 295.392 quarters: is 1907. 304, 114 , and in 1909, 390,626 , thowing in gradual inctesue all the time Conilinaed an pase 10


The Livestock Man's Difficulty and Opportunity

## Prize Essay <br> By John E. Sirrett, Neepawa, Man.

This Essay was avarded the Prize of 815 as the second best essay uritten by the Students of the Manitoba, Agricultural College of the First and Second Years.

Coopration, ef the combined action
of members, is undoubtedly one of the cireumatanere which promote the proulur tivenose of labor. The truth of thi statement is onelf evident, as to sered no demountration inderd, it may her of employments the prodert of laluer is up to. a ertais protet diveetly pro:
 madered amobgt the zorkmen, and dows not, we think, require a very \#rest
morstal ewertion to challe ono to ver that if we arver helped earh ether, even in the moot simple aperatiens, our condition zould hardly be superior to that of the vild animale; we would in peneral reguire The atmont exertians to procure a living The priacriple involved sould werm to lie ot the very lasis of indostrial eviliza of mas. We pay regards to it is the timple *alks, of lifes, er, it is quite ob vious that two men sorking tosether would do mote of a ertsin kind of work thas four, of lour times four, earh of vhom should work alone, and our lare ohat is called "Divedicino of tablor but furnish $w$ with the modern extension of the same ides.
Having ofserved that the extensive pperation of thi, pripeiplet has had many wopld generally the thinking farmers. Western Canada are endearnting to mokr a broader application of it to his partirn lar line of fusiars, and while admitting that asriculture is not susceptable of Eo great a division of occupation as many branclies of manufactures, berause it different eperations cannot powexily bo *ays ploughing and another aleav: soning, ete, we nevertheless fail to see *hy in certain casert of production and pon their handse mit by conductlin? tome of the zain to be duction and distribution on a large scale. As well as producing an inferior article and at a greater coat hecause of his work ing on a small srale, our farmer is obliged (because he has only a small quantity) to depend for the carrying of his produre
to the consumer to a class, called the middlemen who, for a consideration first gather together the various articles of produce and then distribute them aceorling to the dictates of the market The the demand for such commodities The middleman is undoubtedly a very unam, he is prone to overeatimato being huof his servioss and exact too high a price for them. This, of eourse, fends to lesen the profits of the producer and raise the cost of living to the consumer. How to obviate this dificiculty, is the chief proin, and for which co-operation offers the solution.
Since dairying has already in many parts of the world come under the control of co-operative societies, with result far surpasaing the most sanguine expec. the advantages to be realized by such organizationg will be more vividly befor the minds of our readers by our endeavoring to place before them a description
of a co-operative dairy as they are actually operated than proceeding in an argumentative way, and the inferenc
will be clear that what applies to branch of industry will, with the proper modification, apply to many others. The supeciorities of. the co-operativ dairy over the home ind the proprietary
dairies are similar to those of the factory dairies are similar to those of the factor industry and are mainly of two kinds. (1) Superior organization both as regards
the obtaining of raw material and the the obtaining of raw material and the
handling of it in the factory. ( $\mathbf{z}$ ) Superihandling of it in the factory. (q) Superi-
or bargaining power in the purchase of or bargaining power in the purchase of
dairy
dispouing of onent on the one hand and the finished article on the other.

Mosern dairying is ewentially a machto induntry, martinery foo making butter by. the "centrifuraly procest sith the pro Per accummodation for the sames, and is Arives. by mechaniral powert, waually tram. The ewo of o fair suesd dairy briveen three and uven thousand dollars.
The procres of uperation it wemeshat Karb:
Kach marning the milk is lirought in Trom the farm into the dairy yard. and has beens then for trotiop purpous is poured isto laver tava the milk of then wparated ot pasteurisige tem.-
perature. The Sve per ceat. of the what weight) beimp
erturacd to the farmer for cille teed The cream whirh remainat with the owerp. tion, perhasp, of a umall quantity reevrved ripened in large vats, and then conducted along coling pipers om as to reach the Churn at a suitable temperature. When the rombiting better and butter milk
are takre from the rharn, ther bufler

milk is sucked down by pumps and le away along the pipes to be pasteurised food. At first, heth in Preland and Den. mark, the farmers grambled because their buttermilk was not so valuable as before not realising that this decrease was more than compensated by the completer extraction of the more valuable butter material. Lastly the butter passes into the finishing room, where it is rolled, of the dairy is at an the wor process occupying but a lew hours, is on a combination of expert directio and good machiner
The adyantages of the centrifugal med the odd haad process, are thius summore butter for a given quantity of milk. Inder the old process from $30-34$ litres of milk were required to produce- one kilogram of butter. where as under the new process only $20-24$ litres are required. has no impurities and is not damaged the touch of hands. Third, better use of the by-products. The skim milk being better preserved than
useful for cattle food.

## establishment of a

 -stablishment of a co-operative for the ows in the of a sufficient number of that in immediatte deficieney or this thise muat no quickly made up. The sarmer must not live so far from the dairy thatthe milk supplies cannot be consyad Iresh each morning to the receiving cen-
ters. If they live toa far away the
transport and packing. The latter espersily important in the butter trans. air-tight, the Eutter, though of a high grade when manufactured, may have lost halr of its value when it reaches the con dispatch of a uniform quantity and qual. ty, can only be achieved by large scale organizations
In the perfection of marketing conditions, Depmark ${ }^{\text {St }}$ the model for all othier countries. Practeally all the butter of their co-pperative dairies is exported
through nine export federations of this out-put about ninety-eight per cent. is shipped from two Danish port Whict and Kopenharen, to five British ports Grimsty, Hull, Parkeston, Newcastle and Leith. Export to a single distant market through a few big channels i to the attain ment of the highest economies. We have considered the easily demon strable superiority of the cooperative dairy and its marketing organization
over the small isolated home dairy selling to middlemen. It is even more nerrssary to middlemen. It is even more neressary
to measure the difference to the farmer between his position as a member of between his position as a member of a
eooperative dairy and his position as milk supplier to an organization of which he is not a member, whe ther that organization be an ordinary public or private
firm, of a dairy-owning consumer's whole firm, of a dairy-owning consumer's whole
sale. The co-petrative form is more bene Gcial and more profitable, and for thes reasons:- -First, the excellence of a coun
try's butter, depends primarily on the companatively reduced coat of loog divdemafe. As an availiary cots, st moot two themand dollars to build, it is mith. is the mege of s power suratistion. nithan ind grondest it cranem.
In Tremand the firest exis ia momt countrion:
 vith a total memberolip of mer ton thousand. They are raret in Frane dithough they oveur forgurntly among The disparing is really the important print to be discuard under the lieading. of "Superionty of haraining power.: Prich price unless it is of a livelh quality But produce of lifh quality may fete
unremuncrative prices, if the shipper have an imperfect knowledes of the speetract with the consummer is thatructed by the interposition of unacestyry
Eiddlemes. Mofrovef. even when At.
 The consumer. The proflucer may fail
to profit by it, if they arr efficirnt in
cunomirs a concentrated prolution the imvecularity of trasogort, fues is neertury that the milk should bo ent is ausiliary derios oen Le entalififeculty
 performs the priliminary process of uep. vilich is deypatched to the erntrol ceram. erg. Hy this devier the milk is treated. extran, sium coly reprowats one-fourth of the bulk of the milk, ean bear the

This privale milk frome stich it is math the mik mixing at coe contal


 operrative soriety shich combines leath Functions, is interented is telling its mems-
bers how to raise better milk, ferasur not unly as a butter factory, dow it
teguine evod material for its factory, Fequire good material for its factury. suires that the a milk shall fetelh a good pries Bures that the milk shall fetel a good price. Both the coopprative soriety and thr
firm are trading loodies, and they will sot pay the farmers move thas the mill is worth. But, whereas the firmes's remedy is to punjid thefarmers, by the paymant of lower priers the socinties remedy is to educate them so that they may command high otirs.
Nerundy.
proprindary, while the price paid by the full meavure of the farmer's milk is tho tion, the price paid the co-operative dain may be only the first instalment. The tatter for convenience sake usually pays
the same price as its rivals, hut it may als the same price as its rivals, but it may aleo from motives of prudence pay part ef
this price in the form of as this price in the form of an
dividend at the end of the year
Thirdly, even were the sctual surplus calculated in full, this would nitt necresparily be equivalent to the differential los. which the farmers would have suffered. if there had been no co-operative dairie where there are a fex proprictary. sidns a laree number of copperative dairies, the former are practically foreed to kerp their milk price at least up to
the level of the latter's However, it the level of the latter's. Ho least up the is interesting to note the following esti-
mate of the pecuniary superiority of the
"In the Chantes antd Poiton, the es has raised the price of milk by thrue-fith of a cent per litre above that previously paid by the proprictary dairies: On each cow per year, the average yield being in this distriet, one thousand nine hundred
litres, the total increase of returns amounts "Ireitron,
ments, the members of the co-operative dairy, receive back the by-productsskim milk and butter milk for feeding
purposes. Whether thrse are returned purposes. Whet her thirse are returned
free or sold at a fixed price, the supply. ing fa "Finally, and this sums up the other nected unity of the farmer's work. Along with other forms of co-operative societirs, the dairy frms a centre about which the small farmer can systematize and co-ordinate his farming and makes a
channel through which improvements channel through
can be reached."

## LANDS SOLD WELL

The greatest sale of school lands in the history of the West, which closed last ocek at Medicine Hat, shows the faith
the people of southeastern Alberta have in their scil, for by far the greater par of their 76,000 actes which were sold was bought by farmers who have been settled for several years on the homesteads. etc., in the vicinity of the school land shich they bought. The prices range much higher than was expected,
although the a verage was 813.22 per acre many outlying sections were bought by ranchers for graxing purposes at the upset price of 87 an acre. Eliminate the land located forty and fifty miles from existing or prospective railroad
and the price would be considered some thing remarkable averaging in the some thing remarkable, averaging in the neigh
borhoed of from 825 to 830 an acre. The parcels along the Crow's Nest railway and out through the area which is being put under irrigation by the Souther
Alberta Land Company appeared most in demand and the bidding on them wa lirely, some of the land being run up to 830 an acre. A large number of the C. P. R. main line also brought unusually high prices. The Southern Al berta Land Company were the heaviest
purchasers, picking up 16,000 acres at the close of the sale.

Gifford Pinchot still upholds the
Pinchot dignity by doing the best he Pinchot dignity by doing the best he
can in aiding conservation plans as a pri-

Protection: The Curse of Canada
Thisid Atidid)
By A A Seremon
-The System of Protection which is maintained by the Government, tat is to say by levying tribute upon the people, not for the legitimate expenses of the government; but for the private and privileged classes, should be condemned without qualification."- Sir Wilfrid Llaurier.
 Hist on to
 the carcel of a nation when it simply cannot afford the lusury of a grrat velume of manufarturing industries, The theory a community can find the most profitalle population in this direction. But Canads is today able to utilize all the poprulation and eapital which comes to her doors in ler natural development, inelueding.
of cours., the various enterprises consofted with it, like lambering and nailway construction. But the more important question is whether. granting that inCanada at our present stape, it is adriable from a morial and national point of virw: system are deplorably visibile in the great eities of Britain and the Tsited states and ne one whe has any acquaintance with
them, would desire to wee thrm reprated in Canada. Hut me are on the high-raad to faithfully reproduce them and already is our eastern manyforturing eities ther ate ominous signs of the peoter class of districts inhisititi lay which the factory wostem creates Protection is really a policy of state socialism and it should be carried to its
lopical conduation. If the state by its action persists in guarantecing a certain proft to the manufacturers, it should cise a certain eontrol over their policy and methots. The monst dangers of and it is a manifest futy to guard against
them in Canada. The authorities should them is Canada. The authoritics should
say to the manufacturet: "Mr. Manufacturet, we are providing you mith certain impose certain conditions. Yotu will pay your employees a eertain rate of wages
and fix certain hours of labor. You must not build your factory in the eentre of a crowded city where your friends have reas estate to sell, river with water pewer where cheap land is available. You must not crowd your buicaigs Also, you must provide a sufficient space that each cottage surrounded by a garden and live clean, healthy surroundings. *ill be shorn of most of its blacker traits. We have sen a continuous effort to attinct manufactures to the city of Winnipeg
by bringing cheap power from the Winnipeg River, and every real estate agent prospective factories. The real prolicy of a sane community would be to ordain that each manufacturing concern should
buy one hundred acres in the vicinity of the Winnipeg River even though the price of real estate in Winnipeg dropped in that district could be guarded against Byt, instead of such a policy, not vestige of control exists and we are pro-
creding in the attempt to scatter fac tories at intervals in our most congested fistricts where the high rents make under the poorest of conditions. Protection is the twin sister of socialism and lian labor party is proving this to the morld. Somilar developments will ensue mand a fixed and definite share in suffrages of the electors, enables capital socialism, pure and simple. And indivi ualism must cease to be an effective
creed in a country which persistently pursues a protective policy.
What we are proud of our manufactures and take great credit in them as nation. These manufactures are not

Cow ophata der ta s. If manufarturrs are a nervosity to the gational life let thrm be a national insti. like the Poat Ous as a state departmernt
like pirsent tarift system, as for as the state is conerrned. it a seme of "lleade you win, tails I munity which indestry farks the com. estabiohment loses, hut if it is prosperous. fis. My contention is that the stifte sipht as well secure the profis for it wif
as for a few selfish individuals. A country which reptessed its industrial system and devoted the bulk of its energes to Agriculture, would, in the march of time than a rival which pursurd as hralthier policy. It would probalily be superior in the morals, physique and intellierner of its people; it might not contain the same quantity of people; but their higher quality vould amply compensate. and guality counts more than quastity in a suation's history breause quality means
sooner of later the presence of great men By all mean the as entivate ant By all means let se cultivate and foster
such industrirs as are suitalle to the coustry. Such induatries as tomaing miat
parting the iry. Such induatries as tanning, mrat others, ought to obtain a firm foethold in Canads and deverve evety encourame:
ment. Hut we should erae to antopifire manufactures of pearl buttons and pepper. which. The truth is that the industries Which are haturally suitable to the country *ill flourish of their own secord, even snder Free Trade, but sueh as are totally
artificial even under the strictest protection can ouly enjoy a transient phos
perty. Iat us toos lake an ample adperty. Let us tos, take an ample ad
vantage of the ptraence of water vantage of the presence
power in large guantities
power in large quantities in the
country. Electreity manufortumd the country. Electritity manufartured from
*ater power is olviously destined to play a large part is the industrial life of the future and its possibilities in the Dominion ought to secure for us the same advan-
tages as the existence of vast coal arra tages as the existence of vast coal area earlier date. The manufacture of pape for this country; it must always pay to Trade in paper with the Vnited. Stater sould see the establishment of enormous paper industrics all over Canada, and it
would pay the country to saerifice some would pay the country to sacrifice some of our hot-house manufactures on the alter of reciprocity with our southern
neighbor towards this end. The milling neighbor towards this end. The milliag
industry toos, is almost in a similar posiinaustry too, is almost in a similar posi-
tion. The real situation is that we ardeliberately stunting the development of our great natulral industries for the benefit
of others which are abrolut ly unnatural. England was only able to establish her industries with the aid of capital accumulated by the landed interests, and the
United states borrowed vast sums from United states borrowed vast sums from
the savings of England's land owners ${ }^{\text {to }}$ assist in her development, where befofe we have really begun our agrito divert an enormous proportion of the capital which ought to be destined for
it to foter the growth of an industrial it, to foree the growth of an industrial
system, and the procrss iva pliere of nationsystem, and the process is a pliece of nation-
al folly. It is the height of absurdity for us to waste our capital and energien has to be brought from distant lands, and some of our prime errors in this
direction will be discussed in the nest

GRAIN MAN HELD H. R. Lyon, of Minneapolis, head of the Lyon Elevator Company, and inter-
ested in several other corporations, was detained in New York Tuesday on a charge of smuggling two pearl neckLyon is one of the best known grain men
in Minneapolis.


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## 

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manitoba gypsum co. LTD., Winnipeg, Man.

Page It"

Western Agricultural Problems

## while our expertation of going is the Favers Manufartarers

I rlaim that the intervat af this prewnt coversment is pariir ylany hove shoses how the esportation of farm produrti is geisg dows from year to yeat, but sten we onk at the expmetation of ise manufar to yeat. Is ineo, sibittelone morth Ithe manufartured goade were exporteel from Canada, in Ine3, \$61,1b1,000 and in 1909, ete astang, showisk a eradua acreser all the time. If the grrat es pansion of our country owe fating wh thould not this great expansious eat up and take the surplas manisfartured goeds. that $=$ er are produring in this ewuntry claim that this is a very wriestes stal A affairs.

## Canads on the Cheap

Franee spends 80, toe,000 earh yest in the interest of agriculture; Australia 39, 270,000 ; Hunkary, $83,400,000$ nited states, $810,000,000$; Hussia, ses. 60.000; Japam, 83,7s0,000, and all proe is a paltry 8557,000 a year. Fraber hat It esperimental farma, Giermany has ko. Australia 61, the Enited States 60. Russis has 101, and Canada has 6 of 7 I hold that in an agricultural country like this, the agrieulture department
should the one of the greatest spending should be one of the greatest spending
departments of the government and itefforts to promote the welfare of the agriculturisto of the country and to extend our trade. Now. I ask the minister
of agriculture to give me his sperial of agriculture to give me his sperial ottention, while fofer to the question him that there is only one experimental farm in the whole province of Manitohs. and that is sitnated at Brandun, so that in order that the farmers of that provisce may obtais the object lessons in sejentifie farming which the winister has referred ta, they have to travel long distances to
Brandon, and lose a greal deal of their valuable time. It may be said that to the majority of the farmers of Manitoba the experimental farm at Brandon is weles. I trust the minister will see his May to establish other

## Western Combines

Bet me for a moment direct the atten. xisting in Western Canada. In the lit! town of Mowhray, in 1908, the elevators handled ever see,0e0 beshels of whrat but last spring a spur railway was buil elevator erected there, with the result that last year instead of handling 300,000 bethels on the Canstian side thete wrem anly 100,000 bushels handled, while the United States elevator handled 300,000 bushels. Our farmers took thrir grain
seross the line and shipped it in bond baek into Canada to the lake ports, and by pursuing this course they received from 13 to 14 cents per bushel more for their grain than had they dealt in Canada. also that. whereas, in the province of Manitoba, along the boundary line the land is worth only $* t 0$ or 825 and in some cases 830 an acre; right across on the American side on account of the better treatment which is accorded the farmers 840 to 850 an acte.
Then, with regard to the beef industry I might remind the minister that he has been asked many times to investigate
the beef industry of the Inited States. the beef industry of the Inited States,
Australia and the Argentine Republic. Australia and the Argentine Republic.
but he has always refused or neglected to do so. I represent a mised farming community and last year we shipped I know numbers of farmers in my constituency who always in the past have kept from fifty to seventy-five and one hundred head of cattie, but these men are selling
out their herds and going out of business because the combines are robbing them of every dollar they should make. It goes without saying that the farmers must keep stock in order in arder to keep up the
standard of their land, and if the cattle
 of rattle ahipped to the caty of Wismiper last yar and all the farmors wuld at
frome the beet rembiner is that rit) ase an wiverare of $\$ 176 \mathrm{pr}$ t humalred
 price for nimiar sathe is thers mivel ho wher vowh a rubditions riite. In 190
 of the fiar trate is isto the condition. found that en, rach least the farme eained is that coustry he luat \&s we, that the retail dealere made as averoye profit
of sis.ag, and the ahatteir mes is other surdo the gmot berf rombine is Winniper made 8 esi 16 per hrad. The publie
 of ote pert hesed to the shatteir osserts. or the foef combine ib Manitoba. The Meat Combine
 of the produrvers, hetwers si 000.000 and \$t.000,009 pope than they should hav. dune 1. if $=$ ny $=0$ niter that the pren dureri are quittina! The combine simply driving them out of businers The drover, from North Dakota come arruas to Manitoha and buy cattir and
drive them arfoss the liner and pay duty. drive them arfose the lise and pay daty.
whirb I think is' is per cent. Altierti is the finest country in the world for predaring leef and pork, but the combine is driving the producer out of Alberta Ms. Paddy Hurns, the beef king of the
country, says that in five yrars Allierta will be importing beef and pork, berause the producers there will not be raving enough to supply the demand I would like to read to you what the Eilmoseton

##  it it stiviotaly coustiad to the propenty the provery oor io towe som cosetry, th.



 price of sut-thy, beet for the thit triverar. on foot, hroully \& paying propopition to the tork thert, The foture verwer woid bot se th


 Thit can aoly be obltated by celd tornee ond




 and lempl, fliree-yeateds of revering attention ot threr
 Wres of 5 cepts and over, they repterent:

 the wrolueet, bot will aleo be foont circelating

The Chilled Meat Trade
This is the condition in Alberta and the same conditions prevail in Saskatchewan, and I am told they are almost as bad in
Eastern Cafiada. Now the Manitoba Eastern Cafada. Now the Manitoba
government has offered $* 50$ nop towards the establishment of a public toward in the city of Winnipeg, and while this is in the right direction. I claim that it does not go far enough. What we want m Manitoba is something to relieve the conditions in the whole province
and not merely for the city of Winniper and not merely for the city of Winnipeg
While we recognize the importance the gity of Winnipeg. it is not of very much importance when it comes to the producing of wheat, therefore, what we want is something broader, something that will
relieve the situation throushout the whole relieve the situation throughout the whole
province of Manitoba. The government of Alberta is also talking of going into the abattoir business and there is no doubt but that in the course of time the province
of Saskatchewan will have to follow in of Saskatchewan will have to follow in
the same direction, because, as I have said, it will be imposible to keep up the Canada if we do not keep stock on the
land. I think each province should only control the abattoirs of that province. only control the abathoirs of thal

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## Organizing Southern Alberta

Mr. Tregillus, Vied-president C'F.A.- together with his son and Mr. Surift, tell the fatrmers of the Elerator Graft and the Benefits of Co-operation
 and seme imppraions that aver received during the time that or werv therv, migh interest the madere of The Guibe
We sere billed to sprak at Cowley We erre She Isth of Say, and is ofiler to he Thert at the time arranged. ise, ov had to
leave Calgary the previous afternoen. leave Calgary the previous afternown.
stay evernight at Marleod, and leave by the 3 eidark a. m. train of that day morning in looking over the surrounding ountry, visited the pure beed stork farm
of Mr. Marhis, who was alile to dem onstrate to us thr posesibilities of dairyine. as well as erain krowing in Cowley dis:
trict. His beautiful herd of Heloterins ahowed from thrir condition and aell developed uddere unmiatakalle evidenee I understand that Mr. Drury and oflorn have discovered that agricultural eon ditions sad unequalled markets in the Crow's Nest offer opportunities not to be
disregarded is this direction. Our meeting is the sfternown was held in the Parish Hall, adjoining the church
and was well attended. Mr. Buchanas. sho is prosident of the union, cecupied the chair After the serretary, Mr. Kemmis. had read the minutes of the pervions. meeting, and matters of business which
wete ptesising. dealt with. I wws avkrd to speak and was followed by Mr. Swift and Mr. John Herrun, M. The meeting was then thrown open for discussion
and those who came to talk had an equally good opportunity to learn. Those taking part showed a grasp of the quesfions discussed that must have been help. ful to everyohe, and such meetings must
be profitable. The elevator question so forcibly presented by $\mathrm{Mr}_{r}$. Swift was lution passed, which will appear in the sectetary's report. In the course of thy remaks I pointed out how little had been done by the House of Commons at Otta wa during the past session for agriculture
that while millions for railways, million for canals, millions for war, millions for thousands had bgen given to agriculture and its advancement notwithstanding the difficulty there is at the present time tor agriculture to krep pace with the demands made upon it and also the fact that the Co-operative Bulls had berel killed from lack of support by those who should John Herron, M. P., explained that he was occupied on committe work when
this matter was before the Hotise and had no opportunity' of becoming fully acquainted with it. He also told us that many measures were brought in and filed, with the express purpose of
keeping others out. The promoters had no intention whatever of bromging them no intention whatever of bringing them glad to see the farmers taking surh an interest direct in legislation affecting their own interests and assured the meet ing that as a farmer, he would take an active interest in any matter that wa
brought to his notice, as necrasary to their welfare and hofed the farmers in the constituency would keep him well poited After the meeting we remained in Cowley till the late train to Pincher. and then by bus to Fincher Creek. Being dark we could not see the trail, but had *ould be a great improvement, although it was a decided help to a sluggish livet We remained in Pincher Creek and were letched the next day by Mr. T. D. Mansfield and driven to Fishburn, some sixteen miles, and the town hall was fairly well filled with an inteligent and interested
gathering of farmers, who recognize gathering of farmers, who recognye
the importance of organization and operation and are thoroughly in earnest
about it. Mr. W. Marcellus occupied the chair and the meeting was brought to meeting at Tous soon, but we had another meeting at Twin Butes that night and a not to mention the of some twenty miles, ment was needed to keep up steam.

Wr anived at Trien Huttor athat riatr ohe drove ws to Mr. Chas. II. Harvey. faithol tram of terrels. It wat a fevely dive right up to the fowit of ther H.okie. and a mal trat to eet through surh magnifiernt coustry ander sail favaralde cubditions Mr. Smift osen afraid $=$ dhould br driven right into the mesuntaise but Mr. Marvey managrd to doder them
ned landed as saloly. W. Wad drixes nomerthing like farty ailes and lipld a merting as arll, betwern itse $\mathrm{a}^{\text {nd }}$ : s'clerk
We wrw mast hoppitably entertained by $\mathrm{Mr}_{\text {r }}$ and Mrs. Hillyear, and they crer tainly had as upportanity of eving men
is earment. Wr did gowd juotier to thr goud things provided and oith a ferling of prace and fooed will to all men erem. pairrd to the whhelhosur. where or found sistern farmers from the sparsely evtled district waiting
etarted the merting at
started the merting at oner. Mr. E. J Hillyear brine asked to proside I was
the first speaker and as Mr Ssifi ens The first syeaker and as Mr, Swift wae
suffering frome a cold and wiot throal ee put on our reserve man, and my won had his first chaner to address of farmers' meetine. At the clowe of the speaking and diecusion the moat Kouth-Ecaterly anion of Alierta was eatallished and with
the rnthusisem manifested it is inf The enthasisum manifested, it is sofe ${ }^{60}$ prediet a brieht future of usefulness firth was a little later that sume of the more fortunate aners. After a most enjoyalle and refreshing
nieht's reat (Mr. Ilarvey and Mr. Swift tring entertained by Mr. E. Hillyear. my own and I at Mr. E. S, Hiltyear's we started for our nest appointmornt
which was at "Robert Kert" and we ar Which was at Robert Kerr and we ar-
rived there at noon, Mr. Harvey still driving us. We found Mr. Prarvon at his gate, which was wide open, waiting for us, and Mrs. Pearson quite perparred for us. We were impressed with her kind thoughtfulness.
We learned here that although our
triend Mr. Suift had found a rrmarkably fine appetite on the way, he had entire ly loot his voice and we were rathrre. larmed, as there were two meetings ahead of us that day. I explained to Mrs. Pearwon the position, which was rather intercsting. Mr. Swift is from the Emerald Isle and throwigh the loss of his
voice could not speak Irish, and Mrs. Foice could not speak irish, and Mrs Pot speak much English. But when shr appreciated the situation she did all that ooman could do, to relieve our friend. and it was pathetic to watch this kind hearted lady, nursing bark to health
 his appetite his viier was restored and thanks to Mrs. Pearson he was able to nddress the meeting at "Robert Kerr" his last dose consisted of two raw eges and that did the trick. we mort grateluily acknowledge the kindness that wrought After the meeting at Robert Ker (presided over by Mr. Hescont) Mr Marcellss who had driven over from Fishburn to fetch us, drove us to Brocket where we were to have been met by Mr Glass of Sammer View at six oelock but so fleet of foot were Mr. Marcellus
tram that we were there hefore Mr Glass, who arrived a few minutes later, he then put on such grood speed that *. were at his home in Kummer View by
eight oclock. Mrs. and Miss Glass now touk us in hand and after reprating Mrs. Pearson's preseription for Brother
Gwift, who had akain herome " spaarhles: swift, who had again become spaachlest
we repaired to the shool house where found an audience, consisting mainly of young men, who from their deep in terest and earnest questions where evi-
dently determined to know all we could dently determined to know all we could
tell them ahout the advantages of or kanization and co-operation and to know what has been done on the elevator and other questions. We were the guest next morning our host drove us to Pincher Creek. We all came away with pleasant memorins of summer View, the happy home of a prosperous agriculturalist. Continsed on pege 23

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RE TERMINALS
Vilitar Geras:-Mr. Castle's report on the terminal elevator isvestigation shows
a very serious state of grain manipulation a very werious atate of crain manipulato of the three Westers provisees. Ne wonthe highest price on the British market shen the atuff shipped there as Manitolia Hard has from one and one-half to three per eent. diet and frosted grain, wild oats, ete., is it. We farmers, too, know to our bitter cost what grade we wot if se ship, this sort of stuff and Mr. IVorn erades it. If we get a No. 3 we afe for-
tunate. More likely a No. 4 is what we would get.
But there is another virw of this that the asworiation must look inte and probe to the bottom. Kome fiveyrah apo,
Mr. Horn geve an addros at the Girain Mr. Horn geve an address at the Grain
Growers' Convention at Irandon on Growers' Convention at Brandon on
the gradingsystem, mand sid most poitive: the grading system, and sid most positive.
ly that lhe considered that the prevent Iy that he considered that the prowent
grading system, under him, was about as near perfection as haman ingenuity the statement publicly. Now the graving at Winnipeg. when it is farmers" wheat, is done thoroughly enough. That gar own poeket books show. The grading at Port Arthur and Fort William is also Ilow is it that farmers' wheat at Winnipeg is graded under a mieroseope, but according to Mr. Castle's report it must be done in the dark, or by blind men at the terminals. Perhaps the old saying applies
at the Fort William end, that there are at the Fort William end, that there are none so blind as those who do not to see. Mr. Ilorn said most ponitively and Mr . Castle has also made this statement both publicly and privately.
Mr. John Millar, ehairman of the Royal Grain Commission, and a general champion of the grain trade, has made this statement, and in stme of the letters Mr. MeKenzie and others, he was offering Mr. Mekenzie and others, he was offering
to bet all kinds of money that he,would pay if it could be proven that the grain Was ta mpered with in transit, after leaving Winaipeg. Ile used to point to the condusive fact to him that there was no complaints as to Mr. Horn's grading
and that the bayers on the ot her side were getting all they paid for. Perpaps migity poor article and paying a poor migity poor artide and pall, value, for
price, though no doubt fore
what they were getting. Now the statewhat they were getting. Now the state-
ment has been made at hundreds of Grain ment has been made at hundireds of Grain
Growers meetings for the last three years, that the wheat that went to Livervalue that it should be, and now comes Mr. Castle's report that proves this statement. Now it is up to the executive of the association to watch earefully Mr. Castle's action in this matter, and
see if these sharpers at the terminal elesee if these sharpers at the terminal ele-
vators who have succeeded in giving our grand Western wheat a black eye, in the Liverpool market, and have depreciated the price of all our grain by so doing. Who have stolen by these actions
of.mixing and have now been caught in the act, will be prosecuted by Mr. Castie of if he will compromise with them as has of the line elevators when cases have been of the line elevators when cases have sery
brought before him and he has simply
ordered them to return part of the plunder ordered them to return part of the plunder to the farmer and let the matter drop.
The farmers of the West have lost on The farmers of the West have lost on
grades through the terminal mixing sysgrades through the terminal mixing sys-
tem, over $\$ 1,000,000$ this season alone.

Stteen years is a stagiverer-more than elevators at Vort William and Port Arthar pay all expeners, and pay the board bill
 of thrir life. II sote is the mport that it is experted that there witt tir great difi culty in sustaining these eharkes That not to he canght again. Now, this matter
 drpartment tefore, and I am told that the deputy inspector has suspended men in one of these elevators previously for this mixing lusinhss. He just laid him off for a day and his pay went on no doubt as before. A very severe atop the practice. However, let the atop the practice. However, let the he hasels out justice in proportion to the
magnitude of the offence. The cancelling magnitude of the offence. The cancelling
of the liernse is not enowah, as thrir legal of the lieenae is not enowgh, as thrir legal
Iriends will easily get around that little riends will easily get around that little matter. Punish the managers, and fine, and if possible impriwen them and see that
they be not allowed to work this game in the same or another elevator for the rest of thrir lives. In fact, expel them from the grain business. Anyway it
vill be good evdence to put up to Mesurs. Sill be good evdence to put up to Mesars. Laurier, Graham and Fielding when they
make their summer trip to the Wrat thake their summer trip to the West
of the elevatort cuat less as they would aot have to buy a clowed terminal elevator
there bring lota of atonage is the There lerise lots of storage is thit running ones, and wif the Cobvolidated
ond the Empier out of (Gwiness there will Wed that Emany lese elevptons for the goverb.

Just is this consection' I note by the mewipapers that there are from three to four country elevators is weok burning right alosez How is it that Tus Gecise fors not mestion it. Thry know it thry have the grain trade journals on file
stranger that there ohould be on many Stranger that there ohould be so many
lise elevators Gurning fast now that line elevatort burning, fast now that
goverament emership is loing talkrd unt and that mont of the erain is out. It sould lo of istervat to make a note of which eompanirs are loning. theor
elevators or if they are confined to two elevators or if they are confined to two
 is the asual frawo-o hot bex. And in a hot bex, perhaps these fires are transmitted by wireless.
W. KNOWLFz

Emerwon, April 30, 1910.

THE GOLDEN RLLE
Vilitor Gerber-I may say I value your papet very much, and the articles that appear in it are of the ut moat importance to every farmer. The market re ports are very valuabice, You are working the "Golden Rule" wntten in men" hearts, what a different world this would be;

JOHN TEMPLETON

## WHO PAYS THE TARIFF.

Editor, Getbe:-I am of opinion that the proteetive taritt is simply a process of berling the consumer to fatten the It destroys
ompels the feer competition and thu a hifther price for an inferior article. It is urged as an argument in support
of protection that the forrigner pays the of protection that the forrigner pays the
tariff; yet we find that the linder which couts 8160 here in the wrot can be pur chased for \$105 in England. This


Laurier and Parrish both Investigating.
a difteresoce of 353 is farer of the impor. There is a protective tarift of so per cont, the moullai. This is a country weral maths in the jear. Whe pay voolless. Who gets the eatos sear the ois the dellar? ${ }^{5}$ The the eatra seatarturens. Kome people talk slibly shout, pat piatiom is casbection with this matter. but surrly it is mote patriotic to buy cave the amouut of the tarift fill in that the forminiue elcheguet tarif will goint What about home
tome induotrite candint masintris. if position without putting a tas on the jeople they ought to go out of business thing eloe to is stung to mis toy some thing cluc. if is wrong to tas the many to support the fey. "The zreater gool
of the greater numier" sught to prevall as it is suppesed to do in this denecratic coustry. If ether countries can supply us with ot her commodities cheaper than we can make them ourselves, let us turn to the prouduction of whatever aature has drecred that se can produce free exrhange of the commedities earl can produce in the grvatest alundanee: This seems to mie the natural taw of production and distribution. To say that an industry needs to be nursed and npoonfed by means of tariff, and artiGicial interference with the ngtural laws of supply and demand is prima facie existence. existence.
fiver. Work. I live on the banks of a able nraret a time no lumber was obtaina log to the required dimensions. That of course meant work, but I did not consider work thrown a sawn loghave thrown a sawn log-that had flopted
down the stram-lack into the riset because it robbed me of the work of hewing one for myself out of the round log. This illastration is from Bastiat, though I have given it'something of local setting.
Yours for
Yours for Unity and Progress,

## CHOOSING FARMERS

 CANDIDATE.Editor, Gembe:-As you are aware uency have had a general convention and chosen a candidate to contest this riding at the fortheoming election. Might here I may say that this man, Mr. Patterson, will more than probably be elected
by acclamation. As soon as the choice by acclamation. As soon as the choice
of the convention was known it was of the convention was known it was
allowed by some of the best posted allowed by some of the ben both in town and country, that he was an easy winner, no matter what opposition.
Farmers who before had been active fully pledged or active Liberals gracethe choice of the convention. Mr. Pat terson would make a good run under man personally. He is a man with good character and reputation, has lived is or 30 years in this district and is well known. You can readily see, with the farmers joining hands and standing solid, that he will be our rep
the folly of opposing him.
I will tell you how we went about it to accomplish what we have done. mers. At this meeting we decided upon a system which we believed (and which proved to give satisfaction to the people of every portion of the constituency representation at a convention.
The motion dealing with this reads:10 votes, or portion thereof, throughou the country and every 20 votes, or por tion the
is the may say, where is the fairness here? present who said they thought it was fair and the town people would be satisfied cussion, some holding that the town should be given the same representation as the argument that some of the country dele gates lived 25 and 30 miles away. They said there were many things to preven country, delegates being present, such
as unfavorable weather, bad roads, or
being buev verlige. Nte. While on the wher hand they held that the town deleAfro minuter enkik and sould ali to prowent they many town at country diflegate: preves under this ecculation. If turred
out alright, any how, as the tow did of sioh to send any delegetes. I mizht add ptersent.
Tit arcordanee with merulations wr ap pinted coaveners for each polling di-
indios. ints of voters, and thew mertings appeint-
 not instruted to sapport any partiess: to mee their judement is voting
best man up tofore the convention.
The constituency ons all repperented at the convestion erept the town of
Madeod. Our town convener called hiv meeting, but very lee wout in an appest sot widite tifrent rearons for this aetion. Soree said se vere premmature, otbrry. thing. Some forket sill alowe it, and etme were too busy. Ep to the time of oer
town mereting any man had elane to sin the gumitation who coule the far. mers interests fair attention. He nieht be a lawyer, a merchant of farmer. After being ignored by the citizrns of the town and by beth parties ae deciled to prick a man ko mong oans We did run hime as an Independent. We did his and did it in such a manner the Macleod, Alta.

## real market place

Editor Getis:-Please find enclosed wo dollars on account year it like the paper so much that ( fannot be without
It in my home, as it tells me how the prives It in my home, as it tells me how the prives.
of everything are going, and it is so help. fol to the farmer. It is a paper all the farmers should have, and f would ink and make a strong company, in that way
we could soon have things the way we wanted them. A sUBSCRIBER.

## tarify suggestion

Elitor Gerds:-1 see in Tus Getbe of concerning protective tariff and taxing idfe land. In regard to taxing ifle land.
t think that would be a propere move for if it was taxed double the amount of
an inhalited parcel then the owner would an inhabited parcel then the owner mould
not be doing as mueh to building up the nountry as the one living on the land. solators so that they help towards improv. ing the country.
A think the protection the tarif gives, I think it a menare to our country and a curse to our land. On page 14 of May
4 th iesue of The Gempr, R . Nourse, of Stetter, Alta., gave me an idea althengh he has made one mistake, when he sidf he has made one mistake, when he sid
that in the States they brought out tot
tariff every five years. It is every fouir tarift every five years. It is every fowir
years. He has the time between elections there and here mixed. Otherwive ${ }^{1}$
sarree with him and he gave me this ides. agroe with him and he are me this itea;
In order to curtail this protective tarif a little I think it would be a good plan the line and pay the duty on them.
That would go to our government and not to the manufacturers to make vast
fortunes for themselves. The more we fortunes for themselves. The more we
patronize the home manufacturers the tighter we draw the bonds of slavery
around ourselves. I have often heard but I think that a poodly number of the
farmers have been burned so often that being burned again does not elicit aniy pain, and, therefore, they are not a ware
of the injury they are doing themsles and their countrymen, by patronizing dut is all right, but when it becomes a pro-
tective tariff it is all wrong. As long as it is a duty it goes to our government,
but when it becomes a protection it poes
into the hands of the manufacturers into the hands of the manufacturers
as cosa gain above ateaconable profit
and living, for they can manufacture grods and
as cheaply, for they can manufacture goods
as an the other side of
the international boundary, for over there
therif proluets to Consits and are maling I would lito to twad the arwerrs en this vabiect tor if of all tho vital impertaser-omer that it is onere of Astoille, Mas. I. W. E. KEEYER
demands direct legislation
Editor Gribs:-Would you Lindly Tur Go space to say how marli 1 repoy tater frome coure to cores. Evers the Ther mpporto is to me afrelb crery time
 Departarnt. Tirere are always wier cond wemetins

## 

 eppod to it Eyry one condems. the to ent all to serer on crey print Bot a mesure of Dierect Levislation pawed on the statute books, $=e$ could have it
We muat have a foll meacure, inerlutios. He muat have a foll measure, ineluching fo nothing unreavanalle is this drmand The members of the different locidatur: ond commons, thould in foct, and not only
in theory, be eur servants. Wha ran trawnally deny the rieght of employer. to replace an emplogee who delilorsted acts is opposition to the will of lis em.
ploger. The Hecall is a very eflective
oppose crevy thing foveralle to the peopla
and topport lisartily every

 droming the perperakers. We cent do it oaly, bot ibropled and truthen sot so for as I any. perwhelly ouncrardis. foture 1 seill aly vote for the candilote elither
 lation. I vould like to ser Dive question kret to the frost until it be an acrose
Minitemas, Man
T. IL STEVENSON.

MR, OLIVERS ATTITIDE
 Frank Oliver is melerener to the chailiod
meat indastry is lard to undertand, at least by me, as a Wotern man oho has.
aloays vished to vive him hio then
 Yrank is rally in carnet =hes he replies vith werk tesidele, ois surh an important nitter se that of the chilled neat export
of the Wentern proviarg No man is of the Western proviace. No man is in a Duer position than the Hen Frank
to know the troe trawe a hy thr to know the true tases oliy thr live
stock induatry is in the prewnt cundition Ile is a seoters man and has run a raper for many yrars in E.dtwonton, printing in that pater wrelly the mariket price sidered the loasl martet prics for stork the ourat advertiorment lor ure proviere that his pager conhined. When hr done almost anjthing to improve the

## INJUSTICE WAS UNINTENTIONAL

In our isuue of May IIth, an injustiee was inadvertently done o the manufacturers of cream separators by allowing the publication of a letter which held up to sharp contrast the various makes of epparators. Discussions on the cream s-parator problem are allowable in Tus Guios, but not by parming the various makes and showing their strong points or defects. Cream separators, like all other machines, vary in structure and cost, and cach may be worth the price asked. It all depends upon what the farmer needs. Cream separators come into Canada free of duty and the fact that some separators sell for higher prices than others and contimue to sell is evidence that farmers feel they are getting value for their money If the particular sepparator whose merits were so well set forth by that could be done to the manufacturer would be to induce him to advertise it in TuE Guide:
means =hereloy to insint that the will of
the people be reopected. It is full time for s change. As things have bern mas aged litherto, no one, Ithink, san truth Thlly say that the members either in the
Dominion of lowal houses have represented Dominion of local houses have reprevented the people. They are nominally our ser-
vants. very fairly remunerated, for
 what Acsetring up, curtpifntions with the object of crrating a few millionnim: the the expense and ever-grinding thil of the many. It apperart to, me as ervat to pay a lot of servants who will give little fired to the wishes of therir employers. and if at all, on quite different lines $t$ What is required, as nitnest, our owal the time comes some at least of thoor
who seld their constituents will apain nnllushingly seek a re-tiring and hope the farimers sill se to it that no further opportunity be given the $m$ to misteprewnt
is again. We have allowed ourradver to be hoodxinked too long and only When we cast aside party an wuch and elect
the best candidate dininalle under a pledge to ue every endeavor to place on Iegisation, not omitting the to usmeasures adopted for the lasting good
of the country. In my humble judgment this is the most important measure ty
be contidered. Give us that, and every thing we really need we can command
No honest candidate who really intend any valid objection to giving the qledge. and if he fails to act the time wuild come
*hen he could be retired. Nither Liberal or Conservative spelis real progres.
There is really no distinction. Both
market for the frame of
berter prives at that time would hay Nont more subacriptions to his papen of feeling for the farmers he had sovec for he was then a part of the settlement and felt the pincling of the boots some times like the rost of us. Noot times have ehanged, and the plain Yrank is no longer he dors not think does not feel the same afraid that he is but little of the $\begin{aligned} & \text { an }\end{aligned}$ Sorry Iam to have to make oubsto the same for Yrank once had my confidencer and thall again, providing I find him true t hisp principles, a square deal for all.
Hot Frank reminds me of a wealthy a visit to a very pote fanty who paid
 fire. shereing is thens arem withon "I must send them some cral. her maid, mind me after lanch.". After lunch was over. the maid said, "Madam. what Brown:" The old lady, by this time had treome very warm and comfortabile hernelf so her felings for the other poor maid was, "Well, it is mucl to the Just we with $F$ rank. $H$ - is in a better position to-day, and be feels very little Now, the Hon Yrank knowx right well west is growing less year hy year is of the by the lact that unprotialile prices have
born paid for the paet five yara. He bren paid for the past five years- He
aloo knows right well that if a profitalif market \#as proviled and assured to the farmorn, the stork mould be forthcoming.
He knows right well the temper of the

FARM FOR SALE
3100 h 9 miles irum Granarisestor 4000 buathole. Choict Best of seel
Prieg sso oo yer asers so.000 Cash notrost
S. L. FRUSER, CLARESHOLM, ALTA.


The shore hantifol Self.Adjestabie Ladies



## The Co-operative Jewelry Co.

farmert of the weat has been stoused and that they are determined not to eon-
tinue in an unprofitalife business longer 1 know that as goon as one ventures t time word on this subjeet at the presen sent prices?" Yes, what about them? Are tliey not famine prices, brought alout by whom? The men who have been robling the farmers of the west for the last ten years, and only the ether day one of them in our city whe complaining before a customer that the farmers ar outrageous prices for his produre. But I think the consumers are wise enougl to see throuph them. Is it not a faet that prices for bacon is our cities to-day are about the same as thrce years ago when the farmers recrived $i$ to $s$ eents lea
for his hogs. I was offered $31 / 4$ eents for hoge when harni was ofling at Eatmonto it from 18 to 23 cents. This is a proel of the way in which farmers were robbed at that time. The result of the unpro fitable prices paid then is now upon the heads of the guilty ones. But that is
not the worst of it. The province hat almoat loot what should have been to-day one of its beat industries, and until the assurance is given the farmers that an outlet is provided for the prodace the situation will not improve. The provine never contained as many progressive
farmers as it does to-day. They are ask farmers as it doentorday legey legature for things they expert to get. They will soon ask our M.P.P.'s to serve them, not boos them. They are going to ask for governments to trust them, not grind them. Our farmers are not prepared and submit to fines that cannot le cot lected legally,
Will not the Hon. Frank return to hi own waysand support the people, and work for the true interests of the West? H The goods will be ready if the markete The goods will be ready if the marketa
are provided and means of tranaporta-
tione. Nething cuald do more for our the providiang of the elifled merat espart trast. Nearly, sill havis sent op Otaws for an wrocon, oop nay, but shat an industry for the wrot that vill makk all Cansde prosperoses, all hands are down.
 that ohre the coll to arme cumer it sill stroug beoty of satisfed fermert at their bark, ohe sill have an intervet in the Dominion that it sorth proterting, Thres will we wddle eur harker and give
servies and ste shall not lose he in deneve. But if the indestries of the Domine: ton are aralected to providy armies and saviee what vill he left to be protected. And the Hon. Friak math knov that the semaer *N, av a Dominiun become the purthawn than the borvowers of lareveums. the tetter it vill be for the Dominion at later. I do hope thr Hon. Wrank Stratheons, Ats. RICE SHEPPARD manitoba elevator commis. Editor, Getios-It is gratifying know that the Elevator Commisuion is at
leat appeinted and to know that the government has complimented the Elevator Committer to the estent of arcept. ing two of their nomineres and ulecting as the third the honoved pree
the Girain fircuwern Avoriation.
the Gruin Groweri Atworiation.
Had not the reatution of the committer harring eut members of the Dirretorate harring out members of the Directary. it now appart as if the goveroment would
have appeinted the Commisuinh weeks have appeinted the Commixion ore the
ago, forit is an open seeret that from the frmt Mr. McCuaig was shated fort a weat by the government, and the cause allay any feeling that members of the Diree. torate had any self advantage in view: Now, Wog ago many thought that that revelution cut out the men in whot
shipuers of erain would have the mout shippers of grain would have the mowt
confidence, for integrity as well ar shlitity is desired in the persenanel of the Comis disaion, and our difectors are most of them tried and proved men, and none could be found in whom more confidence would
be placed. Therefore, I ser cause for be placed. Therfore, it ser caser for
congratulation in the fact that in the face of congrat ulation in the fact that in the face of
certain misrepresentation which would
 go behind this reolution, which I Nell $i$ ima pine the diretors as an a wole.
and Mr MeC asiz in particular, did with great reluctance and to rerieve what threal med
Growers' Asworiation, has steod as the exponent and ehampion of the square deal. and his presence on the Commission will do much to assure the suceres of the undertaking from the feeling of confidence
 be exultant and fally to the support of be exultant and rally to the support of
the commiasion as they did to m -lect. convention after contention, Mr. Mc-
Cuaiz, as presilent of the Acooriation. which. he served with so great devoted.
nes. Millwood, Man. J. f. farthing.
protective tariff monster eaders expressing Their opinions on th tariff, is good. A policy that favors a
privileged few at the expenser of many is radically mrong In Canada, the principal claws, the tillers of the soil, hav make their existence and recrived very little benefit from the tariff. The farmer as ad rule does not ask for protection, ceives a great help by the increased pop-
ulation is a myth. When the masedat ing trade is good everything used by th farmers is advanced to the very highes price, that can be extorted from the con-
sumer. Then when an slump enmes sumet. Then whe then come whe has to pay
the manufacturer. of the moneyed in-
terests. No. They shut up their fac who have montributed largely to their \#ealth, adrift to shift ass best they can And does the farmer do this? I think not again to adopt business principles in his

 io applied tor forming hapent it th
dorthe of mexat making shimato th. yere the raiking of cattle, tharp an Wer has loves no brasanas tothe produres. stork-rium is Americe has rebelled peoinot this unfoir methad and stapper combined with ther jorrosat is in pepulation
 it bring put on the stork niwn and farmer. for this state of thinges, but is the Hame just) Berause threrse wost put in eflet
 for the goort bsuare for the sander", it a very eld bying Hot Eiving then
 innownt have to puffer with the quily, Tarkie, one of the larevat farmers and
 That catile, pige and all gruins will never
tarh the fou fevels of former yearn He tates that there was little profit form:
 The coot of produrtion has incroved
the price of all grains, therefore we will never ure Es cent corn apain and compara-
tive pricre for rattle and pies. The zorld it ping thrad and the people sill not Euffer the privation and hasedstipt of to the glating injuotion perpertiated ageinst the common preple by this mon-ster-The Protective Taniff They ser that millionairre arr crrated by the corr
out of the fraits of therir labor, and io it any wonder thry mbit The wonder has ago and apply the trmedy It is very nowawanes, Man. OLIVER KING.

## RE ELEVATOR PROBLEM

swid of the devators bering owned by the goverment. I will gire my views on the question, if do not bellieve in governplenty of rars and terminals owned by the government then let every grain grower Ghip his grain to the Grain Grower: of internal elevators would be forver sttled, as the corperations handling them at prownt would hir out of a joh on this
end of the line and thrir property would end of the line and thrir property would
be for sale in a short time. It is time for the farmers to wake timp. It is time for confront them to-day. In view of the
late divelosures at the terminals on the lakes one is almost inclined to nok, are of a terminal-owned government?
Now is the time for the ones who go to Ottawn to represent the people from and do something for this part of buel country. It is up to them to thom thrit hand is this matter as they have abundancre of proof to work o
in One thing more I sould like to mention train and it is this It the formets grain and it is thiss If the farmers of rach man, regardlews of whether he be tribute $\$ 10$ each year, to be paid in befor the reth of September of each year to create a sinking fund to be used in few hundred bushels of krain (not enough at the alone so as they would not be interests. they could hold their grain and sell when the market was right vettle their accounts and teruity tome on therir grain in the bins. of course worked out so as to protect all partion concerned. But in this way, according
to the a mount of farmers in our province. We would raise somewhefe betwern
8750,000 to $\$ 100,000$ per year. 1 will not take up any more of your space in
TaE GetIDE this time. 1 would like to hear from sime others what they have
$\qquad$ very much interested in the differen Vens, Sask. CHAS BI NDY

Greater Capacity


for its work zene hank kound the "Bissell I Prowure Springs of fimiey attachments. The "Biasell" has the werk
liar knack of dops it. work
sith zith cine half the horme power
requird by other Harrow. Conadian Farmers know
that the "Bisalli" is the beat thar che "Biasell" is the bied suat to prove it to A merican
Yarmers ale. Fre booklet T. E. BISSELL CO, LIMITED, ELORA, Ont.

damage by trains
Edifor. Gerbe:-In your isuse of May and farmers has drawn my attention This matter of killing valuable stork horses and cattle, by the milways de.
wrves our beet attention and co-operation too. It is useless for a farmer op rancher to try and get compensation for his atork from a railway company single handed That the companies, are liable I have not the slightest doubt.
$\qquad$ life throusk arous human or anima life through gross carelessness on the
part of their
employers Then the section of the railway art quated does not hold good before a proper court. That is the company would have ta
prove on thes part that thrir train prove bern tun in a a careful and proper manner. The thers hack paid the Ranchers' Acorriation of Alberta a certain price per hrad on all branded stock killed on their tracks west of swift Current, and thereby acknowledge their liability for stock killed on
their tracke. They their tracks. They cannot, I beliess successfully defend their liability any There else in Canada if it can be proved precaution to save the animals. That any judge will absolve the railway company from liability when it can be proved that the men in charge of the engine delith-
erately ran down the person's stork and destroyed them berause they happened to stray onto the track, is preposterou. That the railway act wants amendink is well known to every intelligent person way company, in that regard. At presen the Aet is allogety No Th cases quoted by Mr. Fream are not one case where a frieght train on the Souri line ran into a farmer's herd and kitted
nine head. The owner was trying his best to get them out of a snow cut on in the winter time and was nearly killed and did see the catle an the tont quarter of a mile before his engine plowed
through them. but just plowed through and left nine eattle dead. I do not know or not. Part of my horses were chased three quarters of a mile, one time. by a light
freight train, on the same track. The engineer could see me and my man trying hard to overtake the running horses but Irighten the horses off, just yelled at them
as hard as be could. Fortunately the horese got off juat before comung to a bridge. A treipt caw that happened last year A freight train at Storkten ran into a that was riding in the rab and "Pretty good sport that, to kill three at one time, eh?" Is that what you think farmers! Times change was made. Thims reply toa, of Mr. D'Arcy, Genera Chaims Agent, is all Muff. He is one of the greatest bluffers poing. N. B.-Finc
out the Enelish definition of the *or out the Enelish definition of the wor
"bluff." That fits these agents to Re fires caused by the railways.-This Inat month, and to-day (10th) I have seen ane mile toum top The firt phane one mile from my farm. The first time one of hay, and a lot of miscellaneous. things. At both fires there was a ver
fiefer wind, and this freight engine not the nompanys hirestarter. Should not the company be liable? Every right Wawanesa, May 10. OLIVER KINO

FAVORS CO.OPERATIVE PRINCIPLE GetDE, D. Blain has a paragraph in which he states that to apply the prin the profits of the Grain Growers' Grain ber of, would be unjust to a large numgrain since ereditorss will not wait. In. stead of this being an argument agains dividing pros $\frac{8}{}$ is a forceful reason to plunge more derply into co-operative prinfiples. II the credi of the individual struggling to get on
colid basis financially was controlled solid basis financially was controlled a of its being controlled as it is now, time could be had to ship. My conviction is Blain speaks of can best be undermine by the producers getting control of their Midale, Sask: HOLME
"A tax upon ground-rents mould
not raise the rent of houses. It would fall not raise the rent of houses. It would fall
altogether upon the owner of the groundrent who acts always as a monopolist and exacts the greatest rent which can be
got for the we of the ground got for the use of the ground,"-Adam

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 avyway







June Sth, 1910

## IF ALBERTA

Rex Dexa

Innlafall
anas
nhold: D. W
L. II. Jellif,
[70
iithe, Geors Pentoli:
Greishach: ere paid. The
till the tion IKMAN, Sert iny formed. and we have on ife gov los to know peeting that the ef the elevator
regard to to the rich is beiag eep drann up
hiders. Eact in can become
is ${ }^{\circ}$ menter
the Company James, Sec

ER RIVER
$\qquad$

## June sth, 1910

COMMITTEE WILL SECLRE
The fourth signatilies The fourth meeting of Ohville Vinios
was beta on May ith. The vics-prat. ene held on May the, The vere-prres. man. and colled the meeting to orde.
After rocll-call. readiag of minutes and ether routine buiness, the binder twine
 to the Doydminstef ereamery was div-
eusued. bot no derision reachect. The eused, parking plant quastion was then
 eireviar letter from the weneral wertion it zas decided that a committer be ap.
pointed to caifous the diatrict and siematures. On motion of Meurs Hentom ande appeinted the commilter veatemen T Melazhlin, F. E. Herotos, Chas stoldard and is. Mradveld, and earh
membert of the committee was inotructed to take a sub-district and Gavaus it
The seretary alo reerived ligutructions to have forms furnibied thew zentlemen
as toon at powitle six members pernet
 joined the naion and there was an at tendance of twerty-threr at our metting. Osville.

## CONTRACTS SIGNED held on May tind. four park pailin. agreements meve signed. It was alo decided to send in the names of all the metabers to Tur Gisis Gionows cordance sith the offer ferrived. <br> Strome

## herd law lacks force

fall the meetling of Tring Tnion held layt Mewolved, that, in the opinion of this
anion the present term of the heded law does not cover sufficient ground. We.
therefore, deem it advinalle to advorate the following addition to the evisting law, via. ' In any herd law district the
herd law may be extended to coiver the full twelve months on application to the
minister of agricultare by a two-thirds
 us their support in this matter at the forthcoming coppention, and would draw their attention to the following points.

1. The above addition cannot inter-
fere with anyone because it is entirely aptional to any district at present under herd law

## is necesary in those districts.

 to faise fall wheat.3. Owing to everal bad seavons great many of the farmers cannot posilily
fence. t. The prestont system is productive This resolution should have been pre-
sented to the ananual convention, but owing to the rush of business presented
at the last was overlooked. For this at the last was overlooked. Yor this
oversight the general secretary owes an apology to Tring Union and will present
 t is not to be wondered at that something
was overlooked, but seeing that this was an important resolution for the Tring
district we will push the matter to the district we will push the matter to the
limit and ascertain whether the resolution meets with the viows of the me.nbers.
I 6 so it will be presented to the government noment.

SPRUCE GROVE HEARD FROM regular meeting on Saturday. May esth. order and the minutes of the previous If Messs. A. Kuhl and L. Ganne. There
was an attendance of 16 members at this meeting. The secretary read circular
No. t.and laid before the members the
necessity of pushing the protk packing. hecessity of pushing the pork packing
plant proposition, and after a sbort discussion four more members signed the A lengthy discussion took place over the Aovgn wire fensing. and the secretary
was instructed to write the general

THEGRAIN GROWERS'GUIDE
 weves wire asa haid over till a later dat
C. WEDDE NHI M MER. Ser.

## ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL

 Arranged to holid as pisk at the latio nar the shoud howe. Thirte one sydendid pominge come from is mile sowy. The the bectorites: paid for ther drinks otrictl?
 sices. The ladies marned so well as yand optint. While threm mes folls triod

 about $6 p$. $m$. well pleseel with the do the picaic an ananual affoir.
The reculat manathly mertioz of Valley
 There were to mombers prewnt eat of total of t7, and three new members werv
earoulled, the thiry mark beriag recrived with cheers. The pleaic commillee masle handed pin for the fand, of the Cniun A heary vote of thanks was arcorded
to the
i. Whmmitter and acknooleled by the pircieck again nesty year on May zilh. and surgeations were made by memblers. that ee healo
hope to be able to arrange for

- hater date
The chici basiness was concerning The chirf boviness mas concerning
binder tivine. The arraer is crop brlonging to members of this Union amounts discuasion it was decided to get prics
from dealers and a sperial meretingas was from dealers, and a special merting was called for Saturday, June the, atsp...io viting all farniers who use the sume shipor not, to attend and we hope to be abile
to make up as good order and get lectler
prices.


## A. E. BUMPUS, Sre'y

AN INDEPENDENT COMMISSION.
 Whereas the Alberta government having coasented to coasider the petition
for government ownership of the interiwir elevators presented to them by the far-
mers and others, and having asked the executive
ommittee to frame a memorandum to present to the government in which
will be laid down the plan upoh which the farmers would ask the government to take over and operate the interior
elevators of the province. elevators of the province. The members of Tofield branch of the government elevators of Alberta be ace. quired and operated in accurdance with
the plan laid down in the Manitoth Elevator Bill, with the excoption that
there be an independent commisaion appointed, asa sked by the Ma nitoba Grain of tife fact that a large amount of grain in Aliverta is sold in smailer quantities, in charge of the government elevator should be empowered by the goverament as street buyers.
"And be it further resolved that each
local of the U.F.A. be asked to endorse local of the U.Y.A. be asked to endorse
this resolution." Kingman JAMES FLETCHER

## PLEASANT SURPRISE PARTY.

On May 1 thth, Rose View Union bel
heir regular meeting. A very larg had, thriee new members, were secured Mr. Haley, general merchant from Rawvery strong bid to supply the Lnion wit
binder twine. He also approached the


START A TEST CASE.
At the last regular meeting of Erokine cas adoptei of May tequesting, the revelution secretary to thoronghly investigate the
Lidhthart hotse killing case and if there vecmed to be any chance of wisning same lor the United Varmers of Alberta ta to completion. The members of Vrakine Tnion are willing to bear their portion of the expense, if it is thought advisable
to take action against Une railway com-

## Erskine <br> 5. S. JUDD, Secretary.

## WILL. WE GET A RAILWAY

A maus meetimg was brld at Carbon of trying to devise ways and means for securing a spur of railway into the
Carbon district, as it is found that the last line of survey of the G.T.P., which far Weat to be of any great benefit to


Senator Taftont and S. Stauffer, M.PPP
or this district, addresed the large crowd of this district, addresed the large crowi
of farmers and business meik who had gathered together to look after the in ferests of the district, and aldowigh for the manner in which they gave char ters to the different failway companies
without making satisfactory provisions to compel the companies to fulfil the
terms of their charters within the allotted time, as diselosed by Senator Talleot in his address, still in the main we found
the addresses of both these gentlemen lecidedly interesting and instructive The officers of Rose View Enion Ne by a strong and representative gathering cultural interests of the district, and number of signatures of the farmern showing the acreage under crop this year and the prospective aereage for next year.
was read by the secretary and prrsented O. M. Sid by the secretary and presented would give it to the Minister of Railway and use his influence to the end that this
distriet might speedily obtain railsay
farilities. The view-prosident of (acilitics. The viep president of Hose and seored pirists oliirh lorought kesator Talbyt to his feet is order to explain the position of the government with railroed companies, and it was duriag this es. planatios that he made it quite evident throe bigectigg that in sompe caws at least, over even the Dosimion Senate. The business mes of the village alos had a
trowlutios showing the poositios of the reshution showing the positios of the
mining and business interests of the disminise
The
The menolution
as brought
Tho the Honprable, The Minister of llailsays, and PFrabier, of Alherta. Minter
"We. the members of the Hose View Usies Na 63 of the Inited Farmers of Alberta, hearing that your deputy, osa
to be at Cartwos to look into the matter of railroas forilities for this distrist at our last meeting resolved, that se as a a railriad into Carbers is an aboustute arcesity. We have a good ewuntry to the east, north and seuth that will have
no acromanodation whatevrris the hase liag of grais crops, if the line of railrasd Carlios. as it is an utter impossibility. now that the land is fenced, to travel east and west owing to the deep coulees ranning north and south, which are impassible, and
will be antil they ate properly froled and will be until they are properly graded and
bidedesl. The natural road for hauling is south into the village of Carlon and we wish the goveramest to take note of this fact. The eountry that vill be served
if the propourl spur is buil into Carlos If the proposed spur is built inte Carbon
will be about sistern miles square, or an vill be about sistern miles square, at an
approsimate ares of I 163850 acres. If se approsimate ares of $163 s 40$ acres. If we
take one-fourth of this which will be eropped in the searflature wehaves masimum top of say $1,638,400$ bushels of grais topether with the fact that there are large arcas of the finest domestic eoal is A). berta and alas that there are three mines in operation here, any one of which could
supply the city of Calgary wifl coal it proper facilities were provided, ought to 5 build the short spur necessary into Carbon, irrespective of the government taking the matter up.
"To convince you
that a railroad should come viaperative we attach liereto a list of the names of the farmers of this district and the sereage under crop for this season, and the
prospective arreage to be under erop prospective acreage to be under erop
nest year, and we as farmers most renest year, and we as farmers most re-
spectully demand as our right that the gosernment take steps to provide this district with proper railroad provide thes
Carlona
ROBT. S. SHAW, Sec'y

## MODERATE SPIRIT

## waid: "Spenking at Landon yesterday

 Eaid: Salishoking endeavored to deal with the constitutional question in a spirit of stopdird moideration. He saiflit was not province of the honse of commons. No one denied the ascendency of the latter sith regard to finance, but if a wildeat proporal were ever made in publie finance, be did not mran that the lords should not "so long as it came within the wilden definition of what was reasonable, $n$ one would desire to change the ancientpractioe of the constitution. He added that they wanted a house of lords which had an indep endent character. Unlos
there was a second chambier not devoted to wruship of the jumping aut devoted was not worth having. A majority of
the present house of lords desired to the present house of lords desired to
approarlh the subject in a thorough and
unagervasive spint." OBIECTS TO CO.OPERATIVE Elitor GEHEME Tart Mr. Fry's letter in the isusue of THE Guibs of April 6: also letter of
A. D. in issue of May 11, and would join my protest with theirs that no kelange
in the dirrection suggested hy Mr. Part ridge should be made in the present Cohatitution of the Grain Growers Grain unjuat. To my mind it would be both onjust and unwise at the present stage should appear idesira tile, to ot hers of the directorate, nothing ought to be done vote of the shareholders.
Kaiser, Sask.

## A Cowboy School in England

## By CAPT, EDUARD MUNCK

NOTE 1 - For real enterprise, a cosboy school ia old Eagland is pretty near the firs rank. It would be hard to educate a student how to aet in case his herd ammpeded. But eves if they learned to wear the sis-ahoeter arscefully it will
help a lot when they come ose here, where living is sueh a dangerous ocespationEditor.
Whe zoul
Whe zould think of conslogs is perar:
fol eld Enplend? Yet thry have a whool there olere real cowtoys are made out of Europeas tenderteet, Being, somese
ohat of as "westerner" I wouldn't miss the opportunity shile staying is Ene land to see this memarkites uchood I hoped to see something that might remind
me of "Hig Hors Hasin," of "1/p-Wiextern Fisins.
I eiperienced anme difficulty in finding many Englishmen know anything ahout this inatitution or would carv to know
And what is the ene any any of having And what is the ene any any of having such a whool is the denuly setilicd kon: intended to instruct goung ters whe wish to try their lack is the colonies.
But will it pay to jo through such a
eourne before leavise for the new ewuntry? Well, it will not hart, any way, to have some previous experience. And, in various positions. I-may add that the termas are quite, reasonable-ssis for six months. So I think the enterprise is a praiveworthy stae and oun only wish good lack to the two gentlemen who have atarted the selool. These two mes Capt. Morgan and Mr. French have
tried frontier life in Canada, South Africa tried frontier hife in Canada, Puout Aogrther as they express themselves-they have more than fifly year's of experieser.
On my application to the selivol I was very cordially invited to come they have an" at home" and give a dis
play of what the boys lhave Irarned play of what the boys have iesmed is situated at shepper ton, a little village un the Thames, a
short distance from London. The tablishmeat did not look very much
the "oild weat :" a litile, friendly Kn like "aild west:" a little, friendly K.nglish eottage in a garden surrounded
by a tall hedge. When I arrived the
stadents. were busy at work en the students were busy at work on the
lawn where seats ocre arranged for the visitors. Among the latter the fair sex were in majority. But the girls were quiet and gentle English-
women, not the independent and boiswomen, not the independent and bois
terous type we know so well from the terous type we know so well from the
West. And the cow boy students who were dressed up in real imported west. ern outfit, with sombero, Hannel shot, chaps and six-shooter, looked rather
much like tenderfeet in spite of their much like tend
western attire. I felt sure I I didn't run any risk to have a sis-athooter emptied into my
face or my hat riddled with bullet face or my hat riddied with bullets to a "dance" was quite out of the question. The student were showing their skill in riding, rope throwing and use of the Anstralian catumensely long lash, nather difficill to hanense and much like the one the Hungarian seickos or herders use.) Some of them were pretty good ropethrowers.
The sehool was the owner of four
horses-one of which was said to be a good "buck-jumper." The horses might be good enough fot their purposes, at
though they didn't look very much like bronchos. The herd of cattle was rep resented by a lonesome steer who had to
serve alternately -as the object of roping serve alternately
The greater part of the students Italian. Thers, some French and some alright, though some of them though the riding was a hard task.
some of the boys were lodging in a anese cook to prepare their meal
After the performance the. visitors
anese core were very hospitably
Capt. and Mrs. Morgan
Though the training one can recieve a school like the one "mentioned may
be of great help to a "greenhorn" be of great help to a greenhorn who
wants to try the pioneer life of the col fully qualify a man for the work of a cowboy. The only sehwol is the western
ranch (or the Australian "station") ranch (or the Australian "station")
for out ab the hag plaiss alere life it mo remarkably farinating: olore youna
men of all rlavie of weily thry att ihrive. gont cosepuneline of
 Tived out there frome earliest childhoed These type of min, hewever, foow scarce
now shd thry will mont be as thing of the pown and they will mont be a thing of the no roosm for them. Alrady now one can ealy find thrm is remote place: of a hundred Americans have ever oues one of thes pensine wons of the Wret
exerpt, prolhaps, at a "wild Weat show. crept, prehaps, at a wild

KAISER NEEDS CASH
The civil list of Emperor William asking of Prusiasis won to be incraved, probably
to aloust $85,000,000$. This was arred to about $83,000,000$. This was agreed
upon by the leaders of the Cunarvative National-Lilectal and Hadiral partirs: the Prassian parliament and a bill will be introduced by the Eovernment soon. the empire and has troulle of late in meeting the demands on hig allowances from the Prusian congres whirh now
amounts to $\$ 3,325,000$, an incrane en75,000 having been made in 1893. The cont of restoring or repairing numerous


Farm Home of Samael Getty. Summerside. Sask
castles is said to be partly responsible forpenditures the emictor is a ernerons supporter of the opera and of the royal theatres of Berlin and Wiesladen castle. having for some years made up an annual deficit in the house totalling some $\$ 730$,
000. He also maintains fifty-two and country rexilences, some of which he has never visited since the beginning of his reign.

## B. C. LANDS OPENED

The regulations for the admjnistration and disposal of Dominion lands in the
railway belt of British Columbia have been passed by the governor-in-council,
The railway belt is divided by the reguColumbia division, lower Columbia pper sion, Shuswap division,
sion and Coast division
lands, will be in accordance with the conditions prevailing. In the coast divifor forty actes of bench lands as home steads and pre-emption. It the settler is prepared to cultivate a larger area
than is required in connection with half the legal subdivision entered as a homestead, he is permitted to pre-empt the The same provisions will apily to the bench lands in the lower Columbia division and the struswap division, but it is required in this case that the
settler should clear a total of ten acres
and eultivate a total of six arres lefore
lie gets bis patent, asit doulle that athersit if jre-mptive is ales, takes. arouast of the very high altitude of the tands and the ewaraster of the country,
the arva of homestrad is fived at fory the area of homestead is fised at fotty
arres with preermption privile en on the aljoising forty serve and the arva to le fluops divinion the atra of humrateads fised at 109 artet of a equarter-wetion The termo of residence in all divisions. for entries granted under the new requla-
thons is fierd at five years, and weidenier of at lrast sis month is required in each year.
Provinios is made for ad litional pur chawe entry in the eave of bench lands in siva. Conditional purchase entry will be permitted for an area of twenty acres is earh of other divisions exept upper
Columbia, where the ares will be forty acres.
Hevidenoe is not required except for six months during the fifth year after date of entry, but the entrant is required to clean and cultivate land each yea for five years from the date of entry at a
ereater rate than is required for his homestead, and to pay for the land at the rate The conditional parchase privilege and the pre-emption privilege do nut apply to the Kamioops divisions, nor to the uplands ia other divisions where an entry of 160 actrs is permitted. The price of pre-emption is five dollars pet acre, payable in five instalments, and Entry for lands remaining in the timber berths will not be permitted.

While the area of homesteads, preemptions and conditional purchases is Inmited as above stated to twenty' or forty to limit, the riaht of any one proposed aequire a total area of 160 acres but only limits the right to acquire more than he can cultivate at one time under the

SIR WILFRIDS ITINERARY
With a few minor alterations it is ex pected that the following will be the
itinerary of the tour of the West to ive made next month by Premier Laurier and party. Hon. Mr. Graham, minister of railways, E. M. Macdonald, M.P., and Y. Pardee, the Litieral whip, will be membirfrid. Leave Ot
C.P.R. to Port Arthur. Port Arthur meeting, Saturday, July 9, leaving Por Arthur via C, N. W. Sumday, July 10 . Meeting in Winnipeg on Monday, July 11, thence by C. N. R. to st. Anne
for meeting on Tuesday or Wednesday. Thence back to Winnipeg. thence by From Morden back via C. P. R. to Morris, thence by C. N. R. to Somerset,
Saturday. 16th, and on by C. N. R. to Brandon; meeting in Brandon Monday, July 18.
From Branden
Chater, Rapid City, and Minnedosa Yorkton, meeting there on Wednesday,
the zuth.
 Wi. thrie teck to Kortion by $\mathrm{C} P \mathrm{~B}$ io Laniasi: meetiog there on Montay, Prom Lavien take C P P. to Sots.
 From Prioce Alber tabe C. N. n duly

 ingaci the Wertura wit C. P. . . for ment ing there oin Wrasende: Augua ${ }^{3}$. n . Moom Jav: menting there on Priday. A"puis a.
 Nerthern via satiatoon and Warmaia to hatillord, wo have and of to Thrence tis compinatian Noortherm to Vermilion, Vegervile and Fort soritaithe: Nan, stepping at each placo for an hour Thirece to Edanten for a meeting there wo the sth of Aumet. On Tueday, Augut 9, tate C. P. R. hour, thenee to Aled Dew: merting at heof Derer Wedorulay, Aumat tiag at Trour Hed Dert hi: Cu. R. to ${ }^{12}$ Laving Calary on Soturday. Augut 13, vis in P1 10 On Monday, via C.P. R. to Godden. topping there for an hour thence on the lient of fugut

Thes meeting in Victoria on Thursday, August Vietoria to Prince Rupert, and back to Victoria by August ith.
Merting in Kamluops of the sight Mecting in
Avgut 26 .
From Kamloops to Nelson for meeting on August ${ }^{288}$. From Sison back to Crows' Nest Yrom Nelson back to Crows' Nest
Pass, back to Lethbridge for meeting. Pass, back to Lethbrioge for meering
Aurust 30 . Hat, via C. P. H, for meeting on September 2; thence via C. P. R. to Ottawa.

## DIRIGIBLE SCARES LONDON

A Lotalun, England, cable of June 4
said: "An airshap early this morning
fles over the beart of Londos and circled flew over the hear Poul. It was a Brited the dome of St. Paui, it mas a British
army dirigible, which left Farnburough at $\mathrm{tI} .30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., and returned there at 3.39 a.m., having covered 110 miles in four hours, an average of $271 / 2$ miles an hour. in the wee sma' hours, when the whirning dirngible flonted over the city. It was seen by hundreds and the police and
newspaper offers received fcores of warnings that the Germans were about to blow up the city. An interesting phase of the event is the fact that the
start at Faraburough, thirty miles southstart at Farnburough, thirty miles south-
west of Lendon was made Irum near the west of Lendon was made irum near the perial Louis. The trip was made unannounced. The army aviators declare the dirigible was
moment of the trip.

WANTS A REPRESENTATIVE I am instructed by our association to "That, the elevator commission be asked to send a representative here to conelevator at this puint.
Mr. Castle in investigating the action of elevator frauds, and also in seeking to bring the offenders to a seat of justike."
Ha miota. GEO. S. FHASE.K, Sed.

Farmer, Alta.-Can widower holding homestead and pre-empton will away
his rights to his heirs or other farties,and his rights to his heirs or uther parties,and
can they, in case of his death before patent is obtained complete his improvements and obtain a patent for the land from Ans--res. The law is lenient in this respect. In case of the death of ters of administration and complete such a case as this the heir suuld not required to spend any time in residence upon the land but would have to fulfil
all the other duties.

## Want, Sale and Exchange


SEED GRAIN FOR SALE ron sale abt NDANCE sEED GATS.



 NATIVE sPMtCE THEES FOR SALE.


## SCRIP FOR SALE AND WANTED

 sotth aprican wabRaNTS rois sale

## PROPERTY FOR SALE

S30 ACHES, th MHES FHOM TOWN, ANB




 Till, visot tryyend FABM FOR SALE-329 MCRES - COOD, HCH

 anaps in rakm lands.-as recentiy








 FOR SALE 320 ACRES, FOLR MLES FROM
 FOR SALE, EAST HALF OF SECTION $\{-32 \cdot$

 GRM FOR SALE ONE QUARTER SECTION




$\qquad$
SITUATIONS WANTED stRONG MAN WaNTS WORK ON FARM.-

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY






等

 a. B. Mebonalb. BuEzber of ptue BuEt

 strmolk Honsts, Jagive minos, is TAMwontus Mazcinting Fans
 F. A. COLLYER, WRLWYN, SASK, BREEDRR PURE BRED STOCK


 ORDERS TAKEN FOR RECLNTERED BFEK.


> POLLTRY AND EGGS
> EGQs, For hatching, FROM He:HEs

## DOGS FOR SALE

SEVEN FINE WOLRHOtND PLPS ALL


## LOST, STOLEN OR STRAYED

ESTRAY, SINCE APRIL TTA, GREY MARE,
 100 DOLLABS FOR COVVICTION OF THIEF



## TENDEf:

TENDERS FOR DIFFERENT GRADES OF T*ise to le delictrel at sith COD, Ayet


## Looking for a Teacher?

TIEN why not insert an advertisement in The Guide? It goes into the best farmers' homes throughout the west, and consequently will reach many of the successful teackers in the country districts. You will therefore get appli cations from experienced and competent teachers, and not from beginners looking for an opening. To encourage you to place your "teacher wanted" announcement in The Guide we have decided to make a specially low rate for advertisements under this heading. WE WILL INSERT ANY "TEACAER WANTED" ADVERTISEMENT TWO WEEKS FOR $\$ 1.00$ OR FOUR WEEKS FOR $\$ 2.00$. The following will serve as a model to be followed more or less closely in drafting your adver tisement:
the gran growers' guidenwinnipeg

##  <br> BY THE

The Otase gexcrament is aoz in the newreity of sowrmment provief erminalk- Nex. Item
Were pileo of gomelly evideace.
Ssidid the Lieat of Detate.
et ohile we've simply get the toes.
The Varmer "has the witt"


Teddy Earl of Warwick
Mr. Itoosevelt could, if he liked, Ie the Warmirk of American politics:Vinglich News Item "We dunno; but this is how he would ank av the King.


A Financial Stringency Wheatun-"Say" old man, never see Rentan much buying now: Reatun-" Buying takes money Wheatun-"Well?"
Beatun-"Yes, you enn't $^{\text {B }}$ finance an buy."
The King is dead! Long live the King! Ted Roan's down and out. The Trust soon will homeward come Zybsco's slumped and Halley's waned, But what we really want to know But what we really want to
Is "Jeffries going to win?"

Sowadays He Wants the Earth Times have changed since the poet
rote "Man wants but little bere betow"

from an Aulbmepile. Ir grows so quick thar yop laref pew move


Year atore wy sowe had seasent before breakhas and ale the crop
aext day as bread.


Yes Sirce: when we git properly goir ine bakers


## SASKATCHEWANSECTION <br> \%

HOW'S YOUR ASSOCIATION?
The serretary, on returning home affer a very busy week, and looking over a
mast of earrespondence, hay a vision of thingo as seren whes one is weary, and be
hastily seribles the following, to our hastily seribbles the fullowing
oficers and wembers in general
Io your Awsiation sick, asleep or healthy vigotous influence and power is your diatriet, as well as a represestative integral part of the vital force strivisz to find expresuios through the Crntral
Esecutivet Is there as endeavor on the Esecutivet Is there as endeavor os the
part of your local officers to see to it that part of your local officers to see to it that target? It oftes happens that lastitations emce most setive in the endeavor to secure a reforis are first to revolt if ceriain mes do not secure the echief places in
the syaagogur, and the pribciples are loat sight of ia the race of individuals for supremacy, as the great men of tiome
opce fell stabbing eacis other, rather than allowiag one to lead the nation, to great ness of rather would they sulfer every kisd bondage thas eajoy a protectioni n
secured by their ewn secured by their own leadership. today the antagonisms of inslividuals ment and the establishment of our ideals.
What does your Aswociation atand for? by its foes? Is it something with nothing but s namer Are you a nominal Gris
Grower with no sctivity, saying nothing. Grower with no activity, saying nothing.
doing nothing, being nothing: a nonestity. doing nothing, being nothing: a
No use is trouide of distress.
in the strughle for progress. is the struggle for progress. A thing
with nothing but a name. Is there not room, think yous, for a moving vital force to work? If there not a demand for a force to sweep away the blasting power
of greed and grafl, and alwo the iethargy of greed and graft, and also the letpargy,
of our people regariting the eviuratoon of our sons anal danghters, in oficer that our dass may tee supplied with the trained intellectual and economic abolity necessary to easble us to succesalulity compete in the race of teday; which the multifarious
intricate trading proidems, methorts of intricate trading problems, methods of
transportationand meaiums of exchange transportathun and mearums of exchange
cail for? is there not eaough real work for our lacal assuciations to perform, to cause a vigorous ecrculation of. iveas culminating in action. Yea, even untul its beart tarous shall be felt throughout
the eatire cummunity it which it is the entire cummunity it which it is located, add its pulsationis distinctly felt
lieating ia unison with the Central Association as they together battle against their foes.
Hemember that sleep, siekness or death may cume not only frum the fact that they get ao help, but also from the fact that they do not help: Your horse may be
poor because his teeth are bad. But poor because has teeth hre bad. But
mure lisely it is because he is wurke! tgo mure lisely it is because he is wurkel tgo
hara ou too little oats. Probably he is balky, bssause never or poorly broke is and so used to no work at all. Have
you yet foosed on your local association you yet loosed on your local association Yoar College and Cniversity? The one place where larmers, young and old, male in all the various matters and duties of
our social. economic and governmental our sucial. economic and governmental
responsiutities? Once you realize the responsiusities? Unce you realize the
great value of our institution, and you inery by which we are to fit and equip ourselves to take our rightful place as a class in the management of the affairs
of this land of ourse your A souciation will of this hand of ours, your Assuciation will
be neither a weakling, sick, sleepy or dead. Join for life, and use it thus, and is will
live forever in human hearts and live, and be a powerful instrumentality in the establishment of that which is best.

THE SASKATCHEWAN GRAI GROWER' ASSOCIATION

## COXBY Wants railway

At the last meeting of the Coxby Grain
Growers' Association it was decided that Growers Assuctation for the consideration we write you asking for the consideration
of the railway question as it concerns us. of the railway question as it concerns us.
It is expected that the $\mathbf{C}$. P. R. and the
G. T. P. will both cross the South Sask-


#### Abstract

atchewan at about the same plare where the 6 . N. it new towars. Hener slares along the routry of these poads sill be  forther eas than its pervelt se burvey. vttlemeats would be benefited thereloy. This is a good mised farming counter, bat unlest $w=$ ent better ralway farilitios the lost settiers sill not atas. Therifori wo protest skainst the acramalation of your committee to devive some mrans of convilering some solution of this ques. tios which is so vital to us. If see rould trach an elevator it would not be so bad. Weal an elevator it would not he so had. Weare amable to ship our wheat on ac- Count of the lack of nilway farilitios. Ilesor if the mate of some propeored line evald lee deviated, it would be of lasting benefit to this assoriation. Coshy, Sask. W. R. ORTON, See.

\section*{RESOLUTION FROM FTELDING}


It it revilvel, that we, the, member: tion favor a line of elevators, one at edel voint, with a complete system and nee-
in not askinz ton much, I would like if you would and me ali the particulars about the sims and rraulations of the said Avociation. There is no lomanch of your
Avoriation, go any other that I know of Ansoriation, or any other that I know of. something of the kind here. This is a sew erttlement here, bet the eountry is
developing napillv. Wishing you every success, and awaiting an early reply.
WM. J. THUN Hartaburz. Sask.

SEMANS AND CO-OPERATION Enclowed please find sts, bring so evats
each for 30 new normbers, alwo it for one hundred mrmbership cards. Fifty you hove recontly meat as, and we would ank
you to kindly forward no you to kindly forward no fify more. twine by earlot, and were able to secure
it at gas other lengthy inproportion. We we obtained our formalin at a cheaper rate through orkanization, and now we are
after the cral for nest wipter. Could you after the enal for nest wipter. Could you
give us any information as to the best way to got the lowest prics? Every rates on twine or anything else we get must first of all pay his $\$ 1.00$ for member.

## YELLOW GRASS AFTER SIR WILFRID

## On May quth we held a meeting of our Grain Growers' Aswociation, at which a resolution was pased instrueting me to write the secretaries of the

 \#lich a resolution was pased instrueting me to write the secretaries of theProvincial Associations of Manitola, Saskatchewan and Allierta, setting forth the importance of making use of the coming visit of Premier Laurier and such of the ministers as may arcompany him on his tour through these westera provinces, and to urer upon them the importance of the Federal government taking over the
terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur. The procedure we propose terminal elevat

## is as follows:

That the Central Associations of these three provinces shall make complete arrangements
the premier and culleagurs at every point at which he will have a puiblic merting. Let thrse Grain Growers, prevent himn with an address becoming his porition. and at the dose of it, and forming a part of said address, an urgent appeal for the Fedral government to take over the terminal elevators. Make sure that they
shall mert at every point a demonstration worthy of the causen we mpersent shall meet at every point a demonstration worthy of the cause we represent. that can only be handled by the provincial assoriations. We have mueh to gain anked to take over these elevators, an tion. The government has already been cannot, however, tike risks, and such a demoastration as we propose will show them how much we are in earacst.
I now leave the matter in your hands. Hoping you will give it a favorable

initial stripping point to the ultimate market. The management of the elevamincsin of there men, two to to be appointed
 if necessary.

## LADIES ARE JOINING

Please find enclosed thirteen dollars, being half of the fees for twenty-six memtickets. Bright prospects of getting more nuembers. At our last mecting twentyone new members joined, thirteen of them
being ladies. We had a oirretors' meeting on the $\mathbf{t}$ sridand in rele. ence question it was resolved, "That we, the
directors of the-Ohlen Association, favor a Government monopoly, with a complete system having all the necessary equipment to handle all the grain from the
initial shipping point to the ultimate market." A committee of four was
appointed to meet the Commission, and appointed to meet the Commission, and
we ask a special favor that the Commission will sit at Esterhaxy
O. E. LINDGREEN, Sec.
Stockholm, Sask.
Ohien G.G.A.

## SEEKING THE LIGHT

 In looking over a copy of The GrassGrowEns Gcior, I noticed an article
on Life Membership in the Saskatchewan
Grain Growers' Association. Now, if it

Ship toe. It not only benefis themelves, but is educating, as it goes to show what
little we can do locally, and how much
more the head association could do, especially if everyone put his shoulder to the wheel. The farmers must come
out on top if they only will stiel tol V. T. N. PELL.ETT, Sec.

## Carndeff disappointed

$\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{n}}$ account of exceutive are not able to send a represern om mixioun at Carlyte. 1 mitht say of have only had time to meet late last that some of our members ther of questions more carefull thought than could be gieen them in a harriedly called meeting. We would alo have had to cover a distance of about fify miles that morning to at. tend the sittings at Carlyle, and as we had sion would sit at that point, we have had cumstances.
I am requested by the executive to forward the following resolution, and
trusting that we may yet have the opportunity of contributing our mite
towards the advancerment of the farmers towards the advancement of the farmers
cause in Saskatchewan: "Moved by R. Young, seconded by $\$$. Hill, that this
association express its regret that the

Saskatchewan grain GROWERS' AsSOCIATION

# E. N. Hopkins <br> Pueaiont . . Moo Moose Jav 

F. M. GATES ? ? Filumos
d. A. MERRA Waral FRED. W. GREEN - Moese Juy Dinsctons it Lanos E. A. Partrider, Sintaluta: Geore
Langley, Mayment: F W. Greez. Mabgley, Maymont: V W. Green A. G. H.

Diavater Dranctosa Jomes Robinson, Walpole; J. A.
Malare. Moose Jaw; Charles Duns.
 Melfort! Andrew Kaes, Collestos: Georgr Boerma, North Battleford.
meeting on the Eatevan line of the C H . and hope that the commission $n$ alle to hold a sitting on this line a later date"" Carried unanimoual) Carnduff would be morec convenient the points weot on secount of the pasuenp
train coming our direction is the mornit train coming our direction in the mornity
and going hack wrat in the evening J. SHIER, See

## Carnduff, Sask.

WANTS TO MEET COMMISSIOS The Bienfait G. G.-A.- at their meeting
on May 14th passed a resolution to sent a delegation to meet the elevator con where the commistion would meet, as was in expectancy of it sutting at Esteras they have been deprived of the privilep
and on account of getting your mis informing us of the commission holdity a session in Weyburn, which we got to
late, we are desirous of gving the con late, we are desirous of avina the
mission a verbal report of our deciun on the elevator question. If the con
misaion intend holding a sitting on th Souris branch, we would deem it a lave if you could let us know when and when and at what time it would be held. Pleas In ease we cannot meet the commisun we can send our resolutions to the con mission for their consideration.

## Bienfait, Sask

NORTHMINSTER GROWING Our meeting of the 93rd inst. Was a and I herewith enclose you 83.50 , whin is half our membership ceesmencemet more members will quickly come it
The officers of the association are as fo The officers of the association are as
lows: - President, G. Almond; viere-prect dent, E. Babey: secretary-treasurer, A. lin. C. Hayes, J. Ralph, G. Donalder and L. Weaver. In your letter of App 13th you state that you had sent a
reports of yoar convention. These har not yet come to hand. We are havity twine, and to consider the elevat question. A. B. BARRAT, Sec. Northminster, Sask.

WEIR HILL DISTRICT ACTIVE On the evening of May 13, the We regular meeting in the large and commod regular meeting in the large and commod
ous Weir Hill school house, which * crowded to the door. evening only part of the business befor pect for a live, active, long-lived brand ertainly looks promising. A large numbe of farmers, farmers' wives, ons as
daughters were present, and are alive to the benefits derived from ${ }^{1}$ clock the officers took their respecti-
places at the desk, and the presides places at the desk, and the presides
Mr . Bacon, called the meeting to orde and as requested by Mr. Haug, reminde those present of the sad news of the deat
of King Edward. Mr. Haug also wistor

June
the pe tive d
ithen
nevod

## CHEWAN GRAIN

 ES' ASSOCIATION
## inamy Pazaiden <br> Moose Jav <br> ct-Pazalonst frex-Tewnessa: REEN Moese Jav rone at Lanok: mont: Y W. Grove Pereival; $\mathrm{Wm}_{\mathrm{m}}$. Noble

met Dinnctona
in Jav: Charle: Duas
 as, North Battleford

Eoteran line of the C. that the comminsion sil Carried unanimotul secount of the pasump if difection in the momit west in the evening
J. SHIER, See.

MEET COMMISSIO audd a revolution to to meet the elevator cos account of not knoxis mixaion would met, at deprived of the privile? the commisaion holdic sburn, "hich we got to
irous of guing the con report of our decicon holding a sitting on in know when and when our earlist convenien of moet the commiuw
resolutions to the cot consideration.
J. H. CLARK, See.

NSTER GROWING of the q3rd inst. was
ef resolts than previoust enclose you 85.30, whir
mbership fees to da? e made a commencemet mill quickly come ${ }_{4}$ G. Almond; vireeprea urs: T. Metealt, W. Prae Ralph, G. Donaldd
In your letter of Ap that you bad sent
convention. These ha hand. We are havis
on June $13 t \mathrm{~h}$ re bind b. barrat, Sec.

DISTRICT ACTIVE ig of May 13, the II
is' Association held the n the large and commot door. jeathering the sam transacted. The pro omising. A large numbe
hers' aives.
 Association. At 8,3 esk, and the presidees
d the meting to orde
by Mr Hang, reminde he sad news of the deat
Mr. Haug also wister

June Sth, 1910
the preident to sek to have s represente. tive of the Amoriation appaimted to attend Mmy to and oo metion of s. J . Weir ond appuisted. Profound sympatily $=$ tell apd dep torrow exprosed for the New member, for the Anociation were called for and etrve sizserd the were A reclutios ass brought up dealing wits the cual quertion, and ton motion by Ban Mecurdy, weonded by Chas. Cos, the
wecretary was inatruted to arite. Mr Butwer, managet of a mine. Taylorton PQ. that se =ould hander tes carso Moved by Geo. Christie, seconded by Das MeC Culy. that all accounts be pain to date. - Motion carried.
At requasted by our preadent and on
motion of Grant, wevended by Weir, the meeting sdjourned
d. II. N. MeCartacy was then elected to the ehair and procevded sith the procitamionse, and phonograph selections: by II. B. Tracheel and Dan McCurdy, al of shich reccived impartial praine and applase. After the close of the programme, the chairman is a few Eell bighly pleaved sith the evering berime ceediags, and moved that a hearty vote of thanks be accoried tiose who so kindly asisted with the programme and ale to the ladie who provived so amply all the good things for the occasion. Oi
bethaf of the asociation a curcial liavit. tion was exteacted to all premat, and a tisany more who sioh to attend, to be with us at our nest worial anthering, and
 by singing "God Save the King.
As the dock struck one people began
to retire to their homes, regret presed by a large number of was es and ladies that the evening was not long eavegin to permit winding up of some of evenings as this spent together $\begin{aligned} & \text { ill } \\ & \text { ultimately greally increase our member- }\end{aligned}$ ship. This being our thrst social evening ae trust that each year will furnish large sumber enjoy at such a gathering gow Whent McCurdy, Sec. Trear

## CLPAR ANSWERS qUESTIONS

As requested in yours of the 1sth ins: ram sending you a report of our neetiag present, but we macie up in eatuasiase what we lacked in numbers. We deciued to consider the questions set forth on page eighteen of This Gube of May isth. He also appointed a committee of tive
to meet the Elevator Comaissiun and place our views before them.
No. 1.-Existing evils. Private owned devators.
(1) -No. Elevators must take the (a)-Alye of plattorms.
o. 3. - We do not believe in the Mani-
toba Act.
4.- Have Independent Commission
(3) - Elevators must be made self4) sustrinting.
(1)-Build new elevators where (q)-Must dean and be thoroughly (3)- Have carload bins in plenty. freight charge and hanaling
is constly s cost
o. $7,-1 f$ it be self-sustaining it must
o. 8.- Would be on too small a scale Must be one big system under one . Tonagemen.
No. 10.-Should build where forty
The rest of our views we hope to place
belore the C
Capan Sask PRANK E. ADAMS, Sec

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE
WORD FROM SWANsON

I am in rexipt of you favor of the 13 ith
 aloe endoing \$000 as subturriptions for four new mermbers, The cosvention The oening and manazerment of merting Eas fully discusued, sed it was roolvel. "That se faver complete Governmest eontrol of all elevators, the manatement
to lie a thoard coasiatiag of the Minister to lie a Board consustiag of the Miniter
of Agricu'ture and two nominers of the
 D. MiNTYBE, See

## Earl grey still living

 I dare asy you will wonder why I have 1sth of April. I may say that of the been away for some weeks and did not eet this letter untial lat week, and as thrreooly fault that 1. or anyons, could fiad vith it was that there exs too little time
 too many sperchrs left unmade, that oush to have bers made in fort there eriad. to to ppeak, sal there arede to be griade forther ofesaisatives arransetotirat. made, so that matters can be meire fully. dioravent, and won art the work mire thet-
 Ansiual Coavention. I believe if we eould had a Diatrict Coavention this foll in proviace was divided, it sould waterially Cower the work of the Ansual Coasention, ond at the same time make that work of a
bigher atandard (if I may be allowed to higher atandard (if I may be allowed to of the detail work coult be deaft with at the district conventions, and leave the the anausal meeting.


Threating Ouifit of S. Wallon, Spriegelde, Neak.

Tas to be a meeting of the branch on the enhe, I thooght I would answer it after the metting. Howevef, axing to an
error in the printing of the advertivement. notody turneld ap. There will be a mert. ing on the 11th of June, when I wil lay the matter before the meeting and sead
you the findings at the earlied date posible. My personal felinzs are that their own point elevators, the forvernment sending the amosut necresary to lobild them at a low rate of iateecet. Bat I
think that the Government should own think that the Government should own sample market operated by the Govere. ment, to be in conamertion with the termil) nalo and the point elevators.
Regarding the Commitsion, I think that a Commistion Minthree Ander the every three of four years sould to the best. CUY moster, See Earl Grey, Sask

## DISTRICT CONVENTIONS

There seems to be a zrowing fecling in it apprars to me that there would be many advantages in holding, these, and I will point out ax briefly as I can some of them that oecur to me at the moment. The last Annual Convention at Prince Albert

Another Adrantage that might be thry could be used as a means of electing pelceates from each district to the Annual Convnetion, and thas gettiag, if 1 may provines. That we have in our of tworis: province. That we have in our Aeworia: evileat to anyone who hast been in the hatit of atteading conventions, and se owe it to ouredve to use to the ut most all the ability we can, bring to bear on
the matters we have to dicass, weing the matterd we have to dicast, meing
se have sidh formidable foes to mert, Who have got the start of us looth in time. money. stinily and orpanization. At presest we are very mach fike a moblgoing out to attack an organized and fully
drilled army, and our actions are sild. our blows, wide, and conerequently almont powerles: but oncelet us get our organization perfected, and we can strike hard
straizht and powerfol blows, that ail make the enemy stageer, and give that confidence to our members which sucerso always brings: In my organization work Iamenstanty berag told that yoy can't ket farmers to work topeliker, all their are too independent;" and many othre expresinas of a like character. In reply to this, I would like to say, that the way to beget confidence is to exhibit confidence yourself, and my convietion is that it
you will pat confidence in the farmer, the tarmer sull conhidence in the farmer, ther armer will put confidence in you.

 be wild but 1 will maly now mention ong phat that is most impertant. If Ne had er could get a tar larger tetal attendaner than the Ambual ver gets, (heges as it is), and the egpenes oould not be wo much per adivituat menter, and t me no manon
 anf. av "e ,homb atrange to have weme of the leating mermbert of the Kavective and Direstort attend each meeting, and thus get more of our members in touet
with the leaders, and 11 bdieve the effect sith the leatert, sadernhieve the eftect
 all the foral aseriations to brieg this as know their misds ia regerd to it . NX

Organicing Secretary, Ao. o Libtikt.

## STMPATHE. IN LOSS

The fretiong hrasch 6.6.A. have "We as farroers and membert of the Grain Growers' Asuociatius, nibl to
 wo geest a loss from storm

F, Gi.YNN, President
If W. YEBHIS, see-Treas

## holeat is leading

o our members:
Helow we give you a list of the fees coilived during May, which we truat you will find satisfactory, As you will notice

| Bethune | 8ts 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Semans | es. 00 |
| Ploral | 20.00 |
| Hotear | 17.00 | | Saskatoon $\quad 17.00$ |
| :--- |
| $\quad$ is 00 | This month makes no change in the Assoriation Marathon as outlined is This Holeaw, which takes firte place with oss. The rest are in the same order as appears You will notice that our fees are falling ofi consiserabiy. Iractically the only the convention reports. However, there are yet a large number of our associations. which have not remitted for these reports. Some write saying that the money, will he forwarued when. they cispose of the are the wholesale distribstors, way: We are the wholesale aistributors, and our

asouriations are the retailmen. Is it customary for a wholesale business man to wait for his money until the retailer has sold all the goous shipped him by That wholesalert kinaly help the Central forwarded to you.

TIIE SASKATCHEWAN GRAIN
GHOWEHS ASSOGAATION
Fees received during May were:-
Arelee
Bangor
Baring
Baring
Beatty
Bethune
Cambria
Cory...
Yielding
Findlayson
Preedholm
Flett Spring:
Fleral


## Prize Essay <br> \author{ By JOHN F. McINTOSH, Stonewall, Man. 

}This Essay was awarded the 810 prize as the third besf one uritten by Students of the Manitoba Agricultural College of the First and Second Years.
 perially, the awecistion of surking prople, of theirindentriateforts
Cooppratios is no new theme, as it
*as
 munibm but took an cay drpartare from the frasch of weialism, and has now come to be recugnized as a thoroughly wound
burimros proparition and not the Ertrava. gant dream is a worialistic mind.
It has many advantages, among which are the common une of capital, sud the marketieg of common proplutions. A. examplee of the good co-operstion hat
dome, tet me cite thenmart, ion tmit kinglom, hemmed in on all sides by the kreat powers of Kurope. Yromes ay small struselige, disiorganized country, in the
trace of space yt a fex years it has therome the
supply matket of Great Britain for dairy protucts, and it looked upon as a pros: perous, peaceful kingtom. In the past produces, poultry and ezes, has taken enormous strides. This satisfactory condition is the result of co-operation. \#hich was started by a few farmers:
whowe divgust with the existing conaitions, and seeking a remedy, joined to-
vether and shipped their prouiure in large fother doing sway with the midolemene entirely. This small soriety was the foundation of co-operation in Denmark. At the present time there is a society in every community and these are ealliated with a eentral society, resulting in the increaue of teamark's trade by leaps and
bounds and the raiving of the quality of prodace shipped.
in Californas the truit growers mere in mach the same conaition as the dairy men were in Denmark, before co-opperation
was started. They were practivally unaer Eas started. They were practiralily unger the thumb of the comprissioh men and price offered for their produce. The
 the growers, who they regarded as their legitimate prey. With the formation of the California Vryit Growers' Exchange prospects took on a differeat and brizhter hue. Iastead of having a poor contined the exchange, have now a world-wide market and the enormqus and evergrowing supply has no difficulty in being
disposed of, bringing the qualty of the disposed of, bringing the quality of the
fruit up to a higher stancard, and also fruit up to a higher stanaard, and also
much cheaper to the consumer, while giving the producer a larger return for his labor.
7 in California is the result of co-operation applied on a sound buciness basis, and this is the key to successulu co-operation. Have it establithed on business priaciples To bring this near to our own door it would be difficult to find a more fertile soil for co-operation than Manitoba is at the present. In Manitoba the farmer has really no inducement to prouluce anything but wheat, and though he re-
ceives a fairly remunerative price for this necessary crop, he is robleded right and leff by the elevator combine, the millets and unserupulous speculators,
Why should the farmer provide mansions in the city to live in, and automotiles to drive about in, for men who have no for "handling" the grain. This handling could be done very much cheaper by a co: operative assisted by the government.
In other branches of farming a worse condition prevail, and the farmer who goes in for the various sidelines, is. genpotato market in Winniper laat spting potato market in winniper aat spting. the East and the states, still last fall, the farmer who had a carload to sell could only get from 23 to 2.5 cents per
bushel and even at that price the market bushel and even at that price the market
was glutted. At the same time, the conser bushel and are now paying is cents
per buakel for them with the prompect
of payise 8100 to 81.50 is the nest
future, and this prise sill wee asuther laruere importation of eastern poitatios as usual. fiere is a opleadid apportasity ofich would uper ap a proftalle farmerty for Manitolas.
Men well versed in this subject, tell an that Manitoba is ecantially a dairy provisce and that in the near future
mare intenaive system of farming must he takes up. This change is arod? ually taking place at the preornt time in impperative that comeperation be started rieht away. The present conditions can-


## a globllar grainster

The rotund Ruttan am I
Can never ert thin the' i try.
And O: worse than
For a glimpse of my feet I sigh.
"When I waddle round in the "pit,

When they on the floot
Point their finger and say, "That's it!"
not last much longer, and it is high time for the farmers to get together and run
things a little more for their own profit Let us glance at the conditions under which dairying is carried on in Manitoba at the present time. Take, for example.
a district located near Winnipeg. The a district located near Winnipeg. The
dairy farms are for the most part run dairy farms are for the most part run
down grain farms, incapable of producing down erain farmss incapable of producing
a profitable erop of wheat. The farmer has invested his money in a few cows and has turned his latoor into the proereamery. At the pevailing prices he receives about 16 cents a gallon for the
milk, while the consumer is paying 40 milk, while the consumer is
cents per gallon fot it Thiner gallon for
This twenty-four cents apread goes to ine creamery company for their trouble in pasteurizing, bottling and delivering
the milk to the consumers. It seems to me that there is something radically wrong here, and not otaly in these branches of farming but in evety other department
of farm life it is the same story, always a of farm life it is the same story, always a
herd of middemen waiting to grasp a share of the profits.
If the dairymen of the province were to orkanize a co-operative society, and es-
tablish areamerica throushout, the province, having a central distributing
creamery in Winnipg equiped with creamery in Wimipeg. equipped with management. some of the many advan-
tages that would follow are: the recciving
duce at a cheaper rete than be it not payise for the poorer arade, and for the protures a mise remuserative retur ar hur habor and an inerrawed
This woold mean areat things for Manif thas, as doverieg if the itost hishy and is aloo a very profiable ans At has hees shown the farmets, she, the pheticiass tell as, are the harkhate of feneratly ty is olezitimate way, ned an lone as this state of aflaint ecoationes iust to lose will there be martgaged farms in Manitida.
 Canasian farmer is onic of the most sliferliant pertums us the tale of the earth. There weros. to be something in the actual contart aith the veil, that
 being. *ho does ner
The farmer has on long stood alone. planned and tortect afone, in an atmorphere of ianvilual independence, that otkanization. The Wetern spirit has been the-stumbliny blork upon which many organiations have fallen, and seem. to be the rral rason कhy farmers have of eocoperstion it the sfl-important of co-operation if the af-important latoor-a fair and just portion of what the consumers pay for the products of their
Along this line the agricultural colleges. are doung a treat deal of quop. The atioking together of one daus through thirk and thin, is the many thanetier of
college life, teach the boys the value of colleze life, tearch the boys the value of
thorough of enaimation and atove ail.

## contract to be let

A contract for the construction of a Northern railway between the south side hillixark, B. C, will be awarded this month. Tenders aill close on June 1 s . ni,ht., making allowance for the time toson the ground. will elapme lefore grating
 minster, where the railway company has acyuired an aren of over 2,000 acter: Other sections of the road bet zeen Chilli\#ack and Yellowhead Prass will be placed surveje have been approved. Four of the rouad lietween Edmenton and the

This, in brief, sums up the announcements, made by D. D. Mann, vice-president of the Canadian Northern Kailway,

## rotleau is leaigng

## Golden West

Ingleford
Kisbey
Lake Centre
Varrow Lake
Veenin .
Vorthminaler
Ohlen.
Parkbeg ...
Patience Lak
Raymore
Roleau
Ruddell
St. Antoine
Saskatoon

## Semans

Star City
Swanson
Valparaiso
Waldeck
Waldron-
4.50
$\geq .00$

6.00
3.50
5.00

## . 30 $\geq 00$

### 5.00

MANY SETTLERS COMING
A Dulath. Mins... dispateh of June, vid. EEidity more Immigrant fer day, bound for Wisniprz. Edere to Englity and Priner. Aliert. All ans wous sill tak near London and thoush drolired their intentipo to week boser in the city.
Acrording to A. Mce, Smith, peride parrazer aprot for the Grand Trunk tuch from lindand has brocements tomst that it is himponilut for all to makr ite thaner sher they firt planased to do m aith this party evere obtiend to to tas Hithod on serenet of insbility to wever trond dow pamase on shiptrard. Th pront party arrived this nown and hef and Northern, and Canadian Northern:-

## COLD IN SOUTH

The lowest tempersture ever recorded in Lauiville, Kentarky, daring the month of June "as rached Friblay mennisf vith the thermometer at the seath Ther
 Tis 11 detrers, reurded an June-1, vsp of frout last night from sheily ville, Ky. and Madicon, Ind.
Tolaceo growers over the state erport that the plant beds are aluadutely liftes. and rellanting is marded to an alaris. of extent. hecordinkly reduced. Ohber plants such as tomators have shown to grouth and there is no etimating 1 , damaze to Kentucky
cold spring weather.

## rain in dakota

A Grand Forks: N. D., wire of June 3 said: "The northern wrtion of the state was vivited this evening shartly after oo'dock with a woaking rain that put ave end to all appirchencion
The rain literally cameldorn in ents for hall an hour and the zround ha aboorlied moisture enough to insure be krowth of the crop for the next fow well. Anin was badly hecried in the valles and all over the state for hie collo weathe has taken the moistare from the wheal plant any apperciatile good. There wn Alant any apprece orather for the warmer o-day, and this coupled with the mil gives of very optimistic outlook for the

MARKET FOR B. C. FRUIT C. Metcalfe, commissioner of tranmbia, arrived is Wrinipeg on Wednestay ast to keep an eye on conditions affecting his province. Mr. Metcalfe in an inter vew expresued himself as being periectlit aticd with the conditions of the that crop in his province. He estimates cent greater than last year. This will, course, mean that the more fruit will be vailable for exporting from the province and will necessitate the enlarging of the market. "So far, Regina has been the Purthest east we have shipped, said to include points east of Regina as far as Vinnipeg as being in our field, and I am fere to look over the ground. The fruit narket of Western Canada has been sup30 per cent.. United states, 35 per cent and British Cplumbia, 15 per cent., for
the last few years, and I think it should be Wheven asked about the freight rates, Mr. Metealfe said that the rate from points im-Oregon and Washington,
Winnipeg was $81.121 / 2$ per 100 Ibs., while rom lancoesver it was 81.00 per 100 lbs Besides this difference in tavor of Vancouver, there was a duty of
per box on apples, 48 cents per box, or $t$ cents per pound on peaches, and 20 to cherries coming from across the border The outlook is good at Edmonton and deration." concluded Str. Metcalle." think that we will also command a part of the trade here. Ontario fruits are not


PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

CALGARY
June 30th to July 7th, 1910 LARGE PRIZE LIST


Cream Separators $\$ 19.75$ up
Free 30 Day Trial

The DOMO Separator Co

THE GRAIN GROWERS: GUIDE

## Page 25

Organizing Southern


PORT ATRHER DRYDOcKs A Port Arthur diy

now in ervect to
Eantern Canada. New England Staies, Boston and Nev York Cheice of Restes Stap-Over Priviteges Free side Trips
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McINNES BROS.

## Boiler Makers

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 BRUNSWICK Rates: $\$ 1.50$ per day JACKS FOR SALE \#
 W. L. DE CLOW Cowntitiot


## CINCRETE FENCE POSTS

 MAKE YOUR OWN!TO MEET THE PREMER
The eentral executive will Eidd a meet. i0g on Priclay, Th, to make arranacturats.
for a deleation to meet Sir Willrid for a delepation to meet Sir Wilfrid
Iaurier and his party en thrir Western Laurier and his party on thrir Wretern
trip. It is esperted that the M. G. G. A. trip.
will extesd to the premier a hearty wel. come to the Weat and at the same time ohat the Westers farmers expect from the Dominine grovermment by mHy of legtilation.

## vERY MECH ALIVE

Keseline beine proctically over, Valley
Hiver Girain Gifowery' Asoristing trums River Girain Girowers' Anvelistiven resu-
citated thrir thoughts slong economir lines by halding a meeting on May 2sth. President Kelty occupied the chair, and
after the minutet of the previous meeting after the minutes of the previous meeting
had-loen enofirmed, he peinted veut that some progress had recently been made in the elevator situation, and that the personnel of the enmmisaion zas atisfor an erpression of opinion as to petitioning for a moverterent elevator. After severn specthes it mas moved by Y. Rowilien and Thos. Taylor. "That,
the wecretary he instructed to write D. W. MaCunir te getting up a petition to sequire the existing elevator at Valley River": Motion was carried.

The following motions sere aloo passed: "That the sectelary be instructed to
make arrangementa with nearhy asormake arrangementa sith neary for purchasing twine"
"That we have a Grain Growers" pienic distinet from any other function." "That the serretary be inatructed to *rite the Ladies' Mutual Benefit Society of Valley Hiver, asking them to coopornate with as in getting up
Grain Growers' pienie.
Grais Growers pienic
write nearby asoociations arranging con*rite nearby associations arranging counAssociation for speakers for picnics:" A picnic committee of five was appointed. It was moved by Ben Boughen
and William Jones, "That ' and William Jones, "That we hereby
exprest our warm approval of the course exprest out warm approval of the course
pursued by THE Gitats Gimowsens GutDe in exposing the mixing scandals at the in exposing the mixing exandals at the
terminal elevators and express our condemnation of the other papers, whe tricd to hush the matter up." Motion was carried with enthusiasm. by advice of J. G. MeIntosh. merling that by advice of J. G. Melntosh, a long time
rural councillor of this part, he wished to introdure the following motion: "That the secretary be instructed to send our reselution re tasation of unoceupied limnds to the municipal council, asking them to bring it to the attention of the union ried. weeks when it is hoped the elevator petition will be in readiness for signatures,
as this public utility is tequired complete for this next erap.
W. J. BOLGHE.N, Sec.treas.

HOLD JOINT PICNIC The branches of Pine River. Firdale,
Berton and Mayfield are arranging for a joint picnic somewhere about the being fixed.

SECRETARIES CAN HELP One way in which secretarics of the
branch associations can help the work carried on by the Central Ecutive Committee. is by supplying the secretary main reason why farmers do not secure the reforms they ask for is the lack of
data on which to base their demands. data on which to base their demands.
This deficiency could easily be corrected if the secretaries of the branches were more prompt in supplying information
asked for. Perhaps the excessive price asked for. Perhaps the excessive price
farmers have to pay for lumber for building purposes is the greatest drawback to improvements on the farm and it is
generally admitted that the excessive
price is larely due to mombinations amang dealere and manufacturers of Iumber. The exntral asworiation has smade an effort to serure information
to enative themin th arrive at a condusine an ohich they could sugerat a molusion With that end is virw, some a minedy, the servetaries were asked to whd to the proviscrial servtary the retail prims for lamber of thria shippine poists. The sumber who gove the information was os
small that it will be of no uor for the ob small that it will be of no sue for the ob-
ject for whirb it was intesided ject for which it was intesided.
Hecently inquirirs have bern aving for informations as to the effortive: ness of the rattle euarls supplied, by
raileays and the lowes sustained by

AFTER GOVERNMENT ELEVATOR At a meeting of the Pine Creek Grain srowrts' Atrontation, held May th, the Resolved, "That the Mine Crut Irowers' Asworiation and the Grain Templars of Edrans hold a union pienie on of alout the 81 st of June, date to lo fisd later, on tection 19, 18, 18," Motion
was carried. Heolved, "That J. Bennett, E. Manus, D. MeCuaig, and E. Stewart, be a romTemplare to arrange a program and fis Moved by K. Stewart and seconded

## WILL MEET SIR WILFRID

The executive of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association held a meeting on the evening of the 3rd. The principal business taken up was that of making afrangements to present the views of the Manitoba farmers to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his party during their Western tour. The secretary was instructed to arrange for a hearing for the Girain Growers' delegates, at some point that would meet the for the Grain Growers delegates, at some point that would meet the
convenience of Sir Wilfrid, preferably Brandon as being more convenient to the Grain Growers

The special questions to be taken up will be the taking over of the terminal elevators by the Dominion government, the building of the Hudson's Bay Road, the tariff; emphadzing specially the importance of the Dominion government taking advantage of the offer of the United States government for a Reciprocity Treaty and the aceepting of the offer of the United States government for reciprocal Free Trade in agricultural implements. The farmers will also press for the Dominion government to take up the chilled meat proposition.
farmers owing to stock killed on the track. It is very important that this information be supplied. There is no use whatever in farmers complaining unless they put
themselves to the trouble of preparing an effective case when they apply for reR. MeKENZIE

ELI BRANCH ACTIVE The Eli branch is arranging to hold a
public meeting on Saturday June 11 , at public meeting on Saturday June 11, at
$\$$ o'clock. This is one of the branches q 'clock. This is one of the branches
of the agociation that has been dormant for two or three years. Last winter it was reforganized with a new set of officer The larger number of the members speak the Freneh language and they desire a French speaker to explain to them more fully the sims and purposes of the organization

WILL ORGANIZE BRANCHES Mr. R. Lemieux of Somerset will make a tour of the French settlements east of the Red River, in the course of a couple of
weeks, to organize branches of the Grain Growers' Ascociation. The French spalk ing people of the province are becoming very much interested in the work of the association and all that is required to get them in line is to have speakers, who are familiar with the work of the organization, explain it to them in their own language.
by M. Watson, "That J. Bennett writ the Elevator Commission and get all information re Government elecator at
Pine Creek," Motion was earried Moved by J. Rennett, and seconded by 1. Watson, "That the Grain Growers Executive arrange to have a deputation
to meet Premier Laurier while in the West to meet Premier Laurier while in the West and urge upon him the necessity of govern-
ment ownership and operation of the terminal elevators, and also to lay before him the private prosccution of owners
of said elevators; that we the Girain of said elevators; that we the Grain Growers condemn this private prosecution
of these rich eriminals, whereas if it had been a poor woman or man stealing a would hrve been tried in the public court, and all the newspapers in Winnipeg we have to send to Ottawa to find ou anything about the matter." Motion carried unanimously. JOSIAH BENNETT

## MANITOBA TECHNICAL EDUCATION

 That the Manitoba government has will at once take up the question of tech nical education in the province was announced at a meeting of the Winnipe Trades and Labor Council Thursday night. II. Strange, the secretary of the legislative committee of that body, announcedthat during the afternoon a conference


## (W) Howonary Pazaidant

 W. SCALLIONPaseidext
D. W. MecUaig, Pontaen la Paisis Vica-Puraident:
R. C. HENDERS • - CeLwose Snchetamy-Tumaenas: R. MeKENZIE

WIanlpeg
Poter Dinncrons:
 Wilsos, Marringhurat: P. W, Kerr,
Souris; G. H. Malcolm, Birtle; J. B. Souris: G. H. Malcoles, Birtle; J. 8.
Woods, Oskille: R. J. Avison, Gilbert Plains
had been held with G. R. Coldwell. the minister of education, whe, was mont ansious that the Trades and Laber council should diseuss the matter a to depute sis or more members of the commistion. The members of the commission will be the ehairman of the Winniper
whood board, 'Superintendent D. Me orhool board, "Superintendent D. Me Intyre; a representative of the Manufae
turers: Asonciation, one from the amp turers Asweciation, one from the arr cultural collere, two from the Brando are la Prairie Trades and Labor Council Praniton sehoot board one, Portape schioel board one, Dauphin one, Winnipez Board and Trade one. Winnipeg Trades The following were elected
The following were elected to represent Yuill and Chambers of the Amalgamated Carpenters' Union to represent the building trades: Delegate hise of the Bookbinders' to represent the printing to reptesent the runsing trades (raile to represent the running trades (railway trades. The chairman of the legislative

SHOAL LAKE PICNIC
Shoal Lake has selected July 7 as the date of their from Rusell on the weat and Minnedosa on the cast, and the officen of the azeriation are making arrangements for a pienic that will be better than ever.

MANY NEW SUBSCRIBERS
Ed. Brown, secretary of Boissevain branch, in sending the secretary the dues enelosed ninety-four subseriptions to The Giars Gmuwna' Geribe, Boisse
vain Assoriation has now 135 members.

RAT VIRUS DISTRIBUTED
The Manitoha department of agricul ture is again starting a very active cam paign against the rats, which are gradto stop their progress, making theit way towards Winnipeg and also in westerly direction. A large quantity of virus has been prepared and will be sent direct to those who desire the same It can be obtained by writing to the department, which also desires the applican ings, so that the officials will know about just what amount to send.
It has been found that by sending quantities of the poison to the clerks of the different municipalities or to one party for distribution that a large number Who wanted the virus did not obtain it
and also in many cases when it was reand also in many cases when it was received by the farmer it was found to have
lost its strength due to not being prolost its strength due to not being pro-
perly handled by the man who had care of it, of through him having it too long in his possession. In future the virss will be sent direct to the party asking
for it, and he will thus be assured of refor it, and he will thus be assured of re-
ceiving it in first class condition. The celving it in first class condition. The is St. Agathe, about eighteen miles direct
south of Winnipeg on the $\mathrm{C}, ~ \mathrm{R}$. They south of Winnipeg on the C. N.R. They
are, however. gradually working west, are, however, gradually working west,
and have reached points west of Sanford.

Brit Krulitzkij was run over by a train
Netley and instantly killed. In atat Netley and instantly killed. In at-
tempting to board a work train he slipped
and fell under the wheels.

## A GRaIN

 isociation PaEsidenv?
## *r

miown

* Celwose

Winalpet

## moss

 , M, W. Kent
G. R. Coldwell, Trrden and Labor
toe the mateet an , wished the council newbers of the comb-
is of the commistin a of the commission of the Winniper
intendent D. Meve of the Manufac from the Brandon ncil, one from Pert. and Labor Council,
one, Portape shool ${ }^{n}$ Wine, Winnipes bout six. councils represent council: Delegates f the Amalgamated egate Rige of the resent the printing ing trades (railway Yoofsworth, renerat n of the leg

E PICNIC
ected July 7 as the
picnic. Excursions ell on the west and st, and the officers aking arrangements

BSCRIBERS
ary of Boissevain Central Association subscriptions to
Gectos. Boise-

## STRIBUTED

irtment of agricul.
which are grad-
at has been dobe
ss, making theit
g and also in t ed and will be sent writing to the deesires the applicant amber of his buildsend. by sending that by sending
ison to the clerks cipalities or to one did not obtain it, was found to have to not being prohaving it too long future the virss the party asking is be assured of ress condition. The lents have reached
ghteen miles dired the C.N. R. Thes
illy working west,
its west of

and fictic

Beef Rings D faders of The Gotios and as planning for a fresh supply of frevi berf by minass of a leeftring. this
article is reppoduced from Twn Goisk January 18.
The ewatomary arrangement is for suimal each for slauphter os surevaive serks, said animal to le a stert or hirifer. not move than twa, ot perhap three or is some causs ton, and not more than see pounds, erefulve of trest, heart. ehich parts, along oith the bides of the animal, go to the owner. The owrvies kill the animal and apportion the earcas. according to the fised chart, cuts bring aupplied in turn, so that by the close of
the seatons, each member has rworived an entipe carcass. At the end of the vason, settlement is made among the nembers, accurding to the eriphts of
the animals slaushtered, on the hasis I a fised stated pitice for bect, from of to those
Butchers have different charts for futting inter shares. A chart for a sisternfollows:


Fig. 1 represents one-half of beel letting this half down, divide it is the middfe by running a saw acrois at "a" between roasts 4 and S, leaving two rilas
on bind quarter. After laving bothon bind quarter. After laying both
quarters on the table, divide four quarters quarters on the table, divide four quarters No. 9 represents neck. Saw neek off,
leaving three joints on it. Noaving three joints on it. 1 represents roast No. 1. Saw roast
No Vo. 1 off, leaving three joints on it. No. $\&$ represents rosest No. \&. Saw
roast No. $\&$ off, leaving three joints on No. 3 represents roast No. 3 . Saw
roast No. 3 off, leaving three joints on it. No. 4 represents roast No, 4 . Saw
roast $\mathrm{No}, 4$ off, leaving four joints on it. No. 11 represents front shank. Saw front shank off above upper joint. No. 14 represents second Saw it off, leaving five ribes on it.
it off, leaving foumt rilist rib cut. Saw No. 10 represents lirisket.
No. 12 represents shoulder, whi h lies
difeetly directly under brisket, as represented
in Fig. 1

Then tate the lind querer and divite No 13 "grwente tank Cut tank No so mpunts nat Xo a sou Dint No t and rump Now motion Dind ther firme to as mort to to. Nogh appaile
 Not 16 mpormato tiad thok per steak is takes off. hisd thank after After this half ef
cut up it is divided beteres the been eight jerwerss, as shomen by the timentaliet goving earh pervon a rast, a boil piere, and a slice of strak. Ther thes other wp in the same manner. A soccessful chart for


The numbers that go together ar 1 and $18, \%$ and 16,3 and 12,4 and is
4 and 17,6 and to, 7 and 11,8 and is. and 17,6 and zo, 7 and 11,8 and 15 .
9 and 15,10 and 19 . finguare loralitirs ternty-four share ringe are in operation. Many individuals.
toes, deride that they rannet handle a whote share, and so arrange with a arightor to go halves. With a 16 -share ring, an animal up to three prars and an
averazed dirssed werght of ahout 400 pounds, one share piver a faur sypyly
 and that the chart will have to be made out accordingly. A competent butelier vill find litte difficulty in dividing the carcass in such way that eaeh momber
will recrive justore.

## PITTSBURG SUNDAY BALL.

 The ministers of Pittshurg and the have been holding Sunday exhibition Games have reaclied an agreement wherely the Sunday baselall games, will continue and the attendance at the churches, it Hereafter, according to the manager of the A. J. Martin's, one of the leat known amateur nines in the couftry, no person will be allowed to attend ther Sunday efhibition games conducted tythat club unless the patron is able to phat club unless the patron is able to at eertain Fittsburg churchers after the Sunday morning service. These tirkets will be given only to persons who attend the Sonday morning church servies No person who does not sit out the service,
no matter what the lonath of the sermone no matter what the irwkth of the sermion may be, will be given a ticket

Before attempting to ket whet you want

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Give Comfort and Service

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MICH FLOLR BLEACHED 1. Mecill, ehief analy ist for the Pomit. diving the mult of as amal ain ohet hen
 objeet of shosing to shat extrat the
 ef hy the prowes, of bleathing by means If nitmes erid. This if : question which
 during the last yuat.
In North Datota as a wesult of the
judement fiven by the supreme court. ibe ale of tleached fluur has leren made Chepal Conads hozerer hav no legis tation with regard to Mracled lowr. The that fifty samples or ternty - toon pet ent. of the total collection contained alout evrity-five samples which show mrasur able amounts of nitrates, \&s contain not
maire than enor rart meare than one part jer million. Of the nitrates McGill says, that it is evident that the bleaching of flour has resulted from a popular sie mand for abite four. and A Coviction om the part of the milleri that they mere meeting thas demand in all pays that it is an impertant gurestion Whether or not there is any danger to
the publir hralth from the SHeaching the pullie hralth from the Weaching
of flour is a moot important question of hour is a most important question
upon which judggent is resrrved. upon which jodggent is reserved.
continues. the report, "that thould, decision be reached on srientifie prounds and so drar as to justify prohilition of oxides of nitrogen, as bleaching sgents the large mills *ill be found prompt up to it:" such a decision and to live that a standard be oet defining the a mount of bleaching mafter which it may be posithe for the milfers to use in the Heaching of flour sithout danger to the
bralth of thir coneumer.

It's eary for a man to understand
btinhing to alaska
Officials of companies operating stramolipe to Alasik peints en the Bechrigy Neavr Notimate for Nome and se. Mirherta in the early June milinges, drawn to the for North by the mperts of nielt drpaits in the derstered geld felds. The first
 Weallily men have lien compelled o take a compart mient in the steresae and there is a aniting liet at the steam. clip office larger than the company caps. the ruat to the North thet mornat is and frright eficiaits of Alaska steamatip lines say the movement, elich omounts to a stampede. has been equalled only oncr in the listory of the north and that
daring the Klondike rush thirteral yearn ago.

PLANNING FOR CENSLS
Nine thousand men will be erquirrd \% lake the census of nest year. The -me changre foom the pervious form arre now before fhe eatinet for approval. The number of three emplowed in the *ork will be very little mare than in 1910 , the itca being to make larger the arras growhth of the weat will vperate townat on increased representation but this will topend upon the relative increase in purfiec and the east.

Some men remind us of camels; while lhey may go for several days without drinking.
bicke up.
It is easier for

* \% poot

A
A sirl seldom reents a man's attempt to flirt with her unless she is in love with A man seldom goes to a pretty woman lot advice.


## "Townsley System" <br> Copper Cable Lishtning Arresters is controlled and manufactured

 exclusively by the Canadian Lightning Arrester and Electric Co., of Wimnipeg, Man.; also sold only by them and their regularly appointed Agents throughout the rural districts.

Canadian Lightning Arrester \& Electric Co. Ltd. 199 Main Street winnipeg, Man.

## Property Legrislation

By ALEXX. BROWN, Genora, Man.
"In the war twixt bonds and freedom, Marshall all the ranks of right, Greet your comrades ere the hattle, Blot you from each other's sight."


#### Abstract

Canads, reporwating lator. tomprraner and azriculture arv *orking eparately in A natb-partivan manner towardo ober great iffel, the Botting sost of every Astife of davery foum our fair Dominiak. Al thry have one aime only, They have them everymbere wniler the namer of vroted intersats shouting for rerougsition with the streneth sained from walth whirh the owner have not carned) The fiaht of the tempranch The fieht of the tempersace part is not agoinat the drunkard (ahow ger yuies appetat for driak has hed hime combined lerverers, distillers and doalert. ohrue goved for profit. compelo them to rob thrit vietim =hile sdministering peluen to him. The parties mprewatiog aericulture sod labor are uniog thrir influenee to the end that the teikef; whether in field or fartory, shall no longer


## ARBITRATE FISHERIES

question
The artitration fribunal an the New. neaday at the Hagur. The court is composed as fellows: Dr. Lammaerl. profecoser of international law in the Tniversity of Nenhs, persident: Dr. Prago, of of thentinas. Dr Ditherlands: Juder Cobman, of the Netheriands. Suifger Charfes Vitapatrick, eltief justier of ther supremer court of Cinitas: Aritish nernt. Hon. A. B. Aylesworth; Vnited States agent, Chandler P. Anderum. The firt business wewion sill be hrid Motiday and the sittinge will be public
Dr. Lammaech, in his inaugural opecch said that hy submitting a century
ofd conflict to this court. America and Britain have expmend their complete confidence is the parific method of settling international conflicts and have aiven an example to the whole community of nations and have won for themerves Irech eredit in the cause of international jastice and peace for which those power have perhaps done more than any other
nations, eaperially dungs the reien of the great monarch whoue prematurely sodden death has so reerently breen la mented by the vast Empire.

H*WK stole chantecler
While on her way to church last Sunday had an excriting experiener with a huge hieken hawk. which made of with ber thantecler hat.
When near the schoolhouse on Pompton turapike, she first noticed the hawk hovering over her, but high up in the air. The bird, after circling about and swinging
nearer and nearer to her, suddenly swooped down on her head and serized the hat. It fluttered and pulled at the headgear. while Mise McPlail sereamed. Two kirl friends ran to her assistance. Mise Minnie Martsolort reached her first. and she tried to drive of the bird, but the hawk flapped his wings wildly several
times, striking Miws Hart and Binding lier for the time being.
Miss McPhail was the trige being.
Miss McPhail was so frightened that
he sank to the ground. By that time the the sank to the ground. By that time the
hatpins had worked loose and the hawk flew away with the headgear in his claws. When over the Parraic river the bird evidently discovered it had made a mistake and dropped the hat, which fell into the water, near the singae bridge, where
a number of men and boys were fishing. Finding she was more seared than hurt Finding she was more scared than hurt
Miss MePhail rushed to the river' bank. The hat was then floating under the bridgec. and several of the fishermen tried to hook it, but were unsuccesoffil. At that mom. ent Howard Jackson, of Montclair, a member of the Sunnyside Canoe clubs,
came around the bend of the river in his came around the bend of the river in his
canoee, paddling up the stream. The men canoe, paddling up the stream. The men
called out to him to secure the hat, which
have his life cruebred out berrath a loat of undervary expenc Thror purtirs pouition foum thrir path. but of purron they are pationtly waiting for the stater. non of Camets to slopt their ideal and and sot materials of forvillom then then And govermantriat, tulicitute the otyert Ther temeal $r \mathrm{~m}$ of property lezeidation Irailo is 2 ; nstion of paupersamid unboundrd woralth. - millionsirr and hir slaven

Wre profor to bo " Chistian nations and Christ avka "15 not fle life mare than morat and the bunf mote than nument shat profiteth it a man if be
giin the whele world and lour his life? it thes suarstions apply to all the in. dividuals of a community the prople as a ohole musf anower them. Of what in the gniming?
he did, and returned it to the owner.
Me ho whail pottonder in hre thanks. Mis: MePhail attended charrh a little later. but she fiff not wear the hat.

## FLYS Channel. twice

 - A Dover, Fngland, cable of June 8 said - Captain Charles S. Roolls, the English Franer, and fetarned without tongite, Yrance, and returned nithout stoppingarros.
Bleriot and Count de Jened feat. Louis thannel from France to Enakland, but pever before has a continuous flight betwern Enaland and France and return orcork and in splendid time hat at 6.30 the French coast. If time had reached is Sankatia difes, near Calaie, and then witb. eut stopping his engine turned his aeroplane bark to the Britich shore.
The distanere acrose the chanitl twentvone miles, so Captain Rolls compliched an over water flight of forty-
two miles. making a new tewt particularly dangerous course
Three torpecto boats which had bern atrung acrose the channel in anticipation of the fight, started simultaneously with the bird-man when he uet out for France. but though the buats were driven at full
sperd they were uown overhauled and pheerel by the aviator

Many homesteads taken Hhe months, business at the Medicine from that transacted in April. The repori shows that 632 homesteads were filed on with 743 pre-emptions, 20 purchased
homesteals. 47 Routh Nrican and 3 half-breed serips, of African scrips entries for 191,100 acres. In April ther *ere 1.704 entries for 290.960 arres, and the grand total for the two months that the land office has brin in operation here is therefore e.s99 entries for 371,160
nerese Accorcling to this showing the increase in acreage under cultivation next year
in this district is even now impossibl fo estimate. In 1909 the area unde cultivation was less than 30,600 ander while this year there has, as already stated. oren 37 , 100 actes taken up exclusive of the 76,000 acres of school lands sold That wrek. and the heavy sales made by Which would swell the aggregate to about half a million acres.

Robert Witherspoon, one of the oldest his home e engincers io Cornwall, Ont., aged 77 , ycar at Mr. Witherspeon was born in Edinburgh and came to Canada in 1835 to work for for the Grand Trunk Railway. Mr. Witherspoon wa. engineer of the first passenger train ihich pulled out of MonCreal for Toronto on the night of October
6. 1856 .

M. M. MOTORCYCLES



B. L. MARSH, Canadian Distributor, Winnipeg lae Rink, Winnipeg, Man,

## Manitoba Elevator Commission

D. W. Meçualg W. C. Graham<br>F. b. maclennan. Head Office: 279 Garry St., WINNIPEG

THE Commissioners wish to announce to the farmers of Manitoba that they have secured permanent offices for the transaction of their business, and all communications should be sent to the Commissioners at the above address. Petition forms and all information needed by farmers in order to secure elevators at their points will be mailed upon application. The Commissioners solicit the co-operation of the farmers of Manitoba in the work of establishing a system of Public owned storage elevators in the province.

## A Good Investment

"One good investment is worth a life-time of labor"



The Alliance Land \& Investment $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{o}}$. Ltd. Ralto block . ........ Winsirge, Mme
 Stump Brath Pullers
We are the largest manufacturers of Stump and Brush Pullers in Canada, and the only ones making malleable machines. We have these machines adapted for all kinds of work-scrub oaks, willows and pop lars, burned over or standing. Write for Catalover $K$, and standing.
wote the $k$
work you have to do
LIMITED, Lindsay, Ontario, Canada

\section*{Money to Loan ㅃum rion Fire Insurance CEDAR POSTS | Lots Car |
| :---: |
| Lot |
| In | Jno. M. Chisholm, Tribune Building, Winnipeg}

## mission

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IIPEG
he farmers of ent offices for ommunications Iress. Petition urder to secure ilication. The s of Manitoba owned storage

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Wirbec. Mate
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manufacturers 1sh Pullers in Wy ones making We have these or all kinds of rillows and popstanding: Ontario, Canada
isurance Car
innipeg

DOES A WASHING JUST LIKE PLAY!
Six Minutee to Wash a Tubful!


 G. G. E. Bsch, Mesoen

The 1900 Washer Co, 357 Yonge Strest TORONTO, ONTARIO

Strast
vive




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> FURS HIDES

Mcmillan fur \& wool co. winnipa

ImperialHotel

Rates, $\$ 1.50$ per day



> Howerner




## 




Prat Friceds I mant to thank you all soin very very woth tor thomany Itraily cour Moy Bos Ta Partian
 greateot joy to me to road your traty ympaty and kindly mosuest in ail "Sunhine Chirke I =ont the thick. to watch nest week for the "sperial"
mravage which sill lo ornt for them from their loving and grateful friend
office of the Grain Girowers' Gecibs on Tueday and Thursday afternoons from tecrive any visitor who is interested in our fivild and *ishtut to tearn more atonit its "Sunshine Work," or any associate sho desires to confer with mer in
appoint ment is desirable when possible.

## WANTS TO HELP

Dear Marie:- I am a little girl wiahing on miles from Ashville, and gos to sehool just acrose the road. I would like to
help some of your little girls and bhys. My papa is a preat. zreat Gruin Grower. I alway, rad the Sumhine Guid, and I
like it very mueh. Mamma has a share in the Grain Grower: Girain Company
I.IZZIE FI LLEER.

## Ashville, Man

## POR THE POOR

Dear Marie: I would like to become please send me a membership card? I childres. I emelose fwo cents for a membership card. HEIDI MILLER.

## YOU

## heafd the mocking-bird last night

## its noter filled the moonlit grove-

## heard the south wind kiss the flower,

 Bathed in the morning dew, All spoke to me of you.And in the busy hours of day, And all the long night through,
Each thing of beauty and of goor Reminds me. love, of you goos

Cheet Ip currespondest is Alfias lightes. at burive sowirahat by rontributing Theer upt What if the day's cold
And yous're ferline olt And yos're ferline ohd
And blue. And blue.
And diverusted, Take a botare, Ind smile
A =hile
Nothing's csinet by lowinina alume Kepp mum
Put your woes on the thelf,
Keep yeur troubles to sourelf ind CHENK if ${ }^{\text {f. }}$ yourelf

GOOD CHEER FROM A PLUMAN SUNSHINER.
Dear Marie I would like to lecome
Dear Marie I moubl like to lecomer
member of the Konshine Gluh. I live of miles Prom the pretty hetie (own ago from the State of lowa, and like the I ser in the last isane of Tus Gerrbs
hast many things are wanted for the sifl that many thinge are wanted for the sich
be's such as magarines and books am sending yos is parrel containing papers, pietures and Sunilay school
cards, and hope they will be of some use tos amuse the sirk oters. Io not wish to makr my first letter
dom long. so I will fose with bert wishes. Mumas, Man

Dear Sunshine Juniors, Don't forket heear play box tea partios of tresh nir
toutinge for whirh hunderdo and hundreds. nutingo for whirh hundreds and hundreds. 1 cents arf wanted.
The play box parties zere the mrans A giving 4,800 little children an outing or one day last year in London, England.
and I feed sure with all the loving little hearts in syremathy with this work wo will be able to equal if not exered this total this sear here.

## Golden Days

The day is best wherein we give a howght to others surrows, forgetting
off we learn to live, and tesign whf we learn to live, and blesxings born
If kindly dreds make golden our tomorrow.

WANTED FOR SUNSHINE: Musir roill for, organ, sheets, table doths, pullow caus, towels, stamps,
storkings, slothing suitable for children storkings, Alothing suitable for thildren

THE PHILOSOPHER. Dear Marie: Goats milk should ber Thed in a dairy beecause it is rielier. lecause the circumferenee is round. am 9 years eld. EVERETT WHLLIAMSON

Every Child Should Join the Sunshine Give Guild
ien the form beloz
Dear Marie:-I should like to
,ecome a member of sour rune Griome A member of your Sunshine Guild. Please send me tobership card
I enclose two cents stanhps for its
postage.

The Threshold of Democracy
is the Lahw., Agricultural and Re-
form prom. No o orer seney form prese. No o her ayney
providra the same effertive foram providrat the same effertive foram

## THE VOICE

III mupket at. winntice

 trien gxes
Doublicrer oeery to roo that the or
 THE B-PAOE WKEKLT WOHCE is

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 Kative iritu - $\boldsymbol{t}$ "If it rionts, we have it
Winnipeg Motor-Boat Co.



## Fool Things in Economies

P

 moclern magosine of woman's pagr can
properly appear without at frast ofier cellitins of sweth hints, mostly impractirable and eften nonuensiral, and the army of inesperienced young hotarkeepers ono
have loen led sutray is the fruitlos rndeavat to follow the vagaries of "economical" recipes, that more often thas not ended in the ranket failures and
disappointments, to say nothing of sertuat loss, would count up into the thousansls. A few years ago the particular phase Papers Af maporimes Sainly feemed are. Papers and makanines fairly teemed with fully executed illustrations of burvass and washotands, bedeteads and bookeases, toilet tables and taliorttes, is various staiges of completion. Yos were gently arked and warminy invited to go to your number of botes of varied or whiform sises as seemed good to youl. And when his supply failed thrte was the boot and shoe man who kept the very size and shape for drawers, all ready made-nearly: then on to the hardware for the hammer, pencils, rule, sand-paper, eils, varnish, gimfets, auger; is shoit, a sample of

## Home Made Furniture.

Then gentle woman was to fall upon these boses and tools (though she couldn't drive a nail in the barn door to save hrilife) and make
become at once and expert cabinet-maker be able to figure out exact proportions of drawer and frame, though there was more difficulty in it than in figuring for a bridge across the st. Lawrence or a buliding for a city hall, and a single page
in her grocets' bill defied her every effort to balance

Anothe
equally iniquitous, was the visionary scheme of evolving a comfortable armchair from the ever-present, but other wise
useless, empty apple barrel. This was useless, empty apple barrel. This was dead easy, you thought, for you always out, and none of the woodwork was to show, thetefore you could leave it "in the rough"; but you had to get padding Irom some source to fill out all the angles
(and there promised to be many) and then (and there promised to be many) and then of course some pretty cretonne" for a below, which it sometimes actually did Whem firnly nailed at the lower edge. Fortunately the head is always out of an empty barrel, so you could begin at once by cutting off a few staves about
half-way down, or well enough to admit you when you backed into it, allowing for the padding
This done, you looked about for a board from which to cut a circular seat large enough to occupy the space-a seat
to rest upon the sawed-of staves in front and to fit perfectly against the side and back staves, to which you intend to nail it-when you find it. But you don't find it. It isn't in the universe.
so you proceed to construct one; but you can't do that either. The lid won't do. its coosmall. and it it did you couldn't nail it solidly to the staves because the staves, are so thin, but of course, having gone so far you try, and you cut up good quilts for padding and good cretonne for a cover and the first greedy man who sees it, scents ease, and instead of of your two weeks hard labor, he plunks himself not only into your barrel chair himself not only into your barrel chair
but through it and never stops till be
traring eretabse
Your bed dor, likewioe at the lightest
 neither in of wat. This is the inevitable
fate of the lowme-mate forniture. Ilow could it be otherwiwt An expert wood-
worker rould not make furniture from worker could sut make furniture from
apple harrels and he woulda't try. If you ranhot bay ohat furniture yous need in the waus may, it wuuld be wiser to aver your expendetares in tonk and boses.
aell your time spent in the calinet work to your one shent work younet on do do
bike birest for the lonely bachelor, herd womeloody's stork, pull corkle out of the oheat, ook for your neightor's threshers, and with they united recripts buy your
forniture ready made. Falling this, instrait of packing caur bureaus asd apple. harrel chairs, wrap your wearine apparel in a mewairs, erap your wearine apparel *ood bor and then sit on the floor. Let no moman be inveigled in attempting anything beyond a milking stool or a bench
for the wach-tab. These ate necesties: all else is folly. The home-made furni. ture chare is dying a naturat and well merited death, but the apitation of the craze is still with us and busy in another
direction. This'time it is titehen direction. This time it is kitehen econs-

Kitchen Economies.
In a recent isoue of a popular journal


Farm Home at Stenan's Steck and Grain Farm, Eden Valley, Sask
servation of the family ressurces" are
seen some envious suggestions for "Worthwhile economies
Conspicuous among them is an illus. trated deseription of a lantern made from a gallon syrup can. You are to simply
a cut out one of the narrower tin sides. fit in a square of inch board in the bottom. fit in a square of inch board in the bottom,
and drive in four shingle nails to hold and drive in four shingle nails to hold glass and one side quite open to the wind
How long wanld a candle stay lighted How long would a candle stay lighted
in such a lantern? "Where would one get the candle, and what sane man would carry an open lantern to his stable where a
chance straw might start a blaze that would burn up building and stock? If for economy's sake the can must be used, it would be less risk to fill with clean water and allowed to stand till the rust burned holes into it and then the econo-
mist (?) could conscientiously throw it away. There is a home in ed because the wife cannot find a use for the old syrup tin. The husband isfond of maple syrup Every year he
buys a great quartits and the tins accumulate from yea to year. She dare
not give them or throw them away, but must harbor and care for them indefi-
large hotels and construction camps, doing all the cooking herself, with the
single purpose in view of having the empty single purpose in view of having the empty
flour sacks to convert into unsuitable uses. is certainly freakish, but nevertheless true, that many women would gloat more over an old dirty flour-sack
that had to be scrubbed and bleached before it could be used (though a new one can be bought for eight cents) than over finding a brand new quarter that would
buy enough proper dish-linen to make two good tea towels.
for dish towels; linen is the best. Dishes wiped on flour sacks or other such cotton are rough and sticky. Cottons are also
useless as hand towels. Who cant pick out the muddy, sticky skins of the children who ore wiped on cotton towels? out a table of thirty-six articles, warning the careless housekeeper of little leaks such as "mops and brooms not hung up. orange peel thrown away instead of drying and saving for kindling or mar-
malade; the water in which rice and macaroni are cooked, thrown away;

The inventor of the ayrup
alson iontert
isvented eamp stove frome a five gailos sil-an Cot out one ond lay on the frousd
cut out two holov os topn ene larze for
monking on. oser small for a stovepipr comking os. oser small for a stove:pipostm veather! sill minimise labor
 miae labort': Of courue the duat, the hast
sun, the flirs, the impromptu tin stove
without an end, fyise op the ground without an end, lying on the ground
don't count. The mais and inderd only coniliteration wis evitently to find as wu of misuse for the old cas. And they call
these fantastic notioss. "Worthwhile

The same suman tells us "A quart
vittle makes a good polling-pis It ovuld almost a good rolling posin It tae an expedition to one of the poler that
this genius might have sulficirnt secope tur-ly eo to saste.
Hour Sack Fiends.
After her comes the flour sark firnd She wants to know if the reader, on the
rarth's surface are familiar sith the ures to which an empty flour-sack can be put. If not she is prepared to
lighten them and proccels forthwith.
"Virst of all one sack for a small dish one. Two sacks stitched together wi Th four sides make a magie lirrad cover Three sacks, two for the lower and one for eronomical night gown for boy or girl! Lace on a flour sack). "Of course they must be washed repeatedly and bleached to make them white and soft. Twelve cover. A dosen or more may be successfully used to cover an old blanket and sack makes a comfortable quit. One two sacks make a good siket jittow slip. And so the interminable tale goes on till it seems quite clear that this fanatical

 carsing: olretral haphasard from the
thirty-ut. Are they porth the isk and Why the Foolishness?
Why saveuld a mop brappise hung up: A houskerper uous it but sldom. Iry. to dsell upons, and marmalaide. you muat makr ent of the Kiniftur to sove it.
olirther you want it of not. Whas eves hitaril of cookine rics io more Joter thas How harlaroust Why, not uee a tahle. poon of cold waterf That will settie castrs-" (?) one would have to purchase another set of kitchen furniture hold the ustess truck, and camp in the for she couldn't put it out aifle for the heallh officer wouldn'tallowit. Just imarine the watehful care needful to prevent all this worse than useless rublish moulding and being a source of real dapger to the
The sive
The wise woman is she who condenses her supplies to the lowest limit. Above
all does she burn at once string and wrapall does she burn at once string and wraphandled; the sour milk goes out instantly unless she has an immediate real use for it, not something made up to just save value in something else. "A penny wise and a pound foolish," is a thought dwell upon in an wectis to an incident that oecurred not long since in a family where economy was the watchword. Economy tempted the lady o serve the contents of a fruit jar- that son refused to be vietimized. "They didl not like blueberries any way." she boiled them over, again adding a pound of
granulated sugar and some nice fresh granulated sugar and some nice Presh
ranberries, and served again. After cranberries, and served again. After
the first taste both men got mad and threatened dire revenge should the berry misture re-appear. It came back again alright, disguised in a pie crust with plenty俍 on the plates. Once again it returned,
this time in a fruit pudding. "That dod-gasted poison again," and both
men fled to the street and dined down town. The lady then was "At home" and a few friends came to tea when her men were away and so the end of it came at last. The lady spent perhaps
five dollars in cash and stacks of nervous nergy in an effort to utilize ten cents worth f poor fruit.
It is well to know where economy ends and wastefulness begins.

## THEY WAIT FOR YOU

Look not, O friend, with una vailing tears
Into the Past-look to the brave young ook to the Future. All is there in wait, gateThe faith that faltered and the fire that The song that died into a lonely knell. It is all there-the love that went astray. With bittered cries on that remembered
day: And all the tender dreams you saw depart. Nothing is lost forever that the soul Cried out for; All is waiting at the gosl-

- Edwin Markham


##  <br>  <br> (th)

 Is order to stop up these withe
-Edwin Markham.


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RUBBER




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## funny side and the pelicx in ber

 till followine se town empty is Auseot' Whys. The
lutely eversebe is hen ind evoryumer
 and I showld have tried to jannp oet "o that I should have had to ter alowt "And now you will hate me more thas vier ill believe that I do, after Thave bers ueve thiling alout with you "What: HEertart" he evied "And "Oh." the congrate me?
4 beriere they aill dare do sou imas.
 n
How horriblt:" she said, again *hat thall wo dow.
The
He=lly ered bealdy
" Vom the eried in cometernation. soo this has happrned - Wy it and aym yoll a bot of atinoyance. ${ }^{*}$. anyobe to save my ulf anhoyanor. Brooke
 happened
All that has happened, and for a mof it had forkerion. No, yeum commot rypert that 1 can foreret that. Oh. don't ye. anemernat prontivinaly. "But it was only surh . litie thing.
"A little thing!" sour fring anery, if you thought I had tried to kise you, for you are so different I can understand that you might never have fortiven me, Then," "Andd is this, really to be the ridy. take bet hands and then as he temom bered the pursuing pooliceman and the saphing crowd, draxing hark
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ he siad, with the sir of one who hax rrached a desperate resolve. It will only make
 spoke it was bot to say anything bearing "Really," she observed with singular gentleness, "I believe that at last wr Indeed, it was a fact. Gradually,
with weakening force, the dived, draming force, the wheels re if weary of the long journey. The

## A Clever Advertisement

may induce you to purchase very poor Tea. If you buy

you run no risk, as your grocer will refund your money if you are not entirely satisfied with it.
diminished it almost sermed as if tired muscles and sines: were giving oul instead of wherls and bars evasing to eork. At last
to a standstill. know," save the take your names, you know, said the policeman, coming up,
ectline slowly from his licyele, and wipgetiog his brow, while the crowd gathered in thirk and close
"All right," said Brooke, and drawing him aside for a moment he spoke to him in an undertone; then he quickly re-
turned to Miss Ingle. turned to Miss Ingle.
"Can't oe grt out
"There," we get out of this?" she eried Put mee in that ."
Hrooke signnlled to the watrhine rabmap, and the vehicle was quickly drawn up before them, while the crowd fell bark a little, urged by the breathless peliceman.
Miss Ingl
Miss Ingle jumped in. the lages and wraps were put in after her, and she had bearly closed the doot when she paused,
still houlding it open a little, and looked at Brooke. "Yoo" be seid, "I supprose it iv tomed. be at last. And please don't think any worse of me than you must." And you are sure, demanded the girl suddenly. "that it was I that you only the fire light.
Sure?" eried Brooke indignantly I should think it was! Madn't I watchDo you think I could have been thinking of anybofy else? Of cerurse it was you. and youk know the truth, and you mant hate me for such padness, and-that's "Why," said Miss Ingle slowly, " of ourse if that is certainly so, and you are "Why," he said despondently
"Why." she said swift
asked to stay with the Auehinlecks, and you had better come with me. for I am vure they will be delighted to have you-
and and so shall I!.
"And you are not angry with me? xelaimed the young man, tearing open "I was," said Miss Ingle enigmati"Oh:" exclaimed Brooke fervently, "Indeed "" said the pirl "it bumbly old thing ""

## WHAT DO STRAWS SHOW

I can't like ber after she could say oung college as that, declared a trank who had made a strankely indifferent "But she looks só tired," suggested nother.

Straws show which way the wind blows, Aseother caught her ap, quirk as a flash. "Do they? Then by the same whit of straw, I eary see pretty, plainly what an aptimistical, uncharitable, dis-
agreeable creature you mast be, my The trouble about straws is that they are always blowing sotme way of anothet and we haven't time to-matrh them Nometimes the straw is not blowingy the real sind at ail, but by a draft from some apposice direction.

There are often trials, erisis, physical weaknesses and discoursgrments in our words like that draft of air on the straw. Then is when we need friends who will appreciate the draft. *ho sill take the straw of our irritalility, of apparent is diffrenre. as an indication of trouble. and will even arise and har the door for us againat cold and chill. people? If a straw shows "unkisdorss" jocoplet if a straw shows "unkindness," selves, and show sympathy and tact till the place warms up again? It is no use to watch for "straws" unless we
mean to art helpfully mean to art helpfully upon the hints
they give us.- Ilerald and Preabyter they give us.- Herald and Presbyter.

## $\theta 0$

## LIFE

Why should we ever weary of this life? hur souls should widen, not contract Villina ger and not harder in the strife Filling each moment with a noble act Doing our duty of vigor all compaet. Doing our duty to our fellow men
nd striving rather to exalt our race
And striving rather to exalt our race
Than our poor selves, with earnes
We shall erect our names a dwellinz plare Which not all ages shall cast down again Offspring of time shall then be borne each
Which, as of old, earth lovingly shall To live forever in youth's perfect flower And guide her future children heaven-
ward. James Russell Lowell.

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telled, corrogatianstherefore
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Western Agricultural Problems
Pramether re io
and I think the Derririan governmer should put up a celd sterate system
itrourtevt the whole Deminiop. II throurtevt the otole Deminiop.
 atipperf to the thritish market is a ctalterd
etate In this reapert or is fased are in a very faverabile prositicn. Wh. While
 thrir distane from the Hritial marhe!
mast frewer thrir peodure is apder to ext The is tos that market, We, on arcount of car ship our proulure in the chilled state
ten ital In that way the chilted profurtwif anarla sill lerisg practirally at morh on the
Itritish market as the nraly slasultered Hritioh market as the nengy slawghtered
produet. over there. while the fouers produrt, ther therv, whir the froern have a very ervat arivantake over thete

Commis

The Ilon Minicter speke of the Kurope to lowik isto the conditions
of the fove indeatry there. They Event to England, krothand, Ireland.
 commission anot have alew visited the esperimental farm at Ontawa and I may
say that if there is one department of the ryperimental farm ahirh the Mon. Min: inter dewerve. eevelit for, it is the hae department. berause it is is splendift shape and he has got there some of the
finct animals I have exer owe fincot animals I have ever sern. So, I do not think it is the cunditiuns of these into. The conditions in thoued countrif could not he on a par with ours. Anel anyway, my idra of this qurstion is
that what we want to know of acrose the water is the price and the conditiens. What er want to lonk into is the condif
tinns under which these ather cwuntrif get their poodurts to the Britich marke-1 It think that if he had pone to work and ont that commiscion to the Enited States.
the Argritine Republic and Australia. to look inton the ennditions under whic these countries send their produre into the British market, then I say, he would
have been doing a splendid thing for the have been doing a spiendif thing for the Promuring population of this country
Put insteat of this ho zoes to wurl
and puts the cart luefofe the hurse, and crnds a commission over to Eutupe New Exhibit Scheme The Acre Yield Competition at the Al berta Provincial Exhibition to be held
at Calgary June 30th to July 7 ih. is a at Calgary June soth to July intea for an exhilhition. The following prizes are offered

Winter Wheat 8100850 825 815810 \& | Spring Wheat 100 | 30 | es | 15 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Oats | 100 | 50 | es | 15 | Oats

Barley Barley
Plax
The average amount to $10 \mathrm{c}^{3}$ n an actre must be shown. and will her judged 60 per cent. for quality, 20 per 3 per cent. for acreage. The exhibition company pays all freight charges on
exhibits originating in Alberta. It is not likely that anyone in the province
has seen the quantite of grain grown on has seen the quantity of grain grown on
an acer in a pile by itself, and the reader will realize what a great interest will ber taken in a building where proababily
30 to 100 such exhibits will be on view from all over the province. Some districts are taking a particular interes
in this feature as in the case of Lloyd minster Agricultural Society who hav aiready Secrect. The other features of the exhibition promise to be of mure thar
ordinary interest. and the excellent music and attractions, low rates and spec-
ial trains will undoubtedly make the attendance the largest yet
elose on the 1sth of June.

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wife have the last word-and the sooner
she gets around to it the better he serms

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## Summary of The Week's News of The World

FARMERS KEEN FOR GOVERNMENT The ELEVATOBS
The popularity of a oystem of fovern-
 that they are taking hild of the work of districts Alesdy thirty-ther distints have requested petition Hanks ohich
have Wien wrat thes. Your print. have heen west them. Your peint. regueting a pullie owned elevator. Over 90 per cent. of the farmers of the
A C. Claudt, Cardias., Dalary and Mowire Se Claude, Cardinal, Dalary asd Moore the systeme to the estent of signing peti-
tiwas that have lees reaived ly the coss. The petition blanks were received from the priaters onily a little over a week aso and the fact that alvady faus, of theis. the manaer tio *hich the farmerte are taking bold of the movement. The distivis the lat anapouncempat are: Castleavery, Sean Lake, Grand View, Baldur, Oakville, Valley River, Altamount, White
Water, silver Miais Clearzater, Kandy Late. MacGregor. Hamiota, Solserth, Mowiray, Lenory, st. Jeans, Manitou, Cordora, Deepdale, Hoblin, Durtan.
Gretha, Sindair, Mainak and Makarof: The comaission have ansounced the appeint monst of K. Seniur Eathin, the well chief engingey of eonstruction. Seven on the road lowking inte conditions. They will visit every slipling point and probable shipping poist in the province. Thiey have reported that in every distriet so far visited the farmers are enthusiastic
over the protatile eaity installation of a public owned system.

ISSUE ALBERTA WRITS
Writs were issued for the by-elections,
Monday in Vermidion. Medicine Hat and Monday in Vermidion, Medicine Hat and
Lethbod jei district. Premier sifton nill Hun in Vermilion; ex-Judge Mitchell in Lethbidge di.t ict. Nominations *ill take place Wednesday, June 89. Arch. Camptell, member for Vermillion, will probably be elected by acclamation. Hon. C. E. Mitgell, the new minister of
education and attorney-keneral, will have opposition in Mevicine Ilat, his brotheroppositon in Mecicine Mat, has brother-
inlow having been nominated by the
Conservatives. Ilon. J. A. Melean, provincial secretary may be elected by acclamation.

## MANY GOPHERS KILLED

As a result of a bounty of two cents Carrington, N.D., for gopher tails, 39,000 gophers have met sudden death this
spring in Foster county. Twenty-five spring in Pooter county. Twenty-five thousand gopher tails were brought to
the county auditor's office on the last day the county a auditor's office on the last day
tor which the offer was held open, kepping
the the entire force of in checking them an and are thice using up the appropriation made by the

BUILT IMPLEMENT WAREHOLSE Messrs. Beatty Bros, of Fergus, Ont.
manufacturers of hay carriers, fork and sling outfits, steel stalls stanchions, their goods on the Western market and proof, two storey warehouse, $50 \times 80$ at Brandon, Manitoba, which will be their headquarters for the West.

City of motring Everyone to be sen is giong about with.
douncast eyes as though almost ashamed to be seen on the streets." Such was the
 on the Royal George, from the who arrive country
where he has been the *here he has beent the past few months.
sir Daniel said be was admitted t. the ceremony at st. George's Chapel,
Windstr. The ceremony, while surWindsor. The ceremony, while sur-
rounded with all the pomp that might
*idrly mourbed and siviverally moperted. at King Eifwand,
eitromarly sumple.

CATHOLICS ADOPT RESOLUTIONS at Hoase, Haly, divatel of June \& riations. anders of Italian Cath-lic amohave sdoted rertiotionsomband herr palizios liberty and dep liring the growing evarate into religioses pe we ution.
"The trolutions *ere proceird by Nomt attem, ts of the porr of ant. pievent the unual Coppus Chisti pros
evaions and by the ereat anticlerical
 tuday by Premier Lazasti, who geve oould be sefecuanded riagous fieedom Thupplay the ordinary features of the pope' hilithday celebration such an Helveder. the coincirt of the masued bands of the Sevies guards and the gen. darmies and the diaplay of frewark. feared that there might be a dremob-
 and the I nited Sattes enjoy.
The persuare is Argentionit and bevemer almont imresistiale Itaniltal constituencies surli as Mr ortied by Hen's. which ate much per: , whed by the increased prices of meat. slow trom large ownert, of port propertly probably have had to yield but for teday': firial conefimation of an eutbreak of the foot-and mouth duwase is ${ }^{*}$
"Mr. Mamiltos Mens still prosest means of fachings the bered trast. but the mevrment is now quite hoplew. Ever mare hapeless is the demand for the ree: taration of the Canadian store cattle
Irade sith Girrat Aritais"告相

## GREAT NatIonal Park in rockies

 The eatite esatern slepe of the Hoeky Moup iothoardo to a ohet deten beung ofy the stith parallet of latituiter is nom forroved from wettlement of exrepstiont. and will be administered entirely *ith vive to the propec utilisation and reprofuction of the forest. the protertion of the zater supply of the prairie proviaersSarl is the effect of the arder-in ouncil just pasued at Ottaws. The total rtilement alons the eastern alope of the Howlirs is Canado is athout 14,400 on tuate miles. Adjoining this to the sonth is an rra of $\mathrm{C}, 400$ equare miles sumilariy truet: dd by the Thited states government and nown as he Glacier Natonal park
Of the area resteved in Canada the thorky mountain park (ares 4,500 squar miles), Jasper Forest park (area 3,000 (square miles), and Waterton Lakes park rearved for come time. The ares now put under rearve for the firat time io thus about 4,850 square miles $(3,100,000$

The entire area is 14,000 square miles. and comprises an area over two-thirdi The
The moat northerly boundary of the reurve is situated bet wern forty and fifty miles north of the latitude of Edmonten and aburt a hundred miles in the north oundaty of the rewerve is the boundery etwern the proviaces of Alberta and British Celumitis, that is the ereast of the Rockies, and the casterly boundary is an irregular line fixed by the order
The width of the strip set aside varies from ten to thirty miles, from the international boundary up to the latitude of Calgary, and from there northward widens out from thirty to sifty miles, continuing
almmat to to the northermont boundary
The lands included is the tret
The lands included in the tract are conerally not suited for agriculture. Th renerally by forest, which is of great value for the upply of wood and lamber to the prairie country lying east ward from the base of the mountains, for the requirements of coal mines and the protection of the sources of the main streams of the central

## tapt after railways

## A Washington, D.C. dispatch of June

 said: President Taft his afternoon nilroad chiefs of the weat ther of the big rairoad chiefs of the west. At the end dent in the exrcutive offices, the representatives of the western truak line committee consented to the announcement that they would withdraw the propoted increaser in freight rates which the administration had enjoined by the federal court in Missouri early last week. They further covenanted to make no pending railroad bill has become law "This means that all future increases in rater must be reviewed by the interstate commerce cummistion before such new rates become effective. A latitude of eleven months is allowed the commission in which to investigate the proposed rate increases, under the bill as it is passedby the seniate.

## Saskatchewan Elevator Commission



Wakatehewan Elevator Commission continued its meetings last week at Wapella. Man Head. Much evidenee both for an
meat owned system was gathered.


The Wolseley meeting opened Wednesclay, June 1. Levi Thomson of the
Wolseley Grain Growers' Assoriation expressed himself as opposed to governnumber of flarmers' elevators working in harmony with companies buying and selling grain and controlled by the grain growers of the province. Ite thought
the government should assist in building elevators and the deficit should be met af from the general revenues of the proto pee prepared to clean wheat and have separate bins of at least car-load capacity.
Mr. Mr. Thomson said he would like t
preserve the identity of wheat until it prescrve the identity of wheat until it lieve in terminal elevators within the province, as this would cause unneces-
sary handling and delay and increase

## Benefitted Individuals.

Gerald Fitagerald, president of the Grenfell Grain Growers Association, complained that at present the eleva-
tors were constructed for the benefit of private individuals and not the in terests of farmers; that they refused to give special bins; charged excessive dockage and mised, grades. The loading platform was of little use to farm ers ten or twelve miles from town. With
regard. to an independent commission regard, to an independent co
Mr. Fitzgerald suggested that the Growers' Association nominate seven men and the government could
select three of these to form a commission The government should get a monopol by building an elevator at each point
or buying the existing farmers' elevators and by closing, taxing or buying out the John Bateman, of the Wolseley Grain Growers' Association believed that government ownership would give a better
service than the present system. The government should have charge of wheal hands till it reached Liverpool storage
oppour the exinting comppanies. If evald
give Iegal guaraster to government an Eve legal guaraster to Government, an
elevator enmminuina of Sive should be marrs and the gevernment, and the fifil by these four
A. II Thempas, fteeve of the Wateley municiplity staled he got better wrights by oung the lading phatform. In did sut believe in zoveromest ownership of
tevalots hat thought the government should lead moser at a loy rate to enalile Constinuing thei- igvestigation ot WolsIny. Thurslay, Levi Thownon was recalled. In answer to qurstions from the com-
missoner, Mr. Thomans stated that he
thought the eoverament should sot at thought the government should not ad-
vance money without wecurity, exept- in vance money without ercurity, exeptin
the form of hoonde. Ther most fasible panies, as a man is likely to take intervet is what difeetly afterts his poeket. The joint stork company wereformed, farmern ts put in ten per cent. and the govern-
ment to aslvance the remainder on and ment to aslvance the momainiter on an
equate seryrity. He thought a system of farmers elevators on a larev seale was met by the opposition of the Grain Growers' Avoriation would be a failure. The present monopoly zave rrain buy-
ers the muelh eqpertunity. Whatever an elevator system coas was bound t fall on the produrers. He had not given the subject of the skinninz of grain.
insuraner, eommission on whrat and insurance, commiswon on steamship space much eonsideration. The grain industry was the most important business in Saskatehewan. and the zovernment was therefore justified in assisting its development. The complaint that farmert were louing 10 eents a bushel was eithet imazinary or else be acting dishonestly.

## Large Fluctuation

## IIe could not account for the large

 flurtuations in the price of Canadian wheat compared sith Russian and Ansget the grain out before shipping on get the grain out lefore shipping on some fluctuation. He believed in tre taining the loading platform as the farmer could ship his grain at less costby this means besides being more in by this means besides being more in-
dependeat. It also meant excellent com dependeat. It also meant excelient com
petition with the elevator. especially petition with selieme of cleaning grain at home a cleaner to the threahing machine.
H. O. Partridge of Sintaluta. menthoned as some of the grievances of which
he had heard that prices were wsull he had heard that prices were wsually
lowet when a blockade occurfed and that farmers were sometimes obliged to put farmers were sometimes obliged to put
their grain in lower grades because they there grain there was no room for theit actual grades. He was prepared to give Sintaluta farmers elevator. He was favor of government elevators for wrigh ing and grading but not for marketing and bovernment system.
Andrew Jöhnston, Wolseley Grain Growers Aswociation, san has experience with past two years. Ile had arted as aesistant buyer for a few months at the local elevatur, but had never bren asked to cheal in doekage. Ile thought elevators were far more particular a bout weight than apetition between them as to linning but not as to prices. IIe had never seen good
No $s$ put in No. \& bin. He thought companies might bring pressure to bear on buyers by reporting poor grading
Ie thought all wheat should be sold by E. E. Perley, Wolseley Grain Grower
Association, reported concerning his el vator that he had shipped 111,000 busbels this season and had 3,000 bushels still in the elevator. He found odd pounds
over a half bushel sufficient dockage and I and $11 / 2$ cents sufficient for elevator charges. He thought the present system
of elevators satisfactory, unless some
change could be made in terminals. He
 thers danted it. Ther govisament ohowld nut be expected to ewatribute mare than 6ify per evst, of the cont of the wowehe pariing, the manageriave evilowe Wolery formers elevator and stated it has not
Iues a surven. Dierv has bern owme fut ans abont srishts and dorkage thortaze and the fillowisg year ther furplay was very small
At Indian Ifrad, Friday, most of the Johang Millar takes up by the evidener of al graisn commionion, by Andrew, IIamil.
 thr Grain Gifowerg' Averistion
Mr. Millar disapproved of Gator shiome for throer reasons. Firat the government would be taking over
the noa-paying ead of the basiaes

## Ao the prownt elvators if sued caly

## GOLDWIN SMITH DEAD Geldwin Smith, the "Grand Old Man" of. Canads, firmer tutor to the late King Edward and ove of the world'o most promiant literary men, died at Toroato. Tuesday, at $\$ 39 \sigma^{\prime}$ elork p.m. Full partiru. lars in nest week', isswe of The <br> Guide.

paying concern, The elevator compaying concern, The elevator com-
panies at the present time sustain in
many eawn lowirs throuzh deficits on weight at the end of the scavon, due the dichonesty of some employees.
The men employed to manage gov The men employed to manage gov-
ernment elevators, he said, would undoubtedly cause the goverament to endravor to graft from a government than from a private company, and third,
the system of handling grain by a special binning is necessarily expenive because by the special bias briag only partially fullfur a coni lerable lengt of time. Mr. Millar was belore the commis-
sion for over thiree hours. He admitted that evils existed but claimed they would be remedied by additions to loading platforms and additional railway
lines and ear facilities, but not by additional farmers' elevators to any appreciable extent. He claumed that the state should not be under the control of anybody not responsible to all the citizens.
Andrew. Hamilton expressed himself in favor of government owned terminal ef government owned internal elevators. He gave as his reasons that it would
not remedy, present wrongs, but would create wrongs that do not now exist, owing to the iaterference of politics. The Saskatchewan Elevator ComMonday, and throushout the week it is the intention of the commissioners conduct an investigation into the books and busiaess affairs of th
farmers' elevator companies.
The idea of the investigation is to get information the elevators conducted success of the elevators conducted by
these local companies on the storaze basis The books of a number of companies, including thuse at Kedina, were investigated, and in the majority of cases it is
understoud that the outcome was far from satisfactory, but of course it is impossible as yet that the commissioners can expre
anything yet in the way of an opiaion.

## GOOD ROADS MAKING

An interesting demonstration of road
building will be given in the neighborhood of the Maniteba Agricultural College during the progress of the noxius weeds
convention, which takes place from June 14 to 17. The demonstration will be the government good road commissioner, who has just returned from a trip through the province on a visit of inspection
of the existing highways. Mr. MeGilligrades too narrow and insufficiently

LABORITES SELECT CANDIDATE 1. Divas, sho has rained prominesce *as wlected by the laber party Mondey ryening at a well attented mientimg of Wismiped at the forthroming provincial Trados and It S Ward. preident of the Trader and Cabar Ceumeil. oas appointec reaistration acrst, and sub-azente oere in the constitueney, the latter all being donterns who were pewht at the wertnz The report of the committee appoint.
ed is reppect to the nomination of rantidater recommended that the party evewhinate its efforts in one ronstitueney and surzested Centre Winnipez as the sirable to gain a foothold after shiel ther conatiturneire could Le conterted. b. hathit with the result above indicated W. D. Price resizned as vice-president of
the party and $\$$ Ilalliday was appointed The party and S. Halliday was appoisted
his suecruor. The Manicipal Lague of the Trades
Council which was brought into ervistener at the time of the last manicipal election
was divuilved. The finaneial statement showed a deficit of 815 so, hut shere wete some asuets prineipally entaisting of chairs which had liees purchaved for the meeting:
teld. The party decided to take over the lialilities and the property of the Mr. Disos, the candidate selected,
gave a short address in which lie refred It had elerted a representative on the past. It had elerted a representative on the city
council, through its efforts the hoopital oylaw had been defeated, and he felt and elect a representative to the Provincial house. Ite was in the fitif to fight to the lact and he daimed that no other party could show such enthusiasm as had been
exhibited by the volunteers for the regis-

## Additional Markets

 British Live StockJohy Hogers \& CO. cable that trade at Saturday's prices have been wrll maintained on the short supplies in prosepet.
Canadian cattle making $151 / 2$ to $15 / 6 \mathrm{C}$. an I fel raachers $16 \mathrm{t}, 161 / 2 \mathrm{e}$.
The cattle receipts at Deptford during he past week were Inited states 381 and 1,354 from Canada. Two hundred Canadian animals were sold during the week averaging $151 / 4$ cents, and 824 Canadian were sold saturday averaging
Itc. Six hundred and sisteen will be

## Montreal Live Stock

About 800 head of butchers cattle, 20 calves, 100 sheep and lambs, and
1,030 hogs were offered at Montreal tockyards today. Offe ings of live stock du.ing the week were 2,250 cattle, 1,400 calves, 225 sheep and lambs and 2,000 hogs. Damp, muggy weather caused a scarce, and brousht firm rates, but common stock and milkmen's strippers were rather numerous, and brought
lower rates. Hogs we.e also lower, prime beenes, 6 le. to 7 le per poundi pretty good animals, 5 le. to 6 jc . pound; mikmen stock 4 e . to 3 c . pound; calses. 3 e . to 6 c . pound; sheep, 5 c . Jer pound:
lambs, 84.50 to 86 each; good lots hogs.

## Toronto Live Stock

uxily export and butcher buyers were ards. Butcher cattle particularly were In good demand and dealers were generally
of the of inion that the market for the best quality was fully is cents per ewt .
hisher than in the last weekend trade. lrons export cattle sold on an a verage from 86.75 to 87,25 per ewt., but in the making practically of no account.


## Winnipeg Market Letter


Whent- Whers oriting vur last repurt Jearkets had troume thirowaly dr mora-
 to a certain estent by the sperulative "short" intervats covering fart of their sales and taking profits; and the halance has bern broweht about by a fairespert themand. Premiass for each wheat have slighily incteaved, and the demand for exaly grain has, hern fairly eood right through the arek. Stocks in store at the terminals have again dermaurd although they are now larger than they were at this time last year. Stakk in farmert,
 to hold their sheat thinking that probalily prices will te letter in July than thry are
 countries decline to buy our whrat at this of an advaner in price, then our market might deeline again. However, we think sh arwasd this price our July whrat, that is sheat for July delivery, is cheap enough. Worlds shipments wete but as hravy as expected with the demand from importing countrics very good. Farmers the world evep ceem to be inclined to hold their arain whenever thereio a biep doup in the market. and by doing so they certainly have influenced prices, and this influcher is to incrvau prices to the consumer.

Oats have bern in fairly good drmand daring the work, prices having adrancred about \& cents per bushel from the low point with a very steady export de mand daily
Harley has leen unsalealle with alowlutely no demand
flas as Honal, has bers wery ertatic. Grics guoted
fse grain miaht le made at. frrices gueted mind are no indiration of what sales of this grain might be made at. Frice: quoted might be higher or lower than the ale of the cash grain has liees made at a higher price than the priee quoted. The de foand (or Getober flas has been good. Farmers are inclined to sell some of thrir crop for October delivery at this priee, but we would advise caution is deing this, as with a fairly good esport demand, our Geteber flan should well up is to is ernts per bushel
higher than it is now.


## Liverpool Letter

her in Europe werid wheat "futures" have ruled very wrak, on account of good woy showing a fall of $6 \frac{3}{3 d}$ to $8: \mathrm{dd}$.
lower, Australians $2 / 6$ to $3 /-$ lower, Indians $8 /-$ lower, Musian and Danulian pargoes 2/- to $\$ / 6$ lowen Argentine cargoes $\$ / 6$ lower. Shipments this week to Xiverpeol 41,500; I, K, direct 20,500; Continent direct 78,000 . Orders 46,000 , equall hig is6,000 weak under liquidation and movement of wheat increasing. Hussia rrports favorable whole the outlook is considered very promising. Roumania reports erserdingly Austria llungary repports splendid weather and phenominal erops are anticipated. re advancing Spain reports rather beiter weathecteriorated considerably, price: proved. Hollapd and Belgium report favorable weathrr; Germany reports favwrabie considerably fetter than the previous sear. Vranem condition on last month, though however, are firm as the outlook is not considered very good. India-offirial catimatrs of the crop show very heavy yields, and the total quantity, $10,000,000 \mathrm{q}$ qrs over last year ingly. Australia-weather has leendroughty, causing farmers to hold sery firmly latest news, however, reports rains which will doubtless improve the outlook. The mile that or the Continent has increased 75,000. The total for Europe is now $6,0,5,000$ Sussian and Black Sea shipments-Ports of eall, 32,000; Vt, K 72.000 ; Franre 37,000 Germany 76,000; Belgium 100,000; Holland 97,000; Italy 87,000 ; Spain $\mathbf{2 x , 0 0 9}$

## Liverpool General Market Report

Wrankathay, May is. Q,soe qras. New, Muth Wale 15. 100 qra. Vietorian

LFS OF CARGOES TO ARRIVE

```
18-1. \(8 / 4\)
346 appras. 81 os sales of parcelas
```

| Webseabay, May 18 $t 000$ qros, Nas 1 Nor. Man Tinnabey. Mat 19 | May-June | .35/3 | *рpros. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| e,000 grs. Na. it Nor. Man | July-Aus | 34/44 | appres. |
| Safthbay, May |  |  |  |
| 1,000 gra. Na. 1 Nur. Man. | June-July | 36/3 | apptar. |
| Monbay. May th. |  | 34.3 | appres. |
|  | (Lowar |  |  |
| Wedneabay, May is |  |  |  |
| 1,000 grs. Nas. 1 Nor. Man. | May | .33/10 | pppas. |
| Themebav, Mav 10. |  |  |  |
| 1,000 grs. Ne. I Nor. Man. | May | 33/71 | appras. |
| Tlisash, May th |  |  |  |
| ,000 grs. No. it Nor. Man | Alloat | 13/3 | appr |

Winnipeg Futures

- Following are the quotatins on the Wianipeg Grais Eschange during the past week for whrat, oats and flas wold for Jume, July and Oct. delivery



## Liverpool Spot Cash



## Flour

## The following are mill prices, per bag

## Ooll iE Fbote

Royal Househol
Mount Royal
Gount Rayal..
Manitoba Strong Bakers
Lave of the Wogds Mrhises Five lloses
Harvest Queen
Medora
Weaters

## Purity.

Medaflion
Theee Stars
Battle Patent
Baitland
Huron

Huron

## Rolled Oats

In $80-\mathrm{Ib}$, sack
In $40-\mathrm{lb}$. sack
Is $20-\mathrm{fb}$. sacks

## Feed <br> The following are prices on mill feed, <br> Ber ten: <br> Chopren Fekos Barley, per tos, is sacks. . . . . . . . . . 823 . 00 Oats ........ <br> 85.09 84.00

## Canadian Visible

| (Official to | Winnipeg Wheat | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grain } \\ & \text { Oats } \end{aligned}$ | hange) <br> Barley |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ft. Wiliam | 2,136,366 | 1,593,531 | 201,366 |
| Pt. Arthur- | 1,490,918 | 1,764,299 | 316,kes |
| Meaford | 110,354 | 6,802 |  |
| Mid. Tifin | 531,489 | 68,071 | 9,605 |
| Collingwood | 10,780 | 1,5z9 | 50,293 |
| Owensd | 61,767 | 33,681 | 51,793 |
| Goderich | 26,491 | 237,663 | 63,788 |
| Sarnia, Pt. Edward | 52,799 | 82,209 |  |
| $\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \mathrm{t}$. Cul'bne | 126,053 | 35,179 | 14,118 |
| Kingston | 179,790 | 191,209 | 83,396 |
| Montreal | 781,375 | 80t,ty9 | 14,118 |
| Kingston . | 179,790 | 101,208 | 83,396 |
| Montreal | 791,375 | 801,297 | 145,675 |
| T'I visible | 5,931,362 | 5,486,919 | 936,253 |
| Last Wek. | 6,357,579 | 6,154,941 | 911,542 |
| Last year | 3,963,193 | 2,508,664 | 385,566 |

## World's Shipment

|  | last Week | Prev, <br> Week | Last Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TI wheat. | 9,184,000 | 11.7es,000 | 9,088,000 |
| T'l corn. | 2,454,000 | 2,056,000 | 4,876,000 |
| American | 2,568,000 |  |  |
| Russian | 3,512,000 |  |  |
| Argentine | 560,000 |  |  |
| India | 1,618,000 |  |  |
| Australis | 952,000 |  |  |
| Danube | 456,000 |  |  |
| Others | 64,000 |  |  |

Page 34
$\mathbf{T}_{\text {otal }}$ whest taken by coatinental cous. tries the
On pauske whot 40,780.000, last decreaso i, $1,000,000$. Cors $7,566,000$, lavt =eek 7,7 isis,000, last year to,soi,000: ineresue S1,000

| American Visible <br> This woek Last week Last year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Whest 15,547,000 | t0.138,000 19 | 17,516,009 |
| Corn s,470,900 | 3,400,000 | 2,883,009 |
| Ohts -.. 6,700,000 | 6,905,000 | 7,408,009 |
| Hye 406,000 | 518,000 | 819,009 |
| Barley 1,807,000 | 1,601,000 | 34,009 |
| Winnipeg Grain Inspection |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Wmast | 1919 | 1809 |
| No. 1 Nor. | 1581 | 1 |
| No. $\mathrm{INor}^{\text {N }}$ | 1500 | - 340 |
| No. 3 Nor. | ¢73 | 3 403 |
| No. 4 | t11 | is |
| Yeed |  |  |
| Rejeeted 1 | its |  |
| Hejeetedt | 134 | 51 |
| Nograde | 4 | is |
| fejerted | 65 | 57 |
| Condemned | 31 |  |
| No. 3 | to | - 31 |
| No. 6 |  | - 13 |
| Peedt | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| No. zallierta Red | 11 |  |
| No. 3 Alberta Red | , |  |
| No. 4 Red Winter | 18 |  |
| No.s Red Winter | 4 |  |
| Total | 38 | 3 |
| Oats |  |  |
| No. 1 | 67 |  |
| No. 2 . . . . . . . . . . . . . s00 |  |  |
| No. 3 | 87 |  |
| Rejected .............. is |  |  |
| Nograde | 3 |  |
| Extra No. 1 Feed . . . . . . . ${ }^{76}$ |  |  |
| No. \& Pred. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| No. \% Mixed |  |  |
| Total. ...... 790 |  | 424 |
| Babley- <br> No. 3 Extra |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| No. 4 |  |  |
| Rejeted ... 14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Plax-W. Man }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Nograde |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total | 139 | 114 |
| Grandtotal | 5463 | 1939 |

## Hides, Tallow and Wool

## Br Nompersor Hios asp Pum

Hide prices show a farther decline f je. for this week
Green salted hides, branded. .9c. to se . Green salted hides, branded ...7... flat Green slated veal calf, 8-15 lbs.
Green salted kip, 13 -2s lbs.

Dry fint butcher
Dry rough and fallen hides
Tailow
Senaca root
These prices arefob iv . . Pc . to 10 j c

## Chicago Live Stock

Hogs opened 3 ce to 10 c . lower today
with a 80.30 top and a $89.15-89.25$ bulk, *ith a 80.30 top and a $89.15-89.25$ burk. outside competition, 89.35 being paid supply was less than expected, Castern orders were very heavy and the market
Hog receipts, $\$ 30,000$; choice heavy. 90.20-89.30; butchers, 89.80-80.35; light 50.35; beavy packing, 89.15-89.80; good

prime steers, $88.00-88.60$; good to choice beef cows, $85.95-86.50$; inferior to good canned, 82, $50-3.25$; good to choice calves,
$88.25-88.50$; selected leeders, $86.00-86.50$. Sheep.-Receipts 815,000 ; good to choice light lambs, *8.00-*8.50, Rood to rethers, $35.95-$-85. 75

Winnipeg Live Stock

## Stockyard Receipt.

Wese Exbiso Jewn 4

## $\stackrel{\mathrm{P}}{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{R}$

 itchers local from lat week Butchers east this woek torkromit Expart

## Lant wrek'o Catris

: amailer
thaler.

 Prime held about strady evept for vome of the lower erades which showed a dec lise. This was caued by the shipping of some
very poarty finithed gas cattle. Most of the grain fed steck has berns shipped and there is a great temptation for ship:
pers to sead in animals that have only pers to ased in animals that have only eect on grass for a short times, hopping to
eatch hith pries for them. But they do not. The cras has only bees in goot shape for a stort time, not marly long
enough to anywhere near finith the cattle. enough to anywhere near fnich the cattle.
and all the poor graveas that are recived agd all the poongrawers that
Whe the quality of the cattle reccipt: $=$ it be
low for the nest three werks of a monts as their country slippers state that prac-
tically all of the tically all of the grain fed stock has come
forward and until the cattle have had time for ward and until the cattle have had time
to tatten up on the grais the.e will be no real gooll ones to shis. Shippers should not be in any hurry to ship the stuff thry have ongraw. There is no chance of
theen bering in good hape until July it at the eadiest and the price they will
bring at the yards will lo small ident bring at the yards will he small indeed.
when a few weeks rowe on the eraw woald develop them into top nothecrer. Dealers
state that there is prices will hold up for best stock but that the demand for light animals is poor
and they will well ozo and they will sell low.
This year has been a profitable one for the feeder of cattle. The price has been and the percentage of good stoff in the
runs has years. Western farmers have shown whas they can do in the way of turning out firt thas can do in the way of turningout hirst
ced vattle and most of this spring s run would compare with that from
any dist ifict on the continent. Every any distitict on the centunent. Every *ill benefit from an extension of fecting operations and there is nothing that will tinued strength of the market as the maintaining of high quality in the shipments.
Last week, although near the closing of the grain fed stock shipping season, brought out some exceptionally fine butcher cattle, that sold for high prices. lars per ewt. which was paid for one bullock. This animal was a fine example of what proper feeding methods will do. He was only ten months old and weighed
930 pounds 950 pounds nearly a hundred pounds for
each month sipee birth, and was perfectly each month sipce birth, and was perfectly
finished. The balance of the butcher stock sold up to $\$ 6.73$ per ewt., the bulk of the run bringing 83.50 to 86.25 . Forty.
five of the best were taken by eastern five of the best were taken by eastern
shippers. In striking contrast to these fine animals were some of the grassers
that arrived. Most of them could be properly called "skins" and they sold as low as 82.50 per cwt. That's losing money for the shipper when only a few weeks more would have put the animals
into such shape that they would have

to be toward lower prices for all but the best batcher grodes, but it in aot probald. alump iss lad of the sere lakes fler esport and most of theses. Tere in one compizn wat from therts the latter part of thr week. Eidebters
head that had bers held over sent for. ward Manday of thit werk. The folip. mests of erporters hav leve very tow "ejtionalf hith nend good prikes have
 has more thas tigh class butcher stork
ruass of expotet
The demand for good storkers and feedry cubtisuafe strona lath from the fimited, wot farmers kemise to pioter
teding tharir feeding therir own stuff. 133 heod of
atockers rerived from looal Manitoba peint, sere slipped Weat but nowe west East. The holding of there animals on
Weotern farme should mean a large rus of well finidhed cattie nest spring.
selling high, tome having caught t6.00 per cot. do ing the pat weik. Mout Cattle prior quated ase 30 .
Choire export steesodpoint
Gowd expart steers (point
Chaterespeot heifers (paint
Chuice batcher steers and
Pair to gouml steers and
Common stevers and brifers
But fatcous:

## Common cows.

## Common bulls buls

hest stockers and feeden
Sair to gomol tockets and
feders. ............
Mefiam and heavy wright

## Hozs

Hog receipts showed a slight increase ing againat 1635 , a gain of 156 head. Paces held strung and nearly all sold
well above the 810.30 mark, the bulk of the rua catching sio.7s, per cwi., cought 811.00 , and a great many 810.85 . Prices quoted for ehwice porke 3 Are $\$ 10.30$ to 810.75 per cwt., but the price is strong at these quotations and the best of the shipments sell higher. A large number
of light pigs were docked twenty of light pigs, were docked twenty-five
cents per cat. There are too these coming and farmers are throwing away money when shipping them. They lose in both price and weight. Nothing under 173 pounds should be shipped. There is a decrease in the number of sows arriving but there are still too many coming. Thold them back to raise litters for future shipments. They are the best money makers on the farm.
Hog prices quoted are
Choice hogs. Heary sows (ovet 300 libs ) 9.50 " $\quad 9.75$

## Sheep and Lambs

There are very few sheep and lambs arriving for sale. 245 head came in from
Exeter, Ont., and were shipped to Milk River, Alta., where they will be put on the range. Market is strong at preChoice sheep … .... 86.30 to 87.00 Choice sheep

## Country Produce

Dairy butter
thange during the pati serk show no islert are still offerine twernty emato per the market, is spalte of lareer I rereripte. atrong at the prevaiting quatatione. There are at preent no storke of dairy d-mand is atroug and there is a toll linguiry
 Youk two carlaads were shipped to Ken York Thew cobdited of taith No. 1 hortiod the produrers on an average of is $/ 2 /$ ents pert peound.
The full araw diet of the stork has made Bitter in monat isus. hut quatity of the of poor stuff arriving. The chied tauls. in the churning. kerping, in placers that
 Daring the simter it is alright to ship dairy butter in biricks but during the warm Trather tube are much more desirable. There is atoo murh less danever of butter parked in tutis becoming evontaminated any reawn the producer finds it desirable to park the butter in bricks and ship in selection of the bover. No hor that has contained anything that will impart a bad favor to the contents should be ued.
Produrert term to etetrive bot lietle thought is this fropect. One wholeste house not long azo received a shipment packed in watch case. It is easy to after it rached the eity. Most of it was seld for soap grease at three cents

## per pouna

of money Manitoba farmers af losing throunth lack of care. Hast year about five million pounds of dairy butter was received in Winnipeg. The average price to the producens for this was five cents
under the price ziven for ereamery butter. Wader the price given or creamery butter. proper conditions will sell to within a cent of ereamery. Thus the farmers loat about four cents per
a total of 8 too 000 .
Dealets state that there may be some small reduction in prices but there is
no danger of any great slump. Pricen no danger
quoted are:
19c. to 20

## No. \& dairy

## Egs

Stocks of eggs are beginning to pile up. and prices have experienced ${ }^{4}$ slight
reduction, dealers now offering $181 / 2 \mathrm{cent}$ per dozen. la.b. Wimnipez, subject to candling. Shipments are beginning to show shrinkage and those that do bring lower prices. This strinkage can. be
greatly reluced by making, Irequent greatly reduced by making, Frequent
shipments. Egas, during the warm weather, should be shipped twice a week it her, should be shippea whe ald week in held over a week. Dealers, state that unless an outside demand springs up there
will probably be some further reduction will probably be some further reduction in price.

## Cheese

There has been but little change in cheese prices. Better stuff is now coming as the, cattle get the benefit of good pas-
turage. One dealer stated that some the older factories. are turning out product equal to that of the fest Ontario. their product only catches five cents per
pound. Small chese are docked about two cents per pound. Dealers are quoting $101 / 2$ to $103 /$ for the factory product and
for a about a cent lower to farmers
The state of the potato
The state of the potato market is as bad as ever and only the best kept tubers
are in demand. These will bring 25 to 30 cents per bushel. Well kept carrots and turnips are in good demand

QUOTATIONS IN STORE AT FORT WILLIAM FROM JUNE 1 to 7, INCLUSIVE



## Get Ready for Harvest

 FROST WoodizeThe Rake The topillustation stom sour side Deliery Rake wlich The Rake makes windrows best suited to the proper working of a loader. The operator simply drives round the field-he doesn't have to give any attention to the working of the machine-the action of the three sets of teeth leaves the hay in the best possible condition for curing-loose and bulky. Light or heavy crops are all the same to this Rake-it is built for hard work. The Castor Wheels at the rear ensure perfect work under all conditions. This machine is made of the finest quality of materials, is well braced and strongly built.
The Toader The "Champion" can load at the rate of two tons in ten minutes-think that over for a few Apron consists of the finest quality of straight grained slats each containing twelve properly shaped malleable teeth. The heavy wind slats to prevent high winds from blowing the hay off the carriers when the machine is in operation. You can't realize the time, labor and money saving qualities of these two machines until you have actually tried them in the field. Write for our fine illustrated Catalogue-it gives you a full list of harvesting mechinery which is absorbing the whole business of Western Canada. Remember, over 70 years experience back of each implement.


FROST and WOOD BINDERS
This binder is positively in a class of its own-far ahead of any other machine on the market. We haven't room to detail all its many excellent merits here, but we do want you to consider one important féature-our Eecentric Sprocket-Wheel.
Notice that there are three lond spokes and three short ones - based on the old leverage idea, the longer the bar, the greater the power. When the grain is being compressed and tied, the packer arms require all the power they can get to make nice tight sheaves and the chain which drives the Eccentric Sprocket is then pulling over which drives the encent exerting a steady powerful
the long arms of the wheel, exper the long arms of the wheel, exerting a steady powerful
draw. After the bundles are compressed and tied the draw. After the bundles are comp
chain has reached the short arms of the Eccentric Sprocket and must therefore travel faster, thus the
bundles are discharged quickly and bundles are discharged quickly and
everything is ready again for another everything is ready again for another
bundle to be compressed, tied and discharged. In short, the long arms develop power, the short arms speed. But get our Catalogue and ko intot



## FROST and WOOD No. 8 MOWER

Here's another case where space prevents us giving all the good points, so we urge you to write for our Catalogue if you are thinking of buying a reliable Mower. Ours are built in various sizes from 3 ft .6 in . cut to a 7 ft . cut. You will notice that the small gear wheel is inside the large one on what is called the Internal Gear principle. Both these wheels travel in the same direction. Now, on most Mowers the gears are arranged exactly opposite, the small gear wheel being on the outside.' This is a decidedly bad feature, because the wheels work one adainst the other, causing a great amount of friction, wearing down the cogs and eventually a loose connection. You can easily prove the superiority of the Internal Gear principle for as soon as
 you drop the bar and start the team the knives begin cutting. There is no lost motion, no jerks, no backing up-the nction is immediate. Our Mower is liberally supplied with Roller Bearings - ensuring long life and light draft. It is made of firstclass materials and put together by expert workmen. Let us send you the whole story to read at home-free.

## Write to our Sole Agents in Western Canada.




[^0]:    

    ## This Scale Given Away Free!

    Finished in Black with Red and Gold Decorations. Iron Platform, Brass Beam and Tin Scoop. Will weigh from 4 ozs , to 224 lbs .

    Many a time you have felt the need of just such a scale as described above, and well you might. Why should you, in selling butter for instance, place yourself at the inercy of your dealer? He may be thoroughly honest but very liable to make mistakes, and you are the loser because you did not know the value of what you were selling. In the same way you are buying and selling every week but in each and every case you place yourself entirely in the hands of the person of whom you are doing business. He makes sure that he got what was coming to him, and you hope you got what was coming to you. With a good scale which will accurately weigh a pound of tea or a couple of sacks of grain or a half beef, or the hundred and one things you buy and sell, you will have a definite knowledge of the weights and value of everything bought and sold, enabling you to demand that which is rightfully yours.

    614 PORTAGE AVE. WINNIPEG, MAN.
    

    These "Union Scales" of which the above is a drawing, sell in Winnipeg at 89.00 and we suppose would sell in your town at $\$ 10.00$ or thereabouts.

    Now, during the month of June, which is usually quieter than other months we are going to endeavor to offset the quiet period by giving our customers an extra big value for their money. On every Grocery Order taken from our catalogue, at prices quoted therein, and received by us not later than June 30, 1910, we will allow 20 per cent., or one-fifth of the amount of the order towards paying for this 89.00 Scale-thus on a 85.00 order we will allow 81.00 , which with 88.00 cash will procure the Scale, or with a $820: 06$ order we will allow 84.00 , which with 85.00 cash will procure the Scale, but better still if you send in a 845.00 order you will get the Scale absolutely free.

    ## Your Copy of our Grocery Catalogue in now ready Drop us a Card

