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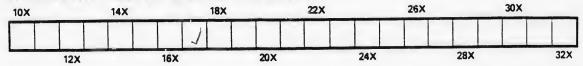
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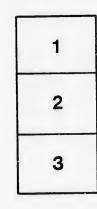
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ELIFE

THE

ASSURANCE CO.,

WATERLOO, ONT.

TWELFTH OD

Annual List of Glains Paid

DIRECTORS.

I. E. BOWMAN, Esq., ST. JACOBS.
C. M. TAYLOR, Esq., WATERLOO.
W. (ELSCHLAGER, Esq., BERLIN.
ROBERT MELVIN, Esq., GUELPH.
JAMES TROW, Esq., M.P., STRATFORD.
G. S. BIRRELL, Esq., London.
HON. S. C. WOOD,
R. S. PATTERSON, Es a., Belleville.
F. C. BRUCE, Esq., HAMILTON.
ROBERT BAIRD, Esq., KINCARDINE.
JAMES NORRIS, Esq., St. Catharines.
ALFRED HOSKIN, Esq., Q. C., TORONTO.

Unovan SlyRe

The Ontario Mutual

1000

Life Assurance Company

Was incorporated A. D. 1868, by the Ontario Legislature, to transact business in the Province of Ontario. It obtained a Dominion Act of Incorporation A. D. 1878, made deposit with the Receiver General of \$56,224.98, A. D. 1879, and obtained license to transact business throughout the Dominion. Its affairs are now under the supervision of the Government Insurance Department.

The business of "THE ONTARIO" is conducted on a *cash basis*, the premiums are self-sustaining mutual rates, and the policy Holders are not liable to pay assessments.

This Company is composed entirely of its Policy Holders, who own all its property and funds, and control its management, through a Board of Directors, whom they elect from among themselves.

THE ONTARIO LIFE divides its surplus annually on the contribution plan, each member sharing in proportion as he has contributed thereto. The annual surplus, or profits, is applied to the reduction of premiums during the continuance of such premiums, and thereafter paid to the Policy Holders *i* cash, or may be added to the reserve, so that ordinary Life Policies may become RESERVE ENDOWMENTS, payable during the life of the assured.

THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE

Is sometimes objected to, especially by those who have had unfortunate experience in connection with some defunct Mutual Fire Company. But no such objections can possibly attach to A PURELY MUTUAL LIFE COMPANY, as the largest and most successful Life Companies in the world, such as "The Mutual Life Assurance Company," of New York, and "The Scottish Widow's Fund," of Britain, are PURELY MUTUAL. in the panies proof dozen which So Assum many name partic

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THE SUCCENTY to Policy Holders is no greater in the "Proprietary" than in the MUTUAL Companies, and practically the Mutual is safer. A proof of this is furnished by the failure lately of a dozen or more American Companies, not one of which was Mutual!!

So safe and popular have the MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES of the world become, that many Stock Companies incorporate Mutual in their names, and nearly all the Stock Companies have a participating system hung on to popularize them.

The Insurance Year Book (corrected to August, 1877) shows that nine American Stock Companies are self-styled *Mutual*; that *forty-eight* American Stock Companies own \$168,228,180.00 of Assets, while the Policy Holders of the Four leading Mutuals own \$194,740,336.00. The sixteen American Mutuals own \$258,193,964.00 Assets, as against *forty-eight* Proprietary Companies owning \$90,000,000.00 less.

THE TESTIMONY TAKEN

by the English Parliamentary Committee of A. D. 1853, leaves no room to doubt that the only use of Stock Capital in a *Life* Assurance Company is to *start* it, and the fact that the most successful companies have not even required it for *that* purpose, proves that it is of no benefit to Policy Holders at all, but the reverse.

PROF. WRIGHT,

the eminent actuary of Boston, in one of his reports (as Insurance Commissioner) to the Legislature of Massachusetts says :--

THE MUTUAL SYSTEM, with redundantly large premiums and an equitable method of dividing the surplus, seems greatly preferable to the non-participating plan.

In the same reports, Prof. Wright says, "It does not seem wise for any Legislature to farm out

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Policy , and Direc-. .

ng in The reducce of Policy serve, SERVE f the

e who nection But no URELY most uch as f New f Britto capitalists the business of collecting and managing the funds provided by the people for their widows and orphans. Whenever and wherever Life Assurance offices are required, they can easily and safely be organized by a sufficient number subscribing to be insured.

2200

He says further : "There can hardly be a happier set of capitalists on earth than those who have obtained a perpet al charter to insure lives, receiving, first, legal interest semi-annually, as a sure thing, and, secondly, twenty per cent. of what are . called profits, that is premiums proving to be surplus."

See weekly quotations of Life Companies' stock in London market, ranging from par to offers of 400 per cent. HAPPY STOCKHOLDERS !

The late Hon. D. McDonald said : "It was not right that the property of widows and orphans should be taxed for the benefit of Stockholders who were really of no advantage to the Policy Holders." And in a letter to a member of THE ONTARIO, Mr. McDonald wrote :---

"THE MUTUAL is the TRUE PRINCIPLE for Life Assurance. Stockholders are of no more use than are barnacles to a ship. It is monstrous that the provident savings of men for widows and orphans should be preyed upon by shareholders. Were Life Assurance understood by people generally, *Stock* companies would be avoided. I am pleased to see the steady progress of your Company, with best wishes for its success, &c."

"The world has outgrown Proprietary pretensions in Life Insurance, and no Company can permanently thrive which sets them up as a pretext for belittling the rights of Policy Holders. We may go further and say that with a more precise understanding of Life Insurance, the risks it endures, and the elements of the strength it relies upon, has come an almost universal preference for the Mutual Principle. "Th Capital Holder from it grant, s that a l thousan to may twenty-

"On fact that contrib society System advant now ra owners are the prime derived fit, sho ment, a times t belongs vants, n

The Stock capital specula mous s much a York I

ONTARI ance or obtaina Assurar er num Compan

The i Two N POPULA "The reasons are obvious. If the proprietary Capital is large it entails charges upon the Policy Holders vastly in excess of the benefits accruing from it. If it is small, the anomaly is more flagrant, since nothing can be more preposterous than that a handful of persons, representing a hundred thousand dollars of stock shall have the sole right to manage an accumulated Premium Fund of twenty-eight millions.

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"On these twin considerations coupled with the fact that in Life Assurance the holders of Policies contribute all the capital an honestly managed society ever need, the superiority of the Mutual System mainly rests. It has, however, another advantage, and one which in view of the issue now raised possesses great importance. The real owners of the assets of a Life Insurance Company are the Policy Holders, whose premiums are the prime source of the property acquired. Property derived from them and held in trust for their benefit, should be subject exclusively to their management, and they should have access at all reasonable times to all particulars respecting what in effect belongs to themselves. The officers are their servants, not their masters."

The shareholders of the forty eight American Stock Companies own paid up and subscribed capital to the amount of \$12,625,580.00, while these speculators control assets amounting to the enormous sum, \$168,228,180.00 or fourteen times as much as they own. No wonder that the New York Times should sound the note of warning.

The Constitution, Rules and Regulations of THE ONTARIO LIFE have been framed under the guidance of the best practical skill and experience obtainable, with the sole view of popularizing Life Assurance and extending its benefits to a far greater number than the speculative systems of other Companies have hitherto done.

1881.

The issue of 1,426 New Policies, covering nearly Two MILLIONS of assurance, is proof of THE POPULARITY of "THE ONTARIO."

CLAIMS PAID BY

NO	NAME.
3067	William Browa
4241	Cornelius Smith
5289	M. F. McGrath
4886	H. A. Thompson
2312	Robert Matthews
3544	Andrew Kelar
646	Louis Ernst
2502	Henry Ratz
5783	S. C. Duncan.
4452	Joseph Nightingale
5294	A. M. Morris
5550	Prof. Torrance
5327	E. F. Porteous
5848	A. M. Dykeman
2432	Charles Schelter

The Public will please note the promptitu

Much as has been said and much as has been written on the advantages of Life Assurance, language will never fully portrav its beneficial effects.

never fully portray its beneficial effects. The late Prof. DeMorgan said : "There is nothing in the commercial world so safe as a well-established and properly managed Life Assnrance Company."

Why? Because the laws which govern human life are immutable—these laws are fully inderstood and tabulated—from the rate of mortality and interset, the premiums are calculated with a certainty as absolute as anything finite can fairly approach. *Proper manage* as anything finite can fairly approach. *Proper manage* Prof. DeMorgan.

The fact that many Companies have fuiled is no argument against Life Insurance, as in every case such failure has been traced to the misappropriation of the Company's funds by a few unscrupulous speculators who, by means of their subscribed capital or stock, who by means of their subscribed capital or stock, and over whom the Policy Holders had no control.

We find no record of the failnre of any properly conthinted Life Assurance Orynany, composed entirely of Policy Holders, who *com* its funds and *control* its mangement—who meet yearly to ascertain the state of its affairs in the past and direct its affairs in the future.

Snch a Company is PURELY MUTUAL!

Such Companies Do Nor FAIL! THE ONTARIO LIFE combines all these favor-

THE ONTARIO LIFE combines all these lavorable features and is the ONLY PURELY MUTGAL Canadian Life Assurance Company.

Life Assurance has run up in a few years from nothing to a zenith of splendor, power, proficiency and philanthropy which has no parallel in the world's institutions.

As a Social Force

Life Assurance stands high ; by it the widow is enabled to pay her liabilities, to keep her children together under her own care and influence, and to so educate and train them that they will become good and nseful members of society.

The Great Aim of Mankind

The Gr

AID BY THE ONTARIO MU

	* RESIDENCE.	ASSUR
	Whitechurch Tp.	\$1,000
	Parkhill	500
	Bothwell	1.000
	Beileville	1.00
	Toronto	1.00
	Verulium Tp.	1.00
	Point Edward	1,00
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Gadshill	1,00
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Candon Bask	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Camden East.	96
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ameliasburg.	1,00
•• ••••	Ingersoll	1,00
	Woodstock	2,04
	Cornwall	1,00
	Galt	50
	Listowell	1.50

ote the promptitude with which "The Ontario" has paid its c

ing to a zenith of splendor, power, proficiency and philanthropy which has no parallel in the world's together nuder her own care and influence, and to so educate and train them that they will become good incessant toil and saving, while death may at any time for, and consequently objects of public charity. No man has a right to permit such a possibility while means of averting it are so available. able features and is the ONLY PURELY MUTGAL abled to pay her liabilities, to keep her children cut short the process and leave the family unprovided ating wealth, reverses the process and ignores time as a and the subsequent premiums add to those funds and hold them available for the widow and orphan. Life Assurance stands high; by it the widow is enis to accumulate wealth-to do so in the form of money Life Assurance, unlike all other modes of accumufactor, by the union of a large number of members, who, by paying their first premiums, provide the funds, Investment at 6 per cent., Compound Policy No. 678 was issued December, 1870, to H. Life Assurance has run up in a few years from noth or real estate is usually the result of many years of F. J. Jackson, Esq., now of Brockville, for \$1,000. favor of Line Balance in Assurance. \$955 29 3 8 8 757 22 206 837 807 Interest versus Life Assurance. The Great Aim of Mankind Payment and Compound Interest Assurance. \$1000 00 00 0001 1000 00 00 0001 8000 As a Social Force Canadian Life Assurance Company. 142 34 8 54 •••• 42 12 193 00 5 53 71 38 20 and nseful members of society. 44 71 92 IO 58 11 38 + nterest..... Annual premium, \$44.71. at 6 per cent. Paid..... Interest..... nterest Paid..... Interest.... aid aid inscitutions. 1872 \$873 1874 1870

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IUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE

YEAR 1881.

SSURANCE.	PREMIUMS PAID.	DIED.	CLAIM PAPERS COM
\$1,000.00	\$142.60	Noven:ber 29th, 1880	March 1st, 1881
500.00	37.26	December 12th, 1880	September 3rd, 1881
1,000.00	17.00	December 25th, 1880	March 17th, 1881
1.000.00	81.92	January 1st, 1881	January 11th, 1881
1,000.00	161.32	February 4th, 1881	July 26th, 1881
1.000.00	71.68	February 14th, 1881	April 25th, 1881
1.000.00	177.50	June 25th, 1881	September 26th, 1881
1,000.00	185.76	July 5th, 1881	July 26th, 1881
965.12	26.56	July 23rd, 1881	September 8th, 1881
1,000.00	103.92	July 16th, 1881	December 14th, 1881
1,000.00	83.44	July 8th, 1881	Novembor 8th, 1881
2,090.00	94.88	August 3rd, 1881	October 31st, 1881
1,000.00	32.05	August 31st, 1881	October 18th, 1881
500.00	11.64	October 3rd, 1881	October 31st, 1881
1,500.00	294 73	October 5th. 1881	November 18th, 1881

d its claims, averaging only 1 / days after date of the proofs of

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RANCE COMPANY,

CLAIN	I PAPERS	COMPLETED.
Marc	h 1st, 1881.	
Septe	mber 3rd. 1	881
Mare	h 17th. 1881	
Janna	ary 11th. 18	81
July	26th. 1881.	
Anril	25th 1881	
Santo	mber 26th	1881
Sonto	2000, 1001.	881
Depte	mbon 14th	001
Deca	mber 14th, 1	881
		881
		31
		31
		31 ,
Nove	mber 18th,	881

Manch 1at 1981
March 1st, 1881
September 3rd, 1881
March 17th, 1881
January 14th, 1881
July 27th, 1881
July 2/61, 1001
April 26th, 1881
October 1st, 1881
July 27th, 1881
September 9th, 1881
Deptember 261, 1001
December 16th, 1881
November 8th, 1881
October 31st, 1881
October 26th, 1881
November 1st, 1881
November 18th, 1881

ю

CLAIM PAID.

ate of the proofs of death were completed.

This table shows the balance greatly in favor of Life Assurance, the first premium of \$44.71 entitled the
Policy Holder's family to the \$1,000 in case of Jest- and the subsequent premiums have kept in for an entry of the subsection of the set of the set
It may be urged as an objection that the A. is not available until the Policy maturer.
which they are invested, but being for the the family after the living supporter has
away; unlike other investments, Life Assu.
are exposed. Such an objection, therefore, is not valid.
A Policy having been 31 years in force, where the full force of commonul interest has added so immensely
to the investment :
(which, like THE ONTARIO, is a purely Mutual Com- pany), reports the result of its Policy No. 1398, issued
P. 1040 1. Store Assurance
Making the present value of Policy and additions 5 10,790.38 Stora so invested annually for 31 years at 6 per cent. com- pound interest, would yield
In favor of Life Assurance investment
Assurance investment, but when to this is added the risk of death at any time, its value is immensely
greater than the figures indicate. Delay is Dangerous:
Many will be sick to-morrow who are well to-day. Every week furnishes its quots to the cemetery. Who
knows how soon his time may come? Apply for as- surance at once in "THE ONTARIO." where every cent
you pay as premiums is accounted for, and all over the NET Cosr is returned in cash annually.
WILLIAM HENDRY,
OVER) Manager.



