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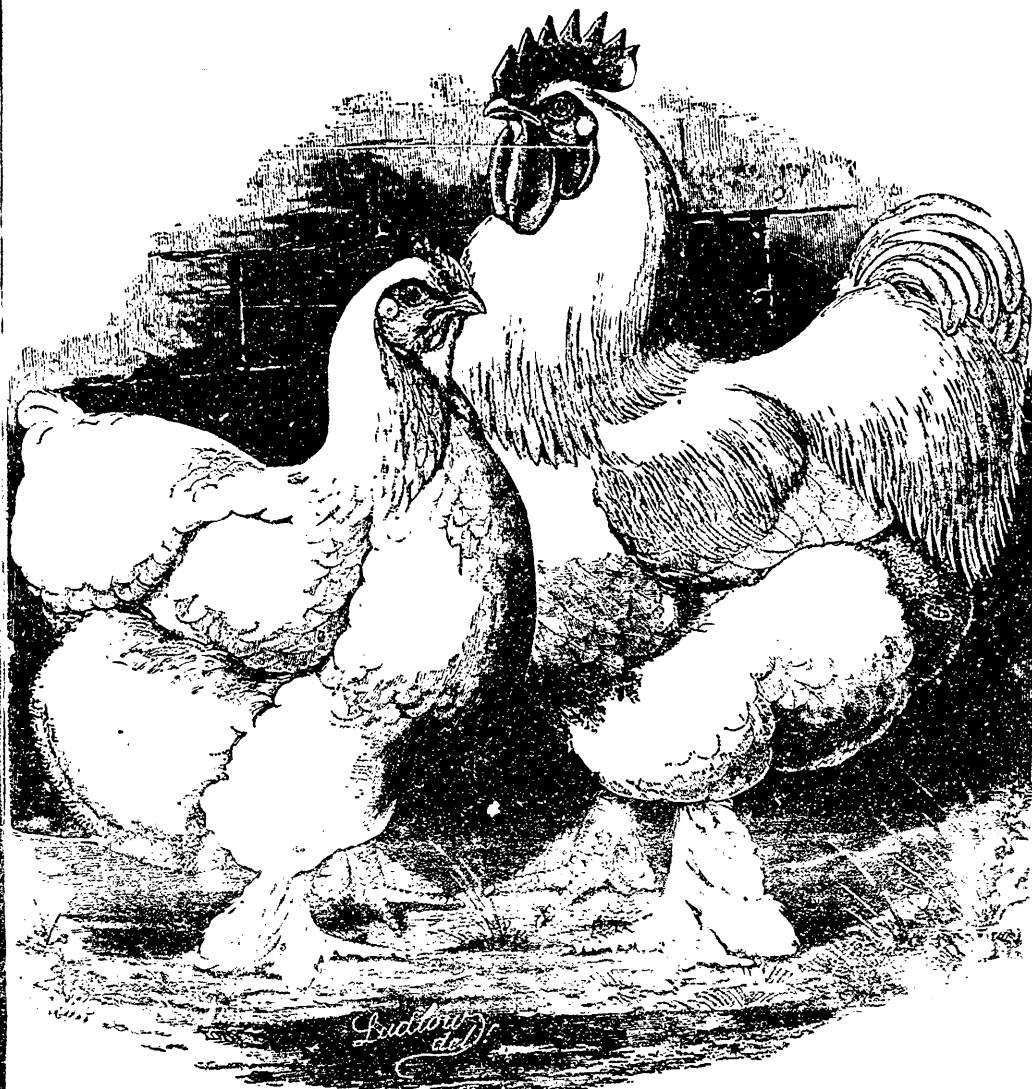
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No. 3.



WHITE COCHINS.

"I would be much pleased if you would give us an illustration and description of White Cochins at an early date in the REVIEW. The reason I ask this is that with a number of your subscribers here this variety is a great favorite, and

they do not like to see them slighted."

Yours truly,

Quebec City, Jan. 28th, 1884.

T. F.

In response to our friend's request we give

the above excellent illustration and the accompanying brief description.

In the opinion of many fanciers White Cochins are the most beautiful of all the Asiatic class. There certainly are many points of beauty in them, and none make a more showy picture on a green lawn. Their gracefully rounded outlines, pure white plumage, and brilliant red comb, wattles and earlobes, gives a contrast that is pleasing to the eye.

The greatest trouble found in breeding White Cochins is to secure the pure white plumage so desirable and this point should never be lost sight of in the desire to secure other points. The color of the legs is another important point. They should be of a bright yellow, and heavily feathered with soft feathers. Flesh colored or white legs is a great and disqualifying defect, and one that is very difficult to get rid of, and a young bird showing it should never be bred from. This breed cannot be good without having size, and to secure this they should be hatched early, and well cared for.

The cock should be large, and have a straight, firmly set, rather small, deeply serrated comb; We like to see the comb nicely arched on top, and not rising so that the last point is highest, as we often see it. The wattles should be of medium length, nicely rounded, and fine in texture. The earlobes should be rather large, but no so pendant as in the Brahma. Comb, earlobes and wattles should be a bright red. A yellowish tinge is often seen in the centre of the earlobe, and should not be tolerated. The fluff and cushion should be very abundant, and stand well out about the thighs.

The hen should be neat in head, with small, neat and firmly set comb; large in frame, and having a very broad appearance. The tail must be small and almost covered by the soft feathers of saddle. The fluff very abundant.

White Cochins must be kept from the rays of the sun or the plumage is apt to become yellow, or of a straw color. They will do well in confinement, being very contented in limited quarters. We have never heard great laying qualities ascribed to them, but our experience is that up to two years old they are profitable as egg-producers, after which they make a good roast.

The standard weights are: Cocks, 11 lbs.; cock crels, 9 lbs.; hens, 9 lbs.; pullets, 7½ lbs.

Eggs that have been transported by railroad should be set at once, if possible, after receiving them. The choice of a sitter to do the work faithfully will depend some on your judgment and knowledge of the characteristics of broody hens.

Poultry-keeping as an Agent in the Formation of Character.

Editor Review.

Poultry-keepers are divided into two distinct classes: Those who find in fowl a source of much interesting pleasure, and those who keep them as a very profitable class of farm stock. But as each finds it necessary to sell his surplus stock, both classes run together in this particular, therefore the line of separation is not always apparent. It is with the first class that I purpose to deal in this paper.

Man has been an admirer of the beautiful in nature in all ages and states. We have no lack of evidence of this in civilized nations, nor is their wanting plenty of evidence of this faculty in uncivilized nations. A race long since passed away, has left in our own country many remains of utensils and implements of warfare bearing marks of decorative skill, and the same is true of all barbarous nations yet discovered. And this love for the beautiful is calculated to ennoble and build up character, and is of Divine creation, and therefore the gratification of it is legitimate and good. We read in connection with man's creation that certain things were created or provided to supply the needs of that creation, and these were "beautiful and good for food." Evidently then there was created in this perfect creation a desire for the beautiful, or why its special mention in connection with this creation? And we do find at the present time that the more flagrant and continuative are the violations of the laws by which man's conduct is regulated, the less admiration is found for the beautiful. Take, for example, any of our hardened criminals and this faculty will be found to be absolutely destroyed. There is yet a good spot in a man who has a pet and treats it kindly. While the possession of one has been known to recall to life again this Divinely created faculty after all good had been apparently obliterated.

Now, then, why do those whose whole study it is to counteract the destructive effects of the multitudinous attractions to evil, and to the destruction of moral character which exist, overlook this humanizing influence, by which moral character may be fortified and built up?

Let those—parents especially—who are looking round for amusement or home attractions for their boys (the mind must be occupied to be satisfied or contented, when they visit the Industrial, or any neighboring poultry show, bring home a pair of beautiful fowls as a present to his boy or boys, and don't make a sham of the thing by giving him to understand that they are son's fowls but father's money, but let them be his very own; let him have the pleasure of possession. Go to the nearest saw mill and get a load or two of edgings and

slabs, and see that he is helped in putting up a comfortable house, and now he will be in a position to go ahead. Now as his stock increases, let him increase his yards, which should be the orchard. At the end of the first year he can sell a few chicks, and from this the thing should be self-sustaining, and will be, and this will keep things running. Now for the cultivation of independence and business habits he should, after the first year, be required to purchase his own feed, &c.; this cultivates self reliance. If he require a little time night and morning to keep things in order, this is no more than can be expected. Just think how much better it is that his spare time should be spent in this way than in lounging about the streets of the city, if nothing worse, or congregating about some tavern or grocery in the country.

Man from boyhood is not a machine. The germ of independent action is in his composition, and it can not be crushed, but it can be directed. You beautify your dwellings, your surroundings, your equipage and your persons and you are all the better and nobler by this cultivation of your admiration of the beautiful, and why will you lose sight of the fact that this love for an independent possession of the beautiful can be made a means for the ennobling of the minds of your children, and the moulding of character; and the activity of mind and body which the possession of a few beautiful fowls necessitates cannot fail to cultivate habits of industry and business capability.

Books, papers, music and plants all fill their place admirably, but something as an outdoor amusement and attraction is necessary, especially for boys. How many guardians of youth would treat with ridicule the request for a pair of fowls, pigeons, &c., and bestow the appellation of "hen-wife," or some other equally ridiculous name upon the applicant, not detecting the yearning of a divinely created admiration for the beautiful for our benefit, and therefore fail to take advantage of it for the eternal welfare of the being. The surroundings of the saved are all described as beautiful, and as we are just what the sum of our acts are—a man who practices mean acts is a mean man in spite of all the reasonings that can be resorted to—and our acts are the products of the mind, and will necessarily partake of the character of it. Therefore, if our acts are to be good and pure, our minds must be constantly filled with the good and pure or beautiful.

In conclusion I must say I admire the clear, decisive and concise manner in which "Incogitus" disposed of the scientific aspect of my little discussion on the composition of an egg shell, &c. It gives me great pleasure to have a brother take squarely hold of my ideas, necessarily imperfect at times, and complete or correct them. I must

thank him, and hope we may have the pleasure of reading something more from the same pen. I am also glad that brother Willitts has taken fairly and intelligently hold of the scoring subject. Friends, now to the rescue! If you don't like saying much, let us know what side you are on. I am well aware that the majority are in favor of this system, but recollect that as long as you are silent your silence is taken by those in power as either indifference or opposition. I am convinced that it is only necessary to convince our officers that such a thing is wanted and needed, and that a large majority are in favor of it, to have it.

Yours sincerely,

STANLEY SPILLETT.

Lefroy, March 1st, 1834.

Eggs.

I am almost afraid that the little word at top of this paper is about lost sight of by the fanciers of the present day. Shows, while perhaps doing much good, are responsible for this. The fancier of to-day breeds for feather, for size, for form, for fancy, for anything but for eggs; in other words he breeds for show. Well show is all very good, and I am not writing to do any injury to the cause, but I think besides show for size, for form, for feather, &c., we should breed for eggs.

I will stand on the principle that there are two reasons for a fancier or poultry-keeper raising chickens. One reason is for show, and the other for profit. Of the two the latter certainly must be the most essential, for no man, whether fancier or anyone else, will continue to raise any animal unless profit is at the bottom of it. One may keep a canary in a cage for the pleasure you derive from hearing his song, but no man would think to keep a yard full of hens year after year, that never laid an egg, no matter though their plumage was as beautiful as the Lyre Bird, of Australia.

If the reader will admit that this proposition is correct, I think I can convince him that the principle on which our shows are conducted to-day is tending rather to make fowls unprofitable than otherwise. We must remember that if one is a successful show breeder, by judicious advertising he makes his poultry yard pay well, because he obtains high prices for his stock. He is able to do this, simply because he has been successful in breeding for show, and there are always those who want to imitate him, hence they buy his prize-winning fowls, or the fowl he breeds from his prize-winners. A purchaser should remember he does not always get value for his money when he purchases chickens with this object in view. While the successful breeder may sell him as good stock as he can get anywhere, and really superior

specimens, that is not always to say he is going to be as successful as the person he purchases from. He is after a phantom, or at least he is taking his chances among many others who are in the same race. The value of a show hen is a fancy value, which has been established by shows, it may be one dollar, or it may be a hundred guineas, basing value on the amount anything will sell for, as we all know no hen is a commercial value for a hundred guineas, still they have been sold for that. The true commercial value of a hen is what she is worth for producing eggs, and her flesh when killed and dressed for table.

Say all hens are killed at two year old, as they should be, then that breed and that hen which has produced the greatest weight of eggs during that time, the value of which added to the value of her flesh when put on the table, less the actual cost of feeding her during life, no matter though she is the ugliest hen that ever scratched ground, that is the most valuable hen.

I know it is the generally accepted opinion that the best egg layers are not always the best table fowl, but fowl can, by selection, be bred to be good for both purposes, and if one quality is to be sacrificed, better give the flesh for the egg producing qualities. The value of a hen, say at two years old, for food, is, say from twenty-five to fifty cents, according to the market you are near, whereas the difference between a good laying hen and a poor one is much more than the value of the meat long before the hen is two years old. And supposing even we had to raise hens for laying that were worthless for the table, we could always raise enough of a good edible breed to kill as young chickens, and when our layers get too old to be profitable we could afford to kill and bury them. But I know that a breed can be produced that is good for both, and if as much time and trouble had been bestowed on such a breed as has been spent breeding for show and feather, we would have breeds that were flesh and egg producers today; but we never will have, unless shows take the matter up. One may go the round of all the shows of a season, and he will hear feather, form, style, head, neck, tail, leg, and everything else talked up, but never eggs.

What we want is a fair sized hen, that will produce a large egg, and the most of them, before two years old, and make a good dish for the table at that age. If a fancier can produce that hen, and shows will give prizes for such fowl, it will be a success in poultry raising that has been entirely lost sight of since the craze for Asiatics first took possession of the fanciers of England. It is true "a thing of beauty is a joy forever," but no matter how beautiful a hen may be if she will not lay eggs, and is not good for the table, she is worthless. But

fashion is beauty. No one would, fifty years ago have called the bob-tailed Asiatics beautiful beside the graceful and beautifully balanced Dorking; but fashion made the eastern emigrant beautiful, and fashion would also make the egg-producers fashionable if the making of a breed for that purpose was sufficiently encouraged. No doubt there would be some difficulty in awarding prizes to hens that had laid the greatest weight of eggs, say in a given time, but I think that difficulty can be managed. I say the greatest weight, because although an egg is an egg, still a dozen large eggs is worth more than a dozen small ones, hence it is by weight of the eggs produced they should be judged, and not by quantity. While you pay your grocer as much for a dozen small eggs as for a dozen large ones, still when he gives you the small ones he cheats you, and it is the only honest way of cheating I know of. Custom allows it, and you can't prosecute him for it. The henwife cheated him when she sold him the basket of small eggs, and the hens cheated her when they laid them; but perhaps they did not eat so much grain to do it, perhaps they did, as not always the largest hen which eats the most lays the largest egg. Eggs should be sold by weight and not by tale, so should nearly everything else that is now sold by count and measure.

The English poultry breeders have taken a step in advance of us. For the last year or two they have been giving prizes at their shows for table fowl. The fowl are judged alive for show, and they are then killed and dressed on the spot, and judged for table purposes. What they want now is to add a class for egg producing, and they are complete. The flesh producers, that is flesh for quality, we can breed if we have to breed them, as I said before, for the pot specially, and kill them when young. The egg producer, the most valuable quality a hen can possess, has no class at our shows. This is an omission that has been left standing too long, and poultry breeders and fanciers should at once set about remedying it.

× ROADS

Strathroy, Mar. 1st, 1884.

Exhibition of Midland Central Poultry Association.

The seventh annual exhibition under the auspices of the Midland Central Poultry Association was held on the 29th, 30th and 31st January, in the old Music Hall, Peterborough. The exhibition was not the success that its promoters hoped it would be. There were some very fine birds among the entries, but the number exhibited was not very large. This certainly is not the fault of the Association or its Directors. The prize list was a comprehensive one, and was one that should have at-

tected a very large number of exhibits, in addition to which a number of special prizes of good value were offered by business men of Peterborough and poultry fanciers at a distance. The reason for the small exhibit can only be found in the weather. It is true that Tuesday was a mild day, but any birds coming from a distance would have to be shipped on Monday, and the forenoon of that day was cold and the afternoon stormy, which made owners of fancy poultry afraid to risk their birds on a journey, especially as there was the danger of a blockade keeping the birds on the cars longer than would be required for the journey.

However, although the number of entries was not as large as had been hoped for or expected, those exhibited were well worth seeing. Many of the prize winning birds at the exhibition of the Poultry Association of Ontario were there, and and others equally as good. When there were few exhibitors from a distance, all the more credit is due to the poultry owners of the district for being able to furnish such a collection of fine birds.—*Peterborough Review.*

Judge.—W. J. Buck, of Brantford.

PRIZE LIST.

LIGHT BRAHMAS.—Fowls: 1st and 2nd, Isaac Dormer. Chicks: 1st and special, John McClelland; 2nd, J. E. Murray.

COCHINS.—Buff: fowls, 1st and 2nd, Thomas E. Bell. Partridge—fowls, 1st and 2nd, James Baptie. White—chicks, 1st, Frank Shaw.

LANGSHANS.—Fowls: 1st, N. Lush; 2nd, J. M. White. Chicks: 1st, 2nd and special, N. Lush.

DORKINGS.—Silver-gray: chicks, 1st and special, Thos E. Bell. Colored—fowl: 1st, Thos E. Bell; 2nd, Henry Bullen; 3rd, James Baptie. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, Henry Bullen.

BLACK SPANISH.—Fowls: 1st and special, Thos E. Bell.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.—Fowls: 1st, H. C. Winch. Chicks: 1st, T. E. Bell; 2nd, John King.

LEGHORNS.—White: fowls, 1st and special, Thos E. Bell. Brown—fowls: 1st, James Baptie. Chicks: 1st and special, same.

HOUDANS.—Special prize, Thos E. Bell.

GAME.—Black-breasted Red: fowl, 1st and special, M. O'Brien; 2nd, 3rd and special, Joseph McClelland.

HAMBURGS.—Golden-spangled: fowls, 1st, James Baptie. Chicks: 1st and special, same. Silver-spangled—fowls: 1st and 2nd, same. Black—fowls: 1st, Frank Shaw. Chicks: 1st, same.

POLANDS.—Fowls: 1st and special, James Baptie. Golden-spangled: fowls, 1st and special, Henry Bullen.

BANTAMS.—Black-breasted Red Game: 1st and special, Jas. Baptie. Pile—1st, D. Mason; 2nd, Jas. Baptie. Any other variety—(Sebrights) 1st and 2nd, Richard Meade.

DUCKS.—Aylesbury: 1st and special, James Baptie. Rouen—2nd, H. H. Backham. Pekin—1st, Thos E. Bell.

GREYS.—Gray: 1st, James Baptie; 2nd, Thos E. Bell.

TURKEYS.—Bronze: 1st, A. R. Kidd; 2nd, Thos E. Bell.

PIGEONS.—1st and 2nd, W. A. Logan.

EXTRA SPECIAL PRIZES.—Guinea fowls, Thos E. Bell; Colored Dorking hen, Joseph McClelland; breeding pen Light Brahmas, John McClelland.

CANARIES.—Singing: 1st, Joseph Mitchell; 2nd, Andrew McNeil. Plumage: 1st, Joseph Mitchell; 2nd, C. Brown.

First Exhibition of the Bowmanville Poultry Association.

The first effort of this new society seems to have been a very successful one, bringing together a fine display of excellent birds, and creating a great

interest in feathered stock among the farmers and others of the section. The show was held on the 11th, 12th, and 13th of February. Mr. W. H. Doel, who officiated as judge, was pleased with the exhibition, the officers, and the management throughout, as will be seen by the accompanying letter.

Editor Review.

A poultry exhibition was first started this Winter that promises to make its mark. The officers are very energetic, and they say the results of their show were very satisfactory. I refer to the poultry show gotten up by the poultry fanciers and others at Bowmanville. On invitation I visited the show, and was very much pleased—both with the quality and the number of the exhibits—with it as a first show, and where one would not expect to find such a number of good fanciers. It would be impossible for me to particularize the various fowls, and all I can say is, that the quality of the exhibits, with the exception of the Dark Brahmas, would do credit to our largest exhibitions.

I am pleased to see these small societies springing up, as they will do a great deal of good to the poultry world, in increasing the number of fanciers and breeders. This society well deserves the support and countenance of the older breeders, and I hope another year they will be well patronized by many away from Bowmanville, as they well deserve it. Visitors will find themselves and exhibits heartily welcomed, as the new society is composed of large hearted and live men.

W. H. DOEL.

Doncaster, Feb'y 29th, 1884.

THE PRIZE LIST.

BRAHMAS.—Light: fowls, 1st, T. T. Coleman; 2nd, W. Wright. Chicks: 1st, E. Haggith; 2nd, W. Hall. Dark—fowls: 1st and 2nd, S. Snowden. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, same.

COCHINS.—Buff: fowls, 1st, Jno Perry; 2nd, T. T. Coleman. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, T. T. Coleman. Partridge—fowls: 1st and 2nd, T. T. Coleman. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, same. Any other variety—1st and 2nd, Brown & Hodge.

GAME.—Black-breasted red: fowls, 1st and 2nd, W. Hall. Chicks: 1st, D. McConachie; 2nd, W. Hall. Duckwings—chicks: 1st, S. Gordon; 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Pyle—fowls: 1st and 2nd, S. Gordon. Chicks: 1st, W. Hall; 2nd, S. Gordon.

HAMBURGS.—Golden-spangled: chicks, 1st, S. Oke; 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Golden-pencilled: fowls, 1st, Brown & Hodge; D. T. Morris. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, D. T. Morris. Silver-spangled—chicks: 1st, S. Dibb; 2nd, Jno Sinclair. Black—fowls: 1st and 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Chicks: 1st, D. T. Morris; 2nd, Brown & Hodge.

LEGHORNS.—White: fowls, 1st and 2nd, Jno Dutton. Chicks: 1st, W. G. Wolfe; 2nd, G. Wright. Brown—fowls: 1st, W. Hall; 2nd, W. J. Wolfe. Chicks: 1st, same; 2nd, J. Percy.

SPANISH.—Fowls: 1st, Jno Murdock; 2nd, W. Fishley. Chicks: 1st, T. T. Coleman; 2nd, J. H. Pierce.

DORKINGS.—Any color: 1st, T. T. Coleman; 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Chicks: 1st and 2nd, T. T. Coleman.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.—Fowls: 1st, A. Neads; 2nd, W. Piggott. Chicks: 1st, J. H. Pierce; 2nd, G. Wright.

POLANDS.—White-crested Black: fowls, 1st, W. A. Pope; 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Chicks: 1st, T. Black; 2nd, Jno Kydd. Any other variety—fowls: 1st, M. Hearn; 2nd, Brown & Hodge. Chicks: 1st, Brown & Hodge; 2nd, M. Hearn.

BANTAMS.—Game: fowls, 1st, Brown & Hodge; 2nd, T. B. Ack. Chicks: Joseph Patterson; 2nd, S. Gordon. Sebrights—2nd, J. Pierce.

HOUDANS.—Fowls: 1st, J. H. Pierce; 2nd, A. Hobb. Chicks: 1st, J. Hobb; 2nd, J. Pierce.

LANGSHANS.—1st, J. H. Pierce; 2nd, Jno Dutton.

GEESE.—Gray: 1st, Brown & Hodge; 2nd, Jas Towns.

PIGEONS.—Fantails: 1st and 2nd, T Black. Jacobins: 1st, T Black. Pouters: 1st, same; 2nd, Chas Fletcher. Carriers: 1st, T Black. Collection of Pigeons: 1st, same.

Pair Golden Pheasants, Jos Jeffrey. Singing Canary, 1st, A Hobbs. Plumage Canary, 1st, same. Pair Doves, Wm Fishley. Talking bird, Chas Fletcher.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Heaviest pair fowls, T T Coleman. Brahma hen or pullet, Wm Wright. Pair Plymouth Rocks, J H Pierce. Cochin hen or pullet, T T Coleman. Brown Leghorns, W J Wolfe. Spanish hen or pullet, T T Coleman. Dorkings, T T Coleman. Heaviest cockerel, same. Breeding pen, 1st, W. J Wolfe; 2d, T Perce. Pair Rabbits, A Neads. Hen and Chickens, John Kydd. Best pair of fowls, S Gordon. Heaviest pair of ducks, T T Coleman. Hamburg hen or pullet, Brown & Hodge. Golden-pencilled Hamburg chicks, D T Morris. Houdan hen or pullet, J H Pierce. Black-breasted Game hen or pullet, D McConachio. Game cock or cockerel, same. Pyle Game pullet, W Hall. Singing Canary, A Hobbs. Bantams, any other variety, Jos Jeffrey. Best show Games, S Gordon. Pair Game Bantams, Jos Pattinson. Silver-spangled Hamburgs, John Sinclair. White-crested Black Polands, W A Pope. Pouter Pigeons, T Black. Barb Pigeons, T Black. White Leghorns, Jno Dutton. Light Brahma cockerel, E Haught. White Games, S Gordon. Pair White Pyle Games, W Hall.

Prices of Fancy Poultry.

As regards the prices asked for fancy poultry, it is very often a case of buyers' and sellers' views apart. Perhaps there is nothing in which there is a wider range for a difference of opinion than there is in regard to the value of fancy poultry, and if one move much amongst poultry fanciers he will be continually hearing of parties being dissatisfied at the prices they have been charged for specimens, or if not grumbling at the prices, manifesting dissatisfaction at the quality of the birds sent them for the money they paid for them. On the other hand, you will often hear the seller giving vent to his disgust at people continually offering him prices for his fowl which is not much more than their value for the pot.

Buyers may rest assured of one thing, that they can't buy really good specimens of any kind of poultry, pigeons, or any other fancy stock, unless they are prepared to pay a good price for it, and they had better at once and forever divest their minds of any other idea. No man can, neither will he, breed fancy poultry at pot prices. No doubt very often cases arise where fancy poultry are sold beyond their value. This is just as much the fault of the buyer as the seller, and more too. It is always the ordinary specimens that sell for more than they are worth. Of course if a breeder sells an ordinary specimen for the price, or nearly so, of a perfect bird, he is a cheat, and should be given a wide berth. I speak now of common specimens, such birds as are far below the standard, such as sell at prices generally ruling for such birds, the breeder does not consider he asks or gets any more for such specimens than they are worth, but in many cases, when the birds arrive at their destination, the buyer is thoroughly dissatisfied with them. The reason for this is not always because he has not got just as good specimens as his money was worth, but because he thought he

should have got better. This is a question in which it is quite legitimate for buyer and seller to disagree. I think the matter lies entirely in the hands of the buyers. No man need exchange his money for a bird unless he sees it, or be satisfied by some other means that he is getting just what he buys. If he knows the breeder so well, and has enough confidence in his judgement and integrity, he may take his word for what he is selling him and be perfectly safe. If the breeder is a stranger to him, and he chooses to buy from him without seeing what he is getting, then, of course, he must take the risk.

In England they have a good arrangement. Strangers, when buying from each other, the purchaser deposits the money in an office in London, instituted for that purpose; the property is forwarded to the purchaser, and if satisfactory, the money is then forwarded to the seller; but if unsatisfactory the property is returned, and the purchase money is given back to the would-be purchaser; in either case the office retains a small fee for the department. Business in all parts of Great Britain is done with this office, and it prevents all misunderstandings, and should be a perfectly satisfactory arrangement to both parties.

I think it is very seldom sellers have any misunderstanding about the prices they ask and receive for their best specimens, and this, if one will reflect for a minute, is very easily understood. In the first place there is one very good reason; it is this: the supply is never equal to the demand, whereas, as regards ordinary specimens the case is reversed, the supply is always in excess of the demand. When it is considered how few first-class specimens even a successful breeder is able to raise, it has never surprised me the prices he has been able to get for them. Were I starting tomorrow to breed a good class of poultry I would rather pay one hundred to one hundred and fifty dollars for a trio of birds for my breeding pen that were right up to the standard, than I would take at a gift a trio of ordinary specimens. True, some enormous prices have been paid for particular specimens of birds, and I for one believe, even at such staggering prices, the purchaser does not pay more than the specimen is worth. It is always hard to tell what the very best specimens amongst so many really is worth. When one think of the time, patience and money spent by a successful breeder to produce a few, a very few, first-class specimens, there is no wonder we occasionally hear of such very large sums being given for a perfect bird.

A good and honest breeder should never sell a poor specimen; all such should go to the pot. He can't afford to damage his reputation by selling such stock, and no one should buy it.

I will now say to the buyer: When you want birds be prepared to buy good ones, and pay what they are worth. Do not disgust a breeder of really first-class stock by offering him pot prices, for you can rest assured if you buy birds at any such figures the chances are, even cheap though they be, you get cheated in your purchase. Good and careful breeders have at various times good birds to sell, which they advertise; they have a right to ask and obtain fair prices for such stock, and such purchases should and could at all times be so arranged to be satisfactory to all parties. It is no more to the benefit of the seller to have the purchaser dissatisfied than it is for the purchaser to be so; it is a case where mutual satisfaction is mutually beneficial, and both parties should be willing to make it so. The purchaser should be willing to pay a good and fair price, and the seller should on no account give the purchaser anything less than the value for his money.

In-Bred Plymouth Rocks

Editor Review

Dear Sir,—According to a promise made to the readers of the REVIEW, I will now try and give you one season's experience with in-bred Plymouth Rocks. I bred this season five hens and one cockerel, the cockerel being a son of some of the hens, but raised on another yard, and the result was good, large, nicely marked chicks. While a cross bred pen produced just as large chicks, still they were not nearly so nicely marked. All things being equal, I have made up my mind that in-breeding the way I tried it this summer will never produce any bad results, and next season I am going to breed my Black Hamburgs in the same way, viz: a cockerel hatched and raised by my father at Kemptville, the eggs from my poultry yard, along with four hens and four pull-ets, and I think I will get some nice chickens. I have not room to try two pens this season on account of other poultry, but I will give the results of my labors in the fall, whether successful or not. Would like to have others try both ways of breeding who have more time to devote to it than I, and will be pleased to hear from them either privately or through the columns of the REVIEW.

Yours, &c.,

PLYMOUTH ROCK.

Morrisburg, January 22nd, 1884.

An egg weighing three and a half ounces was laid on the 27th of last month by a young pullet, Light Brahma, bred from the well known stock of Mr. Thomas Hull, Outremont, the winner of many first prizes at the late poultry shows at Montreal and Sherbrooke.

Pigeon and Pet Stock Department,

—CONDUCTED BY—

H. B. DONOVAN.

No. 222 Argyle St., Toronto, Ont.,

To whom all communications, items of news, &c., on these subjects should be addressed.

We copy an article from *Poultry* this month on breeding canaries. We intend giving the method there put forward a trial for a season.

Pigeons may be mated about the first of April. Get rid of all odd birds; give occasionally a handful of hempseed. Canaries had better be left until the middle of April or the 1st of May. Feed well and get well up.

We have much pleasure in introducing "Olluf" to readers of the REVIEW. He is a prominent pigeon fancier and successful exhibitor in England, and any contributions from his pen must needs be valuable. He has promised to keep us alive to what is going on in the "Old country" from month to month under the heading of "Our English Correspondent," and has also promised to commence a series of articles on the loft, feeding, treatment, &c., at an early date. We trust that his connection with the REVIEW may be long and pleasurable.

A gentleman, who resides in the neighborhood of College street, Toronto, has been watching the arrival and departure of our migrating birds with great carefulness ever since 1871. He sends the following as the dates of the first robin since then:—In 1871, March 1st; '72, March 30th; '73, March 23rd; '74, February 11th; '75, March 12th; '76, March 14th; '77, March 31st; '78, February 21st; '79, March 27th; '80, March 3rd; '81, February 10th; '82, March 2nd; '83, March 8th. On the 13th of the past month a robin was seen on the University grounds, and several on the following day.

Canaries at our Shows.

I was very much pleased to see your article on "Pet Stock at Poultry Shows" in January REVIEW, and trust it will be the means of awakening bird fanciers throughout Canada, and possibly the United States, to the fact that in order to get and keep our stock near the "standard of excellence" of our efforts and ambition, we must have public competition.

While a member of the Yorkville P. P. & P. S. A. I made an effort to get a place on our prize-list worthy of our cage birds, but, unfortunately, was too late, the list being then in the hands of the printer. Mr. Charlesworth, vice-President of the association, however, assured me the matter would

be left in the hands of the bird fanciers for the following season's show. The association, I believe, amalgamated with the P. A. of O. or became defunct, and the opportunity did not occur. I have no doubt the officers of the P. A. of O., and in fact of the different associations of the Dominion, would gladly open their doors to all feathered pet stock were the matter properly brought before them at the annual meeting, as you suggest. Cannot brother Barber put in a word? I will gladly enter a few birds also to help a beginning, and hope the owner of the S160 bird will give an opportunity of seeing it.

I quite concur with your remarks on the Scotch Fancy, and, like you, incline to the long, slim, half circular bird. I, however, give feather and shape more attention than length. The bird of my fancy must be perfectly smooth on breast and back, thighs tolerably well covered, the tail narrow and well filled or rounded near the body and forming with the body a gradual curve, not tucked under the perch, causing the appearance that the bird depended on the tail for maintaining his equilibrium.

Yours truly,

T WILLIAMS.

Kingston, February 14th, 1884.

Breeding Canaries.

To breed Canaries with the fullest measure of success obtainable, the cages in which the birds are placed should be new every year.

Also that the birds to be paired together should be not less than two years old, and not more than four.

That they be placed together in the autumn after moulting, and be kept in each other's society throughout the winter, and when they have once bred together, should not again be separated while in health.

That a single pair be placed in each cage, which should be open at the top as well as in front, but but may be closed at the sides.

That all food and water pans be placed inside the cage.

That the nests should be of basket-work, or, if made of wood, have perforated zinc bottoms.

That the food in winter should be canary seed, sound and fresh, with white millet for a change, and a little green food, such as groundsel or water-cress once a week. In spring let a little maw seed and hemp or rape be added once a week, and a piece of dry crumb of bread the size of a walnut be given twice a week to each pair.

That as soon as the young are hatched, an addition of soaked rape and canary seed, and a teaspoonful of crushed hemp, be made to the bill of fare, as well as the crumb of bread one day old soaked in cold water and renewed three times a day: namely, at eight o'clock in the morning, three in the afternoon, and the last thing at night, the same rule holding good with regard to the supply for drinking.

That no egg, food or milk should be given except under special circumstances to be detailed

further on; no green food except in small quantities.

That the eggs as laid should on no account be removed from the nest, but left with the mother from the first.

That the birds should be permitted access to water for bathing purposes every day in warm weather only, but twice a week at most during the early part of the year.

Secondly.—If it be impossible to secure new cages each season, the old must be subjected to a thorough process of cleansing and purification in order to prevent the development of insect life, which has so frequently proved destructive to the young broods, making them so weak from loss of rest and blood that they are unable to feed and soon die, when the parents are generally accused, unjustly, of neglecting them.

If the birds are well used to one another and quite friendly, two hens may be successfully mated with one cock, but in this case the young are apt not to be as strong as when they are the progeny of a single pair.

If birds of a year old are mated together they will frequently be so ardent as to neglect their brood in order to nest again, and if more than four years of age will, very generally, be apt to produce sterile eggs.

If the food and water cans are placed outside the cage they will now and then get so fixed that the birds cannot get their contents, and unless frequently watched the poor things will be likely to starve.

If the nest are of wood and the nesting material of hair or wool, the heat generated by the mother and young cannot escape, and if the weather is too warm, will cause the former to sweat, whereas a perforated bottom insures proper ventilation.

If the nesting material be cocoa fibre in small pieces, well cleansed from dust, there will be less likelihood of insects and of overheating.

If egg or milk be given to Canaries the effect cannot fail to be injurious, for they are naturally purely gaminivorous in their habits, and an unnatural diet, be it ever so relished or sanctioned by authority, must of necessity be productive of some bad result, as I have on many occasions proved.

If eggs is given, however, the color of the feathers will be deepened; but strength will be sacrificed to appearance.

If green food be too liberally supplied the young brood will be shaded with a perceptible tinge of green, which is desirable in green Canaries, but highly objectionable when it is wished to breed clear white or yellow birds.

If the eggs are removed from the nest when deposited, and replaced when their number is complete, the young will be all hatched together, and embarrass the parents by their sudden appearance; while, on the contrary, if left to mature, they will be hatched on successive days, and the result on the whole be more satisfactory than if the nest had been tampered with by the amateur.

If the birds are allowed to bathe in cold weather the eggs, and the mother too sometimes, are apt to be chilled, and the young that are in them to perish; whereas if the mother be debarred from access to water in hot weather the egg-lining membrane will become so parched and dry that the young bird will be unable to extricate itself, and must inevitably perish unless released by the amateur.

If a young brood is to be brought up by hand the use of a little milk and a small quantity of the yolk of a hard boiled egg are necessary as a substitute for the secretions of the parental crop. For hand reared birds the food must be always warm, and should be administered once an hour from dawn to dusk.

The best implement for feeding with is not the time-honored quill, but a pair of tweezers made after the pattern of a birds' bill, with which the operation can be most satisfactorily performed.—W. T. GREENE, F. Z. S., in *Poultry, Eng.*

Our English Correspondent.

Sir,—The New Year has opened with what is, to our birds at all events, the most distressing weather. We have scarcely had a night's frost this year, but what is, even for England, a most extraordinary continuance of showery weather, accompanied by a damp heat; thermometer at 35° to 41° out of doors all night. We are at our wits end to keep the birds dry and the lofts ventilated at the same time, and still more to keep the hens from laying too soon. We sigh in vain for a few sharp frosts, which, probably, we shall be equally disgusted to see when they come, as most likely they will in April or May, and spoil several batches of eggs and squabs. The rough weather we experienced last month (which is said to have surpassing in violence and duration any gale we have had for many years) made sad havoc among some of the more exposed poultry buildings.

The New Year has also witnessed a fresh departure in the mode of selecting judges. Capt. Norman Hill, the most respected and valuable of our Pouter judges, was so insulted by the letters of a disappointed exhibitor at the Crystal Palace show of 1882 that he said he would not again accept the office of judge, unless chosen by the votes of the exhibitors. As none of the shows would try the plan of election, one was started at Liverpool which took up the idea most thoroughly, but the issue was a complete failure; very few exhibitors cared to enter without knowing who was to adjudicate on their exhibits. Three of the judges elected were gentlemen who have for years been most prominent in this capacity, while the fourth was a novice, who all agreed was quite in the wrong place as judge. The idea of election is not only too utopian to work well in England, but it is unnecessary, for the system now generally adopted of announcing the judges names before entries close works as well as anything is likely to do in this sublunary sphere, where the best of us are fallible. If those appointed do not please exhibitors they need not enter, and the matter must soon balance itself. The obnoxious judges are one after another being shouldered out, and they are few and far between now. Committees are sure to look to their own interests, and will only appoint judges whose names will draw entries, that is, of course, only those who are *known to be straight*.

The Pouter fancy has been in a ferment for some time past on the question of plucking. This has always been allowed to be admissible to a certain extent (that is to say, so long as the feathers

abstracted did not leave a visible sign of their absence, which limitation necessarily prevented any wholesale plucking). The Pouter has so many such difficult points that marking has to take a very subordinate position, and the Pouter which can be shown in our strong competitions in England without losing some feathers (often not more than ten or twelve) has yet to be bred. Previous to the Crystal Palace show of 1882, Mr. Volchman, a London fancier, wrote several letters to the papers condemning the practice, and abusing the whole fancy as rogues or worse. The only reason that could be assigned for his so doing at the time was that he hoped to deter many breeders from exhibiting, and so increase his own chance of success, for a cup at the Palace is a coveted honor and one which, besides the distinction, brings much pecuniary benefit to the lucky winner. To the surprise of most of us, though the trimming was as extensive as ever, our would-be censor had not pluck enough to lodge any protests, but turned his sleep on that too common butt of discontented exhibitors, the judge, which has cost the Pouter fancy the most trusted and respected judges on the list. But most strange to relate, at the Palace show in 1883 the most flagrant cases of trimming were observable in Mr. Volchman's exhibits, while a yellow cock of his which was awarded a first prize, was recognized on the last day of the show by the former owner, Mr. Pratt, of Birmingham, who stated that the bird when in his possession was marked only on one wing and was very foul on thighs; at the Palace show it was marked on both wings and nearly clean on the thighs. Unfortunately it was too late to lay a protest against it, so the only course for Mr. Pratt was to expose the fraud in the papers, for though plucking is allowed to a certain extent, the bird *was certainly over trimmed*, and an insertion of feathers has been considered an unpardonable offence.

I hope next month to notice a few of the prices lately realized for first-class pigeons in England.

OLLUF.

England, Feb. 6th, 1884.

Huron P. & P. S. Association.

The pigeons at this show were few, but cage birds was a large and good exhibit, including some fine Belgians and Scotch Fancy, also some Linnet and Gold Finch mules of good color and style. German Canaries were also strong.

We would like to have seen more native birds there. When we have so many of handsome plumage, and good songsters, we would like to see them better represented.

The attraction the pet stock proved during the show should make it clear to managers of shows that it would be most advantageous to them to open their lists to cage birds and other pet stock. We hope to see a much larger display in this department at Seaforth next year. They have the right class of men there to push the thing forward. The committee deserve the support of all interested for their efforts in trying to make this a prominent feature of their show.

A Light Brahma hen, one year old, owned by H. F. Alling, Newark, N. J., last week laid an egg which weighed eight ounces, and measured eight and six-and-a-half inches in circumference.

Early Chickens.

Last season was a very bad one for early chickens, and the cause of failure of the eggs to hatch was attributed to the long confinement to which the fowls were subjected. Notwithstanding that the hens sat as well as hens ever sat, hundreds of sittings were spoiled. In one case that I heard of, only three chicks were obtained from two hundred eggs. In another case five chicks out of seven sittings, and in my own yards every one of the first fifty eggs failed to hatch, although there was a perfect chick in nearly every shell. Perhaps it is rather late in the season to offer advice on this subject in the case of Asiatics; but in other varieties there is time yet for attention to this matter.

Let your fowls out as much as possible; we occasionally get a bright, warm day, although Siberian weather has been the rule lately. These fine days should be taken advantage of. Clean away the snow from your fowl house, especially on the south side, and you will be well repaid for your work when you see how your birds enjoy the bask in the warm sunshine. Of course on stormy days when cold, high winds are blowing, they should be kept indoors. Litter your pens with straw, and throw their grain among it. This will afford them healthy exercise. They should also have a dust-bath. There are many fanciers who own real good stock, that neglect to provide for their fowls in this respect. It should be borne in mind that it is impossible to keep fowls free from vermin unless they have a dust-bath. You may keep away the small parasites that hide away in the cracks and crevices of the house by using plenty of lime, but you cannot white-wash your birds, therefore it is absolutely necessary to provide them with the means of ridding themselves of lice. Lousy fowls are never healthy; lice weakens them and renders them an easy prey to disease. They will dust themselves every day all through the winter, excepting on extremely cold days, when I have noticed they do not use the bath. There is nothing they enjoy more in winter, and it certainly tends to keep them in good health.

For the early sitters, Brahmas or Cochins are about the best, as their large bodies contain lots of heat, and they are well feathered. The eggs are better covered, and therefore less liable to get chilled. Some consider Asiatics objectionable as sitters, as they are clumsy and heavy, and occasionally break the eggs; but I have found all hens will do this. I have used cross-bred hens no larger than Leghorns, and they are so wild, they break fully as many eggs as the Brahmas; the Brahmas are usually very quiet and tractable, but they have been charged with being poor mothers, as they are not so active as Games and some other small hens. There are many who consider a Game hen the best of all mothers, as she will run all over the country, and drag her poor little chickens after her until they are completely worn out. She is also valued for her courage in defending her young; but instead of being advantages I consider these qualities serious objections. In the first place, the hen should not be permitted to roam where she chooses, or she will loose half her chicks and half kill the others with fatigue. Then again, she should not be placed in such a position that she will have to fight in defence of her chicks. The hen should be placed under a coop, and the chicks can run around outside, and they will not stray far, and at

the first warning cluck of danger from the hen they will rush in under their mother's wings like a shot. If the hen runs at large, and is exposed to the attacks of dogs and naughty little boys, she will kill several of her flock while she is dancing around her enemy.

The coop should be white-limed every week to keep away vermin, and the hen should have some flour of sulphur dusted among her feathers, and the chicks should be dusted with it also. If this is done you will not be troubled with lice. Feed well, early and late, they should be fed at day-break, and at ten o'clock at night by lamp-light, and four or five times during the day. When they are three or four weeks old the night feeding may be discontinued, but it is very important that they be fed as soon as they are about in the morning, as their little crops are then empty, and they worry and fret if kept waiting for their breakfast.

I have found by experience that sitting hens do better when confined on the nest than when allowed to come and go as they please. Make a frame of lath the size of front of the nest and cover it with cheap cotton. This will give her plenty of light and ventilation, and quite free from draughts. She cannot see anything going on around her, or be seen, and you will find she will appreciate the seclusion. Let her off once a day for feed and water. I find corn the best feed for sitters.

Chicks of the heavy varieties should not be permitted to roost until matured, or they will get crooked breast bones; Brahmas, Cochins, Javas, Plymouth Rocks, etc. should be bedded with straw.

Beginners will find it to their advantage to pay attention to these suggestions, and they will be well repaid for their trouble in the fall.

Yours very truly,

T. A. WILLITS.

Toronto, March 7th, 1884.

On Scoring.

Editor Review.

I am glad to see by last number of REVIEW, that the subject of scoring is engaging the attention of the fanciers of Ontario, and when the matter is taken hold of by such able advocates as Messrs. Spillett and Willits I feel confident, or would at least express the hope, that they and others of the Ontario Poultry Association will not cease their efforts until success crown their labors, and place their association on a level with others, where the Standard, either American, or, perhaps, what would be still better, one of our own, is adopted. And while upon this subject, would it not be well if the whole of the fanciers of the Dominion were united on this important point, and form a united association from one end of the land to the other, such as the A. P. A. of the U. S., where some standard would be the basis upon which all could work, and agree to accept.

But to return to the subject more immediately connected with the matter in hand. "Scoring" will just as surely be adopted by all in the near future as the system of showing single birds has come to be at the present time. You will remember, Mr. Editor, the opposition that was given to that plan when it was first spoken of. The first concession agreed upon was pairs, and finally the single birds. Now, would the opponents of the innovation return to the old plan of trios again?

I think not. Neither would the opponents of scoring at the present day (did they once adopt it?) ever think for a moment of returning to the old plan of selecting the best specimens by open judgment. No, I think not, did they once witness the fair, honest and business manner that I. K. Felch, and other first-class judges of the A. P. A., go about it. The *modern operandi* is this: Taking with him a person who acts as his clerk, he begins with, say the Dark Brahmans. The new scoring cards have printed at the top all the disqualifications according to the *Standard* which falls to the lot of each variety. The judge comes to coop No. 1 and finds a disqualified bird; he draws a line with his pencil under the particular disqualification printed at the top of card, and writes across the face of the score card, "see above." The owner at once sees where the trouble is by looking at the score-card which is attached to the coop, or what is still more important, if the owner of the bird is not present at the show, the card is sent to him, and he is not left in doubt as to why his bird was not successful in winning a prize. No. 1 being thus disposed of, he proceeds to coop No. 2, and scores the birds found therein, and thus proceeds to the end or last coop of that variety, then returns to secretary's office and tots up the score of each individual bird, and signs it, and the bird that tots up the highest score down in the office is the winning bird, regardless of who may be the owner. You will notice Mr. Editor, I emphasize the words "and signs it," for it is the practice of some judges not to do so, for reasons best known to themselves, but I. K. F. is not afraid of his work coming back on him. And then another advantage to the exhibitor in "scoring" is that he sees exactly where his birds fall short; he looks at the "outs" and sees his bird cut on -and-a-half on comb, or two-and-a-half on color, whereas he had an idea that his bird was about perfect on these points, and thus he learns and goes home a wiser man to rectify his mistake, with hopes of better success next time he ventures with his pets to the show room. There are other good reasons that might be given for the system of "scoring," but enough for the present.

PURE BLOOD.

Montreal, March 10, 1884,

The Poultry Farmer

should now be alive and using his best judgment. He will now be able to tell which are the earliest layers, which lay the largest eggs, and most of them. He should save the eggs from these for hatching, and get them under the hens as early as possible. When we say the "largest eggs" we do not mean those of unusual size for the hen that laid them, as these are generally double yolked, and will not hatch. In Canada the most profit in the business is to be made from eggs, and the principal object of his matings must be to secure chicks that will be great egg-producers. He wants chicks in large numbers, as he must fully renew his stock every three years; so he must look largely to the male bird for his improvement. A hen will only influence her own progeny, while the male will influence that of a large number. If the egg-production of the flock has not been good, bring in a strong, pure-bred White or Brown Leg-horn cockerel, and mate him with a dozen of the largest and best laying hens. If they have been well housed and fed during the winter, and should

have laid, and didn't, and were good summer layers, mate with a Plymouth Rock cockerel. If they are as good layers as the owner thinks possible or as he expects to get, and he wants to improve the size, mate with a Light Brahma cockerel. If they are as large as thought necessary, and it is desired to improve the quality of the flesh, a cross with a Dorking, Game or Plymouth Rock will do it. It will not pay, however, to sacrifice eggs for flesh.

Look out for a market for your broilers. Among the chickens raised you will likely have as many males as females, and nearly all the former should be marketed as broilers. It will not pay to carry chickens through till fall and then sell at the prices that generally prevail at that season.

Keep the nests clean, and market the eggs clean. To save trouble in doing this collect the eggs frequently. It will pay to give this part particular attention. Full nests induce the habits of egg-eating and broodiness in the hens; a broken egg in the nest gives a lot of labor in cleaning both nest and eggs, and no matter how well soiled eggs are marketed they will have a suspicious look in the egg-basket.

Editor Review.

Sir,—I know that you are always interested in anything connected with poultry or shows, and are always ready to lend your valuable assistance to further the primary objects of the poultry associations whose objects ought to be the holding of shows and the giving of prizes for first class stock, either raised or imported, and doing all they can to encourage the class of poultry in Canada, and for which the Ontario Government grants them a large sum to enable them to carry out the purpose for which they came into existence. Now, I fear the various societies are not always successful in electing a committee and judges independent enough to act without being influenced to some extent by social interest, and might even grant concession to the well-known professional breeders, so that the man from a distance who, at considerable expense and risk, sends his birds, sometimes hardly gets fair play, which, to say the least of it, is not the best way to encourage poultry improvements, and also causes great dissatisfaction amongst exhibitors. The way the last show at Toronto was conducted was open to objections on account of the judging and general management. In the first place, a good many of the birds that were forwarded in time had to be cooped up for four days before judging, which had a very bad effect on the birds. The effects on a bird I entered for Mr. Daye, of Cornwall, in the Black-breasted Red Game class, who had been put into a coop with a hole between another of the same class, where they had pecked each other's head; was made an excuse by the judge for not giving him second place, not being able to distinguish between blemishes and wounds; and when asked for a score he could not or would not give it, and from questions asked about the bird's record, and who exhibited him, it seem to me that that was of great assistance in forming an opinion. In the February number of your REVIEW I see a writer handles the subject of scoring, a way, if attended to, and made compulsory for the judges to give a score card when asked for, would be a great assistance to breeders, and put every bird on its merits. I also entered a protest against the decision of the

judge, which was never acknowledged by the not very courteous committee. Now the reason I write the few lines is that an abler pen than mine may suggest some means whereby some of these causes of complaints may be remedied, and our poultry exhibitions may be a source of pleasure and information, both to exhibitor and visitors.

Yours,

A. LERACK.

Toronto, March 4th, 1884.

London Poultry and Pet Stock Association.

Editor Review.

A largely attended meeting of poultry fanciers of the city and suburbs was held here on the evening of the 21th ult. A great interest was manifested in the proceedings. A lengthy discussion took place on the subject of scoring fowls at our exhibitions, but the matter was not received with much favor by those present, although some few advocates of the system thought it was a grand idea, as by this means they would know just where their birds are at fault; but this idea was soon dispelled when Messrs. Wm. McNeil and Allan Bogue informed them that only birds taking prizes were scored, and that, too, after they were judged.

The ostensible purpose for which the meeting was called was to form a local association, which was done, the following being the officers and directors:—President, Mr. Allan Bogue; Vice-President, Mr. Wm. Moore; 2nd Vice-President, Mr. R. P. Wright; Secretary, Mr. W. R. Garner; Treasurer, Dr. Macarthur; Directors, Wm. McNeil, Rich'd Oke, Dr. Macarthur, W. R. Garner, R. McGurdy, George Bedgood, Samuel Scott, S. Sage and James F. Williams. Votes of thanks were passed to the officers, which were ably responded to.

The society is to be known as the "London Poultry and Pet Stock Association," and if the ability and experience of the officers are to be taken as a criterion, the society will prove of much benefit, not only to the amateur, but to the advance fancier. The society can congratulate itself on having connected with it men of such sterling worth and business integrity as Messrs. Allan Bogue, Wm. McNeil, Wm. Moore, R. P. Wright and Dr. Macarthur, who alone are a sufficient guarantee of the success of the undertaking. A report of our meetings will be furnished you from time to time, together with anything of importance occurring in our neighborhood in the poultry interest.

Yours truly,

W. R. GARNER, Sec'y

Montreal Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association.

The sixth annual meeting of the Montreal Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association was held in the Hope Coffee House. There was a large number of members present. Dr. Nichol, president of the association, occupied the chair, and in opening the proceedings congratulated the society upon its flourishing condition. The secretary, Mr. J. H. Cayford, then read the annual report, which showed receipts to be \$235 55 and the expenditure \$234.87, leaving a balance of 68 cents in the society's favor. On motion the report was adopted.

Dr. Andres, Messrs. W. Lavers, Thos. Costen and J. H. Cayford were appointed a committee to interview the executive of the Montreal Perma-

nent exhibition, with a view of obtaining a representative on the exhibition board. The election of officers resulted as follows: Honorary President, Mr. George W. Stephens, M. P. P.; Honorary Vice-Presidents, Messrs. D. Crawford, J. W. T. Mpest and A. Joyce; President, Mr. W. Lavers; First Vice-President, Mr. Thomas Costen; Second Vice-President, Mr. J. C. Nichol; Third Vice-President, Mr. Thomas Hall; Executive Committee, Messrs. Jas. Ainslie, R. C. Wills, G. C. Philpott, H. Beckham, Sergeant Willson, W. Winfield, W. Scott, R. Almour, T. Bastian, R. Lavers, Dr. Andres, J. Riddell and A. P. Lynch. Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. J. H. Cayford.

After votes of thanks to the officers and judges at the late show, a most substantial supper was served in Mr Stevens' best style, and full justice was done by the members to this part of the proceedings. During the course of the evening Mr. T. Costen, in a most highly eulogistic speech, presented Mr. J. H. Cayford with a handsome solid silver ice pitcher, in recognition of his services as secretary of the Association. Mr. Cayford suitably replied. Songs, recitations and speeches were given and a pleasant time was enjoyed by all.

We had the pleasure of seeing at the station last Wednesday, a magnificent pen of Plymouth Rock fowl, shipped by Mr. W. F. James to Mrs. Ainsworth, England. The shipping coop, which is an invention of Mr. James, was very ingeniously contrived, containing patent feed bag and water fountain, calculated to keep up a constant supply throughout the voyage. From all appearances the fowls had engaged first-class cabin passage over, so comfortably were they provided for. We understand the pen contained three hens with a score record of 93 out of a possible 100 points, also a splendid cockerel, last June chicken, weighing 10 lbs., and bred from Mr. James' celebrated cock "Pilgrim," with a score record of 92½. The total weight of the four birds was 34 lbs., score 371 out of a possible 400. We are assured this is one of the finest pens of Plymouth Rocks ever sent across the water. The value, \$50.—*Sherbrooke Examiner.*

Canadian fanciers who have shown at American exhibitions this year have been very successful. Mr. Ball, of Richmond, P. Q., won 2nd on breeding pen of Black-breasted Red Games at Madison Square, New York City, (the cock died from apoplexy, just after being judged; had he been in health it was the opinion of eminent judges that they would have been 1st) At same date at Worcester the same gentleman won 1st on pair and 2nd on breeding pen. Mr. James, of Sherbrooke, as will be seen by referring to his ad. on last page of cover, was also very successful, and the late Frank Shaw won on his Black Hamburgs wherever shown. This shows conclusively that Canadian fanciers can still successfully compete at any American show. The show of the New York Fanciers' Club was considered the hardest show of the season to win at. It must be remembered that while these good birds were at the American campaign Mr. Ball was showing in Montreal and Sherbrooke. It would make a wonderful improvement in our shows in many cases if the birds could be shown in a circuit, and we would again strongly recommend societies to arrange dates so that they will not clash with each other.

Canadian Poultry Review.

IS PUBLISHED THE 15TH OF EACH MONTH AT
STRATHROY, ONT., CANADA.

—BY—

JAS. FULLERTON,

TERMS.—\$1.00 per year, payable in advance.

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Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line each insertion, 1 inch being about ten lines.

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Breeder's Illustrated Directory, larger size, 1 year, \$6, half year \$4, smaller size, 1 year \$5, half year, \$3.

All communications must be in our hands by the 6th and advertisements by the 9th to insure insertion in issue of that month.

Address,
JAS. FULLERTON,
Strathroy, Ont., Canada.

We have to apologise for being late this month, but the cause was unavoidable. A severe attack of erysipelas in the foot made work impossible for us for about ten days.

In the prize-list of the P. A. of Ont. L. Whiting, of St. Catharines, should be credited with receiving 2nd prize on White Leghorn cockerel, instead of C. Bonnick 1st and 2nd.

The *Fanciers' Chronica* (Eng.) of February 15th indulges in a little rallery at the delightful simplicity that characterized the management of the late show of the Poultry Association of Ontario. We quote as follows:—

"Much controversy has taken place in recent years at the appearance of exhibitors in company with judges at shows. It is also considered a reprehensible practice to communicate with a judge before making his awards, and many exhibitors object to the judge seeing a catalogue at all.

"It will therefore be news to English exhibitors to hear that in the Dominion the green-eyed monster among the exhibitors is apparently asleep, and that the judges, like Cæsar's wife, are above suspicion. At the most successful show ever held in Toronto, we are informed that a pleasing feature in the management was the universal labelling of each exhibit, with the name of the exhibitor, and the name, class, and section of each bird.

"The president (Mr. William Doel) says this labelling does not in the least tend to prejudice the judges in favor of anyone. This is a strange contrast to the management of poultry shows at home.

"We fear secretaries of poultry shows at home will be loath to follow the example of their Canadian cousins, and, with all due respect, allow these un-English proceedings to be still the feature of the Toronto Show."

We may inform our English contemporary that the "labelling of each exhibit with the name of

the exhibitor is anything but a "pleasing feature" to the majority of Canadian fanciers. The fact of the matter is, the adoption of the regulation for the last few years has been, in a great measure, the cause of our society falling from the position of a successful and paying institution to the one it has lately occupied. With local judges, in most cases chosen from the ranks of exhibitors, and this labelling of coops, young fanciers and those from a distance naturally feel that their chances of success are reduced. It is all very well to say that "this labelling does not in the least tend to prejudice the judges in favor of any one," but few fanciers here are quixotic enough to believe it. The unsuccessful exhibitors will not at any rate.

Our English cousins must not conclude—as they naturally would from finding us working under an old, played-out regulation, twenty years behind the times—that in all other respects we are equally antiquated in the fancy. We have hundreds of intelligent and active fanciers, who are keeping pace with their brethren in England and the States, in spite of many causes for discouragement. They may be compelled to "eat the leak," but will certainly object to its being said that they like it.

We hope the management of all our future exhibitions will be such as will indicate that we are fully abreast of the times, not twenty years behind them, so that our English contemporaries will not be able to speak of our regulations as being "un-English," which means *unfair*.

I will give a fine pair of Langshan chicks, worth \$5.00, in the Fall to the first, after this date, who will send you six new subscribers to the Review, also a fine pair of Brown Leghorn chicks, in the Fall, to the second to send in the same number.
W. M. HALL, Newcastle, Ont.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. Mackay, Hamilton; W. F. James, Sherbrooke, Que.; Burgess & Douglas, Woodstock, Ont.; Bawden & Watson, Blyth, Ont.; A. O. Teller, Teller P. O., Ont.; E. Haggith, Bowmanville, Ont.; T. Dayo, Cornwall, Ont.; A. A. & L. H. Halladay, Bellow's Falls, Vt.; Mrs. H. E. Munger, Brooklyn, Green Co., Wis., U. S.; A. Gabel, Mitchell, Ont.; P. A. Macgowan, Moncton, N. B.; James Husband & Son, Cairnform P. O., Ont.; W. L. Ball, Richmond, Que.; J. Gunning, Sherbrooke, Que.; D. T. Rogers, Cayuga, Ont.; Jas. H. Gregory, Seed Grower, Marblehead, Mass.

BREEDERS' ADDRESS CARDS. \$1 per an.

JOHN HORD, PARKHILL, ONT.
Breeder of 15 different varieties of Land and Water. Toulouse Geese a specialty.

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Importer and breeder of Golden and Silver S Hamburgs.

H. M. PELLATT, Box 1024, TORONTO, ONT.,
Light Brahmas, Partridge Cochins and Andalusians (imported). Eggs, \$3.00 per 13.

H. F. ALLING, No. 41, WALNUT-ST., NEWARK, N. J., U. S.
Breeder of Brown, Black and White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks. Leghorn eggs \$2.00 per 13; Plymouth Rocks eggs \$3 per 13.

R. E. BINGHAM, STAYNER, ONT.,
Breeder of Houdans and Plymouth Rocks. Eggs, \$3.00 per 13.

LEWIS THORNE, SEAPORTH, ONT.,
Breeder of high-class Plymouth Rocks, exclusively.

W. M. SMITH, FAIRFIELD PLAINS, ONT.,
Breeder of all varieties of Land and Water Fowls.

GEORGE WALKER, Box 74, LAUREL, P. O.,
Breeder of Asiatics and Spanish.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Advertisements, limited to twenty seven words, including address, received for the above subjects only at 25 cents for each and every insertion. Payment strictly in advance.

WANTED KNOWN.—That every one who can count can tell just what an advertisement under this head will cost:—Twenty-seven words for 25c.; each additional word 1c. Terms payment with the copy.

FOR SALE.—Brown Leghorns eggs from first prize birds, \$2.00 for thirteen. **WILLIAM HALL, Newcastle, Ont.**

WANTED.—A first-class Fox Terrier dog, good grit and good for catching rats. **EXCELSIOR POULTRY YARDS, Strathroy,**

FOR SALE.—One pair of Golden Polands, and one splendid pair of Silver Polands, both mated for breeding. Apply to **Wm. McNEIL, London, Ont.**

EXCHANGE.—A first-class exhibition Buff Cochin Cock, one year old, for same quality in a Black Cochin Cock. **H. G. CHARLESWORTH, Box 103, Yorkville, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—Imported German Canaries.—One of these splendid birds, in full health and song, sent to any address, express paid, for 25c. **J. M. MACPHERSON, Chatham, Ont.**

FOR SICK BIRDS AND POULTRY.—German Bird Tonic. Sample bottle, post free, 25 cents. Trade supplied. Agents wanted. **J. M. MACPHERSON, Chatham, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—One pair first-class Silver Polands. Can also spare one or two settings of eggs of Silver and W C B varieties. **DR. MACARTHUR, London.**

FOR SALE.—Eggs for hatching from Black-breasted Red Games, Ball's and Stableford Bros.' strains, \$1.00 per dozen. **JOSEPH HUGH, Port Hope, Ont.**

NOTICE.—W C B Polish eggs from an A 1 pen, headed by an imported cock with splendid hens. Fair hatch guaranteed. Price \$3 for 13. **C. H. LLOYD, King.**

FOR SALE.—2 Black Red Game cocks, good ones; one imported 1883 (Pope-Mathew's strain). **W. L. BALL, Richmond, Que.**

FOR SALE.—Ground Oyster Shells, \$1.60 per 100 lbs., \$3.00 per barrel. **GEORGE PERRY, Jr.,**

Poultry Exchange, 705 Craig St., Montreal, P. Q.

FOR SALE.—Cheap, for want of room, two of Black Java hens. Grand birds. 1 Black Hamburg cockerel and 1 White Leghorn cockerel. Standard birds. **WM. SANDERSON, Stratford.**

FOR SALE.—As I am giving up the poultry business. I will exchange two high stationed Silver and Duckwing cocks, (my two best birds,) for Canary singing birds. **JNO. CAMPBELL, Guelph, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—We have for sale fowl that will win or die in the pit every time: Black, Brown, Blue, Ginger Red, and Piles. Eggs in season, \$2.50 for 13. **EARLY & O'MALLEY, 3-3**

Address Wm. J. Early, St. Catharines, Ont.

FOR SALE.—Industrial Exhibition, 1892, I was awarded 1st and 2nd prize on Brown Leghorn pullets, and 2nd on cockerel; and in 1893 I took 1st and 2nd on pullouts. Eggs from the above \$2.00 per dozen. **THOS. HAWES, Whitby, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—Black Hamburg (unapproachable strain), Plymouth Rock, White and Black Cochin and Dark Brahma fowls and eggs. **Address, W. J. SHAW, 44 Queen's Avenue, London East, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—A rare chance to get good pullets cheap (Wm. Moore's strain); 1 cockerel, a fine one, and 11 pullets that are now laying; will only be sold in one lot. Price, \$12.00. Write soon. **H. J. BLACK, Wardsville, Ont.**

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—From Black Hamburgs, \$2 per 13; from Wyandottes, \$3 per 13. Express prepaid to any place in Ontario. Stock A 1. **3-11. LEVI F. SELLECK, Morrisburg, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—1 Partridge Cochin cockerel (W. & A. Wright's stock), a real good one, price \$4. Speak quick. 2 Black Spanish pullets, price \$2.50. **H. J. BLACK, Wardsville, Ont.**

TO EXCHANGE.—One pair Canaries for a setting of eggs, or pair either Japanese Bantams, Duckwing Game Bantams, or Golden or Silver Sebright Bantams. **LUCIA FALCONER, Shelburn, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—4 Wyandotte cockerels, 4 Black Hamburg cockerels, 1 Newfoundland pup, 1 Collie Bitch. I want to purchase 5 Rose comb White Leghorn pullets or hens. **LEVI F. SELLECK, Morrisburg.**

FOR SALE.—The great "Huby" incubator, that worked so successfully with me. Will warrant it to do good work now. Will be shipped from King, Ont. Price, \$30.00. **Address**

J. H. ROWE, Detroit, Mich., U. S.

EGGS FOR SALE.—From prize birds: Light Brahmas and W. Dorkings. Also one trio W. Dorkings. **F. W. FRANK, Box 143, Strathroy,**

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Thoroughbred imported Irish Setter dogs, partly trained. Pedigree on application. Will exchange for thoroughbred poultry or offers. **W. A. POPE, Box 23, Bowmanville, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—Seven White Leghorn pullets, one hen, two cockerels, one cock from imported stock, one Black Cochin cockerel, 1 Plymouth Rock pullet. Eggs from Black Javas. **LEVI F. SELLECK, Morrisburg.**

FOR SALE.—Old Duckwing cock and hen, price \$10.00; two Duckwing cocks \$5.00 each; seven Pit stags, \$3.00 each; one old cock, \$4.00; hens to mate if wanted at \$2.00 each. **WILLIAM ELLIOTT, St. Catharines, Ont.**

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Young Fox-hound dog, price \$10.00; or will exchange for Light Brahma eggs, (Autocrat strain) or offers. **T. A. WILLITTS, 252, Borden Street, Toronto.**

NOTICE.—Eggs for sale from Standard Black-Reds. See this month's REVIEW for prizes taken at Bowmanville. The only show exhibited at. Eggs \$2.50 per 13 or \$4.00 for 23. **DUNCAN McCONACHIE, Jr., Orono, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—One pair W. C. B. Poand chicks, very nice, with good crests and color; one pair Golden Spangled Hamburg fowls. They are good and bred from prize stock. **Wm. McNEIL, London Ont.**

FOR SALE.—Eggs from prize strains of White and Brown Leghorns, Black and Golden Pencilled Hamburgs, \$2 per dozen. Pen of Golden P Hamburgs for sale. **THOS. HAWES, Whitby, Ont.**

NOTICE.—Breeders having good stock to dispose of, or wishing to buy to mate stock, would do well to write **GEORGE PERRY, Jr., Poultry Exchange, 705 Craig St., Montreal, P. Q.**

NOTICE.—Breeders having A 1 Dogs, Poultry, Pigeons, Canaries and other pet stock for sale, will please address **R. F. MAHER, Agt. B. C. R. & N. R., Cone, Iowa, giving lowest figures, pedigree, &c.**

SCOTCH TERRIERS FOR SALE.—1 very fine light fawn color bitch, hard to beat; price \$25. Two choice young dogs from above bitch, price \$15 each. Full particulars on application, and satisfaction guaranteed. **T. A. WILLITTS, 252 Borden street, Toronto, Ont.**

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Two splendid White Leghorn Cockerels, \$3.00 each. Plymouth Rocks and White Leghorn eggs, \$1.00 per thirteen. No better stock known. **WM. J. SMITH,**

Breeder of Jersey Cattle and High-class Poultry, Argus, Ont. **FOR SALE.**—About twenty pairs of long and short-faced Antwerps, in all the leading colors; also Bald-head, Beard, and solid-colored Tumblers, Owls, Barbs, Turbits, Pouters, Fantails, Nuns, and Archangels. Correspondence solicited. **J. B. JONES, P. O. Box 236, Toronto, Ont.**

FOR SALE.—Four A. 1. White Leghorn cockerels and seven hens, latter bought from W. Stahlschmidt direct; five Black Spanish pullets and cockerel. All fine stock, hens laying. Also pair white rose-comb Leghorns. Will sell cheap as I expect to move. **W. S. MANNERS, G. N. W. Tel. Co., Toronto.**

FOR SALE.—Pair Black Fans, \$4.50; pair of Blue, \$4.50; Black cock, \$1.50; pair Pouters, \$5; 4 pairs Blue English Owls, \$2 per pair; pair Black Turbits, \$3; pair Bald-pates, \$3; White hen Barb, \$2; Black ditto, \$1.50; Trio W C B Polish, \$10. These are all old birds, and breeding. See REVIEW for prizes taken. **THOMAS BLACK, Bowmanville.**

FOR SALE.—Three pairs Partridge Cochins, all bred from imported birds, two pairs Buff Cochins, and four pairs Light Brahmas; also Aylesbury, Rouen and Pekin Ducks. Eggs in season from the above and from Silver Grey Dorkings, (imported by me in August last from Scotland), all prize winners last fall. **2-2 THOS. T. COLEMAN, Bowmanville.**

HEADQUARTERS for fancy Poultry, Pigeons, Dogs, Ferrets, Rabbits, White Rats, Guinea Pigs, Birds, and all pet stock; gaffs or spurs all ready for use, \$1.25 a pair. Pit Games, "Spencer's Sealers," Empire incubators for sale, price \$8 and upwards. 3c. for circular. 121t. **H. E. SPENCER, Centre Village, N. W., U. S.**

\$1000 FOR VEGETABLES
I OFFER TO MY
CUSTOMERS
A THOUSAND DOLLARS
For the **LARGEST CROPS**
of VEGETABLES and GRAINS. My Catalogue (sent free) will give all the details.
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EXTRA, because grown by myself from the very choicest onions, selected from a crop which took the first premium in Essex County, Mass., famous for raising the finest onions in the United States. Early Yellow Globe Danvers, per lb by mail, \$1.65, Danvers Early Red Globe, \$1.65, Early Red and Yellow Flat or Cracker, \$1.65, and Large Red Weathersfield, \$1.40, Danvers Early Red Globe is both the *earliest*, the *greatest cropper* and the *handsomest* of all the **Red Onions**. Seed of my own raising for premium stock. **Try it farmers! My Seed Catalogue FREE to all.**
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\$66 a week at home. \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

JOHN CHAMBERS,

EXHIBITION PRK, TORONTO,

Breeder of

Cup Winning

PLYMOUTH ROCKS!

My birds took silver cup for best breeding pen at the show of the O. P. A., held in Toronto in February last.
 Eggs \$2.00 per setting. 4-11.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address **TRUE & Co. Augusta, Me.**

25 YEARS IN THE POULTRY YARD

108 Pages. It teaches you how to rear them to take care for them, to feed, to have them lay eggs in cold weather, to prevent and treat all diseases of old or young, to be a "successful" poultrman. Only 25c. in stamps. **A Fifty-page book FREE FOR ALL** with it.
A. M. LANG, Cove Dale Farm, Concord, Ky.



S. SPILLETT,
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Breeder of
**"AUTOCRAT" STRAIN OF
 LIGHT BRAHMAS**
 Pure.

A limited number of settings for sale from ten of my best hens and pullets, at \$4.00 for 13. Orders filled in rotation.

Cash must accompany orders.



J. GUNNING,
 Sherbrooke, P. Q.,

Breeder of
White Leghorns,

EXCLUSIVELY, (Boardman Smith's strain.)

Fine exhibition and breeding stock for sale at reasonable figures.

My stock have won 1st prizes at leading exhibitions, and stand unrivalled to day. Eggs for Hatching, \$2 per 13. Satisfaction guaranteed. 3-3



JAS. HUSBAND & SON,
 Cairngorm P. O., Ont.,
 Breeders of
White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks.

Our stock of each variety is of the very best strains in the country, and prize winners.

Eggs, \$2.00 per setting.

Italian Queen Bees for sale in season.

8tot2



R. G. MARTIN,
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Breeder of

LIGHT BRAHMAS, DARK BRAHMAS,

Plymouth Rocks,

B. B. RED GAME (imported), WHITE LEGHORNS,
 HOUDANS, SILVER POLAND, &c.

Prize-winners in each variety.

Eggs for Hatching in season, \$3.00 per setting.

2-y



W. H. CROWIE,
 111 Bellwood's Avenue, Toronto,
 Breeder of
Exhibition Plymouth Rocks,
 AND GAME BANTAMS.

I am now booking orders for eggs from Plymouth Rocks that took the following prizes: At Toronto Industrial, 1883, 1st on cock, 1st on hen, 2nd on cockerel, at Hamilton Grt Central Fair, 1883, 1st on fowl and 1st on chicks; Toronto, 1884, 3rd on cock, 2nd on hen.

Stock for sale. Eggs \$3.00 per 13.

2-y

Edmond Nugent, M.D.

Strathroy, Ontario, Canada.

Being largely engaged in

BEE CULTURE,

I have a number of Colonies for sale, also Swarms in the season, standard Langstroth and other moveable frame hives, these white figured Sections, noted throughout Canada, Foundation, Queens.

Nuclei, Extractors, Smokers, and Apiary requisites.



H. B. DONOVAN,
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 Breeder of

"Autocrat" Light Brahmans,
JAPANESE BANTS.,

Fancy Pigeons;
CANARIES:

BELGIAN, SCOTCH FANCY AND GERMAN.

-also-

Ring Doves.

12-y



LONDON-POULTRY YARDS,
WM. McNEIL, Proprietor,
 Breeder but not importer of
WHITE COCHINS,
White-C, Black, G. and S. Poland,
G. and S. Spangled, S. Pencilled and Black
Hamburgs; G. and S. Sebright, Black
African and Japanese Bants.

Prize birds for sale at all times; Eggs for hatching in season. W. C. B. Polish eggs, \$4; Japs' eggs, \$5; other varieties, \$8 per setting.



W. L. Ball,
 Richmond, - P. Q.,

Breeder and Importer of
BLACK RED



Eggs, \$3.00 per setting; two settings for \$5.00.



JOHN FINCH,
Seaforth, Ont.,

Breeder of
Autocrat
LIGHT BRAHMAS.

At the Seaforth show, 1884, I won 1st on cockerel, 1st on pullet, 1st on hen, special for best cockerel, and silver medal for best female in the show.

Eggs, \$2.50 per setting of 13. Chicks in the Fall.
 Also, SCOTCH FANCY and GERMAN CANRAIES, good color and song.



W. SANDERSON,
Stratford, Ont.,

Breeder of
Plymouth Rocks,
 (two yards.)

BLACK BREASTED RED AND PYLE GAMES,

WHITE LEGHORNS and AYLESBURY DUCKS.

Eggs and Birds for sale.
 Correspondence invited. 2-y



A. W. GRAHAM,
 ST. THOMAS, - ONTARIO,

Breeder of
WHITE LEGHORNS,
 and
Light Brahmas.

Every bird sold this season gave entire satisfaction.
 Eggs now for sale: White Leghorns, \$1.50 per 13; Lt. Brahmas, \$2.00 per 13.



BRANT POULTRY YARDS,
Brantford, Ont.,

E. KESTER, PROPRIETOR,
 I can mate up a few more choice breeding pens in

LANGSHANS,
LIGHT BRAHMAS, PLYMOUTH ROCKS, BUFF COCHINS, WHITE DORKINGS, AND RED PYLE GAME BANTAMS.

My birds are of the very best quality, and are sure to satisfy any person who knows a good bird when he sees it. 10-y



J. M. CARSON,
 Box 105 Orangeville, Ont.,

Breeder of
W. F. B. SPANISH, W. C. B. Polish, Plymouth Rocks, and others.

At the Industrial, 1881, diploma on pen Spanish, do on W. Leghorns, and 2d on chicks; Industrial, Toronto, 1883, 2d on old cock; Provincial, 1883, Guelph. 1st on old pair and

1st and 2nd on chicks. At the late Ontario Poultry Show, Toronto, 1884, 1st on cockerel. 3-y



J. W. BARTLETT,
 Lambeth, P. O., (late of London South,)

Breeder of
DARK BRAHMAS,
 Exclusively.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Breeding pens made up wholly of prize-winners. Cock from the yards of the justly celebrated P. Williams, of Taunton, Mass., U.S. Cockerel weighing ten lbs. at nine months old. These birds head my yards. Take notice, my birds have never failed to take a prize wherever shown, including 1st at the O.P.A. at Toronto. Send for circular. 10-y

Clarksburg Permanent Poultry Yards.



BROWN & WHITE LEGHORNS,
 Black Spanish; Langshans, Black B. Red, Brown Red, Red Pile and Duck-wing Game.

ALL EXHIBITION STOCK
 of the highest quality.

EGGS, per setting of 13: Games, \$3.00; other varieties, \$2.00.

C. W. TREADGOLD, Sect.,
 Send for circular. 4-y Clarksburg, Ont.



HILL & EDGAR,
 LEFROY, - ONTARIO,

Breeders of
First-Class Fowls
 of the following varieties:

Brown Leghorns.—Stahlschmidt's strain.
 Plymouth Rocks.—Keefe and Fullerton's stock.
 W. F. Black Spanish—imported stock.
 B. B. R. Games, Black and G. S. Hamburgs—Belton's.
 We have now for sale from the above named varieties a number of fine chic-s. Prices low for quality of stock. Fair dealing guaranteed. Write for wants.

Get the Best!

-from-

"LOCUST GROVE POULTRY YARDS,"

MRS. H. E. MÜNGER,

Brooklyn, Green Co., Wisconsin, U. S. A.,

Breeder of twenty varieties of choice Pure-Bred Poultry.
Send for beautifully illustrated 30 page catalogue, describing
Fowls, and giving prices of Eggs for Hatching. 2-y**BL'K-BREADED RED GAME.**

I can spare a few settings of eggs from 3 pens of Black-breasted Red Games, all A 1 birds.

One of my cocks was shown at the late exhibition in Toronto, and was pronounced by all who saw him (*except the judge*) to be the second best bird of the class in the exhibition.B. B. Red Game eggs, \$1.00 per setting B. B.
Red Game Rantam eggs, \$2.00 per setting.

3-2 T. DAYE, Cornwall, Ont.

PURE LANGSHANS,

(Exclusively.)

Remember that We Bred the birds that won 1st at Sherbrooke, Can., and we also bred 100 more equally good, and many still better.

Our yards are the largest and finest of any in America.

Send for handsomely illustrated circular.

Eggs, \$3 per 13; \$5 per 26.

A. A. & L. H. HALLADAY,

3-3 Bellows Falls, Vt., U.S.

J. H. CAYFORD.

Box 1168, Montreal, P.Q.

Breeder of

Dark Brahmas.

My birds took two 1sts at Toronto, 1883; three 1sts, three 2nds and one 3rd at Montreal, 1883; three 1sts at Sherbrooke, 1884; four 1sts and one 2nd at Montreal, 1884.

A few Chicks for sale Cheap.

EGGS \$1.00 PER SETTING. 2 3t

HUGH BECKHAM,

29 Cadieux Street, Montreal, P. Q.,

Breeder of

LANGSHANS, L. BRAHMAS, & PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

At our late show in Montreal my Langshan cock took 1st prize, hens, 1st, 2nd and 3rd; cockerels, 2nd and 3rd; pullets, 1st and 3rd. Plymouth Rock cockerel, 3rd. L. B. hens, 2nd & 3rd.

Langshan and L. Brahma chicks for sale. Eggs for Hatching, \$2.00 per dozen. 2-3t.

A. O. TELFER,

TELFER P. O., ONTARIO,

Breeder of

LIGHT - BRAHMAS.

Eggs for sale at \$2 per setting.

My breeding stock is selected from a large flock, and are well mated. 3-1

Sale of Fancy Pigeons.

I offer for sale the following high class pigeons:

1 pair of cream colored Isabella Pouters, worth \$25 in Europe; will sell them now for \$10.

1 pair of blue Fantails, worth about \$10; will sell them for \$6.

1 1/2 pair of plain headed white Fantails, 2 cocks and 1 hen, worth \$10; will sell the lot for \$6.

1 fine black Fantail hen, worth \$5; will sell her for \$3.

These birds are all bred from my choicest imported stock.

A. GOEBEL.

Mitchell, Ont.

4-1f

**P. A. MACGOWAN,**

MONCTON, N. B.,

Breeder of

**STANDARD LIGHT BRAHMAS,
PLYMOUTH ROCKS AND IMPERIAL PEKIN DUCKS.**

I am breeding from two yards of Brahmas for 1884.

Yard 1.—An imported cock, mated to 6 hens and pullets scoring from 90 to 96 points. Eggs, \$3.00 per 13.

Yard 2.—1st prize cockerel at St. John, 1883, mated to seven large hens. Eggs, \$2.00 per 13.

My Plymouth Rocks are pure Essex strain, imported this winter from Vermont. Eggs, \$2.00 per 13.

My Ducks are from E. F. Erland, direct, and are very fine and large, weighing from 15 to 20 lbs per pair. Eggs, \$2.00 for 11.

See my prize list:—1st, 2nd and special on Brahmas, and 2nd on Plymouth Rocks at St. John Poultry Exhibition, 1882; 1st on Brahma fowls, also 1st and 2nd on chicks, 1st on Plymouth Rock fowls, 1st and 2nd on chicks, and 1st on Ducks at Dominion and Centennial Exhibition, at St. John, Oct. 1883.

All eggs packed in baskets and a fair hatch guaranteed. 3-3

TWO OF MANY.

To Mr. L. Whiting, St. Catharines, Ont.

I received the cockerel all right. I think he is a very fine little fellow. Please accept my sincere thanks for him, also for the way you have dealt with me. I shall remember you as long as I continue to keep fowl and when I want anything in the fowl line you will be the man for me, for I have had such satisfaction with you that I now have every confidence in you. GEO. BEDGGOOD, 459 Dundas street, London.

Bluevale, Nov. 26th, 1883.

Dear sir,—I received your card last week about the Leghorn cock. I got him the day you shipped him, all right, and was well pleased with him, and was much more pleased to know you acted the man with me, which has been a rare thing to me among poultry dealers. You're the most honest I have dealt with. Wishing you good luck in future.

Yours,

F. PATTERSON.

WM. BROWN,

No. 93, Denison Avenue, Toronto, Ont.,

Breeder of

Light Brahmas, Plymouth Rocks & White Leghorns.

Having purchased at great expense from Richard Mackay of Hamilton, his prize winning Light Brahma cock "Jack," (winner of three 1st and two 2nd prizes,) and several pullets, which, with my own hens, form one of the grandest breeding pens in Canada, I can now supply Eggs for Hatching at \$3.00 per 13.

Plymouth Rock and White Leghorn egg, \$2 per 13. 2-6

PRACTICAL POULTRY KEEPING

Fourth edition. An illustrated book on Poultry by mail, 50 cents. Postal note preferred; stamp taken. 2ct. stamp for illustrated circulars of choice poultry. J. M. T. JOHNSON, Binghamton, N. Y.



EGGS FOR HATCHING

From the following varieties:

Black Red, Brown Red, Duck-wing, and Red Pile Game,
At \$5.00 per Setting.

My birds are strictly high class, as will be seen by reference to the prize-lists.

J. C. NICHOL,
32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
MONTREAL, P. Q.

11-

W. STAHLSCHMIDT,
Preston, - - Ontario,

Breeder of High Class

**WHITE AND BROWN
LEGHORNS!**

—WINNERS AT—

CLEVELAND,	BRANTFORD,
INDIANAPOLIS,	GUELPH,
BUFFALO,	TORONTO,
CHICAGO,	SHERBROOKE,
LONDON,	HAMILTON.

Chicks for sale now.

Eggs for Hatching in season.

For prices of fowls and chicks, premiums won since 1876, and other information, send for my NEW Catalogue.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

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CANADIAN POULTRY HATCHER!**

NO LAMP! NO SMELL! NO RISK!

The Simplest, Best and Cheapest!

Can be managed by a Girl 12 years of age.

Burning the Eggs Impossible!

Hatcher for 72 Eggs.....\$15.00
Hatcher and Artificial Rearer..... 25.00

Apply to

FRED. ALLEN, MAKER,
Woodbine Avenue, Norway, Ont.

FLETCHER & HENDERSON, Agents,
424, Yonge St., Toronto.

WM. MOORE,

Box 163,

LONDON, ONT.,

Breeder of

*Brown and White Leghorns,
Black Spanish,*

—AND—

PLYMOUTH ROCKS

Plymouth Rocks, Hawkin's and Conger's strains; Leghorns and Spanish, not to be beaten.

Out of 11 entries at the Western Fair, 1883, I took 9 prizes.

Eggs for Hatching, at \$2 per 13, or \$3 for 26.
2-3t

H. W. KNOWLES,
P. O. Box 120, - Lachute, P. Q.,

Breeder of

*Plymouth Rocks, (3 pens),
Bronze Turkeys, and Rouen & Pekin
Ducks.*

When 7½ months old my P. Rock chickens weighed on an average 15lbs per pair, and the pullets hatched April 20th commenced to lay on 10th Sept.

Eggs for Hatching—P. Rocks, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per doz.; Ducks, \$2.00 for 9. A limited number of Turkeys for sale in the Fall—no eggs.

PEASE'S

"FEATHERED WORLD,"

A MONTHLY JOURNAL,

Tells you All About your Birds, their Management, etc., etc.

Only 50 cents per year.

Sample Copy Free.

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GEO. C. PEASE, Reading, Pa., U. S.

PATENTS hand-Book FREE.
R. S. & A. P. LACEY,
Patent Att'ys, Washington, D. C.

CHAS. CAMPBELL,

Richmond,

P. Qu.,

Breeder of

Light Brahmas,

Exclusively.

At Sherbrooke, Jan'y, 1884, my birds made almost a clean sweep—the Judge stating that it was the best class of Brahmas he ever met at any show in Canada—winning 1st on cock, hen, and breeding pen, 2nd on cock and hen, 3rd on hen, pullet and cockerel; also special for best breeding pen of any variety on exhibition, and silver medal for best collection of either Light or Dark Brahmas.

Yard 1—Headed by "Fortune," never yet beaten in the show pen, winning 1st as cockerel at Montreal, 1883, 1st in Montreal and Sherbrooke as cock, 1884.

Yard 1—"Little Fortune" is a very promising cockerel, never shown. These are mated to all my prize-winning hens and pullets, scoring from 90 to 95 points each.

My stock is celebrated for fine low combs, well marked hackles, pure white in color, are low set and of great weight.

Several very fine birds for sale, fit for any competition, at reasonable prices. Write at once if wanted, as the room is required.

Eggs for hatching.

2-3



FOR SALE,

5 Lt Brahma Cockerels,

Bred from 2nd prize cock at Brampton, 1882, 1st, Toronto Industrial, 1882; 1st at Yorkville and 1st at Ontario, 1883; 2nd at Ontario, 1884. Also, a few pullets and hens Price of cockerels \$4.00 each

Also, a few Black Cochins cockerels and pullets, all bred from my prize-winners; 1 White Leghorn cockerel, good bird, \$3.00; and a Peacock.

EGGS for Hatching,—L. Brahmas, \$2.50; Black Cochins, \$3.00.

A few choice Antwerp Pigeons for sale, or will exchange any of the above—open for offers.

JNO. JAMES,

2-3t 80 Yorkville Avenue, Toronto.

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free.

HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine.

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Blyth Poultry Yards!**EGGS**

That will hatch every time, from the following varieties:

*Plymouth Rocks,**S. S. Hamburgs,**Toulouse Geese,**Bronze Turkeys,**Pekin, Rouen and Cayuga Ducks*

We do not claim to have the best birds on the face of the Globe, but they take the red ticket nine times out of ten wherever shown.

Plymouth Rocks, headed by Young Pilgrim, and one pullet, direct from W. F. James, scored by I. K. Felch, cockerel 93, pullet 92, mated with four other grand hens for good results. Young Pilgrim won 1st at Battleboro, 1st and silver medal at Sherbrooke, and 1st at Montreal. Our Toulouse Geese have never been beaten in a show pen; 1st at London in 1882, and 1st and special at Seaforth, 1883. Turkeys and Ducks 1st and special at same show. We have the best breeding pens this year we have ever had.

EGGS FOR HATCHING:

Plymouth Rocks, Geese and Turkeys \$4.00 per 13.

Ducks and Hamburgs, \$2.00 per 13.

T. BAWDEN,

W. H. WATSON.

Blyth Poultry Yards, Blyth, Ont.

MR. HUMBERSTONE

—CAN SPARE—

For Exhibition and Stock Purposes,

—GRAND—

LIGHT & DARK BRAHMAS, BLACK, BUFF,

PARTRIDGE, and WHITE COCHINS,

BLACK-RED & DUCKWING GAME,

WHITE-FACED BL'K SPANISH

AND HOUDANS,

ROUEN DUCKS, AND TOULOUSE GEES.

Eggs for Hatching,*12s. 6d. per dozen.*

Birds and Eggs have been sent from this celebrated Poultry Farm to all parts of the world with the greatest success.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED PRIZES

THIS YEAR

AT THE LEADING SHOWS.

Varieties not kept procured, if required, from the best breeders.

Address,

REV. W. J. HUMBERSTONE,

BERKELEY, GLOUCESTERSHIRE,

England.

RIVERSIDE POULTRY YARDS, BURGESS & DOUGLAS, Proprietors.

Woodstock. (Box 171.) Ontario.

Breeders of the following varieties of prize-winning fowls:

W. C. B., Golden-spangled, Silver-spangled and White Polands; Black, White, and Partridge Cochins, Golden-pencilled and Black Hamburgs, Silver-grey Dorkings, White and Brown Leghorns, —Black African and Silver Duckwing Bantams, and Bremen Geese.—

For Prizes won, see last year's numbers of the Review, as won by W. H. Hill, late of Beachville, also February Review for prizes at Seaforth. We purchased Mr. Hill's entire collection, and have some fine birds.

Send for Circular, which contains all information as to price of eggs, prizes won, etc.

JOHN RAMSAY,

Owen Sound, Ontario,

Breeder of



Partridge Cochins, Dark Brahmus, G. Pencilled Hamburgs, and White Leghorns.



White Leghorns a specialty.

Eggs, carefully packed, \$2.00 per 13.



WM. McLOUD,

Lucan, Ont.,

Breeder of

Black B. Red and White Games,

COLORED, SILVER GRAY and WHITE

DORKINGS,

BLACK HAMBURGS,

L't Brahmans & P. Rocks,

Eggs for Hatching, \$3.00 per setting.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

2-1f

ONLY
DARK BRAHMAS!
NO OTHER THAN DARK BRAHMAS!

1st on cock at Toronto last year.
1st " " this "
2nd " Sherbrooke this year.
2nd and 3rd on cockerels at Sherbrooke this year.
2nd and 3rd on pullets " " "

Eggs for hatching, \$1.00 per setting.

Birds for sale.

C. N. DESAULNIER,
Richmond, P. Que.

2-3t

E. HAGGITH,

Bowmanville, Ontario,

Breeder of

PURE-BRED LT BBAHMAS.

I have lately procured from S. Spillett, of Le-froy, a very high-class cockerel, at great expense, which I have mated with a fine pen of Duke of York pullets, from which I expect grand results. The cockerel took 1st at the recent show held here, also special for the best L. B. cockerel on exhibition.

Eggs for hatching in season, \$1.00 per 13. 3



A. C. BLYTH,
Owen Sound, - Ontario,
-Breeder of-
Light Brahmas,
BLACK HAMBURGS,
and Brown Leghorns.

BLACK HAMBURGS my specialty.

At the late show of the Poultry Association of Ontario, held in Toronto, I made 3 entries and won 1st on cockerel and 2nd on pullet.

I am breeding from two yards of this variety:

No. 1.—1st prize cockerel at Toronto, mated with five of my best hens. Eggs, \$2.50 per setting.

No 2.—A grand old cock, mated with three excellent pullets and two hens. Eggs \$2.00 per setting.

Eggs from other varieties, \$2.00 per setting

11 y.



WM. BARBER,
Toronto, (214 Queen St., West,) Ontario,

-Breeder of-



Black-B. Red AND Golden Duckwing Games.

Premiums Won at Toronto Exhibition, 1883 :

1st on Black-breasted Red cock, (13 entries); special for best pair of Black-breasted Reds. Special Silver cup) for best breeding pen of Duckwings, 2nd on Duckwing hen, 2nd on Duckwing cock-cockerel, and 1st and 3rd on-pullets. For winnings at same show, 1884, see this issue of Review.

Eggs for Sale in Season, at \$3.00 per setting.

A few good Duckwing cockerels and pullets for sale.

Mount Royal Poultry Yards.

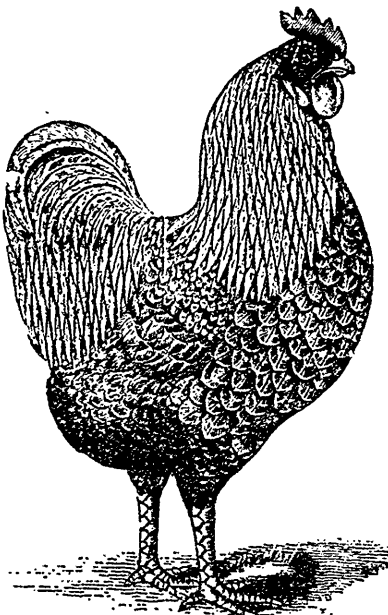
THOMAS COSTEN,

-Breeder of-

Light Brahmas

-AND-

Plymouth Rocks.



After 8 years of breeding P. Rocks, I have obtained a strain remarkable for their laying qualities, very fine marking in plumage, yellow legs and beak. In 1883 at the show in Montreal my Rocks took 1st for cockerel, 1st and 3rd for pullet, 1st for hen, and specials for best cockerel, best pullet and best hen. In 1884: 1st and 2nd on cocks, 2nd on hen, and 1st on breeding pen.

My Light Brahmas are Duke of York and Autocrat strains, a pen of each; cocks weighing eleven and a half and twelve pounds, hens from nine to 10 pounds, and scoring from 89 to 92 points.

Eggs, \$2.50 per doz.; 2 doz. for \$4.

Some fine birds of both varieties for sale.

THOMAS COSTEN,

MONTREAL, P. Q.

BLACK-BREASTED RED GAME

—AND—

Plymouth Rocks.

My BLACK RED, at the late international Poultry Exhibition, held at Sherbrooke, won 1st and 2nd on both old and young fowls, in competition with the most noted breeders of Game in Canada and the United States.

My PLYMOUTH ROCKS proved themselves to be all I claim, viz: equal to any in America. I only exhibited young birds at the late Sherbrooke show, and won 2nd prize on cockerel and pullet, scoring only one-half point less than the 1st prize birds. I maintain I have to day 12 my yards the finest Plymouth Rock pullets in Canada.

Plymouth Rock eggs, \$3.00 per setting of 13; Black breasted Red Game, no eggs for sale.

241

Address

C. J. ODELL, Sherbrooke, Que.

BLACK-BREASTED RED GAME.

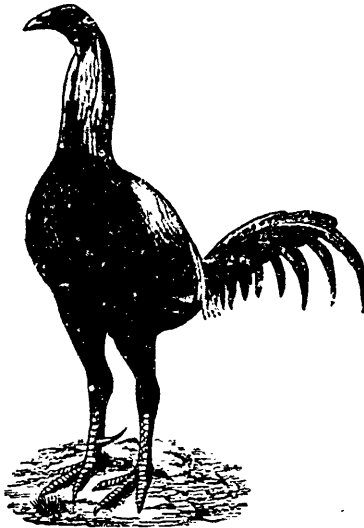
England, Ireland and the United
perfection of

DESCRIPTION OF

Yard 1—Headed by cock "Douglas." This bird weighs 8lbs. 9oz., has a fine long head, beautiful rich red garnet eyes, short hackle, broad shoulders, flat back, wide set legs, whip tail, splendid station, straight limbs and toes, pure jet black under color, and the handsomest shades of red I ever looked at being latest fashionable color. In carriage he is lofty and noble. Mated with six rangy and stylish pullets.

Yard 3—Headed by stag "Monarch Jr.," sired by the famous cock "Monarch," winner of 1st at Indianapolis and Chicago last season, competing against birds that had just been imported to win at these shows. This stag will outscore his sire. Mated with eight lens selected from the flock as the finest and best thereof.

EGG \$3 per setting. \$5 for two settings if ordered at the same time.



States have contributed to the
our E. B. Reds.

BREEDING PENS :

Yard 2—Headed by celebrated cock "Americk Boy," winner of 1st at Chicago. He is a grand bird, we bred from him last season, and were so well pleased with his offspring that we have concluded to breed from him another year. Mated with six magnificent pullets.

Cock in Yard 1 is from John Douglas' strain, England; in yard 2 from Dr. Cooper's strain, Ireland, and in yard 3, from A. E. Ficklin's strain, United States,

Orders booked for eggs on the receipt of \$1.

Stableford Bro's,
Watford, Ont



ALLEYS Early Deep Head CABBAGE.

Every one who has raised that magnificent Cabbage the **Fottlers** or **Brunswick**, has regretted that so fine a cabbage did not make a thicker head. The **Alleys Early Deep Head** is the successful result of years of careful selection and high cultivation to obviate these defects. As early as **Fottler**, it is as large, is thicker and heavier, bulk for bulk, and brings more in market than any other drum-head; per package 25cts.: per oz. 75 cts.

Early Etamps Cabbage (new) earliest of all; 10 cts. per package. **Guerrande Carrot** (new), remarkably thick at the neck; per package, 10 cts.; per oz. 30 cts. **Perennial Onion** (new), lives in the ground without protection all winter and is ready for use weeks earlier than any other kind; per package 15 cts.; per qt. 80 cts. **Solid Ivory Celery** (new) nearly self blanching; per package 15 cts. **White Bonnicul Cucumber** (new), a mammoth white variety of extraordinary diameter; per package, 15 cts. **Dwarf Green Early Lettuce** (new) from France; per package 15 cts. **Barana Melon** (new), it resembles in color, and form a huge banana, and has strikingly the same fragrance; per package 15 cts. **Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean**, I have not found in 60 varieties one so prolific, a capital string bean; per package 15 cts. **Marblehead Early Horticultural**, probably the earliest of all beans, and yet a true horticultural; per package 15 cts.; per qt. 80 cts. **Marblehead Early Sweet Corn**, the earliest of all, giving growers a complete monopoly of the early market, original stock; per package 10 cts.; per qt. 60 cts. **Sea Foam Cauliflower**, decidedly the finest variety of all; per package 50 cts. To those taking packages of the entire collection, I will present a copy of either one of my four books on the raising of **Onions, Cabbages, Squashes, Mangold Wurzels and Carrots.** THE PURCHASER TO MAKE THE SELECTION.

I OFFER \$1000 IN PREMIUMS, for vegetables raised from my seed. Please find details in my seed catalogue; sent **FREE** to all. **FLOWER SEED**—I offer one package each of choice mixed selection from the following varieties, for 45 cents, the retail price of which would be 90 cents: **Asters, Balsams, Nasturtiums, Dahlias, Drummond Phlox, Salpiglossis, Sweet Peas, Hollyhocks, Petunias, Abronia Umbellata,** (very beautiful.)

JAMES J. H. GREGORY, Seed Grower, Marblehead, Mass.

The Revised
Standard of Excellence
Mailed from office of REVIEW. Price, \$1.



OUTREMONT POULTRY YARDS,
 THOMAS HALL,
 Importer and Breeder of the Highest Class
Light Brahmās
and White Leghorns.

My stock is of the purest strains, is carefully bred, and year after year, has won highest honors at our leading shows. At the Montreal show, January 1883, I was awarded on Light Brahmās: cock, 1st, 2nd and special; hen, 1st, cockerel, 2nd; pullet, 2nd. On White Leghorns: cock, 1st; hen, 2nd; cockerel, 3rd; pullets, 2nd and 3rd.

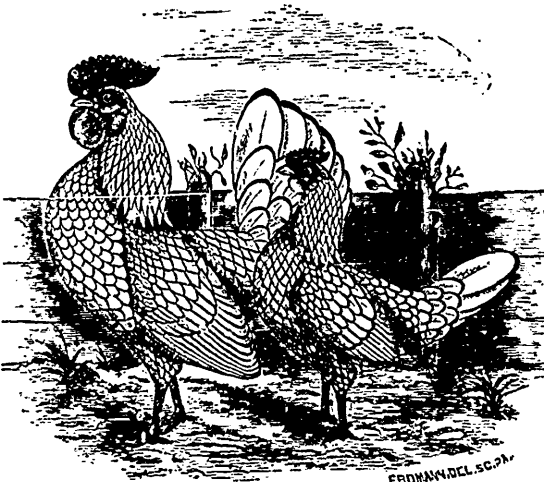
At Montreal, 1884, I was awarded on Light Brahmās: cock, 3rd and 4th; hen, 1st; cockerels, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pullets, 2nd, 3rd and 4th,

At Shebrooke, 1884, I was awarded on Light Brahmās: cockerels, 1st and 2nd; pullet, 1st and 2nd. White Leghorns: cock, 3rd; hen, 1st; cockerel, 3rd.

Eggs for Hatching, \$3.00 per 13.

3-y

THOMAS HALL, OUTREMONT, P. Q.



PARK POULTRY YARDS,

CAYUGA, - ONT., - CANADA.

D. T. ROGERS,
 PROPRIETOR,

Breeder and Importer of the following varieties
 of

HIGH-CLASS

Fancy Poultry,

Rose-comb White Leghorns,	Eggs, \$3.00 per 13.
Single " " " " " " " "	" " " " 3.00 "
Brown " " " " " " " "	" " " " 2.00 "
W. C. B. Polands,	" " " " 3.00 "
Golden " " " " " " " "	" " " " 3.00 "
Golden Sebright Bantams	" " " " 2.00 "
Silver " " " " " " " "	" " " " 3.00 "
Black African " " " " " " " "	" " " " 3.00 "
Silver Duckwing " " " " " " " "	" " " " 3.00 "
Black B. Red Game " " " " " " " "	" " " " 2.00 "
Cayuga Ducks,	" " " " 3.00 "

I breed from exhibition stock only, and would refer parties wanting eggs from first-class stock to prize-list of H. P. & P. S. A., in Feb'y. issue of REVIEW. Eggs packed in baskets, and stored in rotation. Square-dealing my motto.



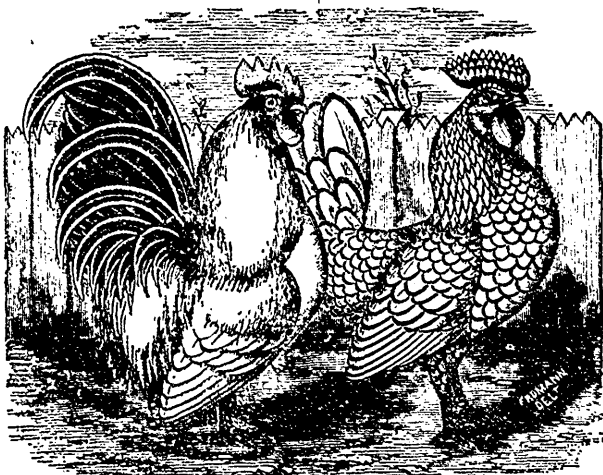
WEDDONS SPECIALITIES

Jas. D. Weddons

Breeder of
FANCY PIGEONS.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

RIVERSIDE POULTRY YARDS,



RICH'D OKE, PROPRIETOR,

Brough's Bridge, London, Ont.,

Importer and breeder of the following
FANCY VARIETIES:

BLACK and SILVER S. HAMBURGS.

Japanese Black African & Silver Sebright
BANTAMS.

In consequence of having my entire flock
of old Bantams killed this fall, I will have no
young stock for sale.

Have yet a few
FINE HAMBURG CHICKS TO SPARE.

Eggs for Sale in season at \$3 per setting,
except Japs, which are \$5 per setting.

Square dealing guaranteed in every in-
stance.

A CLEAN SWEEP.

My first personal trip to one of the largest and best exhibitions I ever witnessed, held at
Lancaster, Penn., U. S. A., and every bird scored,

*Winning the \$50 Silver Cup for the largest and best collection, and nearly
150 Prizes and Specials,*

Special for best breeding pen of Hamburgs on exhibition, specials for best breeding pens of White
and Brown Leghorns—score, 96, 96 3-8, 95 7-8, 94 3-8, 94 1-2, the highest score ever reached on a
breeding pen of Leghorns at any exhibition. My White-crested black Polish were pronounced to
be the finest ever shown, one hen scoring 98 7-8 points, winning the \$25 silver cup for the best
Polish on exhibition.

Thousands of prizes awarded my birds, both in my hands and in the hands of my customers.

I breed and imports the following

VARIETIES.—Brahmas, Cochins, single and pea combed; Hamburgs, all varieties; Leghorns,
all varieties, single and rose combed; Langshans, Black and Mottled Javas, Black Sumatras, W.
C. Black, Golden Polish; Plymouth Rocks, B. B. Red, Brown B. Red, Duckwing, Red Pyle,
White Georgian and Black Games; Silver-gray Dorkings, Sultans, Malays, all varieties French
fowls, Japanese Fur Fowls, Japanese, White and Black Rose-comb, Golden and Silver Sebright
Game, Pekin Bantams; Pekin, Rouen, Cayuga, Aylesbury, Call, Wood and Mandarin Ducks,
Brouse and Wild Turkeys, Toulouse, Bremen, Sebastopol and Wild Geese; Golden, Silver and
English Pheasants, Pigeons and Canaries.

DOGS.—St. Bernards, Mastiffs, English Bulls, Bull Terriers, Scotch Collies, Beagles, Setters,
Cocker Spaniels, Fox Hounds, Fox Terriers, Blenheim Spaniels, King Charles Spaniels, Maltese
Toys, Pugs, Italian Grayhounds, Blue Terriers, Red Terriers, Fawn and White Scotch Terriers,
Black and tan Terriers, from 4 to 10 pounds. We have pups and grown dogs on hand. Train
ed Ferrets and Rabbits, Shetland and wild Ponies, Italian Bees and Singing birds.

Send 50 cents for Catalogue, worth hundreds of dollars to every one. Price-list of eggs, free.
Write for just what you want, and address

G. H. PUGSLEY,

MOUNT PLEASANT POULTRY YARDS, Brantford Ont.



My Vegetable and Flower Seed Catalogue for
1884, the result of thirty years' experience as a
Seed Grower, will be sent free to all who apply.
All my Seed is warranted to be fresh and true to
name, so far that should it prove otherwise, I agree
to refill orders gratis. My collection of vegetable
Seed, one of the most extensive to be found in any
American Catalogue, is a large part of it of my
own growing. As the original introducer of
Edible Beef, Harbark Peas, Marbled
Early Corn, the Hubbard Squash, and scores of
other new Vegetables, I invite the patronage of the pub-
lic. In the gardens and on the farms of those who plant
my seed will be found my best advertisement.

JAMES J. H. GREGORY, Seed Grower, Marblehead, Mass.

Strathroy Poultry Yards,

STRATHROY, ONTARIO.

HURD & McKEIGAN, - PROPRIETORS,
Breeders and Importers of High-class

*Plymouth Rocks, Houdans, Black-Red,
Brown Red and Duckwing*

GAMES.

See February number of REVIEW for prizes won at the late P. A. of O. show, held at Toronto.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

At \$2.50 per 13, or \$4.00 for 24; except Brown Reds, which will be \$5.00 per 13.

Eggs packed in baskets and warranted fresh and pure. Send for circular.

E. H. HURD,

A. McKEIGAN,

P. O. Box 257, STRATHROY.

2 y

JAMES O'NEILL,

Eagle Place Poultry Yards,

Brantford, Ontario,

Breeder and Importer of

High - Class Poultry,

*Black Red, Brown Red, Black and White Games, Buff Cochins,
Light Brahmas.*

Fowls and Chicks for sale at all times.

Birds shipped from my yard if not as represented may be returned, and I will return the money in full. Eggs in season. No Circulars. Write for what you want.

1-y

L. WHITING,

Box 973, - ST. CATHARINES, ONT.,

Breeder and Importer of Pure

White ^{and} Br'n Leghorns,

and PEKIN DUCKS.

At the only three shows I have yet exhibited, my birds were awarded the following premiums:

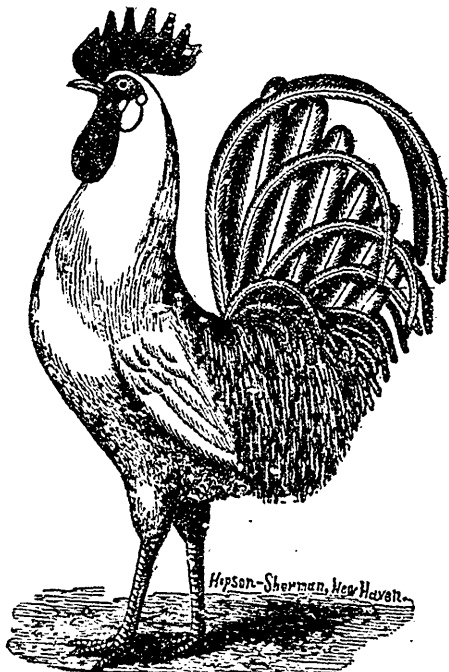
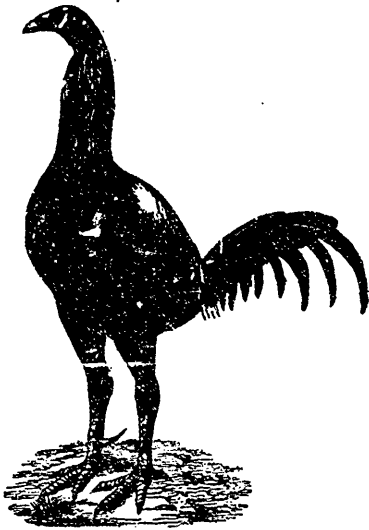
At the Industrial Exhibition, 1893. White Leghorn Breeding Pen, 1st; Cockerel, 1st; Cock, 2nd; Pullet, 2nd. At the County of Lincoln Fair, held in St. Catharines, 1893, on White Leghorns, 1st and 2d; Brown Leghorns, 1st, 2nd, and special for best exhibit of Leghorns. At Ontario Poultry Association's show, 1894, my W. Leghorns were awarded 1st on hen, 2nd on cockerel, 3rd on cock; Brown: 1st on pullet, 2nd on cockerel, 3rd on hen; Pekin Ducks: 3rd on drake, 3rd on duck.

As my stock is all imported from the best breeders, I claim that it is second to none in Canada.

EGGS FOR HATCHING - \$2.50 per 13; \$6.00 for 30. Orders booked on receipt of \$1.00.

Surplus stock all sold. Please enclose stamp for answer. Satisfaction guaranteed.

9-ly



Seaforth Poultry Yards.

"STANDARD" STRAIN Plymouth Rocks.

Great Success at the Shows.

At the O. P. A. show, in Toronto, we won 1st and 3rd on cockerels, and 3rd on hen; the 1st prize cockerel was pronounced by competent judges to be the finest cockerel ever shown in Ontario. We have since added to our yards the 1st prize hen and pullet at this show, making our stock the finest in Canada.

At the show of the H. P. and P. S. A., held in Seaforth, we made a CHEAN SWEEP, taking 1st and 2nd on cocks, 1st and 2nd on hens, 1st and 2nd on cockerels, 1st and 2nd on pullets, and a silver medal for the best male bird on exhibition.

For confirmation of above winnings, see REVIEW for February.

We shall breed from three yards this season:—

YARD 1—Headed by cockerel "Magician" mated with 1st and 2nd prize hens and four others equally as good.

YARD 2—Cock "Clear Grit," mated with 1st and 2nd prize pullets and four others equally good.

YARD 3—Cock "Mazepa," mated with three pullets and 3 hens.

All these yards are mated to produce an equal percentage of well marked males and females.

EGGS FOR HATCHING:

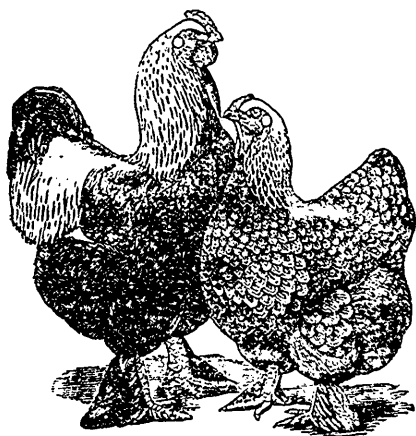
Yard No. 1. a limited number for sale, at \$5.00 per 13. Yards 2 and 3. \$3.00 per 13. Orders booked in rotation on deposit of \$1. Eggs packed to carry safely to all parts.

Also RED PYLE BANTAMS, prize winners at Toronto and here. Eggs, \$2.00 per 13.

Nothing sent C. O. D.

2-3

THORNE & AETZEL, Seaforth, Ont.



ARTHUR W. SMITH,
Box 143, Simcoe, Ont.,
Importer and Breeder of

Fancy Poultry:

BRAHMAS, COCHINS, POLANDS, HAMBURGS,
LEGHORNS, SEBRIGHT AND B. AFRICAN
BANTAMS.

Eggs Brahmas, Cochins, Poland and Bantams, \$3.00 per 13, Ham-
burgs and Leghorns, \$2.00 per 13.

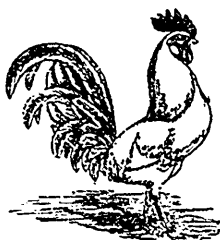
I now offer for sale:—
1 magnificent trio of Light Brahmas, cockerel and two hens, prize
winners, price, \$15 00, 1 Dark Brahma cock, won 2nd at Toronto,
\$5 00. Three pairs Dark Brahma chicks, bred from cock imported
from Philander Williams, 1st at Worcester (not shown at Toronto),
per pair, \$6 00. One fine pair W. C. B. Poland chicks, \$5 00. Three
pairs Buff Cochins chicks, fine, from eggs purchased of P. Williams,
per pair \$3 00. One trio Black Cochins, \$8 00. The above prices
are low for the quality of the stock. I will sell singly any of the
above birds. Nothing sent C. O. D. 2to12

EXCELSIOR POULTRY YARDS,

W. G. MURRAY, Proprietor,

—Breeder of—

Light Brahmas, White and Brown Leghorns,
White Dorkings, B.B.R. Game Bantams
and Fantail Pigeons, in all colors.



I own the Brown Leghorn hens that won 1st and 2nd, and cock that
won 2nd, at show of Poultry Association of Ontario.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders for eggs for hatching booked now. Send for circular.

W. G. MURRAY,

Box 70, Strathroy, Ont.