

## GERMANS HAMMERING AT RUSSIAN LINES NEAR WARSAW SUFFER ENORMOUS LOSSES

### KAISER'S ARMIES CONTINUE THEIR ATTACKS ALONG THE BZURA AND RAWKA RIVERS

Few Advances Made Have Been at Great Cost—Believed They Are Preparing For Another Onslaught—Austro-German Army in Carpathians Offering Stubborn Resistance to Russian Forces—No Decisive Results in Sight—Quiet in Western War Area.

London, Feb. 3.—With comparative quiet prevailing on the western front, the fighting in the east, which is more strenuous and widespread, monopolizes attention.

While the Russians are on the offensive in East Prussia, Northwestern Poland and in the passes of the Carpathians, the Germans continue their attacks on the Russian lines along the Bzura and Rawka rivers. The invaders reached the Rawka line about the middle of December, and since that time have made at least half a dozen attacks in force against the Russian trenches, each time at undoubted heavy cost.

Nothing daunted, however, they have been repeating the attacks during the past week, and while they have made a slight advance it has been accomplished only after further great losses, according to the reports from the front.

Now it is believed that the Germans are preparing for still another onslaught, for only by compelling the Russians to strengthen their lines protecting Warsaw can they hope to divert the Russian attacks from East Prussia and Hungary.

Military men here hold to the belief that the Germans are attempting what seems virtually impossible in their efforts to force their way through to Warsaw. The Rawka and Bzura lines, which they have been attacking for six weeks, are exceedingly strong, for on the right banks of the rivers, which the Russians for the most part hold, the ground is considerably higher than on the left banks, so that the Russian infantry and artillery have a decided advantage.

Austro-German Army in Carpathians Offering Stubborn Resistance—Should the Germans break through

this barrier there is another line of entrenchments half way between the Bzura and Warsaw, with Blonie as the centre, which would have to be forced before the Polish capital fell.

In the Carpathians the Austrians and Germans are offering vigorous resistance to the Russians, and a decision has not yet been reached in the battle which has been in progress there for some days.

The statement in the Russian official report that there has been fighting to the southeast of Usok Pass, in the interior of Dukla Pass, and to the southeast of Beskid Pass, indicates the extent of the struggle for the possession of these important strategic points.

The attempt of a German submarine, as officially reported, to torpedo the British hospital ship Asturias, has attracted a great deal of attention in England, where it is strongly condemned.

There has been another skirmish between the British and Turkish scouts east of the Suez Canal, near Ismailia. The Turks were driven off with some loss, and the British had six men wounded. The opinion still prevails in London that the Turks will not attempt to cross the desert with a large force, and that the present pin pricks were arranged only to compel the British to keep troops in Egypt, instead of sending them to France.

German Government Buying Swine  
Amsterdam, via London, Feb. 3.—The Berliner Tageblatt says that the German government intends to buy up pigs to the value of \$50,000,000, to be killed and canned, in order to save fodder useful for military and other purposes.

### PATRIOTISM AND PRODUCTION CAMPAIGN

Auspiciously Launched Last Night at Banquet in Toronto.

#### HON. MARTIN BURRELL THE CHIEF SPEAKER.

Greater, Better and Cheapened Production, the Object—Money for Farmer on Easier Terms Advocated.

Toronto, Feb. 2.—Distinguished representatives of the soil from all parts of Canada, as well as those from the workshops and representing transportation and finance, gathered at a banquet given tonight, in the interests of patriotism and production to launch a campaign to make their country a greater nation and impart its strength to the heart of the Empire. Outstanding among the many able addresses were two recommendations. The first was advocated by Mr. Peter White, K. C., of Pembroke, ably backed by Mr. J. W. Flavell, of Toronto, that some sort of a committee be formed, including in its personnel representatives of the leading interests in the commercial life of the country, to advise the Dominion Minister of Agriculture in improving the condition of the farming industry. The second was proposed by Mr. E. F. R. Johnson, K. C., representing the Royal Bank, and also speaking for other banks, that a change be made in the present banking policy, whereby the farmer might obtain more readily monetary assistance in connection with the security he is able to offer.

The chief speaker of the evening was Hon. Martin Burrell, Dominion Minister of Agriculture.

Hon. Mr. Burrell said what was wanted was not only greater production, but better and cheapened production, more accurate knowledge of markets and better facilities for reaching them. Cheap transportation was more necessary than ever.

In conclusion he made a powerful appeal to the producers of the country to extend their work and said "it is our duty not less than Britain's to see that not a sollar in the fleet, or a man in the trenches, shall lack a single one of these things which he so sorely needs."

### GREECE PREPARES FOR MOBILIZATION

Strengthening Fortifications of Frontiers—German Aeroplane Flew Over Swiss Town and Fired upon by Infantrymen—British and Turks in Another Skirmish.

London, Feb. 3.—A wireless despatch from Berlin says the Berliner Tageblatt reports from Constantinople that Greece is industriously making mobilization preparations and continuing the fortifications of her frontiers.

TURKS AGAIN ROUTED.  
Cairo, Egypt, via London, Feb. 3.—British forces had a skirmish with Turks yesterday in the neighborhood of Ismailia, on Lake Timsah, on the Suez Canal. The Turks finally retreated. The British had six men wounded.

The engagement occurred during a sand storm, but the shooting by the Turks, both with rifles and artillery, was bad.

GERMAN AEROPLANE FLEW OVER SWITZERLAND.  
Basel, Switzerland, via Paris, Feb. 3.—Reports received here say that a German aeroplane today twice in succession flew over the town of Bonfol, Switzerland, about fifteen miles south of Altkirch, Alsace. The aeroplane was fired upon by Swiss infantrymen, but was not hit.

### GERMAN FLEET PREPARING FOR OPEN FIGHT WITH BRITISH WARSHIPS?

London, Feb. 3.—The Exchange Telegraph Company has received the following despatch from its Copenhagen correspondent:

"Emperor William's visit to Wilhelmshaven is believed to be in connection with the warning of the German Admiralty to neutral shipping that great activity may be expected on the north and west coasts, as a result of German attempts to stop England's transportation of troops and munitions, as announced yesterday."

"This is interpreted here as a prologue to important events at sea. It is rumored that Germany will try to engage the British fleet in southern waters, while another squadron goes northward, at full speed with the object of covering the landing of troops in England."

"Large contingents of troops are now reported to have been mobilized at Wilhelmshaven at the time of the Scarborough raid."

### REVOLVING DEMOCRATS STAND PAT

Refuse to Accept Concessions Agreed Upon by Majority in Secret Caucus—Champions of Ship Bill Still Have Hopes.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Plans of administration Democrats to save the government Ship Purchase Bill went away today in the Senate, but champions of the measure had not abandoned hope of success in an effort to re-commit the bill tomorrow, with definite instructions for its amendment.

The revolving Democrats flatly refused to accept the concessions of the majority agreed upon in the secret caucus last night, and the majority leaders discovered early in the day that they could not muster enough votes for their programme to defeat the coalition of Republicans and insurgent Democrats seeking to send the bill to committee.

Senator Stone delivered a long speech on the floor of the Senate, bitterly arraigning the "reconvert Democrats who had endeavored to unhorse their party."

Administration leaders were hopeful tonight that they would be able to muster enough votes tomorrow to re-commit the bill with instructions for its return within 48 hours, with amendments to limit to one year the term for which the government, under the proposed law, might lease ships to private corporations, and to prohibit purchase of ships which might menace the neutrality of the country.

Republican Senators, however, flatly declared that they could re-commit the bill without instructions.

Senator Stone said that the bill should not reach a vote at this session. Should the effort to amend the bill and return it within 48 hours succeed, they declare the Republican attack will be resumed, and kept up until the measure either is withdrawn or is killed by the adjournment of Congress March 4.

### VANHORN NOW CLAIMS HE DID NOT SET FOOT ON CANADIAN SOIL AND APPEALS TO GERMAN AMBASSADOR

#### BULGARIA IS MODEST IN HER AMBITIONS

No Dreams of Large Empire, Simply Progress at Home.

#### STRICTLY NEUTRAL AS REGARDS PRESENT WAR.

Fears No Trouble From Roumania—Macedonian Question the Chief Worry Just Now.

Sofia, Bulgaria, via London, Feb. 3.—The attitude here with reference to the war is one of the strictest neutrality, and the Macedonian question is the only factor giving apprehension.

Radostavliff to the Associated Press, today.

"Our relations with Roumania are improving constantly, though from that quarter is not expected. But the Macedonian question is assuming greater proportions each day with the arrival in Bulgaria of hundreds of fugitives from those parts of Macedonia ruled by Serbia and Greece, the governments of which have suppressed the Macedonian institutions, closed the schools and churches and driven off the private teachers."

"In Bulgaria at the present time there are thousands of Macedonian refugees destitute and clamoring for aid from Bulgaria. It is impossible to say what Bulgaria's action will be. We are waiting and must wait."

The premier spoke with strong emphasis. He said that the Macedonian Turks were adding to the problem by looking to Bulgaria for deliverance from Serbian and Greek "misrule." He had no comment to make on the general European situation.

Foreigners pointed out that the economic condition of Bulgaria was satisfactory although the country was suffering considerably through the curtailment of imports owing to the state of war in Serbia, and control of the Aegean Sea by the British and French warships, and the disinclination on the part of Roumania to permit the transit through that country of goods destined for Bulgaria. At present had been made to improve the situation with regard to imports, but so far they had been fruitless.

M. Radostavliff was keenly interested in conditions in the United States, and, after a discussion of these, he outlined briefly the social and economic improvements made in Bulgaria recently.

In Message to Count Bernstorff at Washington Signs Himself "Werner Horn"—Contradicts Story Told After His Arrest—Ottawa Awaits Reply Authorizing Hearing in Maine—British Ambassador Formally Applies for Extradition—Prisoner to Fight Extradition

Vancouver, Me., Feb. 3.—Werner Van Horn who attempted to blow up the railroad bridge here yesterday, today appealed to the German Ambassador at Washington, Count Von Bernstorff. He told the latter that he had not been on Canadian soil and asked for protection from extradition to Canada.

Van Horn gave to the press the following copy of a telegram which was dispatched to the German embassy at Washington, this afternoon:

"To the German Ambassador, Washington, D. C.

"I was arrested here for blowing up Canadian end of bridge at Vancouver, between Maine and Canada. I am held here by Attorney General of Maine, at the request of Canadian authorities, who are trying to get extradition papers for me from Washington. Please look after my interests in this matter, and a German passport and did not put foot on Canadian soil. Answer."

(Signed) "WERNER HORN."

The prisoner signed his message "Werner Horn," instead of with the name of "Werner Van Horn," by which he has been known here. His statement that he had not been on Canadian soil is in contradiction to earlier statements which he is alleged to have made to the police.

According to the latter, he not only exploded the dynamite on the Canadian side, but also felled the explosive from a man who met him east of the river.

May Be a Couple of Weeks Before He is Brought to This Side.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Although the case for the extradition of Van Horn, the German who tried to blow up the C. P. R. bridge over the St. Croix river, now seems very clear, since he is reported as freely admitting that he did it entirely on his own initiative and not under instructions from the German authorities, the usual extradition proceedings will be followed. The United States government cannot hand him over to Canada without a hearing if he claims the right to make a defense. An early reply is expected from Washington authorizing the hearing of the case before a court in Maine. It will probably be a couple of weeks before he is brought to this side to face the serious criminal charges in connection with the dynamiting of the railway bridge.

Formal Application for Extradition is Made by British Ambassador.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Formal application for the extradition to Canada of Werner Van Horn, charged with "attempted destruction of human life," was made at the State Department late today by Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador.

The Ambassador called personally at the Department, and presented a

brief note to Secretary Bryan, based upon a communication from the Canadian Minister of Justice at Ottawa, informing the embassy that Van Horn was wanted on the charge of attempting to destroy human life, through the wilful and unlawful destruction of the St. Croix river bridge.

Secretary Bryan referred the communication to the Solicitor of the Department for examination as to its form. If the application is found to be regular, Van Horn will be ordered before a United States Commissioner nearest to Vancouver, where he is now under detention, and the Canadian authorities will be allowed the privilege of appearing, by counsel, to make out a prima facie case sufficient to justify the demand for the surrender of the prisoner.

The machinery in such cases, up to a certain point, works almost automatically, and there will be little for the State Department to do, save the exercise of any discretion until the Commissioner has passed upon the case. Should he decide that there is no case against Van Horn, the prisoner might be discharged without further proceedings. If he holds the man for extradition, then it is competent for Van Horn or his friends to take an appeal to the State Department, and resist the execution of the Commissioner's order. It is even possible, in extreme cases, for the United States courts to be invoked in the prisoner's behalf, though this is a rare occurrence.

Van Horn already has indicated his purpose of fighting extradition. In a telegram today he appealed to the German Ambassador to look after his interests, declaring he was a German subject, and "did not put foot on Canadian soil."

The last statement was taken here to indicate a purpose on the part of the prisoner to make the technical point that though he was on the bridge, he did not actually stand on Canadian soil. As the divisional line or boundary between the United States and Canada follows the middle line of the St. Croix river, and the spliers of the bridge rest on Canadian soil at the end where Van Horn is said to have placed his charge of dynamite, the officials here attached no importance to this plea.

The German Embassy was much interested in the case, but delayed passing upon Van Horn's request, pending a report on his citizenship from the German Consul General in New York.

### WAR VOTE OF 100 MILLIONS MAY BE ASKED TODAY BY MINISTER OF FINANCE

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—A good deal of interest is being manifested in the speech from the throne which will be delivered at the opening of parliament tomorrow by the Duke of Connaught, but from what can be learned in authoritative sources, it will be a war speech with nothing unexpected to characterize it.

Reference will of course be made to the loyalty and devotion manifested by the Canadian people during the months which have elapsed since the outbreak of the war, and an allusion will be made to the despatching of Canadian troops to the battlefields of Europe.

The stability of the financial and business conditions of the Dominion will probably receive mention, as well as the necessity for the raising of further moneys to aid in the prosecution of the war.

There is no doubt but that the speech from the throne will emphasize the determination of all portions of the Empire to maintain the war until the forces of the allies have become the undisputed conquerors and the enemies of the Empire crushed.

It is understood that Hon. W. T. White will present to the House of Commons tomorrow his resolution for the voting of \$100,000,000 for the prosecution of the war. Parliament will then adjourn until Monday afternoon.

### CHINA HEARS DEMANDS OF THE JAPS

Refuses to Agree in Principal to Political Demands Arising Out of Occupation of Kiao Chow.

Peking, Feb. 3.—The first conference for the consideration by the Chinese administration of the political demands made upon China by Japan, after the Japanese occupation of the German Kiao Chow territory, was held in this city yesterday.

China was urged strongly, but vainly, by the Japanese diplomats, to agree to all the Japanese demands in principle, pending negotiations of each demand individually. After four hours of futile talk the conference adjourned to meet again next Friday.

### NEW CHANCELLOR FOR THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER, ENG.

Edwin S. Montague Appointed—Other Appointments Necessary by-elections But No Contest Expected.

London, Feb. 3.—Edwin S. Montague member of parliament for Cambridge-shire West, has been appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, in succession to Charles Frederick Guinness Masterman, who, having been unable to win a seat in the Lower House, resigned his portfolio a few days ago.

Cecil Bishop Harmsworth, son of the late Alfred Harmsworth, member for Bedfordshire South, has been made Under Secretary to the Home Office. Walter R. Res and Arthur C. Beck have been made Junior Lords of the Treasury.

These new appointments will involve by-elections in the cases of Messrs. Montagu, Res and Beck, but in view of a party trace they are not likely to be contested.

### BREAK IN COTTON PRICES IN GERMANY

Drop of 3 Cents a Pound Due Partly to Opening of Port of Rotterdam and Arrival of Cotton Steamers at Bremen.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Breaking of cotton prices in Germany from 19 1/2 cents to 16 1/2 cents a pound is due, according to a cablegram from American Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, to arrival of cotton steamers at Bremen, opening up of the port of Rotterdam, slackening of demand from spinners on account of freer offerings, and sale of cotton stocks from Lodz, Russia and Antwerp, Belgium.

Cotton mills in Germany are running three-quarters capacity, and using 150,000 bales per month. Commercial Attaché Thompson at Rotterdam reports by cable:

"This amount is apparently proved by ships arriving afloat," he said. "We said cotton prices are declining. Shippers are cautioned against expecting continuation of present high prices. They should go slow about chartering ships at the present inflated charges."

### PAROLED BY BRITISH.

San Francisco, Feb. 3.—Governor Edward Haber, of New Pomerania, in the Bismarck Archipelago, formerly a German colony, arrived here today on the liner Sonoma with one hundred other Germans captured by the British last August when they took possession of the island and subsequently paroled. Fourteen were women. All departed tonight for New York, and New Orleans.

# NO EXCUSE FOR LATEST GERMAN COURAGE

## ATTACK ON HOSPITAL SHIP BY SUBMARINE ANOTHER VIOLATION OF HAGUE LAWS

### The Asturias Was Marked as Provided For in Hague Convention, but Germans Endeavored to Sink Vessel — No Private Legislation in Commons During Present War — Bonar Law, for Opposition, Endorses the Resolution.

London, Feb. 3.—Thomas J. MacNamara, Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty, announced in the House of Commons today that the Admiralty had received a telegram from the subject of the reported German attempt to torpedo the British hospital ship Asturias, as announced by the French ministry of marine yesterday.

Mr. MacNamara told the House of Commons that the telegram received by the Admiralty stated that a submarine, with its conning tower, showing a torpedo at the Asturias at five p. m. on February 1, but that the torpedo missed its mark.

Only War Measures. Premier Asquith presented a resolution in the House of Commons today to devote the present session entirely to government measures.

### RED CROSS WORK IN WAR ZONE NOW ORGANIZED TO CARE FOR WOUNDED

Allegations Reflecting Upon Society, Made by Paris Doctor Recently in Toronto, Denied—British Red Cross Taking Care of the Patricia's.

### VANHORN NOW CLAIMS HE DID NOT SET FOOT ON CANADIAN SOIL

(Continued from page 1) war going to Europe to be used against Germany. It was pointed out, however, that toprove that his act was an act of war, Van Horn must produce evidence that he was acting under higher authority, and by direct orders. The act of an individual, on his own responsibility, usually is not accounted an act of war. On other hand, if the prisoner should produce evidence to show that he was acting under explicit direction and authority of the German government, it is said a violation of the neutrality of the United States by Germany might be involved.

## CITY WHARF PROPERTY WELL GUARDED AGAINST ATTACK BY GERMANS

### Com. Russell Has Large Force of Watchmen Guarding Wharves — Dominion Government and C. P. R. Also Have Guards at Sand Point.

"The city wharf property is well guarded against any attempts to destroy it by Germans or their sympathizers," said Com. Russell yesterday when asked if the Vancouver bridge affair would lead to extra precautions being taken here to protect the winter port facilities.

## GOOD ENTERTAINMENT PROVIDED BY BOYS

### Several Interesting Events Run Off—Supper for Boys Tonight.

The members of the Boys' Club held sports in the rooms of the club, Union street, last evening. The proceedings were under the direction of C. D. Howard, president. In class A the events were:

## RUSSIAN WARSHIPS BUSY IN THE BALTIC

Petrograd, Feb. 3.—It is officially announced that a Russian submarine on January 29th sank a German torpedo boat destroyer off Cape Moen, Denmark.

## U.S. GOVERNMENT SENDS THANKS FOR HELP GIVEN DISABLED RELIEF SHIP

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—An official expression of thanks from the United States government, through the American Consulate at Halifax, in regard to the saving of the Belgian ship Camino has been received by the Dominion Marine Department.

## SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY FOR LETTER CARRIERS DURING JULY AND AUGUST

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 3.—The Postmaster General has passed an order-in-council granting all letter carriers, permanent and temporary, actually employed as street letter carriers, a half holiday on Saturday during the months of July and August of each year.

## PORTLAND METHODIST CHURCH BANQUET

### Dr. Headland Speaks of Missionary Work — The Power of the Gospel — Large Number Present.

The missionary banquet at Portland street Methodist church was attended by about 250 people last evening. Rev. Isaac T. Headland, D. D., spoke in an eloquent way of missionary experiences in China and Japan.

## WALKED FORTY MILES TO ENLIST

### Youth of 18 Makes Long Tramp But Considered the Trip Good Practice for Prospective Soldier.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—A spite of reports of slow recruiting there appeared at the armories here a young man named Frank Gagnon, who had walked forty miles to the railway to come down to Ottawa to enlist. He had been working in a camp up the Gatineau Valley. He is 18 years of age and thought the forty mile tramp in below zero weather good practice for soldiering.

## THOUSANDS ARE DRIVEN FROM HOME BY FLOODS

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 3.—Ten thousand men in factories in and around Wheeling and fully double that number in the Ohio river between here and East Liverpool, Ohio, were temporarily deprived of employment today by the flood.

## HER BROTHER KILLED IN ACTION IN FRANCE

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Miss Julia Collins of Ottawa learned today that her brother, Private Harry Collins, of His Majesty's Highland Light Infantry, has been killed in action in France. He had served previously in India and South Africa.

## TRAVELLED 25,500 MILES TO GET TO ST. JOHN; SAYS THE RING IS SOME TOWN

### Bill Brown of Nome Arrives Here With Alaska Huskies — Testing the Endurance of Dogs as Travellers.

Bill Brown is in town. Bill comes from Alaska. To get here, according to his own story, he travelled a trifle of 25,500 miles. Bill has a dog team, and does not patronize railways.

## \$20,000 INSURANCE ON ACADIA BUILDINGS BURNED YESTERDAY

Wolfville, N. S., Feb. 3.—The Acadia educational institutions suffered an awful loss, by fire when the Horton Academy building, together with the Edward W. Young Hall, were totally destroyed today by a fire which raged fiercely for an hour, and which overcame every effort of the local fire department to extinguish it.

## CHICAGO BAKERS BOOST PRICE OF BREAD AND REDUCE SIZE OF LOAF

Chicago, Feb. 3.—The price of bread was increased to 6 cents a loaf today by many bakers and the weight of the loaves in some cases was reduced, it was reported by the city sealer, Many

## BLOCKADE TO BE DECLARED BY GERMANY?

Berlin, Feb. 3. (By Wireless to Sayville).—The warning of the German admiralty staff, issued yesterday concerning coming operations on the French coast, is considered by some Berlin newspapers, among them the Morgenpost, to mean that an actual blockade is to be put into effect by the Germans.

The Morgenpost, however, points out that many of the essentials of a blockade are lacking, among them being a definite description of boundaries and a warning that neutral ships must not enter the forbidden zone.

## VEOMAN—IN EAST ST. JOHN, N. B., ON THE MORNING OF FEBRUARY 3RD, 1916, C. W. YEOMAN, AGED SEVENTY-THREE YEARS, LEAVING A WIFE, FOUR DAUGHTERS AND ONE SON TO MOURN.

Service at his late residence at 230 St. Friday, funeral at three o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Friends invited to attend. Friends invited to attend.

## OPERA HOUSE

FR. - SAT. Young - Adams Company In a Stirring Western Drama "THE COWBOY'S REVENGE" Tomorrow Night—Amateurs "GET THE HOOK" POPULAR PRICES. Phone 1363 for Good Seats.

## Katherine LaSalle and Splendid Metropolitan Cast AT THE IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY & THUR.

In Bronson Howard's Greatest Play "THE BANKER'S DAUGHTER" PRODUCED IN FIVE ACTS A superb cast in a wonderful production known the world over—a portrayal in dramatic form of American life interwoven with love, pathos and humor.

## MOTHERS' DAYS! ESPECIALLY IMPORTED FEATURE THE BEAUTY CO., Headed by Miss Margarita Fiechter and Mr. Harry Pollard.

## "Motherhood" The theme is the grandest human appeal ever made thro' the medium of the Silent Drama.

## OLD FAVORITES OF YOURS SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF THE VERSATILE DUO FRANKLIN & HYATT

## "THE DECOY" Princess Play of a Polar Game and a Girl DID SHE RUN? Bright Comedy Gem MONDAY THE McNAUGHTON BROS. "A wee bit o' Scotch"

# SERBIA

## After Days of Feared Austrian Roads on Serb Annihilation

(By a special correspondent. Christian Science Monitor, Feb. 3.) After days of feared Austrian roads on Serb Annihilation

of the larger baking companies joined the small dealers in increasing the price. This action was not due to any recommendation by the National Association of Master Bakers, it was asserted by J. M. Bell, secretary, who said he had been misquoted last week to the effect that the association had endorsed a plan to advance the price of bread to 6 cents.

## DIED.

YEOMAN—In East St. John, N. B., on the morning of February 3rd, 1916, C. W. Yeoman, aged seventy-three years, leaving a wife, four daughters and one son to mourn. Service at his late residence at 230 St. Friday, funeral at three o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

## CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. A. Dunham, 203 Charlotte street, wishes to thank her friends for kindness shown during the recent bereavement of her mother, Mrs. Anne T. McDougall.

## Was Per

Here is a letter from (Name) who consulted before his Receipt B world wide circulation or his family medicine became known to the ends of the earth.

## Before He Becam

"A MOTHER'S INFLUENCE" Dainty Message by The Majestic Co.

"A STOUT HEART, BUT WEAK KNEES" A Keystone Screen.

"THE OTHER TRAIN" A Beauty Novelty.

SERBIA REVERSED MOSCOW'S STIRKING MILITARY FEARS RECORDS OF GREAT WARS

After Days of Endless Retreating Turned and Defeated Austrians After Latter Had Made Inroads on Serbian Territory and Threatened Annihilation of Serbian Army.

By a special correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor. (Continued from page 1.) Since my last letter was written to The Christian Science Monitor, Serbia has supplied history with one of the most striking and complete reversals of military fortune which the records of great wars provide. For this reason I feel it desirable temporarily to arrest the record of my experiences prior to the Serbian retreat, and to give some, if inadequate, idea of the extent of the defeat which was subsequently inflicted upon the Austrians. To the other paragraphs, covering as it does but experience of modern warfare of no chronological importance, I can return at a later date.

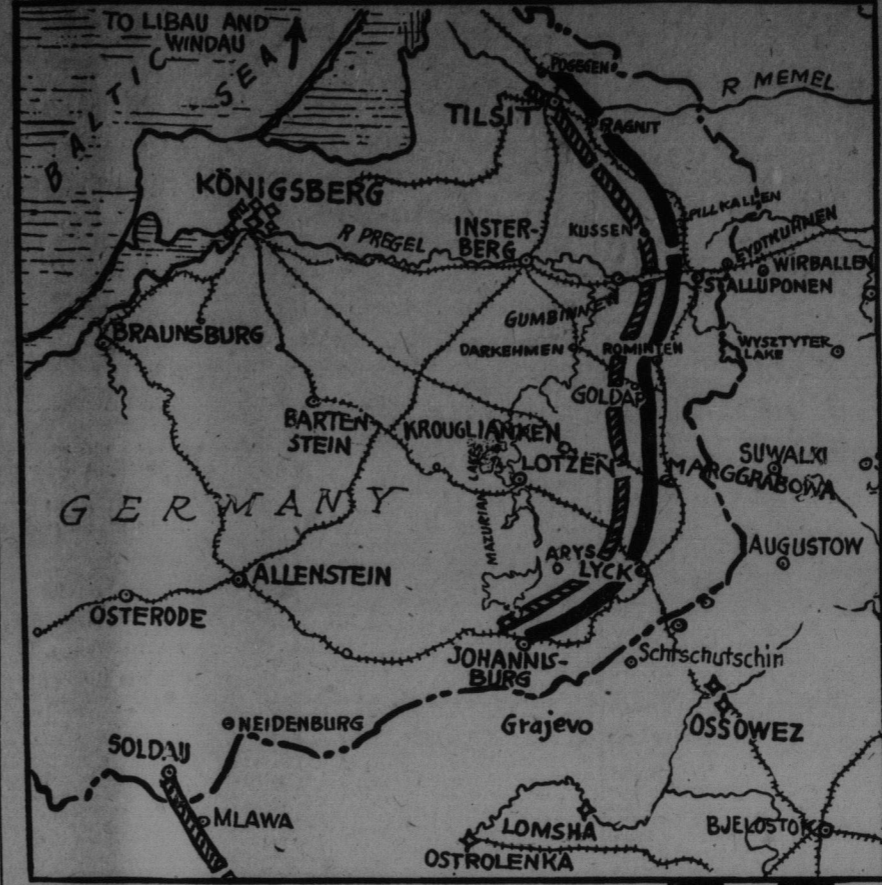
To do not propose to do more than sketch the general outline of the military operations, the details of which can be safely left to military historians. I shall endeavor to indicate the general movements of the armies. When the second Austrian invasion of Serbia was checked (the first, in the great Serbian victory in the Jadar valley), the Serbs spread their troops along a large extent of frontier. The important strategic points on the Save were held with small detachments, for the Austrians there developed no determined offensive; but from Strabatz, around the promontory of Matzevo, and right down the Drina as far as the mountain range of Guchovo, the Serbian divisions lined the frontier. To the south of the northwestern end of Guchovo the Austrians maintained their position in Serbia. Some summits were in their hands, others remained in the possession of the Serbs. For a period of some six weeks the Austrians delivered a series of persistent attacks along the whole of the Serbian front in an endeavor to break the line. Of this continual offensive I shall write in subsequent letters.

Retreat. I early formed the opinion, however, that although the effort to preserve the integrity of the Serbian territory was heroic and laudable in the highest degree, it was imposing too great a strain upon the men in the trenches. There were instances where a whole division of 20,000 men were holding a line twelve miles in length, where they were subjected to a continuous and heavy bombardment from the Austrian artillery, often augmented by a fierce enfilade fire from the monitors and spirited infantry attacks.

It is hardly necessary to say that the Serbs clearly indicated strategic positions within the frontier and fortified and held them against the Austrians. The Austrians' considerations cannot always be ignored, however, and the effort to preserve the plain of Matzevo from the devastation of Austrian troops was a task which the Serbian army could not neglect. Other facts, of which mention must necessarily be reserved until the war is over, combined to render the advance to the inland heights inevitable. Now the Serbian soldier is unaccommodated to retreat. He hardly knows what the word implies. Throughout the three years of warfare he has ever advanced, and the order to withdraw came as a shock, even if it was a relief to him. He knew, also, that the army was suffering from a serious disinclination. No sooner had the Serbian retreat commenced than the Austrian army corps streamed over in great force. They crossed the frontier in half a dozen places and attacked with tremendous energy. Gradually, but consistently, they drove the Serbs further into the interior of the country. With their well-equipped mountain brigades, they repeatedly threatened the Serbian left flank with such success that they finally secured control of the important strategic mountain range of Suborov and had extended the Serbian front from Czechak to Belgrade—a distance of some 65 miles across the snow fields.

Was Personally Attended by Dr. A. W. Chase Before He Became Famous as the Author of Dr. Chase's Receipt Book. Here is a letter from an aged general who consulted Dr. Chase, long before his Receipt Book attained a world-wide circulation. His family medicine became known to the ends of the earth. Like most people of advanced years his kidneys were the first organs to break down and when doctors failed to help him he consulted Dr. A. W. Chase, the physician who cured him of pleurisy in his younger days. Mr. O. D. Barnes, 711 York St., St. John, N. B., writes: "I have been a sufferer from pleurisy for many years. I was cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. All dealers of Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto, are called on to treat me for pleurisy. Ever since that I have used and recommended Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and have two of his Receipt Books. 'Some time ago a cold settled in the kidneys, causing backache, frequent urination, distress, and affected the eyesight. My appetite failed and I could not sleep nights. Two doctors failed to do me any good. Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Nerve Food. The results have been highly satisfactory to me. Appetite improved, I gained in weight, sleep and rest well, and feel strong and healthy. My kidneys resumed their natural functions, and I believe that my cure was due to Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Nerve Food. I am 78 years old, superintend work on my farm, and can turn in and do some work myself.' Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. All dealers of Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto, are called on to treat me for pleurisy."

WHERE RUSSIANS ARE MAKING NEW ADVANCE IN EAST PRUSSIA



Russia is writing a tenth army in the field. This is directed against East Prussia and follows the lines of the first march of General Rennenkampf, except that the point selected for the invasion is further north. To meet it the Germans have sent practically the entire garrison of Königsberg to protect Tilsit, which appears to be the immediate Russian objective, and they have also drawn upon the German forces on the Warsaw front. The Germans still hold their positions on the Masurian lakes, with Russian troops between them and the frontier. West of Johannsburg the Russians withdrew some weeks ago to stop the advance of the Germans from Miawa toward Warsaw, which is southeast of Miawa.

OVER SERBIAN ROADS TO THE BATTLE FRONT

Writer gives graphic description of trip along difficult highways from Kragevatz to the scene of action. Kragevatz, Serbia, Feb. 3.—Shortly after the midnight of December 10, I set in the straggly, unkempt village of Kragevatz, passing the seemingly never ending hours of darkness in the company of a worthless Austrian officer. Prisoner-like, as I was, I was full of indignation. "Ah! these roads," he bitterly exclaimed, "how can you expect any army to advance over them?" His remark was not entirely irrelevant, for I have myself reached the conclusion that Serbian roads are an asset of no little military value to Serbia.

There are two great causes of biliousness—they are constipation and defective liver action. When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are taken, they are not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well. Quite unlike ordinary medicines which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the conditions which cause biliousness, and thus permanent cures are effected. Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c. box today.

When Under Fire. "If any man says he is not afraid of shell fire," said one of the bravest men I have ever met—and at that moment we were watching how the enemy's shrapnel was ploughing the earth on either side of the road on which we stood—"he is a liar." There were very few men in this war who were not afraid of shell fire. On the contrary, most of the French, Belgian and English soldiers with whom I have had wayside conversations since the war began find a kind of painful pleasure in the candid confession of being shot at.

EGYPTIAN GAZETTE STATES THAT NEW RULER BEGINS REIGN ASSURED OF SUPPORT FROM ALL CLASSES OF COMMUNITY.

Alexandria, Egypt, Feb. 3.—With remarkable unanimity Egyptian papers of all kinds have welcomed the proclamation of a British protectorate for Egypt, and the accession to the position of Sultan of Hussein Kamel. Under the heading "The Friend of the Fellahs," the Egyptian Gazette in a recent issue expresses the appreciation felt by all Egyptians for the work of the new Sultan, and the satisfaction which is generally felt at his accession to the throne. Egypt's new sovereign, the Alexandria Journal says, has had the good fortune to commence his reign already assured of the loyal support of all classes of the community in this cosmopolitan country. The menace of invasion and the intrigues of Turkish German spies to embarrass him and undermine the allegiance of his people, have had an exactly contrary effect. They have united us all in a determination to be loyal to our government, and to do each of us what we can to save the country from the effects of an international conflict.

MONTREAL ALDERMAN IS FOUND GUILTY OF CONSPIRING APPROPRIATE SCHOOL BOARD MONIES TO HIS OWN PROFITS.

Montreal, Feb. 3.—The report of Mr. Justice Mercier, sitting as Royal Commissioner has been made public, to the effect that in sale of land to the Roman Catholic school board, Alderman Giroux, in his quality of School Commissioner, conspired with another alderman, Julien Therrien, and one Gustave Vigne, to divert monies from the Catholic School Board to their own profit. Although it has been generally known for some time that the Royal Commissioner had condemned these men, Alderman Giroux has continued to attend meetings of the board, and take an active part in its affairs.

END OF THE FORMIDABLE.

A seaman of the light cruiser Topaze seized a vivid description of the Formidable, which was torpedoed in the Channel. The Topaze was the last of a line of ships, and at ten minutes past five morning the bundle of torpedoes exploded and all her lights went out. Continuing, the writer says: "All the remainder of the fleet scattered to divers points. We stood by her till she went. We kept sweeping round in circles so as to make ourselves an awkward target to the submarine. The first time round we managed to get a line to a cutter, and got thirty-five hands out of her. The coxswain of the boat was a real good Britisher. He remained in the boat calling to his crew to stand by him. He wanted to go back again for another boatload. He refused to come out until an officer went down and literally hoisted him out, and he nearly cried because they wouldn't let him go back. What struck me most was the coolness of the captain of the Formidable. He stood there among the men over his head and giving orders quite coolly. He was a 'white man.' The men had fallen in on the quarterdeck, smoking and quite orderly. The third and last time we steamed round we went right close to the Formidable, and endeavored to get alongside her, but were unable to do so on account of the state of the sea. We laid off helpless to aid them, and at two minutes past six the poor old Formidable went down to Davy. The voice of the skipper could still be heard cheering up the men on the deck. Then we saw her settle down by the bows, heard the skipper yell out, 'Good-by, my boys! I am here myself, and may God help you all.' His cool and calm voice seemed to reach me. He was answered by a cheer from the men, and then—I am not ashamed to say that tears were in my eyes and in many others, too—the ship took the final plunge. The lads on her deck went down singing, 'Should Auld Acquaintance be Forgotten'; it was grand, yet, oh, so pitiful."

Advertisement for Rogers Bros. 1847 Rogers Bros. Silver Plate that wears. The new Continental design, illustrated by the spoon at the left, is characteristic of the beauty and charm of all silverware bearing the name. For over three score years the name Rogers Bros. has signified the standard in silverware. Remember to choose 1847 Rogers Bros. next time you need silverware. Guaranteed for lasting beauty and wear, made possible by an actual test of over 65 years. Sold by Leading Dealers.

DR. H. SWAN'S DYSPEPTIC CURE GET WELL

By Taking "Fruit-a-lives", Says Capt. Swan. Life is very miserable to those who suffer with indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach and biliousness. This letter from Captain Swan (one of the best known skippers on the Great Lakes) tells how to get quick relief from stomach trouble. Port Burwell, Ont., May 8th, 1913. "A man has a poor chance of living and enjoying life when he cannot eat. That was what was wrong with me. Loss of appetite and indigestion was brought on by constipation. I have had trouble with these diseases for years. I lost a great deal of flesh and suffered constantly. For the last couple of years, I have taken "Fruit-a-lives" and have been so pleased with the results that I have recommended them on many occasions to friends and acquaintances. I am sure that "Fruit-a-lives" have helped me greatly. By following the diet rules and taking "Fruit-a-lives" according to directions, any person with dyspepsia will get benefit."

"Fruit-a-lives" are sold of all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa. The men of the Royal Irish Rifles are wonderfully plucky. An artilleryman is astonished at his lack of alarm: "You've got no time to be nervous under artillery fire, and I was surprised at my own coolness." A lieutenant (Mr. H. J. S. Shields) finds that the thrill of the moment overrides all else: "I have been under fire of all sorts, shell and rifle, and have been many times missed by inches. I have never been actually frightened. The immense excitement of it acts as a kind of stimulant. I can't say I would not rather stay in the cave than go out to be shot at by a crack marksman four hundred yards off, but the thrill of the excitement rather outweighs the fear."

RIOTS IN ITALY OVER HIGH PRICE OF BREAD

Bassari, Italy, Feb. 3.—Riots growing out of the agitation over the high price of bread are assuming a graver character. Crowds today went about the streets sacking the stores. Reinforcements of troops have been called out to maintain order.

SENT TO SIBERIA FOR "ESE MAJESTE"

Petrograd, Feb. 3.—Via London—Vladimir Bourteff, well known as a Russian revolutionary, today went aboard a deportation to Siberia. Bourteff, who had been living out of the country, espoused the case of the Russian government at the outbreak of the war, and came to Petrograd to enlist in the army. He was arrested on September 29. The charge against him, on which he has just been convicted, was lese majeste. The accusation was based upon articles which Bourteff contributed to a Paris periodical.

BACKACHE WAS SO BAD COULD NOT SWEEP THE FLOOR.

For backache, lame or weak back, one of the commonest and most distressing symptoms of kidney inaction, there is no remedy to equal Doan's Kidney Pills for taking out the stitches, twinges and twinges, limbering up the stiff back and giving perfect relief and comfort to all poor, suffering women who suffer so much from a weak back. Mrs. Blackburn, R.R. No. 1, Fishburn, Alta., writes: "I take pleasure in writing you stating the benefit I have received by using Doan's Kidney Pills. About three years ago I was terribly afflicted with lame back, and was so bad I could not even sweep my floor. I was advised to try your kidney pills. Before I had used one box there was a great improvement as my back was much better. However, I kept on taking them until my back was completely cured. I highly recommend these pills for lame back." Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Advertisement for Castoria. EVERY WOMAN is interested and should know about this wonderful medicine. Castoria is the Kind You Have Always Bought. For Infants and Children. Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Vertical advertisements on the left margin including: "LONDON'S STOCK MARKET", "DIED.", "OF THANKS.", "OPERA HOUSE", "Adams Company", "BOY'S REVENGE", "Metropolitan Cast", "FIRE TODAY & THUR.", "LIGHTER", "ALSO:", "MEDY ACROBATS", "DEWIT CAIRNS", "PHOTO NEWS", "ORCHESTRA", "NINETEEN", "MOTHER'S INFLUENCE", "STOUT HEART, BUT WEAK KNEES", "FRIDAY—THE OTHER TRAIL", "THE DECOY", "SHE RUN?", "MONDAY NAUGHTON BROS."

# The St. John Standard

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British Representatives: Frederick A. Smyth, London.

ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.  
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

## GERMANY'S POSITION.

No definite result has been reached in the great battle between the German and Russian forces in the vicinity of Warsaw although military observers, who, usually, are able to closely judge such operations, are at a loss to see how General Von Hindenburg can succeed in cutting a way for his men through the encircling mass of Russians particularly as the latter, in addition to the advantage of weight of numbers, are as well equipped, and have held superior positions. The fighting in the eastern war zone has drawn attention almost completely from France and Flanders where the contending armies are still practically engaged in siege warfare and progress necessarily is slow.

There is a vast difference in the character of the country on the east and west sides of the war theatre. In France and Flanders distances are short, the country thickly populated and dotted with large towns and cities. There are no very heavy mountain ranges but the country is generally level. The ground on which fighting is now taking place has been the scene of military engagements almost continually since the Germans first passed over it on their way to Paris and, as a result, is literally honeycombed with entrenchments into which the contending forces have dug themselves and from which it is difficult to dislodge them. Because of this, a day's gains to either side are often counted practically in yards. Wounded soldiers relate stories where days have been spent in desperate fighting for a gain of less than half a mile. Under such conditions it can readily be understood why progress appears to be slow.

In the eastern country, where the Russians and Germans are fighting, the population is comparatively sparse, rivers are larger and more difficult of passage; distances are greater and the space occupied by contending armies much larger than in France. Thus it is that the progress of the fighting appears to be more rapid and the losses and gains comparatively greater.

But success in the present war is not being judged so much by the gain or loss of positions or territory as by the effect of the pressure which is being steadily applied to Germany. The Kaiser's men in France may be successfully resisting all attempts of the Allies to drive them from their positions. In Russia the combined German and Austrian armies may manage to keep the Muscovites at bay for weeks, may even appear to make gains in territory, but all the time the steady sweeping of the seas by the British navy, the diminution of food supplies, and the gradual strangulation of industrial life is driving the civilian population of Germany to the point of desperation.

Small wonder that the Kaiser's advisers, frantic for something to distract attention from the plight of their own country, plan spectacular, though fruitless, raids upon Britain. So long as the German people can be fooled into the belief that victory will eventually be their portion, just so long will they cheerfully endure sacrifice and hardship that the life blood, the sustenance and the treasure of the country may be devoted to the up-bulding and support of the German army and navy. But there must come an end. It is useless to disclose to a starving man on the abundance of food, or to a pauper on the plentitude of money. Germany is slowly starving, possibly not yet for the actual necessities of life, but for those many incidentals of comfort and luxury which make life worth while in civilized countries. There is much poverty, more than the usual lack of employment. And the situation will not improve. Shut off from supplies abroad Germany cannot sustain herself for ever. When the supply falls the war will collapse and the power of Prussian militarism, which has deluged with blood and tears one of the most enlightened and prosperous countries in the world, will grovel at the feet of the victorious Allies and beg for succor. Until that day the struggle must go on. Britain may well be content to have it so.

## THE PARLIAMENTARY SESSION.

The session of the Canadian Parliament which opens today, will, in all likelihood, be devoted entirely to legislation affecting Canada's participation in the Empire war. In fact arrangements have been made that the debate on the address shall be confined to four speakers. Mr. Welchel, a loyal German-Canadian, will move the address in reply and Mr. Achin, an equally

loyal French-Canadian, will be the seconder. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will speak for the Opposition and the Premier, Sir Robert L. Borden, will close the debate. The House will then plunge into the budget and while it is not to be expected that that will be adopted without some debate it is not believed that any attempt to make political capital will be permitted. There may be some criticism regarding military estimates, but the Government representatives, no matter what their party, who hold to the idea that in times such as this party politics should not hold a prominent place in the discussions of the Canadian Parliament will be inclined to frown on anything that at all savors of an attempt to introduce partisan questions.

The budget, of course, will be the item of chief interest. Canada has not yet commenced to feel the effects of the war, but unless an end comes more speedily than most observers believe possible it is too much to hope that she will not be affected to some extent. The Government of this country is faced by a situation which has necessitated extraordinary expenditures; these must be continued at a time when the ordinary revenues are less than usual. In such circumstances it may be necessary to add to the taxes on certain articles, and correspondence from the capital suggests that a stamp duty similar to that in force in Great Britain, may be imposed. All such suggestions are merely conjecture as the Minister of Finance has not made any announcement as to the policy he is likely to pursue. Hon. Mr. White, however, is especially well fitted for the office he holds; a financier by training, he may be depended upon to adopt what will be found the best way of meeting the extraordinary conditions and the needs arising from them.

Whatever may be decided it is certain that Canadians will cheerfully agree to make any sacrifice demanded of them. This war is Canada's war just as much as Britain's, and Canada must be and is prepared to bear her share of the burden. After the war is over it may be expected that the Dominion will vastly benefit by the restoration of normal conditions and the stimulus which must be given to Canadian business. In the meantime the country is faced by an abnormal situation and is prepared to deal with it as such.

## THE CLOSING OF THE DOOR

If the doors that lead to Germany are not absolutely shut, the chances for running the blockade and surreptitiously taking supplies of various kinds into that increasingly unhappy land, via Hamburg or Bremen, are becoming exceedingly small. The words of the First Lord of the Admiralty, "Germany is like a man throttled with a heavy gag," and then he adds that the pressure will not be relaxed until she has given in unconditionally. No matter what other nations may choose to do it has been irrevocably decided that Great Britain shall fight this war to a finish.

One of the great newspapers of London has made the suggestion that the proper reply to the outrages recently perpetrated by German submarines upon British merchantmen would be to declare, contraband of war, not only grain and flour but everything that goes into Germany and might be of any use to that country. There is no good reason why this should not be done and by the application of such a rigid closed door policy that which all good men desire, the end of the war, would be immeasurably hastened. Were the British to adopt this rule, which they are abundantly able to enforce upon all and sundry, it would not matter what attitude towards ships or shipping might be elected by other nations. One of the famous sayings credited to the immortal Nelson was "Hunger will tame a lion," and if all supplies of any sort intended for Germany were declared contraband the Prussian Road Hog would speedily reach the point where he would be glad to make terms.

If any criticism of the methods of the Motherland is permissible, it might be suggested that she is liable to err on the side of leniency towards her enemies. Such leniency is pre-eminently a mistake in dealing with her present foes who are disposed to interpret all such consideration as a sign of weakness. Thanks to the navy, Britain still rules the waves, but her present hesitate to make her rule felt by all, who, for their own selfish reasons, wish it otherwise.

The whole Empire is in this fight as one man and there are men enough and there is money enough within the

Empire to see this difference of opinion with Germany satisfactorily settled. In the nation, as in the individual home it is not a bad habit to close the door and this more especially so when there is an infectious disease in the house. While some merchants who have sold goods to Germany may resent the circumstances and become angry it is better to endure their ill temper than to leave the trade doors all wide open at the risk of indefinitely prolonging the Prussian epidemic. England for long years has held to the theory of the open door as a commercial policy. However, this is not commerce but war and the laws of the battlefield are quite different from those of the counting house. CLOSE THE DOORS AND LET NO ONE DELIVER ANY GOODS TO GERMANY UNTIL THE PLAGUE OF MILITARISM HAS BEEN STAMPED OUT, AND THE HOUSE HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY FUMIGATED. This done, the end of the war will not be long delayed.

## THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Under the heading "Time for Action," the Globe last evening said editorially:

"Has not the time arrived for citizens interested in the prosperity and future welfare of St. John to take cognizance of the danger expressed in the editorial? What other communities may say and think about Commission Government, there are few, if any, in St. John who will argue that the experience of this city has been satisfactory. So many of those prominently identified with the movement that gave the city its present form of government have expressed disappointment over the results attained that the time seems ripe for immediate inauguration of a campaign to restore the municipal system of ward representation. The Legislature of New Brunswick will be called to meet in a few weeks, and if those lead who should lead—those whose mistaken zeal gave the city the present government system—it will be possible to have legislation enacted so that at the elections in April, 1916, a return can be made to a system of government by no means ideal, but infinitely preferable to any other yet devised, because it puts representation where it properly belongs, close to the people. The mistake in Commission Government, under an absolutely satisfactory system, is that the control is taken from the people. St. John's experience is that it creates an oligarchy far more arbitrary and far more unsatisfactory than the rule of any ward boss and infinitely more costly. Action is becoming more and more imperative to save the city from its ills. The first steps should be taken by those who admit a past mistake. Can they afford to delay? Can St. John afford longer to put up with present conditions?"

The Standard, like the Globe, did not favor the Commission form of government, but the people, to whom it was submitted, disagreed with both these journals. The Standard, while it retains its opinions has carefully refrained from criticising either the form of government or the manner of its administration in this city. We held, and still hold, that as the people decided in favor of Commission it is for the people themselves to consider the success or failure of that system and, when they have reached a decision to act accordingly.

In the past, and under the former system, there was too much newspaper criticism of civic affairs. Some of that criticism was unjust and unfair, much of it ignorant. We have seen no reason to depart from the view we held at the time Commission Government was under consideration but the prospect, having been adopted by the people, we believe any initiative for alteration of the system should come from them.

## German Hypocrisy.

I. You call your Nation Christian, And pray to the God above, While in your heart is Hated And God is a God of Love.

II. You build your ships and arm them To kill your Fellow-men, While Christ came down to save them And bring them back to Him.

III. You sent out Spies and Traitors, You're filled with the Lust for Gain, While God says: "Thou shalt not covet."

Or give your Neighbor pain.

IV. You stand for Education, While Jesus was "unlearned," And pray to the "Father folk" His lowly steps he turned.

V. God says: "Go preach my Gospel" A Savior's dying Name, You pray, "God bless Our Army" "And help us kill and maim."

VI. Over unprotected villages Your cruel bombs were sped, And women and little children Are numbered with the Dead.

VII. O Kaiser, Whited Sepulchre, The Lord will deal with You, The "Curse of Cain" be on you, And all your "murderous crew."

VIII. The Blood of your Brother Abel is calling from the Ground, And Vengeance just, will follow, Where'er you go, German's found.

—Mrs. R. C. Peck, Albert, N. B.

## AGRICULTURAL OPPORTUNITIES ATTRACTING ATTENTION.

"The food needs of the Empire are serving to direct attention to the great agricultural possibilities which New Brunswick holds within itself," said the Secretary of the Dept. of Trade yesterday. "Though our farmers have been specializing on potatoes to a great extent than would seem to be proper, the fact is becoming more ap-

# Little Benny's Note Book.

BY LEE PAPE.  
I rote a pome about babys today, boeing this

**BABYS**  
A bay is a bald heded persin Wich speeks in forin sounds, It crawls eround like sun kind of a bug And nevris leeps or bounds.

No man was evvir a littel girl And no lady was evvir a boy, But both of them wen they began, Was wanta a baby, O Joy.

They sleep awl day and cry awl nite And raw milk is awl they eat, And wenevr they want amusement, They start to play with thare feot.

Its quite a trubble to have a baby eround, And its feare to have 3 or 4, Because they walk like dawgs awn thare hands and feot But you cant teech them how to do tricks.

Its awl rite to like yure maybers dawg Or even thare cat, maybe, But nobddy is especially fond Of enyboddy elses baby.

O a Chimermans baby is yello, And a savidces baby is black, But no mattir wat langwidge you tawk to them in, Baby tawk is awl they tawk back.

Its grate to see a baby laff, Its feare to see wun cry, But no mattir weathir thare crying or laffin, Thares nevvir any reasin why.

O awlways be kind to babys And treat them tenderly, Because no mattir how fur Thats how you ust to be.

parent every day that this Province possesses advantages for mixed farming which make it pre-eminently desirable for the agricultural immigrant. Almost every root or vegetable that belongs to the temperate zone can be produced in New Brunswick soil. Food for man and beast can be raised in abundance. Horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry, equal to the best in the world, can be produced on New Brunswick farms. There are opportunities in dairying which few have any conception of. The experience in orcharding and in small fruits have demonstrated its splendid capabilities along that line. Indeed in every branch of agriculture endeavor New Brunswick offers great opportunities. With a market constantly improving, this province should take front rank among the agricultural provinces of the Dominion.

**Death of McAdam Official**  
The death took place last night of George Green, the well-known customs official at McAdam Junction, after a brief illness of pneumonia. The deceased was an agent for the New Brunswick and European Railway, before he was appointed to the government position, and he is widely known by a very large number of friends, who will learn with the deepest regret of his demise. He was in the 57th year of his age and besides leaving his wife there are two daughters, Ruth and Helen, at home. The deceased was a member of the Masonic Fraternity, the Odd Fellows and the Foresters.

**OBITUARY.**  
Thomas Ryan  
The death of Thomas Ryan took place at 120 Victoria street on Tuesday.

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price.  
**Buy Your Glasses At Sharpe's**  
Sharpe's lenses are ground with absolute mathematical accuracy—no one does better work.

Frames are made to fit your face, holding the lenses before your eyes so that you can get the full benefit of the perfect lenses.

Care is given to the appearance of the glasses, so that they will become you as well as improve and protect your sight.

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**L. L. Sharpe & Son,**  
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,  
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**YOU WILL NEED SOME NEW OFFICE STATIONERY SOON**  
Go carefully over your present supply, making note of what forms are required, then phone us and have your order quickly filled.  
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Diamond Importers and Jewellers—King Street.

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Price ... \$9.75 and \$13.00

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We have NOT ADVANCED PRICES, although both lumber and glass have gone up.  
Send TODAY for our NEW PRICE LIST.

**CHRISTIE Woodworking Co. Limited,**  
Erin Street

**This is Good Whisky Four Crown Scotch.**  
You will always find it the same mellow, delightful beverage, with every indication of having been painstakingly distilled for your pleasure and enjoyment.  
Fix the name in your mind:—  
**Four Crown Scotch**

**FOSTER & COMPANY, ST. JOHN**  
Agents for New Brunswick.

**Give Baking Day A Rest**  
Have BUTTERNUT BREAD for a change. You'll find it Clean, Wholesome,—Sweet as a Nut.  
Was-Paper Wrapped—At the Grocer's

Full Staff of Trained Teachers. The Best Course of Instruction. Individual Attention given each Student.  
Our Best Advt. the Success of our graduates. Students can enter at any time. Catalogues to any address.  
**S. KERR**  
Principal

WATERBURY King St.

Very This Weather Demand Warm Footwe

P. CAMPBELL

BUCK SC

"Blas Sho

TOMORROW NIGHT AMATEURS STAGE AT O

The amateur concert House Friday night immediately after the end by Young-Adams is to be a big event. The program includes Louis Howard W. Smith, "The Lady in the Red" and other songs.

"MOTHERHOOD" TIFUL PICT

Possibly on of the well as beautiful film yet been presented in a study, shown at the University. The theme a direct appeal to a such a nature that parent, throughout. Another factor in its into it has not been screen and therefore parture from the co. Then the scenery, particularly the setting trees-banked in an to convey a picture. Love." The Rose triumph in this respect

WATERBURY & RISING LTD. King St. Union St. Main St.

Very Low Prices

This Weather Demands Warm Footwear.

We are anxious to clear our shelves of all Winter Shoes and the prices have been subject to such a reduction as to appeal to everybody.

- Gaiters Leggings Rubbers Overshoes Moccasins Shoe Pads Felt Boots Skating Boots Lumbermen's Rubbers.

See Our Windows

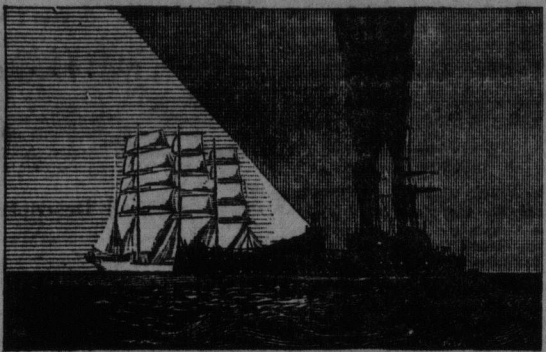
Furnace Repairs

Grates and repairs for all makes of Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Furnaces.

All orders promptly attended to by competent mechanics. Tel. Main 557

P. CAMPBELL & CO. 73 Prince Wm. St.

BUCHANAN'S SCOTCH WHISKY



"Black & White" Shows the highest sales

TOMORROW NIGHT AMATEURS HOLD THE STAGE AT OPERA HOUSE

The amateur contest at the Opera House Friday night of this week, immediately after the regular performance by Young-Adams Company...

Possibly on of the most elevating as well as beautiful film dramas that has yet been presented locally is the beautiful picture, "Motherhood," as shown at the Unique Theatre last evening.

of the story are faithfully portrayed by Miss Margaret Fischer as the young wife, Miss Kathie Fischer as Cupid and Mr. Harry Pollard as the husband.

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save your hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now.

This, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

Red Cross Supper The women of the North End who are looking after Red Cross work at that section of the city will give a supper in the Temple Building tonight from six to eight o'clock.

POPE WILL BE REPRESENTED AT CONFERENCE REPORTS SHOW SAISFACTORY CONDITIONS IN HIS DIOCESE

Vatican to send delegate to meeting at Washington to define relations of American countries to belligerents.

Rome, Feb. 3.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes today a report that Pope Benedict will participate, through a representative in the conference of the Pan-American Union which is being held at Washington to define the relations of North and South American countries to the belligerent nations in respect of questions arising from the war.

SOCIALIST PARTY IN REICHTAG REBUKES DR. LIEBKNECHT

Virtually Read Out of the Party in resolution adopted by members.

Berlin, via London, Feb. 3.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht was virtually read out of his party associates in the Reichstag at a meeting today of Socialist deputies.

Berlin, Feb. 3. (Via London)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht was virtually read out of his party in a resolution adopted at a meeting today of the Social Democrat members. This resolution read as follows:

TREAT AS PIRATES ARMEN WHO SHELLED UNFORTIFIED TOWNS

Announcement made by Russia—Action not likely to be followed by England.

London, Feb. 3.—The announcement that Russia would treat as pirates Armen who shelled unfortified towns in England. A prominent official, however, said today that Russia's action would probably not be followed here.

BURIED YESTERDAY. A large number of friends attended the funeral of Joseph Rogers, which took place yesterday afternoon at half past two, from the residence of Mr. William Murray, 161 St. James street, to the Church of St. John the Baptist, where Rev. Walter Donahue read the burial service.

St. Blasius Day. Yesterday the feast of St. Blasius was observed in the city churches with the blessing of throats, many people attending to receive the blessing. The saint was Bishop of Sebaste, Cappadocia, martyred A. D. 316, who, having saved a boy from being choked with a bone, became guardian saint against throat diseases, for relief from which his blessing is still invoked on February 3 every year.

The delegates to the annual meeting of the Church of England Synod spent another busy day yesterday. Sessions were practically continuous from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., and hardly a minute of the time was lost.

At the afternoon session closed by the Rev. E. B. Hooper, who has been secretary of the Sunday School Committee of the Diocese, tendered his resignation. He had held the position for many years and regretted withdrawing from the work.

The following investments have been paid off: A mortgage from R. J. Barker on old Madras lot in Fredericton for \$1,000; mortgage from W. B. Tennant for \$20,000; the sum of \$1,200 has been paid on account of the mortgages from J. D. Howe, namely, \$700; Town of Wolfville 1/4 per cent. debentures for \$1,000; City of St. John 4 per cent. debentures for \$4,500.

The board of education reported concerning the Rothersey Collegiate School. The buildings and equipment were considerably improved.

The report of the financial department was presented by Dean Schofield, who showed the amount received and expended during the term.

About thirty old boys of the school were now serving their country in the Empire's forces. Major W. J. Harrison of the Ammunition Column now at Fredericton was an old boy of the school.

The committee on the preservation of church records reported that it was endeavoring to make progress in the encouragement of prize essays on subjects of historical interest in connection with the Diocese of Fredericton.

Several of the clergy thought there were too many special collections which others believed that more funds could be secured by special collections than otherwise.

Several of the clergy thought there were too many special collections which others believed that more funds could be secured by special collections than otherwise.

It was also urged upon the different parishes that all old church records should be placed in the strong room of the Christ Church Cathedral at Fredericton for safe keeping. It was

FLOUR HOOD CANADA FOR GREECE HELD UP

Seven carloads detained at Niagara Falls as contraband of war.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 3.—The customs department was notified today that seven carloads of high grade Canadian flour consigned from Kenora, Ontario, to Salonika, Greece, via New York, had been held up at Niagara Falls as contraband of war.

The men of the Canadian Contingent have been presented with Testaments before they left for England. It was the purpose of the society to give each member of the Second Contingent a copy of Scripture also.

There were many expressions of opinion on the matter, the older clergy being particularly opposed to the idea. Bishop Richardson suggested that the people of St. John should arrange for a missionary Sunday, when those in charge of missions throughout the province would come in and occupy the pulpits in the city churches.

There was a prolonged discussion on matters that should or should not come before the Synod. The matter of parish areas was referred to the executive committee to

Was Covered With Boils. Could Not Get Rid of Them Until She Used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

When the blood becomes impure the first symptoms which manifest themselves are a breaking out of the various forms of skin trouble such as boils, pimples, abscesses, ulcers, etc., and the only treatment you can use is some sort of a good blood cleansing remedy which will put the blood into a perfect condition, and thus eliminate all the different poisons from the system which cause these different eruptions to occur.

The best blood cleansing remedy on the market today is Burdock Blood Bitters. All we ask you is to try it and be convinced. Thousands have used it during the past forty years, and have nothing but praise for its curative powers.

See that our name appears on both the label and wrapper as there are many imitations placed on the market which are said to be "just as good."

Burdock Blood Bitters is manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Painless Dentistry!

We extract teeth free of pain. Only 25c. We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 57 Main St.—245 Union St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 683. Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

GOOD COAL

Means more fires and better fires to the ton. You will find it worth while to—

ORDER IT FROM

CONSUMERS COAL CO. LIMITED

331 CHARLOTTE STREET TELEPHONE: MAIN 2070

STANDARD, FEBRUARY 4, 1915.

Table with columns for location, amount, and total. Includes entries for Chatham, Fredericton, Kingston, Shediac, St. Andrews, Woodstock, and totals for \$12,000, \$5,600, and \$17,600.

The regular order of business was then suspended, and Canon Siam introduced a resolution of thanks to His Lordship Bishop Farthing of Montreal, for being present at the meeting and addressing the delegates.

Rheumatism

A Home Cure Given by One Who Had It. In the spring of 1901 I was afflicted with Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for several weeks.

TRY THIS IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF

Or are Bothered with Falling Hair or Itching Scalp.

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications, will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

# Shortage of Motor Fuel a Great Handicap to Germans

### Teutonic Allies, Owing to Large Oil Fields, Are Beat in Their Fight to Operate Aircraft and War Automobiles.

A series of battles for gasoline required for military motors, with Germany and Austria beaten and in desperate straits, is the aspect of the European war thus far to the petroleum experts in this city, where a world trade centre. The output of this motor fuel in the two countries for a whole year, as it is estimated by experts here, scarcely would keep their aircraft flying sixty days. This leaves no fuel for submarines, nearly all of which are equipped with gasoline engines, nor for the myriads of automobiles employed. The last, however, are reported to be meeting the problem by the use of a new fuel derived from coal tar.

There has been intense interest in the mineral oil trade here in the movements of the allies as they struck home at the Teutonic fuel sources and one by one wrested them away. There now remains only the small output of the German wells, Austria's big field, Galicia, being largely in the hands of Russia. To press the allied advantage France is striking at the oil fields of Alsace, where one-fifth of the remaining German supply is obtained. Blockade by the allied navy has cut off the principal German source of direct supply in the United States. The big Roumanian field was largely cut off at the very beginning of the war, before the allied forces by the Servians on the Danube, the usual path of trade. There remained a small Roumanian supply by rail for a time, hampered by lack of tank cars, but an embargo declared by Roumania on such exports, presumably at Russia's instigation, soon cut off this supply.

**Embargo by Scandinavia.**

The allies' ring of steel closed on the last importations of the Teutonic Powers agreed that none of their own supply of motor fuel and other contraband material should be allowed to go over the border. This ended a considerable indirect importation of American gasoline by Germany through the Scandinavian countries and by Austria through Italy. British official reports show that her total oil imports for the first six months of 1914 preceding the war, were about the same as in 1913.

There is an enormous increase shown in the United States exports for ten months of 1914 to Italy, amounting to 5,400,000 gallons above the normal quantity. Much of this excess, it is believed, went by rail into Austria after war was declared. There was a similar excess of 3,620,000 gallons accredited to smaller European countries, including Norway, Sweden and Denmark, and believed to have been ordered there for German use.

It would seem from these estimates that any war stores of motor fuel were confined to the excess imported in European imports and to that on hand when war was declared, which was commandeered by the government.

To replace the diminishing supply of gasoline United States Consular reports have mentioned the introduction of benzol, a coal tar product, which, it is said, requires little change in adjustment of carburetors. About one hundred thousand tons, as a by-product of coke manufacture, are available for fuel purposes, while another sixty thousand tons are used for the making of dyes. It is said to be slightly inferior as a fuel to gasoline. Its disadvantages, particularly for use in aircraft, is its high freezing point, about the same as water. On this account it is reported that the new fuel will be used only in automobile work, reserving the slender gasoline supply entirely for aircraft and submarines.

**NEWCASTLE SENDS GIFTS TO REFUGEE BELGIAN CHILDREN**

Newcastle, Feb. 3.—Seven large boxes of "Queen Mary's Gifts," collected in Newcastle the last few days, were sent last night to Britain via the Bank of Montreal, Montreal. The boxes contained mostly clothing and food supplies for the little children of the Belgian refugees. They were sent under the auspices of the Red Cross Society.

**NEW BRUNSWICK FISHERIES SHOW INCREASE IN VALUE.**

New Brunswick fisheries yielded a bigger harvest last year than during 1913. For the fiscal year 1913-1914 the value of the fish catch in New Brunswick was \$4,308,707 against \$4,264,054 for the previous year. There was

## AUSTRALIA IN WAR SHOWS THE VALUE OF UNITY

Federation Furnishes Use of Army and Navy for the Service of the Empire and Adds to Dominion Power.

Melbourne, Australia, Feb. 2.—Recent events afford confirmation, if proof were still needed, of the wisdom which actuated the federation of Australia. Prior to the formation of the Commonwealth the six component states were not only divided by hostile tariffs, without any uniform fiscal policy toward the outer world, but each state had a militia force which, together with two or three unseizable ships, were their only means of defence.

Federation has brought about two changes of vast importance in respect of recent events. There is now an Australian army, formed by the universal service of the young manhood of the country, and also an Australian navy, consisting of ships of modern build and great efficiency. As a result, Australia has sent to the assistance of the armies of the empire a large expeditionary force. Another is on the eve of despatch, and the single control afforded by a federal defence department has enabled the authorities to equip these soldiers thoroughly. These expeditions do not represent the limit of Australia's contribution toward the land forces of Great Britain. Contingents will be sent until Lord Kitchener says no more are required.

The Australian fleet unit has already done remarkable service in the convoy of New Zealand troops to Samoa, and of Australian troops to German New Guinea and New Britain, and also in the patrolling of the Pacific. Australian coasts have been freed from hostile cruisers, and H. M. S. Sydney has disposed of the Emden.

The German possessions captured by Australia are garrisoned by Australian troops, and altogether the work of the Commonwealth in relation to the war gives striking evidence of the power of defence and finance which Australia has been enabled to gather to herself by federation, and which under previous conditions would have been impossible. The federation is absolutely at one in regard to this war. There is no war party. Australians are unanimous in thinking that this conflict must be carried to a finish, which will render it impossible in future for one nation to attempt to dominate Europe.

**"CASCARETS" ALWAYS STRAIGHTEN YOU UP**

Tonight clean your bowels and end Headaches, Colds, Sour Stomach.

Get a 10-cent box now. You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headaches, coated tongue, foetid taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are bilious, nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have backache and feel worn out. Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passage every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil? Cascarets work while you sleep; cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated matter and poison in the bowels.

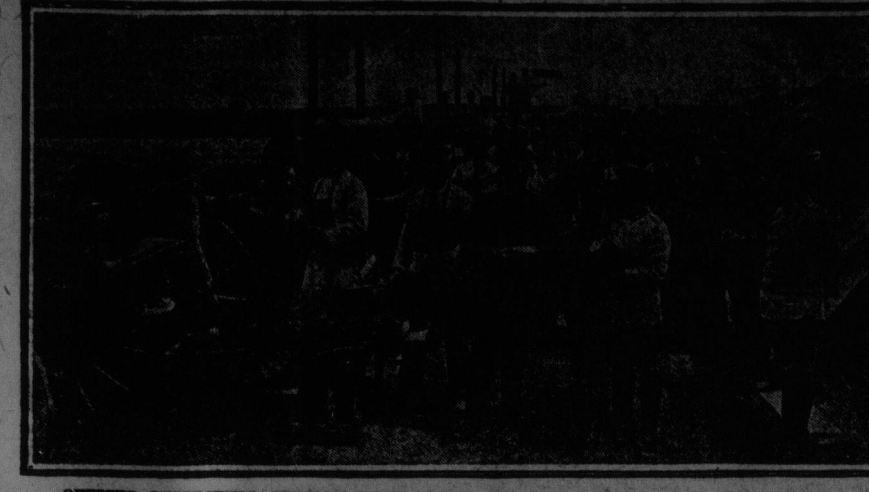
A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—10-cent box from any drug store will keep your stomach sweet; liver and bowels regular, and head clear for months. Don't forget the children. They love Cascarets because the taste good—never grips or sickens.

An increase in the catch of herring, the total yield being 197,297 cwt., against 189,200 for the year before. There was a falling off in the sardine catch, the yield being 141,384 barrels as against a take of 280,282 barrels for the preceding year.

**GERMANY LOOKS TO ITALY FOR WORKERS.**

Venice, Italy, Feb. 3.—Via London—Many Italian peasants, both men and

## WITH THE GERMAN COMMISSARIAT AT THE FRONT.



OFFICER INSPECTING GERMAN MILITARY BAKERY—LINE OF OVENS ON THE LEFT.



A CAMP SCENE WITH THE GERMAN ARMY.

In an interview with Lord Kitchener, Irvin Cobb, the American journalist who was with the German soldiers and who also was a guest of the Kaiser, told the head of the English war forces that the German military equipment seemed to him to be somewhat cumbersome but highly efficient. Certainly it was perfect in detail and organization. There was always an abundance of food for the troops in the field, and always there was a determined effort to get the food up to the men in the fighting lines and to have it hot when it reached them and to have plenty of it for them. It was not particularly appetizing, but it was wholesome and abundant. "There is meat in the ordinary ration, then?" asked Lord Kitchener. "Yes," replied Mr. Cobb, "veal generally, sometimes beef; bacon and sausage frequently. I should say the German soldier averages one filling meal of meat a day at least." The two pictures here show scenes at the front. One of the pictures is particularly interesting as showing a row of sausages hanging on a string.

**ENEMY SUBMARINE SUPPLIED FROM ENGLISH PORT?**

Member of Commons asks Parliament question about neutral Oil ship which left Manchester.

London, Feb. 3.—It was suggested in the House of Commons today that the German submarines which have been playing havoc with the British shipping recently might have obtained fresh supplies of fuel from a ship direct from an English port. Gershom Stewart, a member of the House, put before the Admiralty, for reply to-morrow, a question as to "whether a neutral oil steamer, outward bound from Manchester, was seen alongside two German submarines within the past week."

Mr. Stewart also calls on the Admiralty for the names on this steamer, the shippers of the oil and the consignees, and asks whether the exportation of oil on neutral vessels will be permitted hereafter.

**Says Simon Sink, "I do not think I could much stouter be. Old Dutch you know, A healthy glow Has always given me."**

**DUTCH TRADE ENQUIRIES.**

The Bureau Voor Handelslichting, of Amsterdam, Holland, writes the Board of Trade under date January 21st, asking for annual report of the St. John board, and stating that there is a large demand for Canadian farm and agricultural produce in Holland. The Bureau further says that various enquiries have reached them from Dutch manufacturers of machinery, (implements for sugar factories, laundry machines, pumps, etc.) for Canadian connections. The Bureau says they will gladly attend any enquiries sent them from Canada.

**Eczema for Two Years Cured by Zam-Buk**

Mrs. A. Warwick, Cooksville, Ont., writes:—"For two years I was badly troubled with eczema on my leg. I used various ointments and lotions, but could get no relief. The sores kept getting worse until finally I was obliged to give up my work. It was in despair when one day a friend advised me to try Zam-Buk. I did so, and I cannot tell you how pleased I was with the result. Zam-Buk quickly allayed the itching and smarting sensation, and finally healed the sores. My leg is now as well as ever."

Hundreds of others suffering from eczema have ended this disease by applying Zam-Buk, some even after suffering twenty-five years and spending hundreds of dollars on medical treatment.

Zam-Buk is purely herbal. Unlike ordinary ointments it does not contain harsh minerals, poisonous coloring matter, or coarse animal fats which in a short time go rancid. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or sore its herbal essence penetrates to the very root of the trouble, kills the disease, and relieves the pain.

Zam-Buk for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, piles, pimples, chronic sores, chapped hands, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. All druggists and stores, or postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, O., weight of price, 50c. box, 3 boxes \$1.25.

Send this article, name of paper, and 1c. stamp for return postage for FREE TRIAL BOX.

**THIS WOMAN'S SICKNESS Quickly Yielded To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Baltimore, Md.—"I am more than glad to tell what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. I suffered dreadful pains and was very irregular. I became alarmed and sent for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it regularly until I was without a cramp or pain and felt like another person, and it has now been six months since I took any medicine at all. I hope my little note will assist you in helping other women. I now feel perfectly well and in the best of health."—Mrs. AUGUST W. KONDRY, 1832 Hollis Street, Baltimore, Md.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

**MONTREAL CAS**

Wednesday, Feb. 3.—Cedars Bonds—100-86 Bell Telephone—9-140 Petroleum—4-24 21st Oil—1-116 Cement Bonds—1,000 Wyar. Bonds—500-74. Bank B. N. A. 3-145. Commerce—1-203.

**World's MINIATURE AL**

**FEBRUARY PHASES OF**

Last Quarter	7th
New Moon	14th
First Quarter	21st

Day of Mth. Day of Wk. Sun. Rise. Sun. Sets. Moon. Rise. Moon. Sets. Water A. M.

4	Thur	7.46	6.31	2.13	11.40
5	Fri	7.43	6.28	2.14	11.40
6	Sat	7.44	6.33	2.46	11.40
7	Sun	7.43	6.34	3.43	11.40
8	Mon	7.40	6.36	4.46	11.40

C. P. R. L. The C. P. R. Liner M. to sea this afternoon.

**BARK CLEA**

The Norwegian bark ed yesterday for an h cargo of lumber.

**REPLACED BY**

The gas buoy on the ledge of Meagher's Bank is being replaced by a gas buoy.

**ARRIVED AT**

The Allan Liner Cor delayed off Halifax arrived in that port noon at four o'clock. arrive here tonight.

**STEAMER N**

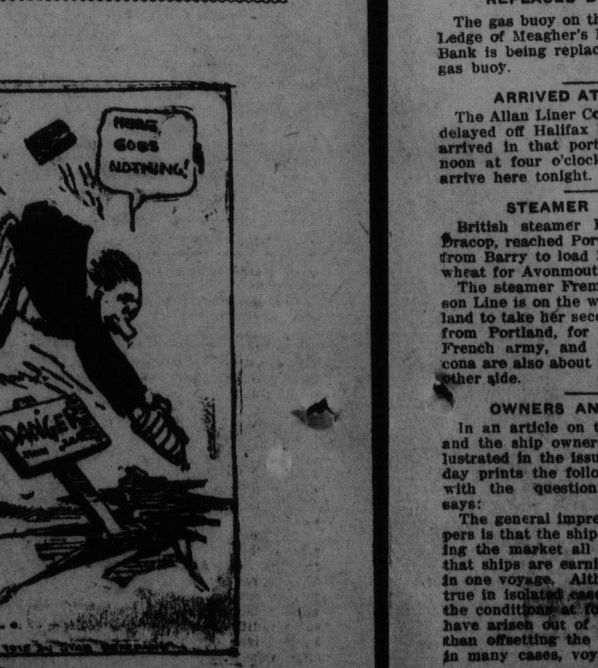
British steamer R. Bracop, reached Port from Barry to load 20 wheat for Avonmouth. The steamer Francocon Line is on the way land to take her second from Portland, for French army, and the cons are also about to be there.

**OWNERS AND**

In an article on the and the ship owners illustrated in the issue day prints the following with the question says:

The general impression is that the shipping market all it that ships are earning in one voyage. Although true in isolated cases the conditions have arisen out of chan offsetting the ri in many cases, voya

## "Mutt and Jeff," By Bud Fisher



Financial And Commercial News And Notes

PROFESSIONALS HAD INNINGS YESTERDAY

Trading Given Over Almost Entirely to that Faction—Market Dull and Irregular.

New York, Feb. 3.—The outstanding feature of today's dull and irregular stock market was its extremely professional character.

United States Steel, which led yesterday's rise, kept well above its minimum, most of the selling concentrating upon the industrial and Canadian Pacific.

The feature of the bond market, which reflected the contraction in stocks, was the introduction to the board of the new Penna railroad 4 1/2 per cent, which sold at their recent high price.

MONTREAL CASH SALES

Wednesday, Feb. 3.—Cedars Bonds—100-86, 2,000-86. Bell Telephone—2-140.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC

FEBRUARY PHASES OF THE MOON. Last Quarter ... 7th 11. 11m. New Moon ... 14th 0h. 31m.

STEAMER NOTES

British steamer Riverton, Captain Bracop, reached Portland, Me., Feb. 1, from Barry to load 200,000 bushels of wheat for Avonmouth.

ARRIVED AT HALIFAX

The Allan Line Corisca which was delayed off Halifax by a snow storm arrived in that port yesterday afternoon at four o'clock.

OWNERS AND RATES

In an article on the shipping rates and the ship owners the Shipping Illustrated in the issue received yesterday prints the following which deals with the question thoroughly.

TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION ACCOMPLISHED; PRE-DICTION MADE U. S. WILL BE ABLE TO TALK TO EUROPE.



DR. ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL, INVENTOR OF TELEPHONE, AND GUESTS AT WAITING IN NEW YORK TO BE THE TELEPHONE BELL TO RING FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Wheat, No. 2 red, and No. 2 hard, 1.58 @ 1.65. Corn—No. 1 yellow, 74 @ 76; No. 4 white, 75 1/2 @ 76.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Montreal, Feb. 3.—CORN—American No. 2 yellow, 86 @ 87. OATS—Canadian western, No. 2, 73; No. 3, 71.

MONTREAL CASH SALES

Wednesday, Feb. 3.—Cedars Bonds—100-86, 2,000-86. Bell Telephone—2-140.

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TROUBLOUS YEAR FOR TEA BUSINESS

In the year-end circular, the English tea firm of Peck Bros. and Which, say:—The year just closed has proved more troublous to the tea trade than any within the last quarter of a century.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Amal Cop ... 54 1/4 54 3/4 53 3/4 54 1/4. Am Beet Sug ... 38 1/2 38 3/4 37 3/4 38 1/2.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

Mar ... 8.70 8.59 8.58. May ... 9.17 9.00 9.01.

WINNIPEG WHEAT CLOSE

May—156 1/2. July—159 1/2.

WINNIPEG OATS CLOSE

May—67 1/2. July—69 1/2.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Royal. A. P. Clark, Boston; C. W. Spiers, S. L. Lawther, J. M. Leachman, E. H. Zick.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Wednesday, Feb. 3. Stmr Nevada, 794, Willett, Sydney.

BRITISH PORTS.

Liverpool—Arr Feb. 1, str Manchester Merchant, Portland.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Gloucester—Arr Feb. 1, str Mary Brewer, Boston for Portland; Pendleton Sisters, Philadelphia; Henry H. Chamberlain, Port Reading for Gardiner.

NOTICE TO MARINERS

Portland—Arr Feb. 1, str Casco Bay, Whitehead Passage, Me.—Pumpkin, No. 10, will be replaced as soon as practicable.

Takes more water, makes more loaves.



Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached Not Blended

STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds.

LONDON DIRECTORY

(Published Annually.) enables traders throughout the world to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS in each class of goods.

EXPORT MERCHANTS.

with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

STEAMSHIP LINES

arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate Sailing.

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES

of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

COAL AND WOOD.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

GENERAL SALES OFFICE 112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL.

CHOICE

Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats, All kinds of Mill Feeds

A. C. SMITH & CO.

9 Union Street, West St. John, Telephone West 7-11 and West 81

ROBERT CARTER

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Auditor and Liquidator Business Systematized Cost Systems Installed McCurdy Building, Halifax.

Paul F. Blanchet

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Telephone Connection St. John - and - Rothesay

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Direct Short Route MARITIME PROVINCES -TO- Montreal and West (Daily Except Sunday).

Fast Express Trains BETWEEN MONTREAL-TORONTO DETROIT-CHICAGO.

Electric Lighted Sleepers. Compartment Cars.

STEAMSHIPS.

ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE

South African Service. S. S. Kwara sailing from St. John about February 25th for Capetown.

J. T. KNIGHT & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

INTERNATIONAL LINE REDUCED FARES. St. John to Boston ... \$5.00

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester. From St. John. Jan. 2 Man. Spinner Jan. 27

FURNESS LINE

From London. From St. John. Feb. 5 Sachem Feb. 20

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:—Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a.m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or Lissete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.

CHOICE

Carleton Co. Hay, Manitoba White Oats, All kinds of Mill Feeds

A. C. SMITH & CO.

9 Union Street, West St. John, Telephone West 7-11 and West 81

ROBERT CARTER

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Auditor and Liquidator Business Systematized Cost Systems Installed McCurdy Building, Halifax.

Paul F. Blanchet

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Telephone Connection St. John - and - Rothesay

Canada's Best Quality and Durability "The Willis" WILLIS & CO., LTD. Manufacturers MONTREAL LOCAL REPRESENTATIVES: WILLIS PIANO & ORGAN CO. HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN

NOTE HIDDEN  
PIOTATION BRINGS REPLY  
FROM ENGLAND

Lincolnshire, Eng., Woman Received Message from Carleton County Men.

Hartland, N. B., Jan. 31.—"Cast thy bread upon the waters and in many days it shall return." In this instance it was not bread that was cast into the water, but a potato. In bagging potatoes here some time ago for the province's shipment to the old country Alfred Moore and Charles Stevens, in the employ of Hatfield and Scott, conceived the idea of sending a message across the water, and to this end cut open a fine tuber, hollowed it out, and inserted a note, asking the finder to write them as to the condition of the potatoes when ready for consumption in England. The other day a reply came from a woman in Lincolnshire, Eng., stating that she had received the note and that the New Brunswick product was excellent. She also invited correspondence, but as both are married men that might prove dangerous.

The mercury has been doing some tall acrobatic stunts lately, but on Sunday it made a record. At 10 in the morning the glass read 36 below the cypher, and no wind. Twelve hours later, 8 p. m., it registered 10 above a modest jump of 46 degrees, with the sky overcast for a storm of some character.

Rev. Mr. Wilkins arrived on Saturday to supply the Methodist pulpit, for a time at least. On Sunday evening preaching services were held in the church for the first time in months under a clergyman of the denomination. The reverend gentleman made a quite favorable impression and it is very probable that he will remain to take charge of the circuit, which has been without a pastor since the transfer of Rev. P. A. Fitzpatrick to the Wesleyan Memorial church at Moncton.

The directors of the Farmers' Telephone Co. met here on Saturday, but only routine matters were discussed. Saturday morning a bevy of young girls started out with the intention of relieving the citizens of their loose change, and that they were quite successful was evidenced by the number of people who proudly wore a large tag attached to the button hole of their coats, announcing that they had contributed ten cents or more towards the maintenance of the street lights which the Women's Institute are installing in the village. There were very few who escaped the vigilance of the taggers, with the result that the fund has been increased by about \$35.

In order to further swell the funds of the street lighting movement the Knights of Pythias will, on Friday night, handle the case of a local hotel man who is accused of harboring a German spy. At the same time the Amateur Dramatic Club will put on a three act comedy entitled "A Rival by Request." The entertainment will take place in Lyric Hall and there is evidence of a generous patronage.

A wedding which caused considerable ripple in society on the west side took place on Wednesday last at the home of the bride's parents at Victoria. The contracting parties were Mr. Henry Elliott of Hainesville, York Co., and Miss Marion A. Somers, of Victoria. Rev. P. J. Tremblay officiated in the Baptist church, of which the bride is a member, performed the ceremony in the presence of over 100 guests, the young couple standing beneath a canopy of evergreens, from the centre of which hung a floral bell. Miss Beatrice Lipsett furnished appropriate music for the occasion. The bride was beautifully dressed in white with shadow lace trimming and carried a bouquet of white roses, while Miss Kate Cook, the bridesmaid, was gowned in white silk and carried red and white flowers. The presents were many and beautiful. The groom's gift to the bride was a piano case Thomas Organ. After the ceremony there was a sumptuous wedding feast. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott will shortly locate on a farm in this county.

Two recruits die in Toronto camp. Toronto, Feb. 3.—Two deaths, the first in the camp are reported at Exhibition Camp today. Private Samuel Ashworth, No. 4 Company of Nineteenth Battalion, and Private Basil Victor Jones, Ammunition Company, 20th, succumbed to pneumonia last night. Jones was born in Rye, Sussex, Eng., was 28 years old and unmarried, a chauffeur by calling, and enlisted here.

Ashworth belonged to the 51st Regiment, Hamilton, was 25 years old and was born in Halifax, Eng. His mother lives at 2 Lanside, Yorkshire, Eng.

DESTRUCTION WROUGHT ON CHURCHES BY THE WAR.



INTERIOR VIEW OF THE CHURCH AT LE MAUPLY SHOWING THE ALTAR. HOLE MADE BY BOMB IN CHURCH AT GIBEVELERS.

These scenes were taken by Whitney Warren, the well known American architect, during his journey through some of the devastated provinces of Eastern France. His trip was in the interest of Secours National, the object being to render an account of the devastation occasioned and to form an idea of the best way to aid and what was most wanted. The pictures are convincing evidence of the havoc wrought by the war.

MISTAKEN CONCEPTION OF FLOATING MINES

Too frequently since the opening of the European war the newspapers have been compelled to record the news of thousands of lives lost and valuable ships being sunk in open sea by coming in contact with mines. The average person's ideas concerning mines are vague.

To begin with, the expression "floating mines" is often misunderstood. The mines are not put down to drift about quite at large. The practice is to put them out with an automatic mooring apparatus, so that the limits of an area sown with mines may be fairly definitely known once the sowing has been discovered. Of course some mines break loose and begin drifting, but this is not what they are supposed to do. With the mooring apparatus there are also devices for keeping the mine at a certain level below the surface. They do not float in sight. The depth has to be judged to make the explosion take place against the most vulnerable parts of the vessel, and they are therefore put deep enough to miss the armored belt.

In size the average mine is some four or five feet in diameter. It is charged with a high explosive, mostly of the type known to experts as picric acid. The method by which it is discharged is not the force of the blow with which the ship strikes it. The most common device is explosion by the complete or an electric circuit. In order to achieve this a circuit is set up with a certain gap in it. Somewhere inside the mine is a column of mercury, the head of which is at one end of this gap in the circuit. As long as the mine remains upright, or roughly upright, the mercury is only slightly affected. But when the pressure of an advancing vessel coming in contact with the mine tilts it over the mercury also is tilted so as to come in contact with the other end of the gap in the electric circuit, the circuit is completed and the mine explodes.

Certain other mechanical devices are employed to make the mines safe as long as the mine laying vessel has them on board. Thus, for instance, an extra gap in the circuit is provided by inserting two brass plates kept apart by some substance which melts as the mine is lowered. Not until the mine has been for some time in the sea will this substance disappear, allowing the brass plates to come together and so set up the circuit completely except for the final gap. Or again there is a device which prevents two brass plates from coming into contact until a certain pressure of water has been exercised upon a certain spot. In other words, until the mine has reached the proper distance below the water circuit is incomplete.

The operation of "sweeping for mines," which has also been several times referred to in the newspapers, depends chiefly upon the fact that the mines are moored, or at least have sinkers attached to the bottom by a cable. The sweeping is carried out by two ships steaming parallel with one another at some distance apart, with a wire rope between them. This rope is sunk to the sea at about the level to reach some distance below the mines. This rope, coming in contact with the cables of the mines, hits the effect of tilting the latter over so as to bring about the explosion.

TEMPER BELIEVES ROUTINE KEEPS JAPAN OUTSIDE

Paris Paper Urges Speedy End of Formalities to Permit Troops to Come to Europe Before Help is Not Needed.

Paris, France, Feb. 3.—The Temps believes that the idea of Japanese military intervention in the European theatre of war does not arouse any antipathy in Russia and Great Britain. It quotes the Russian Slovo as completely approving of the proposal. Convinced of the perfect capability of the Allies the Russian paper is of opinion that in the interests of humanity the war should be shortened as much as possible, and that this consideration should dispose of all national feelings of pride and chivalry.

In Japan, pursues the Temps, the country is realizing what it would mean to the far East, supposing the Allies were to be defeated, and public opinion is taken with the idea of the entrance of Japan in so dramatic a manner into the immediate affairs of Europe. It must be remembered that Japan, in exchange for the landing of troops in Europe, would require to participate in such economic advantages, as would repay her for her efforts, but such advantages would not include territorial conquest or the ceding of colonies.

Temping Tau having been taken, the work of Japan in the far East is accomplished, but the Mikado has himself stated publicly that the Japanese might have further duties to fulfill in the future.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of Interior, N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—6435.

MONEY ORDER BUSINESS BETWEEN FRANCE AND CANADA RESUMED

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—The following official notice was issued by the Post Office Department today: "By direction of the Postmaster General the money order business between Canada and France is now resumed. Exchange being on a sufficient stable basis to warrant this. All special restrictions as regards money orders issued on the United Kingdom and on all countries and offices for which the British Postal Department acts as intermediary, and on all colonies with which Canada has direct money order exchange, have also until further notice been removed."

NO MORE PILES

Simple Home Remedy Easily Applied Gives Quick Relief and Costs Nothing to Try.

The Pyramid Smell from a Single Trial. Pyramid Pile Remedy gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all related troubles, in the privacy of your own home. Pyramid Pile Remedy is for sale at all drug stores, 50c a box. A single box often cures.

A trial tender will be mailed free upon the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

SURPRISE SOAP. SAVE TIME. The "Surprise" way is quick and easy; its action is gentle not harsh! SHOWY WHITE CLOTHES. DIRECTIONS ON PACKETS. Classified Advertising. One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

connection with the present war, and this declaration has met with no protest. There is nothing in the internal political situation of Japan which would prevent her from taking the step under consideration. In fact, the Temps thinks that all that is required is the accomplishment of the necessary diplomatic formalities, and it urges that there should be no delay in providing for the transport of the troops in order that their arrival should not be put off to a time when their help would be no longer required.

Can. General Agent of large Chicago House, desires services of a live hunter. Arctics sells in every store. Territory N. B. and P. E. I. Party must be financially able to carry a stock of about \$400.00. This is something entirely new. If you are not a live wire please don't reply. Box 2.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Accoutrements," will be received up to noon February the 6th, for 1,400 sets of the undermentioned: Water-Boiler Stoves, 4 lbs. each; Delivery to H. M. C. Dockyard, Halifax, and half to H. M. C. Dockyard, Esquimaux, B. C.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Accoutrements," will be received up to noon February the 6th, for 1,400 sets of the undermentioned: Water-Boiler Stoves, 4 lbs. each; Delivery to H. M. C. Dockyard, Halifax, and half to H. M. C. Dockyard, Esquimaux, B. C.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS. The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in certain specified areas, etc.

SAWMILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam and water power, plant in Victoria county is being offered at very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for rental and sawing out this season's cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 3576, St. John, N. B.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST MINING REGULATIONS. COAL.—Coal mining rights may be leased for twenty-one years, renewable at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres can be leased to one applicant. Royalty, five cents per ton of unsurveyed territory the tract must be staked out by the applicant in person, and a plan of the tract must be submitted to the Agent of Dominion Lands for the district.

Rubber Boots. BEST QUALITY—Men's, Boys', Youths', Children's, Misses', Women's. Also Rubber Clothing and Oiled Clothing. ESTEY & CO., 49 Dock Street.

Florence Burnham PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. Residence Telephone 1281-12. 95 Princess St.

TO ARRIVE: Liverpool Coarse Salt. Write for prices. Gandy & Allison, 2 & 4 North Wharf.

HOTELS.

- PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL. Overlooking the harbor, opposite Beacon and Digby streets. Furnished in fine taste; excellent table; American plan.
- ROYAL HOTEL. King Street, St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & BOWERTY CO., LTD., T. B. Reynolds, Manager.
- HOTEL DUFFERIN. ST. JOHN, N. B. FOSTER, GATES & CO. F. C. GATES, Manager.
- CLIFTON HOUSE. H. E. GREEN, Proprietor. Corner Germain and Princess Streets, ST. JOHN, N. B.
- VICTORIA HOTEL. Better Now Than Ever. 87 King Street, St. John, N. B. ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

- RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO. Established 1878. Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants. Agents for: MACKAY'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY, LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY, SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY, KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY, AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE, FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER, GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES. Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 839.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

- William L. Williams, successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchants, 110 and 112 Prince William street. Established 1870. Write for family price list.
- M. & T. McGUIRE. Direct importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Rye, Whines, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Cigars. 11 and 15 Water Street. Telephone 578.

NERVES, ETC., ETC.

ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrician and Specialist in Massage. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting neurosis, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc. etc. Facial blemishes of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.

ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS. Iron and Brass Castings. WEST ST. JOHN, N. B. — Phone West 13

ENGINEERING.

Electric Motor and Generator Repairing, including rewinding. We try to keep your plant running while making repairs. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO. Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON

MACHINISTS AND ENGINEER. Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work. DIANDTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. Phones, M-229; Residence M-1724-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS.

W. Bailey, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 133 1/2 Street.

PATENTS.

"PATENTS" and Trade-marks operated by Foster, Robertson and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS and all string instruments and Bows repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

Late LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY. FIVE MEN LEAGUE. In the Five Men League the Victoria alleys last night and No. 5 team split over turning two points. No. 6 well in their last string, total of 492 pins. The score: No. 5 Team Featherston... 88 91 78 Labbe... 55 95 92 Lewis... 84 91 77 Hurley... 89 101 88 Hill... 89 85 84 430 472 419 No. 6 Team A. Stevens... 86 80 99 Thurston... 95 102 96 B. Stevens... 71 91 99 Ferguson... 63 102 99 McDonald... 88 96 88 408 471 492

THE CITY LEAGUE

Last night in the City Black's alleys the Elks club points from the Glants, follow: Elks McMichael... 86 83 87 408 454 487 Glants Carleton... 73 86 88 Cooper... 79 86 91 Wheaton... 88 96 82 Lemon... 82 89 85 Ballis... 87 78 100 407 441 441 M. Hurley won the game of 125. The Braves and Ramblers tonight in the City League.

SOLDIERS' TUG. Owing to the orders yesterday to the soldiers to be pulled off in the O'clock every night, the teams have made arrangements to get to the proper time.

only, to of either ham-

St. Jo

Sta Sta

A HAPPY NEW YEAR to all my customers and friends. ERNEST LAW, 3 COBURG STREET, issuer of Marriage Licenses.

GRAPES, GRAPES. LANDING — 1,000 kegs Malaga Grapes. A. L. GOODWIN.



# Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

## LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

**FIVE MEN LEAGUE**

In the Five Men League series on the Victoria alleys last night No. 5 and No. 6 team split even, each capturing two points. No. 6 team rolled well in their last string, making a total of 492 pins. The scores follow:

No. 5 Team	Ttl.	Ave.
Featherston	88 91 78 267	55 2-3
Labbe	85 96 92 273	91
Lewis	84 91 77 252	84
Morrissey	83 101 83 267	94
Hill	89 93 84 266	85 2-3
<b>Total</b>	<b>430 472 419 1321</b>	

No. 6 Team	Ttl.	Ave.
A. Stevens	86 80 89 255	85 1-3
Thurston	95 102 96 293	97 2-3
B. Stevens	71 91 99 261	87
Ferguson	68 102 99 269	89 2-3
McDonald	88 96 99 283	94 1-3
<b>Total</b>	<b>408 471 492 1371</b>	

## ROTHESAY BOYS TAKE THE FIRST OF SERIES

Special to The Standard  
 Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 3.—Rothsay Collegiate School hockey team won the opening game in the interscholastic Hockey League here tonight, defeating Fredericton High School by a score of five to two. The visitors were too fast for the locals and their speed had much to do with the result. Ratchford was the star for the visitors, while Sears was the best on the High School team. The line-up:

Rothsay—West, goal; Ratchford, point; Starr, cover point; Prescott, rover; Scovil, centre; Osborne, right wing; Bryden-Jack, left wing.

Fredericton—Dewar, goal; Adams, point; Jewett, cover point; Carter, rover; Colwell, centre; Sears, right wing; Kierstead, left wing.

Referee, T. Jarvis.

## CORNELL SURE TO BE BIG FACTOR IN 1915 SPORTS.



Cornell students and graduates are confident that the season of 1915 will be a banner one for the athletes of the Ithaca university. The rattle which the carnation and white closed the 1914 campaign has aroused athletic interest to a fever pitch at Cornell and they are getting ready up there to push their banner to the highest point before the curtain drops on the sporting show of 1915. Cornell is eager to grab some of the honors that have fallen with such consistency in the last few years to Harvard. The chances are in favor of this ambitious programme being successfully carried out.

Football is acknowledged to be the leading college sport. It is the aim of all the universities that go in for the game to produce a first class football eleven, and when success meets these efforts a general boom in sports is certain. Cornell last season sent out the best team it has had in many years—an eleven regarded by some who keep close tabs on athletic affairs at Ithaca as the greatest ever developed. Harvard, the champion of the year, did not have Cornell on its schedule, but it might be just as well for the extensive prestige the crimson eleven gained that it did not meet the Ithacans. Cornell might not have beaten

Harvard had the two teams met, but it is certain the protégés of Dr. "AJ" Association, the champion Torontos went down to defeat before the Ottawa in tonight's game at the Arena. On a perfect sheet of ice the Senators played the cup holders to a finish, winning seven to two. The line-up: Ottawa—Benedict, goal; Merrill,

## GAMENESS SOMETHING THAT ISN'T DESCRIBED

What is gameness? asks a Detroit paper. What is that quality in a fighting man that urges him on to greater efforts in the face of positive defeat?

The question has been asked a million times by men seated at a ring-side. "I wonder if he's gameness?" It's easy enough for a fighter to be game no matter what kind of punishment he is receiving when he is in good physical condition.

A man who has gone through a course of training is not deserving of sympathy when he shows great ability to assimilate punishment.

The test of real gameness is a battle against nature. The fellow that can come up round after round with his weak legs sagging under his tired body, his heart throbs sounding in his ears and battle on with only a faint hope of winning, is the fellow who is game.

Imagine yourself. Fight. Fan, up there before thousands, busy-eyed and drunk from punishment; every blow that you receive feeling like a leaden weight crashing against your body; your stomach feeling as though it were boiling over with hot oil; bright flashes of light darting before your eyes and the sound of voices seeming to be miles away.

Dancing before you is a shadowy form that pecks and jabs with blows that cut deep and numb you when they land.

The canvas floor on which you are standing seems as though it is a deep mire in which it is an effort to move your tired legs. Try as you will you cannot get close to the one before you. You look at him through bloodshot, glassy eyes.

You see a curled lip like the vicious snarl of a fighting dog. You feel the hiss of his hot breath as he lies over you in a clinch and sends in his right or left glove deep in your stomach. Down you go.

You hear a roar, like water falling from a great height. Dimly you see bending over you the form of a man with his arm raised high.

Into your ear he begins to count the fatal figures that mean defeat and oblivion for you. You try to rise and the voices sound fainter, something tells you you must get up.

Now you are on your feet and you can see the arms of your opponent before you. Instinct tells you to cover up. You feel something near you, you know what it is.

Then with one wild, fierce desperate lunge you let go with all the strength left in your crumbling body, against something which cringes and

## AM. LEAGUE OWNERS WERE IN SESSION

New York, Feb. 3.—For five hours today, President Ban Johnson and the baseball club owners of the American League were in executive session here at the league's annual scheduled meeting. Various matters of moment to the league were under discussion, but at the close of the meeting the only affirmative action announced was the adoption of the playing schedule for 1915, which was made public.

## CANAL WORKERS PROTEST AGAINST PAYING RENT

Panama, Feb. 3.—The labor and other organizations of canal workers held a meeting here today to protest against the proposal to charge canal employees for rent, fuel and light as provided for by a recent executive order which will become effective March 1. Letters of protest were sent to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and to other labor leaders at the various union headquarters in the United States.

## FRENCH FIRMS WANT AGENTS.

F. Charrier, of Fredericton Junction, writes the Board of Trade that the President of the National Board of Foreign Trade in Paris has sent him a list of French firms who would like to start business with reliable Canadian houses in glass wares, chemical and pharmaceutical products, dyes, hardware, etc.

## CORRI IS APPOINTED REFEREE

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 3.—Eugene Corri, official referee of the Sporting Club of London, Eng., has been agreed upon as referee for the fight between Jack Johnson and Jess Willard at Juarez, Mexico, March 6, according to an announcement made here today. A cablegram has been sent to Corri asking his acceptance.

## UPPER CANADA HOCKEY GAMES

WANDERERS AWARDED GAME.  
 Montreal, Feb. 3.—Shamrocks could not go to Toronto to play Wanderers tonight, as the father of the three MacNamaras is dead, and when Wanderers refused Shamrocks' request to have the game postponed because of the temporary loss of the three players in proper time.

**THE CITY LEAGUE**

Last night in the City League on Black's alleys the Elks captured three points from the Glants. The scores follow:

Elks	Ttl.	Ave.
Carleton	89 110 86 285	95 1-3
Cooper	85 88 95 268	89 1-3
Wheaton	70 86 97 253	84 1-3
Hurley	73 77 122 272	90 2-3
McMichael	86 93 87 266	88 2-3
<b>Total</b>	<b>403 464 487 1344</b>	

Glants	Ttl.	Ave.
Carleton	73 86 88 247	82 1-3
Cooper	79 86 81 246	82
Wheaton	88 96 83 267	89
Lemon	80 85 85 250	86 2-3
Ballie	87 78 104 269	89 2-3
<b>Total</b>	<b>407 441 441 1289</b>	

M. Hurley won the daily roll-off with a score of 122.

The Braves and Ramblers will play tonight in the City League.

**SOLDIERS' TUG OF WAR**

Owing to the orders being issued yesterday to the soldiers in the effort that they must be in barracks at 9:30 o'clock every night, the tug of war teams have made arrangements for the contest between the two teams to be pulled off in the Opera House at nine o'clock Friday night to enable them to get to the armory in proper time.

**WESLEY, ETC., ETC.**  
 WILBY, Medical Electrician and Masseur. Treats all cases, weakness and wastehemia, locomotor ataxia, neuritis, rheumatism, etc., blemishes of all kinds re Coburg Street.

**IRON FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.**  
 BRASS AND MACHINISTS, and Brass Castings. JOHN, — Phone West 13

**ENGINEERING**  
 Motor and Generator Repairing, rewinding. We try or plant running while making repairs.

**WILLIAMSON**  
 AND GENERAL REPAIR WORK. TOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. — 229; Residence M-3734-11

**TCH REPAIRERS.**  
 English, American watch repairer, 138 Mi

**PATENTS.**  
 Trade-marks and Patents prosecuted in Canada and U.S.A. by St. John.

**MANILA ROPE**  
 Rope, Galvanized Wire, Manila and Canadian Flags, Pitch, Tar, Paints, Oils, and Fittings and Tinware.

**ENGRAVERS.**  
 C. WESLEY & CO. Engravers and Electrotypers, 100 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 982.

**NEW YEAR**  
 my customers and

**ERNEST LAW,**  
 COBURG STREET, of Marriage Licenses.

**S. GRAPES.**  
 1,000 kegs Ma-Grapes. A. L. GOODWIN.

# The Bargain of the Season

You can, by ordering now, obtain The Daily Standard for one year for Two Dollars --- by mail only, to points outside the city of St. John.

If desired you can, for Three Dollars, obtain The Daily Standard for one year, and your choice of either *The Union Advocate, of Newcastle; The Sackville Post; The Woodstock Press; The Chatham Weekly World* or *The Victoria County News* --- all weekly newspapers.

## Make Your Selection

The Daily Standard One Year for Two Dollars  
 The Standard and One Other Paper for Three Dollars

Use this coupon, fill in the blanks, enclose the money, and mail at once to The Standard office, St. John. (Only NEW subscriptions for The Standard taken at these rates)

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.  
 Enclosed find Two Dollars, for which send me The Daily Standard for one year as per your special offer. I am not taking The Standard at present.  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_ 1915

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.  
 Enclosed find \$3.00 for which send me The Daily Standard and The \_\_\_\_\_ for one year as per your special offer. I am not taking The Standard at present.  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_ 1915

TAKE YOUR CHOICE, AND DO IT NOW

The Standard Limited - - - St. John, N. B.

THE WEATHER.

Martime—Northeastly winds, fair and cold. Toronto, Feb. 3.—The disturbance has passed off the Atlantic coast, and fair cold weather prevails from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces. In the western provinces it has been comparatively mild, with snow in some localities.

Around the City

Wrist Watch for Soldier. R. Quitley, a member of the 26th Battalion, and a former employe of R. P. & W. F. Starr, was yesterday presented with a wrist watch by his fellow workmen. The presentation was made by Walter Logan.

Police Reports. Thomas Canutson has been reported by the police for dumping ashes on the corner of George and North streets yesterday. The police report having caused the owners of a couple of Union street buildings to remove the icicles from the buildings.

Accident at Railway Crossing. Another accident has happened at the Mill street railway crossing by a horse getting its shoe caught in the car tracks. Yesterday a horse owned by Christian Heenan had its shoe caught and the shoe was torn from the hoof, while one of the shafts were broken.

Case of Destitution. A case of destitution which needs immediate attention has been reported by the police. Fred Dickson, who is said to be in rather ill health is residing in a few rooms at No. 2 Union Alley in the rear of the Opera House. The police claim that Dickson is without food and there is no fuel in the house. He was assisted yesterday and something will be done for him today.

Hearing Postponed. The Board of Public Utility Commissioners met here as usual yesterday. It was the intention to take evidence in connection with the application of the Woodstock Electric Light, Power and Railway Company, to fix rates for power and lighting in Carleton county, but at the request of the village of Hartland it was decided to postpone hearing on the application till February 11, when the board will meet at Woodstock.

ALL NIGHT PASSES HAVE BEEN STOPPED FOR THE SOLDIERS

Except in Urgent Cases Men Must be in Barracks at 9.30 Each Evening.

No more all night passes to the soldiers of the 26th Battalion unless the cases are very urgent, was the order given out to the soldiers in the armory yesterday by Col. J. L. McAvity. It had been customary to issue all night passes to the men, but some of the soldiers have abused the privilege, and starting in yesterday, the soldier boys will have to be in the armory every night at 9.30 o'clock in the future.

Last evening there were guards out on the streets who entered the different rinks and other places of amusement, ordering the men to hustle to the armory and even up to a few minutes of the time limit, soldiers could be seen hurrying to get in barracks on time. Failing to report at the armory by half past nine o'clock the "Tomnies" will get into trouble.

AGED RESIDENT OF EAST ST. JOHN DEAD

C.W. Yeoman Passed away After Living at East St. John for Half a Century.

The death took place at an early hour yesterday morning of C. W. Yeoman at his residence, East St. John. The deceased was 73 years of age and for over fifty years has been a prominent resident of that section of the city. He was a native of Torquay, England and came to this country when 21 years of age. Besides his wife he leaves four daughters and one son. The daughters are Mrs. Annie Hill of Montreal, Miss Ada, at home; Mrs. A. W. Chamberlain and Mrs. W. B. Saunders, of this city. The son is C. W. Yeoman of East St. John. The funeral will take place from his late home on Friday afternoon at three o'clock.

PERSONAL. Rev. W. I. Croft, secretary of the Nova Scotia Conference of the Methodist Church is visiting Rev. George Steel, superintendent of missions.

PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

WINTER PORT TRAFFIC VERY ENCOURAGING

More business through this port in January than during corresponding month last year—Outlook good.

In spite of the stories of business depression, the winter port business during January of this year was greater than during January of last year. This was the statement made by Commissioner Russell, who has charge of the harbor, to a reporter of The Standard.

"Our revenues from our harbor property during the month of January just closed, were larger than for the corresponding month last year, and this can only mean that a greater amount of freight was handled on the city wharves than last year," said the commissioner. "Besides the new government pier has handled a good deal of business."

Com. Russell is very gratified over the reports of the winter port business for last month, and his statement should be encouraging to the business community, as it shows that in spite of the winter and other depressing influences St. John is still gaining in importance as a shipping port.

SUGAR REFINERY WILL START OPERATIONS IN FIVE OR SIX DAYS

Cargo of raw sugar due here on Saturday—Refinery will employ 350 or 400 men.

The Atlantic Sugar Refinery Company will start refining operations next week. A steamer with a cargo of raw sugar from Santo Domingo is due here on Saturday or Sunday, and as soon as she begins discharging her cargo the refinery will start work. Every department of the big plant has been got ready for work.

Louis Seidensticker, the local manager of the plant, said last night that in addition to the cargo of sugar from Santo Domingo the company had other steamers on the high seas loaded with sugar for St. John. He expected to start work at the refinery in a few days, and hoped they would be able to keep the plant in operation. Mr. Seidensticker said he could not say definitely how many men would be employed at the refinery, as their operations would depend on their ability to secure raw sugar, and also to market the refined product, but he expected the refinery would give employment to between 350 and 400 men.

Asked if the company would bring in men from outside the city, the manager said that as sugar refining was a new thing in St. John they would have to employ some outside men with technical knowledge of sugar refining, but that the number of such men would be very limited. Most of the employees of the refinery will be St. John men.

The Atlantic Sugar Refining Company has one cargo of sugar on its way here from Demerara. Some time ago private companies were unable to purchase sugar in the British West Indies, because the imperial government had gone into the market and bought up all the raw sugar in sight. James Andrew, of Ottawa, an official of the inspecting staff of the customs department, arrived in the city yesterday. He is an expert on sugar schedules, and came here for the purpose of giving the local customs officials instructions in regard to sugar shipments.

SOLDIER ACCIDENTLY SHOOT HIMSELF WHILE CLEANING A REVOLVER

While cleaning a revolver last evening Kenneth Bain, of the Army Service Corps, accidentally shot himself through the left wrist. He was at his parents home 22 Peters street, when the accident occurred. Dr. Logie was summoned and after ministering first aid had the young man taken to the hospital. The bullet went into the young man's left arm a few inches above the wrist. At the hospital the doctors were unable to extract the bullet last night, but it was said the wound would not be serious. Young Bain was resting easily last night.

SALE AT M. R. A.'S OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S KNITTED UNDERWEAR.

This will be the great bargain opportunity to secure undergarments for next season as well as for present wear. It is a clearance of manufacturers' samples and oddments from regular stock and consists of all makes, styles and qualities, and very low sale figures will be the rule. The sale will commence this morning, at 9 o'clock, in the Whitewear Department, second floor.

Children's Coats. Although the season is partly gone many mothers will want to buy their girl's coats when they know they can get it at a greatly reduced price. F. A. Dykeman & Co. are clearing out all their infants' and children's coats at tremendous reductions, and some of the nicest styles are to be found among the lot. They run in price from 50 cents to \$3.75, while the regular price would be from \$1.50 to \$7.00.

FARMERS CAN HELP PRODUCE INCREASING CROP PRODUCTION

First of Series of Patriotic Agricultural Conferences Arranged By Dominion and Provincial Agricultural Departments Held at Campbellton—A Large Attendance and Successful Meeting.

The first of the series of agricultural conferences arranged by Hon. Martin Burrell to be held in New Brunswick in which he is receiving the cordial co-operation of Hon. J. A. Murray, and the Provincial Department of Agriculture, was held at Campbellton in the assembly room of the new school building.

In the afternoon a business meeting with the farmers and others interested was held. Among those present were His Honor Judge McLachley, D. A. Stewart, M.L.A., E. Ferguson, Thos. Duncan, W. D. Duncan, Henry McIntyre, Alex. Miller, James Miller, Thos. McDavitt, Alfred Fraser, Campy, and A. Murchie, R. Louison, Russell McWhinney, Upper Charlo; D. A. McAlister, Alex. Melanson, Jacques River, and Richard Sowerby, Oak Bay, P.Q. Duncan Anderson, Ottawa, and W. W. Hubbard, Supt. Experimental Farm, Fredericton, represented the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Judge McLachley opened the conference with a brief address expressing sympathy with a brief review of the history of the war crisis existing today in which he said "It is the bounden duty of us all to help each other and help the Empire in this crisis." He strongly urged to farmers and all classes of the community to do their utmost in their respective spheres to strengthen the fighting power of the Empire and one important way was to maintain and increase our food supplies.

W. W. Hubbard said these conferences were to learn the special problems of the farmers in the various localities and by discussion to try and work out ways and means for increasing crop production. Everyone must realize the gravity of the situation and the importance of the problem and be invited a full and free discussion. Seed selection, soil cultivation and intelligent fertilizing were then discussed at some length and also the work of the experimental farm at Fredericton, both present and prospective. Duncan Anderson said the New Brunswick farmer was in a better position to respond to this call for increased production than those in some of the other parts of the Empire.

WILL EMPLOY 100 MEN ON MILLIDGE AVENUE SEWERAGE EXTENSION

Com. Wigmore Expects to Start the New Work in About a Week—Will keep Men Employed for Nearly Three Months.

Com. Wigmore expects to start work on the extension of the water and sewerage systems out Millidge Avenue and Spar Cove Road in about a week. This job which involves the laying of water and sewer pipes to a distance of 4,000 feet or more is an important one, and will give employment to about one hundred men for between two and three months. For some time the Water and Sewerage Department has been employing about 100 men, but recently about 40 of these were laid off, after finishing the work on Elm street. At present the department has about twenty men engaged in work on Prospect street, and a small crew laying the water pipe which is to supply the tuberculosis hospital now under construction at East St. John.

When work on the Millidge Avenue extension is started the force in the employ of the department will again be brought up to about 100 men. The sewer will be constructed of cement and brick, and will be thirty inches in diameter. The trench work for the sewer and water main will involve some heavy cuts.

LABOR CARNIVAL MOST SUCCESSFUL

Pleasant Function in the Queen's Rink Last Evening—The Prize winners.

There was a large attendance at the carnival in the Queen's rink last night under the auspices of the Trades and Labor Council. The costumes worn by the hundreds of skaters were of great variety and many of beautiful design. The judges were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Foster, L. P. D. Tilly, M. L. A., and Commissioner J. V. Russell. The prizes were awarded to the following: Lady's Miss McShane, representing the first Canadian contingent; gentleman's prize, Roy Potts as "Never let the old flag fall"; combined union prize was captured by Miss Kemp representing "Union Label." A special judge's prize was won by Miss King, who represented "An Old Maid."

The hat and mile race for members of the 26th Battalion was won by J. J. Beckwith. The union race was won by F. Thomas of the Cigar-makers' Union. Prizes of boxes of cigars and boxes of candy were given at the door and the winning numbers were as follows: 782, 787, 755, 67, 805, 779, 308, 773, 457, 795, 361, 786, 836, 1081, 840, 820, 1153, 826, 34. The committee in charge of the carnival were: C. H. Stevens, chairman; F. Hyatt, secretary-treasurer; J. L. Sugrue, W. Howard, H. Beck, H. Campbell, J. E. Tighe, John Kemp, H. Saunders and J. Harrington. Music was furnished by the St. Mary's Band.

crossed production than those in some of the other parts of the Empire. He believed in mixed farming for specializing was rarely a safe practice. Beef cattle, milk and pork were standard crops while potatoes and apples were largely specialties. He urged more crops for the maintenance of live stock where so much of beef, pork and dairy products were imported into the province and he dealt with stock raising and stock feeding problems.

In regard to crop raising he laid down the principles which were essential:

- 1st—It was not possible to make a seed bed in this climate too fine.
  - 2nd—Manure should always be mixed in with the top two or three inches of the soil. Ten loads per acre so applied would give better results than twenty loads plowed in six inches deep.
  - 3rd—Never bring much of the cold inert subsoil to the surface at one time. In conclusion he urged that much money was being made by the farmers if they would grow more of their own seed and more of the feed required for their stock.
- W. D. Duncan said that he thought the farmers were willing to do all they could, but some of them were much hampered this year just for want of a supply of good seed and second for money to pay for this seed and to pay for their labor and living until the harvest could be sold. He had no hesitation in saying that the crops of Restigouche County could be doubled if the smaller farmers could be financed to enable them to stay on their farms during the summer and thus avoid the necessity of their leaving to work for wages to keep up their families. When they gave it their consideration he would be willing to handle farmer's notes, no matter how good the security was.
- At the meeting held in the evening Mayor Andrews presided and the work of the evening was done by Messrs. Latchey, A. T. LeBlanc and Messrs. Anderson and Hubbard, when the patriotic side of the question was ably dealt with.

**Now for "a Turn" on the Ice**

While "snapping cold" weather makes smooth, solid ice on rink, lake and river, our Exceptionally Fine and Complete Line of Pleasure, Hockey and Racing Skates from the Old Reliable Starr makers, will prove particularly interesting, embracing, as it does, both Bright Steel and Nickel Finishes, in All Sizes for men and women, boys and girls.

**HERE ARE THE PRICES:**

Acme . . . . . 60c. to \$1.50	Micmacs, featherweight . . . . . \$3.50
Hockey, plain . . . . . \$5c.	Regal, featherweight . . . . . \$4.00
Hockey, nickleled . . . . . \$1.00	Regal, . . . . . \$4.25
Climax, plain . . . . . \$1.25	Velox . . . . . \$5.00
Climax, nickleled . . . . . \$1.75	Tube Hockey . . . . . \$5.00
Men's Beaver . . . . . \$2.25	Tube Racers . . . . . \$6.00
Scotia . . . . . \$2.50	Ladies' Beaver . . . . . \$2.25
Micmacs . . . . . \$3.50	Ladies' Glacier . . . . . \$2.50
	Ladies' Velox . . . . . \$5.00

Call and see them at our Sporting Department, Second Floor, Market Square.

**W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD., Market Square and King St.**

**Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.**

Our Stores Open 8.30 a. m. to Close 5 p. m. Each Evening During January, February, March.

**Superb Velveteens and Velvet Cords**

Among the most prominent materials for Costumes and Dresses for present day wear and early spring Black Velveteens and Velvet Corduroys are in the front rank. And of these fabrics we have equipped our stocks with the finest qualities, in the most comprehensive range of shades, at prices lower than ever for such values.

**VELVET CORDS**

Rich, soft finished Velvet Corduroy, now so popular and stylish for Dresses, Costumes, Children's Coats, etc., are shown in our assortments in the following shades:

**95c** Cream, Myrtle, Garnet, Cardinal Bronze, Copenhagen, Cadet, Light Purple, Mid. Purple, Dark Purple, Light Fawn, Mid. Fawn, Light Mid. or Dark Navy's, Tan, Light Seal Brown, Mid. Seal Brown, Dark Seal Brown; also Black. **95c**

**BLACK VELVETEENS**

Non-crushable, fast pile Black Velveteens, with soft, lustrous finish are on display here in the following qualities:

A yard—60c., 65c., 75c., 85c., 95c., \$1.20, \$1.50, \$1.75—A yard.

**MACAULAY BROS. & CO.**

**The "HUSTLER" Ash Sifter**

The Sifter you have always wished for. An enclosed cylinder sieve that sifts with the turn of the handle, so that the ash-dust drops into the barrel, while the unburned coal rolls out into the coal hod.

Saves Time, Work and Valuable Fuel.

**Price \$5.50**

Fits snugly over top of ordinary ash barrel or galvanized ash can. No Dust Can Escape.

Galvanized Ash Barrels \$2.50 each

**Emerson & Fisher Ltd.**

STORES OPEN AT 9 A.M. AND CLOSE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK AT 6 O'CLOCK.

**SALE OF Furniture Coverings**

Continued Today In House Furnishing Dept.

**Annual Spring Sale Now On**

In Men's and Boys' Furnishings Department

- Free Hemming in Linen Room -

**Great Values ANNUAL FEBRUARY SALE** In Clothing Department

**GRAND CLEARANCE SALE OF LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S KNITTED UNDERWEAR**

MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES AND ODD GARMENTS AT GREAT BARGAIN PRICES

**Commencing This Morning**

This is a clearance of Winter Underwear, consisting of manufacturers' samples (slightly soiled or mused) and oddments from regular stock which have accumulated since the undergarment season opened.

As there are so many different makes, styles and qualities it is impossible to give a full description. There will be, however, a choice range of warm and desirable garments offered at very low figures.

It will be the best sort of economy to provide for next season as well as for present wear from the exceptional bargain inducements offered at this sale.

**LADIES' KNITTED UNDERVESTS**, white, cream and natural in medium and heavy weight. A few of the garments are some mused from handling as samples, but the majority are in perfect condition.

Sale prices, garment . . . . . 15c., 20c., 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c., 95c., \$1.25, \$1.50

**MISSES', CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' UNDERVESTS**, white, cream and natural; fine, soft makes in endless variety of weights and qualities.

Sale prices, garment . . . . . 15c., 20c., 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c.

NO APPROVAL. Whitewear Dept.—2nd Floor. NO EXCHANGE.

**Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited**