



Vol. VIII; 8th Year of Publication.]

OTTAWA, ONT., CANADA, JANUARY 2, 1895.

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**The Complete Cabinet.**

The Sir Mackenzie Bowell has completed his Cabinet and it stand as follows:

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- Without portfolio—Mr. Walter Humphries Montague.
- Without portfolio—Mr. Donald Ferguson.
- Not in Cabinet:—
- Solicitor-General of Canada—Mr. John Jos. Curran, Q.C.
- Controller of Customs—Mr. Nathaniel Clarke Wallace.
- Controller of Ireland Revenue—Mr. John Fisher Wood.

**KINGSTON, ONT.**

Bro. J. H. Metcalfe, M.P., Entertains a Large Gathering.

A most gratifying success was the concert in Leicester Lodge, S. O. E. rooms last evening. The snug and cosy lodge-room, appropriately decorated with pictures of the Queen, with British and Canadian flags, and other appropriate emblems, was crowded to its utmost capacity, and a number of expectant ones were unable to find seats. Rev. R. F. Sabrevois Mission, Montreal, occupied the chair. In opening the programme he delivered a most effective address on the aims and objects of the S. O. E. He spoke of the unwavering loyalty of Englishmen to the Old Motherland, but said that they were no less loyal and true to Canada, because of their love for the land of their birth. The reverend gentleman pointed out the great good the Society is doing, what it has done in the past, and predicted that it would do still greater good in the future.

Miss H. Taylor opened the musical part of the programme with a piano solo, very effectively executed. Mr. J. C. Swain sang a solo with very good effect. A piano duet by Easton and Kane, and an instrumental duet (mouth-organ and piano) by Mr. and Miss Summerby, were loudly and deservedly applauded.

Bro. J. H. Metcalfe, M.P., gave a reading, and in response to an encore read "The Widow at Windsor." A piano duet by the Misses Swain, a song by S. Thornton, a piccolo solo by C. Jones, and a vocal solo by Miss Summerby followed, and each one deserved fully the cordial applause accorded. Mr. Leitch gave a reading very acceptably. C. Scrutton recited in a clever style, and Messrs. Routley and Porteous gave an instrumental duet (guitar and

mandolin) in their usual finished style. The programme was brought to a close by a reading by Mr. Salisbury. The chairman made a few fitting remarks; the audience sang "God Save the Queen" and dispersed, voting thanks to Leicester Lodge for an exceedingly enjoyable evening.

**AT HOME.**

The annual "at Home" of the Guildford Lodge S. O. E. Benevolent Society, took place in the K. of P. Hall on Monday.

An excellent programme was well rendered by local talent, and a plentiful supply of tea, coffee and cakes was duly appreciated.

Special mention should be made of a poem entitled "The Dismal Swamp," which has been composed by one of our fellow townsmen, and is a very creditable production. It was well read by Mr. S. Gregory. The members of the Order are to be congratulated and deserve the thanks of their friends for an evening agreeably and profitably spent.—Fort William Echo.

London *Forward Post* says: The reconstruction of the Canadian Cabinet is satisfactory evidence of the stable condition of the political affairs in the Dominion. When Sir John Macdougall died, enemies and dependant friends prophesied the gradual success of the policy which intriguing republicans had striven for. Two ministries have come and gone without any check on the policy of the great political master. We now are able to greet a third, marshalled under another old pupil.

Lord Roberts has been making another interesting little speech on the condition of the army in India. When he first went there the soldiers had no refuge, when off duty, save the canteen, and the canteens were crowded. Then regimental institutes were established, and became successful rivals of the drinking bars. The men developed a taste for the perusal of light literature, and Lord Roberts declares that when he left India the reading-rooms were crowded and the canteen empty. Something of the same sort is going on in England. The free libraries of the cities are largely attended, and licensed victuallers are complaining of the slackness of trade.

Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, in his reminiscences of the Crimea in 1854 and 1855, tells a story of a fighting general who, during the conflict, was seen wherever bullets fell most thickly. When not visible his voice was heard encouraging his men with a vocabulary borrowed from "the army in Flanders," which Sir Evelyn says will not hear repetition. "Years after he was appointed to the Aldershot command, and Her Majesty happened to ask, 'Has the new general yet taken up his command?' 'Yes, Your Majesty,' was the apt reply, 'he swore himself in yesterday.'"—West-Gazette.

Major J. M. Richardson of London, Eng., who is stopping at the Windsor, Montreal, yesterday said to a reporter: "It will require a big European war to clear the atmosphere and I rather think the complications in the east will cause a European disturbance. England was the nucleus of a splendid army and the war spirit is just as strong in the hearts of the English as it ever was. I believe, in case of war, England could raise an army of a million men on very short notice."

**THE ADVOCACY OF OUR CAUSE.**

**THE POLITICAL RELATIONS OF THE ORDER.**

Editor ANGLO-SAXON:

SIR,—Your valuable paper comes to hand welcome each time. There is one thing that to me seems very peculiar, and that is why more Englishmen do not take the ANGLO-SAXON? Surely we are not cowards! Those who have joined the S. O. E. know what we have promised to do, and those who have not joined ought to do so. Why should there be any distinction between Englishmen, when it comes to a question of nationality? The sick and poor, the gifted, and those of less ability, (as Scotchmen) pull together, then why not we too? One can help another in any sphere of life. There is always some place to put a man if he will use his good will. Let me ask, are we carrying out our object of aiding one another? Have any of our brothers been treated coldly by those in authority? Has any brother who has been trying to aid our cause and help a brother been discouraged by the hints cast out that the S. O. E. did not pull together, by such remarks as: "well, Englishmen are too independent; you cannot hold them; they will aid others first to prove how independent they are; they can be set against one another; their lack of unity is our strength; we are not afraid of the Englishmen; he always help us, and tells his brother Englishmen he don't know anything." Why one or two have said to me: "look at your Order;" "you are always changing your head; you must have a new man every year;" "you cannot agree to keep a good man when you get him;" "about the time he begins to know the Order out he passes and leaves you, and as you cannot re-place him, some ambitious man, whether with ability or not, is pushed into office and a change is made;" the Sup. Secy. and Treas., alone are the standbys;" "take any other society, the Catholic B. Ass., the A.O.U.W. the Foresters and others, they retain a good man who has shown his willingness to work for the good of the society, but the S.O.E. must change." This will never gain us strength; we must change all this or else we will soon be starting down the hill. Does the Orango Order change their Grand Master every year? No. Neither does any other Order that gets to feel and use its strength. Let us make up our minds that once change this mode of putting a new man in every year. Let us select a good man and keep him two or four, or five years, if he gains us strength. That word "strength" means a good deal. I am writing strongly on this point for I am sure our Order has suffered in the past from the constant changing of the Sup. Grand President. If Englishmen are to be brought together and united for their own and this country's good, they must give a man at their head time and opportunity to materialize any plan he may have for completing the organization of their order and get the continually increasing parts brought together in adhesion. If not, the scattered mass is going to have no position, no strength. If Grand Lodge is going to allow some noisy brother or two, who may imagine they know all, to occupy the time of the Session by the continual jumping-to-

the-foot act, trying to put all others down by their noisy shouting of their views upon the floor of G.L., then it is a foregone conclusion that good men will soon tired of trying to help this order to a front position. I have seen men at Grand Lodge who, if they could only have seen themselves as others did, would never open their mouths in Grand Lodge again, yet these same men want to dictate to the rest of the body, and almost insult any brother who differs with them. This cannot be tolerated. If our noble Order is going to succeed we must have calm and free discussion, otherwise we will lose the influence of our best members. If we are to help ourselves in political matters and affairs of state we must learn where our strength lies. We have in some constituencies a strong pull and can aid, or otherwise, the candidate. Then we must have these constituencies pointed out. The members in them must be made aware of how matters are going. If our members are snubbed we must resent the treatment and learn the party who has committed such an uncalled for act that the S.O.E. will not support a man that does it, and will not tolerate anything but a courteous treatment of their members. If we are brought together on this basis we will soon make our strength felt. I do not advocate an expectance of favors, but I do advocate the refusing to support any party or member of a government that treats any of our officers with scant courtesy, fails to keep a promise made, or tries to get rid of any of our officers by unfair or deceptive treatment. Let such a man be made known to the Order quietly, and when the proper time comes, remember him. Take no nonsensical excuses for his not doing so. Hit as one man, and let our blows be felt, if not everywhere, wherever we can.

I shall give you another letter or two if possible before next meeting of Grand Lodge. I want the members of lodges, and delegates, to read and think these matters over. "Keep your council and pull together and you will get there."

Yours truly,  
ONE WHO KNOWS.

**MONTREAL NOTICE.**

The brethren of Montreal will please note that Bro. Wm. Hammersly, will receive subscriptions on behalf of the ANGLO-SAXON. All business transacted by him will be accepted by us.

A large amount of lodge news is unavoidably crowded out; it will appear in next issue.

Lodge Secretaries should see that their cards are properly changed—notify us by post card of the changes to be made.

From June, 1891, to November, 1893, the French Government enrolled 4,556,000 men, near three-fourths of whom died in battle of wounds or of diseases contracted in the field.

In 1869, the years of the opening of the Suez Canal, the tonnage of ships entered at Hong Kong was 2,600,000; three years later it had risen to 3,800,000; last year it was 7,177,025; the total tonnage (entered cleared) being 14,349,122. This places Hong-Kong first in the lists of the ports of the British empire though London and Liverpool run it pretty close. Fifty years ago, when ceded to England by the treaty of Nankin, in 1842, it was a desolate island.

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PAGES OF BRITISH HISTORY.

Historical Battles—Noteworthy Events in the Story of the Creation of the British Empire.

Seringapatam, 1799.

Continued from last issue.

The sun had now set, and still the body of the tyrant had not been found; but about dark General Baird, in consequence of some information he had received from a chief of rank, came with lights to the dark and corpse-encumbered archway, accompanied by the killadar of the fort and some Highlanders, to search for the body of the sultan; and after much labour it was found under a heap of slain, and carried to the inside of the gate. Over and around him there lay seventy dead bodies in a space of four feet wide by twelve long. The body was still warm, and his scimitar was firmly clenched in his hand. His dead face wore a stern expression. His magnificent turban, his jacket, and jewel-studded sword-belt, were gone; but an officer who was present, "by permission of the general," states the "Asiatic Register, 1798-9," "took from off the right arm the talisman, which contained, sewed up in pieces of fine flowered silk, an amulet of a brittle metallic substance of the colour of silver, and some manuscripts in magic, Arabic, and Persian characters, the purport of which, had there been any doubt, would have sufficiently assured the identity of the sultan's body."

The troops of the Nizam beheld the latter with fierce exultation, and cried guttural Hindostanee again and again—

"Sri-Runga-Puttum is taken! The tyrant is dead! His sons and family are captives! His treasures are ours!"

The body was placed respectfully in a palanquin, by order of General Baird, whose prison, where he lay, says the "Register," "for nearly four years in irons," was barely three hundred yards from where the sultan was found. The general was said to have been a man of so passionate and impetuous a nature, that the first exclamation of his mother, on learning that he and another officer were in fetters together, as we have elsewhere stated, was—

"Lord, pity the man that is chained to our David!"

He secured the standard of Mysore. It was of light green silk—the holy colour—with a red hand in its centre, and was never displayed but on the palace of Seringapatam. General Harris sent it to Fort William.

The tidings of Tipoo's death filled the sultans and the ladies of his zenana, who were above 600 in number, with consternation; but General Baird sent an officer to assure them of his protection.

"His attention to the sultana," says Vicomte de Vaux, "who truly sincere, and does him equal honour. This lady is delicately formed, and the lines of her face are so placid, that a physiognomist would have little difficulty to pronounce her of a tranquil and amiable temper. Her dress was a robe of white muslin, spotted with silver, from which hung a pastagon, consisting of an emerald and ruby of considerable size, surrounded by a profusion of brilliants. She is about twenty years of age, and for a complete form and captivating appearance rivalled all Mysore."

Among the prisoners whom Sir David Baird found confined in dark and loathsome dungeons were several British officers whose friends had long numbered them with the dead, and a lineal descendant of the last Hindoo king of Mysore, who had been dethroned by Hyder Ali. Three millions of treasure were found in the palace.

Next day Sir David Baird was abruptly commanded to deliver up the keys of the town to Colonel Wellesley, who, as it happened, had no active share in the capture, but was appointed to the post of governor by his brother, the marquis. "And thus," wrote Baird, in the bitterness of his heart, "before the sweat was dry on my brow, I was superseded by an inferior!" That "inferior officer" was the future Duke of Wellington, whose whole career Sir David lived to see.

In consequence of his services in the capture, he was presented, by the united voice of the army, with the state sword of Tipoo Sahib, which we believe, is still preserved at his family seat of Ferntower, in Perthshire.

Many gigantic tigers which Tipoo had confined in the place were—according to Major Price's Memoirs—destroyed by a platoon of the 33rd Regiment. During the siege and assault, from the 4th of April to the 4th of May inclusive, our losses were 22 officers killed

and 45 wounded; 181 British soldiers were killed and 622 wounded. The casualties among the native troops amounted to 530.

General Harris, who commanded at the siege, was raised to the peerage in 1815, as Baron Harris, of Seringapatam and Mysore.

Two days before the fall of Seringapatam (says Charles Grant, the Vicomte de Vaux), Tipoo held "durbar," or council, which was attended by all his chiefs, who advised him to cede more territory to his besiegers; but he declined, on the plea that they had already more than half his dominions. The story of Seringapatam cannot be concluded better than by quoting the just catastrophe which was predicted of the tyrant, by an eminent writer: "He would continue to advance till he came to a point from which there was no receding; and then, like a stag at bay, he would terminate his terrible career of despotism, and oppression."

FAINTED IN CHURCH.

THE DEPLORABLE CONDITION OF A YOUNG LADY IN BROCKVILLE.

A Case that Created Much Interest—Weak Almost Bloodless and Frequently Comed to her Bed—Again Enjoying Complete Health.

From the Brockville Recorder.

Readers of the Recorder have no doubt followed with interest the many instances related in these columns of recoveries—sometimes of a very remarkable nature, of persons affected with diseases of different kinds, by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Apart from the marvellous recoveries, the accounts were interesting to the people of Brockville and vicinity from the fact that this town is the home of Dr. Williams' Co., and the place where the celebrated medicine is made. The family of Mr. Thomas Humble, residents on Park street north, furnish a case of such recovery no less notable than many previously published, that will be of particular interest in this community. Mr. Humble is an employe of Bowie & Co., brewers, and is well known and highly respected by many of our citizens. The member of his family whose cure we have mentioned, is his eldest daughter Carrie, a girl of about nineteen years of age. The facts in the case were brought to the notice of the RECORDER by Mr. Wm. Birk, a well known merchant tailor, who on one occasion assisted in removing Miss Humble, was attacked with a fit of extreme weakness while attending service in the George street Methodist church. The other evening a reporter visited the home of the family in question, and upon stating his mission to Mrs. Humble, the story of the case was briefly related, not however, with any desire for notoriety, but rather a determination on her part that it should be given if it might in the least be of benefit to others similarly afflicted. According to her mother's story, Miss Humble's illness dates back to the summer of 1893. Her trouble was extreme weakness and exhaustion, caused by weak and watery blood. She was subject to severe headaches, heart palpitation, and other symptoms which follow a deranged condition of the blood. Often while down street on business the young lady would become so exhausted by the walk as to be scarcely able to get home, and she was frequently confined to her bed for weeks at a time, and had to have her meals carried to her. For a period of over three years she was almost continually under medical treatment. The doctor's medicine would prove of benefit while being taken, but as soon as the treatment was discontinued, the patient would become worse. Her friends were much discouraged and feared she would not recover. In the winter of 1893 Mrs. Humble read of a similar case where a cure was brought about by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This prompted her to give them a trial in her daughter's case, who was at the time so weak that she could not leave her room. The result was remarkable. There was soon a mark of improvement, and by the time two boxes were used Miss Humble appeared to be so much recovered that the treatment was discontinued. But it later became evident that the patient had not been fully restored, for after a few months there was a return of the trouble. Miss Humble was sent to some friends in the United States in the hope that a change of air would prove beneficial, but she returned to home worse than when she went away. Her mother was then determined to

give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a further trial, and the result proved most gratifying, as the girl's health has been completely restored, and she is to-day as well and strong as any girl of her age. Mrs. Humble also corroborated her mother's statements, and they can be vouched for by many of her friends in the church, the Sunday school and others.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an unfailing cure for all troubles resulting from poverty of the blood or shattered nerves, and where given a fair trial they never fail in cases like the above related. Sold by all dealers, or sent post-paid at 50 cents a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. See that the registered trade mark is on all packages.

NEW LODGE CARDS.

With pleasure we draw the attention of the members to the three new Lodge Cards, which appear for the first time in our columns:

TORONTO.

Richmond No. 65—F. Tofts, president; J. Wingfield, Sen., secretary, 580 Givens street.

Preston No. 67—C. Weatherill, president; J. J. Pritchard, secretary, 93 Beaconsfield Ave.

MERRITTON, ONT.

Union Jack No. 201—J. B. Jackson, president; John Pullan, secretary.

P.S.—Have your card inserted.

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Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Pa.

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THE ANGLO-SAXON.

AIMS OBJECTS, AND BENEFITS OF THE SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

Organized in Toronto, December 15th, 1874.

To Englishmen and Sons of Englishmen:

The mission of the Society is to bring into organized union all true and worthy Englishmen; to maintain their national institutions and liberties and the integrity of the British Empire; to foster and keep alive the loving memory of Old England, our native and Mother land; to elevate the lives of its members in the practice of mutual aid and true charity—caring for each other in sickness and adversity and following a deceased brother with fraternal care and sympathies, when death comes, to earth's resting place.

Great Financial Benefits, viz.: Sick pay, Doctor's attendance and medicine and Funeral Allowance are accorded. Healthy men between the ages of 15 and 60 years are received into membership. Honorary members are also admitted. Roman Catholic Englishmen are not eligible.

Reverence for and adherence to the teachings of the Holy Bible is insisted on.

Party politics are not allowed to be discussed in the lodge room.

The Society is secret in its proceedings to enable members to protect each other and prevent imposition—for which purpose an initiation Ritual is provided, imposing obligations of fidelity to the principles of the Society on all who join it.

The Society is making rapid growth and has lodges extending over Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores, having a membership upwards of 12,000 at present, the ratio of increase being far greater as the Society's influence and usefulness is better known. Lodges have been started South Africa

and will soon probably be started in England, etc.

The Beneficiary (Insurance) Department is providing insurance to the members for \$1,000 or \$2,000 as desired, at the minimum cost, unsurpassed by any other fraternal Society in Canada, and is conducted on the assessment system. The assessments are graded. A total disability allowance is also covered by the certificates in class "A." There are no disability claims in class "B." No Englishmen need join other organizations when the inducements of this Department are considered.

Englishmen forming and composing new lodges derive exceptional advantages in the initiation fees, and 12 good men can start a lodge.

In our lodge rooms social distinctions are laid aside and we meet on the common level of national brotherhood, in patriotic association for united counsel and effort in maintaining the great principles of our beloved Society. As such we can appeal to the sympathetic support of all true Englishmen—asking them to cast in their lot with us, thereby swelling the grand roll of those bound together in fraternal sympathies and in devotion to England and the grand cause of British freedom.

Any further information will be cheerfully given by the undersigned.

JOHN W. CARTER, Grand Secretary.

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POST OFFICE, OTTAWA

DECEMBER, 1894.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Table with columns for CLOSE, MAILS, and DUE. Lists various mail routes and their respective arrival and departure times.

BRITISH MAILES. 1 45 Monday, 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st. Via New York. 1 45 Tuesday, 11th, 18th, Supplementary. Via New York. 1 45 Thursday, 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th. Via New York. 5 15 Thursday, 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th. Via Halifax. 1 45 Friday, 7th, 21st, Supplementary. Via New York. 1 45 Saturday, 1st, 22nd. Via New York. 5 00 Parcel Post Dispatched with these mails.

Letters for registration must be post-paid fifteen minutes previous to the time of closing the last mails. Post Office, Ottawa, December, 1894. Office hours from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Money Order, Office and Saving Bank from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. J. A. GOULD, Postmaster.



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SALE OF TIMBER.

THERE will be offered for sale by public auction at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday the 17th day of March next, 1884 at 3 o'clock p.m., the Pine Spruce and Tamarac Timber over nine inches in diameter at the stump now standing on the Temiscamingue Indian Reserve, which contains an area of sixty square miles and is situated at the head of Lake Temiscamingue, in the County of Pontiac and Province of Quebec.

The Purchaser will be allowed ten years from date of sale for the removal of the Timber and a license will be issued to him subject to the Timber Regulations of the Department. The Bonus shall be payable in Cash, over and above the ordinary Crown Dues chargeable under Tariff of the Department, viz Pine \$1.00 per M. ft. B. M., Spruce \$0.80 per M. ft. B. M., and Tamarac \$2.00 per M. ft. B. M.

The sale will be subject to an upset price and the right to authorize the cutting and removal of timber of other descriptions by Indians is reserved by the Department.

HAYTER REED, Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs. Ottawa, 3rd Dec. 1884.

District Deputies.

The following are the District Deputy Grand Lodge officers whose appointments have been confirmed by the Supreme Executive:-

ONTARIO.

- C. F. Chanter, Box 629, Chatham. R. Wray, London. A. J. Neil, St. Thomas. Thos. Jackson, Clinton. G. H. Jackson, Box 416, Brantford. J. Poland, Stratford. C. Squire, Box 526, Galt. J. Taylor, Guelph. W. P. Lyon, Niagara Falls. John Jackson, 43 West Ave. south, Hamilton. John Nettleton, Collingwood. G. W. Sibbett, Parry Sound. F. L. Somerville, Lindsay. Jos. Clatworthy, Hampton. E. R. Blow, Whitby. A. E. Bailey, Campbellford. E. M. Smith, Kingston. E. W. Haydon, Almonte. Thos. Ferguson, West Toronto. Geo. Evans, Centre Toronto. H. Dobell, East Toronto. H. Aisthorpe, North Toronto.

Special District Deputy, Bro. W. L. HUNTER.

QUEBEC.

- G. A. Hoerner, Richmond. T. Teakle, City of Quebec.

NOVA SCOTIA.

- A. S. Dodson, New Glasgow.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

- A. D. Thomas, Fredericton.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

- J. H. Bell, Charlottetown.

Nipissing District.

- J. B. Veach, Sudbury.

Port Arthur District.

- Geo. Clark, Port Arthur.

MANITOBA.

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- No. 2 DISTRICT—Morden eastward to Winnipeg—Bro. Garrett.

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EXTRACTS FROM CONSTITUTION.

Rule 96.—Each Lodge shall, at its institution, consist of not less than twelve members, who must be daughters of Englishmen; but at no time shall have more than eight male financial members, who must be members of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, and every lodge can admit an unlimited number of male honorary members, who must be members of the S.O.E.B.S.

Rule 79.—The Initiation Fees into this Order shall be paid in every case before the candidate is initiated. All candidates shall pay according to the under-mentioned graduated scale, (Charter members excepted), should they desire to join as financial members:

Table with 2 columns: Age range and Fee. 15 to 25 years: \$2.00; 25 to 35: 2.50; 35 to 45: 3.00; 45 to 50: 3.50.

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We are anxious to have a lodge of the Society in every town in the Dominion. Any information respecting the formation of new lodges will be cheerfully given by the following Grand Executive officers:-

- MRS. C. F. SMITH, Box 405, Whitby, GRAND PRESIDENT. E. W. TRUMP, GRAND VICE-PRESIDENT. LEONARD G. CROSS, TORONTO, Address, 604 Gerrard St. E., GRAND SECRETARY. JOSEPH SHONE, TORONTO, GRAND TREASURER. FRANK H. REVELL HAMILTON, GRAND PAST-PRESIDENT.

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Rose of England No. 23, meets in the S.O.E. Hall Belleville, on second and fourth Friday of each month. Visitors always welcome. F. Waymark, Pres. Miss A. Corham, Sec.

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Princess Mary No. 11—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays in S. O. E. Hall, corner of Wellington and King Wm. Streets Hamilton. Visitors always welcome. W. White, Sec., Sarah Norah Hull, Pres. 231 Wellington st.

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Queen Victoria No. 1, D. O. E. B. S., Hamilton, meets in Reliance Hall, corner James and Rebecca Sts., on the first and third Fridays of each month. Visitors always welcome. B. Butten, Pres. Mrs. J. Haney, Sec., 137 Mary street.

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ST. THOMAS, ONT.

Princess Louise, No. 3, D. O. E. B. S., St. Thomas, meets in their Hall Talbot Street, on 1st and 3rd Monday of every month. Visitors welcome. E. W. Trump, Sec., J. Leach, Pres. 154 Manitoba st.

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NOTICE TO READERS.

THE ANGLO-SAXON goes regularly to Sons of England lodges and branches of the St. George's Society in all parts of Manitoba, the British Northwest Territories of Canada, British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; to branch societies of the Sons of St. George in all parts of the United States, to Clubs, Reading Rooms, Emigration Societies and similar institutions in Great Britain and Ireland, and to British citizens generally throughout Canada, the States, Great Britain and the Empire.

THE LESSON OF THE HOUR.

When a great man dies his example and his work are immediately utilized "to point a moral and adorn a tale" by different sections of his countrymen in various ways, according to their various leanings. There is, therefore, no reason why the Sons of England, the friends of a United Empire, and loyal Canadians generally should not notice some of the circumstances attending the death of Sir John Thompson, with the view of deriving from them a lesson of encouragement and for guidance in the future.

The last public utterances of the late Premier of Canada were heard at a meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute, where a paper on the "national significance of the Ottawa Conference" was read by Sir Henry Wrixon. Sir John concluded his remarks on the paper with these words: "The day has come not only when the colonies should be united more closely together, but when they should be more practically useful in connection with the heart of the Empire itself." It is not so long since people were content to be satisfied merely with the maintenance of British connection. But now, a stronger sentiment has been voiced by Sir John Thompson; the bands which unite us with the Empire are not only to be maintained but made permanent and strengthened. That was the principle which Sir John Thompson followed in many of his public acts, and it has become the policy of the present government of Canada and of the Conservative party.

Here, then, is progress for which we have great cause to feel encouraged. Not only so, but a stronger feeling of kinship and regard for the peoples of the outer Empire than ever existed before seems to animate the English people and government. It is plain also that these feelings are shared by Her Majesty the Queen. The Royal Lady has a kind word for her loyal and courageous Canadian subjects, and when she embraced the daughter of the dead premier, it seemed as if the act included the whole Dominion. Further, the English government becomes truly Imperial in its character by causing the highest honours to be paid to the remains of Sir John Thompson all the way from Windsor Castle to the place of interment in Nova Scotia. There was also admirable discernment of the fitness of things on their part in causing the *Blenheim* to assist at his funeral, for he was one of those British statesmen who successfully did their best to prevent the occasions from arising which require the intervention of such magnificent engines of war.

The tragic death of the great statesman created a sensation which cannot fitly be described by any words of ours. But the following words, written by Disraeli, regarding the death of Lord George Bentinck, nearly fifty years ago, seem very appropriate now: "Then it was that, the memory of the past and the hope of the future blending together, all men seemed to mourn over this untimely end, and there was that pang in the public heart which accompanies the unexpected disappearance of a strong character." It is worthy of remark that both statesmen died suddenly, both were conservatives and protectionists and both were leaders in the great fight of patriotism against cosmopolitanism which is still

going on. But while Lord George died contending against the overwhelming force of the enemy who were favoured by time-servers and flushed with victory, Sir John ended his career, at its culmination, immediately after receiving the reward of his efforts at the hands of his Sovereign, and when to all appearance the Unionist forces are gaining the upper hand and vanquishing the influences which make for the disintegration of the Empire.

We who have our stations in the rank and file of the Unionist army may well take courage in view of these events, and also in looking back at others which have transpired during the past year. It is for us to watch and guard against all tendencies towards separatism or secession. The humblest subject of Her Majesty has some influence, which, if rightly directed, may produce abundant fruit. We cannot do better than take to heart the example of him whose voice will no more be heard in the midst of our legislators. Let us like him strive to do our duty, remembering the words of Tennyson:—

Not once or twice in our fair island story, The path of duty was the way to glory: He, that ever following her commands, On with toil of heart and knees and hands, Through the long gorge to the far light has won His path upward, and prevail'd, Shall find the toppling crags of Duty scal'd, Are close upon the shining table lands To which our God himself is moon and sun.

ROSEBERY'S DILEMMA.

The political cauldron in England is beginning to seethe and broth, and the process will probably increase in energy as the opening of parliament (which takes place on the 5th Feb.) approaches. Party zeal provides the fuel and party leaders surround the cauldron, like the witches in Macbeth, mumbling their incantations, and contributing each their selected pieces of material to improve the broth of the coming session. Irish home rule, Scotch and Welsh disestablishment, local veto, evicted tenants, social measures, the upper chamber, and no chamber at all have all their advocates, who so darken counsel by their speech as to make it next to impossible to ascertain what is likely to be the policy of the Government. Lord Rosebery contributes very materially to this controversial stew, for every speech of his provokes other speeches or essays, furnishing different interpretations of the Premier's meaning. So obscure is the latter with regard to his proposals concerning the House of Lords that Mr. G. W. Smalley, the London correspondent of the *N. Y. Tribune*, closes his discussion of Lord Rosebery's intentions with these words: "Such is the inextricable maze of self-contradiction in which the Prime Minister has entangled himself."

We reproduce in this issue an article from the *London Times* in which this matter of reforming the Upper House is discussed from a conservative standpoint, and which no doubt represents the ideas of a considerable class of thinking people in the United Kingdom. It is well worth study and is remarkable for its candour, fairness and completeness. It proposes the abolition of hereditary seats in the Upper House, and the election of about two hundred peers to represent the whole nobility of the United Kingdom. It further advocates the selection, by the ministry of the day, of members to represent the cultivation and intelligence of the country. Strangely enough, there is in this article no direct reference to an idea which in these days is present to many minds, namely, that provision should be made for the representation of the outer Empire in the councils of the nation.

The scheme which Lord Rosebery proposed for the reform of the House of Lords in 1888 comprised the changes indicated in the *Times'* article, and also colonial representation. The reformed Upper House was to consist of (1) a delegation chosen from and by the existing peers, (2) persons elected by the county and municipal councils, (3) colonists of position, and (4) certain persons nominated by the ministry as their representatives.

In his Glasgow speech, which was delivered two weeks later than the date of the *Times'* article, he takes his stand against "ending" the House of Lords in these words: "I could have no part or parcel in leaving this country to the sole disposition of a single chamber." He also makes the following declaration as regards his method of "mending" it: "The power of any reformed second chamber would de-

pend not so much on the way in which it is constituted, as on the attributes which you assign to it. I can imagine (but that is far off yet) a second chamber on a popular basis, with power perhaps rather indirect than direct, perhaps in itself rather consultative than legislative, but which, at any rate, would remain as a High Court of Justice for the Empire, and which might act as a council, in which might be represented those interests of the Empire which are at present unrepresented in parliament." In this quotation the Empire is mentioned twice, and its whole tenor strengthens the impression that, if Lord Rosebery had full power, the House of Lords would not remain merely the Upper House of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, but would become an uppermost Imperial Chamber.

These utterances of the Premier of England are very satisfactory and, to Imperial Federationists, they seem to open out very brilliant prospects. But all our sanguine anticipations are clouded over by his speech at Devonport delivered on the 12th December. Although he declares the purpose of this speech to be to make the ministerial position with regard to the House of Lords as clear as any words of his can make it, the result of his statements has only been to call forth such remarks as those of Mr. Smalley above quoted. In his Glasgow speech Lord Rosebery mentions his attempts at reforming the House of Lords in 1884 and 1888, and at Devonport he claims to have made this question the study of his life. Nevertheless his last speech contains the following passages:—"I say then therefore—I say it confidently for every member of the Cabinet—that no such act of insanity as our proposing a reform of the House of Lords has ever for an instant occurred to us." "We have nothing to do with the present constitution of the House of Lords. We cannot touch it without the consent of the House of Lords." "It has never entered our heads to touch the constitution of the House of Lords."

"Our object is a perfectly direct one and a perfectly simple one—it is to secure the pre-dominance of the elected House over the hereditary House." "In our opinion the time has come when the right of the House of Lords to oppose an absolute veto to the legislation of the House of Commons should forever cease." How this right is to cease without touching the constitution of the House of Lords is a conundrum which may involve a play of words, but does not merit the consideration of sensible people.

It has been said that silence is golden and speech is silver, but Lord Rosebery's eloquence seems to be only "as sounding brass." There have been sphinx-like statesmen whose reticence has been taken for wisdom, but Lord Rosebery would appear to be a walking and a talking sphinx. Already there are indications that some of the London papers are ceasing to take his utterances seriously. A French writer calls him "a multiple personality." One of the reviews has an article on "The Seven Lord Roseberys" and Mr. Chamberlain declines to regard the Premier as a man but defines him to be a "Political Joint Stock Company, Limited."

This last word contains perhaps the explanation of the equivocal nature of Lord Rosebery's speeches. He is "limited," in fact hand-cuffed, by his colleagues and party. Although he has spoken at Sheffield, Bradford, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Devonport and Stratford, the leader of the House of Commons, Sir William Harcourt, remains "ostentatiously silent." Mr. Askwith and Mr. Bryce, although they have made speeches, do not disclose the Government's future policy regarding the House of Lords. The Cabinet is probably not united as regards this, and most likely have no plan to divulge. It is melancholy that Lord Rosebery should thus be forced to lose the great opportunity of his life. Let us hope that he will yet take a decided and manly stand for Upper House reform and the representation of the outer Empire, even although he should be deserted by his cabinet and wreck his party. These would be altogether minor calamities, for sooner or later the nations of the Empire would rally round him as an earnest reformer and a progressive statesman.

WELL CHOSEN.

By request of a prominent publishing firm, it is understood that Bro. J. Castell Hopkins is preparing a volume upon the "Life and Work of the Right Hon. Sir John Thompson." Mr. Hopkins is an admirable writer, and has a mass of material at his command. The work may therefore be expected to be interesting and valuable.

MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR.

The *Western World* of Winnipeg, in a recent issue has the following reference to the Hon. T. M. Daly:

"The Minister of the Interior, following up the plan he adopted last year, has again visited Manitoba and the Northwest Territories this year during recess, spending over a month in going through the various districts, meeting the people and transacting a large amount of departmental business. Unfortunately, owing to want of time, he was unable to visit British Columbia, or the Saskatchewan country, but as he went thoroughly through those districts last year, he has personal knowledge of them. The advantage of having a western man at the head of the Interior Department, nine-tenths of the business of which lies west of Lake Superior, is so apparent that when the time comes for a change of ministers, it must be recognized that the west is entitled to this portfolio in perpetuity. At the time of Mr. Daly's appointment a strong effort was made to put an eastern man in, one of the arguments being that in the administration of land matters, such for instance as disputed claims, a western minister would be hampered by local associations and obligations. The fallacy of this contention has been very clearly proved and the advantage of local knowledge has been clearly exhibited by Mr. Daly, who has shown a promptness in dealing with departmental matters, that none of his predecessors, from either side of the house, ever exhibited to anything like the same extent. As one of the pioneers of settlement in western Manitoba, living in the centre of an important agricultural district, he had a thorough knowledge of the situation in the prairie province, and he has added to his equipment in this respect by careful enquiry throughout the Territories and British Columbia."

SHOULD BE BETTER ACQUAINTED.

At this season of the year it is customary among the lodges to make visits of a fraternal nature, it is also done to a larger extent than at any other season by individual members. If the president will only use his position as presiding officer wisely, he will make all visitors at once feel that they are at home.

In city lodges it is almost universally the case that not more than one-tenth of the members are personally acquainted, and, although in the rural lodges, where every one is supposed to know the others yet it often happens that a newly affiliated brother will be compelled to sit through a whole evening without a single introduction to any of the other members. This is a shame and a disgrace. There is not a meeting at which the lodge may not be called from labor for ten or fifteen minutes in order to allow a general introduction of all who are strangers to each other. To merely come together and look at each other like a lot of stoical Indians is little less than barbarism itself. Let us put a stop to it. Let us have in the lodge a lot of jolly good friends, and if we admit a visitor let us make him one of the same sort, and if presiding officers will only learn their duty and get through in decent time, there will be no excuse for want of time to do all this. This is an age when lodges must be made attractive, and this is the way to do it. Make them lively.

WHAT IS NECESSARY.

Every Brother should be interested in the election of officers. Too much care cannot be taken in the selection of President and Secretary. Upon the latter officers depends largely the prosperity of the lodge. If you have a Secretary or Guide who has not worked to the interest of the Order, see that you get one. If they say, "once a month is often enough to meet; it makes me too much work to meet oftener," better give these men a rest. If you have a secretary who refuses to take a brother's assessments and sign his individual receipt book because he is not in the lodge-room, or at some particular place better let that officer have a vacation.

Lodges, to make them successful and prosperous, depends solely upon the high standing of its executive officers, and all details of each officer's work must be attended to at all times—come as a private business. A good word, and a willingness to meet all demands, made upon responsible officers and members is what is required. The non-responsible member will then take a deeper and more wider interest in his lodge, and will be the making of a reliable and energetic officer.

ENGLISHMEN SHOULD EMIGRATE.

MR. LEONARD COURTNEY'S ADDRESS TO BRITISH FARMERS AND LABOURERS.

The World is Wide, and Englishmen Should take Advantage of it—Canada as a New Home for Britons—An Interesting Address.

Mr. Leonard Courtney, who is one of the dozen of England's politicians, and the foremost of her debaters on the Conservative side, delivered an interesting speech in Cornwall a few weeks ago to a large audience of farmers and farm labourers. Everyone who knows anything of Mr. Courtney's political career, his wonderful powers of argument, his clear enunciation of difficult problems, and his wide knowledge of the world and generosity of opinion, cannot doubt that what he says is said only on the best and surest foundations, and with a strong conviction of its absolute truth. Mr. Courtney's knowledge of the British farmer is not limited, her having successfully represented East Cornwall division for many years successively. And what Mr. Courtney says to the English farmer is invariably received with enthusiasm and taken for granted.

The hon. gentleman was speaking at an agricultural competition of farm labourers, in various branches of their industry, and his address was consequently tinged with farming topics.

GOOD WORKMEN.

Whatever might be the ill fortunes of agriculture just now, said Mr. Courtney,—and nobody recognized and regretted it more than he did—this much at least they knew, that whether agriculture was in bad or good condition, it would be worse if the agricultural labourer was not a good workman. Whatever the skill of the farmer, whatever his enterprise, however quick he might be to introduce improved methods of husbandry, unless he had men and boys ready to catch up and follow out his ideas and give honest work, his plans must fall. At the base of society in the rural world stood the agricultural labourer, and the education of the labourer was the first condition of agricultural success.

COMPETITIONS RESULT IN GOOD WORK.

All these competitions continued Mr. Courtney, must have a great effect in stimulating the new generation of agricultural labourers to do that which some people said they had hitherto failed to do, namely, to equal the skill, the industry, the pertinacity of their predecessors. Some people were fond of saying that things were going to the bad, and that the old class of efficient labourers would soon be extinct. But he did not believe that at all. In his belief the new generation of agricultural labourers would be as good as their predecessors, and these competitions must tend to make them better—(hear, hear). After all, it was a matter of education. Men came there, saw in what points their work was excelled by others, and if they had any pluck and virtue in them, were able to profit by the comparison—(applause). He was glad to see that a great scheme of agricultural education was being developed throughout the country.

They were now being tried in competition with all the countries of the world. It was their skill against other men's skill, their labour against other men's labour, their honesty against other men's honesty, and if they were to keep the grand place which England had occupied in the past, they must be very careful not to be outstripped in any of these qualities.

LABOURERS MUST RISE.

But, after all, what was to become of the agricultural labourer? Some said he must always remain a labourer; there was no position to which he could rise. He did not believe that doctrine—(hear, hear). Even up to the present they had known of labourers who had risen to occupy small holdings and become successful farmers, and if there were to be greater facilities for the acquisition of allotments and land, they would see more examples of that in the future. But he should like to hold out to them a wider and nobler example still. Cornwall, after all, was but a small part of England, and England was but a small part of the vast agricultural world that the Queen governed; and just as Cornishmen had gone to Essex and other counties and were making some profit out of farms that others had not been able to cultivate with success, why should they not rise to the notion that the whole world was their farm, and that wherever the Queen's authority ruled, there they might go.



OPENINGS IN CANADA.

It used to be the case that a man who went to the United States and went west, was able to get a free grant of a farm of 100 acres, on which he could settle and build a home. These opportunities were perhaps exhausted so far as the United States were concerned, though in the western part of Canada the opening still existed. But what he should like to impress on agricultural labourers in this old country of England was, that it was no great trial of hardship to shift to Australia, New Zealand or Canada, to the other worlds which were open to their occupation, where they could, on easy terms, get land in all sizes to cultivate.

NO GOOD BEING HOME-TIED.

In England they could not be constantly breaking up a farm into small pieces, and then bringing the small pieces, together and making a farm of them. The difficulty of joining and separating pieces of land, and the loss of capital involved in the operation, were so considerable that farms in England could not easily be changed in their character. But in the countries to which he was directing their attention there was a great unoccupied world in which they select land of any size, and the freedom of combination and selection met all requirements. He recognised that it was not a pleasant, or an easy task, to talk to the people of this country of leaving their native land. But why was the world so broad? It was made so wide to give men room to wander upon it, and they must not cling too tenaciously to their affection for their old country where they were born and reared. There was no man who turned to Cornwall with greater affection, or more readily recognized and hailed a brother Cornishman wherever he wandered than he did. But they must rise above mere county feeling, and be ready to test their fortunes in other lands, conscious that they were safe wherever they travelled under the sun—(applause).

BRITAIN MUST COME OUT OF THE MUD.

Said Mr. Courtney in conclusion: English farmers and labourers must not allow themselves to stick in the mud and become fossilised, but be living, active, pliable, always ready to accept new chances, new conditions, new fortunes, under new skies and under new suns—(applause).

A Pyrotechnical Battle.

The spectators held their breath and not a murmur was heard from the vast sea of human beings, looking on at the grand spectacular drama being performed before their eyes.

The occasion is the storming of the Ice Palace, which is one of the chief attractions of a Canadian Winter Carnival. Fully ten thousand snow-shoers in picturesque blanket suits, supported by the militia and Indians, the latter decked out in his newest "war-path" toggery, including the all important feathers, advance to the attack. The gallant defenders of the ice palace are evidently expecting the foe and are uneasily turning their search lights in every direction. Meanwhile, by a peculiar system of lights the ice now appears glowing red as if the Castle were all afire, then its cornices andurrets turn a vivid green, quickly changing to all colors of the rainbow. The iridescent effect is dazzling, and the immense crowd is dumb with admiration. But hark, what is that hissing sound? All eyes are turned in the direction from which it comes. A thin vein of fire reaches high into the heavens and breaks into a thousand myriads of brilliant stars. An answering signal shoots into the sky from the ice forts. It is the signal for the attack to begin. Thousands of snow-shoers, Indians and the militia seem to rise from the ground, every one holding a torch, and bear down upon the Castle, pouring in volleys of rockets, colored lights, maroons and red hot shells until the heavens appeared like a canopy of fire. Nor have the defenders in the Castle been less active. They open upon the enemy with a whirlwind of fire, mines of crackers, volleys of sanctissims, dragon and fly rockets and flights of tourbillons. Ever and anon comes the explosion of mammoth shells. Then there are search light balloons, festoon rock-ets, signal rockets, containing the diamond chain and even musical rockets. The brilliancy of light and coloring in the volcanoes of living fire and curtains of golden flame and the magic changes of illumination, are bewildering. The changing appearance of the ice structures, as the variously colored fires are reflected upon or shine through their semi-transparent walls, is perfectly kaleidoscopic. And so the pretty pyrotechnical battle rages for over an hour with varying success. The sky is strewn with gold and silver, emerald and ruby, crimson and blue stars, and the air is heavy with the peculiarly exhilarating fumes of gunpowder and ruddy with the glow of fire. The scene throughout is grand beyond expression. Everything, however, must come to an end. The assailants go over the wall with a rush, and the main fortification falls into the hands of the enemy. Nothing is heard but that sighing murmur of the multitude which testifies to an admiration too deep for loud out-bursts of applause.

There are a number of new features never before attempted to be tried at the Carnival to be held at Ottawa, from January 21st to 26th which will be an exhibition of pyrotechnics which has never been equalled.

The House of Lords.

(From the "Times" of 1st Nov., 1894)

In his speech in Edinburgh Lord Salisbury laid much stress on the fact that what the Prime Minister has demanded at Bradford was not a reform of the Upper House, but a revolution in the State. At one time Lord Rosebery himself was, or appeared to be, in favour of the former course instead of the latter. He has now, however, in spite of his theoretical preference for a second Chamber, practically surrendered to those among his followers who are bent upon getting rid of its restraints, and has declared for the abrogation of the "veto" of the House of Lords, which he admits to be equivalent to its absolute nullification as a political force. But Lord Rosebery's secession does not affect the question whether it would not be wise and practicable to introduce certain changes in the constitution of the Upper House which would remove the only substantial objections that can be urged, with any show of reason, against that Branch of the Legislature. There are difficulties in the existing system which are felt by many of the most convinced supporters of the principles of a second Chamber. Those who believe that the House of Lords as at present constituted, has on the whole most admirably performed its functions in the State, and who deny that it has attempted permanently to obstruct the decided wishes of the nation, must desire to remove these difficulties. We cannot pretend, of course, that any change of this character would satisfy Lord Rosebery. What he and his party are aiming at is to establish the complete supremacy of the momentary majority in the House of Commons. Any second Chamber that endeavoured to do its duty as a checking power would be as obnoxious as the present House of Lords. But that is no reason for declining to consider a scheme of reform which would strengthen the Upper House. We infer from Lord Salisbury's language in Edinburgh that he is not opposed in principle to such a measure. "I have heard," he said, "many proposals for change in the constitution of the House of Lords; some of them I sympathise with; some of them are really bad; but they all agree in this, that they would end in making the House of Lords much more strong against the House of Commons than it is now." He pointed out, further on, that the Prime Minister at Bradford "had not touched the question of reform, because a reformed second Chamber would be more hostile to his objects."

The two main points on which reform of the House of Lords appears to be desirable are the exercise of some sort of selection among the hereditary peers, with a limitation of the numbers entitled to sit, and vote, and the extension of the right of the Crown to create life peers. Whether an elective element should be admitted, and if so whether the election should be direct or indirect, are much more disputable questions. The experiment of indirect election has not turned out a great success in some foreign countries, and, though some safe and practicable plan might be devised for giving representation in the Upper House to public bodies, corporate or other, the innovation would be a pregnant one and might open the door to further inroads on the stability which is the special characteristic of our existing second chamber. The House of Lords has the advantage of being rooted in history, like the Monarchy itself, and, like the Monarchy, it has modified its action so that it has never come seriously in contact with the democratic spirit. This natural development of institutions is perfectly consistent with the preservation of that stable character which belongs to the House of Lords alone among the second chambers of Europe. But the popular appreciation of it is clouded by the excessive numbers of the peers who take no active interest in politics, and by the unnecessary limitation of the numbers of eminent men entitled to sit by a title other than hereditary, in the Upper House. In practice the former objection rarely applies, though the possibility of it is always to be reckoned with. In principle the latter limitation has been qualified by the presence of the Bishops, and the recent creation of the Law Lords. We have only to proceed upon the lines of reform already marked out either by general usage or by legislative enactment. A comparatively small number of peers, mostly those who have held high office in the State, take part habitually in the proceedings of the Upper House. Only on the very rarest occasions is there anything approaching to a full muster of the mem-

bers entitled to sit and vote. The method of representative selection has been admitted, with certain variations of forms, in the case of the Scotch and Irish peers. We do not pretend of course to advocate any cut-and-dried scheme, and we are aware that any practical proposals would have to be worked out by statement of responsibility and experience. There are some suggestions, however, that may be offered. If the method of selection were extended to the entire body of the peerage and regulated by the proportional vote, a picked body of about 200—say, one-third of the whole, reckoning the Scotch and Irish peers with those of the United Kingdom—would probably include every person of real weight and distinction now entitled to sit, and every one who exercises the right habitually. It would exclude by an automatic process the idlers, and the disreputable, of whom there must be a few in any hereditary body, and who are by no means unknown in elective assemblies. To these chosen representatives of the hereditary nobility the addition of a considerable number of life peers—some, perhaps, to be chosen without restriction by the Crown, that is, by the ministry of the day, and some to be selected according to the precedent of the Bishops and the law lords, from certain specified categories—would contribute an element which, though not absent in the present House of Lords, is not present in adequate force. Intelligence and cultivation, as well as property and political experience, have their proper place in a second Chamber.

As for the political results of such a change, we believe, with Lord Salisbury, that the position of the House of Lords in the State would be strengthened, not weakened. Nor would the effect be materially altered by the introduction of an elective element, on the assumption, of course, that it would not depend on the direct appeal to a democratic electorate. Any second Chamber, as Lord Salisbury argued in his Edinburgh speech, must, unless it is a mere shadow of the first Chamber, represent those influences and tendencies which modern Radicalism has alarmed and repelled. When Mr. Gladstone appealed to the "masses" against the "classes" he made a mischievous and unpatriotic use of a social fact which is manifest and inevitable, and which is one of the reasons why second Chambers are necessary. The House of Lords is not more hostile to separatism and collectivism than any other body of educated and well-to-do men in the country. But though the introduction of the elective element into the House of Lords would not, under rational conditions, bring the majority in the House of Commons an inch nearer the "harmony" they seek for—which means their own supremacy—it would undoubtedly open both in respect of its principles and of its limitations, a much wider field of discussion than either of the other changes to which we have referred. As Sir Henry Maine has pointed out, the doctrine of *vox populi vox dei*, which is at the root of the claims of the democracy, cannot be extended to two branches of the same Legislature chosen in different ways. "What is expected," he says, from a well constituted second Chamber is not a rival infallibility but an additional security." A House of Lords including the most capable and experienced men among the peers, chosen among themselves by proportional election, and reinforced by a body of life peers representing the intellectual interests and the solid acquirements which too often find no favour with popular constituencies, would furnish the desired security. "The security of concurrence after full examination of the measure concurred in," even more unquestionably than the existing second Chamber. We have repeatedly drawn attention to the importance of taking up this question of the strengthening of the Upper House by measures consistent with its constitutional basis and existing functions. It is to be regretted that nothing was done while the Unionist party were in power to carry into effect some such reforms as we have indicated, with due precautions and under the guidance of statesmen thoroughly acquainted with the working of the present system. We must remember at the same time, that, as Lord Salisbury has pointed out, no reforms that would preserve the independence and strengthen the authority of the second Chamber would satisfy the destructive demands of those whose mouthpiece the Prime Minister has become.

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The pastime of skating may be classed under two heads: Ordinary and Fancy. In Canada it is a difficult matter to find a person who has not at some time during his life taken part in this exhilarating exercise, but the number of those who have become expert enough to be classed as fancy skaters is very small. Some men and even women have, through persistent effort and practice, rendered themselves so proficient as to enable them to cut figures on the ice, which to novices seem well nigh impossible. A great deal, however, depends on the grace accompanying ever movement. The difficulty attending a successful performance of such feats on skates, as the figure eight on one foot forward, and on one foot backward, curved angles, cross-cuts or anvils, the figure three, sketches of birds, fancy designs, words, etc., can readily be understood. Mr. Herbert S. Evans, of Boston, carried off the championship of Canada last year at the Fancy Skating Tournament held in Quebec during the Carnival.

At the Ottawa Carnival to be held the week commencing January 21st a Fancy Skating Championship competition will take place.

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A GATHERING OF ENGLISHMEN.

A DISTRICT GRAND LODGE FOR THE MAINLAND OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Resolutions Expressive of the Desires of the Lodges—A Large Gathering Discuss Matters of Interest to the Society.

New Westminster, B. C., Dec. 14th, 1894.—Dull weather; dull times; but our lodges in the "far west" (and you might go farther and fare worse) are anything but dull.

Following are the names of those elected for Rose of Columbia at their meeting of December 11th: J. Bayliss, P. P.; J. Chappell, Pres.; T. Thornton, V. P.; W. H. Boycott, Sec.; W. Blood, Treas.; Rev. H. H. Gowan, Chap.; Dr. R. E. Walker, Surgeon; T. A. Shackleton, S. A. Fletcher, H. Disney, E. Large, F. Broad and H. J. R. Thrift, Committee; Geo. Wolfenden, I. G.; S. H. Webb, O. G.; W. B. Townsend, S. A. Fletcher and S. Disney, Auditors; F. G. Hart, F. Jackson and A. Hardman, Trustees; J. Bayliss, G. L. Delegate; E. Bloomfield, nominated for D. D.

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE.

On Monday, Nov. 26th, a joint meeting of delegates from three out of the five lodges of B. C. mainland was held in Vancouver to consider various matters of interest to the Society, in British Columbia, especially the question of a district lodge.

Bro. W. Bailey, G.D.D., occupied the chair, and after briefly opening the convention the committee on Credentials reported the following brethren duly authorized delegates:—

Wilberforce lodge—W. Bailey, Rev. Clinton, G. H. Robson, W. Collier, W. R. Lawson, J. T. Lawson, G. Hunt, Langham and Airey.

Rose of Columbia—S. A. Fletcher, P. P., Rev. H. H. Gowan, W. H. Boycott, P. P., J. Bayliss, W. P., H. Disney, W. S., F. Broad, T. A. Shackleton and W. B. Townsend, P. D. D.

Vancouver lodge—Sister Gill, S. Achurch and W. J. Tryhall.

The following officers were elected: President, Wm. Bailey (D.D.); V. President, W. R. Lawson (W. P. Wilberforce); W. P. Pres., W. B. Townsend (Past D. D.); Secretary, W. H. Boycott (W. P. P. Rose of Columbia); Treasurer, G. Hunt (Wilberforce); Chaplain, Rev. H. H. Gowan (Chap. Rose of Columbia); Guard, Jos. Bayliss (W. P. Rose of Columbia).

A question asked was: "How far do surgeons' duty extend? Do they include surgical operations?"

The feeling of the delegates was that a lodge surgeon should perform surgical operations without extra fee, but if it became necessary for him to employ another doctor to assist then the lodge to pay the second doctor. The convention wished for a clearer definition of the duties of lodge surgeon, and passed a resolution asking Grand Lodge for same.

Motions were carried (1) to ask authority to form a district lodge for the province, (2) to add a clause to the Constitution authorizing subordinate lodges (under certain restrictions) to remit whole or part of arrears to brothers in reduced circumstances, and (3) to alter the Constitution so as to allow of all business being done in the W. R. degree, the first being an initiatory one only.

A committee consisting of the secretaries of the three lodges represented, viz: Bros. Lister Gill (Vancouver), H. Disney (Rose of Columbia) and G. H. Robson (Wilberforce) were appointed to draw up uniform by-laws for the mainland.

UNANIMOUS FOR DISTRICT LODGE.

The delegates were quite at one with regard to the question of a district lodge. There are so many little questions constantly arising out here which it takes too long to have settled by the Shaftesbury Hall people, that unless we get a district lodge very soon there will be a danger of losing some of our best members.

The feeling of the delegates also went in the direction of diverting a portion of the capitation tax towards the slight expenses required in connection with the district lodge.

The Convention met at 2 o'clock and adjourned at 6 p.m. to the call of the President, and the delegates repaired to Mr. Hamilton's, to a nice little dinner provided by the executive of Wil-

berforce, at which Bro. Broad distinguished himself as much by his business-like attention to the good things as he had previously done by his strong good sense at the Convention.

Wilberforce afterwards gave a concert in their hall, which most of the delegates attended and enjoyed fully.

Invitations had been sent to Alexandra and Pride of the Island lodges at Victoria, but for some reason those lodges failed to send delegates. Perhaps in some measure this was owing to the short notice given by Wilberforce, which was the convening lodge. Obelliwick and Rose of Vernon lodges were too remote to send delegates at such short notice, whilst Magna Charta lodge, at Nanaimo, is said to be very quiet just now.

At all events the next meeting will be called in New Westminster, probably early in 1895, and ample notice will be given to the eight lodges of the province, so as to secure the attendance of delegates from each one.

It is the confirmed opinion of the writer, after five years experience, of the inner working of the Order in British Columbia, that unless the Grand Lodge are wise enough to institute district lodges in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia, there will be trouble before long in these districts.

A short time ago Bro. Critchley, Secretary of Alexandra lodge, No. 116, Victoria, writing in the ANGLO-SAXON, stated his lodge was not in favour of a district lodge for British Columbia. That may be so, but it is a solemn fact that every lodge on the mainland is growing day by day, and every lodge on the mainland is in favour of a district lodge.

If the Island lodges wish to remain as they are, let them. But Wilberforce, Rose of Columbia and Vancouver lodges have spoken for a district lodge, and a district lodge they must have.

JUVENILE S. O. E.

Lodge Plantaganet, No. 27, New Westminster, is growing steadily. In spite of numerous defections through removals there are between one and two dozen members still on the books. At the election of officers on December 11th Harold Fearenside was elected President; Albert Chappell, V. President; Fred Welch, Secretary; Walter Blakely, Chaplain, and Bros. Northgraves, Mills and Gwennap, Committee. Bro. G. Wolfenden was elected Senior V. President; Bro. Shackleton, Treasurer, and Bro. E. Large, Senior Secretary.

This last named brother deserves well of his lodge for the interest he has taken in the juveniles.

The new certificate emblem was much admired, and no doubt so would the new rituals have been had they arrived in time.

All the boys, big and little, are quite enthusiastic, and it is on the cards that a grand joint entertainment will be taken in hand by the three lodges very shortly.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., NOTES.

Salmon fishing has been had this year. Next season will not be a good one either. Many fishermen are taking up ranches for the winter. The winter is likely to be very mild and open. Sir Charles H. Tupper was about to address meetings of fishermen and others on the 12th inst. but was recalled, owing to Sir John Thompson's sudden death. Many fishermen who had assembled to meet him were disappointed.

Anyone who has sufficient capital to keep him a year or two could in that time acquire a fairly reproductive fruit farm in British Columbia by purchasing a suitable piece of land and planting it with three or four year old trees. All trees grow with amazing rapidity here.

Brothers coming west will be wise to consult the secretary of the lodge near which the new comer intends to settle.

BROOKVILLE, ONT.

The regular meeting of Suffolk lodge, No. 87, held on Monday evening, Dec. 10th, was largely attended, and a very interesting time was spent, it being the nomination and election of officers for the ensuing year. The Ven. Archdeacon Jones was present and expressed himself as being greatly pleased with the rapid growth of the Society in Brookville and elsewhere. Three candidates were initiated and three other propositions presented and read. All the old officers were unanimously elected, Bro. W. White, P. P., was again the choice of the brethren to fill the president's chair. Great confidence is placed in him, he being always ready to work, and has rendered valuable assistance and marked ability in looking after the finances as auditor of this lodge. Bros. E. Clint and W. H.

Grace, with Bro. E. J. Wormington, are also valuable servants in auditing the several accounts of this society here. I do not think any lodge has a better lot of men to look after this most important part of the society's work. It is to be hoped the brethren will at some future date show in some way their just appreciation of their services. Including the ever careful officers, Bros. H. Dodd and C. Bacon, a few officers' jewels would be very much appreciated, no doubt.

As we had more propositions at this meeting of those anxious to join us it was decided to hold a special meeting on Tuesday, December 18th. This was also well attended, over thirty members being present. We initiated three, accepted one clearance card, and read another from Bro. J. H. Baxter, Lodge Cambria, No. 137, Gananoque, being the second from Gananoque to join here. We are making rapid progress. Englishmen now begin to find out the good of this society, and how well our finances are kept. We do not meet again for the transaction of business until the second Monday in January, 1895, the night of installation, and a very strong committee, under our able Bro. W. H. Edwards, is arranging to have a social and supper. Invitations are to be sent to several sister lodges, also our District Deputy and Bro. J. Edwards, P.S.V.P., Montreal, and a number of influential Englishmen.

STANDARD BEARERS FOR 1895.

WINNIPEG.

Lodge Westward Ho, No. 98, held its sixth annual election of officers Dec. 4th for the ensuing year. The names of the elect are as follows:—P. P., R. S. Cox; Pres.,—Corbett; V. P., W. H. Walpole; Sec., Joseph Harrison; Treas.,—Rainbow; Ohp. W. Freakes; Committee, Bros. Hilton, Hayward, T. M. Parker, Clarkson, W. J. Cuthbert, Jr., and Lamborne; I. G., Bro. Moulton; O. G., Bro. H. Henley; Surgeon, (deferred); Auditors, Bros. Wilan, Freakes and Cuthbert; Trustees, Bros. Rainbow and Freakes; S. G. L. delegate, Jos. Harrison.

On Monday, the 10th inst., Lodge Shakespeare, No. 104, followed, the below mentioned brethren being the lodge's choice:—Bro. Bowyer, P. P.; Bro. Pollard, Pres.; Bro. Gilson, V. P.; Bro. F. Clarke, Secy.; Bro. G. Davis, Treas.; Bro. Braxton, Chaplain; Bros. Gowsell, Williams, King, Gage, Trunkfield and Howells, Committee; I. G. (deferred); O. G., Bro. B. Bushell; Trustees, Bros. Braxton and Gowsell; Auditors, Bros. Cuthbert, Futrell and Woodman; S. G. L. delegate, Bro. A. Bush.

Neptune, No. 144, D. O. E., the W. R. D. and Juvenile lodges follow next week.

The new S. O. E. hall is getting to be one of the best patronized halls in the city, for there is scarce a night in the week but that it is the meeting place of some organized institution, and now the W.C.T.U. patronize it some afternoons.

BROOKVILLE.

The following are the officers elect:—P. Pres., Thos. Guest; Pres., William White; V. Pres., J. Cuthbert; Chap., Ven. Arch. T. Bedford Jones, LL.D.; Dep., W. H. Edwards; Fin. Sec., A. C. Bacon; Treas., H. Dodd; Sur., Dr. R. N. Horton; Committee, G. W. Turner, A. Humble, Ernest G. Guest, Chas. Fisher, Frank White and Jesse Etherington; I. G., Chas. Steeper; O. G., Frederick Sleeman; Organist, Frederick Bellamy; Trustees (re-elected), D. Derbyshire, Chas. Steeper and F. G. Hayward; Auditors, E. Clint, W. C. Austin, W. H. Grace and E. J. Wormington; Hall committee, Wm. White, H. Dodd, J. Burniston and J. Cuthbert; Finance committee, E. Clint, J. Cuthbert and J. Meacham; Janitor, J. Burniston; Juvenile committee, Chas. Steeper, J. Cuthbert, E. G. Guest, A. Humble and John Fox.

GUELPH.

Royal City lodge, No. 73, held their regular meeting Thursday night last. There was a large attendance and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—W. C. J. Hill, P. P.; E. Broadbent, V. P.; H. Bolton, Secy.; Jas. Hewer, Treas.; J. Wilson, Chap.; Dr. Orton, Sur.; T. Beardmore, C. C. Pilgrim, W. Cray, G. Kirby, Wm. Sturdy and J. F. Goodeve, Committee; M. Snelling, I. G.; F. D. Bristow, O. G.; A. B. Calvert and J. H. Doughty, Trustees; F. Smith, W. P. Howard and E. Broadbent, Auditors; H. Bolton and W. C. J. Hill, alternate representatives to Grand Lodge.

MONTREAL.

At the last regular meeting of Excelsior lodge the following were elected for the ensuing year:—T. Hutchison, P. P.; John Best, Pres.; E. P. Perry, V. P.; Jas. Field, Secy.; D. C. Spriggs, Treas.; H. Banan, Chap.; W. Ashdown, J. R. Struther, A. Allebone, F. Glover, A. Nall and C. Price, Committee; T. Whitney, I. G.; W. Daish, O. G.; D. Aspinall, C. R. Crowley and W. Powell, Auditors; Dr. R. Wilson, Surgeon; C. Chappel, F. D. Jones and A. Butler, Trustees; E. T. Perry and T. Hutchison, alternate delegates to Grand Lodge.

Yorkshire lodge held their quarterly meeting on Dec. 7th, when a large attendance of members was present. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—W. Thom, P. P. (re-elected); John Thornley, Pres. (re-elected); John J. Eddy, V. P.; B. T. Sellars, Secy. (re-elected); R. W. Whiting, Treas. (re-elected); T. R. Smith, Chap.; C. Dyke, A. Searle, Fred Bennett, John Bland, John Hack and John Strickland, Committee; W. Pascoe, I. G.; Harry Newton, O. G.; Dr. J. R. Spier, Surgeon; Wm. Papps, C. A. Pease and Geo. Haynes, Auditors; Thos. Lee and W. H. Horrobin, Trustees; B. T. Sellars, delegate to Grand Lodge.

This lodge is in a very prosperous condition, having initiated twenty-two members during the past year, and being composed mostly of young men, have had very little sickness amongst them, each member vying with each other to encourage that unity that should exist amongst Englishmen, especially in this province.

KINGSTON.

The most important business that came before the members of Lodge Leicester at their last meeting was the election of officers for the incoming year. Following are the names of those elected:—J. Swain, P. P.; George Bonny, Pres.; Chas. Selby, V. P.; W. H. Cruse, Sec.; Arthur Savage, Treas.; R. A. W. Cooke, Chap.; Dr. H. J. Saunders, Sur.; Wm. Watts, I. G.; Jonathan Taylor, O. G.; H. Hughes, J. F. Litton, Wm. Davis, John Beach, G. A. Stanburg and F. C. Swain, Committee; Bros. Leach, Swain and Scrutton, Auditors; Bros. Scrutton and Green, Trustees; Bros. Thos. Lambert and F. C. Swain, G. L. delegates.

Leicester lodge is in a flourishing condition, and the members are expecting to receive a large number of candidates for membership from the ranks of Kingston young Englishmen, who have not forgotten their motherland, although they have made their homes in Canada and are firmly loyal to the land of their adoption.

PORT HOPE, ONT.

At the regular meeting of Durham lodge, No. 15, a large number was present, and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—James Leach, P. P.; W. Jewell, Pres.; David Crawhurst, V. P.; J. H. Rosevear, Secy.; Alf. Skitch, Treas.; Thos. Spry, Chap.; Wm. Roskelly, Stephen, Jex, Robt. Sly, Richard Bridges, Harold Barrett and C. K. Philp, Committee; Alf. George, J. B. White and Alf. Fulford, Auditors; Henry White, T. D. Craig and Asa Choate, Trustees; Jas. Leach and Alf. George, delegates to Grand Lodge.

Immediately after the close of the R. R. degree at our next regular meeting there will be another meeting for the purpose of advancing two of the brethren to the W. R. D.

OTTAWA.

Clarendon lodge, at their last meeting, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—G. Low, Sr., Pres.; W. R. Stroud, P. P.; J. E. Andrews, Treas.; N. B. Sheppard, Fin. Secy.; E. J. Reynolds, Rec. Secy.; Lieut.-Colonel White, Chap.; J. Foss, J. Hawkins, R. Reynolds, G. W. King, F. W. Dawson and F. George, Committee; H. T. Pritchard, I. G.; H. Bott, O. G.; J. Foss and E. J. Reynolds, Trustees; C. J. Folkes and J. T. Hickmet, Auditors.

Bowd lodge, No. 44, elected officers as follows:—S. Easton, Pres.; J. G. Andrews, P. P.; Frank Low, V. P.; J. Berry, Fin. Secy.; N. B. Sheppard, Rec. Secy.; Rev. A. W. MacKay, Chp.; S. J. Davies, Treas.; Dr. R. W. Powell, Surgeon; Robt. Pegg, I. G.; Geo. Pelton, O. G.; J. Low, J. Mulhall, E. Cox, A. Dackus, C. Thicke and Ed. Coldrey, Committee; Harry Bott, N. B. Sheppard and R. L. Broadbent, Auditors; Col. White and Rev. R. W. MacKay, Trustees; Geo. Low and H. Bott, delegates to Grand Lodge.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Lodge Marlborough, I am pleased to announce, is doing well in the City of St. John, starting on August 20th with a membership of 11, and with a membership now of 42 they have elected their officers for the ensuing year as follows:—J. B. Stubbs, Pres.; J. H. Walker, V. P.; Chas. Ledford, Secy.; W. T. Gard, Treas.; C. A. Shampier, Chap.; R. Rawlings, I. G.; L. Thoroughgood, O. G.; Dr. G. A. B. Addy, Surgeon; Wm. Hillman, P. P.; R. P. Peake, W. H. Watson, C. W. Till, C. Calvert, A. J. Stephens and D. S. Stewart, Committee; W. H. Fairall, J. G. Clift and D. W. Pilkington, Trustees; J. H. Murray, W. W. J. Haydon and J. N. Rodgers, Auditors.

LODGE LONDESBOROUGH.

The following officers for 1895 were elected on the regular quarterly night Dec. 7th, 1894:—Geo. E. Williams, P. P.; Geo. Small, Pres.; H. Finton, V. P.; Edmund Crawford, Chap.; B. Lawrason, R. Sec.; Alfred Wilken, Treas.; P. W. Thompson, Wm. Wallace, J. T. Lee, A. Watson, H. Mogridge and F. Gibbs, Committee; Fred Richards, I. G.; George Harvey, O. G.; Thos. Cole and Geo. Thompson, Trustees; A. Woodman, Geo. E. Williams and Geo. Snell, Auditors; Geo. Snell, delegate to Grand Lodge.

At our next meeting we expect our District Deputy to be present to install the officers. This lodge is prospering. We are increasing our membership beyond our expectations. We were organized in July, 1891, with 12 charter members, we have now 47, with one to join at our next meeting.

B. LAWBRASON.

TORONTO.

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND.

Princess Alberta, No. 7, elected the following officers last meeting night:—Sister M. A. Eddowes, Pres.; Sister C. Johnson, V. P.; Sister F. E. Johnson, Chap.; Bro. Leonard Geo. Cross, Secy.; Sister J. Hine, Treas. (the last four of the above by acclamation); Bro. T. Johnson, P. P.; Sisters M. E. Gaskin, L. Sugden, R. A. Fidler, A. Smith, P. Addowes and C. Rutter, Committee; Sister E. Sugden, I. G.; Brother Colliard, O. G.; Sisters Hackett, L. Sugden and C. Ratters, Auditors; Sister Elizabeth Sugden and Bro. Hine, Trustees.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND.

Lodge Royal, No. 14, elected their officers at last meeting: Rev. H. H. Gowan, Pres.; Mrs. Fletcher, V. P.; Mrs. Sweet, Secy.; Mrs. Wilson, Treas.; Mrs. Wolfenden, P. P.

A concert and dance, with refreshments, was given by the Daughters on Dec. 4th, which was well patronized, in spite of the bad weather and the splendid concert organized the same evening in the opera house, in aid of the new women's hospital. All the sisters worked hard for the good results which awarded their efforts, and all deserve praise.

A STORY OF A CHARGER.

It is related that after Sir S. Gillespie fell at the storming of Kalunga, his favorite black charger was, at the sale of his effects, competed by for several officers of his division, but was bought by the privates of the 8th dagoons, who contributed their prize money, to the amount of 500, sterling, to retain this memorial of their late commander. The charger was always at the head of the regiment on a march, and at the station of Cawnpore it stood in its old station at the colour-stand, where the salute of passing squadrons was given on drill and on reviews. When the regiment was ordered home, the funds of the privates running low, the horse was bought for the same sum by a gentleman who provided a paddock for him, where he might end his days in comfort; but, when the corps had marched and the sound of the trumpet ceased, he refused to eat, and on being led out to exercise, he broke away, and galloping to his ancient station on the parade, after neighing aloud, dropped down and died.

THE "ANGLO-SAXON"

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S.O.E.B.S. LODGE DIRECTORY.

Lodge Cards under this head will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per Year.

WINNIPEG, MAN.

UNITED WHITE ROSE LODGE. The United and Only White Rose Degree Lodge of Winnipeg, consisting of the W. R. members of Westward Ho, No. 98, Neptune, No. 144 and Shakespeare, No. 164, meet in K. of P. Hall, 437 Main street, on the Fourth Thursday in each month at 8 p.m. Visitors cordially welcomed.

Boys of England.

Brantford.

Lodge Juvenile No. 6, meets on 2nd Tuesday of every month in S. O. E. Hall, Heyd's Block, Visiting brethren welcome. Wm. Moss, Sec. Henry Morton, Pres.

Hamilton.

Hamilton No. 1—Meets the 4th Monday in each month in St. George's and Sons of England Hall, 12 MacNab St. n. H. Walker, Sec. 19 Woodbine Crescent.

Ottawa.

Men Lodge No. 9, meets in Derby Lodge room on 2nd Tuesday of the month. D. Walsh, Sec. E. J. LeDain, Pres.

St. Thomas.

Waterloo Lodge No. 13—Meets in Chester lodge room corner of Tabot and Elgin streets on the 1st Friday of the month. Visitors always welcome. E. W. Trump, Sec. M. Upton, Pres.

Winnipeg, Man.

Queen of the West No. 25, Meets on the 4th Friday in each month in K. of P. Hall, Clements Block, 525 Main street. Visitors welcome. Arthur Clark, Pres. Jos. Harrison, Sec. P. O. Box 668.

ONTARIO.

Almonte.

Nelson No. 43, Almonte—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at their hall, Mill st. Visiting welcome. Jos. Nicholson, Pres. Jas. H. Bennett, Sec. Box 217.

Arnprior.

Severn No. 189—Meets first and third Friday of each month in Oddfellows' Hall, John st. Visiting brethren extended a hearty welcome. Geo. Richman, Pres. H. G. Smith, Sec.

Aylmer.

Prince Albert No. 61 meets in Foresters' Hall, over the Post Office, the 1st and 3rd Fridays of every month. We are always glad to see visiting brethren. A. J. Elliott, Sec. E. C. Monteith, Pres.

Barrie.

Southampton No. 28, Barrie—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the Foresters' Hall, Bothwell's Block. A. E. Lewis, Pres. A. Wilkes, Sec.

Brantford.

Salisbury No. 42—Meets alternate Thursdays. First meeting in the year January 6th, 1893, the A.O.F. Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. Wm. Irwin, Pres. R. W. Nickerson, Sec. Box 665, Brantford.

Wolfe No. 105—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays in each month in A. O. F. Hall, corner of George and Dalhousie streets. Visiting brethren welcome. F. Harrison, Pres. G. H. Golding, Sec. Box 415, Brantford.

Belleville.

Oxford No. 17, Belleville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at their Hall, Front st. W. Hopkins, Pres. Belleville.

Blackstock.

Grimsby No. 106, meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month, in the Orange Hall, Church st. Visiting brethren will be made heartily welcome. R. H. Prust, Sec.

Brockville.

Suffolk No. 87, Brockville—Meets every 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month in Sons of England Hall, 208 King street. W. R. D. (1st) first Monday in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. Arthur C. Bacon, Sec. Thos. Guest, Pres. Box 75.

Bowmanville. Wellington No. 19, Bowmanville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in the Sons of England Hall, Boushall's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome. E. R. Dunham, Sec. D. Davis, Pres.

Burlington. Burlington No. 156, Burlington, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in G. Allan's Hall. Visiting brethren will be extended a hearty welcome. W. Fleetham, Pres. Chas. E. Tolhurst, Sec. Box 96.

Campbellford. Devonshire No. 92—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Dominion Block, Front street, Campbellford. Visiting brethren welcome. E. J. Waterman, Pres. J. W. Cummings, Sec.

Carleton Place. Beaconsfield No. 171, Meets each 2nd and 4th Monday at 7.30 in their hall, over the Central Canadian Office. Visiting brethren welcome. Harry Kemp, Pres. Jas. G. Bato, Sec., Box 49.

Clinton. Sheffield No. 83, Clinton, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays in Union Hall, in the S. O. E. Hall, Victoria Block. Visiting brethren welcome. F. W. Watts, Pres. N. Robson, Sec.

Chatham. Thames No. 101—Meets every Monday night in the Sons of England Hall, King st. Visiting brethren. W. A. Moore, Pres. Chas. F. Chanter, Sec.

Collingwood. Canterbury No. 34, Collingwood—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in Union Hall, in the S. O. E. Hall, E. Ward, Sec., Box 604, Collingwood.

Cornwall. Victoria No. 12, Cornwall—Meets alternate Wednesdays in Colquhoun Block. Visiting brethren welcome. John Sugden, Sec., Box 424, Cornwall. F. Fairbridge, Pres.

Fort William. Guildford No. 111—Meets Second and Fourth Mondays in each month at the K. of C. Hall, Fort William. Visiting brethren welcome. C. Stewardson, Pres. R. F. Waddington, Sec.

Galt. Royal Oak No. 23, Galt—Meets in S. O. E. Hall, on alternate Wednesdays beginning with first Wednesday in January, 1894, cor. Main and South Water streets. Chas. Squire, Sec. Jesse Welland, Pres.

Goderich. Liverpool No. 146, meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, corner of North Street and Square. R. Warrington, Pres. A. B. Carnell, Sec.

Gravenhurst. Dever No. 72—Meets in S. O. E. Lodge Room, Gravenhurst, every alternate Thursday from October 20th. Visiting brethren welcome. Geo. Forth, Pres. G. A. Readshaw, Sec.

Guelph. Royal City No. 73, Guelph—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays every month, in the hall in Toxell's Block, Upper Windham street. Visiting brethren will be extended a hearty welcome. Harry Bolton, Sec. Box 210. F. Smith, Pres.

Hamilton. Britannia No. 8, Hamilton—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month in St. George's and S. O. E. Hall, MacNab street north. Visitors welcome. James Fisher, Sec. Geo. Alderson, Pres. 101 Oak Avenue.

Acorn No. 29, Hamilton—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in St. George's Hall, corner James and King William sts. Visitors welcome. Wm. Hancock, Pres. Hedley Meen, Sec. 13 James st. 31 Leocomotive st.

Meets of Oak No. 34, Hamilton, meets on the 1st and 3rd Mondays of each month, in the Kings William streets. Visitors welcome. Geo. F. Maxted, Hecor H. Martin, Sec. Pres. 22 Wellington St.

Devon No. 102, Hamilton, Mountain Top Barton, meetings are held every first and third Wednesday of the month. All members of the order invited. Checkdole Hill, Sec., Robt. Hooper, Pres. 11 Somerset st.

Osborne No. 122—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month, in the St. Matthew's Hall, Barton street, east. Visiting brethren welcome. John W. Hannaford, Sec. W. C. Bentley, Pres. 46 West ave n.

Cornwall No. 121—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month in St. George's and Sons of England Hall, 12 MacNab St. Visiting brethren welcome. H. Walker, Sec. C. Salmon, Pres. Woodbine Crescent.

Hamilton No. 123—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in St. George's and S. O. E. Hall, McNeil, n. Hamilton. Visiting brethren welcome. H. P. Bonny, Sec. Edward Carleton, Pres. 635 King St. East.

Huntsville. Crocyden No. 85, Huntsville, Ont.—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Temperance Hall, Main street. G. Bunsey, Sec. L. W. Ware, Pres.

Ingersoll. Imperial No. 176—Meets the second and fourth Tuesday in each month at the Foresters Hall, at eight o'clock p.m. Visiting brethren welcome. S. King, Pres. J. W. Cudlipp, Sec. Box 207.

Kingston. Leicester No. 33, Kingston—Meets in their hall, cor. Princess and Montreal sts., on the 2nd and 4th Monday in every month, at 8 p.m. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. Wm. H. Cruse, Sec. J. C. Swain, Pres. Albert st., Williamsville.

Lakefield. Exeter No. 89, Lakefield, Ont.—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the S. O. E. Hall. Visiting brethren made welcome. C. J. Burgess, Sec. W. H. Dunford, Pres.

Lambton Mills. Bradford No. 91, Lambton Mills, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month in the I. O. O. F. Hall. Visiting brethren made welcome. J. T. Jarvis, Pres. T. Berry, Sec.

Lindsay. Westminster No. 20—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in Association Hall, cor. Kent and Cambridge streets. R. G. Harris, Pres. L. Summerville, Sec. Brethren, if you are visiting our town call in and see what we are doing, we will give you a cordial greeting.

Longford Mills. Lodge St. Asaph, No. 139—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays in Public Hall, Longford Mills. Visiting brethren made welcome. H. E. Peacey, Sec. John P. Kemp, Pres.

London. Kensington No. 66—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, at Albert Hall, J. F. Chapman, Sec., 75 Dundas st., London west.

British Oak No. 82—Alternate Thursdays, Foresters' Hall, Visiting brethren welcome. H. J. Granthick, Sec. A. Isaac, Sec., 748 King St. President.

Piccadilly No. 88—Meets alternate Mondays from March 28th at Knights of Pythias Hall, Richmond street. J. Hook, Sec., 280 Matland st.

Londesborough. Londesborough No. 143—Meets the 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month in the Foresters Hall. Visiting brethren will always find a hearty welcome. Geo. Suell, Pres. Bond Lawson, Sec.

Midland. Cromwell No. 84, Midland, Ont., meets in Foresters Hall, 4th Tuesday in each month. Visitors welcome. R. O. Stokes, Sec. Frank Cook, Pres.

Milton. Milton No. 172, meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in every month, in Old Masonic Hall, Visiting brethren welcome. W. Wilson, Sec. Wm. Berry, Pres. Milton, west.

Merriton. Union Jack No. 201, meets in the R. T. of T. Hall on the 2nd and 3rd Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren welcome. John Pullan, Sec. J. B. Jackson, Pres.

Newtonville. Newton No. 166—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Orange Hall, Newtonville. Visiting brethren welcome. John W. Bradley, Sec. John Potthick, Pres. Clarke, P. O.

Oshawa. Essex No. 4—Meets in S. O. E. Hall alternate Tuesdays from January 2nd. Visiting brethren welcome. W. S. Bowden, Sec. Wm. Paul, Pres. Box 248, Oshawa.

Orillia. Rose of Couchiching, No. 23, meets 1st and 3rd Monday in the month, in S. O. E. Hall. All visiting brethren will receive a hearty welcome. Wm. Swinton, Sec. J. L. Jenkins, Pres. Box 63, Orillia.

Ormsby. Cumberland No. 167, meets every 1st and 3rd Tuesday in the month in Victoria Hall, Ormsby. Visiting brethren welcome. Thos. Letts, Sec. Ernest Steel, Pres.

Ottawa. Derby No. 30, Ottawa—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Workman's Hall, Albert st. John Thowbridge, Sec. W. Yelland, Pres. Ottawa, East.

Bowood No. 44, Ottawa—Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st. R. L. Broadbent, Sec. J. E. Andrews, Pres. 308 Bay street.

Stanley No. 55, Ottawa—Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st. C. J. Folks, Sec. John Cheatham, Pres. 322 Ann street.

Russell No. 56, Ottawa—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month at the Orange Hall, New Edinburgh. Chas. Sharpe, Sec. R. Tink, Pres. 21 John st.

Clarendon—White Rose—meets every 4th Monday of each month in Victoria Hall, Albert street. Members please accept this as monthly notice. N. B. Sheppard, Sec. Geo. Low, sen., Pres. 11 Somerset st.

Owen Sound. Miletote, No. 86—Meets in I. O. F. Hall, cor. Water and Division streets, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. Visiting brethren welcome. Geo. Price, Pres. A. W. Manley, Sec.

Pembroke. Black Prince No. 157, Pembroke, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month in the Foresters' Hall, Visiting brethren welcome. John E. Waite, Pres. Wm. G. Crosey, Sec.

Port Arthur. Winchester No. 98—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month, Knight of Pythias Hall, Arthur street. R. Rinnington, Sec. Frank Merrix, Sec.

Port Hope. Durham No. 15—Meets alternate Wednesdays, first meeting in the year, January 10th, 1894, in O. E. Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. James Leach, Pres. J. H. Rosemary, Sec. Box 875.

Peterborough. Lansdowne No. 25, Peterborough—Meets in Sons of England Hall, Hunter st., on the 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. W. R. D. Meets 2nd Monday in every month. Geo. Carpenter, Pres. E. A. Peck, Sec.

Petrolia. Duke of Cornwall No. 185—Meets in the Foresters' Block, on 2nd and 4th Tuesday in the month. Visiting brethren welcome. Ernest Preston, John Road, Sec. President. Box 205, Petrolia.

Stratford. Queen Victoria No. 78—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Shakespeare Hall. Geo. Harvey, Pres. F. W. Byatt, Sec.

St. Catharines. Victory No. 173 Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in every month, at 8 p.m. sharp. Visiting brethren welcome. J. W. Kemping, Pres. Hy. Bliss, Sec.

St. Thomas. True No. 82, St. Thomas—Meets in the old Masonic Hall, Tabot st., east of the L. & P. S. track on First and Third Tuesdays in every month. Visiting brethren made welcome. E. Pomford, Pres. C. E. Hoar, Sec. Box 288.

Chester No. 18, meet in the Foresters Hall, Ernating Block, second and fourth Friday, R. R. D.; third Friday W. R. D. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. H. Nash, Pres. W. T. Hollins, Sec.

Smiths Falls. Guelph No. 124—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of every month in S. O. E. Hall, Mills Block. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. G. T. Martin, Pres. R. J. Smith, Sec. Box 183.

Toronto. Albion No. 1, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, Room A, Shaftesbury Hall. Visitors made welcome. W. E. Partridge, Pres. J. D. Adams, Sec., 378 Parliament st.

Middlesex No. 2, Toronto—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays in each month at McBean Hall, cor. College street and Brunswick Ave. J. F. Scott, Pres. W. H. Syme, Sec. 140 Grange Ave.

Kent No. 3, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Monday at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. R. Tanner, Pres. Chas. Sims, Sec. 45 Leonard Ave.

York No. 6, Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, in Avenue Chambers, N. W. corner College st. and Spadina Ave. John Suocas, Pres. Jas. Baylis, Sec. 107 Concord Ave.

Brighton No. 7, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. C. A. Hodgetts, M. D., Pres. W. Pugh, Sec., 74 Sussex Ave.

Surry No. 11—Meets second and fourth Mondays, corner of Bloor and Bathurst sts. Visiting brethren welcome. T. Cannon, Sec. H. A. V. Johnstone, Pres. 373 Manning st.

Warwick No. 13—Meets the 2nd and 4th Friday in each month in Lorn Hall, corner of Yonge st. and Yorkville Ave. W. H. Randall, Pres. A. Riddford, Sec., 45 Berrymann st.

Manchester No. 14, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays at Winchester Hall, cor. Parliam. street. Visiting brethren welcome. W. T. Kendall, Sec. Lewis Wyatt, Pres. 255 Sackville st.

London No. 31, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday in Dingman's Hall, corner Queen St. and Broadview Ave., Visiting brethren welcome. Special White Rose meetings on the Fifth Tuesday of the months of January, May, August and October. Jos. G. Beni, Sec., Thos. Johnson, Pres. 415 Gerrard st. e.

Worcester No. 47, Toronto Junction—Meets First and Third Thursdays at Cambridge Hall, Toronto Junction. Visiting Brethren welcome. Juvenile's meet 2nd Tuesday each month. Wm. Harris, Sec. Box 308. Enoch Ward, Pres. West Toronto Junction.

Cambridge No. 54, Little York—Meets 1st and 4th Fridays at York Fire Hall. D. Baldwin, Pres. W. H. Clay, Sec. East Toronto.

Birmingham, No. 89—Meets each 2nd and 4th Tuesday of every month in Y. M. C. A. Hall, corner of Queen st., w. and Dovercourt Road. Geo. F. Davis, Sec. Dr. Rae, Pres. 316 Dovercourt Rd.

St. Albans No. 76, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays at St. George's Hall, Elm st. Fred. Lear, Pres. R. S. Grundy, Sec. 74 Saultier st.

Mercantile No. 81, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Saturday at St. George's Hall, Elm street. S. A. C. Greene, Pres. H. E. Johnson, Sec. 123 Beaconsfield Ave.

Hull No. 104—Meets in the St. Ledgers' Hall, cor. of Denison Avenue and Queen street, on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in the month. White Rose, 5th Monday in the quarter. Visiting brethren always welcome. A. C. Chapman, Sec. Major Salt, Pres. 145 Brook Ave.

Lichfield No. 146, Toronto—Meets in Prospect Park Rink, corner Prospect and Ontario sts. every second and fourth Tuesday in the month at 8 o'clock. C. J. Turver, Sec. E. J. Cashmore, Pres., 528 Ontario st.

Cheltenham 178, meets second and fourth Tuesdays in Room "A" Shaftesbury Hall. Visitors made welcome. Geo. Clatworthy, Pres. A. J. Moreland, Sec., 123 Dennison Ave.

Shrewsbury No. 138, Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays in Y. M. C. A. Hall, cor. Yonge and Mo-Gill streets. A hearty welcome for visitors. E. Hopkins, Pres. T. M. Kinsman, Sec. 384 Yonge st.

Clifton No. 163, Meets in Occident Hall, cor. Queen and Beadham sts., on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month. Visiting brethren welcome. Richard J. Hodge, sec. E. B. Axworthy, Pres. 258 Farley Ave.

Avenale No. 170, Toronto—Meets second and fourth Mondays, Room C Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St. West. Jas. Swallow, Sec. J. D. Bland, Pres. 633 King St. West.

Commercial No. 200, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each month in Room A Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St. West. R. A. Fletcher, Sec. C. H. Corton, Pres. 27 Avenue St.

Bristol No. 90, Toronto—Meets first and third Tuesdays, at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St. West. C. Fry, Pres. W. E. Swain, Sec. 19 Bivins Place.

Richmond No. 65—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in Room "C," Shaftesbury Hall, Queen street west. J. Wingfield, sen., Sec. F. Tofta, Pres. 580 Givens st.

Freston No. 67—R. D. meets in Room "A," Shaftesbury Hall, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in every month. W. R. D. on R. D. meetings on 4th Wednesday in February, May, August and November. J. J. Pritchard, Sec. C. Weatherill, Pres. 93 Beaconsfield Ave.

Weston. Leeds No. 48, Weston—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month, at Oddfellows Hall. Visitors welcome. John Crasland, Sec. Theo. Holdsworth, Pres. Weston, Ont.

Whitby, Ont. Sussex No. 5—Meets in S. O. E. Hall, alternate Fridays from January 6th, 1894. Visiting brethren welcome. E. Borcham, Pres. T. Dixon, Sec.

Windsor. Prince of Wales No. 62—Meets in A. O. F. Hall, first and third Tuesday. Visiting brethren are welcome. Wm. J. Turner, Pres. S. S. Watkinson, Sec.

Woodstock. Bedford No. 21, Woodstock—Meets in Imperial Hall, 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month. W. R. D. 4th Wednesday in each month. Free social visits, welcomed. Edward T. Brett, Pres. Wm. E. Barnett, Sec.

Quebec. Albert No. 114—Meets regularly 1st Tuesday and 3rd Saturday in each month, in the Albert Hall, Capelton, Que. Visiting brethren welcome. Chas. R. Oliver, Sec. John Tregideon, Pres. Box 12, Eustis, Que.

Montreal. Yorkshire No. 30, Montreal, meets first and third Fridays at the West End Hall, Chatham street at 8 p.m. B. T. Sellers, Sec. John Thorpy, Pres. Turcot, Montreal.

Excelsior No. 38, Montreal (R.R.D.)—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of the month at 5 Place d'Armes Square. Visitors welcome. T. Hutchinson, Pres. J. A. Field, Sec. 39 Metcalfe Ave., St. Henri.

Victoria Jubilee No. 41, Montreal—Meets every alternate Friday at the St. Charles Club House, cor. Wellington and Richmond sts. Hy. Furze, Pres. J. A. Edwards, Sec. 546 St. Paul St.

Primrose No. 49—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays W. R. Degree 2nd Monday of each month. Y. M. C. A. rooms, Dominion Square, Montreal. Visiting brethren welcome. S. Roberts, Sec. H. Wadge, Pres. 12 Hanover street.

Denbigh No. 96—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, in Sons of England Hall, No. 6 Craig Street. J. T. Galfney, Pres. J. D. Adams, Sec. 450 St. Charles Borromeo at.

Grosvenor No. 120—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Friday of each month, at 408 St. Urban st., corner Prince Arthur st. Visiting brethren welcome. S. Sobey, Sec. 781 St. Urban st. E. Lowe, Pres.

Britannic No. 113—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, in Orange Hall, 246 St. James street. Visiting brethren welcome. H. Smith, Sec. A. Webb, Pres. Plessis street.

Sherbrooke. Gloucester No. 108, Sherbrooke, Que., meets on the 1st and 3rd Fridays of each month in the room of Court Sherbrooke 214 C.O.F., Odell's Block. R. Curllis, Pres. Capt. T. Rawson, Sec.

Quebec. Prince George No. 182—Meets in the Masonic Hall, cor. Garden and St. Louis street, on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month. Visiting brethren welcome. J. T. Adams, Sec. W. T. Martin, Pres. 71 St. Augustin st. 4 De Salaberry St., Que.

Lennoxville. Clarence No. 138—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday in Trunk Ry. Station, Visitors welcome. Wm. Clark, Pres. Harry Allan, Sec.

Hochelaga. Monarch No. 182—Meets in 323 Notre Dame St. Hochelaga, the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of every month at 8 o'clock. J. E. Rawstorn, Sec. G. Ineson, Pres., 250 St. Catherine st.

Hull. Tennyson No. 165—Meets 1st and 2nd Tuesday in Sons of England Hall, Marston's Block, Main street Hull. Visiting brethren welcome. Geo. Harbour, Pres. Chas. Skipworth, Sec. 41 Brewery St.

Lachine. Royal Rose No. 147, Lachine—Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month, at 330 St. Joseph st. Visiting members are welcome. A. Parr, Pres. F. Goucher, Sec. Box 9, Lachine.

Richmond. Knafels No. 150, meets second and fourth Saturdays of every month. Visiting brethren welcome. T. H. Wols, Sec. John Hawker, Pres. P. O. Address, Box 32, Richmond Station, P. Q.

MANITOBA. BRANDON. Brandon 174, Brandon, Man., Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Nation Block, 1st and 3rd Tuesday. Visiting brethren welcome. Benj. Hogg, Pres. H. Le M. Vinning, Sec.

CARMAN. Manitoba No. 186—Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Carman, on first and third Thursdays of the month. Visiting brethren welcome. Fred Starkey, Pres. Thos. Rieth, Sec., p. tem

Rathwell, Man. Holly No. 188—Meets in Wilson's Hall, First Wednesday in each month. Chas. Wilson, Sec. W. Tarbath, Pres.

Selkirk. Rummymede No. 155, Selkirk, Man., meets in Foresters Hall, Colclough Block 1st and 3rd Tuesday. Rev. C. R. Litter, Pres. Chas. E. Page, Sec.

Winnipeg. Westward Ho! No. 98—The Pioneer Lodge of Manitoba, the North-west, meets a Daily Hall, McIntyre Block, Main street, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren will be accorded a hearty welcome. Jos. Harrison, Sec. R. S. Cox, Pres. P. O. Box 608.

Neptune No. 144, Winnipeg, Man.—Meets in Pythian Hall, Clements Block, 1st and 3rd Monday of each month. W. R. D. 2nd Wednesday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome. A. H. Price, Sec. Marshall, Pres. 698 4th Ave. N.

Shakespeare No. 164—Meets the second and fourth Mondays of the month in the R. P. Hall, Clements Block, Main street. Visiting brethren welcome. F. Clark, Sec., W. G. Bowyer, Pres. Cor. Flora Avenue and Charles st.

BRITISH COLUMBIA. Chilliwack. Chilliwack No. 181, Chilliwack, B. C., meets 2nd Saturday in every month at 8 o'clock in the Henderson Hall. Visiting brethren always welcome. S. Mollard, Pres. S. Souter, Sec.

Victoria. Alexandra No. 116—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday of every month, in the Foresters' Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. F. Reeves, Pres. J. Critchley, Sec. Box 174.



TORONTO S. O. E. NEWS.

PLEASE NOTE THAT Bro. Wm. Barker, P.D.D., of the City of Toronto, has undertaken all business of the ANGLO-SAXON in that city.

PERSONAL NOTES.

A very interesting event occurred in Commercial lodge on Saturday evening, December 15th, when Mr. George Wild, of John Wild & Sons, paper makers, Radcliffe, near Manchester, England, and who is the guest of Bro. Geo. Thorpe, the President elect of the lodge, was made a life member of the S.O.E.B.S.

Hereward Spencer, of Cheltenham lodge, is an inmate of the General Hospital, suffering from inflammatory rheumatism. He is progressing favorably.

Bro. A. Chapman, the genial secretary of Hull lodge, is in the General Hospital. An accident to the shin bone is the cause. We are glad to say he is almost convalescent.

Bro. Linden, P.P. of Avondale lodge, is recovering from his late bicycle accident, and will be around in the course of a few days.

Bro. W. Millicamp, an old-time member of Kent lodge, No. 3, has been nominated by the Citizens' Committee for aldermanic honours in No. 3 Ward. We wish him every success.

Lodge Rugby, No. 80, will hold its sixth anniversary on Thursday, January 31st, in Room C, Shaftesbury Hall. A social and concert has been arranged by the entertainment committee, to which ladies will be admitted; tickets 15c, double tickets 25c.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE S.O.E.B.S.

Twenty years ago the Sons of England Benevolent Society was inaugurated by the opening of Albion lodge, No. 1. On Wednesday evening, Dec. 12th, the twentieth anniversary was celebrated in the parlour of Shaftesbury Hall by a smoking concert, about 400 members being present, and right heartily the members enjoyed themselves until the midnight hour rung out.

The following excellent programme was presented:—Piano solo, Mr. Musgrove; song, "Death of Nelson," Mr. Thacker; song, comic, Mr. Pigott; mandolin quartette, Messrs. Wilson Bros. and Turner; descriptive song, Mr. J. W. Muck; song, Bro. H. O. Wilson; mouth organ solo, Bro. J. W. Langdon; song, Mr. F. J. Hill; song, comic, Mr. Wray; baritone solo, Mr. W. L. Mills; whistling solo, Prof. R. J. Palmer; song, Bro. Weighill; recitation, Bro. Capt. Andrews; Orlando Mandolin Quintette; songs, Bros. Fox, B. Jones, J. Wright and Messrs. Gibson, A. Rubbia, Chatfield and others.

STANDARD BEARERS FOR 1896.

Lodge Cambridge, No. 54, held their usual quarterly meeting in York Fire Hall on Friday, Dec. 7th. There was a large turnout of the members, it being the largest muster the lodge has ever seen. Two candidates were initiated and a number of propositions reported on.

Pres.; Thos. May, V.-P.; W. H. Clay, Secy. (re-elected); W. T. Empringham, Treas. (re-elected); Jos. Walters, Chap.; Jos. Empringham, Jno. Hicks, George White, Chas. J. Murray, W. J. Taylor and Wm. Candler, Committee; James Pengilly, I. G.; Geo. Davis, O. G.; Dr. W. R. Walters, Sur.; Geo. Marshall and Jno. Johnson, Trustees; Dr. Walters and W. H. Clay, delegates to Grand Lodge.

Kent lodge, No. 3, met in Room A, Shaftesbury Hall, Monday, Dec. 10th, 1894, Bro. R. Tanner, W. P., in the chair. The principal business of the evening was the election of officers for the ensuing year, as follows:—Rev. Tanner, P.P.; A. C. Taylor, Pres.; Rev. Taylor, V.-P.; George Smithers, Chap.; C. Sims, Secy.; L. J. Applethorpe, Treas.; Dr. Martin, Surg.; W. Bidout, A. H. Tharle, J. S. Taylor, F. J. Norris and J. Roadknight, Committee; W. Page, I. G.; J. Parrish, O. G.; F. H. Herbert and C. Russell, G. L. delegates; F. H. Herbert and A. W. Harris, Hall Trustees; C. Reeves and C. Russell, Lodge Trustees; A. W. Harris, H. W. Harris and A. C. Price, Auditors.

Lodge Richmond, No. 65, met on Tuesday, Dec. 11th, 1894, in Room C, Shaftesbury Hall, when the election of officers for 1895. The undermentioned brethren were elected:—F. Tofts, W. P.; D. Cross, V.-P.; A. Harris, Chap.; J. Wingfield, Sr., Secy.; W. C. Wells, Sr., Treas.; Bros. Sanderson, Ham, Locke, Riley, Sr., Brock and Owens, Committee; Dr. C. E. Martin, Surgeon; W. A. Wingfield, I. G.; W. Howard, O. G.; Bro. Collins, Washington and T. Riley, Auditors; T. Riley, Sr., G. L. delegate. Receipts for the evening, \$65.87.

Windsor lodge, No. 35, held their regular meeting on Tuesday evening, Dec. 11th, in Oddfellows' Hall, Queen St. West, W. P. Fred Petty in the chair. It being quarterly meeting night and annual election of officers there was a large attendance of members and visitors. One brother was received into the lodge on clearance, also two propositions for membership. The election of officers for 1895 resulted as follows:—P. P., Fred Petty; Pres. Jas. Reeves; V.-P., Jno. Amos. Chap. Geo. Morley; Secy., Saml. Rich, Treas. H. W. Thorpe; Committee, L. Kelly, J. J. Williams, H. Fuller, W. Lindsay, H. Braun and F. Fleet; I. G., G. W. Williams; O. G., E. J. Pipe; delegate to G. L. Geo. Sturdy; Trustees, Jas. Pawcett and W. T. White; Auditors, R. Stokes, E. J. Lamb and Geo. Sturdy; Organist, E. J. Lamb. The lodge moves to their new lodge-room on Queen and McCarroll streets on Tuesday, Jan. 8th, when it is intended to have a house-warming, special invitations to attend same being sent to the S. G. Executive and the officers and members of city lodges. Ample refreshments and a good programme of music will be provided and a pleasant evening guaranteed to all who may attend.

Lodge Cheltenham, No. 178, held their fortnightly meeting in Room A, Shaftesbury Hall, on Tuesday, December 11th, 1894, Bro. G. Clatworthy in the chair. The officers elected for 1895 are:—C. J. H. Winstanley, W. P.; W. H. Boyce, V.-P.; C. S. Clark, Secy.; R. Aude, Treas.; W. Walklate, Chap.; Dr. A. E. Aude, Surg.; Bros. Lucas, Bedford, Rose, Wells, Atherton and Bailey, Committee; Bros. Bedford, Eaton and Lucas, Auditors; H. Rapkin, I. G.; A. W. Schock, O. G.; C. J. H. Winstanley and Dr. Aude, Grand Lodge delegates.

Middlesex lodge, No. 2, held their usual meeting on Wednesday, December 12th, 1894, at McBean's Hall, corner College St. and Brunswick Ave., J. F. Scott, W. P., in the chair. The election of officers drew a large crowd of members, 124 being present, each office being keenly contested. The officers for the year are as under:—W. P., H. H. Pearce; V.-P., W. W. Weston; Sec., W. H. Sims; Treas., J. E. Brame; Chap., J. T. Jones; Committee, F. Ferris, B. A. Hoopgood, J. Leaman, H. Leaman, Crowthers and W. J. Hume; I. G., B. Hughes; O. G., B. Carpenter; Surg., Drs. Webster and Parry; Auditors, Bros. Buley, Hurd, Harris and Palmer; Trustees, Bros. Butcher and Skipp; G. L. delegate, T. R. Skippon P S G P.

Lodge Preston, No. 67, met in Room A, Shaftesbury Hall, on Wednesday, Dec. 14th, 1894, H. G. Ford, W. P., in the chair, at which time the annual election of officers took place as viz:—C. Weatherill, W. P.; E. Nuttall, V.-P.; J. J. Pritchard, Sr., Secy.; H. Heath, Treas.; S. J. P. Callis, Chap.; Bros. A. Dawson, G. Hedge, J. H. Nuttall, W. A. Guile, W. H. Chambers and F. J. Robinson, Committee; W. Higgins, I. G.; T. Thompson, O. G.; Jno. Aldridge, G. L. delegate.

Lodge Rugby, No. 80, held their meeting on Wednesday, Dec. 12th, 1894, in Room C, Shaftesbury Hall, Bro. J. H. Davies, W. P., in the chair. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—J. J. Fletcher, W. P.; L. Hardford, V.-P.; C. E. Swait, Secy.; W. Ferran, Treas.; W. A. Soley, Chap.; E. Harris, W. Plater, A. Bloomfield, J. Roberts, R. Lowe and C. Sipton, Committee; J. Hardy, I. G.; J. Goodman, O. G.; W. Barker, W. J. Whitby and S. Goddard, Auditors; J. C. Swait, G. L. delegate.

Hull lodge, No. 104, met on Wednesday, December 12th, 1894, in St. Leger's Hall, cor. of Denison Ave. and Queen St. West, Major Salt, W. P., presiding. The election of officers resulted as viz:—Bro. Kemp, W. R.; Bro. Bulmer, V.-P.; Bro. A. Tomlinson, Chap.; Bro. A. C. Chapman, Secy.; Bro. Jewell, Treas.; Bro. Dr. Pepler, Surg.; Bros. Bailey, Russell, Marks, West, Hening and Upham, Committee; Bro. Ferguson, I. G.; Bro. Broadhurst, O. G.; Bro. Harper, Hill and Vaughan, Auditors; Bro. Ferguson, G. L. delegate.

Hammersmith lodge, No. 183, met in Dingman's Hall, Queen St. East, on Wednesday, Dec. 12th, 1894, Bro. Capt. Geo. Vennell in the chair. The following were elected to fill the various offices for the ensuing year:—W. P., Bro. Buck; V.-P., Bro. Otter; Secy., Bro. C. Carr; Treas., Bro. Fabien; Chap., Bro. Hunt; Committee, Bros. Nokes, Buckley, Poole, Swain, Smith and Capps; I. G., Bro. Grinnell; O. G., Bro. Devonshires; Surg., Dr. Norman Allen; Auditors, Bros. Strugnall, Addy and Rowse; G. L. delegate, Bro. C. Carr.

Lodge Hereford, No. 194, held their meeting on Wednesday, December 12th, in Oddfellows' Hall, cor. Queen St. West and Spadina Ave., Bro. W. C. Hall, W. P., in the chair. The following officers were duly elected for 1895:—W. P., W. C. Hall (re-elected); V.-P., T. A. Haigh; Sec., Jas. Bavington; Treas., S. Newborn; Chap. James Langdon; Committee, Bros. Banham, Sanders, Marlowe, Potter, E. Langdon and Hurd; I. G., Bro. Darwin; O. G., Bro. Bragg; Surg. Dr. W. Ballen; Auditors, Bros. Langley, Haigh and Sanders; G. L. delegate, W. C. Hall and T. A. Haigh.

York lodge, No. 6, met on Thursday, December 13th, 1894, in Avenue Chambers, cor. College St. and Spadina Ave., Bro. John Lucas, W. P., in the chair. The following were elected to fill the various offices for 1895:—P. P., Jno. Luens; Pres., Jas. Kitchener; V.-P., Jas. Dewery; Secy., Jas. Baylis (acclamation); Treas., P. Roberts; Chap., E. Poole; Committee, Bros. Brennan; Steels, Dyer, Oliver, H. T. Rogers and Hawkins; I. G., Bro. F. Medgley (acclamation); O. G., Ed. Turner; Surg., Dr. Geo. Carvotte; Trustees, Bros. Bulman, Sharland and Penny; Auditors, Bros. Aisthorpe, Smith and Brown; G. L. delegates, Bros. H. T. Aisthorpe and J. Baylis; Organist, Bro. Lane (acclamation); Delegate to Juvenile Lodge, Bro. H. T. Aisthorpe (acclamation).

Shrewsbury lodge, No. 158, held their fortnightly meeting in Y. M. C. A. Hall, cor. Young and McGill Sts., on Thursday, Dec. 13th, 1894, Bro. E. Hopkins, W. P., in the chair. The following is the result of the election of officers for the ensuing year:—W. P., W. J. Green; V.-P., F. Walker; Secy., E. C. Turner; Treas., W. H. Mitchell; Chap., E. Potts; Surg. Dr. Norman Allen; Committee, Bros. Everist, W. B. Jones, Jas. Banks, R. C. Nye, Gullet and Lawrence; I. G., W. C. Rowath; O. G., T. Stead; Auditors, F. W. Ratcliffe, F. Fuert and A. Jones; G. L. delegate, B. L. Selby.

Lodge St. Alban's, No. 76, met in St. George's Hall, Elm St., on Friday, Dec. 14th, when the following were elected officers for 1895:—Bro. Fred Lear, P. P.; Bro. J. W. Webb, Pres.; Bro. James, V.-P.; Bro. Jos. Richardson, Chap.; Bro. Westren, Treas.; Bro. J. S. Grundy, Secy.; Bro. Dr. Greene, Surg.; Bro. Cooper, I. G.; Bro. Lawrence, O. G.; Bros. Bugg, Tyrrell, Preston, Bushell, Greene and Kegassick, Committee; Bros. Horswell, P. P., and Walkem, P. P., Trustees; Bros. Bushell, Walkem and Horswell, Auditors; Bro. Walkem, G. L. delegate.

Commercial lodge, No. 200, met in Room A, Shaftesbury Hall, Saturday, Dec. 15th, 1894, Bro. O. H. Corton in the chair. A large number of visiting brethren were present, including S. W. Burns, W. P., and J. D. Bond, President elect of Avondale lodge; G. H. Evans, D. D. of Centre Toronto, and R. Patching, P. P. of Mercantile lodge; B. Jones, P. P. of Albion lodge; L. Wyatt, W. P. of Manchester lodge; C. Sendall, P. P. of Surrey lodge; T. H. Graham, P. P. of Hammersmith lodge, and H. Hampshire, P. P. of St. George's lodge. Two members were initiated. The election

of officers resulted as follows:—W. P., Geo. Thorpe; V.-P., H. Perks; Secy., R. A. Fletcher; Treas., J. F. Race; Chap., Jas. Perks; Surg., Dr. Norman Allen; Committee, Bros. Smythe, Brown, Sweet, Aldridge Gravelin and H. Gravelin; I. G., Bro. Hatch; O. G., Bro. Waterman; G. L. delegates, Bros. C. H. Corton and J. F. Race. Receipts for the evening, \$101.50. Bros. G. H. Evans, S. W. Burns and R. Patching acted as scrutineers.

Norfolk lodge, No. 57, met in Dominion Hall, cor. Dundas St. and Queen St. West, on Tuesday, Dec. 18th, 1894, Bro. W. M. Watson, acting W. P., in the chair. The officers for 1895 are as under:—W. P., W. H. Davis; V.-P., Wm. Reeves; Secy., A. E. Portch; Treas., W. M. Watson; Chap., Rev. W. H. Clarke; Surg., Dr. E. Hemstead; Committee, T. Taylor, Geo. Keen, E. Fearon and A. J. Astley; I. G., G. W. Rowe; O. G., (deferred); Auditors, Rev. W. H. Clarke, Master, Winter-skill; G. L. delegates, W. H. Davis and G. W. Fowe. Receipts for the evening, \$39.35.

Albion lodge, No. 1, held their usual meeting on Thursday, December 20th, 1894, in Room A Shaftesbury Hall, W. G. Partridge, president, presided. There was a large attendance of members, the lodge room being full, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Pres., W. G. Partridge, (re-elected); V.-P., F. Coulter, (re-elected); Sec., C. E. Smith, (re-elected); Treas., F. W. Turner, (re-elected); Chap., S. S. Smith, (acclamation); Committee—Bros. Brett, Nash, Gazey, Llewelyn, Stone and Wilby; Surgeon, Dr. J. S. King, (acclamation); I. G., G. Strongisharm; O. G., J. Gray; Auditors, H. C. Wilson, S. S. Smith and A. Ten-nyson; G. L. Delegates, Dr. J. S. King and W. Howard. Receipts for the evening \$49.0.

Chesterfield lodge, No. 97, met on Friday, December 21st, 1894, in St. George's Hall, Elm street, Bro. W. H. Milne, W. P., in the chair. The principal business of the evening was the election of officers, which was filled as follows:—Pres., Jos. Oldfield; V.-P., H. Giles, (acclamation); Sec., J. F. Stokes; Treas., Geo. Clay; Chap., A. T. Laurence; Committee, Bros. Boulbee, Horn, Johnson, Heighington, Barratt, Glazebrook; Surgeon, Dr. A. Boulbee; O. G., Bro. Watts; G. L. Delegates, H. Giles and Geo. Clay; Auditors, Bros. Milne, Harvard and Harding.

Lanuceston lodge, No. 154, met on Monday, December 24th, 1894, at Stone-hain's Hall, North Toronto, T. Sargent, Prsident, in the chair, being Xmas even the attendance was slim, the question of a "Lodge Card" in the ANGLO-SAXON was laid over until the next meeting. The chairs will be filled as follows for the year, 1895:—Pres., H. Hardman; V.-P., J. Hardman; Sec., J. Bushell; Treas., D. Kinsman; Chap. S. Reynolds; Committee, W. D. Kinsman, O. Moat, H. Warry, J. Moat, C. Dawson, A. H. Southby; I. G., W. Swash; O. G., S. Farris; Surgeon, Dr. C. M. Foster; G. L. Delegates, T. Sargent and H. J. Doble.

The City by the Sea.

LODGE MALBOROUGH NO. 207, JUMPING TO THE FRONT.

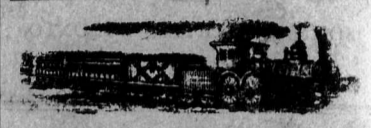
St. John, N. B., December 26th, 1894.

The lodge will have a dinner after their installation on June 10th at the well known restaurant of Mr. Brear-lyton, Prince William St., and a great time is expected, as the membership has within its ranks some excellent musical and literary talent. It is very gratifying to notice that as each new member is initiated he goes forth and tells how surprised he was that we have such a good Order in St. John, and how beautiful and impressive, and well conducted the ceremony was, a person has only to join to be more than pleased with his countrymen in this city by the sea. We are bound to succeed with such good material to work on, and all are indeed thankful for the Order having been planted in St. John, for it not only brings us in touch with all Englishmen of our glorious Dominion, but gives us such excellent benefits that we are happy in the thought that should sickness or death enter our portals, we have the great protection provided by the S.O.E.B.S., which all will readily agree to be second to none of all benefit societies.

Cholly—It rained so hard I had to get under shelter. She—Who told you it was raining?—Life!



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