

THE WEATHER.
Maritime—Strong winds and
gales east and south with snow,
turning in some localities to rain.

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

OPERA HOUSE
TODAY
at 2.30, 7 and 9
"THE DRUG TERROR"

VOL. VII. NO. 290 TWELVE PAGES TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1916 PRICE TWO CENTS

VILLAGE OF FORGES FALLS TO GERMANS IN STRONG INFANTRY ATTACK; FIGHT COMING IN NORTH SEA SOON?

HUNS TRY TO DEBOUCH FROM FORGES BUT DRIVEN BACK AND HELD THERE BY FRENCH GUNS

French Also Drive Germans
from Trench they had Taken
—Jets of Liquid Flame Accompany
Attack on French
Positions in Champagne.

Further advances by the Germans in the Verdun region and in Champagne are told in the western French official communication, which, however, also records successes in repelling a German attempt to debouch further from a captured position, the driving of the Teutons out of a trench they had taken, and the hammering with their big guns of German organization.

After having vigorously shelled the region between Bethancourt and the Meuse, the Germans, in a strong infantry attack, captured the village of Forges, about nine miles northwest of Verdun. Not satisfied with the gain, they several times essayed to debouch from the village against the Cote de L'Or, but the French in counter-attacks, forced them back in the village and held them there.

In Champagne the right and left flanks of the French were attacked by the Germans in the region between Mont Tatu and Maison de Champagne. At the former point the French kept the Germans to their trenches in the Bois de Champagne. They succeeded in occupying a small section of a French trench.

In the Argonne the French blew up near Courtes Chaussees a German post with a mine, and captured a portion of the crater. Near Haute Chavauchee the Germans sprung two mines, and later entered the French trenches at several points. Counter-attacks, however, drove them out, and the French also occupied a portion of the mine crater.

Except for the infantry attacks at Forges, the guns on both sides in the Verdun region have been doing all the work. To the southwest of Metz, near Pont-A-Mousson, the French artillery has heavily damaged German positions.

The French Report.
Paris, March 6 (10.52 p. m.)—The following official statement was issued by the war office tonight:

"In Champagne the Germans delivered an attack, accompanied by jets of liquid flame, on our positions between Mont Tatu and Maison de Champagne. We succeeded in penetrating to the left, in the region of Maison de Champagne, but were repulsed by counter-attacks. In the Argonne we exploded, in the region of Courtes Chaussees, a mine which destroyed a German post and opened a vast crater, the southern edge of which we organized.

"Between Haute Chavauchee and Hill 285, after having exploded two mines, the enemy, by reason of the explosions, was able to gain a foothold at several points in our first line. An engagement ensued, in the course of which we drove our adversaries out of our trenches, and we occupied one side of the crater. Our artillery has been very active in the whole of this sector.

"West of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment, which lasted the whole morning on the front between Bethancourt and the Meuse, the Germans launched a strong attack against Forges, situated on our advanced line. In the course of a very lively struggle they succeeded in taking possession of the village. Several attempts to debouch on Cote de L'Or were checked by our counter-attacks, which drove the enemy back into Forges.

"East of the Meuse there has been an intermittent artillery action.

"In the Woëvre an intense bombardment has occurred in the region of Fresnes, but was not followed by any infantry attack. West of Point-A-Mousson our artillery caused heavy damage to the German organizations in the Bois du Jarry."

The Belgium communication reads: "There has been the usual artillery action on the Belgian front. Our batteries south of Dixmude silenced German bomb-throwers."

Dutch Steamer Attacked.
Amsterdam, via London, March 7, 11.2 a. m.—The Dutch steamer Bandoeng was attacked by a submarine without warning, while in the Mediterranean on its journey home from India, according to the Nieuwe Rot-

800 AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS DEAD OR WOUNDED IN AIR RAID BY ITALIANS

Were in Barracks at Laibach—Austrian Report of the Raid Referred to it as a "Lamentable Failure."

Geneva, March 6, via Paris.—Eight hundred Austrian soldiers in barracks were killed or wounded in the raid made by Italian aeroplanes Feb. 19 on the city of Laibach, according to information received here today.

Two high officers of the staff of Archduke Eugene, commander-in-chief of the Austrian forces operating against Italy, are said to have been killed. One of the Italian aeroplanes was destroyed.

Laibach is a city about forty-five miles east of Gorizia and has a population of about thirty thousand. It has been stated that it is the headquarters of the Austrian army operating against the Italians.

An official report of the raid given out in Rome said that it was in retaliation for numerous violations of international law by the Austrians. It was added that the raiding squadron had dropped several dozens of grenades and bombs on the city.

An Austrian official statement, referring to the same raid, said that it was "a lamentable failure."

D. A. MORRISON OF AMHERST GOING WITH 219TH

Has Accepted Position of Quartermaster—Went Through Boer War and was in Fight at Paardeberg.

Special to The Standard
Amherst, N. S., Mar. 6.—D. A. Morrison, the well known wholesale grocer, has accepted a position of quartermaster in the 219th Regt. which is now being recruited.

The offer came unsought and unasked for on the part of Mr. Morrison and was tendered to him by Major Phinney, who is at present officer commanding that regiment. Mr. Morrison has had a long military training. He was for a number of years associated with the 62nd Battalion in St. John and held the position of captain in that regiment. At the outbreak of the South African war Mr. Morrison volunteered as a private and went to South Africa with the first contingent, taking part in the battle of Paardeberg and in many other engagements. He was then, the representative of Baird & Peters, St. John, throughout a part of the Maritime Provinces and was one of the best known travellers on the road.

His acceptance of the position of quartermaster with the 219th Regiment will be a decided sacrifice for him, but Mr. Morrison belongs to fighting stock and when the call of duty came to him he decided to enlist at once.

His son, Sergt. George Morrison, who went to the front with the 62nd C. M. R. and was wounded some months ago, is at present in a convalescent hospital in Great Britain where his mother, Mrs. Morrison, is now visiting him. The business of Morrison's Limited will be conducted during his absence under the guidance of the secretary-treasurer, Mr. Newton Rogers, assisted by Mr. Morrison's partners in St. John and Halifax.

Mr. Morrison during his residence in Amherst has taken a very deep interest in all matters pertaining to civic affairs and also took a keen interest in the campaign for raising ten thousand dollars for the Patriotic Fund.

WILL TRAIN WOMEN FOR FARM WORK

British Government to Employ Instructors so that Men Can be Released for Service in the Army.

London, March 6.—"Britons are coming slowly to a realization of the country's needs," declared Walter Hume Long, president of the Local Government Board, in addressing the inaugural of the Women's National Land Service Corps, which intends to undertake agriculture work during the absence of the men at the front, or in the government employ, of the British Isles.

Mr. Long declared that the government required co-operation of all classes, and heartily approved of the women's movement, which he said meant that women would now take even a larger share in the defence of the country.

"We want soldiers," said Mr. Long. "The government means to have sufficient soldiers, and we are getting them. But we also want to keep the land cultivated and obtain a maximum output, so that we may assist our overseas trade and our Imperial position. There is a wide field open for women's activities. Women have proved themselves capable of work, which, before the war they were thought unfitted to perform, and it is the farmers' patriotic duty not to employ a single man who can be spared now to take even a larger share in the defence of the country."

The government has announced its intention to employ a corps for the purpose of training women in agricultural pursuits.

ENDS VOYAGE OF 4,000 MILES BY GROUNDING

Special to The Standard.
Halifax, March 6.—After a four thousand mile voyage the topsail schooner Lauretta Frances, Capt. Sponage, came into Halifax harbor and ran aground on Point Pleasant beach yesterday afternoon. She was hauled off by a tugboat and in swinging free struck another boulder and stove a hole in her bottom. She was towed into John Jones & Whitman's wharf and the pumps are being kept steadily at work to keep her afloat.

The Lauretta Frances sailed from Burin; four months ago for Malacca and passed through a nest of submarines when entering the Straits of Gibraltar. She had a cargo of salt and is only twenty-eight days from Panama, Spain. The trip to Bermuda occupied seventeen days, but the run up the coast was the worst in the experience of Captain Sponage.

NAVAL FIGHT SOON IN THE NORTH SEA?

State of Expectancy Heightened by Despatches from Scandinavia Predicting Sea Battle.

London, Mar. 6.—Certain somewhat vague but persistent rumors which have been circulated here for several days, by word of mouth, regarding the North Sea war zone have created a state of expectancy among Londoners. This expectancy has been heightened by despatches received from Scandinavia today predicting that a battle between British and Russian and German warships is not far distant.

Russian torpedo boats are reported to have been seen near the island of Oland, Sweden, in the Baltic Sea, and a half dozen German submarines have been observed off Oxelund, in the Baltic, to the south of Stockholm.

The general opinion in Scandinavia is said to be that Great Britain and Russia will intercept German sailings to Sweden as soon as the ice has melted. The ice already has partly broken up, and thus rendered it easy for foraging. Naval experts have expressed the opinion that the German fleet, which the Germans are preparing to venture out, and that important events are pending. As to whether the British officials believe this, obviously nothing is known.

CREW OF ABANDONED NEW YORK SCHOONER CORA A. RESCUED

Special to The Standard.
Halifax, N. S., March 6th.—A message from Cape Race received by the agent for the marine and fisheries last night tells vaguely of the abandonment of the New York schooner Cora A., and the rescue of the crew by a British steamer, the name of which was not given. The message was as follows: "British steamer reports picked up crew of schooner Cora A., of New York. Latitude 36, 42, long. 57, 18. Derelict of abandoned schooner is dangerous to navigation."

There is a New York schooner Cora A., of something over three thousand tons which is believed to be the abandoned craft.

Another despatch from Cape Race received by the Marine Department last night referred to the British tank steamer San Onofre which is known to have been adrift without fuel for several days. The message was from the Ashtabula which is standing by; it said: "The Ashtabula reports tow lines carried away. San Onofre sheering on account inability to steer ship. San Geronimo expected at scene at eight a. m. tomorrow."

SIX PRISONERS BURN TO DEATH

El Paso, Mar. 6.—Six prisoners of the city jail here were burned to death and probably forty others seriously injured, many fatally, as the result of a flash of flame from a solution being used in a disinfection bath being administered to a large number of prisoners. The blaze is said to have been caused by a lighted match thrown into the fluid.

NORTHCLIFFE GIVES VIEWS ON THE SITUATION

Impressed by Excellent Equipment and Confidence of French Soldier.

VERDUN FIGHT IS ONLY AN ACCIDENT

Convinced German Fleet Will Soon Emerge from Kiel for Big Naval Test of the War.

Paris, March 6 (5.20 p. m.)—Lord Northcliffe, owner of the London Times and other newspapers, who has been inspecting the field of battles at Verdun, has given some of his impressions to the Temps.

"I have been to the front six times," said Lord Northcliffe, "and that which has invariably struck me is the splendid health, the excellent equipment and absolute confidence of the French soldier. I have also been impressed by the immense number of men in reserve—they cover miles and miles of ground—and by the quantity, so to speak, without limit, of munitions despatched everywhere.

"Our correspondents in Germany who find means to send to London each week particularly precise and exact reports, inform us that Germany is now obliged to fight against time and duration. The initiative of the battle of Verdun, engaged during the bad season, proves that the Germans, who have no idea of the unbreakable tenacity of the French soldier, think they will be able to end the war by the capture of some unassailable fortifications at Verdun. Moreover, Douaumont has not, after all, great importance. In brief, according to the reports gathered on the spot, it is only a simple incident in the great battle."

"In view of the fact that the German stomach is beginning to cry famine as a result of the implacable blockade of the Allies, I am awaiting violent explosions of German armistice on land and also on sea during the next six months. I am convinced that the German fleet will before long make a big effort. The British marine knows it, and awaits the great day with impatience and anxiety.

"Not having been invaded, England has been long in awakening to the reality of the war, but an old Oriental proverb says: 'Beware of the man who is slow to wrath.' The great majority of the British people today, especially the women—the people of England, Scotland, Ireland, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, finally realize fully that to preserve their own liberty and that of the world the teeth and claws of the Prussian tiger must be torn out.

"John Bull and his allies are masters of the sea, and will not permit a single German ship to leave the ports of Hamburg and Bremen, until Germany has paid the entire price. I believe I know Germany well, and I have not the slightest doubt as to the final issue of the war."

FLEET COVERS LANDING OF RUSSIANS NEAR TREBIZOND

Capture Towns of Atina and Maprova and Drive Off Turks Who Oppose Them, Taking 280 of Enemy Prisoners.

The Russians, under cover of the fire of their fleet, at last have been able to make a landing on the Black Sea coast to the east of Trebizond, capturing the towns of Atina and Maprova, and driving off the Turks who opposed them. Two officers and 280 men were made prisoners, and two guns and a quantity of munitions were captured.

Considerable fighting between the Russians and the Germans has taken place in Northwest Russia, the Russian army smashing German trenches in the Riga sector, and dispersing scouting parties in the vicinity of Friedriehstadt.

Russian Statement.
Petrograd, via London, March 6.—The war office communication issued today says: "Western (Russian) front: Our artillery has demolished a portion of the enemy's trenches southward of Lake Babbit, on the Riga sector. "Eastward of the Friedriehstadt

section, we are able to confirm the success of our artillery fire on German working parties. German scouts approaching our position between the Oddevietz and Sussey rivers were dispersed by our rifle fire. Fighting for the possession of mine craters continues on the Dvinsk position near Iloukai.

"Caucasus front: Our troops landed under the cover of an intense supporting fire from the fleet, and occupied, on the night of March 4, the town of Atina, on the Black Sea coast to the east of Trebizond. Deploying rapidly southward they forced the Turks to evacuate their positions.

"In the course of the action we took as prisoners two officers and 280 men, and captured two guns and a quantity of artillery ammunition, cartridges and rifles.

"Detachments of our troops, continuing the pursuit, occupied the village of Maprova, midway between Atina and Riza, the morning of the fifth."

BLACKLISTED IF CARRY COAL TO THE ENEMY

British Government Through Embassy at Washington Issues a Warning to Neutral Shipowners.

Washington, Mar. 6.—Through the British embassy here, the British government today issued a warning to neutral ship owners that if any of their ships carrying a cargo of coal shall finally reach any German port or ship, the vessel will be immediately blacklisted.

Our correspondents in Germany who find means to send to London each week particularly precise and exact reports, inform us that Germany is now obliged to fight against time and duration. The initiative of the battle of Verdun, engaged during the bad season, proves that the Germans, who have no idea of the unbreakable tenacity of the French soldier, think they will be able to end the war by the capture of some unassailable fortifications at Verdun. Moreover, Douaumont has not, after all, great importance. In brief, according to the reports gathered on the spot, it is only a simple incident in the great battle."

NOT THE SAME FORCE BEHIND GERMAN DRIVE

Once Driven Back Huns Not Likely to Show Same Dash Which Marked Earlier Attacks.

Paris, Mar. 6.—The French continue to be absorbed in the situation around Verdun. The anxiety and doubts of the first days of the fighting have been replaced by quiet, joyful confidence in the strength of Gen. Petain's preparedness either for defence or a quick offense.

The conviction regarding Verdun is that although the Germans may persist in their offensive, their power of attack has been weakened, as it is considered that it will be difficult for them, to get the same dash out of the troops who have lost fights against the French in future attacks. The Germans, therefore, have put a great number of infantry men successively into the action, and now appear to be replacing their divisions.

The weather continues unfavorable. The rain and snow keep the earth soft where it has not already turned into marshes. Automobiles near the front look like moving blocks of mud. The roads back of the French line, considering the weather and the use to which they are being put, are good. Twenty thousand automobiles daily pass over one thoroughfare behind the line, moving in opposite directions in two almost continuous lines.

BANGOR MAN WAS CRUSHED TO DEATH

Special to The Standard.
St. Stephen, N. B., March 6.—A fatal accident is reported from Woodland, Maine, today. A crew of men were at work on a brow of logs when they started rolling. John Tripp was caught in the rolling mass and lost his life, the body being badly mangled. The unfortunate man belonged to Bangor and was about 45 years of age.

On British Front.
London, March 6.—The British official communication issued tonight says: "Last night we sprang a mine to the northeast of Vermelles. Today the enemy sprang a mine near the Hohenzollern redoubt, but no attack followed. We suffered no casualties.

"Artillery on both sides has been active about Albert, Holluch and Ypres."

BERLIN DON'T WANT WAR WITH U. S., COL. HOUSE SAYS

SPANISH STEAMER SUNK, ADDRESS LOSE LIVES

Hit Rock and Sank in Five Minutes — New Vessel and of 6,371 Tons.

Bulletin—Santos, Brazil, March 6.—The Spanish steamship Principe De Asturias has been sunk by striking a rock. She went to the bottom in five minutes. Eighty-six members of the crew and fifty-seven passengers have been brought to Santos.

The survivors were brought to Santos by the French steamer Vega. A Spanish steamship is standing by.

445 Are Missing.

London, March 6.—A Lloyd's despatch from Santos says that 238 passengers and 107 members of the crew on the Principe De Asturias are missing.

The steamer was wrecked yesterday off Sebastian Point, the western extremity of the island of that name, near the entrance to Santos Bay.

The Principe De Asturias was engaged in the passenger service between Barcelona and Brazil. The last reports of her movements are of her departure on her previous trip eastward. She passed Gibraltar February 4, on her way from Buenos Ayres to Barcelona.

She was a large and comparatively new vessel. Her gross tonnage was 6,371, her length 460 feet, her beam 58 feet and depth 29 feet. She was built at Port Glasgow in 1914, and owned by the Pinaros, Izquierdo Y. Cia. of Sa Diza, Spain.

Feared 400 Perished.

Rio Janeiro, March 6.—It is feared here that 400 lives have been lost by the sinking of the Spanish steamship Principe De Asturias. The steamer remained afloat only a short time after striking a shoal off San Sebastian, and there was little time for the escape of passengers and crew in the boats. Steamers have gone to search for additional survivors. 143 of the passengers and crew having already been landed at Santos.

Details of Disaster Lacking.

Buenos Ayres, March 6.—The agents of the Spanish Trans-Atlantic line have received reports that about 100 persons lost their lives in the sinking of the steamship Principe De Asturias off the coast of Brazil. Details of the disaster, however, are lacking.

TWO N.B. MEN IN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Mar. 7.—The casualty list issued at midnight includes the following at the Maritime Provinces:

Fourth Battalion.
Sergeant H. Gordon W. Manderson, Malpeque, P. E. I.

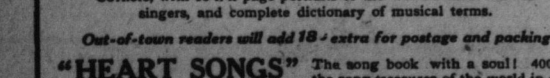
Twenty-sixth Battalion.
Wounded—Karl Vroom, St. Stephen, N. B.

Fourth Mounted Rifles.
Wounded—Hubert H. Burdon, Fredericton, N. B.

LOST.

Between half past seven and eight o'clock, last night, on Dock or Mill street, a small medallion pin. Finder will please return to Mrs. Smith, 174 Princess street.

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PROHIBITION DEBATE BEGUN IN COMMONS

Strong Arguments for and Against the Resolution Introduced Yesterday by Mr. Steeves of Vancouver.

(Canadian Press).

Ottawa, Mar. 6.—The prohibition discussion was introduced at the opening of the house when Mr. H. H. Steeves of Vancouver, moved:

"That in the opinion of the house, at this time when the empire is at war, the conservation of the wealth and the resources of the Dominion and the promotion of the efficiency of our nation would be materially aided by the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and legislation for this purpose should be enacted forthwith." The resolution was seconded by Hon. Charles Marcell of Bonaventure.

Mr. Steeves said he made his motion as a war measure. He was aware that a great many members of the house disliked the issue that he was presenting to them and claimed it was unwise to introduce legislation of this kind. But the speaker held that when a large proportion of the people of Canada demanded consideration be given to a certain problem, parliament dare not say them nay. The Vancouver member then reviewed the liquor situation in the different provinces. Ontario was two-thirds dry, 572 municipalities were "wet." For the so-called wet provinces the three-fifths clause was largely responsible, Belleville, Brantford, Peterborough, Hamilton, Woodstock and Whitby being municipalities which had given majorities in favor of local option but the three-fifths provision. The provincial government of Ontario, however, had now introduced a measure of total prohibition. Quebec was three-fourths dry, 906 municipalities being without liquor licenses as compared with 237 where liquor was sold. The province of Quebec, however, was according to the statement of its premier also working toward prohibition. In New Brunswick eighty per cent. of the population were dry. Eleven counties were under the Canada Temperance Act, while seven were still wet. In Nova Scotia there were sixteen dry counties and only one where liquor was sold. Half-fax, and that would soon be dry too. Prince Edward Island was the only all-dry province in the Dominion. In Manitoba eighty-seven municipalities were dry and seventy-one wet, and provincial prohibition would be voted on in the province this week. Saskatchewan was practically under prohibition, liquor being sold only in some twenty government shops. These shops were also gradually being voted out. Alberta had gone dry. The British Columbia provincial government had introduced a law for provincial prohibition.

Referendum After War.

Mr. Steeves said that he had been receiving literature, signed "Personal Liberty League" which was being circulated with a view to creating a feeling that individual rights were being attacked. "These persons," he said, "are asking for personal license, not personal liberty. They are asking freedom to do those things which may be injurious to society as a whole. There is no such thing as personal liberty apart from social responsibility." It had also been argued that the question of prohibition should not be advanced while the soldiers were absent from the country. He did not think that the men at the front would object to action which would make for efficiency behind them at home. At the same time he proposed that in legislation which might be brought forward provision should be made for a confirming vote when the soldiers came home, for instance a year after the end of the war.

Coming to the subject of compensation for those engaged in the manufacture of liquor, Mr. Steeves said that the capital invested in breweries and distilleries in Canada was \$43,237,000, as compared with \$11,000,000 in other industries, and that the number of persons employed in the breweries and distilleries of the country was 4,888. He suggested that the Canadian government might solve the question of compensation by following the example of the British government and taking over the distilleries for the purpose of alcohol for commercial and medicinal purposes. He pointed out that a gallon of alcohol was equal to a gallon of gasoline for power production and that alcohol could be used in internal combustion engines in place of the gasoline and petrol now imported. Moreover, the manufacture of denatured alcohol for industrial use would provide a use for many products now wasted on the farms of the country.

Mr. Steeves held that the argument that the question should be left to the provinces was only a subterfuge. In 1898 when a plebiscite was carried in Ontario and the Dominion and the provinces were not acted upon for the reason that all the provinces were not ready for prohibition. Now the provinces had got into line. The provinces, however, do not propose that prohibition and manufacture of alcoholic liquors. Therefore, there was a demand for "implementing" legislation by the federal parliament. Mr. Steeves expressed his hope that the house would adopt the resolution and that the government would present legislation to provide for a confirming plebiscite a year after the province that should also take steps to nationalize the manufacture of alcohol for medicinal purposes.

Hon. Mr. Marcell seconded the motion. He announced that he was a convert to the cause of prohibition. He had voted against prohibition in the past. He felt that it was in the view of the great evil of carrying out Canada's part in the war, in view of the attitude of the people of his own constituency and of the action taken by the provinces, that parliament should mandate to act and to act promptly. He was convinced that the people would support parliament in such action as it might take and that in view of the provincial government of Ontario, however, had now introduced a measure of total prohibition. Quebec was three-fourths dry, 906 municipalities being without liquor licenses as compared with 237 where liquor was sold. The province of Quebec, however, was according to the statement of its premier also working toward prohibition. In New Brunswick eighty per cent. of the population were dry. Eleven counties were under the Canada Temperance Act, while seven were still wet. In Nova Scotia there were sixteen dry counties and only one where liquor was sold. Half-fax, and that would soon be dry too. Prince Edward Island was the only all-dry province in the Dominion. In Manitoba eighty-seven municipalities were dry and seventy-one wet, and provincial prohibition would be voted on in the province this week. Saskatchewan was practically under prohibition, liquor being sold only in some twenty government shops. These shops were also gradually being voted out. Alberta had gone dry. The British Columbia provincial government had introduced a law for provincial prohibition.

Mr. Marcell stated that apropos of temperance, intemperate language as applied to hotel proprietors and those interested in the liquor business generally was much too prevalent. He opposed prohibition as having a tendency to degrade the public service and dull the public conscience. It had failed miserably in many States of the Union, where public men were anxious to return to the license system. Mr. Marcell said that if those moral reformers who were promoting prohibition would devote half the time so employed to making factory work safer and combating the scourge of tuberculosis they would do more good. Gossip, he said, had ruined more reputations than whiskey.

Mr. Weichel stated that the liquor traffic was a moral reformer. He felt that if a prohibition measure were put into force for three years, it would never be repeated. He said that as long as parliament dealt with the question of prohibition many times, and had never said no to it. Parliament had, in fact, agreed to the principle of prohibition in 1908. A referendum had been submitted to the country. The electors had, unfortunately, not taken that interest in the issue which might have been expected, only half of the voters going to the polls. However, the result had been a majority of 14,000 in favor of prohibition. Quebec province had, unfortunately, returned a large majority against it, of 94,244 votes, and as a result of its determined opposition the government of the day had decided not to introduce a prohibitory measure. Immense progress had, however, since been made by Quebec. Out of seventy-three provincial constituencies forty-two were now dry. Mr. Marcell was satisfied that if a referendum were submitted tomorrow in Quebec prohibition would be adopted by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Marcell said he felt that it was the bounden duty of parliament to give prohibition a trial not only for economic reasons but on the moral ground. "Our age prevents many of us from doing what we should like to do in this crisis," he continued, "but there is one thing we can do and I intend to do it. I intend to give my vote and my influence and my work to retrieve what I did in 1898. I am glad to say that twenty years have ripened my wisdom and so assert that it is the bounden duty of this parliament to bring in prohibition at least during the war, to let the boys who are going to the front feel that we are doing something for the cause, that we are

CAPTOR OF GREAT TURKISH FORTRESS AND SCENE OF HIS PRIZE



ERZERUM. GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS. BATTLE LINE.

THE FALL OF ERZERUM, THE METEOR OF THE OTTOMAN EMPIRE, BEFORE THE ONSLAUGHTS OF THE RUSSIANS DIRECTED BY GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS, HAS CAUSED GREAT REJOICING THROUGHOUT RUSSIA AND THE NATIONS ALLIED WITH HER. THIS FERMYSL AND NOW THE CAPTURE OF GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS HAVE FALLEN TWO OF THE MOST SPECIFIC ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE WAR FROM THE ENTENTE SIDE—THE REDUCTION AND CAPTURE OF ERZERUM.

ERZERUM HAS BEEN AS BRIEF AS IT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL. THE FIRST DISTINCT INDICATIONS OF A NEW RUSSIAN EFFORT IN THE CAUCASUS CAME ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF JANUARY.

COL. HOUSE SEES DANGER OF A BREAK

Believes Germany Not Bluffing and Submarine Issue Requires Careful Handling to Avoid Rupture.

Washington, March 6.—With the apprehensions to Germany's declaration of the new submarine campaign against armed merchantmen of her enemies as for them the administration is preparing to determine the next move of the United States in the negotiations with the Central European powers. According to present plans diplomatic negotiations in the subject are to follow a settlement of the controversy in congress. Because of the necessity of translating some of the documents appended to the German declaration, Secretary of State Lansing and President Wilson have not yet had an opportunity to consider them in their entirety. All the documents probably will be ready for their personal perusal.

Colonel E. M. House, who returned from Europe yesterday, after visiting officials in London, Paris and Berlin for President Wilson, is understood to have told the president and Secretary Lansing today that the German government believed itself justified in its new submarine policy, and was not bluffing.

Colonel House is believed to have strengthened the view already held by both the president and Secretary Lansing that the submarine negotiations must be handled with the greatest care if a break with Germany is to be avoided, although he reported that Germany had no desire for war with the United States. He discussed the issue frankly with Herr Von Jagow, the German foreign minister, and Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor.

Inland, moved the adjournment of the debate, Hon. Mr. Hazen undertaking for the government to fix a day upon which the debate could be resumed and a vote on the issue reached.

Parliament will take up Sir Wilfrid's resolution calling for an investigation of the shell committee tomorrow.

JUDGE EMERSON OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEAD

St. John's, Nfld., March 6.—Hon. George Emerson, senior assistant judge of the Supreme Court of Newfoundland, died today aged sixty-three. He was formerly a member of the assembly, speaker of the assembly, a legislative councillor, cabinet minister, and a member of the delegation which visited Ottawa early in 1896, seeking terms of union with Canada. He was appointed to the Supreme Court in 1896.

MARRIED.

POPE-GREGORY—On the 6th March, 1916, at the Centenary Methodist parsonage, 202 Princess street, by the Rev. W. H. Barradough, Mr. Allan Pope, Yarmouth, N. S., to Miss Alice Gregory, of Manchester, England.

DIED.

COLL—In this city on the 6th inst., Augusta, widow of James Coll, and daughter of the late Owen Doberty, leaving two sons to mourn. Funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, at 2.30, from her late residence, 178 Princess street. Friends invited.

BERLIN SAYS NAVAL DEPOT AT HULL WAS HIT

Claims Zeppelin Raid on England Sunday was Successful.

Berlin, March 6, by wireless to St. John's.—The Admiralty announced today that during last night's air raid over England the naval depot at Hull was bombarded, the explosions being observed to be effective. All the airships returned despite violent shelling.

The official statement says: "On the night of March 5-6 German naval airships heavily bombarded the naval base of Hull on the Humber. A good effect was observed. The airships were violently shelled without effect. All the airships returned."

Twelve Killed.

London, March 6.—Twelve persons were killed in the air raid over England last night. Three Zeppelins took part in the attack.

The area visited included York, Lincolnshire, Rutland, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Essex and Kent. So far as is known, about forty bombs were dropped altogether. The casualties so far as ascertained, amount to killed, three men, four women, five children; injured, thirty-three. The material damage was two terrace houses practically destroyed, one office, one public house, a cafe, and several shops partly destroyed, and a block of almshouses badly damaged.

Whether there were more than three Zeppelins taking part in the raid is still unknown. Unofficial reports relate that two of the dirigibles were seen passing over Lincolnshire from inland towards the coast. They dropped bombs, but it is believed they did little damage.

It is also reported that bombs were dropped in the east Riding of Yorkshire, the only damage being the breakage of a number of windows. In view of the large areas visited it is thought there may have been more than three Zeppelins.

Raiders had a narrow escape from being caught in a snowstorm in a northern county. The inhabitants of this district knew so little of the visit that many of the people were surprised to read in their papers this morning that their county had been raided.

Many trains from the north of England were late in reaching London, having remained stationary while the raid was in progress.

In some counties official warning of the approach of the Zeppelins was given, and the usual precautions were taken. A correspondent on the east coast says the approach of the dirigibles from the northeast was heralded from ships, and that immediately afterward the sky was lighted by incendiary bombs.

Then came terrific thuds of the explosive bombs. Houses were shaken from ships, and that immediately afterward the sky was lighted by incendiary bombs. Houses were shaken from ships, and that immediately afterward the sky was lighted by incendiary bombs.

A correspondent at an unnamed town in Kent says that a Zeppelin appeared over this town early in the morning, flying low. No bombs were dropped, and the dirigible disappeared over the coast.

Mr. McKenna, of St. Stephen, was in town this week.

James Stewart, who has been in St. Leonard's almost a year is home again to stay. Mr. Stuart is the popular proprietor of the Commercial Hotel.

James O'Hagan was operated on Tuesday at the hospital by Dr. B. A. Puddington for strangulated hernia. He is doing nicely.

Miss Rena Evans spent the week-end with friends in Andover.

Mrs. Hazleton and children of Somerville, Mass., are visiting at the Mint Hotel.

The Police Court.

Isabella Carley, a domestic, was arraigned in the Police Court on the charge of stealing forty articles from the home of G. Wetmore Merritt, 150 Sydney street. She pleaded guilty. Mr. Merritt had no desire to press the charge and in consequence of several persons speaking in her behalf, including some of the local ministers, the girl was given her freedom.

Two drunks appeared before the court and were fined \$5.

SWISS DE

SWISS GOV'T THINKS DANGER OF GERMAN INVASION PAST?

Fifth Division Removed from Frontier — French Gov't to Punish Persons Spreading False News.

Paris, Mar. 6.—The Fifth Division of the Swiss army, on duty along the German frontier, is about to be demobilized, according to a despatch to the Temps from Zurich.

This is considered a good sign, and adds the Temps, presumably being an indication that the Swiss government no longer considers German infringement of its neutrality possible.

Paris, Mar. 6.—The crusade against the spreading of false news, begun by Louis J. Manly minister of the interior, has resulted in the arrest of 200 persons in Paris and the Department of the Seine. One hundred of this number have been fined or sentenced to prison by courts martial. There have been similar results in the provinces.

PATATO WAREHOUSE AT GRAND FALLS IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

Less Over \$1,000—C.P.R. Freight Car on Siding Near the Building Also Burned.

Grand Falls, N. B.—The apron sale on Monday afternoon, February 28th, and the whist party in the evening of the same day, held in Martin's Hall by the ladies of the R. C. Guild, was well patronized and about \$40 was raised for the benefit of the Guild.

Miss Hamilton, of St. Stephen, is visiting Mrs. J. L. White.

The friends of Mrs. Felix Gagnon met at her home Friday evening and gave her a surprise birthday party. All enjoyed a very pleasant evening.

Miss Toner, of Limestone, is visiting in town this week.

About 20 couples attended the patriotic ball in MacLaren's, Wednesday night and all report good music by Kelly's Orchestra of Presque Isle, a good time.

Mrs. James Price has been visiting her sister Mrs. Carrie D. Walker, the past week.

Private Tardy, who was home from St. John for ten days, returned to his duties here on Monday.

On Saturday 26th February, the large potato house owned by McCloskey & McCord, was burned. C. G. Gallagher, of Bath, was burned. The building was insured with Agent C. A. Etey for one thousand dollars, which does not nearly cover the loss, as the house was up-to-date in every respect and was built only three years ago. One of the C. P. R. cars which was being heated up to load with potatoes, was also burned. The potatoes were insured.

H. W. Hechler is quite sick with jaundice this last week.

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RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Headaches, sleepless nights, nervousness, dizziness, loss of appetite, indigestion, and all the ailments of a weak nervous system are cured by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It is a pure, natural, and delicious food that builds up the nerves and restores the system to its normal state. It is sold in all drug stores and by mail for 50 cents a box, all dealers or Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Co., Limited, Toronto.

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TIED NERVES

Headaches, sleeplessness and tired, draggy feelings soon disappear when you restore vigor to the exhausted nerves by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

PREMIER CLARKE NOT IN HOUSE FOR THE OPENING

Physicians Advise Against Resuming Duties Yet — Official Statement to Be Made in House Re Valley Ry Will Show How Far Astray Papers Opposing New Plans Are, Hon. Mr. Murray Says

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 6.—Premier Clarke will not be here for the opening of the legislature on Thursday.

At the opening of the meeting of the provincial government this evening to complete preparations for the opening of the session of the House, Acting Premier Murray informed his colleagues that Hon. Mr. Clarke would not be here for the opening of the legislature. While Hon. Mr. Clarke, who is still at Clinton Springs, is making excellent progress toward an early recovery from the effects of his recent sudden and serious illness, he has been advised by his physicians not to take up active work as yet, although he hopes to be here before the session is very far advanced.

In the meantime Hon. Mr. Murray will lead the government as acting premier and preparations are going on for the opening on Thursday.

Tomorrow and Wednesday it is expected that the advance guard of the members will be arriving. The opening ceremonies on Thursday will have a real war touch as the military display will be carried out entirely by overseas units, including the 104th overseas battalion band which will provide music.

"No official announcement has as yet been made, but when it is made in the House I feel confident that the people of St. John, and the province generally, will see that the interests of New Brunswick and the port of St. John, as regards both east and west side terminals have been well safeguarded," said Acting Premier Murray, when asked respecting the attitude of some of the St. John newspapers relative to the plans respecting the St. John Valley Railway.

"When all the facts are placed before them," continued Hon. Mr. Murray, "the people will find that the Valley Railway, instead of being a local road and an incumbrance, as some of the newspapers which have opposed every step which has been made in carrying out this enterprise would have them believe, will be a most valuable asset for the province and of far greater importance from a development and transportation standpoint than was anticipated at the inception of the project."

In addition to Premier Murray the only members of the government here this evening are the Attorney General and Hon. Dr. Landry. It was said that Hon. John Murray would not be here until Wednesday or Thursday, having sent word that he had been detained at home because of illness in his family.

Lieut. Gov. Wood will arrive here tomorrow evening.

ADMINISTRATION FORCES HAVE WON ANOTHER VICTORY

House Rules Committee Agrees to Four Hour Debate on Resolution to Warn Americans Off Armed Ships.

Washington, March 6.—The House rules committee today agreed on, and will bring into the House tomorrow, a special rule for four hours debate on the McLennan resolution warning Americans off armed ships of the European belligerents.

This action puts the much-discussed resolution into a parliamentary position, where administration leaders are confident they can kill it.

The four hours debate to be allowed on the McLennan resolution itself will be evenly divided between the administration forces and those opposed to it, and will be preceded by an hour and a half of debate on the adoption of the special rule. The rules committee's action today is a preliminary victory for the administration forces, which have been fighting for a week against delays, parliamentary tactics and straight out and out opposition to President Wilson's demand that the House take up the resolution and defeat it as a demonstration to Germany that the dissonances against its foreign policy do not represent a majority of congress.

The special rule will provide that after the four hours debate the McLennan resolution will be before the House for action. The program is to table it, as was done with the Gore resolution in the senate, thus expressing the sentiment of a majority of the House that no legislation whatever regarding the travelling of Americans on armed ships shall be enacted.

William Jennings Bryan made his headquarters today at a hotel almost under the shadow of the capitol, and conferred at a luncheon with many congressmen who are rated as Bryan men. All of them strongly favor a resolution to warn Americans off armed ships, which Mr. Bryan advocates.

Bryan said that he would take any active part in the fight against the president.

Delicate Young Girls, Pale, Tired Women

There is no beauty in pallor, but proof of plenty of weakness. Exertion makes your heart flutter, your back and limbs ache, and you sadly need something to put some ginger into your system. Try Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they make you feel alive, make you want to do things, they renew and purify the blood—then come strong nerves, rosy cheeks, laughing eyes, robust good health. You'll be helped in a hundred ways by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are an old family remedy of great renown. Thousands use no other medicine and never have a day's sickness of any kind. Get a 25c. box today. Sold by all dealers.

More Wages for Miners in Soft Coal Fields

New York, Mar. 6.—Wage increases that may approximate eight million dollars or more in the soft coal fields of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois were agreed upon late today by the sub-committee of bituminous operators and miners from these States who are here negotiating a new wage schedule to go into effect April 1. The action of the sub-committee will be reported for ratification probably tomorrow to the full joint conference of operators and miners.

GOOD ROADS CONGRESS FORMALLY OPENED IN QUEBEC YESTERDAY

Montreal, Mar. 6.—Welcomed by the Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Quebec, Hon. P. E. LeBlanc, by Monsignor Roy, on behalf of Archbishop Bruchet, and by Bishop Farthing, of the Anglican church; by Controller Cole, representing Mayor Martin of Montreal and by Mr. U. H. Dandurand of this city, honorary president of the Dominion Good Roads Association, in addition to the welcome of Mr. B. Michaud, deputy minister of roads for the province of Quebec, and president of the Canadian and International Good Roads Congress, a large number of delegates to the third Canadian and International Good Roads Congress began the important work of the congress in Somers Park this afternoon.

Tomorrow, the real work will begin. This afternoon's session having been largely devoted to preliminary amenities, followed by a banquet tonight at the Place Viger Hotel.

There is an exhibition in connection with the congress.

THE BREAD PROBLEM IS NOT A PROBLEM IN THE HOME WHERE SHREDDED WHEAT IS KNOWN. The whole wheat grain is the real staff of life, and you have it in Shredded Wheat Biscuit prepared in a digestible form. It contains more real body-building material than meat or eggs, is more easily digested, and costs much less. The food for the up-and-coming man who does things with hand or brain—for the kiddies that need a well-balanced food for study or play—for the housewife who must save herself from kitchen drudgery. Delicious for breakfast or any meal, with milk or cream.

Made in Canada.

BIG SLUMP IN IMMIGRATION DUE TO WAR

Figures for 1915 Only About One-eighth of Those of Two Years Ago.

Ottawa, March 6.—The big drop in immigration to Canada since the war started is shown by the figures for immigration for 1915, given to the Commons this afternoon by Hon. Dr. Roche in answer to a question by Mr. E. M. MacDonald.

The total for the year was only 45,496, as compared with 384,878 for 1912-14 and 402,432 for 1912-13. The volume of immigration now is only about one-eighth of what it was two years ago. Almost all of the new arrivals of last year were from the United States.

OBITUARY.

Rev. Edward Labbe, C. S. C.

The death took place Saturday of the Rev. Edward Labbe, C. S. C., of St. Thomas' church, Memramook. He was a native of Quebec and was ordained to the priesthood in March 8, 1873. For a time he served as a teacher of theology in St. Joseph's University. Practically all his work was in Westmorland county.

Blair Robertson.

Many old friends in St. John and other parts of New Brunswick read with regret in yesterday morning's Standard the announcement of the death of Blair Robertson at Winnipeg on Saturday. He was born in St. John in 1855, and entered the services of the Bank of Nova Scotia in 1881.

He was seven or eight years later he was promoted to Montreal, where he was accountant in the office there. He was sent out some years later to Newcastle, where he had his first experience as a manager. After a few years there he was successively transferred to Yarmouth, N. S., Havana, Cuba, Hamilton, Ont., and San Juan, Porto Rico where he opened a branch. Mr. Robertson was next transferred to Hamilton again and after that to Winnipeg. He leaves his wife formerly Miss Eva Fish of Newcastle, and two sons, Grant and Blair A. Three brothers and four sisters, also survive—Struan of this city, Alexander and John in British Columbia, and William J. in Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Mrs. S. A. Corbett of this city, Mrs. J. T. Blackwood and Miss Maggie of Halifax; G. H. King, G. King, Miss V. King, Chipman; A. Pope, Yarmouth; P. A. Kerr, Brantford; A. G. Miller, Sackville; R. G. Morton, Halifax; Mrs. McArthur, Miss E. McDonald, Pictou; G. O. D. Otty, Hampton.

Dufferin.

J. W. Felding, Toronto; Harry McDonald, Shediac; A. R. Wetmore, Fredericton; P. G. Anderson, Toronto; John Watson, Glasgow, Scotland; Mrs. P. G. Murphy, Charlottetown; Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Campbell, Fredericton; D. C. McKay, Kentville; Miss E. N. Cushing, Caledonia, N. S.; Mrs. D. F. Miller, Mahone, N. S.; Mrs. J. B. Crane, Sussex; Miss Wetmore, Truro; W. F. Erb, Sussex; S. Rosenblum, Glace Bay, N. S.; Guy Shinnay, Middleton, N. S.; M. R. Nutting, Montreal; B. E. Dakin, do.; L. C. Haley, Amherst; Wm. J. Brown, Vancouver; Sergt. L. Lloyd, Sussex.

Victoria.

J. L. Chisholm, Truro, N. S.; L. C. Dalgle, Moncton; J. C. Dingo, Halifax; Felix Michaud, Buctouche; Donald Munro, Woodstock; Alonzo Staples.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk of this city. As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poisoning. Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then again, as soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. They care nothing for the science of the thing. All they know is that Zam-Buk stops their pain. Mothers should never forget this.

Again, as soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This forming of fresh healthy tissue from below is Zam-Buk's secret of healing. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delorimier Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Co., and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. Today—over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage). Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Fredericton; F. J. McDonald, St. John; Walter Jackson, Fredericton; Miss R. Price, London, Eng.; E. Crandall, Vancouver; W. W. Gottard, London, Eng.; J. L. Hunter, Partridge Island; F. C. Archibald, H. R. McLean, D. G. Beveridge, do.; A. C. Coldbrook, London, Eng.; S. Daley, Chester, Eng.; Miss H. Higginson, do.; Ethel McPhee, Westville, N. S.; N. E. Sharpe, Pictou; Mrs. B. Hovey, Digby; Miss G. Oliver, Buctouche; Madame M. J. Boudreau, Miss Eva Bourque, do.; N. E. Gattelus, Brownville; Mrs. D. L. Tritts, Petticoat; C. W. McDougall, Sussex; T. R. Taggart, Sherbrooke; K. A. Kearney, Partridge Island; H. McN. Warneford, do.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Royal.

K. S. Pickett, Sackville, N. B.; J. A. Morrison, Fredericton; E. S. Carter, Rothesay; A. D. Horton, Fredericton; J. B. McPhee, Barris; Lt. Col. De Salabury and wife, Miss L. De Salabury, Master C. De Salabury, Maurice Ireland, Belfast; W. G. Douglas and wife, London; R. Tites, Sackville; A. B. Conroy, Woodstock; J. H. Waterman, Boston; E. B. Wylie, St. Stephen; H. C. Murphy, Halifax; R. C. Mison, Montreal; A. B. Copp, Sackville; L. J. Hilllock, Belfast; F. A. Hutchinson, Montreal; L. E. Thomson, Ottawa; John S. Boa, L. N. Panettier, J. W. Nicol, Montreal; J. S. Armstrong, Fredericton; Miss Cooper, Miss Gay, Toronto; C. L. Maron, Montreal; J. G. Lane, Jas. F. Adams, Toronto; P. G. Blair, J. J. O'Grady, St. John, Nfld.; Miss A. Gregory, England; G. M. Campbell, Mrs. Campbell, Sackville; F. W. Nichols, Digby; J. V. Clarke, Halifax; G. H. King, G. King, Miss V. King, Chipman; A. Pope, Yarmouth; P. A. Kerr, Brantford; A. G. Miller, Sackville; R. G. Morton, Halifax; Mrs. McArthur, Miss E. McDonald, Pictou; G. O. D. Otty, Hampton.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Galt*

SE SAAYS

BERLIN SAYS NAVAL DEPOT AT HULL WAS HIT

Claims Zeppelin Raid on England Sunday was Successful.

Berlin, March 6, by wireless to Skyville.—The Germans, it is now announced today that during last night's raid over England the naval depot at Hull was bombed, the explosion being observed to be effective. All the airplanes returned despite violent shelling.

The official statement says: "On the night of March 5-6 German naval airships heavily bombed the naval base of Hull on the Humber. A good effect was observed. The airplanes were violently shelled without effect. All the airplanes returned."

Twelve killed.

London, March 6.—Twelve persons were killed in the air raid over England last night. Three Zeppelins took part in the attack.

The area visited included Yorkshire, Lancashire, Rutland, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Essex and Kent. So far as is known, about forty bombs were dropped altogether. The casualties so far as ascertained, amount to killed, three men, four women, five children; injured, thirty-three. The material damage was two terrace houses practically destroyed, one office, one public house, a cafe, and several shops partly destroyed, and a block of almshouses badly damaged.

Whether there were more than three Zeppelins taking part in the raid is still unknown. Unofficial reports relate that two of the dirigibles were seen passing over Lincolnshire from inland towards the coast. They dropped bombs, but it is believed they did little damage.

It is also reported that bombs were dropped in the east riding of Yorkshire, the only damage being the breakage of a number of windows, in view of the large areas visited it is thought that little damage has been done than three Zeppelins.

Raiders had a narrow escape from being caught in a snowstorm in a northern county. The inhabitants of this district knew so little of the visit that many of the people were surprised to read in their papers this morning that their country had been raided.

Many trains from the north of England were late in reaching London, having remained stationary while the raid was in progress.

In some counties official warning of the approach of the Zeppelins was given, and the usual precautions were taken. A correspondent on the east coast says the approach of the dirigibles from the northeast was heralded from ships, and that immediately afterward the sky was lighted by incendiary bombs.

Then came terrific thuds of the explosive bombs. Houses were shaken to their foundations. Snow had been falling fast, and the people crowded into the snow clad streets.

A correspondent at an unnamed town in Kent says that a Zeppelin appeared over this town early in the morning, flying low. No bombs were dropped, and the dirigible disappeared over the coast.

JUDGE EMERSON OF NEWFOUNDLAND DEAD

St. John's, Nfld., March 6.—Hon. George Emerson, senior assistant judge of the Supreme Court of Newfoundland, died today aged 78 years. He was formerly a member of the assembly, speaker of the assembly, a legislative councillor, cabinet minister, and a member of the delegation which visited Ottawa early in 1895, seeking terms of union with Canada. He was appointed to the Supreme Court in 1896.

MARRIED.

POPE-GREGORY.—On the 6th March, 1916, at the Centenary Methodist parsonage, 202 Princess Street, by the Rev. W. H. Barratouagh, Mr. Allan Pope, Yarmouth, N. S., to Miss Alice Gregory, of Manchester, England.

DIED.

COLL.—In this city on the 6th inst., August, widow of James Coll, and daughter of the late Owen Doherty, leaving two sons to mourn. Funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30, from her late residence, 178 Princess Street. Friends invited.

good tea

A Column Which Is Supposed To Be Of Interest To Women

Herein are Related Facts and Fancies Concerning the Activities of Individuals and Organizations, the Home, Fashions and Other Matters.

NEWS OF WOMEN'S CLUBS.

We are always pleased to receive any news of Women's Societies, fashion notes, new or tried recipes, etc., which may be of interest to our readers and we will publish same when suitable. All communications for these columns to have same and address (not for publication), and to be addressed to the Editor, Women's Column, The St. John Standard, St. John.

REPORT TO LOCAL WOMEN'S COUNCIL AT QUARTERLY MEETING

The report to the local Women's Council at the quarterly meeting was as follows:

It is with a thankful feeling and one full of hopefulness in the future that we learn of the decision arrived at by the alumnae of Bryn Mawr College. It seems that the twenty-fifth anniversary of graduation was to be celebrated in a most fitting manner. It was brought forward, among them the erection of a Greek Theatre or the establishment of a Spanish Garden, as gifts to the College. However, it is a "gift to the public" that has taken the place of all suggestions; and the alumnae will finance an investigation into fire hazards in Pennsylvania. It will be a "token of Learning's new birth unto Democracy." It was felt that the conditions exposed by the Triangle fire of New York opened out a heartrending appeal for help from the thousands and thousands of young girls and women in industry. And the appalling fire risks in all factories, many of them crowded as never before on account of rush war orders, is one that can no longer be overlooked; so the investigation begun by these College Women is bound to be far reaching in good results.

To come nearer home—to show that a local interest in the welfare of our own women in industry is about to be expressed by appeal to the Legis-

lature at Fredericton, asking for the establishment of a medium wage for the women workers in New Brunswick. Perhaps it may not be considered within my rights to report on these two incidents, but the convenership of the standing committee of Professions and Employments for Women of this council is no small position if one takes it all seriously; for with it must be mingled an interest in and a knowledge of the workings of many of the other committees—for instance those of laws for the protection of women and children; of care of the mentally deficient; of immigration; of women's suffrage; of agriculture; of Moral Standards, etc., in a word each and every committee has a decided sisterly leaning on each and every committee, otherwise a committee that attempts to stand alone is in great danger of a collapse.

Our president, and I have had several talks on the necessity of making registration of the Women Workers of New Brunswick, anyway of Saint John, for use after the war. We have felt an attempt at preparedness must be undertaken if we are to cope with the promised high wave of immigration, and it is felt that the Committee of Professions and Employments for Women should be in a position to help.

There is a need for the registration of the women of New Brunswick—of St. John, who will do Patriotic service by undertaking any work that will free a man to join the colors. Canada has pledged herself to send 600,000 men to the front. We are told that at the present moment, no capable and willing man need be idle. There is work then, now in the commercial, industrial and productive world in Canada for every man here! How then can the situation be met?

This same state of affairs has been answered in the case of France and England, by the women of the leisure classes coming forward to carry on the work of the banks and shops and offices, and other places.

It is of course emergency work; I might add that as it is a fact that there are no men out of employment, much more is it a fact that enlistment has had a direct effect on the employment of women; for the three classes of office help, domestic servants and charwomen every one is practically employed.

Nevertheless women must help by co-operation in raising the remaining thousands that are to be sent to the firing line from New Brunswick. If the men go—and they must go—

they leave vacancies in the world of work. Who will fill them? It is decided that the natural filling will be done in some sort of a plan as follows:

- 1—By returned soldiers.
- 2 By men not fit for military service.
- 3—By suitable women.

No place will be given to even suitable women if sufficient men are to be found to keep our industries in operation. Remember again that the women's part is to be emergency work only. Now very few of the returned soldiers, poor fellows, are yet ready or able to work; and it is a natural conclusion that the men unfit for military service is already working so that the position narrows down to suitable women, being the important factors.

Now how to find these suitable women? We are confident that they exist. We want to know—we must know the name, address and qualifications of every woman in New Brunswick—in-cluding those who undertake this Patriotic Service.

(a) The first step is registration.

(b) First those who are willing to fill the place of your man who is called to work—called potential workers. Those who have aptitude for training.

Just think of the powerful weapon in the hands of the young ladies' recruiting committee, if they can go to an employer suspected of holding back his man or men, and say: "Here is so and so, or so and so qualified to fill the place of your man who wants to enlist. Mark, we say, qualify for we do not insult you by offering an untrained woman to take the place of your good man."

How to get the names and addresses must be left to the decision of the ones undertaking the raising of this emergency corps; it will be done through the churches, or through the existing societies, or by house to house canvass, or in any way thought best. But when the names and addresses are obtained, it must not be forgotten that the names represent some human being, throbbing with the desire to help her country—that the address stands for a home where some noble soul can be found who at an instant's notice will take up work for her country's honor.

HELEN GATES HOOPER.
Fourth Vice-Pres. Local Council.
Women's Auxiliary.

The regular monthly meeting of the Red Cross Society was held at the Depot rooms on Chipman Hill yesterday afternoon. Mrs. John McAvity presided and the routine business was done through reports were read from the different branches, a particularly interesting one being from East St. John. Mrs. Frank S. White reported 6,563 finished articles sent in last month; Mrs. Helen Vroom reported 1,544 pairs of socks and sent-off; Mrs. Fred Harding for the surgical department told of 384 kits, each containing ten articles which had been packed and sent; Miss Edith Skinner reported for the financial campaign, and Mrs. George F. Smith made a special appeal for funds to carry on this great work.

Victorian Order of Nurses.
The Victorian Order of Nurses held their monthly meeting last evening at the residence of Judge Forbes. Most satisfactory reports were handed in both from St. John and from the West Side. The nurses have been kept very busy and have done excellent work. Mrs. Powell was in charge last month and Mrs. McLellan is in charge for March.

Loyalist Chapter I, O. D. E.
The Loyalist Chapter, Daughters of the Empire, held a meeting at Mrs. Barnaby's, Princess street, last evening. It has been decided to repeat the Varley Revue in the Imperial Theatre on the 14th of the month. The money voted was \$100.00 to the Red Cross Society; \$50.00 to the Brunswick Chapter I, O. D. E., towards band instruments for the 149th; \$25.00 to the Maple Leaf Club for soldiers in London; \$5 to Miss Edith Hegan at St. George's hospital, France, also 23 pairs of socks to Miss Hegan. The chapter decided to adopt five Canadian prisoners in Germany and provide comforts for them; to provide refreshments for St. George's Day entertainment, and to hold an Old Line Day on May 18th. It must be a great pleasure to the members of this active chapter to be able to assist so many good causes.

MATINEE OPERA TONIGHT
Today 2:30 **HOUSE** 7 and 9

"THE DRUG TERROR"
6 REELS OF THRILLS AND ACTION
An Expose of the New York Underworld

Matinee 10c TONIGHT 20c-10c

THUR. FRI. SAT.
A UNIVERSAL MASTERPIECE IN 6 REELS
"DAMON AND PYTHIAS"
As Good a Picture as "Cabiria"

MARCH 13, 14, 15
The Great Musical Cartoon Play
"BRINGING UP FATHER"
Seats On Sale THURSDAY

He Feels Like a Young Fellow

WHY MANITOBA MAN PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

After Experimenting With Other Medicines Max Hanjook found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the Cure That He Sought.

Pleasant Home, Man., Mar. 6th—(Special)—Max Hanjook, a well known resident of this place, who after an extended period of ill-health is feeling strong and hearty again, is spreading broadcast the good news that he found a new lease of youth in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I tried all kinds of other pills, but they didn't help me very much," Mr. Hanjook says. "But Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me feel like a young fellow again. I want everybody to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me everything that has been claimed for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make men and women feel young again because they spread good health all over the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They make the kidneys strong and healthy and thus put them in condition to strain all impurities, all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. The cleansed blood circulating through the body gives new strength and energy everywhere. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills are popular all over Canada.

A CLEVELAND EX-MAYOR NOW U.S. SECRETARY OF WAR

Cleveland, Ohio, Mar. 6—Newton D. Baker, today appointed secretary of war by President Wilson, in succession to Lindley M. Garrison, resigned, is a former Mayor of Cleveland, long prominent in local and state Democratic circles, and for many years a personal friend of President Wilson. Baker is forty-four years of age and a lawyer. He is a thorough believer in national preparedness and stood valiantly by the president through all of the recent discussion.

PERSONAL.
Mrs. William Currie (Miss Ruby Roy) will receive for the first time since her marriage on Friday, March 10th, at her home, 22 Crown street, and afterwards on the second Wednesday of each month.

News Of The St. John Theatres Told In The Right Way

Who's Who and What's What in the Picture Game and on the Stage— Film Favorites and What They Say and Do.

BLANCHE SWEET IN "THE CASE OF BECKY."
Blanche Sweet, the idol of motion picture theatregoers, appears in a dual role in the Lasky production of the famous Edward Locke drama, "The Case of Becky," one of David Belasco's greatest dramatic productions at the Imperial yesterday.

In this photodrama Blanche Sweet plays the part of the beautiful, innocent girl who is loved by everyone and makes many friends, but when her other self appears, as Becky, she is a mean, disagreeable creature. Dorothy, a sweet, refined, pretty girl has been brought up to appear in public with Balzamo, a hypnotist, who claims to be her guardian and who finds in Dorothy, a wonderful medium for the display of his power. By constantly subjecting her to the hypnotic influence, he has weakened Dorothy's will power, and the dual personality which lurks in every one has become so strong that it is in a little while she goes a long way from her former self to the world as another personage in the body form of Dorothy. This person calls itself Becky, and is fully occupied with Dorothy, whom she hates, whereas Dorothy is not so truly aware of Becky—she does not remember all that Becky may have said and done.

Some of the scenes of the hypnotism are rather gruesome. The cast includes Theodore Roberts, James Neill and Carlyle Blackwell.

The programme at the Imperial also included the South American Travelogue, and Pathe Weekly, which showed pictures of United States warships, of W. J. Bryan at his winter home, and many views of President Wilson, also most fetching scenes from the opening of the new Keith house, the Theatre St. Denis, situated on St. Denis street, about a block and a half off St. Catherine's. The opening of the theatre was a most elaborate affair. Metey's great Yall Yall production "The Woman Pays" was the feature picture along with Pathe colored views of Holland, the Pathe Weekly, etc. On Sunday the V. L. S. feature "Keaney Square" was the bill—a magnificent five-reeler with Antonio Moreno and other stars. The Theatre St. Denis is the largest, most costly and finest of entertainment in Canada. It seats 3,000 people, possesses a monster Hop-Jones Unit Orchestra of 67 instruments, and is a lovely structure of white marble, brass, concrete and exquisite decorative scheme. French is the official language in this house, the titles on the pictures being bilingual.

ALICE FAIRWEATHER.
"THE DRIFTER," DRAMA OF THE GAMBLING EVIL
Starring Lucille Taft and Alexander Gaden, at the Lyric Theatre, with Wood and Manderville in Some Late Ideas in Vaudeville.

A plot which holds the interest from start to finish, and vigorous delineation of character, make "The Drifter" conspicuous among the photo-plays of the hour. This masterpiece was shown at the Lyric Theatre yesterday. It is a production of the Gamblers Company with Lucille Taft and Alexander Gaden in the leads. John B. Clymer is the author. Miss Taft, a fascinating Southern girl, plays Pathy Ellis. In the opening chapter she is simply a very sweet, lovable young girl, but the closing act reveals her as a woman, loyal and courageous. Upon her self control and silence depends the regeneration of "The Drifter" whom she has loved and trusted despite everything. Mr. Gaden's capacity for dramatic psychological contrasts is a faculty which chiefly has made

possible his remarkable interpretation of the title role. "The Drifter" is supposed to be an idealist, whose character is undermined by a single vice, the passion for gambling. In him the call to preach the Gospel struggles with the lure of the gambling table. He loses faith in his better nature and chooses the wayward path. Years later on a railroad train, bound for the other end of nowhere, like the lucky number on the last desperate toss of the dice, a fighting chance for "The Drifter's" manhood turns up. Just how Pathe plays this trump card won't be the telling of it, but the enjoyment of seeing her on the last desperate toss of the dice, a fighting chance for "The Drifter's" manhood turns up. Just how Pathe plays this trump card won't be the telling of it, but the enjoyment of seeing her on the last desperate toss of the dice, a fighting chance for "The Drifter's" manhood turns up.

The dual personality idea seems to be quite the vogue in pictorial presentations these days. What with "The Strange Case of Judge Legarde," "Out of the Darkness," and now "The Case of Becky," this "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" sort of play seems to be quite the thing. The idea is interesting to be sure, but it's a theme which has been used so often and so long that it is almost worn out. Yesterday the Blanche Sweet interpretation of the good Becky and the bad Becky was artistic, but—

Marcella Spencer is the Imperial's new comer in the singing department next week. She is holding forth at the Imperial, Montreal, just at present. Miss Spencer is a sweet little morsel of humanity with a voice like a bird. She dresses daintily and displays a wealth of songs that will surely make the mouths of the St. John girls water. She makes a specialty of staid costume-numbers, such as 1864 period, Japanese, Chinese, etc. In the Montreal house the New York little lady has made a profound impression.

W. H. Golding, manager of the Imperial Theatre, returned from Montreal yesterday where he was attending the opening of the new Keith house, the Theatre St. Denis, situated on St. Denis street, about a block and a half off St. Catherine's. The opening of the theatre was a most elaborate affair. Metey's great Yall Yall production "The Woman Pays" was the feature picture along with Pathe colored views of Holland, the Pathe Weekly, etc. On Sunday the V. L. S. feature "Keaney Square" was the bill—a magnificent five-reeler with Antonio Moreno and other stars. The Theatre St. Denis is the largest, most costly and finest of entertainment in Canada. It seats 3,000 people, possesses a monster Hop-Jones Unit Orchestra of 67 instruments, and is a lovely structure of white marble, brass, concrete and exquisite decorative scheme. French is the official language in this house, the titles on the pictures being bilingual.

Major Powers Heard From.
A letter received yesterday from Major Thomas E. Powers stated that he had been in St. John, N. B., for an attack of diphtheria but that he had fully recovered and had gone back to the front. Mrs. Powers leaves this week for the old country to visit her husband.

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"THE PHANTOM WITNESS" AT THE UNIQUE YESTERDAY.
Gave Much Pleasure To Large Audiences—The Mutual Weekly.

Headed by Katherine Adams and Edwin Shirley the Thanthouser Company presented a stirring three-reel drama at the Unique Theatre yesterday as the feature on the opening program for the week. As the title indicates the story is of the mysterious type, dealing with the efforts of a young lawyer to bring a criminal to justice. Both prisoner and accused are subject to tricks of the brain that confure up a vision of the murdered man, and this vision is instrumental in having the accused make a confession. One of the big scenes of the play is the court room where the trial takes place. The acting of Mr. Gaden, as the lawyer, is representative of the best in the art of pantomime, while Miss Adams gives him excellent support in her portrayal of the young girl who was more sinned against than sinning. The entire production is characterized by that detail that has made the Thanthouser Company a byword in the best pictures as being one of the best producing companies in America.

The Mutual Weekly was lost in coming from Montreal and in its place was a screaming Yogan comedy, "Sammy's Doubtful Romance." This features the renowned impersonator, Sammy Buras, and pictures his adventures in a bakery. Wednesday's "The Diamond From The Sky" will be the principal feature, and Mr. Harold Lockwood will be seen in the American drama, The Tragic Circle.

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WITH THE MA THE STANDARD A STORY

Days of Torture and Nights of Horror—Munsters and Their Charge Ullpoll—Twenty Yards of Certain Toll it Took—One of the Battles in History.

By Lieutenant Commander Joseph Wedgwood, M.P., D.S.O.

Thin as my neck in the straits, and there are many men in England would give £1,000 for it," said the Hon. Arthur Coke as he fixed on the site for his main-casement on the forecastle of the River Clyde. They were to be a grim sort of stalls, and cost him his life, but it cheered up the mechanics who had volunteered to go on the forlorn hope on the "Wooden Horse of Troy"; they had been rather depressed by the unexpectedly touching farewells of their friends on the transport who had not volunteered. This old tramp of a man, the "Wooden Horse of Troy," they had been rather depressed by the unexpectedly touching farewells of their friends on the transport who had not volunteered. This old tramp of a man, the "Wooden Horse of Troy," they had been rather depressed by the unexpectedly touching farewells of their friends on the transport who had not volunteered.

When they charged from the Wooden Horse. From the new large ports on the lower deck they ran along gangways to the bows, then over gangways to a spit of rock twenty yards from the shore, and there they were sheltered. I think this was more terrible. In the first rush none got alive to land; and they reported that they were all dead. There was no room on the rocks; there was no room on the lighters and boats; they were so covered with dead and dying. One of mine officers was killed by General Napier and his Brigade-Major. Would they ever get to the end of the lighter and jump into the sheltering water? No; side by side they lay on the rocks, and they were all dead. For one moment they thought they might be taking cover; then their legs slid out and they rolled over.

It was the Munsters that charged first on the rocks, and they were on their caps; then the Dublins, the Wests, the Hampshires. Lying on the beach, on the rocks, on the lighters, they cried "God bless God, God bless God!" I looked ashore I saw five Munsters. They at some moment had got ashore; they had been told off to cut the wire entanglements; they charged left the shelter of the rocks, and they lay in a row at two yards interval. One could hardly believe them dead. All the time they were doing a killing in the puffed holes. These shells were fired from Asia, but it was the maxims and pom-poms in Sedder Bay and on the spit of rock below the works and boiler plant. There now was Midshipman Drury swimming to the lighter which had broken loose with a line in his mouth which kept him afloat. If ever a boy deserved his V.C. that lad did. And there was the captain of the River Clyde, now no longer a ship to the beach of God's second lot, but another of my men had been before him, and he had died in, without leave, being a Single-Taxer from Glasgow. He was through the air, and he was dead. The Turks could easily have killed all those who went to the wounded. They did not fire on them sometimes for ten minutes, and then a burst of five would come. The and afterwards I saw found them extraordinarily merciful

LYRIC
Yesterday's audiences our best advertisements today. The feature made an instantaneous hit. It is one of the best.

"THE DRIFTER"

MR. ALEXANDER GADEN in the dual role of the minister and the gambler.

MISS LUCILLE TAFT as the simple country girl, supported by an all star cast.

Big Moral Drama in 5 Acts.
Horse Race Scenes, Train Wreck.

THU, FRI, SAT.
RYAN & HAZARD
The Metropolitan Boys and All Star Picture Program.

He Feels Like a Young Fellow

WHY MANITOBA MAN PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

After Experimenting With Other Medicines Max Hanjook found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the Cure That He Sought.

Pleasant Home, Man., Mar. 6th—(Special)—Max Hanjook, a well known resident of this place, who after an extended period of ill-health is feeling strong and hearty again, is spreading broadcast the good news that he found a new lease of youth in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I tried all kinds of other pills, but they didn't help me very much," Mr. Hanjook says. "But Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me feel like a young fellow again. I want everybody to know that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me everything that has been claimed for them."

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A Lasky-Belasco Production at IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Blanche Sweet, Theodore Roberts, James Neill and Carlyle Blackwell
IN EDWARD LOCKE'S STORY
"THE CASE OF BECKY"

A Story of Pre-Natalism and Hypnotism Thrillingly Told—One of the Strongest of All Belasco's Plays

SOUTH AMERICAN TRAVELOGUES
Only Three More Weeks of This Series

PATHE'S WEEKLY NEWS
Madame Olive Timmons and Orchestra

PERSONAL.
Mrs. William Currie (Miss Ruby Roy) will receive for the first time since her marriage on Friday, March 10th, at her home, 22 Crown street, and afterwards on the second Wednesday of each month.

Theatres
May
The Picture Game
Favorites and What

...his remarkable interpretation of the rôle of "The Drifter" is supposed to be an idealist whose character is undermined by a single vice, the passion for gambling. In him the call of the Ganges, the lure of the roulette, the lure of the gambling table. He sees faith in his better nature and chooses the wayward path. Years later on a railroad train, bound for the "end of nowhere," like the lucky number on the last desperate toss of the dice, a fighting chance for "The Drifter's" manhood turns up. Just how Fate plays its trump card would be in the telling of it, spot the enjoyment of seeing it for oneself. However, "The Drifter" dons the cloth of the minstrel, he preaches the Gospel and when himself becomes converted, he promises to leave a trail of goodness in his path when suddenly one of his former associates, a woman of the world, makes her appearance with the threat that unless he promises to back her up on bets for the next race she will disclose his identity. She doesn't, and why she doesn't is another point in the picture that the telling would spoil. This bare outline of the plot doesn't do it justice by any means, neither does space permit us to elaborate upon some of the really wonderful scenes presented, notable among which are the race scenes, wherein one of the most interesting horse races that has ever been shown on the screen is depicted. "The Drifter" is a truly remarkable picture. No less enjoyable was the vaudeville act of Wood and Manderville. Their offering contains all the elements of successful entertainment. Their cross fire talk, dances and songs were much above the ordinary. Ryan and Hazard, the boys with the metropolitan ideas, will be the attraction for the last half of the week.

"THE PHANTOM WITNESS" AT THE UNIQUE YESTERDAY.

Gave Much Pleasure To Large Audiences—The Mutual Weekly.
Headed by Katherine Adams and Edwin Hribley the Thanhouser Company presented a stirring three-act drama at the Unique Theatre yesterday as the feature on the opening program for the week. The picture indicates the story of the mysterious type, dealing with the efforts of a young lawyer to bring a criminal to justice. Both prisoner and accuser are subject to tricks of the brain that confound a vision of the murdered girl, and this vision is instrumental in having the accused make a confession. One of the big scenes of the play is in the court room where the trial takes place. The acting of Mr. Gaden, as the lawyer, is representative of the best in the art of pantomime, while Miss Adams gives him excellent support in her portrayal of the young girl who was more sinned against than sinning. The entire production is characterized by that detail that has made the Thanhouser Company a byword in motion pictures as being one of the best producing companies in America.

Major Powers Heard From.

A letter received yesterday from Major Thomas E. Powers stated that he had been ill in No. 7 Hospital, but had fully recovered and had gone back to the front. Mr. Powers leaves this week for the old country to visit his husband.

Production at THEATRE TODAY

Roberts, James Neill
le Blackwell
LOCKE'S STORY

"OF BECKY"

and Hypnotism Thrillingly
the Strongest of All
o's Plays

AN TRAVELOGUES

Weeks of This Series
WEEKLY NEWS
Symphony and Orchestra

WITH THE MACHINE GUNS IN
THE LANDING AT SEDDEL BAHR
A STORY OF BRITISH HEROISM

Days of Torture and Nights of Horror — The Gallant
Munsters and Their Charge Up the Hills of Gallipoll—Twenty Yards of Certain Death and the
Toll it Took—One of the Battles Which Will Live
in History.

By Lieutenant Commander Josiah
Wedgwood, M.P., D.S.O.

This is my seat in the stalls, and there are many men in England who would give £1,000 for it, said the Hon. Arthur Coke as he fixed on the seat for his maximum-casement on the fort-castle of the River Clyde. They were to be a grim sort of stalls, and cost him his life, but he cheered up the mechanics who had volunteered to go to the front. They had been rather depressed by the unexpectedly touching farewells of their friends on the transport who had not volunteered. This old tramp steamer was commanded by a dunt-out half-pay captain who dreamed of Liverpool, a middle-aged Adonis-like beauty from the merchant marine, and an engineer named by the River Plate, who would describe to us with unnecessary zest how he was going to get two extra knots out of the old tub to "boost" her ashore by sitting on the main valve. Meanwhile our mechanics built casemates, armed her with maximum guns, and lined her bridges with boiler plate and leaky sand-bags.

On a flawless Sunday morning, as the mist rose from the semi-circle of the bay, we ran ashore 400 yards from the medieval castle of Seddel Bahr. I never noticed the grounding for the horror in the water, on the beach. Five tons of five bolts each, loaded with men, were going ashore long since of us. One moment it had been early morning in a peaceful country, with thoughts of sunsets of cows and sheep and milk; and the next, while the boats were just twenty yards from the shore, the blue sea round each boat was turning red. Is there anything more horrible than to see men wading through water waist-high under a heavy fire? You see where each bullet hits the water, which, like a nightmare, holds back the man for the next shot, which will not miss. Of all those brave men two-thirds dead, and hardly a dozen reached unscathed the shelter of the five-foot sand-dune.

Then they charged from the Wood on Hore. From the new large ports on the lower deck they ran along gaunt ways to the bows, then over three-hundred yards over the rocks, and there they were sheltered. I think this was more terrible. In the first rush none got alive to land; and they repeated their rushes all day. There was no room on the rocks; there was no room on the lighters and boats; they were so covered with dead and dying. A dash about nine o'clock was led by General Napier and his Brigade-Major. Would they ever get to the end of the lighter and jump into the sheltering water? No; side by side they sat down on the machine gun. For one moment one thought they might be taking cover; then their legs slid out and they rolled over.

It was the Munsters that charged first, with a sprig of shamrock on their caps; then the Dublins, the Worcesters, the Hampshire. Lying on the beach, on the rocks, on the lighters, they cried on the Mother of God. Ever when I looked ashore I saw five Munsters. They at one moment had got ashore; they had been told off to the wire entanglements; they had left the shelter of the bank, charged fifteen yards to the wire, and there they lay in a row at two yards interval. One could hardly believe them dead. All the time great shells kept hitting the shivering ship and doing slaughter in the packed holds. These shells were fired from Asia, but it was the maxims and pom-poms in Seddel Bahr and on the amphitheatre that kept our heads down below the bulwarks and boiler plate. There now was Midshipman Drury swimming to the lighter which had broken loose, with a line in his mouth and a wound in his head. If ever a boy deserved his V.C. that lad did. And there was the captain of the River Clyde, now no longer a ship to be stuck but a part for ever of Gallipoll, alone with a boat by the spit of rock, trying to lift in the wounded under fire.

All these things I saw as in a dream as I moved from casemate to casemate, watching to see Turks, wearing an "Election smile," and trying to pretend in an even voice to men who had never seen death that this was the best of all possible worlds. Col. Sims of smoke rose from the castle and town of Seddel Bahr as the great shells from the fleet passed over our heads and burst; and in every lull we heard the wailing.

I looked at the Commander on the spit of rock trying to lift in the wounded, and every splash by his side meant a bullet. The Colonel, the second in command, was shot through the head on the beach. One of my men came to me: "May I go over and help get in those wounded?" "Why?" I said when Crane's of the man who went across the shell-swept field to get a drink because he was "dared to" by his companions. "I can't stand hearing them crying." He went with the second lot, but another of my men had been before him, and he had died in, without leave, being a single-Taxer from Glasgow. He was through the stomach but lives. The Turks could easily have killed all those who went to the wounded. They did not fire on them sometimes for ten minutes, and then a burst of fire would come. Then, and afterwards I found them extraordinarily merciful.

As compared with the Germans in
Flanders.

At twelve I had given up all hope; one gun on the ridge, and we should be smashed to pieces. At one o'clock I got 20,000 more rounds from the fleet, and the Lancashires were appearing over the ridge to the left from the Lancashire Landing. We saw five men in a window in the castle on the right by the water. They signalled that they were all that remained of the Dublins who had landed at the Chamber at Seddel Bahr. At three o'clock we got 150 men alive to shore, and great chunks were flying out of the old castle as the "15" shells from the Elizabeth plastered the ten-foot walls. We watched our men working to the right and up into the castle ruins—at each corner the officer crouching in front with revolver in hand. One watched them through the fire zone, and held one's breath and pressed the button of the maxim.

Then night came, but a house in Seddel Bahr was burning brightly, and men were a full moon. We disembarked men at once. All around the wounded cried for help and shelter against the bullets, but there was no room on boats or gangway for anything but the men to come to shore. For three hours I stood at the end of the rocks up to my waist in water, my legs jammed between dead men, and helped men from the last boat to the rocks. Every man who landed that night jumped on to the backs of dead men, to the most horrible accompaniment in the world. It was then that I first heard the shout of "Allah" for the Turks charged. All night long the battle raged. On shore everyone was firing at they knew not what. Our men went up the hill through the Turkish trenches, and down through ours to the beach. Over and past each other they went, sometimes not seeing, sometimes glad to pass on in the darkness. One party of our men went to the beach, and down through ours to the beach. Over and past each other they went, sometimes not seeing, sometimes glad to pass on in the darkness. One party of our men went to the beach, and down through ours to the beach.

As I stopped leaning up against "the leaning tower wall," while someone else was peering through a spy-hole, I became aware of a sort of rabbit-hole below me. The inmate, with the usual quiet Canadian hospitality, offered me the freedom of his dwelling. He could not receive the whole of his guest; there was not room for that. I considered the invitation an extension to my need, and that content enough to see and appreciate the whole of the Dutch interior. The owner sat low before a tiny stove, and he held in his hand a well-thumbed shaving brush. His cheeriness, conspicuous even in this cheery group, was due perhaps to the prospect of a clean shave, as the preface to a savory lunch, whose fumes already made a pleasant accompaniment to the toilet.

Men's Lively Spirit.

It is difficult at such a moment to understand and feel the hardship and danger of this daily warfare. The men make you forget it, so natural and jolly they are, though each is in some sense "suppositus cerneridibus" (a paraphrase of Horace, who was thinking of the "beneath the treacherous lava crust") is trading on a mine. Everyone looks at home. From the next dugout I pass came the gay whistle of "Susanne, Susanne, we love you to a man." On the back wall at the traverse there is a little hand-made weather-cock, such as you see in a village garden at home. Who would ever have thought that it was put up to indicate the winds, favorable to a Hun gas attack?

COULD NOT BEND DOWN
COULD NOT WALK STRAIGHT
BACK WAS SO BAD.

The bad back comes from the kidneys, and unless the kidneys are carefully watched and properly regulated many serious troubles may follow. Doan's Kidney Pills will cure all forms of kidney trouble, and cure the kidneys so that they will stay cured. Mr. J. A. Leblond, Dauphin, Man., writes: "It is my pleasure to write you in regard to Doan's Kidney Pills which I have been using for some time. My kidney trouble, which used to affect my back so that at times I could not bend down nor could I walk straight. I learned about your pills from your Almanac, and I bless the happy hour I thought of buying this medicine. One time a druggist persuaded me to buy a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, saying they were just as good, in fact he guaranteed they were. I yielded to his advice, and what was the result? I had bearing down pains in my back for two days, so I took the balance of the pills, and the druggist told him to give me Doan's Kidney Pills as they would stop the pain in twelve hours at the outside. He told me he was sorry I did not use more of the pills, and lengthen the time to await results. I told him there was no need of waiting with Doan's Pills; they go right to the spot. No substitute for me." Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25. See that our trade mark, "The Maple Leaf," is printed on both the label and wrapper. Doan's are manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of John Duplal was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of his brother, 42 Charles street. Rev. Gordon Dickie conducted the services. Interment was in Fernhill.

ESPECIALLY FOR
WOMEN

"Fruit-a-tives" Now Known as
Woman's Best Medicine

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," the famous fruit medicine is particularly well suited for the use of women, because of its mild and gentle action and its pleasant taste.

In severe cases of Constipation, Indigestion, Bloating, Stomach Headaches, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia or a General Run-Down, the use of "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine needed to correct such troubles and restore the sufferer to complete health.

As a tonic, "Fruit-a-tives" is invaluable to purify and enrich the blood and build up strength and vigor.

At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ONE SNIPER
PICKED OFF
31 OF ENEMY

Two French rifles dug up yesterday morning about ten miles to the west of a year ago. The place is fairly deep in the crust of form of war record. Here and there, in the area of the trench and at its edges, rough circles and crosses mark the burial spot of the often nameless dead. And you may see more direct evidence than this. Now can the most buoyant talk quite avoid the tale of losses and deaths, and great thinkers are distinct on the retina. In spite of all no one is less morbid than the man who fights daily. He thinks first and last of his job, and great thinkers have reached no sounder philosophy or source of comfort.

The day was remaining quiet as well as thick. The mist, now turned to rain, seemed to have blanketed the anatomy of guns and grenades, all excepting the rifle of the sniper. And sniping, the most interesting occupation, is also the favorite of trench conversation, as may easily be understood. In this very trench a single sniper had just earned a few days' leave after killing his thirty-first German. They were all with detailed notebooks as entertainers with details. Some, of course, were just lucky shots.

The New "Canada."
Many are the tales of the skill of one particular German sniper. His prowess was even shown in the fact as if he were a recognized attraction of the locality. "Just you watch him," a man would say, and thereupon raise a tin on a stick. Before the visitor was well aware of what was being done, the tin rattled and flew off the stick to the other side of the trench.

DOAN'S
KIDNEY
PILLS

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre to Hair.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost overnight if you'll get a 50-cent bottle of "Weyth's" SAGE and Sulphur Compound at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually. It says a well-known druggist here, before application of the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

Simple Way To
End Dandruff

There is one sure way that has never failed to remove dandruff at once, and that is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, common liquid arvon from any drug store (this is all you will need), apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely destroy every single sign or trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find all itching and tingling of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

TENNYSON SMITH HOLDS
CAMPAIGN AT NORTON

Mr. Tennyson Smith commenced a four-day temperance campaign in the Temperance Hall, Norton, on Sunday, two splendid meetings being held in the afternoon and evening respectively.

The Rev. Mr. Stavert, Presbyterian minister, presided in the evening and referred to the war in Europe and said that we had also a great war in Canada against the greatest enemy of the nation—strong drink, and that the temperance people of Norton had secured one of the most prominent and successful of temperance generals to lead the fight—Mr. E. Tennyson Smith, whom he then introduced to the audience.

Mr. Tennyson Smith thrilled his hearers by the graphic depiction of the evils of drink drawn from his varied experiences on many parts of the world, and that his address impressed the audience was evidenced by the fact that twenty-two persons

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By mail 18c extra for each book for postage and packing.

Get Your Book Now
and sing tonight at home the dear old melodies of days gone by.

When You and I Were Young, Maggie

The old couple who have made the journey of life together, hand in hand; who have bowed their heads to the tempest, and bared them to the sunshine; who have been one through all their joys and sorrows.

As they sit together tonight—alone by the fireside—all but one of the fledglings flown from the home nest—what "thoughts too deep for tears" are theirs!

The words and music of this tender old song illustrate beautifully its matchless sentiment:

"But to me you're as fair as you were,
Maggie, when you and I were young."



Look for HEART SONGS COUPON with music border published elsewhere in today's paper

signed the pledge publicly in the afternoon and twenty-three in the evening. The chairman urged the people not to miss the evening of dramatic recitals on Wednesday evening, which the campaign will close. Mr. Tennyson Smith will open a campaign in Hampton on Thursday. The lecturer has for some time past been engaged as the principal speaker at the annual meetings of the Dominion Alliance in Montreal on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, March 13th, 20th and 21st, and other meetings are to be held in the city until the 27th.

Learned From a Sample
Nineteen Years Ago

That He Could Depend on Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to Cure Many of the Common Ills of Life.

Living eighteen miles from a drug store Mr. Carr found it necessary to keep in the house some treatment to regulate the action of liver, kidneys and bowels.

To the habit of keeping these important organs active by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, when required, he attributes the good health of his large family.

Here, surely, is evidence of the value of these Pills as a family medicine to protect the members of the family from the common ills so many of which arise from constipation of the bowels and torpid condition of the liver and kidneys.

Mr. James Carr, Maynooth, Ont., writes: "About 19 years ago I received an envelope containing two of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I was doctoring at the time with two doctors, and as they did me no good I used the Pills, and by the time I had

finished one box I was cured of the pain in the back and shoulders.

"We have great confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicines. I have a family of ten children and have never had a doctor in the house for any of them. We live eighteen miles from a drug store and find that these Pills cure nearly all the ordinary ills by regulating the liver, kidneys and bowels. That we are all well and sound I attribute to their use and I have recommended them to hundreds and given away many a box because I believe there is no medicine so good."

By awakening the action of liver, kidneys and bowels Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cleanse the system of poisons and remove the cause of biliousness, headaches, backache, lumbago, kidney disease and rheumatism. One pill a dose, 2c cents a box, all dealers or Edmanee, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1916.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H.M. The King TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THE VERDUN OFFENSIVE.

Despatches last night indicated that the fighting in the vicinity of Verdun had reached the stage where the defending French armies are confident that the Germans will be unable to penetrate their lines and attack the city. The violence of the fighting during the earlier days of the movement has somewhat subsided and artillery exchanges have featured the campaign in that area.

In the present movement the Germans have succeeded in coming nearer to Verdun than at any time since the battle of the Marne and some of the outer defences and villages have fallen into the enemy's hands. But the cost of the attack has been terribly heavy, more severe in fact than in any fighting on the western front since the Allies' brief offensive of last Autumn.

To maintain the offensive has been a great strain on the German forces and the fact that they accepted such a campaign, with full knowledge of the strength of the Verdun positions, and of the defended areas between that city and Paris, leads reviewers in London and the French capital to express the opinion that the action had more than military significance.

That Canadian members of parliament, assembled in the law making councils of the nation, should spend several hours calmly discussing the question of prohibition of the liquor traffic for the Dominion of Canada is, in itself, a striking evidence of the attention now being directed to this very debatable subject. There are differences of opinion as to the practical value of a prohibitory law. There always will be such differences. Many prominent men have gone on record in favor of absolute prohibition and many are also to be found who oppose it. But it would be folly even for those most interested in the liquor traffic to contend that opposition to it is not making headway.

Already it has attracted much attention in the Canadian provinces and it is likely that it will become more and more a public issue as time goes on. In the Province of New Brunswick, the government, at the request of a very strong representation of prohibition advocates, has promised to introduce at the coming session of the legislature a measure which will give the people of the province the opportunity of registering their opinion on the question and it is now admitted that the majority will be largely in favor of the elimination of the licensed saloon.

There will, of course, be a campaign by advocates and opponents of prohibition and indications are already at hand to show that it will be a lively one. During that campaign statements are likely to be made by both sides which will be neither logical nor capable of proof but it is to be hoped that the principle of common sense and reason will dominate the situation and the province will be spared the extremes of either party.

In countries more vitally affected by the world war than Canada can ever be, measures of limitation, or even of prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor have been enacted and enforced. Advocates of prohibition claim the enforcement has been successful, certainly, in the case of Russia at least, it has proven remarkably beneficial in increasing the efficiency and productiveness of the nation. Opponents of prohibition contend that any legislation which will vote the licensed saloon out of existence tends to the illegal manufacture and sale of liquor. St. John has already had some evidence that there is a measure of truth in that contention. The decision to prohibit the sale of liquor to soldiers in uniform has driven the khaki clad men out of the saloons but has also caused a temporary boom in the questionable industry of "boot-legging." Reasonable men will not deny this, especially as it can be proven true by the accounts of cases in the local police court. Even admitting that there has been more or less "boot-legging" in this city during the past few months it is reasonable to believe that the problem is only temporary, and, like other apparently vexatious questions, will solve itself in time.

The fact that cannot be overlooked, however, is that there is a great and

growing opinion among the Canadian people that, for the period of the war, at any rate, this country would be as well off without a legalized liquor traffic. And when a sufficient number of people decide upon and demand any course of action, or any legislative enactment, from their elected representatives they generally get what they desire. As for the enforcement of a prohibitory measure, that, too, is in the hands of the people themselves. If they really want to banish the bar they can speedily find a way to give effect to their wishes. Meanwhile it is well to remember that the saloon keeper is engaged in a legalized business and entitled to the protection he can fairly claim.

Whether the view of the Guardian, or that of the writers who believe Germany is ready for peace, more correctly represents the situation, Canadians are unable to determine but there should be no disposition to underestimate the seriousness of the situation. It must be recognized at once that an enemy which, after nineteen months of hard fighting, is still able to prosecute with some success a movement so comprehensive and so costly as the attack against Verdun, is far from beaten. To win from Germany the victory so necessary for the future peace of the world and the well being of the British Empire, will require a much greater outpouring of men and money than has yet taken place.

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.

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The Kaiser's Dream

Nursing Sister Miss Georgia McKenzie, who has been at work in France for a number of months, but who is now in Broadwater Hospital, Ipswich, England, writes an interesting letter to a friend in St. John. Miss McKenzie also sends the following poem:

There's a story now current, Though strange it may seem, Of the great Kaiser Bill, And his wonderful dream. Being tired of the Allies, He lay down in bed, And amongst other things, He dreamt he was dead; And in a fine coffin He was lying in state, With a guard of brave Belgians Who mourned his fate. On leaving the earth To Heaven he went straight, And, on arriving up there, Gave a knock at the gate. But St. Peter looked out, And in a voice loud and clear, Said, "Begone, Kaiser Bill, We don't want you here."

"Well," said the Kaiser, "that is very unkind. I suppose after this I must go to the devil." So he turned on his heel and off he did go. At the top of his speed to the regions below, But when he got there he was fulfilled with dismay. When waiting outside he heard Old Nick say, "To his imp, 'Now look here, boys, I give you a warning. I'm expecting the Kaiser down here in the morning. But don't let him in, for to me it's quite clear. He's a very bad man and we don't want him here. If once he gets in there'll be no end of quarrels, in fact, I'm afraid he'll corrupt our good morals here. 'Oh Satan, dear friend,' the Kaiser then cried, 'Excuse me for listening while waiting outside, if you don't admit me, where can I go?' 'Indeed,' said the Devil, 'I really don't know.' 'Oh do let me in, I am feeling quite cold.' Said the Kaiser quite anxious to enter Nick's fold, 'Let me sit in a corner, no matter how hot.' 'No,' said the Devil, 'most certainly not. We don't admit people for riches or for gold. There are sulphur and matches, make a hell for yourself.' Then he kicked William out, and he vanished in smoke, And just at that moment the Kaiser awoke. He jumped out of bed, In a shivering sweat, And said, 'Well, that dream I shall never forget. I know very well, But his really too bad To be kicked out of hell.'

Hiding From The Enemy

No one will ever know the awful horrors through which some of the regiments engaged in the Dardanelles expedition had to pass. The 5th Wiltshires were cut up very badly at Chunuk Bahr. A party of seven became separated from their regiment, and in consequence had to remain for fifteen days within the enemy's lines. Fortunately Private Head was with them to keep their spirits up. He was a brave, stout, and whom nothing seemed to dismay. He and his comrades hid themselves as best they could from the enemy, several of them, including Head himself, being wounded. The worst problem was food. Each man had nothing but the remnants of his rations, and even by eking these out with the greatest care they were gone all too soon. When the situation became desperate, Private Head had an idea. A number of dead were lying within sight—possibly on them he might be able to find something to eat. Wounded though he was, he started crawling towards the nearest bodies. The Turks evidently noticed a movement, and the snipers got to work. But Head "stiffened" until the light decreased, and then continued his crawl. An unpleasant task it was, searching the dead; but it was no use being squeamish when there were wounded men crying out for food. A fair supply—though not much to satisfy seven hungry soldiers rewarded Head's search. Filling his pockets with his booty, the private started stealthily to crawl back to where his comrades lay hidden. The Turks somehow were still suspicious of the bodies, which had been lying out for several days, and a star shell was sent up, revealing Head crawling along. Quick as a flash he lay at full length but not before a Turkish bullet had inflicted a nasty wound. Finding it up as best he could, Head continued his journey, finally reaching his comrades in a state of exhaustion.

Little Benny's Note Book

I played a good one on my sister Gladdis today, going up to her room while she was looking at herself combing her hair in the mirror, saying, Say, Gladdis, did you no thares 2 letters for you downstares. Why no I dident, its a wonder somebody woodent say sumthing. I never saw such a house, sed Gladdis. Thare down at your place in the dining room, I sed. Bring them up, will you, sed Gladdis. Like fun I will, you dont bring up my letters do you, I sed. O, your uselless, sed Gladdis. Well wat are you, I sed. Wich Gladdis started to go down stares without saying wat she was, me following her, and wen she got in the dining room she sed, Well, ware are they, I dont see any 2 letters. Dont you see those 2 letters for you on the table cloth, I sed. I do not, sed Gladdis. Dont you see those 2 letters, G. P., on the tabl cloth, I sed. Whose bin ricting in led pencil on the tabl cloth, sed Gladdis. Thats the 2 letters, for you, G. P., I sed, aint G. P. for you, aint G. P. for Gladdis Potts. You imbitill, sed Gladdis. And she chased me up stares and I ran in the bath room jest in time and locked the door, and Gladdis waited around outside the door for a wile thinking I wood think she had went away, and as soon as I herd her go up stares I quick ran out and down stares, yelling, G. P., who got stung, G. P.

Two of the telephonists carried the lieutenant back to our firing trench, and were proceeding to take him for treatment. But he would not allow it. "No," he said, "I'll be all right here; you look after the wires. I darseny someone'll come along soon." Reluctantly the two men turned away, knowing that the officer was bound to have a very bad time if his injury were not attended to promptly. Still, they had to obey orders. If he told them to return to duty, they must do so. As Lieutenant Holloway lay helpless in the trench where he had been left, he listened anxiously for the sound of footsteps. The hours dragged slowly along before anyone came near, then it was a party of infantry, preparing to charge the Germans. Their officer would have left a couple of men to look after the young lieutenant, but he refused. "They'll be more use in the charge," he said. "I'll manage all right until the stretcher-bearers come this way." Once more Holloway was left to his pain and loneliness; and it was not until he had lain for sixteen hours absolutely helpless that he was found and carried to the dressing station. His devotion to duty, and his refusal to take men away from what he considered more important work in

Plucky Young Officer

Lieutenant Holloway, an observing officer in the R. F. A., had started out with a party to lay a telephone wire. At that time very heavy firing was taking place, and the young officer had gone only ten yards, when he was wounded in the leg. His wound was not serious, so he continued his work, laying another 300 yards of wire before he was again hurt, his leg this time being fractured. Two of the telephonists carried the lieutenant back to our firing trench, and were proceeding to take him for treatment. But he would not allow it. "No," he said, "I'll be all right here; you look after the wires. I darseny someone'll come along soon." Reluctantly the two men turned away, knowing that the officer was bound to have a very bad time if his injury were not attended to promptly. Still, they had to obey orders. If he told them to return to duty, they must do so. As Lieutenant Holloway lay helpless in the trench where he had been left, he listened anxiously for the sound of footsteps. The hours dragged slowly along before anyone came near, then it was a party of infantry, preparing to charge the Germans. Their officer would have left a couple of men to look after the young lieutenant, but he refused. "They'll be more use in the charge," he said. "I'll manage all right until the stretcher-bearers come this way." Once more Holloway was left to his pain and loneliness; and it was not until he had lain for sixteen hours absolutely helpless that he was found and carried to the dressing station. His devotion to duty, and his refusal to take men away from what he considered more important work in

USE "TIZ" FOR SORE, TIRED, ACHING FEET

No more puffed-up, burning, sweaty, calloused feet or corns. When your feet feel like lumps of lead—all tired out—just try "Tiz." It's brand—it's glorious. Your feet will dance with joy; also you will find all pain gone from corns, callouses and bunions. There's nothing like "Tiz." It's the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up your feet and cause foot torture. Get a 25 cent box of "Tiz" at any drug or department store—don't wait. Ah! how glad your feet get; how comfortable your shoes feel. You can wear shoes a size smaller if you desire. Just take your shoes off and then put those weary, shoe-crinkled, aching, burning, corn-pestered, bunton-tortured feet of yours in a "Tiz" bath. Your toes will wriggle with joy; they'll look up at you and almost talk and then they'll take another dive in that "Tiz" bath. When your feet feel like lumps of lead—all tired out—just try "Tiz." It's brand—it's glorious. Your feet will dance with joy; also you will find all pain gone from corns, callouses and bunions. There's nothing like "Tiz." It's the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up your feet and cause foot torture. Get a 25 cent box of "Tiz" at any drug or department store—don't wait. Ah! how glad your feet get; how comfortable your shoes feel. You can wear shoes a size smaller if you desire.



The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price.

It's a Matter Of Shape

Good sight depends on the shape of the eyeball. Light must be focused on the retina at the back of the eye. If the eyeball lacks as little as one one-hundredth part of an inch of correct shape, difficulties in seeing occur. Almost all eyes fall short in a little detail of sight, though to outward appearance they are perfect. Medicine can not change this condition. A lens before the eye, if accurately fitted, does. When Sharpe's optometrist tests your eyes he measures the focal error and prescribes the lens to correct it. The glasses you get here are the exact lenses your eyes require, being made for you in our shop, from our own test or your oculist's prescription.

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Sawed Sills, Cedar Posts and Blocking, Scantling, Laths, Clapboards Shingles, Refuse Beams.

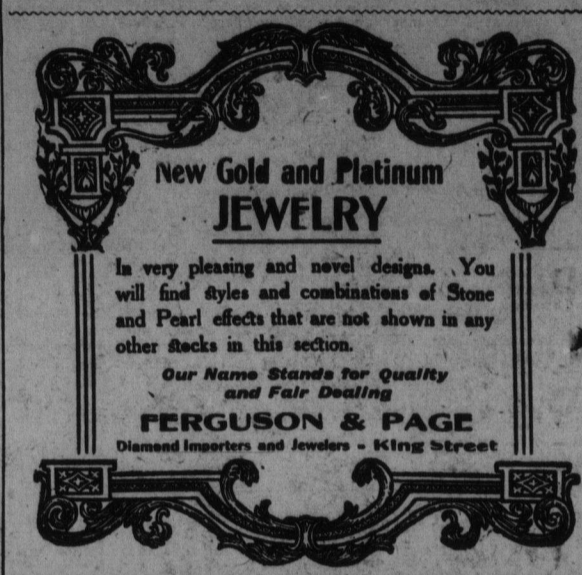
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It has the reputation of nearly a quarter of a century behind every packet sold.

Note Prices—Brown Label, 40c. - Blue Label, 50c. per lb. Red Label, 60c. - Gold Label, 70c. per lb.



New Gold and Platinum JEWELRY

In very pleasing and novel designs. You will find styles and combinations of Stone and Pearl effects that are not shown in any other stocks in this section. Our Name Stands for Quality and Fair Dealing. FERGUSON & PAGE Diamond Importers and Jewellers - King Street

Gillette Blades

It is not worth while to scrape your face off trying to make the old blades do when one new blade costing a little over 8c. will give you from five to twenty perfect shaves.

\$1.00 per dozen .50 half dozen

T. McAVITY & SONS, Ltd. 13 King St.

Printing

We have facilities equal to any printing office in Eastern Canada for the production of high-grade work. Job Printing of all kinds promptly attended to. Phone today Main 1910

Standard Job Printing Co. St. John, N. B.

BALATA BELTING

The Best for Laundries, Dye-Houses and Exposed Situations

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED 64 Prince William St. Phone Main 1121. St. John, N. B.

Total abstinence is a form of fear—and fear is the cause of failure.

Cast out fear and be temperate or moderate in all things. The temperate or moderate man calls for that wonderfully mild and mellow Whisky FOUR CROWN SCOTCH—the most popular Whisky in Canada.

FOSTER & COMPANY

St. John, N. B. Sole Agents for New Brunswick

DUPLEX ENVELOPES FOR 1916

Treasurers of Churches Call and See Our Samples. ENGRAVING & Letterwriting Press PRINTING 3 WATER STREET ST. JOHN, N. B.

Boots \$3.50

Real Comfort Shoes

The time of year is approaching when housewives their annual household. To rob the process of foot suffering we would get a pair of our "COM Shoes. Softest of Black Blucher cut pattern, tip, hand turned Soles, ber heels, cushion insole made on roomy east light, soft and flexible. Truly, they are Comfy

Waterbury & Risk Limited

King St. Main St. Union

Real Comfort Shoes

OUR COMPETITION

For Boys and Splendid Drawing and Painting

Word-Making

As you will seem to enjoy the above decided to let you have another. Make out of the letters in the word PATRIOT in ink, on one side of the paper only, state have managed to get, fill in the above and send in not later than March 31st. To the two kiddies who send me the words as found in any standard dictionary, full story books. Neatness of writing will win, and Uncle Dick's decision must be

STANDARD COMPETITION

For Boys and Girls

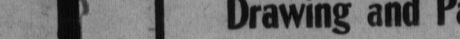
Full Name..... Address..... Age..... Birthday.....

YESTERDAY WITH THE LOCAL SOLDIERS

Yesterday was spent by the men of the 116th in the usual round of duties. It is understood that the band instruments, so kindly donated by James F. Robertson, arrived yesterday and the

GILLET'S LYE

MADE IN CANADA For making soap. For softening water. For removing stains. For disinfecting refrigerators, sinks, closets, drains and for 500 other purposes.



ADA... of nearly century behind... Blue Label, 50c. per lb. Gold Label, 70c. per lb.

Platinum... LRY... novel designs. You combinations of Stone are not shown in any... for Quality Dealing... & PAGE... King Street

Blades... scrape your face off... blades do when one little over 8c. will twenty perfect shaves... er dozen half dozen... S, Ltd. 13 King St.

Printing... to any printing office in production of high-grade... Main 1910... Printing Co. N. B.

BELTING... dries, Dye-Houses... Situations... REN, LIMITED... Main 1121. St. John, N. B.

is a form of fear—and... moderate or moderate man calls mild and mellow Whisky... CH—the most popular... COMPANY... N. B. New Brunswick

Call and See Our Samples... OPES FOR 1916... Press PRINTING... ST. JOHN, N. B.

Boots \$3.50 Real Comfy Shoes Oxfords \$3.00

The time of year is approaching when housewives begin their annual housecleaning. To rob the process of much foot suffering we would suggest a pair of our "COMFORT" Shoes. Softest of Black Vici Kid Blucher out pattern, patent tip, hand turned Soles, rubber heels, cushion insoles and made on roomy easy lasts, light, soft and flexible. Truly, they are Comfy Shoes.

Real Comfy Shoes

Waterbury & Rising Limited King St. Main St. Union St.

Real Comfy Shoes

OUR COMPETITIONS For Boys and Girls Splendid Prizes Drawing and Painting Contest



Above are shown sketches of four animals. To the two kiddies who can paint or draw them best I shall award two beautiful story books. No boy or girl must be more than fifteen years of age, and all entries must reach this office by Wednesday, 6th, accompanied with the usual coupon, filled in, and addressed to: UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Word-Making Contest

As you will seem to enjoy the above contests, so much, I have decided to let you have another. Make as many words as you are able out of the letters in the word PATRIOTIC. Write them neatly out in ink, on one side of the paper only, stating how many words you have managed to get, fill in the above coupon, pin same to your result and send in not later than March 8th, 1916. To the two kiddies who send me in the greatest number of words as found in any standard dictionary, I shall award two beautiful story books. Neatness of writing will be taken into consideration, and Uncle Dick's decision must be considered as final.

UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

STANDARD COMPETITION For Boys and Girls

Form with fields for Full Name, Address, Age, and Birthday.

YESTERDAY WITH THE LOCAL SOLDIERS

Yesterday was spent by the men of the 115th in the usual round of duties. It is understood that the band instruments, so kindly donated by James F. Robertson, arrived yesterday and the men at 4 p. m. today in the Carman street Methodist church.



The report of Capt. Tilley, recruiting officer for the Province of New Brunswick, for the week ending Saturday, March 4th, shows a total for the week of 253. St. John is in the lead with 78, Westmorland second with 45, and Northumberland third with 26. This is a very good showing for the week, there not being a county that did not report at least one. The tabulated returns are as follows:

Table listing recruitment numbers by county: Albert county (1), Madawaska Co. (2), Kings Co. (2), Queens and Sunbury Counties (4), Restigouche Co. (3), Campbellton (3), Dalhousie (3), Kent Co. (3), For 145th Battalion (3), For 165th Battalion (3), Carleton Co. (3), For 104th (3), For 115th (3), For 140th (3), North Co. (17), For 132nd Battalion (20), For 165th Battalion (6), Victoria Co. (14), For 115th Battalion (14), For 140th Battalion (8), Charlotte Co. (14), For 115th Battalion (14), For Dr. Signaller (1), For Composite Reg. (1).

SIGNALLER SWETKA WRITES OF LIFE WITH THE FIGHTING 26TH

Aeroplane Flights So Common Leads Scarcely Take Second Look at Them—A Game of Bridge in the Trenches on Valentine's Day.

Signalier Wm. J. Swetka of the "Fighting 26th," writes from "somewhere in Belgium," to his sister, Eva, gives the following account of how he is making out at the front, what he is doing and what he is seeing while on and off duty: Feb. 3—I am on duty at the "phone, 10.45 p. m. It rained very hard early in the morning but has stopped now. Just took a message from headquarters and sent the orderly with it. I am waiting for him to come back to send to headquarters the answer to the message he will bring back. Have a great fire going here and had to open tent flaps it was so hot. Aeroplanes were busy today. I saw them in pairs, singly and as many as seven together. Feb. 11—1.12 a. m. We came up to another six days turn and on duty in the trenches yesterday afternoon for ten letters also a pair of wristlets. In some of the letters received a number of clippings, some of which are very interesting. The same day Glass and I got a pass to go across the border to a city in France. We looked around the place and while there saw a couple of aeroplanes alighting. We went to a concert in the afternoon in the Church of England, which consisted of motion pictures, a clarinet solo, a couple of recitations in the form of a sketch and a magician who gave a short exhibition. Music was supplied by the 49th Canadian Band. While there I was surprised to recognize Bert Haines on the stage. He is with the 10th Battalion and has now got a permanent job as stage electrician, etc., in the concert hall. It is run by the soldiers. I met Leslie McLellan after that. He had just seen down from see Arthur Myers' grave, also Bert Sealy's, who were killed in the 26th. As time was limited could not go and see graves but expect to get down later. We bear all sorts of rumors out here as to how we are going to be shifted about. We hear the 55th was coming in with us and then we heard differently. If the 55th comes with us I will enquire for Fred Wallace. Feb. 14—It is just 3.45 a. m. and I am going to write a letter to you to keep from falling asleep on duty. There are no messages coming or going over the wire and it is very quiet, only an occasional rifle shot being shifted about. We hear the 55th was coming in with us and then we heard differently. If the 55th comes with us I will enquire for Fred Wallace.

Feb. 20—This is Sunday morning, 9.45 o'clock and a lovely morning for a change, sun is shining brightly. We were in the trenches we were shelled pretty badly and one of our telephone disjuncts was struck, as you will know before this, poor Jack Johnston was killed and Egbert Robertson had one foot blown off and the other leg shattered. He tried after having his foot blown off to get communication, although suffering very much and while being carried out didn't make a murmur but talked to the fellows as if nothing had happened. He is recommended, I believe, for the D.C.M., as also is the stretcher bearer who went out in daylight under heavy shell fire to bring him out. Officers made some splendid statements regarding Egbert's pluck, etc. Got a pass yesterday, Glass and I, and went across the border to France where he is in No. 2 casualty clearing hospital. They told us at the hospital he was taken that morning to the station to be sent down to the coast to be sent to England. When we got to the station we made enquiries and had a serpent and several others of the Red Cross go through the train but it proved to be another soldier. So we went back to the hospital and found Egbert. He was in great spirits and glad to see us. He ate his dinner while we were there, good solid food, also smoked a cigarette or two. We stayed until the nurse chased us out. This afternoon we of our aeroplane flew over our lines and were shelled by German air guns but were not hit so far as we could see. A few minutes later several German aeroplanes flew over our lines, and our anti-aircraft guns opened fire on them. We could also hear the machine guns on the aeroplanes firing at each other. It certainly is interesting to watch them, but it is such a common sight now that unless there are several of them at a time we scarcely give them a second thought. What do you think of a game of bridge while in the front trenches? Well, night before last and the night previous, four of the fellows played it in our dugout till after 11 o'clock and the fun of it was they used me as a table. I didn't get much sleep those two nights. Will sleep from 6.15 till 7.15 this morning then breakfast will be ready, after which I will have another snooze before going on duty at 12 noon. Feb. 20—This is Sunday morning, 9.45 o'clock and a lovely morning for a change, sun is shining brightly. We were in the trenches we were shelled pretty badly and one of our telephone disjuncts was struck, as you will know before this, poor Jack Johnston was killed and Egbert Robertson had one foot blown off and the other leg shattered. He tried after having his foot blown off to get communication, although suffering very much and while being carried out didn't make a murmur but talked to the fellows as if nothing had happened. He is recommended, I believe, for the D.C.M., as also is the stretcher bearer who went out in daylight under heavy shell fire to bring him out. Officers made some splendid statements regarding Egbert's pluck, etc. Got a pass yesterday, Glass and I, and went across the border to France where he is in No. 2 casualty clearing hospital. They told us at the hospital he was taken that morning to the station to be sent down to the coast to be sent to England. When we got to the station we made enquiries and had a serpent and several others of the Red Cross go through the train but it proved to be another soldier. So we went back to the hospital and found Egbert. He was in great spirits and glad to see us. He ate his dinner while we were there, good solid food, also smoked a cigarette or two. We stayed until the nurse chased us out. This afternoon we of our aeroplane flew over our lines and were shelled by German air guns but were not hit so far as we could see. A few minutes later several German aeroplanes flew over our lines, and our anti-aircraft guns opened fire on them. We could also hear the machine guns on the aeroplanes firing at each other. It certainly is interesting to watch them, but it is such a common sight now that unless there are several of them at a time we scarcely give them a second thought.

MILITARY "ATHLETIC" SHOW VERY POOR VALUE FOR MONEY

Boxing Matches Last Evening Decidedly Slow and Tiresome—Tug-of-War and Sergeant Knight's Address Only Features of the Show.

About eight hundred men and a few women attended the Opera House last night to witness what had been advertised as "A big military Athletic exhibition, under the auspices of the No. 4 Siege Battery." The net proceeds were to go to the fund for returned soldiers. The cause is a good one, and not one person who paid admission made a kick at their money going to the fund, and no doubt the officers will see that every cent of the net proceeds is handled in that manner, and not a penny given to the contestants. As a Military Athletic exhibition, the show proved to be one of the worst ever staged in this city. There were only two numbers on the programme that were really worth while, one was the tug of war, and the other a ten minute address by Sergeant Knight. There was to have been a wrestling bout, but, for some reason, the wrestlers did not put in an appearance. Four boxing bouts were advertised, and the other three pairs who did put in an appearance, might as well have stayed away, for not once did any of them interest the audience. The two preliminary bouts had been billed to go at six rounds each. The first bout was between Young Grey and Young "Nates." These two youngsters went four two minute rounds. They merely tapped each other many times to the amusement of the audience, and once a tap on the nose started Grey's nose bleeding. The referee of the bout, and I intend to make you uncomfortable until you think it over and decide just what you ought to do.

After a wait of some fifteen minutes Bombarrier Price and Gunner Brand, two youngsters who discarded their khaki for boxing trunks, entered the ring. This was also to have been a six round bout, but the two minutes rounds were long enough, and by the manner in which they performed, the six minutes of boxing was too much for the audience. It proved decidedly tame. The grand final was next on the bill, and was to have been a ten-minute affair between Gunnery Officer of the Siege Battery and Harry Harley of the North End. Both are young fellows, who would not weigh more than 130 pounds. The audience waited for 35 minutes for the youngsters to make their appearance and all the people there present expected to witness a lively boxing, but were doomed to disappointment, for never in the history of this old sporting city was there such a rank exhibition. There were two sets of bottles, buckets, sponges, towels and seconds, in each corner, to make it appear like a real fight. Just before the bout had gone more than a few rounds of two minutes each, spectators began leaving the theatre, and some of the seconds departed, and all the time the two boxers faked along amid the hisses and cat-calls of what was left of the audience. The only reason some of the audience remained was that they thought the youngsters might start in city mix things. There was nothing but the contestants know anything of boxing they kept it to themselves. During the entire bout there were only two blows recorded that could be heard through the rasps. The men went through this fake for seven rounds and when some person called out from the ringside for the boxers to mix things, Harley was heard to remark: "What do you think we are, to knock each other's heads off for twenty per cent." The reply he got was: "You're not worth one per cent. instead of twenty."

When the gong sounded for the eighth round Harley refused to continue and complained that he had injured his left arm. There was not one round but was blessed, and when the finish came the hisses and cat-calls were loud and numerous. Harley left the theatre with his arm in a sling, and he was advised to see a doctor, and if the arm was really injured to get a certificate to that effect and publish it. Persons who witnessed the contest are however at a loss to learn at what stage the boxer hit hard enough to cause injury. It was learned after the show that the contestants were to have received money for their exhibition, but one of the officers gave orders that no money was to be paid out, and, like the rest of the audience, that officer was the wiser.

The tug of war was between five men teams of soldiers. One team represented the 115th Battalion and was coached by Lieut. Ingstien, while the other team was from the 140th Battalion and was coached by Dr. (Captain) D. C. Macleim. The tug was refereed by J. C. Chealey, and the pull was for three minutes. The 140th men got the drop on their opponents by a few inches at the word "go" and held it until the finish. The match was a good one and caused no little excitement. The soldiers were big fellows and deserved the loud applause they received. During the evening a young fellow named Hopkins offered to box Young Day in two weeks time, at 130 pounds. Private Bostwick of the 115th offered to box any man in the three battalions in the city at 160 pounds, and the challenge was accepted by Private Kelley of the same battalion. The referee also announced that on Monday night next John Sullivan of St. John would box Kid Burns of Sydney in the Old Fellows' hall. Sergt. Knight's Address. Immediately after the tug of war had finished Sergeant Knight was introduced to the audience and was greeted with loud applause. The sergeant said that while all present were enjoying themselves and watching the men struggling on the ropes they might as well remember that there was a big struggle going on day after day in Europe where every ounce of manhood is at present needed. "The Germans had us for a time because they were the heavier, but we are daily becoming stronger and we are holding them. Every Britisher with the right kind of stuff flowing through his veins should put on the uniform and struggle on the side of the Allies. It's the men of Canada who are wanted. The Canadians who have gone to the front have shown just what kind of stuff they are made of and more of this class is needed. Young men, I am calling on you to do your bit. Every man who is not pulling on the rope of this war is lying on it, and such a man is a hindrance. I can't understand a man in normal health lying back at this time and allowing the other fellow to do the work for him. You would not be in this theatre tonight if you were not like sport, and you are not a sportsman if you let the other fellow do the work for you. Wake up, you sleepers. There are men who know you ought to go. You blame me for making you uncomfortable, and I intend to make you uncomfortable until you think it over and decide just what you ought to do. When the sergeant made this last remark he was interrupted by a husky civilian in the balcony, who called out: "Open the bars and give the soldiers citizenship." The sergeant called out for the man to repeat what he said. The man did so, and Sergeant Knight replied to him as follows: "If I had my way a soldier should get it, although I don't drink myself. The greatest man today is the man in khaki, and you who are asking the question could do better by enlisting. If you want to do something, come down to the recruiting rooms and put down your name and show yourself a man." These remarks were greeted with loud applause and it is safe to say, there were no more questions from the man in the balcony. The sergeant finished his address by saying that the recruiting rooms would be open after the show and he heartily invited all young men to pay the rooms a visit and en-

For Strength, Purity, Flavor in Bread, Buns and Biscuit, hundreds of householders prefer LaTour Flour milled by special Sanitary Process, from Chicaest Manitoba Hard Spring Wheat. Ask Your Grocer For It

Painless Dentistry We extract teeth free of pain, only 25c. We do all kinds of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation. Boston Dental Parlors 527 Main St. 245 Union St. Cor. Brussels. Phone 683. Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m. DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor

Don't Forget To Call West 7 or West 81 When Needing Oats, Middlings, Bran or Hay We have Western Oats—good quality, reasonable price. A. C. SMITH & CO. Union Street - West St. John

WISCONSIN UNIVERSITY STUDENT INDICTED FOR MURDER OF SWEETHEART Chicago Mar. 6—William H. Orpet, University of Wisconsin student, was indicted by a Lake County grand jury today on a charge of murdering his former sweetheart, Marian Lambert. The case probably will be called for trial next week, but a continuance on request of the defense is expected. It is charged that the tragedy was the culmination of a liaison, that it was precipitated by Orpet's transferring his affections to another woman, and that he provided a violent poison which the girl swallowed.



THE BEAUTY OF SUNLIGHT is that every garment washed with it bears the impress of purity; a purity begotten of sweet, cleansing oils, and maintained by absolute cleanliness in manufacture; a purity exalted by the co-operation of workers united for the purpose; a purity demonstrated by the "\$5,000 guarantee" which rests upon every bar of SUNLIGHT SOAP. A substitute for Sunlight is not as good and never can be. Insist upon the genuine—Sunlight Soap. The name Lever on Soap is a guarantee of Purity and Excellence. LEVER BROS. LIMITED TORONTO

ST. JOHN JUMPS INTO LEAD IN RECRUITING Total Last Week for Province was 253, of Which St. John Got 78—Westmorland Second. The report of Capt. Tilley, recruiting officer for the Province of New Brunswick, for the week ending Saturday, March 4th, shows a total for the week of 253. St. John is in the lead with 78, Westmorland second with 45, and Northumberland third with 26. This is a very good showing for the week, there not being a county that did not report at least one. The tabulated returns are as follows:

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Get Rid of Piles at Home Simple Home Treatment, Easily Applied, Gives Quick Relief and Prevents Danger from Operation. Send for Free Trial Package and Prove It in Your Case. Don't even think of an operation for piles. Remember what the old family doctor said: Any part of the body that away is gone forever. One or two applications of Pyramid Pile Treatment and the pain, fire and torture ceases. In a remarkable short time the congested veins are reduced to normal and you will soon be all right again. Try this remarkable Treatment. Sold everywhere at drug stores. Send for free trial package and prove beyond question it is the right treatment for your case, even though you may be wearing a pile truss. Just send in the coupon below at once for the free trial treatment. Then you can get the regular package for 50 cents at any drug store. Don't suffer another needless minute. Write now.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON. Pyramid Drug Company, 539 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Kindly send me a trial of Pyramid Pile Treatment at once, by mail, FREE, in plain wrapper, so I can prove its splendid results. Name, Street, City, State.

All the Latest News and Comment From the World of Finance

TREND OF BUSINESS SHOWED BUT LITTLE CHANGE LAST WEEK

Situation on N. Y. Exchange as Seen by Bache's Review.

SHORTAGE OF CARS

Stand Taken by Pres. Wilson Expected to Clear the Atmosphere to Great Extent.

There is no change in the trend of the business situation. Steel, copper and other metal trades are making large profits, with the demand unchecked—

Even the railroads are prosperous. This means larger net earnings, which will warrant larger dividends. Where these have not been discounted, they signify higher prices for securities. Because yield is the almost invariable criterion of security values.

Offsetting to some extent this programme, are the German complications, the prospect of labor disputes, and the technical situation of the market, to which we have every week recently called attention.

Business progress, however, it must be said, is being seriously interfered with by the lack of cars and the congestion at central points resulting in embargoes being placed by the railroads preventing the shipment of freight from those points, with certain exceptions, such as food products, coal, etc. For one instance: a manufacturing concern which has the contract to take from the government all the masticated pulp resulting from the cancellation and grinding up of paper waste, has been struggling for some weeks against an embargo at Washington. About 150,000 pounds is accumulating each week. They have been unable to ship out any of this. Each week they pay in certified check for the amount accumulated in the government warehouse. The government is beginning to complain because they do not take it away. Meantime, they are unable to furnish this pulp, much needed in making high-grade goods, to the manufacturers, who in turn are cramping the dealers and retailers. This is typical of many situations. Besides this, raw material of many kinds is becoming scarce. There are the reverse sides of the golden picture of a period of unique prosperity.

Outlook. The stand taken by President Wilson in insisting upon approval or disapproval by Congress, but more especially by the Democrats in Congress, of his course with regard to Germany, will clear the atmosphere. There is little doubt about the result—the country is evidently back of the president in approval of his attitude towards Germany.

The delicate situation in international affairs points impressively to the need of completely eliminating politics from the present situation. Whatever the outcome of the international complication may be, the business of the country will not be materially affected, except for the better. Security values would dip on actual severance of relations, but this would be temporary. However much the market may seem to be controlled by current happenings, the fact of high loans still remains. There has been partial liquidation through the fairly sharp decline on Wednesday and as a result of other previous occasional reactions, but it does not appear that this has been sufficient to permit, as yet, of a real bull movement. Such drops as occurred in the middle of the week would ordinarily be precursors of still further and even excited declines, but in this instance the market soon recovered. The fact is, the public is able to take care of its commitments, and the prospect, when stocks are selling off, of a serious break, seems to have little effect in frightening margin holders.

J. S. BACHE & CO.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Table with columns for item, quantity, and price. Includes items like Flour, Beans, and various oils.

NEW YORK CHANGE DULL YESTERDAY BUT QUITE STRONG

Professional Side of the Market Again in Evidence.

BONDS WERE ACTIVE

Specialties Strong Almost to Buoyancy at Close—Total Sales for the Session 483,000 Shares

New York, March 6.—Aside from obvious manipulation in an unusual variety of special stocks, today's market was rather dull, though consistently strong. During the early part of the session attention continued to focus on Washington, but advices from that centre were too conflicting for the most part to justify resumption of active trading.

The professional side of the market was further evidenced by the steady lack of inquiry for erstwhile favorites, particularly rails. This condition was largely modified in the final hour, however, United States and some high class investments shares leading the movement to its best and broadest tone. Steel scored a maximum gain of 1-5/8 at \$3.18, and Bethlehem Steel, on very light offerings, rose 11 to 47 1/2.

Sugar shares, next to oils and finally, munitions and motors, were taken up by pools and cliques, some of these mixed issues scoring gains of extraordinary proportions. Cuban American Sugar rose 1/2 to 20 3/4, and South Porto Rico Sugar gained 3/4 at the new record price of 7 1/2.

General Motors, Willys-Overland and Studebaker registered extreme advances of 4 to 12 points, and allied shares trailed along with gains of 2 to 3, the movement being accompanied by reports of further large contracts. Mexican Petroleum added 5 1/2 points to last Saturday's advance, and Texas Company rose four. Crucible Steel featured the better known war stocks, with a rise of 7-8, and Butte and Superior were foremost among the metals on the advance of 4-5 to the new high price of 63 1/2.

Half a score of miscellaneous stocks, including Mercantile Marine, United Fruit, Equipments and Fertilizers were higher by 2 to almost 5 points, and Tobacco Products preferred added four to its recent rise, incidentally making a new record at 109. Strength approaching buoyancy marked the course of specialties at the close. Total sales amounted to 483,000 shares.

MONTREAL TRANSACTIONS

Table listing various stocks and their prices in Montreal, including items like Amos Holden, Canadian Car, and various bonds.

MONTREAL TRANSACTIONS (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Table listing morning and afternoon transactions in Montreal, including items like Cedar, Steel of Canada, and various bonds.

MONTREAL MARKET CLOSED WITH BETTER OUTLOOK FOR TODAY

N. Y. Market's Strength Proved a Decided Help Yesterday.

N. S. STEEL IN DEMAND

Steel, Canada and Dominion Iron the Most Active Stocks in the Day's Trading.

Montreal, March 6.—New York strength helped our market all along the line today. The most active stocks were Steel of Canada, and Dominion, and these stocks closed at the top. Nova Scotia Steel was in good demand and a good number of orders were not filled before the close. Penmans statement, which is out, shows approximately 24 per cent. earned on the common stock. As we have called to your attention before, any buying demand would find our market pretty bare of securities. Practically all our companies are doing better today than they have ever done before and earnings ultimately are bound to tell. The market closed tonight looking as if it would do better.

McDougall & Cowans

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE PRICES

Table listing grain and produce prices in Chicago, including items like Wheat, Corn, and various oils.

MONTREAL MARKET

Table listing Montreal market prices for various commodities, including items like Amos Holden, Canadian Car, and various bonds.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

Table listing New York cotton market sales, including items like Jan, Mar, May, and Oct.

STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our works, and are offered for immediate shipment: 2-Inch "Locomotive" type on skids, 50 h.p. 2-Inch "Locomotive" type on skids, 20 h.p. Also "Uggs": 1-Return Tubular type, 40 h.p. Complete details and prices, will be mailed upon request.

L. MATHESON & CO. Limited Boiler Makers New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

CLOSING LETTER OF N. Y. MARKET BY E. & C. RANDOLPH

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

New York, Mar. 6.—The market continued steady, and in the late trading high records for the day were made in several stocks. Reports of large earnings by several companies in the munition business helped to stimulate the market in those shares. In December Crucible is said to have earned at the annual rate of seventy-eight per cent. on its common stock after preferred dividends. There were no further developments in the political situation at Washington and the quietness in that quarter afforded an opportunity for driving some shorts to cover during the day. The improved technical position of the market has made conditions much more propitious for an advance and as long as there are no disturbing developments in the international situation, the market is more apt to work upwards than otherwise. With the agitation in the House of Representatives, lives directly ahead, no great amount of activity however is to be expected until there is a clearer view of what the outcome of the present political differences is going to be. As dissent in the Democratic party, however, increases the prospects for the election of a Republican in November such disagreement might be considered anything but discouraging to Wall street. The international situation is still the controlling factor in the market, however, and until there is some certainty of settlement the greatly improved fundamental conditions throughout the country and the better technical position of the market are not likely to be fully reflected in price changes. Sales 448,500. Bonds \$2,204,000. D. & C. RANDOLPH.

SHIPPING

MINIATURE ALMANAC. March—Phases of the Moon. New Moon, 3rd, 11h. 58m. p. m. First Quarter, 11th, 2h. 33m. p. m. Full Moon, 19th, 12h. 12m. p. m. Last Quarter, 26th, 1h. 27m. p. m.

Table listing shipping schedules for various routes, including items like D. of W., H. Water, and various dates.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

White Head Fog Alarm is out of commission, will be repaired and re-started as soon as possible.

BRITISH PORTS.

Cardiff, March 2.—Sld str Buxton, Portland, Me.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Boston, March 3.—Ard schrs Flora Condou, Calais via Portland; Jessie Ashley, Bear River, N. S., star Indigo, Louisburg, and sailed; schr Besie Morse, Grand Manan.

COAL

For Grates—Old Mines Sydney and Cannel. For Ranges and Stoves—Reserve and Springhill.

SOFT COALS

Now Landing Sydney and Minudie—Fresh Mined, Screened.

FOR GRATES

"Old Mine Sydney" Coal and Rock Maple Hardwood.

STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our works, and are offered for immediate shipment: 2-Inch "Locomotive" type on skids, 50 h.p. 2-Inch "Locomotive" type on skids, 20 h.p. Also "Uggs": 1-Return Tubular type, 40 h.p. Complete details and prices, will be mailed upon request.

STEAM BOILERS

L. MATHESON & CO. Limited Boiler Makers New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Table listing stock quotations on the N.Y. Exchange, including items like Am Beet Sug, Am Car Ry, Am Loco, and various other stocks.

MARINE NOTES.

Schooner Chartered. Schr Pendleton Sisters, Philadelphia to France, Portugal or Spain, with general cargo, p. L. March.

WRECK REMOVED.

The wreck of the schooner Helen G. King has been removed from the Cape Cod Canal, and the canal is now open for traffic.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

White Head Fog Alarm is out of commission, will be repaired and re-started as soon as possible.

BRIDGES

Buildings and All Structures of Steel and Concrete. Design, Estimate and Investigation.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Sambro Lightship off Halifax Harbour, is added from position will be replaced soon as possible.

McDOUGALL & COWANS

Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B.

Western Assurance Co.

INCORPORATED 1851. Assets, \$3,213,438.28. R. W. W. FRINK - BRANCH MANAGER ST. JOHN, N. B.

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.

PUGSLEY BUILDING, 48 PRINCESS STREET. Lumber and General Brokers.

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO., LTD.

Assets exceed \$6,000,000. Employers' Liability, Elevator Accident, Sickness and Guarantee Insurance. Ask for our rates. Enquiry solicited. Phone 1536.

FIRE INSURANCE

We represent first-class British, Canadian and American tariff offices with combined assets of over One Hundred and Sixty Million Dollars.

Home-seekers Excursions CANADIAN PACIFIC. Tickets on Sale Every Wednesday, March 8th to Oct. 25th. MARITIME PROVINCES TO WESTERN CANADA. ST. JOHN TO WINNIPEG, REGINA, SASKATOON, CALGARY, EDMONTON.

RAILWAYS. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS. Change of Time Wednesday, March 8. OCEAN LIMITED between Halifax and Montreal will be discontinued.

Monthly Income Policy New York Life Ins. Co'y. J. W. V. LAWLOR, Agent. P.O. Box 174, St. John, N. B.

Paul F. Blanchet CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT Telephone Connection St. John - and - Robtessay

W. Simms Lee, F. C. A. Chartered Accountant and Auditor. Queen Building HALIFAX, N.S.

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FIRE INSURANCE. We represent first-class British, Canadian and American tariff offices with combined assets of over One Hundred and Sixty Million Dollars.

Bringing Up F... (Advertisement for a business or service, partially obscured)

CONSIDERED THE CONDITIONS AFTER WAR

Board of Trade Discussed Important Subject Last Night.

The Country's Care Should

be to Look After Returned Soldiers First, Then Seek Immigrants.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade held last night to consider after the war problems the chair was taken by President Lively at 8.15. Those present were R. B. Emerson, A. H. Post, E. J. Fleetwood, James Pender, A. J. Gray, W. T. Watters and the secretary, R. E. Armstrong. The summary of the council meetings was read and adopted with the explanation made by A. H. Posters that the amendments brought down by the finance minister in regard to the retroactive features of the war tax did away with the objection urged by the Board of Trade. W. E. Posters said that the credit men's association had met and discussed the amendments and in view of the fact that their views had been met in two of the three points they objected to no further action on their part would be taken.

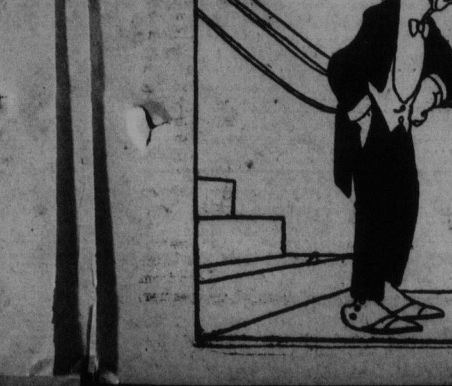
President Lively then called on R. E. Armstrong to give his paper on conditions after the war. Armstrong said if Canada is to double its population in a few years there would have to be a greater co-ordination of effort between federal and provincial governments and the commercial, industrial and agricultural interests of the country. It was not possible to get ready without organization. A practical immigration policy was a good thing, but before launching any new immigration policy it was the duty of the government to take care of the returned soldiers of our own country. Many of them were not doing well, and to settle on the land and every effort should be made to meet their wishes. He did not believe in the indiscriminate granting of land to soldiers, for the province had no land to spare, away, but to the man who wanted to farm a grant should be made. To meet this demand he advocated the immediate setting aside of one or more blocks of the most fertile land in communities handy to railways, rivers and local markets. Houses to be built, and, if necessary, seed and some animals provided.

A small rental or purchase fee should be charged and the settler urged to become the owner as soon as possible. Instruction should be provided for those not wholly familiar with farming and every effort should be made to keep the men on the land. After these men have been cared for if it was deemed wise a campaign might be inaugurated to bring in desirable immigrants from the United States or overseas countries. Great care should be exercised in the selection of these. Quality should be the first consideration. It was possible that Belgium and France would prohibit emigration for some years but special efforts might be made to procure immigrants from Denmark, Norway and Holland.

It might be wise to have a fund from which the passage money of desirable immigrants could be paid with the understanding that the money would be repayable when the immigrant was in a position to do so. The immigration officials should be provided with a list of farmers who would employ immigrant labor in order that they might be quickly placed. There should be an understanding with these employers that out of moneys earned the government should receive the passage money advanced.

In the preparation of literature care should be taken to avoid extravagant or misleading statements. All information as to transportation and farm

Access to Hotel... (Advertisement for a hotel, partially obscured)



Finance
Seekers
ursions
PACIFIC
JOHN
\$55.00
\$87.75
\$97.75
\$63.00
\$63.00

Head Line
St. John to Dublin.
St. John to Belfast.
St. John to Avonmouth.

MANCHESTER LINE
From
to
Feb. 19
Feb. 19
Feb. 19
Feb. 22

FURNESS LINE
From
to
Feb. 19
Feb. 19
Feb. 19
Feb. 22

INTERNATIONAL LINE
Steamship North Star
St. John Thursday at 9 a. m.
Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston

GRAND MANAN S. S. CO.
Manan Route—Season 1915-16
After October 1st, 1915, and until further notice, a steamer of this line will run as follows:

CONSIDERED
CONDITIONS
AFTER WAR

Board of Trade Discusses
Important Subject
Last Night.

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be to Look After Returned
Soldiers First, Then
Seek Immigrants.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade held last night to consider after-war problems the chair was taken by President Lively at 8.15. Those present were R. B. Emerson, A. H. Wetmore, W. F. Burdett, A. J. Mulcahey, Donald Munro, M. P. P., A. M. Howan, W. K. Ganong, Alex. Wilson, O. C. Bissell, R. H. Dockrill, W. E. Foster, E. J. Fleetwood, James Pender, A. J. Gray, W. T. Waters and the secretary, R. E. Armstrong.

President Lively then called on R. E. Armstrong to give his paper on conditions after the war. Mr. Armstrong said if Canada is to double its population in a few years there would have to be a greater co-ordination of effort between federal and provincial governments and the commercial, industrial and agricultural interests of the country. It was not possible to get ready without organization. A practical immigration policy was a good thing, but before launching any new immigration policy it was the duty of the government to take care of the returned soldiers of our own country.

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In the preparation of literature care should be taken to avoid extravagant or misleading statements. All information as to transportation and farm

lands should be full, clear and concise. He felt that village sites in close proximity to farm lands would be a potent factor in keeping the people happy and satisfied.

He then dealt with the development of the cities and said that urban and rural development must go hand in hand to have a well balanced growth. We needed a larger fixed population but this could only come when there was provided means for their employment. Saint John, by reason of its position, was now the leading winter port of Canada, and as we were linked up with the National Transcontinental Railway much greater progress would be made in this direction.

After the war Saint John should be one of the great warehousing centres and it would be to the advantage of the city to impress on the minds of British and foreign exporters the fact that Saint John was well adapted for this class of business. In closing he emphasized the necessity of working together for the common good of the country.

W. F. Burdett followed with a paper on immigration along the lines that it must be sought after. He said the man who would go on the land was the most desirable for the country and the one effort should be made to get. He advocated the granting of moneys to the different provincial governments by the federal government for this work. He claimed that money spent in placing immigrants would be expended to better advantage than if it were spent in getting them. He thought the government should have a survey made of the land so that no man would be sent to land that was not capable of supporting him. Then he thought the government could properly give some aid in clearing the land for the settler.

Donald Munro, M. P. P., was called on and dealt with what the government was doing for the returned soldier and what he understood was the policy of the government in the matter of immigration. He said the European countries were already taking steps to deal with conditions after the war. A great many of the men would not want to go back to the office and workshop and the problem was to provide for them by other work. In regard to returned soldiers the Dominion government had asked the different provincial governments to take care of their own men and they were doing so. After they got their discharge from the military authorities the provincial committees took them in hand and as far as possible provided employment for them. There were some men in Saint John who had not as yet got employment, this was partly the fault of the men, some of whom wanted government jobs, and partly because there were not enough light jobs, such as they could fill, to go around. As he understood it the policy of the government in regard to placing these men on the land was to put them in communities in certain sections in each county on land already cleared and ready for cultivation.

A paper by P. W. Thomson was read, advocating government aid to get a desirable class of immigrants and let them pay back in installments the money so expended. A vote of thanks was moved by R. B. Emerson and seconded by Capt. A. J. Mulcahey and tendered to the gentlemen who had contributed the papers and also to Mr. Munro for his address.

A. H. Wetmore reported for the committee on the Valley Railway matter, that they were in communication with the provincial government on the matter and until they received definite information were not prepared to discuss the project.

To Adjust Dearborn Fire.
F. S. Whittaker and Edward Bates have been appointed as adjusters for the companies and A. R. C. Clark for the insured in the Dearborn fire. They went through the building yesterday but were unable to do anything as the water was running from the roof. As soon as possible they will adjust the loss.

Live Sporting News and Notes

MT. A. TEAM
TRIMS KING'S

Special to The Standard.
Sackville, March 6.—The hockey match tonight between Kings and Mount Allison resulted in a score of twelve to one in favor of Mount Allison. The match was slow and uninteresting, the visitors being entirely outclassed by Mount Allison players.

The lineup of the teams:
Kings Goal, Mt. Allison
Robertson Goal, Rand
Hennebury Point, Gould
McMonagle Centre, Burbridge
Redden Centre, Eaton
Sweeney R. Wings, Trapnell
Leonard L. Wings, McPherson
Hay Rover, Patten
Richardson.

Y. M. C. A. BASKET BALL

Bible Class League.
In the High School Bible Class Basketball League at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon, the Beavers won from the Archons by a score of 17 to 12.

The line-up was as follows:
Beavers. Forwards, Archons.
K. Seely, Drake
Cochrane, Seely
Flaming, Anglin
Stevens, Austin
Taylor, Webster

LOCAL BOWLING

In the City League, on Black's alleys, last night, the Ramblers captured three points from the Wanderers. The scores follow:
Wanderers.
Wright 92 74 99 256—85 1-3
Garvin 107 88 99 285—95

Cromwell 110 84 101 296—98 1-3
McLeod 99 98 128 305—101 2-3
Lopez 79 107 99 285—95
487 461 488 1426

Ramblers.
Duffy 87 98 101 286—96 1-3
Jordan 87 111 81 279—83
Bentley 83 112 105 300—100
Covey 106 98 104 308—102 2-3
Siley 99 94 115 308—102 1-3
485 513 508 1481

The Specials and C.P.R. play tonight.

SIEGE BATTERY
LOSES TO U.N.B.

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 6.—U. N. B. team won from No. 4 Siege Battery of St. John here tonight by a score of ten to one, the collieries thus evening up for their defeat at St. John last Friday night. U. N. B.'s leading scorers were Pete Mooney and Burgess, the former landing three of the goals.

Teams lined-up as follows:
Siege Battery U. N. B.
Wade Goal, Malmann
McNeill Point, Young
Murphy Cover Point, Mooney
Gibson Centre, Burgess
MacAulay Right Wing, McGibbon
Horncastle Left Wing, Carter

Goals:
Miss Robinson's, Miss Bates'
Mrs. Smith, Miss Thompson
Miss Alexander, Miss Maxwell
Miss Campbell, Barber

Guards.
The shooting of Miss Thompson of Miss Bates' team was a feature of the game.

Concentrated Economy

The beef of a whole bullock is required to make a dozen bottles of Bovril. You can safely reduce butchers' bills if you use Bovril in soups and stews. But—it must be Bovril, in the Bovril bottle. No substitute will do. The strength and nourishment of Bovril cannot be compressed into cheap cubes.

For Use In the Sick Room

Your family physician will tell you that there are times in all our lives when an invigorating tonic is not only desirable but necessary. This is particularly true of persons who are run down or who are recovering from a serious illness.

For this purpose
RED BALL ALE and PORTER
are recommended as excellent tonics.

SIMEON JONES & CO.
Brewers
St. John, N. B.

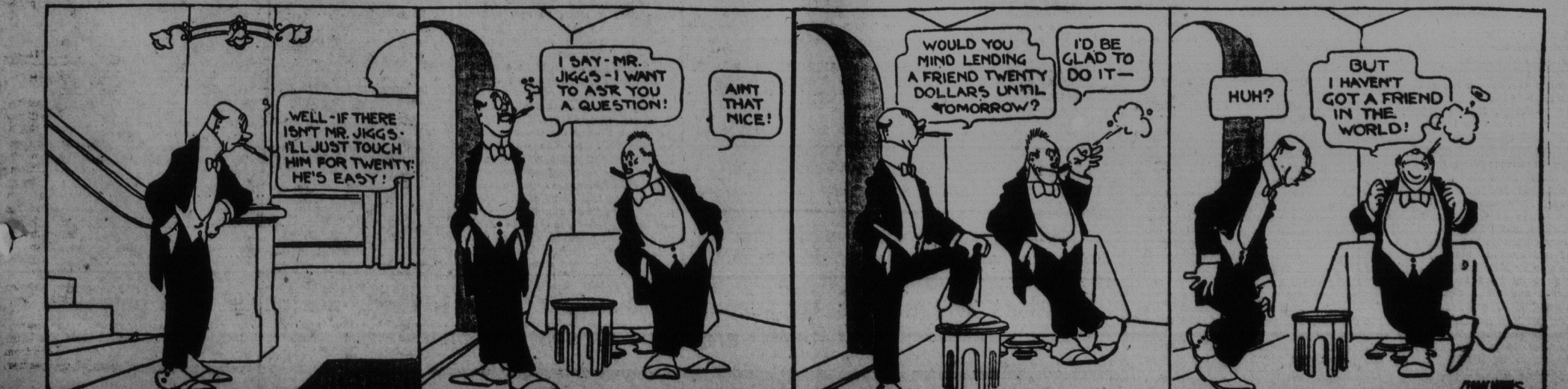
Look, Who's Here!

Loyalists from Chicago, Georgia, Alabama, Italy and Russia enlisted yesterday in St. John—the Loyalist City. What's the matter with the St. John men? Don't you want to do your own fighting, boys—for your own homes and country? Of course you do.

Roll Up! Roll Up!
Join the 115th Today!

Accessible—Reasonable in Price
Hotel Seymour
44-50 West 45th Street
NEW YORK
Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway. Three minutes from Grand Central Station. Near Stage and Theatre. Large Light Rooms. Beautifully Furnished.
Rooms, with Bath, \$2.00
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, 3.00
Excellent Restaurant a la Carte
Also HOTEL BRETON HALL
Broadway & 85th Street

Bringing Up Father



THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
On March 3, 1916, and until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., for:
Wharf & Warehousing Company, Ltd., on Saturday, 7.30 a. m., for Andrews, N. B., calling at Dipper Harbour, Beaver Harbour, Black's Harbour, Back Bay or Leticia, Deer Head, Red Store or St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews, N. B., every day for St. John, N. B., calling at Dipper Harbour, Beaver Harbour, Black's Harbour, Back Bay or Leticia, Deer Head and tide permitting.
Agent—Thorne Wharf & Warehousing Co., Ltd. Phone, 2851. Mr. J. J. Connors.
This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after date without a written order from company or captain of the steamer.

Correspondents' Corner

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, March 4.—Miss Margaret E. Chapman, teacher of the Chemical Road school was called to her home in Port Bixia yesterday owing to the severe illness of her brother.

HARTLAND

Hartland, March 3.—Mrs. J. S. Faulkner, who has been in the Fish Memorial Hospital for treatment for a week, returned home on Thursday somewhat improved.

REXTON

Rexton, N. B., March 3.—Mrs. John A. Cameron, one of our well known and respected ladies, passed away at her home here early this morning after about two months illness.

SALISBURY

Salisbury, March 6.—The young people of the village had a very enjoyable driving party, on Monday evening. They drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Burke, Fredericton Road, where the evening was spent in music and games; after which refreshments were served.

RICHIBUCTO

Richibucto, March 3.—Mr. Roderick Raymond of Coburnville is in St. John. Mr. Albert Kavanagh of Moncton spent a few days with his parents here.

MIDDLE SACKVILLE

Middle Sackville, March 4.—Miss Georgie Davison, who has been visiting friends here, has returned to her home in St. John.

CARPENTER

Carpenter, March 3.—The monthly meeting of the Mission Band met at the home of Mrs. P. H. Dusey on Sunday evening.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluces of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

THE PRIZE LIST

For the correct solution of this puzzle The Standard offers the following prizes: First Prize—Twenty-five times the amount of money sent in by the winner.

Contest will close on Wednesday, March 15th

Get Busy Today and Send in Your Answer as Early as Possible

Solutions will not be considered unless the coupon is used, nor unless cash payments are made on subscription

Fifteen Prizes In This Puzzle Contest

And There Is Still as Good a Chance as Ever For Anyone Who Wants to Enter

THE WINNER IN THE COMPETITION MAY SECURE \$150

Contest Will Close on Wednesday, March 15

This is not a trick or catch, but a straight problem, requiring some ingenuity and thought.

A 5x5 grid for the puzzle contest.

Use your brains and try for one of these prizes—your chances are just as good as any other persons.

ARRANGE THE NUMBERS From one to twenty-five, in these blank spaces, so that the totals of each column, up and down, and from left to right, will be the same.

HOW TO ENTER

The contest is open to any person residing in the Maritime Provinces. The payment on subscription to The Standard (daily or semi-weekly) of from \$1.00 to \$5.00 entitles the contestant to submit a solution of the puzzle and the amount of money so paid will be credited in full according to the scale given elsewhere in this announcement.

USE THE COUPON.

Always use the solution coupon and read it carefully before filling out. Write your name and address plainly.

THE PUZZLE

The problem is to arrange the numbers from one to twenty-five in the above squares in such a manner that the figures will total the same in each column up and down and in each row from left to right.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Whatever amount of money is sent in will be credited on one continuous subscription to The Standard according to the scale given below, unless otherwise requested by the competitor.

DECIDING TIMES

This contest is conducted by The Standard merely for the purpose of securing new subscriptions and making collections on renewals.

SOLUTION COUPON

Cut out this coupon smoothly around the border and send it in as soon as possible with solution and money attached to,

THE PUZZLE

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Cut out this coupon smoothly around the border and send it in as soon as possible with solution and money attached to,

The Broad

(Continued from last issue.) "All this I heard as they talked with in a yard of me, manifesting a lofty and contemptuous disregard for all save themselves, waited upon most deferentially by the smiling but solemnly and stared at by the aged man with as much admiring awe as if they had each been nothing less than a lord-mayor of London at the very least. But now they leaped, their heads together, and spoke in lowered tones, but something in the lowering eyes of the one, and the smiling lips of the other, told me that it was not of horses that they spoke.

The Broad Highway Jeffery Farnol

(Continued from last issue.)

"All this I heard as they lolled with in a yard of me, manifesting a lofty and contemptuous disregard for all save themselves, waited upon most deferentially by the smiling fat fellow, and stared at the aged man with as much admiring awe as if they had each been nothing less than a lord-mayor of London at the very least. But now they leaned their heads together, and spoke in lowered tones, but something in the leering eyes of the one, and the smiling lips of the other, told me that it was not of horses that they spoke.

"Bring her to reason, by gad!" said the slighter of the two, setting down his empty glass with a bang, oh, trust me to know their pretty, skittish ways, trust me to manage 'em; I've never failed yet, by gad!" "Curse me, that's true enough!" said the other, and here they sank their voices again.

"My ale being finished, I took up my staff, a heavy, knotted affair, and turned to go. Now, as I did so, my foot, by accident, came in contact with the gold-mounted cane I have mentioned, and sent it clattering to the floor. I was on the point of stooping for it, when a rough hand gripped my shoulder from behind, twisting me savagely about, and I thus found myself staring upon two rows of sharp, white teeth.

"Pick it up!" said he, motioning imperiously to the cane on the floor between us. "Heaven forbid, sir," said I; "as thy servant a dog that he should do this thing!" "I told you to pick it up," he repeated, thrusting his head towards me; "are you going to do so, or must I make you?" and his nostrils worked more than ever.

"For answer I raised my foot and sent the cane spinning across the room. Somebody laughed, and the moment my hat was knocked from my head, before he could strike again however, I raised my staff, but suddenly remembering its formidable weight, I altered the direction of the blow, and thrust it strongly into the very middle of his easily flowered waistcoat. So strongly did I thrust, indeed, that he would have fallen but for the timely assistance of his companion.

"I'm acquainted! Oh, gad!" and immediately hugged himself in another ecstasy. "Hi, said I, 'you will have the goodness to tell me whom you evidently mistake me for.' 'Mistake you!' he gasped, throwing himself upon the settle and rocking to and fro, 'but waste my breath! Seeing you upon my heel, and made for the door. As I went, my eye, by chance, lighted upon a cheese that stood at the far end of the room, and upon which he cast amorous glances from time to time.

"That seems a fine cheese!" said I. "Is he, sir, if I might make so bold a noble cheese!" he rejoined, and laid his hand upon it with a touch that was a caress. "Then I will take three pennyworth of your noble cheese," said I. "Cheese!" faintly echoed the gentleman upon the settle, "three pennyworth. Oh, I shall die, positively I shall burst!"

"Also a least," said I. And when the landlord had cut the cheese with great nicety—a generous portion—and had wrapped it into a parcel, I put it, together with the loaf, into my knapsack, and giving him "Good day!" strode to the door. As I reached it, the tall gentleman rose from the settle, and bowed.

"Referring to George, sir—" "George!" said I shortly; "to the devil with George!" "Now I could not help being struck by the effect of my words, for Sir Harry let fall his cane, and stared open-mouthed, while his companion regarded me with an expression between a frown and wide-eyed dismay.

"I descended the steps, I wonder who George can be?" Before the inn there stood a yellow-wheeled stagecoach with a horse, from his manner of trembling all over for no conceivable reason, and manifest desire to stand upon his hind legs, I conceived that he was a thoroughbred, and hanging lightly to the bridle, now in the air, now on terra firma, alternately coaxing and cursing, was my friend the Semiquaver. Outside, he caught sight of me just as a particularly vicious frog swung him off his legs.

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the flash of their brandished steel as they swept down upon our devoted square, swept down to break in red confusion before our bristling bayonets; and the air was full of the screams of smitten horses, and the despatched shouts and groans of men. By the side of Tom the Soldier I stood through many a reeking breach, swept by fire, and alky with blood; and all for love of it, the multitudinous sum of eightpence per day, and the whole, we call "glory."

And presently I became aware that he had stopped his horse, and was regarding me militantly. "Tom," said I, "you are a wonderful talker!" "And you, sir," said he, "are a better listener, and, look you, a good listener is mighty hard to come by. However, here's the end of my journey, more's the pity, but if you—"

"Tom," said I suddenly, "you never heard of Tom Crag, did you?" "Can't say as I have," he answered, stroking his chin thoughtfully, "though there was a Dick Snagret in the thirty-ninth, I remember. And you don't know who 'George' is, of course?" I continued musingly, "Why, I've known a many Georges in my time," said he, "and then there's George, Prince of Wales, the Prince Regent, as they call him now."

"(Continued tomorrow.)"

By order of the Council of the Municipality of the City and County of Saint John a Bill will be presented at the next Session of the Legislature for enactment entitled "An Act Respecting Permanent Sidewalks in Lancaster."

By order of the Council of the Municipality of the City and County of Saint John a Bill will be presented for enactment at the next Session of the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, entitled an Act to Amend an Act Respecting Extension of the Saint John Railway Company in the Parish of St. John.

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Advertisement for Surprise Soap, featuring an illustration of a box of soap and the text: 'To have the joy of the sweet smell of truly clean linen, always use SURPRISE SOAP.'

Classified Advertising notice: 'One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1-3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.'

NOTICE: PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a bill will be presented for enactment at the next session of the Provincial Legislature...

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WANTED: WANTED. Pin boy wanted at the Y. M. C. A. Wages \$3.75 per week.

WANTED: TEACHER WANTED—A Male Teacher for the advanced department of Salsbury Superior School.

WANTED: WANTED. Agents wanted—Agents \$3 a day selling wendets, which means gratifiers, hot water bags, rubber boots, reservoirs, boilers, metal tubs and tinware without cement or solder.

WANTED: WANTED. Upper apartment, one or two in city, hot water heat, gas, expense most moderate.

WANTED: WANTED. For sale—Heavy team, weight 28 hundred, or will sell separate, 5 and 8 years old, bays.

WANTED: WANTED. Saw mill property for sale or rent—Steam and water power plant in Victoria county is being offered at a very low cost for immediate sale.

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Had No Ambition To Do Her Housework.

System Was All Run Down. Mrs. Herbert Doherty, Beaver Brook, N.B., writes: "I have used some of your Burdock Blood Bitters, and found it to be a great medicine. My system was in a run down condition for over a year. I could do nothing but sit and cry, and I had no ambition to do my own housework."

Dr. Wilson's Herbine Bitters. A true blood purifier containing the active principles of Mandelic, Mandaric, Burdock and other medicinal herbs.

60 Years Old Today. Feels as young as ever. Dr. Wilson's Herbine Bitters.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY. (Published Annually.) enables readers throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS in every class of goods.

EXPORT MERCHANTS with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

STEAMSHIP LINES arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate Sailing Dates.

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THE WEATHER.
Forecast.
 Maritime—Strong winds and gales east and south with snow, turning in some localities to rain.
 Washington, March 6.—Forecast: Northern New England—Snow and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair; strong south-east winds.
 Toronto, March 6.—The pronounced disturbance which was over the western states last night now covers Michigan, attended by heavy gales over the Great Lakes, accompanied by snow and sleet. It has also caused heavy snow falls in Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Temperatures.

Place	Max.	Min.
Victoria	32	40
Vancouver	34	42
Kamloops	30	42
Edmonton	0	16
Battleford	0	16
Medicine Hat	6	36
Winnipeg	14	24
Parry Sound	4	22
London	7	27
Toronto	8	22
Kingston	9	18
Ottawa	9	18
Montreal	8	16
Quebec	2	14
St. John	12	22
Halifax	10	28

*—Below zero.

Around the City
 Belgium, Then and Now.
 Those who did not hear Mrs. E. Atherton Smith deliver her lecture "Belgium, Then and Now," would do well to attend the German street institute tonight when she will repeat it. A treat is in store for all who attend tonight to hear this gifted lady tell of Belgium as she saw it six years ago and as it is now after a year and a half of war.

Rev. (Capt.) W. A. Cameron Tonight.
 Rev. Capt. Cameron's patriotic address at the Imperial Theatre tonight will be delivered at the close of the second show in the vicinity of ten o'clock and persons already in the building are invited to remain. Rev. Mr. Cameron is one of Canada's best orators and created a furor of interest when here a few years ago in the interdenominational revival.

The Canada of the Future.
 At the regular meeting of the Young People's Society of St. John Presbyterian church last evening, Rev. P. A. Mitchell of Chalmers church, Sussex, gave an interesting and informing address upon "Our Task in Canada," from the point of view of future citizenship. He dealt with the several different peoples who had been coming to Canada, their habits and character. He showed what the churches of Canada are doing and may do to help make the future citizen of this great country. The address was illustrated by lantern slides.

A Slight Fire.
 Last night, about 10:30 o'clock, the fire department was called out by an alarm from Box 15 for a slight fire in the Webber house on the corner of Clarence and Brussels streets. The building is occupied on the lower flat by William P. McPherson, who conducts a bakery. The fire started in a closet of the kitchen and burned up through a partition. After the firemen had torn the house down the fire was extinguished with a few buckets of water and the fire apparatus was not needed. It could not be learned what started the fire and the damage was trifling.

CAPT. CAMERON WILL SPEAK IN THE IMPERIAL TONIGHT

TWO MORE STANDARD BOYS DON UNIFORM
 Two more of the Standard employees have donned the khaki and are going to do their bit for King and empire. Roger Chesley, who has been acting as assistant mailing clerk for the past nine months, has joined the 115th, and Thomas Mantle, who has been employed as electrician for the past six months, has enlisted with the 146th.

Victoria "Wet Wash" Laundry is the best—they cleanse the clothes thoroughly. 2 to 10 Pitt street, Phone 590.

BIG JUMP IN RECRUITING YESTERDAY

Twenty-seven Men on the Roll of Honor.

Clock Stood at 825 Last Night—What Will Today Show?—Good Recruiting Meeting.

- ROLL OF HONOR.**
- H. Smith, England.
 - W. H. Wooman, England.
 - T. H. Dockery, Oklahoma.
 - T. M. Marr, Golden Grove.
 - E. B. Glass, Georgia.
 - R. H. Wilson, Chicago.
 - E. Fulford, Ottawa.
 - A. De Poalis, Italy.
 - S. K. Ryan, St. John.
 - G. H. Wlaite, Russia.
 - N. Boyha, Russia.
 - G. C. Teed, Edmundston.
 - J. H. Pitt, St. John.
 - A. W. Thorne, Havelock.
 - L. Keith, Havelock.
 - F. Thorne, Havelock.
 - A. David, Havelock.
 - A. J. Balline, England.
 - H. Atkinson, Havelock.
 - W. C. Cameron, Gorcher, N. B.
 - A. McUmber, St. Martins.
 - J. P. Kieft, St. John.
 - C. E. Herrington, St. John.
 - N. J. Ryan, New York.
 - R. E. Leachfield, Melrose, Mass.
- There were also two others who did not wish their names to be published.

The clock stood at 825 last night what will it be tonight? Yesterday's recruiting made a great stride forward, and it continued in a similar way today and for the rest of the week there is every possibility of the clock reaching "Ten O'clock" or in other words, the thousand. The soldiers at least seem to have been caught in the swirl of recruiting, and their efforts are already bearing good fruit, but there are still a very large number of eligible young men who have not yet been induced to answer the call from both their friends in khaki and the boys now in the firing line. As Lieut. Gilmore and Lieut. Jarvis said at the recruiting meeting, it would be a very good idea if every man who is now in the King's uniform and drops into the recruiting meeting would bring along at least one civilian of eligible age.

Last Night's Meeting.
 Although the meeting held in the recruiting rooms in German street last night was not largely attended, there were many young men who listened attentively to the stirring speeches delivered by the chairman, Lieut. Gilmore and Lieut. Jarvis. The speakers both spoke strongly upon the need of the hour for more men to come forward. The boys in the trenches were calling for their help. They were dying in their fight for freedom. Why should the slacker stand back, enjoying the amusement halls and carnivals whilst they were shedding their life's blood? A boxing match which had been arranged unfortunately proved rather disappointing as it was soon seen that the men were not matched. The boys who faced each other with the gloves were Pte. S. L. Rogers and Pte. C. Rogers.

Pte. Morrison gave a piano solo, whilst Pte. Barter recited. Pte. Rogers also played some of the most popular songs on the piano very effectively, and Pte. Guthers gave a fine exhibition of "clog" dancing.
 An incident worthy of special mention was the giving of three cheers for the navy and the mercantile marine, as three members of the latter were present at the meeting.
 Before the meeting the band of the 115th Battalion played stirring selections around the town and in front of the recruiting rooms.

LT.-COL. M'PHEE WAS WEDDED YESTERDAY

Officer Who Returned on Metagama Weds Miss Eva Hamelin Harrison.

Lieut.-Col. J. B. McPhee, of Barris, Ont., who went to France with the 30th Battalion, and has come back to accept a new command, was married yesterday at 4:30 p. m. in St. John (Stone) church, by the rector, Rev. V. R. Jarvis. The bride was Miss Eva Hamelin Harrison, of Toronto, a daughter of Mrs. H. S. Cowan, and grand-daughter of Mrs. W. F. Harrison a former resident of this city.
 After the ceremony they went to the home of Mrs. John MacLaren, where they met a few friends before leaving on the 6:10 train for Quebec. Col. McPhee is to command one of the new battalions to be raised in Simcoe county, Ontario. Mrs. McPhee's mother, Mrs. Cowan and grand-mother, Mrs. Harrison, will spend a few days as the guests of Mrs. MacLaren before leaving for their home in Toronto.

CANADIANS EVER READY AND WILLING

Col. DeSalabery of Ottawa Pays Tribute to Men Upholding Canada's Honor on Battlefield.

Among the passengers who returned on the Metropolitan, Lieut. Col. DeSalabery of Ottawa, who went across with the 2nd Battalion, and is now returning to take the command of a new battalion being formed. Col. DeSalabery left France on the 14th of February last and he said the boys were well and in cheerful spirits when he left. He would not talk of what he had done himself but waxed eloquent on what the boys had done. He said the credit for whatever fame had come to the Canadians belonged to the men, they were the ones who had borne the hardships and the knocks and through it all they never grumbled or found fault. They had been on the job all the time and never flinched when called on for to do anything.
 He said that conditions were good when he left, there had not been any rain for some time and the trenches were dry. He paid a tribute to the work of the Red Cross and said they had done a wonderful work among the troops of the Allied armies. He also spoke highly of the transportation and commissariat departments and the way they had done their work. He said, "Just think we had fresh steak right in the trenches four times a week." The men were well clothed and looked after in every way and were as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. He said the organization was simply wonderful and too much could not be said for those in whose charge these matters lay.
 He referred to the Canadian artillery and the splendid work it had done in the war. Artillery were so common on a clear day that they paid no more attention to them than we did to the birds here at home. He had seen several air fights and seen some of them fall.
 Asked about the new trench mortar, he said it was a good thing and it was had. It great attention to the enemy's trenches but brought all their artillery to bear on the section where it was operating. He had seen whole sections of the German trenches blown up by the shells from this trench mortar. He hoped to be back soon again with the boys in France.

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COMMISSIONER POTTS BEFORE ROTARY CLUB

Local Housing and Health Conditions Subject of Interesting Address Yesterday.

At the weekly luncheon of the Rotary Club, held in Bond's cafe yesterday, Commissioner Potts gave a fine address, in which he dwelt upon the health and housing problems of the city.
 St. John's greatest asset was the health of the people, and in making careful investigation, he had found the conditions of housing far from satisfactory. The result, he said, in many parts of the city were far above the pocket of the average working man, and in many cases two or three families would rent one flat, each family occupying one or two rooms. Their tenements were different, and this sort of thing was not productive of good health.
 The children were not given a chance, and many were made to beg for food. Consumption was very prevalent, although people had not been alive to the fact. The opening of the new hospital had in a great measure opened the eyes of the public to this, and steps should be taken to combat the awful havoc the disease was working.
 Continuing, the commissioner said that he was very pleased to find, that on speaking to people, they were anxious to add their support to the operation of the housing bill. A moderate tax on all land would add greatly to the revenue of the city, and would tend to moderate the price of houses. The land could be used to much more advantage and people would be encouraged to buy their own homes, instead of paying rent all their lives.
 Mr. Mason of the Imperial staff, sang a solo during the evening.

A Dangerous Cornice

Part of the cornice on the building at the corner of Mill and Main streets fell yesterday afternoon, and the rest of it is liable to fall at any minute. Had any one been passing at the time of its fall the city might have had a suit for damages on its hands, as the building is now owned by the city and is to be torn down to widen out Mill street at that point.

Get your costumes ready for the big carnival at Victoria Rink, March 14th. Carnivals are assuming their old-time size and attractiveness.

CLEAR CASES OF NEGLECT OR THEFT, WHICH?

How Letters and Parcels Have Been Lost or Stolen in Mails

A Few Samples of the Complaints Coming to This Office—Postal Officials Apparently Powerless.

There is yet no word of the copy of Heart Songs mailed to Allan Graham at Norton. The Standard, however, has been informed by Mr. Price, Postmaster at Norton that mail matter for Rural Route No. 2 is made up at the Norton post office, placed in a sealed bag and distributed every morning. The bag is taken from the Norton office by the carrier of No. 1 route and given by him to the carrier of Rural Route No. 2 to be delivered by him. Judging from this the song book mailed to Mr. Graham would seem therefore not to have been put up in the sealed bag at Norton, and were dry. He paid a tribute to the work of the Red Cross and said they had done a wonderful work among the troops of the Allied armies. He also spoke highly of the transportation and commissariat departments and the way they had done their work. He said, "Just think we had fresh steak right in the trenches four times a week." The men were well clothed and looked after in every way and were as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. He said the organization was simply wonderful and too much could not be said for those in whose charge these matters lay.

Yesterday The Standard received from Jordan Mountain a letter which contained the following:
 "Dear Uncle Dick—You said you were sending Audrey and Ora, Kaiser buttons, but they were not in my letter. I have examined the letter and there are holes through it and a round mark dinged in the paper as if there had been a button in it."
 Signed, ELDON A. TAIT.
 The Standard yesterday received from D. W. McKenzie, Postmaster at Nerepis Station the following:
 "Dear Sir—Some time ago I forwarded to you by mail one dollar and eight cents in postage stamps and five coupons, as required, for a copy of Heart Songs. The next day your paper said that the supply was exhausted and they would have to wait until another supply was obtained. Not having received the book I begin to fear that my letter has shared the fate of others you refer to in your issue of Saturday and today. I did not register my letter. Kindly let me know if you received it and if you will send the book?"
 Yours truly,
 Signed, D. W. MCKENZIE, P. M.
 The Standard has not yet received the letter containing the money from Mr. McKenzie.

PARIS MILLINERY POPULAR WITH YESTERDAY'S SHOPPERS AT MARR'S SPRING OPENING.
 With perfect weather conditions, yesterday proved a busy day at the showroom of the Marr Millinery Co., Limited, the exquisite Paris productions, in which exclusive designs prevail having been ruing favorites with the large number of shoppers who have one or two rooms. Their tenements were different, and this sort of thing was not productive of good health.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HOBIERY.
 Notwithstanding the great scarcity of hosiery F. A. Dykeman & Co. are particularly fortunate in having all of their spring stock on hand and at prices very little more than those prevailing before the war. Silk boot stockings 29 cts., 55 cts., 70 cts. and \$1.10 a pair. The 55 cts. and 80 cts. qualities can be had in colors as well as white and black. The fine thread and cotton stockings run in price from 12 1/2 cts. to 50 cts. a pair. Cashmere, from 25 cts. to 75 cts. a pair.

UNDREY MAKES YOUR WATCH KEEP TIME.
 The satisfaction of carrying a watch that runs to time may be yours if you have Undrey do your watch repairing. Quality work is all this firm turns out.—79 King street.

Last Call To Fire Sale Bargains in Tools
 FOR CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, MACHINISTS, AND THE HANDY MAN ABOUT THE HOUSE.
 Here is an exceptionally favorable opportunity to supply some of the needs of your tool kit at a BIG SAVING.
 These tools are practically about as good as new, having been but slightly affected by smoke or water, and are offered at
Greatly Reduced Prices
 The variety includes Cross-Cut Saws, Planes, Carpenters' Squares, Auger Bits, Axes, Axe Handles, Tool Sets. Also Hoop Testers, Sledge Hammers, Wrenches, Rasps, Stocks for die-cutting, Callipers, Leather Riveters, Combination Shoe Lasts.
 Curry Combs, Barn Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Spades, Ice Grips, Barn Door Hangers, Mortice Locks, Hinges, Shelf Brackets, Door Knobs and Plates.
 SECOND FLOOR — MARKET SQUARE STORE.
Market Square — W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. — King Street

Spring Style Showing of PARIS PATTERN HATS and Millinery Accessories
 Fashion's fairest fancies in the realm of Feminine Headwear for the Spring and Easter seasons find full and faithful expression in our select assemblage of PARIS and NEW YORK PATTERN HATS and Millinery Accessories which now await your careful inspection.
 The display, in all respects, is the richest and most complete we have ever presented, embracing the latest Paris developments of Poyanne, Marie Emdee, Lucien Levy, Cora Marson, Lewis, Celestin Rebour, Hermance and Charlotte & Marie. New York Pattern Hats include the productions of Kurzman, Gage, Rosenbloom, and Morehead & Jardine.
 MAKE YOUR EASTER SELECTIONS EARLY.
MARR MILLINERY COMPANY, LTD.

The Pride of a Housekeeper
 Is first in her kitchen—if she starts right at that point, everything in the housekeeping line swings more easily.
 The best start is to get the most perfect range money can buy—and that's the
ROYAL GRAND RANGE
 Then your kitchen is more than half equipped. THE ROYAL GRAND is an easy range to operate, economical on fuel, durable because well constructed.
 A RANGE THAT WILL GIVE THE RESULTS REQUIRED
Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited
 Business Hours Are Daily from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Spring Opening Clothing CONTINUED TODAY
 Grand Presentation of Topmost Styles in Men's and Boys' Fine Garments
 M. R. A. Clothing has always been famed for extra style, perfect fit and superior finish and this exhibit presents garments which even surpass the rigid requirements of this store.
 1916's best styles are represented; clothes from decidedly Canada's highest class makers, but for all of that priced decidedly reasonable.
 A Feature of This Opening is the Showing of **Boys' Suits and Overcoats** in all the striking Novelties of this season.
 DISPLAYS IN FIVE WINDOWS—2 GERMAIN, 3 KING STREET
 MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

The New "PAJUNION"
 Is An Ideal Sleeping Garment Made in One Piece to Serve Instead of the Old Style Pajamas
 These are the Pajamas you have always wanted. You will experience real night-time comfort once you don this one-piece sleeping garment called "The Pajunion;" just like Pajamas in appearance only in one piece. No uncomfortable drawing around the waist. No bunching up of a coat around the arms.
 Every seam is a tripled seam, the sleeves are patterned and unlike the straight sleeves in the ordinary nightwear, and will not hitch up and bind under the arms.
 This new "Pajunion" garment is made in soft napped material, also the fine mercerized cloth. Offered in men's and boys' sizes. Inspection invited.
 MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT.
Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited