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Twice-a-Week Edition

The Victoria Times

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VOL. 36.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1908.

NO. 85

ALL HINDUS TO BE REMOVED FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lord Strathcona Arrange for Entire Colony to be Sent to British Honduras.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, Oct. 15.—J. B. Harkin, of the department of the interior, announced yesterday evening that the government had solved the Hindu question so far as the province of British Columbia is concerned. The entire Hindu colony, consisting of over two thousand, is to be moved from British Columbia to British Honduras. The plan is being carried out as a result of negotiations which have been carried on between Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner in London, and the governor of British Honduras. The latter was in London recently and personally talked over the details of the scheme with Lord Strathcona. Mr. Harkin was sent from Ottawa

by Sir Wilfrid and will leave tomorrow with two Hindu delegates for British Honduras to arrange the details of the colony in Central America. The Hindus are anxious to move and the imperial government will assist in the cost of transporting them to their new home. Scores of members of the Hindu colony here are not only out of work, but are actually starving. Much suffering will result this winter if they are not moved. The present plan is to charter two ships to carry them to Panama and send them across the isthmus, thence to their destination where they will be employed building railways in British Honduras.



Mr. MacB—de: D'ont you think B—w—r that this is somewhat of a "shell game." Mr. B—w—r: Certainly not. Roblin is doing it in Manitoba, and, well—we must do something.

LIBERAL NAMES STRUCK OFF B. C. VOTERS' LISTS

Revelations from Kootenay District Disclose De-liberate and Wilful Corruption on the Part of the McBride Government

(Special to the Times.)
Nelson, Oct. 15.—Complaints are being received here daily from all parts of the great Kootenay constituency of the manner in which the provincial voters' lists have been manipulated by the Tory McBride government officials. The last complaint to be received comes from Reveltsoke, where it is alleged that the names of 250 voters have been omitted from the list. From the nature of the complaints received in Nelson by the Smith Curtis campaign committee, it is obvious that the Tory officials have been guilty of gross malpractice in preparing the lists. It is probably too late now to take any steps that will be effective in re-

covering the franchise of the people who have thus been struck off the list, as, according to the provincial law, all protests must be filed within six days of the court of revision, which was held in the first week of May last. THE NAMES OF THOSE OMITTED FROM THE LIST ARE LIBERALS. In some cases it transpires that applications for registration, sent in ample time to have been included in the May list, have been omitted, and in one instance it has been disclosed that of a large number of applications sent in for registration under one cover, the names of Liberals were omitted, whilst those of Conservatives now appear on the list, distinctly proving deliberate and wilful corruption on the part of the Tory officials.

WILLS AWAY HIS BRAIN.

Cornell Professor Gets Addition to His Collection of Grey Matter.

Newark, N. J., Oct. 15.—The brain of Dr. Alexander Wilder, the journalist and author of many works on evolution, philosophy and psychology, was bequeathed to Prof. Burtram Wilder, of Cornell University, by the will of Dr. Wilder, which was filed for probate yesterday. Dr. Wilder was president of the School of Philosophy of New York. He declared in his will that Prof. Wilder decided to add his brain to the collection. He declared it to be done. Prof. Wilder has made an unusually complete collection of brains, and was endeavoring at last accounts to add to the collection the brains of a hundred educated, orderly persons.

TAMPERING WITH VOTERS' LISTS

HOW TORIES HOPE TO WIN IN MANITOBA

Scandalous Disclosures of "Clerical" Errors by Roblin-Rogers Machine.

Winnipeg, Oct. 15.—Every day brings to light many disfranchised liberals not only in Winnipeg, but in all parts of the province. Not only was registration made difficult last May owing to the inconvenient location of booths and the short notice given but through "clerical" errors dozens of names were left off. Over a hundred liberals clamored to see the registration books at the government offices yesterday to show that their names had been legally entered but they were refused the request. Forty five names (all Liberals) at Norris Lake, Selkirk constituency, all Scandinavian farmers have been left off the voters list and disfranchised.

A HUMAN TORCH.

Society Woman Is Burned to Death Through Gasoline Explosion.

Albuquerque, New Mexico, Oct. 15.—Mrs. Louise H. Chamberlin, a society leader and a sister of P. S. Heath, former assistant postmaster general and late editor of the Salt Lake Tribune, was burned to death at her home last night in a fire which started from an explosion of gasoline. A servant cleaning a comb with gasoline came too close to an open grate fire, an explosion followed, and Mrs. Chamberlin's clothing caught fire.

WIRELESS AT CURACOA.

Wilhelmstadt, Island of Curacao, Oct. 15.—A wireless telegraph station has been established here and it will officially open on October 19th. The call letters are "C. R. C." and the wave lengths are estimated from 600 to 700 meters.

FOR HIS SON'S DEATH.

Toronto, Oct. 15.—Thomas McKewen was awarded \$300 by a jury in his action for \$5,000 for the death of his four-year-old son, who was killed by a street car in April last.

TIMELY RAIN ALLOWS INCREASED SERVICE

Electric Company Puts on Extra Cars on Fort and Gorge Lines.

(From Thursday's Daily.)
As a result of the rainfall during the last few days the B. C. Electric company last night was able to increase the car service by the addition of a double supply of cars between five and eight o'clock on Fort street and the Gorge lines. Mr. Goward, the local manager, this morning said that as far as he could figure at present the company would not alter the increased service and with a continued fall of rain would shortly have the cars running on the old ten minute basis. The situation, however, depends on the rainfall and should fine weather prevail for the next two or three weeks the situation may become sufficiently serious to demand the reduction of the service to what it has been since the curtailment and up to last night, Mr. Goward did not think that the rainfall to date would be sufficient to warrant any further extension than that already made. He says the company is anxious to increase the daily service and to afford customers the daily lighting service, but that it cannot be done until further rain falls.

NEW Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

Woodstock, Ont., Oct. 15.—The new Y.M.C.A. building, which cost \$25,000, was formally opened on Tuesday night.

CANADIAN-MEXICAN STEAMSHIP LINE

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, Oct. 15.—The Canadian and the Mexican governments are negotiating for a new mutual agreement for the continuation of the Pacific coast steamship service between the two countries, but nothing definite has been arranged yet. It is hoped an agreement will be reached shortly.

FIGHTING IN NORTHERN KOREA

CLASH BETWEEN CHINESE AND JAPANESE TROOPS

Number Killed and Wounded—Mikado's Soldiers May Invade China.

Seoul, Korea, Oct. 15.—Serious complications affecting the peace of China and Japan threaten as the result of an engagement between Chinese and Japanese troops in Kanton, northern Korea, in which several were killed or wounded. The refusal of the Chinese war office to permit the pursuit of a detachment of soldiers who are said to have been the aggressors may result in the crossing of the frontier by Japanese troops. Chinese soldiers are reported to have opened hostilities by firing upon a police station occupied by the Japanese troops who were sent into Kanton as a guard for the Korean residents there. The fighting that ensued lasted several hours, and while the exact number of casualties is not obtainable, there were a number killed or wounded. The commander of the Japanese garrison immediately called on China for permission to cross the frontier into Chinese territory and pursue the assailants, who appear to have been worsted in the engagement. The request was refused by the war office. The Japanese foreign office has made representations to the government at Peking, and the situation is beginning to assume a serious aspect. It is intimated that unless China takes prompt action, satisfaction for the Japanese government, the latter may take the initiative and cross the frontier to afford protection to the Koreans.

ENGLAND EXCITED OVER NAVAL ORDER

(Special to the Times.)
London, Oct. 15.—All the men of the Home Fleet who were absent on liberty leave have been suddenly recalled. As no reason is assigned, the order has caused considerable excitement.

FIVE INJURED IN SEATTLE AUTO WRECK

Machine Collides With Street-car—Three Women Among Victims.

Seattle, Oct. 15.—A Fremont avenue car and an automobile owned by Charles Berryman, a Georgetown saloon-keeper, were in collision last night about 7 o'clock at the intersection of West Lake boulevard and Pine street, with the result that five people, two men and three women, were injured, one perhaps fatally. M. Wiedeman, bartender for Berryman, sustained internal injuries from which he will likely die, and Cal Hegeman, an employee of the Seattle Brewing & Malting Company, had his back badly sprained, while Mrs. Myrtle Haines, Miss Polly Dence and Miss May Tucker, all residents of Hartford, this state, and guests of the Newport hotel, were painfully cut about the face and bruised. The five injured were in the automobile, only the driver of which, W. Gedding, escaped unharmed. The party had gone out for a drive and rain came up and in turning on Pine street the auto, it is claimed, backed in front of the street car, which had at the time J. R. Kayser for motor-man and with F. J. Parmum conductor. No one on the street car was hurt. The auto was badly broken up. Wiedeman and Hegeman were removed to Providence hospital and the women were taken to their hotel.

BRITISH M. P. IS REMOVED FROM HOUSE

Sergeant-at-Arms Deals With Socialist Who Defies Speaker.

London, Oct. 15.—Albert Grayson, the socialist member for Yorkshire, created a scene in the House of Commons this afternoon by denouncing the members for not supporting the starving thousands in the streets of London. He defied the speaker, and the latter ordered the sergeant at arms to remove him. Grayson departed amid jeers, saying: "I leave this House with the greatest pleasure."

LORD MILNER VISITS REGINA.

Regina, Sask., Oct. 15.—Lord Milner and Fuller Maitland were here yesterday and met the business men of the city. They went out to the barracks and visited Government House in the morning. Lord Milner declined to address the Canadian Club here.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS.

Several Towns Submerged By Disastrous Floods in China.

Hongkong, Oct. 15.—There have been disastrous floods in the Sunking and Mai Ping districts. Several towns are submerged and hundreds of people have been rendered homeless.

DENIES IN TOTO EVERY CHARGE

HON. W. PUGSLEY EXPOSES HIS CALUMNIATOR

Shows That Mayes' Statements Have No Basis Whatsoever in Truth.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 14.—In the opera house Hon. William Pugsley defended himself against the Mayes' dredge charges. "For several weeks," said Mr. Pugsley, "it has been stated that the Tory leaders were keeping in reserve for me a bombshell which they intended to explode at the proper time, and I had repeated intimations made to me that unless I satisfied the demands of Mr. Mayes by purchasing the dredge at an exorbitant price he would make an exposure which would have a most damaging effect upon me and the Liberal party, it being even said to me that he had photographs prepared of a note which he had given me, and also of a cheque which he had given in payment of notes as well as of payments which he had made to Mr. McAvity in connection with dredging contracts." The minister made the point that the published copy of the Mayes' affidavit mentioned October, 1907, as the date of the \$2,000 note. He then a minister. The fact was that the note was dated October, 1905, when he was provincial attorney-general, and was Mr. Mayes' counsel. He read a letter received from Mr. Mayes stating that 1907 was a typographical error, which he (Mr. Mayes) regretted, and which he had taken proper steps to have corrected. As to this Mr. Pugsley said he could not see the original affidavit, but that the declaration was drawn with the clear intention of conveying to the public mind that I was minister at the time. Mr. Mayes says that I stated to him, "You see it will be nice to have some one who will do something for you while in Ottawa." That there was always something to be done. "If I were base enough, false enough to my duty as a minister of the crown to accept money from a contractor, these words would have been applicable, but they are not applicable to the note given two years before I became a member of parliament, at a time when I was a member of the provincial government, and when I had not the slightest thought or expectation of becoming a member of parliament. "I want now in the strongest manner possible to denounce Mr. Mayes and those who prepared the declaration for him, and Premier Hazen who read the declaration, as men unworthy to move in decent society and among honorable men. "Now, what are the facts: In 1905 Mr. Mayes, whose solicitor and counsel I had been for a number of years, having been engaged by him in every important professional work, came to me and stated he was desirous of tendering for dredging in the harbor of St. John, and asked my advice as to associating with him one or more business men of the city. Knowing George McAvity as a prominent business man, I suggested he should see him, and it happens became associated with him in the undertaking. From that time on, until quite recently, although I know that Messrs. Mayes and McAvity were asso-

ASSOCIATED TOGETHER IN DREDGING WORK, I HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF WHAT WAS THE ARRANGEMENT BETWEEN THEM. FROM TIME TO TIME, AND INDEED VERY OFTEN, MR. MAYES ADVISED WITH ME AS SOLICITOR IN REGARD TO MATTERS WHICH AROSE IN CONNECTION WITH THE WORK.

"But in the summer of 1907, when I was a member of parliament and minister, I ceased the practice of law, and from that time on I never acted in any way for Mr. Mayes. I retained other counsel, and the relationship which had for so many years existed between us in the capacity of solicitor and client ceased altogether when I became minister of public works. I have been called upon to deal with the subject of Mr. Mayes. The contracts and record will show I treated him in all respects as I treat any other contractor who was entitled to fair consideration, and nothing more." Mr. Pugsley read correspondence to show he had declined to meet Mr. Mayes' wishes in several matters connected with dredging. Then he charged blackmail, saying that Mr. Mayes ought to sell him the dredge beaver for \$150,000, of which \$20,000 could go to the Liberal campaign funds. He said he had ordered Mr. Mayes out of his office. He charged also that Premier Hazen and President Baxter, of the Conservative Association, were equally guilty with Mr. Mayes in this attempt to damn him as a public man. Messrs. Daniel and McRae, must accept a share of the responsibility. He read affidavits from Geo. McAvity, J. E. Moore and F. W. Holt, C. E., to confirm what he had said concerning Mr. Mayes' proposal to sell the dredge at an exorbitant price as a price of silence, and his aid in the elections, including the \$20,000.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST TAINTED MILK SUPPLY

Attempt to Be Made to Weed Out Cows With Tuberculosis.

(From Thursday's Daily.)
A campaign is to be waged in the province which it is hoped will effectively weed out all cows that may be infected with tuberculosis. The danger which attends the selling of milk that might be tainted is very great and the authorities are preparing to wage a campaign against it. Dr. Knight, the dairy inspector, will address the farmers' institutes on the subject of tuberculosis. He will commence the series at Ganges Harbor on October 28th and include Fulford, Pender Island, Mayne Island, Sidney, and Royal Oak on his itinerary. After that he will go to the mainland and address a series there. The question of granting certificates to milk vendors and have the names of the holders of these made public, is also being considered. In this way it is expected that farmers supplying milk will take the precaution to have the infected cows disposed of so that first class certificates can be obtained. The inspection and grading of the herds along this line will, it is felt, result in sellers taking the precaution to get rid of any cows having tuberculosis as otherwise they will be losers by a falling off in custom as no one will purchase milk from an infected herd when he can have the assurance that another source of supply is pure.

VAGANT WEALTH USE OF UNHAPPINESS

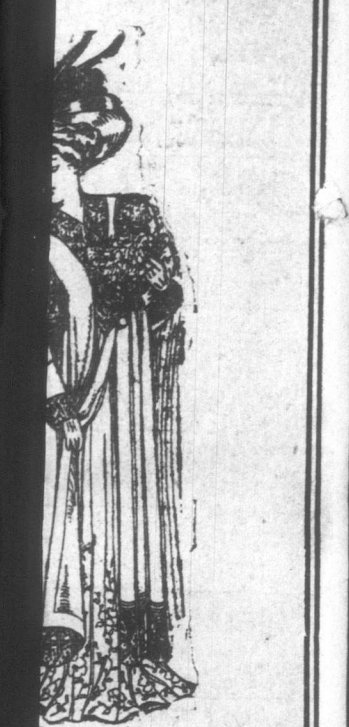
Cardinal Gibbons Replies to Attack on American Womanhood.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 10.—Cardinal Gibbons in an interview published here yesterday, made what might be called a five reply to Dr. Andrew McPherson in an article published in a paper recently was quoted as saying that American women are unhappy. "American women of a certain class, the 'ladies' number," said his Eminence, "are the 'ladies' and un-ladies in the world. I refer to the class of extravagant wealth, who have neither religious nor domestic virtues to recommend, and who employ their talents merely for the gratification of their passions. But also there are those of the very wealthy class who are quietly and virtuously, and against our middle class, the charge of idleness, absolutely unfair." Cardinal Gibbons went on to say that the foreign critic of America's distorted view of American life, scandals and divorces, he said in the newspapers, never seem aware of the fact of a millions which never get into print.

POLITICIAN OCCUPIED THE ATTENTION OF THE YESTERDAY AFTER ROUTINE MATTERS WERE TRANSACTED, BUT NONE OF THEM WOULD TALK ON THE PHASES OF THE QUESTION WHICH THEY DISCUSSED.

London, D. C., Oct. 10.—Politics occupied the attention of the yesterday after routine matters were transacted, but none of the would talk on the phases of the question which they discussed.

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EXHIBIT AT THE NEW WEST

of such money to be sub- approval of the superintend- tions of British Columbia. quest was granted by the

WAGANT WEALTH USE OF UNHAPPINESS

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JAPAN'S PLACE AMONG POWERS

EMPEROR'S RESCRIPT DEFINES HER POLICY

Will Cultivate Friendship With Other Nations and Advance Industries.

Yokohama, Oct. 14.—The official Gazette this morning published an imperial rescript, countersigned by Premier Katsura, in which the Emperor says:

"The East and the West are dependent upon one another for the promotion of their welfare and on this account we should endeavor to cultivate the friendship of other nations. At the same time it is highly important in these 'post bellum' days that we should be united with other countries in advancing industries. In this we shall be acting in accordance with the sacred traditions of our forefathers and our glorious national history. We trust that our loyal subjects will assist us in glorifying the virtue of our forefathers."

Economic Policy.

Tokio, Oct. 14.—The imperial rescript published to-day which is intended to be addressed to the foreign powers as well as to the people of Japan became public property because of an address made by Premier Katsura before the prefectural governors assembled in this city. The premier outlined the government economic policy and emphasized its determination to reduce unproductive expenditures. Speaking as premier, Marquis Katsura said the rescript must be considered a definite command from the Emperor for the people of Japan to demonstrate their intention of following closely every form of economy and to take their position before the world as a peaceful and conservative people.

DR. COOK MAY HAVE REACHED NORTH POLE

New York, Oct. 14.—Frederick E. Cook, the Arctic explorer, is believed by explorer Anthony Fiala to be close to the North Pole, if he has not already reached that target of many historic expeditions. No word has been heard from Dr. Cook since March 17 last. He was then on the polar ice north of Cape Thomas Hubbard about 600 miles from the pole. He was the only white man with several eskimoes and a big equipment of dog-sleds and supplies. When he wrote that he was on the eve of making a desperate dash for the pole over the ice, Dr. Cook's wife and two children live at number 870 Brunswick Avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Cook is not alarmed about her husband and is confident he will return in his own time safely.

DARING BATHER DROWNS.

New York, Oct. 14.—Harry Walsh, who has been for several years among the most daring and persistent of the winter swimming coteries at Bath beach, often breaking the ice in order to indulge his fondness for the sport, was drowned last night in the presence of many other members of the club, after a gallant effort had been made to save him. Walsh was the only one of the coterie to venture far from the end of the Captain's pier at Gravesend. Mrs. Walsh was with him at the time he was seized with cramps. Wm. Cooney swam out to him, but Walsh was too far gone to be saved. Cooney towed his body ashore.

HONOR FOR C. M. HAYS.

St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 14.—At the annual meeting of the Central Vermont Railway Company, C. M. Hays, of Montreal was elected president.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A pile beacon, from which is shown an occulting white light, has been established at the western entrance and of the northern shore of the First Narrows, Vancouver harbor, British Columbia. The light is elevated 28 feet above high water, and is unwatched.

The harvest home services were held in the Sailors' and Soldiers' Home, Esquimalt road, on Sunday morning. Rev. Mr. McChung occupied the pulpit. In the evening Thomas Hilliard, of Waterloo, Ont., occupied the pulpit and preached a sermon on Methodist missions. Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Hicks were present and provided music. The home was beautifully decorated for the occasion under the charge of a committee, with Staff Sergt. Wright at its head. Mr. and Mrs. McAdam addressed the Sunday school in the afternoon and rendered a musical programme also. This evening the tea meeting and concert will be held, where the young people of the Centennial Methodist church, Miss Sheritt and others will provide a programme.

Advertisement for Epps' Cocoa, describing it as a delicious drink and a sustaining food. Includes the text 'You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than EPPS' COCOA' and 'A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.' Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 3-lb. Tins.

BODY FOUND IN SKEENA.

No Means of Identification on Almost Nude Corpse.

Prince Rupert, Oct. 12.—The dead body of a man, apparently about thirty-five years of age, was found floating in the Skeena river below Graveyard Point on Wednesday in a badly decomposed condition and had evidently been in the water for some months. With the exception of a light pair of shoes on the feet, the body was devoid of clothing which renders identification difficult. The remains are being brought down to Port Essington where a coroner's inquest will be held.

WILL CARRY ORE FROM SIDNEY INLET

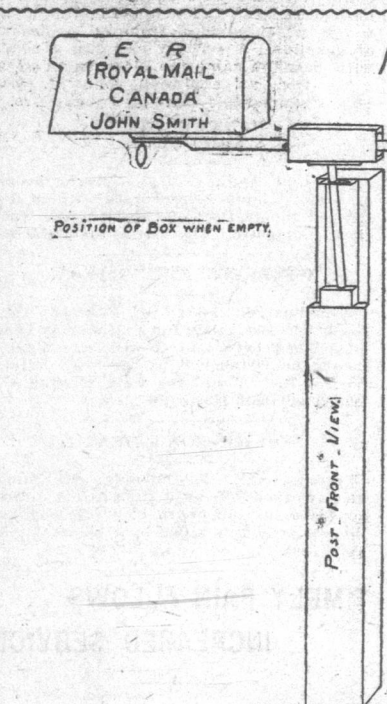
Princess Ena Leaving for West Coast This Evening.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) C.P.R. freight steamer Princess Ena having finished unloading the salmon she brought from the Skeena river leaves to-night for the West Coast. There she will take on a full load of ore from the Sidney Inlet mines for the Tye Smelter. The bunkers at Sidney Inlet are full and there is also a large amount of ore ready for shipment besides that which is in the bunkers. As the Ena can carry something like 1000 tons, she will be able to clean up a good deal of the ore that is ready for shipment. The Tye Copper Co. have leased the Sidney Inlet mines and will work them to their capacity.

MUNICIPAL FIGHT IS LIQUOR VS. TEMPERANCE

Both Parties in Manitoba Claim They Are Thoroughly Organized.

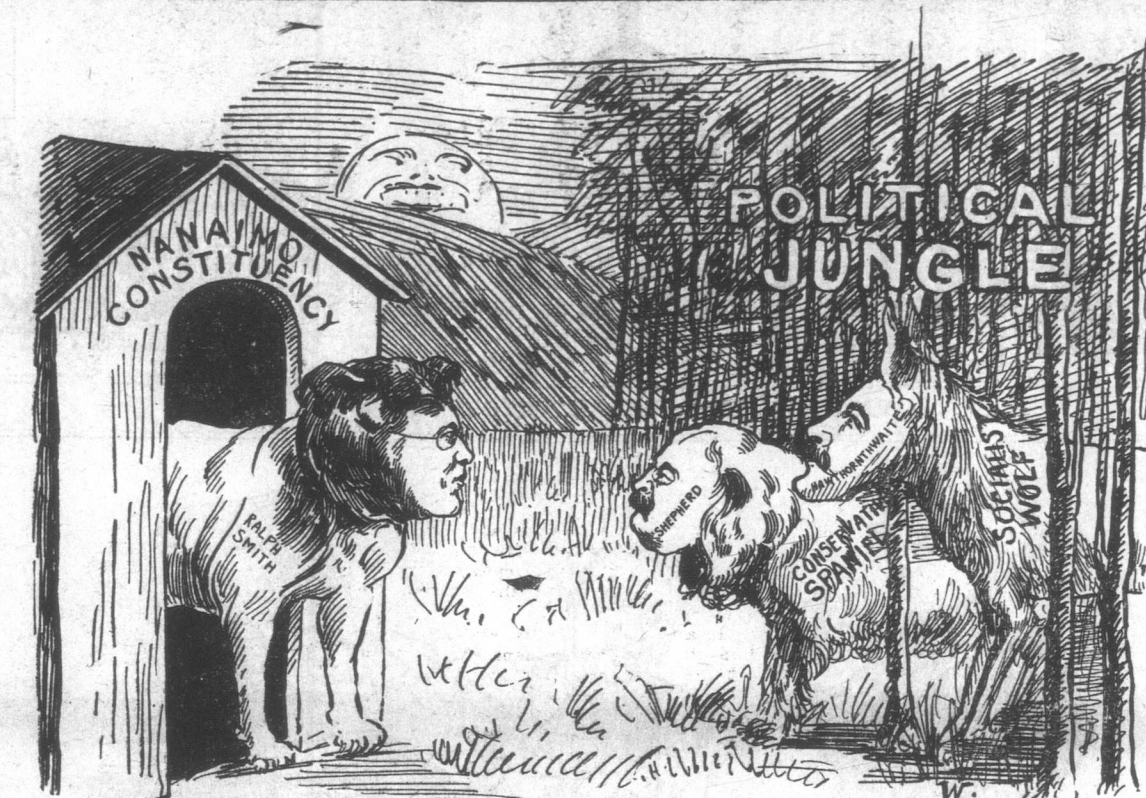
Winnipeg, Oct. 14.—The municipal elections in Manitoba this fall promise to be the most interesting held in the province for many years. It is to be a battle royal between the organized temperance and the organized liquor influences. Both parties have been preparing for the vote. As soon as the government revised the license act last session, and provided for local option with only a majority vote of the people, the temperance people saw their opportunity. They determined to bring the question to a vote in a large number of municipalities this year. W. W. Buchanan, head of the temperance organization, in an automobile, organized the province with his temperance workers. The licensed hotelkeepers association also were benefited by the revision of the act, in that a repeal vote was allowed to be taken each year, provided there was a twenty-five per cent. petition presented to the municipal council. The temperance people were compelled to have their twenty-five per cent. petition in the hands of the council before October 1st, but no date was set for a petition for repeal to be in. The



from the arena for a course twenty-six miles long round Milan. The finish, too, was at the Arena. The first to arrive was Giuseppe Lodi, of Milan, who covered the twenty-six miles (exactly the same distance as from Windsor to the Stadium) in 2 hours 45 minutes 56 seconds, and of Hayes (2 hours 55 minutes, 18 seconds). A Marathon race for professional runners took place on the same course, and the first to arrive was the Frenchman, Stret, who beat the world's records. In the walking race of twenty-six miles along the same course, Claro, of Milan, arrived first in 4 hours 21 minutes. Dorando Pietri should have acted as starter, but at the last moment he was deprived of the honor because it became known that he had accepted an offer to appear on the music hall stage in America.

LAWSUIT PROVES FATAL

Deacon Killed as Result of Blow From Flat of Blacksmith. Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 14.—H. Whaley, a deacon of the Euclid Ave. Baptist church, of this city, was struck and killed by J. W. Green, a blacksmith, here to-day. Green struck Whaley in the face with his fist. In falling Whaley's head struck the railroad track, death following an hour later. Green has not been caught. The trouble arose over a lawsuit.



The Bulldog:—"Funny what curious friendships are found in the jungle."

C. P. R. PLANS FOR VANCOUVER ISLAND

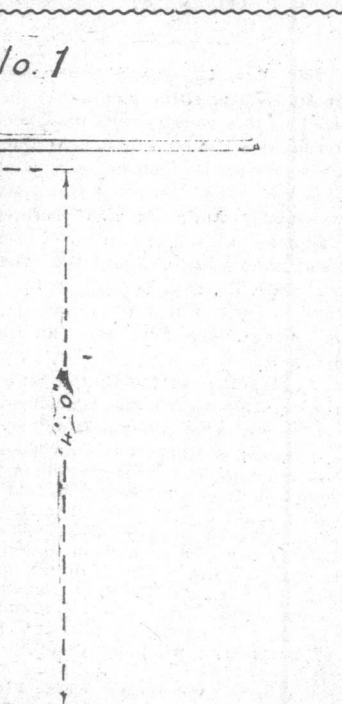
(Special to the Times.) Winnipeg, Oct. 14.—Sir Thos. Shaughnessy leaves to-morrow for the Pacific coast via Edmonton. He announced to-day his acceptance of the Victoria Council and the Board of Trade invitation to address the members at the banquet, when he will announce the company's developments and plans on Vancouver Island.

RURAL MAIL BOXES ARRIVE

SERVICE MAY NOW BE PROVIDED HERE

Delivery Routes Can Be Located Along Stage Lines.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Instructions have reached here to the effect that the arrangements for the delivery of Rural Mails throughout the Dominion are now completed and are to be put into effect as soon as possible. The rural mail service provides for the delivery and collection of mail matter to and from persons residing in Rural Districts along and contiguous to the line of travel of all existing stage routes of one mile and upwards in length. This service is carried out through the medium of a special box known as the "King Edward" Mail Box to be placed on the road side and located in such a manner that the courier can reach the box without dismounting from his vehicle or horse. Any person living on or near any main route and not within one quarter mile of any corporate city, town or village who desires his mail to be carried in a special box may take advantage of the opportunity this affords, and the department requires that such a person should first apply on a form supplied by the department when their mail will be delivered to the courier for deposit at the designated route at the risk of the addressee. The box itself is a simple affair and is so contrived that the position of the box will be on a long arm to which it is attached and can be easily changed from lying lengthwise along the arm to the position across the end of the arm. The arm itself will lie along the route in the direction of travel and when the box is seen across the end of the arm (sketch No. 1) it is an indication to the courier or patron as the case may be that it contains mail matter. On the other hand when the box lies lengthwise along the arm (sketch No. 2) it is an indication either to the courier or to the patron that the box is empty. This box will be furnished by the department at a moderate cost. The post on which the box is to be permanently attached must be provided by the patron or owner and placed in position in accordance with diagram which will be supplied him. Each box must be painted or stencilled upon it the name of the patron or owner. Any person living off the line of travel of a rural mail courier is at liberty to purchase and erect one of these boxes at the cross road or any other point on the route for the reception of mail matter addressed to him or mailed by him as the case may be. All mail matter when deposited in the box by the patron or owner thereof must be fully prepaid with postage stamps. It is expected this system of rural mail delivery will be freely taken advantage of by the settlers on the main routes contiguous to Victoria as well as at other points on Vancouver Island where the same conditions prevail, and will be found most convenient. A supply of "King Edward" Mail Boxes has already reached Victoria and preliminary steps are now being taken towards bringing this system into operation. Persons living along or contiguous to the line of travel followed by the mail contractor for the conveyance of mails over a stage route between post offices situated in other localities who desire to take advantage of the rural mail delivery will be furnished with full particulars upon application to the Post Office Inspector, Victoria.



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BALKAN AGITATION SPREADS TO PALESTINE

Jaffa, Palestine, Oct. 14.—A mob attacked the Austria post office here and destroyed a number of mail carts and letter boxes. The disorder grew out of the efforts of political agitators who were agitating the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The trouble began on the arrival to-day of the Austrian mail steamer. The lightermen of the port refused to have anything to do with her, and it was impossible to land her cargo. The mails and passengers eventually were disembarked, however, after which the people moved on the post office and vented their anger on the property of the Austrian government.

ONTARIO WANTS ENGLISH SETTLERS

(Special to the Times.) Toronto, Ont., Oct. 14.—The local government is about to enter on a vigorous campaign of settling the vacant lands in the province due to the exodus to the West and an energetic campaign will be started in England with a view to attracting suitable immigrants.

BENDROTT TAKES TITLE FROM WALLIS

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Having obtained a lead of a mile at 2.30 yesterday afternoon in the 24-hour skating race at the local rink against Wallis, James Bendrott later in the afternoon went out for a long spin, and added another mile to his lead, which Wallis could not pick up, and made no attempt to do so. As the contest continued until the end, after 6 o'clock last night, Wallis contented himself with skating a few feet behind the leader, in which place he continued throughout, both men showing no desire to hurry as the 24 hours drew to a close. With the same lead in hand, and when there was no chance of Bendrott losing, at 10 o'clock the two men com-

YUKON NAVIGATION.

Dawson, Oct. 13.—The last White Pass steamers from Dawson for White Horse this year sailed yesterday. One or two independent boats may go later, but this is no certainty. There are a few passengers, including those delayed from the wreck of the Humboldt, who arrived at White Horse last week too late to get the last steamer down the river. The weather is very mild and no ice is running. Boats are stopping navigation no earlier than usual, but there is an exceptionally prolonged season. The steamer Hamilton, the last lower river packet, arrived yesterday. No freight remains at the grand camp of the Arctic Brotherhood, at Victoria, left last week. They must wait in Seattle until the opening of navigation next spring. The Camp Dawson election resulted as follows: Charles Sattler, Arctic chief; Glencoe Huine, vice-president; Rev. J. M. Conyn Ching, Arctic recorder.

WAGES ON INTERCOLONIAL.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 14.—The government has accepted the award of the arbitration and investigation board in connection with increase of wages for intercolonial railway freight clerks. The board recommended that the staff should be reduced in size and that the money so saved should be applied to an increase of the salaries of those remaining.

STEAMER PORT SIMPSON HAS SLIGHT ACCIDENT

Something Goes Wrong With Engine on Way Down—Repairs Being Made.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) A few days ago when coming down the Skeena river, the river steamer Port Simpson met with a slight accident to her engines. She passed safely through the Ectocles canyon and tied up just below. There she made temporary repairs and proceeded down the river to Essington under her own steam, arriving there on the 11th. A telegram received from that point states that the repairs would take about five days and that she would then make another trip to the foot of the canyon. It is estimated that three trips down the river will clean up all the freight for the season. James Thomson, manager of the Hudson Bay river steamers, and also the local office, was at Essington day or two ago and is now on his way south.

BOMB-THROWER DURING TAXICAB STRIKE

New York Chaffeurs and Company Deny Any Connection With Outrage.

New York, Oct. 14.—The bomb made its first appearance to-day in the struggle between the New York Taxicab Company and its striking chaffeurs which has been in progress for more than a week. While no one was injured and no serious damage was done, still the controversy which from the first has been marked with violent disorders has by this fact, reached the stage where it is likely that the sternest repressive measures will be required. Both the company and the strikers plead innocence in connection with the outrage. The company declares that a deliberate attempt was made by strikers to destroy the property of its former employers and the strikers maintain that the deadly missile was hurled

THE LOYALIST.

(Special Correspondence.) Port Essington, Oct. 10.—Another local paper presented its first number to the Port Essington public to-day. It calls itself the Loyalist, announcing in its inaugural its purpose of instilling loyalty in the hearts of the foreigners who come to build railroads or catch sockeyes, and incidentally give the Conservative party a boost.

PARLIAMENT HEMMED IN BY ENORMOUS MOB

London, Oct. 14.—The climax of the suffragette campaign was reached last night when an enormous mob hemmed in parliament and stopped traffic in all the streets leading to Westminster. For more than three hours the crowds scuffled good naturedly with the police, interfered with the theatre-goers, broke windows and disorganized things generally in the centre of London. The heroine of the day was Mrs. Travers Symons, formerly secretary to James Keir Hardie, the Socialist and Independent member of parliament, who reached the House of Commons by strategy. The House was solemnly debating a bill to prevent children from cigarette smoking, when the woman dashed past the doorkeeper to a position in front of the Speaker's chair and shouted shrilly: "Leave off discussing children and talk about the women." Three officials seized Mrs. Symons and carried her out bodily. She was then led to the outer door and dismissed. As a result of the coup, an order was issued that hereafter women should not be admitted to the building on any pretext whatever, and in the future the historic grill will not screen female spectators. The appeal issued by the suffragettes for 50,000 people to help them "rush" Westminster at 7.30 o'clock last evening was the most successful stroke yet. Not less than twice that number responded to the call, and nine-tenths of these were young people who come to see the fun. There were also a few hundred of the unemployed and their sympathizers. Parliament was in a state of siege. A close triple line of police was drawn around the three sides of the square in front of the building. The yard between the gates swarmed with police, and two hundred guarded the terrace in the rear against assault by the way which the women twice attempted. A small fleet of police boats also patrolled the Thames approaches. 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KOREANS KILLED ON WAY TO SHRINE

MISTAKEN BY JAPS FOR BAND OF INSURGENTS

Occurrences Give Rise to Belief That Japan Will Annex Country.

Seoul, Oct. 15.—It has just been learned that twenty-two members of the "Ichinhoh," the pro-Japanese organization of Korea, were killed by the Japanese gendarmes at Choldo a few days ago.

The matter has been reported by Marquis Ito, resident general of Korea, who is now in Tokyo.

Advices from Tokio state that Marquis Ito has held conferences with Premier Katsura and Viscount Terauchi, minister of war, and it is understood that a cabinet council will be called to consider the question and decide upon the future action to be taken.

In consequence of these conferences the report is being widely circulated that the Japanese government has decided to annex Korea immediately.

The Associated Press, however, is assured that this is absolutely untrue, and that, in fact, no change in Japan's general policy toward Korea has even been considered.

The explanation advanced of the killing of the members of the "Ichinhoh" shows that forty of the "Ichinhoh" were marching in a body to visit a shrine when the Japanese gendarmes met them, and mistaking them for a band of insurgents, immediately attacked the party, killing twenty-two.

Japanese Censorship. San Francisco, Oct. 15.—The Japanese government has issued a decree that these young people should be seen to the fun.

Some hundreds of the unemployed, their sympathizers, paraded in a state of siege.

A line of police was drawn three sides of the square building. The yard between the building and the street was swarmed with police.

Police boats also patrolled the water. The streets adjoining the Commons clear, where air ability to keep the peace.

The crowd cheered, sang and gave voice to all the sayings that a London crowd is wont to utter.

These were aimed in a sure way at the suffragettes distinguished by their dresses, swarmed everywhere.

A delegation of suffragettes which approached the Commons and was formally refused admittance to parliament.

At a rush, but the women least possible rough-treatment back.

SHIPMENT OF CHINESE COIN.

Galt, Ont., Oct. 15.—There arrived at the warehouse of the Ontario Metal Company yesterday, Chinese coin to the value of \$10,000 in Canadian currency.

It has been discarded by China and will be sold to foundries which desire high class copper.

It is the first shipment of its kind ever received in Canada.

CREE INDIANS DECIMATED. Strange Disease Wiping Out Hudson Tribes by the Score.

New York, Oct. 15.—A deadly disease, in some aspects like the grippe, but highly contagious and far more mortal than the grippe in this climate, has attacked the almost depopulated tribes of the Crees on the shores of James and Hudson Bays, killing men, women and children by scores.

Anson Skinner, of the department of anthropology of the American Museum of Natural History, who recently returned from an exhaustive study of the people of that country, brought the news of the plague to this city.

Last night the party of G. T. P. officials now on the coast reached Victoria, by the Princess May and took up quarters at the Empress hotel, where they will be guests during the stay in Victoria.

The party is made up of Chas. M. Hays, president of the company; Frank W. Morse, vice-president, and general manager; Darcy Tate, assistant solicitor who is favorably known here; B. B. Keilher, chief engineer; J. H. Bacon, harbor engineer, who is making Prince Rupert his headquarters now; N. Smithers, of London; J. W. Loud, freight traffic manager; W. E. Davis, passenger traffic manager; G. H. Pope, right of way agent; G. A. McMicholl, purchasing agent, with headquarters in Vancouver; D. E. Gallaway, secretary to Mr. Hays; N. Kinseil, secretary to Mr. Morse, and A. S. Loucks, secretary to Mr. Loud.

They have just returned from Prince Rupert, and will spend a short time in Victoria attending to necessary business connected largely with the Prince Rupert townsite.

Mr. Hays sent this morning by a Times reporter was very much pleased with the outlook in Victoria. He was delighted with the new Empress hotel, which he felt must be of decided advantage to the city.

Coming to Victoria, the company's plans for Victoria, Mr. Hays said: "We are coming to Victoria. We cannot afford not to do it. Some of the details are yet to be worked out so that they cannot be made public yet."

Mr. Hays went on to point out that he felt Victoria had a bright future, and his company must have connection with it.

This announcement by Mr. Hays, following the recent purchase of waterfront made by the company, is of great importance to Victoria. The assurance from one in authority, such as Mr. Hays, leaves no doubt as to the bona fides of the company.

In spite of the fact that the morning was an exceptionally gloomy one, and in no wise typical of Victoria weather, the president of the G. T. P. came out of the Empress hotel windows could not fail to express his admiration at the outlook and speak most optimistically of the city.

To Meet Government. The visit of the company officials to Victoria at this time is made for the purpose of conferring with Premier McBride and members of his government. There are a number of subjects to be discussed which Mr. Hays wishes to dispose of before he leaves the city.

At the present time the survey of the lots at Prince Rupert is in progress. The company is preparing to put the lots on sale May 1st. As the government has tried vainly to suppress the Crown Prince, it is feared that he may lead bands of volunteers against Bosnia or do something equally rash.

New York, Oct. 15.—Michael Zoonovitch's "army" of Servian-American volunteers, is slowly being organized. With Captain Leskovac, Sergeant Sharko Radrojevitch, and other patriots, he is enlisting fellow-countrymen there was never a time when the event of Servia going to war with the Austro-Hungarian empire. The recruits now number over a hundred, ranging in age from 18 to 35 years.

Zoonovitch says that the minute King Peter calls for troops the "army" will sail on the first steamer leaving New York, for an Italian port.

"In the event of war we are all going," said Captain Leskovac, "and if the state department at Washington tries to stop us at the behest of Austria, on the ground that we are armed belligerents recruited from a friendly power to fight a power friendly to that country, we will simply register at the steamship passage books as 'persons off to visit relatives in Serbia,' and then they will have to let us go."

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC IS COMING TO VICTORIA

President Hays Makes Announcement This Morning—Important Party of Railway Officials Are in the City To-day on Business Connected With the Company.

ment is a joint owner with the company in the townsite, Mr. Hays wishes to discuss with the government the details connected with the offering for sale of the lots.

In addition to this Mr. Hays will take up with the government the question of doing a certain amount of municipal work at Prince Rupert in the way of drainage, street grading, etc. There is a request from residents now at Prince Rupert for this, and the subject will receive attention from the joint owners—the G. T. P. and the government.

Prince Rupert Sale. The president of the company is delighted with Prince Rupert, and members of his party also expressed themselves similarly. The harbor is a magnificent one, a fact known to the officials of course from the first. The clearing of the townsite, however, has revealed the fact that it will make a good location, better even than some of the officials had at first expected.

The officials went up the Skeena as far as Copper river, and noted the progress being made. The roadbed is being provided twelve feet above extreme high water, and for the most part is rock ballasted, so that the line should be of a very permanent character. The work is going on so well and the plans for the company on the first 100 miles are so well in hand that Mr. Hays says that next year when he comes out at this time he will proceed up the river on the railway.

The president was pleased at the great interest taken in the terminal point—Prince Rupert. Every one on the coast seemed to be talking of it. On the steamer he heard arrivals from the Yukon and Alaska discussing the new city and its bearing on the north. Mr. Hays says he expects to make the time between Skagway and Chicago in five days. This allows for about two days from Skagway to Prince Rupert.

Mr. Hays expresses regret that the public should be deluded by the selling of townsites that are not on the G. T. P., and are sold to the public under the impression that they are. He referred particularly to Point Edward, which is being extensively advertised in Vancouver. This townsite is a rocky one, not located on the line of the G. T. P., and the president thinks it is too bad that investors should be deluded in the matter.

Speaking of the general business of the G. T. P., Mr. Hays said the outlook never appeared better. The work was going forward splendidly. He did not think that the public fully realized the vast amount of work that was being done by the company.

Work on Prairies. Asked when Edmonton would be reached, he said that he expected the line to be completed into that city before the first of the year.

West of Edmonton, where 100 miles are well under way, Mr. Hays and party made an inspection on the way West. That work is well in hand, and the line is fast assuming shape.

Injurious Reports. Mr. Hays contradicts the wild rumors about the G. T. P. business which have been circulated. These, he says, are hardly worth contradiction, and he seldom takes the trouble to do it. They are circulated at different times apparently for a purpose, but are unfounded. The business of the company never looked better. With respect to the Grand Trunk holdings in the G. T. P., Mr. Hays said it was well described by saying that "it could not be withdrawn if it would, and it would not if it could."

Mr. Morse is Here. Mr. Morse, who has not visited Victoria for several years, and who during a prolonged stay here, about four years ago, made many friends, is showing in indications of the strenuous work which is connected with railway construction. As general manager of the G. T. P., he is called upon to spend a good part of his time on what might be described as the firing line. Since construction began he has been from time to time on the work of inspection along the line.

At first a good deal of the travel was done by horseback, Mr. Morse being an expert rider. Now, however, the larger part of the inspection trips are possible by rail. The strenuous work has had its effect on Mr. Morse, and he looks somewhat older. He is, however, in excellent health, and is progressing in the best of spirits over the progress which is being made along the line.

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WINTER WHEAT FARM. New Yorkers Purchase 5,000 Acres of Irrigated Land in Northwest.

Calgary, Oct. 15.—A sale of 5,000 acres of land in the Canadian Pacific Railway irrigation block has just been completed to a syndicate of New York capitalists. It is the intention of the buyers to develop this property as a winter wheat farm.

Sixty land seekers from Michigan, Nebraska and Iowa have just completed a tour of the Canadian Pacific irrigation stock, and the staff of the irrigation office are busily engaged in closing sale contracts with a number of these parties.

JOCKEY SUES OWNER. New York, Oct. 15.—The jury yesterday decided in favor of August Belmont in the suit for \$100,000 damages brought against him by John P. Fret, the jockey. Fret claimed he was libelled by Mr. Belmont when he posted him in the racing calendar as having left his employ without authority, saying Fret had been discharged because he failed on one occasion to take off his hat in saluting Mr. Belmont.

DRUNKEN ORGY AT TORY RALLY

DISGRACEFUL SCENES ENACTED IN WINNIPEG. Booze Unlimited Supplied by Parly of Temperance and Purity.

Winnipeg, Oct. 15.—The Haggarty rally at Edwards hall, Henry avenue, last night developed into a drunken orgy, six bartenders being required to serve the crowd with bologna sausage and cheese and crackers and booze unlimited in an adjoining room. While the speeches went on an unruly crowd

EXPANSION OF C. P. R. ON PRAIRIES

SIR T. SHAUGHNESSY IS TOURING WEST

Formally Takes Over Double-track Wheat Road From Winnipeg-Ft. William.

(Special to the Times). Winnipeg, Oct. 15.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and a party of directors of the Canadian Pacific arrived here this morning to accept from the contractors the double track of wheat road 427 miles long, running between here and Fort William, and built at a cost of ten millions. It runs through deep cuts and muskegs. From here Sir Thomas goes to Lethbridge to take over the Alberta railway and properties, including a large colliery at Lethbridge, 113 miles of railway and 425,000 acres of land suitable for irrigation for which there has been keen rivalry to gain possession for years between J. J. Hill and the C. P. R. as a connecting link between Southern Alberta and the C. N. system in Montana.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy also inspected the work on the spiral tunnel at Kicking Horse river, where a thousand men have been at work for two years building an undertaking to enable two engines to pull an ordinary train up the big hill, which is the backbone of the Rockies, at the rate of 20 miles an hour. At present five engines are required to push an average train at a speed of five miles an hour.

GETS RENEWAL OF FRANCHISE. (Special to the Times). London, Ont., Oct. 15.—The City Council last night granted the Bell Telephone company a renewal of the franchise for five years at a price of \$4,000 instead of \$2,900. No provision was made for the reduction of rates to users.



CHAS. M. HAYS, President of the G. T. P. Now in the City.

one government has established a strict censorship over all communications between Koreans in this country and friends or relatives in their native land, according to Rev. R. S. Ryang, a Korean minister of the Methodist church. Rev. Ryang has interested himself in the case of the Korean who shot Durham W. Stevens here several months ago, and whose trial will commence on November 18.

It is said that Korean papers published here containing accounts of the shooting and the subsequent death of Stevens have been forbidden an entry to Korea and that every copy of the Korean Daily News, which contained the Korean emperor's protest against the Japanese treaty has been destroyed. A copy of the publication, which was discovered in this country and which was to have been offered in evidence at the trial, has been lost.

YOUTHFUL HEIRESS IS KIDNAPPED AT CHICAGO

Snatched From Grandmother by Three Men and Hurried Away in Automobile.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—In broad daylight, almost without a word of warning, Margaret Frances Mitchell, 8 years old, said to be heiress to a fortune of \$250,000, was kidnapped here yesterday, and the authorities have instituted a country-wide search for the child.

While on the street with her grandmother, the little girl was snatched by one of three men in an automobile, and after the grandmother, Mrs. Caroline F. Mitchell, was knocked down, was taken away. Since then no trace of the child has been found, although the police are working on a clue that she was taken immediately out of the city, probably to Sparks, N. C.

PEACE IS LINK WHICH BINDS U. S. AND CANADA

Amgassador Bryce Honored by Subjects of Empire at Boston Banquet.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 15.—Boston men of British birth and ancestry and Canadians and Britons joined last night in honoring the British ambassador to the United States, the Hon. Jas. Bryce, at a dinner at the Hotel Somerset. The dinner was given by the Canadian Club of the Victoria Club, the Intercolonial Club, the British Charitable Society, and the Scotch Charitable Society.

British, French, Scotch and American flags formed an international setting behind the British ambassador as he rose amid the applause of the gathering to offer the greetings of the British Empire. Ambassador Bryce declared there was never a time when both Canada and the United States were so closely linked and equally desirous of peace for themselves and the whole world.

The signs of "no trespass," the ambassador declared, were up on the questions he would like to talk of and those which would perhaps be of the most interest, but he would refrain. Of the trouble in southeast Europe he thought there would be a pacific solution found.

HUGE LUMBER MILL AT BLAINE IS GUTTED

Loss Estimated at Half a Million—Had Been Idle for Two Years.

Seattle, Oct. 15.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Blaine says: "The Jenkins mill plant, one of the largest lumber mills in the Northwest, caught fire about 10:30 to-night and was almost completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at about \$500,000.

STETTLER PARTIALLY WIPED OUT BY FIRE

(Special to the Times). Winnipeg, Oct. 15.—A large section of the town of Stettler, Alberta, was wiped out by fire this morning, including the Grand Union Merchants National hotel, twenty stores, the post office, the Merchants' Bank, Leslie Hill, the hall in Riggs & Whyte's store and was burned to death. The loss was a quarter of a million covered by a heavy insurance.

STOCKINGED FEET BURGLARS.

Regina, Sask., Oct. 15.—Wholesale robbery was attempted on Sunday afternoon at the warehouse of the Regina Storage and Forwarding Co. H. W. Laird and Geo. Holden were working in the office on the ground floor of the warehouse. The burglar footprints above, Laird went up, surprising two men who were packing goods ready to take away with them. Both men were in their stocking feet, and had evidently slept in the building. They had about four hundred dollars' worth of goods ready for removal, and a wagon waiting to receive the swag. When surprised both took to their heels, and up to the present have not been captured. An entrance to the building had been forced.

EDMONTON MURDER CASE. Police Searching for an Old Soldier Who Is Suspected of Crime.

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 15.—There is no doubt now in the minds of the police that the old man, Thomas Burns, of Strathcona, came to his death at the hands of another person. The suicide rumor appears to have no foundation. Chief of Police MacCauley returned to the city on Saturday, but will go out again in search of the suspect, who has not been seen since the evening of the assault. Suspicion rests on the old soldier named Burns, who was seen with Burns, but whom the dead man described as useless and lazy.

ECHO OF OLD TRAGEDY.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.—Coroner Veritt yesterday held an inquest over the body of John A. McPherson, a former marine, who was shot and killed on Sunday by William Jones, who 27 years ago, shot at Charles Gileau in an effort to avenge the assassination of President McKinley. Jones was held without bail. The tragedy on Sunday occurred on the Bates farm, about three miles north of this city.

HAS QUALMS ABOUT BECOMING MILLIONAIRE

Chicago Man Fears Sudden Affluence May Disturb His Domestic Happiness.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—Heir to a fortune of more than \$1,000,000 but uncertain if he really can afford to accept the heritage on account of the present happiness of his family, is the strange opinion of Emil Ascher, who lives contentedly with his wife and eight children in a prairie avenue flat.

In 1888, Joseph Archer, an uncle, died in London, leaving neither will nor clue to his relatives. Six months ago Mrs. Archer received a letter from a friend of hers in Germany near the place where she was born, saying that a family named Archer had fallen heir to a large fortune. "Fallen heir to a million," however, did not seem to produce the thrill in Mrs. Ascher or her family that might be expected in these comparatively recent times. She found cause for displeasure instead of joy and feared that so much money in her family might disrupt the prevailing genuine happiness in her little fireside. Mr. Ascher is 65 years and is contented that he has raised a family of eight children. In addition, he has a business which affords a comfortable income.

SERUM THAT WILL CURE TUBERCULOSIS

Remarkable Discovery of a French Professor—Results of Inoculation.

Paris, Oct. 15.—Prof. Lannelongue, of Paris has discovered an anti-tubercular serum which is said to be the most efficacious remedy of the kind ever used. Of eleven phthisical patients inoculated with the new serum, ten have either been cured or have shown improvement. Further experiments are expected to show even better results.

KILLED BY LIVE WIRE.

Glace Bay, N. S., Oct. 15.—Frank Morgan was instantly killed yesterday by coming in contact with a live electric wire carrying 500 volts. He was 45 years of age.



FRANK W. MORSE, Vice President and General Manager of the G. T. P. who is in Victoria To-day.

BAD TRAIN MIX-UP.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Three trains were wrecked in the New York Central yards near the Black Rock station last night. A yard engine with a string of cars attached, a freight train coming into the city and Michigan Central passenger train number three were in the mix-up, which resulted in the fatal injury of only one man, John W. Kinney, of the switch engine, being caught between the tender and boiler and fatally injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

BRITISH CABINET APPOINTMENT.

Lord Fitzmaurice is Given Seat as Chancellor of Duchy of Lancaster.

London, Oct. 15.—Lord Fitzmaurice, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, has been given a seat in the cabinet as chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, vice Viscount Wolverhampton, of Wolverhampton, who probably will be appointed lord president of the council, vice the Earl of Crewe, or lord privy seal, in succession to the Marquis of Ripon, who resigned last week on account of advanced age. Lord Fitzmaurice will continue to represent the foreign office in the House of Lords. A new parliamentary secretary for foreign affairs will be selected from the House of Commons.

ENGLAND WINS CHAMPIONSHIP.

E. Barry, of London, Easily Defeats Towns of Australia.

CIVILIZATION'S CROWNING PARADOX

Heart Disease, Due to Acute Baseball Situation, Claims Many Victims.

New York, Oct. 15.—Deaths from heart disease increased last week, due, the health department physicians say, to the acute baseball situation last week. The deaths were 154 as compared with 129 for the corresponding week in 1907.

In Manhattan the deaths were 70 as compared with 58 showing in the opinion of the physicians, that the intensity in the game has spread throughout the city, whereas for the week ending Oct. 3rd, before a final decision regarding the disputed game with Chicago had been made and when hope of ultimate victory was still high, the deaths were 121 as compared with 123 a year ago.

The board of trade has asked Chas. M. Hays, president of the G. T. P., to fix a time when he will receive a deputation from the board, the intention being to take up with the G. T. P. president the question of giving Victoria connections with the line.

NEWS TO... ER EVENTS... DISGUSTED... SCANDAL CRY

Alone Suffi... ty Return of... erals.

(From Thursday's Daily.) "We could have a better political meeting on our veranda," remarked a man to his wife as they left the Odd Fellows hall at Spring Ridge last night, after making two of the slim audience that went to listen to the address of H. G. Barnard, K. C., the Conservative candidate for Victoria in the Dominion election. The remark just about echoed the sentiment of the majority of the little band as it wended its way home after the meeting. "There was no enthusiasm," said another in passing out of the hall. "None at all," replied his companion. There were six speakers, besides the candidate, and all were limited to fifteen minute speeches. W. Bolden occupied the chair and said it was pleasant to be able to hear the views of the different candidates for parliamentary honors. The speaker thought the more rational that came to Victoria the better and belittled the entrance of the G. T. P. to the city. He thought the announcement was a new political dodge. "Mr. Templeman was Mr. Drury have been heard by the electors," he said, "and Mr. Drury, who has been bending down before the Mikado, has come home satisfied that the Asiatic question has been settled. That, however, remains to be proved," he added. Continuing, he said: "Neither Mr. Templeman nor the other Liberal speakers have shown any genius in their addresses, but are beginning, practically again, to be returned to Ottawa again." He concluded with the statement that the Conservative candidate would win the election. E. Bragg, the second speaker, said he was not afraid to show his colors, and that he abhorred mud slinging. The Liberals, he said, had been liberal to Liberals only, and referring to the life saving stations obtained during Mr. Templeman's period in office, said: "Supposing Mr. Templeman has erected a few 'log huts' that is what we have a right to expect. On last Monday Mr. Bragg said the Liberal representative had done nothing. Concluding, he said: "We have a duty to perform on the 26th and if you are not satisfied with the Liberal party then go to the polls and vote for Mr. Barnard. I hope to see Mr. Barnard premier in the next five years." H. Cars, who followed, quoted figures to considerable length and spoke on the Oriental question. He said that the East suffered as much from European immigration as the West did from Oriental immigration and saw no reason why the people of Canada should give their land at a low price to the alien on the continent. The speaker proceeded to read into the record from printed matter when the chairman pulled him up with the announcement that he had exceeded his fifteen minutes. At the close of his remarks several present left the hall. W. Blakemore, who was introduced as having made a study of the Oriental question, said all party interests should be sacrificed to a principle which was that in his opinion the Liberal party was worn out and had lost its effectiveness. He said Sir Wilfrid Laurier's personality should not carry the weight with electors it now does, and that Sir Wilfrid was now engaged in a defensive campaign on his great personality. He said the premier had been unable to control his ministers and was not worthy to be returned to office. On the Japanese question his remarks were confined to extracts from the English press. He rendered an eulogy of D. W. Higgins' writing of early British immigration and told the audience that the detention shed being erected in Victoria was being built for the welcome reception of Orientals, asking those present to look at the pre-arranged in the light of an invitation to the Japanese and Chinese. H. G. Barnard, the candidate, occupied but a portion of the fifteen minutes allotted him, saying that electing a man who was not a "log huts" and promising not to detain the people present long. The main issues of the campaign were, he said, the Japanese question, better terms, and the Songhees reserve. He asked the electors to consider the actions of Mr. Templeman and if he had satisfied them then to vote for him, but if they were not satisfied men to vote for the Conservative party. He said that Mr. Templeman had so far made no effort to satisfy the electors on any of the three questions mentioned, and did not intend to minister of inland revenue had anything to brag about in the matter of appropriations for Victoria. He compared these appropriations with those allotted to other provinces. He likened the coming of the G. T. P. to Victoria as a red herring dragged across the trail of Mr. Templeman's misdeeds. The candidate left the Japanese question as it had been put by Mr. Barnard. He said there would be a political funeral on the 26th when the political corpse of Hon. William Templeman would be interred. He invited all present to be at the obsequies. On the better terms question, he went over the same ground casually as at his previous meetings and failed to touch on the Songhees reserve matter. In conclusion, he declared that his leader was equally competent with Sir Wilfrid Laurier to manage the destinies of Canada for the next five years. R. F. Green urged all to vote in the Conservative interest, and the chairman called on Mr. L. Beckwith, who was among the audience, to speak. Mr. Beckwith, ascending the platform, said he had not expected to be called on and had no speech ready. He, however, wished the party success and thanked the chairman for being permitted the opportunity to say so. LONDON SENDS ITS TRIBUTE. London, Oct. 15.—Miss Clara C. Colley, Clarence street, has expressed such remarkable benefit from "Catarhazone," she makes the following public statement: "For two years I had a continuous cold in the head, and never used anything giving such quick results as Catarhazone. It positively cures colds, consequently, I advocate Catarhazone strongly. No remedy can possibly clear away catarrh and colds like Catarhazone because it's the only direct cure. Treatment for two months costs one dollar, and is guaranteed; sample size, five cents, at all dealers in medicine. Don't fail to get "Catarhazone."

WHWAITE... NOW RESIGNED

ts Received Offi... ce of it... tuesday.

urday's Daily.)... whwaite the socialist in his resignation as a provincial legislator yesterday by the speaker. Heek the socialist can... representing that he... his resignation, vol... ment to many... office of the speaker... information being re... bert that he had not... the signature and it was... ay that the speaker... ceived it.

RE SEEN... EN CHARLOTTE

m Reports Two... n Killed—Cura... de Going North.

urday's Daily.)... ound living with a Chin... trest, and under the in... was this morning... month by Magistrate... court. Mr. Lowe ap... defence. The evidence... the police to take her in... we. In his defence, sub... was no evidence against... he claimed had the... law to live where and... he liked. He thought it... practice for the police... tion and detain the... announcing their ident... instance as had not... case before the court. He asked Mr. Lowe if he... reprehensible action to... man from the Chinese... the influence of opium... fied it was not, but that... evidence to show that... ad no means of support... rily been a milliner. Her... offered to take her un... ge upon her release from

BLACK WATCH... Men should look for this Tag on Cheung Tobacco. It guarantees the high quality of Black Watch... The Big Black Plug.

CONSERVATIVES MEET AT SPRING RIDGE

H. G. Barnard, the Candidate, and Other Speakers Deliver Addresses.

(From Thursday's Daily.) "We could have a better political meeting on our veranda," remarked a man to his wife as they left the Odd Fellows hall at Spring Ridge last night, after making two of the slim audience that went to listen to the address of H. G. Barnard, K. C., the Conservative candidate for Victoria in the Dominion election. The remark just about echoed the sentiment of the majority of the little band as it wended its way home after the meeting. "There was no enthusiasm," said another in passing out of the hall. "None at all," replied his companion. There were six speakers, besides the candidate, and all were limited to fifteen minute speeches. W. Bolden occupied the chair and said it was pleasant to be able to hear the views of the different candidates for parliamentary honors. The speaker thought the more rational that came to Victoria the better and belittled the entrance of the G. T. P. to the city. He thought the announcement was a new political dodge. "Mr. Templeman was Mr. Drury have been heard by the electors," he said, "and Mr. Drury, who has been bending down before the Mikado, has come home satisfied that the Asiatic question has been settled. That, however, remains to be proved," he added. Continuing, he said: "Neither Mr. Templeman nor the other Liberal speakers have shown any genius in their addresses, but are beginning, practically again, to be returned to Ottawa again." He concluded with the statement that the Conservative candidate would win the election. E. Bragg, the second speaker, said he was not afraid to show his colors, and that he abhorred mud slinging. The Liberals, he said, had been liberal to Liberals only, and referring to the life saving stations obtained during Mr. Templeman's period in office, said: "Supposing Mr. Templeman has erected a few 'log huts' that is what we have a right to expect. On last Monday Mr. Bragg said the Liberal representative had done nothing. Concluding, he said: "We have a duty to perform on the 26th and if you are not satisfied with the Liberal party then go to the polls and vote for Mr. Barnard. I hope to see Mr. Barnard premier in the next five years." H. Cars, who followed, quoted figures to considerable length and spoke on the Oriental question. He said that the East suffered as much from European immigration as the West did from Oriental immigration and saw no reason why the people of Canada should give their land at a low price to the alien on the continent. The speaker proceeded to read into the record from printed matter when the chairman pulled him up with the announcement that he had exceeded his fifteen minutes. At the close of his remarks several present left the hall. W. Blakemore, who was introduced as having made a study of the Oriental question, said all party interests should be sacrificed to a principle which was that in his opinion the Liberal party was worn out and had lost its effectiveness. He said Sir Wilfrid Laurier's personality should not carry the weight with electors it now does, and that Sir Wilfrid was now engaged in a defensive campaign on his great personality. He said the premier had been unable to control his ministers and was not worthy to be returned to office. On the Japanese question his remarks were confined to extracts from the English press. He rendered an eulogy of D. W. Higgins' writing of early British immigration and told the audience that the detention shed being erected in Victoria was being built for the welcome reception of Orientals, asking those present to look at the pre-arranged in the light of an invitation to the Japanese and Chinese. H. G. Barnard, the candidate, occupied but a portion of the fifteen minutes allotted him, saying that electing a man who was not a "log huts" and promising not to detain the people present long. The main issues of the campaign were, he said, the Japanese question, better terms, and the Songhees reserve. He asked the electors to consider the actions of Mr. Templeman and if he had satisfied them then to vote for him, but if they were not satisfied men to vote for the Conservative party. He said that Mr. Templeman had so far made no effort to satisfy the electors on any of the three questions mentioned, and did not intend to minister of inland revenue had anything to brag about in the matter of appropriations for Victoria. He compared these appropriations with those allotted to other provinces. He likened the coming of the G. T. P. to Victoria as a red herring dragged across the trail of Mr. Templeman's misdeeds. The candidate left the Japanese question as it had been put by Mr. Barnard. He said there would be a political funeral on the 26th when the political corpse of Hon. William Templeman would be interred. He invited all present to be at the obsequies. On the better terms question, he went over the same ground casually as at his previous meetings and failed to touch on the Songhees reserve matter. In conclusion, he declared that his leader was equally competent with Sir Wilfrid Laurier to manage the destinies of Canada for the next five years. R. F. Green urged all to vote in the Conservative interest, and the chairman called on Mr. L. Beckwith, who was among the audience, to speak. Mr. Beckwith, ascending the platform, said he had not expected to be called on and had no speech ready. He, however, wished the party success and thanked the chairman for being permitted the opportunity to say so. LONDON SENDS ITS TRIBUTE. London, Oct. 15.—Miss Clara C. Colley, Clarence street, has expressed such remarkable benefit from "Catarhazone," she makes the following public statement: "For two years I had a continuous cold in the head, and never used anything giving such quick results as Catarhazone. It positively cures colds, consequently, I advocate Catarhazone strongly. No remedy can possibly clear away catarrh and colds like Catarhazone because it's the only direct cure. Treatment for two months costs one dollar, and is guaranteed; sample size, five cents, at all dealers in medicine. Don't fail to get "Catarhazone."



DR. G. S. GESNER

Doctor Changes his Mind! Psychone Stands 18 Years' Test.

In the year 1890, 18 years ago, Mrs. G. S. Gesner, of Belle Isle, N.S., was in a bad condition. All her relatives had given up, and there was every indication that she was going the way of all flesh. This was aggravated by an attack of kidney trouble. At this point her husband suggested to try PSYCHONE. The doctor who attended said Psychone was worthless; but it effected a wonderful cure. Eighteen years after in a letter bearing date August 14, 1908, Mrs. Gesner says, "I have never had any more of my kind of trouble. My lungs have not troubled me since I took your treatment. My physician told me I could not take a better medicine than PSYCHONE, and I recommend it to all who are suffering from Lung Trouble and General Debility."

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE. Send Coupon to Dr. Slocum, Limited, Toronto, for a trial.

COUPON. Please send trial bottle of PSYCHONE in accordance with your special offer.

PSYCHONE is the GREATEST TONIC, and is sold by all drug stores, 50c. and \$1.00.

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MINISTERS ARE NOT FAMILIAR WITH ACT

Rev. F. Albert Moore Deals With Opposition by Government.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) McBride and his cabinet, while refusing to put the Lord's Day Act into force in B. C., by assenting to prosecutions under it, are not really familiar with the act or with its operation in every other province but this. Rev. Albert Moore, addressing the men's devotional meeting at the Y.M.C.A. on Sunday, gave a detailed interpretation of the act, and made a strong appeal to the young men of Victoria to do all they could in every way towards securing the enforcement of the law in this province, which was highlighted out the only one in which it was not in operation. Mr. Moore said he had had an interview with members of the government sometime ago and found that they were none too clear as to the provisions of the act. During the interview different members suggested what they considered unworkable portions of it, showing that they had not read it, a fact which was practically admitted by some of them, he said. In answer to the difficulties raised Mr. Moore repeated what he had told the ministers of the working of the law in every other province, where none of its provisions had been found unworkable, and as proof of its efficiency he pointed to the fact that within two years eighty thousand workmen had secured a weekly rest-day they did not previously get.

—Mrs. George Cran left yesterday for Salt Spring Island where she probably will remain a while. Her impressions of the Gulf Islands will figure in the book she is now writing. Mrs. Cran will start on her homeward journey in a little over a week's time.

—The death occurred at Sooke yesterday of James Kell. Deceased was a native of Scotland and was 74 years of age. The late Mr. Kell was a pioneer of the district, having arrived there over forty years ago. He is survived by a wife, two sons and two daughters. The body will be brought to the Hanna parlors. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

—J. E. Smart, secretary of the B. C. Agricultural association, is leaving today for Portland to take in the horse show there, which opens on Thursday and continues until the end of the week. Mr. Smart will obtain a thorough insight into the methods adopted elsewhere in the management of such attractions in order that he may be in a position to introduce new and perhaps a more modern system in connection with the next local exhibition.

PRICE OF BUTTER HAS BEEN REDUCED

Eggs Have Taken an Advance, However—Prevailing Markets.

While the price of foodstuffs keeps high there is a decided decline in the cost of horse and cattle feed on the local markets. Not only are oats continually going lower, and likely to continue on their downward course, but hay is away down this season compared with what it was last year at this time. This should be a benefit to those who keep horses and very soon will doubtless result in the lowering of the livery charges. There is a reduction in the price of Cowichan butter to 45 cents, and an increase in the price of eggs from 45 cents to 50 cents, two of the making of a kind saw-off in the housekeeper's bill. While the fresh Island eggs have gone higher, however, the imported case eggs remain at the old price of 35 cents. Currants are becoming scarce and the recent frosts have about cleaned up all the tomatoes. The latter fruit are going very cheaply in some instances, but the best quality is maintaining its price. There is no change in the price of poultry or meats, and most of the other staples remain at the old figures. The following are the retail lists for the week:

Table listing various food items and their prices, including items like Pratt's Cocoa Oil, Eggs, Butter, and various meats.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Table listing wholesale market prices for various commodities such as Wheat, Oats, Barley, and other grains.

YOUNG PEOPLE HOLD A RALLY

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON REFORM CAMPAIGN

Other Business Transacted at the Gathering of Christian Endeavorers.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The annual rally of the Christian Endeavor Union of this city was held last evening at the Centennial Methodist church. The retiring president, R. C. Horn, was in the chair. There was a large attendance of young people and others. Rev. S. J. Thompson, pastor of the church, on behalf of the trustees and official board, extended a very hearty welcome to all those present. Mr. Ross contributed a solo, with Miss Beck as accompanist. The chairman's report was presented as follows:

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14th, 1908. To the Officers and Members of the Victoria Christian Endeavor Union: Dear Fellow Workers,—In presenting the report of the executive committee, we do so with a feeling that we have done the best we could, considering the conditions under which it has been necessary to work.

Your executive committee was called together for organization on the 19th December, with the following societies represented: Metropolitan Epworth League, James Bay Epworth League, Spring Ridge Epworth League, Centennial Methodist Epworth League, St. Andrew's Presbyterian Y. P. U., St. Paul's C. E., Congregational C. E., Calvary B. Y. P. U., Central B. Y. P. U., and Emmanuel B. Y. P. U.

R. C. Horn was chosen chairman of the executive, and W. Coleman secretary. R. W. Coleman, E. E. Westcott and D. Sprinkling were appointed a committee on constitution, and their report was brought in at the rally on January 22nd, and was adopted. The question of a social session at the close of the regular quarterly rally was submitted to the affiliated Y. P. S., with the result that it has been adopted as a regular feature of the quarterly rally.

During the year your executive committee has held seven meetings and have arranged for three rallies, which we believe, will be well attended. The addresses have been on the subject of temperance and civic righteousness, and in order that the inspiration of these meetings might result in some definite action, a special reform committee, composed of R. C. Horn, R. W. Coleman, E. E. Westcott and D. Sprinkling was appointed, to keep in touch with all questions affecting the moral reform, and to report to the committee, which was appointed on February 12th, will submit its report direct to this meeting for its approval and for your endorsement of its future policy.

During the past year two new societies have been organized, one in St. Columbia Presbyterian church, Oak Bay, and the other in the First Presbyterian church, Westwood. James Bay Epworth League, D. Sprinkling; Centennial Epworth League, Geo. Holt; First Baptist Y. P. U., Dr. Wm. Russell; Emmanuel Baptist Y. P. U., Miss Davidson; St. Andrew's Epworth League, J. M. Mason; St. Paul's C. E., Mrs. Williscroft; Congregational Y. P. S. W. W., Harold Roberts.

A report was read from the reform committee on moral reform, which was referred to by Mr. Coleman, who laid stress on the importance of the work of the committee. The report was as follows: Victoria, B. C., Oct. 14th, 1908. To the Officers and Members of the Victoria C. E. Union: Your committee on moral reform, appointed by the executive committee on February 12th, 1908, to look after the interests of reform movements in our city, begs leave to submit the following report:

After meeting, and carefully considering various questions of reform, the committee recommended to the executive on March 31st that steps be taken to secure the signatures of the Christian voters and those who would be entitled to vote at the forthcoming election in January, 1909, to a petition to the city council and board of police commissioners, and all church members, to secure the signature of the mayor of the present restricted district, to be placed west of Government street, and that under no circumstances should it be permitted to remain in the block between Government and Douglas streets. This recommendation was endorsed by the executive, and steps were then taken to procure a list of all the male church members over twenty-one years of age, and all church members property owners. With but two exceptions, the membership lists of all the evangelical churches were secured, and the necessary copies of petitions were then drawn up and the endorsement of the Ministerial Association secured. The petitions, together with marked copies of the membership roll of each church, were then handed to the committee

OXOMULSION FOR WEAK CHILDREN! THE FOOD THAT BUILDS. None are more subject to coughs, colds and bronchial troubles than the children. A cough is dangerous and should be stopped at once. Oxomulsion stops the cough and builds up the system at the same time and makes the little ones strong to resist the chills of Winter. It makes new tissue and creates new strength and gives health. Pleasant to take, it is a perfect food for young and old. Good always results from using OXOMULSION. Prepared only by the Oxomulsion Co., corner Spadina Ave. and Pheobe Street, Toronto. For sale by all druggists and stores, in two sizes, 35c and \$1.00. MOTHER, PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN.

appointed by the various societies to obtain the signatures of voters. At this juncture, through a misunderstanding on the part of one of the clergy of the city, the newspapers got hold of the information that we intended to make a move in this direction, and as they refused to remain silent on the matter it was deemed advisable to give them the outline of proposed work rather than have the matter incorrectly reported.

This was done, and immediately the matter became public property the mayor asked for a consultation between the committee, Dr. Ernest Hall and himself, and a meeting was held at the urgent request of the mayor, your committee consented to meet with the board of police commissioners and talk matters over before any active campaign was started. At the appointed time the committee sent a representative to the board, and that representative was assured by the commissioners that they would see to it that the women were kept off the streets, and that so far as laid in their power, they would restrict the growth of the social evil in our city, also assuring our representative that no trouble would be spared in endeavoring to prevent the three houses then in course of construction on Chatham street from being occupied for immoral purposes.

On these promises the committee decided it would be well to wait for a while before we had a chance to make good. On Saturday afternoon, April 25th, the attention of one of the police commissioners was drawn to the fact that the streets were not being fulfilled. Inside of fifteen minutes two instances of their appearance on Government street were pointed out to him, and again at eight o'clock, on May 4th, the same commissioner's attention was called to two of these women who were staggering all over the sidewalk, and who not only passed the city hall, but were standing in front of the police station, and proceeded on their way to advertise their disgraceful condition and business.

When the chairman of your committee returned from a somewhat lengthy vacation, the matter was again taken up and conditions found to be in just as bad if not worse condition than at the start; but owing to the interest of the year, and the feeling that little or nothing could be hoped for from the present mayor or council, it was decided to pass within the next four months registered for the next city election, and we recommend that committee from every society in the city be at once appointed to help carry on an active campaign for registration from now until November 1st. And we further recommend that the incoming executive be instructed to appoint a strong committee on moral reform, and that the wide committee do immediately upon their appointment take steps to cooperate with such other forces in the city as will assure the placing in the field at the coming city election, men who will give the city good, clean government, both morally and physically.

On May 4th your committee sent a representative before the city aldermen to speak on behalf of the Sunday closing by-law being introduced from Ald. Gleason. The Ministerial Association and Citizens' League were also represented at that meeting, and while the mayor would not consent to the delegation addressing the council in public session, the deputation were given an opportunity to explain their views to the council in committee meeting.

The result of that by-law is well-known to all. Alderman Cameron's excuse for not supporting this by-law was that it had not been made a campaign issue. In this matter your committee would recommend that whatever steps may be taken, the question of closing cigar stands, news stores, candy, fruit and ice-cream parlors be postponed until the question of the forthcoming city election.

Signed on behalf of the committee: R. W. Coleman, chairman; R. C. Horn, E. E. Westcott, D. Sprinkling. Rev. Dr. Spencer moved that whereas the W. C. T. U. and the various other bodies throughout the province had begun a campaign in the interest of local option legislation, the Victoria Christian Endeavors Union instructed the executive committee to take such steps as were necessary to assist in forwarding the work connected with local option legislation.

He added that they had already started this campaign in this city, while in various societies, particularly the W. C. T. U., have been at work for some time. Already great results had been accomplished in the East Kootenay and Boundary districts. He strongly urged that all young men over 21 years of age go at once to the city hall and pay the \$2 poll tax which would enable them to cast a vote at the city election.

ATTRACTING SETTLERS TO THE FARM LAND

E. T. St. John, of Luce Company, Tells How it is Done.

It is a surprising thing that no determined effort has been made so far to develop the agricultural districts in British Columbia. This was an expression used by S. T. St. John, a gentleman who is connected with the Luce Land Company, operating in the province of Saskatchewan. While British Columbia has her mines," continued that gentleman, "she also has many fertile valleys which should be settled up and it is my opinion that it would pay a company well to make a systematic business of doing this."

"While in Saskatchewan," continued Mr. St. John, "we go in for large tracts of land, never selling less than 160 acres in a block; out here it would be necessary by cuts to make up smaller blocks of from ten acres up. This could be used for mixed farming, fruit raising, and other lines and would not only be a fine thing for the settlers, but also would be a great advantage to the country generally. The railways would be benefited and the whole country would be benefited."

Mr. St. John then went on to tell of the work done in Saskatchewan. His company, it seems, acquired a tract of land consisting of 200,000 acres, but this has almost all been settled up. It lies on the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific and is about 100 miles west of Saskatoon. When it was opened there was no railway running through it, although one was expected. The settlers had to drive one hundred miles to the land, but they say they are quite close to the railway.

The Luce Land Company goes about its business in a systematic way. They have established agencies throughout the middle western states, and these agents get into personal touch with the people who are getting restless. Extensive advertising is done, both newspaper and magazine, as well as by means of beautifully gotten-up booklets. Every two weeks a special train of five cars is run from Chicago to the province of Saskatchewan and during the last season about 88 per cent. of the settlers who were taken in, purchased land. No attempt was made to take excursionists but the attention was confined to those who wished to become actual settlers.

Mr. St. John found that the railways of the United States were averse to running cheap excursion trains into the Canadian territory, as by that means they often get their lost population. For this reason it was necessary to charter their own trains or when this was not done to engage private cars. By doing this they were able to offer half rate to the coming in, and if they purchased land the whole fare was remitted.

Mr. St. John leaves for Vancouver this evening. (From Tuesday's Daily.) —In county court chambers this morning, before Judge Lampan, the following motions were disposed of: \$1000 at 100 per cent. taxation of costs plaintiffs to receive costs up to time of taxation and defendant to get costs of taxation. Morris vs. McCallum. Order made for examination on Friday of a necessary witness, Frank Lloyd, Weatherome, who is leaving the jurisdiction in a few days. Black vs. Anderson—Motion to fix a date for trial enlarged for a week.

The last steamboats for the season of the White Pass and Yukon fleet left the Yukon capital on Sunday bound for White Horse with full passenger lists. It is thought that one or two independent boats may make the trip later if the weather conditions are favorable. So far the weather is very mild and no ice is running. —Two young girls, belonging to respectable Victoria families, after having been missing from home for a couple of days, started for Seattle yesterday, but had their trip cut short. Their absence had been reported to the police, and as they were walking down to the steamer Detective O'Leary saw them and took them to their homes.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) —Hon. William Templeman is on the mainland addressing meetings in the interests of Robert Jardine, the Liberal candidate in New Westminster riding. To-night Mr. Templeman is speaking at Chilliwack. To-morrow evening he will be at Ladners and on Friday night will address a meeting at New Westminster. —Dr. Stephenson, who is in charge of the Forward Movement for Missions in the Methodist church, lectured last night in the Metropolitan church, illustrating his remarks with lantern slides. He was assisted by Mrs. Stephenson. Rev. Thompson presided in the absence of the pastor, and Mrs. Gideon Hicks, a favorite with Metropolitan audiences, delighted the company with a vocal selection.

—Ladysmith has now imported six men from the east to strengthen her Assn on football team, and is evidently out to win all that is in sight in the way of Island, Mainland and Pacific coast league honors. Last week three men imported from Winnipeg went through here on the way to Ladysmith, and this morning two more have left the Manitoba city en route for Vancouver Island to join Ladysmith. A special to the Times this morning announced that A. McDowall, half miler champion of Manitoba, a member of the Celtic club and the speediest wing player in that city, is about to leave for Ladysmith, having arranged to play the season in the Coast City. Two other members of the Winnipeg clubs leave to-night for the West Coast. They are John Rogers, captain of the Brits team, and J. Smith, another member of the Assn team. The Brits were last year's champions, and are ahead in the schedule now being played there.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.

Victoria Meteorological Office. October 7th-15th, 1908. Victoria—Highest, 67 on 7th; lowest, 49 on 8th; rain, 20 inch; bright sunshine, 22 hours 6 minutes. Vancouver—Highest, 65 on 8th; lowest, 41 on 8th; rain, 1.16 inches; bright sunshine, 26 hours 40 minutes. New Westminster—Highest, 70 on 8th; lowest, 40 on 7th; rain, .45 inch. Kamloops—Highest, 72 on 7th; lowest, 28 on 12th; no precipitation. Barkerville—Highest, 64 on 10th; lowest, 30 on 10th; precipitation, .29 inch. Port Simpson—Highest, 48 on 8th; lowest, 26 on 8th and 9th; rain, 1.73 inches. Atlin—Highest, 48 on 10th and 11th; lowest, 26 on 8th and 9th; precipitation, .28 inch. Dawson—Highest, 56 on 8th; lowest, 18 on 12th; no precipitation.

Mrs. Abraham E. Smith and daughter, Miss Lillian R. Smith, returned on the Princess Victoria, yesterday from a week's visit to Seattle.

WHITE—On the 12th inst. at 2317 Cedar Hill road, the wife of James White, of 8 Hill.

BORN. Mrs. Lillian R. Smith and daughter, Miss Lillian R. Smith, returned on the Princess Victoria, yesterday from a week's visit to Seattle.

PROVINCE GETTING BEST KIND OF BETTER TERMS

Hon. William Templeman Exposes Weakness and Falsity of McBride's Position--Victoria and the Grand Trunk Pacific.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) "I see Mr. Hays stated to-day in the Times reporter that the G. T. P. is coming to Victoria. (Cheers.) I know we will all welcome Mr. Hays' statement. (Hear, Hear.) I know of no way to encourage him more than by pointing out that there is a charter and a subsidy already granted by the Dominion. The Colonist published a map the other day to contradict a supposed statement that the line was subsidized all the way. Nobody ever said it was. It is considered the whole distance. Probably half the distance is covered by subsidy and if necessary there will be no difficulty in getting a subsidy for the balance. (Hear, Hear.) It is in the interest of the people of Victoria to encourage that project. It is not patriotic on the part of the Colonist or anyone else to work against a scheme that has advanced further than any other to give our city long-desired railway communication with the mainland." (Hear, Hear.)

The cheers which greeted the references above-quoted, made by Hon. Wm. Templeman in Institute Hall last night, left no doubt as to the approval of the people of Victoria of the scheme which is a prominent member to place this city in uninterrupted railway communication with the mainland--to make it possible, as Chairman Pauline Aply put it, to step on a train in Victoria and get off at an Atlantic terminus.

The main part of the minister's speech, however, was devoted to better consideration of the question of better terms, which Premier McBride is seeking to force into prominence as an issue in the local campaign. Leaving aside the propriety of Mr. McBride's argument that this province should receive back as much as it paid into the federal exchequer, Mr. Templeman proved that the figures on which the provincial claim was based were grossly inaccurate and utterly misleading. Taking half a dozen large heads of expenditure out of half a hundred it was shown from a statement prepared by the Auditor General of Canada that since 1871 over eleven million dollars more than Mr. McBride's statement gives it credit for.

The meeting was a large one and very enthusiastic. Mr. Templeman was given a flattering reception and hearing and the general verdict was that his speech was one of the best he has made. Mr. Pauline occupied the chair and on the platform were noticed: Hon. Geo. Riley, Frank Higgins, Jas. Bell, Col. Gregory, W. H. Langley, J. Parr, A. E. Kent, W. R. Stewart, A. B. Fraser, R. L. Drury, Richard Hall, W. K. Houston, Simon Leiser, W. C. Bradshaw, Dr. Ernest Hall, Dr. J. A. Graham, R. A. C. Grant, Thos. Leaming, L. Conyers, W. H. A. McArthur, T. Cox, Jas. Tager, W. McArthur, A. Atten, T. Donovan, W. McArthur, H. E. A. Courtney, A. Brakes.

Chairman Pauline. "I welcome this opportunity to host my colors," said the chairman. "I have been a warm supporter of Mr. Templeman for many years and I am stronger than ever for him to-day. We want him in parliament and I believe he is going back there. There are several matters here which are of great importance to the completion of the G. T. P. to Victoria. I am glad to see that the company is going to come here. A young Conservative friend of mine said to me to-day, 'We see nothing before us; we had that in the old days but it did not come.' It did not, but the Liberals were not in power then. (Hear, Hear.) To-day we have a government that does things and they talk about it. We know that that railway is coming to Victoria and coming within five years. We know it is now being operated and carrying an amount for more than 655 miles west of Winnipeg, and settlers going in along that line enriching the Dominion with their labor and adding to the wealth of the nation.

The future of Victoria depends upon the development of Vancouver Island. The future of Vancouver Island depends upon the building of railway to it, and to make them effective they must be connected with a transcontinental line. We will all look to the day when we can step into a Pullman down on Government street and remain in it until we arrive at Montreal or Moncton, where we can take a steamer to go over and see the old folks at home if we have any." (Cheers.)

Col. Gregory. "Lieut.-Col. Gregory devoted his speech to laying before the audience some of the good reasons why the Laurier administration should be sustained and why Hon. Mr. Templeman should be re-elected. He first dealt with some of the statements of Premier McBride and Mr. Barnard at the Conservative smoker on Friday evening.

Militia expenditure had been condemned by Mr. Barnard. This was the first time Mr. Barnard had ever shown any interest in matters military. In all his years of active service, Col. Gregory said, he could not recall that Mr. Barnard had ever appeared in the drill hall either as an officer or as a non-com of any kind or rank, but he now woke up to recognize that there was a militia to the extent "that the expenditure upon militia matters has largely increased and Victoria has lost one cent of it." Mr. Barnard was either insincere or knew not of what he spoke. Under Conservative rule the local militia had suffered all kinds

of trouble and only towards the end was the drill hall secured. To-day a very different policy was followed. At the drill hall instead of an old gun, they had a modern six-inch gun, or a modern mounting. "Taken from the fort," yelled the chronic and peripatetic interrupter, Mr. Staples, who thus made his presence known. "No, it was not," retorted Col. Gregory. "And before I go any further I would tell this man who has been making a practice of following me around, much may be excused by his years, he is not going to interrupt here to-night. This meeting is for the purpose of serious discussing public questions." Mr. Staples quieted down and except for grumbling an odd interjection or two he kept his peace.

Col. Gregory, resuming, said the equipment also included a modern twelve-pounder. The pay of the militia for the annual training had also been greatly increased. "Taking up Premier McBride's remarks at the same meeting, Col. Gregory characterized them as a puff of wind, an attempt to inspire the party with the idea that it was going to win. According to the premier it was making "a sordid appeal" to speak to the electors about the election. Premier had done or would do for the province or for this island. Most people thought that the question of revenue and expenditure was the most important that the people had to consider when an appeal was made to them for their suffrages. In Vancouver the argument was being used by the Conservatives that if the party got in, Mr. Cowan would be a cabinet minister; his election was being urged in order that Vancouver might have a minister and Victoria none. When Col. Gregory was before the electors, he being a cabinet minister, of a sort, was urged as a reason for his re-election. If it was a good thing to have him returned then it was far better to have Mr. Templeman returned, who was infinitely more for Victoria and the province than all the members from British Columbia under the Tory regime.

Mr. Templeman's Record. "What had Mr. Templeman done for Victoria and the province? He had been extremely active in providing Mr. Templeman with the necessary funds to carry out his duties as a member of the House of Commons. He had been very active in providing Mr. Templeman with the necessary funds to carry out his duties as a member of the House of Commons. He had been very active in providing Mr. Templeman with the necessary funds to carry out his duties as a member of the House of Commons.

While acting minister of marine and fisheries, Mr. Templeman had taken steps to break the monopoly of the Atlantic Cable Company, and had compelled it to exchange business with other wireless companies. The value of this had been seen the other day when the Humboldt went aground at Pender Island. More money had been spent on the fisheries of the province and on hatcheries. The Conservatives had established one hatchery in British Columbia and another in a province with the immense fishery resources of British Columbia. Through Mr. Templeman's representations the government had established eight more. (Applause.) To the great loss due to poaching, an efficient patrol had been established.

The supervision of the geological survey committee had been placed under Mr. Templeman. One result to British Columbia was that this year half the survey parties in the field were in this province. Special attention was being given to mineral deposits of Vancouver Island and Texas Island, with a view to the development of a great smelting industry. Yet Premier McBride called these "sordid appeals" to the people!

Speaking to the workmen in the audience, Col. Gregory reminded them that while the Conservatives were in power there was practically no labor legislation placed on the statute-books, government supplies were manufactured under sweat-shop conditions and appeared by organized labor to the government. It was proved that women worked on the making of goods supplied to government departments at a wage of 25c an hour, twenty-five cents for a day of ten hours. Was this reasonable, sensible or humane? When the Liberals came into power the representations were made in vain to their predecessors were renewed. These things were done, but steps to have placed in every contract a stringent proviso that all work must be done under fair conditions and standard wages paid. (Cheers.)

Another excellent act of the government which was appreciated by the workmen was the passage of the Lemieux act, which was reducing the possibility of strikes to a minimum. Out of forty cases which have occurred under it thirty-eight have been amicably settled and strikes averted. For any man occupying the position of premier of this province to discuss my resignation of my seat in the senate and the elevation of Mr. Riley to that body and to compare them with a shell game, a gambling game, I say is indecent in the extreme. (Applause.) McBride Generalizing. "The trade question has been spoken of by Col. Gregory but there is one point I want to make clear, beyond reference to it by the premier of British Columbia is so important as to call for a reply. This is the premier of British Columbia talking of the pre-

mier of Canada: 'Then we have another plank in this greatly forgotten, but most interesting platform, a tariff for revenue only. I am a free trader, but I have stated, and I have shown Sir Wilfrid Laurier, that I disapproved the Cobden club, and the possessor of the Cobden club, and we shall have in this Canada of ours free trade as they have it in England. But when there was or has been the attempt made to fulfil this solemn pledge.

"Now, there is Premier McBride making a statement, generalizing, not being specific, not discussing a question on its merits, not speaking the truth, not stating facts. Because while it is true that in public meetings, probably on several occasions, Sir Wilfrid Laurier did say, speaking of the trade question and the tariff of England, that he had great admiration for that trade policy and he would like to see in Canada, possibly free trade as they have it in England, he said it was impossible and would be for many years to have it in Canada. That was not a policy, it was not in the platform, and it was not repeated in the Conservative press in this city in the last two weeks; that is, that British Columbia has contributed twenty millions more to the Dominion exchequer than have been spent in the province by the Dominion government.

"I believe the trade question is a very important one. I believe the people and particularly the business men of British Columbia, are greatly interested. Although not a matter that a public audience cares to listen to, it is a matter that the premier of the province and against the Dominion government has done duty for many years. In the copy I have it is brought down to 1905. On one side are all the moneys expended by the Dominion government in British Columbia, and on the other side all the moneys paid to the Dominion by the people of this province, and the excess of payments by the province is shown as some eighteen millions odd.

"The auditor-general passed the motion, and the auditor-general was instructed to prepare a return. I have it here, I do not think that in the five or six closely printed sheets of the local government statement one figure is incorrect. The total sum is eight million and some. "In these and in many other ways it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity as long as the present tariff system remains in force. "The highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle in our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which will promote domestic and foreign trade, and hasten the return of prosperity to our people; that to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest industry of the present government; that it should be so adjusted as to make free, or as best as possible upon the terms arranged as to promote free trade with the world, more particularly with Great Britain and the United States. We believe that the results of the tariff are such as to have disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country, in the light of experience, is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy, and to support the two political parties on this question is now clearly defined. The government themselves admit the failure of their policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes; but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection. We denounce that policy, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fall to afford any benefit to the people, and to the industry which the country labors. The issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada."

The Tariff and British Columbia. "That is the platform of 1893 which the present Liberal government went to the country upon and were sustained upon them, and twice since. So I say it is manifestly wrong and stupid in the extreme for Mr. McBride to say that McBride's position to charge a gentleman occupying a still more distinguished position as he does. We never had a plank of free trade, as they have it in England, and it is also the policy of McBride to say we have not fulfilled it.

"In respect to the bearing of the tariff upon British Columbia, I would like to refer to a statement which I made in a recent reference to this question of better terms we hear something about following up what Col. Gregory said as to the reduction in the rate of duty amounting to \$2,000,000 in the case of imports. The total import of British Columbia, duty paid, last year, was \$17,000,000, 2 1/2 per cent of which is \$425,000. The platform of the Conservatives, which is also the platform of McBride, contains a plank in favor of adequate protection, increased duties. If they were in power how much would they increase the duties? Five per cent, ten per cent, or more? 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FORCED C. P. R. TO CUT RATES

GOVERNMENT SECURED REDUCTION ON FREIGHT MINISTER OF FINANCE DEFENDS CROW'S NEST PASS BARGAIN.

Hamilton, Oct. 4.—The first week of Hon. W. S. Fielding's Ontario tour was concluded with an excellent meeting in the Association hall here last night. During the entire week the minister of finance could hardly have desired better audiences. Every hall in which he spoke has been filled, and he has been listened to with absorbing attention. He has been eminently successful in arousing any latent spirit of liberalism which may be lurking in the well-reasoned, convincing speeches he has won him hundreds of new admirers. In these respects the Hamilton meeting was on an equal footing with the others of the week. Whether before an audience directly or indirectly interested in the manufacturing industry, or before hearers representing the great consuming masses of the population, Mr. Fielding delights to deal with the tariff. He told his audience last night that he would make the same statements regarding the tariff as he would make in the west, and he said he believed tariff conditions had been brought about which were generally satisfactory. There were complaints, but he had approached the tremendous problem in the effort to be fair, and one of the best things the government could do for the eastern manufacturers was to fill up the western prairies with a prosperous people. He entered upon another vigorous defence of the Crow's Nest Pass bargain, saying that the people of Canada had received more than value for the subsidy granted that railway seven years ago.

Conduct of the Campaign. When Mr. Fielding arose to speak the cheers were renewed no fewer than three times, and was some minutes before he could proceed. "Our Conservative opponents," he said, "have their own ideas as to how the campaign should be managed. They would like us to conduct the campaign in a certain way. They would like us to take up the time in the discussion of little things. We don't propose to gratify them, for that is not our way of discussing the big things confronting this country." Conservatives, he continued, preferred to deal in insinuations and suggestions. The government were spending upwards of one hundred millions a year, and this money was being handled by an army of men. These men could not be of equal intelligence and equal honesty. It was hardly reasonable to expect that these men could do their work with such accuracy as not to leave room for criticism.

Some Reply to Scandal. "Conservatives talk of scandal," he proceeded, "and mostly these alleged scandals are about little things when considered in proportion to the great whole. A steal of two million dollars is the latest. When I take up the matter I take up a pretty good one, and it is in connection with the Crow's Nest matter. The Toronto Globe had a quarrel with a gentleman from the west over the matter. (Laughter.) Mr. Borden took up the question a couple of days ago, saying that, while he didn't want to interfere in the quarrel, he had to deal with the government, claiming that we had paid away two millions for that work. I don't want to get into the quarrel between the Globe and its western friend. I want to deal with the government and the opposition."

The matter was one of eleven years ago, he proceeded, when the Crow's Nest Pass railway on the C. P. R. was given a subsidy of \$1,000 per mile. In the House the bill was slightly criticized as to its terms by Hon. Mr. Foster, though the whole debate had not occupied more than a few minutes. Under the Conservative administration, he continued, an agreement had been made with the C. P. R. by which the government could have no control over western freight rates until the rate had paid 10 per cent. on its capital. It had always been difficult to tell just what that meant, or when the control of the freight rates might be obtained, so that the C. P. R. could charge the western farmer just what it liked.

Obtained Good Value. "In the new agreement we obtained reduction in freight rates of three cents a hundred pounds on grain being shipped from west to east, and also a reduction in the freight charges of staple articles. That reduction in freight rates has more than paid the people of Canada to-day for every dollar of subsidy." (Cheers.) The Dominion government had had nothing to do with the lands mentioned in the contract, he stated, and the Conservative papers, because the lands had been given by a British Columbia government. The federal administration, he went on to explain, wanted to get back some of these lands, fearing that the railway and coal companies should get together, forming a monopoly. The government did get 50,000 acres back, and that land was there to-day.

A Fair Transaction. "This is the big concession we got for the people of Canada," he said, "in consideration of which we undoubtedly gave the C. P. R. more money than they would have received. It was a fair, good transaction, and one worth going well for the people of Canada. Then he went on to state how the leader of the Conservatives had been objected, nor had Mr. Borden himself. Amid much laughter he told of Mr. E. B. Oser, M. P., being a C. P. R. director, and if that was crooked bargain, Oser himself must have been a party to it.

Since Hamilton was essentially a manufacturing city he desired to do something with the tariff. He stated the broad principle of his tariff policy

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ANNIVERSARY SERVICES HELD YESTERDAY

Splendid Record of Organization in First Baptist Church.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Thirty-four members of the Baraca class of the First Baptist church met in No. 1 hall, A. O. U. W. building, on Sunday afternoon, to celebrate their first birthday. The class president, P. R. Pomfret, occupied the chair and with him on the platform were Noah Shakespeare, honorary president of the British Columbia International Sunday School Association; George Carter, provincial superintendent of adult Bible classes for British Columbia, and A. B. McNeill, superintendent of First Baptist Sunday school.

After the usual opening exercises of song and prayer, the reports were submitted by the retiring officers. The retiring president, P. R. Pomfret, in presenting the first annual report of the class, showed that it has made great strides towards success in the first twelve months of life. At this time last year there were but ten members, but now there are sixty-one members. Great praise was bestowed on the secretary, R. W. Coleman, who has well represented them in meetings in the east and has also thrown open his house for social events. Thanks were also given to Mrs. Bishop and Miss Hart, who have entertained the members from time to time.

In finances the class had also come out ahead with \$14 on hand. The sum of \$5 donated to the aid of the French sufferers. Rev. Christopher Burnett, the teacher of the class, was complimented for his splendid work. The assistance which E. J. Pollard has given in the development of their teacher, was also referred to. The class work in sport was alluded to. In baseball they had a team and won the three games they played. In football they had entered a team in the second division of the City Football League, and have won all the games they have played so far. Arrangements are being made for a basketball team to be formed.

R. W. Coleman, reviewing the history of the class, said it was formed on Sunday, October 15th, 1907, when the teaching of Rev. Mr. Burnett, presented the Baraca class to the world. The movement. Ten young men signified their intention of subscribing to the formation of a class here. During the year fifty-one new members were enrolled. Two of the members have been selected to supply six student pastors, one at Ladners, B. C., and the other at Sumas, Wash.

The treasurer's report showed the total receipts for the year to be \$129.45, with a total expenditure of \$115.85, leaving a balance on hand of \$13.60. After the reception of the reports, the pastor and teachers, Rev. Christopher Burnett, was called on to institute the following officers: President, H. F. Davis; vice-president, Harry Shevart; treasurer, Arthur Middleton; secretary, R. W. Coleman; reporter, Geo. Scott; ushers, K. G. McKenzie and James Shevart, in which the impressive installation service was used.

The newly installed president then took the chair and thanking the class for the honor conferred on him, promised to do all in his power for the welfare of the class. Mr. Shakespear, who delivered an address full of kind counsel and encouragement. Mr. G. Carter, the next speaker, stated that he believed that the clock had struck the hour of the ushering in of a movement for righteousness such as the world had never seen since the choosing of the twelve disciples, who were men. He referred to the great missionary movement recently inaugurated in this city and also to the great work being done by the men's organized Bible classes. The new president then called upon Mr. Shakespear, who delivered an address full of kind counsel and encouragement. Mr. G. Carter, the next speaker, stated that he believed that the clock had struck the hour of the ushering in of a movement for righteousness such as the world had never seen since the choosing of the twelve disciples, who were men. He referred to the great missionary movement recently inaugurated in this city and also to the great work being done by the men's organized Bible classes.

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At the conclusion of this address a vote of thanks was unanimously passed thanking the speakers for their kindness. "Gains have been made all along the line this year, save in that of financial income. The hard times caused receipts to fall below those of last year, when they reached \$200,000. The largest number of new missionaries ever sent out by the society sailed this year, in 212. They went to China, India, Africa, Tibet, the Philippines and Japan." During the year the society sold more than 5,000 missionary books and organized about 400 mission classes; its workers located in all the great mission fields number nearly 600.

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White Plains, Oct. 15.—Justice Mills of the supreme court here yesterday in that town from the Western Fuel Company and built a store and dwelling which he has occupied ever since. There are other Chinamen, not brought into the suit, who are in a similar position. The plaintiffs, Bing Kee and Sing Chang, bought the land recently from the Western Fuel Company. Yick Chong and some compatriots, having to move, purchased lots near by and prepared to move their buildings over when Bing and Sing took out an injunction, and also brought their decision. J. A. Russell, Vancouver, appeared for the plaintiffs and W. J. Taylor, K. C., for the defendant.

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YARMOUTH DIVORCE CASE.

Financial Settlement on Earl Made Prior to Marriage Has Been Extinguished.

London, Oct. 13.—By an order of the divorce court issued yesterday afternoon, all the rights and interests of the Earl of Yarmouth under the financial settlement made prior to the Earl's marriage to Miss Alice Cornelia Thaw in Pittsburgh on April 27th, 1903, are extinguished. According to the court, the sum settled on the Earl at this time amounted to \$600,000. The marriage of the Earl of Yarmouth to Miss Thaw was annulled in London on February 5th last.

Vancouver, Oct. 12.—Archbishop Beppromont, who was one of the divorce court issued yesterday afternoon, all the rights and interests of the Earl of Yarmouth under the financial settlement made prior to the Earl's marriage to Miss Alice Cornelia Thaw in Pittsburgh on April 27th, 1903, are extinguished. According to the court, the sum settled on the Earl at this time amounted to \$600,000. The marriage of the Earl of Yarmouth to Miss Thaw was annulled in London on February 5th last.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Approximately 12,000 deaths from cholera in the Philippines since January 1st of this year, are announced in a detailed report made to the public health service by Chief Quarantine Officer McClintock at Manila. The report says that cases of cholera continue to be reported in the Philippines, but the disease shows little tendency toward spreading.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 13.—In the superior court of Kitsap county there began yesterday the trial of the aged and feeble Mrs. Madeline King, on a charge of murdering and burning the body of her husband, who was a rancher of Okalla in this county. The crime was committed last June and the long months of incarceration in the county jail have completely broken down the health of the accused woman. The crime caused a sensation for it was not discovered until a week or ten days after it had been committed. Mrs. King admitted chopping up her husband's body and burning it, but she said that she killed him. She declared he died in a chair in their little home, located in a remote part of the county, many miles from the nearest neighbor and that she, recalling the cruel treatment she received from him, became angered and hacked his body to pieces with an axe and then burned his remains.

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COUNCIL PASSES STREET BY-LAW

COMPLAINT IS HEARD FROM THOS. CATTERALL

Action of Soccer Players on "Sunday Games" Question is Commended.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) At the meeting of the city council last night the by-law to provide the necessary funds amounting to \$12,338 required for the completion of the following streets work was put through its various stages: King's road, permanent sidewalk on the south side, between Rose street and Quadra street; Hillside avenue, permanent sidewalk on the north side, between Bridge street and Work street (formerly Third street); Cormorant street, permanent sidewalk on the north side from Government street to the Market building, with stone or iron curb; Pandora avenue, permanent sidewalk on the south side, from Government street to the westerly line of lot 660, and a permanent sidewalk on the south side from Broad street to Douglas street, with stone or iron curb; Johnson street, permanent sidewalk on the north side from Broad street to the west side of Porter's building; Government street, a permanent sidewalk on the west side of said street from Fisguard street to the south line of lot 460, with stone or iron curb, and a permanent sidewalk on the east side of said street, from Cormorant street to the south line of lot 601; Rickett street, a permanent sidewalk on the south side from Menzies street to South Turner street.

It was decided to grade and gravel Asquith, Cecil, Forbes and Victoria streets and construct permanent sidewalks thereon, the city to pay one-fifth and the owners to pay four-fifths of the cost. The council passed a vote of appreciation of the action of the Victoria District football league in having set its foot down on the proposed playing of Sunday matches and commended the spirit and action that had carried the matter through the island mainland, and to Seattle, making Sunday football matches a thing of the past in connection with the new league. S. McC. Smith, of Victoria West, put in a claim for \$600.33 on account of loss sustained by him through the change of lines on his lot following the work of improvement on Russell street. The claim was referred to the city building inspector. The claim includes \$80 for the destruction of apple and plum trees.

The dog by-law recently before the council was finally reconsidered and passed and now becomes law. The council adopted the following report of the streets, bridges and sewers committee: Report of the pumping inspector re sewerage extension Gorge road, as far as Dumedin street. Recommended that the sewer on the Gorge road be extended northerly from Dumedin street two hundred and fifty feet at an estimated cost of \$400. Communication of Frederick Kelly, desiring that a wooden sidewalk be laid down on Carrol street for a distance of 200 feet. Recommended that the writer be informed that his work will be carried out if funds are available.

Communication of Mrs. K. M. Foster complaining of the inaccessible condition of the entrance to her property, 434 Simcoe street, and the rate of taxation imposed for the local improvement work now being done on said street. Recommended that she approach to Mrs. Foster's premises be constructed at once. Chas. R. Blake, et al., desiring exemption from sewer tax from their property on Denman street. Recommended that the petitioners be informed that the council has no power to accede to their request and remit the said taxes.

Recommended that the city engineer be empowered to take such steps as may be necessary to remedy the condition in the matter of surface drainage on store street, of which the proprietor of the Queen's hotel complains. All expenditures contemplated in the foregoing to be subject to favorable report thereon by the finance committee and adoption of said report by the council. The Mayor and councillors accepted an invitation from the secretary of the old ladies' home, to be present at the opening of that institution on Oct. 20th. Thomas Catterall called the council's

attention to the fact that no action had been taken on a propertyholder's petition that a double sidewalk be laid on Pemberton road. The petition was sent in on June 16th. The writer asked why the matter had not been attended to. The letter was laid over for a week to be referred to the streets committee. The Mayor is as follows: "Victoria, Oct. 12, 1908. "Gentlemen—It has been the desire of the residents of Pemberton road to have a permanent sidewalk laid thereon and the result of a majority petition for a communication signed by the clerk of the council, stating: 'That it is the desire of your honorable board that permanent sidewalks be constructed on both sides of the said street and that upon receipt of a majority petition for sidewalks on both sides the necessary steps will be taken to have the work carried out without delay.' "I desire to point out that as long ago as June 18, 1908, a petition asking for sidewalks on both sides the necessary steps will be taken to have the work carried out without delay. "Yours faithfully, "THOMAS CATTERALL."

The council decided to blast out, grade, and macadamize, a portion of Huron street. A motion to improve Pine street, between Craigflower and Dominion roads and Chambers and Cook streets, sidewalks was laid over as a petition had been sent in to the streets, sewers and bridges committee, but had not yet had that body's consideration. The same action was taken regarding a motion to grade and construct sidewalks on portions of Fourth and Fifth streets. It was decided to alter the reading of the by-law conforming the pavement of Belleville street from "suitable foundation" to read concrete foundation. The blocks will now be laid on concrete. W. H. Langley protested as to the manner in which the sidewalks on Langley street are being laid and said the ratepayers would not submit to the present manner of construction. The matter was referred to the streets and bridges committee. The Victoria Machinery Depot wrote asking that the time for receiving tenders for pumps in connection with the salt water system be not extended. The writer said that a report had reached the company that the council had arranged extension to some firms. The clerk was ordered to reply that as far as the council was aware no such extension had been granted or requested. Accounts to the amount of \$2,884 were passed and orders paid as recommended by the finance committee.

Pittsburg, Oct. 13.—In an authoritative statement to the Associated Press to-day, United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia, branded as untrue an alleged interview accredited to his wife by the fact that there was no engagement between Miss Katherine Elkins and the Duke of Abruzzi. In an emphatic manner Senator Elkins said that neither his wife nor himself could give such an interview for the simple reason that it was impossible to deny something that did not exist.

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Houses to Rent

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET. Apply Cosy Corner Tea Rooms.

FOR RENT OR SALE—House and acreage, stables and chicken house, at Mt. Tolmie, 235 William street, Victoria.

FOR SALE—New 8 roomed house, close to Dallas road. Address "Ovner", care Smith & Co., Mahon Bldg.

TO LET—Two furnished cottages, one central and modern. Apply P. O. Box 23, Victoria, B. C.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT. Apply 1211 Quadra street.

TO LET—Furnished cottages on Dallas road, bath, hot and cold water, electric light. Apply Mrs. R. Smith, Sec. View, 204 Dallas road, or 69 Fort St.

CADBORO BAY ROAD—Beautiful home, everything modern, 3000 terms. May, Smith & Co., Mahon Bldg.

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FOR SALE—Nice 8 roomed house, on Grant street, all modern improvements; no reasonable offer refused.

CHINESE SCHOOL PROBLEM SOLVED

BUILDING RENTED FOR THE PRIMARY CLASSES

Compulsory School Attendance to Be Enforced—Teachers and Leave of Absence.

(From Thursday's Daily.)
The Chinese problem, so far as it affects the public school board, has been settled at last by the renting of premises in which the junior Chinese classes will be conducted.

At the meeting of the board last evening a report from the special committee, consisting of Trustees Bishop, Christie and Staneland, was read, recommending that the board rent the building occupied by the Chinese Methodist Mission on Fisguard street for the Chinese pupils in the primary classes. This policy would be following in line with the previous record of the board. It must be understood that no Chinese children would be received unless they were amenable to the rules.

Trustee Staneland said he had spoken to Mr. Dean and understood from him that the premises could be had by the board. He mentioned \$15 a month as rent and this seemed to meet Mr. Dean's view of a fair amount.

Trustee McNeill remarked that the board would be subject to criticism on the ground that it was establishing a separate school and he wanted to meet this there and then.

"It is not a separate school but a separate classroom," said the chairman.

"That is the obvious answer," Trustee McNeill said. "This is a class of pupils that has to be taught differently to every other. Most of the Chinese children come to us knowing no English and we have to train and fit them to enter the public school proper. It is for that reason I support this proposal and because the Chinese ask for it."

The board adopted the report and

later on appointed Mrs. Wheeler as teacher at a salary of \$60 a month. It was decided to leave Rock Bay school a one-teacher school in charge of Miss Anderson after Mrs. Wheeler's transfer, for the present.

The new Chinese classes will commence on November 1st. The senior and high school pupils will continue as they are in the public schools.

Bank Savings Fall Off.
Principals Winsky, Solloway, Campbell, Russell and Pollard submitted a memorandum on the school banking system in operation for the past two years, pointing out that the deposits by the children had fallen off materially and that the school time taken up in dealing with the system was not warranted by the amount deposited. The principals were of opinion that the time had arrived to close the school accounts and let the children deal directly with the bank.

A statement from Manager Doig, of the Bank of E. M. A., showed that this year the following amounts have been deposited: Boys' Central, \$270.31; Girls' Central, \$102; South Park, \$118.55; Spring Ridge, \$69; Victoria West, \$65; North Ward, \$215.

Trustee McNeill moved that the matter be referred to a special committee to advise action.
Trustee Staneland moved in amendment that the matter be referred to the finance committee. He had looked into both sides of the question and that day had seen Mr. Doig. He had been surprised if the collections were as small as the teachers said, that the bank would accept deposits. Mr. Doig told him it cost the bank something, but it was felt to be worth it, as it inculcated the idea of saving in the minds of the children. In other cities the system had been a success and it would be a pity to drop it here without giving it a thorough trial.

"It should be a matter for the parents to teach their children economy," said Trustee McNeill. "The time taken up with this system should be given to the children as a whole."
It was agreed on the casting vote of the acting chairman, Trustee Staneland, to refer the matter to the finance committee.

Teachers and Leave of Absence.
Trustee McNeill brought forward the following resolution in regard to the manner of granting leave of absence: "That all servants of the board wishing to secure leave of absence shall make request in writing and leave shall only be granted on resolution of the board except in such cases as the

INCURABLE HEART TROUBLE

LOOKED FOR DEATH IN A SHORT TIME—ENTIRELY CURED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES."

"Gentlemen—The days of miracles are not all past and I feel that my complete recovery, from what seemed inevitable death, is practically a miracle. I suffered from severe indigestion and dyspepsia for nearly two years. I could not take food without fearful distress and I became almost a skeleton as the result of the suffering. I could not do any work and became so run down and weak that I could hardly walk. I was attended by two experienced doctors. They both pronounced my case heart failure and incurable, and I looked forward for death in a short time. I not only had the doctors but after they gave me up I tried many remedies and treatments but got no better.

"At this time my son asked me to try 'Fruit-a-tives,' and from the outset of taking these wonderful tablets I felt better and gradually this medicine completely cured me. I took a large number of boxes, perhaps a dozen, and now I am entirely cured and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. 'I am now so well that I have sold my farm and bought 200 acres more land. I make this statement voluntarily for the sake of humanity, and I am convinced that 'Fruit-a-tives' is a wonderful remedy that will cure stomach trouble where doctors and every thing else fail.

(Signed) Henry Speers, J. P."
The doctors were all wrong. Mr. Speers had what we call "irritated heart." Indigestion and dyspepsia completely upset the stomach. Poisonous gases were formed which swelled the walls of the stomach and pressed against the heart.

"Fruit-a-tives" immediately strengthened the stomach, insured sound digestion and regulated the bowels. There were no poisons—no noxious gases remained in the system, and the heart was no longer irritated. Then the pain and fluttering stopped.

"Fruit-a-tives" is put up in two sizes 2c and 5c. If your dealer has not both, write Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

fences and trees to the buildings and grounds committee.

Victoria West School.
Construction in Victoria West school cannot be remedied by any readjustment of the vacant room in the school. Miss McIntosh was appointed to take the new class, at a salary of \$50 a month.

In spite of protests from Trustees McNeill and Christie that no salary increases should be considered until the committee on a graduated scale reports, it was decided to grant an increase to \$75 a month to J. Cunningham and to \$30 a month to Mrs. Kinsey, janitress of Kingston Street school, which has been enlarged.

E. C. Watkins, of Hooper & Watkins, submitted plans for a two-room building to be erected on the high school grounds for use by the commercial classes. It will afford space for some fifteen typewriters. The building will be fifty feet by thirty-two feet. The plans were accepted and it was decided to advertise for tenders for the erection of the building, to be in by noon on Monday next. The board will meet that afternoon or evening to open them.

Trustee Staneland wanted to know when the board was going to take up the question of the new school. Mr. Watkins stated that he had drawings ready and the board decided to take it up shortly.

A request from the B. C. School Trustees Association for the names of the representatives of the Victoria board at the convention in Revelstoke on Nov. 11th and 12th was received. Trustee McNeill and Superintendent Paul were appointed to represent the board.

SHOT PHEASANTS.

New Westminster, Oct. 14.—Frank Coverdale and Norman Kay went out this morning in the district court fined \$20 and costs for shooting pheasants out of season.

GOOD OFFERINGS IN FRUIT LINES

The prevailing prices at which different kinds are retailing.

The fruit supply this year has been above the average both in quality and quantity. Among the apples the Wealthys are getting scarce, but there are Kings, Redwins and many other choice varieties on the market. A few late varieties of plums continue to come in, but only in small quantities. Grapes have been particularly plentiful and good this season. A short time ago some very fine ones were selling at 25 cents a basket. On these the wholesalers lost heavily, for they cost in the neighborhood of 35 cents a basket. There were too many on the market at once and the fruit did not keep as well as it sometimes does.

There are some very fine late pears on the market. Of these the Louis Bonne is perhaps the best. It is a fine fruit and the flavor is excellent. There are at present two varieties of cranberries being sold in the market in local and the other is imported from the neighborhood of Cape Cod. The prevailing fruit prices are as follows:

FARMERS' EXHIBITION.

Bella Coola, Oct. 10.—The Farmers' Institute exhibition will be held on October 14th. A large list of prizes is being offered and it is expected that it will be one of the best exhibits ever held here. The Farmers' Institute expects to build a hall during the coming year.

EDNA WALLACE HOPPER TO WED BANKRUPT

Tells in Evidence Before Receiver of Engagement to A. O. Brown.

New York, Oct. 14.—Edna Wallace Hopper, the actress, yesterday told the grand jury that she had been engaged to the failed brokerage firm of A. O. Brown & Co., that the head of that firm and she are engaged to be married. The receiver was inquiring into the circumstances under which A. O. Brown gave Miss Hopper a \$7,500 automobile and transferred to her an insurance policy on his life for \$25,000. Miss Hopper, who had been called as a witness, declared that the transfers were made long before the brokerage firm got into trouble.

Mr. Brown gave me the car on March 2nd," she said, "knowing that of all things I most wanted I had never received a motor car. He knew I would enjoy it."

The young woman then stated that at the time of the transaction in question there existed and still exists an engagement of marriage between her and Mr. Brown.

Miss Hopper said that after the gift and nearly up to the time of the failure Mr. Brown had paid the garage bill, but when she went on a tour with a theatrical company and took the car with her she paid the garage bills herself. Mr. Brown also had paid the chauffeur up to within three weeks of the failure.

It is packed in sealed lead packets to preserve its delicious flavor and aroma. Sold by all grocers; never by peddlers, or in bulk.

LADIES

Send your name and address and you will receive a copy of the new book "The Compound Penicillin Tablets." A powerful bactericidal vegetable medicine for sickness peculiar to women and all diseases arising therefrom. All druggists sell at 25c, or postpaid for price from Dr. T. A. Stocum, Limited, Spadina Avenue, Toronto.

REMARKABLE COLLECTION OF HISTORIC SOUVENIRS

Bygone Days of British Columbia Recalled by Fraser Exhibit.

Vancouver, Oct. 14.—The Carnegie Library Museum might well be haunted with the shades of departed Cariboo pioneers and other old-timers now deceased, for one of the most perfect collections of pioneer history to be found in the Dominion is on view, and a remarkable historic lesson is admirably taught.

The student of local history, or anyone at all familiar with British Columbia's brief but eventful period from the time Simon Fraser mistook the river later named after him to be the Columbia, would find difficulty in tearing himself away from the exhibit.

Before entering the hall, one's attention is called to the old weights and measures of the land formerly situated in New Westminster, the erstwhile capital of the province.

On entering the museum and turning to the left one finds pictures on every hand, causing a veritable horde of almost forgotten incidents to crowd in upon the memory as the face of Simon Fraser from a sepia enlargement of an old photograph looks down from the wall and around him in the peculiar costumes of their time, are congregated well-preserved photographs of the earliest Hudson's Bay officials and a few of their wives and daughters.

The exhibit is laid out in the form of an historic narrative. First of all come the early explorers as far back as Cook, with the most complete collection in existence of old Hudson's Bay forts and a rare old picture of old Fort Chipewyan; there is in all its primitive glory. There is a copy of painting of the death of Captain Cook, the original of which is treasured among the valued relics in Greenwich Museum.

There is an excellent painting of Sir George Simpson, with rare prints of pioneer days on the Pacific coast. A little further along the screens is a drawing from an old photograph of the steamer Labouchere taken the day before she was wrecked. Then, a little further in, the stage of history, come the principal characters in the Hudson's Bay employ on the Pacific coast and a handful of pioneer women. There are scores of them, but particularly noticeable are photos of the two Emmattings, Peter Skeen Ogden, Yale, McTavish, J. W. McKay, James Birnie, Abraham Anderson, etc. They all surround the sepia enlargement of Simon Fraser, and among them are portraits of four pioneer women on the Pacific coast, these being Mrs. Ross, first white woman born in B. C., Lady Douglas, Mrs. Blinkhorn, and Mrs. Staines.

Suddenly, amid the well arranged mass of photographs and pictures one espies a beautiful painting of Captain Vancouver, and begins to realize that every picture—from the tintype up to the sepia enlargement—has a story, and that every figure contributed toward making history on the Pacific coast.

Turning to the right the narrative continues into the pre-confederation period, and from there to the illustrated history of British Columbia. Then come the pioneers, including among them being what is perhaps the best likeness available of Richard McBride, and it is with something like a sigh of relief that among some of the latter are seen photos of the living and to realize that present day history is just as potent and almost as interesting as the events which preceded the present generation.

Then in orderly array are pictures of the judges from the very first dispenser of justice on the Pacific coast, followed by the pioneer clergy of all the principal denominations. Then come over a thousand pictures of Cariboo and other old-timers, with a picture of the first wheelbarrow packtrain that started from Yale to Barkerville in 1861. The celebrated Curtis collection adds interest and one turns to the Burrard inlet group, which comes nearer home, and among which are Geo. Black, the collector of Hastings, Raymur, Captain Stamp, Moody (after whom Moodyville was named), Ben Springer, Capt. Van Bramer, and many others of absorbing interest.

These are followed by a group of early navigators, and such relics as Fraser's beaver hat, this piece of high silk headgear having been worn on all ceremonial occasions and kept for such purposes in a leather bag securely strapped. There is Fraser's sword, walking stick and * * *. But the collection is too numerous for complete detail. Suffice it to say that the greatest credit reflects upon E. E. Gosnell, who has worked hard during the past three months in gathering together the various valuable relics, but who is extremely modest in admitting the part he played in preparing the Simon Fraser exhibit.

The historic value of this exhibit has given birth to the suggestion that the principals of local schools should be given a day for taking the children to the exhibit and giving them an object lesson in local history.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—The seismograph at the Dominion observatory recorded a severe earthquake shock early yesterday morning. It lasted two and a half hours. The seat of the shock is estimated to be 2,300 miles away.

The finest leaves from Ceylon tea plantations are contained in "Salada" tea. It is packed in sealed lead packets to preserve its delicious flavor and aroma. Sold by all grocers; never by peddlers, or in bulk.

Have You Purchased Your Heater Yet?

If not, here is what you want, either an OAK HOME, SPECIAL OAK, or a WOODS' RADIATOR. They are neat, well finished, and perfect heaters. THE PRICE IS VERY LOW.

B. C. HARDWARE CO., LTD.

PHONE 82 P. O. BOX 683

Helps for the Discerning Housewife

ASHCROFT SPUDS, the best potatoes money can buy. Per sack \$1.25
KING, WEALTHY, BLENHEIM ORANGE APPLES per box \$1.25
GERMAN PRUNES, last of the season, per crate .90c

ALBERTA DAIRY BUTTER

Per lb .25c
NEW ALDERGROVE CREAMERY BUTTER
Three pounds \$1.00

W. O. WALLACE

The Family Cash Grocer
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312

The BISSELL ORCHARD DISK HARROW

Here is a harrow designed especially for use in orchards of British Columbia. Will remove weeds, cultivate under limbs of fruit trees. Will clean up grass between grape vines and berry bushes. Cut clean and turns soil over. Another good use is in the Cornfield Harrow. Can be used from "one throw" to "six throws." Adjustable. Poles and shafts made of iron. Strong and durable. For full particulars ask your dealer, or write Dept. V, T. E. BISSELL CO., Ltd. ELORA, ONT.

Ask to See Samples at T. J. Trapp & Company's Exhibit at the New Westminster Fair.

VANCOUVER GETS LAND FROM GOVERNMENT

A. C. McEvoy Returns After Satisfactory Negotiations With Ministers.

Vancouver, Oct. 14.—A. E. McEvoy, who has been in Ottawa for several weeks attending to civic matters and particularly with reference to the obtaining of a lease of Stanley Park in perpetuity for the city of Vancouver, has returned to the city. Mr. McEvoy announces that the Dominion government has granted the claims of the city and given a lease of Stanley Park in perpetuity.

While the other civic business covering the attention of Mr. McEvoy involved the matter of a government reserve opposite Barnes and that of foreshore rights on False Creek, Mr. McEvoy stated that the lease of Stanley Park has been passed without question by the Dominion government, and the documents conveying the reality is now in possession of the city, awaiting execution.

Other matters were discussed with the Ottawa government in connection with Vancouver foreshore and street rights.

The request of the city for land opposite Barnes covers an extensive tract which was reserved by the government for military purposes at the east shore of the entrance to the North Arm of the Inlet. The lease for this tract has not yet been prepared, but the department having control of the land has recommended the favorable action to the Cabinet, which will probably be acted upon as soon as the members of the government return to Ottawa from the campaigning trips on which they are now engaged. The lease is based on the location being used by the city as a rock quarry.

The third matter which Mr. McEvoy alluded to in attending to the government is not yet, to the best of his knowledge, completed, but the indications are that here, as in the other cases, the city's request will be favorably considered.

TWO KILLED WHILE WORKING ON RAILWAY

Men Employed Near Port Essington Are Victims of Explosions.

Prince Rupert, Oct. 14.—By the premature explosion of a "coyote hole" on Contractor Bostrum's work of construction opposite Port Essington, three men were overcome by gas poisoning from the burned explosives. Two of them have recovered, but the third, John Piereau, 21 years of age, was too ill to go when rescued and died after being brought to the railway contractors' hospital here.

An Italian who was fatally injured while reloading and tamping a blast before it had cooled sufficiently, his lungs being ruptured by the tamping stick being driven through them, also passed away. Both men were buried on an island in the harbor which has been set aside as a burial ground. Rev. Father Klentz, of the Roman Catholic church, officiated.

TYPHOID EPIDEMIC.

Regina, Sask., Oct. 14.—An epidemic of typhoid has broken out at the police barracks here, and thirteen cases are now being treated in the military hospital. Only two nurses are available for all these patients. In the city there is comparatively little typhoid this season, owing to the strict enforcement of the law regarding the installation of waterworks and sewerage systems.

Kamloops, Oct. 14.—A. G. Goodwin, charged with stealing horses and cattle and obliterating brands, was acquitted at the assizes on one count. The other went over till the next assizes. This case was of great interest throughout the whole interior. It was tried at Vernon and the jury disagreed. The alleged thefts and other offences were charged to have been committed in the district of Douglas lake in the Nicola valley last year.

\$1.00

Twice-a-Week

VOL. 36.

CANDIDATE

Preliminary Candidature

--List of Candidates--

(From Monday)

At noon to-day Hon. G. H. Buzard was elected as candidate for Commons at the forthcoming election. From 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M. T. J. Hick, the return officer, was received at the hour of the nomination of the candidates for the Liberal constituency. He was assisted by the following:

R. B. McMillan, M. H. A. Munn, broker; Wm. E. Laird, accountant; Wm. Wilson, merchant; Jas. Bell, merchant; T. H. Horne, merchant; L. H. Hardie, merchant; Chas. Fox Todd, merchant; A. E. Todd, merchant; J. H. B. Rickaby, merchant; David Stewart, Jr., merchant; Arthur Lee, R. E. C. A. McGregor, carter; Ed. Parsons, accountant; Richard Hall, agent; Hugh Macdonald, merchant; T. A. Humberstone, T. A. Bennett, barrister; R. A. C. Grant, R. E. W. E. Ditchburn, M. W. G. Cameron, merchant; John Taylor, miller; Andrew Fairfull, carpenter; Frank Higgins, bar; John Hart, clerk; L. G. Quanz, merchant; Alex. McNeven, engineer; Peter Gordon, engineer; W. H. Langley, barrister; Geo. Switzer, laborer; R. L. Drum, laborer; Hugh Petticrew, bar; Thos. Donovan, barrister; Jas. Paterson, merchant; A. Maxwell Muir, F. W. S. Fraser, merchant; John R. Westcott, Geo. Gulley, carpenter; Geo. Neill, line-maker; G. J. Leay, gentleman; Wm. D. Boyd, fitter; John Sullivan, jang; John McLeod, fitter; Fredk. Moore, fitter; A. M. C. D. Fraser, merchant; Oscar G. Barnes, Dr. O. M. Jones, J. G. Cox, merchant; Wm. McCarter, L. E. B. Marvitt, merchant; Joshua Kingham, Percy Richardson, R. H. Swinerton, R. Alex. Wilson, stove; Chas. E. Brown, S. P. Mills, barrister; L. C. Mills, law; Joseph Tasse, merchant; W. P. Best, assayer; T. Elliott, merchant; T. H. Leeming, Dr. Lewis Hall, Dr. Alex. Stewart, Michael Young, Hon. Joseph Young, Dr. R. L. Fraser, Dr. T. J. Jones, A. T. Kirkpatrick, Robt. John Patrick, H. A. Park, J. Dr. A. E. McKellic, John Cochrane, Dr. Q. D. H. Warden, J. P. Watson, Wm. Turpel, ship Arch. Lees, engineer; Geo. Kelly, ship; Thos. Tubman, engineer; Geo. Lucas, engineer; Frank Mellor, painter; E. B. Tyson, M. H. Harding, J. L. Cullison, plaster; J. T. Walbran, mason; Wm. Hodges, black; L. U. Garsy, mason; Geo. Pattison, mason; Aaron Lewis, tinsmith; Jas. L. Crimp, gas; G. S. Brown, merchant; E. A. Brown, merchant; Joe Sears, master; J. H. Young, architect; C. N. Cameron, H. L. Salmon, Joseph Bosworth, A. J. Baker, Wm. Bowmans, Thos. John Ryan, Walter Loney, John McDougall, John Leeming, W. T. Andrews, Alex. Hendry, Arthur Brakes, E. E. Blake, J. G. Morry, S. A. Baird, R.



OWE MY CURE TO ZAM-BUK

HAD PILES FOR 13 YEARS! PAIN SO BAD AT TIMES HE FAINTED

One of the best points about Zam-Buk is that it cures chronic cases of piles as well as those of more recent standing. Captain A. W. Strachan, R.E., of St. Catharines, (Ont.), a man who has served his country in India, China, Japan and Egypt, says:

"Nobody has suffered greater agonies than I have through piles. For near 13 years this terrible scourge afflicted me and at times the pain was almost too much for me to bear—especially while enduring the heat and fatigue of foreign duty.

"I think I tried almost every remedy known in India, China, Japan and Egypt. While in India I was in the hospital for three weeks with bleeding piles, and thought I would be compelled to give up the Service.

"I have had to fall out when on the march as I could not endure the pain any longer. Once I was picked up on the field for dead—the pain from the piles was so great that I had fainted.

"An Army officer told me about Zam-Buk having cured a friend of his, so I decided to give it a trial. From the first anointing with this great herbal balm, I was relieved, but even after using one box I hardly dared to hope it would cure me permanently. I had got so much relief from it, however, that I decided to persevere, and by the time I had used several boxes, to my great joy I was completely cured.

"Zam-Buk is worth its weight in gold. It has cured me and given me now over six months of perfect ease—something which I have not had for thirteen long years! I trust this statement of mine will lead other sufferers to try Zam-Buk and prove its great healing virtue."

What Zam-Buk is, and What it Cures

Zam-Buk is composed of the essence and extracts of healing herbs. It contains no animal fat or mineral poison. It never goes rancid like other ointments, never stains, never closes the pores of the skin. It heals cold sores, eczema, chapped hands, ulcers, badly poisoned wounds, galeal sores, open sores due to blood poisoning, itch. It heals lacerations, bruises and all skin eruptions and diseases. All druggists and stores sell at 50c a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

Free Box

This Coupon and a cent stamp sent to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, will obtain for you a sample box. Mention this paper.

