





PROVINCIAL PROGRESS.

Another Long List of Incorporated Companies Officially Announced.

The Development of Interior Mines Continues to Interest Outside Capital.

The British Columbia Gazette does not enjoy the reputation exactly of an interesting news publication, and yet there are few papers of the day that yet are more direct and pertinent terms the rapid progress which British Columbia is making. Every week, for example, it contains from two hundred pages descriptive of how interesting men propose in association to develop and make tributary to the general wealth of the country the mining section of the province—and this week is no exception to the rule.

Table listing various mining and industrial companies with their respective capital amounts, such as 'The Mining Co., Sandon, \$1,000,000', 'The British Columbia Gold Property Co., \$1,000,000', etc.

ARTIFICIAL RAIN.

Errera, professor of the University of Turin, has succeeded in making a very artificial rain. The process is a simple one, and he uses a bottle of Bohemian glass which is covered with an ordinary bottle which is half-filled with water. The sides of the bottle and the sides of the bottle until the water has taken it out of the bath, and it is carefully on a table and observed.

BY RAIL THRO' SIBERIA.

Russia's Strategic Highway to the Pacific Progresses Rapidly Toward Completion.

Increased Speed to Be Attained—The Primary Object Military Expeditions.

Newspaper accounts from Russian sources furnish information regarding the progress made with the construction of the Trans-Siberian Railway. The line is being constructed in sections simultaneously, and the first, at the European end is completed, so that it is possible to travel direct from Omsk to Vladivostok, a distance of 2,473 miles.

THE TROLLEY AND THE PYRAMIDS.

(From the Cairo (Esry) Sphinx.) Trams! Trams! Trams! Three platters to the Great Pyramid! What a desecration! There is something splendid and grandiose about that hoary monument of antiquity in its loneliness.

X RAYS AND DIAMONDS.

One excellent use to which the new X rays can be put should interest women. It seems that by their aid one can readily determine whether diamonds are real or false for the rays pass quite freely through diamonds, leaving them transparent, and not at all through black stones.

AN INDESCRIBABLE SENSATION.

To be easily described a thing must have clear outlines and unimpaired colors. In other words it must be simple. A rest in one's clothing, but on one body, a tumble while walking, the shape of a box, and the rest of the world's things, all these things puzzle the mind and take the meaning from language.

LOST ON A DIVISION.

Toronto, March 24.—(Special)—The legislature to-night debated a resolution by Haycock, the Patron leader, condemning the subsidizing of the Canadian Pacific for the construction of the 'Crest' West Pass railway. The resolution was lost on a division.

HELP YOURSELF.

Help yourself, but not by grasping that's good, for selfish gain. Gather what the world has to offer. Bring in reach of hand and brain; that's the purpose of the world. You may hold, for other good, that which helps a poorer brother. Every aid to virtue given.

OLD BORES TAKES A HAND IN THE MODERN GAME OF RECORD-MAKING.

Boreas had joined the army of record makers, and according to the reports of the meteorological office succeeded in placing a new 72 mile mark to his credit during the afternoon, which certainly is championship time.

A HATTER'S HOLIDAY.

marks to his companion during the storm, when he said: "For heaven's sake pity them unhappy folks ashore now. While you and I, Jack, on the deck are comfortably snug, the poor wretches are being dashed to pieces by the waves."

HOWARD FRACTION GROUP.

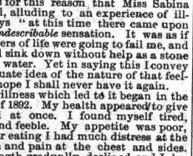
One of the pioneer properties at the foot of Slocan lake changed hands today. The Howard Fraction group, which claims is one of the earlier locations in the Slocan and Lemmon creek camps, and is perhaps the largest shipper from that camp, has been sold to the Howard Fraction group.

DYING IN DROVES.

Residents of the Coast cities have little conception of the distress which, in conjunction, the cold weather and the shortage of food supplies are working among the stock on the interior ranges.

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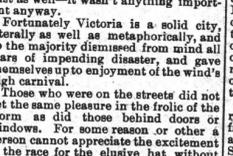
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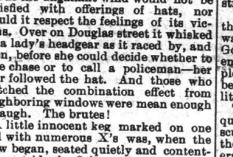
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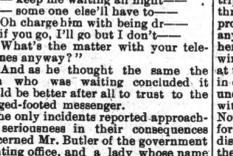
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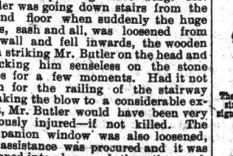
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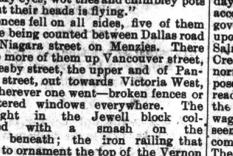
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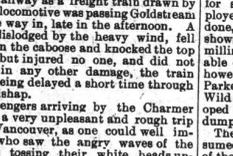
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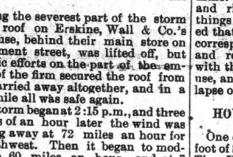
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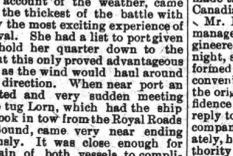
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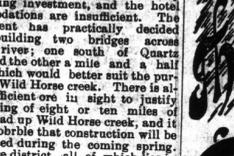
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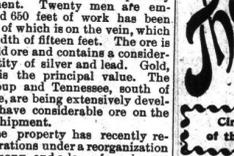
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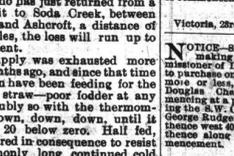
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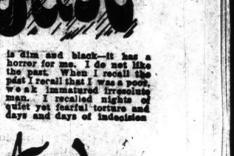
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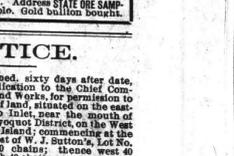
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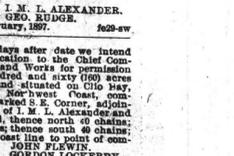
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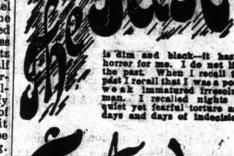
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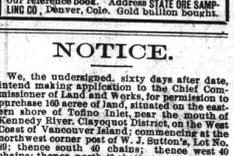
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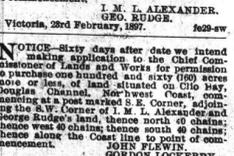
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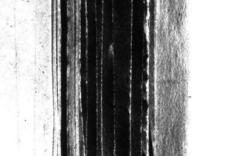
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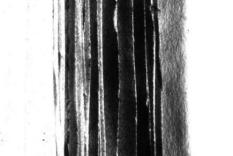
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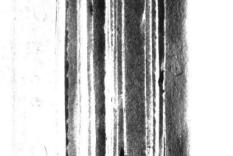
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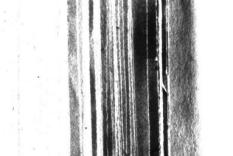
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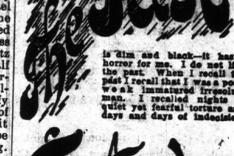
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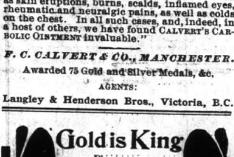
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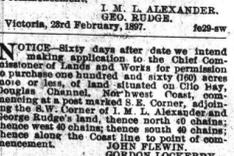
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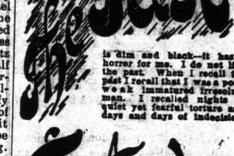
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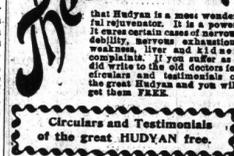
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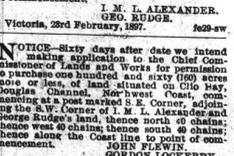
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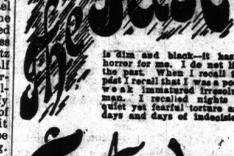
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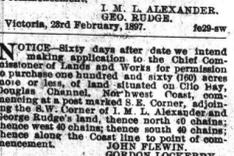
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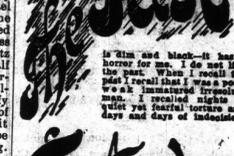
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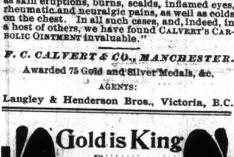
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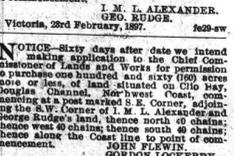
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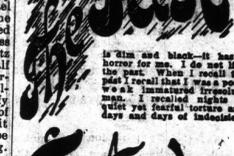
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BACK FROM BRAZIL. YORK, March 25.—The steam- ship Wadsworth, which arrived yes- terday, brought seventeen Canadian- ers, who had been to Brazil.

WORK OF THE SESSION. Important Ministerial Measures Foreshadowed in the Speech From the Throne.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The session of the Dominion Commons was formally opened at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when a large number of people witnessed the customary and imposing ceremonies.

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE. Mr. Gladstone is now very deaf, but in spite of increasing deafness he dresses as jauntily as of yore.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE. Trapping Privileges Besought For Yet Another Season—That Central American Service.

PROGRESS OF THE TIMBER COMMISSION.—The Belle and the Bicycle.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—(Special)—A joint resolution from the council and the board of trade was wired to Ottawa to-day, to the effect that this board by resolution urges upon the government that licenses for trapping be issued for the present season.

THE COMMONS OF CANADA OPENED WITH CUSTOMARY AND APPROPRIATE CEREMONY.

OTTAWA, March 25.—The session of the Dominion Commons was formally opened at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when a large number of people witnessed the customary and imposing ceremonies.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons: In welcoming you on your attendance at the second session of this parliament I feel at the evidence which pervades throughout the Dominion of the loyalty and affection entertained by the Canadian people for Her Majesty the Queen, and of their desire to join with their fellow-subjects in all parts of the empire in celebrating the diamond jubilee of Her Majesty's reign.

Immediately after the last session the government of Manitoba was invited to hold a conference with my ministers on the subject of grievances arising out of an act of that province relating to education, passed in the year 1890.

My government has determined that the advantages to accrue both to our Western producers and the business interests of the whole Dominion from the completion of works for the enlargement of the St. Lawrence canal should not be deferred, and has, in view of the approval of parliament, taken the initial step for a vigorous prosecution of these works and for the perfecting of a canal system by the close of the year 1928.

I have much satisfaction in informing you that arrangements have been concluded which, if you approve, will enable the Intercolonial railway system to reach Montreal, and thus share in the benefits of the advantages which will flow from this extension of that railway.

Appreciating the difficulties encountered by our farmers in placing their perishable food products on the English markets in good condition, my government has arranged a complete system of cold storage accommodation at treasuries, on railways, at ports and on steamers, by which these products can be preserved at the desired temperature during the whole journey from the point of production to Great Britain.

It is desirable that the will of the people of Canada should be clearly ascertained on the subject of prohibition, and a measure enabling the electors to vote upon the question will be submitted for your approval.

The Behring sea claims convention, constituted during the past year to adjust the damages payable to the owners of the British sealing vessels seized by the United States on the high seas, has completed taking the evidence submitted to it by the respective governments of Her Majesty and the United States, and has adjourned for a time to hear the argument thereon on behalf of both governments.

The calamity which has befallen our fellow-subjects in India has evoked a widespread sympathy in this country. The generous manner in which the appeal for practical tokens of this feeling has been responded to has elicited warm assurances of grateful acknowledgments from the government of India, which have also been specially and heartily endorsed by the Imperial authorities.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The accounts of the past year will be laid before you. The estimates for the coming year will be presented at an early day. They have been framed with every regard for economy consistent with the efficiency of the public service. I regret that the receipts from ordinary sources continue to be inadequate to meet the charges against the consolidated revenue.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons: Among the bills which have been prepared and will be submitted for your approval and will be submitted for your consideration, and express the hope that your deliberations, under the divine guidance, will tend to increase the happiness and prosperity of every class in the Dominion.

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The Behring sea claims convention, constituted during the past year to adjust the damages payable to the owners of the British sealing vessels seized by the United States on the high seas, has completed taking the evidence submitted to it by the respective governments of Her Majesty and the United States, and has adjourned for a time to hear the argument thereon on behalf of both governments.

The calamity which has befallen our fellow-subjects in India has evoked a widespread sympathy in this country. The generous manner in which the appeal for practical tokens of this feeling has been responded to has elicited warm assurances of grateful acknowledgments from the government of India, which have also been specially and heartily endorsed by the Imperial authorities.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The accounts of the past year will be laid before you. The estimates for the coming year will be presented at an early day. They have been framed with every regard for economy consistent with the efficiency of the public service. I regret that the receipts from ordinary sources continue to be inadequate to meet the charges against the consolidated revenue.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons: Among the bills which have been prepared and will be submitted for your approval and will be submitted for your consideration, and express the hope that your deliberations, under the divine guidance, will tend to increase the happiness and prosperity of every class in the Dominion.

Subscribe for The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE. Trapping Privileges Besought For Yet Another Season—That Central American Service.

PROGRESS OF THE TIMBER COMMISSION.—The Belle and the Bicycle.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—(Special)—A joint resolution from the council and the board of trade was wired to Ottawa to-day, to the effect that this board by resolution urges upon the government that licenses for trapping be issued for the present season.

Since the death of Baron Hirsch his widow has been making lavish gifts to various charities in France, England and Austria. Besides the 3,000,000 francs for the pension fund of the Oriental railways, in building which Baron Hirsch laid the foundation of his colossal fortune, he has given 1,000,000 francs for the foundation of a hospital in London, and several benevolent institutions in Paris have just received large sums from him.

One fact for which admiration of Queen Victoria will be claimed at the approaching celebration of her "longest reign" is the great reduction in England's national debt that has taken place since she came to the throne. Just what part she and her numerous family had in bringing about this decrease in the year it had been reduced to 2,000,000,000 pounds is not known.

A young lady was run into by a wheelman on Guinness street yesterday and knocked down. The rider had no bell on his bicycle.

VANCOUVER, March 25.—(Special)—A strange case is before the police court. A boy named James was apprenticed for five years to Capt. Walsh of the ship Peam of Millport now in port. He became interested in the Salvation Army on shore and told a companion that he was going to desert.

Another big strike has been made on the Timbora. The second tunnel, started on a big outcrop of barren quartz, has run into a fine ledge of blue granite at a short distance from the surface.

The blue quartz carries high values. The mine has been worked almost as long as the Golden Eagle. The mine is in the hands of capitalists and properties, being free milling, will be developed at once.

Mr. Innes, who has recently returned from the Toronto mine, reports a good strike on this property. In the main tunnel a body of ore was struck during the war and test pieces obtained in silver and gold, four feet in diameter.

The Alpha Bell stock is at last on the market. Some of the shares were sold in Vancouver, and it is anticipated that it will be bought up very quickly at 50 cents from the fact that Mr. Norrish's share is valued at \$200,000.

The Texas Proprietary Company has acquired the Alma mine, adjoining their valuable property on Texada Island known as the Silver Tip.

WESTMINSTER. At yesterday's session of the crown lands commission, J. G. Scott, representing the Pacific Coast company, deposed that the company had no permit or license from the Dominion.

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THE TRAIL SMELTER. Its Capacity 560 Tons of Ore Per Day—Busiest Spot in Canada.

ENTERPRIISING AUGUST HEINZE HAS ADDED A GREAT SMELTER TO THE DOMINION'S INDUSTRIES.

THE MATTE AND ITS VALUE. The product of the matte at the present time is copper matte. This runs from 40 per cent to 80 per cent copper, carrying also the gold in the ore and what little silver there may be.

WORK OF THE REFINERY. When the refinery of the Trail smelter is in operation there will be no more shipments of matte to American smelters. Both the gold and silver will be extracted here at home and will be made ready for the market.

THE FUEL QUESTION. It must not be supposed the progress of the Trail smelter to its present state is untroubled and unobscured by its serious drawbacks and hindrances. There has never been a time when there was a doubt or any serious question connected with the treatment of the Roseland ore, but the fuel question has often caused grave trouble.

FUTURE OF THE INDUSTRY. What is the future of the smelting and refining industry, established so successfully at Trail by Mr. Heinze? If so much has been done in a little over a year, what will be done in five years?

THE CAPACITY QUADRUPLER. The first improvement at the Trail smelter was the putting in of a new blast furnace of 200 tons capacity. This means 200 tons of ore and flux are treated in a day.

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probable, we may look forward in the year 1902 to a Provincial revenue of \$2,000,000. We think this is a very promising outlook, and one that is by no means unreasonable. Of the estimates brought down yesterday it may be fairly claimed that they are the most satisfactory of any that have been submitted to the house in a number of years.

TO WILFRID LAURIER.—GREETING!

There has come to you, sir, an opportunity such as has never presented itself to any Canadian premier. Upon your illustrious predecessor, Sir John A. Macdonald, devolved the stupendous task of welding into permanent union the several provinces and the great unorganized territory forming British North America. The verdict of history will be that the work was well done. Even now, though we are yet too close to the picture to see eight of the rough strokes of the artist's brush, the people of Canada, irrespective of party, recognize that the great Premier had a work to do and that he did it wisely and well. Your advent to power is due to the fact that the work of Confederation has been completed and that the people demand a new departure. It is not necessary to remind you that the history of national progress, the work over which you stand behind the advancing and receding waves of public opinion, is expressed from time to time at election time, there is a force which, like the iron coming tide, surmounts all obstacles. I think distinguished and honorable gentlemen, Alexander Mackenzie, who for five years occupied the position which you now fill as premier of the Dominion and leader of the Liberal party, Canada had a first minister whose integrity, ability and patriotism his most vigorous opponents always conceded. But his administration was a failure, because, unlike King Canute of England, he did not recognize the restlessness of the forces confronting him. He withdrew the ripples on the shore for the full flood of the tide.

THE ESTIMATES.

The Province is to be congratulated on the estimates for the next fiscal year, which the Finance Minister was able to lay before the house yesterday. The government feels able to anticipate receipts during the year beginning on the first of July next of \$1,265,089.45. The calculations upon which this estimate is based have been very carefully made, and the indications are that the amount will be exceeded rather than not reached. The estimated revenue for the current year was \$1,163,789, and the indications so far show that the receipts will be about this amount, so there is good reason to suppose that the several increases counted upon will be realized. It is very interesting to know that the estimated revenue for 1894 was \$851,980, thus showing an increase of 50 per cent. in four years. It is true that in two previous years this amount was exceeded, but the excess was due to exceptional land sales, which can hardly be properly classed as current sources of revenue. At the close of the present fiscal year it is expected that there will be a balance of \$285,000 on hand, which added to the anticipated revenue for next year will give the very handsome sum of \$1,573,089.45 available for appropriation at this session.

HANDS OFF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Mr. McInnes, M.P., has given notice of motion for the disallowance of the British Columbia Southern Act. We submit that such a proposition is one that ought not to be entertained for a moment. We do not deny that there are no precedents for such a resolution; but we protest that such precedents are better honored in the breach than in the observance. The right of disallowance is vested in the Governor-General, not because he represents parliament, but because he represents the Sovereign. He exercises a royal prerogative when he disallows an act solemnly passed by the provincial legislatures. We hold that it becomes the practice of parliament to pass resolutions calling on the Governor-General to disallow local laws, the British North America Act may as well be repealed so far as it professes to give any power in the provincial legislatures. The only object in moving such a resolution can be to secure the action of the Governor-General in accordance with it, and we submit that if parliament can pass a resolution of this nature the ministry is bound to advise the Governor-General accordingly or else be open to a vote of want of confidence. Hence a parliamentary resolution to compel the disallowance of a provincial statute is equivalent to the passage of an act repealing that statute, or if there is any difference it is too vague to be worth regarding. We hold, no matter what the precedents may be, and we have not had time to examine them, the passage of such a resolution would be a usurpation by parliament of powers which the Imperial statute vests in the provincial legislatures, and a violation of the solemn compact of confederation. We are not discussing the merits of the British Columbia Southern Act, and are not going to discuss them. The place to debate that question is in the legislature, which has the constitutional right to deal with it. If the Governor-General shall be advised by his ministers to disallow the act, and shall do so, his action must be accepted, however objectionable it may be, for it is within his authority. It would become then the duty of the British Columbia legislature to re-enact the law, and if it were disallowed to re-enact it again. If the coal lands were en-

the residents of the temperate zone, in which Canadians in Canada need to take a place second to no rivals. We enjoy the prestige and protection of the British flag.

Such are some of the considerations which will govern the Canadian in judging the policy of your administration. You may in the present session of parliament give an earnest expression of your opinion, you may give the Dominion a new lease of life, you do so, whether your term of office shall be long or short, you will gain the lasting gratitude of your fellow-countrymen, and Canada will be the better for your having lived in it.

THE TIMES CORRECTED.

The Times, referring to the estimates says: "We do not anticipate for 1897-8 an increase in the salaries of officials. This increase will amount to about \$20,000. This seems a most indefensible thing at the present time."

First and very briefly as to the "debt" anticipated. The Times knows perfectly well that no deficit is anticipated. The expenditure will exceed the revenue, because included in the outlay will be the balance of the last loan. The money raised by that loan was borrowed to be expended not to be kept to look at. As to the alleged all round increase in salaries, this is simply a false statement, and if the Times can devise any more emphatic way of stating that what it says is untrue, it is at liberty to consider it as having been used. The increase in the salary account is not \$20,000, but only a little over \$18,000, but let that pass. The only matter of interest is how the increase is made up. This is the explanation:

Wages of additional employes in the printing office..... \$ 5,672 00  
Fifteen new provincial police..... 11,600 00  
Additional attendant at lunatic asylum..... 7,000 00  
Subsidy to permanent officials..... 2,900 00  
Total..... \$19,272 00

The increase in wages in the printing office, the revenue from which this year is about \$18,000, was due to the increased amount of work to be done. Does the Times regard this as "indefensible?" The total of salaries and wages in that office is now \$19,672.

The increase in the number of police is due to the expanding settlement of the province and the necessity of new districts where officers must be stationed. Does the Times regard this as "indefensible?"

The proper care of the patients in the Lunatic Asylum calls for another attendant. Does the Times regard his appointment as "indefensible?"

We come now to the only increase in existing salaries—\$2,000, or one-tenth of the sum which the Times alleges is in the estimates for that purpose. This sum is divided up among a number of old and tried officials. The government has thought that their services merit this acknowledgment. Perhaps to people of the calibre of the Times this is indefensible. We are quite prepared to believe it.

THE CANADIAN PRESS.

DEVELOPMENT OF MINES.

Where the natives of a mineral country are savages the country must be developed by outside parties, but the people of Kootenay and Canada are capable of operating mines successfully, and it is hoped that the proportion of foreign-owned mines will never become so large that the majority of us will have to pin-stitch on the crumbs that fall from the rich man's table.—Roseland.

CANADA'S TURN.

The next rush of emigration from Europe will certainly be to Canada, as the United States has no longer the agricultural attractions that Canada has, and mineral wealth has been pretty well exhausted.—Montreal Witness.

THOSE COMMERCIAL STATISTICS.

We fail to see that there is the least reason why the request of the Bureau of Statistics should not meet with a prompt and satisfactory response from all quarters, and we trust that those applied to will act in that way.—News-Advertiser.

THE OUTLOOK IN ALBERTA.

Barring unfavorable weather conditions, the outlook for Alberta ranching seems decidedly good, and we believe the present season will once more demonstrate the fact that a well managed cattle rancho is better than a gold mine.—Calgary Herald.

THE SUPERANNUATION FUND.

When the Liberals get the tariff off their hands they will find a work out for them in dealing with the superannuation question. There is no reason why the people should be taxed to keep it up; there will be no dearth of good men for the fund if it is abolished. But if the system is to be maintained, it should be made self-sustaining. Out of the federal treasury, or abolish it entirely.—Fort Hope Guide.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

In regard to the names of mines, there ought, for the protection of mine owners, be, for it is within his authority. It would become then the duty of the British Columbia legislature to re-enact the law, and if it were disallowed to re-enact it again. If the coal lands were en-

times as valuable as they are, they would be sought after as eagerly with a right of the people of this Province to legislative independence on local questions. Our protest is now against what we do not hesitate to class as a most impudent attempt to usurp the functions of the local legislature. We suggest that the local house should place itself squarely on record on this question at the earliest possible day.

The Roslander thinks it possible to have too much foreign capital brought into the Province for the development of our mines. We can hardly agree with this proposition. It is quite true that when outsiders control our mines the dividends are not spent in the Province as a rule, but if we only carried on such business in British Columbia as was beneficial to the people of the Province alone, there would be a curtailment of enterprise to an extent that would paralyze industry and destroy the value of property. The Roslander would do well to return to its original policy of inviting all the outside capital possible to come into the Province.

We all knew what it meant to be "in it," or "strictly in it"; but it has taken the Fall court to decide what it means to be "in on it." Is there a precedent for a judicial interpretation of a slang expression? Whether there is or not the court was certainly dead-to-rights on it. So our clerical language grows, for we assume that hereafter to be "in on it" becomes the Queen's English. It is one of the Jubilee contributions to the world encircling tongue.

Once more we must correct the evening prevaricator. Mr. Bryden did not follow the advice of the Colonist in the anti-Chinese bill. Mr. Macpherson did, however. He expressly declared himself in favor of the general bill, because it would obviate the necessity of putting the clause in private bills, which was all that the Colonist advised.

The prospect of Canadian fast line of steamers on the Atlantic has revived the demand in the United States for a differential duty on goods carried in American bottoms. Uncle Sam has a good solid grip on his boot straps, and is straining hard to pull himself out of the mire. The harder he pulls, the deeper he is likely to sink.

The Republican Chicago Tribune is the latest and one of the most vigorous of protesters against the Dingley tariff bill. It singles out the wool duties and says that their reimposition will be a gross "political" and "financial" blunder. Signs multiply that the Republican party is going to pieces over the tariff question.

The suggestion is now made that the Crow's Nest Pass railway ought not to be built until it has been ascertained that the property of Kootenay is permanent. Of the permanency there is no doubt. What this class of objectors mean by permanent is eternal.

The San Francisco Chronicle thinks that Queen Victoria wants to abdicate, but that the ministry will not consent for fear of a revolution. Great head, the Chronicle man has, certainly.

A Kansas legislature has introduced a bill to enact the Ten Commandments with a specific penalty affixed to each.

The unspcakable Turk seems to say nothing but get there just the same.

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WE STAND ALONE...



So far we are ahead of our competitors. Just watch "OUR SHOW" they will make you stop and think a minute before purchasing. We use CASE PRIZES and QUALITY for our ammunition and they make things hum. Our shots for this week:

St. Charles Cross, 10c. tin.  
Port and Ross, 20c. tin, are the best thing for Fishing, Sport, and  
Fishes, Pans, Tins and Aprons, 20c. tin.  
Great Ball, 10c. tin, for 25c.  
Our Blind Box, 20c., and Golden Ball at 40c. a duty on Tin.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

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OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

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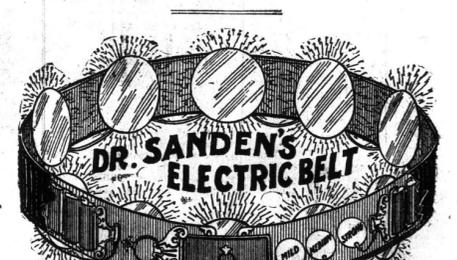
IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors Worcester: Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Olmeca generally. RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

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THE FIRE OF LIFE!

The Wonderful Vitalizing Electric Currents Which Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt Sends Leaping Over the Nerves, Carrying Joy and Gladness to the Heart, Saturating the Body With the Fire of Youth—It Makes Old Men Young and Young Men Manly.



Every Spark is a wave of Animal Life Sweeping Into the Body—every moment it Provides New Energy.

Its Touch is the Touch of Magnetism—the Healthful Essence of Vitality That Makes Men Strong.

Men, why will you be weak? Why do you not listen to the flight of time, to the echo of the thousands of grateful voices raised in thanks to Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt? Why do you go on from day to day realizing that you are losing your nerve force, your manhood, when you see a one within your grasp? Each, for it, take it by your heart, and feel the life blood flowing, jumping, dancing through your veins; feel the exhilarating spark of manly power warm your frame, the bright flash come to your eyes, and the firm grip to your hand—the grip which elaps your fellowman and tells him that you have found a Mecca—you have regained your manhood. Act to-day; do not delay a matter which is the key to your future happiness; do not allow a disease to destroy all possibility of future pleasure for you. Whatever your condition to-day, you will not improve as you grow older. Age calls for greater vital force, and the older you get the more pronounced and apparent will your weakness; so cure it now—cure it.

WHILE YOU ARE YOUNG

The time is ripe. While the vital spark is still warm it can easily be fanned to flame by Electricity, and Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt will make you strong if you try it now. No man can appreciate the depth of this subject who does not study it. No one knows when he is weak unless he compares his condition with another; no one knows the means of curing unless some one tells him. Five hundred grateful men describe their cure by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt for your benefit in the little book, "Three Classes of men," which will be sent sealed, free, by mail. Call or address

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EDUCATION.

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Re-Opens Monday, January 11

For Boarding or Day Prospects apply PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, N.A. 1st-24th

THIRTY-NINE

BOOM! BOOM!!

Big Guns of the Campehard the Cretons Vicious Effects Insurgents Wallop the Powers Are To For Them.

CAMBRIDGE, Crete, March 31.

gents by a bold stroke occurred on the south side of Suda Bay. They were promptly the British, Austrian and ships. At daybreak the fire commenced and the Cretons from their positions. The firing ceased they other attempt to recover and the warships resumed morning, in describing the by the foreign warships of taken by the insurgents. Each vessel was in the evening, that when it began the attack Col. H. to the admirals that they a mixed force of 600 men to insurgents from the position behind a strong stone wall. The Austrian and minals were opposed to take action to bombardment. In the morning the Cretons in full swing. The Turli Fortizedden could only part in the firing as most directed seaward, but it shelled the insurgents in with little effect. An ho force was mentioned in the morning, the signal station to bombard. The first then H. M. S. finally the Austrian gun. Each vessel was in the evening, that when it began the attack Col. 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