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No. 1

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 7TH JANUARY, 1955.

2.00 o'clock, p.m.

This being the day on which Parliament has been convoked by Proclamation of the Governor General for the despatch of business and the Members of the House being assembled:

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker communicated to the House the following letter:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

14TH December, 1954.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General will arrive at the main entrance of the Houses of Parliament at 2.00 p.m. on Friday the 7th January, 1955, and when it has been signified that all is in readiness, will proceed to the Senate Chamber to open formally the Second Session of the Twenty-second Parliament of Canada.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

LIONEL MASSEY,
Secretary to the Governor General.

The Honourable
The Speaker of the House of Commons,
Ottawa.

A Message was delivered by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod:

Mr. Speaker,

"His Excellency the Governor General desires the immediate attendance of this Honourable House in the Chamber of the Honourable the Senate."

The House attended accordingly;

And being returned:

Mr. Speaker informed the House that, during the recess, he had received communications from several Members, notifying him that vacancies had occurred in the representation, as follows:

Of Honourable D. C. Abbott, Member for the Electoral District of Saint-Antoine-Westmount, consequent upon his acceptance of an office of emolument under the Crown;

Of Honourable Lionel Chevrier, Member for the Electoral District of Stormont, consequent upon his acceptance of an office of emolument under the Crown;

Of Honourable Brooke Claxton, Member for the Electoral District of St. Lawrence-St. George, by resignation;

Of Rodney Adamson, Esquire, Member for the Electoral District of York West, by decease;

Of Lionel Conacher, Esquire, Member for the Electoral District of Trinity, by decease;

Of Robert James Wood, Esquire, Member for the Electoral District of Selkirk, by decease.

And that he had addressed his warrants to the Chief Electoral Officer for the issue of new Writs of Election for the said Electoral Districts.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ST. ANTOINE-WESTMOUNT

CANADA }
To Wit: } House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice, in pursuance of section ten of the House of Commons Act, that a vacancy hath occurred in the representation in the House of Commons, for the electoral district of St. Antoine-Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, by reason of the acceptance of an office of emolument under the Crown by the Honourable D. C. Abbott, member for the said Constituency.

Given under our hands and seals, at Ottawa, this first day of July, 1954.

LOUIS S. ST. LAURENT, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Quebec East.

C. D. HOWE, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Port Arthur.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF STORMONT

CANADA
To Wit: } House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice, in pursuance of section ten of the House of Commons Act, that a vacancy hath occurred in the representation in the House of Commons for the electoral district of Stormont, in the Province of Ontario, by reason of the acceptance of an office of emolument under the Crown by the Honourable Lionel Chevrier, member for the said Constituency.

Given under our hands and seals, at the City of Ottawa, this first day of July, 1954.

LOUIS S. ST. LAURENT, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Quebec East.

C. D. HOWE, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Port Arthur.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF ST. LAWRENCE-ST. GEORGE

CANADA
To Wit: } House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

I, Brooke Claxton, Member of the House of Commons of Canada, for the Electoral District of St. Lawrence-St. George, do hereby resign my seat in the said House of Commons, for the constituency aforesaid.

Given under my hand and seal at Ottawa this 31st day of July, 1954.

BROOKE CLAXTON, (L.S.)

Witness: Irene Dunn

Witness: Edna Kingsbury

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF YORK WEST

CANADA
To Wit: } House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice, in pursuance of section ten of the House of Commons Act, that a vacancy hath occurred in the representation in the House of Commons for the Electoral District of York West, in the Province of Ontario, by reason of the death of Rodney Adamson, the member therefor.

Given under our hands and seals, at the City of Ottawa, this twenty-second day of September, 1954.

C. D. HOWE, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Port Arthur.

W. E. HARRIS, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Grey Bruce.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF TRINITY

CANADA
To Wit:

House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice, in pursuance of section ten of the House of Commons Act, that a vacancy hath occurred in the representation in the House of Commons for the Electoral District of Trinity, in the Province of Ontario, by reason of the death of Lionel Conacher, member for the said Constituency.

Given under our hands and seals, at the City of Ottawa, this twenty-second day of September, 1954.

C. D. HOWE, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Port Arthur.

W. E. HARRIS, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Grey Bruce.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF SELKIRK

CANADA
To Wit:

House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice, in pursuance of section ten of the House of Commons Act, that a vacancy hath occurred in the representation in the House of Commons for the electoral district of Selkirk, in the Province of Manitoba, by reason of the death of Robert James Wood, member for the said Constituency.

Given under our hands and seals, at the City of Ottawa, this twenty-second day of September, 1954.

JAMES SINCLAIR, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Coast-Capilano

J. W. PICKERSGILL, (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Bonavista-Twillingate.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that, during the recess, the Clerk of the House had received from the Chief Electoral Officer, certificates of the election and return of the following Members, namely:

Claude Richardson, Esquire, for the Electoral District of St. Lawrence-St. George;

Albert Peter Lavigne, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Stormont;

John Borden Hamilton, Esquire, for the Electoral District of York West;

The Honourable George C. Marler, for the Electoral District of Saint-Antoine-Westmount;

Donald D. Carrick, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Trinity;

W. Scottie Bryce, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Selkirk.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to Theodore B. Laberge, of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of St. Lawrence-St. George, in the place and stead of the Honourable Brooke Claxton, who has resigned, Claude Richardson, Advocate, 1227 Sherbrooke Street W., Montreal, Quebec, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this nineteenth day of November, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to J. Ambrose McMahon, of Cornwall, in the Province of Ontario, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of Stormont, in the place and stead of the Honourable Lionel Chevrier, who has accepted an office of emolument under the Crown, Albert Peter Lavigne, Merchant, 515 Montreal Road, Cornwall, Ontario, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this twenty-third day of November, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to James J. Burke, of Long Branch, in the Province of Ontario, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of York West, in the place and stead of Rodney Adamson, deceased, John Borden Hamilton, Barrister, 39 King George's Road, Etobicoke, Ontario, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this twenty-fifth day of November, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to Walter S. Smaill, of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of Saint-Antoine-Westmount, in the place and stead of the Honourable Douglas Charles Abbott, who has accepted an office of emolument under the Crown, the Honourable George C. Marler, 1559 McGregor Street, Montreal, Quebec, Notary Public, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this twenty-fifth day of November, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to Harry Gilbert, of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of Trinity, in the place and stead of Lionel Conacher, deceased, Donald D. Carrick, 329 Lytton Blvd., Toronto, Ontario, Barrister, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this third day of December, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

To the Clerk of the House of Commons:

This is to certify that pursuant to a Writ dated on the twenty-second day of September, 1954, and addressed to Gudmundur O. Einarsson, of Arborg, in the Province of Manitoba, for the election of a Member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of Selkirk, in the place and stead of Robert James Wood, deceased, W. Scottie Bryce, 326 Evelene St., Selkirk, Manitoba, Farmer, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa this seventeenth day of December, 1954.

N. CASTONGUAY (L.S.)
Chief Electoral Officer.

The following Members, having taken and subscribed the oath required by Law, took their seats in the House, namely:

The Honourable George C. Marler, for the Electoral District of Saint-Antoine-Westmount;

Donald D. Carrick, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Trinity;

Albert Peter Lavigne, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Stormont;

Claude Richardson, Esquire, for the Electoral District of St. Lawrence-St. George;

John Borden Hamilton, Esquire, for the Electoral District of York West;

W. Scottie Bryce, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Selkirk.

Mr. St. Laurent, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 1, An Act respecting the Administration of Oaths of Office, which was read the first time.

Mr. Speaker reported, that when the House did attend His Excellency the Governor General this day in the Senate Chamber, His Excellency was pleased to make a Speech to both Houses of Parliament, and to prevent mistakes, he had obtained a copy, which is as follows:

Honourable Members of the Senate:

Members of the House of Commons:

It affords me great pleasure to greet you as you resume your Parliamentary duties at the beginning of this New Year.

Since you last met, the people of Canada have been given an opportunity of extending once more an affectionate welcome to Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother. They have also had the pleasure of greeting again the consort of our Sovereign, the Duke of Edinburgh, who came to attend the British Empire and Commonwealth Games held in Vancouver during the summer and to visit northern parts of Canada.

While there is hopeful evidence that the increasing strength of the free world has lessened the likelihood of aggression, the terrible destruction that war would bring to North America and indeed to all mankind has been magnified by the increase in the number and effectiveness of atomic and thermonuclear weapons and the means of delivering them.

My Ministers are convinced that, while the resources of diplomacy must never be neglected in the search for peace, the efforts of the free nations in building their deterrent forces must be maintained. To this end, Canada was represented at the London and Paris Conferences which formulated an alternative to the European Defence Community and provided for the entry of the Federal Republic of Germany into the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. You will be asked to approve the agreements reached at those meetings.

Our country continues to give full support to the United Nations. The Canadian delegation took an important part in the deliberations of the recent meeting of the General Assembly in New York. It is earnestly hoped that the adoption of the resolution on disarmament introduced in the political committee by the Canadian delegation may lead to agreement on an effective system of international safeguards.

While no final settlement has been reached in Korea, the lessening of the threat of renewed aggression in that area has made possible the withdrawal of a substantial portion of the Canadian forces.

At the invitation of the Geneva conference Canada has accepted the heavy responsibility of serving on the Armistice Commissions which have been formed to supervise the restoration of peace in the Associated States of Indo-China.

Last autumn our nation was the host at the annual meeting of the Consultative Committee of the Colombo Plan. You will be asked to approve Canada's continued participation in the Plan as well as in the United Nations' Technical Assistance Programme.

A meeting of Commonwealth Prime Ministers will be held in London at the end of this month to consider a number of problems affecting the peoples of this great association of nations. My Prime Minister plans to attend this conference.

During the summer arrangements were completed to permit the navigational facilities of the St. Lawrence River to be enlarged and a hydro electric project to be undertaken in the International Rapids section.

Work on these two projects has already begun and my Ministers are convinced the stimulus to the national economy resulting from their construction will be shared in all parts of the country.

Since you last met, Cape Breton Island has been linked with the mainland by the new causeway which will be ready for service as soon as the ship canal has been bridged.

It is expected that, in the course of the coming season, the new ferry between North Sydney and Port aux Basques will be in operation and the ferry service between Yarmouth and Bar Harbour started. Construction of a new ferry to operate between Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island will be undertaken early in the present year.

To improve navigation on the Pacific Coast, you will be asked to make provision at this session for the removal of Ripple Rock.

Canadians learned with deep regret of the loss of life and damage to property caused by two severe storms felt heavily in the Province of Ontario and the Province of Nova Scotia. An agreement has been reached with the Province of Ontario to assist those persons whose homes were damaged or destroyed and assistance has been given under the Agricultural Prices Support Act to the producers of apples in Nova Scotia. You will be asked to make the necessary financial provision for these arrangements.

The Disabled Persons Act which you passed at the last session was proclaimed to come into force at the beginning of the present year. The governments of all the provinces have announced their intention to participate in implementing the programme to assist those who are totally unable to care for themselves; and My Ministers are now in a position to conclude the necessary federal-provincial agreements to bring this humanitarian measure into operation.

Although the national economy is in a generally healthy condition, the relatively poor wheat crop is being reflected by a small decline in the total national income. Some unemployment of a regional and seasonal nature is being experienced. To help meet this situation work on public construction

projects already approved is being accelerated and you will be asked to make financial provision for construction in the programmes of various departments and agencies on a scale that will make possible a substantial increase in the total expenditures for this purpose.

The government proposes to introduce legislation immediately for the amendment of the Unemployment Insurance Act to provide for an increase in the duration and scale of supplementary winter benefits. It is also proposing to introduce, during the session, broader amendments designed to make Unemployment Insurance a more effective instrument in providing financial support to unemployed workers.

The National Housing Act, 1954, enacted early in the last session, which authorized lower down-payments and larger loans, and which enabled the chartered banks for the first time to make loans on the security of residential mortgages, has been an important factor in stimulating the construction of a record number of houses in the past year. The prospects are favourable for a high level of house building in 1955.

It is proposed to bring into general operation on the first of February the provision of the Act under which loans may be made for home improvements. In accordance with an undertaking given at the last Session, this section was proclaimed for small holders under the Veterans' Land Act with effect from the first of this year.

You will be asked to consider amendments to the Railway Act relating to the elimination of level crossings. The government also hopes to lay before you during the present session a measure to consolidate the legislation affecting the Canadian National Railways.

Amendments to the Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act and a measure to control works which affect the normal flow of rivers which cross the international boundary will be proposed for the purpose of ensuring that natural resources are developed in the best interests of the Canadian public.

You will be asked to consider a measure to implement a convention between Canada and the United States relating to fisheries research on the Great Lakes.

You will also be asked to consider legislation to provide facilities for loans to fishermen similar to those provided to farmers by the Farm Improvement Loans Act.

The government will submit amendments to the War Veterans Allowance Act to raise the basic rates as well as the ceiling on permissible incomes of recipients of allowances.

You will also be asked to consider amendments to the Blind Persons Act, to lower the age of eligibility and raise the income ceilings.

A measure which will provide for amendments to the National Defence Act and the Defence Services Pension Act will be placed before you.

Legislation will be proposed to replace the Meat and Canned Foods Act by measures to provide for the inspection of meat and for the establishment of standards for all agricultural products.

You will be asked to approve a convention signed by the members of the International Civil Aviation Organization which fixes the responsibility for damage caused to third parties by foreign aircraft.

A joint committee of both Houses will be proposed to examine, in the light of the Municipal Grants Act and possible amendments thereto, the financial and other relationships of the government and the Federal District Commission with the City of Ottawa and neighbouring municipalities.

Among other measures you will be asked to consider amendments to the Defence Production Act, the Government Employees Compensation Act, the Financial Administration Act, the Public Service Superannuation Act, the Historic Sites and Monuments Act, the Radio Act, the Territorial Lands Act, the Library of Parliament Act, the Canada Grain Act, the Northwest Territories Act, the Yukon Act, the Canada Shipping Act, the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act and to the Municipal Grants Act.

Members of the House of Commons:

You will be asked to make provision for the public service for the next fiscal year.

Honourable Members of the Senate:

Members of the House of Commons:

I pray that Divine Providence may guide you in the discharge of your responsibilities.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, it was ordered,—That the Speech of His Excellency the Governor General to both Houses of Parliament be taken into consideration later this day, and that this order have precedence over all other business, unless and until otherwise ordered, except Introduction of Bills and Government Notices of Motions, until disposed of.

Mr. St. Laurent a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, delivered a Message from His Excellency the Governor General, which was read by Mr. Speaker, as follows:

VINCENT MASSEY:

The Governor General transmits to the House of Commons a certified copy of an approved minute of council appointing the Honourable James J. McCann, Minister of National Revenue, the Honourable S. S. Garson, Minister of Justice, the Honourable Hugues Lapointe, Minister of Veterans Affairs and the Honourable W. E. Harris, Minister of Finance, to act with the Speaker of the House of Commons as Commissioners for the purposes, and under the provisions of the 143rd Chapter of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, intituled "An Act respecting the House of Commons".

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

January 7th, 1955.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, a Special Committee was appointed to prepare and report, with all convenient speed, lists of Members to compose the Standing Committees of this House under Standing Order 63, said Committee to be composed of Messrs. Harris, Lapointe, Casselman, Knowles and Weir.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, Edward T. Applewhaite, Esquire, Member for the Electoral District of Skeena, was appointed Deputy Chairman of Committees of the Whole House.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House,—Report of the Proceedings of the Commissioners of Internal Economy of the House of Commons, for the period November 13, 1953 to January 7, 1955, in accordance with the provisions of Standing Order 80.

Mr. Speaker presented the Report of the Joint Librarians of Parliament, which is as follows:—

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

The Joint Librarians of Parliament have the honour to submit their report for the year 1954.

Our last report told of the temporary arrangements made to provide good service to Members of Parliament during the reconstruction of the Library of Parliament building. No significant changes occurred in these arrangements in the course of the year. The Department of Public Works is of the opinion that the reconstruction of the Library of Parliament building should be completed by April, 1956, in which case we should be able to move in early in the summer of that year.

Our report told also of the steps taken to recatalogue and reclassify our collection according to the rules adopted by the Library of Congress and the American Library Association. This is a formidable task and will take many years to complete, but our cataloguing staff is making rapid progress. From January 1st to December 31st, 1955, 22,555 volumes had been recatalogued and reclassified.

Members of Parliament will remember that at the end of the last session the House of Commons Reading Room was made a part of the Library of Parliament. It is now administered by the Joint Librarians.

As recommended by the Joint Committee on the Library, the Parliamentary Librarian travelled to the United Kingdom during the recess to study the organization of the libraries of both Houses of Parliament and their relations with other large libraries in London. He will report his findings to the next meeting of the Joint Committee on the Library of Parliament.

In the course of the year Mr. Harry G. Tinney, Library Clerk-Bookkeeper, was retired on superannuation after twenty-four years of honourable service. The Civil Service Commission has promoted Mr. John H. Bennett to the vacant post.

Respectfully submitted,

FELIX DESROCHERS
FRANCIS A. HARDY
Joint Librarians.

Library of Parliament,
Ottawa, January 7, 1955.

Mr. Speaker also laid before the House,—Copy of a Report dated January 4, 1955, of the Chief Electoral Officer, pursuant to Section 58 of The Canada Elections Act, Chapter 23, R.S.C. 1952.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of a Summary of Orders in Council passed during the period June 1 to December 31, 1954.

And also,—Copy of the Report of the Auditor General to the Chairman and Members of the Federal District Commission on the Audit of the Commission's accounts for the year ended March 31, 1954.

Mr. Prudham, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Dominion Coal Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 15 of the Dominion Coal Board Act, Chapter 86, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Agriculture for the year ended March 31, 1954.

Mr. McCubbin also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report on the activities under the Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 9 of the said Act, Chapter 175, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian Farm Loan Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 13 of the Canadian Farm Loan Act, Chapter 36, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of Classification of loans in Canada and of deposit liabilities to the public in Canada in Canadian currency of the chartered banks of Canada as of September 30, 1954, pursuant to Section 119 (1) of the Bank Act, Chapter 48, Statutes of Canada 1953-54.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Industrial Development Bank for the year ended September 30, 1954, pursuant to Section 29 (4), of the Industrial Development Bank Act, Chapter 151, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for the year ended December 31, 1952, Volume II—Life Insurance Companies and Fraternal Benefit Societies, pursuant to Section 9, the Department of Insurance Act, Chapter 70, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Insurance on Loan and Trust Companies for the year ended December 31, 1953.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Insurance on the operations of the Civil Service Insurance Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 21 (2) of the said Act, Chapter 49, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of a Report of loans to the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority, pursuant to Section 26 (4) of the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority Act, Chapter 242, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of an Agreement, dated June 25, 1954, between the Minister of Finance and the Canadian Shipowners Mutual Assurance Association made under the Marine and Aviation War Risks Act, Section 8, Chapter 328, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of the report on the audit of the accounts of the Canadian Farm Loan Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 87 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the National Research Council for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 16 (3) of the Research Council Act, Chapter 239, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Bennett (Grey North), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Veterans Affairs, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Veterans Affairs, including the Reports of the Canadian Pension Commission and the War Veterans Allowance Board, for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 9 of the Department of Veterans Affairs Act, Chapter 80, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Bennett also laid before the House,—Copy of Regulations made under Section 12 of the Army Benevolent Fund Act, Chapter 10, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Pursuant to Special Order made this day, the Order for the consideration of the Speech of His Excellency the Governor General at the opening of the Session being read:

Mr. Leduc (Verdun), seconded Mr. Carrick, moved,—

That the following Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada:—

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Vincent Massey, Member of the Order of the Companions of Honour, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Excellency for the gracious Speech which Your Excellency has addressed to both Houses of Parliament.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Rowe, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 4.41 o'clock, p.m., until Monday next at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much money was disbursed to apple growers in Nova Scotia under the Prices Support Act, during the past season, in respect to apples sold to processors, following hurricane damage in September, 1954?

2. What was the average cost to the government per bushel?

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much money was paid out of the disaster relief fund to take care of hurricane damage in Nova Scotia, to (*a*) standing timber; (*b*) fishing boats, gear and equipment; (*c*) buildings and other property?

Mr. Murphy (Lambton West)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the amount spent on research by each department of the Federal Government during the calendar year 1954?

Mr. Murphy (Lambton West)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the amount spent for advertising by each department of the government during the calendar year 1954?

2. What advertising firms were employed?

3. What was the amount paid each advertising film?

Mr. Murphy (Lambton West)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—As of December 1st, 1954;

1. How many employees were in the service of each department of government?

2. How many persons were in each branch of the armed services?

3. How many civilians were employed by each of these branches?

Mr. MacDougall—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of increasing the war veterans allowance and permissive income.

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, immediate consideration should be given to the advisability of introducing a bill or declaration of rights to assure amongst other rights:

1. Freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of the press and of radio;

2. That Habeas Corpus shall not be abrogated or suspended except by parliament;

3. That no one shall be deprived of liberty or property without due process of law, and in no case by order in council;

4. That no tribunal or commission shall have the power to compel the giving of evidence by any one who is denied counsel or other constitutional safeguards.

And that as a preliminary step the government should consider the advisability of submitting for the opinion of the Supreme Court of Canada the question as to the degree of which fundamental freedoms of religion, speech and of the press and the preservation of the constitutional rights of the individual are matters of federal or provincial jurisdiction.

Mr. Decore—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of empowering the Canadian Wheat Board to conduct a ballot, by mail, of the grain producers holding permit books to ascertain the wishes of such producers as to the Wheat Board complying with orders signed by such producers directing the Wheat Board to pay membership dues to farm organizations from money due such producers from the sale of their grain by the Wheat Board.

Mr. Croll—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, Canada should have a Bill of Human Rights and Liberties in its constitution, and that the government should consider the advisability of taking whatever action is necessary to bring this about, and, as an interim measure of affirming Canada's acceptance of the United Nations' Declaration of Human Rights, and of adopting a Canadian Charter of Human Rights and Liberties.

Mr. McIvor—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of amending the Elections Act so as to enable all qualified electors to use their franchise in federal elections.

Mr. Hahn—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of initiating an increase in the amount of allowance to those at present eligible for benefits under the existing War Veterans Allowance Act, as well as an increase in the ceiling on permissive income, as provided by the said Act.

Mr. Knight—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of taking steps to relieve the financial crisis in education, without encroaching in any way on the exclusive jurisdiction of the provinces in this field, by granting financial assistance to the various provinces for the expansion and equalization of educational opportunity across Canada.

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation amending the Income Tax Act so as to remove therefrom the 3 per cent floor in relation to the deductibility of medical expenses for income tax purposes.

Mr. Herridge—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of calling a Dominion-Provincial Conference on conservation with a view to the establishment of a national policy on soil, forest and water conservation and land use for Canada.

Mr. Coldwell—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, consideration should be given to the taking of whatever steps are necessary to amend the British North America Act so as to include therein the following heading and sections:

"XII HUMAN RIGHTS

148. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Parliament of Canada or the Legislatures of any of the provinces to make laws:

(*a*) Abridging freedom of speech and expression, or freedom of religion, or of the press or other means of communication or the right of lawfull assembly, association or organization.

(*b*) Depriving any person of life or liberty by arbitrary or abusive measures, or denying to any person the equal protection of the laws.

(*c*) Requiring or imposing excessive bail or cruel or unusual punishment or exiling Canadian citizens.

(*d*) Subjecting any person to unreasonable interference with his or her privacy, family, home or correspondence.

(*e*) Subjecting any person to arbitrary arrest or detention or denying to any person the right after arrest to be informed promptly of the charges against such person and to trial within a reasonable time or to be released.

(*f*) Suspending the right to Habeas Corpus or depriving any person of a fair trial or the right to be represented by counsel.

149. The rights provided in Section 148 shall be enjoyed without distinction of race, sex, religion or language and the right to vote in any election of members of the Parliament of Canada or the Legislative Assembly of any province shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, religion, language or sex.

150. The rights conferred by Sections 148 and 149 hereof of this Act shall not be deemed to abridge any existing right of any person".

Mr. Murphy (Lambton West)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of setting up a special committee representative of all parties, with the power to call witnesses and send for documents and papers for the purpose of examining and reporting upon the advisability of providing inducements to promote and accelerate activities in the field of research.

Mr. Goode—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of taking steps to institute action which will relieve the congested and

dangerous conditions existing at the Vancouver International Airport, in the constituency of Burnaby Richmond, with a view to;

1. Eliminating congestion.

2. Segregating the various types of traffic.

3. Establishing areas for a major portion of the aviation training programme, both military and civil, at points removed from the Vancouver International Airport.

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation to provide an increase in the family allowance.

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of an immediate investigation into the reasons why the spread between the prices paid to the producer for top grade beef and those paid for lower grades is not accompanied by a corresponding choice of prices required to be paid by consumers, and into the question of whether there is an abuse under the present system of grading, and into the methods whereby such abuse can be eliminated.

Mr. White (Hastings-Frontenac)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act to increase or remove the present ceiling on the total permissible income of married and single veterans, without decreasing the amount of the allowance.

Mr. Campbell—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of introducing legislation to double the payments to farmers under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act.

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of extending the present designated areas set out under the terms of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act, so as to include all agricultural areas in the four western provinces.

Mr. Castleden—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into early consideration the advisability of appointing a board of live stock commissioners in Canada for the purpose of regulating and controlling the assembling, grading, transporting, marketing and exporting of livestock and livestock products, and that such board should include adequate representation appointed on the recommendation of the producers' organizations.

Mr. Brown (Brantford)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of introducing legislation to amend the Canada Elections Act, so as to extend the franchise to every Indian, as defined in the Indian Act, who is ordinarily resident on a reserve.

Mr. Philpott—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of appointing a Royal Commission to investigate the growth of the narcotic drug menace in Canada, including its relationship to crime in general and its debauchery of youth in particular; and to study all techniques of preventing and curtailing drug addiction, as well as methods of treating drug addicts, including those employed at Lexington, Kentucky.

Mr. MacKenzie—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of a conference with the Provincial Government of Ontario, at an early date, regarding the construction of a bridge over the Snye River, connecting Walpole Island and the main land near the town of Wallaceburg, to facilitate road traffic at this point.

Mrs. Shipley—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give early consideration to the advisability of extending the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act.

Mr. Dupuis—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of entering into negotiations with the government of the Province of Quebec for the purpose of reaching a mutual agreement for the abolition of tolls on the Jacques Cartier bridge.

Mr. Charlton—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of taking steps to further protect the health of the nation by requiring all trucks, tractors, busses, or any other diesel powered vehicles, including engines on railway lines, and all stationary type of engines, be equipped with a device to render harmless, poisonous gases emitted from the exhaust of such vehicles or engines.

Mr. Richard (Ottawa East)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of setting up a joint committee of both Houses of Parliament, to consider the operations of the Federal District Commission, the National Capital Plan and the relationship between the Government of Canada and municipalities included in the National Capital Plan.

Mr. McMillan—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of amending the Unemployment Insurance Act so as to increase the regular and supplementary benefits to single and married unemployed workers.

Mr. Fraser (St. John's East)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of accepting the offer, made by the Government of the Province of Newfoundland, of the Signal Hill area at St. John's, to be developed as an historic national park.

Mr. Hollingworth—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of introducing legislation to provide national scholarships and bursaries for students at the university level who are in financial need, insofar as the subject matter of this resolution is within the competence of Parliament.

Mr. Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean)—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of taking whatever steps are necessary for the early construction of the Eastern section of the St. Felicien-Chibougamau-Beattyville railway, for the purpose of connecting the Lake St. John industrial district with the Chibougamau mining centre.

Mr. Bertrand—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of having a survey made by the Department of National Health and Welfare of the number of blind persons in Canada; examine into the possibility of enacting a National Act providing allowances for these persons, or if the present allowance scheme is to be continued with the co-operation of the provinces, examine, in conjunction with the provinces, the possibility of abolishing the means test.

Mr. Crestohl—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of amending the Income Tax Act so as to provide for the exemption from income taxes of tuition fees paid to universities, vocational training schools, military colleges, academies and other institutions of higher learning, as well as the costs to students of all text books and scientific equipment necessary to the courses followed in these institutions of learning.

Mr. Hellyer—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of setting up a special select committee of this House to study the whole subject of conservation in Canada and to make recommendations with reference to co-ordinating the various conservation authorities to assist them in their task of preventing future disasters similar to that caused by hurricane Hazel.

The Minister of Labour—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act to raise the rates of supplementary benefit to the present rates of regular benefit and to provide a minimum of sixty days' supplementary benefit to those who qualify.

The Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Yukon Act to increase the indemnity and the living allowance to be paid to members of the Yukon Council while in attendance at a session of the Council and to provide that under certain conditions a member shall be deemed to be in attendance at a session.

The Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Northwest Territories Act to increase the sessional indemnity of elected members of the Northwest Territories Council.

The Minister of Transport—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE —The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Railway Act following the "Report on the Railway-Highway Crossing Problem in Canada", made by the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada to provide for an increase in the annual appropriation to The Railway Grade Crossing Fund from $1,000,000.00 to $5,000,000.00 and for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Fund.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE —The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Financial Administration Act to provide that the Auditor General shall out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund be paid a salary of twenty thousand dollars per annum with effect from July 1, 1954.

The Minister of Defence Production—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Defence Production Act to increase the salary of the Minister of Defence Production from ten thousand dollars per annum to fifteen thousand and to repeal section 41 which provided for the expiry of the Act on July 31st, 1956.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday next— IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE —The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act to extend the benefits and the application of the Act, and to provide further for certain changes in consequence thereof and also in connection with the administration of the Act.

The Minister of Labour—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE— The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act to extend the benefits of the Act to certain persons in the service of Her Majesty who are not paid a direct wage or salary and to persons locally engaged outside of Canada; to provide for additional benefits where an employee dies as the result of an accident while absent on duty from his usual place of employment; and to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

The Minister of National Defence—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, that it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canadian Forces to amend the National Defence Act to provide for the reinstatement under certain circumstances of a member of the Canadian Forces

who has been released, to place members of the Canadian Forces in the same position as civilians in respect of judicial process, and to make certain other amendments to the Act; also to amend the Defence Services Pension Act with respect to the payment to women of pensions or gratuities under certain circumstances, to extend the provisions relating to the augmentation of pension on re-enrolment, to extend the time within which an election may be made to count prior service, and to make certain other amendments to the Act.

The Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to bring in a measure to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act to amplify the definition of "historic place", to change slightly the representation of the Board, and to provide further for changes in the method and amount of payments to members appointed by the Governor in Council, of living and travelling expenses and to provide for the payment of stenographic allowances.

The Minister of Trade and Commerce—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canada Grain Act to amend the statutory grades of Western Grain and Eastern Grain with respect to the grade No. 3 Amber Durum Wheat and all grades of soybeans as recommended by the Committee on Western and Eastern Grain Standards; to provide for the appointment of four in lieu of three assistant grain commissioners and to increase the annual salaries of the chief and other two commissioners from fourteen and twelve thousand dollars to fifteen and thirteen thousand five hundred dollars respectively.

The Minister of Transport—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Radio Act to control the mechanical features of radio antennae for safety purposes and to provide for the appointment of inspectors in relation thereto; and to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

The Minister of Transport—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a bill respecting the New Westminster Harbour Commissioners to authorize the Minister of Finance to make total loans of $200,000.00 to the Corporation for the purposes mentioned in the said bill.

The Minister of Fisheries—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to implement the Convention on Great Lakes Fisheries between Canada and the United States, signed at Washington on the 10th of September, 1954, and to provide that the Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying out and giving effect to the provisions of the Convention and anything done by the Great Lakes Fisheries Commission to be established thereunder.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE —The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act to provide that a withdrawal allowance payable under the Act will include certain of the interest that has been paid on contributions and to provide further that where a member or a former member dies certain of the amounts which he may owe under the Act will not be recovered.

The Secretary of State for External Affairs—On Monday next—

Resolved, That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

Mrs. Fairclough—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to Provide equal pay for equal work for Women".

The Minister of Trade and Commerce—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements".

The Minister of Trade and Commerce—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas".

The Minister of Agriculture—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act".

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 2

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 10TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, June 23; July 14, and 28; August 11, and 25; September 8, and 22; October 13, and 27; November 10, and 24; December 8, and 22, 1954, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Labour for the year ended March 31, 1954,

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Unemployment Insurance Advisory Committee for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to the provisions of Section 87(1) of the Unemployment Insurance Act, Chapter 273, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Gregg also laid before the House,—Copy of Authentic Text of Recommendation 98, concerning holidays with pay, adopted by the International Labour Conference at its Thirty-seventh session at Geneva, June 23, 1954; together with a copy of letter dated September 24, 1954, from the Deputy Attorney General of Canada setting out the legislative jurisdiction regarding the said Recommendation. (English and French).

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed at Paris, October 23, 1954. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of Agreements relating to Germany concluded at Paris, October 23, 1954. (English and French).

Mr. McCann, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of National Revenue containing statements relative to customs—excise revenue, and other services by ports and outports; excise and income of Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954. (English and French).

Mr. McCann also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 23 of the Canadian Broadcasting Act, Chapter 32, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of June 9, 1954, for a copy of the expense accounts amounting to the sums of $3,424.96, $3,298.38, $3,075.10, and $3,023.86, which according to Return of No. 9F, tabled on June 1st, 1954, represented the respective expense accounts for the year 1953 of the following officers or employees of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act Administration, namely: (*a*) Mr. F. Carpenter; (*b*) Mr. J. H. Mitchell; (*c*) Mr. E. Zahorski; (*d*) Mr. A. A. Brown.

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of June 9, 1954, for a copy of the expense accounts amounting to the sums of $2,794.23, $3,416.13, $2,811.88, $2,534.63, $3,356.84, $2,791.51, $2,609.78, $2,318.64, $2,644.07, $2,447.85, $2,416.88, which according to Return No. 10B, tabled on June 1st, 1954, represented the respective expense accounts for the year 1953 of the following officers or employees of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act Administration, namely: (*a*) Mr. H. C. Biddell; (*b*) Mr. E. H. Butterfield; (*c*) Mr. J. H. Graham; (*d*) Mr. W. H. Gillis; (*e*) Mr. M. Hunka; (*f*) Mr. B. B. Kenny; (*g*) Mr. M. R. Skelton; (*h*) Dr. L. B. Thomson; (*i*) Mr. D. L. Barlow; (*j*) Mr. Adam Lyon; (*k*) Mr. J. L. Smith.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Secretary of State of Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 8, Chapter 77 of the Department of State Act, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Pinard, also laid before the House,—Copy of tariff of fees, costs, allowances and expenses to be paid to election officers and other persons employed at or with respect to the conduct of elections of members to serve in the Council of the Northwest Territories held under the Canada Elections Act, pursuant to Section 60(2), of the said Act, Chapter 23, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Also,—Copy of Ordinances assented to June 17 and 29, 1954 by Commissioner in Council of the Yukon Territory, pursuant to Section 29, Chapter 298 of the Yukon Act, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Pinard also presented,—Return to an Order of the House of May 27, 1954, for a Return showing:—How much has been spent by the Federal Government since 1945 on harbours at the following places: Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Churchill, Vancouver?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 17, 1954, for a Return showing:—1. With the exception of the publications intended for the reading rooms of the Senate and the House of Commons, how many subscriptions to newspapers, reviews, magazines or other publications were paid by the government in 1952-53?

2. How many in each department?

3. What total amount was paid for that purpose during the last fiscal year?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of April 8, 1954, for a Return showing:—1. What were the quantities, value and grade of meat purchased by (*a*) Department of National Defence; (*b*) other government departments, in each of the years 1952 and 1953, and each of the months January and February, 1954?

2. From whom were the purchases made, indicating quantity and price?

3. Were all purchases by tender and if not, indicate purchases other than by tender?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of June 21, 1954, for a Return showing:—1. Has the Canadian National Railways paid any money to R. F. Welsh Construction Company, during the past five years? If so, what amount?

2. What is the nature of the work done by that Company for which such payments were made?

3. How many people are usually employed by this Company on Canadian National Railways work?

4. Have any immigrants been brought to Canada during the past five years to work for this Company? If so, how many?

5. Is there any working agreement between the Department of Immigration or the Canadian National Railways and the R. F. Welsh Construction Company for bringing immigrants to Canada?

6. Does the R. F. Welsh Construction Company maintain an agent in Italy for the purpose of securing immigrants for Canada?

7. Does this Company maintain an office in Halifax for the purpose of securing employees from among the immigrants who come to Canada?

8. Does this Company maintain an agent or office at the Union Station, Toronto, adjacent to the Government Immigration Office?

9. Does the government exercise any supervision over the wages paid and working conditions provided by this Company on Canadian National Railways contracts?

10. What is the hourly rate of wages paid for Canadian National Railways contract work by this Company?

11. How do these wages compare with the wages agreed upon in the Canadian National Railways contract with the Maintenance of Way Workers Union?

12. Does the R. F. Welsh Construction Company enter into any contract with immigrants regarding employment?

13. If so, what are the terms and conditions of these contracts?

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of lists of apportionments and adjustments of indebtedness on advances of seed grain, fodder for animals and other relief indebtedness made during the period November 1, 1953, to December 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 2 of an Act respecting Certain Debts Due to the Crown, Chapter 51, Statutes of Canada, 1926-27.

Also,—Copy of Ordinances for the period March 2, 1954, to January 6, 1955, by the Commissioner in Council of the Northwest Territories, pursuant to Section 17, the Northwest Territories Act, Chapter 195, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of an Annual Return respecting Liquor Permits for the year ended December 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 99 of the Northwest Territories Act, Chapter 195, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Northwest Territories Power Commission for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 24 of the Northwest Territories Power Commission Act, Chapter 196, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Eastern Rockies Forest Conservation Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 10 of the Eastern Rocky Mountain Forest Conservation Act, Chapter 59, Statutes of Canada, 1947.

Also,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of the Financial Administration Act, Section 80, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1954-1510 of October 6, 1954; Approving the Capital Budget of the National Battlefields Commission for the year ended March 31, 1954.

And also,—Copy of the Auditor General's Report on the audit of the accounts of the National Battlefields Commission for the year ended March 31, 1954, containing a statement of its receipts and disbursements, pursuant to section 87 of The Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Kirk, (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Parliamentary Assistant to the Postmaster General, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Postmaster General for the year ended March 31, 1954, including Post Office Savings Bank Statement, pursuant to Section 77(2) of the Post Office Act, Chapter 212, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Langlois, (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Transport for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 34 of the Department of Transport Act, Chapter 79, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Langlois also laid before the House,—Copy of Statement showing lands sold by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the year ended September 30, 1954.

Also,—Copy of Statement of Wharf Revenue Receipts and Summary of Harbour Due Receipts for 1953-54, pursuant to Section 14 of the Government Harbours and Piers Act, Chapter 135, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of a Report entitled: "Canadian Air Carriers Transportation Trends" for the year ended December 31, 1953, prepared by the Bureau of Transportation Economics on behalf of the Air Transport Board.

Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Casselman, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 2, An Act to provide equal Pay for equal work for Women, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Howe, (Port Arthur), by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Howe, (Port Arthur), by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 4, An Act to regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun), seconded by Mr. Carrick:

That the following Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada:—

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Vincent Massey, Member of the Order of the Companions of Honour, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Excellency for the gracious Speech which Your Excellency has addressed to both Houses of Parliament.

And the Debate continuing;

Mr. Rowe, seconded by Mr. Diefenbaker, moved in amendment thereto: That the following be added to the Address:

"We regret that Your Excellency's advisers have failed to take or to recommend the necessary measures:

(*a*) to retain and expand Canada's markets abroad for our production, particularly of wheat and other products;

(*b*) to solve the urgent problem of unemployment;

(*c*) to relieve Canadian taxpayers from the burden of excessive taxation and thereby enable Canadian producers to lower their cost of production and to meet increasing competition;

(*d*) to eliminate waste and extravagance in government and improve its efficiency;

(*e*) to facilitate and encourage the processing of our natural resources in Canada, and thereby increase opportunities and employment for Canadians;

(*f*) in co-operation with the provinces to develop an effective contributary plan which will assure that every Canadian will have adequate hospital and medical services."

And the question being proposed;

Mr. Coldwell, seconded by Mr. MacInnis, moved in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by inserting therein immediately after the words Your Excellency's advisers the following words:

"have deliberately returned to the policy of uncontrolled and unplanned private enterprise which resulted in the depression and unemployment of the pre-war years, and that Your Excellency's advisers have failed to undertake the economic planning necessary to cope with the serious problems now facing the Canadian people, and".

And a Debate arising thereon, the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Balcom, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.02 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Smith—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What amount has the Government of Canada contributed to relief or rehabilitation of those in Ontario who suffered damage and loss in the hurricane and flood of October, 1954?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many retired civil servants are receiving pensions of amounts within each of the following brackets: (*a*) less than $20.00 per month; (*b*) $20.00 to $29.99 per month; (*c*) $30.00 to $39.99 per month; (*d*) $40.00 to $49.99 per month; (*e*) $50.00 to $59.99 per month; (*f*) $60.00 to $69.99 per month; (*g*) $70.00 to $79.99 per month; (*h*) $80.00 to $89.99 per month; (*i*) $90.00 to $99.99 per month; (*j*) $100.00 per month and over?

2. How many widows of retired civil servants are receiving pensions of amounts within each of the brackets indicated in the above question?

3. What is the number of retired Federal Civil Servants and also the number of widows of retired Federal Civil Servants presently residing in each province?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many retired employees of the Canadian National Railways are in receipt of pensions of less than $25.00 per month?

2. How many are in receipt of only the basic pension of $25.00 per month?

3. How many are in receipt of non-contributory service pensions, (*a*) $25.01 to $29.99 per month; (*b*) $30.00 to $39.99 per month; (*c*) $40.00 to $49.99 per month; (*d*) $50.00 to $59.99 per month; (*e*) $60.00 to $69.99 per month; (*f*) $70.00 to $79.99 per month; (*g*) $80.00 to $89.99 per month; (*h*) $90.00 to $99.99 per month; (*i*) $100.00 to $124.99 per month; (*j*) $125.00 to $149.99 per month; (*k*) $150.00 or over per month?

4. How many are in receipt of pensions in part basic and in part contributory, (*a*) $25.01 to $29.99 per month; (*b*) $30.00 to $39.99 per month; (*c*) $40.00 to $49.99 per month; (*d*) $50.00 to $59.99 per month; (*e*) $60.00 to $69.99 per month; (*f*) $70.00 to $79.99 per month; (*g*) $80.00 to $89.99 per month; (*h*) $90.00 to $99.99 per month; (*i*) $100.00 to $124.99 per month; (*j*) $125.00 to $149.99 per month; (*k*) $150.00 or over per month?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has any provision yet been made for any increase in the pensions of retired employees of the Canadian National Railways who are in receipt of only the basic pension of $25.00 per month?

2. Has any reconsideration been given by the government at any time since July 1st, 1954, to increasing the amount of the said basic pension? If so, what is the result of such consideration?

3. Has the management of the Canadian National Railways, at any time since July 1st, 1954, discussed with the government the possibility of the amount of the said basic pension being increased?

4. Has the management of the Canadian National Railways, at any time since July 1st, 1954, asked the Government to approve of the Canadian National Railways increasing the amount of the said basic pension? If so, what was the government's answer?

5. Has the management of the Canadian National Railways, at any time since July 1st, 1954, asked the government to take the responsibility for providing an increase in the amount of the said basic pension? If so, what reply has the government made to any such request?

6. If no decision has yet been taken on this matter by the government, is the matter now under consideration?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since the first day of February 1954, which have passed between any department of the Provincial Governments of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and any department of the Federal Government, relative to the pollution of the North Saskatchewan River, and any recommendations which have been determined upon to meet the situation on the said river or, in general, on interprovincial rivers.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged since the first day of May 1954, between any department of government and the Governments of Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba, relative to the South Saskatchewan Dam and Irrigation Project.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents since the first day of May 1954, that have passed between any department of the Federal Government and the Government of the United States regarding the application or imposition by the Government of the United States of embargoes, in whole or in part, against import into the United States of Canadian farm products.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Wednesday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence, since the first day of June 1954, which has passed between any department of government and Mr. L. B. Thompson, relative to his attempted resignation as Director of P.F.R.A.

*Mr. Fulton**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Dominion Government or any department or agency thereof and the Government of British Columbia and any other person or persons, since January 1st, 1952, regarding the renovation, etc. of the irrigation system of the British Columbia Fruitlands Irrigation District.

Mr. McLeod—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of giving clear titles to all soldier settlers of great war one who hold land under contract with the Soldier Settlement Board.

Mr. Dinsdale—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should consider the advisability of taking advantage of every possible opportunity to promote the decentralization of industry, particularly with reference to defence industry, thereby,

(1) helping to reverse the trend towards concentration of population in large metropolitan areas with the accompanying social evils;

(2) encouraging a more equitable distribution of population and development right across Canada, and

(3) assuring the strategic dispersal of vital war industries in the interests of National defence.

The Prime Minister—On Wednesday next—That a select committee to be designated be appointed to consider with Mr. Speaker the procedure of this House for the purpose of suggesting any changes that may be desirable to assure the more expeditious dispatch of public business, with power to send for persons and papers, and to report from time to time its findings and recommendations to the House.

The Minister of Justice—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That a Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament be appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions whether the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries should be amended in any respect and, if so, in what manner and to what extent;

That 17 members of the House of Commons, to be designated by the House at a later date, be members of the Joint Committee on the part of this House; that the quorum of the said Committee be nine members thereof; and that Standing Order 65 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to appoint, from among its members, such subcommittees as may be deemed advisable or necessary; to call for persons, papers and records; to sit while the House is sitting and to report from time to time;

That the Committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the Committee for the use of the Committee and of Parliament, and that Standing Order 64 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to engage the services of Counsel;

And that a message be sent to the Senate requesting that House to unite with this House for the above purpose and to select, if the Senate deems advisable, some of its members to act on the proposed Joint Committee.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 3

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 11TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police for the year ended March 31, 1954.

Mr. Garson also laid before the House,—Report on the Administration of Part V of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act, for the year ended March 31, 1954, in respect of pensions, contributions, gratuities, withdrawal allowances, pursuant to Section 108 of the said Act, Chapter 241, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of Report of the Proceedings under the Combines Investigation Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 44, of the said Act, Chapter 314, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of Report dated October 25, 1954, of the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission concerning Alleged Instance of Resale Price Maintenance in the Distribution and Sale of Television Sets in the Toronto District made under the provisions of Section 18 and 19 of the Combines Investigation Act, Chapter 314, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Third Annual Report, October, 1954, of the Consultative Committee of the Colombo Plan for co-operative economic development in South and South-East Asia. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of Report entitled: "Canada and the United Nations, 1953-54". (English and French).

Mr. Martin, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report on the Administration of Allowances for Blind Persons in Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 12 of the Blind Persons Act, Chapter 17, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Also,—Copy of Statement of Receipts and Expenditures under Part V of The Canada Shipping Act (Sick Mariners) for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 321 of the said Act, Chapter 29, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of the Report on the Administration of Old Age Assistance in Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 12 of the Old Age Assistance Act, Chapter 199, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Martin also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Family Allowances and Old Age Security Division of the Department of National Health and Welfare for the year ended March 31, 1954. (English and French).

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 11 of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources Act, Chapter 4, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Agricultural Prices Support Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 7 of the Agricultural Prices Support Act, Chapter 3, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Gardiner, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 5, An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. St. Laurent, by unanimous consent, moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolutions:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act to raise the rates of supplementary benefit to the present rates of regular benefit and to provide a minimum of sixty days' supplementary benefit to those who qualify.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Yukon Act to increase the indemnity and the living allowance to be paid to members of the Yukon Council while in attendance at a session of the Council and to provide that under certain conditions a member shall be deemed to be in attendance at a session.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Northwest Territories Act to increase the sessional indemnity of elected members of the Northwest Territories Council.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Railway Act following the "Report on the Railway-Highway Crossing Problem in Canada", made by the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada to provide for an increase in the annual appropriation to The Railway Grade Crossing Fund from $1,000,000.00 to $5,000,000.00 and for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Fund.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Financial Administration Act to provide that the Auditor General shall out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund be paid a salary of twenty thousand dollars per annum with effect from July 1, 1954.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Defence Production Act to increase the salary of the Minister of Defence Production from ten thousand dollars per annum to fifteen thousand and to repeal section 41 which provided for the expiry of the Act on July 31st, 1956.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act to extend the benefits and the application of the Act, and to provide further for certain changes in consequence thereof and also in connection with the administration of the Act.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act to extend the benefits of the Act to certain persons in the service of Her Majesty who are not paid a direct wage or salary and to persons locally engaged outside of Canada; to provide for additional benefits where an employee dies as the result of an accident while absent on duty from his usual place of employment; and to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canadian Forces to amend the National Defence Act to provide for the reinstatement under certain circumstances of a member of the Canadian forces who has been released, to place members of the Canadian Forces in the same position as civilians in respect of judicial process, and to make certain other amendments to the Act; also to amend the Defence Services Pension Act with respect to the payment to women of pensions or gratuities under certain circumstances, to extend the provisions relating to the augmentation of pension on re-enrolment, to extend the time within which an election may be made to count prior service, and to make certain other amendments to the Act.

That it is expedient to bring in a measure to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act to amplify the definition of "historic place", to change slightly the representation of the Board, and to provide further for changes in the method and amount of payments to members appointed by the Governor in Council, of living and travelling expenses and to provide for the payment of stenographic allowances.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canada Grain Act to amend the statutory grades of Western Grain and Eastern Grain with respect to the grade No. 3 Amber Durum Wheat and all grades of soybeans as recommended by the Committee on Western and Eastern Grain Standards; to provide for the appointment of four in lieu of three assistant grain commissioners and to increase the annual salaries of the chief and other two commissioners from fourteen and twelve thousand dollars to fifteen and thirteen thousand five hundred dollars respectively.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Radio Act to control the mechanical features of radio antennae for safety purposes and to provide for the appointment of inspectors in relation thereto; and to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

That it is expedient to introduce a bill respecting the New Westminster Harbour Commissioners to authorize the Minister of Finance to make total loans of $200,000.00 to the Corporation for the purposes mentioned in the said bill.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to implement the Convention on Great Lakes Fisheries between Canada and the United States, signed at Washington on the 10th of September, 1954, and to provide that the Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying out and giving effect to the provisions of the Convention and anything done by the Great Lakes Fisheries Commission to be established thereunder.

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act to provide that a withdrawal allowance payable under the Act will include certain of the interest that has been paid on contributions and to provide further that where a member or a former member dies certain of the amounts which he may owe under the Act will not be recovered.

Whereupon, Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolutions, recommends them to the House.

Resolved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolutions.

Mr. Gregg, seconded by Mr. Harris, by unanimous consent, moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The House accordingly resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the said proposed Resolution.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act to raise the rates of supplementary benefit to the present rates of regular benefit and to provide a minimum of sixty days' supplementary benefit to those who qualify.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Gregg, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 6, An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Croll adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Howe, (Port Arthur), the House was adjourned at 9.45 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Nicholson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has G. M. Ferrie of Invermay, Saskatchewan, been employed by the Department of Agriculture?

2. If so, what work has he been doing?

3. What has been paid to him (*a*) as salary; (*b*) for expenses?

Mr. Bryson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is J. O. Rawluk now in the employ of the Federal Government?

2. If so, on what date did his employment commence and in what department of government is he employed?

3. What is his present address?

4. At what salary is he now employed and what has he received to date in the way of travelling, sustenance and any other expense allowance?

Mr. Winch—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—With respect to destroyer escorts built in Canada since 1952:

1. In what shipyard was each built?

2. What was the total price paid for each vessel?

3. What was the total labour cost in the price of each vessel?

Mr. Pearkes—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What sums of money were allocated to each province, during the current fiscal year under the Civil Defence Financial Assistance Programme?

2. What amounts have been taken up by each province against these amounts?

3. On what dates were the first payments made to the various provinces?

*Mr. Byrne**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all communications between the Federal Government and the Government of British Columbia, relating to and resulting from the application of the Kaiser Aluminum Company of America to build a low level storage dam on the Arrow Lakes at Castlegar, in the province of British Columbia, along with a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the International Joint Commission, Canadian section, and the Federal Government or Government of the Province of British Columbia, with respect to this matter.

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Thursday next—The following proposed Résolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of setting up a special committee of parliament for the purpose of investigating the production, sale and distribution of fertilizer and its components.

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of setting up a select special committee of this House, with power to send for persons, papers and records, to consider the subject of the merchant navy in Canada and to make a report to this House, with special direction to consider and report on the present number and state of Canadian ships, the necessity for a merchant navy in both peace and war, the effect on Canada's trade of a merchant navy and the means by which the proper development and expansion of the merchant navy may be administered.

The Minister of Justice—On Thursday next—That a Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament be appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions whether the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries should be amended in any respect and, if so, in what manner and to what extent;

That 17 members of the House of Commons, to be designated by the House at a later date, be members of the Joint Committee on the part of this House; that the quorum of the said Committee be nine members thereof; and that Standing Order 65 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to appoint, from among its members, such subcommittees as may be deemed advisable or necessary; to call for persons, papers and records; to sit while the House is sitting and to report from time to time;

That the minutes of the proceedings and the evidence of the Special Committee appointed last session to inquire into and report upon the foregoing questions, together with all papers and records laid before it, be referred to the said committee;

That the Committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the Committee for the use of the Committee and of Parliament, and that Standing Order 64 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to engage the services of Counsel;

And that a message be sent to the Senate requesting that House to unite with this House for the above purpose and to select, if the Senate deems advisable, some of its members to act on the proposed Joint Committee.

The Minister of Veterans Affairs—On Thursday next—That a special committee consisting of 31 members, to be designated by the House at a later date, be appointed to consider a bill to amend the War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1952, and a bill to amend the Veterans Benefit Act, 1954, and such other legislation relating to Veterans Affairs as may be referred from time to time to the said committee; that the said committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and records, to print from day to day its minutes of proceedings and evidence, to sit while the House is sitting and to report from time to time; that the quorum of the said committee shall consist of ten members; and that the provisions of Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 4

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 12TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Newfoundland Criminal Appeal Rules, 1954, made by the Supreme Court of Newfoundland, under the provisions of Section 1021(13) of the Criminal Code, Chapter 36, R.S.C., 1927.

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 7 of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration Act, Chapter 67, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of the Report of the National Gallery of Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 10 of the National Gallery Act, Chapter 186, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Pickersgill also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of Loans to Immigrants made pursuant to Section 69(1) of the Immigration Act, during the fiscal year 1953-54, pursuant to Section 69(6) of the said Act, Chapter 325, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of the Return of Permits issued under the authority of Section 8 of the Immigration Act for the period November 15, 1953, to December 31, 1954, pursuant to section 8(5) of the said Act, Chapter 325, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. MacNaught, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Fisheries, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Fisheries Prices Support Board for the year ended March 31, 1954.

And also,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of the Deep Sea Fisheries Act, Chapter 61, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1953-387, approved March 19, 1953: Authorizing the distribution of fishing bounty payments for the year 1952-53 under the provisions of the said Act.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hees adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House adjourned at 5.50 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Boisvert—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the percentage of unemployment with regard to the population of Canada at the end of each of the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

2. For the same years what was the percentage of unemployment with regard to the total employment?

Mr. Dufresne—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation control advertising over its television network?

2. Is the Corporation of the opinion that on the Jackie Gleason Show, televised every Saturday night to Canadians, commercials sometimes overrate the quality of products advertised?

3. If so, will the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation take steps to protect Canadian listeners from misleading advertising?

Mr. Hansell—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much coal, in tons and dollar value, was exported from Canada to the United Kingdom during 1953 and 1954 respectively, or in 1954 as far as records are available?

The Prime Minister—On Friday next—That a select committee to be designated be appointed to consider such of the Estimates as may be referred to it and to report from time to time its findings and recommendations to the House.

Mr. Follwell—On Friday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1952, with respect to the Tenure of Place in the Senate".

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 5

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 13TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Winters, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of Reports prepared by the National Research Council of Canada, as follows:

1. "Geology of Ripple Rock as Indicated by Exploratory Drilling", dated May 25, 1954.

2. "Method of Removing Ripple Rock", dated August 31, 1954.

Mr. Blanchette, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, laid before the House,—Copy of Statement of Pensions and Gratuities during 1953-54 under the provisions of the Defence Services Pension Act, together with Statement of Transactions during 1953-54 in the Permanent Services Pension Account, and of the standing of the said Account for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 65 of the said Act, Chapter 63, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of the Statement of monies received and disbursed in the Special Accounts (Replacement of materiel) for the year 1953-54, pursuant to Section 11(4) of the National Defence Act, Chapter 184, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Public Accounts of Canada for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 64(1) of the Financial Administration Act, and also Copy of the Report of the Auditor General, including Financial Statements of Crown Corporations, for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 70(2) of the said Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 6, An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act;

Mr. Gregg moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

Mr. Gregg, by leave of the House, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time and passed.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

Mr. Speaker communicated to the House the following letter:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

13th January, 1955.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, will proceed to the Senate Chamber today, the 13th January, at 9.45 p.m., for the purpose of giving the Royal Assent to a certain Bill.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

J. F. DELAUTE,
Secretary to the Governor General.
(*Administrative*)

The Honourable
The Speaker of the House of Commons,
Ottawa.

The House resumed Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

Mr. Speaker informed the House that a Message had been received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, without amendment:

Bill No. 6, An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act.

A Message was received from the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, desiring the immediate attendance of this House in the Senate Chamber.

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker with the House, went to the Senate Chamber:

And being returned;

Mr. Speaker reported that when the House did attend the Honourable the Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General in the Senate Chamber, His Honour was pleased to give, in Her Majesty's name, the Royal Assent to the following Bill:

Bill No. 6, An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act.

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Massé, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.10 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Boisvert—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many pounds of cheese were imported in 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954 from Great Britain, France, Holland, Switzerland, Italy and New Zealand?

2. What was the value for each year of the imported cheese from the above mentioned countries?

3. How many pounds of Canadian cheese were exported to the same countries for the same years?

4. What was the value of our exported cheese to those countries?

Mr. Coldwell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What precautions have been taken by the Federal Government to ensure that in the construction of the St. Lawrence Seaway and Power Project the Federal Government will not directly or indirectly or, in effect, subsidize in any degree the development of Hydro Electric Power?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many farmers in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta respectively, were eligible for Prairie Farm Assistance payments for the crop years of 1953 and 1954?

2. How many were in the various categories of payment?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many commodities have been re-appraised for tariff duties since Bill 29 became effective?

2. What are the values of the various commodities so re-appraised?

*Mr. Goode**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents since the first day of January, 1954 exchanged between the Federal Government and the Government of British Columbia relative to the Oak Street Bridge and a proposed highway from Vancouver, through Richmond, to the United States.

The Secretary of State—On Monday next—That the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections be instructed to study the several amendments to the Canada Elections Act, and amendments thereto, suggested by the Chief Electoral Officer, to study the said Act, to suggest to the House such amendments as the Committee may deem advisable; that the said Committee have power to print from day to day its minutes of evidence and proceedings and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Industrial Relations and Disputes Investigation Act. (Voluntary revocable check-off").

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 6

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 14TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Seventy-five petitions were laid on the Table.

Mr. Prudham, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 10 of the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys Act, Chapter 73, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, —Copy of the Report of the proceedings under the Canada Water Conservation Assistance Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 8 of the said Act, Chapter 21, Statutes of Canada, 1952-53.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report on the Operations of the Municipal Improvements Assistance Act for the year ended December 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 11 of the said Act, Chapter 183, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. St. Laurent moved,—That a select committee to be designated be appointed to consider with Mr. Speaker the procedure of this House for the purpose of suggesting any changes that may be desirable to assure the more expeditious dispatch of public business, with power to send for persons and papers, and to report from time to time its findings and recommendations to the House.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

Mr. Garson moved,—That a Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament be appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions whether the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries should be amended in any respect and, if so, in what manner and to what extent;

That 17 members of the House of Commons, to be designated by the House at a later date, be members of the Joint Committee on the part of this House; that the quorum of the said Committee be nine members thereof; and that Standing Order 65 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to appoint, from among its members, such subcommittees as may be deemed advisable or necessary; to call for persons, papers and records; to sit while the House is sitting and to report from time to time;

That the minutes of the proceedings and the evidence of the Special Committee appointed last session to inquire into and report upon the foregoing questions, together with all papers and records laid before it, be referred to the said committee;

That the Committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the Committee for the use of the Committee and of Parliament, and that Standing Order 64 of the House of Commons be suspended in relation thereto;

That the Committee have power to engage the services of Counsel;

And that a message be sent to the Senate requesting that House to unite with this House for the above purpose and to select, if the Senate deems advisable, some of its members to act on the proposed Joint Committee.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Dufresne, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.14 o'clock, p.m., until Monday next at 2.30 o'clock p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Schneider—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many applications have been received and approved since the inception of the legislation providing for training assistance to children of the war dead?

2. As of December 31, 1954, (*a*) how many are in training; (*b*) how many have already completed training; (*c*) how many have failed or withdrawn from their courses?

3. Does the department provide a counselling service for the mothers and potential applicants and for those who have failed or withdrawn from their courses?

4. In what courses are the students being assisted?

5. Has the response to this legislation met the department's preliminary estimates?

Mr. Harkness—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What branches of Government Departments, if any, have been moved from Calgary to Edmonton within the last six months?

2. What branches of Government Departments, if any, is it proposed to move from Calgary to Edmonton during the next six months?

3. What is the reason for these moves?

4. Will the branches which have been moved or are to be moved go into Government-owned office space or will office space have to be rented for them?

Mr. Pearkes—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Was HMCS *Cedarwood* recently damaged while at sea off the coast of British Columbia?

2. If so, what was the nature of the damage sustained?

3. Is HMCS *Cedarwood* a wooden-hulled vessel?

4. When was she first commissioned, and on what date was she acquired by the Royal Canadian Navy?

5. On what service was HMCS *Cedarwood* engaged when damaged?

6. Has HMCS *Cedarwood* been involved in any accidents during the past five years necessitating repairs to her bow and/or stern?

7. If so, did any damage done during such accidents, directly or indirectly weaken the hull of the vessel other than in the area immediately damaged?

8. Was HMCS *Cedarwood* considered seaworthy in all respects, both for service in protected waters and also in the open ocean, when she left Esquimalt on her last voyage?

9. What crew and other personnel were aboard HMCS *Cedarwood* when she was damaged?

10. What was the value of the scientific equipment on board HMCS *Cedarwood* when damaged?

11. Is HMCS *Cedarwood* to be continued in the oceanographic survey service, or is she to be replaced?

Mr. Pearkes—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have the sentences of Japanese war criminals Colonel Isao Tokunaga and Captain Shunkicki Saito been reduced recently?

2. If so, what was the original sentence, and what reduction in that sentence has now been granted?

3. What were the grounds for the reduction of sentence, if any reduction has been made?

4. Where are these persons at present serving their sentence?

5. On whose authority was any reduction in their sentence made?

*Mr. Zaplitny**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Department of Agriculture or the Minister, and the Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, or any Minister thereof, since January 1, 1954, dealing with the question of amendments to the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act.

The Minister of Transport—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Harbours Board Act to provide that the National Harbours Board shall consist of four members in lieu of three members as at the present time.

Mr. Hollingworth—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act respecting Flags of Canada".

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 7

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 17TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the First Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 14, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:

Of Norman Ernest Phipps and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Gerling General Insurance Company of Canada.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation of London, Ontario, for an Act to authorize re-division of its capital stock.—*Mr. Mitchell* (London).

Of George Meredith Huycke and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada.—*Mr. Hunter.*

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Second Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 14, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:

Of Anne Roitman Aronovitch, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Bernard Barry Aronovitch of Ville St. Michel, Quebec—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson, wife of William Stuart Atkinson of St. Charles de Richelieu, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maria Christina Vettore Austin, wife of Robin Willoughby Merivale Austin of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Clare Taylor Belanger, now residing in Boucherville, Quebec, wife of Henri Belanger of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger, wife of Lucien J. Belanger of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best, wife of Nelson Best of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of John Charles Victor Bishop of Seven Islands, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Bela Koschitza Brawerman, wife of Chaskiel Brawerman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Robertson Comis, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Dennis Comis of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss, wife of Franz Ludwig Coss of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Warren George Orr Dawe of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Rose Barsey De Board, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Clarence De Board of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gerard Doucet of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Jacqueline Samson Doucet.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Meyer Francis Doyle of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, husband of Alma Veronica Voyce Doyle, now of parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel, wife of Joseph Avila Lionel Duhamel of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Eileen Lilian Clare Dunsmuir.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Harry Evert Finlayson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Winifred Joyce Douglas Finlayson.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon, wife of Gerard Gagnon of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gladys Krassner Garoff, wife of Jack Garoff of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Annie Laker Gillen, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Leith Rogers Gillen of Aylmer East, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Yolande Segatore Grandillo, wife of Michele Grandillo of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean, wife of Peter William Grandjean of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart, now residing in Mount Royal, Quebec, wife of Lawrence Hart of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eugene Hartberg of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Hildegard Leitzinger Hartberg.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty, wife of Theodor Holowaty of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot, now residing in Windsor, Ontario, wife of Elphege Huot of St. Jerome, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Arthur Johnston of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Yvonne Dupras Johnston.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones, wife of Gordon Underwood Jones of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Wladyslaw Kaczmarek of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Aranka Ilona Paris Kelecsenyi.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Veronica Forrester Rose Kennedy, wife of John Frederick Kennedy of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rene Romeo Lafrance of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie-Germaine Proulx Lafrance.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie, wife of Louis Eric Lavoie of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ginette Cornu Lebegue, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Jean Lebegue of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Augustine Denonville Leclere, wife of Georges Leclere of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Roland Lefebvre of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Madeleine Nantel Lefebvre.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay, wife of Walter Charles Mackay of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Jean Jacques Julius Joseph Marchand of Dorval, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller, wife of Norman Leonard Frank Miller, of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Carmela Lanza Morash, wife of James Morash of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George James Nangreaves of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Joan Violet Langdon Nangreaves.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pierrette Marsan Short, wife of Cyril-Sydney Short of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of J. Willy Moore of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Sophia (Sofia) Hetz Moore, now residing in Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor, wife of Malcolm Morrison MacGregor of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Joseph Willie Gentile Pellerin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee, wife of Ronald Kenneth Puttee of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maxine Samuels Resseguier, wife of William Resseguier of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Frances Giulia Maria Tiberi Rheaume.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Theresa McSheffrey Richard, wife of John Louis Richard of Maniwaki, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George Robinson of Ville LaSalle, Quebec, husband of Florence Venard Robinson.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jean-Claude Robitaille of Pointe aux Trembles, Quebec, husband of Jeannine Clermont Robitaille, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of James Henry Rose of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Edward Satel of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Montpetit Satel.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal, wife of Samuel Segal of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lillian Greenberg Seligman, wife of Jack Seligman of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle, wife of John Butler Sponagle of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires, wife of Alfred Squires of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet, now residing in Pointe Claire, Quebec, wife of John Austen Stanistreet of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Vera Grace Westley Stewart, wife of Raymond Lloyd Stewart of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sheila Mary Power Stone, wife of Douglas Stone of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Leslie Sutcliffe of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Joyce Louise Hodges Sutcliffe.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko, wife of Wasyl Tereshtshenko of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Henry John Tero of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien, wife of Albert Therrien of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Florence Pearl Loader Varden, wife of Guy Stanford Varden of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant, wife of Joseph Rouville Romeo Vigeant of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joan Audrey Baur Walker, now residing in Strathmore, Quebec, wife of Frederick Allan Walker of Dorval, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Yoneyuki Watanabe of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Toshiko Kawaoka Watanabe.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher, wife of Harold William Welcher of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ida Meitin Wooden, wife of Louis Wooden of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, wife of Jack Yampolsky, *alias* Jack Pollack, of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas, wife of Emilios K. Zolotas of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of letters dated October 11 and 15; November 1, 5, 10 and 12, 1954 and January 14, 1955, between the Prime Minister of Canada and the Premier of Quebec and also copy of a letter, dated January 14, 1955, from the Prime Minister of Canada to the Premiers of the nine other Provinces, relating to the subject of double income taxation in the Province of Quebec. (English and French).

Mr. MacNaught, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Fisheries, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Fisheries Research Board for 1953, pursuant to Section 15 of the Fisheries Research Board Act, Chapter 121, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of a Report by the Canadian National Railway Company of expenditures made and work done in the year ended December 31, 1954, together with estimated expenditures for 1955, with respect to the construction of certain terminal facilities near the City of Montreal, pursuant to Section 11 of the Canadian National Montreal Terminals Act, Chapter 12, Statutes of Canada, 1929.

Also,—Copy of a Report by the Canadian National Railway Company of work done and expenditures made during the years 1951, 1952, 1953, and work done during 1954 with expenditures for 1954 to November 30, 1954, in connection with an Act respecting the construction of a line of railway by Canadian National Railway Company from Sherridon to Lynn Lake, in the Province of Manitoba, Chapter 44, Statutes of Canada, 1951.

Also,—Copy of a Report by the Canadian National Railway Company of expenditures made and work done during the years 1952, 1953 and 1954 to December 31, 1954, in connection with an Act respecting the construction of a line of railway by Canadian National Railway Company from Terrace to Kitimat, in the Province of British Columbia, Chapter 20, Statutes of Canada, 1952.

And also,—Copy of a Statement by the Canadian National Railway Company showing the nature and extent of the work done, during the year 1954, the expenditure thereon and the estimated expenditure for 1955, in connection with an Act respecting the construction of lines of railway by Canadian National Railway Company from St. Felicien to Chibougamau and

from Chibougamau to Beattyville, all in the Province of Quebec, and from Hillsport on the main line of the Canadian National Railways to Manitouwadge Lake, both in the Province of Ontario, Chapter 49, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, laid before the House,—Copy of a Report on Activities under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act for the crop year 1953-54, pursuant to Section 12 of the said Act, Chapter 213, R.S.C., 1952.

Also,—Copy of a Report of the Agricultural Products Board for 1954, pursuant to Section 7 of the Agricultural Products Board Act, Chapter 4, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of a Report of Agreements made under the Agricultural Products Co-operative Marketing Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 7 of the said Act, Chapter 5, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered: That Messrs. Applewhaite, Benedickson, Boisvert, Brooks, Brown (Essex West), Churchill, Fleming, Fulton, Gauthier (Portneuf), Harris, Hellyer, Hunter, Knowles, Lapointe, MacInnis, MacNaught, Quelch, Stuart (Charlotte), Tucker and Weir constitute the Special Committee appointed January 14, 1955 to consider with Mr. Speaker the procedure of this House.

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Argue, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 7, An Act to amend the Industrial Relations and Disputes Investigations Act (Voluntary revocable check-offs), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Henderson, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.00 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN.
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Leboe—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Dominion Government received any request from the British Columbia Government, asking for assistance for the extension of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway?

2. If so, what was the nature of the request and what action was taken by the Dominion Government?

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many beds are available in hospitals from the eastern boundary of Vancouver to the City of Chilliwack, including the Fraser Valley?

2. What is the allocation of federal funds for these hospitals before 1949, since January first, 1949?

3. How many nurses are being trained in these hospitals?

4. Is federal money allocated to these hospitals on advice of the Provincial Government of British Columbia?

5. Has any provincial request for funds for these hospitals, for capital construction, been refused since 1949?

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What area in acres is occupied by the Vancouver General Hospital?

2. How many patients may be accommodated in the hospital?

3. How many private pavilions are contained in the hospital proper, and containing how many beds?

4. How many private and semi-private wards are contained in the main buildings?

5. What is the total capital construction cost of the Vancouver General Hospital?

6. How much money has been spent by the Federal Government to aid in this construction cost, before 1949 and since January first, 1949?

7. Is federal money allocated on advice of the Provincial Government of British Columbia?

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much in federal funds, remains unspent on capital construction in connection with Vancouver General Hospital?

2. How many registered nurses work at the hospital?

3. How many student nurses are training at the hospital?

4. How many nurses live in?

5. How many patients have been accommodated at the Vancouver General Hospital in 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954?

6. What is the federal expenditure in aid, allocated to this hospital since 1949 in surgical and research equipment?

7. How many stretcher patients and patients entirely bed-ridden, on an average day, are accommodated in the Vancouver General Hospital?

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is any thought being given, by the Department of Veterans Affairs, to decentralization of hospital facilities at Shaughnessy Hospital?

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—When the Provincial Government of British Columbia decides to approve an addition to Burnaby General Hospital of 100 odd beds, will federal funds be available to aid in the capital cost of that addition?

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 8

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 18TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the First Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, has the honour to present the following as his First Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following petitions for private bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Anne Roitman Aronovitch, wife of Bernard Barry Aronovitch of Ville St. Michel, Quebec.

Of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson, wife of William Stuart Atkinson of St. Charles de Richelieu, Quebec.

Of Maria Christina Vettore Austin, wife of Robin Willoughby Merivale Austin of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Clare Taylor Belanger, wife of Henri Belanger of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger, wife of Lucien J. Belanger of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best, wife of Nelson Best of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop, wife of John Charles Victor Bishop of Seven Islands, Quebec.

Of Bela Koschitza Brawerman, wife of Chaskiel Brawerman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Margaret Robertson Comis, wife of Dennis Comis of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss, wife of Franz Ludwig Coss of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe, wife of Warren George Orr Dawe of of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Rose Barsey De Board, wife of Clarence De Board of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.

Of Gerard Doucet of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Jacqueline Samson Doucet.

Of Meyer Francis Doyle of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, husband of Alma Veronica Voyce Doyle.

Of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel, wife of Joseph Avila Lionel Duhamel of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Eileen Lilian Clare Dunsmuir.

Of Harry Evert Finlayson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Winifred Joyce Douglas Finlayson.

Of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon, wife of Gerard Gagnon of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Gladys Grassner Garoff, wife of Jack Garoff of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Annie Laker Gillen, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Leith Rogers Gillen of Aylmer East, Quebec.

Of Yolande Segatore Grandillo, wife of Michele Grandillo of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean, wife of Peter William Grandjean of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart, wife of Lawrence Hart of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Eugene Hartberg of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Hildegard Leitzinger Hartberg.

Of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty, wife of Theodor Holowaty of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot, now residing in Windsor, Ontario, wife of Elphege Huot of St. Jerome, Quebec.

Of Arthur Johnston of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Yvonne Dupras Johnston.

Of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones, wife of Gordon Underwood Jones of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek, wife of Wladyslaw Kaczmarek of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Aranka Ilona Paris Kelecsenyi.

Of Veronica Forrester Rose Kennedy, wife of John Frederick Kennedy of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Rene Romeo Lafrance of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie-Germaine Proulx Lafrance.

Of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie, wife of Louis Eric Lavoie of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ginette Cornu Lebegue, wife of Jean Lebegue of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Augustine Denonville Leclere, wife of Georges Leclere of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Roland Lefebvre of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Madeleine Nantel Lefebvre.

Of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay, wife of Walter Charles Mackay of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand, wife of Jean Jacques Julius Joseph Marchand of Dorval, Quebec.

Of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller, wife of Norman Leonard Frank Miller, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Carmela Lanza Morash, wife of James Morash of Montreal, Quebec.

Of George James Nangreaves of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Joan Violet Langdon Nangreaves.

Of Pierrette Marsan Short, wife of Cyril-Sidney Short of Montreal, Quebec.

Of J. Willy Moore of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Sohpia (Sofia) Hetz Moore.

Of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor, wife of Malcolm Morrison MacGregor of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin, wife of Joseph Willie Gentile Pellerin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee, wife of Ronald Kenneth Puttee of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Maxine Samuels Resseguier, wife of William Resseguier of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Frances Giulia Maria Tiberi Rheaume.

Of Mary Theresa McSheffrey Richard, wife of John Louis Richard of Maniwaki, Quebec.

Of George Robinson of Ville LaSalle, Quebec, husband of Florence Venard Robinson.

Of Jean-Claude Robitaille of Pointe aux Trembles, Quebec, husband of Jeannine Clermont Robitaille.

Of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose, wife of James Henry Rose of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Edward Satel of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Montpetit Satel.

Of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal, wife of Samuel Segal of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Lillian Greenberg Seligman, wife of Jack Seligman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle, wife of John Butler Sponagle of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires, wife of Alfred Squires of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet, wife of John Austen Stanistreet of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Vera Grace Westley Stewart, wife of Raymond Lloyd Stewart of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Sheila Mary Power Stone, wife of Douglas Stone of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Leslie Sutcliffe of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Joyce Louise Hodges Sutcliffe.

Of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko, wife of Wasyl Tereshtshenko of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero, wife of Henry John Tero of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien, wife of Albert Therrien of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Florence Pearl Loader Varden, wife of Guy Stanford Varden of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant, wife of Joseph Rouville Romeo Vigeant of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joan Audrey Baur Walker, wife of Frederick Allan Walker of Dorval, Quebec.

Of Yoneyuki Watanabe of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Toshiko Kowaoka Watanabe.

Of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher, wife of Harold William Welcher of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.

Of Ida Meitin Wooden, wife of Louis Wooden of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, wife of Jack Yampolsky, *alias* Jack Pollack, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas, wife of Emilios K. Zolotas of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. Prudham, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report on the Administration of the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 10 of the said Act, Chapter 95, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Marler moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Harbours Board Act to provide that the National Harbours Board shall consist of four members in lieu of three members as at the present time.

Whereupon, Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

By unanimous consent, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings":

Mr. Martin, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Final Act of the London Conference, October 3rd, 1954. (English and French).

(*The above-mentioned document is printed as an Addendum to this day's Votes and Proceedings*).

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. White (Hastings-Frontenac), adjourned.

At five minutes past ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Richardson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has any assistance been given to the Neurological Institute, Montreal, by the Federal Government under the Health Grants Program?

2. If so, what amounts have been paid to the Institute and for what purpose?

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the land known as the Saint's Rest Rifle Range in Lancaster, New Brunswick, been sold by the Crown Assets Disposal Corporation or the Department of National Defence?

2. If so, when and at what price?

3. Was this sale by tender?

4. If so, was the highest tender accepted?

5. What were the amounts of the other tenders?

Mr. Hodgson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many tenders were received by the Post Office Department in connection with the courier service, Rural Route No. 2, Omemee, Ontario.

2. What were the names of those submitting tenders?

3. What was the price of each tender?

4. Who received the contract?

5. Why was this mail route put up for tender?

6. Is it departmental policy to put all mail routes up for tender at the expiry date?

Mr. Houck—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How far are the plans finalized in connection with the bridge at Burlington Beach Cutoff, connecting the Queen Elizabeth Highway?

2. When will construction work begin?

3. What is the expected date of completion of this bridge?

*Mr. Knowles**—On Thursday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Post Office Department or any officers thereof and Mr. D. R. Bishop, dated at any time since June 1, 1950.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, January 20	
Sixteen	Special Committee on Procedure.....	11.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

ADDENDUM

TO

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1955

FINAL ACT OF THE LONDON CONFERENCE (OCTOBER 3rd)

Following is the text of the "final act" of the London conference:

"The conference of the nine Powers, Belgium, Canada, France, the German Federal Republic, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, and the United States, met in London from Tuesday, September 28th, to Sunday, October 3rd. It dealt with the most important issues facing the western world—security and European integration within the framework of a developing Atlantic community dedicated to peace and freedom. In this connection the conference considered how to assure the full association of the German Federal Republic with the west and the German defence contribution.

"Belgium was represented by M. Spaak, Canada by Mr. Pearson, France by M. Mendès-France, the German Federal Republic by Dr. Adenauer, Italy by Professor Martino, Luxembourg by M. Bech, the Netherlands by Dr. Beyen, the United Kingdom by Mr. Eden, and the United States by Mr. Dulles.

"All the decisions of the conference formed part of one general settlement which is directly or indirectly of concern to all the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Powers and will therefore be submitted to the North Atlantic Council for information or decision.

I. *Germany*

"The Governments of France, the United Kingdom, and the United States declare that their policy is to end the occupation régime in the Federal Republic as soon as possible, to revoke the Occupation Statute, and to abolish the Allied High Commission. The three Governments will continue to discharge certain responsibilities in Germany arising out of the international situation.

"It is intended to conclude, and to bring into force as soon as the necessary parliamentary procedures have been completed, the appropriate instruments for these purposes. General agreement has already been reached on the content of these instruments, and representatives of the four Governments will meet in the very near future to complete the final texts. The agreed arrangements may be put into effect either before or simultaneously with the arrangements for the German defence contribution.

"As these arrangements will take a little time to complete, the three Governments have in the meantime issued the following declaration of intent:—

> "Recognizing that a great country can no longer be deprived of the rights properly belonging to a free and democratic people, and desiring to associate the Federal Republic of Germany on a footing of equality with their efforts for peace and security, the Governments of France, the United Kingdom, the United States of America desire to end the occupation régime as soon as possible.
>
> "The fulfilment of this policy calls for the settlement of problems of detail in order to liquidate the past and to prepare for the future, and requires the completion of appropriate parliamentary procedures.
>
> "In the meantime the three Governments are instructing their High Commissioners to act forthwith in accordance with the spirit of the above policy. In particular, the High Commissioners will not use the powers which are to be relinquished unless in agreement with the

Federal Government, except in the fields of disarmament and demilitarization and in cases where the Federal Government has not been able for legal reasons to take the action or assume the obligations contemplated in the agreed arrangement.

II. *Brussels Treaty*

"The Brussels Treaty will be strengthened and extended to make it a more effective focus of European integration. For this purpose the following arrangements have been agreed upon:—

(*a*) The German Federal Republic and Italy will be invited to accede to the treaty, suitably modified to emphasize the objective of European unity, and they have declared themselves ready to do so. The system of mutual automatic assistance in case of attack will thus be extended to the German Federal Republic and Italy.

(*b*) The structure of the Brussels Treaty will be reinforced. In particular the consultative council provided in the treaty will become a council with powers of decision.

(*c*) The activities of the Brussels Treaty organization will be extended to include further important tasks as follows:—

The size and general characteristics of the Germain defence contribution will conform to the contribution fixed for the European Defence Community.

The maximum defence contribution to NATO of all members of the Brussels Treaty organization will be determined by a special agreement fixing levels which can be increased only by unanimous consent.

The strength and armaments of the internal defence forces and the police on the Continent of the countries members of the Brussels Treaty organization will be fixed by agreements within that organization having regard to their proper function and to existing levels and needs."

Armament Control: Purpose of New Agency

"The Brussels Treaty Powers agree to set up, as part of the Brussels Treaty organization, an agency for the control of armaments on the Continent of Europe of the continental members of the Brussels Treaty organization. The detailed provisions are as follows:—

(1) The functions of the agency shall be:

(*a*) to ensure that the prohibition of the manufacture of certain types of armaments as agreed between the Brussels Powers is being observed.

(*b*) To control the level of stocks held by each country on the Continent of the types of armaments mentioned in the following paragraph. This control shall extend to production and imports to the extent required to make the control of stocks effective.

(2) The types of armament to be controlled under 1(*b*) above shall be:

(*a*) weapons in categories I, II and III listed in Annex II to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty.

(*b*) weapons in the other categories listed in Annex II to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty.

(*c*) A list of major weapons taken from Annex I to the same Article to be established hereafter by an expert working group.

Measures will be taken to exclude from control materials and products in the above lists for civil use.

(Weapons in categories I, II and III listed in Annex II to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty are atomic weapons, chemical weapons, and biological weapons. Weapons in other categories listed in this annex are long-range missiles, guided missiles, and influence mines; naval vessels other than minor

defensive craft; and military aircraft. Annex I to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty divides conventional and unconventional armaments into a number of categories.)

(3) As regards the weapons referred under paragraph (2) (*a*) above, when the countries which have not given up the right to produce them have passed the experimental stage and start effective production, the level of stocks that they will be allowed to hold on the Continent shall be decided by the Brussels Treaty council by a majority vote.

(4) The continental members of the Brussels Treaty organization agree not to build up stocks or to produce the armaments mentioned in paragraph 2 (*b*) and (*c*) beyond the limits required

(*a*) for the equipment of their forces, taking into account any imports including external aid, and

(*b*) for export.

(5) The requirements for their NATO forces shall be established on the basis of the results of the annual review and the recommendations of the NATO military authorities.

(6) For forces remaining under national control, the level of stocks must correspond to the size and mission of those forces. That level shall be notified to the agency.

(7) All importations or exportations of the controlled arms will be notified to the agency.

(8) The agency will operate through the examination and collation of statistical and budgetary data. It will undertake test checks and will make such visits and inspections as may be required to fulfil its functions as defined in paragraph 2 above.

(9) The basic rules of procedure for the agency shall be laid down in a protocol to the Brussels Treaty.

(10) If the agency finds that the prohibitions are not being observed, or that the appropriate level of stocks is being exceeded, it will so inform the Brussels council.

(11) The agency will report and be responsible to the Brussels council, which will take its decisions by a majority vote on questions submitted by the agency.

(12) The Brussels council will make an annual report on its activities concerning the control of armaments to the delegates of the Brussels Treaty Powers and to the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe.

(13) The Governments of the United States and Canada will notify the Brussels Treaty organization of the military aid to be distributed to the continental members of that organization. The organization may make written observations.

(14) The Brussels council will establish a working group in order to study the draft directive presented by the French Government and any other papers which may be submitted on the subject of armaments production and standardization."

German Declaration—Voluntary Limitation

(15) The Brussels Treaty Powers have taken note of the following declaration of the Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany and record their agreement with it: The Federal Chancellor declares:—

"that the Federal Republic undertakes not to manufacture in its territory any atomic weapons, chemical weapons, or biological weapons, as detailed in paragraphs I, II and III of the attached list;

"that it undertakes further not to manufacture in its territory such weapons as those detailed in paragraphs IV, V and VI of the attached list. Any amendment to or cancellation of the substance of paragraphs IV, V and VI can, on the

request of the Federal Republic, be carried out by a resolution of the Brussels Council of Ministers by a two-thirds majority, if in accordance with the needs of the armed forces a request is made by the competent Supreme Commander of NATO;

"that the Federal Republic agrees to supervision by the competent authority of the Brussels Treaty organization to ensure that these undertakings are observed."

Federal Chancellor's List—Declaration by the Powers

"The following list is appended to the declaration by the Federal Chancellor. It comprises the weapons defined in paragraphs I to VI and the factories earmarked solely for their production. All apparatus, parts, equipment, installations, substances, and organisms which are used for civilian purposes or for scientific, medical, and industrial research in the fields of pure and applied science shall be excluded from this definition.

I. Atomic weapons.

Text as in Annex II paragraph I to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty with the deletion of (c).

II. Chemical weapons.

III. Biological weapons.

IV. Long-distance missiles, guided missiles, magnetic and influence mines.

Texts as in Annex II paragraphs II, III, and IV to Article 107 of the EDC Treaty.

V. Warships, with the exception of smaller ships for defence purposes. These are:—

(a) Warships of more than 3,000 tons displacement. (b) Submarines of more than 350 tons displacement. (c) All warships which are driven by means other than steam, diesel, or petrol engines of by gas turbines or by jet engines.

VI. Bomber aircraft for strategic purposes.—The closest possible co-operation with NATO shall be established in all fields."

III. *United States, United Kingdom, and Canadian Assurances*

The United States Secretary of State set forth the willingness of the United States to continue its support for European unity, in accordance with the following statement.

"If, using the Brussels Treaty as a nucleus, it is possible to find in this new pattern a continuing hope of unity among the countries of Europe that are represented here, and if the hopes that were tied into the EDC treaty can reasonably be transferred into the arrangements which will be the outgrowth of this meeting, then I would certainly be disposed to recommend to the President that he should renew the assurance offered last spring in connection with the EDC treaty to the effect that the United States will continue to maintain in Europe, including Germany, such units of its armed forces as may be necessary and appropriate to contribute its fair share of the forces needed for the joint defence of the North Atlantic area while a threat to the area exists, and will continue to deploy such forces in accordance with agreed North Atlantic strategy for the defence of this area."

British Statement

The United Kingdom confirmed its active participation in the Brussels Treaty organization and gave the following assurance about the maintenance of United Kingdom forces on the Continent of Europe.

"The United Kingdom will continue to maintain on the mainland of Europe, including Germany, the effective strength of the United Kingdom forces now assigned to the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, four divisions and the Tactical Air Force, or whatever the Supreme Allied Commander regards as equivalent fighting capacity. The United Kingdom undertakes not to withdraw those forces against the wishes of the majority of the Brussels Treaty Powers, who should take their decision in the knowledge of the views of the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe.

"This undertaking would be subject to the understanding that an acute oversea emergency might oblige Her Majesty's Government to omit this procedure.

"If the maintenance of United Kingdom forces on the mainland of Europe throws at any time too heavy a strain on the external finances of the United Kingdom, the United Kingdom will invite the North Atlantic Council to review the financial conditions on which the formations are maintained."

Canadian Affirmation

Canada reaffirmed in the following statement its resolve to discharge the continuing obligations arising out of its membership of NATO and its support of the objective of European unity.

"As far as we are concerned, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization remains the focal point of our participation in collective defence and of our hope for the development of closer co-operation with the other peoples of the Atlantic community. As such, it remains a foundation of Canadian foreign policy. While we emphasize, then, our belief in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, we welcome the proposed extension of the Brussels Treaty. We shall look forward to a growing relationship, within the framework of NATO, with the new Brussels Treaty organization, composed of countries with whom we are already bound by such close ties."

German Membership of NATO—Powers' Recommendation

IV. *NATO*

"The Powers present at the conference which are members of NATO agreed to recommend at the next ministerial meeting of the North Atlantic Council that the Federal Republic of Germany should forthwith be invited to become a member.

"They further agreed to recommend to NATO that its machinery be reinforced in the following respects:

(*a*) All forces of NATO countries stationed on the Continent of Europe shall be placed under the authority of the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, with the exception of those which NATO has recognized, or will recognize, as suitable to remain under national command.

(*b*) Forces placed under the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, on the Continent shall be deployed in accordance with NATO strategy.

(*c*) The location of such forces shall be determined by the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, after consultation and agreement with the national authorities concerned.

(*d*) Such forces shall not be redeployed on the Continent or used operationally on the Continent without his consent, subject to appropriate political guidance from the North Atlantic Council.

(*e*) Forces placed under the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, on the Continent shall be integrated as far as possible consistent with military efficiency.

(*f*) Arrangements shall be made for the closer co-ordination of logistics by the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe.

(*g*) The level and effectiveness of forces placed under the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, on the Continent and the armaments and equipment, logistics, and reserve formations of those forces on the Continent shall be inspected by the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe.

"The conference recorded the view of all the Governments represented that the North Atlantic Treaty should be regarded as of indefinite duration."

Principles of UN Charter—German Acceptance

V. *Declaration by the German Federal Government and joint declaration by the Governments of France, United Kingdom and United States of America:—*

"The following declarations were recorded at the conference by the German Federal Chancellor and by the Foregin Ministers of France, the United Kingdom and United States of America.

Declaration by the German Federal Republic

"The German Federal Republic has agreed to conduct its policy in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and accepts the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter.

"Upon her accession to the North Atlantic Treaty, and the Brussels Treaty, the German Federal Republic declares that she will refrain from any action inconsistent with the strictly defensive character of the two treaties. In particular the German Federal Republic undertakes never to have recourse to force to achieve the reunification of Germany or the modification of the present boundaries of the German Federal Republic, and to resolve by peaceful means any disputes which may arise between the Federal Republic and other States."

Declaration by the Governments of U.S.A., U.K. and France

"The Governments of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the French Republic, being resolved to devote their efforts to the strengthening of peace in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and in particular with the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the charter.

(i) to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security and justice are not endangered;

(ii) to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations;

(iii) to give the United Nations every assistance in any action it takes in accordance with the Charter, and to refrain from giving assistance to any State against which the United Nations take preventive or enforcement action;

(iv) to ensure that States which are not members of the United Nations act in accordance with the principles of the charter so far as may be necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security;

"Having regard to the purely defensive character of the Atlantic alliance which is manifest in the North Atlantic Treaty, wherein they reaffirm their faith in the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and their desire to live in peace with all peoples and all Governments, and undertake to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in accordance with the principles of the Charter and to refrain, in accordance with those principles, from the threat or use of force in their international relations.

"Take note that the German Federal Republic has by a declaration dated October 3rd accepted the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter of the United Nations and has undertaken never to have recourse to force to achieve the reunification of Germany or the modification of the present boundaries of the German Federal Republic, and to resolve by peaceful means any disputes which may arise between the Federal Republic and other States:

"Declare that

1. They consider the government of the Federal Republic as the only German Government freely and legitimately constituted and therefore entitled to speak for Germany as the representative of the German people in international affairs.

2. In their relations with the Federal Republic they will follow the principles set out in Article 2 of the United Nations Charter.

3. A peace settlement for the whole of Germany, freely negotiated between Germany and her former enemies, which would lay the foundation of a lasting peace, remains an essential aim of their policy. The final determination of the boundaries of Germany must await such a settlement.

4. The achievement through peaceful means of a fully free and unified Germany remains a fundamental goal of their policy.

5. The security and welfare of Berlin and the maintenance of the position of the three Powers there are regarded by the three Powers as essential elements of the peace of the free world in the present international situation. Accordingly they will maintain armed forces within the territory of Berlin as long as their responsibilities require it. They therefore reaffirm that they will treat any attack against Berlin from any quarters as an attack upon their forces and themselves.

6. They will regard as a threat to their own peace and safety any recourse to force which in violation of the principles of the United Nations Charter threatens the integrity and unity of the Atlantic alliance or its defensive purposes. In the event of any such action the three Governments for their part will consider the offending Government as having forfeited its rights to any guarantee and any military assistance provided for in the North Atlantic Treaty and its protocols. They will act in accordance with Article 4 of the North Atlantic Treaty with a view to taking other measures which may be appropriate.

7. They will invite the association of other member States of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization with this Declaration."

European Unity—Close Association of Britain

VI. *Future Procedure*

The conference agreed that representatives of the Governments concerned should work out urgently the texts of detailed agreements to give effect to the principles laid down above. These will be submitted, where appropriate, to the North Atlantic Council and to the four Governments directly concerned with the future status of the Federal Republic.

"The conference hoped that it would be possible to hold a Ministerial meeting of the North Atlantic Council on October 22nd to decide on the arrangements affecting NATO. This will be preceded by meetings of the four Foreign Ministers on the question of German sovereignty and of the nine Foreign Ministers.

"These agreements and arrangements constitute a notable contribution to world peace. A western Europe is now emerging which, resting on the close association of the United Kingdom with the Continent and on growing friendship between the participating countries, will reinforce the Atlantic community. The system elaborated by the conference will further the development of European unity and integration.

* * *

The following documents are annexed to and form part of the final act: Draft declaration, and draft protocol to the Brussels Treaty; full text of statements by Mr. Dulles, Mr. Eden, and Mr. Pearson at the fourth plenary meeting on September 29th; conference paper on German defence contribution and arrangements to apply to the forces of the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe, on the Continent.

Annex 1. *Draft Declaration and Draft Protocol Inviting Italy and the German Federal Republic to Accede to the Brussels Treaty*

"The governments of Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom, parties to the Brussels Treaty of 17th March, 1948, for collaboration in economic, social and cultural matters and for legitimate collective self-defense.

"Aware that the principles underlying the association created by the Brussels Treaty are also recognized and applied by the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy.

"Noting with satisfaction that their devotion to peace and their allegiance to democratic institutions constitute common bonds between the countries of Western Europe.

"Convinced that an association with the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy would represent a new and substantial advance in the direction already indicated by the Treaty.

"Decide:

In application of Article IX of the treaty, to invite the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy to accede to the Brussels Treaty, as revised and completed by the protocol (and list of agreements and documents to be specified in the final text)."

Draft Protocol to the Brussels Treaty

"HM the King of the Belgians, the President of the French Republic, President of the French Union, HRH the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg, HM the Queen of the Netherlands, HM the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her Other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, parties to the treaty of economic, social and cultural collaboration and collective self-defense signed at Brussels on March 17th, 1948, hereinafter referred to as the treaty, on the one hand,

"And the President of the Federal Republic of Germany and the President of the Italian Republic on the other hand,

"Inspired by a common will to strengthen peace and security,

"Desirous to this end of promoting the unity and of encouraging the progressive integration of Europe,

"Convinced that the accession of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Italian Republic to the treaty will represent a new and substantial advance toward these aims,

"Have agreed as follows:

Article I

"The Federal Republic of Germany and the Italian Republic hereby accede to the treaty, as revised and completed by the present protocol (and the list of agreements and documents).

Article II

"(A) The sub-paragraph of the preamble to the treaty "to take such steps as may be held necessary in the event of renewal by Germany of a policy of aggression" shall be modified to read:

"To promote the unity and to encourage the progressive integration of Europe."

"(B) The following new article shall be inserted in the treaty as Article IV:

"IV—In execution of the treaty, the high contracting parties and any organs established by them under the treaty shall work in close co-operation with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization."

The present Article IV of the treaty and the succeeding articles shall be renumbered accordingly.

"(C) Article VIII, formerly Article VII, of the treaty, shall read:

"For the purpose of consulting together on all questions dealt with in the present treaty and its protocol and the agreements and other documents set out in Article I above and of strengthening peace and security and of promoting unity and of encouraging the progressive integration of Europe and closer co-operation between member states and with other European organizations, the high contracting parties will create a council, which shall be so organized as to be able to exercise its functions continuously. The Council shall meet at such times as it shall deem fit.

"At the request of any of the high contracting parties, the Council shall be immediately convened in order to permit the high contracting parties to consult with regard to any situation which may constitute a threat to peace, in whatever area this threat should arise, or with regard to any situation constituting danger to economic stability."

Article III

"The present protocol and the agreements set out in Article II shall be ratified and the instruments of ratification shall be deposited as soon as possible with the Belgian government. They shall enter into force upon the date of deposit of the last instrument of ratification."

Annex 2. *Conference Paper on German Defence Contribution and Arrangements to Apply to the Forces of SACEUR, on the Continent*

"The nine governments represented at the London conference agree to instruct representatives to draw up in Paris, in concert with the military and civilian agencies of NATO through the Secretary General, detailed proposals, for approval by the North Atlantic Council, for a German defense contribution and arrangements to be applied to SACEUR's forces on the Continent. These detailed proposals should be based on the following principles agreed between the nine governments:

"1.—(A) The seven Brussels Treaty powers will conclude a special agreement setting out the forces each of them will place under SACEUR on the Continent.

"(B) The German contribution shall conform in size and general characteristics to the contribution fixed for the EDC brought up to date and adapted as necessary to make it suitable for NATO.

"(C) The terms of this special agreement will be agreed with the other NATO countries.

"(D) If at any time the NATO annual review recommends an increase above the figures in the Brussels special agreement, such increase will require the unanimous approval of the Brussels powers expressed in the Brussels Council or in NATO.

"(E) The Brussels powers will ask that arrangements be made for SACEUR to designate a high-ranking officer who will be instructed to transmit regularly to the Brussels Treaty Organization information acquired as indicated in 3 (F) below in order to permit that organization to establish that the figures agreed among the Brussels powers are being observed.

"2. All forces of NATO countries stationed on the continent of Europe shall be placed under the authority of SACEUR, with the exception of the forces which NATO has recognized or will recognize as suitable to remain under national command.

The strength and armaments on the Continent of the internal defense forces and of the police belonging to the members of the Brussels Treaty Organization shall be fixed by agreements made within this organization, taking into account the task for which they are intended and on the basis of existing levels and needs.

"3. Arrangements to apply to SACEUR's forces:

(*a*) Forces placed under SACEUR on the Continent shall be deployed in accordance with NATO strategy.

(*b*) The location of such forces shall be determined by SACEUR after consultation and agreement with the national authorities concerned.

(*c*) Such forces shall not be redeployed on the Continent nor used operationally on the Continent without his consent subject to appropriate political guidance from the North Atlantic Council.

(*d*) Forces placed under SACEUR on the Continent shall be integrated as far as possible consistent with military efficiency.

(*e*) Arrangements shall be made for the closer co-ordination of logistics by SACEUR.

(*f*) The level and effectiveness of forces placed under SACEUR on the Continent and the armaments, equipment, logistics and reserve formations of those forces on the Continent shall be inspected by SACEUR."

No. 9

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 19TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Second Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Second Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following petitions for private bills, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case, namely:

Of Norman Ernest Phipps and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Gerling General Insurance Company of Canada.

Of The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation of London, Ontario, for an Act to authorize the Corporation to subdivide its capital stock into shares of the par value of twenty dollars each.

Of George Meredith Huycke and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Cannon adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Howe, (Port Arthur), the House was adjourned at 5.56 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

Note: Attached hereto, as an addendum, are copies of papers supplementary to The Final Act of the London Conference (October 3, 1954), which was printed as an addendum to the Votes and Proceedings of Tuesday, January 18, 1955.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the appellant in Income Tax Appeal Board Case No. 227, which was heard in November, 1954, as an individual, through the Company represented in Case No. 227, or through any other company, at any time had any contracts with the Federal Government, or any department or agency thereof?

2. If so, were any such contracts connected with construction projects?

3. Were any such contracts connected with the supplying of goods?

4. Were any such contracts, either construction projects or the supplying of goods, related to national defence?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, January 20	
Sixteen	Special Committee on Procedure.....	11.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

ADDENDUM

TO

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1955

B—FOUR-POWER CONFERENCE

1. Protocol on the Termination of the Occupation Régime in the Federal Republic of Germany

The United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the French Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

The Convention on Relations between the Three Powers and the Federal Republic of Germany, the Convention on the Rights and Obligations of Foreign Forces and their Members in the Federal Republic of Germany, the Finance Convention, the Convention on the Settlement of Matters arising out of the War and the Occupation, signed at Bonn on 26 May 1952, the Protocol signed at Bonn on 27 June 1952 to correct certain textual errors in the aforementioned Conventions, and the Agreement on the Tax Treatment of the Forces and their Members signed at Bonn on 26 May 1952, as amended by the Protocol signed at Bonn on 26 July 1952, shall be amended in accordance with the five Schedules to the present Protocol and as so amended shall enter into force (together with subsidiary documents agreed by the Signatory States relating to any of the aforementioned instruments) simultaneously with it.

ARTICLE 2

Pending the entry into force of the arrangements for the German Defence Contribution, the following provisions shall apply:

(1) The rights heretofore held or exercised by the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the French Republic relating to the fields of disarmament and demilitarisation shall be retained and exercised by them, and nothing in any of the instruments mentioned in Article 1 of the present Protocol shall authorise the enactment, amendment, repeal or deprivation of effect of legislation or, subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Article, executive action in those fields by any other authority.

(2) On the entry into force of the present Protocol, the Military Security Board shall be abolished (without prejudice to the validity of any action or decisions taken by it) and the controls in the fields of disarmament and demilitarisation shall thereafter be applied by a Joint Four-Power Organization to which each of the Signatory States shall appoint one representative and which shall take its decisions by majority vote of the four members.

(3) The Governments of the Signatory States will conclude an administrative agreement which shall provide, in conformity with the proviisons of this Article, for the establishment of the Joint Four-Power Commission and its staff and for the organization of its work.

ARTICLE 3

(1) The present Protocol shall be ratified or approved by the Signatory States in accordance with their respective constitutional procedures. The Instruments of Ratification or Approval shall be deposited by the Signatory States with the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany.

(2) The present Protocol and subsidiary documents relating to it agreed between the Signatory States shall enter into force upon the deposit by all the Signatory States of the Instruments of Ratification of Approval as provided in paragraph 1 of this Article.

(3) The present Protocol shall be deposited in the Archives of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, which will furnish each Signatory State with certified copies thereof and notify each State of the date of entry into force of the present Protocol.

IN FAITH WHEREOF the undersigned Representatives duly authorized thereto have signed the present Protocol.

Done at Paris this twenty-third day of October, 1954, in three texts, in the English, French and German languages, all being equally authentic.

For the United States of America:

For the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:

For the French Republic:

For the Federal Republic of Germany:

2. Résumé of the Five Schedules Attached to the Protocol on the Termination of the Occupation Régime

(i) Schedule I

This Schedule amends the former "Convention on Relations between the Three Powers and the Federal Republic of Germany". The introductory words have changed since 1952 from "the three Occupying Powers" to a list of the four Powers who have "entered into the following Convention setting forth the basis of their new relationship".

Article 1 of the Schedule states that the three Powers will terminate the Occupation régime in Western Germany, revoke the Occupation Statute, and abolish the offices of the *Land* Commissioners. The Federal Republic is accorded "the full authority of a sovereign State over its internal and external affairs".

Article 2 lays down that the Three Powers retain their rights "relating to Berlin and to Germany as a whole, including the reunification of Germany and a peace settlement".

In the original Convention, Article 2 had included in these reservations, the right to station troops in Germany. Under the new arrangements, allied troops will remain in Germany as at present "pending the entry into force of the arrangements for the German defence contribution" and, after that, remain with the consent of the Federal Government. Their position is covered in a separate convention, the text of which is given below. Thus, the new status of the Federal Republic is taken into consideration without jeopardising the rights of the three Powers in Berlin.

Articles 4 and 5 deal with the responsibilities obtained by the three Powers relating to the stationing of armed forces in Germany and the protection of their security. The Convention states that, after the coming into force of the German defence contribution, "the forces of the same nationality and effective strength as at that time may be stationed in the Federal Republic." The Convention is open to any State which is not a signatory but which had forces stationed in Germany on October 23, 1954—i.e. Belgium, the Netherlands, Canada, Luxembourg and Denmark. The Convention is to expire "with the conclusion of a German peace settlement or if at an earlier time the signatory States agree that the development of the international situation justifies new arrangements".

With regard to the protection of the security of allied forces in Germany, allied rights "shall lapse when the appropriate German authorities have obtained similar powers under German legislation enabling them to take effective action to protect the security of those forces, including the ability to deal with a serious disturbance of public security and order". (See the letters from the Chancellor to the three foreign Ministers reproduced as the first letter below).

Article 10 of the Schedule sets out the terms under which the Convention may be reviewed; they are:

(a) "Upon request of any one of them, in the event of the reunification of Germany, or an international understanding being reached with the participation or consent on steps towards bringing about the reunification of Germany, or the creation of a European federation".

(b) "In any situation which all the signatory States recognize has resulted from a change of a fundamental character in the conditions prevailing at the time of the entry into force of the present convention".

(ii) Schedule II and III

Schedule II amends the Convention on the Rights and Obligations of foreign forces and their members in the Federal Republic. The third Schedule brings up to date the Finance Convention. The German Government will provide a monthly average contribution of 600m. marks for the support of the allied forces from the entry of the Convention into force until the arrangements for the German defence contribution are completed. These provisions apply only until June 30th, 1955. During the first year of the German defence contribution, the Federal Republic will make available a total amount of 3,200m. marks for the support of the allied forces.

Schedules IV & V

Schedule IV amends the Convention "on the Settlement of Matters arising out of the war and the occupation". It makes clear that existing programmes of de-centralization will be completed. Legislation concerning the reorganization of the German coalmining, iron and steel industries being applied at the time of the entry into force of the present arrangements "shall be maintained in force insofar and so long as de-concentration measures ordered before that date are still to be carried out or claimants are still to be protected."

Article 10 sets up a mixed committee of experts whose task is defined as the consideration of "applications for extensions of the final time for the disposition of securities required by regulations or orders of the Allied High Commission or its subordinate bodies or by reason of the terms of a plan approved by any such order".

The eight-line Schedule V makes three alterations in the "Agreement on the Tax Treatment of the forces and their members", in the original Bonn Agreement.

Declaration of the Federal Republic on Aid to Berlin

In view of the special role which Berlin has played and is destined to play in the future for the self preservation of the free world, aware of the ties connecting the Federal Republic with Berlin as the prospective capital of a free, reunified Germany,

resolved to consolidate these ties within the framework of the status of Berlin,

resolved to continue its aid to the political, cultural, economic and financial reconstruction of Berlin, and,

motivated by the desire to strengthen and to reinforce the position of Berlin in all fields, and in particular to bring about in so far as possible an improvement in the economic and financial situation in Berlin including its productive capacity and level of employment,

the Federal Republic undertakes

(a) to take all necessary measures on its part in order to ensure the maintenance of a balanced budget in Berlin through appropriate assistance;

(b) to take adequate measures for the equitable treatment of Berlin in the control and allocation of materials in short supply;

(c) to take adequate measures to ensure that Berlin also benefits from resources at the disposal of the Federal Republic received from outside sources, for the necessary further economic reconstruction of Berlin;

(d) to take all appropriate measures designed to promote the placing of public and private orders in the Berlin economy;

(e) to promote the development of Berlin's external trade, to accord Berlin such favoured treatment in all matters of trade policy as circumstances warrant and to provide Berlin within the limit of possibility and in consideration of the participation of Berlin in the foreign currency control by the Federal Republic, with the necessary foreign currency;

(f) to take all necessary measures on its part to ensure that the city remains in the currency area of the Deutsche Mark West, and that an adequate money supply is maintained in the city;

(g) to assist in the maintaining in Berlin of adequate stockpiles of supplies for emergencies;

(h) to use its best efforts for the maintenance and improvement of trade and of communications and transportation facilities between Berlin and the Federal territory, and to co-operate in accordance with the means at its disposal in their protection or their re-establishment;

(i) to continue its efforts to compensate, as heretofore, the disproportionate burden placed on Berlin as a result of the admission of refugees;

(j) to ensure the representation of Berlin and of the Berlin population outside Berlin, and to facilitate the inclusion of Berlin in the international agreements concluded by the Federal Republic, provided that this is not precluded by the nature of the agreements concerned.

Paris, 23rd October 1954

His Excellency,
The Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany.

Mr. Chancellor,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of today's date which reads as follows:

"Under the Protocol on the Termination of the Occupation Régime in the Federal Republic of Germany, signed at Paris today, provision is made that during the period, if any, between its entry into force and the entry into force of the arrangements for the German Defence Contribution, the United Kingdom, the United States and the French Republic will retain their existing rights relating to the fields of disarmament and demilitarisation, and the controls in those fields will be applied by a joint Four Power Commission. I should appreciate it if you would confirm the agreement which we reached at London in this connection that at the end of 1954 the Governments which have today signed the Protocol will review this matter in the light of the situation then existing with regard to the entry into force of the Protocol. I should likewise appreciate confirmation of the agreement also reached in this connection at London that, at the same time, the four Governments will review the exercise of the controls with a view to permitting preparation by the Federal Republic for its future defence contribution."

I should confirm the agreements to which you refer in your letter.

Accept, Mr. Chancellor, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

Her Britannic Majesty's
Principal Secretary of State
for Foreign Affairs

Convention on the presence of Foreign Forces in the Federal Republic of Germany

In view of the present international situation and the need to ensure the defence of the free world which require the continuing presence of foreign forces in the Federal Republic of Germany, the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the French Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1

1. From the entry into force of the arrangements for the German Defence Contribution, forces of the same nationality and effective strength as at that time may be stationed in the Federal Republic.

2. The effective strength of the forces stationed in the Federal Republic of Germany pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article may at any time be increased with the consent of the Government of the Federal Republic.

3. Additional forces of the States parties to the present Convention may enter and remain in the Federal territory with the consent of the Government of the Federal Republic for training purposes in accordance with the procedures applicable to forces assigned to the Supreme Allied Commander Europe, provided that such forces do not remain there for more than thirty days at any one time.

4. The Federal Republic grants to the French, the United Kingdom and the United States forces the right to enter, pass through, and depart from the territory of the Federal Republic in transit to or from Austria (so long as their forces continue to be stationed there) or any country Member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, on the same basis as is usual between Parties to the North Atlantic treaty or as may be agreed with effect for all Member States by the North Atlantic Council.

ARTICLE 2

The present Convention shall be open to accession by any State not a Signatory, which had forces stationed in the Federal territory on the date of the signature of the Protocol on the Termination of the Occupation Régime in the Federal Republic of Germany signed at Paris on 23rd October 1954. Any such State, desiring to accede to the present Convention, may deposit with the Government of the Federal Republic an Instrument of Accession.

ARTICLE 3

1. The present Convention shall expire with the conclusion of a German peace settlement or, if at an earlier time the Signatory States agree that the development of the international situation justifies new arrangements.

2. The Signatory States will review the terms of the present Convention at the same time and subject to the same conditions as provided for in Article 10 of the Convention on Relations between the Three Powers and the Federal Republic of Germany.

ARTICLE 4

1. The present Convention shall be ratified or approved by the Signatory States and Instruments of Ratification or Approval shall be deposited by them with the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany which shall notify each Signatory State of the deposit of each Instrument of Ratification or Approval. The present Convention shall enter into force when all the Signatory States have made such deposit and the Instrument of Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany to the North Atlantic Treaty has been deposited with the Government of the United States of America.

2. It shall also enter into force on that date as to any acceding State which has previously deposited an Instrument of Accession in accordance with Article 2 of the present Convention and, as to any other acceding State, on the date of the deposit by it of such an Instrument.

3. The present Convention shall be deposited in the Archives of the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, which will furnish each State party to the present Convention with certified copies thereof and of the Instruments of Accession deposited in accordance with Article 2 and will notify each State of the date of the entry into force of the present Convention and the date of the deposit of any Instrument of Accession.

IN FAITH WHEREOF the undersigned Representatives duly authorized there have signed the present Convention.

Done at Paris this 23rd day of October, 1954, in three texts, in the English, French and German languages, all being equally authentic.

For the United States of America:

For the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:

For the French Republic:

For the Federal Republic of Germany:

5. Three-Power Declaration on Berlin

The following statement was issued on 23rd October 1954, by the Foreign Ministers of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America:

"With respect to Berlin, in addition to the Allied Security guarantees for the city in the London communiqué of October 3, 1954, the Foreign Ministers of France, the United Kingdom and the United States have noted with deep satisfaction the close and friendly co-operation between the Allied and Berlin authorities. The Three Powers are determined to ensure the greatest possible degree of self-government in Berlin compatible with Berlin's special situation. Accordingly, the three Governments have instructed their representatives in Berlin to consult with the authorities of that city with a view to implementing jointly and to the fullest degree possible the foregoing principles."

C—NINE-POWER CONFERENCE

1. Declaration inviting Italy and the Federal Republic of Germany to accede to the Brussels Treaty

The Governments of Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom Parties to the Brussels Treaty of March the 17th, 1948 for collaboration in economic, social and cultural matters and for legitimate collective self-defence;

Aware that the principles underlying the association created by the Brussels Treaty are also recognised and applied by the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy;

Noting with satisfaction that their devotion to peace and their allegiance to democratic institutions constitute common bonds between the countries of Western Europe;

Convinced that an association with the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy would represent a new and substantial advance in the direction already indicated by the Treaty;

DECIDE,

in application of Article IX of the Treaty, to invite the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy to accede to this Treaty, as modified and completed in accordance with the decisions of the Conference held in London from September the 28th to October the 3rd, 1954, which are recorded in its Final Act.

2. Protocol modifying and completing the Brussels Treaty

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the President of the French Republic, President of the French Union, Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg, Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, Parties to the Treaty of Economic, Social and Cultural Collaboration and Collective Self-Defence, signed at Brussels on March the 17th, 1948, hereinafter referred to as the Treaty, on the one hand,

and the President of the Federal Republic of Germany and the President of the Italian Republic on the other hand,

Inspired by a common will to strengthen peace and security;

Desirous to this end of promoting the unity and of encouraging the progressive integration of Europe;

Convinced that the accession of the Federal Republic of Germany and the Italian Republic to the Treaty will represent a new and substantial advance towards these aims;

Having taken into consideration the decisions of the London Conference as set out in the Final Act of October the 3rd, 1954 and its Annexes;

Have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

.....

Who, having exhibited their full powers found in good and due form,

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I

The Federal Republic of Germany and the Italian Republic hereby accede to the Treaty as modified and completed by the present Protocol.

The High Contracting Parties to the present Protocol consider the Protocol on Forces of Western European Union (hereinafter referred to as Protocol No. II), the Protocol on the Control of Armaments and its Annexes (hereinafter referred to as Protocol No. III), and the Protocol on the Agency of Western European Union for the Central of Armaments (hereinafter referred to as Protocol No. IV) to be an integral part of the present Protocol.

ARTICLE II

The sub-paragraph of the Preamble to the Treaty: "to take such steps as may be held necessary in the event of renewal by Germany of a policy of aggression" shall be modified to read: "to promote the unity and to encourage the progressive integration of Europe".

The opening words of the 2nd paragraph of Article I shall read: "The co-operation provided for in the preceding paragraph, which will be effected through the Council referred to in Article VIII . . .".

ARTICLE III

The following new Article shall be inserted in the Treaty as Article IV: "In the execution of the Treaty the High Contracting Parties and any organs established by Them under the Treaty shall work in close co-operation with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization".

Recognising the undesirability of duplicating the Military Staffs of NATO, the Council and its agency will reply on the appropriate Military Authorities of NATO for information and advice on military matters.

Articles IV, V, VI and VII of the Treaty will become respectively Articles V, VI, VII and VIII.

ARTICLE IV

Article VIII of the Treaty (formerly Article VII) shall be modified to read as follows:

"1. For the purposes of strengthening peace and security and of promoting unity and of encouraging the progressive integration of Europe and closer co-operation between Them and with other European organizations, the High Contracting Parties to the Brussels Treaty shall create a Council to consider matters concerning the execution of this Treaty and of its Protocols and their Annexes.

"2. This Council shall be known as the 'Council of Western European Union'; it shall be so organized as to be able to exercise its functions continuously; it shall set up such subsidiary bodies as may be necessary: in particular it shall establish immediately an Agency for the Control of Armaments whose functions are defined in Protocol No. IV.

"3. At the request of any of the High Contracting Parties the Council shall be immediately convened in order to permit Them to consult with regard to any situation which may constitute a threat to peace, in whatever area this threat should arise, or a danger to economic stability.

"4. The Council shall decide by unanimous vote questions for which no other voting procedure has been or may be agreed. In the cases provided for in Protocols II, III and IV it will follow the various voting procedures, unanimity, two-thirds majority, simple majority, laid down therein. It will decide by simple majority questions submitted to it by the Agency for the Control of Armaments".

ARTICLE V

A new Article shall be inserted in the Treaty as Article IX: "The Council of Western European Union shall make an Annual Report on its activities and in particular concerning the control of armaments to an Assembly composed of representatives of the Brussels Treaty Powers to the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe".

The Articles VIII, IX and X of the Treaty shall become respectively Articles X, XI and XII.

ARTICLE VI

The present Protocol and the other Protocols listed in Article I above shall be ratified and the instruments of ratification shall be deposited as soon as possible with the Belgian Government.

They shall enter into force when all instruments of ratification of the present Protocol have been deposited with the Belgian Government and the instrument of accession of the Federal Republic of Germany to the North Atlantic Treaty has been deposited with the Government of the United States of America.

The Belgian Government shall inform the governments of the other High Contracting Parties and the Government of the United States of America of the deposit of each instrument of ratification.

IN WITNESS whereof the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Protocol and have affixed thereto their seals.

DONE at Paris this twenty third day of October 1954 in two texts, in the English and French languages, each text being equally authoritative in a single copy which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Belgian Government and of which certified copies shall be transmitted by that Government to each of the other Signatories.

Protocol No. II on Forces of Western European Union

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the President of the French Republic, President of the French Union, the President of the Federal Republic of Germany, the President of the Italian Republic, Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg, Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands, and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, Signatories of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Brussels Treaty,

Having consulted the North Atlantic Council,

Have appointed .....,

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE I

1. The land and air forces which each of the High Contracting Parties to the present Protocol shall place under the Supreme Allied Commander Europe in peacetime on the mainland of Europe shall not exceed in total strength and number of formations:

(a) for Belgium, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Italy and the Netherlands, the maxima laid down for peacetime in the Special Agreement annexed to the Treaty on the Establishment of a European Defence Community signed at Paris, on 27th May, 1952; and

(b) for the United Kingdom, four divisions and the Second Tactical Air Force;

(c) for Luxembourg, one regimental combat team.

2. The number of formations mentioned in paragraph 1 may be brought up to date and adapted as necessary to make them suitable for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, provided that the equivalent fighting capacity and total strengths are not exceeded.

3. The statement of these maxima does not commit any of the High Contracting Parties to build up or maintain forces at these levels, but maintains their right to do so if required.

ARTICLE 2

As regards naval forces, the contribution to NATO Commands of each of the High Contracting Parties to the present Protocol shall be determined each year in the course of the Annual Review (which takes into account the recommendations of the NATO military authorities). The naval forces of the Federal Republic of Germany shall consist of the vessels and formations necessary for the defensive missions assigned to it by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization within the limits laid down in the Special Agreement mentioned in Article 1, or equivalent fighting capacity.

ARTICLE 3

If at any time during the Annual Review recommendations are put forward, the effect of which would be to increase the level of forces above the limits specified in Articles 1 and 2, the acceptance by the country concerned of such recommended increases shall be subject to the unanimous approval of the High Contracting Parties to the present Protocol expressed either in the Council of Western European Union or in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

ARTICLE 4

In order that it may establish that the limits specified in Articles 1 and 2 are being observed, the Council of Western European Union will regularly receive information acquired as a result of inspections carried out by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe. Such information will be transmitted by a high-ranking officer designated for the purpose by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe.

ARTICLE 5

The strength and armaments of the internal defence and police forces on the mainland of Europe of the High Contracting Parties to the present Protocol shall be fixed by agreements within the Organization of Western European Union, having regard to their proper functions and needs and to their existing levels.

ARTICLE 6

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland will continue to maintain on the mainland of Europe, including Germany, the effective strength of the United Kingdom forces which are now assigned to the Supreme Allied Commander Europe, that is to say four divisions and the Second Tactical Air Force, or such other forces as the Supreme Allied Commander Europe regards as having equivalent fighting capacity. She undertakes not to withdraw these forces against the wishes of the majority of the High Contracting Parties who should take their decision in the knowledge of the views of the Supreme Allied Commander Europe. This undertaking shall not, however, bind her in the event of an acute overseas emergency. If the maintenance of the United Kingdom forces on the mainland of Europe throws at any time too great a strain on the external finances of the United Kingdom, she will, through Her Government in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, invite the North Atlantic Council to review the financial conditions on which the United Kingdom formations are maintained.

IN WITNESS whereof, the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Protocol, being one of the Protocols listed in Article I of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Treaty, and have affixed thereto their seals.

DONE at Paris this twenty-third day of October, 1954, in two texts, in the English and French languages, each text being equally authoritative, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Belgian Government and of which certified copies shall be transmitted by that Government to each of the other Signatories.

Protocol No. III on the Control of Armaments

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the President of the French Republic, President of the French Union, the President of the Federal Republic of Germany, the President of the Italian Republic, Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg, Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, Signatories of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Brussels Treaty,

Have appointed.....,

Have agreed as follows:

Part I—Armaments not to be manufactured

ARTICLE I

The High Contracting Parties, members of Western European Union, take note of and record their agreement with the Declaration of the Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany (made in London on 3rd October, 1954, and annexed hereto as Annex I) in which the Federal Republic of Germany undertook not to manufacture in its territory atomic, biological and chemical weapons. The types of armaments referred to in this Article are defined in Annex II. These armaments shall be more closely defined and the definitions brought up to date by the Council of Western European Union.

ARTICLE 2

The High Contracting Parties, members of Western European Union, also take note of and record their agreement with the undertaking given by the Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany in the same Declaration that certain further

types of armaments will not be manufactured in the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany, except that if in accordance with the needs of the armed forces a recommendation for an amendment to, or cancellation of, the content of the list of these armaments is made by the competent Supreme Commander of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, and if the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany submits a request accordingly, such an amendment or cancellation may be made by a resolution of the Council of Western European Union passed by a two-thirds majority. The types of armaments referred to in this Article are listed in Annex III.

PART II—Arrangements to be controlled

ARTICLE 3

When the development of atomic, biological and chemical weapons in the territory on the mainland of Europe of the High Contracting Parties who have not given up the right to produce them has passed the experimental stage and effective production of them has started there, the level of stocks that the High Contracting Parties concerned will be allowed to hold on the mainland of Europe shall be decided by a majority vote of the Council of Western European Union.

ARTICLE 4

Without prejudice to the foregoing Articles, the types of armaments listed in Annex IV will be controlled to the extent and in the manner laid down in Protocol No. IV.

ARTICLE 5

The Council of Western European Union may vary the list in Annex IV by unanimous decision.

IN WITNESS whereof, the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Protocol, being one of the Protocols listed in Article 1 of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Treaty, and have affixed thereto their seals.

DONE at Paris on the twenty-third day of October 1954, in two texts, in the English and French languages, each text being equally authoritative, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Belgian Government and of which certified copies shall be transmitted by that Government to each of the other Signatories.

Annex I

The Federal Chancellor declares:

that the Federal Republic undertakes not to manufacture in its territory any atomic weapons, chemical weapons or biological weapons, as detailed in paragraphs I, II and III of the attached list: (1)

that it undertakes further not to manufacture in its territory such weapons as those detailed in paragraphs IV, V, and VI of the attached list. (2) Any amendment to or cancellation of the substance of paragraphs IV, V and VI (2) can, on the request of the Federal Republic, be carried out by a resolution of the Brussels Council of Ministers by a two-thirds majority, if in accordance with the needs of the armed forces a request is made by the competent Supreme Commander of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization;

that the Federal Republic agrees to supervision by the competent authority of the Brussels Treaty Organization to ensure that these undertakings are observed.

(1) Reproduced in Annex II
(2) Reproduced in Annex III

Annex II

This list comprises the weapons defined in paragraphs I to III and the factories earmarked solely for their production. All apparatus, parts, equipment, installations, substances and organisms which are used for civilian purposes or for scientific, medical and industrial research in the fields of pure and applied science shall be excluded from this definition.

I. Atomic Weapons

(a) An atomic weapon is defined as any weapon which contains, or is designed to contain or utilize, nuclear fuel or radioactive isotopes and which, by explosion or other uncontrolled nuclear transformation of the nuclear fuel, or by radioactivity of the nuclear fuel or radioactive isotopes, is capable of mass destruction, mass injury or mass poisoning.

(b) Furthermore, any part, device, assembly or material especially designed for, or primarily useful in, any weapon as set forth under paragraph (a), shall be deemed to be an atomic weapon.

(c) Nuclear fuel as used in the preceding definition includes plutonium, Uranium 233, Uranium 235 (including Uranium 235 contained in Uranium enriched to over 2.1 per cent by weight of Uranium 235) and any other material capable of releasing substantial quantities of atomic energy through nuclear fission or fusion or other nuclear reaction of the material. The foregoing materials shall be considered to be nuclear fuel regardless of the chemical or physical form in which they exist.

II. Chemical Weapons

(a) A chemical weapon is defined as any equipment or apparatus expressly designed to use, for military purposes, the asphyxiating, toxic, irritant, paralysant, growth-regulating, anti-lubricating or catalysing properties of any chemical substance.

(b) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c), chemical substances, having such properties and capable of being used in the equipment or apparatus referred to in paragraph (a), shall be deemed to be included in this definition.

(c) Such apparatus and such quantities of the chemical substances as are referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) which do not exceed peaceful civilian requirements shall be deemed to be excluded from this definition.

III. Biological Weapons

(a) A biological weapon is defined as any equipment or apparatus expressly designed to use, for military purposes, harmful insects or other living or dead organisms, or their toxic products.

(b) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c), insects, organisms and their toxic products of such nature and in such amounts as to make them capable of being used in the equipment or apparatus referred to in (a) shall be deemed to be included in this definition.

(c) Such equipment or apparatus and such quantities of the insects, organisms and their toxic products as are referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) which do not exceed peaceful civilian requirements shall be deemed to be excluded from the definition of biological weapons.

Annex III

This list comprises the weapons defined in paragraphs IV to VI and the factories earmarked solely for their production. All apparatus, parts, equipment, installations, substances and organisms, which are used for civilian purposes or for scientific medical and industrial research in the fields of pure and applied science shall be excluded from this definition.

IV. Long-range Missiles, Guided Missiles and Influence Mines

(a) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (d), long-range missiles and guided missiles are defined as missiles such that the speed or direction of motion can be influenced after the instant of launching by a device or mechanism inside or outside the missile, including V-type weapons developed in the recent war and subsequent modifications thereof. Combustion is considered as a mechanism which may influence the speed.

(b) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (d), influence mines are defined as naval mines which can be exploded automatically by influences which emanate solely from external sources, including influence mines developed in the recent war and subsequent modifications thereof.

(c) Parts, devices or assemblies specially designed for use in or with the weapons referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be deemed to be included in this definition.

(d) Proximity fuses, and short-range guided missiles for anti-aircraft defence with the following maximum characteristics are regarded as excluded from this definition:

Length: 2 metres;
Diameter, 30 centimetres;
Speed, 660 metres per second;
Ground range, 32 kilometres;
Weight of war-head, 22.5 kilogrammes.

V. Warships, with the exception of smaller ships for defence purposes

"Warships, with the exception of smaller ships for defence purposes are:

(a) Warships of more than 3,000 tons displacement;

(b) Submarines of more than 350 tons displacement;

(c) All warships which are driven by means other than steam, Diesel or petrol engines or by gas turbine or by jet engines."

VI. Bomber aircraft for strategic purposes

Annex IV

List of types of armaments to be controlled

1. (a) Atomic
(b) biological, and
(c) chemical weapons.
In accordance with definitions to be approved by the Council of Western European Union as indicated in Article I of the present Protocol.

2. All guns, howitzers and mortars of any types and of any rôles of more than 90 mm. calibre including the following component for these weapons, viz., the elevating mass.

3. All guided missiles.
Definition: Guided missiles are such that the speed or direction or motion can be influenced after the instant of launching by a device or mechanism inside or outside the missile; these include V-type weapons developed in the recent war and modifications thereto. Combustion is considered as a mechanism which may influence the speed.

4. Other self-propelled missiles of a weight exceeding 15 kilogrammes in working order.

5. Mines of all types except anti-tank and anti-personnel mines.

6. Tanks, including the following component parts for these tanks, viz:
   (a) the elevating mass;
   (b) turret casting and/or plate assembly.

7. Other armoured fighting vehicles of an overall weight of more than 10 metric tons.

8. (a) Warships over 1,500 tons displacement;
   (b) submarines;
   (c) all warships powered by means other than steam, Diesel or petrol engines or gas turbines;
   (d) small craft capable of a speed of over 30 knots, equipped with offensive armament.

9. Aircraft bombs of more than 1,000 kilogrammes.

10. Ammunition for the weapons described in paragraph 2 above.

11. (a) Complete military aircraft other than:
   (i) all training aircraft except operational types used for training purposes;
   (ii) military transport and communication aircraft;
   (iii) helicopters;
   (b) air frames, specifically and exclusively designed for military aircraft except those at (i), (ii) and (iii) above;
   (c) Jet engines, turbo-propeller engines and rocket motors, when these are the principal motive power.

Protocol No. IV on the Agency of Western European Union for the Control of Armaments

His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the President of the French Republic, President of the French Union, the President of the Federal Republic of Germany, the President of the Italian Republic, Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg, Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and of Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth, Signatories of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Brussels Treaty,

Having agreed in accordance with Article IV of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Treaty, to establish an Agency for the Control of Armaments,

Have appointed...,

Have agreed as follows:

Part I—Constitution

ARTICLE 1

The Agency for the Control of Armaments (hereinafter referred to as "the Agency") shall be responsible to the Council of Western European Union (hereinafter referred to as "the Council"). It shall consist of a Director assisted by a Deputy Director, and supported by a staff drawn equitably from nationals of the High Contracting Parties, Members of Western European Union.

ARTICLE 2

The Director and his staff, including any officials who may be put at the disposal of the Agency by States Members, shall be subject to the general admistrative control of the Secretary General of Western European Union.

ARTICLE 3

The Director shall be appointed by unanimous decision of the Council for a period of five years and shall not be eligible for re-appointment. He shall be responsible for the selection of his staff in accordance with the principle mentioned in Article 1 and in consultation with the individual States Members concerned. Before filling the posts of Deputy Director and of the Heads of Departments of the Agency, the Director shall obtain from the Council approval of the persons to be appointed.

ARTICLE 4

1. The Director shall submit to the Council, through the Secretary General, a plan for the organization of the Agency. The organization should provide for departments dealing respectively with:

(a) the examination of statistical and budgetary information to be obtained from the members of Western European Union and from the appropriate NATO authorities;

(b) inspections, test checks and visits;

(c) administration.

2. The organization may be modified by decision of the Council.

ARTICLE 5

The costs of maintaining the Agency shall appear in the budget of Western European Union. The Director shall submit, through the Secretary General, to the Council an annual estimate of these costs.

ARTICLE 6

Officials of the Agency shall be bound by the full NATO code of security. They shall in no circumstances reveal information obtained in connexion with the execution of their official tasks except and only in the performance of their duties towards the Agency.

Part II—Functions

ARTICLE 7

1. The tasks of the Agency shall be:

(a) to satisfy itself that the undertaking set out in Protocol No. III not to manufacture certain types of armaments mentioned in Annexes II and III to that Protocol are being observed;

(b) to control, in accordance with Part III of the present Protocol, the level of stocks of armaments of the types mentioned in Annex IV to Protocol No. III held by each member of Western European Union on the mainland of Europe. This control shall extend to production and imports to the extent required to make the control of stocks effective.

2. For the purposes mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Article, the Agency shall:

(a) scrutinise statistical and budgetary information supplied by members of Western European Union and by the NATO authorities;

(b) undertake on the mainland of Europe test checks, visits and inspections at production plants, depots and forces (other than depots or forces under NATO authority);

(c) report to the Council.

ARTICLE 8

With respect to forces and depots under NATO authority, test checks, visits and inspections shall be undertaken by the appropriate authorities of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. In the case of the forces and depots under the

Supreme Allied Commander Europe, the Agency shall receive notification of the information supplied to the Council through medium of the high-ranking officer to be designated by him.

ARTICLE 9

The operations of the Agency shall be confined to the mainland of Europe.

ARTICLE 10

The Agency shall direct its attention to the production of end-items and components listed in Annexes II, III and IV of Protocol No. III, and not to processes. It shall ensure that materials and products destined for civilian use are excluded from its operations.

ARTICLE 11

Inspections by the Agency shall not be of a routine character, but shall be in the nature of tests carried out at irregular intervals. Such inspections shall be conducted in a spirit of harmony and co-operation. The Director shall propose to the Council detailed regulations for the conduct of the inspections providing, inter alia, for due process of law in respect of private interests.

ARTICLE 12

For their test checks, visits and inspections the members of the Agency shall be accorded free access on demand to plants and depots, and the relevant accounts and documents shall be made available to them. The Agency and national authorities shall co-operate in such checks and inspections, and in particular national authorities may, at their own request, take part in them.

Part III—Levels of Stocks of Armaments

ARTICLE 13

1. Each member of Western European Union shall, in respect of its forces under NATO authority stationed on the mainland of Europe, furnish annually to the Agency statements of:

(a) the total quantities of armaments of the types mentioned in Annex IV to Protocol No. III required in relation to its forces;

(b) the quantities of such armaments currently held at the beginning of the control years;

(c) the programmes for attaining the total quantities mentioned in (a) by;

(i) manufacture in its own territory;

(ii) purchase from another country;

(iii) end-item aid from another country.

2. Such statements shall also be furnished by each member of Western European Union in respect of its internal defence and police forces and its other forces under national control stationed on the mainland of Europe including a statement of stocks held there for its forces stationed overseas.

3. The statements shall be correlated with the relevant submissions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

ARTICLE 14

As regards the forces under NATO authority, the Agency shall verify in consultation with the appropriate NATO authorities that the total quantities states under Article 13 are consistent with the quantities recognized as required by the units of the

members concerned under NATO authority, and with the conclusions and data recorded in the documents approved by the North Atlantic Council in connexion with the NATO Annual Review.

ARTICLE 15

As regards internal defence and police forces, the total quantities of their armaments to be accepted as appropriate by the Agency shall be those notified by the members; provided that they remain within the limits laid down in the further agreements to be concluded by the members of Western European Union on the strength and armaments of the internal defence and police forces on the mainland of Europe.

ARTICLE 16

As regards other forces remaining under national control, the total quantities of their armaments to be accepted as appropriate by the Agency shall be those notified to the Agency by the members.

ARTICLE 17

The figures furnished by members for the total quantities of armaments under Articles 15 and 16 shall correspond to the size and mission of the forces concerned.

ARTICLE 18

The provisions of Articles 14 and 17 shall not apply to the High Contracting Parties and to the categories of weapons covered in Article 3 of Protocol No. III. Stocks of the weapons in question shall be determined in conformity with the procedure laid down in that Article and shall be notified to the Agency by the Council of the Western European Union.

ARTICLE 19

The figures obtained by the Agency under Articles 14, 15, 16 and 18 shall be reported to the Council as appropriate levels for the current control year for the members of Western European Union. Any discrepancies between the figures stated under Article 13, paragraph 1, and the quantities recognized under Article 14 will also be reported.

ARTICLE 20

1. The Agency shall immediately report to the Council if inspection, or information from other sources, reveals:

(a) the manufacture of armaments of a type which the member concerned has undertaken not to manufacture;

(b) the existence of stocks of armaments in excess of the figures and quantities ascertained in accordance with Articles 19 and 22.

2. If the Council is satisfied that the infraction reported by the Agency is not of major importance and can be remedied by prompt local action, it will so inform the Agency and the member concerned, who will take the necessary steps.

3. In the case of other infractions, the Council will invite the member concerned to provide the necessary explanation within a period to be determined by the Council; if this explanation is considered unsatisfactory, the Council will take the measures which it deems necessary in accordance with a procedure to be determined.

4. Decisions of the Council under this Article will be taken by majority vote.

ARTICLE 21

Each member shall notify to the Agency the names and locations of the depots on the mainland of Europe containing armaments subject to control and of the plants on the mainland of Europe manufacturing such armaments, or, even though not in operation, specifically intended for the manufacture of such armaments.

ARTICLE 22

Each member of Western European Union shall keep the Agency informed of the quantities of armaments of the types mentioned in Annex IV to Protocol No. III, which are to be exported from its territory on the mainland of Eurpe. The Agency shall be entitled to satisfy itself that the armaments concerned are in fact exported. If the level of stocks of any item subject to control appears abnormal, the Agency shall further be entitled to enquire into the orders for export.

ARTICLE 23

The Council shall transmit to the Agency information received from the Governments of the United States of America and Canada respecting military aid to be furnished to the forces on the mainland of Europe of members of Western European Union.

IN WITNESS whereof, the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Protocol, being one of the Protocols listed in Article I of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Treaty, and have affixed thereto their seals.

DONE at Paris this twenty-third day of October 1954, in two texts, in the English and French languages, each text being equally authoritative, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Belgian Government and of which certified copies shall be transmitted by that Government to each of the other Signatories.

3. Letters with reference to the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice from, respectively, the Governments of the Federal Republic and of Italy to the other Governments signatory of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Brussels Treaty

I have the honour to make the following communication to Your Excellency in order to place on record the undertaking of the Federal/Italian Government regarding the application and interpretation of Article X (formerly Article VIII), of the Brussels Treaty.

The Federal/Italian Government undertake, before the Protocol modifying and completing the Brussels Treaty and the related Protocols and their Annexes are ratified by the High Contracting Parties, to declare their acceptance of the compulsory jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice in accordance with Article X (formerly Article VIII) of the Treaty, having made known to the Parties the reservations accompanying their acceptance.

The Federal/Italian Government understand that, in the view of the other High Contracting Parties, paragrph 5 of Article X (formerly Article VIII) of the Treaty leaves the way open for concluding agreements on other means of settling disputes between Them, and that the undertaking in question shall in no way prejudice the possibility of opening discussions immediately with a view to establishing other methods of settling possible disputes in the application or interpretation of the Treaty.

[in the Federal Government's letter only]

Moreover, in the opinion of the Federal Government, the widening of the Brussels Treaty may give rise to a number of doubts and disputes as to the interpretation and application of the Treaty, the Protocols and their Annexes, which may not be of fundamental importance but mainly of a technical nature. The Federal Government consider that it is desirable to establish another, simpler procedure for the settlement of such matters.

The Federal Government therefore propose that the High Contracting Parties should discuss the problems set out above at once, with a view to reaching agreement on an appropriate procedure.

[In letters from both Federal and Italian Government]

I should be grateful if Your Excellency would confirm that [the Government concerned] agree with this letter. The exchange of letters thus effected will be considered as an Annex to the Protocol modifying and completing the Brussels Treaty, within the meaning of Article IV paragraph 1, of the said Protocol.

Reply to the Letters from the Governments of the Federal Republic and of Italy to the Other Governments Signatory of the Protocol Modifying and Completing the Brussels Treaty

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of Your Excellency's communication of (date)..... and to state that [the Government concerned] have noted with satisfaction that the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany/the Italian Government undertake to declare their acceptance of the compulsory jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice in accordance with Article X (formerly Article VIII) of the Brussels Treaty, having made known to the High Contracting Parties the reservations accompanying their acceptance.

I confirm that [the Government concerned] interpret paragraph 5 of Article X (formerly Article VIII) of the Treaty as stated in the third paragraphs of Your Excellency's communication.

[In the reply to the Federal Government's letter only]

With regard to the fourth and fifth paragraphs of Your Excellency's communication, [the Government concerned] are in agreement with the proposal of the Federal Government that the High Contracting Parties should discuss at once the question of establishing an appropriate procedure for the settlement of the possible disputes to which the Federal Government draw attention.

[In the reply to both Governments]

They also agree to consider this exchange of letters as an Annex to the Protocol modifying and completing the Brussels Treaty within the meaning of Article IV, paragraph 1 of the said Protocol.

4. Resolution on Production and Standardization of Armaments (Adopted by the Nine-Power Conference on 21st October, 1954)

The Governments of the Kingdom of Belgium, the French Republic, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Italian Republic, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

Anxious to increase the effectiveness of their common Defence forces to the maximum,

Desirous of ensuring the best possible use of their available armament credits by means of the rational organization of production,

Noting the importance in this connection of standardising weapons and weapon components,

Desirous of facilitating any agreement to this end between all or certain of the Seven Powers:

(1) Recall the decision taken at the London Conference to set up a Working Party to study the draft directives submitted by the French Government on 1st October 1954 and such other documents as might subsequently be submitted on the problem of the production and standardization of armaments.

(2) Agree to convene a Working Group in Paris on the 17th January 1955 of the Representatives of Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the Federal Republic of Germany and the United Kingdom, to study the draft directives and other documents referred to in the foregoing paragraph, with a view to submitting proposals to the Council of Western European Union when it comes into being.

D—NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL

1 Resolution to Implement Section IV of the Final Act of the London Conference.

THE NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL:

1. RECOGNISING the necessity of strengthening the structure of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and of reinforcing the machinery for the collective defence of Europe, and desirous of specifiying the conditions governing joint examination of the defence effort of member countries.

2. RECALLS that:

(a) the resources which member nations intend to devote to their defence effort as well as the level, composition and quality of the forces which the member nations are contributing to the defence of the North Atlantic area are each year subject to collective examination in the NATO Annual Review for the purpose of reaching agreement on force goals, taking into account expected mutual aid;

(b) the defence expenditures incurred by the member nations and the extent to which the recommendations emerging from the Annual Review have been carried out are the subject of periodical review during the year.

3. AGREES with the terms of the Agreement on Forces of Western European Union; and that with respect to the forces which the members of Western European Union will place under NATO Command on the mainland of Europe and for which maximum figures have been established in that Agreement, if at any time during the NATO Annual Review recommendations are put forward, the effect of which would be to increase the level of forces above the limits established in this Agreement, the acceptance by the country concerned of such recommended increases shall be subject to unanimous approval by the members of Western European Union, expressed either in the Council of Western European Union or in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

4. DECIDES that all forces of member nations stationed in the area of the Allied Command Europe shall be placed under the authority of the Supreme Allied Commander Europe or other appropriate NATO Command and under the direction of the NATO military authorities with the exception of those forces intended for the defence of overseas territories and other forces which the North Atlantic Treaty Organization has recognized or will recognize as suitable to remain under national command.

5. INVITES member nations to make an initial report for consideration and recognition by the Council on those forces which they plan to maintain within the area of Allied Command Europe for the common defence, but not to place under the authority of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, taking into account the provisions of relevant NATO directives bearing on that subject; the initial report will include a broad statement of the reason for which the above forces are not so placed. Thereafter, if any changes are proposed, the North Atlantic Council action on the NATO Annual Review will constitute recognition as to the suitability and size of forces to be placed under the authority of the appropriate NATO Command and those to be retained under national command.

6. NOTES that the agreements concluded within the framework of the Organization of Western European Union on the internal defence and police forces which the members of that Organization will maintain on the mainland shall be notified to the North Atlantic Council.

7. AGREES, in the interest of most effective collective defence, that in respect of combat forces in the area of Allied Command Europe and under the Supreme Allied Commander Europe;

(a) all deployments shall be in accordance with NATO strategy;

(b) the location of forces in accordance with NATO operational plans shall be determined by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe after consultation and agreement with the national authorities concerned;

(c) forces under the Supreme Allied Commander Europe and within the area of Allied Command Europe shall not be re-deployed or used operationally within that area without the consent of the Supreme Allied Commander Europe, subject to political guidance furnished by the North Atlantic Council, when appropriate, through normal channels.

8. DECIDES THAT:

(a) integration of forces at Army Group and Tactical Air Force level shall be maintained;

(b) in view of the powerful combat support units and logistic support organization at Army level, integration at that level and associated Air Force level will be the rule, wherever formations of several nationalities are operating in the same area and on a common task, provided there are no overriding objections from the point of view of military effectiveness;

(c) wherever military efficiency permits, in light of the size, location and logistic support of forces, integration at lower levels, both in the land and air forces, shall be achieved to the maximum extent possible;

(d) proposals to the North Atlantic Council, indicating any increases in commonly financed items of expenditure, such as infrastructure which might be entailed by the adoption of such measures, should be submitted by the NATO military authorities.

9. AGREES that, in order to improve the capability of the Supreme Allied Commander Europe to discharge his responsibilities in the defence of Allied Command Europe, his responsibilities and powers for the logistic support of the forces placed under his authority shall be extended.

10. CONSIDERS that these increased responsibilities and powers should include authority:

(a) to establish, in consultation with the national authorities concerned, requirements for the provision of logistic resources*;

(b) to determine, in agreement with the national authorities concerned, their geographic distribution;

(c) to establish, in consultation with these authorities, logistic priorities for the raising, equipping and maintenance of units;

(d) to direct the utilisation, for meeting his requirements, of those portions of the logistic support system made available to him by the appropriate authorities;

(e) to co-ordinate and supervise the use, for logistical purposes, of NATO common infrastructure facilities and of those national facilities made available to him by the national authorities.

11. AGREES that, in order to ensure that adequate information is obtained and made available to the appropriate authorities about the forces placed under the Supreme Allied Commander Europe including reserve formations and their logistic support within the area of Allied Command Europe, the Supreme Allied

*By logistic resources should be understood all the matériel, supplies, installations and parts thereof necessary for the prolonged conduct of combat operations.

Commander Europe shall be granted increased authority to call for reports regarding the level and effectiveness of such forces and their armaments, equipment and supplies as well as the organization and location of their logistic arrangements. He shall also make field inspections within that area as necessary.

12. INVITES nations to submit to the Supreme Allied Commander Europe such reports to this end as he may call for from time to time; and to assist inspection within the area of Allied Command Europe by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe of these forces and their logistic support arrangements as necessary.

13. CONFIRMS that the powers exercised by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe in peacetime extend not only to the organization into an effective integrated force of the forces placed under him but also to their training; that in this field, the Supreme Allied Commander Europe has direct control over the higher training of all national forces assigned to his command in peacetime; and that he should receive facilities from member nations to inspect the training of those cadre and other forces within the area of Allied Command Europe earmarked for that Command.

14. DIRECTS the NATO military authorities to arrange for the designation by the Supreme Allied Commander Europe of a high-ranking officer of his Command who will be authorised to transmit regularly to the Council of Western European Union information relating to the forces of the members of Western European Union on the mainland of Europe acquired as a result of the reports and inspections mentioned in paragraphs 11 and 12 in order to enable that Council to establish that the limits laid down in the special agreement mentioned in paragraph 3 above are being observed.

15. AGREES that the expression "the area of Allied Command Europe" as used throughout this resolution shall not include North Africa; and that this Resolution does not alter the present status of the United Kingdom and United States forces in the Mediterranean.

16. DIRECTS the NATO Military Committee to initiate the necessary changes in the directives to give effect to the above policies and objectives of the North Atlantic Council.

2. Resolution of Association

THE NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL:

WELCOMING the declaration made in London by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany on 3rd October, 1954 (Annex A), and the related declaration made on the same occasion by the Governments of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the French Republic (Annex B),

NOTES WITH SATISFACTION that the representatives of the other Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty have, on behalf of their Governments, today associated themselves with the aforesaid declaration of the Three Powers.

Declaration by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany

The German Federal Republic has agreed to conduct its policy in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and accepts the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter.

Upon her accession to the North Atlantic Treaty and the Brussels Treaty, the German Federal Republic declares that she will refrain from any action inconsistent with the strictly defensive character of the two treaties. In particular the German

Federal Republic undertakes never to have recourse to force to achieve the re-unification of Germany or the modification of the present boundaries of the German Federal Republic, and to resolve by peaceful means any disputes which may arise between the Federal Republic and other States.

Declaration by the Governments of United States of America, United Kingdom and France

The Governments of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the French Republic,

Being resolved to devote their efforts to the strengthening of peace in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and in particular with the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter:

(i) to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security and justice are not endangered;

(ii) to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations;

(iii) to give the United Nations every assistance in any action it takes in accordance with the Charter, and to refrain from giving assistance to any State against which the United Nations take preventive or enforcement action;

(iv) to ensure that States which are not Members of the United Nations act in accordance with the principles of the Charter so far as may be necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security.

Having regard to the purely defensive character of the Atlantic Alliance which is manifest in the North Atlantic Treaty, wherein they reaffirm their faith in the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and their desire to live in peace with all peoples and all Governments, and undertake to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in accordance with the principles of the Charter and to refrain, in accordance with those principles, from the threat or use of force in their international relations,

Take note that the German Federal Republic has by a Declaration dated 3rd October accepted the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter of the United Nations and has undertaken never to have recourse to force to achieve the re-unification of Germany or the modification of the present boundaries of the German Federal Republic, and to resolve by peaceful means any disputes which may arise between the Federal Republic and other States;

DECLARE THAT:

1. They consider the Government of the Federal Republic as the only German Government freely and legitimately constituted and therefore entitled to speak for Germany as the representative of the German people in international affairs.

2. In their relations with the Federal Republic they will follow the principles set out in Article 2 of the United Nations Charter.

3. A peace settlement for the whole of Germany, freely negotiated between Germany and her former enemies, which should lay the foundation of a lasting peace, remains an essential aim of their policy. The final determination of the boundaries of Germany must await such a settlement.

4. The achievement through peaceful means of a fully free and unified Germany remains a fundamental goal of their policy.

5. The security and welfare of Berlin and the maintenance of the position of the Three Powers there are regarded by the Three Powers as essential elements of the peace of the free world in the present international situation. Accordingly

they will maintain armed forces within the territory of Berlin as long as their responsibilities require it. They therefore reaffirm that they will treat any attack against Berlin from any quarter as an attack upon their forces and themselves.

6. They will regard as a threat to their own peace and safety any recourse to force which in violation of the principles of the United Nations Charter threatens the integrity and unity of the Atlantic Alliance or its defensive purposes. In the event of any such action, the three Governments, for their part, will consider the offending Government as having forfeited its rights to any guarantee and any military assistance provided for in the North Atlantic Treaty and its protocols. They will act in accordance with Article 4 of the North Atlantic Treaty with a view to taking other measures which may be appropriate.

7. They will invite the association of other member States of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization with this Declaration.

3. Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany

The Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty signed at Washington on 4th April, 1949,

Being satisfied that the security of the North Atlantic area will be enhanced by the accession of the Federal Republic of Germany to that Treaty, and

Having noted that the Federal Republic of Germany has, by a declaration dated 3rd October, 1954, accepted the obligations set forth in Article 2 of the Charter of the United Nations and has undertaken upon its accession to the North Atlantic Treaty to refrain from any action inconsistent with the strictly defensive character of that Treaty, and

Having further noted that all member governments have associated themselves with the declaration also made on 3rd October, 1954, by the Governments of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the French Republic in connection with the aforesaid declaration of the Federal Republic of Germany,

Agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

Upon the entry into force of the present Protocol, the Government of the United States of America shall on behalf of all the Parties communicate to the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany an invitation to accede to the North Atlantic Treaty. Thereafter the Federal Republic of Germany shall become a Party to that Treaty on the date when it deposits its instrument of accession with the Government of the United States of America in accordance with Article 10 of the Treaty.

ARTICLE II

The present Protocol shall enter into force, when (a) each of the Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty has notified to the Government of the United States of America its acceptance thereof, (b) all instruments of ratification of the Protocol modifying and completing the Brussels Treaty have been deposited with the Belgian Government, and (c) all instruments of ratification or approval of the Convention on the Presence of Foreign Forces in the Federal Republic of Germany have been deposited with the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany. The Government of the United States of America shall inform the other Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty of the date of the receipt of each notification of acceptance of the present Protocol and of the date of the entry into force of the present Protocol.

ARTICLE III

The present Protocol, of which the English and French texts are equally authentic, shall be deposited in the Archives of the Government of the United States of America. Duly certified copies thereof shall be transmitted by that Government to the Governments of the other Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Representatives, duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed the present Protocol.

Signed at Paris the 23rd day of October, 1954:

4 Resolution on Results of the Four and Nine Power Meetings (Adopted by the North Atlantic Council on 22nd October 1954)

THE NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL:

RECOGNISING that all the arrangements arising out of the London Conference form part of one general settlement which is directly or indirectly of concern to all the NATO Powers and has therefore been submitted to the Council for information or decision;

HAVE LEARNT with satisfaction of the arrangements agreed between the Governments of France, the United Kingdom and the United States of America and of the Federal Republic of Germany for the termination of the occupation régime in the Federal Republic as set forth in the Protocol communicated to the Council;

WELCOME the decision of the Brussels Treaty Powers to invite the Federal Republic of Germany and Italy to accede to the Brussels Treaty as modified and completed by the Protocols and other documents communicated to the Council, and hereby record their agreement with the provisions of those Protocols and documents insofar as they concern action by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization;

WELCOME the extension of the Brussels Treaty as an important step toward the achievement of European unity; and express confidence that there will be the closest co-operation between the Western European Union and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization which remains the foundation of the security and progress of the Atlantic Community.

TAKE NOTE with satisfaction of the statements made on 29th September 1954 in London by the United States Secretary of State and the Canadian Secretary of State for External Affairs, and of the declaration by the Foreign Secretary of the United Kingdom concerning the maintenance of United Kingdom forces on the continent of Europe;

Finally,

RECORD their deep satisfaction at the happy conclusion of all the above arrangements which together constitute a decisive step in fortifying the North Atlantic Alliance and uniting the Free World.

No. 10

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 20TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker, from the Special Committee appointed to consider the procedure of this House, presented the First Report of the said Committee; as follows:

Your Committee recommends that it be empowered to sit while the House is sitting.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Federal District Commission for 1953-54, pursuant to Section 20 of the Federal District Commission Act, Chapter 112, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 14 of the Penitentiaries Act, Chapter 206, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Pearson, by unanimous consent, moved,—That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on the motion of Miss Aitken, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.55 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Brooks—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the total cost to the Federal Government of the Canso Causeway uniting Cape Breton Island with the mainland of Nova Scotia?

2. How much of this was paid for (*a*) labour; (*b*) material; (*c*) miscellaneous expenses?

Mr. Brooks—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Public Works purchased a site for the erection of a new post office building at Rothesay, New Brunswick?

2. If so, from whom was the site purchased, and what was the price paid?

3. Were there any offers by other parties for the sale of land for this purpose?

4. If so, what were the names, and the amounts asked in each case?

Mr. Tustin—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the government sold the premises in Ottawa generally described as "The Garland Building"?

2. If so, when was the sale made, what are the price and payment terms of such sale, and who was the purchaser?

3. Did the government, subsequent to the sale, lease the property, and if so, to whom was it leased, for what period was the lease, and at what annual payment?

4. How much did the government, previous to such sale, spend for alterations and repairs including the installation of new elevators?

5. Was any part of such alterations done on a cost-plus basis, and if so, what part and at what cost?

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the physical measurements of radioactivity?

2. How many times has radioactivity been detected, at what strength, and for what periods, in (*a*) Ottawa; (*b*) Montreal?

3. Has any consideration been given to requesting the United States Government to hold their proposed February atomic bomb tests in some location more distant than Nevada?

Mr. Lennard—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What has been spent to date on the restoration of the Library of Parliament?

2. Is the restoration being done by contract?

3. If so, what is the contract price?

4. If not, what is the estimated complete cost?

5. When will the restoration be completed?

Mr. Matheson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What rentals were charged by the Government to the various tenants on the Federal Building site at Charlottetown from the time possession of the building was gained until they were razed for the construction work on the new building which is underway at the present time?

Mr. Stuart (Charlotte)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Has any assistance been given to the Province of New Brunswick under the National Health Grants program to provide for expanded laboratory services for the testing of public supplies of milk and water?

Mr. Murphy (Lambton West)*—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Department of Transport and/or the Canadian National Railways and Messrs. W. C. Nelson and D. F. Stonehouse, since May 1, 1953 to date, with respect to property in Sarnia or Point Edward purchased by W. C. Nelson and D. F. Stonehouse.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 11

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 21ST JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One hundred and Six Petitions were laid upon the Table.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Honourable the Speaker, the Honourable Senators Aseltine, Blais, Fallis, Fournier, Gershaw, Gouin, Lambert, McDonald, Reid, Vien and Wilson, have been appointed a Committee to assist the Honourable the Speaker in the direction of the Library of Parliament, so far as the interests of the Senate are concerned, and to act on behalf of the Senate as Members of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the Library.

Also,—A Message informing this House that the Honourable Senators Barbour, Blais, Bouffard, Bradette, Bradley, Comeau, Davies, Euler, Fallis, Isnor, Nicol, Stambaugh, Stevenson, Turgeon and Wood, have been appointed a Committee to superintend the printing of the Senate during the present session, and to act on behalf of the Senate as Members of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the subject of the Printing of Parliament.

And also,—A Message informing this House that the Honourable the Speaker, the Honourable Senators Beaubien, Fergusson, Haig, Hodges, Howard and McLean, have been appointed a Committee to assist the Honourable the Speaker in the direction of the Restaurant of Parliament, so far as the interests of the Senate are concerned, and to act on behalf of the Senate as Members of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the said Restaurant.

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the National Film Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 20 of the National Film Act, Chapter 185, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

On motion of Mr. Harris, the First Report of the Special Committee appointed to consider with Mr. Speaker the Procedure of this House, presented Thursday, January 20, 1955, was concurred in.

By unanimous consent, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson: That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Herridge, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.55 o'clock, p.m., until Monday next at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What proportion of each dollar received by the government comes from (*a*) individuals income taxes; (*b*) corporations income taxes; (*c*) excise taxes; (*d*) customs duties and other taxes; (*e*) loans, etc.?

2. What proportion of each dollar, received by the government, is spent for (*a*) national defence; (*b*) national welfare and social services; (*c*) veterans pensions; (*d*) civil service employees benefits; (*e*) fixed charges?

Mr. Johnston (Bow River)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many licenses or permits have been issued during 1954 and 1955, to (*a*) residents living between Donald Station and Wasa Station; (*b*) non residents living between Donald Station and Wasa Station, of the Columbia River Valley in British Columbia, and others, for the purpose of transporting lumber over highways in Banff National Park?

2. To whom were such licenses or permits issued?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many air incidents involving infractions of air regulations by aircraft flying into airways have been reported to the Transport Department, since the Moose Jaw disaster?

2. How many of these incidents involved military aircraft and at what point did they occur?

3. In how many cases has disciplinary action been taken by the Royal Canadian Air Force?

Mr. Bryce—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the plans of the Post Office Department regarding a new post office at Selkirk, Manitoba?

2. Has the site been purchased?

3. If so, when will construction start?

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Post Office Department own or lease any stamp vending machines?

2. Does the Department authorize the use of such machines in stores or similar locations for the sale of postage stamps to the public?

3. Is it the policy of the Department to discontinue over-the-counter sales of stamps in stores and substitute sales through vending machines? If not, what is the policy with respect to such machines?

4. Does the public receive from such machines stamps of a face value fully equivalent to the amount of money they have inserted in the machine? If not, what are the details of the rate of profit on such sales of stamps?

5. How are such profits divided?

6. What steps are taken to ensure that the public is made aware that they will not receive from the machine stamps of a face value equivalent to the amount of money they have inserted?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much British Columbia lumber was delivered to Ontario and Quebec, by provinces, in 1954?

2. How much oak, if any, was imported from the United States in 1954?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many miles of the Trans-Canada Highway were completed by December 31, 1954, by provinces?

2. How many miles were built in 1954, by provinces?

3. How many miles are under construction, by provinces?

4. How many miles have been completed through the National Parks?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many employees have been laid off by the Canadian National Railways since September 1, 1953?

2. How many of such employees were, at the time of their being laid off, between the ages of 60 and 65?

3. How many of such employees between the ages of 60 and 65 are in receipt of any pension from the Canadian National Railways, and what is the average amount of such pension?

4. How many of such employees between the ages of 60 and 65 have been laid off without any pension?

5. What steps are being taken by the Canadian National Railways to provide a pension for such employees?

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act. (Misbranding)".

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 12

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Third Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 21, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:

Of Harry Elsworth Allton of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Emma Iris Barsby Allton, now residing in Dorval, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Virginie Guilbault Archambault, now residing in Ville St. Michel, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Aba Awner of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Miriam Zelman Appel Awner, now residing in Toronto, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Roma Gisser Baron, wife of Albert Baron of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Olive Gertrude Meredith Bateman, now residing in Cookshire, Quebec, wife of Merritt Hayes Bateman of Thetford Mines, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gerard Beauchemin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Gisele Brazeau Beauchemin.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ross Harold Becker of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mildred Valerie Ward Becker, now residing in Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Patricia Galley Berger, wife of Max Berger of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Frederick Howard Blaikie of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helen Woollard Blaikie.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard, now residing in Sherbrooke, Quebec, wife of Joseph Maurice Bouchard of Beebe, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet, now residing in Lennoxville, Quebec, wife of Norbert Boulet of St. Robert Bellarmin, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen, now residing in Westmount, Quebec, wife of William Charles Bowen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of James Alvin Bradley of Red Mills, Quebec, husband of Marie Germaine Marcelle Labarre Bradley, now residing in Trois-Rivieres, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rose Blum Brenner, wife of Josef Brenner, *alias* Joseph Brener, of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Lorne Douglas Bromby of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Cecil Brooks of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Margaret McLean Mercer Brooks, now residing in London, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George Allan Brown of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jeanne Jacqueline Content Brown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Edouard Brunelle of Ville Emard, Quebec, husband of Ellen Kelly Brunelle, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Kathleen Swanson Butler, now residing in Windsor, Ontario, wife of Francis Butler of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell, wife of Wesley Carmen Campbell of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Antonio Campeol of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Bertha Guitard Campeol, now residing in Riviere des Prairies, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anthony Joseph Cermak of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Lysa Cermak.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Hazel Miller Clark, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Gerald G. Clark of Oka, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gisela Kunz Cobel, wife of Peter Cobel of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci, wife of Anthony John Colucci of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell, wife of Howard Lester Connell of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Charles Coorsh of Outremont, Quebec, husband of Joyce Mildred Decker Coorsh, now residing in Mount Royal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie, now residing in Lachine, Quebec, wife of Robert Lowe Couttie of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Shirley Patricia King Craddock, wife of John Johnstone Craddock of Ville LaSalle, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies, now residing in Lachine, Quebec, wife of Lewis William Davies of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Bernice Elizabeth Lunan Day, wife of Weston Day of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Delphis Guillaume Delorme of Pointe aux Trembles, Quebec, husband of Antoinette Seguin Delorme.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis, now residing in Oka, Quebec, wife of Ely John Denis of Hudson, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jean-Eudes Deschenes of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Lavoie Deschenes.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Albina Legault Desjardins, wife of Raymond Desjardins of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anne Pearl Lingo Desmarais, now residing in Westmount, Quebec, wife of Earl Harris Desmarais of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rita Barlatti Devlin, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of William Devlin of Mackayville, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

On Antoni Dmysz of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Olga Diachun Dmysz. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Harold Archie Donaghy of Sherbrooke, Quebec, husband of Lillian Giguere Donaghy.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Donald William Downie of Westmount, Quebec, husband of Beverley Joan Boynton Downie.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan, now residing in Longueuil, Quebec, wife of Robert Melville Drennan of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Francis Joseph Ellis of Hampstead, Quebec, husband of Gladys Ann Hern Ellis, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer, now residing in St. Hilaire, Quebec, wife of Anthony Ellmaurer of Sutton, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruth Nathan Finkelman, wife of Morris Finkelman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft, wife of Christopher Henry Flintoft of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John Edward Foran of Montreal North, Quebec, husband of Margaret Mary Doyle Foran, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Georges Henri Gagne of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Reine Rollande Thouin Gagne.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lucien Gagnon of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurence Lariviere Gagnon.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary McDonald Gauthier, wife of Yvon Gauthier of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Reginald Gibbons of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Garth William Gilhooly of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein, wife of Joseph Goldenstein of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied, wife of Hans George Goldschmied of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Berthe Montpetit Goupil, wife of Albert Goupil of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Joyce Kane Grant, wife of Alexander Grant of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin, wife of George Harry Griffin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ellis Hamilton of Lachine. Quebec, husband of Lillian Justine Bell (Belska) Hamilton, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins, wife of Stanley Russell Hawkins of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elias Helakos, *alias* Louis Childs, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Alexina Helakos, *alias* Alice Couturier, now residing in Quebec City, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of John Hocaloski of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell, wife of Richard Allen Howell of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George Reilly Hunter of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Alice Lumsden Hunter, now residing in Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison, wife of James Peter Hutchison of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joyce Hilda Street Janson, wife of James Janson of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford, wife of Robert Jefford of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Wilkie Johnson, now residing in Ville St. Pierre, Quebec, wife of Samuel Johnson of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marya Jagiello Kaczynski, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Mieczyslaw Kaczynski of Ste. Rose, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gertie Tryansky Katz, wife of Archie Katz of Montreal, Quebec.— *Mr. Hunter.*

Of Goldie Moscovitch Katz, wife of Louis Katz of Montreal, Quebec.— *Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz, wife of Philip Katz of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton, wife of William Frederick Caleb Keyton of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Amy Joyce Markham King, wife of Stanley Melvin John King of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos, wife of Anthony Emmanuel Kotsos of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maria Camko Kowalew, wife of Michael Kowalew of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Henry Edwin Lasnier of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruby Loraine Florence Stockless Lasnier.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Joseph Lucien Arthur Lemieux of Quebec City, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky, *alias* Lennett, wife of Reuben Lenetsky, *alias* Lennett, of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Velma Robinson Macaulay, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Alexander Macaulay of Westmount, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall, wife of Robert Marshall of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Roderick Henry Mizener of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit, wife of William Hamilton Moffit of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney, now residing in Cote St. Luc, Quebec, wife of Eric Mooney of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Daniel Joseph MacLean of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Doris Ann Wood MacLean.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pauline McDonald McDerment, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of John McDerment of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John McKinnell of Croydon, Quebec, husband of Mary Douglas McKinnell, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Georges Ovide Normand of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jean McCallum Cullen Brodie Normand.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Beatrice Ellis Oakes, wife of Robert Bruce Oakes of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Arthur Edmund Oliver of Verdun, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mary McDougall Paton Oliver.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marjory Downey Picktell, wife of Louis Picktell of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Andrew Henry Pytel of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Patricia May Yep Pytel.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Kevin Reed of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross, now residing in Dorval, Quebec, wife of Cecil Edward Ross of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Toronto, Ontario. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt, wife of James Hugh Rowlatt of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Merilda Longval Roy, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Josephat Roy of Boucherville, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Henry Schoen of Ville LaSalle, Quebec, husband of Jean Elizabeth Mullins Schoen.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Evelyn Held Schulman, wife of Benno Schulman of Quebec City, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruby Kitts Shea, wife of David Shea of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule of Mystic, Quebec, husband of Eunice Irene Clough Soule, now residing in Stanbridge, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe, now residing in Strathmore, Quebec, wife of Henry O'Neill Sutcliffe of Dorval, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Richard Robert Tomlinson of Pointe Claire, Quebec, husband of Frances Esther Wilson Tomlinson, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lois Silby Walker Torunski, now residing in Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, wife of Hans Joachim Torunski of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs, wife of Nikolajs Vairogs of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rotha Dodgson Webb, wife of Dyson Herbert Webb of Lachine, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of James Wong, *alias* Yon Hong Ark, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Lilian Ann Leclair Wong.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eunice Levine Yelin, wife of Harry Yelin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Zawiski of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Wanda Chucka Zawiski.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of Atomic Energy of Canada Limited for the year ended March 31, 1954. (English and French).

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Blair, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 8, An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act. (Misbranding), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Murphy (Lambton West):—What was the amount spent on scientific research by each department of the Federal Government during the calendar year 1954?

By Mr. Murphy (Lambton West):—1. What was the amount spent for advertising by each department of the government during the calendar year 1954?

2. What advertising firms were employed?

3. What was the amount paid each advertising firm?

By Mr. Murphy (Lambton West):—As of December 1st, 1954—1. How many employees were in the service of each department of government?

2. How many persons were in each branch of the armed services?

3. How many civilians were employed by each of these branches?

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. What sums of money were allocated to each province, during the current fiscal year under the Civil Defence Financial Assistance Programme?

2. What amounts have been taken up by each province against these amounts?

3. On what dates were the first payments made to the various provinces?

By Mr. Harkness:—1. What branches of Government Departments, if any, have been moved from Calgary to Edmonton within the last six months?

2. What branches of Government Departments, if any, is it proposed to move from Calgary to Edmonton during the next six months?

3. What is the reason for these moves?

4. Will the branches which have been moved or are to be moved go into Government-owned office space or will office space have to be rented for them?

The following Addresses were voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged since the first day of May 1954, between any department of government and the Governments of Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba, relative to the South Saskatchewan Dam and Irrigation Project.

By Mr. Fulton: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Dominion Government or any department or agency thereof and the Government of British Columbia and any other person or persons, since January 1st, 1952, regarding the renovation, etc. of the irrigation system of the British Columbia Fruitlands Irrigation District.

By Mr. Goode: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents since the first day of January, 1954 exchanged between the Federal Government and the Government of British Columbia relative to the Oak Street Bridge and a proposed highway from Vancouver, through Richmond, to the United States.

By Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain) for Mr. Zaplitny: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Department of Agriculture or the Minister, and the Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, or any Minister thereof, since January 1, 1954, dealing with the question of amendments to the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act.

The following Orders were issued to the proper officers:

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Order of the House for a copy of all correspondence, since the first day of June 1954, which has passed between any department of government and Mr. L. B. Thompson, relative to his attempted resignation as Director of P.F.R.A.

By Mr. Knowles: Order of the House for a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Post Office Department or any officers thereof and Mr. D. R. Bishop, concerning post offices and rural routes in the county of Carleton, New Brunswick, dated at any time since June 1, 1950.

By unanimous consent, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson: That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Fleming, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.05 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Thatcher—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Do Trans-Canada Air Lines planes approaching the Moose Jaw area normally contact the Royal Canadian Air Force station control tower, in order to permit the authorities to alert military planes?

2. Do Trans-Canada Air Lines delayed flights approaching the Moose Jaw area notify the Royal Canadian Air Force station control tower?

3. If not, has such a step been considered as a safety measure to prevent future air collisions?

4. Have the responsible authorities considered requesting Trans-Canada Air Lines planes to increase their altitude from 6000 feet to 7000 or 8000 feet over training areas, where Harvard or similar planes ordinarily would not be flying?

5. Have the authorities considered asking Trans-Canada Air Lines to illuminate the exterior of their planes more clearly on night flights, as a safety measure?

Mr. Hahn—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the totals of all defence contracts let in each province in Canada, during each of the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. Hahn—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the sum total of all revenues received from each province by the Federal Government for each of the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. Lennard—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many chartered accountants are employed by the Government in the Income Tax Department?

2. Who are they and where are they located?

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 13

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 25TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Sixty petitions were laid upon the Table.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Third Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, has the honour to present the following as his Third Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following petitions for private bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Harry Elsworth Allton of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Emma Iris Barsby Allton.

Of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Virginie Guilbault Archambault.

Of Aba Awner of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Miriam Zelman Appel Awner, now residing in Toronto, Ontario.

Of Roma Gisser Baron, wife of Albert Baron of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Olive Gertrude Meredith Bateman, now residing in Cookshire, Quebec, wife of Merritt Hayes Bateman of Thetford Mines, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.

Of Gerard Beauchemin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Gisele Brazeau Beauchemin.

Of Ross Harold Becker of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mildred Valeri Ward Becker, now residing in Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.

Of Patricia Galley Berger, wife of Max Berger of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Frederick Howard Blaikie of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helen Wollard Blaikie.

Of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard, wife of Joseph Maurice Bouchard of Beebe, Quebec.

Of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet, wife of Norbert Boulet of St. Robert Bellarmin, Quebec.

Of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen, wife of William Charles Bowen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of James Alvin Bradley of Red Mills, Quebec, husband of Marie Germaine Marcelle Labarre Bradley.

Of Rose Blum Brenner, wife of Josef Brenner, *alias* Joseph Brener, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby, wife of Lorne Douglas Bromby of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Cecil Brooks of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Margaret McLean Mercer Brooks, now residing in London, Ontario.

Of George Allan Brown of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jeanne Jacqueline Content Brown.

Of Joseph Edouard Brunelle of Ville Emard, Quebec, husband of Ellen Kelly Brunelle.

Of Kathleen Swanson Butler, now residing in Windsor, Ontario, wife of Francis Butler of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell, wife of Wesley Carmen Campbell of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Antonio Campeol of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Bertha Guitard Campeol.

Of Anthony Joseph Cermak of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Lysa Cermak.

Of Hazel Miller Clark, wife of Gerald G. Clark of Oka, Quebec.

Of Gisela Kunz Cobel, wife of Peter Cobel of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci, wife of Anthony John Colucci of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell, wife of Howard Lester Connell of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Charles Coorsh of Outremont, Quebec, husband of Joyce Mildred Decker Coorsh.

Of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie, wife of Robert Lowe Couttie of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Shirley Patricia King Craddock, wife of John Johnstone Craddock of Ville LaSalle, Quebec.

Of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies, wife of Lewis William Davies of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Bernice Elizabeth Lunan Day, wife of Weston Day of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Delphis Guillaume Delorme of Pointe aux Trembles, Quebec, husband of Antoinette Seguin Delorme.

Of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis, wife of Ely John Denis of Hudson, Quebec.

Of Jean-Eudes Deschenes of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Lavoie Deschenes.

Of Albina Legault Desjardins, wife of Raymond Desjardins of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Anne Pearl Lingo Desmarais, wife of Earl Harris Desmarais of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Rita Barlatti Devlin, wife of William Devlin of Mackayville, Quebec.

Of Antoni Dmysz of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Olga Diachun Dmysz.

Of Harold Archie Donaghy of Sherbrooke, Quebec, husband of Lillian Giguere Donaghy.

Of Donald William Downie of Westmount, Quebec, husband of Beverley Joan Boynton Downie.

Of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan, wife of Robert Melville Drennan of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Francis Joseph Ellis of Hampstead, Quebec, husband of Gladys Ann Hern Ellis.

Of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer, wife of Anthony Ellmaurer of Sutton, Quebec.

Of Ruth Nathan Finkelman, wife of Morris Finkelman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft, wife of Christopher Henry Flintoft of Montreal, Quebec.

Of John Edward Foran of Montreal North, Quebec, husband of Margaret Mary Doyle Foran.

Of Joseph Georges Henri Gagne of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Reine Rollande Thouin Gagne.

Of Lucien Gagnon of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurence Lariviere Gagnon.

Of Mary McDonald Gauthier, wife of Yvon Gauthier of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons, wife of Reginald Gibbons of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly, wife of Garth William Gilhooly of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein, wife of Joseph Goldenstein of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied, wife of Hans George Goldschmied of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Berthe Montpetit Goupil, wife of Albert Goupil of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Joyce Kane Grant, wife of Alexander Grant of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin, wife of George Harry Griffin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ellis Hamilton of Lachine, Quebec, husband of Lillian Justine Bell (Belska) Hamilton, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.

Of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins, wife of Stanley Russell Hawkins of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Elias Helakos, *alias* Louis Childs, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Alexina Helakos, *alias* Alice Couturier.

Of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski, wife of John Hocaloski of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell, wife of Richard Allen Howell of Montreal, Quebec.

Of George Reilly Hunter of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Alice Lumsden Hunter.

Of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison, wife of James Peter Hutchison of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joyce Hilda Street Janson, wife of James Janson of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford, wife of Robert Jefford of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Margaret Wilkie Johnson, wife of Samuel Johnson of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Marya Jagiello Kaczynski, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Mieczyslaw Kaczynski of Ste. Rose, Quebec.

Of Gertie Tryansky Katz, wife of Archie Katz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Goldie Moscovitch Katz, wife of Louis Katz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz, wife of Philip Katz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton, wife of William Frederick Caleb Keyton of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Amy Joyce Markham King, wife of Stanley Melvin John King of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos, wife of Anthony Emmanuel Kotsos of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Maria Camko Kowalew, wife of Michael Kowalew of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Henry Edwin Lasnier of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruby Loraine Florence Stockless Lasnier.

Of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux, wife of Joseph Lucien Arthur Lemieux of Quebec City, Quebec.

Of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky, *alias* Lennett, wife of Reuben Lenetsky, *alias* Lennett, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Velma Robinson Macaulay, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Alexander Macaulay of Westmount, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.

Of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall, wife of Robert Marshall of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener, wife of Roderick Henry Mizener of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.

Of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit, wife of William Hamilton Moffit of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney, wife of Eric Mooney of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Daniel Joseph MacLean of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Doris Ann Wood MacLean.

Of Pauline McDonald McDerment, wife of John McDerment of Verdun, Quebec.

Of John McKinnell of Croydon, Quebec, husband of Mary Douglas McKinnell.

Of Georges Ovide Normand of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jean McCallum Cullen Brodie Normand.

Of Beatrice Ellis Oakes, wife of Robert Bruce Oakes of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Arthur Edmund Oliver of Verdun, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mary McDougall Paton Oliver.

Of Marjory Downey Picktell, wife of Louis Picktell of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Andrew Henry Pytel of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Patricia May Yep Pytel.

Of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed, wife of Kevin Reed of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross, now residing in Dorval, Quebec, wife of Cecil Edward Ross of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Toronto, Ontario.

Of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt, wife of James Hugh Rowlatt of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Merilda Longval Roy, wife of Josephat Roy of Boucherville, Quebec.

Of Henry Schoen of Ville LaSalle, Quebec, husband of Jean Elizabeth Mullins Schoen.

Of Evelyn Held Schulman, wife of Benno Schulman of Quebec City, Quebec.

Of Ruby Kitts Shea, wife of David Shea of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule of Mystic, Quebec, husband of Eunice Irene Clough Soule.

Of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe, wife of Henry O'Neill Sutcliffe of Dorval, Quebec.

Of Richard Robert Tomlinson of Pointe Claire, Quebec, husband of Frances Esther Wilson Tomlinson.

Of Lois Silby Walker Torunski, wife of Hans Joachim Torunski of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs, wife of Nikolajs Vairogs of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Rotha Dodgson Webb, wife of Dyson Herbert Webb of Lachine, Quebec.

Of James Wong, *alias* Yon Hong Ark, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Lilian Ann Leclair Wong.

Of Eunice Levine Yelin, wife of Harry Yelin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Zawiski of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Wanda Chucka Zawiski.

Mr. Weir, Parliamentary Assistant to the Prime Minister, laid before the House,—Copy of a letter dated January 19, 1955, from the Premier of Quebec to the Prime Minister of Canada concerning federal-provincial fiscal relations. (English and French).

And also,—Copies of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, January 12, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé) Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 18(2) of the Canadian National Railways Act, Chapter 40, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-54 of January 13, 1955, withdrawing from entrustment to the Canadian National Railways the Pictou Lodge and Minaki Lodge properties.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-71 of January 17, 1955, Approving the Capital Budget of Polymer Corporation Limited for 1955.

By unanimous consent, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson: That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Pearson, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.13 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Carrick—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What, if anything, is being done by the Federal Government to develop methods of protection against influenza?

Mr. Huffman—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What have been the results in Canada of treatment of tuberculosis by the new antibiotic drugs?

Mr. Hansell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What progress has been made to date in the erection of the public building at Nelson, British Columbia?

2. What kind of heating equipment is being installed and what is the estimated cost of this equipment?

3. If the equipment is coal burning equipment, what is the estimated yearly cost of this fuel?

4. If the equipment is oil burning equipment, what is the estimated yearly cost?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did the Associated Airways Limited apply for a license to operate a scheduled freight service from Edmonton to various points in the Northwest Territories and/or the Yukon?

2. If so, on what date or dates was this application heard by the Air Transport Board?

3. What was the decision of the Board and what was the date on which this decision was made?

4. If the decision was in the negative, what were the reasons for the refusal of this license?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When tenders for printing are asked for by the Queen's Printer, what means are taken to inform printers that tenders will be received?

2. During the last six months how many invitations to tender have been sent to printers: (*a*) in the Province of Ontario; (*b*) in the Province of Quebec; (*c*) in the Maritime Provinces; (*d*) in the four Western Provinces?

*Mr. Wylie**—On Thursday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents which have passed between any department of the Federal Government and any person or persons, from January 1, 1949 to date, in connection with the building and official opening of the Taber, Alberta, Post Office.

*Mr. Hahn**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams, and other documents exchanged between the Department of Transport, the Board of Railway Commissioners and/or others, pertaining to Mr. A. G. Webster, conductor, relative to a train wreck on Canadian National Railways track at Avola, British Columbia, on May 28, 1942.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 14

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 26TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Fourth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 25, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair of Lachine, Quebec, husband of Helen Margery Whipp Boisclair.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of June Patricia Potter Cashman, now residing in Kingston, Ontario, wife of Thomas Patrick Cashman of Hull, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gertrude Starr Cohen, wife of Moses Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Susan Frosst Cohen, wife of Arthur Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin, wife of Thomas Herbert Laffin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Francois-Xavier Lange of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Rose Lemieux Lange.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Donald Muir Langton of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helene Landreville Langton.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Letitia MacDonald Lanz, wife of Jaime Everardo Lanz of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Wolfe Lapalme of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Anna Ida Briard Lapalme.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Aline Rousseau Laporte, now residing in Sullivan, Quebec, wife of Real Laporte of Rouyn, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Louis Kenneth Laurin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Doreen Florence Murphy Laurin, now residing in Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Harry Francis Lawson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Daisy Crawford Lawson.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rita Forest Leblanc, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Leon Leblanc of Warwick, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Carmen Lister Lees, wife of Eugene Lees of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen, wife of Frank Ilmari Leinonen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Julia Hut Lutterman, wife of Harry Lutterman of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ilya Malek of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helena Vorobetz Malek. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eugene Theodore Mantha of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Melanie Croteau Mantha, now residing in St. Hyacinthe, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pearl Mendelson Markus, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Philip Markus of Sherbrooke, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Michael Midlick of Mount Royal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch, wife of Benny Moscovitch of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Spiros Moshonas of Lachine, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Aline Pelland Myre, now residing in Westmount, Quebec, wife of Lucien Myre of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall, wife of Purvis David McDougall of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk, wife of George Douglas McGurk of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Norman Leonard McLean of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mania Rissman Neftin, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Sam Neftin of Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gordon Norris of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Bertha Seiner Norris. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marcelle Topping Paradis, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Gerard Paradis of Charny, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Therese Deschamps Pare, wife of Benoit Pare of Montreal, Quebec.— *Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maia Piibe Paul, wife of Ulo Paul of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Freda Lutsky Perzow, wife of Nathan Perzow of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt, wife of John Oxley Pitt of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Albert Popadick of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gardner Hinckley Prescott of Fort Chambly, Quebec, husband of Leona Marie Schweich Prescott, now residing in Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch, wife of Allan Saul Rabinovitch of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Frances Kellerman Rappoport, wife of William Rappoport of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings, now residing in Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, wife of George Victor Rawlings of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marion Murray Redburn, wife of George Eugene Redburn of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Albert Ritchot of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Adrienne Bouffard Ritchot.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of John Wardrop Ross of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pearl Raicek Rutwind, wife of Solomon Rutwind of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Angeline Delledonne Salotti, now residing in Arvida, Quebec, wife of Roger Salotti of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruth Evans Silver, wife of Abe (Abraham) Silver of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki, wife of Tadeusz Slesicki of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Helen Margaret Lyons Snodgrass, wife of Henry James Snodgrass of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of William Watson Southam of Westmount, Quebec, husband of Katinka Raimondi Young Southam.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth, wife of Harold Fassett Staniforth of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse of Ville St. Pierre, Quebec, husband of Georgette Robert Stonehouse, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Desire Cherry Szabo of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mary Szabo Szabo.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Evelina Dixon Taylor, wife of Aubrey Wendell Taylor of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John Walter Thoburn of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Phyllis Carmel Russell Thoburn.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jack Beattie Thompson of Beauharnois, Quebec, husband of Aileen McKeown Thompson, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Furlong Walters, wife of Robert Alfred Walters of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John Russell Watt of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Daisy Isabel Winter Watt, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Louis Weisberg of Quebec City, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Harold Leslie Williams of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Walter Williamson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Therese Suzanne Ducharme Williamson.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe, wife of Pinches Wintrobe of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Ferguson Wynter, now residing in Laval West, Quebec, wife of Cecil Wynter of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

On the motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered: That Miss Bennett, Messrs. Boisvert, Brown (Essex West), Brown (Brantford), Cameron (High Park), Fairey, Garson, Leduc (Verdun), Lusby, Mitchell (London), Montgomery, Murphy (Westmorland), Shaw, Mrs. Shipley and Messrs. Thatcher, Valois and Winch act on behalf of this House on the Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament appointed January 14, 1955 to inquire into and report upon the questions whether the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries should be amended in any respect and, if so, in what manner and to what extent; and

That a Message be sent to the Senate to inform Their Honours that the foregoing Members have been appointed to act on behalf of the Commons on the said Joint Committee of both Houses.

By unanimous consent, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson: That it is expedient that the Houses of Parliament do approve the Protocol to the North Atlantic Treaty on the Accession of the Federal Republic of Germany, signed by Canada at Paris on October 23, 1954, and that this House do approve the same.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed motion; it was agreed to, on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),	Bell,	Blanchette,	Bourque,
Anderson,	Benidickson,	Boisvert,	Breton,
Applewhaite,	Bennett	Bonnier,	Brisson,
Arsenault,	(Grey North),	Boucher	Brooks,
Ashbourne,	Bennett (Miss)	(Châteauguay-	Brown,
Balcer,	(Halton),	Huntingdon-	(Essex West),
Balcom,	Blackmore,	Laprairie),	Bruneau,
Batten,	Blair,	Bourget,	Buchanan,

Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Campbell,
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Casselman,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Clark,
Cloutier,
Coldwell,
Côté,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Dufresne,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eudes,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Fleming,
Fontaine,
Fraser (Peterborough),
Fraser (Saint John's East),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gillis,
Gingras,
Gingues,
Girard,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hanna,
Hansell,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Henry,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,
Johnston (Bow River),
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière),
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leboe,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Legaré,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacInnis,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
Macnaughton,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McLeod,
McMillan,
Mang,
Marler,
Martin,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nesbitt,
Nickle,
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Perron,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Pouliot,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (Saint John's West),
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Quelch,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rochefort,
Rouleau,
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shaw,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Small,
Smith,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thatcher,
Thibault,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Wylie,
Yuill—213.

NAYS

Messrs.

Barnett,	Ellis,	Knight,	Nicholson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),	Herridge,	Knowles,	Noseworthy,
Castleden,	Jones,	McCullough (Moose Mountain),	Winch—12.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Holowach adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House: That the Senate do unite with the House of Commons in the appointment of a Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament to inquire into and report upon the questions whether the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries, should be amended in any respect, and, if so, in what manner and to what extent.

That the following Senators be appointed on behalf of the Senate on the said Joint Committee, namely, the Honourable Senators Aseltine, Bouffard, Farris, Fergusson, Hayden, Hodges, McDonald, Roebuck, Veniot and Vien.

That the Committee have power to appoint, from among its members, such subcommittees as may be deemed advisable or necessary.

That the Minutes of the proceedings and the evidence of the Special Committee appointed last session to inquire into and report upon the foregoing questions, together with all papers and records laid before it, be referred to the said Committee.

That the Committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the Committee for the use of the Committee and of Parliament.

That the Committee have power to send for persons, papers and records; to sit while the Senate is sitting and to report to the Senate from time to time.

That the Committee have power to engage the services of Counsel.

At five minutes past six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Thatcher—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. As at January 1, 1955, what farm products did the Government, including any branch, corporation or agency thereof, have in storage?

2. What was the total original cost of each such product?

Mr. Green—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. From what firms has fish been purchased for Shaughnessy Hospital in Vancouver, during the past two years?

2. In each case, what other firms, if any, tendered for the sale of such fish?

3. What were the amounts of the respective tenders including those that were accepted?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Limited made application to the Federal Government for a guarantee of its bonds in connection with the financing of the said company's gas pipe line?

2. If so, what is the dollar value of the bonds for which such guarantee is sought?

3. Has the said company asked that such guarantee cover (*a*) principal; (*b*) interest?

4. If such an application has been made to the Government, has the Government considered it?

5. If so, what is the result of such consideration?

6. If Government underwriting of the project is being regarded as necessary, is the Government giving consideration to the desirability of the proposed all-Canadian pipeline being Government owned?

The Minister of Mines and Technical Surveys—On Friday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act to extend its application to the years 1955 and 1956, subject to certain modifications.

The Minister of Transport—On Friday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to consolidate the various enactments relating to Canadian National Railways into one statute, also, to provide that the Canadian National Railway Company may operate a telecommunication system, to authorize officers and employees of the Canadian National Railways to act as directors of partially-owned companies, to authorize the Company to construct short lines without specific parliamentary authority and to operate motor vehicles and further to make provisions for extinguishing charters of constituent corporations.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 15

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 27TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Five petitions were laid upon the Table.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Fourth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, has the honour to present the following as his Fourth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following petitions for private bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair of Lachine, Quebec, husband of Helen Margery Whipp Boisclair.

Of June Patricia Potter Cashman, now residing in Kingston, Ontario, wife of Thomas Patrick Cashman of Hull, Quebec.

Of Gertrude Starr Cohen, wife of Moses Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Susan Frosst Cohen, wife of Arthur Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin, wife of Thomas Herbert Laffin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Francois-Xavier Lange of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Rose Lemieux Lange.

Of Donald Muir Langton of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helene Landreville Langton.

Of Letitia MacDonald Lanz, wife of Jaime Everardo Lanz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Wolfe Lapalme of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Anna Ida Briard Lapalme.

Of Aline Rousseau Laporte, wife of Real Laporte of Rouyn, Quebec.

Of Louis Kenneth Laurin of Monteral, Quebec, husband of Doreen Florence Murphy Laurin.

Of Harry Francis Lawson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Daisy Crawford Lawson.

Of Rita Forest Leblanc, wife of Leon Leblanc of Warwick, Quebec.

Of Carmen Lister Lees, wife of Eugene Lees of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen, wife of Frank Ilmari Leinonen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Julia Hut Lutterman, wife of Harry Lutterman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ilya Malek of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helena Vorobetz Malek.

Of Eugene Theodore Mantha of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Melanie Croteau Mantha.

Of Pearl Mendelson Markus, wife of Philip Markus of Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick, wife of Michael Midlick of Mount Royal, Quebec.

Of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch, wife of Benny Moscovitch of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas, wife of Spiros Moshonas of Lachine, Quebec.

Of Aline Pelland Myre, wife of Lucien Myre of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall, wife of Purvis David McDougall of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk, wife of George Douglas McGurk of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean, wife of Norman Leonard McLean of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mania Rissman Neftin, wife of Sam Niftin of Outremont, Quebec.

Of Gordon Norris of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Bertha Seiner Norris.

Of Marcelle Topping Paradis, wife of Gerard Paradis of Charny, Quebec.

Of Therese Deschamps Pare, wife of Benoit Pare of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Maia Piibe Paul, wife of Ulo Paul of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Freda Lutsky Perzow, wife of Nathan Perzow of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt, wife of John Oxley Pitt of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick, wife of Albert Popadick of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Gardner Hinckley Prescott of Fort Chambly, Quebec, husband of Leona Marie Schweich Prescott.

Of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch, wife of Allan Saul Rabinovitch of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Frances Kellerman Rappoport, wife of William Rappoport of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings, wife of George Victor Rawlings of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marion Murray Redburn, wife of George Eugene Redburn of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Albert Ritchot of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Adrienne Bouffard Ritchot.

Of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross, wife of John Wardrop Ross of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Pearl Raicek Rutwind, wife of Solomon Rutwind of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec.

Of Marie Angeline Delledonne Salotti, wife of Roger Salotti of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ruth Evans Silver, wife of Abe (Abraham) Silver of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki, wife of Tadeusz Slesicki of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Helen Margaret Lyons Snodgrass, wife of Henry James Snodgrass of Montreal, Quebec.

Of William Watson Southam of Westmount Quebec, husband of Katinka Raimondi Young Southam.

Of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth, wife of Harold Fassett Staniforth of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse of Ville St. Pierre, Quebec, husband of Georgette Robert Stonehouse.

Of Desire Cherry Szabo of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mary Szabo Szabo.

Of Evelina Dixon Taylor, wife of Aubrey Wendell Taylor of Montreal, Quebec.

Of John Walter Thoburn of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Phyllis Carmel Russell Thoburn.

Of Jack Beattie Thompson of Beauharnois, Quebec, husband of Aileen McKeown Thompson.

Of Irene Furlong Walters, wife of Robert Alfred Walters of Montreal, Quebec.

Of John Russell Watt of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Daisy Isabel Winter Watt, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Louis Weisberg of Quebec City, Quebec.

Of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of Harold Leslie Williams of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Walter Williamson of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Therese Suzanne Ducharme Williamson.

Of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe, wife of Pinches Wintrobe of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Ferguson Wynter, wife of Cecil Wynter of Montreal, Quebec.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 9, (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation".

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Public Works for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 34 of the Public Works Act, Chapter 228, R.S.C., 1952.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

By unanimous consent, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

And after some time;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Harkness, adjourned.

At five minutes past ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Robinson (Bruce)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Government purchased a site for a new Post Office in Teeswater, Ontario?

2. If so, on what date was the purchase made?

3. What was the purchase price?

4. Has any work been done on the site purchased? If so, what type of work?

5. Have plans yet been made for erecting a post office on the site purchased?

6. If so, what size and type of building do such plans cover?

7. When do such plans call for completion of the building?

Mr. Campbell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Public Works acquired a site for a Post Office in North Battleford?

2. If so, will the building be proceeded with this year?

Mr. Thatcher—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Since March 31, 1954, how many contracts, if any, have been let by the Department of National Defence, the Department of Defence Production or the Department of Public Works, (*a*) on a basis of "cost plus a percent"; (*b*) on a basis of "cost plus a fixed fee"?

2. What was the dollar value of each such contract, and to what company was it given?

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total number of television sets sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

2. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

3. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

4. What was the total number of radios sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

5. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on radio sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

6. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

7. What was the total sale value of television sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

8. What was the total sale value of radio sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What proportion of the capital necessary to build its all-Canadian gas pipeline does Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Limited propose to raise (*a*) by the sale of shares of common stock; (*b*) by the sale of shares of preferred stock; (*c*) by the sale of bonds?

2. Is Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Limited now contending that it cannot build its gas pipeline without a government guarantee of its bonds?

3. If so, what other ways of building such an all-Canadian gas pipeline are being considered by the Government?

*Mr. Knowles**—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When did the appellant company in Income Tax Appeal Board Case No. 227, heard in November, 1954, actually purchase the property referred to in the judgment of the Board concerning this case?

2. Were any contracts awarded by the Federal Government, or any department or agency thereof, to the appellant company or to its subsidiary, as referred to in the said judgment, at any time prior to the purchase of the property in question?

3. If so, what was the nature of such contracts?

4. Are any contracts between the appellant company or its subsidiary and the Federal Government, or any Department or agency thereof, now under consideration?

5. Have any members of the Federal Government, or any officials or representatives of the Federal Government or any department or agency thereof, been entertained at the property referred to in the judgment, at any time?

6. If so, who?

Mr. Boisvert—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many working days were lost in Canada in 1952, 1953 and 1954 on account of (*a*) strikes; (*b*) sickness?

Mr. Philpott—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What has happened with respect to the conference which the Attorney-General of British Columbia proposed to convene with the provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the Federal Government to discuss the narcotic drug problem?

2. Has the Federal Government made any suggestion for consideration with the province of British Columbia respecting the establishment of a treatment centre for narcotic drug addicts?

Mr. Stuart (Charlotte)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What protection is given the consumer in Canada of shellfish in respect of the sanitary quality of shellfish?

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 16

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 28TH JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Ninety-five petitions were laid upon the Table.

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, delivered a Message from His Excellency the Governor General, which was read by Mr. Speaker, as follows:

VINCENT MASSEY:

The Governor General transmits to the House of Commons, Estimates of sums required for the service of Canada for the year ending on the 31st March, 1956 and, in accordance with the provisions of "The British North America Act, 1867", the Governor General recommends these Estimates to the House of Commons.

Government House, Ottawa,
January 28, 1955.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Fifth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 27, severally praying for the passing of an Act to annul the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:

Of Ronald Elikum Bessey of Forestville, Quebec, husband of Ivy Hazel Reeves Bessey, now residing in England.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Gabriel Boisclair of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Etiennette Benoit Boisclair.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lucille Grenier Desjardins, wife of Jean Desjardins of Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruth Steirman Levine, wife of Jacob Levine of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Andre Roland Roy of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Lucile Gabrielle Georgette Trudeau Roy.—*Mr. Hunter.*

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

By unanimous consent, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

And after some time;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hodgson, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Bell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Fisheries transferred during the past year, and/or does it contemplate transferring any of its services or facilities from Saint John?

2. If so, how many employees are involved?

Mr. Bell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Canadian National Railways transferred any of its departments or facilities during the past year and/or does it contemplate transferring any of same from Saint John to Moncton?

2. If so, how many employees are involved?

3. Will the proposed extension to the Central Traffic Control Building of the Canadian National Railways in Moncton mean a transfer of any of its departments or facilities to there from Saint John?

4. If so, how many employees will be involved?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is any Federal Government subsidy paid to the Imperial Oil Company?

2. If so, what is the amount and purpose of the subsidy?

3. Is any part of the subsidy paid to the Imperial Oil Company on its Norman Wells operations?

4. If so, what is the amount and nature of such subsidy?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did any provincial government make any submission to the Federal Government concerning the subject of dominion-provincial taxation agreements between September 20, 1954 and January 14, 1955?

2. If so, what was the nature of each submission, and what was the reply in each case?

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did any of the following firms receive remission of taxes in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1954: (*a*) Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did the following firms receive any remissions of customs and excise duties and taxes, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1954: (*a*) Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited, Montreal; (*b*) Caland Ore Company Limited, Steep Rock, Ontario; (*c*) Ford Motor Company of Canada; (*d*) Iron Ore Company of Canada, Montreal; (*e*) Trans-Mountain Oil Pipe Line Company, Toronto?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many section and maintenance men of the Canadian National Railways have been laid off by (*a*) regions; (*b*) divisions, since the first day of January, 1955?

2. Is it anticipated that there will be further lay-offs and, if so, what are expected numbers by (*a*) regions; (*b*) divisions?

3. What is the total number of employees of Canadian National Railways in (*a*) office staffs, (*b*) all other positions, laid off either permanently or temporarily, since the first day of December, 1954?

4. How many employees of Canadian National Railways have had their working hours reduced, since the first day of January, 1955?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government, or any Minister thereof, given consideration to inviting the appropriate representatives of the various provinces to meet for the purpose of discussing highway safety programmes in order that efforts might be made to reduce the number of deaths and injuries on our highways?

2. If so, what is the result of such consideration?

3. Has a tentative date for such a meeting been proposed?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Since January 1, 1954, how many organizations, if any, in briefs or submissions to the Federal Government, or to any Minister or Ministers thereof, have urged the enactment of national health insurance?

2. What are the names of the organizations which have made such a request?

3. What has been the Government's reply to these requests?

Mr. Johnson (Kindersley)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many box cars suitable for grain had the (*a*) Canadian National Railways; (*b*) Canadian Pacific Railway, in each of the years 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. How many carloads of grain were handled (*a*) by the Canadian National Railways; (*b*) by the Canadian Pacific Railway, in each of the years 1952, 1953, 1954?

3. How many cars of grain were loaded in Saskatchewan (*a*) by the Canadian National Railways; (b) by the Canadian Pacific Railway, in each of the years 1952, 1953, 1954?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 1	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries (*Organization*)	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 17

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 31ST JANUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Sixth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 28, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Sidney Robert Allen of Laval West, Quebec, husband of Eleanor Ruth Bott Allen, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Doris Wagner Arkin, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of William Arkin, *alias* William Garfield Aikin, of Hull, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Kathleen Dallas White Barnes, wife of Thomas Andrew Barnes of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lena Robitaille Barre, now residing in Westmount, Quebec, wife of Arcilas Barre of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Phyllis Lillian Buck Beatty, wife of Melvin Vernon Beatty of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marjorie Hayes Clark Bedoukian, now residing in Beaconsfield, Quebec, wife of Kerop Bedoukian of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Arsene Benard of Temiskaming, Quebec, husband of Berthe Trottier Benard, now residing in Hull, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard, now residing in Lachine, Quebec, wife of A. McLeod Bernard of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Martin Yvon Blais of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jeannette Ayotte Blais.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Nickola Bochna, *alias* Nicholas Bockan, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeannette Leblanc Bochna.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dora Dobrutsky Boyman, wife of Morris Boyman, *alias* Moses P. Boyman, of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Edith Isabella Bond Brown, now residing in Arnprior, Ontario, wife of Eric Charles Brown of Lachine, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Robert Fraser Callahan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Stella Horodecky Callahan, now residing in Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Louis Armand Carrier of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Marie Laura Rolande St. Pierre Carrier, now residing in Rosemont, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Georges-Etienne Cartier of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Rochon Cartier.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ewart Ernest Clouston of St. John's, Newfoundland, husband of Georgina Blanche Ebsary Clouston, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joyce Burgess Lewis Cloutier, wife of Laurence Sidney Cloutier of Pointe Claire, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Anna Migneault Cloutier, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Joseph Henri Omer Cloutier of Rouyn, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marian Toba Wolfe Cohen, wife of Hesse Saul Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruth Barsuk Cohen, wife of Irving Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins, wife of Frederick Norman Collins of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary McKinnon McEachran Coolon, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Bernard Francis Coolon of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Agnes Rose Waugh Cunningham, now residing in Lachine, Quebec, wife of Alexander Cunningham of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon of Dorion, Quebec, husband of Marie Eliette Bouchard D'Avignon, now residing in Riviere-du-Loup, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Myrtle Ada Lewin Derbridge, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Albert Walter Derbridge of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rose Marie Lescarbeau Deschenes, wife of Arthur Deschenes of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers, wife of Elie Deslauriers of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marcel Deslauriers of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeannette Turgeon Deslauriers.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eileen Beatrice Sloan Douglas, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of John Robert Douglas of Montreal, Quebec, presently of parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Francoise Therese Gauthier Dragon.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ethel Hansen Echlin, now residing in Terrebonne, Quebec, wife of Charles Ferdinand Fenton Echlin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Claude Ferron of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marielle Guibord Ferron.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pierre Clement Fortin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Eva Plouffe Fortin, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lazar Fried of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Priva Grossbach Fried, now residing in Israel.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Glennice Maude Hunter Garayt, wife of Keith Garayt of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Florence Aleatha Geraldine Hamilton Gardner, wife of Waldemar Arthur Gardner of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham, wife of John Boyd Graham of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Olive Winnifred Jenkins Grevy, now residing in Mackayville, Quebec, wife of Frederick John Robert Grevy of Chateauguay Basin, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston, wife of Stanley George Edward Gunston of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Black Guthrie, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of John Guthrie of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mayo Arthur Perrin Harrigan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Margaret Newcombe Layton Harrigan, now residing in Great Village, Nova Scotia.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Francis Ambrose Higgins of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Nellie Havey De Laney Higgins, now residing in Digby, Nova Scotia.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock, wife of Ronald Herbert Hiscock of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Isidore Hoffman of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, husband of Corinne Ruth Shaw Hoffman, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Alexander Jakobszak of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Alexandra Safulko Jakobszak.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Michael Kaluta of Lachine, Quebec, husband of Helen Duhamel Kaluta, now residing in Brosseau Station, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Maureen Demers Kezber, wife of Jack Zicky Kezber of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Thomas Kingsley of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby, now residing in La Tuque, Quebec, wife of Lester David Kirby of Knowlton, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Blanche Dionne Krysko, wife of Anton Krysko of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Blanche Shurge Labelle, wife of Jean Paul Labelle of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lili Gourd Lajeunesse, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Marcel Lajeunesse of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Irma Marquette Lalonde, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Paul Lalonde of County of the Two Mountains, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Redling Lefebvre, now residing in Montreal North, Quebec, wife of Paul Lefebvre of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rejane Plamondon Levine, now residing in Drummondville, Quebec, wife of Jack Levine of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jean Benoit Maille of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Damphousse Maille.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Blanche Nelson Mallozzi, wife of Leonardo Dante Mallozzi of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Jacques Leo Joseph Marchand of Lachine, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Annie Esther Vetter Meister, now residing in Lac Equerre, Quebec, wife of John Meister of Valois, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Albert Menard of Beaconsfield, Quebec, husband of Gabrielle Menard Menard, now residing in St. Lazare, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Antonio Michetti of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Beauchemin Michetti.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Robert Irvin Morrow of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec, husband of Hazel Winnifred Williams Morrow, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Shirley Pollack Nadler, wife of Gerald Nadler of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John William Newton of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mary Elsie Lawless Newton, now residing in Chateauguay, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Matilda Getto Paquin, wife of Regent Joseph Paquin of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Dora Baker Pearson, wife of Nils Olaf Thomas Pearson of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Real Perras of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Eliette Couillard Perras. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lottie Stricker Petch, wife of Winston Herbert Petch of Ville St. Michel, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Grace Elizabeth Sinclair Peterkin, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of James Peterkin, Junior, of Lachine, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell, now residing in Pointe Claire, Quebec, wife of George Howard Powell of Valois, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marion Tannenbaum Rabow, wife of Jacob Jack Rabow of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jennie Switzman Rashcovsky, wife of Jack Rashcovsky of Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anna Cibula Reynolds, now residing in Laval-des-Rapides, Quebec, wife of Howard Joseph Reynolds of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Winnipeg, Manitoba.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Imrich Rosenberg of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Aurelia Rosenbergova Rosenberg, now residing in Czechoslovakia.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anne Wahl Ryshpan, wife of Saul Ryshpan of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Kurth Sauer of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Erika Luise Johanna Burk Sauer.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Betty Weiner Schwartz, wife of Allan Schwartz of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Michael Moses Scullion of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruth Pamela Bate Scullion.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Fernand Seguin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marguerite Allard Seguin, now residing in Upper Woodlands, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of William Edward Shanassy of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jessie Allan Gibbs Shanassy, now residing in St. Eustache-sur-le-Lac, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eva Levine Shapiro, wife of Jack Shapiro of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Charles Ryerson Stewart of Danville, Quebec, husband of Marie Berthe Caron Stewart, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Franga Beryl Harker Stinson, wife of Walter Kennedy Stinson of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Izrael Szer of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helga Vera Ruth Eisermann Szer.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph William James Tanney of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Annie Florence Myrell Campbell Tanney.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of John Tilga of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Isabella Maksa-Steinbergs Tilga, now residing in Toronto, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Nichita Tomescu of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Vera Lalevici Carcivoianu Tomescu, now residing in parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irene Jessie Hillson Towes, wife of William Thomas Towes of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Isidore Tremblay of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Noella Rebman Tremblay.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Louise Ashby Tremblay, now residing in Sherbrooke, Quebec, wife of Stanislas Tremblay of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George Daniel van der Beek of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Bertha Sandra Klisivitch van der Beek, now residing in Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ethel Cope Veary, wife of Percy Veary of Ste. Dorothee, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ida Rose Amyot White, wife of Douglas Edmond White of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Seventh Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on January 28, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited, of New Carlisle, Quebec, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation.—*Mr. Arsenault.*

Of The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and The Corporation of the City of London for an Act to confirm an agreement between both parties and to provide, *inter alia*, for the transfer of the assets of the Company to the Corporation.—*Mr. Mitchell* (London).

Mr. Speaker laid upon the Table of the House,—Report of the Civil Service Commission respecting compensation for the position, Chief of Orders and Notices, House of Commons.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Minister of Trade and Commerce respecting the operations under the Export and Import Permits Act for the year 1954, pursuant to Section 26 of the said Act, Chapter 27, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54. (English and French).

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 9 (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting the Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation".—*Mr. Mitchell (London)*.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in Reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Weselak, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Hahn—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of National Defence let any contracts within the last year to F. W. Jones & Son, Bedford, Quebec, to supply a Royal Canadian Air Force base in British Columbia with pallets?

2. If so, how many pallets were ordered?

3. Where and when were the tenders for these pallets advertised?

4. How are they being shipped to British Columbia?

5. Were any tenders submitted from British Columbia firms? If so, what are the names of those who tendered?

6. Have any pallets been ordered by the Defence Department, during the past year from other firms in Quebec or Ontario to be used in British Columbia?

Mr. Buchanan—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is there any control by the Federal Government over sanitary conditions in construction camps on federal projects?

Mr. Fulton—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total cost of meat and meat products contracted for by the Department of Defence Production, during the fiscal years 1953-54 and 1954-55 to date?

2. What are the names of the firms to whom these contracts were let, and the total value of the purchases from each, in these years?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 1	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries (*Organization*)	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 18

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Fifth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Fifth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Lena Robitaille Barre, wife of Arcilas Barre of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard, wife of A. McLeod Bernard of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Martin Yvon Blais of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jeannette Ayotte Blais.

Of Nickola Bochna, *alias* Nicholas Bockan, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeannette Leblanc Bochna.

Of Robert Fraser Callahan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Stella Horodecky Callahan.

Of Agnes Rose Waugh Cunningham, wife of Alexander Cunningham of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Marie Blanche Dionne Krysko, wife of Anton Krysko of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Annie Esther Vetter Meister, wife of John Meister of Valois, Quebec.

Of Antonio Michetti of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Beauchemin Michetti.

Of John William Newton of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Mary Elsie Lawless Newton.

Of Irene Dora Baker Pearson, wife of Nils Olaf Thomas Pearson of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Real Perras of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Eliette Couillard Perras.

Of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell, wife of George Howard Powell of Valois, Quebec.

Of Fernand Seguin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marguerite Allard Seguin.

Of William Edward Shanassy of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Jessie Allan Gibbs Shanassy.

Of Marie Louise Ashby Tremblay, wife of Stanislas Tremblay of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ida Rose Amyot White, wife of Douglas Edmond White of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What branches of Government Departments, if any, have been moved from Calgary to Edmonton within the last six months?

2. What branches of Government Departments, if any, is it proposed to move from Calgary to Edmonton during the next six months?

3. What is the reason for these moves?

4. Will the branches which have been moved or are to be moved go into Government-owned office space or will office space have to be rented for them?

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. Prudham moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act to extend its application to the years 1955 and 1956, subject to certain modifications.

Whereupon, Mr. Prudham, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

Mr. Marler moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to consolidate the various enactments relating to Canadian National Railways into one statute, also, to provide that the Canadian National Railway Company may operate a telecommunication system, to authorize officers and employees of the Canadian National Railways to act as directors of partially-owned companies, to authorize the Company to construct short lines without specific parliamentary authority and to operate motor vehicles and further to make provisions for extinguishing charters of constituent corporations.

Whereupon, Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun) for an Address to His Excellency the Governor General in reply to His Speech at the Opening of the Session, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Rowe, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.02 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Charlton—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many pounds of (*a*) beef; (*b*) pork; (*c*) lamb or mutton; (*d*) poultry, have been imported into Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. From what countries, and of what dollar value in each case?

Mr. Knight—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the government recently issued regulations prohibiting the making of loans under N.H.A. for building in the vicinity of airports?

2. If so, what was the date of the announcement of such regulations?

3. What are the distances from the airports to which such prohibition applies?

4. Has the government announced any regulations tending to protect life in the areas prohibited where residential buildings have already been erected?

5. Near what airports are there such residential buildings, other than government buildings, within the prescribed area?

6. Has the government considered prohibiting future erection of any and all residential buildings within the prescribed areas?

7. If so, what has been the result of such consideration?

Mr. Balcer—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amount has been spent by the Department of National Defence at the Mont-Joli airport since 1940?

2. What amount has been spent at the Mont-Joli airport by the Department of Transport since its transfer from the Department of National Defence?

3. What are the existing facilities at the Mont-Joli airport for commercial transportation such as, runways, lighting, hangers, radio direction, etc.?

4. What amount was spent during the last five years by the Department of Transport at the Rimouski municipal airport?

5. What is the distance by air between the towns of Rimouski and Mont-Joli?

Mr. Thomas—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Department of National Defence selling pulpwood obtained from the clearing of certain areas in the Gagetown Camp?

2. If so, to whom is it being sold?

3. What is the price obtained for this pulpwood?

Mr. Thomas—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of National Defence purchased an island in the St. John River, known as Caton's Island?

2. If so, from whom was it purchased?

3. What was the price received?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all letters and communications since the first day of September, 1954, that have passed between the Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways respecting the lease of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel in the City of Montreal to the Hilton Hotels Corporation.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Thursday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of the report made in 1954 by Dr. Hume and Mr. Arch Crozier containing the results of an investigation made regarding the competitive value of gas used in industry.

Mr. Balcer—On Thursday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should consider the advisability of taking whatever steps are necessary for the early construction of a railway line between La Malbaie, in Charlevoix County, and the southern terminal of The Quebec North Shore and Labrador Railway at Seven Islands, in Saguenay County.

The Minister of Veterans Affairs—On Thursday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to amend the War Veterans' Allowance Act to increase the allowances and the permissible income; to further extend the benefits of the Act; and also to provide for the salaries of the members of the Board.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, February 2	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries (*Organization*)	10.30 a.m.
	Thursday, February 3	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*)	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 19

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 2ND FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Sixth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Sixth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to annul the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Gabriel Boisclair of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Etiennette Benoit Boisclair.

Of Lucille Grenier Desjardins, wife of Jean Desjardins of Outremont, Quebec.

Of Joseph Andre Roland Roy of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Lucile Gabrielle Georgette Trudeau Roy.

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 18(2) of the Canadian National Railway Act, Chapter 40, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-45/106 of January 26, 1955: Withdrawing from entrustment to the Canadian National Railway Company the terminal facilities at North Sydney, N.S., and transferring the said property to the Department of Public Works.

Mr. MacNaught, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Fisheries, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council passed under the provisions of the Deep Sea Fisheries Act, Chapter 61, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council, P.C., 1954-373 of March 19, 1954: Authorizing the distribution of fishing bounty payments for the year 1953-54 under the provisions of the said Act.

Mr. Coldwell, from his place in the House, asked leave to move the adjournment of the House under the provision Standing Order 31 for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, and stated the subject to be:

> "the critical situation in Formosa, and the need for a clear statement by this House of Commons in support of the position taken by the Secretary of State for External Affairs on January 25, 1955, when he declared that the final disposition of Formosa should be dealt with by international negotiation, and that pending such a decision consideration should be given to the neutralization of Formosa both in order to prevent any assault upon it by Communist forces and also so that it will not be used as a base for invasion of the mainland."

Mr. Speaker stated that he did not think there was urgency of debate such as that which is contemplated by Standing Order 31 and by our practice with respect to it; and, although the question was certainly one of importance, in view of the fact that a debate on the Speech from the Throne was currently taking place and honourable Members would have ample opportunity to debate not only this question but also any other they felt was related to it, he must reject the request of the honourable Member to move the adjournment of the House at this time.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Goode—1. How many beds are available in hospitals from the eastern boundary of Vancouver to the City of Chilliwack, including the Fraser Valley?

2. What is the allocation of federal funds for these hospitals before 1949, since January first, 1949?

3. How many nurses are being trained in these hospitals?

4. Is federal money allocated to these hospitals on advice of the Provincial Government of British Columbia?

5. Has any provincial request for funds for these hospitals, for capital construction, been refused since 1949?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Matheson:—What rentals were charged by the Government to the various tenants on the Federal Building site at Charlottetown from the time possession of the buildings was gained until they were razed fror the construction work on the new building which is underway at the present time?

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Harkness:—1. When tenders for printing are asked for by the Queen's Printer, what means are taken to inform printers that tenders will be received?

2. During the last six months how many invitations to tender have been sent to printers: (*a*) in the Province of Ontario; (*b*) in the Province of Quebec; (*c*) in the Maritime Provinces; (*d*) in the four Western Provinces?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Thatcher:—1. Since March 31, 1954, how many contracts, if any, have been let by the Department of National Defence, the Department of Defence Production or the Department of Public Works, (*a*) on a basis of "cost plus a percent"; (*b*) on a basis of "cost plus a fixed fee"?

2. What was the dollar value of each such contract, and to what company was it given?

By Mr. Fraser (Peterborough):—1. What was the total number of television sets sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

2. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

3. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

4. What was the total number of radios sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

5. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on radio sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

6. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

7. What was the total sale value of television sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

8. What was the total sale value of radio sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

By Mr. Stuart (Charlotte):—What protection is given the consumer in Canada of shellfish in respect of the sanitary quality of shellfish?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Knowles:—1. Since January 1, 1954, how many organizations, if any, in briefs or submissions to the Federal Government, or to any Minister or Ministers thereof, have urged the enactment of national health insurance?

2. What are the names of the organizations which have made such a request?

3. What has been the Government's reply to these requests?

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since the first

day of February 1954, which have passed between any department of the Provincial Governments of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and any department of the Federal Government, relative to the pollution of the North Saskatchewan River, and any recommendations which have been determined upon to meet the situation on the said river or, in general, on interprovincial rivers.

The following Order of the House was issued to the proper Officer:

By Mr. Wylie: Order of the House for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents which have passed between any department of the Federal Government and any person or persons, from January 1, 1949 to date, in connection with the building and official opening of the Taber, Alberta, Post Office.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun), seconded by Mr. Carrick:

That the following Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada:

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Vincent Massey, Member of the Order of the Companions of Honour, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Excellency for the gracious Speech which Your Excellency has addressed to both Houses of Parliament.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, seconded by Mr. Diefenbaker, in amendment thereto: That the following be added to the Address:

"We regret that Your Excellency's advisers have failed to take or to recommend the necessary measures:

(*a*) to retain and expand Canada's markets abroad for our production, particularly of wheat and other products;

(*b*) to solve the urgent problem of unemployment;

(*c*) to relieve Canadian taxpayers from the burden of excessive taxation and thereby enable Canadian producers to lower their cost of production and to meet increasing competition;

(*d*) to eliminate waste and extravagance in government and improve its efficiency;

(*e*) to facilitate and encourage the processing of our natural resources in Canada, and thereby increase opportunities and employment for Canadians;

(*f*) in co-operation with the provinces to develop an effective contributary plan which will assure that every Canadian will have adequate hospital and medical services."

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Coldwell, seconded by Mr. MacInnis, in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by inserting therein immediately after the words "Your Excellency's advisers" the following words:

> "have deliberately returned to the policy of uncontrolled and unplanned private enterprise which resulted in the depression and unemployment of the pre-war years, and that Your Excellency's advisers have failed to undertake the economic planning necessary to cope with the serious problems now facing the Canadian people, and".

After further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment to the proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Castleden,
Coldwell,
Ellis,
Herridge,
Johnson,
(Kindersley),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
MacInnis,
McCullough
(Moose Mountain),
Nicholson,
Noseworthy,
Regier,
Stewart,
(Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Winch,
Zaplitny—23.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Balcer,
Balcom,
Batten,
Beaudry,
Bell,
Bennett
(Grey North),
Blackmore,
Blair,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher
(Châteauguay-
Huntingdon-
Laprairie),
Boucher
(Restigouche-
Madawaska),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brooks,
Brown
(Brantford),
Brown
(Essex West),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron
(High Park),
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Casselman,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Cloutier,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Dufresne,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eudes,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Fleming,
Fontaine,
Forgie,
Fraser
(Peterborough),
Fraser
(Saint John's East),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier
(Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Girard,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hahn,
Hamilton
(Notre-Dame-
de-Grâce),
Hamilton
(York West),
Hanna,
Hansell,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hodgson,
Hollingworth,
Holowach,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-
Huron),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,
Johnston
(Bow River),
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk
(Antigonish-
Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-
Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Berthier-
Maskinongé-
Delanaudière),
Langlois (Gaspé),

Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McLeod,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Maltais,
Mang,
Marler,
Martin,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nesbitt,
Nickle,
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Perron,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (Saint John's West),
Prudham,
Purdy,
Quelch,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rochefort,
Rouleau,
Rowe,
Schneider,
Shaw,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Small,
Smith,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thibault,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Viau,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Winters,
Wylie,
Yuill—204.

And the Debate continuing on the proposed amendment to the main motion;

Mr. Hahn, seconded by Mr. Johnston (Bow River), moved in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by adding thereto the following:

> "We further regret that Your Excellency's advisors have failed to take or to recommend the necessary fundamental economic and financial measures to place Canadian producers and workers on a sound and prosperous basis, and to insure our economy against recurring recessions."

And a Debate arising thereon and continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace), adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate acquainting this House, that the resolution of the Senate adopted on the 25th of January, 1955, respecting the Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament to inquire into and report upon the criminal law of Canada relating to (*a*) capital punishment, (*b*) corporal punishment or (*c*) lotteries, has been amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

"That the quorum of the said Committee be nine members thereof."

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mrs. Shipley—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Aside from the assistance given under the National Health Grants Program, is the Department of National Health and Welfare engaged at the present time or is it planning to engage in any aspects of cancer research?

Mr. Thatcher—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are regular payments being made by China, Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Greece on their outstanding debt to Canada?

2. If not, what reason is given in each case?

3. Have any of the abovementioned nations indicated intention to keep up regular payments in the future?

Mr. Hodgson—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many crown companies are operated by the Government?

2. What are their names?

3. Where is each located?

4. What was the indebtedness of each on December 31, 1954?

Mr. Hodgson—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the national debt at the end of the fiscal years 1935, 1940, 1945, 1950, 1953?

Mr. Pommer—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the amounts paid out by the Federal Treasury on freight assistance on Western Feed Grains shipped to (*a*) British Columbia; (*b*) Ontario; (*c*) Quebec; (*d*) Maritime Provinces, for each of the years from October 1, 1941 to 1954 inclusive?

Mrs. Fairclough—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. On what date did Harold C. Banks make application for landing to the Department of Citizenship and Immigration?

2. Did he complete Form 1000?

3. Was question 17 included on the form he completed?

4. Was he asked to file again on a corrected form?

5. If so, how long was this incorrect form in use?

6. How many applications were filed on the incorrect form?

7. How many of these applications were subsequently required to file a corrected application which included this question?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What steps has the Post Office Department taken to inform the public as to what items can be mailed in Canada in unsealed envelopes for two cents postage?

2. What are the items that can be so mailed for two cents postage?

3. Is consideration being given to make this information more widely known? If so, in what ways?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many collective agreements between employers and employees in Canada include provision for a guaranteed annual wage?

2. How many employees are covered by such contracts?

3. Is the Department of Labour making any studies as to the possibility of encouraging more employers and employees to include provision for a guaranteed annual wage in their collective agreements? If so, are such studies available?

*Mr. Knowles**—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were any contracts awarded by the Federal Government, or any department or agency thereof, to the appellant company in Income Tax Appeal Board Case No. 227, heard in November, 1954, or to its subsidiary, as referred to in the judgment of the Board concerning this case, in any of the following years: 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952?

2. If so, what was the nature of such contracts, and what was the total amount of such contracts in each of the years indicated above?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Friday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a return showing the names of all personnel in the P.F.R.A. and P.F.A.A. who are officials or field officers, coupled with the salaries and expenses paid to each of them during the year 1954.

*Mr. Knowles**—On Friday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of any communications, memoranda or briefs received by the Government, dated at any time since August 1, 1954, from or on behalf of any organizations, relating to the proposal to lease the new Queen Elizabeth Hotel, in Montreal, to the Hilton Hotel chain of the United States.

Mr. Argue—On Friday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act. (Distribution of Box Cars)".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 3	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*)	10.30 a.m

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 20

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 3RD FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a Return showing: As of December 1st, 1954—1. How many employees were in the service of each department of government?

2. How many persons were in each branch of the armed services?

3. How many civilians were employed by each of these branches?

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, presented,—Return to an Address of January 24, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents since the first day of January, 1954 exchanged between the Federal Government and the Government of British Columbia relative to the Oak Street Bridge and a proposed highway from Vancouver, through Richmond, to the United States.

Mr. Harris moved,—That the Report of the Civil Service Commission respecting compensation for the position, Chief of Orders and Notices, House of Commons, laid upon the Table of the House, Monday, January 31, 1955, be now approved.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to. The said Report is as follows:

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION OF CANADA

To the Honourable the Members of the House of Commons:

The Civil Service Commission, at the request of the House of Commons, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 60 of the Civil Service Act, has the honour to submit the following report for approval:

It is recommended that position HC-C-26, Chief of Orders and Notices, House of Commons, be exempt from Section 13 of the Civil Service Act in order that Mr. H. Crossley Sherwood may be allowed to proceed to the rate of $7540 per annum, effective January 1, 1955, such exemption to apply only to Mr. Sherwood but that the position in all other respects be subject to the provisions of the Civil Service Act.

Attached hereto is a copy of a report in connection with the above.

C. H. BLAND,
Chairman.

S. G. NELSON,
Commissioner.

Respectfully submitted,

RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker of the House of Commons.

Mr. Hollingworth, seconded by Mr. Arsenault, by leave of the House introduced a Bill, No. 21, An Act respecting Flags of Canada, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun), seconded by Mr. Carrick:

That the following Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada:

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Vincent Massey, Member of the Order of the Companions of Honour, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Excellency for the gracious Speech which Your Excellency has addressed to both Houses of Parliament.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, seconded by Mr. Diefenbaker, in amendment thereto: That the following be added to the Address:

"We regret that Your Excellency's advisors have failed to take or to recommend the necessary measures:

(*a*) to retain and expand Canada's markets abroad for our production, particularly of wheat and other products;

(*b*) to solve the urgent problem of unemployment;

(*c*) to relieve Canadian taxpayers from the burden of excessive taxation and thereby enable Canadian producers to lower their cost of production and to meet increasing competition;

(*d*) to eliminate waste and extravagance in government and improve its efficiency;

(*e*) to facilitate and encourage the processing of our natural resources in Canada, and thereby increase opportunities and employment for Canadians;

(*f*) in co-operation with the provinces to develop an effective contributary plan which will assure that every Canadian will have adequate hospital and medical services."

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Hahn, seconded by Mr. Johnston (Bow River), in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by adding thereto the following:

"We further regret that Your Excellency's advisors have failed to take or to recommend the necessary fundamental economic and financial measures to place Canadian producers and workers on a sound and prosperous basis, and to insure our economy against recurring recessions."

After further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment to the proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Blackmore,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Castleden,
Coldwell,
Ellis,
Gagnon,
Hahn,
Hansell,
Herridge,
Holowach,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
MacInnis,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McLeod,
Nicholson,
Noseworthy,
Patterson,
Quelch,
Regier,
Shaw,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Winch,
Zaplitny—35.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Balcer,
Batten,
Bell,
Bennett (Grey North),
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),
Bertrand,
Blair,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brooks,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Caron,
Carrick,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Crestohl,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dinsdale,
Dufresne,
Dumas,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Fleming,
Follwell,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Fulton,
Gardiner,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hodgson,
Hosking,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,

Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McGregor,
McMillan,
Maltais,
Mang,
Marler,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Michener,
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nesbitt,
Nixon,
Pallett,
Pearkes,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),
Prudham,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
Rowe,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Small,
Smith,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thibault,
Trainor,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Winters—158.

And the Debate continuing on the proposed amendment to the main motion; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hansell, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 10.30 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Purdy—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the cost of fuel purchased by the Federal Government for use in each of the four Atlantic Provinces, during the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1954, under the following headings: Nova Scotia Coal, New Brunswick Coal, other Canadian Coal, United States Coal, other imported coal, fuel oil?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the estimated revenue for 1954 resulting from the personal income tax levied by the Province of Quebec?

2. What is the estimated loss of revenue represented by a 10% reduction in federal income tax in (*a*) Quebec; (*b*) each of the other provinces?

Mr. Coldwell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were any provincial governments or Provincial Premiers consulted prior to the announcement regarding the new taxation proposals for the Province of Quebec?

2. If so, what governments and what Premiers were consulated?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the total amount of federal grants made available for mental health activities in Canada?

2. How is this money distributed between the various provinces?

3. What is the total cost of mental health programs in Canada?

4. What is the breakdown in the expenditure of this money as between (*a*) provincial hospitals; (*b*) psychiatric clinics (private and public); (*c*) rest homes; (*d*) preventive work?

Mr. Gauthier (Portneuf)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is any assistance being given by the Federal Government towards the care of children with cerebral palsy?

Mr. Pearkes—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What quantity of fur, raw and processed, has been imported into Canada from the U.S.S.R. since October, 1953?

2. What is the total value of such furs?

3. Of what varieties are the furs thus imported?

4. What tariff is imposed upon these furs?

5. What Canadian firms purchased pelts from Russia?

6. Have any muskrat skins been imported from any European country? If so, in what quantities and from what countries?

Mr. Pearkes—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the importation into Canada of Dietylstilbestrol in any form permitted?

2. If so, what quantities have been imported since January 1, 1953?

3. By whom were the imports made, and under whose authority were permits issued?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were any government planes used by Cabinet Ministers in the general election of 1953? If so, how many?

2. How much was paid for the use of same?

3. How was payment made?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were any Royal Canadian Air Force planes used by Cabinet Ministers from June 1st to August 10, 1953?

2. If so, on how many occasions, and on what trips?

3. Was any payment made for the use of these planes?

4. If so, how much and by whom?

Mr. Holowach—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—With respect to the Jasper Park Lodge, at Jasper, Alberta:

1. What was the final audited cost of the new main building constructed during the winter of 1952-53?

2. What was the total capital construction cost of the previous building before destroyed by fire?

3. What was the total revenue received from all departments for the year ending December 31, 1954?

4. How much was the net profit or loss for the year ending December 31, 1954?

Mr. Studer—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What are the major functions of the new Virus Laboratory of the Department of National Health and Welfare which was recently opened in Ottawa?

*Mr. Dinsdale**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged from January 1st 1950 to date, between the Federal Department of Agriculture and the Provincial Government of Manitoba and other groups and individuals in that province, relative to the administration of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in Manitoba.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 21

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 4TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Weir, from the Special Committee appointed to prepare and report lists of Members to compose the Standing Committees of the House under Standing Order 63, presented the following Report:

Your Committee, in accordance with Standing Order 63, recommends that the Standing Committees of this House be composed of the following Members:

No. 1

Privileges and Elections

Messrs.

Balcer,
Bourque,
Bryson,
Cardin,
Carter,
Cavers,
Churchill,
Dechêne,
Dickey,
Ellis,
Fraser (*Peterborough*),
Hansell,
Harrison,
Hollingworth,
Leboe,
Lefrançois,
MacDougall,
MacKenzie,
McWilliam,
Meunier,
Murphy (*Lambton West*),
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Pouliot,
Richard (*Ottawa East*),
Viau,
Vincent,
White (*Waterloo South*),
Zaplitny—29.

(Quorum 10)

No. 2

Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines

Messrs.

Barnett,
Batten,
Bell,
Bonnier,
Boucher (*Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie*),
Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*),
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Campbell,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Clark,
Decore,
Deschatelets,
Dupuis,
Ellis,
Follwell,
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Garland,
Gauthier (*Lac-Saint-Jean*),
Goode,
Gourd (*Chapleau*),
Green,
Habel,
Hahn,
Hamilton (*Notre-Dame-de-Grâce*),
Hamilton (*York West*),
Harrison,
Healy,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Hosking,
Howe (*Wellington-Huron*),
James,
Johnston (*Bow River*),
Kickham,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (*Gaspé*),
Lavigne,
Leboe,
Low,
McCulloch,
McIvor,
Meunier,
Montgomery,
Murphy (*Lambton West*),
Murphy (*Westmoreland*),
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Purdy,
Ross,
Small,
Stanton,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Vincent,
Weselak—60.

(Quorum 20)

No. 3

Miscellaneous Private Bills

Messrs.

Anderson,
Balcom,
Batten,
Bennett (Miss),
Blair,
Brooks,
Brown (*Brantford*),
Cameron (*High Park*),
Carter,
Decore,
Dinsdale,
Ellis,
Enfield,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Ferguson,
Forgie,
Garland,
Girard,
Hansell,
Hees,
Hosking,
Houck,
Hunter,
Knight,
Langlois (*Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière*),
Leduc (*Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle*),
Lennard,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
Macnaughton,
Mang,
Matheson,
McCubbin,
McCullough,
McWilliam,
Murphy (*Westmorland*),
Perron,
Pommer,
Proudfoot,
Regier,
Reinke,
Roberge,
Roy,
Thomas,
Weaver,
White (*Hastings-Frontenac*),
White (*Middlesex East*),
White (*Waterloo South*),
Wylie—50.

(Quorum 15)

No. 4

Banking and Commerce

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Benidickson,
Bennett (*Grey North*),
Blackmore,
Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*),
Cameron (*Nanaimo*),
Cannon,
Cardin,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dufresne,
Dumas,
Fleming,
Follwell,
Fraser (*Peterborough*),
Fraser (*St. John's East*),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Hanna,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Huffman,
Hunter,
Johnson (*Kindersley*),
Low,
Macdonnell,
MacEachen,
Macnaughton,
Matheson,
Michener,
Mitchell (*London*),
Monteith,
Nickle,
Noseworthy,
Pallett,
Philpott,
Picard,
Pouliot,
Quelch,
Richardson,
Robichaud,
Rouleau,
Stewart (*Winnipeg North*),
Tucker,
Viau,
Weaver—50.

(Quorum 15)

No. 5

Public Accounts

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Argue,
Ashbourne,
Balcer,
Balcom,
Beaudry,
Boisvert,
Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*),
Bruneau,
Cameron (*High Park*),
Cannon,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Cloutier,
Denis,
Goode,
Green,
Hanna,
Harkness,
Hees,
Henderson,
Hollingworth,
Holowach,
Houck,
Kickham,
Kirk (*Antigonish-Guysborough*),
Leduc (*Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle*),
Macdonnell,
Maltais,
McLeod,
McWilliam,
Mitchell (*London*),
Mitchell (*Sudbury*),
Monteith,
Murphy (*Lambton West*),
Noseworthy,
Nowlan,
Pearkes,
Picard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Power (*St. John's West*),
Proudfoot,
Regier,
Schneider,
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Tucker,
Weaver—50.

(Quorum 15)

No. 6

Agriculture and Colonization

Messrs.

Anderson,
Argue,
Batten,
Boucher (*Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie*),
Breton,
Bruneau,
Bryce,
Byrne,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Clark,
Decore,
Demers,
Deslières,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Fontaine,
Forgie,
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (*Russell*),
Harkness,
Huffman,
Johnson (*Kindersley*),
Jones,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (*Antigonish-Guysborough*),
Leboe,
Légaré,
Lusby,
MacKenzie,
MacLean,
Mang,
Massé,
Matheson,
McBain,
McCubbin,
Michaud,
Montgomery,
Murphy (*Westmorland*),
Perron,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Proudfoot,
Purdy,
Quelch,
Roberge,
Robinson (*Bruce*),
Roy,
Schneider,
Stanton,
Stick,
Studer,
Villeneuve,
White (*Middlesex East*),
White (*Waterloo South*),
Wylie,
Yuill—60.

(Quorum 20)

No. 7

Standing Orders

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Buchanan,
Carter,
Denis,
Fairey,
Fontaine,
Forgie,
Green,
Hanna,
Harrison,
Hollingworth,
Knowles,
Michaud,
Monette,
Perron,
Quelch,
Robinson (*Bruce*),
Rochefort,
Viau,
Winch—20.

(Quorum 8)

No. 8

Marine and Fisheries

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Barnett,
Bell,
Bennett (*Grey North*),
Boivin,
Brisson,
Bryce,
Cameron (*Nanaimo*),
Cannon,
Ferguson,
Goode,
Hardie,
Harrison,
Henderson,
Hodgson,
Kirk (*Antigonish-Guysborough*),
Kirk (*Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare*),
MacLean,
MacNaught,
Maltais,
Matheson,
McDonald,
Nowlan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Robichaud,
Stick,
Stuart (*Charlotte*),
Thibault,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Weselak—35.

(Quorum 10)

No. 9

Mines, Forests and Waters

Messrs.

Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*),
Brisson,
Brooks,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Carter,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Eyre,
Garland,
Gauthier (*Nickel Belt*),
Hardie,
Harkness,
Herridge,
Hosking,
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Leboe,
Leduc (*Gatineau*),
Leduc (*Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle*),
Low,
MacLean,
McCullough,
Mitchell (*Sudbury*),
Pearkes,
Ratelle,
Richard (*Saint-Maurice-Laflèche*),
Robichaud,
Rowe,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Studer,
Trainor,
Tustin,
Weselak,
Winch—35.

(Quorum 10)

No. 10

Industrial Relations

Messrs.

Bell,
Brown (*Brantford*),
Brown (*Essex West*),
Byrne,
Cauchon,
Churchill,
Cloutier,
Croll,
Deschatelets,
Dufresne,
Fairclough (Mrs.)
Fraser (*St. John's East*),
Gauthier (*Lac-Saint-Jean*),
Gauthier (*Nickel Belt*),
Gillis,
Hahn,
Hardie,
Johnston (*Bow River*),
Knowles,
Leduc (*Verdun*),
Lusby,
MacEachen,
MacInnis,
Michener,
Murphy (*Westmorland*),
Nixon,
Richardson,
Ross,
Rouleau,
Simmons,
Small,
Starr,
Studer,
Viau,
Vincent—35.

(Quorum 10)

No. 11

Debates

Messrs.

Balcer,
Enfield,
Hees,
Jutras,
McLeod,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Nicholson,
Power (*St. John's West*),
Purdy,
Rowe,
Simmons—12.

(Quorum 7)

No. 12

External Affairs

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Balcer,
Bell,
Boisvert,
Breton,
Cannon,
Cardin,
Coldwell,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Decore,
Diefenbaker,
Fleming,
Garland,
Gauthier (*Lac-Saint-Jean*),
Goode,
Henry,
James,
Jutras,
Kirk (*Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare*),
Knowles,
Low,
Lusby,
MacInnis,
MacKenzie,
Macnaughton,
McMillan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Picard,
Richard (*Ottawa East*),
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (*Charlotte*),
Studer—35.

(Quorum 10)

No. 13

Printing

(Members to act on the part of the Commons)

Messrs.

Ashbourne,
Bertrand,
Blair,
Boivin,
Bonnier,
Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*).
Brown (*Brantford*),
Bryson,
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Charlton,
Dechene,
Dickey,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Fontaine,
Gingras,
Girard,
Gour (*Russell*),
Habel,
Hansell,
Healy,
Hodgson,
Houck,
Howe (*Wellington-Huron*),
Huffman,
James,
Johnson (*Kindersley*),
Kickham,
Langlois (*Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière*),
Lefrançois,
MacEachen,
Maltais,
Mang,
McGregor,
McIvor,
McWilliam,
Patterson,
Pommer,
Regier,
Robinson (*Bruce*),
Rochefort,
Schneider,
Simmons,
Small,
Smith,
Stanton,
Stick,
Thibault,
Tustin,
Valois,
Weaver,
Wylie,
Zaplitny—54.

No. 14

Library

(Members to act on the part of the Commons)

Mr. Speaker and Messrs.

Applewhaite,
Bertrand,
Bourque,
Brown (*Essex West*),
Carrick,
Castleden,
Coldwell,
Dechene,
Dinsdale,
Fraser (*Peterborough*),
Fraser (*St. John's East*),
Gingues,
Gourd (*Chapleau*),
Habel,
Hamilton (*York West*),
Hansell,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Howe (*Wellington-Huron*),
Hunter,
Jones,
Jutras,
Kirk (*Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare*),
Knight,
LaCroix,
Leboe,
Leduc (*Gatineau*),
McCulloch,
McGregor,
McWilliam,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pouliot,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Robinson (*Bruce*),
Shaw,
Small,
Smith,
Thibault,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Weselak,
White (*Middlesex East*)—44.

No. 15

Restaurant

(Members to act on the part of the Commons)

Mr. Speaker and Messrs.

Bennett (Miss),
Caron,
Ferguson,
Gauthier (*Nickel Belt*),
Gingues,
Gour (*Russell*),
Hardie,
Harkness,
Herridge,
MacNaught,
Mang,
Massé,
McCulloch,
McGregor,
Michaud,
Monette,
Pommer,
Richard (*Ottawa East*),
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Stewart (*Winnipeg North*),
Stick,
White (*Hastings-Frontenac*),
Yuill—24.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Weir, the said Report was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), the Standing Committees of this House were severally empowered to examine and inquire into all such matters and things as may be referred to them by the House; and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, with power to send for persons, papers and records.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That a Message be sent to the Senate to acquaint Their Honours that this House will unite with them in the formation of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the subject of the Printing of Parliament, and that the following Members: Messrs. Ashbourne, Bertrand, Blair, Boivin, Bonnier, Boucher (*Restigouche-Madawaska*), Brown (*Brantford*), Bryson, Campbell, Cardiff, Charlton, Dechêne, Dickey, Mrs. Fairclough, Messrs. Fairey, Fontaine, Gingras, Girard, Gour (*Russell*), Habel, Hansell, Healy, Hodgson, Houck, Howe (*Wellington-Huron*), Huffman, James, Johnson (*Kindersley*), Kickham, Langlois (*Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière*), Lafrançois, MacEachen, Maltais, Mang, McGregor, McIver, McWilliam, Patterson, Pommer, Regier, Robinson (*Bruce*), Rochefort, Schneider, Simmons, Small Smith, Stanton, Stick, Thibault, Tustin, Valois, Weaver, Wylie and Zaplitny, will act as Members on the part of this House on the said Joint Committee on the Printing of Parliament.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That a Message be sent to the Senate to acquaint Their Honours that this House appointed Messrs. Applewhaite, Bertrand, Bourque, Brown (*Essex West*), Carrick, Castleden, Coldwell, Dechêne, Dinsdale, Fraser (*Peterborough*), Fraser (*St. John's East*), Gingues, Gourd, (*Chapleau*), Habel, Hamilton (*York West*), Hansell, Hellyer, Henderson, Howe (*Wellington-Huron*), Hunter, Jones, Jutras, Kirk, (*Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare*), Knight, LaCroix, Leboe, Leduc (*Gatineau*), McCulloch, McGregor, McWilliam, Philpott, Pickersgill, Pouliot, Ratelle, Reinke, Robinson (*Bruce*), Shaw, Small, Smith, Thibault, Tucker, Tustin, Weselak and White (*Middlesex East*), a Committee to assist His Honour the Speaker in the direction of the Library of Parliament so far as the interests of the House of Commons are concerned, and to act on behalf of the House of Commons as Members of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the Library.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That a Message be sent to the Senate to acquaint Their Honours that this House appointed Miss Bennett, Messrs. Caron, Ferguson, Gauthier (*Nickel Belt*), Gingues, Gour (*Russell*), Hardie, Harkness, Herridge, MacNaught, Mang, Massé, McCulloch, McGregor, Michaud, Monette, Pommer, Richard (*Ottawa East*), Mrs. Shipley, Messrs. Simmons, Stewart (*Winnipeg North*), Stick, White (*Hastings-Frontenac*), and Yuill, to assist His Honour the Speaker in the direction of the Restaurant so far as the interests of the House of Commons are concerned, and to act on behalf of the House of Commons as Members of a Joint Committee of both Houses on the Parliamentary Restaurant.

Mr. Weir, Parliamentary Assistant to the Prime Minister, laid before the House,—Copy of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette,* Part II, of Wednesday, January 26, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-156 of February 1, 1955: Approving the Capital Budget of Trans-Canada Air Lines for 1955.

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 22, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act (Distribution of Box Cars), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Harris, for Mr. Lapointe moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to amend the War Veterans' Allowance Act to increase the allowances and the permissible income; to further extend the benefits of the Act; and also to provide for the salaries of the members of the Board.

Whereupon, Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Leduc (Verdun), seconded by Mr. Carrick:

That the following Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General of Canada:

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Vincent Massey, Member of the Order of the Companions of Honour, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Excellency for the gracious Speech which Your Excellency has addressed to both Houses of Parliament.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Rowe, seconded by Mr. Diefenbaker, in amendment thereto: That the following be added to the Address:

"We regret that Your Excellency's advisors have failed to take or to recommend the necessary measures:

(*a*) to retain and expand Canada's markets abroad for our production, particularly of wheat and other products;

(*b*) to solve the urgent problem of unemployment;

(*c*) to relieve Canadian taxpayers from the burden of excessive taxation and thereby enable Canadian producers to lower their cost of production and to meet increasing competition;

(*d*) to eliminate waste and extravagance in government and improve its efficiency;

(*e*) to facilitate and encourage the processing of our natural resources in Canada, and thereby increase opportunities and employment for Canadians;

(*f*) in co-operation with the provinces to develop an effective contributary plan which will assure that every Canadian will have adequate hospital and medical services."

After further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bell,
Blackmore,
Blair,
Brooks,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Dufresne,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Green,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Leboe,
Lennard,
Low,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacInnis,
MacLean,
McBain,
McLeod,
Michener,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Nickle.
Noseworthy,
Nowlan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Regier,
Robinson (Bruce),
Rowe,
Shaw,
Stanton,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Trainor,
Tustin,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Wylie,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—69.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson, Applewhaite, Ashbourne, Batten, Bennett (Grey North), Bertrand, Blanchette, Brown (Brantford), Brown (Essex West), Bruneau, Buchanan, Byrne, Campney, Cardin, Caron, Carrick, Cloutier, Dechêne, Decore, Demers, Deslières, Dickey, Dumas, Dupuis, Enfield, Eyre, Fairey, Follwell, Fraser (St. John's East), Gardiner, Garson, Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean), Gauthier (Portneuf), Gingras, Goode, Habel, Hardie, Harris, Harrison, Hellyer, Henderson, Henry, Hosking, Howe (Port Arthur), James, Jutras, Kickham, Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough), Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Lafontaine, Langlois (Gaspé), Lavigne, Leduc (Gatineau), Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle), Leduc (Verdun), Lefrançois, Legaré, Lesage, Lusby, MacDougall, MacEachen, MacKenzie, MacNaught, McCann, McCulloch (Pictou), McIvor, McMillan, Mang, Matheson, Michaud, Nixon, Philpott, Pickersgill, Pinard, Pommer, Pouliot, Power (Quebec South), Power (St. John's West), Proudfoot, Prudham, Purdy, Ratelle, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robinson (Simcoe East), Rouleau, Shipley (Mrs.), Simmons, Stick, Studer, Thibault, Tucker, Valois, Viau, Villeneuve, Weaver, Weir, Weselak, Winters—99.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the main motion; it was agreed to, on division.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was ordered that the said Address be engrossed and presented to His Excellency the Governor General by such Members of this House as are of the Honourable the Privy Council.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That this House will, at its next sitting, resolve itself into a Committee to consider of the Supply to be granted to Her Majesty.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That this House will, at its next sitting, resolve itself into a Committee to consider of the Ways and Means for raising the Supply to be granted to Her Majesty.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the Message of His Excellency the Governor General, together with the Estimates for the year ending March 31, 1956, presented January 28, 1955, were referred to the *Committee of Supply*.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvemets;

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur) moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on the motion of Mr. McLeod, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN.
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Dominion Government have any information with regard to the proposal for a conference to be held in Ottawa in May, 1955, by the Canadian Good Roads Association on the general subject of highway safety?

2. If so, has the Government or any department or agency thereof been invited to attend or to send a representative to the conference, and if so, is it planned to attend accordingly?

3. Is the Dominion Government or any department or agency thereof actively assisting in preparations for this conference, and if so, in what way?

4. If the Government is not participating in any way in the conference, what steps does it propose to take, in conjunction with the provinces and/or other interested organizations, with respect to promoting a campaign for increasing safety on Canadian highways?

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are there available to the Dominion Government statistical records from which can be gathered particulars of (*a*) the numbers killed or fatally injured on the highways of Canada; (*b*) the numbers of those injured but not fatally; (*c*) the total of property damage resulting from accidents on the highways of Canada, in each of the years 1930 to 1954 inclusive?

2. If so, what are the respective figures?

3. If not, (*a*) what information is available and can be given in partial answer to these questions; (*b*) what suggestions can be offered as to sources from which such information, or the balance thereof, can be obtained or on the basis of which a fair estimate can be made?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What has been the annual production of rye, by provinces, since 1940?

2. What has been the annual production of flax, by provinces, since 1940?

3. What has been the high and low price of rye and flax for each year since 1940?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many special stamps have been issued by the Post Office Department since January 1, 1952?

2. What are the particulars of each such special stamp?

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. During the year 1954, how many housing units were inspected by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation?

2. Were fees collected in any of these inspection services? If so, what was the total amount collected during 1954 for these inspections?

3. What was the total amount of receipts for services of all kinds rendered by Central Mortgage and Housing during 1954 for housing units?

4. What was the total expenditure by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for all services during 1954, including office rents and cost of upkeep of head office and staff?

The Minister of National Health and Welfare—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Blind Persons Act to lower the age for eligible recipients from twenty-one years to eighteen years, and also to increase the maximum annual incomes allowed to recipients.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 8	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*).....	4.00 p.m. 8.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 22

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker".

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Therese McSheffrey Richard".

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, for Mr. Pinard, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Civil Service Commission on positions excluded from the operation of the Civil Service Act during 1954, pursuant to Section 60 of the said Act, Chapter 48, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. MacNaught, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Fisheries, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Fisheries Prices Support Board for the year ended March 31, 1954. (French).

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of a Statement showing current operating earnings and expenses of the chartered banks of Canada for the financial year 1954, and the average of the financial years 1930-54, pursuant to Section 106 of the Bank Act, Chapter 48, Statutes of Canada 1953-54.

The Bill, No. 9 (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation", was read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.*

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, by unanimous consent, moved,—That the following Bills from the Senate be now read the second time:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".

And a Debate arising thereon;

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: May I interrupt the honourable Member to remind him that we are at the beginning of a new session. During previous sessions we have had debates as to how these divorce bills shall be dealt with on second reading. It being the beginning of a new session perhaps one may be permitted to adopt a new resolution. I have resolved that no matter how much latitude I may be inclined to give I shall not allow any discussion except that which relates to the principle of the bill. I do not think honourable Members will find that they are referring to the principles of these bills when they stand up and offer suggestions as to how they should be dealt with. That is not the manner in which this can be brought about.

If the honourable Member wishes to submit by way of a bill some other method by which these divorce bills can be dealt with, he will have ample opportunity to incorporate whatever suggestions he may have to offer. But

I do not think it is in order on the second reading of these bills to make such suggestions, and I would like the honourable Member's co-operation in respect to this point.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bills were accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills).

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Green:—1. From what firms has fish been purchased for Shaughnessy Hospital in Vancouver, during the past two years?

2. In each case, what other firms, if any, tendered for the sale of such fish?

3. What were the amounts of the respective tenders including those that were accepted?

By Mr. Knowles:—1. Has the Federal Government, or any Minister thereof, given consideration to inviting the appropriate representatives of the various provinces to meet for the purpose of discussing highway safety programmes in order that efforts might be made to reduce the number of deaths and injuries on our highways?

2. If so, what is the result of such consideration?

3. Has a tentative date for such a meeting been proposed?

By Mr. Knight:—1. Has the government recently issued regulations prohibiting the making of loans under N.H.A. for building in the vicinity of airports?

2. If so, what was the date of the announcement of such regulations?

3. What are the distances from the airports to which such prohibition applies?

4. Has the government announced any regulations tending to protect life in the areas prohibited where residential buildings have already been erected?

5. Near what airports are there such residential buildings, other than government buildings, within the prescribed area?

6. Has the government considered prohibiting future erection of any and all residential buildings within the prescribed areas?

7. If so, what has been the result of such consideration?

By Mr. Balcer:—1. What amount has been spent by the Department of National Defence at the Mont-Joli airport since 1940?

2. What amount has been spent at the Mont-Joli airport by the Department of Transport since its transfer from the Department of National Defence?

3. What are the existing facilities at the Mont-Joli airport for commercial transportation such as, runways, lighting, hangars, radio direction, etc?

4. What amount was spent during the last five years by the Department of Transport at the Rimouski municipal airport?

5. What is the distance by air between the towns of Rimouski and Mont-Joli?

By Mr. Purdy:—What was the cost of fuel purchased by the Federal Government for use in each of the four Atlantic Provinces, during the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1954, under the following headings: Nova Scotia Coal, New Brunswick Coal, other Canadian Coal, United States Coal, other imported coal, fuel oil?

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. What quantity of fur, raw and processed, has been imported into Canada from the U.S.S.R. since October, 1953?

2. What is the total value of such furs?

3. Of what varieties are the furs thus imported?

4. What tariff is imposed upon these furs?

5. What Canadian firms purchased pelts from Russia?

6. Have any muskrat skins been imported from any European country? If so, in what quantities and from what countries?

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Brooks, moved,—That a humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all letters and communications since the first day of September, 1954, that have passed between the Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways respecting the lease of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel in the City of Montreal to the Hilton Hotels Corporation.

And the question being proposed;

And the honourable Minister of Transport having stated that parliament had consistently maintained the view that the management of the Canadian National Railway should not be required to make public information relating to the affairs of the system that their competitor is not obligated to produce, and in the circumstances he hoped the honourable Member would agree to withdraw his motion;

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: The honourable Member (Mr. Diefenbaker), says no, and naturally he expects me to collect the voices. I do not want to offer any objection to that today, but I want honourable Members to follow my reasoning and think it over so that they will decide themselves perhaps what they should do in future with respect to these motions. It is simply this: the House is entitled to get only what it is allowed to get. Bourinot claims that the House is not entitled to ask for confidential documents, documents of a private nature or for any documents which the Minister may decide that is not in the public interest to produce. When a Minister rises in his place and says, "I cannot produce these" and an honourable Member says "I would like the opinion of the House to be decided by a vote" it means one of two things, either the Member who is now asking that I collect the voices for the purpose of provoking a division or it does not believe the Minister when he says that these documents asked for are not in the public interest to produce, and therefore he is not accepting the Minister's word, which in all cases must be accepted in this House. Whenever a Member declares a thing to be such and such he declares it on his honour, and therefore his word must be accepted. If, on the other hand the House should it vote upon the motion in an affirmative way, although a Minister of the crown has declared that it is not in the public interest to produce certain documents, the House would override that and would force the production of confidential documents or documents which it is not in the public interest to produce and thus the House would insist upon having documents which it is not entitled to obtain.

I would like honourable Members to think that over because it seems to me that in most cases, as far as one can look back in *Hansard* since confederation, that was the decision arrived at. Of course there was a time when these notices of motion for production of papers were debatable and long debates took place upon them. But all leaders of parties, in or out of power, have always agreed that they should not insist upon production of papers which are declared not to be in the interest of the House to get. (See Bourinot, 4th Edition, pages 249-254; Todd's Parliamentary Government in England revised by Spencer and Walpole, Vol. 2, pages 157-160; See also Debates, March 17, 1921, pages 1003-4, Vol. 2, 1921.)

Today, as I say, I will just leave these remarks for the consideration of honourable Members, and perhaps later on I shall hear comments of honourable Members on this reasoning.

The said motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

The following Order of the House was issued to to the proper Officer:

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Order of the House for a return showing the names of all personnel in the P.F.R.A. and P.F.F.A. who are officials or field officers, coupled with the salaries and expenses paid to each of them during the year 1954.

Notice of motion No. 7 on today's Order Paper being called;

And the honourable Member for Vancouver-Burrard (Mr. MacDougall) having requested that the said notice of motions be allowed to stand;

RULING BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: I do not think I will allow the honourable Member to let his notice of motion stand. I am sorry to appear to be so destructive today. Honourable Members will notice that this motion deals with the war veterans allowance and permissive income. On the order paper there are two other notices of motions on the same subject, one in the name of the honourable Member for New Westminster (Mr. Hahn) and the other in the name of the honourable Member for Hastings-Frontenac (Mr. White). Honourable Members will also have noticed that on the order paper, under government orders, there is in the name of the Minister of Veterans Affairs a resolution which reads as follows:

> That it is expedient to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act to increase the allowances and the permissible income; to further extend the benefits of the act . . .

And so on. If we were to allow debate on this motion, it would anticipate a debate on a government order which has priority because the motion which stands in the name of the Minister of Veterans Affairs is one which is the first stage of a money bill. If honourable Members will look at Campion "An Introduction to Procedure of the House of Commons" page 144, under the heading "Rules Relating to Substantive Motions", paragraph (5), they will find this:

> Finally, certain matters by their very nature are inadmissible in debate, whether upon a motion or otherwise. Such are matters anticipating an order of the day, and matters which have already been decided during the current session.

Then if the honourable Member will look at page 152, he will see this under the heading "Anticipation in Debate":

> In applying the anticipation rule preference is given to the discussion which leads to the most effective result, and this has established a descending scale of values for discussions—bills, motions, amendments, etc. Thus a bill or other order of the day must not be anticipated by . . . discussion of a motion, amendment, or subject raised on another motion, such as that for the adjournment of the house.

By virtue of this rule the following notices of motions standing in the names of the three honourable gentlemen I have mentioned must be dropped from the order paper because they are not admissible in debate:

Mr. MacDougall—The following proposed Resolution: That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of increasing the war veterans allowance and permissive income.

Mr. Hahn—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of initiating an increase in the amount of allowance to those at present eligible for benefits under the existing War Veterans Allowance Act, as well as an increase in the ceiling on permissive income, as provided by the said Act.

Mr. White (Hastings-Frontenac)—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act to increase or remove the present ceiling on the total permissible income of married and single veterans, without decreasing the amount of the allowance.

Notice of Motion No. 8 on today's Order Paper being called;

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: Of course, honourable Members will also have noticed that, with respect to this motion which has to do with human rights, there are on the order paper two other motions on the same subject, one in the name of the honourable Member for Rosetown-Biggar (Mr. Coldwell) and the other one in the name of the honourable Member for Spadina (Mr. Croll). I want to tell these honourable gentlemen that there will be only one debate on human rights and since this motion is now being taken up, we will be dealing with this one.

Thereupon, by leave of the House, the following notices of motions were withdrawn:

Mr. Croll—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, Canada should have a Bill of Human Rights and Liberties in its constitution, and that the government should consider the advisability of taking whatever action is necessary to bring this about, and, as an interim measure of affirming Canada's acceptance of the United Nations' Declaration of Human Rights, and of adopting a Canadian Charter of Human Rights and Liberties.

Mr. Coldwell—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, consideration should be given to the taking of whatever steps are necessary to amend the British North America Act so as to include therein the following heading and sections:

"XII HUMAN RIGHTS

148. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Parliament of Canada or the Legislatures of any of the provinces to make laws:

(*a*) Abridging freedom of speech and expression, or freedom of religion, or of the press or other means of communication or the right of lawful assembly, association or organization.

(*b*) Depriving any person of life or liberty by arbitrary or abusive measures, or denying to any person the equal protection of the laws.

(*c*) Requiring or imposing excessive bail or cruel or unusual punishment or exiling Canadian citizens.

(*d*) Subjecting any person to unreasonable interference with his or her privacy, family, home or correspondence.

(*e*) Subjecting any person to arbitrary arrest or detention or denying to any person the right after arrest to be informed promptly of the charges against such person and to trial within a reasonable time or to be released.

(*f*) Suspending the right to Habeas Corpus or depriving any person of a fair trial or the right to be represented by counsel.

149. The rights provided in Section 148 shall be enjoyed without distinction of race, sex, religion or language and the right to vote in any election of members of the Parliament of Canada or the Legislative Assembly of any province shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, religion, language or sex.

150. The rights conferred by Sections 148 and 149 hereof of this Act shall not be deemed to abridge any existing right of any person".

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Brooks, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, immediate consideration should be given to the advisability of introducing a bill or declaration of rights to assure amongst other rights:

1. Freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of the press and of radio;

2. That Habeas Corpus shall not be abrogated or suspended except by parliament;

3. That no one shall be deprived of liberty or property without due process of law, and in no case by order in council;

4. That no tribunal or commission shall have the power to compel the giving of evidence by any one who is denied counsel or other constitutional safeguards.

And that as a preliminary step the government should consider the advisability of submitting for the opinion of the Supreme Court of Canada the question as to the degree of which fundamental freedoms of religion, speech and of the press and the preservation of the constitutional rights of the individual are matters of federal or provincial jurisdiction.

And a Debate arising thereon;

Mr. Coldwell, seconded by Mr. Croll, moved in amendment thereto: That the resolution be amended by striking out all the words after the word "of" where it appears the second time in the preamble of the resolution and substituting therefore the following:

"the taking of whatever steps are necessary to amend the British North America Act so as to include therein the following heading and sections:

"XII HUMAN RIGHTS

148. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Parliament of Canada or the Legislatures of any of the provinces to make laws:

(*a*) Abridging freedom of speech and expression, or freedom of religion, or of the press or other means of communication or the right of lawful assembly, association or organization.

(*b*) Depriving any person of life or liberty by arbitrary or abusive measures, or denying to any person the equal protection of the laws.

(*c*) Requiring or imposing excessive bail or cruel or unusual punishment or exiling Canadian citizens.

(*d*) Subjecting any person to unreasonable interference with his or her privacy, family, home or correspondence.

(*e*) Subjecting any person to arbitrary arrest or detention or denying to any person the right after arrest to be informed promptly of the charges against such person and to trial within a reasonable time or to be released.

(*f*) Suspending the right to Habeas Corpus or depriving any person of a fair trial or the right to be represented by counsel.

149. The rights provided in Section 148 shall be enjoyed without distinction of race, sex, religion or language and the right to vote in any election of members of the Parliament of Canada or the Legislative Assembly of any province shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, religion, language or sex.

150. The rights conferred by Sections 148 and 149 hereof of this Act shall not be deemed to abridge any existing right of any person".

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

By unanimous consent, on motion of Mr. Harris, the words, "notwithstanding the provisions of Standing Order 65", were added to the resolution of January 17, 1955, appointing the Membership of the Special Committee on Procedure.

At two minutes past ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this seventh day of February been posted for consideration by their respective Committees, on or after Wednesday, February 9:

Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce:

Bill No. 9 (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting the Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation".—*Mr. Mitchell* (*London*).

Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Thatcher—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Since the "suggestion award plan" for the Civil Service was adopted November 28, 1952, how many suggestions for making savings or improving efficiency have been received?

2. What is the amount of money actually saved, so far, as a result of these proposals?

Mr. Pommer—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many pounds of margarine were produced in Canada during the calendar year 1954?

2. What quantities of raw materials used in the manufacture of margarine were imported, during the same period, such as (*a*) oils; (*b*) seeds; (*c*) other materials?

3. How many pounds of margarine were in storage on the 31st of December last?

Mr. Pommer—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. By years and by provinces since 1950, how many loans were made by the Canadian Farm Loan Board?

2. In this period how many loans were paid up?

3. How many are outstanding?

Mr. Trainor—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What offers, if any, have been received by the Canadian National Railways for their various hotels listed for sale?

2. What terms of payment are suggested in respect of these offers?

3. What is the appraised value of each of these properties, if such appraisals are available?

Mr. Argue—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the names and addresses of all persons employed in Saskatchewan in 1954 under (*a*) the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act; (*b*) the Prairie Farm Assistance Act?

2. What sum of money was paid to each of these persons as (*a*) salary or wages; (*b*) sustenance; (*c*) mileage; (*d*) other allowances?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Wednesday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, memos of telephone conversations, in connection with the purchase of lumber and building material and supplies required by the Department of Indian Affairs in the City of Prince Albert and Northern Saskatchewan, in the areas comprised in the Federal Constituencies of The Battlefords, Meadow Lake and Humboldt-Melfort, during the year 1954, and in particular, a copy of all letters sent to lumber or supply companies, wherein an opportunity to tender was given, and a copy of all tenders or contract offers for lumber and building material and supplies that were made to the Department.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 8	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*).....	4.00 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Thursday, February 10	
277	Organization of Standing Committees.....	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 23

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—List of Shareholders in the Chartered Banks of Canada, as at the end of the financial year ended in 1954, pursuant to Section 119(1) of the Bank Act, Chapter 48, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

Also,—List of Shareholders in the Banks Incorporated under the Quebec Savings Bank Act, as at the end of the financial year ended in 1954, pursuant to Section 93(1) of the said Act, Chapter 41, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

And also,—Copy of a Report by the Tariff Board, dated February 2, 1955, relative to an investigation into the state of the wool-cloth industry in Canada, and the importation, under the British preferential tariff, of fabrics containing wool,—Reference 116; together with a copy of the transcript of the evidence presented at the public hearings. (English and French).

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Report of the Department of Public Printing and Stationery for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 36 of the Public Printing and Stationery Act, Chapter 226, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Pinard also presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 2, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What was the total number of television sets sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

2. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

3. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

4. What was the total number of radios sold in Canada, during the last ten months of 1954?

5. What was the total amount of excise tax collected on radio sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

6. What was the total amount of excise tax turned over to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on the sale of these sets, during the last ten months of 1954?

7. What was the total sale value of television sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

8. What was the total sale value of radio sets sold, during the last ten months of 1954?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What was the amount spent for advertising by each department of the government during the calendar year 1954?

2. What advertising firms were employed?

3. What was the amount paid each advertising firm?

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of Reports for 1954 of cases in which ships were relieved from compliance with steamship inspection service requirements under authority of Section 495, of the Canada Shipping Act, Chapter 29, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of Reports for 1954 of cases in which ships were exempted under the provisions of Section 137, of the Canadian Shipping Act, Chapter 29, R.S.C., 1952, from the obligation of carrying certificated masters, mates or engineers.

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, laid before the House,—Copy of articles of agreement between the Foundation Company of Canada Limited and Her Majesty the Queen represented by the Minister of Public Works of Canada with respect to the erection and completion of the general post office building (phase II), Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Therese McSheffrey Richard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur) moved,—That a select committee to be designated be appointed to consider such of the Estimates as may be referred to it and to report from time to time its findings and recommendations to the House.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

Order numbered 24, having been called, was allowed to stand.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 7, An Act to amend the Industrial Relations and Disputes Investigation Act. (Voluntary revocable check-off.);

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. MacInnis, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division;

YEAS

Messrs.

Applewhaite, Argue, Balcer, Barnett, Bell, Blackmore, Bryce, Bryson, Byrne, Cameron (Nanaimo), Campbell, Castleden, Charlton, Croll, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Dufresne, Ellis, Eyre, Fairey, Gagnon, Gillis, Girard, Goode, Green, Hahn, Hardie, Herridge, Holowach, Johnson (Kindersley), Johnston (Bow River), Knight, Knowles, Leboe, Low, MacInnis, McLeod, Montgomery, Nicholson, Patterson, Poulin, Quelch, Regier, Shaw, Stanton, Starr, Stewart (Winnipeg North), Thatcher, Thomas, White (Middlesex East), Winch, Wylie, Yuill, Zaplitny—54.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss), Anderson, Arsenault, Ashbourne, Batten, Bennett (Grey North), Blair, Blanchette, Boisvert, Bonnier, Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska), Bourget, Bourque, Breton, Brisson, Brooks, Brown (Brantford), Brown (Essex West), Buchanan, Cameron (High Park), Cardin, Caron, Carrick, Cauchon, Clark, Cloutier, Dechêne, Decore, Denis, Deschatelets, Deslières, Dickey, Dupuis, Fleming, Follwell, Forgie, Fraser (Peterborough), Fraser (St. John's East), Fulton, Gardiner, Garland, Garson, Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean), Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Gingras, Gour (Russell), Gregg, Hanna, Harkness, Harris, Harrison, Hellyer, Henderson,

Hodgson,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
James,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
Macnaughton,
McBain,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Monette,
Monteith,
Nixon,
Nowlan,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Saint John's West),
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
Rowe,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Small,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thibault,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Vincent,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
Winters—133.

Orders numbered 26, 27 and 28, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), —That a select committee to be designated be appointed to consider such of the Estimates as may be referred to it and to report from time to time its findings and recommendations to the House.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Byrne, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much money has been spent by the Federal Government under the Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act for each of the three Maritime Provinces for each of the past five years?

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total amount spent by the Federal Government under the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act in each of the three provinces, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, to date?

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total cost for (*a*) the construction of the Pugwash Wharf, Pugwash, Nova Scotia; (*b*) the necessary dredging around it for each year for the past seven years?

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the cost of dredging Pugwash harbour and Pugwash entrance for each of the last five calendar years?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many cases, by provinces, have been heard and decided by the Income Tax Appeal Board since its inception?

2. How many of such cases, by provinces, has the decision been in favour of (*a*) the Department of National Revenue; (*b*) the taxpayer?

3. How many of the decisions, by provinces, rendered by the said Board in favour of the taxpayer have been appealed to the Exchequer Court by the Department of National Revenue?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the average freight rate per ton on feed grains shipped to British Columbia from each of the following provinces: (*a*) Manitoba; (*b*) Saskatchewan; (*c*) Alberta, in each of the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. White (Middlesex East)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total cost of landscaping the area surrounding the psychiatric wing of Westminster Hospital, London, Ontario?

2. Was the contract let by tender, and if so, at what price?

3. What was the name of the company involved?

4. What were the names of the sub-contractors, if any?

Mr. White (Middlesex East)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much was contributed to and for the Colombo Plan by Canada in each of the years 1953 and 1954?

2. Of such amounts how much was (*a*) expended in Canada; (*b*) outside of Canada, for (i) administration costs; (ii) salaries of technical experts; (iii) scientific and technical apparatus; (iv) agriculture machinery; (v) other kinds of machinery?

3. How many technical and scientific persons were employed in each of the years 1953 and 1954, and what was total (*a*) salaries; (*b*) expenses or other allowances paid to such persons?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have requests been received that trade union members be allowed to include payments into union strike funds in their trade union dues and thus be granted deductibility for such payments for income tax purposes?

2. If so, from whom?

3. Has consideration been given to such requests? If so, what is the result of such consideration?

4. Has consideration been given to allowing bona fide trade union members the right to deduct payments into strike funds as charitable donations for income tax purposes? If so, what is the result of such consideration?

Mr. Montgomery—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many buildings have been constructed since January 1, 1950 for the Department of National Revenue and/or its employees at the following places of entry into New Brunswick from the State of Maine; (*a*) Union Corner; (*b*) Woodstock Road; (*c*) Belleville; (*d*) Bloomfield, (*e*) River DeChute; (*f*) Mare Hill Road; (*g*) Beaconfield; (*h*) Andover; (*i*) Four Falls; (*j*) Grand Falls; (*k*) Hamlin; (*l*) Fosterville?

2. Of the above buildings, how many (*a*) houses, showing number of rooms; (*b*) garages, single or double; (*c*) offices; (*d*) terminals?

3. What is the type of construction of each?

4. What is the total cost of each, including furnishings, heating systems, grading, and lawns and fences?

5. Are any vacant at the present? If so, how many?

6. Are any buildings under construction at any of these places?

7. If so, of what nature and what has been the expenditure on each to date?

Mr. Mitchell (London)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many passenger cars of all types were purchased by Canadian National Railways from firms outside Canada during the year 1954?

2. By what company or companies were such cars manufactured?

3. Were tenders invited for all of such cars before the contracts were let?

4. Can these cars be manufactured on a competitive basis by Canadian National Railways Carshops, and, if not, for what reason?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government information as to rates of pension paid in the United States by the Social Security Administration (*a*) to a retired worker 65 years of age or over; (*b*) to a retired worker and his wife both 65 years of age or over?

2. If so, what are such rates of pension in relation to the average monthly income of the worker during his working years?

Mr. Hahn—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total sum received by the Federal Government in personal income taxes, corporation income taxes, and in any other levies on persons or bodies, by provinces, in each of the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. Fulton—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is it allowed or accepted that, where an applicant for Canadian citizenship appears under Section 10(1) of the Canadian Citizenship Act, before a Court as defined in the said Act, in any place other than the Northwest Territory or the Yukon Territory, the qualifications of such applicant under the said Section 10(1) should be determined by any person or officer other than the Judge of such Court or, in the Province of Quebec, a District Magistrate?

2. If so, (*a*) in what places and on what authority; (*b*) is any payment authorized to be made to such other person or officer?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all letters and communications since the first day of August, 1954, written by the Minister, Deputy Minister or any officials in the Department of Transport to the Canadian National Railways, or any officer or official thereof, concerning the leasing of or intended leasing or management agreement of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel in the City of Montreal to the Hilton Hotels Corporation.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, February 9	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In Camera*)....	4.00 p.m.
	Thursday, February 10	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	4.00 p.m.
277	Organization of Standing Committees.....	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*).....	4.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Friday, February 11	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In Camera*)....	4.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 24

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 9TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Forty-one petitions were laid upon the Table.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the One Hundred and Eighth Annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Canada Life Assurance Company for 1954.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Thatcher:—1. Do Trans-Canada Air Lines planes approaching the Moose Jaw area normally contact the Royal Canadian Air Force station control tower, in order to permit the authorities to alert military planes?

2. Do Trans-Canada Air Lines delayed flights approaching the Moose Jaw area notify the Royal Canadian Air Force station control tower?

3. If not, has such a step been considered as a safety measure to prevent future air collisions?

4. Have the responsible authorities considered requesting Trans-Canada Air Lines planes to increase their altitude from 6000 feet to 7000 or 8000 feet over training areas, where Harvard or similar planes ordinarily would not be flying?

5. Have the authorities considered asking Trans-Canada Air Lines to illuminate the exterior of their planes more clearly on night flights, as a safety measure?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Lennard:—1. How many chartered accountants are employed by the Government in the Income Tax Department?

2. Who are they and where are they located?

By Mr. Boisvert:—How many working days were lost in Canada in 1952, 1953 and 1954 on account of (*a*) strikes; (*b*) sickness?

By Mr. Zaplitny:—1. Did any of the following firms receive remission of taxes in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1954: (*a*) Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

By Mr. Zaplitny:—1. Did the following firms receive any remissions of customs and excise duties and taxes, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1954: (*a*) Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited, Montreal; (*b*) Caland Ore Company Limited, Steep Rock, Ontario; (*c*) Ford Motor Company of Canada; (*d*) Iron Ore Company of Canada, Montreal; (*e*) Trans-Mountain Oil Pipe Line Company, Toronto?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

By Mr. Dinsdale:—1. What is the total amount of federal grants made available for mental health activities in Canada?

2. How is this money distributed between the various provinces?

3. What is the total cost of mental health programs in Canada?

4. What is the breakdown in the expenditure of this money as between (*a*) provincial hospitals; (*b*) psychiatric clinics (private and public); (*c*) rest homes; (*d*) preventive work?

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. Is the importation into Canada of Dietylstilbestrol in any form permitted?

2. If so, what quantities have been imported since January 1, 1953?

3. By whom were the imports made, and under whose authority were permits issued?

By Mr. Pommer:—1. By years and by provinces since 1950, how many loans were made by the Canadian Farm Loan Board?

2. In this period how many loans were paid up?

3. How many are outstanding?

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Argue:—1. What are the names and addresses of all persons employed in Saskatchewan in 1954 under (*a*) the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act; (*b*) the Prairie Farm Assistance Act?

2. What sum of money was paid to each of these persons as (*a*) salary or wages; (*b*) sustenance; (*c*) mileage; (*d*) other allowances?

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Knowles: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of any communications, memoranda or briefs received by the Government, dated at any time since August 1, 1954, from or on behalf of any organizations, relating to the proposal to lease the new Queen Elizabeth Hotel, in Montreal, to the Hilton Hotel chain of the United States.

The following Order was issued to the proper Officer:

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Order of the House for a copy of all letters, telegrams, memos of telephone conversations, in connection with the purchase of lumber and building material and supplies required by the Department of Indian Affairs in the City of Prince Albert and Northern Saskatchewan, in the areas comprised in the Federal Constituencies of The Battlefords, Meadow Lake and Humboldt-Melfort, during the year 1954, and in particular, a copy of all letters sent to lumber or supply companies, wherein an opportunity to tender was given, and a copy of all tenders or contract offers for lumber and building material and supplies that were made to the Department.

Item numbered 5 under the heading "Notices of Motions", having been called, was allowed to stand.

Notice of Motion No. 6 on today's Order Paper being called as follows:

Mr. McIvor—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of amending the Elections Act so as to enable all qualified electors to use their franchise in federal elections.

RULING OF MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: I see that there is a resolution on the order paper preceding a bill to be introduced by the Secretary of State having to do with what is contemplated in this motion. Therefore the notice of motion will have to be withdrawn from the order paper.

Mr. Knight, seconded by Mr. Herridge, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of taking steps to relieve the financial crisis in education, without encroaching in any way on the exclusive jurisdiction of the provinces in this field, by granting financial assistance to the various provinces for the expansion and equalization of educational opportunity across Canada.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Habel, adjourned.

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Boisvert—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the revenue for the fiscal years 1948-49, 1949-50, 1950-51, 1951-52, 1952-53 and 1953-54 of the following post offices in Nicolet-Yamaska: (*a*) Nicolet; (*b*) St-Gregoire (Nicolet); (*c*) La Baie du Febvre (Yamaska); (*d*) Pierreville (Yamaska)?

Mr. Boisvert—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the revenue of the Nicolet office, for the fiscal years 1948-49, 1949-50, 1950-51, 1951-52, 1952-53 and 1953-54 with respect to: (*a*) the customs duties; (*b*) the excise duties and sales tax?

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total amount of (*a*) excise tax; (*b*) sales tax, collected on each of the following articles sold in Canada during the year 1954: automobiles, farm trucks, farm water pumps, farm steel stanchions, farm litter and feed carriers and track, farm electric water heaters, farm hay and other forks, milk filter discs, 8 gallon milk cans, mechanical milk coolers?

Mr. Brooks—On Friday next—INQUIRIY OF MINISTRY—1. How many hourly rated employees of the Canadian National Railways were laid off between January 1, 1954 and December 31, 1954?

2. How many monthly rated employees "official capacity" of the Canadian National Railways were laid off between January 1, 1954 and December 31, 1954?

Mr. Brooks—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many officials on the Canadian National Railways received a yearly salary between the following figures: (*a*) $10,000 and $14,999; (*b*) $15,000 and $19,999; (*c*) $20,000 and $24,999; (*d*) $25,000 and $29,999; (*e*) $30,000 and $40,000?

Mr. Brooks—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many tons of coal (*a*) mined in the Maritime Provinces; (*b*) mined outside Canada, were used on the Canadian National Railways in the calendar year 1954?

Mr. Purdy—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are the heating specifications for Camp Gagetown so designed that without alterations only Minto coal can be used?

2. If not, what other kinds of coal can be used to advantage?

Mr. Purdy—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. On what date were operations under the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act started?

2. On what date were operations under the Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act started?

3. What has been the cost of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act to the Federal Government to the 31st of March, 1954?

4. What has been the cost of the Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act to the Federal Government to the 31st of March, 1954?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many persons in Canada, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, are in receipt of old age security?

2. How many persons, if any, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, in receipt of old age security, are receiving less than $40 a month?

3. For what reasons and by what authority are the pension payments to such persons less than $40 a month?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many commissioners held hearings during the year 1954 on Indian Reserves pursuant to provisions of the Indian Act?

2. Who were the commissioners, and in which Indian Reserves did each of them hold hearings?

3. Which of the commissioners have made reports to the Minister or department?

4. How many persons, if any, on each of the Reserves were found not to be members of their respective bands by each of the said commissioners?

Mr. Trainor—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Are negotiations being carried on at the present time with Scandinavian Air Lines for reciprocal arrangements which would allow them to carry passengers between Winnipeg and Copenhagen?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 10	
277	Organization of Standing Committees.....	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	4.00 p.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In camera*).....	4.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Friday, February 11	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In Camera*)....	4.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 25

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 10TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Seiglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff".

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board".

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Eighth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 9, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Ethel Dworkin Abrams, wife of Ted (Theodore) Martin Abrams of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Flavien Denis Rheo Baillargeon of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Rita Ward Baillargeon, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Madeleine Collings Bell, wife of Abraham Bell of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin, wife of Hobart Le Grande Benjamin of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Enid Gertrude Brooks Bray, now residing in Brantford, Ontario, wife of James Bray of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Barbara Louise Bartlett Broadbent, wife of William Barclay Broadbent of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elie Chabotar of Ville St. Pierre, Quebec, presently with the armed forces, husband of Eileen May Wilson Chabotar, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Bernice Noble Comm, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Leonard Comm of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mildred Jane Clendenning Dephoure, wife of Ralph Gerald Daly Dephoure of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dorothy Winifred Patricia Lawson Disken, now residing in Croydon, Quebec, wife of Joseph Disken of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Regina Wiener Strelezky Distelman, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Hersh Distelman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ronald William Evans of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Gwytha Olwyn Lillian Pring Evans, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Molly Wineberg Fishman, wife of Moe George Fishman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dora Helen Simmons Glancy, wife of Frank Glancy of Verdun, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joyce Davies Javallas, now residing in Mackayville, Quebec, wife of Nicholas Javallas of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Doris Lydia Kimber Keller, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Jules Keller of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jean Louis Larose of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Augustine Desjardins Larose.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Mae Seguin Le Moyne, wife of Pierre Le Moyne of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Annie Kofman Liebman, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Nathan Liebman of Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Clifford Joseph Linehan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Amy Janet Sheppard Linehan.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Freida Schecter Lupovitch, wife of Aaron Lupovitch of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Violet Oswald Nicol MacIver, wife of Norman Raymond MacIver of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Stanley Mira Levene, *alias* Francis, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Audrey Gibson Levene, *alias* Francis, now of parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux, now residing in Vancouver, British Columbia, wife of Maurice Marcoux of Quebec City, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sybil Lavine Markowitz, now residing in Aldershot, Ontario, wife of Saul Markowitz of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Louis Martellino of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruby Joyce Freeman Martellino.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rocco Aldo Amaedeo Mastrocola of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marjorie Mettam Mastrocola.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Florence Mary Ann Meakin O'Ranski, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Leo (Leon) O'Ranski of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Aline Sauve Page, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Joseph Avila Page of La Macaza, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Beatrice Macdonald Stewart Pasmore, wife of Hubert Martyn Wilcocks Pasmore of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Marcel Plourde of Cap-de-la-Madeleine, Quebec, husband of Marie Therese Georgette Aline Beaudry Plourde, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jetti Edelstein Popowski, wife of Simchah Popowski of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Veronica Vera Bordeniuk Reidt, wife of Wallace Alan Reidt of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eileen Bayliss Roberts, wife of Russell William Roberts of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of David Sandler of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Emily Carmen McCoy Sandler.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anne Gorin Seward, wife of Thomas Allen Seward of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ann Mary Allward Spighi, now residing in Quebec City, Quebec, wife of Guiliano Cesare Oreste Enrico Spighi of Valcartier, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sara Beiss Stein, wife of Sam Stein of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Hilda Emmalin Christensen Taylor, wife of Gilbert James Alexander Taylor of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of James R. M. Tryhorn of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Patricia Donais Tryhorn.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Susie Earle Young, wife of James Donald Young of St. John's, Newfoundland.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of a communique, dated February 8, 1955, issued at the conclusion of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers Conference, held at London, England.

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. White (Middlesex East):—1. How much was contributed to and for the Colombo Plan by Canada in each of the years 1953 and 1954?

2. Of such amounts how much was (*a*) expended in Canada; (*b*) outside of Canada, for (i) administration costs; (ii) salaries of technical experts; (iii) scientific and technical apparatus; (iv) agriculture machinery; (v) other kinds of machinery?

3. How many technical and scientific persons were employed in each of the years 1953 and 1954, and what was total (*a*) salaries; (*b*) expenses or other allowances paid to such persons?

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing;

By unanimous consent, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council laid before the House,—Copy of an Agreement between Her Majesty in the right of the Province of British Columbia, as represented by the Minister of Finance and Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Corporation, dated January 14th, 1955, with respect to the construction of a storage dam in Castlegar Narrows, on the Columbia River, in the Province of British Columbia.

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Holowach adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. MacInnis—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What will be the total mileage of the Trans-Canada Highway when completed?

2. What will be the total mileage in each province?

3. How many miles of the Trans-Canada Highway have been gravelled in each province to date?

4. How many miles have been paved in each province to date?

5. What is the average cost of construction per mile in (*a*) New Brunswick; (*b*) Ontario; (*c*) Saskatchewan; (*d*) British Columbia?

Mr. Studer—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many pounds of (*a*) beef and veal, including fresh, canned and other forms; (*b*) pork, including fresh pork, bacons, hams, cured, smoked and canned; (*c*) mutton and lamb; (*d*) poultry, dressed and undressed; (*e*) cheese, have been exported from Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. To what countries and of what dollar value in each case?

Mr. Cameron (High Park)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. As of December 31, 1954, (*a*) how many families were in receipt of family allowances; (*b*) for how many children were the allowances paid?

2. What was the total amount of family allowances paid in each province for December, 1954?

Mr. Deschatelets—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have any protests been received by the CBFT authorities, regarding the quality of some French films shown on Channel 2, in the Province of Quebec?

2. If so, what steps are being taken with respect to such protests?

Mr. Nicholson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What is the estimated cost of training a pilot for jet air craft in the Royal Canadian Air Force?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Has it been definitely proved that one part per million of fluoride in a water supply will help to prevent tooth decay?

*Mr. Nicholson**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of the expense accounts submitted by G. M. Ferrie of the Department of Agriculture for the year 1954.

Mr. Nicholson—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of taking steps to arrange a meeting between the Prime Minister of Canada, the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, the heads of the administrations of The United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, for the purpose of considering the problems created by the hydrogen bomb, the control and reduction of armaments, and devising policies and means for strengthening of collective peace through the United Nations Organization.

The Minister of National Revenue—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax".

The Minister of National Revenue—On Monday next—Bill Intituled: "An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, February 11	
Sixteen	Special Committee on House Procedure (*In Camera*)....	4.00 p.m.
	Tuesday, February 15	
277	Banking and Commerce.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 26

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 11TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Seventh Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Seventh Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin, wife of Hobart Le Grande Benjamin of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in parts unknown.

Of Marie Anna Migneault Cloutier, wife of Joseph Henri Omer Cloutier of Rouyn, Quebec.

Of Ruth Barsuk Cohen, wife of Irving Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins, wife of Frederick Norman Collins of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Bernice Noble Comm, wife of Leonard Comm of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers, wife of Elie Deslauriers of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Dorothy Winifred Patricia Lawson Disken, wife of Joseph Disken of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Francoise Therese Gauthier Dragon.

Of Florence Aleatha Geraldine Hamilton Gardner, wife of Waldemar Arthur Gardner of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston, wife of Stanley George Edward Gunston of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Francis Ambrose Higgins of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Nellie Havey De Laney Higgins, now residing in Digby, Nova Scotia.

Of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock, wife of Ronald Herbert Hiscock of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Alexander Jakobszak of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Alexandra Safulko Jakobszak.

Of Doris Lydia Kimber Keller, wife of Jules Keller of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby, wife of Lester David Kirby of Knowlton, Quebec.

Of Lili Gourd Lajeunesse, wife of Marcel Lajeunesse of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Mae Seguin Le Moyne, wife of Pierre Le Moyne of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Annie Kofman Liebman, wife of Nathan Liebman of Outremont, Quebec.

Of Clifford Joseph Linehan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Amy Janet Sheppard Linehan.

Of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand, wife of Jacques Leo Joseph Marchand of Lachine, Quebec.

Of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux, now residing in Vancouver, British Columbia, wife of Maurice Marcoux of Quebec City, Quebec.

Of Sybil Lavine Markowitz, now residing in Aldershot, Ontario, wife of Saul Markowitz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Louis Martellino of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruby Joyce Freeman Martellino.

Of Joseph Marcel Plourde of Cap-de-la-Madeleine, Quebec, husband of Marie Therese Georgette Aline Beaudry Plourde, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Jetti Edelstein Popowski, wife of Simchah Popowski of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Anne Gorin Seward, wife of Thomas Allen Seward of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Sara Beiss Stein, wife of Sam Stein of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Nichita Tomescu of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Vera Lalevici Carcivoianu Tomescu, now residing in parts unkown.

Of Susie Earle Young, wife of James Donald Young of St. John's, Newfoundland.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Summary of Orders in Council passed during the period January 1 to January, 31, 1955.

And also,—Copies of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, February 9, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Martin, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What sums of money were allocated to each province, during the current fiscal year under the Civil Defence Financial Assistance Programme?

2. What amounts have been taken up by each province against these amounts?

3. On what dates were the first payments made to the various provinces?

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of proceedings under the Trans-Canada Highway Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 9 of the said Act, Chapter 269, R.S.C., 1952.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief Gladys Krassner Garoff".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief Marie Rose Barsey De Board".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".—*Mr. Hunter.*

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing;

(*At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.*)

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, by unanimous consent, moved,—That the following Bills from the Senate be now read the second time:

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker".

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Therese McSheffrey Richard".

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".

And the question being proposed;

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Herridge, moved,—That this House do now proceed to Order No. 24.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Gagnon,
Gillis,
Girard,
Hahn,
Herridge,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
MacInnis,
McLeod,
Nicholson,
Patterson,
Quelch,
Shaw,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Winch,
Zaplitny—28.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Ashbourne,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Blackmore,
Blanchette,
Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska),
Bourque,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Campney,
Cardiff,
Carter,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Crestohl,
Dechêne,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Fleming,
Follwell,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hanna,
Hansell,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
Jutras,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Lapointe,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Lefrançois,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Low,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McMillan,
Martin,
Matheson,
Michaud,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Thibault,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Weir,
Weselak,
Winters,
Wylie,
Yuill—107.

And the question being put on the main motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bills were accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills).

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 2, An Act to provide equal Pay for equal work for Women;

Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Tustin, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Dupuis, adjourned.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing;

Mr. Low, seconded by Mr. Quelch, moved in amendment thereto: That the word "now" be left out, and the words "this day six months" added at the end of the question.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Blackmore,
Girard,
Hahn,
Hansell,
Holowach,
Johnston (Bow River),
Leboe,
Low,
McLeod,
Patterson,
Quelch,
Shaw,
Thomas,
Yuill—14.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Argue,
Ashbourne,
Barnett,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bourque,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bryce,
Bryson,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Campney,
Cardiff,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Crestohl,
Dechêne,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dinsdale,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Fleming,
Fraser (Saint John's East),
Fulton,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gillis,
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Jones,
Jutras,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Knight,
Knowles,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacInnis,
MacLean,
McCubbin,
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),

McIlraith,
McMillan,
Martin,
Matheson,
Michaud,
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Montgomery,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nicholson,
Nowlan,
Pearkes,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Saint John's West),
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Simmons,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Thatcher,
Thibault,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
Winch,
Winters,
Zaplitny—118.

And Debate continuing on the main motion;

Mr. Shaw, seconded by Mr. Johnston (Bow River), moved in amendment thereto: That Bill No. 3 be not now read a second time but that the subject-matter thereof be referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. MacInnis, adjourned.

At 10.02 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this eleventh day of February, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Monday, February 14:

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Audrey Baur Walker".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Therese McSheffrey Richard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Pearkes—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have any eggs, fresh, frozen or dried, been imported into Canada since January 1, 1950?

2. If so, what quantities have been imported from each of the countries concerned?

3. What was the dollar value of these imports?

Mr. Shaw—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What procedure is followed by each department of government and/or government agency or branch, when purchasing motor vehicles for its own use?

2. Are all such vehicles serviced by the selling agency?

3. If so, what is the method that is followed with respect to such servicing?

Mr. Shaw—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—With respect to General Health Grants:

1. What was the maximum amount of grant available to each province, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory, for each fiscal year since the start of the payment of such grants?

2. What was the total amount actually paid to each province, during each fiscal year and what was the total amount spent in the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory during each such year?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What farm organizations, if any, have made representations since August 1, 1954, dealing with the question of parity prices or floor prices for agricultural products?

2. What was the nature of each representation and the reply in each case?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has any person persons or committee of any department of government been asked to study (*a*) the question of parity prices for Canadian farm products; (*b*) the operation of the United States parity price system?

2. If so, what are the names of the officials making any such study?

Mr. Enfield—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is any federal assistance being given for research into the causes of infant deaths in Canada?

Mr. Maltais—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Federal Government own the bed of the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, the approaches adjacent to the said wharf, and the entrance to such wharf?

2. If so, has the government leased, wholly or partly, the land owned by it along the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, and for what consideration?

3. Since what date has this land been leased, and has there been a change of lessees in the last ten years?

4. If there has been a change of lessees, on what date did it occur and who is the holder of the existing lease?

5. What amount has been received by the government on account of such lease to February 1, 1955?

Mr. Cameron (Nanaimo)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many cases of eggs were purchased by the Agricultural Prices Support Board in the year 1954?

2. What prices were paid for these eggs and what was the total cost including storage?

3. Were any of these eggs sold to private produce dealers? If so, at what prices and what was the total amount realized from these sales?

Mr. Maltais—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Was repair work on the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre during the year 1954 modified or discontinued on instructions from the engineering branch of the Public Works Department, at Quebec, following objections or representations from the individual holding the lease on part or the whole of the land along the wharf?

2. If so, will the work be continued during the 1955 season?

Mr. Barnett—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of establishing a national insurance plan to cover individuals against the dislocations caused by technological advances, changed marketing conditions and other related causes.

The Minister of Veterans Affairs—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Veterans Benefit Act, 1954".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 15	
277	Banking and Commerce.....	11.00 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 27

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 14TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 2, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Since January 1, 1954, how many organizations, if any, in briefs or submissions to the Federal Government, or to any Minister or Ministers thereof, have urged the enactment of national health insurance?

2. What are the names of the organizations which have made such a request?

3. What has been the Government's reply to these requests?

Also, Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What quantity of fur, raw and processed, has been imported into Canada from the U.S.S.R. since October, 1953?

2. What is the total value of such furs?

3. Of what varieties are the furs thus imported?

4. What tariff is imposed upon these furs?

5. What Canadian firms purchased pelts from Russia?

6. Have any muskrat skins been imported from any European country? If so, in what quantities and from what countries?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—How many working days were lost in Canada in 1952, 1953 and 1954 on account of (*a*) strikes; (*b*) sickness?

Mr. McCann, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many chartered accountants are employed by the Government in the Income Tax Department?

2. Who are they and where are they located?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Did any of the following firms receive remission of taxes in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1954: (*a*) Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Did the following firms receive any remissions of customs and excise duties and taxes, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1954: (*a*) Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited, Montreal; (*b*) Caland Ore Company Limited, Steep Rock, Ontario; (*c*) Ford Motor Company of Canada; (*d*) Iron Ore Company of Canada, Montreal; (*e*) Trans-Mountain Oil Pipe Line Company, Toronto?

2. If so, what was the amount in each case?

3. What was the reason for the remission in each case?

4. Under what authority were these remissions made?

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a copy of all correspondence, since the first day of June 1954, which has passed between any department of government and Mr. L. B. Thomson, relative to his attempted resignation as Director of P.F.R.A.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That Messrs. Benidickson, Byrne, Cameron (*Nanaimo*), Cannon, Churchill, Decore, Deschatelets, Dupuis, Fleming, Garland, Gauthier (*Nickel Belt*), Hellyer, Henry, Jutras, Lafontaine, Macdonnell, MacEachen, Macnaughton, McLeod, Michener, Monteith, Power (*St. John's West*), Stuart (*Charlotte*), Thatcher, Tucker, and Yuill constitute the Special Committee appointed Tuesday, February 8th, to consider such of the Estimates as may be referred to it and that the provisions of Standing Order 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, by unanimous consent moved,—That the following Bills from the Senate be now read the second time.

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff".

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board".

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bills were accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills).

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Montgomery:—1. How many buildings have been constructed since January 1, 1950, for the Department of National Revenue and/or its employees at the following places of entry into New Brunswick from the State of Maine; (*a*) Union Corner; (*b*) Woodstock; (*c*) Belleville; (*d*) Bloomfield; (*e*) River DeChute; (*f*) Mare Hill Road; (*g*) Beaconsfield; (*h*) Andover; (*i*) Four Falls; (*j*) Grand Falls; (*k*) Hamlin; (*l*) Fosterville?

2. Of the above buildings, how many (*a*) houses, showing number of rooms; (*b*) garages, single or double; (*c*) offices; (*d*) terminals?

3. What is the type of construction of each?

4. What is the total cost of each, including furnishings, heating systems, grading, and lawns and fences?

5. Are any vacant at the present? If so, how many?

6. Are any buildings under construction at any of these places?

7. If so, of what nature and what has been the expenditure on each to date?

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Dinsdale: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged from January 1st 1950 to date, between the Federal Department of Agriculture and the Provincial Government of Manitoba and other groups and individuals in that province, relative to the administration of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in Manitoba.

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Pearkes, moved,—That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General praying that he will cause to be laid before the House a copy of all letters and communications since the first day of August, 1954, written by the Minister, Deputy Minister or any officials in the Department of Transport to the Canadian National Railways, or any officer or official thereof, concerning the leasing of or intended leasing or management agreement of the Queen Elizabeth Hotel in the City of Montreal to the Hilton Hotels Corporation.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),
Blackmore,
Blair,
Bryce,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Gillis,
Girard,
Green,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Low,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacInnis,
McBain,
McGregor,
McLeod,
Mitchell (London),
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Noseworthy,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Rowe,
Shaw,
Small,
Stanton,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
Winch,
Wylie,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—59.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Benidickson,
Bertrand,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska),
Bourget,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Campney,
Cardin,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cavers,
Dechêne,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Fairey,
Pinard,
Follwell,
Forgie,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hardie,
Harrison,
Henry,
Herridge,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
James,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Legaré,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McIvor,
McMillan,
Marler,
Martin,
Matheson,
Michaud,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nicholson,
Pearson,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (St. John's West),
Prudham,
Purdy,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
St. Laurent,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Tucker,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Waterloo South),
Winters—102.

The following Order of the House was issued to the proper Officer:

By Mr. Nicholson: Order of the House for a copy of the expense accounts submitted by G. M. Ferrie of the Department of Agriculture for the year 1954.

Item numbered 5 under the heading "Notices of Motions" having been called a second time, was, by unanimous consent, allowed to stand and retain its position on the Order Paper.

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Knight, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation amending the Income Tax Act so as to remove therefrom the 3 per cent floor in relation to the deductibility of medical expenses for income tax purposes.

After Debate thereon; the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division.

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),
Blackmore,
Blair,
Bryce,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Gagnon,
Gillis,
Girard,
Green,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Low,
MacInnis,
MacLean,
McBain,
McGregor,
Mitchell (London),
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Robinson (Bruce),
Rowe,
Shaw,
Small,
Stanton,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—60.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Ashbourne,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bonnier,
Bourget,
Brown (Brantford),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Campney,
Cardin,
Carrick,
Cavers,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Fairey,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garson,
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hardie,
Hosking,
Houck,
Huffman,
James,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McIlraith,
McIvor,

McMillan, Marler, Martin, Matheson, Michaud, Murphy (Westmorland), Pickersgill, Pommer, Pouliot, Power (Quebec South), Power (St. John's West), Proudfoot, Purdy, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robertson, Robichaud, Robinson (Simcoe East), Rouleau, St. Laurent, Shipley (Mrs.), Simmons, Sinclair, Stick, Stuart (Charlotte), Tucker, Valois, Villeneuve, Weaver, Weir, Weselak, White (Waterloo South), Winters—86.

Items numbered 7 and 8 under the heading "Notices of Motions", having been respectively called, were allowed to stand.

Mr. Goode, seconded by Mr. Gingras moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of taking steps to institute action which will relieve the congested and dangerous conditions existing at the Vancouver International Airport, in the constituency of Burnaby Richmond, with a view to;

1. Eliminating congestion.
2. Segregating the various types of traffic.
3. Establishing areas for a major portion of the aviation training programme, both military and civil, at points removed from the Vancouver International Airport.

After a Debate thereon; the said motion was, by unanimous consent, withdrawn.

At 10.01 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this fourteenth day of February, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Wednesday, February 16:

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Fraser (St. John's East)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Has any consideration been given by the Department of National Health and Welfare to the problem in Canada of diseases arising from working in the "dusty" trades?

Mr. Girard—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many films now available in the National Film Board Library are edited (*a*) in both official languages; (*b*) in English only; (*c*) in French only?

Mr. Johnston (Bow River)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the names of park authorities who issue licences for the transportation of lumber and/or other produce across the Banff National Park?

2. What is the approximate number of board feet of lumber transported across the Banff National Park for the years 1954, 1953 and 1952?

3. What are the load limits of produce (the transportation of which) is considered by the park authorities to be most destructive to park roads?

4. How many trucks does Mr. Bruno Mennegozzo, who owns and operates a planer mill at Wilmer, British Columbia, use in transporting lumber across the Banff National Park?

5. Have licences been issued for the year 1955 to Mr. A. C. Howell; Mr. Moffat; and Langridge Bros., for the purpose of transporting lumber and/or other produce across the Banff National Park?

Mr. Bryson—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Was the Indian Affairs' headquarters at Stoney Rapids closed for any period during the months of June, July or August, 1954?

2. If so, what was the reason for closing the establishment?

3. Did the Indians of the community have meat stored in the refrigerator at these headquarters?

4. If so, was any provision made to enable the Indians to get meat out of the locker when the headquarters was closed?

5. Were any complaints received by officials of the Indian Affairs' Branch in regard to the closing of the headquarters?

Mr. Quelch—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many farmers received payments under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in subdivisions Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of special district number 3, in the Province of Alberta, for the crop of 1953?

2. What were their names and the location of land on which payments were made?

3. What was the amount of payment and average yield per acre in each case?

4. What was the cause of crop failure in each case, drought, hail or frost?

Mr. Robichaud—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total catch of cod landed in Gloucester County, New Brunswick, in each of the following years: 1925, 1930, 1935, 1940, 1945, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. What was the total catch of flounders or plaice landed in Gloucester County, New Brunswick, in each of the above mentioned years?

3. What was the total catch of haddock landed in Gloucester County, New Brunswick, in each of the years mentioned in question 1?

4. What was the total number of draggers licenced in Gloucester County, in each year from 1947 to 1954 inclusive?

Mr. Gillis—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should take into consideration the advisability of the establishment of a national fuels policy to correlate coal, electricity, natural gas and oil, so that they may be used in their proper economic areas throughout the country.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 15	
277	Banking and Commerce.....	11.00 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 28

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 15TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Seven petitions were laid upon the Table.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 93 (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies".

Bill No. 94 (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit".

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that he had received a communication from two Members, notifying him that a vacancy had occurred in the representation, as follows:

Of Robert Fair, Esquire, Member for the Electoral District of Battle River-Camrose, by decease.

And that he had addressed his warrant to the Chief Electoral Officer for the issue of a new writ of election for the said electoral district.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER-CAMROSE

Dominion of CANADA To wit: } House of Commons

To the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons:

We, the undersigned, hereby give notice that a vacancy has occurred in the representation in the House of Commons, for the Electoral District of Battle River-Camrose, as a consequence of the death on November 11th, 1954, of Robert Fair, Member for Battle River-Camrose.

Given under our Hands and Seals, at Ottawa, this 14th day of February, 1955.

CHAS. E. JOHNSTON (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Bow River.

VICTOR QUELCH (L.S.)
Member for the Electoral District of Acadia.

Mr. Croll, from the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That the quorum be reduced from 15 members to 10 and that Standing Order 63 (1) (d) be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That permission be granted to sit while the House is sitting.

3. That it be empowered to print such papers and evidence as may be ordered by the Committee, and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Croll, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Croll, from the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce, presented the Second Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered Bill No. 9 (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation", and has agreed to report the said Bill without amendment.

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Return of unclaimed balances etc. in the chartered banks of Canada as at December 31, 1954 pursuant to Section 119(1) of the Bank Act, Chapter 48, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

And also,—Return of unclaimed balances etc. in the banks incorporated under the Quebec Savings Banks Act, as at December 31, 1954, pursuant to section 93(1) of the said Act, Chapter 41, Statutes of Canada, 1953-54.

Mr. McCann, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 124, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. McCann, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 125, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Martin moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Blind Persons Act to lower the age for eligible recipients from twenty-one years to eighteen years, and also to increase the maximum annual incomes allowed to recipients.

Whereupon, Mr. Martin, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

The Order being read for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply;

Mr. Harris moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.

And the question being proposed;

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Churchill, moved in amendment thereto: That the motion be amended by deleting therefrom all the words after the word "That" and substituting therefor the following:

> "in the opinion of this House, the immigration policy of the Government is not clear, consistent or coordinated; is not in conformity with the needs or the responsibilities of Canada; and in its administration denies simple justice to Canadians and non-Canadians alike."

And a Debate arising thereon and continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 24, 25 and 26, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Tustin: That Bill No. 2, An Act to provide equal pay for equal work for Women, be now read the second time.

And after further Debate; the question being put on the said motion, it was negatived on the following division.

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss), Argue, Barnett, Bell, Bennett (Miss) (Halton), Blackmore, Blair, Bryce, Cameron (Nanaimo), Campbell, Cardiff, Castleden, Charlton, Churchill, Crestohl, Croll, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Dufresne, Dupuis, Ellis, Fairclough (Mrs.), Fleming, Fraser (Peterborough), Fulton, Gagnon, Gillis, Goode, Green, Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce), Hamilton (York West), Hansell, Harkness, Hees, Herridge, Hodgson, Hollingworth, Holowach, Howe (Wellington-Huron), Johnson (Kindersley), Johnston (Bow River), Jones, Knight, Knowles, Leboe, Lennard, Low, Macdonnell (Greenwood), MacDougall, MacInnis, MacLean, McGregor, Mitchell (London), Monteith, Murphy (Lambton West), Nesbitt, Nicholson, Nickle, Noseworthy, Nowlan, Patterson, Pearkes, Philpott, Quelch, Richard (Ottawa East), Robinson (Bruce), Rouleau, Rowe, Shaw, Shipley (Mrs.), Small, Stanton, Starr, Thomas, Trainor, Tustin, White (Hastings-Frontenac), White (Middlesex East), White (Waterloo South), Winch, Wylie, Yuill, Zaplitny—83.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson, Applewhite, Ashbourne, Balcom, Batten, Benidickson, Bennett (Grey North), Boisvert, Bonnier, Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie), Bourget, Bourque, Brisson, Brown (Brantford), Buchanan, Byrne, Cameron (High Park), Cannon, Cardin, Caron, Carrick, Carter, Cauchon, Cavers, Cloutier, Dechêne, Deschatelets, Dickey, Enfield, Fairey, Follwell, Fraser (St. John's East), Gardiner, Garland, Garson, Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean), Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Gingras, Gour (Russell), Gregg, Habel, Hardie, Harris, Harrison, Hellyer,

Henderson,
Henry,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port-Arthur),
Huffman,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
Maltais,
Marler,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Pouliot,
Proudfoot,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Simcoe East),
St. Laurent,
Simmons,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Tucker,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
Winters—107.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired.

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Fulton in amendment thereto.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Fleming, adjourned.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are records kept of visitors at various historic sites?

2. If so, how many visitors registered at each of the historic sites during the season of 1954?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In what year was the National Harbours Board Act proclaimed?

2. What has been the cost of operation for each of the fiscal years from coming into effect to the last fiscal year, under the following headings (*a*) administration; (*b*) capital expenditures; (*c*) maintenance; (*d*) all other expenses?

Mr. Harrison—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What control does the Department of National Health and Welfare have in protecting the public from possible dangers to health in the use of new insecticides?

*Mr. Argue**—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does Canada possess any (*a*) atomic bombs; (*b*) atomic weapons of any kind?

2. Does Canada permit the transport of atomic bombs from any foreign country (*a*) into Canada; (*b*) through Canada? If so, from what foreign countries?

3. Did any official of the Department of Defence Production or any other department make any statement regarding the passage of atomic bombs into or through Canada (*a*) in the week ending January 29, 1955; (*b*) at any other time since December 1, 1954?

4. If so, (*a*) what is the name of the official; (*b*) to whom did he make the statement; (*c*) who authorized such a statement to be made?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the regulations now in effect respecting the acceptance by Canadians of decorations from Foreign Governments?

2. Have any awards been made to Canadians by Foreign Governments in the last year, in which there has been no compliance with Canadian regulations? If so, by which Foreign Governments?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many Administrative Officers in the Civil Service, by departments, have been made permanent, year by year, since the first day of January, 1952, by passing civil service examinations for clerks grades 1 and 2A?

Mr. Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is it a fact there are some sixteen hundred school children not attending school in Restigouche County, New Brunswick, whose parents are in receipt of family allowances?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many prosecutions were instituted under the Family Allowance Act during the calendar year 1954?

2. What were the results of these prosecutions?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many immigrant children were registered for family allowances in the calendar year 1954?

Mr. Hodgson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did a Canadian National Railways special car make any trips to Lakefield, Ontario, in 1954? If so, how many?

2. Who occupied the car on these trips?

3. What was the mission of such trips?

4. Was any payment made to the Canadian National Railways and, if so, by whom and how much?

Mr. Hodgson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much duty was collected on hardwood lumber and hardwood flooring imported from the United States in each of the years, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

*Mr. Knowles**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the office of the National Co-ordinator of Civilian Rehabilitation and the corresponding provincial offices, dated at any time since January 1, 1954, regarding proposals for, and the amount of federal contributions to, the rehabilitation budgets of the various provinces.

Mr. Argue—On Thursday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act. (Age of Voters)".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 17	
497	Special Committee on Estimates (*Organization*).....	10.30 a.m.
	Friday, February 18	
Sixteen	Joint Committee on the Library of Parliament.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 29

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 16TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Seventy petitions were laid upon the Table.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Ninth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 15, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of The Eastern Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-day Adventists and The Western Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-day Adventists for an Act to unite the said bodies under the name of The Canadian Union Conference Corporation of Seventh-day Adventists.—*Mr. Croll.*

Of The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation.—*Mr. Forgie.*

Of Richard Alexander Cruickshank of Regina, Saskatchewan, and others of the same place and elsewhere, for an Act to incorporate "S & M Pipeline Limited".—*Mr. McIlraith.*

Of Sharp & Dohme (Canada) Ltd. of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to grant an effective filing date of July 20, 1950, to Canadian Patent Application Serial Number 672036, being an application for a patent upon the invention of James M. Sprague and Charles S. Miller entitled "Improvements in Alkylsulfamyl Benzoic Acids".—*Mr. McIlraith.*

Of The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada for an Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the said Institute.—*Mr. Deschatelets.*

Of Joseph Flavelle Barrett and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Westspur Pipe Line Company.—*Mr. McIlraith.*

Of Frank H. Brown and others of Vancouver, British Columbia, and Ottawa, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate "Yukon Pipelines Limited". —*Mr. McIlraith.*

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Statement of leases of wharves, piers and breakwaters for 1954, pursuant to Section 18 of the Government Harbours and Piers Act, Chapter 135, R.S.C., 1952.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 93 (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 94 (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Knowles:—1. How many persons in Canada, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, are in receipt of old age security?

2. How many persons, if any, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, in receipt of old age security, are receiving less than $40 a month?

3. For what reasons and by what authority are the pension payments to such persons less than $40 a month?

By Mr. Maltais:—1. Does the Federal Government own the bed of the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, the approaches adjacent to the said wharf, and the entrance to such wharf?

2. If so, has the government leased, wholly or partly, the land owned by it along the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, and for what consideration?

3. Since what date has this land been leased, and has there been a change of lessees in the last ten years?

4. If there has been a change of lessees, on what date did it occur and who is the holder of the existing lease?

5. What amount has been received by the government on account of such lease to February 1, 1955?

By Mr. Quelch:—1. How many farmers received payments under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in subdivisions Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of special district number 3, in the Province of Alberta, for the crop of 1953?

2. What were their names and the location of land on which payments were made?

3. What was the amount of payment and average yield per acre in each case?

4. What was the cause of crop failure in each case, drought, hail or frost?

Item numbered 1 under the heading "Notices of Motions" having been again called, was, by unanimous consent, allowed to stand and retain its position on the Order Paper.

Mr. Herridge, seconded by Mr. Knight, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of calling a Dominion-Provincial Conference on conservation with a view to the establishment of a national policy on soil, forest and water conservation and land use for Canada.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Gardiner, adjourned.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

By unanimous consent, on motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That in relation to the adjourned debate on the motion of the Minister of Finance that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply, and on the amendment thereto, moved February 15, the provisions of Standing Order 28 be suspended for Thursday, February 17, 1955.

At 6.03 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Johnston (Bow River)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the government taken steps to have the cow-fence erected by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Lake Louise removed?

2. How much land is owned and/or leased by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Lake Louise, and how close to the water's edge does this come?

Mr. Thatcher—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What steps, if any, has the Canadian Wheat Board, or any other government agency, taken in the past year to sell wheat to Russia?

Mr. Hamilton (York West)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When was the Royal Canadian Air Force, Chatham, New Brunswick, base established?

2. When was the Chatham, New Brunswick, Royal Canadian Air Force base first used for jet aircraft training?

3. How many flying accidents have occurred involving the use of jet aircraft based at Chatham, New Brunswick, Royal Canadian Air Force base?

4. How many Royal Canadian Air Force personnel have been killed in such accidents?

Mr. Churchill—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What has been the total cost of transportation for the wives and children of the Canadian Forces Overseas from Canada to the United Kingdom and Europe and return for the years 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. What is the estimated cost of such transportation for the year 1955?

3. What has been the total cost of providing married quarters for the Canadian Army and Royal Canadian Air Force in the United Kingdom and in Europe, for the years 1952, 1953, 1954, under the headings: (*a*) capital cost; (*b*) maintenance?

4. What is the estimated cost of construction and maintenance of such married quarters for the year 1955?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is John A. Aitken formerly of Ottawa, in the employ of the Prince Albert National Park?

2. If so, when was he appointed, what is his position, and what is the salary?

Mr. Churchill—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many officers and other ranks of the Canadian Army and of the Royal Canadian Air Force are now in: (*a*) The United Kingdom; (*b*) Europe; (*c*) Korea and adjacent areas?

2. How many in the above categories are; (*a*) single; (*b*) married?

3. How many (*a*) wives; (*b*) children, of these officers and other ranks are in (i) The United Kingdom; (ii) Europe; (iii) Korean Theatre?

4. What are the corresponding figures for the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. How many children per family are there in the above categories?

6. How many of these children are enrolled in schools operated at the expense of the Canadian Government and in what countries?

7. How many teachers are employed in these schools, (*a*) Canadians; (*b*) others?

8. What grades are provided and the enrolment in each?

9. What is the total cost of the educational program for the children of Canadian servicemen in the United Kingdom and in Europe under the headings of: (*a*) capital cost for buildings; (*b*) yearly maintenance; (*c*) salaries of teachers and other staff?

Mr. Small—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the total Indian population of Canada?

2. How many Indian reservations are there in Canada, and where are they located?

3. How many Indians reside in each reservation?

Mr. Low—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the revenue for the fiscal years 1950-51 to 1953-54 inclusive, of each of the following post offices in the Peace River area of Alberta; Beaverlodge, Peace River, Spirit River, Hythe?

*Mr. Zaplitny**—On Friday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, and other documents, exchanged between the government or any department thereof and the following companies or any representative thereof: (*a*) The Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company, since January 1, 1946, relative to the question of tax liability and/or tax remission for the years 1946 to 1952 inclusive.

*Mr. Zaplitny**—On Friday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of the decision of the Exchequer Court and of the Income Tax Appeal Board hearing upon the dispute as to tax liability between the Government of Canada and the following corporations: (*a*) The Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 17	
497	Special Committee on Estimates (*Organization*).....	10.30 a.m.
	Friday, February 18	
Sixteen	Joint Committee on the Library of Parliament.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 30

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 17TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Fifteen petitions were laid upon the Table.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Tenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 16, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Joseph Adalbert, *alias* Georges Beaudoin, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeanne Jacqueline Plante Beaudoin.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Vivian Ruth Law Alarie, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of Georges M. Alarie of Fresniere, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Delmar Ross Andreis of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Goudreau Andreis.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Georges Barry of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Chartrand Barry.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Fanny (Feny) Zonberg Bass, wife of Issie Bass of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Phyllis Lucy Stiles Beal, wife of John Robert Beal of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Esfi Pinkus Berger, now residing in Outremont, Quebec, wife of Jakub Berger of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marilyn Irene Damer Brophey, wife of John Allard Brophey of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lorna Greenberg Buium, wife of Sol Hyman Buium of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Veronica Hamilton Campbell, wife of William Gray Campbell of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of William Eugene Chabot of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mary Hope Patricia Smyth Chabot, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Roberta Margaret Gilpin Chadsey, now residing in Thorold, Ontario, wife of John Elwin Chadsey of Ayers Cliff, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Winnifred Herbert Chapman, wife of Earl Chapman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Norva Florence Farley, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Joseph Albert Farley of Ste. Rose, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rose Bowman Fox, wife of Leonard Lazarus Fox of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Bernice Balinsky Friedman, wife of Bernard Cullen Friedman of Outremont, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marie Therese Jeannette Mainville Froment, now residing in Cap-de-la Madeleine, Quebec, wife of Pierre Joseph Wilfrid Froment of Joliette, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Clara Gaetan Milot Fullerton, wife of Gordon Arthur Francis Fullerton of Westmount, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Henri Marcel Giguere of Ste. Rose, Quebec, husband of Laurette Petit Giguere, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Madelyn Jane Picard Gilbert, now residing in Galt, Ontario, wife of Hugh Robert Gilbert of Sherbrooke, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Cameron Brown Gravenor, wife of Colin Alexander Gravenor of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of William Michael Grayburn of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Alexandrina Joss Grayburn.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marguerite Gladys Letitia Mathers Grimsdale, wife of Ernest Lewis Grimsdale of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jeannette Hatsedakis Haeck, wife of Leopold Haeck of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eugenie Lorraine Hutchison Hanley, wife of John Lawrence Hanley of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Erna Reiter Kastelberger, now residing in Verdun, Quebec, wife of Peter Kastelberger of St. Johns, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Andre Labreche of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marguerite Downs Labreche, now residing in Dorion, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Yvette Cayer Lefebvre, wife of Armand Lefebvre of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey, now residing in Victoria, British Columbia, wife of Paul Harvey Lindsey of Mount Royal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Benjamin Franklin Luther of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mollie Downer Luther.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Glendon Joseph Lynes of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Weston, Ontario, husband of Irina Korsun Lynes.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George James Marshall of Knowlton, Quebec, husband of Hilda Mary Arnold Marshall.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Alsye May Lissemore Masterson, now residing in l'Abord à Plouffe, Quebec, wife of John Bernard Richard Masterson of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Donald John McGillivray of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Mildred Eileen Shufflebotham McGillivray, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Eldora Mary Mills Pope, wife of Gerald Lionel Pope of Sherbrooke, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Susan Waldman Ruttenberg, wife of Edward Ruttenberg of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George Gerald Melville Scally of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Eleanor Doris Walker Scally.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of David Benjamin Shaw of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Amy Adina Patrick Shaw, *alias* Mrs. M. Cowan.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mimi Aberback Sherback, wife of Max Sherback of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lily Shenker Silverton, wife of Fred Silverton of Montreal, Quebec. —*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Laurette Boivin Simard.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Aline Mailloux Simoneau, wife of Urbain Simoneau of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Edna Florence Helen Dawson Smith, now residing in Longueuil, Quebec, wife of Robert William Smith of Magog, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Freda Marie Johnston Storey, now residing in Ville LaSalle, Quebec, wife of Howard Maxwell Storey of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Rosaire Jacques Rene Tetrault of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Anita Felice Toupin Tetrault.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Charles Edouard Thibodeau of Doheny, Quebec, husband of Alice Masse Thibodeau, now residing in Shawinigan Falls, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Yolande Joos Thompson, wife of Leonard Thompson of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Irving Umansky of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mollie Schwartz Umansky.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Edwin Albert Verge of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Sarah Elizabeth Le Blond Verge.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Anne Rynski Vincent, wife of Louis Philippe Vincent of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Marian Douglas Jodrey Wallace, now residing in Northport, Nova Scotia, wife of Harold Huntington Wallace of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Violet Ruby Baxter Williamson, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of William George Williamson of Montreal North, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ruth Nourse Tomlinson Wilson, wife of Peter Drummond Wilson of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Sylvia Knelman Wiseman, now residing in Westmount, Quebec, wife of Henry Isidore Wiseman of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Jeanne Jacqueline Content Brown, wife of George Allan Brown of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mildred Helena Seale Darker, wife of James Wilbur Alexander Darker of Mackayville, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Catherine Leitner Bouchard Frankenburg, wife of Louis Frankenburg of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mabel Florence Adams Hadden, wife of James Hadden of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Francoise (Frances) Marguerite Beaudin Karibian, wife of Ashod (Archie Martin) Karibian of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Theophile Kulczycki of Ste. Sophie, Quebec, husband of Teklia (Tillie) Yaniw (Yinow) Kulczycki, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Joseph Armand Jacques Phaneuf of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Diana Lucile Milette Phaneuf.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Mary Elizabeth Lorraine Callard Ramsay, wife of Derek Stuart Ramsay of Westmount, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Kenneth Rae Story of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helen Josephina Kaminski Story.—*Mr. Hunter.*

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Eleventh Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 16, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Reginald Leonard Young and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Canadian Pacific Railway Company and The Fredericton & Grand Lake Coal & Railway Company for an Act to provide for the transfer of the assets of the latter to Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—*Mr. Murphy* (Westmorland).

Of The Dominion of Canada General Insurance Company of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to reduce, reclassify and subdivide its capital stock, and to confirm its present capital position.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of George L. McMahon and others of Calgary, Alberta, and Ottawa, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate "Petroleum Transmission Company".—*Mr. Fairey.*

Of The Honourable Alphonse Raymond and others of Montreal and Outremont, Quebec, for an Act to incorporate The Provident Assurance Company and, in French "La Prévoyance Compagnie d'Assurances".—*Mr. Eudes.*

Of Charles Herbert Smale and others of Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company.—*Mr. Nixon.*

Of Clifford Richard John Smith and others of Toronto, Ontario, and elsewhere for an Act to incorporate Stanmount Pipe Line Company.—*Mr. Hellyer.*

Mr. Tucker, from the Special Committee on Estimates, presented the First Report of the said Committee, as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That it be empowered to print, from day to day, 750 copies in English and 250 copies in French of its Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence, and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That its quorum be reduced from 14 members to 10 members.

3. That permission be granted to sit while the House is sitting.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Tucker, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 2, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Since March 31, 1954, how many contracts, if any, have been let by the Department of National Defence, the Department of Defence Production or the Department of Public Works, (*a*) on a basis of "cost plus a percent"; (*b*) on a basis of "cost plus a fixed fee"?

2. What was the dollar value of each such contract, and to what company was it given?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Is the importation into Canada of Dietylstilbestrol in any form permitted?

2. If so, what quantities have been imported since January 1, 1953?

3. By whom were the imports made, and under whose authority were permits issued?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 14, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many buildings have been constructed since January 1, 1950, for the Department of National Revenue and/or its employees at the following places of entry into New Brunswick from the State of Maine; (*a*) Union Corner; (*b*) Woodstock; (*c*) Belleville; (*d*) Bloomfield; (*e*) River DeChute; (*f*) Mare Hill Road; (*g*) Beaconsfield; (*h*) Andover; (*i*) Four Falls; (*j*) Grand Falls; (*k*) Hamlin; (*l*) Fosterville?

2. Of the above buildings, how many (*a*) houses, showing number of rooms; (*b*) garages, single or double; (*c*) offices; (*d*) terminals?

3. What is the type of construction of each?

4. What is the total cost of each, including furnishings, heating systems, grading, and lawns and fences?

5. Are any vacant at the present? If so, how many?

6. Are any buildings under construction at any of these places?

7. If so, of what nature and what has been the expenditure on each to date?

Mr. Robertson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Health and Welfare, presented,—Return to an Address of February 2, 1955 to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since the first day of February 1954, which have passed between any department of the Provincial Governments of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and any department of the Federal Government, relative to the pollution of the North Saskatchewan River, and any recommendations which have been determined upon to meet the situation on the said river, or in general, on interprovincial rivers.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Fulton be substituted for that of Miss Aitken; and

That the name of Mr. Green be substituted for that of Mr. Starr; and

That the name of Mr. Montgomery be substituted for that of Mr. Fleming on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 126, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Age of Voters), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Studer:—1. How many pounds of (*a*) beef and veal, including fresh, canned and other forms; (*b*) pork, including fresh pork, bacons, hams, cured, smoked and canned; (*c*) mutton and lamb; (*d*) poultry, dressed and undressed; (*e*) cheese, have been exported from Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. To what countries and of what dollar value in each case?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. Have any eggs, fresh, frozen or dried, been imported into Canada since January 1, 1950?

2. If so, what quantities have been imported from each of the countries concerned?

3. What was the dollar value of these imports?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Shaw:—1. What procedure is followed by each department of government and/or government agency or branch, when purchasing motor vehicles for its own use?

2. Are all such vehicles serviced by the selling agency?

3. If so, what is the method that is followed with respect to such servicing?

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—How many Administrative Officers in the Civil Service, by departments, have been made permanent, year by year, since the first day of January, 1952, by passing civil service examinations for clerks grades 1 and 2A?

Pursuant to special order made Wednesday, February 16, 1955, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Fulton in amendment thereto.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Dinsdale, adjourned.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

By unanimous consent, on motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That in relation to the adjourned debate on the motion of the Minister of Finance that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply, and on the amendment thereto, moved February 15, the provisions of Standing Order 28 be suspended for Friday, February 18, 1955.

At 10.08 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. McMillan—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What is the Department of National Health and Welfare doing to ensure that supplies of Salk polio vaccine are made available to the provinces for their use this year?

Mr. Noseworthy—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many immigrants entered Canada from each European country during 1953 and 1954?

2. In what European countries does Canada maintain immigration offices?

3. In each case, where is the office located, what was the total number of employees in each office and the total salary paid during 1953 and 1954?

4. What are the names of any organizations working with the Department of Immigration or working privately to bring immigrants into Canada?

5. What are the names of organizations or individuals charged with aiding the illegal entry of immigrants into Canada, and in each case, how many immigrants have been brought in illegally and from what countries?

6. What steps are taken by immigration offices to (*a*) check the police record or citizenship record of each immigrant recruited by such organization; (*b*) check the health and freedom from communicable disease of each immigrant recruited by such organization?

7. During 1953 and 1954 how many immigrants have been deported back to each country and for what reasons?

Mr. Noseworthy—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the number of automobiles imported into Canada each year since 1945 inclusive?

2. From what countries have these been imported and what is the number from each country for each year since 1945 inclusive?

3. For what makes of automobiles assembled or built in Canada may parts be imported duty free?

4. What automobile companies doing business in Canada since 1945 have been unable to meet the tariff regulation of 40% made in British Commonwealth content on auto parts?

5. Have any of these companies discontinued the building of cars in Canada because of their inability to meet the above-mentioned regulation?

6. If so, what companies have thus been affected in the past two years and what makes and models of automobiles have ceased to be assembled in Canada for this cause?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many lawyers, by provinces, have been engaged by the Department of National Revenue, during each of the last five years, to write letters or take other steps in connection with the collection of sales taxes?

2. How much has been collected as the result of such efforts?

3. What is the total amount paid to such lawyers, by provinces, during each of the past five years, for such services?

4. Why does the Department of National Revenue not write such letters and do such work itself?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has consideration been given to the setting up of a Sales Tax Appeal Board, similar to the Income Tax Appeal Board, so that appeals against any alleged unfairness in the imposition of sales taxes might be heard?

2. If so, what is the result of such consideration?

3. If not, will such consideration be given?

Mr. Michener—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In administering the Citizenship Act what does the Toronto area comprise?

2. In this area how many applications for citizenship were awaiting hearing on November 30th and December 31, 1954, and on January 31, 1955?

3. In this area how many applications were heard in each of these months?

4. How many Judges conduct such hearings?

5. How many certificates of citizenship were granted in this area in each of the years 1946 to 1954 inclusive?

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—To what extent is the Government financially responsible in the acceptance of tenders by the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority?

Mr. Holowach—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—With respect to Old Age Security Legislation:

1. How many people 70 years of age and over are presently residing in each of the provinces of Canada?

2. How many persons in each province are presently receiving Old Age Security Pensions?

3. How many Canadian citizens in each province are disqualified from receiving old age security by reason that they have not been resident in Canada for 20 years?

4. Has the Government considered the advisability of reducing the residence requirement to the 5 year term required by the Naturalization Act?

5. Has the Government considered introducing legislation during this session making the old age security pension available as soon as persons become Canadian Citizens?

The Minister of National Revenue—On Monday next—That a select committee be appointed on broadcasting to consider the annual report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and to review the policies and aims of the corporation and its regulations, revenues, expenditures and development, with power to examine and inquire into the matters and things herein referred to and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, and to send for persons, papers and records; that the committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be deemed advisable

or necessary; that the committee have power to meet while the House is sitting; that the committee shall consist of the following Members; Messrs: Balcer, Beaudry, Boisvert, Bryson, Carter, Cauchon, Decore, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Fleming, Gauthier (Portneuf), Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Goode, Hansell, Henry, Holowach, Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, McCann, Monteith, Reinke, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robichaud, Studer, Weaver. That Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, February 18	
Sixteen	Joint Committee on the Library of Parliament.....	11.00 a.m.
	Tuesday, February 22	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 31

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 18TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Twelfth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 17, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of the Village of Baudette, Minnesota, U.S.A., for an Act to grant authority to the said village to construct, operate, and maintain an international toll bridge across the Rainy River, connecting the Village of Baudette, Minnesota, with the Town of Rainy River, Ontario.—*Mr. Benidickson.*

Of The Commercial Travellers' Association of Canada for an Act to repeal the provision in Chapter 120 of the Statutes of 1882 which requires that amendments to the by-laws of the Association be subject to the approval of the Governor-in-Council.—*Mr. Michener.*

Of Trans-Prairie Pipelines, Ltd., of Winnipeg, Manitoba, incorporated under the Statutes of the Province of Manitoba, for an Act to authorize it to construct, own and operate an extra-provincial pipe line or pipe lines.—*Mr. Weaver.*

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Thirteenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on February 17, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that the requirements of Standing Order 68 have been complied with in each case:—

Of Jean Page White Borrie, now residing in Hampstead, Quebec, wife of Cornelius Ward Borrie of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Dorothea Josephine Forbes Chaffey, now residing in Chateauguay, Quebec, wife of Charles Donald Chaffey of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Florence Bloomfield Cichella, now residing in Hampstead, Quebec, wife of Louis Cichella of Montreal, Quebec, now of parts unknown.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Ernest Augustus Lepage of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Elsie May Lewis Lepage.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of James McMartin of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Elsie Victoria Nash McMartin, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Barbara Bennett Roach, wife of Wilfred John Roach of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Alfred Sevigny of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Jeannette Boucher Sevigny, now residing in Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Charles John Urban of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helen Hermina Fenyvessy Urban, now residing in the United States of America.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Lorraine Bennet Favreau Williams, wife of John Kenneth Williams of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Helen Margaret Robb Woods, now residing in Lachine, Quebec, wife of James Parke Woods of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Durning Mullins, wife of Lawrence Thomas Mullins of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Of Margaret Francis Kennedy Bailie, wife of Robert James Bailie of Montreal, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. MacNaught, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Fisheries, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Fisheries for the year ended March 31, 1954.

Pursuant to Special Order made Thursday, February 17, 1955, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Churchill, in amendment thereto:—That the motion be amended by deleting therefrom all the words after the word "That" and substituting therefor the following:

"in the opinion of this House, the immigration policy of the Government is not clear, consistent or coordinated; is not in conformity with the needs or the responsibilities of Canada; and in its administration denies simple justice to Canadians and non-Canadians alike."

After further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bell,
Blackmore,
Blair,
Brooks,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Drew,
Dufresne,
Ellis,
Fulton,
Gillis,
Girard,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton (York West),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Lennard,
Low,
MacInnis,
MacLean,
McCullough (Moose-Mountain),
McLeod,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Monteith,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Noseworthy,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Robinson (Bruce),
Shaw,
Stanton,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
Winch,
Zaplitny—62.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Boisvert,
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Demers,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Follwell,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hardie,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Henry,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McIlraith,
McIvor,
Martin,
Massé,
Michaud,
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nixon,
Pearson,
Philpott,
Picard,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),

Proudfoot,	Robertson,	Shipley (Mrs.),	Viau,
Purdy,	Robichaud,	Simmons,	Villeneuve,
Ratelle,	Robinson	Sinclair,	Weaver,
Reinke,	(Simcoe East),	Stick,	Weir,
Richard	Ross,	Stuart (Charlotte),	Weselak,
(Ottawa East),	Rouleau,	Studer,	Winters,
Richardson,	St. Laurent,	Tucker,	Wylie—111.
Roberge,	Schneider,	Valois,	

And Debate continuing on the main motion;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Private Bills)

The Bill No. 9 (Letter G of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation", was considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 93, (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies";

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon; the question being put on the said motion, it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bill).

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 94, (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit";

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon; the question being put on the said motion, it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bill).

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".

(Public Bills)

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 8, An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act (Misbranding);

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Brooks, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Knight, adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply.

And the Debate continuing;

At 10.03 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this eighteenth day of February, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Monday, February 21:

Bill No. 93 (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 94 (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Follwell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What, if anything, is being done by the Federal Government to aid children with cleft palates or with other severe dento-facial deformities?

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did public contracts of the Department of Public Works contain the following clause in any year since 1934:

> "Transportation of material and plant: All material and plant used in connection with the execution of this contract must be transported over railways operating in Canada, or waterways, to the greatest possible extent".

2. Do present contracts contain this clause now?

3. If not, when was the clause deleted, by whose order, and for what reason?

4. Has the deleted clause been replaced by any comparable clause directing the transportation of material and plant used in the execution of contracts?

Mr. Campbell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many deaths were there in Canada, from cardio-vascular diseases, tuberculosis and cancer, during 1953 and 1954?

2. Is heart disease increasing every year, and far out-stripping all other diseases as the nation's big killer?

Mr. Nowlan—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has a contract been awarded for the construction of a ferry terminal at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia?

2. If so, (*a*) what is the name of the contractor; (*b*) what is the amount of the contract; (*c*) does the amount of the contract include all expenditures, other than for the purchase of land, which will be required for the construction and establishment of the ferry terminal; (*d*) on what date is the contractor required to complete the contract; (*e*) does the information available to the Department of Transport indicate that the contract will be completed on or before the said date?

3. Were tenders called for, and if so, what other firms or persons tendered, and what was the amount of each tender?

Mr. Nowlan—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What firms or persons are occupying or using property, (excepting piers, cold storage plant and buildings and equipment incidental thereto) of the National Harbours Board at Halifax?

2. What are all of the terms and conditions of such use and occupation?

Mr. Forgie—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What assistance has been given in the past two years through the National Health Program for post-graduate training of nurses in the care of mothers and children?

Mr. White (Middlesex East)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many deportation orders, by provinces, have been issued by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration in each of the five calendar years 1949 to 1954, inclusive?

2. What are the reasons or grounds on which each of such orders were issued?

3. Were all of the said orders executed?

4. If not, how many are not executed, and for what reason?

Mr. Dufresne—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amount has the Federal Government collected annually in each province from personal income tax, since the last renewal of the tax rental agreement?

2. What annual amount has each province received in return, under the tax rental agreement?

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have the plans for the location and construction of that portion of the Trans-Canada Highway in British Columbia, between Chase and Sorrento, British Columbia, yet been completed?

2. If so, do they call for the elimination of the level crossing over the Canadian Pacific mainline at a point East of Chase, where the highway first reaches the shore of Little Shuswap Lake?

3. Is it proposed to replace this level crossing by an overhead crossing?

4. If not, what type of crossing is planned?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Income Tax Act".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 22	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 32

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 21ST FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Eighth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Eighth Report:—

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:—

Of Doris Wagner Arkin, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of William Arkin, *alias* William Garfield Aikin, of Hull, Quebec.

Of Georges Barry of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Therese Chartrand Barry.

Of Winnifred Herbert Chapman, wife of Earl Chapman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon of Dorion, Quebec, husband of Marie Eliettee Bouchard D'Avignon.

Of Myrtle Ada Lewin Derbridge, wife of Albert Walter Derbridge of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham, wife of John Boyd Graham of Montreal, Quebec.

Of William Michael Grayburn of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Alexandrina Joss Grayburn.

Of Marguerite Gladys Letitia Mathers Grimsdale, wife of Ernest Lewis Grimsdale of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Black Guthrie, wife of John Guthrie of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Jeannette Hatsedakis Haeck, wife of Leopold Haeck of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mayo Arthur Perrin Harrigan of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Margaret Newcombe Layton Harrigan, now residing in Great Village, Nova Scotia.

Of Joyce Davies Javallas, wife of Nicholas Javallas of Verdun, Qeubec.

Of Erna Reiter Kastelberger, wife of Peter Kastelberger of St. Johns, Quebec.

Of Blanche Shurge Labelle, wife of Jean Paul Labelle of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marie Irma Marquette Lalonde, wife of Paul Lalonde of County of the Two Mountains, Quebec.

Of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey, now residing in Victoria, British Columbia, wife of Paul Harvey Lindsey of Mount Royal, Quebec.

Of Elizabeth Blanche Nelson Mallozzi, wife of Leonardo Dante Mallozzi of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Rocco Aldo Amaedeo Mastrocola of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marjorie Mettam Mastrocola .

Of Albert Menard of Beaconsfield, Quebec, husband of Gabrielle Menard Menard.

Of Kurth Sauer of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Erika Luise Johanna Burk Sauer.

Of David Benjamin Shaw of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Amy Adina Patrick Shaw, *alias* Mrs. M. Cowan.

Of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Laurette Boivin Simard.

Of Franga Beryl Harker Stinson, wife of Walter Kennedy Stinson of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec.

Of Izrael Szer of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helga Vera Ruth Eisermann Szer.

Of George Daniel van der Beek of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Bertha Sandra Klisivitch van der Beek.

Of Ethel Cope Veary, wife of Percy Veary of Ste. Dorothee, Quebec.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Ninth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Ninth Report:—

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, and finds that all the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:—

Of The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited, of New Carlisle, Quebec, for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation.

Of Reginald Leonard Young and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company.

Of The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and The Corporation of the City of London for an Act to confirm an agreement between both parties and to provide, *inter alia*, for the transfer of the assets of the Company to the Corporation.

Of The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation.

Of The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada for an Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the said Institute.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Has the Federal Government, or any Minister thereof, given consideration to inviting the appropriate representatives of the various provinces to meet for the purpose of discussing highway safety programmes in order that efforts might be made to reduce the number of deaths and injuries on our highways?

2. If so, what is the result of such consideration?

3. Has a tentative date for such a meeting been proposed?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What amount has been spent by the Department of National Defence at the Mont-Joli airport since 1940?

2. What amount has been spent at the Mont-Joli airport by the Department of Transport since its transfer from the Department of National Defence?

3. What are the existing facilities at the Mont-Joli airport for commercial transportation such as, runways, lighting, hangars, radio direction, etc?

4. What amount was spent during the last five years by the Department of Transport at the Rimouski municipal airport?

5. What is the distance by air between the towns of Rimouski and Mont-Joli?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copies of Orders in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as folows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-28 of January 4, 1955: Approving the revised capital budget of Eldorado Mining and Refining Limited for 1954.

Order in Council P.C. 1955-240 of February 17, 1955: Approving the capital budgets of Eldorado Mining and Refining Limited and Northern Transportation Company Limited for 1955.

Order in Council P.C. 1955-239 of February 17, 1955: Approving the capital budget of Atomic Energy of Canada Limited for the financial year 1955-56.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Johnston (Bow River) be substituted for that of Mr. Shaw on the Special Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions of capital punishment, corporal punishment and lotteries; and

That a Message be sent to the Senate to acquaint Their Honours thereof.

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Argue, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 163, An Act to amend the Income Tax Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Balcom:—1. In what year was the National Harbours Board Act proclaimed?

2. What has been the cost of operation for each of the fiscal years from coming into effect to the last fiscal year, under the following headings (*a*) administration; (*b*) capital expenditures; (*c*) maintenance; (*d*) all other expenses?

By Mr. Nowlan:—1. What firms or persons are occupying or using property, (excepting piers, cold storage plant and buildings and equipment incidental thereto) of the National Harbours Board at Halifax?

2. What are all of the terms and conditions of such use and occupation?

The following Addresses were voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Knowles: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the office of the National Co-ordinator of Civilian Rehabilitation and the corresponding provincial offices, dated at any time since January 1, 1954, regarding proposals for, and the amount of federal contributions to, the rehabilitation budgets of the various provinces.

By Mr. Zaplitny: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of the decision of the Exchequer Court and of the Income Tax Appeal Board hearing upon the dispute as to tax liability between the Government of Canada and the following corporations: (*a*) The Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company.

Mr. Zaplitny, seconded by Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain), moved,—That a humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General praying that he will cause to be laid before the House a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, and other documents, exchanged between the government or any department thereof and the following companies or any representative thereof: (*a*) The Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company, since January 1, 1946, relative to the question of tax liability and/or tax remission for the years 1946 to 1952 inclusive.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on division.

Mr. Decore, seconded by Mr. Tucker, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of empowering the the Canadian Wheat Board to conduct a ballot, by mail, of the grain producers holding permit books to ascertain the wishes of such producers as to the Wheat Board complying with orders signed by such producers directing the Wheat Board to pay membership dues to farm organizations from money due such producers from the sale of their grain by the Wheat Board.

After Debate thereon; the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bell,
Blackmore,
Blair,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Byrne,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Dinsdale,
Drew,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fulton,
Gillis,
Green,
Hahn,
Hansell,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Kickham,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Low,
MacLean,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McLeod,
Monteith,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Noseworthy,
Patterson,
Perron,
Philpott,
Pommer,
Quelch,
Robinson (Bruce),
Shaw,
Stanton,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Studer,
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Weaver,
Weselak,
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—66.

NAYS

Messrs.

Applewhaite,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Brooks,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Caron,
Carter,
Cavers,
Cloutier,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dupuis,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Fraser (Saint John's East),
Gagnon,
Gardiner,
Galand,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Cingues,
Girard,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hamilton (York West),
Harkness,
Harris,
Healy,
Henry,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
James,
Jutras,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Legaré,
Lennard,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McIvor,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Poulin,
Pouliot,
Power (Saint John's West),
Purdy,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richardson,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Simcoe East),
St. Laurent,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Trainor,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Weir,
White (Waterloo South),
Winters,
Wylie—91.

Item numbered 5 under the heading "Notices of Motions" having been called was, by unanimous consent, withdrawn.

Items numbered 6 and 7 under the heading "Notices of Motions" having been respectively called were allowed to stand.

Mr. Campbell, seconded by Mr. Zaplitny, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisability of introducing legislation to double the payments to farmers under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act.

And a Debate arising thereon;

Mr. Low, seconded by Mr. Quelch, moved in amendment thereto: That the resolution be amended by deleting all of the words in the third and fourth lines thereof and substituting the following therefor: "(1) Referring the Prairie Farm Assistance Act to the standing committee on Agriculture and Colonization for a thorough study of the administration of the Act and (2) amending the Prairie Farm Assistance Act to establish the basis of qualification for payments of benefits on an individual farm basis."

And the question being proposed;

RULING BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: I think I should dispose of the amendment by the honourable Member for Peace River (Mr. Low). Latitude on private member's day is quite wide. Although in the discussion of the subject matter of the resolution moved by the honourable Member for The Battlefords (Mr. Campbell) great latitude is allowed, when it comes to amendments one must be very careful because otherwise they may be used as precedents, and if we should let one go we do not know where it might stop or take us.

Probably the honourable Member has read citation 344 of Beauchesne's Parliamentary Rules and Forms, third edition, and has construed the citation and the resolution to mean that provided he was dealing with the Prairie Farm Assistance Act he was on the subject matter of the motion and therefore his amendment would be relevant. What is the subject matter of the motion moved by the honourable Member for The Battlefords? It is not the Prairie Farm Assistance Act. He wants an amending bill to double the payments to farmers under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act. Therefore, the subject matter is the doubling of the payments, and any amendment moved would have to be relevant to that particular subject matter, the doubling of the payments.

What the honourable Member proposes in his amendment is a totally different subject matter which could be the substance of a motion moved after notice and debated in this House under the heading, Notices of Motion. He proposes to refer the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, the entire act, to a standing committee and to amend it in a particular different from that which is being asked for by the honourable Member for The Battlefords. It has no reference to the doubling of the payment. He wants to amend it in order to establish the basis for payment of benefits on an individual farm basis.

If he reads citation 344 he will see:

> It is an imperative rule that every amendment must be relevant to the question on which the amendment is proposed. Every amendment proposed to be made either to a question or to a proposed amendment should be so framed that if agreed to by the House the question or amendment as amended would be intelligible and consistent with itself.

> The law on the relevancy of amendments is that if they are on the same subject-matter with the original motion, they are admissible but not when foreign thereto. . . . . .

The amendment of the honourable Member relates to the Prairie Farm Assistance Act but not to the doubling of the payments under the act, and that is the distinction.

And the Debate continuing on the said motion;

At 10.10 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

Mr. Goode—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. At what price, delivered Vancouver, all charges paid, may frozen whole chicken, imported from the United States of America be said to be underquoted "on fair market value"?

2. If .89¢ per pound was the Canadian price list on frozen chicken in January 1955, imported from the United States of America, would these shipments be subject to anti-dumping regulations?

3. If not, for what reason?

Mr. Balcom—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Have representations been made to the Department of Public Works respecting the construction of a statue of welcome on George Island at or near the entrance to Halifax Harbour by (*a*) the City of Halifax; (*b*) the Board of Trade; (*c*) any other organization?

Mr. Deschatelets—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government given any assistance to the Maisonneuve Hospital in Montreal?

2. If so, what is the amount granted each year and for what purpose is it given?

Mr. Girard—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has Mr. C. H. Bland, Chairman of the Civil Service Commission, reached the retirement age? If so, on what date?

2. Has he been given any extension of his term of office? If so, when and for what length of time in each case?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, February 22	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 33

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 22ND FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of the Ordinances made by the Commissioner in Council of the Northwest Territories during the period January 7 to February 18, 1955, as required by Section 17, of the Northwest Territories Act, Chapter 195, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of Diplomatic Instruments, as follows:

International Telecommunications Convention and related documents. Signed at Buenos Aires, December 22, 1952; in force for Canada June 23, 1954. (English and French).

Declaration regulating the Commercial relations between certain contracting parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and Japan. Done at Geneva, October 24th, 1953; in force for Canada, July 16, 1954. (English and French).

Agreement on North Atlantic Ocean Stations. Done at Paris, February 25, 1954; Canada's instrument of acceptance deposited July 13, 1954; the Agreement is not yet in force. (English and French).

International Convention for the prevention of pollution of the sea by Oil, 1954. Done at London May 12, 1954; not yet ratified by Canada and not yet in force. (English and French).

Exchange of Notes between Canada and the United States of America concerning the Construction and Operation of a Loran Station at Cape Christian, Baffin Island. Signed at Ottawa, May 1 and 3, 1954; in force May 3, 1954. (English and French).

Exchange of Notes between Canada and Ceylon supplementary to the Exchange of Notes of July 11, 1952, for the Cooperative Economic Development of Ceylon. Signed at Colombo, June 29 and July 1, 1954; in force July 1, 1954. (English and French).

Exchange of Notes between Canada and the United States of America modifying the Exchange of Notes of June 30, 1952, concerning the construction of the St. Lawrence Seaway. Signed at Ottawa, August 17, 1954; in force August 17, 1954. (English and French).

Exchange of Notes between Canada and the United States of America concerning the Payment for expenditures on construction of remedial works at Niagara Falls. Signed at Ottawa, September 13, 1954; in force September 13, 1954. (English and French).

Exchange of Notes between Canada and Pakistan concerning the implementation of the Warsak Project under the Canadian programme of Colombo Plan aid to Pakistan. Signed at Karachi, November 11, 1954; in force November 11, 1954. (English and French).

Agreement between Canada and Japan for Air Services. Signed at Ottawa, January 12, 1955. Not yet in force. (English and French).

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of the Capital Budget of The St. Lawrence Seaway Authority for 1955, as approved by Order in Council P.C. 1955-72 of January 17, 1955, pursuant to Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of a Report of the Board of Inquiry assembled at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, on April 9, 1954, to investigate the circumstances surrounding the collision accident between Canadian C4-1, CF-TFW (Trans-Canada Air Lines aircraft), and Harvard MK.II, No. 3309 (Royal Canadian Air Force aircraft). (English and French).

And also,—Copy of a Report of the Board of Inquiry assembled at Toronto, Ontario, on December 17, 1954, to investigate the circumstances surrounding the accident to Lockheed 1049-E55 aircraft, registration CF-TGG (Trans-Canada Air Lines aircraft), near Brampton, Ontario. (English and French).

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the text of a joint announcement made on September 27, 1954 by the Defence Departments of Canada and the United States relating to the financing, construction and operation of a radar system, referred to as the "Mid-Canada Line".

And also,—Copy of the text of a joint announcement made on November 19, 1954 by the Governments of Canada and the United States relating to an early warning system, referred to as the "Distant Early Warning Line".

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Starr be substituted for that of Mr. Churchill; and

That the name of Mr. Nesbitt be substituted for that of Mr. Fleming; and

That the name of Mr. Fulton be substituted for that of Mr. Macdonnell on the Special Committee on Estimates.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply.

And the debate continuing;

(At 5:00 o'clock p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Private Bills)

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".

(*Public Bills*)

Orders numbered 27, 28 and 32, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Brooks: That Bill No. 8, An Act to amend the Food and Drug Act, (Misbranding), be now read the second time.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Fulton, adjourned.

Order numbered 34, having been called, was allowed to stand.

The Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself into Committee of Supply.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed motion; it was agreed to.

The House accordingly resolved itself into Committee of Supply, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to sit again at the next sitting of the House.

By leave, the House reverted to "Motions":

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That items numbered 59 to 83 inclusive, relating to the Department of Citizenship and Immigration; items numbered 293 to 333 inclusive, 541 and 542, relating to the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources; and items numbered 510 to 535 inclusive, 550 and 551 relating to the Department of Veterans Affairs, as listed in the main estimates 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply, and referred to the Special Committee on Estimates, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the War Veterans' Allowance Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to amend the War Veterans' Allowance Act to increase the allowances and the permissible income; to further extend

the benefits of the Act; and also to provide for the salaries of the members of the Board.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Lapointe, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1952, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements be now read the second time.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Shaw, seconded by Mr. Johnston (Bow River), in amendment thereto: That Bill No. 3 be not now read a second time but that the subject-matter thereof be referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Blackmore, adjourned.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House, without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this twenty-second day of February, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Thursday, February 24:

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Castleden—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What steps have been taken to provide accommodation for the proper operation of the post office at Canora, Saskatchewan?

2. Have any recommendations been made to the Department of Public Works to provide for this accommodation?

3. If so, when were the recommendations made and what are the details of same?

Mr. Castleden—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What fires or accidents have occurred in connection with the present restoration work on the library of Parliament?

2. What was the cause and extent of the damage at each of such fires or accidents?

Mr. Pearkes—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Department of National Health and Welfare maintain a quarantine station at Williams Head, British Columbia?

2. If so, how many patients have been admitted to this station each year since 1940?

3. For what periods have these patients, if any, been retained at this station?

4. What has been the size of the staff, permanent and temporary, maintained at this station during the period 1940 to January 1, 1955?

5. What salaries have been paid to this staff?

6. What funds have been included in the estimates each year from 1940 for the maintenance of this station?

7. How much money has been spent on the maintenance of this station each year since 1940?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the strength at the last date for which figures are available of (*a*) Navy; (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force?

2. How many men were recruited during the previous twelve months in each service?

3. How many men were discharged during the previous twelve months in each service?

4. What numbers were discharged for each of the following reasons in each service: (*a*) physical disabilities; (*b*) mental or emotional instability; (*c*) desertion; (*d*) other reasons?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total cost of recruiting for each of the three armed services for the last twelve months for which figures are available?

2. What is the break-down of these costs under the following headings: (*a*) advertising; (*b*) recruiting centres and offices; (*c*) travelling teams; (*d*) other costs?

Mr. MacLean (Queens)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many retired Civil Servants have their retirement or superannuation benefits based on the salary received during the last five years of their employment?

2. How many retired Civil Servants have their retirement or superannuation benefits based on the salary received during the last ten years of their employment?

Mr. Trainor—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amounts were included in the estimates for the last fiscal year in respect of Health Grants, by provinces?

2. What amounts were actually spent in each province?

3. What amounts were paid by the Federal Government in respect of retarded children in each province?

Mr. Hodgson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What rate of interest is charged for over-due income tax payments?

2. What rate of interest is allowed by the Income Tax Department for over-payments collected by their officials?

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Federal Government pledged to donate $100,000 towards the erection of a sports centre in St. John's, Newfoundland?

2. If so, is this amount to be paid in instalments and how many instalments?

3. How much money has been paid to date?

4. Did the original plans have to be changed in order to meet government requirements for qualifications?

5. If so, what changes were made?

6. Are similar amounts of money available for other communities in Canada?

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Where was the C.G.S. *Walter E. Foster* built?

2. Were tenders called for this construction?

3. At the time of launching of this vessel was it intimated that three similar ships, a St. Lawrence ship channel vessel and a lightship were being planned?

4. If so, will construction of these vessels begin at an early date?

5. Will tenders be called for such work?

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the C.G.S. *Walter E. Foster* presently carrying out in the Gulf of St. Lawrence any of the duties it performed formerly in the Bay of Fundy?

2. If so, are the said duties considered to be of the same importance to navigation in both areas?

3. Do these duties include ice-breaking as performed by the C.G.S. *Lady Grey*?

4. Was the C.G.S. *Foster* constructed for ice-breaking?

5. What and where are the other Department of Transport ice-breakers at the present time?

6. Have any complaints been received by the Department of Transport of faulty construction in the C.G.S. *Foster*?

7. Have any complaints been received by the said department of difficulties encountered by the C.G.S. *Foster* in servicing lighthouses and buoys?

8. Are any alterations being planned to the *Foster* in order to facilitate the servicing of buoys in the Bay of Fundy?

9. In the recent transfer of the C.G.S. *Foster*, were any crew members laid off? If so, how many?

10. Were any crew members transfererd with the change? If so, how many?

Mr. Bell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the respective ages of the C.G.S. *Franklin* and the C.G.S. *Dollard*?

2. Have either of them ever been condemned for any type of service or duty?

3. What is the general condition of their plates?

4. Will additional men be required in the return of the C.G.S. *Dollard* and C.G.S. *Franklin* to service in the Bay of Fundy?

Mr. Hansell—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many loans were applied for under the Canadian Farm Loan Board in the Province of Alberta during 1954?

2. How many of these applications were given favourable consideration?

3. What was the average amount of these loans?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In what newspapers and on what dates was the Civil Service Competition 54-845 in respect of the position of Privy Council Officer advertised?

2. On what date was the competition closed?

3. How many applications were received giving names and addresses of applicants?

4. Has an appointment been made? If so, who has been appointed and at what salary?

*Mr. McWilliam**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and other documents exchanged between the Federal Department of Public Works and the Department of Public Works of the Province of New Brunswick in connection with the calling and awarding of tenders for the construction of the Cole's Island Bridges, in the Province of New Brunswick, as part of the Trans-Canada Highway.

*Mr. Bryson**—On Thursday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence which passed between the Indian Affairs Branch of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration at Ottawa or any officials thereof and officials of the Indian Affairs Branch at Stoney Rapids, Saskatchewan, with regrd to protests or complaints arising out of the closing of the Indian Affairs Headquarters at Stoney Rapids, between June 18 and July 16, 1954.

*Mrs. Fairclough**—On Thursday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For one specimen copy of each of the various landing application forms which immigrants seeking admission to Canada were required to complete, which were authorized and/or used by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration and/or its predecessors at any time in the period from January 1, 1945 to December 31, 1954 inclusive.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Thursday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Minister or Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways relative to a question placed on the Order Paper in the name of the mover of this matter on the 28th January last, the purpose of which was to ascertain the number of section and maintenance men, office staffs etc. who have been laid off by the Canadian National Railways during the periods particularly set forth in the said question.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 24	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 34

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 23RD FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian Wheat Board for the crop year 1953-54.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What is the total amount of federal grants made available for mental health activities in Canada?

2. How is this money distributed between the various provinces?

3. What is the total cost of mental health programs in Canada?

4. What is the breakdown in the expenditure of this money as between (*a*) provincial hospitals; (*b*) psychiatric clinics (private and public); (*c*) rest homes; (*d*) preventive work?

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, —Copy of a letter dated June 20, 1950 to the Director of Immigration, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Ottawa with respect to the re-entry to Canada of Ante Prpich.

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How much was contributed to and for the Colombo Plan by Canada in each of the years 1953 and 1954?

2. Of such amounts how much was (*a*) expended in Canada; (*b*) outside of Canada, for (i) administration costs; (ii) salaries of technical experts; (iii) scientific and technical apparatus; (iv) agriculture machinery; (v) other kinds of machinery?

3. How many technical and scientific persons were employed in each of the years 1953 and 1954, and what was total (*a*) salaries; (*b*) expenses or other allowances paid to such persons?

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 2, 1955, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents which have passed between any department of the Federal Government and any person or persons, from January 1, 1949 to date, in connection with the building and official opening of the Taber, Alberta, Post Office.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Churchill—1. What has been the total cost of transportation for the wives and children of the Canadian Forces Overseas from Canada to the United Kingdom and Europe and return for the fiscal years 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. What is the estimated cost of such transportation for the fiscal year 1955?

3. What has been the total cost of providing married quarters for the Canadian Army and Royal Canadian Air Force in the United Kingdom and in Europe, for the fiscal years 1952, 1953, 1954, under the headings: (*a*) capital cost; (*b*) maintenance?

4. What is the estimated cost of construction and maintenance of such married quarters for the fiscal year 1955?

By Mr. Noseworthy:—1. How many immigrants entered Canada from each European country during 1953 and 1954?

2. In what European countries does Canada maintain immigration offices?

3. In each case, where is the office located, what was the total number of employees in each office and the total salary paid during 1953 and 1954?

4. What are the names of any organizations working with the Department of Immigration to bring immigrants into Canada?

5. What are the names of organizations or individuals charged with aiding the illegal entry of immigrants into Canada, and in each case, how many immigrants have been brought in illegally and from what countries?

6. What steps are taken by immigration offices to (*a*) check the police record or citizenship record of each immigrant recruited by such organization; (*b*) check the health and freedom from communicable disease of each immigrant recruited by such organization?

7. During 1953 and 1954 how many immigrants have been deported back to each country and for what reasons?

By Mr. Noseworthy:—1. What is the number of automobiles imported into Canada each year since 1945 inclusive ?

2. From what countries have these been imported and what is the number from each country for each year since 1945 inclusive?

3. For what makes of automobiles assembled or built in Canada may parts be imported duty free?

4. What automobile companies doing business in Canada since 1945 have been unable to meet the tariff regulation of 40% made in British Commonwealth content on auto parts?

5. Have any of these companies discontinued the building of cars in Canada because of their inability to meet the above-mentioned regulation?

6. If so, what companies have thus been affected in the past two years and what makes and models of automobiles have ceased to be assembled in Canada for this cause?

By Mr. White (Middlesex East):—1. How many deportation orders, by provinces, have been issued by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration in each of the five calendar years 1949 to 1954, inclusive?

2. What are the reasons or grounds on which each of such orders were issued?

3. Were all of the said orders executed?

4. If not, how many are not executed, and for what reason?

By Mr. Dufresne:—1. What amount has the Federal Government collected annually in each province from personal income tax, since the last renewal of the tax rental agreement?

2. What annual amount has each province received in return, under the tax rental agreement?

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing legislation to provide an increase in the family allowance.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Enfield, adjourned.

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Brooks—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amount has been paid up to February 1, 1955, by the Federal Government in legal fees in connection with the Gagetown Military Training Area?

2. What are the names of and the amounts paid to individual law firms?

Mr. Brooks—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many Canadian National Railways engines were sent from the Maritimes, Atlantic Region, to the Central Region for repair in 1954?

2. How many Canadian National Railways cars (all classes) were sent from the Maritimes, Atlantic Region, to the Central Region for repair in 1954?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What steps have been taken by the government to construct a public building at Kipling, Saskatchewan this year?

2. Have tenders been called for this building?

3. Is the building to be a joint post office and Royal Canadian Mounted Police barracks?

4. Will it be a fireproof building?

5. What is the estimated cost of the building?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Canadian National Railways keep a day to day and/or week to week and/or month to month record of the number of its employees who have been laid off?

2. If it does not now do so, did it at any time, and if so, when was the practice discontinued?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are any Canadian Military bands featured in the CBO "March Past" program aired each weekday morning at 8.30?

2. If not, for what reason?

3. Are recordings of Canadian Military bands available commercially?

4. If not, for what reason?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the freight rate per ton on feed grains shipped to: (*a*) Vancouver, British Columbia; (*b*) Abbotsford, British Columbia, in each of the years 1952 to 1954, from Calgary, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Regina and Winnipeg, respectively?

Mr. Hamilton (York West)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What number of air crew are required to be recruited annually for the Royal Canadian Air Force to maintain the air strength necessary for present policy and commitments?

2. What were the actual enlistments for air crew during the last twelve months for which information is available?

3. (*a*) How many applications for enlistment as air crew were received during the last twelve months for which information is available?

(*b*) How many of these were rejected and for what reasons under the following headings: (i) physical disability; (ii) failure to meet educational requirements; (iii) other reasons?

4. How many air crew passed their courses and qualified during the last twelve months for which information is available?

5. How many qualified air crew were discharged from the service during the last twelve months for which information is available and for what reasons: (*a*) physical disability; (*b*) completion of term of service; (*c*) other reasons?

Mr. Thomas—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the interest rate on the debt owed by the Government of the United Kingdom to the Government of Canada?

2. What are the provisions for the repayment of this debt?

Mr. Tustin—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the total imports into Canada for the year 1953, and the year 1954, giving country of origin, volume and value of (*a*) canned tomatoes; (*b*) tomato puree; (*c*) other tomato products; (*d*) canned corn; (*e*) canned peas; (*f*) other canned vegetables?

Mr. Balcom—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—When tenders are invited by inserted advertisements in newspapers and other publications are they opened publicly at a stated hour on date specified (*a*) by the Public Works Department; (*b*) by the Department of Transport; (*c*) by the Department of Defence Production?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)*—On Friday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all telegrams, correspondence, agreements and other documents exchanged between any department of the government and any person or persons connected with the White Bear Indian Reserve, Carlyle, Saskatchewan, concerning (*a*) the original setting up of the reserve; (*b*) disposal of any land originally contained in the reserve; (*c*) sale, transfer or assignment of land or mineral rights.

The Prime Minister—On Friday next—That when this House adjourns at 6 o'clock p.m., on Wednesday. April 6 next, it stands adjourned until Monday, April 18, 1955, at 2.30 o'clock p.m.

The Prime Minister—On Friday next—That on Monday, February 28, 1955, and every Monday thereafter to the end of the session, Government Notices of Motions and Government Orders shall have precedence over all business except the Introduction of Bills, Questions by Members and Notices of Motions for the Production of Papers.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, February 24	
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates.....	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 35

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 24TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".

Bill No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Divorce Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Address of February 9, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of any communications, memoranda or briefs received by the Government, dated at any time since August 1, 1954, from or on behalf of any organizations, relating to the proposal to lease the new Queen Elizabeth Hotel, in Montreal, to the Hilton Hotel chain of the United States.

And also,—Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of February 2, 1955, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents which have passed between any department of the Federal Government and any person or persons, from January 1, 1949 to date, in connection with the building and official opening of the Taber, Alberta, Post Office.

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Labour for the year ended March 31, 1954. (English and French).

Mr. Gregg, also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Unemployment Insurance Commission for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 110 of the Unemployment Insurance Act, Chapter 273, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented,—Return to an Address of January 24, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Department of Agriculture or the Minister, and the Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, or any Minister thereof, since January 1, 1954, dealing with the question of amendments to the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of a Report entitled: "Private and Public Investment in Canada Outlook, 1955".

Mr. Coldwell asked leave to move the adjournment of the House under the provisions of Standing Order 31 for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, and stated the subject to be:

"The alarming unemployment situation in Canada, as indicated by figures released yesterday, and the need for immediate action by the Government to provide jobs."

He then handed a written statement of the matter proposed to be discussed to Mr. Speaker, who read it to the House;

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: It is extremely difficult, of course, to come to any agreement among the various parties in the House with respect to arranging debates on either unemployment or external affairs by a discussion on the floor of the House. Usually the Acting Leader of the House meets with the representatives of the other parties. As long as he has given assurance that, with respect to this particular matter with which we are now concerned, some opportunity of discussion will be given at an early date, I think I have enough information at the moment to make my decision and to ask the House to suport it. As I told the honourable Member for Rosetown-Biggar (Mr. Coldwell), I agree with him when he says that there is some urgency of debate with respect to this matter. However that does not necessarily mean that the matter must be debated today. If it is to be done tomorrow or perhaps early next week,—and understand that the honourable Member has expressed his views indicating agreement to that sort of proposal—I would think that his purpose would be served and that other arrangements for other debates could be dealt with by what we call the usual channels. If that arrangement meets with the approval of the Leader of the Opposition (Mr. Drew), I would ask if the honourable Member for Rosetown-Biggar has leave to withdraw his motion at the present moment.

By leave, the request to move the adjournment of the House was withdrawn.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur): That Bill No. 3, An Act respecting the Construction, Operation and Maintenance of International River Improvements, be now read the second time.

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Shaw, seconded by Mr. Johnston (Bow River), in amendment thereto: That Bill No. 3 be not now read a second time but that the subject-matter thereof be referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment, it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Blackmore,	Hansell,	Leboe,	Poulin,
Gagnon,	Holowach,	Low,	Quelch,
Girard,	Johnston (Bow River),	McLeod,	Thomas,
Hahn,		Patterson,	Wylie,
			Yuill—16.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Argue,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Barnett,
Batten,
Bell,
Bennett (Grey North),
Bennett (Miss), (Halton),
Blair,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brooks,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Cardin,
Carrick,
Castleden,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dinsdale,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Follwell,
Fontaine,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Fulton,
Gardiner,
Garland,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Henry,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Hollingworth,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
James,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Jones,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Knight,
Knowles,
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Lefrançois,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McCullough, (Moose Mountain),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Michener,
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Nixon,
Pallett,
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Perron,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Ross,
Rouleau,
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Small,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thatcher,
Thibault,
Trainor,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Winch,
Zaplitny—179.

And the question being put on the main motion; it was agreed to, on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Anderson,
Applewhaite,
Argue,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Barnett,
Batten,
Beaudry,
Bell,
Bennett (Grey North),
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),
Blair,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brooks,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Cardin,
Carrick,
Castleden,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dinsdale,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Follwell,
Fontaine,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Fulton,
Gardiner,
Garland,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace),
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Hellyer,
Henry,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Hollingworth,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
James,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Jones,
Jutras,
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Knight,
Knowles,
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lavigne,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Lefrançois,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Michener,
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Nixon,
Pallett,
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Perron,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Ross,
Rouleau,
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Small,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thatcher,
Thibault,
Trainor,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White, (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Winch,
Zaplitny—178.

NAYS

Messrs.

Blackmore,	Hansell,	Leboe,	Poulin,
Gagnon,	Holowach,	Low,	Quelch,
Girard,	Johnston (Bow River),	McLeod,	Thomas,
Hahn,		Patterson,	Wylie,
			Yuill—16.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on External Affairs.*

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Northwest Territories Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Northwest Territories Act to increase the sessional indemnity of elected members of the Northwest Territories Council.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Lesage, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 179, An Act to amend the Northwest Territories Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Yukon Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Yukon Act to increase the indemnity and the living allowance to be paid to members of the Yukon Council while in attendance at a session of the Council and to provide that under certain conditions a member shall be deemed to be in attendance at a session.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Lesage, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 180, An Act to amend the Yukon Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At 10.00 o'clock p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Tustin—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the total imports into Canada during the year 1954, of (*a*) powdered whole milk; (*b*) powdered skim milk, indicating volume, value and country of origin?

Mr. Tustin—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much cheese was imported into Canada during the year 1954, and during January and February, 1955, indicating volume, value and country of origin?

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the responsibility of the Post Office Department with regard to delivery of (*a*) first class mail, regular, insured, registered; (*b*) second class mail, regular, insured, registered?

2. In the case of insured and/or registered mail, is there a time limit, the expiration of which constitutes non-delivery?

Mr. Fulton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did Frank and Mary Prpich, or either of them, return to Canada from Zagreb, Croatia, Yugoslavia, subsequently to June 20, 1950?

2. If so, on what date?

3. Was their father, Ante Prpich, granted permission to accompany them back to Canada?

4. If they are back, did they after landing renew their request for the readmission of their father?

5. If permission was refused, on what grounds was this based?

Mr. MacDougall—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In recent years has there been any improvement in the mental health situation in Canada?

2. Has there been any increase in government expenditures on mental health in recent years?

Mr. Stewart (Winnipeg North)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many Royal Canadian Air Force trainers have crashed since January 1, 1954?

2. How many of these were T 33 jets?

3. How many deaths have occurred as a result of such crashes?

4. How many of these (*a*) T 33 crashes; (*b*) other trainer crashes, were caused by (i) weather conditions; (ii) aircraft failures; (iii) human error?

5. How many crashes in each category occurred in each training station?

Mr. Robichaud—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has a request been received from the Department of Public Works of the Province of New Brunswick or from any other department of the said province, asking for permission of right of way over navigable waters between Shippegan Island and the mainland, with a view towards making a survey to determine the possibility of erecting a bridge to link the island with the mainland?

2. Is such a permission required for the government of the Province of New Brunswick to proceed with a survey to determine the feasibility of erecting a bridge over navigable waters?

3. If such an application has been received, is the Minister prepared to consider the granting of authority to the Government of the Province of New Brunswick to proceed with the contemplated survey?

Mr. Beaudry—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total amount of sales tax collected by the Department of National Revenue in each of the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954, on (*a*) production of recordings or magnetic tapes used for (i) transcribed commercial radio programmes or transcribed commercial announcements; (ii) for delayed broadcasts; (*b*) production of films used for commercial television programme broadcasts or commercial televised announcements; (*c*) production of kinescopes for television broadcast retransmission?

2. What share of this sales tax in each year was related to (*a*) artists' fees; (*b*) mechanical and material costs; (*c*) direction, creation and supervision?

Mr. Beaudry—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many households owned one or more radio receiving sets in Canada (*a*) at the end of March, 1953; (*b*) on December 31, 1954?

Mr. Thomas—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act. (Ballot Papers)".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, February 25	
368	Special Committee on Estimates.....	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 36

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 25TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, February 23, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the first time, Divorce Bills on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke".—*Mr. Forgie.*

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, it was resolved,—That when this House adjourns at 6 o'clock p.m., on Wednesday, April 6 next, it stands adjourned until Monday, April 18, 1955, at 2.30 o'clock p.m.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, it was resolved,—That on Monday, February 28, 1955, and every Monday thereafter to the end of the session, Government Notices of Motions and Government Orders shall have precedence over all business except the Introduction of Bills, Questions by Members and Notices of Motions for the Production of Papers.

Mr. Pinard moved,—That the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections be instructed to study the several amendments to the Canada Elections Act, and amendments thereto, suggested by the Chief Electoral Officer, to study the said Act, to suggest to the House such amendments as the Committee may deem advisable; that the said Committee have power to print from day to day its minutes of evidence and proceedings and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

And a Debate arising thereon;

Mr. Harris, seconded by Mr. Pearson, moved in amendment thereto: That after the word "advisable" in the fifth line, the following words be added: "and that the Committee be also empowered to enquire into the different methods of effecting the adjustment of representation", so that the Resolution would then read as follows:

That the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections be instructed to study the several amendments to the Canada Elections Act, and amendments thereto, suggested by the Chief Electoral Officer, to study the said Act, to suggest to the House such amendments as the Committee may deem advisable and that the Committee be also empowered to enquire into the different methods of effecting the adjustment of representation; that the said Committee have power to print from day to day its minutes of evidence and proceedings and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

And the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was agreed to.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the main motion as amended; it was agreed to.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the National Harbours Board Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Harbours Board Act to provide that the National Harbours Board shall consist of four members in lieu of three members as at the present time.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Marler, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 181, An Act to amend the National Harbours Board Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to bring in a measure to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act to amplify the definition of "historic place", to change slightly the representation of the Board, and to provide further for changes in the method and amount of payments to members appointed by the Governor in Council, of living and travelling expenses and to provide for the payment of stenographic allowances.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Lesage, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 182, An Act to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act to provide that a withdrawal allowance payable under the Act will include certain of the interest that has

been paid on contributions and to provide further that where a member or a former member dies certain of the amounts which he may owe under the Act will not be recovered.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 183, An Act to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Financial Administration Act.

And the House continuing in Committee;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 26, 27, 31, 32 and 34, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Financial Administration Act.

(In the Committee)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Financial Administration Act to provide that the Auditor General shall out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund be paid a salary of twenty thousand dollars per annum with effect from July 1, 1954.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 184, An Act to amend the Financial Administration Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 4, An Act to regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas;

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur) moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported with an amendment, considered as amended, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

On motion of Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), the House was adjourned at 9.44 o'clock, p.m., until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. On what date was the Food and Drugs Act, Chapter 38, Statutes of 1952-53, proclaimed?

2. How many persons are now employed by the Food and Drugs Division of the Department of National Health and Welfare to carry out the inspectional work required by the said Act?

3. How many of these persons are engaged in the inspection of cheese factories?

Mr. Richardson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Federal Government making any financial contribution toward the polio research work being done at the Institute of Microbiology and Hygiene in Montreal?

2. If so, what are the details of such contribution?

Mr. Hansell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What changes in mail services will be made for the delivery of mail to the following Alberta Post Offices after the change in train schedules on the Aldersyde, Lethbridge branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, commencing April 24th: Blackie, Brant, Ensign, Vulcan, Champion, Carmangay, Barons, Lomond, Milo, Armada, Queenstown, Mossleigh, Arrowwood?

Mr. Bell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is each fish plant established in Canada allowed to import one used trawler?

2. If so, how many permits have been issued since 1950?

3. Is each fish plant allowed to import one used trawler for each trawler under construction for it in Canada?

4. If so, how many permits have been issued since 1950?

5. Do present regulations allow the issuance of a permit before the completion of said trawler?

6. If so, how many ships, for which such a permit was allowed, have not been completed?

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many railway-highway level crossings are there in Nova Scotia?

2. What are their locations, stating county and nearest railway stations?

3. Which of these level crossings are to be eliminated in 1955, 1956 and 1957?

Mr. Mang—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What are the qualifications required by the Canadian Wheat Board for issuing grain delivery permit books?

2. How many grain delivery permit books were issued by the Canadian Wheat Board for the crop years 1952-53, 1953-54, 1954-55?

3. How many grain delivery permit books were issued to co-operative farms in the years 1952-53, 1953-54, 1954-55?

Mr. Weselak—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the total exports from Canada during the year 1954, of (*a*) whole powdered milk; (*b*) powdered skim milk; (*c*) powdered buttermilk; (*d*) condensed milk; (*e*) evaporated milk; (*f*) chocolate milk preparations; (*g*) other milk preparations, indicating volume and value in each case?

Mr. Weselak—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much cheese was exported from Canada during January and February, 1955, indicating volume, value and to what countries?

Mr. Brown (Essex West)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When was the Small Loans Act passed in Canada?

2. Have there been any amendments to the said Act? If so, when?

3. What is the maximum rate of interest permitted under the said Small Loans Act, or any amendments thereto?

4. How many loans, by years, have been made in Canada under the said Act, for an amount of (*a*) $500. or less; (*b*) over $500.?

5. When was the operation of the Act last reviewed, (*a*) by Parliament; (*b*) by departmental committee or officials?

6. Have any complaints been made to the government as to the operation of the said Act?

7. If so, what is the nature of the complaints made to the government of the operation of the said Act?

*Mr. Dinsdale**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and other communications in the possession of the Department of Defence Production, relating to the operation of the small defence industries branch of the Department of Defence Production and its discontinuation in 1954.

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code. (Nuisance)".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, February 28	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 1	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	10.45 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 37

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 28TH FEBRUARY, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of letters dated February 21 and February 22, 1955, exchanged between the United States Ambassador to Canada and the Secretary of State for External Affairs for Canada concerning the construction of the St. Lawrence Seaway. (English and French).

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report on Prairie Farm Rehabilitation and Related Activities for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to section 12, of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act, Chapter 214, R.S.C., 1952.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Applewhaite be substituted for that of Mr. Goode; and

That the name of Mr. Byrne be substituted for that of Mr. Boisvert on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Robinson (Bruce) be substituted for that of Mr. Fraser (Peterborough) on the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Thomas, seconded by Mr. Hahn, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 185, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Ballot Papers), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Green, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 186, An Act to amend the Criminal Code (Nuisance), which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Churchill:—1. How many officers and other ranks of the Canadian Army and of the Royal Canadian Air Force are now in: (*a*) The United Kingdom; (*b*) Europe; (*c*) Korea and adjacent areas?

2. How many in the above categories are; (*a*) single; (*b*) married?

3. How many (*a*) wives; (*b*) children, of these officers and other ranks are in (i) The United Kingdom; (ii) Europe; (iii) Korean Theatre?

4. What are the corresponding figures for the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. How many children per family are there in the above categories?

6. How many of these children are enrolled in schools operated at the expense of the Canadian Government and in what countries?

7. How many teachers are employed in these schools, (*a*) Canadians; (*b*) others?

8. What grades are provided and the enrolment in each?

9. What is the total cost of the educational program for the children of Canadian servicemen in the United Kingdom and in Europe under the headings of: (*a*) capital cost for buildings; (*b*) yearly maintenance; (*c*) salaries of teachers and other staff?

By Mr. Campbell:—1. How many deaths were there in Canada, from cardiovascular diseases, tuberculosis and cancer, during 1953 and 1954?

2. Is heart disease increasing every year, and far out-stripping all other diseases as the nation's big killer?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. Does the Department of National Health and Welfare maintain a quarantine station at William Head, British Columbia?

2. If so, how many patients have been admitted to this station each year since 1940?

3. For what periods have these patients, if any, been retained at this station?

4. What has been the size of the staff, permanent and temporary, maintained at this station during the period 1940 to January 1, 1955?

5. What salaries have been paid to this staff?

6. What funds have been included in the estimates each year from 1940 for the maintenance of this station?

7. How much money has been spent on the maintenance of this station each year since 1940?

By Mr. Harkness:—1. What was the strength at the last date for which figures are available of (*a*) Navy (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force?

2. How many men were recruited during the previous twelve months in each service?

3. How many men were discharged during the previous twelve months in each service?

4. What numbers were discharged for each of the following reasons in each service: (*a*) physical disabilities; (*b*) mental or emotional instability; (*c*) desertion; (*d*) other reasons?

By Mr. Harkness:—1. What was the total cost of recruiting for each of the three armed services for the last twelve months for which figures are available?

2. What is the break-down of these costs under the following headings: (*a*) advertising; (*b*) recruiting centres and offices; (*c*) travelling teams; (*d*) other costs?

By Mr. Trainor:—1. What amounts were included in the estimates for the last fiscal year in respect of Health Grants, by provinces?

2. What amounts were actually spent in each province?

3. What amounts were paid by the Federal Government in respect of retarded children in each province?

By Mr. Hansell:—What changes in mail services will be made for the delivery of mail to the following Alberta Post Offices after the change in train schedules on the Aldersyde, Lethbridge branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, commencing April 24th: Blackie, Brant, Ensign, Vulcan, Champion, Carmangay, Barons, Lomond, Milo, Armada, Queenstown, Mossleigh, Arrowwood?

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. McWilliam: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and other documents exchanged between the Federal Department of Public Works and the Department of Public Works of the Province of New Brunswick in connection with the calling and awarding of tenders for the construction of the Cole's Island Bridges, in the Province of New Brunswick, as part of the Trans-Canada Highway.

The following Order was issued to the proper Officer:

By Mrs. Fairclough: Order of the House for one specimen copy of each of the various landing application forms which immigrants seeking admission to Canada were required to complete, which were authorized and/or used by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration and/or its predecessors at any time in the period from January 1, 1945 to December 31, 1954 inclusive.

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Green, moved,—That a humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General praying that he will cause to be laid before the House a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the Minister or Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways relative to a question placed on the Order Paper in the name of the mover of this matter on the 28th January last, the purpose of which was to ascertain the number of section and maintenance men, office staffs etc. who have been laid off by the Canadian National Railways during the periods particularly set forth in the said question.

The question being put on the said motion;

And the honourable the Minister of Transport (Mr. Marler) having stated that Parliament had consistently maintained the view that correspondence between the minister or officials of the Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways is privileged, and for that reason an order for the production of such correspondence ought not to be voted by the House.

RULING BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: The honourable Member (Mr. Diefenbaker) has made the matter a question of order. I might say that there are two points at issue. One is one which is of a general character which is being invoked not only when there are motions for the production of papers relating to C.N.R. management or C.N.R. affairs but whenever it concerns correspondence between the minister and his officials, whether they be officials of the C.N.R. or officials of his own department. That, I think, will be agreed upon by the House as being an attitude which has always been taken by ministers and recognized as being the only one they can take. Bourinot, 4th Edition, at page 251 says:

> The practice of asking for reports from officers, addressed to particular departments of the executive government, is considered to be open to serious objection.

That has been the practice of ministers in the House ever since there has been an executive. On that particular point I do not think the honourable Member can insist. What he has asked for is a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the minister or Department of Transport and the Canadian National Railways respecting certain affairs. Maybe the minister, in order to get his information, did not write anything. Maybe he just telephoned. Whatever exchange took place between the minister and some other person with respect to this particular matter is, as the minister has said, privileged. If there are any documents, they are privileged documents and they are not to be asked for in the House. That has been the practice followed and accepted by the House.

The other point has reference to the last remark of the honourable Member who wants to peak through the curtain of secrecy, as he calls it. That is a debatable point between the opposition and the government as to whether the present government should follow, with respect to C.N.R. affairs and information pertaining to them, the same attitude followed in the past by other governments occupying the treasury benches. The only way I can deal with the matter from the point of view of order is to inform the honourable Member that the practice of governments since 1921 of giving this type of reply to similar questions or notices of motion for production of papers placed on the order paper has had an effect on the Chair. The effect it has had has been rather extreme in certain cases, and I will only quote one ruling given in the session of 1932-33 which is to be found at page 694 of *Hansard* of October 31, 1932. Mr. Desrochers moved a motion for production of papers in the following terms:

For a copy of all documents, letters and protests, in the possession of the Canadian National Railways with respect to mile post 35, Quebec-Chicoutimi division, since 1917.

Mr. Speaker said:

The government have declined to supply similar information, on the ground that it is entirely for the railway company, therefore this resolution is out of order.

I could quote several rulings by my predecessors to the same effect. I wish that honourable Members might find a way of further arguing, if they so wish, whether the policy followed by the government with respect to these matters is the right one. I suggest that perhaps Mr. King did in 1921 when he moved an amendment to the motion to go into supply. In that debate he said that it was the undoubted right of parliament to have all this information pertaining to the C.N.R. Mr. King's amendment is to be found at page 1178 of *Hansard* of March 22, 1921, and is in these words:

Subject to the reservation that in exceptional cases there may be documents of a confidential character which, in the public interest, may properly be witheld from publication, the house declares that it is the undoubted right of parliament to demand and receive copies of all reports, accounts, correspondence and papers in relation to the management of every department of the public service including the affairs of the Canadian National Railways, whether operating directly under the control of the department or under corporate form.

A debate ensued, and Mr. Meighen's position is to be found at page 1180. What came out of this debate was the establishment of a committee, a practice which has been followed ever since. Mr. King suggested at page 1180 that there were three methods by which information pertaining to the C.N.R. could be supplied to the house. He said:

It is customary in this house to have information given in answer to questions addressed to the ministry, or on motions for the production of papers; and sometimes the information is given through special committees.

Before the debate on the amendment to the motion to go into supply terminated, there was a motion by the government for the creation of a committee on railways and shipping. Honourable Members will find the order of reference of the first committee established to examine the affairs of the C.N.R. at page 164 of the *Journals* of 1921, volume 68.

I quote:

And the question being put on the main motion as amended, as follows:—

That a select standing committee on national railways and shipping be appointed for the present session, and be instructed to inquire into the following questions:—

1. What information as to operations of Canadian National Railways and shipping as conducted by the board of directors and management should, in the public interest, be brought down in parliament on question, motion for production of papers, or otherwise,

2. When, by what method, and under what conditions, if any, should such information be given, regard being had for the necessity of securing to parliament and the public all facts requisite for the determination of policy, (including finance), and to the board of directors the best possible conditions for efficiency of management,

3. What system of auditing should be adopted, and what extent of detail should be given in the annual report,

4. What if any improvement could be made in the general scheme of management,

5. Whether and for what purposes the said committee should be continued, and that for the above purposes and for such other purposes as the committee deem in the public interest there be referred to said committee the annual report of the board of directors and that the said committee have power to examine witnesses under oath, to send for papers, persons, and records and to report from time to time.

This committee was the father of all the committees on railways and government-owned shipping since that time. As I said, I deal with these matters merely because, as I have indicated, the practice adopted on this very question in 1921 after several debates has resulted in Mr. Speaker of the day and his successors intervening in the fashion which I have indicated to say that the matter is not in order and to remove a motion for production of papers completely from the order paper without even giving a chance for members to ask for a protest vote.

As I say, it is a debatable point whether the practice of answering questions pertaining to C.N.R. affairs should be continued by way of a committee or otherwise. I am not going to say anything about that, but as far as the merit of the answer given today by the minister is concerned, I will have to decide that such an answer has been found proper on similar occasions in respect of all such matters, and therefore I cannot rule in the manner which the honourable Member for Prince Albert would like me to do at this moment. The motion is dropped.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the New Westminster Harbour Commissioners.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a bill respecting the New Westminster Harbour Commissioners to authorize the Minister of Finance to make total loans of $200,000.00 to the Corporation for the purposes mentioned in the said bill.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Marler, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 187, An Act respecting the New Westminster Harbour Commissioners, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act to extend the benefits of the Act to certain

persons in the service of Her Majesty who are not paid a direct wage or salary and to persons locally engaged outside of Canada; to provide for additional benefits where an employee dies as the result of an accident while absent on duty from his usual place of employment; and to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Gregg, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 188, An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act to extend the benefits and the application of the Act, and to provide further for certain changes in consequence thereof and also in connection with the administration of the Act.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 189, An Act to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act, which was read the first time and ordere for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 124, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax;

Mr. McCann moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 125, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty;

Mr. McCann moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act to extend its application to the years 1955 and 1956, subject to certain modifications.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Prudham, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 190, An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 182, An Act to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act;

Mr. Lesage moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. MacNaught, adjourned.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Defence Research Board of the National Defence Department designed a flag for its own use?

2. If so, for what purpose was this done?

Mr. Hansell—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many loans were made in each of the provinces under the National Housing Act during 1954, and what was the total amount of these loans in each province?

2. How many of these loans were for (*a*) individual family units; (*b*) others?

Mr. Hansell—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Has the Government given consideration to amending the regulations under the Old Age Security Act so that Canadian citizens coming under the Act may continue to receive benefits while resident in other countries?

Mr. Balcom—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many people were registered for employment with the national employment office, Halifax, Nova Scotia, as at February 19, 1955?

2. How many of these people were in receipt of unemployment insurance benefits as at the same date?

Mr. Quelch—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total revenue earned by the Canadian National Railways at Hanna, Alberta, for the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

2. During each of the years 1952, 1953 and 1954, what was the number of carloads of grain and livestock shipped out of Hanna?

3. What was the total amount of freight shipped out, excluding the above?

4. What was the total amount of express shipped out?

5. What was the amount of freight shipped in to Hanna for the years specified?

6. What was the amount of express shipped in to Hanna for the years specified?

7. What was the total revenue derived from each of the above shipments for the years specified?

8. What was the total revenue derived from passenger service to and from the town of Hanna for the years specified?

Mr. Girard—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have any cases of collusion or connivance, in connection with divorce cases coming before Parliament, been submitted to the Department of Justice since 1945?

2. If so, how many?

3. During the same period, have any proceedings been instituted for perjury or any other criminal offence in connection with such divorce cases?

4. If so, how many?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should take into consideration the advisability of extending the right to deduct for tax exemption purposes payments made to pension plans by self-employed persons, and by employees who have not access to a satisfactory approved pension plan.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, March 1	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	10.45 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 2	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 38

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 1ST MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker communicated to the House the following letter:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA

25th February, 1955.

Members of the House of Commons:

I have received with great pleasure the Address that you have voted in reply to my Speech at the Opening of Parliament. I thank you sincerely for this Address.

VINCENT MASSEY.

Mr. SPEAKER: I am pleased to announce that the date of the unveiling of the Macphail Memorial has been fixed by the Internal Economy Committee for Tuesday, March 8th, 1955.

It was on March 8, 1922, that the late Agnes Campbell Macphail, elected Member for the constituency of Grey-South East at the general elections held on December 6, 1921, took her seat in the House, the first woman to do so.

Honourable Members will recall that on June 8th, 1954, I communicated the recommendations of the Commissioners of Internal Economy which were as follows:

(*a*) that to commemorate this historic event, a bronze bust of the first woman Member, Miss Agnes Macphail, be placed on a pedestal in the vicinity of the Chamber of the House of Commons; and,

(*b*) that, for this purpose, the bronze bust of Miss Agnes Macphail, offered by her two sisters, be gratefully accepted.

On Tuesday, March 8th next, it is proposed to adjourn the House at 5 p.m.

Honourable Senators and Members are invited to gather in this Chamber at 5.30 to hear the tributes which will be paid to the late Miss Macphail.

Miss Macphail's close relatives have been invited to attend the ceremony on the floor of the House.

When the speeches are concluded, Mrs. Meredith Reany and Mrs. Hugh Bailey, sisters of Miss Macphail, will proceed to the south west corridor to declare the Macphail Memorial officially unveiled.

The public is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Picard, from the Standing Committee on External Affairs, presented the First Report of the said Committee, as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That it be empowered to print from day to day 750 copies in English and 300 copies in French of its Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That it be authorized to sit while the House is sitting.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Picard, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Has the government recently issued regulations prohibiting the making of loans under N.H.A. for building in the vicinity of airports?

2. If so, what was the date of the announcement of such regulations?

3. What are the distances from the airports to which such prohibition applies?

4. Has the government announced any regulations tending to protect life in the areas prohibited where residential buildings have already been erected?

5. Near what airports are there such residential buildings, other than government buildings, within the prescribed area?

6. Has the government considered prohibiting future erection of any and all residential buildings within the prescribed areas?

7. If so, what has been the result of such consideration?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What is the number of automobiles imported into Canada each year since 1945 inclusive?

2. From what countries have these been imported and what is the number from each country for each year since 1945 inclusive?

3. For what makes of automobiles assembled or built in Canada may parts be imported duty free?

4. What automobile companies doing business in Canada since 1945 have been unable to meet the tariff regulation of 40% made in British Commonwealth content on auto parts?

5. Have any of these companies discontinued the building of cars in Canada because of their inability to meet the above-mentioned regulation?

6. If so, what companies have thus been affected in the past two years and what makes and models of automobiles have ceased to be assembled in Canada for this cause?

The Bill No. 4, An Act to regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas, was read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply;

Mr. Harris moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.

And the question being proposed;

Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Starr, moved in amendment thereto: That all the words after "That" to the end of the question, be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

> "in the opinion of this House, because of the grave state of unemployment in Canada as disclosed by the joint statement of the Department of Labour and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on February 23rd last, the Government should immediately give consideration to the formulation of plans to deal with this emergency, and to the necessary steps to establish a long-term program for expanding employment to be presented to Parliament during the present Session".

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15)

(Private Bills)

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, divorce Bills on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said divorce Bills):

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".

Bill No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke".

(*Public Bills*)

Orders numbered 26 and 27, having been respectively called, were allowed to stand.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 126, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Age of Voters);

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Johnston (Bow River), adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this first day of March, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Thursday, March 3:

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke".—*Mr. Forgie.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Hamilton (York West)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many aircraft are there of Canadian registry?

2. How many of these are licensed as commercial aircraft under the following headings: (*a*) having disposable load in excess of 6000 pounds; (*b*) having disposable load in excess of 1100 pounds but not greater than 6000 pounds; (*c*) having disposable load of up to 1100 pounds?

3. How many of these are licensed as private aircraft under the following headings: (*a*) having disposable load in excess of 6000 pounds; (*b*) having disposable load in excess of 1100 pounds but not greater than 6000 pounds; (*c*) having disposable load of up to 1100 pounds?

4. How many multi-engined aircraft are there of Canadian registry under the following headings: (*a*) those owned by Trans-Canada Air Lines; (*b*) those owned by Canadian Pacific Air Lines; (*c*) those licensed privately; (*d*) all others?

5. How many multi-engined aircraft are there of Canadian registry both private and commercial which have been designed and equipped for freight use only under the following headings: (*a*) those owned by Trans-Canada Air Lines; (*b*) those owned by Canadian Pacific Air Lines; (*c*) all others?

Mr. Pearkes—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many cadets have been enrolled each year since 1949, at the three Canadian Service Colleges?

2. How many of these cadets have graduated each year?

3. How many have been commissioned into the Regular Army each year?

4. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Navy (Regular) each year?

5. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Air Force (Regular) each year?

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many libraries are operated in Ottawa by Federal Government Departments, divisions and affiliated organizations under direction of the government?

2. What provisions exist to co-ordinate activities of these libraries and eliminate unnecessary duplication of material and function?

Mr. Beaudry—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many television receiving sets were sold during each of the years, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, in each of the areas served by television stations?

Mr. Nicholson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the last annual per capita disbursements for: (*a*) liquor; (*b*) tobacco; (*c*) cosmetics; (*d*) education; (*e*) comic books; (*f*) school books; (*g*) library books?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the employment situation on the Canadian National Railways at the present time compared with what it was in January 1953, July 1953, January 1954, July 1954 and January 1955 (*a*) in Canada as a whole; (*b*) in the Winnipeg area?

2. Is such information available with respect to (*a*) total employment on the Canadian National Railways; (*b*) employment in the shops thereof?

The Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources—On Thursday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Parks Act respecting the use of water in the Parks; also to authorize the levying of certain taxes for hospital services; further to provide for the withdrawal of certain lands from Waterton Lakes National Park; and finally to establish a National Park in the Province of Newfoundland.

The Minister of Transport—On Thursday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to approve and confirm an agreement between the Toronto Harbour Commissioners, The Toronto Terminals Railway Company, Canadian National Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company respecting certain railway tracks in the Harbour area of the City of Toronto.

Mr. McWilliam—On Thursday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Representation Act".

The Minister of Justice—On Thursday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, March 2	
497	Special Committee on Estimates.....	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 3	
497	Special Committee on Estimates.....	10.00 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 39

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 2ND MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council P.C. 1955-308, approved March 1, 1955: Appointing a Commission of Inquiry under the authority of Part I of the Inquiries Act to inquire into and report upon all questions within the jurisdiction of Parliament, including questions with respect to Part XIII of the Canada Shipping Act, Coasting Trade of Canada, arising out of the transportation by water, or by land and water, of goods and passengers from one place in Canada to another place in Canada, including the Great Lakes, and upon relevant matters. (English and French).

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of circular number 248, dated February 25, 1955, entitled: "Labour Supply, St. Lawrence River Seaway and Power Projects", and issued by the Unemployment Insurance Commission.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of January 24, 1955, for a Return showing:—What was the amount spent on scientific research by each department of the Federal Government during the calendar year 1954?

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Bank of Canada and Statement of Accounts for 1954, pursuant to Section 27 (3) of the Bank of Canada Act, Chapter 13, R.S.C., 1952, as amended.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Pickersgill be substituted for that of Mr. Power (St. John's West) on the Special Committee on Estimates.

Mr. Follwell, seconded by Mr. Cavers, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 191, An Act to amend the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1952, with respect to the Tenure of Place in the Senate, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Tustin:—What were the total imports into Canada for the year 1953, and the year 1954, giving country of origin, volume and value of (*a*) canned tomatoes; (*b*) tomato puree; (*c*) other tomato products; (*d*) canned corn; (*e*) canned peas; (*f*) other canned vegetables?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By unanimous consent, the House proceeded to "Government Orders".

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hees, adjourned.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings";

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That in relation to the adjourned debate on the motion of the Minister of Finance that Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the amendment thereto, moved March 1, the provisions of Standing Order 28 be suspended for Thursday, March 3, 1955.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 5.50 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Hansell—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is one Reuben Ship a citizen of Canada?

2. Was this person born here? If not, when did he enter Canada?

3. Was he ever deported from the United States to Canada, if so, when?

4. Did he ever work for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation? If so, in what capacity?

5. What were the total earnings of this man for work done with the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation?

6. Did this person write any plays for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation or did the Corporation, at any time, buy any of this persons plays? If so, what were the titles of these plays and how much was paid for each?

7. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation produce any recordings of this man's plays? If so, how many and what are their titles?

8. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation broadcast any of his plays? If so, (*a*) how many; (*b*) at what time; (*c*) on what stations?

9. Were any of this man's recordings distributed or sold to anyone? If so, to whom, and how much was paid for them?

Mr. Knight—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Do the Unemployment Insurance Offices employ temporary help to implement the permanent staff during the rush season? If so, are they usually hired from among the unemployed who are seeking work at the offices?

2. What is the amount per hour paid for such work?

3. Are statutory holidays and sick periods paid for?

4. Are such casual workers expected to work overtime or on Saturdays? If so, what is the rate of pay on these occasions?

5. Does the refusal of an unemployed person to accept such employment disqualify him from receiving unemployment benefit?

6. At what type of work are such people employed?

7. How does their pay compare with the usual pay for the same type of work in industry?

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Between January 1, 1954 and January 31, 1955, how many trips, paid for in whole or in part by the public treasury and/or using transport supplied by the public service or National Defence Department, were made by Ministers of the Crown to points other than in Canada?

2. For each trip (*a*) who made it; (*b*) to where; (*c*) for what purpose; (*d*) what expenses were collected from the public treasury in respect thereof; (*e*) if National Defence or other publicly owned transport was involved, between what points was it used?

Mr. Ellis—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has a decision been reached by the government to conduct a nation-wide census in 1956?

2. If so, will complete information ordinarily obtained by the census in the Prairie Provinces be collected?

Mr. Pommer—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many families in Manitoba were in receipt of family allowance in each of the months, January to December 31, 1954?

2. For how many children, in Manitoba, were the allowances paid, during the same period?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Defence Production attempted to have a Flying Saucer built?

2. If so, has the attempt been abandoned?

3. What has been the total expenditure incurred to date?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, March 3	
497	Special Committee on Estimates.....	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 9	
Sixteen	External Affairs.....	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 40

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 3RD MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Tenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Tenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case;

Of Ethel Dworkin Abrams, wife of Ted (Theodore) Martin Abrams of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Dora Dobrutsky Boyman, wife of Morris Boyman, *alias* Moses P. Boyman, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Veronica Hamilton Campbell, wife of William Gray Campbell of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.

Of Georges-Etienne Cartier of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Rochon Cartier.

Of Marian Toba Wolfe Cohen, wife of Hesse Saul Cohen of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Eileen Beatrice Sloan Douglas, now residing in Toronto, Ontario, wife of John Robert Douglas of Montreal, Quebec, presently of parts unknown.

Of Claude Ferron of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marielle Guibord Ferron.

Of Maureen Demers Kezber, wife of Jack Zicky Kezber of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley, wife of Thomas Kingsley of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.

Of Rejane Plamondon Levine, wife of Jack Levine of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Anne Wahl Ryshpan, wife of Saul Ryshpan of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Eva Levine Shapiro, wife of Jack Shapiro of Montreal, Quebec.

A Message was received from the Senate acquainting this House that the Senate had substituted the name of the Honourable Senator Tremblay for that of the Honourable Senator Bouffard on the Special Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions of capital punishment, corporal punishment and lotteries.

And also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills, to which the concurrence of this House was desired;

Bill No. 192 (Letter B of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Library of Parliament Act".

Bill No. 193 (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London".

Mr. McWilliam, seconded by Mr. Weaver, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 194, An Act to amend the Representation Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Balcom:—When tenders are invited by inserted advertisements in newspapers and other publications are they opened publicly at a stated hour on date specified (*a*) by the Public Works Department; (*b*) by the Department of Transport; (*c*) by the Department of Defence Production?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace):—1. How many libraries are operated in Ottawa by Federal Government Departments, divisions and affiliated organizations under direction of the government?

2. What provisions exist to co-ordinate activities of these libraries and eliminate unnecessary duplication of material and function?

Mr. Lesage moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Parks Act respecting the use of water in the Parks; also to authorize the levying of certain taxes for hospital services; further to provide for the withdrawal of certain lands from Waterton Lakes National Park; and finally to establish a National Park in the Province of Newfoundland.

Whereupon, Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

Mr. Marler moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to approve and confirm an agreement between the Toronto Harbour Commissioners, The Toronto Terminals Railway Company, Canadian National Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company respecting certain railway tracks in the Harbour area of the City of Toronto.

Whereupon, Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

Pursuant to Special Order made March 2, 1955, the House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Ellis, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Campbell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the government aware of the alleged cures of mental diseases in the United States through the use of the drugs R.P. 4560 called chlorpromazine, resperine, and rauwolfia?

2. Are these drugs available in Canada, and has any experimentation been done in Canada with these drugs in the treatment of mental illness?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are Canadian farmers allowed to ship Selkirk Wheat to the United States?

2. If not, on what authority is export forbidden or limited?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much mail, in weight and dollar value, has been carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines since the increase in postage rates in Canada?

2. How much mail, in weight and dollar value was carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines in a comparable period before the increase in postage rates?

Mr. Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Federal Government assist in making lime available to farmers in Nova Scotia?

2. If so, how much was spent by the Federal Government in Nova Scotia in each of the last five fiscal years?

Mr. Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Federal Government assist the Government of Nova Scotia financially in taking a forest inventory?

2. If so, how much has been expended by the Federal Government to date?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, March 7	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 8	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
277	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 9	
277	Miscellaneous Private Bills	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
277	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	4.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 41

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 4TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 16, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Does the Federal Government own the bed of the wharf of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, the approaches adjacent to the said wharf, and the entrance to such wharf?

2. If so, has the government leased, wholly or partly, the land owned by it along the wharf at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, and for what consideration?

3. Since what date has this land been leased, and has there been a change of lessees in the last ten years?

4. If there has been a change of lessees, on what date did it occur and who is the holder of the existing lease?

5. What amount has been received by the government on account of such lease to February 1, 1955?

The following Bills from the Senate were respectively read the first time, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 192 (Letter B of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Library of Parliament Act".—*Mr. Pickersgill.*

Bill No. 193 (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London".—*Mr. Mitchell* (London).

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 181, An Act to amend the National Harbours Board Act;

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952;

Mr. Lapointe moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 27 and 28, having been respectively called, were allowed to stand.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 163, An Act to amend the Income Tax Act;

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Knight, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Churchill, adjourned.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Lapointe: That Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952, be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Churchill adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 195, (Letter D of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners Act".

Bill No. 196 (Letter R-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski".

Bill No. 197 (Letter S-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross".

Bill No. 198 (Letter T-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald Muir Langton".

Bill No. 199 (Letter U-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Ritchot".

Bill No. 200 (Letter V-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Esther Vetter Meister".

Bill No. 201 (Letter W-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Lister Lees".

Bill No. 202 (Letter X-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen".

Bill No. 203 (Letter Y-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Murray Redburn".

Bill No. 204 (Letter Z-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anna Pearl Lingo DesMarais".

Bill No. 205 (Letter A-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean".

Bill No. 206 (Letter B-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers".

Bill No. 207 (Letter C-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick".

Bill No. 208 (Letter D-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz".

Bill No. 209 (Letter E-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Louis Kenneth Laurin".

Bill No. 210 (Letter F-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton".

Bill No. 211 (Letter G-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francois-Xavier Lange".

Bill No. 212 (Letter H-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Pelland Myre".

Bill No. 213 (Letter I-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule".

Bill No. 214 (Letter J-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of June Patricia Potter Cashman".

Bill No. 215 (Letter K-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair".

Bill No. 216 (Letter L-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Swanson Butler".

Bill No. 217 (Letter M-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Lutsky Perzow".

Bill No. 218 (Letter N-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susie Earle Young".

Bill No. 219 (Letter O-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse".

Bill No. 220 (Letter P-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Alexander Jakobszak".

Bill No. 221 (Letter Q-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick".

Bill No. 222 (Letter R-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby".

Bill No. 223 (Letter S-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley".

Bill No. 224 (Letter T-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Winnifred Patricia Lawson Disken".

Bill No. 225 (Letter U-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Kofman Liebman".

Bill No. 226 (Letter V-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Elsworth Allton".

Bill No. 227 (Letter W-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desire Cherry Szabo".

Bill No. 228 (Letter X-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Edward Shanassy".

Bill No. 229 (Letter Y-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fernand Seguin".

Bill No. 230 (Letter Z-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen".

Bill No. 231 (Letter A-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Divorce Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

At 10.00 o'clock p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Bell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of National Defence leased a building in Saint John, New Brunswick, for use as a new recruiting centre?

2. If so, how long has this building been leased?

3. Is this building being used at the present time for the purposes originally intended?

4. If not, for what reason?

5. Are recruits being received at the Saint John Armouries at the present time?

6. If so, is this to be a permanent arrangement?

Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the total number of Defence Research Board establishments located in Canada and elsewhere?

2. How many distinctive Defence Research Board flags have been purchased, if any?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many persons have lost their lives in Canada during the past year in fires in dwellings?

2. How many of these were children?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Why and when were regulations made, forbidding acceptance by Canadians of decorations from foreign governments or states?

2. In how many cases in each year since 1945, have foreign governments or states asked leave to grant decorations to Canadians, within the classifications prohibited by the Government, and in how many cases was consent refused thereto, and for what reasons?

The Prime Minister—On Monday next—That on Wednesday, March 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter to the end of the session, Government Notices of Motions and Government Orders shall have precedence over all business except the Introduction of Bills, Questions by Members and Notices of Motions for the Production of Papers.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, March 7	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 8	
277	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 9	
277	Miscellaneous Private Bills	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
277	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	4.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 42

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 7TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 232, (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited".

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Eleventh Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Eleventh Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Mary Madeleine Collings Bell, wife of Abraham Bell of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Esfi Pinkus Berger, wife of Jakub Berger of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Lazar Fried of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Priva Grossbach Fried, now residing is Israel.

Of Dora Helen Simmons Glancy, wife of Frank Glancy of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Robert Irvin Morrow of Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec, husband of Hazel Winnifred Williams Morrow.

Of Beatrice Macdonald Stewart Pasmore, wife of Hubert Martyn Wilcocks Pasmore of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Marion Tannenbaum Rabow, wife of Jacob Jack Rabow of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Betty Weiner Schwartz, wife of Allan Schwartz of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Joseph William James Tanney of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Annie Florence Myrell Campbell Tanney.

Of Hilda Emmalin Christensen Taylor, wife of Gilbert James Alexander Taylor of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Isidore Tremblay of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Noella Rebman Tremblay.

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police for the year ended March 31, 1954. (French).

Mr. Garson also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report, dated November 22, 1954, of the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission concerning an alleged combine in the distribution and sale of coal in the Timmins-Schumacher area, Ontario, pursuant to Sections 18 and 19 of the Combines Investigation Act, Chapter 314, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of the Report, dated November 5, 1954, of the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission, concerning an alleged combine in the manufacture, distribution and sale of wire fencing and related products in Canada, pursuant to Sections 18 and 19 of the Combines Investigation Act, Chapter 314, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report on the Operations of the Exchange Fund Account for 1954, pursuant to Section 26 of the Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act, Chapter 315, R.S.C., 1952.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Jones be substituted for that of Mr. Coldwell; and

That the name of Mr. Herridge be substituted for that of Mr. Knowles on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, Divorce Bills on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 195, (Letter D of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners Act".—*Mr. Marler.*

Bill No. 196 (Letter R-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 197 (Letter S-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 198 (Letter T-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald Muir Langton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 199 (Letter U-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Ritchot".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 200 (Letter V-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Esther Vetter Meister".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 201 (Letter W-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Lister Lees".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 202 (Letter X-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 203 (Letter Y-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Murray Redburn".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 204 (Letter Z-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anna Pearl Lingo DesMarais".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 205 (Letter A-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 206 (Letter B-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 207 (Letter C-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 208 (Letter D-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz."—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 209 (Letter E-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Louis Kenneth Laurin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 210 (Letter F-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 211 (Letter G-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francois-Xavier Lange".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 212 (Letter H-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Pelland Myre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 213 (Letter I-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 214 (Letter J-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of June Patricia Potter Cashman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 215 (Letter K-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 216 (Letter L-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Swanson Butler".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 217 (Letter M-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Lutsky Perzow".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 218 (Letter N-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susie Earle Young".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 219 (Letter O-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 220 (Letter P-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Alexander Jakobszak".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 221 (Letter Q-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 222 (Letter R-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 223 (Letter S-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 224 (Letter T-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Winnifred Patricia Lawson Disken".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 225 (Letter U-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Kofman Liebman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 226 (Letter V-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Elsworth Allton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 227 (Letter W-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desire Cherry Szabo".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 228 (Letter X-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Edward Shanassy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 229 (Letter Y-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fernand Seguin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 230 (Letter Z-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 231 (Letter A-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Pearkes:—1. How many cadets have been enrolled each year since 1949, at the three Canadian Service Colleges?

2. How many of these cadets have graduated each year?

3. How many have been commissioned into the Regular Army each year?

4. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Navy (Regular) each year?

5. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Air Force (Regular) each year?

By Mr. Dinsdale:—1. How much mail, in weight and dollar value, has been carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines since the increase in postage rates in Canada?

2. How much mail, in weight and dollar value was carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines in a comparable period before the increase in postage rates?

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Lapointe: That Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952, be now read the second time.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time.

By unanimous consent, on motion of Mr. Lapointe, the said Bill was referred to the *Special Committee on Veterans Affairs to be appointed by the House.*

The House reverted to "Government Notices of Motions";

Mr. Lapointe moved;—That a special committee consisting of 31 members, to be designated by the House at a later date, be appointed to consider a bill to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952, and a bill to amend the Veterans Benefit Act, 1954, and such other legislation relating to Veterans Affairs as may be referred from time to time to the said committee; that the said committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and records, to print from day to day its minutes of proceedings and evidence, to sit while the House is sitting and to report from time to time; that the quorum of the said committee shall consist of ten members; and that the provisions of Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

Mr. McCann moved,—That a select committee be appointed on broadcasting to consider the annual report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and to review the policies and aims of the corporation and its regulations, revenues, expenditures and development, with power to examine and inquire into the matters and things herein referred to and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, and to send for persons, papers and records; that the committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be deemed advisable or necessary; that the committee have power to meet while the House is sitting; that the committee shall consist of the following Members; Messrs: Balcer, Beaudry, Boisvert, Bryson, Carter, Cauchon, Decore, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Fleming, Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Goode, Hansell, Henry, Holowach, Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, McCann, Monteith, Reinke, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robichaud, Studer, Weaver. That Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Fleming, adjourned.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings".

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was resolved,—That Messrs. Balcom, Bennett (Grey North), Brooks, Cardin, Carter, Cavers, Croll, Dickey, Dinsdale, Enfield, Forgie, Gauthier (Portneuf), Gillis, Goode, Green, Hahn, Hanna, Harkness, Henderson, Herridge, Jones, MacDougall, Murphy (Westmorland), Pearkes, Philpott, Quelch, Roberge, Tucker, Weaver, Weselak and White (Hastings-Frontenac), constitute the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs appointed this day to consider certain bills relating to Veterans Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.56 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Charlton—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many bushels of apples have been imported into Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. From what countries, and of what dollar value in each case?

3. Under which grade are they entered?

4. What is the duty per bushel or pound?

5. Are any processed or partially processed apples imported and, if so, from what country and in what form?

Mr. Low—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the names and the total remuneration paid to each of the legal advisors employed by (*a*) the Rowell-Sirois Royal Commission, and (*b*) the Massey Royal Commission on National Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences?

Mr. Regier—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How does the Dominion Bureau of Statistics arrive at an estimate of tourist spending in Canada?

Mr. Balcom—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How much was paid by the Federal Government to the Province of Nova Scotia in the year 1954, under the Federal-Provincial tax agreements?

2. Does the Federal Government attempt to exercise any control over how this money should be spent by the Provincial Government?

Mr. Balcom—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. (A) In the Atlantic Region (including Newfoundland), (i) at the end of 1950; (ii) at the end of 1954, what were the number of (*a*) steam locomotives in service; (*b*) road steam engines according to class and/or tractive power; (*c*) switchers?

(B) In the Atlantic Region (excluding Newfoundland), (i) at the end of 1950; (ii) at the end of 1954, how many (*a*) steam locomotives; (*b*) road steam engines; (*c*) switchers, were on loan or lease from other regions, including Grand Trunk Western?

2. In the Atlantic Region (including Newfoundland) at the end of (i) 1950; (ii) 1954, what were the number of (*a*) diesels directly allocated to this region; (*b*) road units according to class and/or tractive power; (*c*) switchers?

3. (A) In the Atlantic Region (excluding Newfoundland), for, (i) 1950; (ii) 1954, what number of steam locomotives were shipped for No. 3 general repairs at (*a*) Moncton shops; (*b*) elsewhere?

(B) In the Atlantic Region (including Newfoundland), what number of steam locomotives were retired from service in (i) 1950; (ii) 1954?

4. What were the total number of locomotives available for service in the Atlantic Region (including Newfoundland), in (i) 1950; (ii) 1954, (*a*) steam; (*b*) diesel?

5. How many additional diesel units are planned for the Atlantic Region (including Newfoundland) in 1955, (*a*) road units; (*b*) switchers?

6. How many steam locomotives are scheduled to be retired in 1955?

Mr. Thomas—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the cost per week to (*a*) the Department of National Defence; (*b*) the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, for the production of the television programme Canadians in Khaki?

2. What would be the revenue to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation if this time were leased to a commercial company?

Mr. Jones—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the total amount standing to the credit of the Municipal Improvements Assistance Act?

2. When was the last loan made under the Provisions of this Act?

3. Will the government consider applications for assistance under this Act?

*Mr. Coldwell**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, exchanged since December 7, 1950, between the Government of Canada or any department thereof, and the Provincial Governments or any departments thereof, relating to the calling of a Federal-Provincial conference.

*Mr. Argue**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since January 1, 1954 which have passed between any department of the government and any person, persons or organizations relative to the appointment of a person or persons to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, March 8	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.00 a.m.
277	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 9	
277	Miscellaneous Private Bills	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
277	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	4.00 p.m.
	Thursday, March 10	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Friday, March 11	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 43

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. McWilliam, from the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections, presented the First Report of the said Committee, as follows:

Your Committee recommends that it be granted leave to sit while the House is sitting.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. McWilliam, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What amount has the Federal Government collected annually in each province from personal income tax, since the last renewal of the tax rental agreement?

2. What annual amount has each province received in return, under the tax rental agreement?

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented Return to an Address of January 24, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Dominion Government or any department or agency thereof and the Government of British Columbia and any other person or persons, since January 1st, 1952, regarding the renovation, etc. of the irrigation system of the British Columbia Fruitlands Irrigation District.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was resolved,—That there shall be two sittings of the House this day; one from 2.30 p.m. until 5.00 p.m., and the other from 8.00

p.m. until 10.00 p.m.; that at 8.00 p.m. the House will resume the consideration of government business, and that the provisions of Standing Order 15 be suspended in relation thereto.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Dinsdale be substituted for that of Mr. Nesbitt on the Special Committee on Estimates.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. McCann: That a select committee be appointed on broadcasting to consider the annual report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and to review the policies and aims of the corporation and its regulations, revenues, expenditures and development, with power to examine and inquire into the matters and things herein referred to and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, and to send for persons, papers and records; that the committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be deemed advisable or necessary; that the committee have power to meet while the House is sitting; that the committee shall consist of the following Members; Messrs: Balcer, Beaudry, Boisvert, Bryson, Carter, Cauchon, Decore, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Fleming, Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Goode, Hansell, Henry, Holowach, Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, McCann, Monteith, Reinke, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robichaud, Studer, Weaver. That Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hansell, adjourned.

Pursuant to special order made this day, at five o'clock p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put until 8.00 o'clock p.m. tonight.

SECOND SITTING

TUESDAY, 8th March, 1955.

8.00 o'clock p.m.

By leave, on motion of Mr. St. Laurent, it was resolved,—That the remarks of the several speakers delivered this day in the Chamber of the House of Commons on the occasion of the acceptance and unveiling of a bronze bust of the late Miss Agnes Campbell MacPhail, first woman Member of Parliament, be included in the House of Commons debates as an appendix and thus form part of the records of this Parliament.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. McCann: That a select committee be appointed on broadcasting to consider the annual report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and to review the policies and aims of the corporation and its regulations, revenues, expenditures and development, with power to examine and inquire into the matters and things herein referred to and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, and to send for persons, papers and records; that the committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may

be deemed advisable or necessary; that the committee have power to meet while the House is sitting; that the committee shall consist of the following Members; Messrs: Balcer, Beaudry, Boisvert, Bryson, Carter, Cauchon, Decore, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Fleming, Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Goode Hansell, Henry, Holowach, Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, McCann, Monteith, Reinke, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robichaud, Studer, Weaver. That Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace) adjourned.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Knight—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What department of government issues the booklet "Our Government"?

2. For what purpose was it issued?

3. Has it been distributed (*a*) to immigrants to Canada; (*b*) to others?

4. How many copies have been distributed?

5. How many copies were printed?

6. Who is the author of the booklet?

Mr. Anderson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total number of farmers on the land in 1951?

2. What was the percentage of Canada's population on the farm in 1941?

3. What was the percentage of Canada's population on the farm in 1951?

Mr. Fulton—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What reports have been made on trade or commercial practices by the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission in each year since it was established, to date, indicating briefly the nature of the complaint or practice investigated in each case?

2. With respect to the situations covered by these reports (*a*) in which ones was a legal opinion asked for as to prosecution, and to whom was that question referred in each case; (*b*) what was the conclusion as to prosecution arrived at in each case; (*c*) in which ones have prosecutions been initiated; (*d*) which ones have been completed, and with what results; (*e*) which ones are still before the courts; (*f*) were there any cases in which the effect of the legal opinion was that prosecutions were justified but no prosecution was launched, and if so, for what reason; (*g*) which ones are still under consideration by counsel as to whether prosecution is warranted?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the level of total employment on the Canadian National Railways at the middle of each of the following months: August 1954, September 1954, October 1954, November 1954, December 1954, January 1955 and February 1955?

2. What was the level of shop employment on the Canadian National Railways at the middle of each of the following months: August 1954, September 1954, October 1954, November 1954, December 1954, January 1955 and February 1955?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In what area, division or section is the Winnipeg area included with respect to statistics maintained by the Canadian National Railways?

2. What was the level of total employment on the Canadian National Railways in this area, division or section at the middle of each of the following months: January 1953, July 1953, January 1954, July 1954, August 1954, September 1954, October 1954, November 1954, December 1954, January 1955 and February 1955?

3. What was the level of shop employment on the Canadian National Railways in this area, division or section at the middle of each of the following months: January 1953, July 1953, January 1954, July 1954, August 1954, September 1954, October 1954, November 1954, December 1954, January 1955 and February 1955?

Mr. Stewart (Winnipeg North)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY —1. How many Canadian employers applied to the Immigration Department or made arrangements with the Immigration Department to hire immigrant workers in 1954?

2. Of these, how many specified that the immigrant workers so engaged had to be of a certain religious faith or fulfil certain religious qualifications?

3. How many immigrants were referred to Canadian employers by the Immigration Department in 1954?

4. Of these, how many were sent to employers who specified that the immigrant must fulfil certain religious qualifications?

5. Is there anything in the Department's practice of referring immigrants according to religious qualifications laid down by employers which violates any of the provisions of the Canada Fair Employment Practices Act?

Mr. Knowles—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many vice-presidents did the Canadian National Railways have in 1949?

2. How many vice-presidents have the Canadian National Railways today?

3. How many superintendents were in the employ of the Canadian National Railways in 1949?

4. How many superintendents are in the employ of the Canadian National Railways today?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, March 9	
277	Miscellaneous Private Bills	10.30 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs (*Organization*)	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
277	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	4.00 p.m.
	Thursday, March 10	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Friday, March 11	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 44

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 9TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One petition was laid upon the Table.

Mr. Hunter, from the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That the quorum be reduced from 15 to 10 members, and that Standing Order 63(1)(c) be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That it be granted leave to sit while the House is sitting.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Hunter, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Hunter, from the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, presented the Second Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following bill and has agreed to report it without amendment:

Bill No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke".

Mr. Hunter, from the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, presented the Third Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following bills and has agreed to report them without amendment:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker".

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Therese McSheffrey Richard".

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff".

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board".

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".

Bill No. 93 (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies".

Bill No. 94 (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit".

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Address of January 24, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged since the first day of May 1954, between any department of government and the Governments of Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba, relative to the South Saskatchewan Dam and Irrigation Project.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of a loan made on March 1, 1955 to the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority, pursuant to Section 26(4) of the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority Act, Chapter 242, R.S.C., 1952.

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Charlton:—1. How many bushels of apples have been imported into Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. From what countries, and of what dollar value in each case?

3. Under which grade are they entered?

4. What is the duty per bushel or pound?

5. Are any processed or partially processed apples imported and, if so, from what country and in what form?

The following Addresses were voted to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, exchanged since December 7, 1950, between the Government of Canada or any department thereof, and the Provincial Governments or any departments thereof, relating to the calling of a Federal-Provincial conference.

By Mr. Argue: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since January 1, 1954 which have passed between any department of the government and any person, persons or organizations relative to the appointment of a person or persons to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Blair, moved,—That, in the opinion of this House, the government should consider the advisablity of an immediate investigation into the reasons why the spread between prices paid to the producer for top grade beef and those paid for lower grades is not accompanied by a corresponding choice of prices required to be paid by consumers, and into the question of whether there is an abuse under the present system of grading, and into the methods whereby such abuse can be eliminated.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 233 (Letter E-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston".

Bill No. 234 (Letter F-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ellis Hamilton".

Bill No. 235 (Letter G-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand".

Bill No. 236 (Letter H-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon".

Bill No. 237 (Letter I-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin".

Bill No. 238 (Letter J-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Wagner Arkin".

Bill No. 239 (Letter K-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lena Robitaille Barre".

Bill No. 240 (Letter L-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antonio Michetti".

Bill No. 241 (Letter M-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Andre Roland Roy".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

At 6.05 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Buchanan—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many buildings are under construction by the Federal Department of Public Works in Nova Scotia at present?

2. How many will be heated by coal?

Mr. Buchanan—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What money grants, if any, were paid to the following hospitals in Cape Breton, for the last four years: (*a*) Harbour View Hospital, Sydney Mines; (*b*) St. Elizabeth, North Sydney; (*c*) Cape Breton Hospital; (*d*) Pt. Edward T.B. Hospital?

2. In addition to money grants, what equipment was supplied to the above hospitals by the Federal Government, during the same period?

Mr. Cardiff—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Under Order-in-Council P.C. 1954-673 and Public Service Superannuation Regulations thereunder, how many civil servants have been retired?

2. What were the respective positions held by each of such civil servants?

3. What were the years of service and the age at retirement of each of them?

4. In what branch of government did each of them serve?

Mr. Pommer—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many civil servants, permanent and temporary, were employed in each of the Federal Government Departments, during each of the years from 1945 to 1954 inclusive?

Mr. Johnson (Kindersley)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many full time entomologists were employed by the Federal Government in each province, and at what cost, in each of the years, 1952, 1953 and 1954, by (*a*) science service; (*b*) experimental farm service?

2. How many full time weed control specialists were employed by the Federal Government in each province, and at what cost, in each of the years, 1952, 1953 and 1954, by (*a*) science service; (*b*) experimental farm service?

Mr. Hellyer—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Is any action being taken by the Federal Government to protect the health of people engaged in the use of radioactive materials?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has any change been made in the cycle of trips assigned to pilots flying Trans-Canada Air Lines aircraft between Montreal and Toronto on the one hand and Bermuda and Tampa, Florida, on the other, since the crash of a Super-Constellation aircraft near Brampton, Ontario, on its return from Tampa, Florida, on December 17, 1954?

2. If so, what were the details of any such change?

3. On what date was any such change made?

4. If no change in this cycle of trips has been made, is any change under consideration?

Mr. Small—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many motor vehicles, (trucks, cars, etc.), are operated by the various departments of the Federal Government in Canada?

2. How many motor vehicles, (trucks, cars, etc.), are operated in Ottawa by the various departments of the Federal Government servicing their departments?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, March 10	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Friday, March 11	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
277	Veterans Affairs	3.00 p.m.
	Monday, March 14	
277	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 15	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 45

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 10TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 242 (Letter O-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code".

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Fourteenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions, stating that he had examined the following petition presented on March 9, praying for an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that, while this petition complies with the requirements of Standing Order 68, it has been presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92 and, for this reason, it should not be received:

Of Nicole Emile Dardano of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Doris Muriel Denman Dardano.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of a letter dated March 8, 1955, from the Prime Minister of Canada to the Premiers of the Provinces of Canada respecting a federal-provincial fiscal conference to be held later this year. (English and French).

Mr. Gardiner, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 14, 1955, for a copy of the expense accounts submitted by G. M. Ferrie of the Department of Agriculture for the year 1954.

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-309 of March 1, 1955; Approving the Capital Budget of the Canadian Farm Loan Board for the year ending March 31, 1956.

Mr. Robertson, Parliamentary Assistant tc the Minister of National Health and Welfare, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 16, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many persons in Canada, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, are in receipt of old age security?

2. How many persons, if any, seventy years of age or over, by provinces, in receipt of old age security, are receiving less than $40 a month?

3. For what reasons and by what authority are the pension payments to such persons less than $40 a month?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What amounts were included in the estimates for the last fiscal year in respect of Health Grants, by provinces?

2. What amounts were actually spent in each province?

3. What amounts were paid by the Federal Government in respect of retarded children in each province?

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, Divorce Bills on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited".—*Mr. Arsenault.*

Bill No. 233 (Letter E-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 234 (Letter F-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ellis Hamilton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 235 (Letter G-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 236 (Letter H-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 237 (Letter I-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 238 (Letter J-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Wagner Arkin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 239 (Letter K-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lena Robitaille Barre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 240 (Letter L-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antonio Michetti".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 241 (Letter M-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Andre Roland Roy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Hansell:—1. Is one Reuben Ship a citizen of Canada?

2. Was this person born here? If not, when did he enter Canada?

3. Was he ever deported from the United States to Canada, if so, when?

4. Did he ever work for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation? If so, in what capacity?

5. What were the total earnings of this man for work done with the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation?

6. Did this person write any plays for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation or did the Corporation, at any time, buy any of this person's plays? If so, what were the titles of these plays and how much was paid for each?

7. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation produce any recordings of this man's plays? If so, how many and what are their titles?

8. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation broadcast any of his plays? If so, (*a*) how many; (*b*) at what time; (*c*) on what stations?

9. Were any of this man's recordings distributed or sold to anyone? If so, to whom, and how much was paid for them?

By Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace):—1. Between January 1, 1954 and January 31, 1955, how many trips, paid for in whole or in part by the public treasury and/or using transport supplied by the public service or National Defence Department, were made by Ministers of the Crown to points other than in Canada?

2. For each trip (*a*) who made it; (*b*) to where; (*c*) for what purpose; (*d*) what expenses were collected from the public treasury in respect thereof; (*e*) if National Defence or other publicly owned transport was involved, between what points was it used?

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—1. Why and when were regulations made, forbidding acceptance by Canadians of decorations from foreign governments or states?

2. In how many cases in each year since 1945, have foreign governments or states asked leave to grant decorations to Canadians, within the classifications prohibited by the Government, and in how many cases was consent refused thereto, and for what reasons?

By Mr. Low:—What were the names and the total remuneration paid to each of the legal advisors employed by (*a*) the Rowell-Sirois Royal Commission, and (*b*) the Massey Royal Commission on National Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences?

By Mr. Thomas:—1. What is the cost per week to (*a*) the Department of National Defence; (*b*) the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, for the production of the television programme, Canadians in Khaki?

2. What would be the revenue to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation if this time were leased to a commercial company?

By Mr. Fulton:—1. What reports have been made on trade or commercial practices by the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission in each year since it was established, to date, indicating briefly the nature of the complaint or practice investigated in each case?

2. With respect to the situations covered by these reports (*a*) in which ones was a legal opinion asked for as to prosecution, and to whom was that question referred in each case; (*b*) what was the conclusion as to prosecution arrived at in each case; (*c*) in which ones have prosecutions been initiated; (*d*) which ones have been completed, and with what results; (*e*) which ones are still before the courts; (*f*) were there any cases in which the effect of the legal opinion was that prosecutions were justified but no prosecution was launched, and if so, for what reason; (*g*) which ones are still under consideration by counsel as to whether prosecution is warranted?

Mr. St. Laurent moved,—That on Wednesday, March 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter to the end of the session, Government Notices of Motions and Government Orders shall have precedence over all business except the Introduction of Bills, Questions by Members and Notices of Motions for the Production of Papers.

And after Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 124, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax.

Mr. McCann moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

And a Debate arising thereon;

Mr. Small, seconded by Mr. Stanton, moved in amendment thereto: That Bill No. 124 be not now read a third time, but that it be referred back to the Committee of the Whole to consider the alteration of the name of the other contracting party, to its proper designation, the Republic of Southern Ireland.

And the question being proposed;

RULING BY MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Since the time when the amendment was moved I have been giving consideration to it. My attention has been drawn to the fact that the bill has attached to it an agreement which is described as an agreement between the government of Canada and the government of Ireland. I have also listened carefully to the remarks of the Secretary of State for External Affairs (Mr. Pearson). It would appear that that is the appended name of the signatory. It would therefore appear, in one light, that should this amendment be adopted there would be nothing which the committee of the whole could do and it might therefore be considered that the amendment was a nullity. Under these circumstances I am forced to decide that, in my opinion, the amendment is not in order.

And the question being put on the main motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, on division, and passed.

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 125, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty.

Mr. McCann moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, on division and passed.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. McCann:—That a select committee be appointed on broadcasting to consider the annual report of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and to review the policies and aims of the corporation and its regulations, revenues, expenditures and development, with power to examine and inquire into the matters and things herein referred to and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, and to send for persons, papers and records; that the committee have power to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be deemed advisable or necessary; that the committee have power to meet while the House is sitting; that the committee shall consist of the following Members; Messrs: Balcer, Beaudry, Boisvert, Bryson, Carter, Cauchon, Decore, Diefenbaker, Dinsdale, Fleming, Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Goode, Hansell, Henry, Holowach, Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, McCann, Monteith, Reinke, Richard (Ottawa East), Richardson, Robichaud, Studer, Weaver. That Standing Orders 64 and 65 be suspended in relation thereto.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Defence Production Act, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 243 (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company".

Bill No. 244 (Letter D-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to consolidate and amend Acts relating to The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada".

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Canada Grain Act, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Defence Production made loans, advances or investments with respect to the following corporations, from April 1, 1945 to March 31, 1954: (*a*) Canadian Pratt & Whitney, Aircraft Company Ltd., Longueuil, Quebec; (*b*) John Inglis Company Ltd., Toronto, Ontario; (*c*) Light Alloys Ltd., Toronto, Ontario; (*d*) A. V. Roe Canada Ltd., Malton, Ontario; (*e*) Sorel Industries Ltd., Sorel, Quebec?

2. If so, what was the total amount of loans, advances or investments in each case for the said period?

3. What amounts have been repaid by the said corporations as at March 31, 1954?

4. What interest, if any, has the Canadian Government received, in each case, from the said corporations on these loans, advances or investments?

Mr. Zaplitny—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. During the fiscal year 1953-54 did the Department of Defence Production purchase cloth from the following companies: (*a*) Verney Corporation of Canada Ltd., Montreal; (*b*) Montreal Cottons Ltd., Valleyfield, Quebec?

2. If so, what was the quantity and grade of cloth so purchased in each case?

3. What was the total amount paid to each of the companies, noted above, for such cloth?

4. What was the per unit price paid to each company?

Mr. Bell—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government requested in any manner an expression of intention from the provinces regarding participation by them in the development of atomic energy for power?

2. If so, when and in what manner?

3. Have any provinces replied to same or made other representation to the Federal Government in connection with this said development of atomic energy for power?

4. If so, which provinces, and when?

5. What is the present basis for such negotiations?

6. Are both privately-owned power companies and the provincial power commissions being considered?

7. Have offers to participate been received by the Federal Government from private companies?

8. If so, by whom and when?

9. What decisions have been taken to date?

Mr. Michener—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the estimated number of unemployed employables who are not now drawing any benefits from the Unemployment Insurance Fund?

2. How is this estimate arrived at?

Mr. Purdy—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When did the Physical Fitness Act come into force?

2. When did operations under this Act cease?

3. What amount would have been available to each of the provinces, during each of the years of the operation of this Act had they taken full advantage of same?

4. What amount was paid to each province each year during the operation of the Act?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many maintenance of way employees of the Canadian National Railways will be laid off on account of the recent change in section crews?

Mr. Hardie—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total amount paid to residents of the Northwest Territories by the Department of National Health and Welfare in each of the years 1952, 1953 and 1954, for (*a*) old age security pensions; (*b*) old age assistance allowances?

2. What was the total amount paid to residents of the Northwest Territories by the Department of National Health and Welfare for family allowances, in each of the years 1946 to 1954 inclusive?

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total cost of fires in the Department of National Defence during: (*a*) 1954; (*b*) January and February, 1955?

2. What was the total cost of loss by: (*a*) Navy; (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force, during above periods?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the abbreviation and designation of "O.H.M.S." been discontinued on letters despatched by any of the departments of the government and the designation "G" substitued in lieu thereof?

2. If so, for what reason was the change made?

3. Who authorized the change and what was the date of such authorization?

Mr. Buchanan—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many buildings are at present under construction by the Federal Department of Public Works in the Province of Nova Scotia?

2. How many of these will be heated by coal?

3. How many buildings are owned by the Federal Government in the Province of Nova Scotia?

4. How many of these are heated by (*a*) coal; (*b*) oil?

Mr. Dufresne—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Canadian National Railways decided to close the railway stations at St. Stanislas and St. Adelphe, in the County of Champlain, St. Elizabeth, in the County of Joliette, St. Perpetue, in the County of Kamouraska, St. Joseph-du-lac, in the County of Nicolet, and Villemontel, in the County of Abitibi?

2. Has the Canadian National Railways decided to cancel the day train between Quebec City and Garneau, via St. Prosper?

3. If so, will steps be taken to protect the travelling public of the said localities?

*Mr. Zaplitny**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all letters, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Government of Canada, or any department thereof, and Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Ltd., since January 1, 1953 to date, relating to a request of the said company made to the Government of Canada for a guarantee of the company's bond issue and/or any other form of financial assistance.

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all letters and telegrams that have passed between the National Film Board and Douglas Sinclair, a professional movie photographer, since the first day of February, 1954, which have to do with a claim by Mr. Sinclair that he was interfered with or prevented by the National Film Board officials and employees from taking moving pictures of scenes and events at the Carnival held in Quebec City during the month of February.

Mr. McWilliam—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should consider the advisability of setting firm dates for the commencement, duration and completion of the East Coast smelt fishing season, with the end in view of stabilizing prices throughout the season and bringing about a more orderly system of marketing.

Mr. Trainor—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should give consideration to the advisability of amending the Income Tax Act so as to provide that the taxpayer shall at his option be entitled to deduct from his taxable income either (*a*) his medical expenses as now determined; (*b*) the premiums paid by him for insurance against sickness or accident or both; (*c*) the specific provincial tax paid by him under any provincial scheme of health insurance.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to bring in a measure to extend the benefits of the Municipal Grants Act and to provide for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, March 11	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
277	Veterans Affairs	3.00 p.m.
	Monday, March 14	
277	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Tuesday, March 15	
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Thursday, March 17	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 46

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 11TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The following Bills from the Senate were respectively read the first time, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 242 (Letter O-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code".—*Mr. Garson.*

Bill No. 244 (Letter D-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to consolidate and amend Acts relating to The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada".—*Mr. Deschatelets.*

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Canada Grain Act.

And the House continuing in Committee;

At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker took the Chair.

(*Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.*)

(*Private Bills*)

The Bill, No. 178 (Letter A-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting the Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke", was considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

Mr. Weir moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to go into Committee of the Whole on Private Bills (*pursuant to Standing Order 110*); which was agreed to.

The following Bills were considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time, on division, and passed:

Bill No. 10 (Letter H of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet".

Bill No. 11 (Letter I of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay".

Bill No. 12 (Letter J of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones".

Bill No. 13 (Letter K of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko".

Bill No. 14 (Letter L of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty".

Bill No. 15 (Letter M of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson".

Bill No. 16 (Letter N of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves".

Bill No. 17 (Letter O of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash".

Bill No. 18 (Letter P of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle".

Bill No. 19 (Letter Q of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose".

Bill No. 20 (Letter R of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman".

Bill No. 23 (Letter T of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier".

Bill No. 24 (Letter U of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue".

Bill No. 25 (Letter V of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg".

Bill No. 26 (Letter W of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume".

Bill No. 27 (Letter X of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger".

Bill No. 28 (Letter Y of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir".

Bill No. 29 (Letter Z of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher".

Bill No. 30 (Letter A-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker".

Bill No. 31 (Letter B-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle".

Bill No. 32 (Letter C-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman".

Bill No. 33 (Letter D-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant".

Bill No. 34 (Letter E-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe".

Bill No. 35 (Letter F-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 36 (Letter G-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot".

Bill No. 37 (Letter H-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas".

Bill No. 38 (Letter I-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek".

Bill No. 39 (Letter J-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger".

Bill No. 40 (Letter K-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille".

Bill No. 41 (Letter L-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden".

Bill No. 42 (Letter M-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien".

Bill No. 43 (Letter N-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin".

Bill No. 44 (Letter O-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre".

Bill No. 45 (Letter P-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere".

Bill No. 46 (Letter Q-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Theresa McSheffrey Richard".

Bill No. 47 (Letter R-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short".

Bill No. 48 (Letter S-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand".

Bill No. 49 (Letter T-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo".

Bill No. 50 (Letter U-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen".

Bill No. 51 (Letter V-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller".

Bill No. 52 (Letter W-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston".

Bill No. 53 (Letter X-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi".

Bill No. 54 (Letter Y-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet".

Bill No. 55 (Letter Z-1 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie".

Bill No. 56 (Letter A-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance".

Bill No. 57 (Letter B-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson".

Bill No. 58 (Letter C-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart".

Bill No. 59 (Letter D-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor".

Bill No. 60 (Letter E-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".

Bill No. 61 (Letter F-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop".

Bill No. 62 (Letter G-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best".

Bill No. 63 (Letter H-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus".

Bill No. 64 (Letter I-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe".

Bill No. 65 (Letter J-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal".

Bill No. 66 (Letter K-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone".

Bill No. 67 (Letter L-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart".

Bill No. 68 (Letter M-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin".

Bill No. 69 (Letter N-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss".

Bill No. 70 (Letter O-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel".

Bill No. 71 (Letter P-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden".

Bill No. 72 (Letter Q-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero".

Bill No. 73 (Letter R-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean".

Bill No. 74 (Letter S-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack".

Bill No. 75 (Letter T-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson".

Bill No. 76 (Letter U-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore".

Bill No. 77 (Letter V-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon".

Bill No. 78 (Letter W-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff".

Bill No. 79 (Letter X-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis".

Bill No. 80 (Letter Y-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board".

Bill No. 81 (Letter Z-2 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed".

Bill No. 82 (Letter A-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen".

Bill No. 83 (Letter B-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy".

Bill No. 84 (Letter C-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes".

Bill No. 85 (Letter D-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner".

Bill No. 86 (Letter E-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Georges Ovide Normand".

Bill No. 87 (Letter F-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell".

Bill No. 88 (Letter G-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis".

Bill No. 89 (Letter H-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John McKinnell".

Bill No. 90 (Letter I-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell".

Bill No. 91 (Letter J-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison".

Bill No. 92 (Letter K-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb".

Bill No. 93 (Letter L-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies".

Bill No. 94 (Letter M-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit".

Bill No. 95 (Letter N-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin".

Bill No. 96 (Letter O-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs".

Bill No. 97 (Letter P-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux".

Bill No. 98 (Letter Q-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell".

Bill No. 99 (Letter R-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky".

Bill No. 100 (Letter S-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter".

Bill No. 101 (Letter T-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie".

Bill No. 102 (Letter U-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin".

Bill No. 103 (Letter V-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea".

Bill No. 104 (Letter W-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt".

Bill No. 105 (Letter X-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall".

Bill No. 106 (Letter Y-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener".

Bill No. 107 (Letter Z-3 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard".

Bill No. 108 (Letter A-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford".

Bill No. 109 (Letter B-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski".

Bill No. 110 (Letter C-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan".

Bill No. 111 (Letter D-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier".

Bill No. 112 (Letter E-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer".

Bill No. 113 (Letter F-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney".

Bill No. 114 (Letter G-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock".

Bill No. 115 (Letter H-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein".

Bill No. 116 (Letter I-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross".

Bill No. 117 (Letter J-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby".

Bill No. 118 (Letter K-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver".

Bill No. 119 (Letter L-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski".

Bill No. 120 (Letter M-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski".

Bill No. 121 (Letter N-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe".

Bill No. 122 (Letter O-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins".

Bill No. 123 (Letter P-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean".

Bill No. 127 (Letter Q-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil".

Bill No. 128 (Letter R-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault".

Bill No. 129 (Letter S-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman".

Bill No. 130 (Letter T-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz".

Bill No. 131 (Letter U-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin".

Bill No. 132 (Letter V-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly".

Bill No. 133 (Letter W-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment".

Bill No. 134 (Letter X-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay".

Bill No. 135 (Letter Y-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier".

Bill No. 136 (Letter Z-4 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 137 (Letter A-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark".

Bill No. 138 (Letter B-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman".

Bill No. 139 (Letter C-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson".

Bill No. 140 (Letter D-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft".

Bill No. 141 (Letter E-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle".

Bill No. 142 (Letter F-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver".

Bill No. 143 (Letter G-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin".

Bill No. 144 (Letter H-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon".

Bill No. 145 (Letter I-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John William Newton".

Bill No. 146 (Letter J-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc".

Bill No. 147 (Letter K-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis".

Bill No. 148 (Letter L-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran".

Bill No. 149 (Letter M-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall".

Bill No. 150 (Letter N-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edward Satel".

Bill No. 151 (Letter O-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch".

Bill No. 152 (Letter P-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell".

Bill No. 153 (Letter Q-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark".

Bill No. 154 (Letter R-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki".

Bill No. 155 (Letter S-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt".

Bill No. 156 (Letter T-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas".

Bill No. 157 (Letter U-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie".

Bill No. 158 (Letter V-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci".

Bill No. 159 (Letter W-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson".

Bill No. 160 (Letter X-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel".

Bill No. 161 (Letter Y-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte".

Bill No. 162 (Letter Z-5 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe".

Bill No. 165 (Letter B-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee".

Bill No. 166 (Letter C-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos".

Bill No. 167 (Letter D-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare".

Bill No. 168 (Letter E-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard".

Bill No. 169 (Letter F-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth".

Bill No. 170 (Letter G-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs".

Bill No. 171 (Letter H-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins".

Bill No. 172 (Letter I-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul".

Bill No. 173 (Letter J-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt".

Bill No. 174 (Letter K-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam".

Bill No. 175 (Letter L-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant".

Bill No. 176 (Letter M-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak".

Bill No. 177 (Letter N-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied".

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That a Message be sent to the Senate to return to that House the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills before the Standing Committee of the Senate on Divorce.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 193 (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London";

Mr. White (Middlesex East), for Mr. Mitchell (London), seconded by Mr. Michener, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 196 (Letter R-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski".

Bill No. 197 (Letter S-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross".

Bill No. 198 (Letter T-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald Muir Langton".

Bill No. 199 (Letter U-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Ritchot".

Bill No. 200 (Letter V-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Esther Vetter Meister".

Bill No. 201 (Letter W-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Lister Lees".

Bill No. 202 (Letter X-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen".

Bill No. 203 (Letter Y-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Murray Redburn".

Bill No. 204 (Letter Z-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anna Pearl Lingo DesMarais".

Bill No. 205 (Letter A-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean".

Bill No. 206 (Letter B-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers".

Bill No. 207 (Letter C-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick".

Bill No. 208 (Letter D-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz".

Bill No. 209 (Letter E-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Louis Kenneth Laurin".

Bill No. 210 (Letter F-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton".

Bill No. 211 (Letter G-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francois-Xavier Lange".

Bill No. 212 (Letter H-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Pelland Myre".

Bill No. 213 (Letter I-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule".

Bill No. 214 (Letter J-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of June Patricia Potter Cashman".

Bill No. 215 (Letter K-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair".

Bill No. 216 (Letter L-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Swanson Butler".

Bill No. 217 (Letter M-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Lutsky Perzow".

Bill No. 218 (Letter N-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susie Earle Young".

Bill No. 219 (Letter O-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse".

Bill No. 220 (Letter P-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Alexander Jakobszak".

Bill No. 221 (Letter Q-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick".

Bill No. 222 (Letter R-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby".

Bill No. 223 (Letter S-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley".

Bill No. 224 (Letter T-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Winnifred Patricia Lawson Disken".

Bill No. 225 (Letter U-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Kofman Liebman".

Bill No. 226 (Letter V-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Elsworth Allton".

Bill No. 227 (Letter W-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desire Cherry Szabo".

Bill No. 228 (Letter X-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Edward Shanassy".

Bill No. 229 (Letter Y-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fernand Seguin".

Bill No. 230 (Letter Z-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen".

Bill No. 231 (Letter A-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon".

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited".

Mr. Arsenault, seconded by Mr. Boisvert, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

Mr. Weir, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Applewhaite, by unanimous consent, moved,—That the following Bills from the Senate be now read the second time:

Bill No. 233 (Letter E-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston".

Bill No. 234 (Letter F-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ellis Hamilton".

Bill No. 235 (Letter G-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand".

Bill No. 236 (Letter H-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon".

Bill No. 237 (Letter I-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin".

Bill No. 238 (Letter J-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Wagner Arkin".

Bill No. 239 (Letter K-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lena Robitaille Barre".

Bill No. 240 (Letter L-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antonio Michetti".

Bill No. 241 (Letter M-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Andre Roland Roy".

After Debate thereon; the question being put on the said motion, it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bills were accordingly read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills).

(*Public Bills*)

Orders numbered 26, 27 and 32, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill 185, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act. (Ballot Papers);

Mr. Thomas, seconded by Mr. Yuill moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Canada Grain Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canada Grain Act to amend the statutory grades of Western Grain and Eastern Grain with respect to the grade No. 3 Amber Durum Wheat and all grades of soybeans as recommended by the Committee on Western and Eastern Grain Standards; to provide for the appointment of four in lieu of three assistant grain commissioners and to increase the annual salaries of the chief and other two commissioners from fourteen and twelve thousand dollars to fifteen and thirteen thousand five hundred dollars respectively.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 245, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Defence Production Act, and further progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this eleventh day of March, been posted for consideration by their respective Committee, on or after Monday, March 14:

Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines

Bill No. 193 (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: " An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London".—*Mr. Mitchell* (London).

Bill No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited".—*Mr. Arsenault.*

Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills

Bill No. 196 (Letter R-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Olga Maikowski Hocaloski".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 197 (Letter S-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Evelyn Martinson Ross".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 198 (Letter T-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Donald Muir Langton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 199 (Letter U-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Ritchot".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 200 (Letter V-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Esther Vetter Meister".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 201 (Letter W-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Carmen Lister Lees".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 202 (Letter X-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dawn Elsie Coles Ekers Bowen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 203 (Letter Y-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Murray Redburn".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 204 (Letter Z-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anna Pearl Lingo DesMarais".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 205 (Letter A-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Geraldine Brown McLean".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 206 (Letter B-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Lilly Ware Deslauriers".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 207 (Letter C-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Agnes Rose McKiernan Popadick".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 208 (Letter D-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rosalind Elaine Beinhaker Katz."—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 209 (Letter E-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Louis Kenneth Laurin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 210 (Letter F-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Amelia Richardson Keyton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 211 (Letter G-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francois-Xavier Lange".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 212 (Letter H-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aline Pelland Myre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 213 (Letter I-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roscoe Winston Percy Soule".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 214 (Letter J-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of June Patricia Potter Cashman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 215 (Letter K-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Paul-Emile Roland Boisclair".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 216 (Letter L-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Swanson Butler".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 217 (Letter M-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Freda Lutsky Perzow".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 218 (Letter N-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susie Earle Young".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 219 (Letter O-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Willie Walter Stonehouse".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 220 (Letter P-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Alexander Jakobszak".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 221 (Letter Q-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Thomson Kelso Midlick".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 222 (Letter R-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Pansy Joy Cowen Kirby".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 223 (Letter S-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isabel Taylor Page Kingsley".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 224 (Letter T-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Winnifred Patricia Lawson Disken".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 225 (Letter U-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Annie Kofman Liebman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 226 (Letter V-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Harry Elsworth Allton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 227 (Letter W-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Desire Cherry Szabo".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 228 (Letter X-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of William Edward Shanassy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 229 (Letter Y-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Fernand Seguin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 230 (Letter Z-7 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joanna Florence Ritchie Leinonen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 231 (Letter A-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Telesphore Origene Dragon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 233 (Letter E-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Dorothy Katherine Beattie Gunston".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 234 (Letter F-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ellis Hamilton".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 235 (Letter G-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joan Shirley Davies Marchand".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 236 (Letter H-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Leon Gilles D'Avignon".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 237 (Letter I-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ritchie Fleming Benjamin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 238 (Letter J-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Wagner Arkin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 239 (Letter K-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lena Robitaille Barre".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 240 (Letter L-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Antonio Michetti".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 241 (Letter M-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Andre Roland Roy".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. In each of the last three years for which records are available, how many income taxpayers required by law to make quarterly payments during the year had failed to do so?

2. What steps does the government take to inform such taxpayers that such quarterly payments have to be made?

Mr. Stanton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many vice-presidents are in the Canadian National Railways, (*a*) as of this date; (*b*) on the 1st of January, in each of the years 1945 to 1954 inclusive?

2. What is the name, and date of appointment of each of the present incumbents?

3. What are the total salaries of the combined vice-presidents?

Mr. Stanton—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many years back can the Income Tax Inspectors of the Divisional Taxation Offices check on the income and expenditures of the individual income taxpayer of Canada?

Mr. Lusby—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many leases are now current of business or other premises in the town of Amherst, Nova Scotia, rented by or for the use of the Government of Canada or any department or agency thereof, or any Crown corporation?

2. What are the following details with respect to each such lease: (*a*) name of lessor; (*b*) location of the leased premises; (*c*) name of department, agency, corporation or other occupier of the leased premises; (*d*) amount of rental; (*e*) length and expiry date of the term demised?

Mr. Hanna—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many universities are receiving financial assistance under the federal grants program?

2. What is the total amount of such financial assistance paid to date to Canadian universities?

3. To what extent has the University of Alberta benefited under this federal grants program?

*Mr. Hodgson**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all telegrams, letters or other communications or correspondence exchanged between the Department of the Secretary of State and the Canadian Pacific Railway, with reference to the proposal that a Canadian Pacific Railway Continental train be named "Royal Canadian".

*Mr. Knowles**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all communications dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Government or any Minister thereof, with reference to proposals for a government guarantee of bonds in connection with the building of a trans-Canada pipeline, or making any other proposal in connection with the building of such a pipeline, together with a copy of the replies thereto.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, March 14	
277	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Tuesday, March 15	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
277	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 16	
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 17	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 47

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 14TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 246 (Letter P-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Rose Amyot White".

Bill No. 247 (Letter Q-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Gorin Seward".

Bill No. 248 (Letter R-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Daniel van der Beek".

Bill No. 249 (Letter S-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis".

Bill No. 250 (Letter T-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roma Gisser Baron".

Bill No. 251 (Letter U-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie-Angeline Delledonne Salotti".

Bill No. 252 (Letter V-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Black Guthrie".

Bill No. 253 (Letter W-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Menard".

Bill No. 254 (Letter X-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Patricia Galley Berger".

Bill No. 255 (Letter Y-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Twelfth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Twelfth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Phyllis Lucy Stiles Beal, wife of John Robert Beal of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Phyllis Lillian Buck Beatty, wife of Melvin Vernon Beatty of Montreal, Quebec, presently with the armed forces.

Of Enid Gertrude Brooks Bray, now residing in Brantford, Ontario, wife of James Bray of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Roberta Margaret Gilpin Chadsey, now residing in Thorold, Ontario, wife of John Elwin Chadsey of Ayers Cliff, Quebec.

Of Rose Marie Lescarbeau Deschenes, wife of Arthur Deschenes of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Marcel Deslauriers of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeannette Turgeon Deslauriers.

Of Ethel Hansen Echlin, wife of Charles Ferdinand Fenton Echlin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Margaret Cameron Brown Gravenor, wife of Colin Alexander Gravenor of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Grace Elizabeth Sinclair Peterkin, wife of James Peterkin, Junior, of Lachine, Quebec.

Of Eldora Mary Mills Pope, wife of Gerald Lionel Pope of Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Of David Sandler of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Emily Carmen McCoy Sandler.

Of Michael Moses Scullion of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Ruth Pamela Bate Scullion.

Of Edna Florence Helen Dawson Smith, wife of Robert William Smith of Magog, Quebec.

Of Rosaire Jacques Rene Tetrault of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Anita Felice Toupin Tetrault.

Of Irving Umansky of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mollie Schwartz Umansky.

Of Ruth Nourse Tomlinson Wilson, wife of Peter Drummond Wilson of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, March 9, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of Summary of Orders in Council passed during the period February 1 to February 28, 1955.

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, presented,—Return to an Address of February 28, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams, memoranda and other documents exchanged between the Federal Department of Public Works and the Department of Public Works of the Province of New Brunswick in connection with the calling and awarding of tenders for the construction of the Cole's Island Bridges, in the Province of New Brunswick, as part of the Trans-Canada Highway.

Mr. Langlois, (Gaspé) Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report for 1954 of the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of Trans-Canada Air Lines for 1954. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of the Report for 1954 of George A. Touche and Company, Auditors, on Trans-Canada Air Lines. (English and French).

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Barnett be substituted for that of Mr. Jones on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Johnson (Kindersley) be substituted for that of Mr. Jones on the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Small:—1. How many motor vehicles, (trucks, cars, etc.), are operated by the various departments of the Federal Government in Canada?

2. How many motor vehicles, (trucks, cars, etc.), are operated in Ottawa by the various departments of the Federal Government servicing their departments?

By Mr. Fraser (Peterborough):—1. What was the total cost of fires in the Department of National Defence during: (*a*) 1954; (*b*) January and February, 1955?

2. What was the total cost of loss by: (*a*) Navy; (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force, during above periods?

By Mr. Lusby:—1. How many leases are now current of business or other premises in the town of Amherst, Nova Scotia, rented by or for the use of the Government of Canada or any department or agency thereof, or any Crown corporation?

2. What are the following details with respect to each such lease: (*a*) name of lessor; (*b*) location of the leased premises; (*c*) name of department, agency, corporation or other occupier of the leased premises; (*d*) amount of rental; (*e*) length and expiry date of the term demised?

The following Addresses were voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Zaplitny: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all letters, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Government of Canada or any department thereof and Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Ltd., since January 1 1953, to date, relating to a request of the said company made to the Government of Canada for a guarantee of the company's bond issue and/or any other form of financial assistance.

By Mr. Diefenbaker: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all letters and telegrams that have passed between the National Film Board and Douglas Sinclair, a professional movie photographer, since the first day of February, 1954, which have to do with a claim by Mr. Sinclair that he was interfered with or prevented by the National Film Board officials and employees from taking moving pictures of scenes and events at the Carnival held in Quebec City during the month of February.

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Address.

The following Order of the House was issued to the proper Officer:—

By Mr. Knowles: Order of the House for a copy of all communications dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Government or any Minister thereof, with reference to proposals for a government guarantee of bonds in connection with the building of a trans-Canada pipeline, or making any other proposal in connection with the building of such a pipeline, together with a copy of the replies thereto.

Mr. Harris moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to bring in a measure to extend the benefits of the Municipal Grants Act and to provide for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Whereupon, Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Defence Production Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Defence Production Act to increase the salary of the Minister of Defence

Production from ten thousand dollars per annum to fifteen thousand and to repeal section 41 which provided for the expiry of the Act on July 31st, 1956.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. St. Laurent, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 256, An Act to amend the Defence Production Act, which was read the first time, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 187, An Act respecting The New Westminster Harbour Commissioners;

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And after Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Canadian Forces.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure respecting the Canadian Forces to amend the National Defence Act to provide for the reinstatement under certain circumstances of a member of the Canadian Forces who has been released, to place members of the Canadian Forces in the same position as civilians in respect of judicial process, and to make certain other amendments to the Act; also to amend the Defence Services Pension Act with respect to the payment to women of pensions or gratuities under certain circumstances, to extend the provisions relating to the augmentation of pension on re-enrolment, to extend the time within which an election may be made to count prior service, and to make certain other amendments to the Act.—

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Campney, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 257, An Act respecting the Canadian Forces, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Railway Act, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Government given any assistance by way of grant or contribution to any province or municipality for the construction of bridges not located on the Trans-Canada Highway, since January, 1949?

2. If so, in what cases, and what was the amount of the grant or contribution in each case?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many employees were in the employ of the Canadian National Railways on the 28th day of February, 1955?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many pension plans in Canada, covering firms with 50 or more employees, include any provision for the employee to transfer his pension rights, including his own and the employer's contribution, to some other employment?

2. Is the Government taking any steps to facilitate the mobility or transferability of pension rights so far as employees (*a*) in private industry; (*b*) in public service, are concerned?

3. If no action is being taken in regard to either (*a*) or (*b*) above, is the matter being studied? If so, to what extent, and what are the results of such studies thus far?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How are the monthly unemployment figures of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics obtained?

2. How many persons are engaged as canvassers in connection with any surveying or sampling done for the purpose of obtaining such figures?

3. What are the qualifications of the persons doing any such canvassing?

4. In what ways is such canvassing done?

5. How many persons are canvassed or surveyed each month in connection with the obtaining of such Dominion Bureau of Statistics unemployment figures?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Was the Canadian Government consulted concerning the possible extension of an invitation to the Prime Minister of the Gold Coast to attend the recent Commonwealth Conference in London?

2. If so, did the Canadian Government express an opinion on the question, and, if so, what was the opinion?

3. Has the Canadian Government been consulted concerning the admission of the Gold Coast to full membership in the Commonwealth?

4. If so, has the Canadian Government expressed an opinion on the question, and, if so, what was the opinion?

5. Can states be admitted to full membership of the Commonwealth without the approval of the Canadian Government?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Did the Prime Minister of the Central African Federation attend the recent Commonwealth Conference in London?

2. Did he participate as a full member of the Conference?

3. Was the Canadian Government consulted concerning the invitation extended to the Prime Minister of the Central African Federation? If so, when, and did the Canadian Government approve this invitation?

4. Has the Canadian Government been consulted concerning the admission of the Central African Federation to full membership in the Commonwealth?

5. If so, has the Canadian Government approved the admission of the Central African Federation to full membership in the Commonwealth, and, if so, when?

6. Is the Central African Federation a full member of the Commonwealth? If so, when did it become a full member?

Mr. Boisvert—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many farms in each Province of Canada were not under cultivation in each of the years, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

*Mr. Knowles**—On Wednesday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all communications from or on behalf of organizations dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Government, or any Minister thereof, respecting the unemployment situation in Canada, and for a copy of the replies thereto.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, March 15	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 16	
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 17	
277	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 48

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 15TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Thirteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Thirteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Charles Herbert Smale and others of Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company.

Of The Dominion of Canada General Insurance Company of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to reduce, reclassify and subdivide its capital stock, and to confirm its present capital position.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—What were the names and the total remuneration paid to each of the legal advisors employed by (*a*) the Rowell-Sirois Royal Commission, and (*b*) the Massey Royal Commission on National Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences?

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What reports have been made on trade or commercial practices by the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission in each year since it was established, to date, indicating briefly the nature of the complaint or practice investigated in each case?

2. With respect to the situations covered by these reports (*a*) in which ones was a legal opinion asked for as to prosecution, and to whom was that question referred in each case; (*b*) what was the conclusion as to prosecution arrived at in each case; (*c*) in which ones have prosecutions been initiated; (*d*) which ones have been completed, and with what results; (*e*) which ones are still before the courts; (*f*) were there any cases in which the effect of the legal opinion was that prosecutions were justified but no prosecution was launched, and if so, for what reason; (*g*) which ones are still under consideration by counsel as to whether prosecution is warranted?

And also,—Copy of a general order made by the Judges of the Exchequer Court of Canada on the 9th day of June, 1954, amending the General Rules and Orders of the Exchequer Court of Canada, pursuant to Section 87 of the Exchequer Court Act, Chapter 98, R.S.C., 1952.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Goode be substituted for that of Mr. Applewhaite; and

That the name of Mr. Regier be substituted for that of Mr. MacInnis on the *Standing Committee on External Affairs.*

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Fraser (Peterborough) be substituted for that of Mr. Murphy (Lambton West) on the *Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections.*

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 246 (Letter P-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Rose Amyot White".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 247 (Letter Q-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Gorin Seward".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 248 (Letter R-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Daniel van der Beek".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 249 (Letter S-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 250 (Letter T-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roma Gisser Baron".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 251 (Letter U-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie-Angeline Delledonne Salotti".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 252 (Letter V-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Black Guthrie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 253 (Letter W-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Menard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 254 (Letter X-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Patricia Galley Berger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 255 (Letter Y-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux".—*Mr. Hunter.*

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto.

And the Debate continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15).

(Private Bills)

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 244 (Letter D-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to consolidate and amend Acts relating to The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada";

Mr. Deschatelets, seconded by Mr. Studer, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills.*

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 27, 28, 33 and 35, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The House resumed Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles: That Bill No. 126, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Age of Voters), be now read the second time.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,	Gillis,	MacKenzie,	Regier,
Barnett,	Goode,	McCubbin,	Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Bryce,	Herridge,	Nicholson,	Thatcher,
Bryson,	Johnson (Kindersley),	Noseworthy,	Winch,
Castleden,	Knight,	Philpott,	Zaplitny—24.
Croll,	Knowles,	Power (Quebec South),	
Ellis,			

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),	Bell,	Blanchette,	Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska),
Anderson,	Benidickson,	Boisvert,	Bourget,
Applewhaite,	Bennett (Grey North),	Bonnier,	Bourque,
Arsenault,	Bennett (Miss) (Halton),	Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),	Breton,
Ashbourne,	Blackmore,		Brisson,
Balcer,	Blair,		Brooks,
Balcom,			
Batten,			

Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Cannon,
Cardiff,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Crestohl,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Drew,
Dufresne,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Fairey,
Ferguson,
Fleming,
Follwell,
Forgie,
Fraser (Peterborough),
Fraser (St. John's East),
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hanna,
Hansell,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harrison,
Healy,
Hees,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
James,
Johnston (Bow River),
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Lefrançois,
Lennard,
Low,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Monteith,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nickle,
Nixon,
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Pearson,
Perron,
Picard,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Poulin,
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Quelch,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thibault,
Thomas,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Yuill—177.

Order numbered 37 having been called was allowed to stand.

The Bill No. 194, An Act to amend the Representation Act, was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

Orders numbered 39 and 40 having been respectively called, were allowed to stand.

The Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto.

And Debate continuing, the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Blackmore, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bill has, this fifteenth day of March, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Thursday, March 17:

Bill No. 244 (Letter D-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to consolidate and amend Acts relating to The Royal Architectural Institute of Canada".—*Mr. Deschatelets.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Macnaughton—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What steps is the Department of National Health and Welfare taking to assist the provinces to develop a program for the treatment and prevention of mental illness?

Mr. Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough)—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government, through the Department of Trade and Commerce or any of its Departments, Crown Companies or Agencies, studied the possibilities of assisting the textile industry by using radioactive substances?

2. If so, with what results to date?

3. Have any of the above Departments, Crown Companies or Government Agencies experimented with textiles by treating same with silicons to tighten the weave and make cotton and wool durable?

Mr. Bryce—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many meat inspectors does the Federal Government employ?

2. What packing plants are they employed at and how many at each plant?

3. What is the longest period for an inspector at any one plant since 1945?

4. What is the average time an inspector is employed at any one plant?

5. What is the general rotating programme of inspectors from plant to plant?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many tons of Nova Scotia coal have been purchased for use of government buildings in Ontario during: (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amount of (*a*) raw sugar; (*b*) refined sugar, was imported into Canada from the Dominican Republic, during the years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

2. In each case, what was the Canadian port of entry?

3. What amount of raw sugar was imported into Canada from Cuba, during years 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

4. In each case, what was the Canadian port of entry?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Of immigrants entering Canada by ship in the period December 1954 to March 1, 1955, what number came through: (*a*) the port of Halifax, Nova Scotia; (*b*) the port of St. John, New Brunswick; (*c*) the port of Quebec, Quebec?

Mr. Tustin—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What were the total imports into Canada for the year 1954, showing country of origin, volume and value of (*a*) canned peaches; (*b*) canned pears; (*c*) canned fruit salad; (*d*) other canned fruits?

Mr. Castleden—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Which (*a*) terminal elevators; (*b*) eastern elevators, were weighed-over during the 1952-53 crop year?

2. What was the date of weigh-over in each case?

3. Who was the representative on the Board of Grain Commissioners at each of these weigh-overs?

4. In which of these elevators was weigh-over deferred beyond the 22 month period?

5. During what period of time since 1950 has the position of Assistant Commissioner been vacant?

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the amount (*a*) in tons; (*b*) in value of goods manufactured or produced in Canada exported through Canadian seaports and United States seaports, respectively, for each month from January 1, 1954 to February 1, 1955?

2. What was the amount (*a*) in tons; (*b*) in value of goods imported for use in Canada through Canadian and United States seaports, respectively, for each month from January 1, 1954 to February 1, 1955?

Mr. Brooks—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What amounts of money were paid in subventions for coal mined in and shipped out of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Alberta, respectively, for the calendar year 1954?

The Minister of Transport—On Thursday next—That a Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping owned, operated and controlled by the Government, be appointed to consider the accounts and estimates and bills relating thereto of the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, and Trans-Canada Air Lines, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys; and that the said committee be empowered to send for persons, papers, and records and to report from time to time and that, notwithstanding Standing Order 65 in relation to the limitation of the number of members, the said Committee consist of Messrs: Bell, Carrick, Carter, Cavers, Churchill, Dumas, Fairey, Follwell, Fulton, Gillis, Hahn, Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace), Hanna, Harrison, Healy, James, Johnston (Bow River), Knight, Langlois (Gaspe), Lavigne, Legare, Macdonnell (Greenwood), McCulloch (Pictou), Murphy (Westmorland), Pouliot, Weaver.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, March 16	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 17	
277	Broadcasting (*Organization*)	10.30 a.m.
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Friday, March 18	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 49

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 16TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Three petitions were laid upon the Table.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—What was the cost of fuel purchased by the Federal Government for use in each of the four Atlantic Provinces, during the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1954, under the following headings: Nova Scotia Coal, New Brunswick Coal, other Canadian Coal, United States Coal, other imported coal, fuel oil?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 17, 1955, for a Return showing:—How many Administrative Officers in the Civil Service, by departments, have been made permanent, year by year, since the first day of January, 1952, by passing civil service examinations for clerks grades 1 and 2A?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many bushels of apples have been imported into Canada each year from and including 1950?

2. From what countries, and of what dollar value in each case?

3. Under which grade are they entered?

4. What is the duty per bushel or pound?

5. Are any processed or partially processed apples imported and, if so, from what country and in what form?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What is the cost per week to (*a*) the Department of National Defence; (*b*) the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, for the production of the television programme, Canadians in Khaki?

2. What would be the revenue to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation if this time were leased to a commercial company?

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Address of February 21, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence exchanged between the office of the National Co-ordinator of Civilian Rehabilitation and the corresponding provincial offices, dated at any time since January 1, 1954, regarding proposals for, and the amount of federal contributions to, the rehabilitation budgets of the various provinces.

Mr. Gardiner, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 16, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many farmers received payments under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in subdivisions Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of special district number 3, in the Province of Alberta, for the crop of 1953?

2. What were their names and the location of land on which payments were made?

3. What was the amount of payment and average yield per acre in each case?

4. What was the cause of crop failure in each case, drought, hail or frost?

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Insurance on Small Loans Companies and Money-Lenders for 1953, pursuant to Section 7(5) of the Small Loans Act, Chapter 251, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Parliamentary Assistant to the Postmaster General, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How much mail, in weight and dollar value, has been carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines since the increase in postage rates in Canada?

2. How much mail, in weight and dollar value was carried by Trans-Canada Air Lines in a comparable period before the increase in postage rates?

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Perron be substituted for that of Mr. Balcer on the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 243 (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company".—*Mr. Hunter.*

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—1. How many air incidents involving infractions of air regulations by aircraft flying into airways have been reported to the Transport Department, since the Moose Jaw disaster?

2. How many of these incidents involved military aircraft and at what point did they occur?

3. In how many cases has disciplinary action been taken by the Royal Canadian Air Force?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply.

And on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Starr, in amendment thereto: That all the words after "That" to the end of the question, be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

> "in the opinion of this House, because of the grave state of unemployment in Canada as disclosed by the joint statement of the Department of Labour and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on February 23rd last, the Government should immediately give consideration to the formulation of plans to deal with this emergency, and to the necessary steps to establish a long-term program for expanding employment to be presented to Parliament during the present Session".

And the Debate continuing;

Mr. Regier, seconded by Mr. Castleden, moved in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by inserting therein immediately after the words "this emergency", the following words: "including the immediate implementation of the federal government's promise of 1945 to make adequate provision for the employable unemployed"; and also by inserting therein, immediately after the words "a long-term program", the following words: "of public investment and economic development".

And a Debate arising thereon, the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Carter, adjourned.

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Kickham—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What federal grants have been made to each of the hospitals in the Province of Prince Edward Island?

Mr. Boisvert—On Friday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should consider the advisability of setting up a joint committee of both Houses of Parliament, to consider the construction of tunnels rather than bridges on the St. Lawrence River, at various places where necessary, insofar as the subject matter of this resolution is within the competence of Parliament.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, March 17	
277	Broadcasting (*Organization*)	10.30 a.m.
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
277	Special Committee on Estimates	11.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Friday, March 18	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m.
	Monday, March 21	
277	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m
	Tuesday, March 22	
497	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 50

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 17TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Fifteenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petitions presented on March 16, and finds that, while these petitions comply with the requirements of Standing Order 68, they have been presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92, and, for this reason, they should not be received:

Of Equitable Fire Insurance Company of Canada, submitted by its provisional directors, for an Act to extend the time during which the Minister of Finance may grant a certificate of registry and license to operate under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act.—*Mr. Boisvert.*

Of Harry Arthur Gillespie and others of Vancouver, British Columbia, for an Act to incorporate Gillespie Mortgage Corporation.—*Mr. MacDougall.*

Of Robert T. Colquhoun of Vancouver, British Columbia, and others of Edmonton, Alberta, for an Act to incorporate "Trans-Border Pipeline Company Ltd".—*Mr. Decore.*

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Fourteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Fourteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Delmar Ross Andreis of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Laurette Goudreau Andreis.

Of Joseph Adalbert, *alias* Georges Beaudoin, of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marie Jeanne Jacqueline Plante Beaudoin.

Of Jean Page White Borrie, wife of Cornelius Ward Borrie of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec.

Of Joseph Louis Armand Carrier of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Marie Laura Rolande St. Pierre Carrier.

Of Mary McKinnon McEachran Coolon, wife of Bernard Francis Coolon of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Rose Bowman Fox, wife of Leonard Lazarus Fox of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Bernice Balinsky Friedman, wife of Bernard Cullen Friedman of Outremont, Quebec.

Of Clara Gaetan Milot Fullerton, wife of Gordon Arthur Francis Fullerton of Westmount, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Joseph Henri Marcel Giguere of Ste. Rose, Quebec, husband of Laurette Petit Giguere.

Of Theophile Kulczycki of Ste. Sophie, Quebec, husband of Teklia (Tillie) Yaniw (Yinow) Kulczycki.

Of Glendon Joseph Lynes of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Weston, Ontario, husband of Irina Korsun Lynes.

Of Alsye May Lissemore Masterson, wife of John Bernard Richard Masterson of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Jennie Switzman Rashcovsky, wife of Jack Rashcovsky of Outremont, Quebec.

Of Lily Shenker Silverton, wife of Fred Silverton of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Freda Marie Johnston Storey, wife of Howard Maxwell Storey of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 3, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many libraries are operated in Ottawa by Federal Government Departments, divisions and affiliated organizations under direction of the government?

2. What provisions exist to co-ordinate activities of these libraries and eliminate unnecessary duplication of material and function?

Mr. Martin, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of National Health and Welfare for the year ended March 31, 1954. (English and French).

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Johnson (Kindersley):—1. How many full time entomologists were employed by the Federal Government in each province, and at what cost, in each of the years, 1952, 1953 and 1954, by (*a*) science service; (*b*) experimental farm service?

2. How many full time weed control specialists were employed by the Federal Government in each province, and at what cost, in each of the years, 1952, 1953 and 1954, by (*a*) science service; (*b*) experimental farm service?

By Mr. Knowles:—1. How many pension plans in Canada, covering firms with 50 or more employees, include any provision for the employee to transfer his pension rights, including his own and the employer's contribution, to some other employment?

2. Is the Government taking any steps to facilitate the mobility or transferability of pension rights so far as employees (*a*) in private industry; (*b*) in public service, are concerned?

3. If no action is being taken in regard to either (*a*) or (*b*) above, is the matter being studied? If so, to what extent, and what are the results of such studies thus far?

By Mr. Bryce:—1. How many meat inspectors does the Federal Government employ?

2. What packing plants are they employed at and how many at each plant?

3. What is the longest period for an inspector at any one plant since 1945?

4. What is the average time an inspector is employed at any one plant?

5. What is the general rotating programme of inspectors from plant to plant?

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Municipal Grants Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to bring in a measure to extend the benefits of the Municipal Grants Act and to provide for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 258, An Act to amend the Municipal Grants Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Railway Act.

(In the Committee)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Railway Act following the "Report on the Railway-Highway Crossing Problem in Canada", made by the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada to provide for an increase in the annual appropriation to The Railway Grade Crossing Fund from $1,000,000.00 to $5,000,000.00 and for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Fund.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Marler, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 259, An Act to amend the Railway Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Radio Act.

(In the Committee)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Radio Act to control the mechanical features of radio antennae for safety purposes and to provide for the appointment of inspectors in relation thereto; and to provide furher for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Marler, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 260, An Act to amend the Radio Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 183, An Act to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act;

Mr. Marler, for Mr. Harris, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Bill No. 184, An Act to amend the Financial Administration Act, was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 195 (Letter D of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners Act";

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the National Parks Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the National Parks Act respecting the use of water in the Parks; also to authorize the levying of certain taxes for hospital services; further to provide for the withdrawal of certain lands from Waterton Lakes National Park; and finally to establish a National Park in the Province of Newfoundland.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Lesage, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 261, An Act to amend the National Parks Act and to establish a National Park in the Province of Newfoundland, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

At 10.06 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total amount of money received in fines from the four thousand or more (*a*) individuals; (*b*) corporations, who were convicted of infractions of the Income Tax Act in 1954?

Mr. Hardie—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Under the Massey Grant Recommendations, what payment was made per university student for each province in (*a*) 1953-54; (*b*) 1954-55 to date?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should give consideration to the setting up of a 100th anniversary committee, with provision for participation by representatives of the federal and the provincial governments, for the purpose of planning the economic and social development of this country on a vase scale, including housing, slum clearance, conservation, irrigation and power projects, highway construction, the elimination of grade crossings, the building of hospitals, assistance to municipal projects, other public works and the strengthening of the economy of every section of the country; and that consideration should be given to the advisability of such a program being launched immediately and being pursued vigorously year by year so that on July 1, 1967, the people of Canada will be in a position to celebrate this nation's 100th birthday not only with fireworks and speeches but by the achievement of a land of health and abundance for all our people.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, March 18	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	9.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Monday, March 21	
277	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 22	
497	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
262	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	4.00 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 23	
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 24	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 51

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 18TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, delivered a Message from His Excellency the Governor General, which was read by Mr. Speaker, as follows:

VINCENT MASSEY:

The Governor General transmits to the House of Commons, further Supplementary Estimates of sums required for the service of Canada for the year ending on the 31st March, 1955, and, in accordance with the provisions of "The British North America Act, 1867", the Governor General recommends these Estimates to the House of Commons.

Government House,
Ottawa, 18th March, 1955.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the said Message and further Supplementary Estimates were referred to the *Committee of Supply*.

Mr. Tucker, from the Special Committee on Estimates, presented the Second Report of the said Committee, as follows:

Your Committee has considered and approved items numbered 59 to 83 inclusive, listed in the Main Estimates 1955-56 relating to the Department of Citizenship and Immigration, referred to it by the House on February 22, 1955.

A copy of the Proceedings of the Committee in respect thereof is appended.

(*The Minutes of Proceedings accompanying said Report, recorded as Appendix No. 1 to the Journals*).

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report covering the Operations of the Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property for 1954, pursuant to Section 3 of the Trading with the Enemy (Transitional Powers) Act, Chapter 24, Statutes of Canada, 1947. (English and French).

Mr. Pinard also presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Is one Reuben Ship a citizen of Canada?

2. Was this person born here? If not, when did he enter Canada?

3. Was he ever deported from the United States to Canada, if so, when?

4. Did he ever work for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation? If so, in what capacity?

5. What were the total earnings of this man for work done with the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation?

6. Did this person write any plays for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation or did the Corporation, at any time, buy any of this person's plays? If so, what were the titles of these plays and how much was paid for each?

7. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation produce any recordings of this man's plays? If so, how many and what are their titles?

8. Did the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation broadcast any of his plays? If so, (*a*) how many; (*b*) at what time; (*c*) on what stations?

9. Were any of this man's recordings distributed or sold to anyone? If so, to whom, and how much was paid for them?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence, Production, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Trade and Commerce for 1954.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was ordered,—That items numbered 59 to 83 inclusive of the Main Estimates 1955-56, relating to the Department of Citizenship and Immigration, approved and reported upon this day by the Special Committee on Estimates, be referred back to the *Committee of Supply*.

Mr. Weir, seconded by Mr. Gauthier (Portneuf) moved,—That the name of Mr. Holowach be substituted for that of Mr. Low on the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines; and

That the name of Mr. Hardie be substituted for that of Mr. Decore, and that the name of Mr. Power (St. John's West) be substituted for that of Mr. Pickersgill, and that the name of Mr. Lesage be substituted for that of Mr. Lafontaine, and that the name of Mr. Harkness be substituted for that of Mr. Fulton, and that the name of Mr. Churchill be substituted for that of Mr. Starr, and that the name of Mr. McBain be substituted for that of Mr. Michener on the Special Committee on Estimates.

And unanimous consent to proceed with the said motion having been withheld;

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: In order to conclude this general argument, I might read standing order 65 which reads as follows:

> No special committee may, without leave of the House, consist of more than 15 members; Such leave shall not be moved for without

notice; and in the case of members proposed to be added or substituted, after the first appointment of the committee, a new notice shall be given including the names of the members proposed to be added or substituted.

It is true, that because there is consultation between the various party whips, these motions have been moved by the honourable Member on behalf of all without notice and that is done by leave. If the honourable Member for Kamloops (Mr. Fulton) objects, notice will have to be given. Then when the motion is called there should be no objection.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, it was ordered,—That the following petitions for private bills presented on March 9 and 16, 1955, together with the Clerk of Petitions Reports thereon of March 10 and 17, 1955, be referred to the *Standing Committee on Standing Orders* for such recommendations as may be deemed advisable, namely:

1. Of Nicole Emile Dardano for a bill of divorce;
2. Of Equitable Fire Insurance Company of Canada;
3. Petition to incorporate Gillespie Mortgage Corporation.
4. Petition to incorporate Trans-Border Pipeline Company, Limited.

The Bill, No. 242 (Letter O-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code", was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting the Toronto Harbour Commissioners.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved,—That it is expedient to introduce a measure to approve and confirm an agreement between the Toronto Harbour Commissioners, The Toronto Terminals Railway Company, Canadian National Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company respecting certain railway tracks in the Harbour area of the City of Toronto.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Marler, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 262, An Act to approve an agreement between The Toronto Harbour Commissioners, The Toronto Terminals Railway Company, Canadian National Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 245, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act;

Mr. Harris, for Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon;

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Castleden, moved in amendment thereto: That all the words after the word "That" be deleted and the following substituted therefor: "the Bill No. 245, be not now read a second time, but that the subject matter thereof be referred to the Standing Committee on Agriculture and Colonization".

And after Debate thereon, the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bell,
Blackmore,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Ellis,
Ferguson,
Fulton,
Gillis,
Green,
Hahn,
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Lennard,
Low,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacLean,
McBain,
McLeod,
Michener,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Nicholson,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Regier,
Robinson (Bruce),
Small,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
Wylie,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—55.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Boucher (Restigouche-Madawaska),
Bourque,
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Fairey,
Follwell,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Girard,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hardie,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Martin,
Matheson,
Michaud,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Philpott,
Picard,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richardson,

Robertson,	Simmons,	Studer,	Villeneuve,
Robinson (Simcoe East),	Sinclair,	Tucker,	Weaver,
St. Laurent,	Stick,	Valois,	Weir,
Shipley (Mrs.),	Stuart (Charlotte),	Viau,	Weselak—95.

And the question being put on the main motion, it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, on division considered in Committee of the Whole;

And the House continuing in Committee;

At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker took the Chair.

(*Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.*)

(*Private Bills*)

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 246 (Letter P-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Rose Amyot White".

Bill No. 247 (Letter Q-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Gorin Seward".

Bill No. 248 (Letter R-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Daniel van der Beek".

Bill No. 249 (Letter S-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis".

Bill No. 250 (Letter T-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roma Gisser Baron".

Bill No. 251 (Letter U-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie-Angeline Delledonne Salotti".

Bill No. 252 (Letter V-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Black Guthrie".

Bill No. 253 (Letter W-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Menard".

Bill No. 254 (Letter X-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Patricia Galley Berger".

Bill No. 255 (Letter Y-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux".

Order numbered 47, having been called was allowed to stand.

(*Public Bills*)

Orders numbered 25, 26 and 31 having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 186, An Act to amend the Criminal Code (Nuisance);

Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Harkness, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon and continuing;

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of Bill No. 245, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act; which was reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 190, An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act;

Mr. Prudham moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was on motion of Mr. Barnett, adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 263 (Letter F of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to implement the Convention on Damage caused by Foreign Aircraft to Third Parties on the Surface".

At 10.03 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this eighteenth day of March, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Monday, March 21:

Bill No. 246 (Letter P-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ida Rose Amyot White".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 247 (Letter Q-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Gorin Seward".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 248 (Letter R-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George Daniel van der Beek".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 249 (Letter S-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rhoda Beatrice Cree Denis".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 250 (Letter T-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roma Gisser Baron".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 251 (Letter U-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie-Angeline Delledonne Salotti".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 252 (Letter V-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Black Guthrie".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 253 (Letter W-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Albert Menard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 254 (Letter X-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Patricia Galley Berger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 255 (Letter Y-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Glencross Marcoux".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Patterson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many tenders were submitted for the garbage hauling contract at Camp Chilliwack, British Columbia?

2. By whom were these tenders submitted?

3. What was the amount of each tender?

Mr. Patterson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many tenders were submitted for the remodelling and extension of the Post Office at Mission City, British Columbia?

2. By whom were these tenders submitted?

3. What was the amount of each tender?

Mr. Castleden—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What are the requirements of grain content of No. 1 feed screenings, as certified by the Board of Grain Commissioners?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What aircraft are operated by the Department of Transport?

2. What services do these aircraft perform?

3. Are they used to transport government officials, and, if so, how many times has this occurred during the past?

4. Are they used to transport Members of the Government, and, if so, how many times has this occurred during the past fiscal year?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Do Department of Transport aircraft pay the regular storage fees for aircraft stored at government civil airports?

2. If not, how is the cost of this storage defrayed?

Mr. Dinsdale—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Department of Transport placed an order for a Vickers Viscount aircraft?

2. If so, what is the cost of such an aircraft, and what functions will it perform?

Mr. Michener—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many cases by the following classes have been heard and decided upon by the present Tariff Board since its appointment: (*a*) appeals by importers; (*b*) appeals by other interested parties; (*c*) references by the Deputy Minister of National Revenue; (*d*) references by the Minister of Finance?

2. Of such cases in classes (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*), above, how many by each class (i) have been decided in favour of the importer; (ii) have been decided in favour of the interested party other than the importer?

3. Of the cases decided upon by the present Tariff Board (*a*) how many applications have been requested for leave to appeal to the Exchequer Court; (*b*) in how many instances has the Exchequer Court granted the applicant leave to appeal?

Mr. Buchanan—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What assistance, through federal subventions, has been given to the movement of coal from the Maritimes westward to other provinces in the following fiscal years: 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, and 1954?

2. What is the breakdown of amounts on shipments from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick for each of the above years?

3. Has any change in policy or the payment of these subventions taken place during the above years? If so, when and in what form?

4. Are figures available to show coal shipments from the Cape Breton area? If so, what quantities, and what is the amount of subventions in each of the above years?

*Mr. Girard**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all telegrams, letters, memoranda and other communications in the possession of the Department of Transport, relating to the application for a television station at Jonquière.

Mr. Weir—On Monday next—That the name of Mr. Holowach be substituted for that of Mr. Low on the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines: and

That the name of Mr. Hardie be substituted for that of Mr. Decore, and that the name of Mr. Power (St. John's West) be substituted for that of Mr. Pickersgill, and that the name of Mr. Lesage be substituted for that of Mr. Lafontaine, and that the name of Mr. Harkness be substituted for that of Mr. Fulton, and that the name of Mr. Churchill be substituted for that of Mr. Starr, and that the name of Mr. McBain be substituted for that of Mr. Michener on the Special Committee on Estimates.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, March 21	
497	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, March 22	
497	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
262	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	4.00 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 23	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 24	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 8.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 52

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 21ST MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 264 (Letter Z-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg".

Bill No. 265 (Letter A-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Frances Kellerman Rappoport".

Bill No. 266 (Letter B-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham".

Bill No. 267 (Letter C-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet".

Bill No. 268 (Letter D-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins".

Bill No. 269 (Letter E-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams".

Bill No. 270 (Letter F-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ferguson Wynter".

Bill No. 271 (Letter G-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock".

Bill No. 272 (Letter H-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Roitman Aronovitch".

Bill No. 273 (Letter I-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin".

Bill No. 274 (Letter J-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gardner Hinckley Prescott".

Bill No. 275 (Letter K-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Cope Veary".

Bill No. 276 (Letter L-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gordon Stewart Norris".

Bill No. 277 (Letter M-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucille Grenier Desjardins".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Fifteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Fifteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Vivian Ruth Law Alarie, wife of Georges M. Alarie of Fresniere, Quebec.

Of Sidney Robert Allen of Laval West, Quebec, husband of Eleanor Ruth Bott Allen.

Of Jeanne Jacqueline Content Brown, wife of George Allan Brown of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Madelyn Jane Picard Gilbert, now residing in Galt, Ontario, wife of Hugh Robert Gilbert of Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Of Eugenie Lorraine Hutchison Hanley, wife of John Lawrence Hanley of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Isidore Hoffman of Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, husband of Corinne Ruth Shaw Hoffman.

Of Freida Schecter Lupovitch, wife of Aaron Lupovitch of Montreal, Quebec.

Of George James Marshall of Knowlton, Quebec, husband of Hilda Mary Arnold Marshall.

Of Shirley Pollack Nadler, wife of Gerald Nadler of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Matilda Getto Paquin, wife of Regent Joseph Paquin of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Susan Waldman Ruttenberg, wife of Edward Ruttenberg of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Charles Edouard Thibodeau of Doheny, Quebec, husband of Alice Masse Thibodeau.

Of Irene Jessie Hillson Towes, wife of William Thomas Towes of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Text of the "Communique on the Review of the General Agreement" prepared by the GATT Secretariat for release on Monday, March 21, 1955. (English and French).

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian National Railways for 1954. (English and French).

Also,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited for 1954. (English and French).

And also,—Copy of the Report of George A. Touche and Company, Auditors on the Accounts of the Canadian National Railway System and the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited for 1954. (English and French).

Mr. Weir, seconded by Mr. McIlraith, moved,—That the name of Mr. Holowach be substituted for that of Mr. Low on the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines; and

That the name of Mr. Hardie be substituted for that of Mr. Decore, and that the name of Mr. Power (St. John's West) be substituted for that of Mr. Pickersgill, and that the name of Mr. Lesage be substituted for that of Mr. Lafontaine, and that the name of Mr. Harkness be substituted for that of Mr. Fulton, and that the name of Mr. Churchill be substituted for that of Mr. Starr, and that the name of Mr. McBain be substituted for that of Mr. Michener on the Special Committee on Estimates.

And the question being proposed;

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Blair, moved in amendment thereto: That the motion be amended by deleting therefrom the words "and that the name of Mr. Lesage be substituted for that of Mr. Lafontaine" where they appear at lines 6 and 7 thereof.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Bell,	Fraser (Peterborough),	Macdonnell (Greenwood),	Pearkes,
Blair,	Fulton,	MacLean,	Robinson (Bruce),
Brooks,	Green,	McBain,	Small,
Charlton,	Hamilton (York West),	Mitchell (London),	Stanton,
Churchill,	Harkness,	Monteith,	Trainor,
Diefenbaker,	Hodgson,	Montgomery,	Tustin,
Dinsdale,	Howe (Wellington-Huron),	Murphy (Lambton West),	White (Hastings-Frontenac),
Drew,	Lennard,	Nickle,	White (Middlesex East),
Fairclough (Mrs.),		Nowlan,	Winch—36.
Ferguson,			

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson, Argue, Ashbourne, Balcom, Barnett, Batten, Benidickson, Bennett (Grey North), Bertrand, Blackmore, Blanchette, Boisvert, Brisson, Brown (Brantford), Brown (Essex West), Bryce, Bryson, Buchanan, Byrne, Campbell, Campney, Caron, Carrick, Carter, Castleden, Cavers, Clark, Coldwell, Croll, Dechêne, Decore, Deschatelets, Dickey, Dumas, Ellis, Fairey, Follwell, Forgie, Gagnon, Gardiner, Garson, Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean), Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Gingras, Girard, Goode, Gour (Russell), Gregg, Habel, Hahn, Hanna, Hardie, Harris, Harrison, Henderson, Herridge, Holowach, Houck, Huffman, Hunter, Johnson (Kindersley), Johnston (Bow River), Jutras, Kickham, Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough), Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Knight, Knowles, Lafontaine, Langlois (Gaspé), Lapointe, Leboe, Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle), Legaré, Low, Lusby, MacDougall, MacEachen, MacKenzie, MacNaught, McCann, McCulloch (Pictou), McIlraith, McIvor, McLeod, McMillan, McWilliam, Mang, Matheson, Michaud, Mitchell (Sudbury), Murphy (Westmorland), Nicholson, Noseworthy, Patterson, Pearson, Philpott, Pickersgill, Pommer, Poulin, Pouliot, Power (St. John's West), Prudham, Purdy, Quelch, Regier, Robertson, Robinson (Simcoe East), St. Laurent, Schneider, Shipley (Mrs.), Sinclair, Stick, Stuart (Charlotte), Studer, Thatcher, Thomas, Tucker, Valois, Viau, Villeneuve, Weaver, Weir, Weselak, White (Waterloo South), Winters, Wylie, Yuill, Zaplitny—130.

And the question being put on the main motion, it was agreed to, on division.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Robichaud be substituted for that of Mr. Stuart (Charlotte); and

That the name of Mr. Bryson be substituted for that of Mr. Cameron (Nanaimo) on the Special Committee on Estimates.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Argue be substituted for that of Mr. MacInnis on the Special Committee on Procedure.

Mr. Lapointe, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 278, An Act to amend the Veterans Benefit Act, 1954, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 263 (Letter F of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to implement the Convention on Damage caused by Foreign Aircraft to Third Parties on the Surface".—*Mr. Marler.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Bryson:—1. How many bushels of wheat were shipped through the Port of Churchill, in each year since January 1, 1944?

2. What grades of wheat were shipped from this port in 1954, and how many bushels of each grade?

3. What grades of wheat are presently stored at Churchill, and how many bushels of each grade?

4. What has been the selling price of Number 2 Northern Wheat, in each year since January 1, 1944, at Churchill?

5. What has been the selling price of Number 2 Northern Wheat, in each year since January 1, 1944, at Fort William and at Montreal?

6. What are the shipping costs per bushel of wheat from Churchill to Liverpool and from Montreal to Liverpool?

7. What are the Hull insurance rates on cargoes of grain to the United Kingdom from Churchill and from Montreal?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—1. Has the Government given any assistance by way of grant or contribution to any province or municipality for the construction of bridges not located on the Trans-Canada Highway, since January, 1949?

2. If so, in what cases, and what was the amount of the grant or contribution in each case?

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Knowles: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of representative communications from or on behalf of organizations dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Minister of Labour, respecting the unemployment situation in Canada, and for a copy of the replies thereto.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Prudham: That Bill No. 190, An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Act, be now read the second time.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 188, An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act;

Mr. Gregg moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the Standing Committee on Industrial Relations.

The Bill No. 189, An Act to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act, was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting a Convention on Great Lakes Fisheries.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to implement the Convention on Great Lakes Fisheries between Canada and the United States, signed at Washington on the 10th of September, 1954, and to provide that the Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying out and giving effect to the provisions of the Convention and anything done by the Great Lakes Fisheries Commission to be established thereunder.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Sinclair, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 279, An Act to Implement a Convention on Great Lakes Fisheries between Canada and the United States, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 259, An Act to amend the Railway Act;

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Pallett—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many parcels of land are affected by the Department of Transport expropriation plan registered in the registry office of the County of Peel on February 12, 1954, as No. 79365?

2. How many parcels of land so expropriated have been paid for?

3. For how many parcels of land has the amount of compensation (*a*) been determined; (*b*) not yet been determined; (*c*) been determined but not yet paid?

4. Where the land expropriated was farm land, what was the average price per acre?

5. Where parcels of land were lots on subdivisions, what was the average price per foot frontage?

6. What was the basis for determining the value of buildings?

7. Who are the property evaluators acting on behalf of the Department of Transport in this instance?

8. What experience have they had in doing evaluations?

Mr. Nesbitt—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have any accidents occurred, since September 26, 1947, at the crossing where the main line of the Canadian National Railway from Montreal to Chicago crossed the Ontario provincial highway No. 2, approximately seven miles East of Woodstock? If so, how many?

2. Has the Board of Transport Commissioners considered giving assistance from the Railway Crossing Fund towards the construction of an under-pass at this point?

3. If so, has the Board yet reached a decision, and in what respect?

Mr. Fairey—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Minister of Health and Welfare for British Columbia protested the regulations passed under the provisions of the Disabled Persons Act?

2. If so, to whom has the Minister directed such protests?

3. What was the nature of the protests?

Mr. Johnston (Bow River)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. (*a*) What was the amount of money received from the import duty on United States' coal, (i) anthracite; (ii) bituminous, coming into Canada; (*b*) How much of this was returned in the form of a drawback?

2. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from Alberta to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid; (*b*) What was the amount of money paid in each case, and what was the amount of money paid as a drawback in each case?

3. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from the Crowsnest Pass, British Columbia, to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid; (*b*) What was the amount of money paid as a subsidy in each case?

Mr. Churchill—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Stevenson Airport area to be enlarged?

2. If so, by how much and in what direction?

3. What is the area of the airport?

4. Are the present runways of this airport to be extended?

5. What distance are the ends of the present runways from the boundary of this airport?

6. What is the clearance from this side of the present runways to the boundary of this airport?

7. Are new runways to be built at Stevenson Airport? If so, where and of what length?

Mr. Churchill—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is a storm sewer to be constructed from the Royal Canadian Air Force Airfield in St. James to the Assiniboine River? If so, when and of what type?

2. What route will the proposed storm sewer follow through the municipality of St. James?

3. What is the estimated cost and what is the financial obligation, if any, of the municipality?

4. Has agreement been reached with the municipality as to the type of storm sewer?

Mr. Churchill—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What areas adjacent to Stevenson Airport, St. James, Manitoba, are affected by new zoning regulations of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation?

2. What limitations on loans for housing development are imposed by the new regulations?

3. (*a*) How many houses have been constructed or are under construction in the areas affected by these regulations; (*b*) What arrangements are being made to prevent home owners from being penalized by these new regulations?

4. At what time and by what method was the St. James Council informed of these regulations?

Mr. MacLean—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many airdromes operated by the Department of Transport employ ground-controlled approach (G.C.A.) equipment?

2. How many airdromes operated by the Department of Transport are equipped with high intensity lighting?

Mr. MacLean—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What is the number of automobiles capable of being carried by the new ferry to be put into service between North Sydney and Port aux Basques (*a*) when railway traffic is being carried; (*b*) when no railway traffic is being carried?

2. Are the automobile decks of this ferry capable of carrying large trailer-type trucks?

3. If not, what are the dimensions of the largest truck that can be carried on this ferry?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Tariff Board authorized to hear appeals against sales prices determined by the Minister of National Revenue as the basis for computation of the sales tax?

2. If not, is consideration being given to the Tariff Board being granted such authority, or to the setting up of a sales tax appeal board to deal with this and other questions relating to the administration of the sales tax?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the opinion of the Minister of National Revenue as to when machinery and apparatus are to be considered as used directly in the process of manufacture for sales tax purposes subject to appeal?

2. If so, what body hears such appeals?

3. If not, is consideration being given to the Tariff Board being granted such authority, or to the setting up of a sales tax appeal board to deal with questions of this nature as well as other questions relating to the administration of the sales tax?

4. What is the ministerial definition as to when machinery and apparatus are considered as used directly in the process of manufacture for sales tax purposes?

5. What is the basis for this definition? Is it under review?

Mr. Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government ever held a conference with the Government of the Province of Quebec for the purpose of (*a*) determining the respective jurisdictions of the Federal Government and of the Province over the picking, marketing and processing of blueberries; (*b*) regulating the inspection, freezing, conservation and storage of blueberries, within the limits of federal responsibility; (*c*) establishing a policy of price support with respect to blueberries, for protecting the exportation thereof?

2. If not, is the Federal Government considering the advisability of meeting the provincial authorities in order to study the above-mentioned question?

Mr. Knowles—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Minister of Labour been asked to establish an inquiry commission for the purpose of inquiring into the relations between the Canadian National Railways and the R. F. Welch Company, with particular reference to the by-passing of a collective agreement between the Canadian National Railways and the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees?

2. Has it been decided to establish such an inquiry commission?

3. If not, is such request being considered?

Mr. Argue—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many fires have occurred in the Works Services Department or at Army Stores Depots in each month since November 26, 1952?

2. What was the location of each fire and the damage in each case?

3. On what dates was the inventory taken at each place where a fire occurred?

Mr. Argue—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are any investigations into thefts in the armed services presently being conducted? If so, how many?

2. What is the nature of each such investigation?

Mr. Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean)—On Wednesday next—The following proposed Resolution:—That, in the opinion of this House, the Government should consider the advisability of calling a conference between members of the Federal Government and those of the Province of Quebec, with respect to the jurisdiction of the two Governments regarding the picking, marketing, processing, freezing storage and conservation of blueberries and establishing a price policy for protecting the exportation of such berries.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, March 22	
497	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
262	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	4.00 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 23	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 24	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 8.00 p.m.
277	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	8.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P,, Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 53

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 22ND, MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One petition was laid upon the Table.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Sixteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Sixteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Joseph Flavelle Barrett and others of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to incorporate Westpur Pipe Line Company.

Of Canadian Pacific Railway Company and The Fredericton & Grand Lake Coal & Railway Company for an Act to provide for the transfer of the assets of the latter to Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), from the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That it be empowered to print such papers and evidence as may be ordered by the Committee and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That the quorum be reduced from 20 to 12 members and that Standing Order 63(1)(b) be suspended in relation thereto.

3. That it be authorized to sit while the House is sitting.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), from the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines, presented the Second Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following Bill and has agreed to report the said Bill without amendment:

Bill No. 193 (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London".

Your Committee has also considered the following Bill and has agreed to report the said Bill with amendments:

Bill No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited".

Mr. Blanchette, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 14, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What was the total cost of fires in the Department of National Defence during: (*a*) 1954; (*b*) January and February, 1955?

2. What was the total cost of loss by: (*a*) Navy; (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force, during above periods?

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Thomas be substituted for that of Mr. Johnston (Bow River) on the Special Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament appointed to inquire into and report upon the questions of capital punishment, corporal punishment and lotteries; and

That a Message be sent to the Senate to acquaint Their Honours thereof.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 264 (Letter Z-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 265 (Letter A-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Frances Kellerman Rappoport".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 266 (Letter B-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 267 (Letter C-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 268 (Letter D-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 269 (Letter E-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 270 (Letter F-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ferguson Wynter".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 271 (Letter G-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 272 (Letter H-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Roitman Aronovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 273 (Letter I-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 274 (Letter J-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gardner Hinckley Prescott".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 275 (Letter K-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Cope Veary".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 276 (Letter L-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gordon Stewart Norris".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 277 (Letter M-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucille Grenier Desjardins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 195 (Letter D of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners Act";

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

The Bill, No. 242 (Letter O-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Criminal Code", was read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 245, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act;

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur) moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

And the question being proposed;

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Nicholson, moved in amendment thereto: That Bill No. 245 be not now read a third time but that it be referred back to the Committee of the Whole House for the purpose of reconsidering clause 1 thereof.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Argue,
Balcer,
Barnett,
Bell,
Blair,
Brooks,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Drew,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Ferguson,
Fleming,
Fraser (Peterborough),
Fulton,
Gillis,
Green,
Hamilton (York West),
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Knight,
Knowles,
Lennard,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacLean,
McBain,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McGregor,
Mitchell (London),
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Noseworthy,
Nowlan,
Pearkes,
Perron,
Regier,
Robinson (Bruce),
Rowe,
Small,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Trainor,
Tustin,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Zaplitny—65.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Clark,
Cloutier,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Forgie,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gagnon,
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Girard,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hahn,
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Holowach,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière),
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leboe,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Low,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacNaught,
Macnaughton,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McLeod,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Patterson,
Pearson,
Philpott,
Picard,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),

Prudham,	Roberge,	Shipley (Mrs.),	Viau,
Purdy,	Robertson,	Simmons,	Villeneuve,
Quelch,	Robichaud,	Sinclair,	Weaver,
Ratelle,	Robinson	Stick,	Weir,
Reinke,	(Simcoe East),	Stuart (Charlotte),	White
Richard	Rochefort,	Studer,	(Waterloo South),
(Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),	Rouleau,	Thibault,	Winters,
Richardson,	St. Laurent,	Thomas,	Wylie,
	Schneider,	Tucker,	Yuill—148.

And the question being put on the main motion; it was agreed to, on division.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, on division, and passed.

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 190, An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act;

Mr. Prudham moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

The Order being read for the third reading of Bill No. 189, An Act to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act;

Mr. Harris moved,—That the said Bill be now read the third time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the third time, and passed.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Regier, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

(At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Private Bills)

The Bill, No. 243, (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company", was read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.*

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 26, 27, 32, and 34, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Knight: That Bill No. 163, An Act to amend the Income Tax Act, be now read the second time.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Barnett,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Castleden,
Ellis,
Gillis,
Herridge,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Knight,
Knowles,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
Nicholson,
Noseworthy,
Regier,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Winch,
Zaplitny—21.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Anderson,
Ashbourne,
Balcer,
Balcom,
Bell,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),
Blackmore,
Blair,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Byrne,
Cameron (High Park),
Campney,
Cannon,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Cloutier,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Decore,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Diefenbaker,
Dinsdale,
Dumas,
Eudes,
Eyre,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Fairey,
Forgie,
Fraser (Peterborough),
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gagnon,
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Green,
Gregg,
Habel,
Hahn,
Hamilton (York West),
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Hodgson,
Hollingworth,
Holowach,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,
Johnston (Bow River),
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière),
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leboe,
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lennard,
Lesage,
Low,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacLean,
MacNaught,
Macnaughton,
McBain,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McGregor,
McIlraith,
McLeod,
McMillan,
McWillam,
Mang,
Marler,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Mitchell (London),
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Murphy (Lambton West),
Nowlan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,

Pearson,
Perron,
Philpott,
Picard,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Poulin,
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Quelch,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
Rowe,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Small,
Starr,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Thibault,
Thomas,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Valois,
Viau,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
White (Waterloo South),
Winters,
Wylie,
Yuill—183.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Regier in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Knight, adjourned.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bill has, this twenty-second day of March, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce on or after Thursday, March 24:

Bill No. 243 (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many immigrants entered Canada during 1954, from what countries and how many from each country?

Mr. MacLean—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What airdromes in Canada, used by scheduled air lines for scheduled stops, are operated by (*a*) the Department of Transport; (*b*) the Department of National Defence; (*c*) municipalities or other bodies?

Mr. Boisvert—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Federal Government assist the Government of Quebec financially in taking a forest inventory?

2. If so, how much has been spent by the Federal Government, to date?

Mr. Boisvert—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many persons were registered with the National Employment offices in (*a*) Trois-Rivieres; (*b*) Sorel; (*c*) Drummondville, in the province of Quebec, on the first of January 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954 and 1955?

2. How many of these persons were in receipt of unemployment insurance benefits at the same dates?

Mr. Boisvert—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many railway-highway level crossings are there in each province of Canada?

Mr. Boisvert—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How many enlistments have there been in the province of Quebec (*a*) Army; (*b*) Navy; (*c*) Air Force, for each year since 1949?

Mr. Argue—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many complaints, if any, have been received concerning irregularities or thefts in any branch of the armed services?

2. Have any investigations been completed into such irregularities?

3. If so, what was the nature of the report made following each investigation?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, March 23	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Procedure	4.00 p.m.
	Thursday, March 24	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
277	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	8.00 p.m.
	Friday, March 25	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
277	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 54

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 23RD MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 280 (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada".

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Sixteenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions, stating that he had examined the following petition presented on March 22, praying for an Act to grant a divorce and to dissolve the marriage of the petitioner, and finds that, while this petition complies with the requirements of Standing Order 68, it has been presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92, and, for this reason, it should not be received:

Of Evelyn Robert Hurst Watson, now residing in Montreal, Quebec, wife of James Ronald Watson of Verdun, Quebec.—*Mr. Hunter.*

Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), from the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines, presented the Third Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following Bill and has agreed to report the said Bill without amendment:

Bill No. 187, "An Act respecting The New Westminster Harbour Commissioners".

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of the Text of an Aide Memoire, dated March 8, 1955, relating to proposed restrictions on imports of crude oil into the United States, Presented by the Canadian Ambassador at Washington to the State Department of the United States Government.

Mr. Marler, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report dated February 21, 1955, of the Inquiry conducted by the Honourable W. F. A. Turgeon, Commissioner, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 1954-760 of May 20, 1954, into the application and effects of agreed charges authorized under Part IV of the Transport Act. (English and French).

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80, of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-344 of March 8, 1955: Approving the Capital Budget of the National Battlefields Commission for the year ending March 31, 1956.

Mr. Bennett, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Veterans Affairs, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. From what firms has fish been purchased for Shaughnessy Hospital in Vancouver, during the past two years?

2. In each case, what other firms, if any, tendered for the sale of such fish?

3. What were the amounts of the respective tenders including those that were accepted?

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 9, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What are the names and addresses of all persons employed in Saskatchewan in 1954 under (*a*) the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act; (*b*) the Prairie Farm Assistance Act?

2. What sum of money was paid to each of these persons as (*a*) salary or wages; (*b*) sustenance; (*c*) mileage; (*d*) other allowances?

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Simmons be substituted for that of Mr. Byrne on the Special Committee on Estimates.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Balcom:—How many tons of Nova Scotia coal have been purchased for use of government buildings in Ontario during: (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

By Mr. Johnston (Bow River)—In 1954:—1. (*a*) What was the amount of money received from the import duty on United States' coal, (i) anthracite; (ii) bituminous, coming into Canada? (*b*) How much of this was returned in the form of a drawback?

2. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from Alberta to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid? (*b*) What was the amount of money paid in each case, and what was the amount of money paid as a drawback in each case?

3. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from the Crowsnest Pass area to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid? (*b*) What was the amount of money paid as a subsidy in each case?

By Mr. Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean):—1. Has the Federal Government ever held a conference with the Government of the Province of Quebec for the purpose of (*a*) determining the respective jurisdictions of the Federal Government and of the Province over the picking, marketing and processing of blueberries; (*b*) regulating the inspection, freezing, conservation and storage of blueberries, within the limits of federal responsibility; (*c*) establishing a policy of price support with respect to blueberries, for protecting the exportation thereof?

2. If not, is the Federal Government considering the advisability of meeting the provincial authorities in order to study the above-mentioned question?

The following Order of the House was issued to the proper officer:

By Mr. Girard: Order of the House for a copy of all telegrams, letters, memoranda and other communications in the possession of the Department of Transport, relating to the application for a television station at Jonquière.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Regier, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Bell—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Do any concerns process 'fish sticks' in Canada?

2. If so, what concerns, and where?

3. What has been the total production each month since January, 1954, of cooked and uncooked 'fish sticks' in Canada?

4. What has been the total export of cooked and uncooked 'fish sticks' to the United States since January, 1954?

5. How does the export tariff on 'fish sticks' compare with the tariff on the other main fish products?

Mr. Hahn—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many dozen eggs were purchased by the government to place in storage, during the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

2. What was the total cost of handling, phone calls, telegrams and meetings, in the procurement and holding of these eggs for each of the years indicated?

3. In each of the above years, what was the (*a*) freight cost; (*b*) expense of re-grading; (*c*) overall gross cost of the eggs?

4. What was the net loss or gain to the government in the handling of eggs for each of the above years?

Mr. Howe (Wellington-Huron)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many car loads of feed screenings were shipped into the Province of Ontario during the year 1954?

2. What was the grade of each car load shipped?

Mr. Howe (Wellington-Huron)—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—By Ontario districts, how many employees of the Car Department of the Canadian National Railways have been laid off during (*a*) the year 1954; (*b*) the months of January, February and March, 1955?

Mr. Fulton—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—With respect to the 18 types of accounting irregularities in No. 11 Works Company R.C.E. found by the Chief Auditor of the Department of National Defence, as summarized in the Currie Report:

1. When was each of these irregularities found and reported on by the Auditor?

2. What action, in detail, was taken as a result of his findings in each case, and when?

3. What action, in each case, was taken following the submission of the Currie Report, and when?

4. Were any changes in personnel made as a result of these findings and actions, and if so, what changes?

5. After the actions and changes referred to in parts 2, 3 and 4 were taken or made, if any, what further or continuing investigations were made with respect to the administration of this Company, and when?

6. What were the results or findings in each case?

Mr. Hahn—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many letter carriers were employed during each of the past five years?

2. During each of these years, how many (*a*) letter carrier uniforms; (*b*) summer weight tunics; (*c*) summer weight trousers; (*d*) winter weight trousers; (*e*) summer weight shirts; (*f*) winter weight shirts; (*g*) caps, were issued?

3. Who were the five chief suppliers of (*a*) summer weight trousers; (*b*) winter weight trousers, during each of the past five years?

4. What was the total cost of outfitting the carriers during each of the abovementioned years?

5. What was the total cost for summer weight trousers for each year?

*Mr. Fulton**—On Friday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of the reports of the Chief Auditor of the Department of National Defence drawing attention to accounting irregularities in No. 11 Works Company R.C.E., referred to in Appendix "B" of the Currie Report.

*Mr. Fulton**—On Friday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all reports of findings of dishonesty or malpractice in connection with the irregularities at No. 11 Works Company R.C.E., made prior to the investigations currently proceeding.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, March 24	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
277	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	8.00 p.m.
	Friday, March 25	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
277	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.
	Monday, March 28	
497	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m. 8.00 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 55

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 24TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker communicated to the House the following letter:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

23rd March, 1955.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, will proceed to the Senate Chamber on Thursday the 24th March, at 5.45 p.m. for the purpose of giving Royal Assent to certain Bills.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

J. F. DELAUTE,
Secretary to the Governor General,
(Administrative)

The Honourable
The Speaker of the House of Commons,
Ottawa.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills, without amendment:

Bill No. 181, An Act to amend the National Harbours Board Act.

Bill No. 194, An Act to amend the Representation Act.

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Address of March 21, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of representative communications from or on behalf of organizations dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Minister of Labour, respecting the unemployment situation in Canada, and for a copy of the replies thereto.

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Park Steamship Company Limited for 1954, pursuant to Section 85(3) of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of Polymer Corporation Limited for 1954.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, it was ordered,—That the petition of Evelyn Robert Hurst Watson for a bill of divorce, presented on March 22, 1955, together with the Clerk of Petitions' Report thereon of March 23, 1955, be refered to the *Standing Committee on Standing Orders* for such recommendations as may be deemed advisable.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Hosking be substituted for that of Mr. Cardin; and

That the name of Mr. James be substituted for that of Mr. Henderson on the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Michener be substituted for that of Mr. Monteith on the Special Committee on Estimates.

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 280, (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Castleden:—1. Which (*a*) terminal elevators; (*b*) eastern elevators, were weighed-over during the 1952-53 crop year?

2. What was the date of weigh-over in each case?

3. Who was the representative on the Board of Grain Commissioners at each of these weigh-overs?

4. In which of these elevators was weigh-over deferred beyond the 22 month period?

5. During what period of time since 1950 has the position of Assistant Commissioner been vacant?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Pallett:—1. How many parcels of land are affected by the Department of Transport expropriation plan registered in the registry office of the County of Peel on February 12, 1954, as No. 79365?

2. How many parcels of land so expropriated have been paid for?

3. For how many parcels of land has the amount of compensation (*a*) been determined; (*b*) not yet been determined; (*c*) been determined but not yet paid?

4. Where the land expropriated was farm land, what was the average price per acre?

5. Where parcels of land were lots on subdivisions, what was the average price per foot frontage?

6. What was the basis for determining the value of buildings?

7. Who are the property evaluators acting on behalf of the Department of Transport in this instance?

8. What experience have they had in doing evaluations?

By leave of the House, Mr. Pearson, seconded by Mr. Campney, moved,—That items numbered 92 to 111 inclusive of the Main Estimates, 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply and referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

And, by unanimous consent, a Debate arising thereon, and continuing;

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company".

Also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, without amendment:

Bill No. 184, An Act to amend the Financial Administration Act.

And also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the Bill No. 4, An Act to regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas, with amendments, which are as follows:

1. *Page 3 line 17*: Strike out the word "of" and substitute therefor the words "not exceeding"

2. *Page 3, line 19*: Strike out the word "of" and substitute therefor the words "not exceeding"

A Message was received from the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, desiring the immediate attendance of the House in the Senate Chamber.

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker with the House went to the Senate Chamber.

And being returned;

Mr. Speaker reported that when the House did attend the Honourable the Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General in the Senate Chamber, His Honour was pleased to give, in Her Majesty's name, the Royal Assent to the following Bills:

An Act for the relief of Daisy Ruth Kirk Stanistreet.
An Act for the relief of Irene Christina Edwards Mackay.
An Act for the relief of Barbara Elinor Richardson Jones.
An Act for the relief of Wira Pushkar Tereshtshenko.
An Act for the relief of Stella (Stephania) Burnatowska Holowaty.
An Act for the relief of Harry Evert Finlayson.
An Act for the relief of George James Nangreaves.
An Act for the relief of Carmela Lanza Morash.
An Act for the relief of Meyer Francis Doyle.
An Act for the relief of Julia Mary Collen Dwyer Rose.
An Act for the relief of Bela Koschitza Brawerman.
An Act for the relief of Maxine Samuels Resseguier.
An Act for the relief of Ginette Monique Cornu Lebegue.
An Act for the relief of Eugen Hartberg.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Pierre Emile Jasmin Rheaume.
An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Jane Marcelin Belanger.
An Act for the relief of Hugh McCrone Dunsmuir.
An Act for the relief of Hazel Winifred Edwards Welcher.
An Act for the relief of Joan Audrey Baur Walker.
An Act for the relief of Pauline Alice Leduc Sponagle.
An Act for the relief of Lillian Greenberg Seligman.
An Act for the relief of Marie Antoinette Demers Vigeant.
An Act for the relief of Yoneyuki Watanabe.
An Act for the relief of Leslie Sutcliffe.
An Act for the relief of Rita Ursule Labadie Huot.
An Act for the relief of Evangeline N. Rodinos Zolotas.
An Act for the relief of Maria Lutz Kaczmarek.
An Act for the relief of Clare Taylor Belanger.
An Act for the relief of Jean Claude Robitaille.
An Act for the relief of Ida Meitin Wooden.
An Act for the relief of Fleur-Ange Francoeur Therrien.
An Act for the relief of Maria Christina Vettore Austin.
An Act for the relief of Roland Lefebvre.
An Act for the relief of Augustine Denonville Leclere.
An Act for the relief of Mary Theresa McSheffrey Richard.
An Act for the relief of Pierrette Marsan Short.
An Act for the relief of Greta Irene Kokko Marchand.
An Act for the relief of Yolande Segatore Grandillo.
An Act for the relief of Annie Laker Gillen.
An Act for the relief of Juliette Bertha Langlois Miller.
An Act for the relief of Arthur Johnston.
An Act for the relief of Bela Antal Kelecsenyi.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Roger Gerard Doucet.

An Act for the relief of Elsie Amelia Armistice Wood Lavoie.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Rene Romeo Lafrance.
An Act for the relief of Gweneth Leslie Clarke Atkinson.
An Act for the relief of Muriel Claire Wilson Hart.
An Act for the relief of Violet Doris Hubbard MacGregor.
An Act for the relief of Christina Mellis Campbell Squires".
An Act for the relief of Katharine Hamilton Ellis Bishop.
An Act for the relief of Sheila Kathleen McNaughton Best.
An Act for the relief of Pearl Mendelson Markus.
An Act for the relief of Mary Leona Dalton Dawe.
An Act for the relief of Ethel Tietlebaum Segal.
An Act for the relief of Sheila Mary Power Stone.
An Act for the relief of Vera Grace Westley Stewart.
An Act for the relief of Freda Margery Turton Pellerin.
An Act for the relief of Sieglinde Rosa Wolf Coss.
An Act for the relief of Marie Vina Lebel Duhamel.
An Act for the relief of Florence Pearl Loader Varden.
An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Smith Tero.
An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Annabel Clouston Grandjean.
An Act for the relief of Miriam Rabinovitch Yampolsky, otherwise known as Miriam Rabinovitch Pollack.
An Act for the relief of George Angus Robinson.
An Act for the relief of Gerald Willy Moore.
An Act for the relief of Desneiges Primeau Gagnon.
An Act for the relief of Gladys Krassner Garoff.
An Act for the relief of Margaret Aitken Robertson Comis.
An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Barsey De Board.
An Act for the relief of Maureen Theresa May Baker Reed.
An Act for the relief of Henry Schoen.
An Act for the relief of Harold Archie Donaghy.
An Act for the relief of Beatrice Ellis Oakes.
An Act for the relief of Rose Blum Brenner.
An Act for the relief of George Ovide Normand.
An Act for the relief of Marjory Grace Darling Downey Picktell.
An Act for the relief of Francis Joseph Ellis.
An Act for the relief of John McKinnell.
An Act for the relief of Ada Garland Skakle Campbell.
An Act for the relief of Shirley Elizabeth Saul Hutchison.
An Act for the relief of Rotha Dodgson Webb.
An Act for the relief of Barbara Norma Demaine Davies.
An Act for the relief of Reta Muriel Hadden Moffit.
An Act for the relief of Meta Avard Wheatley Griffin.
An Act for the relief of Emma Melite Latvaityte Vairogs.
An Act for the relief of Marie Jeanne D'Arc Marcelle Bernier Lemieux.
An Act for the relief of Lois Audrey Jemima Patch Howell.
An Act for the relief of Dorothy Izenberg Lenetsky.
An Act for the relief of George Reilly Hunter.

An Act for the relief of Donald William Downie.
An Act for the relief of Rita Barlatti Devlin.
An Act for the relief of Ruby Kitts Shea.
An Act for the relief of Margaret Pearl McNamara Rowlatt.
An Act for the relief of Mabel Kinghorn Marshall.
An Act for the relief of Shirley Norah Farrar Mizener.
An Act for the relief of Jane Schubert Clark Bernard.
An Act for the relief of Irene Joan Fabian Jefford.
An Act for the relief of Lois Silby Walker Torunski.
An Act for the relief of Lillian Dorothy Menzies Drennan.
An Act for the relief of Henry Edwin Lasnier.
An Act for the relief of Elsa Kremer Ellmaurer.
An Act for the relief of Christine Bennie Kelly Mooney.
An Act for the relief of Shirley Patricia King Craddock.
An Act for the relief of Nomi Meijerowicz Goldenstein.
An Act for the relief of Edith Dora Hyndman Ross.
An Act for the relief of Irene Annetta Thomas Bromby.
An Act for the relief of Arthur Edmund Oliver.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Zawiski.
An Act for the relief of Mary Jagiello Kaczynski.
An Act for the relief of Eleanor Honor Connolly Sutcliffe.
An Act for the relief of Marie Laurenza Suzanne Bolduc Hawkins.
An Act for the relief of Daniel Joseph MacLean.
An Act for the relief of Berthe Montpetit Goupil.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Albert Roland Archambault.
An Act for the relief of Evelyn Held Schulman.
An Act for the relief of Antoni Dmysz.
An Act for the relief of Eunice Levine Yelin.
An Act for the relief of Joyce Hodkin Gilhooly.
An Act for the relief of Pauline McDonald McDerment.
An Act for the relief of Velma May Robinson Macaulay.
An Act for the relief of Mary McDonald Gauthier.
An Act for the relief of Andrew Henry Pytel.
An Act for the relief of James Wong, otherwise known as Yon Hong Ark.
An Act for the relief of Ruth Nathan Finkelman.
An Act for the relief of Richard Robert Tomlinson.
An Act for the relief of Sheila Elsie Clarkson Flintoft.
An Act for the relief of Joseph Edouard Alexandre Brunelle.
An Act for the relief of Ruth Evans Silver.
An Act for the relief of Mania Rissman Neftin.
An Act for the relief of Lucien Gagnon.
An Act for the relief of John William Newton.
An Act for the relief of Rita Forest Leblanc.
An Act for the relief of Marcelle Topping Paradis.
An Act for the relief of John Edward Foran.
An Act for the relief of Evelyn Woolls Gallagher McDougall.

An Act for the relief of Edward Satel.
An Act for the relief of Mollie Litvack Rabinovitch.
An Act for the relief of Nora Elizabeth Wolverson Powell.
An Act for the relief of Hazel Miller Clark.
An Act for the relief of Zofia Janina Hurny Slesicki.
An Act for the relief of Carmen Cortez Leigh Pitt.
An Act for the relief of Paraskevy Moshonas Moshonas.
An Act for the relief of Mary Lee Wilson Couttie.
An Act for the relief of Giacinta Villarosa Colucci.
An Act for the relief of Irene Dora Baker Pearson.
An Act for the relief of Gisela Kunz Cobel.
An Act for the relief of Aline Rousseau Laporte.
An Act for the relief of Dorothy Arlin Wintrobe.
An Act for the relief of Hazel Irene McKay Puttee.
An Act for the relief of Demetra Denis Varverikos Kotsos.
An Act for the relief of Therese Deschamps Pare.
An Act for the relief of Beatrice Edith Paige Bouchard.
An Act for the relief of Sheila Edith Emily Little Staniforth.
An Act for the relief of Elias Helakos, otherwise known as Louis Childs.
An Act for the relief of Albina Legault Desjardins.
An Act for the relief of Maia Piibe Paul.
An Act for the relief of John Russell Watt.
An Act for the relief of William Watson Southam.
An Act for the relief of Marie Joyce Kane Grant.
An Act for the relief of Anton Josef Cermak.
An Act for the relief of Myriam Micheline Weil Goldschmied.
An Act respecting The Huron and Erie Mortgage Corporation.
An Act respecting The Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Pembroke.
An Act to amend The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners Act.
An Act to amend the Cirminal Code.
An Act to amend the National Harbours Board Act.
An Act to amend the Representation Act.
An Act to amend the Financial Administration Act.

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson,—That items numbered 92 to 111 inclusive of the Main Estimates, 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply and referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

And the Debate continuing, the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Green, adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.55 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Bryce—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is a research being conducted by any agency of the government into the relative food value of butter as compared to margarine? If so, what has been the result of such research?

2. What quantity of edible oils was imported into Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

3. What quantity of such imported edible oils was used in the production of margarine in each of the abovementioned years?

4. What was the quantity of margarine produced in Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. What quantity of (*a*) margarine; (*b*) butter, was consumed in Canada in the years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many patients were admitted to Canadian mental institutions in 1943 and 1953?

2. What are the ratios of the numbers of these admissions to the number of persons in Canada?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many patients were residing in Canadian mental institutions at the end of the calendar years 1943 and 1953?

2. What are the ratios of the numbers of these residents to the number of persons in Canada?

Mr. Fraser (Peterborough)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has Canada sold and shipped any food or food products to any of the satellite countries in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

2. Have any of the satellite countries sold and shipped to Canada food or food products in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

3. If so, what inspection has been made by the Canadian authorities to see that these imports of food are pure and in a sanitary condition?

Mr. Proudfoot—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the average per diem cost of caring for and treating patients in Canadian mental institutions in 1943 and 1953?

2. What were the corresponding costs for patients in tuberculosis sanatoria and in public general hospitals, during each of these years?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have arrangements yet been made for stationary engineers and firemen employed by the Federal Government to be put on the five-day 40-hour week?

2. If not, will such arrangements be made soon?

Mr. Balcom—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total sum paid each province in 1954 under the Massey Grants recommendations?

2. What were the number of students attending universities in each province for the year 1954?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, March 25	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
	Monday, March 28	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	8.00 p.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
	Tuesday, March 29	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
	Thursday, March 31	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 56

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 25TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 282 (Letter E of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Territorial Lands Act".

Bill No. 283 (Letter N-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Westspur Pipe Line Company".

Mr. Tucker, from the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following Bill and has agreed to report it without amendment:

Bill No. 164, intituled: "An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952".

With respect to clause 3, as the amendment contemplated therein would, to meet the view of the Committee, result in an increased charge upon the public, your Committee feels that it has no option under the rules of the House but to report the clause without amendment. The Committee would, however, recommend that the Government consider the advisability of renumbering clause 3 of said Bill No. 164 as 3(1) and that a new sub-clause 2 be added to clause 3, as follows:

> (2) Where any veteran or surviving spouse of a veteran was receiving or was eligible to receive an amount under section 5 of the said Act as it was immediately prior to the date of the coming into force of this Act, in respect of a period ending on or after that date, the District Authority may, in its discretion and in lieu of any further amount under that section, award to such veteran or spouse:

(*a*) in respect of the portion of that period that is prior to that date, an amount determined in accordance with subsection (1) or (2), as the case may be, of section 5 of the said Act as it was immediately prior to the coming into force of this Act, and

(*b*) in respect of the portion of that period that is on or after that date, an allowance determined in accordance with subsection (1), (2) or (3), as the case may be, of section 5 of the said Act as enacted by this section,

less any amount received by such veteran or spouse in respect of that period pursuant to an award made under section 5 of the said Act as it was immediately prior to the coming into force of this Act.

A copy of the evidence adduced in respect of the said bill is appended hereto.

(*The Evidence accompanying said Report, recorded as Appendix No. 2 to the Journals*).

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for 1954. (English and French).

Mr. Garson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries for the year ended March 31, 1954. (French).

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Power (St. John's West) be substituted for that of Mr. Carter on the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Habel be substituted for that of Mr. Gauthier (Nickel Belt) on the Special Committee on Estimates.

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company".—*Mr. Nixon.*

The House resolved itself again into Committee of Supply.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

INTERIM SUPPLY

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding $515,411,790.67, being one-sixth of the amount of each of the items to be voted, as set forth in the Main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1956, laid before the House of Commons

at the present Session of Parliament; and in addition thereto, a sum not exceeding $137,500, being one-half of the amount of item 437, a sum not exceeding $439,942, being one-sixth of the amount of items 193, 196, 200, 201, and a sum not exceeding $1,975,296.08, being one-twelfth of the amount of items 18, 37, 439, 440, of the said Estimates be granted to Her Majesty on account of the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1956.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in, and the Committee of Supply obtained leave to sit again later this day.

The House resolved itself into Committee of Ways and Means.

(In the Committee)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That towards making good the Supply granted to Her Majesty on account of certain expenses of the public service for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1956, the following sums be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada, namely:

1. The sum of $515,411,790.67, being one-sixth of the amount of each of the items set forth in the Main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1956;

2. The sum of $137,500, being one-half of the amount of item 437 of the said Estimates;

3. The sum of $439,942, being one-sixth of the amount of items 193, 196, 200, 201 of the said Estimates; and

4. The sum of $1,975,296.08, being one-twelfth of the amount of items 18, 37, 439, 440 of the said Estimates; as set forth in the Resolution concurred in this day in the Committee of Supply.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in, and the Committee of Ways and Means obtained leave to sit again later this day.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 284, An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending 31st March, 1956, which was read the first time.

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

The House resolved itself again into Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee)

The following Resolutions were adopted:

FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES (1) 1954-55

AGRICULTURE

Production Service

Health of Animals—

552 To provide for payment of compensation to owners of animals or poultry affected with diseases coming under the Animal Contagious Diseases Act, which have died or have been slaughtered in circumstances not covered by the above Act and Regulations made thereunder, and to provide for payment to owners for loss of cattle during treatments for immunization against Hemorrhagic Septicaemia, all as detailed in the Estimates .. $ 7,725 00

Marketing Service

553 Subsidies for Cold Storage Warehouses under the Cold Storage Act, and Grants, in the amounts detailed in the Estimates—Further amount required 11,909 00

Terminable Services

554 Freight Assistance on Western Feed Grains—Further amount required 2,000,000 00

Special

555 Amount required to recoup the Agricultural Products Board Account to cover the net operating loss of the Agricultural Products Board as at March 31, 1955, resulting from the importation, in 1951, and the marketing of butter by the Board 278,494 00

556 To provide assistance for the replacement of maple production equipment—Further amount required .. 100,000 00

557 Prairie Farm Assistance Act Administration—Further amount required 416,674 00

558 Estimated amount required to recoup the Agricultural Prices Support Account to cover the net operating loss of the Agricultural Prices Support Board during the fiscal year 1954-55, including authority to credit to the account the net revenue received into the Agricultural Products Board Account from the sale of New Zealand meat received in exchange for beef shipped to the United Kingdom 3,210,928 00

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION

559 Departmental Administration—Further amount required 4,500 00

And the House continuing in Committee;

At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker took the Chair.

(*Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.*)

(*Private Bills*)

The Bill, No. 193, (Letter Q-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London", was considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

The Bill, No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited", (*as amended by the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines*) was considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without further amendment, considered as amended;

By leave of the House, the said Bill, as so amended, was read the third time and passed.

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 264 (Letter Z-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg".

Bill No. 265 (Letter A-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Frances Kellerman Rappoport".

Bill No. 266 (Letter B-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham".

Bill No. 267 (Letter C-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet".

Bill No. 268 (Letter D-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins".

Bill No. 269 (Letter E-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams".

Bill No. 270 (Letter F-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ferguson Wynter".

Bill No. 271 (Letter G-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock".

Bill No. 272 (Letter H-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Roitman Aronovitch".

Bill No. 273 (Letter I-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin".

Bill No. 274 (Letter J-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gardner Hinckley Prescott".

Bill No. 275 (Letter K-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Cope Veary".

Bill No. 276 (Letter L-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gordon Stewart Norris".

Bill No. 277 (Letter M-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucille Grenier Desjardins".

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 280 (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada";

Mr. Dickey, for Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Jutras, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.*

(*Public Bills*)

All Orders having been severally called were allowed to stand.

Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

The Committee of Supply resumed.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolutions were adopted:

FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES (1) 1954-55

CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION

CITIZENSHIP

560	Citizenship Registration Branch—Further amount required	$ 4,000 00

INDIAN AFFAIRS BRANCH

561	To provide that the amount of advances outstanding at any one time with respect to loans to Indians under Section 69 of the Indian Act, notwithstanding subsection (5) thereof, may total but not exceed $650,000	1 00
	Welfare of Indians—	
562	Operation and Maintenance—Further amount required	600,000 00
	Education—	
563	Administration, Operation and Maintenance—Further amount required	155,000 00

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

564 Salaries and Contingencies of the Commission—Further amount required 15,000 00

EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

A—Department and Missions Abroad

565 Passport Office Administration—Further amount required 23,000 00

566 To provide for official hospitality—Further amount required 15,000 00

567 Canadian Representation at International Conferences—Further amount required 75,000 00

B—General

568 To provide for the Canadian Government's Assessment for Membership in International and Commonwealth Organizations, as detailed in the Estimates, including authority to pay the amounts specified in the currencies of the countries indicated, notwithstanding that the payments may exceed or fall short of the equivalent in Canadian dollars, estimated as of March, 1955 —Further amount required 18,165 00

569 To provide for the Canadian Government's Contribution towards the cost of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Permanent Headquarters in an amount of 12,500,000 French Francs, notwithstanding that payment may exceed or fall short of the equivalent in Canadian dollars, estimated as of March, 1955, which is 35,100 00

Terminable Services

570 To authorize payment out of Vote 649, Appropriation Act, No. 4, 1954, of an amount not exceeding $925 to compensate civil servants for translation and interpretation services performed by them during the Colombo Plan Conference in Ottawa in 1954, notwithstanding Section 16 of the Civil Service Act 1 00

571 To provide for a Gift of Food and Drugs as a contribution to Flood Relief for India, Pakistan and Nepal 225,000 00

572 Contribution to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East 500,000 00

573 Contribution to the United Nations Korean Reconstruction Agency 500,000 00

574 To provide for a Gift of Fish as a contribution to Hurricane Relief for Haiti 25,000 00

575 To provide for the cost of Canada's participation as a member of the International Commission for Supervision and Control in Indo-China 220,000 00

FINANCE

Administration of Various Acts and Costs of Special Functions

576 Expenses of the Tariff Board—Further amount required . . 2,000 00

577 To provide for adjustment payments in respect of subsidies previously paid and administrative expenses incurred by the Minister of Finance on behalf of Mer Majesty pursuant to the agreement entered into between Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., and Her Majesty, on the 25th day of June, 1953, under the authority of Order in Council P.C. 1953—868, dated the 1st day of June, 1953; and to authorize the write-off of the outstanding balance of advances previously made to the said Corporation 65,277 00

PAYMENTS TO MUNICIPALITIES

578 Grants to Municipalities in lieu of taxes on Federal Property—To provide for payments to municipalities in accordance with the Municipal Grants Act, and the Rural Municipal Grants Regulations amended by Order in Council P.C. 1954—1621; and to provide for payments to municipalities under Order in Council P.C. 1954—1497, in respect of the cost of medical and hospital services and supplies furnished to federal employees and other persons specified therein—Further amount required including authority to regard the Admiralty Properties in the city of St. John's, Newfoundland, as Federal Property notwithstanding that formal transfer of administration has not been completed 95,855 00

CONTINGENCIES AND MISCELLANEOUS

579 To authorize the write-off to the Consolidated Deficit Account of certain accounts, as detailed in the Estimates, arising out of World War II and other transactions amounting in the aggregate to $1,010,111.38 which are uncollectable or for which no residual asset remains 1 00

GENERAL ITEMS OF PAYROLL COSTS INCLUDING SUPERANNUATION PAYMENTS

580 To provide for the Government's contribution, as an Employer, to the Unemployment Insurance Fund in respect of Government Employees paid through the Central Pay Office—Further amount required 10,000 00

SPECIAL

581 To provide for a contribution to the Government of the Province of Ontario for assistance in meeting costs resulting from floods, arising out of Hurricane Hazel, on October 15th and 16th, 1954, and to authorize, notwithstanding Section 35 of the Financial Administration Act, the making of payments under this Vote up to May 31, 1955 .. .. 1,000,000 00

MISCELLANEOUS GRANTS

582 To provide for the purchase of Canadian wood to be contributed for the restoration of the Canadian Room on the premises of the Royal Empire Society in London, originally provided by Canada and subsequently destroyed by enemy action during World War II (Revote) 1,250 00

FISHERIES

SPECIAL

583 To provide for assistance in the construction of vessels of the dragger and/or long liner type, subject to such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Governor in Council—Further amount required 21,049 00

584 Amount required to recoup the Fisheries Prices Support programs of the Fisheries Prices Support Board as at Account to cover the net operating loss on completed March 31, 1955 .. .. 744,382 00

JUSTICE

A—DEPARTMENT

585 Yukon Territory—Administration of Justice—Further amount required 12,000 00

B—PENITENTIARIES

586 Construction, Improvements and New Equipment, including provision for the establishment and construction of a new institution in the Province of Quebec for the confinement and reformation of Federal prisoners—Further amount required 200,000 00

LABOUR

A—DEPARTMENT

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

587 Annuities Act—Administration—Further amount required 26,000 00

LEGISLATION

HOUSE OF COMMONS

588 General Administration—Estimates of the Clerk—Further amount required 58,000 00

MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

A—DEPARTMENT

MINES BRANCH

589 To provide for payments to McGill University in connection with the development of a Coal-Fired Gas Turbine—Further amount required 50,000 00

GENERAL

590 Payments to Royal Canadian Air Force and Commercial Companies for Air Photography, and to defray the expenses of and the purchase of equipment by the Inter-departmental Committee on Air Surveys—Further amount required 1,200,000 00

B—Dominion Coal Board

591 Payments in connection with the movements of coal under conditions prescribed by the Governor in Council—Further amount required 1,604,000 00

NATIONAL HEALTH AND WELFARE

National Health Branch

Health Services

Laboratory of Hygiene—

592 Operation and maintenance—Further amount required 17,000 00

General Health Grants

593 To authorize and provide for General Health Grants to the Provinces, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory upon the terms and in the amounts detailed in the Estimates—Further amount required including authority, notwithstanding Section 30 of the Financial Administration Act, to make additional commitments for the current year not to exceed $1,000,000 . . . . . 1 00

Welfare Branch

National Physical Fitness Act—

594 Assistance to Provinces—Further amount required . . 3,443 00

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL AND ATOMIC ENERGY

Atomic Energy of Canada Limited

Research Program—

595 Current Operation and Maintenance—Further amount required 155,000 00

596 Construction or Acquisition of Buildings, Works, Land and New Equipment and to authorize Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation to undertake construction of works at Deep River for Atomic Energy of Canada Limited—Further amount required 1,106,000 00

597 To authorize,

(1) subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, amendments to the Agreement dated the 22nd day of January, 1953, between Her Majesty The Queen in right of Canada and Atomic Energy of Canada Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"), to provide for

(*a*) the write-up in the accounts of the Company in the sum of $2,843,174 representing the depreciated value as at March 31, 1954, of the housing accommodation at Deep River previously written off to the research program of the Company;

(*b*) the issuance by the Company of obligations in the sum of $2,843,174 in such form and upon such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council may approve;

(*c*) the write-off in the accounts of the Company in the sum of $1,405,845 representing the increase from 26 per cent to 35 per cent in the percentage of the cost of construction of the new reactor (NRU) from inception to March 31, 1954, chargeable to the research program of the Company, and other minor adjustments; and

(*d*) the cancellation of the capital stock of the Company in the amount of $1,405,845; and

(2) the necessary entries and adjustments in the accounts of Canada in connection with the matters mentioned in paragraph (1) 1 00

PUBLIC PRINTING AND STATIONERY

598 Printing and Binding the Annual Statutes—Further amount required 6,500 00

599 Canada Gazette—Further amount required 55,000 00

600 Distribution of Official Documents—Further amount required 2,500 00

PUBLIC WORKS

ARCHITECTURAL BRANCH

Acquisition, Construction and Improvements of Public Buildings

Construction, acquisition, major repairs and improvements of, and plans and sites for, public buildings listed in the details of the Estimates, provided that Treasury Board may increase or decrease the amount within the vote to be expended on individual listed projects—Further amounts required—

602 Saskatchewan 350,000 00

ENGINEERING BRANCH

Acquisition, Construction and Improvements of Harbour and River Works

Construction, acquisition, major repairs and improvements of, and plans and sites for, harbour and river works listed in the details of the Estimates, provided that Treasury Board may increase or decrease the amount within the vote to be expended on individual listed projects—Further amount required—

603 Newfoundland ($113,900, less the amount of $113,899 available from savings in other listed projects detailed in previous Estimates for 1954-55 for this Province) 1 00

SECRETARY OF STATE

GENERAL

604 Expenses pertaining to the visit to Canada of His Royal Highness The Duke of Edinburgh 11,002 00

605 Expenses pertaining to the visit to Canada of Their Royal Highnesses The Duchess of Kent and Princess Alexandra 3,801 00

606 Expenses pertaining to the visit to Canada of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother 6,596 00

TRANSPORT

A—Department

Canal Services

607 Operation and Maintenance—Further amount required .. 30,000 00

Marine Services

608 Nautical Services—Administration, Operation and Maintenance, including grants and contributions for the purposes indicated in the details of the Estimates; rewards for saving life from vessels in distress; subsidies to salvage companies, and the payment of expenses, including excepted expenses, incurred in respect of Canadian distressed seamen as defined in Section 306 of the Canada Shipping Act—Further amount required 57,000 00

Pilotage Service—

609 Administration, Operation and Maintenance—Further amount required 5,000 00

610 Construction or Acquisition of Buildings, Works, Land and New Equipment—Further amount required 2,500 00

River St. Lawrence Ship Channel Service—

611 Contract Dredging—Further amount required 1,529,361 00

Railway and Steamship Services

612 Construction or Acquisition of Auto-Ferry Vessels, as detailed in the Estimates—Further amount required 1,300,000 00

613 Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited, Deficit, 1954—Additional amount in excess of the sum of $581,000 already appropriated to provide for the payment to the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited (hereinafter called "The Company") of the deficit for the year ending December 31st, 1954, in the operations of the Company and the vessels under the control of the Company, as certified by the Auditors of the Company to the Minister of Finance and approved by the Minister of Transport—Further amount required 47,410 00

Air Services

Meteorological Division

615 Construction or Acquisition of Buildings, Works, Land and New Equipment—Further amount required 45,000 00

Civil Aviation Division

616 Grants to Organizations for the development of Civil Aviation, in the amounts detailed in the Estimates—Further amount required 60,000 00

617 Contributions, as detailed in the Estimates, to other Governments or International Agencies for the operation and maintenance of airports, air navigation and airway facilities, including authority to pay the amounts specified in the currencies of the countries indicated, notwithstanding that the payments may exceed or fall short of the equivalent in Canadian dollars, estimated as of March, 1955—Further amount required 1,413 00

GENERAL

618 To provide for the expenses of an inquiry, authorized pursuant to Part I of the Inquiries Act, into the application and effects of agreed charges authorized by the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada under Part IV of the Transport Act 23,000 00

619 To provide for reimbursement of the Department of Transport Stores Account for the value of stores which have become obsolete, unserviceable, lost or destroyed .. 11,335 00

B—GENERAL

CANADIAN MARITIME COMMISSION

620 Steamship Subventions for Coastal Services, as detailed in the Estimates—Further amount required 6,066 00

Resolutions to be reported:

The Resolutions adopted in Committee of Supply at this day's sitting were reported, read the second time and concurred in, and the Committee of Supply obtained leave to sit again at the next sitting of the House.

At 10.05 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this twenty-fifth day of March, been posted for consideration by their respective Committees, on or after Monday, March 28:

Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce

Bill No. 280, (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills

Bill No. 264 (Letter Z-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lorraine Bella Spegel Weisberg".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 265 (Letter A-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Frances Kellerman Rappoport".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 266 (Letter B-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eleanor Grace Jones Graham".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 267 (Letter C-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabrielle Dallaire Boulet".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 268 (Letter D-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Warner Collins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 269 (Letter E-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Gwendoline Turner Williams".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 270 (Letter F-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Ferguson Wynter".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 271 (Letter G-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sheila Winnifred Richardson Hiscock".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 272 (Letter H-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Roitman Aronovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 273 (Letter I-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kathleen Gertrude King Laffin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 274 (Letter J-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gardner Hinckley Prescott".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 275 (Letter K-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ethel Cope Veary".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 276 (Letter L-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gordon Stewart Norris".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 277 (Letter M-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lucille Grenier Desjardins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Goode—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many automobiles have been purchased for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in Nelson, British Columbia, in 1954, 1955?

2. Were these purchased subject to tender?

3. If so, what firms tendered and what were the tender prices submitted to the Government?

Mr. Goode—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What are the true facts in regard to radioactive fall out in connection with the Nevada bomb tests?

Mr. Johnson (Kindersley)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is Canada supplying goods intended to aid in the rehabilitation of Korea?

2. If so, under what program or programs is such aid supplied?

3. What is the value of goods shipped for such purpose by calendar years since the beginning of the Korean war?

4. Is the government considering substantially increasing its economic assistance to aid in Korean rehabilitation?

5. Has the government any information with respect to Korean profiteers preventing the proper distribution of United States' aid intended to facilitate Korean rehabilitation?

6. Is the government aware of any such incidents involving Canadian aid?

7. If so, what steps has the government taken to ensure that any economic aid does, in fact, achieve its purpose?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. On how many occasions has there been radioactive precipitation or fall out in Canada following experimental tests of atomic or hydrogen bombs or weapons by the United States or by any other country?

2. What are the dates of such radioactive precipitation or fall out and where in Canada did the same occur?

3. What was the extent of such radioactive precipitation or fall out in Canada on each such occasion?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is any department or branch of the Federal Government making any studies as to the extent to which atomic and hydrogen bomb tests can be made without grave danger to the human race?

2. If so, what are the results or findings of such studies?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is the Canadian Government giving consideration to taking the initiative in urging the United Nations to make a study as to the extent to which atomic and hydrogen bomb tests can be made without grave danger to the human race, as requested by the Federation of American Scientists?

2. If so, when will such action be taken?

3. If not, what are the reasons for the Government's decision?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many persons from countries other than Canada received training in Canada, during World War II, under the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan?

2. From what countries did such persons come, and how many in each case?

3. What was the total cost to Canada for the training of such persons, including transportation, maintenance or any other expenses paid by Canada?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Since the establishment of NATO, how many persons from countries other than Canada have received or are now receiving training in Canada under the provisions of any NATO agreements or arrangements?

2. From what countries have such persons come, how many in each case, and how many in each year, since the establishment of NATO?

3. What is the total amount spent to date for the training of such persons, including transportation, maintenance or any other costs met by Canada?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Since the end of World War II, how many persons from countries other than Canada have received training in Canada under the provisions of the Colombo Plan, the United Nations Technical Assistance Program, or any other plan designed to assist in the development of under-developed countries?

2. From what countries have such persons come, how many in each case, and how many in each year, since the end of World War II?

3. What is the total amount spent to date for the training of such persons, including transportation, maintenance or any other cost met by Canada?

Mr. McCullough (Moose Mountain)—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many Indians were resident on White Bear Reserve in 1889?

2. How many Indians are resident on that reserve at present?

3. What is the acreage of this reserve?

4. How much is suitable for cultivation?

5. Have the Indians on this reserve the ownership of the mineral rights?

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Interest Act".

Mr. Argue—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to amend the Small Loans Act".

Mr. Knowles—On Monday next—Bill intituled: "An Act to consolidate the Acts respecting the Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners".

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, March 28	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
	Tuesday, March 29	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, March 30	
497	Miscellaneous Private Bills	10.30 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 31	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 57

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 28TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Seventeenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Seventeenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Edith Isabella Bond Brown, now residing in Arnprior, Ontario, wife of Eric Charles Brown of Lachine, Quebec, now residing in the United States of America.

Of Norva Florence Farley, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Joseph Albert Farley of Ste. Rose, Quebec.

Of Catherine Leitner Bouchard Frankenburg, wife of Louis Frankenburg of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Glennice Maude Hunter Garayt, wife of Keith Garayt, of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Margaret Violet Oswald Nicol MacIver, wife of Norman Raymond MacIver of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Margaret Durning Mullins, wife of Lawrence Thomas Mullins of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Mary Elizabeth Lorraine Callard Ramsay, wife of Derek Stuart Ramsay of Westmount, Quebec.

Of Aline Mailloux Simoneau, wife of Urbain Simoneau of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Ann Mary Allward Spighi, wife of Guiliano Cesare Oreste Enrico Spighi of Valcartier, Quebec.

Mr. St. Laurent, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Statutory Orders and Regulations published in the *Canada Gazette*, Part II, of Wednesday, March 23, 1955, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Regulations Act, Chapter 235, R.S.C., 1952. (English and French).

Mr. Howe (Port Arthur), a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of certain instruments embodying *inter alia* the revisions which it is proposed to make in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trades, opened for signature in Geneva at the conclusion of the GATT Conference.

And also,—The Final Act, dated March 10, 1955, of the Ninth Session of the Contracting Parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trades.

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, laid before the House,—Copy of Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 18(2) of the Canadian National Railways Act, Chapter 40, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-48/408 of March 21, 1955: Authorizing the entrustment to Canadian National Railway Company, for management and operation, subject to certain conditions, of the automobile ferry and the ferry terminals at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, and Bar Harbour, Maine, as of the date of completion of the said ferry and ferry terminals.

Also,—Copy of the Capital Budgets of the Canadian National Railways, and of the Canadian National (West Indies), Steamships, Limited, for 1955.

And also,—Copy of the Report of the Canadian National Railways Securities Trust for 1954. (English and French).

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Jones be substituted for that of Mr. Johnson (Kindersley) on the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Jones be substituted for that of Mr. Barnett on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Monteith be substituted for that of Mr. McBain on the Special Committee on Estimates.

Mr. Knowles, seconded by Mr. Herridge, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 285, An Act to consolidate the Acts respecting The Winnipeg and St. Boniface Harbour Commissioners, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The following Bills from the Senate were respectively read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 282 (Letter E of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Territorial Lands Act".—*Mr. Lesage.*

Bill No. 283 (Letter N-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Westspur Pipe Line Company".—*Mr. McIlraith.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Pommer: How many civil servants, permanent and temporary, were employed in each of the Federal Government Departments, during each of the years from 1945 to 1954 inclusive?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Hahn:—1. How many letter carriers were employed during each of the past five years?

2. During each of these years, how many (*a*) letter carrier uniforms; (*b*) summer weight tunics; (*c*) summer weight trousers; (*d*) winter weight trousers; (*e*) summer weight shirts; (*f*) winter weight shirts; (*g*) caps, were issued?

3. Who were the five chief suppliers of (*a*) summer weight trousers; (*b*) winter weight trousers, during each of the past five years?

4. What was the total cost of outfitting the carriers during each of the abovementioned years?

5. What was the total cost for summer weight trousers for each year?

By Mr. Bryce:—1. Is a research being conducted by any agency of the government into the relative food value of butter as compared to margarine? If so, what has been the result of such research?

2. What quantity of edible oils was imported into Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

3. What quantity of such imported edible oils was used in the production of margarine in each of the abovementioned years?

4. What was the quantity of margarine produced in Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. What quantity of (*a*) margarine; (*b*) butter, was consumed in Canada in the years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

By Mr. Fraser (Peterborough):—1. Has Canada sold and shipped any food or food products to any of the satellite countries in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

2. Have any of the satellite countries sold and shipped to Canada food or food products in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

3. If so, what inspection has been made by the Canadian authorities to see that these imports of food are pure and in a sanitary condition?

By Mr. Knowles:—1. Since the end of World War II, how many persons from countries other than Canada have received training in Canada under the provisions of the Colombo Plan, the United Nations Technical Assistance Program, or any other plan designed to assist in the development of underdeveloped countries?

2. From what countries have such persons come, how many in each case, and how many in each year, since the end of World War II?

3. What is the total amount spent to date for the training of such persons, including transportation, maintenance or any other cost met by Canada?

Mr. Fulton, seconded by Mr. Blair, moved,—That an Order of the House do issue to the proper Officer for a copy of the reports of the Chief Auditor of the Department of National Defence drawing attention to accounting irregularities in No. 11 Works Company R.C.E., referred to in Appendix "B" of the Currie Report.

And the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Argue,
Bell,
Blackmore,
Blair,
Brooks,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Cardiff,
Castleden,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Coldwell,
Diefenbaker,
Drew,
Ellis,
Fairclough (Mrs.),
Ferguson,
Fulton,
Gagnon,
Green,
Hahn,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Lennard,
Low,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
McBain,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McLeod,
Mitchell (London),
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Nowlan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Quelch,
Regier,
Robinson (Bruce),
Small,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Wylie,
Yuill,
Zaplitny—66.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Ashbourne,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Bertrand,
Boisvert,
Bourget,
Brown (Essex West),
Buchanan,
Campney,
Cannon,
Caron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Croll,
Decore,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Eyre,
Fairey,

Follwell,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hosking,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacNaught,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Matheson,
Michaud,
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Pearson,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (St. John's West),
Proudfoot,
Purdy,
Richard (Ottawa-East),
Robichaud,
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
St. Laurent,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Studer,
Thibault,
Tucker,
Valois,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Waterloo South),
Winters—102

STATEMENT BY MR. SPEAKER

Mr. SPEAKER: I declare the motion lost. I had occasion to give my views to the house with respect to divisions that are being asked for on notices of motion which are opposed. It is precisely because I am convinced that honourable Members should perhaps go over the theory behind this standing order with a view to changing their attitude with respect to these motions that I am going to quote from the debate which took place in the session of 1909-10 when Standing Order 51 was adopted as we have it today.

At pages 8369 and 8370 of *Hansard* of April 29, 1910, there is the following:

Sir Wilfrid Laurier: . . . The object of this rule is obvious. The rule as we have it today.

Almost every day we have notices of motions which go through unopposed, and these may be marked by the member with an asterisk, and the motion may pass without any discussion.

Mr. SPROULE: I think this suggestion is a wise one and will result in economizing time.

Mr. LANCASTER: What would happen supposing an honourable gentleman puts a notice of motion in the way indicated to show that he did not want to discuss it, while another honourable gentleman might want to discuss that very matter? I do not think any one honourable gentleman should have the right to control the opinion of the whole house on that matter. I appreciate what the prime minister is trying to do and I am with him; but it seems to me we are going further here than we intend to go. We do not want to have half a dozen different notices of motion on the same subject on the order paper. When a notice of motion is on the order paper it seems to me that the consent of the house ought to be obtained if that motion is not to be discussed; else we would be in the incongruous position that, because some matter was of great importance and several honourable gentlemen thought it should be discussed, one of them would be able to say that it should not be discussed.

Sir Wilfrid LAURIER: I doubt that, in point of fact, that this is very likely to arise. If any honourable Member on the other side puts a motion on the order paper asking for the production of papers and desires that the motion should be presented without discussion, I do not know that anybody on this side will object. The government may object, and, if they do, the motion is transferred to the notices to be debated.

Mr. CROCKET: But suppose that a notice comes from the other side, and a discussion is desired on this side, it would seem that there is no provision for that. If the government have a right to transfer a motion to the orders by requiring discussion, there should be some provision by which members on this side should have the same right with regard to notices from the other side.

Sir Wilfrid LAURIER: I think there is something in that. The difficulty could be obviated by providing not "if on such motion the government may desire debate", but "if on such motion debate is desired".

That does give the right to anyone in the house to ask that the motion be transferred to notices of motion.

Mr. LANCASTER: That is my point.

Mr. U. WILSON: How would that affect it so far as the order paper is concerned? Would it go to the foot of the orders?

Sir Wilfrid LAURIER: It would go to notices of motion.

Mr. U. WILSON: But if it went low on the order paper it might not be reached again.

Sir Wilfrid LAURIER: It would take its place at the end of notices of motions of that day. The clerk will see to that.

Mr. U. WILSON: If there were many notices on the paper and it were put at the foot, it might never be reached again.

Sir Wilfrid LAURIER: Possibly,—it will take that chance.

Amendment agreed to.

This is how Standing Order 51 came about. In 1915 a notice of motion was opposed by Honourable Mr. Reid, who was then minister of customs, and as found at page 611 of *Hansard* of March 3 he said:

It has not been the custom of the department to bring down papers of this kind; they are always treated as confidential.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier was then in the opposition, and he rose and said:

If there is objection to the motion it should be transferred to notices of motion for discussion when it comes up again.

Mr. REID: I have no objection to it being transferred, if necessary.

Motion transferred to notices of motion.

This is the way that Standing Order 51 was interpreted in those days, and that is the reason why earlier in the session I made certain appeals to honourable Members. I did so because I think that we have got away from the practice intended in those days, which practice was followed almost consistently until about 1935, I believe.

Mr. Marler moved,—That a Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping owned, operated and controlled by the Government, be appointed to consider the accounts and estimates and bills relating thereto of the Canadian

National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, and Trans-Canada Air Lines, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys; and that the said committee be empowered to send for persons, papers, and records and to report from time to time and that, notwithstanding Standing Order 65 in relation to the limitation of the number of members, the said Committee consist of Messrs. Bell, Carrick, Carter, Cavers, Churchill, Dumas, Fairey, Follwell, Fulton, Gillis, Hahn, Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace), Hanna, Harrison, Healy, James, Johnston (Bow River), Knight, Langlois (Gaspe), Lavigne, Legare, Macdonnell (Greenwood), McCulloch (Pictou), Murphy (Westmorland), Pouliot, Weaver.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings".

On motion of Mr. Marler, it was ordered,—That the annual reports for the year 1954 of the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, the Auditors Report to Parliament in respect of the Canadian National Railways and Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, tabled on March 21, and the report for the year 1954 of the Canadian National Railways Securities Trust and the budget for the year 1954 of the Canadian National Railways and Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, tabled this day, be referred to the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping owned, operated and controlled by the Government, together with the following items of estimates for 1955-56:

Vote No. 469 Prince Edward Island Car Ferry and Terminals deficit, 1955.

Vote No. 473 North Sydney-Port Aux Basques Ferry and Terminals deficit, 1955.

Vote No. 478 Maritime Freight Rates Act.

Vote No. 479 Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited deficit, 1955.

And that the resolution passed by the House on February 4, 1955, referring certain estimates to the Committee of Supply be rescinded so far as the said resolution relates to Votes 469, 473, 478 and 479.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 286 (Letter O-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard".

Bill No. 287 (Letter P-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk".

Bill No. 288 (Letter Q-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch".

Bill No. 289 (Letter R-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susan Frosst Cohen".

Bill No. 290 (Letter S-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey".

Bill No. 291 (Letter T-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Erna Reiter Kastelberger".

Bill No. 292 (Letter U-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nickola Bochna, otherwise known as Nicholas Bockan".

Bill No. 293 (Letter V-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Robert Fraser Callahan".

Bill No. 294 (Letter W-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Barsuk Cohen".

Bill No. 295 (Letter X-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Noble Comm".

Bill No. 296 (Letter Y-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Ambrose Higgins".

Bill No. 297 (Letter Z-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons".

Bill No. 298 (Letter A-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Blanche Mary Shurge Labelle".

Bill No. 299 (Letter B-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell".

Bill No. 300 (Letter C-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hilda Street Janson".

Bill No. 301 (Letter D-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings".

Bill No. 302 (Letter E-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Eudes Deschenes".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

The Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Act, 1952, was considered in Committee of the Whole, and progress having been made, and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.55 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Purdy—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Department of National Defence employ at Debert: (*a*) civilian labourers; (*b*) civilian guards; (*c*) the services of the Corps of Commissionaires, for guard duty?

2. If so, what are the hours of duty and the hourly rate of wages in each case?

Mr. Enfield—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Is any research being carried out by the Department of National Health and Welfare regarding the harmful affect of atomic radiation on humans?

2. Is any research being done in respect to radiation effects in Canada resulting from atom bomb tests that have taken place in the United States of America?

3. Do researchers know anything about the genetic effect on humans of such radiation?

Mr. Cardiff—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many public servants under the Superannuation Act have been retired between the ages of 60 and 65 pursuant to subsection 11 of Section 16 of the regulations made pursuant to Order-in-Council P.C. 1954-673?

2. How many Civil Servants were retained after the age of 65 years under regulations made in pursuance of the said Order-in-Council?

*Mr. Fulton**—On Wednesday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all letters, memoranda etc., in the possession of the Department of National Defence, which have been exchanged between the Auditor General or any official on his staff and the Department of National Defence or the Minister or any official thereof, since January 1, 1950, concerning irregularities in accounting and other procedures as referred to in appendix "B" of the Currie Report.

The Minister of Labour—On Wednesday next—IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—The following proposed Resolution:—

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend and consolidate the Unemployment Insurance Act and, inter alia.

(*a*) to increase benefit rates, as well as to provide for certain changes in the duration of both regular and seasonal benefits;

(*b*) to adjust the contributions, and to change contributions from a daily basis to a weekly earnings basis, and benefits from a daily to a weekly basis;

(*c*) to provide a graduated scale of allowable earnings in place of present provisions related to casual earnings and non-compensable days and,

(*d*) to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, March 29	
277	Banking and Commerce	10.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
277	Railways and Shipping	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
368	Special Committee on Procedure	3.30 p.m.
	Wednesday, March 30	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 31	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Veterans Affairs	8.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 58

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 29TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One petition was laid upon the Table.

Mr. Croll, from the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce, presented the Third Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following Bills and has agreed to report the said Bills without amendment:

Bill No. 243 (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled: 'An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company".

Bill No. 280 (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada".

Mr. Cavers, from the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee recommends:

1. That it be empowered to print from day to day 1000 copies in English and 250 copies in French of its minutes and proceedings and evidence, and that Standing Order 64 be suspended in relation thereto.

2. That it be given permission to sit while the House is sitting.

3. That its quorum be reduced from fourteen to ten members.

By leave of the House, on motion of Mr. Cavers, the said Report was concurred in.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Address of February 21, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of the decision of the Exchequer Court and of the Income Tax Appeal Board hearing upon the dispute as to tax liability between the Government of Canada and the following corporations: (*a*) The Aluminum Company of Canada Limited; (*b*) Gatineau Power Company; (*c*) Saguenay Power Company Limited; (*d*) The Bell Telephone Company.

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report and the Financial Statements of the Export Credits Insurance Corporation for 1954, pursuant to Section 17(3) of the Export Credits Insurance Act, Chapter 105, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 303, An Act to amend the Interest Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Argue, seconded by Mr. Knowles, by leave of the House, introduced a Bill, No. 304, An Act to amend the Small Loans Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 286 (Letter O-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 287 (Letter P-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 288 (Letter Q-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 289 (Letter R-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susan Frosst Cohen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 290 (Letter S-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 291 (Letter T-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Erna Reiter Kastelberg".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 292 (Letter U-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nichola Bochna, otherwise known as Nicholas Bockan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 293 (Letter V-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Robert Fraser Callahan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 294 (Letter W-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Barsuk Cohen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 295 (Letter X-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Noble Comm".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 296 (Letter Y-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Ambrose Higgins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 297 (Letter Z-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 298 (Letter A-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Blanche Mary Shurge Labelle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 299 (Letter B-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 300 (Letter C-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hilda Street Janson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 301 (Letter D-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 302 (Letter E-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Eudes Deschenes".—*Mr. Hunter.*

The House resumed Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply, and on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough in amendment thereto, and on the proposed motion of Mr. Regier, in amendment to the said proposed amendment.

And the Debate continuing;

(At five o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Private Bills)

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company";

Mr. Nixon, seconded by Mr. Benidickson, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And after Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 283 (Letter N-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Westspur Pipe Line Company";

Mr. McIlraith, seconded by Mr. McCubbin, moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

And after Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 26, 27, 32, 34 and 35 having been severally called were allowed to stand.

The House resumed Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Harkness: That Bill No. 186, An Act to amend the Criminal Code (Nuisance), be now read the second time.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Campbell, adjourned.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had agreed to the amendments made by the House of Commons to Bill No. 232 (Letter P-6 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting the Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited", without amendment.

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply.

And on the proposed motion of Mrs. Fairclough, seconded by Mr. Starr, in amendment thereto: That all the words after "That" to the end of the question, be deleted and the following substituted therefor:

> "in the opinion of this House, because of the grave state of unemployment in Canada as disclosed by the joint statement of the Department of Labour and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on February 23rd last, the Government should immediately give consideration to the formulation of plans to deal with this emergency, and to the necessary steps to establish a long-term program for expanding employment to be presented to Parliament during the present Session".

And on the proposed motion of Mr. Regier, seconded by Mr. Castleden, in amendment to the said proposed amendment: That the amendment be amended by inserting therein immediately after the words "this emergency", the following words: "including the immediate implementation of the federal government's promise of 1945 to make adequate provision for the employable unemployed"; and also by inserting therein, immediately after the words "a long-term program", the following words: "of public investment and economic development".

After further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed amendment to the proposed amendment; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),	Brooks,	Diefenbaker,	Gagnon,
Argue,	Bryce,	Drew,	Gillis,
Bell,	Cameron (Nanaimo),	Fairclough (Mrs.),	Green,
Bennett (Miss) (Halton),	Campbell,	Ferguson,	Hahn,
	Cardiff,	Fraser (Peterborough),	Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Blackmore,	Charlton,		
Blair,	Churchill,	Fulton,	

Hamilton (York West),
Hansell,
Harkness,
Hees,
Herridge,
Hodgson,
Holowach,
Howe (Wellington-Huron),
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Leboe,
Lennard,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
McBain,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McGregor,
McLeod,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nicholson,
Nickle,
Noseworthy,
Nowlan,
Patterson,
Pearkes,
Perron,
Quelch,
Robinson (Bruce),
Rowe,
Small,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stewart (Winnipeg North),
Thatcher,
Thomas,
Trainor,
Tustin,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Middlesex East),
Winch,
Zaplitny—71.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson,
Ashbourne,
Balcom,
Batten,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brown (Brantford),
Brown (Essex West),
Bruneau,
Buchanan,
Cameron (High Park),
Cannon,
Carron,
Carrick,
Carter,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dickey,
Dumas,
Enfield,
Eudes,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Follwell,
Fontaine,
Forgie,
Fraser (St. John's East),
Gardiner,
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Nickel Belt),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Goode,
Gour (Russell),
Gourd (Chapleau),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hardie,
Harris,
Harrison,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hollingworth,
Hosking,
Houck,
Huffman,
James,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
LaCroix,
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière),
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lapointe,
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
MacDougall,
MacEachen,
MacKenzie,
MacNaught,
Macnaughton,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McIlraith,
McIvor,
McMillan,
McWilliam,
Mang,
Marler,
Martin,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Mitchell (Sudbury),
Monette,
Murphy (Westmorland),
Nixon,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Power (Quebec South),
Power (St. John's West),
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard, (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Roberge,
Robertson,
Robichaud,
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rouleau,
St. Laurent,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Simmons,
Sinclair,
Stick,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Thibault,
Tucker,
Valois,
Villeneuve,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Waterloo South)—130.

And the question being put on the said proposed amendment to the main motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss), Argue, Bell, Bennett (Miss) (Halton), Blackmore, Blair, Brooks, Bryce, Cameron (Nanaimo), Campbell, Cardiff, Charlton, Churchill, Diefenbaker, Drew, Fairclough (Mrs.), Ferguson, Fraser (Peterborough), Fulton, Gagnon, Gillis, Green, Hahn, Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce), Hamilton (York West), Hansell, Harkness, Hees, Herridge, Hodgson, Holowach, Howe (Wellington-Huron), Johnson (Kindersley), Johnston (Bow River), Jones, Knight, Knowles, Leboe, Lennard, Macdonnell (Greenwood), McBain, McCullough (Moose Mountain), McGregor, McLeod, Michener, Mitchell (London), Monteith, Montgomery, Nesbitt, Nicholson, Nickle, Noseworthy, Nowlan, Patterson, Pearkes, Perron, Quelch, Robinson (Bruce), Rowe, Small, Stanton, Starr, Stewart (Winnipeg North), Thatcher, Thomas, Trainor, Tustin, White (Hastings-Frontenac), White (Middlesex East), Winch, Zaplitny—71.

NAYS

Messrs.

Anderson, Ashbourne, Balcom, Batten, Benidickson, Bennett (Grey North), Boisvert, Bonnier, Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie), Bourget, Bourque, Breton, Brisson, Brown (Brantford), Brown (Essex West), Bruneau, Buchanan, Cameron (High Park), Cannon, Caron, Carrick, Carter, Cauchon, Cavers, Crestohl, Croll, Dechêne, Denis, Deschatelets, Deslières, Dickey, Dumas, Enfield, Eudes, Eyre, Fairey, Follwell, Fontaine, Forgie, Fraser (St. John's East), Gardiner, Garland, Garson, Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean), Gauthier (Nickel Belt), Gauthier (Portneuf), Gingras, Goode, Gour (Russell), Gourd (Chapleau), Gregg, Habel, Hardie, Harris, Harrison, Hellyer, Henderson, Henry, Hollingworth, Hosking, Houck, Huffman, James, Jutras, Kickham, Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough), Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), LaCroix, Lafontaine, Langlois (Berthier-Maskinongé-Delanaudière), Langlois (Gaspé), Lapointe, Lavigne, Leduc (Gatineau), Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle), Leduc (Verdun), Lefrançois, Legaré, Lesage, Lusby, MacDougall, MacEachen, MacKenzie, MacNaught, Macnaughton, McCubbin, McCulloch (Pictou), McIlraith, McIvor, McMillan, McWilliam, Mang, Marler, Martin, Matheson, Meunier, Michaud, Mitchell (Sudbury), Monette, Murphy (Westmorland), Nixon,

Philpott, Pickersgill, Pommer, Pouliot, Power (Quebec South), Power (St. John's West), Purdy, Ratelle, Reinke, Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche), Richardson, Roberge, Robertson, Robichaud, Robinson (Simcoe East), Rouleau, St. Laurent, Shipley (Mrs.), Simmons, Sinclair, Stick, Stuart (Charlotte), Thibault, Tucker, Valois, Villeneuve, Weaver, Weir, Weselak, White (Waterloo South)—131.

And the Debate continuing on the main motion;

At 10.14 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this twenty-ninth day of March, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines on or after Thursday, March 31:

Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company".—*Mr. Nixon.*

Bill No. 283 (Letter N-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Westspur Pipe Line Company".—*Mr. McIlraith.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Thatcher—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Have representations been recently received by Trans-Canada Air Lines, asking for a daily flight into the City of Moose Jaw?

2. If so, has Trans-Canada Air Lines considered these representations?

3. Has the company decided to make such a daily flight?

4. If not, for what reason?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What amounts were shown under the heading of administration costs of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, during each of the following years: 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. Are carrying charges on properties used in connection with Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation?

3. If so, what amount for each of the above periods?

Mr. Balcom—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. By provinces, how much has been paid to the institutions of higher learning under Vote No. 119 in the 1954-55 estimates?

2. By provinces, what were the number of students deemed eligible for calculation in connection with vote No. 119 in the 1954-55 estimates?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How long has the Canadian Armed Forces Identification Bureau been in operation?

2. How many persons have been employed in it each year since its inception?

3. What has been the total cost of this Bureau to date?

4. What backlog of unclassified finger prints exists and, if this backlog is increasing, what is the rate of increase?

5. How many men would be required, and how long would it take to catch up with the backlog and to put the Identification Bureau on an efficient and useful basis?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What Government employees are fingerprinted in addition to armed services personnel?

2. Who does the work?

3. What use is made of it?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. To whom are identification cards issued in addition to the armed services?

2. Where have the blank cards been procured from since 1950?

3. What has been the cost of these blank cards per thousand?

4. Have they been secured on a tender basis?

Mr. Harkness—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What has been the total cost of the new Printing Bureau in Hull to date, including cost of land, construction and equipment?

2. When is the Printing Bureau to be transferred to this new building?

3. What new machinery has been installed in the new building to date?

4. Are the floors sufficiently strong to take the weight of the machinery which has been, or is to be installed?

5. Has any strengthening of the floors been done and what has been the cost?

Mr. Hodgson—On Thursday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were any new jobs created in the Accounting Department of the Canadian National Railways in the years 1953 and 1954?

2. If so, how many?

3. What is the monthly rate of pay for each of these jobs?

The Minister of Trade and Commerce—On Thursday next—That a special committee be appointed to examine into the role of government in the field of nonmilitary research in Canada, including:

(*a*) operations in the field of atomic energy,

(*b*) operations of the National Research Council.

That the committee be empowered to sit during the sittings of the House and to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the committee and to report from time to time; and that nothwithstanding Standing Order No. 65 the committee shall consist of Messrs. Brooks, Coldwell, Dickey, Dumas, Fairey, Green, Hardie, Harrison, Hosking, Houck, Leduc (Verdun), Low, MacLean, McIlraith, Murphy (Lambton West), Richardson, Stewart (Winnipeg North), Stick, Stuart (Charlotte), Weaver.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, March 30	
277	Railways and Shipping	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
368	Special Committee on Procedure	4.30 p.m.
	Thursday, March 31	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
262	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
277	Railways and Shipping	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
368	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on Estimates	8.00 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 59

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 30TH MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Seventeenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petition presented on March 29, and finds that, while this petition complies with the requirements of Standing Order 68, it has been presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92, and, for this reason, it should not be received:

Of Norman Alexander Dutton and others of Calgary, Alberta, for an Act to incorporate Consolidated Pipe Lines Company.—*Mr. Cavers.*

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Eighteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Eighteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Sharp & Dohme (Canada) Ltd. of Toronto, Ontario, for an Act to grant an effective filing date of July 20, 1950, to Canadian Patent Application Serial Number 672,036, being an application for a patent upon the invention of James M. Sprague and Charles S. Miller entitled "Improvements in Alkylsulfamyl Benzoic Acids".

Of Trans-Prairie Pipelines, Ltd., of Winnipeg, Manitoba, incorporated under the Statutes of the Province of Manitoba, for an Act to authorize it to construct, own and operate an extra-provincial pipe line or pipe lines.

Of Richard Alexander Cruickshank of Regina, Saskatchewan, and others of the same place and elsewhere, for an Act to incorporate "S & M Pipeline Limited".

Mr. Blanchette, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What was the total cost of recruiting for each of the three armed services for the last twelve months for which figures are available?

2. What is the break-down of these costs under the following headings: (*a*) advertising; (*b*) recruiting centres and offices; (*c*) travelling teams; (*d*) other costs?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What was the strength at the last date for which figures are available of (*a*) Navy; (*b*) Army; (*c*) Air Force?

2. How many men were recruited during the previous twelve months in each service?

3. How many men were discharged during the previous twelve months in each service?

4. What numbers were discharged for each of the following reasons in each service: (*a*) physical disabilities; (*b*) mental or emotional instability; (*c*) desertion; (*d*) other reasons?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, —Copy of the Report of the Department of Defence Production for 1954.

Mr. Bennett, (Grey North) Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Veterans Affairs, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Veterans Affairs including the Reports of the Canadian Pension Commission and the War Veterans Allowance Board for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 9 of the Department of Veterans Affairs Act, Chapter 80, R.S.C., 1952. (French).

On motion of Mr. Harrison, it was ordered,—That the petition for a private bill to incorporate Consolidated Pipe Lines Company, presented on March 29, 1955, together with the Clerk of Petitions' Report thereon of March 30, 1955, be referred to the *Standing Committee on Standing Orders* for such recommendations as may be deemed advisable.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was orderd,—That the name of Mr. Nowlan be substituted for that of Mr. Bell on the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—1. Has the abbreviation and designation of "O.H.M.S." been discontinued on letters despatched by any of the departments of the government and the designation "G" substituted in lieu thereof?

2. If so, for what reason was the change made?

3. Who authorized the change and what was the date of such authorization?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

Mr. Gregg moved,—That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the following proposed Resolution:

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend and consolidate the Unemployment Insurance Act and, inter alia.

(*a*) to increase benefit rates, as well as to provide for certain changes in the duration of both regular and seasonal benefits;

(*b*) to adjust the contributions, and to change contributions from a daily basis to a weekly earnings basis, and benefits from a daily to a weekly basis;

(*c*) to provide a graduated scale of allowable earnings in place of present provisions related to casual earnings and non-compensable days and,

(*d*) to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Whereupon Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, informed the House, That His Excellency the Governor General, having been informed of the subject-matter of the said proposed Resolution, recommends it to the House.

Resolved, That the House do go into Committee of the Whole at the next sitting to consider the said proposed Resolution.

By unanimous consent, the House resolved itself again into Committee of Supply.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolutions were adopted:

FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES (1) 1954-55

PUBLIC WORKS

ARCHITECTURAL BRANCH

Acquisition, Construction and Improvements of Public Buildings

Construction, acquisition, major repairs and improvements of, and plans and sites for, public buildings listed in the details of the Estimates, provided that Treasury Board may increase or decrease the amount within the vote to be expended on individual listed projects—

Further amounts required—

601 Ottawa . . . . . $ 1,732,666 00

TRANSPORT

A—Department

Railway and Steamship Services

614 Canadian National Railways Deficit, 1954—Amount required to provide for the payment during the fiscal year 1954-55, to the Canadian National Railway Company (hereinafter called the National Company) upon applications approved by the Minister of Transport, made by the National Company to the Minister of Finance, and to be applied by the National Company in payment of the system deficit (certified by the Auditors of the National Company) arising in the calendar year 1954, subject to recovery therefrom of accountable advances made to the National Company from the Consolidated Revenue Fund 28,758,098 00

VETERANS AFFAIRS

621 Departmental Administration—Further amount required 39,738 00

War Veterans Allowances and Other Benefits

622 War Veterans Allowances—Further amount required .. 921,500 00

623 Assistance Fund (War Veterans Allowances)—Further amount required 50,000 00

Canadian Pension Commission

624 Pensions for Disability and Death, including pensions granted under the authority of the Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation Order P.C. 45/8848 of November 22, 1944, which shall be subject to the Pension Act; and including Newfoundland Special Awards—Further amount required 865,000 00

Terminable Services

625 Rehabilitation Benefits, including the Training of certain Pensioners under regulations approved by the Governor in Council—Further amount required .. 56,000 00

LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND ADVANCES

Citizenship and Immigration

Immigration Branch

626 To provide, subject to regulations of the Treasury Board, for working capital advances in the current and subsequent fiscal years to posts and employees on posting abroad, and to authorize the creation of a special account in the Consolidated Revenue Fund to which shall be charged such advances and to which shall be credited expenditures made by and advances recovered from the said posts and employees, the excess of the amounts charged over the amounts credited to the account at any time not to exceed .. 230,000 00

FISHERIES

627 To provide for advances to the Government of Nova Scotia (not to exceed $42,084) and to the Government of Prince Edward Island (not to exceed $74,257) in accordance with the terms of agreements to be entered into, with the approval of the Governor in Council, by the Government of Canada with each of the said governments; the advances to be seventy-five per cent of the loans made by each of the said governments for the purpose of replacing abnormal losses of equipment suffered by reason of severe weather conditions during the period February 1 to July 1, 1953 116,341 00

JUSTICE

Office of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries

628 To authorize the operation of a revolving fund in accordance with Section 58 of the Financial Administration Act for the purposes of acquiring, managing and manufacturing materials used in industrial work done for: (*a*) government departments, and (*b*) penitentiaries including the Office of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries; the amount to be charged to the revolving fund at any time not to exceed 300,000 00

NORTHERN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL RESOURCES

629 To authorize the operation of a revolving fund, in accordance with Section 58 of the Financial Administration Act, for the purpose of financing the purchase of stores to be used in construction projects at the new Aklavik site; and to authorize the charging to the revolving fund of expenditures already made for this purpose from Votes 324 and 695, Appropriation Act, No. 4, 1954; the amount to be charged to the revolving fund at any time not to exceed 500,000 00

TRANSPORT

630 To extend the operation of the revolving fund authorized pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 101 of the Financial Administration Act for the purpose of acquiring, managing, manufacturing, producing, processing or dealing in stores or materials, the amount to be charged to the revolving fund at any time not to exceed $5,000,000; additional amount required 1,000,000 00

Railway and Steamship Services

631 To authorize, on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Governor in Council may approve, the delivery to Her Majesty by Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited, of 16,000 shares of capital stock of the Company having a par value of $100 each in satisfaction of $1,600,000 of the loan made to the Company under Vote 764 of the Appropriation Act, No. 4, 1954 . . . . . 1 00

Air Services

632 To provide for the acquisition of land required to control properties in the vicinity of main terminal airports in order to prevent the erection of hazards to flying and for future development of those airports—Further amount required 1,000,000 00

Resolutions to be reported.

The said Resolutions were reported, read the second time and concurred in, and the Committee of Supply obtained leave to sit again later this day.

By unanimous consent the House resolved itself again into Committee of Ways and Means.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That towards making good the supply granted to Her Majesty on account of certain expenses of the public service for the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1955, the sum of $53,934,585 be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in, and the Committee of Ways and Means obtained leave to sit again at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Harris, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 305, An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1955, which was read the first time.

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills, without amendment:

Bill No. 124, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax.

Bill No. 125, An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty.

Bill No. 183, An Act to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act.

The Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952, was again considered in Committee of the Whole, and further progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At six o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 6, until tomorrow at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Robichaud—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total amount paid in each of the Atlantic Provinces for the years 1946 to 1954 inclusive, under assistance in construction of vessels of the dragger or long-liner type?

2. What was the total amount paid under this regulation to fishermen of Gloucester County, New Brunswick, for the period mentioned in question No. 1?

3. What was the total number of vessels entitled to assistance during this same period and how many of these vessels were affected under section 55, subsection (*e*) of the Fisheries Act restricting their fishing operations to outside the 12 mile limit?

Mr. Knowles—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Was vote No. 369 of the estimates of 1954-1955 spent as detailed on pages 442 and 443 of the said estimates?

2. If not, how much was spent with respect to each such detail?

3. What alterations were made in the details of the said vote?

4. Was any of this vote spent on any matter not listed in the said details?

5. If so, on what was it spent, and how much?

6. On whose recommendation were alterations made in the details of this vote, on what dates were such alterations made, and by what authority?

Mr. Hees—On Friday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—How much was paid out by the Annuities Branch of the Department of Labour for advertising Government Annuities, on radio, newspapers, periodicals and any other medium for each of the years 1949 to 1953 inclusive?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Friday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all letters and communications received by the Minister of Trade and Commerce since the 15th of March, 1955, relating to the appointment of Mr. Stanley Loptson to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Thursday, March 31	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
262	Privileges and Elections	3.30 p.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
277	Railways and Shipping	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
368	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Special Committee on Estimates	8.00 p.m.
	Friday, April 1	
368	Standing Orders	10.00 a.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
277	Railways and Shipping	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Monday, April 4	
277	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 60

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, 31ST MARCH, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker communicated to the House the following letter:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

31st March, 1955.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, will proceed to the Senate Chamber on Thursday the 31st March, at 9.45 p.m. for the purpose of giving Royal Assent to certain Bills.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

J. F. DELAUTE,
Secretary to the Governor General,
(Administrative)

The Honourable
The Speaker of the House of Commons,
Ottawa.

Mr. Gregg, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Supplementary Return to an Address of March 21, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of representative communications from or on behalf of organizations dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Minister of Labour respecting the unemployment situation in Canada, and for a copy of the replies thereto.

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, —Copy of the Report of the Royal Canadian Mint for 1954, pursuant to Section 21 of the Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act, Chapter 315, R.S.C., 1952.

And also,—Copy of the Report on the operations of the Public Service Superannuation Act for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 34 of the said Act, Chapter 47, Statutes of Canada, 1952-53.

Mr. Bourget, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Public Works, laid before the House,—Copy of a lease dated January 28, 1953, and an agreement dated October 18, 1954, between Her Majesty the Queen and the Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of Ottawa with respect to a certain building in Overbrook, Ontario, now occupied by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

Mr. McCubbin, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Agriculture, presented,—Return to an Address of February 14, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents exchanged from January 1st 1950 to date, between the Federal Department of Agriculture and the Provincal Government of Manitoba and other groups and individuals in that province, relative to the administration of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act in Manitoba.

The Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952, was again considered in Committee of the Whole, reported with an amendment, considered as amended;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Bill No. 179, An Act to amend the Northwest Territories Act, was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported with an amendment, considered as amended;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 306 (Letter C of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Precious Metals Marking Act".

Also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills:

Bill No. 284, An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1956.

Bill No. 305, An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1955.

And also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, without amendment:

Bill No. 245, An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act.

The Bill No. 180, An Act to amend the Yukon Act, was read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported with an amendment, considered as amended:

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Lesage: That Bill No. 182, An Act to amend the Historic Sites and Monuments Act, be now read the second time.

After further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, without amendment:

Bill No. 164, An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings".

On motion of Mr. Weir it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Hamilton (York West) be substituted for that of Mr. Macdonnell on the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping, owned, operated and controlled by the Government.

A Message was received from the Honourable Patrick Kerwin, Chief Justice of Canada, acting as Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, desiring the immediate attendance of the House in the Senate Chamber.

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker with the House went to the Senate Chamber.

And being returned;

Mr. Speaker reported that when the House did attend the Honourable the Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General in the Senate Chamber, His Honour was pleased to give, in Her Majesty's name, the Royal Assent to the following Bills:

An Act respecting The London and Port Stanley Railway Company and the Corporation of the City of London.

An Act respecting The Bonaventure and Gaspe Telephone Company, Limited.

An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Income Tax.

An Act to implement an Agreement between Canada and Ireland for the avoidance of Double Taxation with respect to Succession Duty.

An Act to amend the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act.

An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act.

An Act to amend the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952.

And Mr. Speaker informed the House that he had addressed the Honourable the Deputy Governor General as follows:

"MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

"The Commons of Canada have voted Supplies required to enable the government to defray certain expenses of the public service.

"In the name of the Commons, I present to Your Honour the following Bills:

"An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1956".

"An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1955".

"To which Bills, I humbly request Your Honour's Assent".

Whereupon, the Clerk of the Senate, by Command of the Deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, did say:

"In Her Majesty's name, the Honourable the Deputy Governor General thanks Her Loyal Subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to these Bills".

At 10.10 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What purchases, if any, of wood screws in excess of $1,000.00 for each purchase have been made by the government or any agency thereof, since January 31, 1954?

2. Were such purchases made after competitive bidding?

3. Did Canadian manufacturers bid on such purchases? If so, which companies tendered?

4. To whom were the contracts awarded?

5. Were the goods finally purchased of Canadian manufacture? If not, from whom were the same purchased?

Mr. Kickham—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What assistance has been provided under the National Health Program towards the improvement of dental care for children in Prince Edward Island?

Mr. Hodgson—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many buildings, office space or locations are occupied by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in Ottawa?

2. How many of these are owned by the Government?

3. How many are held on a rental basis?

4. What is the amount of rent for each?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Friday, April 1	
368	Standing Orders	10.00 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
277	Railways and Shipping	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 8.00 p.m.
	Monday, April 4	
497	Veterans Affairs	10.30 a.m.
277	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, April 5	
497	Privileges and Elections	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries	11.00 a.m.
497	Veterans Affairs	3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 61

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, 1ST APRIL, 1955.

PRAYERS.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 307 (Letter F-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Fredericton & Grand Lake Coal & Railway Company".

Mr. Harrison, from the Standing Committee on Standing Orders, presented the First Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has had under consideration, pursuant to its Orders of Reference of March 18 and 24, five petitions for private bills presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92 together with the reports thereon of the Clerk of Petitions.

Representations were made to your Committee on behalf of the petitioners requesting, with reasons hereinafter cited, that the following petitions be received and that certain Standing Orders be suspended in relation thereto:

1. *Nicole Emile Dardano (divorce)*

It was represented that the late filing of the petition was caused by recent but unsuccessful attempts for a reconciliation with the respondent. It was further represented that the petitioner is supporting their child and is in financial difficulty.

In respect of this petition, your Committee recommends for the reasons cited that the petition be received and that Standing Orders 92 and 93(3)(a) and (c) be suspended in relation thereto.

2. *Equitable Fire Insurance Company of Canada*

It was represented that difficulties raised by departments of the provincial and federal governments prevented presentation of this petition within the specified time limit and that, for this reason, the additional charges should not be levied.

In respect of this petition, your Committee recommends for the reasons cited that the petition be received and that Standing Orders 92 and 93(3)(a) and (c) be suspended in relation thereto.

3. *Gillespie Mortgage Corporation*

It was represented that this firm has been trying to qualify as an approved lender under the National Housing Act and has been negotiating to this end for almost a year with Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. These negotiations prevented presentation of this petition within the specified time limit and, for this reason, it was further represented that the additional charges should not be levied.

In respect of this petition, your Committee recommends for the reasons cited that the petition be received and that Standing Orders 92 and 93(3)(a) and (c) be suspended in relation thereto.

4. *Trans-Border Pipeline Company, Limited*

It was represented that the late presentation of this petition was caused by a misinterpretation of the Pipelines Act.

Your Committee recommends that this petition be received and that Standing Order 92 be suspended in relation thereto.

5. *Evelyn Robert Hurst Watson (divorce)*

It was represented that a petition was submitted at the last session but, due to financial difficulties, the petitioner was unable to proceed. Shortly after instituting proceedings for this petition, the petitioner was involved in an accident creating further expense for hospital and medical attention.

In respect of this petition, your Committee recommends for the reasons cited that the petition be received and that Standing Orders 92 and 93(3)(a) and (c) be suspended in relation thereto.

The foregoing petitions, together with the reports thereon of the Clerk of Petitions, are returned herewith.

Mr. Cavers, from the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping, presented the Second Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following items of the Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1956, referred to it on March 28, 1955, and recommends their approval, namely:

Vote No. 469 Prince Edward Island Car Ferry and Terminals deficit, 1955.

Vote No. 473 North Sydney-Port Aux Basques Ferry and Terminals deficit, 1955.

Vote No. 478 Maritime Freight Rates Act.

Vote No. 479 Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited deficit, 1955.

Mr. Tucker, from the Special Committee on Estimates, presented the Third Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered and approved items numbered 293 to 333 inclusive, 541 and 542, listed in the Main Estimates 1955-56 relating to the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, referred to it by the House on February 22, 1955.

A copy of the Proceedings of the Committee in respect thereof is appended.

(*The Minutes of Proceedings accompanying said Report recorded as Appendix No. 3 to the Journals*).

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 17, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What procedure is followed by each department of government and/or government agency or branch, when purchasing motor vehicles for its own use?

2. Are all such vehicles serviced by the selling agency?

3. If so, what is the method that is followed with respect to such servicing?

Mr. Winters, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of an Order in Council passed under the provisions of Section 80 of the Financial Administration Act, Chapter 116, R.S.C., 1952, as follows:

Order in Council P.C. 1955-70 of January 17, 1955; Approving the Capital Budget of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for 1955.

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was ordered,—That items numbered 293 to 333 inclusive, 541, 542 and items numbered 469, 473, 478 and 479 of the Main Estimates 1955-56, approved and reported upon this day by the Special Committee on Estimates and by the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping owned, operated and controlled by the Government, be referred back to the Committee of Supply.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Nesbitt be substituted for that of Mr. Pearkes; and

That the name of Mr. Churchill be substituted for that of Mr. Green; and

That the name of Mr. Blair be substituted for that of Mr. Brooks on the Special Committee on Veterans Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Henderson be substituted for that of Mr. James; and

That the name of Mr. MacEachen be substituted for that of Mr. Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare) on the Standing Committee on External Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Nixon be substituted for that of Mr. Garland on the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.

The following Bill from the Senate was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 306 (Letter C of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to amend the Precious Metals Marking Act".—*Mr. Howe* (Port Arthur).

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson,—That items numbered 92 to 111 inclusive of the Main Estimates, 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply and referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

And the Debate continuing;

(At five o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15.)

(Private Bills)

Ordereds numbered 38 and 39 having been respectively called were allowed to stand.

The following Bills from the Senate were severally read the second time, on division, and referred to the *Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills* (together with the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the said Bills):

Bill No. 286 (Letter O-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard".

Bill No. 287 (Letter P-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk".

Bill No. 288 (Letter Q-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch".

Bill No. 289 (Letter R-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susan Frosst Cohen".

Bill No. 290 (Letter S-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey".

Bill No. 291 (Letter T-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Erna Reiter Kastelberger".

Bill No. 292 (Letter U-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nickola Bochna, otherwise known as Nicholas Bockan".

Bill No. 293 (Letter V-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Robert Fraser Callahan".

Bill No. 294 (Letter W-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Barsuk Cohen".

Bill No. 295 (Letter X-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Noble Comm".

Bill No. 296 (Letter Y-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Ambrose Higgins".

Bill No. 297 (Letter Z-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons".

Bill No. 298 (Letter A-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Blanche Mary Shurge Labelle".

Bill No. 299 (Letter B-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell".

Bill No. 300 (Letter C-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hilda Street Janson".

Bill No. 301 (Letter D-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings".

Bill No. 302 (Letter E-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Eudes Deschenes".

(Public Bills)

Orders numbered 24, 25, 30 and 32 having been severally called were allowed to stand.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Thomas, seconded by Mr. Yuill: That Bill No. 185, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Ballot Papers), be now read the second time.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Thomas, adjourned.

The hour for Private and Public Bills having expired;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson,—That items numbered 92 to 111 inclusive of the Main Estimates, 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply and referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

And the Debate continuing, the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Nesbitt, adjourned.

At 10.00 o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put, pursuant to Standing Order 7, until Monday next, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE

The following Bills have, this first day of April, been posted for consideration by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills, on or after Monday, April 4:

Bill No. 286 (Letter O-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joseph Alexandre Roland Simard".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 287 (Letter P-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Blanche Brook McGurk".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 288 (Letter Q-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gitel Shepsel Moscovitch".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 289 (Letter R-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Susan Frosst Cohen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 290 (Letter S-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Norma Constance Parsons Lindsey".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 291 (Letter T-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Erna Reiter Kastelberger".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 292 (Letter U-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Nichola Bochna, otherwise known as Nicholas Bockan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 293 (Letter V-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Robert Fraser Callahan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 294 (Letter W-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ruth Barsuk Cohen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 295 (Letter X-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Noble Comm".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 296 (Letter Y-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Francis Ambrose Higgins".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 297 (Letter Z-9 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Coyle Ellis Gibbons".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 298 (Letter A-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Blanche Mary Shurge Labelle".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 299 (Letter B-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Beatrice Teressa Mathewson Connell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 300 (Letter C-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Hilda Street Janson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 301 (Letter D-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Joyce Gertrude Haworth Rawlings".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 302 (Letter E-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Jean Eudes Deschenes".—*Mr. Hunter.*

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many wheat marketing points are there in each of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta?

2. In how many of these shipping points in each of the Provinces does the car order book operate?

Mr. Applewhaite—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What are the amounts available under the Hospital Construction Grant for various types of hospital accommodation?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many private, business or official cars, for the use of officials or executives of the Canadian National Railways since the first day of January 1953, have been manufactured by the railway plants or purchased for the Canadian National Railways?

2. What was the cost including alterations of each of the said cars?

3. Are any of such cars still under construction? If so, how many, and what is the estimated cost thereof?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Are any (*a*) Ex-M.P.'s; (*b*) Ex-M.L.A.'s, on the staffs of or employed by P.F.A.A. and P.F.R.A.? If so, how many?

2. What are their names and their respective duties and salaries?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Does the Community Planning Association receive any financial grant or technical assistance of any kind from the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation or any other agency or department of Government?

2. If so, how much has been contributed in each of the years 1951 to 1954 inclusive?

3. Who are the officers of the said Association?

Mr. McIvor—On Monday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Has the Federal Government resumed payments to Ontario under the Trans-Canada Highway Act?

2. If so, when were such payments resumed?

3. How much has been paid to date?

4. How much has been paid since payments were resumed?

5. How much has been paid to date to all Provincial Governments who have signed the agreement?

*Mr. Diefenbaker**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence directed to any Minister or Department of Government since the first day of January, 1950 and replies thereto, which relate to applications made for permission to use the expression "Royal", "Queen", or any other title or word, which law, tradition or practice requires must have the consent of The Crown before same may be used as part of the name of any corporation, partnership, institution or thing.

*Mr. Fulton**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, etc., exchanged between the office of the Auditor General and the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and/or the Minister of National Revenue, since January 1, 1950, relating to the accounts of the said Corporation.

*Mr. Fulton**—On Monday next—ORDER OF THE HOUSE—For a copy of all correspondence, memoranda, etc., exchanged between the office of the Auditor General and the Department of National revenue or the Minister or any official of the said Department, since January 1, 1950, relating to the accounts of the said Department.

*Mr. Zaplitny**—On Monday next—ADDRESS—For a copy of all correspondence, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Government of Canada or any Department or Minister thereof, and the governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, or any Department or Minister thereof, since January 1, 1953, with respect to the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act.

Mr. Harrison—On Monday next—That the First report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders presented on Friday, April 1, 1955, be now concurred in.

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Monday, April 4	
277	Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.....	10.30 a.m.
	Tuesday, April 5	
497	Privileges and Elections.....	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 62

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 4TH APRIL, 1955.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Cavers, for Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), from the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines, presented the Fourth Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Your Committee has considered the following Bill and has agreed to report the said Bill without amendment:

Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company".

Mr. Cavers, for Mr. McCulloch (Pictou), from the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines, presented the Fifth Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

On March 23, 1955, your Committee reported Bill No. 187, An Act respecting The New Westminster Harbour Commissioners, without amendment; a printed copy of the Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence adduced in respect of the said Bill is tabled herewith.

(*The Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence accompanying said Report recorded as Appendix No. 4 to the Journals*).

Mr. Cavers, from the Sessional Committee on Railways and Shipping, presented the Third and Final Report of the said Committee, which is as follows:

Pursuant to the Orders of Reference of the House of Commons of March 28th and 29th, 1955, this Committee had before it for consideration the following:—

1. The Annual Reports of the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited 1954 and the Auditors' Report to Parliament in respect thereto.

2. The Annual Report of the Trans-Canada Air Lines for the calendar year 1954 and the auditors' report to Parliament in respect thereto.

3. The Annual Report of the Canadian National Railways Securities Trust for 1954.

4. The Capital Budgets of the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited for the year ending 1955, and the operating budget and capital budget of the Trans-Canada Air Lines for the calendar year 1955.

Your Committee held 11 meetings, during which the above-mentioned reports and budgets and certain matters related thereto were considered and evidence advanced thereon.

The Annual Report of the Canadian National Railways for 1954 discloses a net operating revenue of $14,171,906 after deducting taxes, equipment rents of $11,720,611 and interest charges of $31,209,393, bringing about a deficit of $28,758,098 a part of which was due to the slow movement of grain. The deficit could have been substantially reduced by the deferment of the decision to proceed with the track-laying program; by accelerating the rate of lay-offs due to decrease in business as was done in the case of its competitors, but management felt it was in the best interests of the company to carry out their track-laying program as scheduled and to defer lay-offs until September, 1954, as well as to provide continued adequate service on all existing lines. The said Annual Report was adopted.

Your Committee showed interest in the progress on the erection of the new Queen Elizabeth Hotel. Plans for management of the hotel by Hilton of Canada Limited, the Canadian subsidiary of Hilton Hotels Corporation, were discussed. It was stated that this large hotel management organization could provide Canadian National Railways with unusual and special knowledge and a contact with large conventions which would prove valuable and encourage a continuous high degree of occupancy. It is hoped that the benefit of this type of association will make possible a greater margin of profit for the hotel than would be otherwise possible.

The modern ice-breaking ferry "William Carson" being constructed on federal government account for service between Port Aux Basques and North Sydney was delayed. It seems that this vessel will be turned over for operation to the Canadian National in mid-1955. The ferry to be operated for the federal government between Yarmouth, N.S. and Bar Harbour, Me. is expected to be ready in the summer of 1955. Terminals are being built at both ports and are expected to be completed before the vessel is in operation.

The Canso Causeway development is well advanced and rail facilities will be ready for tarffic when vehicles can proceed over this causeway about May 15, 1955.

The Canadian National disposed of four of its hotels, namely the Prince Arthur in Port Arthur, Ontario; the Prince Edward in Brandon, Manitoba; Pictou Lodge in Nova Scotia, and Minaki Lodge in Ontario, because they had ceased to provide adequate revenues and were making little contribution to the traffic of the Railway. The hotels were sold to the purchaser who made the most advantageous offer.

The Annual Report of Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, for 1954, discloses a much improved picture over last year. The operating revenues showed an increase from $4,509,342 in 1953 to $5,105,082 in 1954 with an increase in operating expenses to $5,424,983 but providing a decrease in the operating loss to $319,901 as compared with $822,446 in 1953.

The Committee was informed that the results of the company would be kept under review so as to arrive at a decision as to the advisability of continuing the operations. The said Annual Report was adopted.

The Annual Report of Trans-Canada Air Lines for 1954 discloses a net operating revenue of $1,289,982 and that after payment of interest expense amounting to $793,836 there was a resulting surplus of $496,146. The Committee viewed and were accorded a short air trip in the new "Vickers Viscount" which will be used on the inter-city service. It is interesting to note that while the Committee was still in session on Friday, April 1st the first regular flight set out from Montreal at 4.30 p.m. and landed at Malton, 1 hour and 35 minutes later en route to Winnipeg, thus inaugurating the first Turbine propeller powered passenger service in North America. The Report noted with regret two major aircraft accidents which occurred in 1954. One accident on April 8th when a TCA North Star in mid-air over Moose Jaw was struck by an R.C.A.F. training aircraft. Thirty-one passengers and a crew of four lost their lives. The second on December 17th occurred approximately 9 miles West of Malton Airport when a Super Constellation landed on farmland but without casualities, injuries were of a minor nature. Action has been taken to strengthen regulations governing flight on established civil airways by other than civilian aircraft. Prior to the regrettable occurrence at Moose Jaw, TCA had in 7 years flown 3,541,000,000 passenger miles without a fatality. The said Annual Report was adopted.

The Auditors Report to Parliament with respect to the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, and the Trans-Canada Air Lines as well as the Report of the Canadian National Securities Trust for the calendar year 1954 were severally considered and adopted.

The Financial Budgets of the Canadian Railways System, the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited and Trans-Canada Air Lines Limited for the calendar year 1955 were examined carefully and adopted.

The items of the Estimates for the year ending March 31st, 1956 being votes 469, 473, 478 and 479 of the Department of Transport were considered and approved.

Your Committee is indebted to Mr. Donald Gordon, C.M.G, L.L.D.; Mr. S. F. Dingle; Mr. R. D. Armstrong; Mr. G. R. McGregor, Mr. W. S. Harvey, Mr. H. W. Seagrim, Mr S. W. Sadler. Mr. D. E. McLeod, Mr. L. D. Palmer, and Mr. Turville, Mr. J. D. Morison and Mr. C. A. Padley for their valuable assistance during the meetings of this Committee.

A copy of the evidence adduced in respect of the matters referred is appended hereto.

(*The Evidence accompanying said Report recorded as Appendix No. 5 to the Journals*).

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of Budget Papers 1955-56; Part I—General Economic Review for 1954; Part II—Preliminary Review of Government Accounts for 1954-55. (English and French).

On motion of Mr. Harris, it was ordered,—That copies of the said Budget Papers be appended to this day's *Votes and Proceedings.*

On motion of Mr. Hanna, for Mr. Harrison, the First Report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders presented on Friday, April 1, 1955, was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. Weaver be substituted for that of Mr. MacDougall; and

That the name of Mr. Robichaud be substituted for that of Mr. Viau; and

That the name of Mr. Buchanan be substituted for that of Mr. Harrison on the Standing Committee on Privileges and Elections.

On motion of Mr. Weir, it was ordered,—That the name of Mr. MacLean be substituted for that of Mr. Dinsdale; and

That the name of Mr. Brooks be substituted for that of Mr. Harkness on the Special Committee on Estimates.

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Knowles:—1. Was vote No. 369 of the estimates of 1954-1955 spent as detailed on pages 442 and 443 of the said estimates?

2. If not, how much was spent with respect to each such detail?

3. What alterations were made in the details of the said vote?

4. Was any of this vote spent on any matter not listed in the said details?

5. If so, on what was it spent, and how much?

6. On whose recommendation were alterations made in the details of this vote, on what dates were such alterations made, and by what authority?

Mr. Winters, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Diefenbaker:—1. What purchases, if any, of wood screws in excess of $1,000.00 for each purchase have been made by the government or any agency thereof, since January 31, 1954?

2. Were such purchases made after competitive bidding?

3. Did Canadian manufacturers bid on such purchases? If so, which companies tendered?

4. To whom were the contracts awarded?

5. Were the goods finally purchased of Canadian manufacture? If not, from whom were the same purchased?

The following Order of the House was issued to the proper Officer:

By Mr. Fulton, for Mr. Diefenbaker: Order of the House for a copy of all letters and communications received by the Minister of Trade and Commerce since the 15th of March, 1955, relating to the appointment of Mr. Stanley Loptson to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

The following Address was voted to His Excellency the Governor General:

By Mr. Zaplitny: Address to His Excellency the Governor General for a copy of all correspondence, telegrams and other documents exchanged between the Government of Canada or any Department or Minister thereof, and the governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, or any Department or Minister thereof, since January 1, 1953, with respect to the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend and consolidate the Unemployment Insurance Act, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to consider it again at the next sitting of the House.

At ten o'clock, p.m., Mr. Speaker adjourned the House without question put pursuant, to Standing Order 7, until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Pommer—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many veterans in Manitoba are in receipt of war veterans allowance?

2. Of these, how many receive additional payments under the special assistance fund?

Mr. Diefenbaker—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many man-hours were expended in shooting and preparing the documentary production entitled "Parliament at Work"?

2. What is the estimated cost of the production, including a proportionate share of the annual salaries of the officials for the time engaged in its production?

3. When did the Minister first become aware of the shooting of the film?

4. Did the Minister order the production to be discontinued as unsuitable for presentation? If so, on what date?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Tuesday, April 5	
497	Privileges and Elections.....	10.30 a.m.
368	Capital and Corporal Punishment and Lotteries.....	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

BUDGET PAPERS

presented by

the Honourable W. E. Harris, M.P.,

for the information of Parliament

in connection with the Budget of 1955-56

55860—1

FOREWORD

The purpose of these Papers is twofold:

1. to present a general economic review of 1954, bringing together in one place and in convenient form some of the more comprehensive indicators of economic conditions prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and other Government Agencies, together with brief comments;

2. to present a preliminary review of the Government accounts for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1955.

55860—1½

PART I

ECONOMIC REVIEW OF 1954

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The tables in this Budget Paper are based upon estimates provided by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and other Government Agencies. Some of the figures appear for the first time; others have been published elsewhere. All 1954 estimates are preliminary and subject to revision.

THE NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

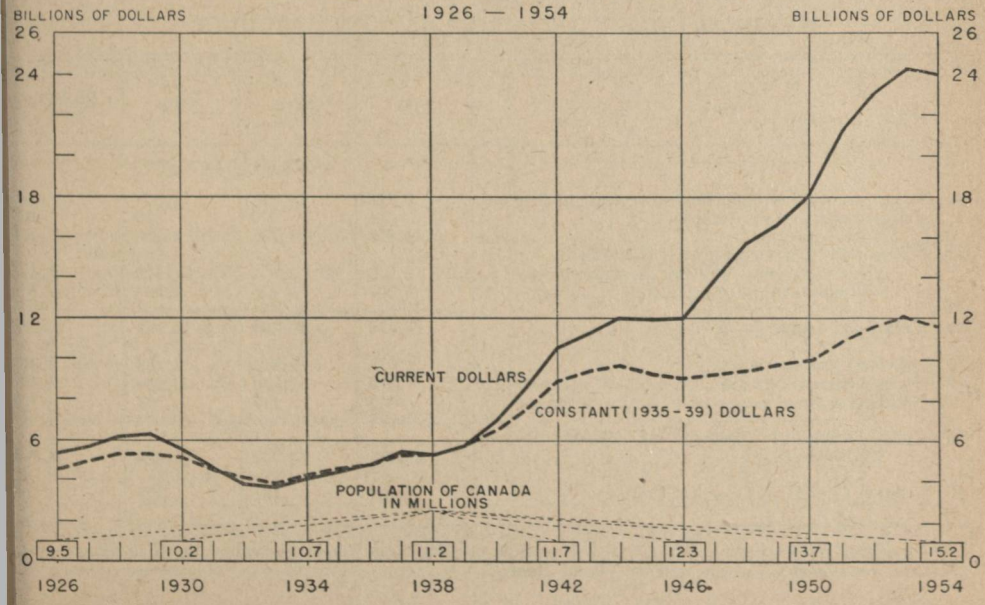
National Income and Product

Gross national product for 1954 is estimated at $24·0 billion, a decline of $·4 billion from 1953. This indicates a reduction of 2 per cent in terms of value; but in terms of volume or real product the decline may have been slightly larger. The decline in production for 1954 is in sharp contrast with the large gains of the four years 1950 to 1953; and came about despite a further increase in the potential of the economy, because the effect of some slackening in aggregate demand was combined with a large and fortuitous reduction in the western grain crop. During the year population increased by 3 per cent. Despite an increase of 1 per cent in the civilian labour force, there was a small decrease in the number of people employed. Unemployment was in consequence substantially above the levels of 1953.

For the most part, the decline in production was confined to the goods producing industries, particularly agriculture and manufacturing. The reduction in agricultural output was itself equal to about 2 per cent of gross national product. But this decline was the result of natural and uncontrollable factors and its impact was partly offset by the existence of large inventories of grain. In this sense it was less significant than the shrinkage in manufacturing output which was a reflection of weakened demand. The largest offsets to these two major declines were provided by the continuing expansion of services and by increases in the primary industries other than agriculture, notably in mining. There was also some gain in the construction industry where increases in home building more than outweighed the decline in non-residential construction.

Although production in 1954 was lower for the year as a whole than in 1953, there was an upturn in the volume of production in the last quarter of the year. The fourth quarter estimate of gross national product exclusive of agriculture was higher on a seasonally adjusted basis than any previous quarter

GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE
IN CURRENT AND CONSTANT 1935-39 DOLLARS



in either 1954 or 1953. At the same time the index of industrial production, which was consistently below 1953 throughout the first nine months of 1954, exceeded the 1953 level in the fourth quarter. This was partly the result of increased activity in mining, exaggerated in the year-to-year comparison because strikes adversely affected production in the latter part of 1953. Although non-durable manufactures showed some increase, manufacturing as a whole remained below the 1953 level largely because of continued slackness in the iron and steel and transportation equipment industries.

Salaries and wages, inclusive of military pay and allowances, increased by $297 million or 2 per cent in 1954 compared with an increase of 8 per cent in the previous year. All of the increase was accounted for by higher rates of pay since there was a decline of about 1 per cent in the number of paid workers. For the three-year period following 1951 labour income increased by $2,350 million, almost 1½ times the total increase in national income. Farm income and corporation profits were both at peak levels in 1951 and have declined in each year since then. As a result, labour income grew from 58 per cent of national income in 1951 to 65 per cent in 1954—the highest percentage in the last twenty years.

Net farm income declined by almost one-third from the previous year's level. Most of this decline was the result of the poor western grain crop. The reduction in farm cash income was considerably smaller than the reduction in farm net income and amounted to about 12 per cent. This was because the effect on cash income of a lower volume of production was partially offset by the running down of farm inventories. In areas other than the prairie provinces there was actually a modest gain in farm cash income. During the year there was a slight increase in the agricultural labour force, a change from the downward trend which has been noticeable for some time.

Net income of unincorporated businesses other than farming is estimated to have decreased by about 3 per cent. This decline was concentrated in manufacturing and retail trade.

TABLE 1

NATIONAL INCOME AND GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
1. Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income	9,716	10,818	11,661	11,900
2. Military pay and allowances	201	270	309	367
3. Investment income	3,642	3,733	3,775	3,709
4. Net income of unincorporated business—				
(a) farm operators from farm production[1]	2,072	1,858	1,649	1,114
(b) non-farm unincorporated business	1,507	1,575	1,692	1,645
5. National Income (1+2+3+4)	**17,138**	**18,254**	**19,086**	**18,735**
6. Indirect taxes less subsidies	2,478	2,714	2,900	2,913
7. Depreciation allowances and similar business costs	1,910	2,115	2,364	2,490
8. Residual error of estimate	−52	119	66	−153
9. Gross National Product at Market Prices (5+6+7+8)	**21,474**	**23,202**	**24,416**	**23,985**
10. Index of G.N.P. in Constant Dollars	100	107	111	108

[1] Includes undistributed Wheat Board trading profits, and inventory valuation adjustment on a calendar year basis for grain held by Wheat Board.

Investment income is estimated to have declined by $66 million or 2 per cent in 1954. But within this total there were opposite tendencies. Corporation profits, the largest single component, fell for the third successive year; and this decline, estimated at 7 per cent, brought the total to about 15 per cent below the peak of 1951. The decline of 1954 reflects the weakening of demand as well as the generally more competitive conditions induced by growth in capacity and supply. Interest and rents, the other major part of investment income, are estimated to have increased by about 12 per cent under the combined influence of somewhat higher rents and increases in the stock of housing and the amount of interest-bearing securities outstanding.

National Expenditure

During 1954 gross national expenditure fell by 2 per cent. There was a sizeable decrease in the amount of capital expenditure; exports and defence spending were lower and the economy received no such stimulus as in 1953 from additions to inventories. But consumer expenditure continued to grow.

Consumer expenditure rose from $15,115 million in 1953 to $15,581 million in 1954, an increase of $466 million or 3 per cent compared with the increase of $752 million or 5 per cent in 1953. This increase in consumer spending together with increased expenditure for new housing was an important sustaining influence although its effect was outweighed by the cessation of investment in inventories and by the declines in exports, in capital formation and in outlays for defence. As in 1953, the increase in consumer expenditure was closely related to the growth in labour income noted above.

Government expenditure on goods and services remained relatively stable in 1954, the 9 per cent decrease in defence spending being offset by increases in non-defence spending at federal, provincial and municipal levels. Defence spending which had been a very powerful stimulant for the economy in 1952 and which had acted positively although with lesser strength in 1953, declined by $179 million in 1954 and this accounted for some of the reduction in aggregate demand.

TABLE 2

GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	13,273	14,363	15,115	15,581
2. Government expenditure on goods and services	3,243	4,259	4,362	4,360
3. Gross domestic investment—				
(a) plant, equipment and housing	3,810	4,256	4,840	4,546
(b) change in inventories	1,620	270	605	−230
4. Exports of goods and services[1]	5,089	5,573	5,420	5,134
5. Imports of goods and services[1]	−5,613	−5,400	−5,860	−5,559
6. Residual error of estimate	52	−119	−66	153
7. Gross National Expenditure at Market Prices (1+2+3+4+5+6)	**21,474**	**23,202**	**24,416**	**23,985**
8. Index of G.N.E. in Constant Dollars	100	107	111	108

[1] Minor adjustments have been made to the figures of current receipts and payments shown in Table 13 and in "The Canadian Balance of International Payments, 1951 to 1954", Dominion Bureau of Statistics, to achieve consistency with the other component series.

For the first time in the post-war period, investment in non-residential construction and machinery and equipment declined. The major decrease was in machinery and equipment although there was a decline of about 2 per cent in non-residential construction. Investment in housing on the other hand continued to increase and was 9 per cent higher than in the previous year.

Inventories of farm grain and livestock and grain in commercial channels declined by $157 million in 1954, a change of $353 million from 1953 when there had been heavy accumulation. This was largely the result of the poor western grain crop. The change in business inventories was also quite different than in 1953 as lower levels of sales and expectations reduced the willingness to hold inventories. In the first three quarters of 1953 there had been continuous inventory accumulation and despite some decline in the fourth quarter, the effect for the year as a whole was positive and substantial. The change from moderately heavy additions to inventory in 1953 to a slight reduction in 1954 as a whole had the effect of withdrawing demand from the Canadian economy; and this withdrawal was greater than the whole increase in consumer spending. The effect of this inventory movement was greatest in the second and third quarters when there was heavy liquidation and new demands were to this extent met from stocks instead of setting production in motion. In the fourth quarter of 1954, however, the inventory decline appears to have been less than the normal seasonal movement and this suggests that growth factors have reasserted their influence.

Personal Income and its Disposition

Personal income differs from national income in a number of ways although the components of these two totals are for the most part similar or identical. While national income is the total of the annual earnings of Canadian residents from the production of goods and services, personal income is the sum of the current receipts of income regardless of whether these receipts are earnings from production. For example, personal income includes only that part of corporation profits which is actually received by Canadian persons as dividends.

TABLE 3
SOURCES OF PERSONAL INCOME

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
1. Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income	9,716	10,818	11,661	11,900
Deduct: Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds	−329	−358	−390	−395
2. Military pay and allowances	201	270	309	367
3. Net income received by farm operators from farm production[1]	2,108	1,860	1,616	1,109
4. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business	1,507	1,575	1,692	1,645
5. Interest, dividends and net rental income of persons[2]	1,406	1,573	1,683	1,865
6. Transfer payments to persons (excluding interest)—				
(a) from government	1,032	1,356	1,461	1,601
(b) charitable contributions made by corporations	27	26	25	24
(c) net bad debt losses of corporations	25	25	28	28
7. Personal Income (1+2+3+4+5+6)	**15,693**	**17,145**	**18,085**	**18,144**

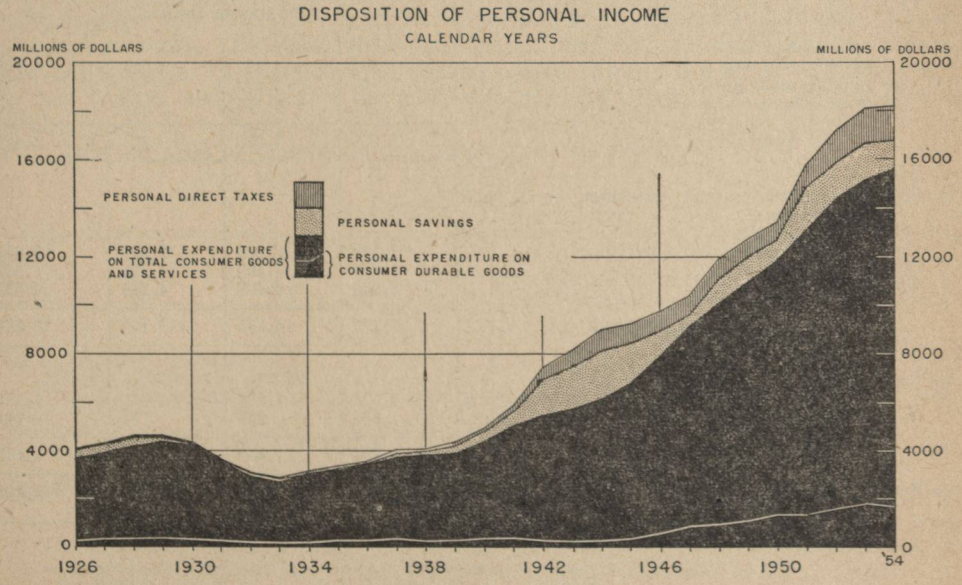
[1] Excludes undistributed profits of the Wheat Board and an inventory valuation adjustment on a calendar year basis for grain held by the Wheat Board.
[2] Includes all government debt interest paid to persons.

On the other hand, transfer payments such as family allowances, old age pensions, veterans' benefits and charitable contributions of corporations, are part of personal income although they are not payments for services and, therefore, do not form part of national income.

For the first time in the post-war period there was during 1954 very little increase in personal income. A modest gain in labour income and increases in investment income and transfer payments were more or less offset by a large decline in net farm income.

Because of the great similarity in their composition, national income and personal income normally change in the same direction. In 1954, however, differences in their composition account for the fact that personal income rose slightly while national income declined by $351 million. Thus, national income was affected by the decline of $170 million in corporation profits, whereas personal income excludes this item but includes instead dividends paid out which rose by $31 million. Similarly, national income does not include government transfer payments but the $140 million increase in this item was reflected in personal income. Most of the increase in transfer payments was the result of a rise of approximately 50 per cent in unemployment insurance benefits and the normal growth in the numbers receiving family allowances and old age pensions.

The pattern of the disposition of personal income differed somewhat from 1953. With comparative stability in both personal income and personal direct taxes the growth of about 3 per cent in consumer expenditure resulted in some decline in the rate of personal saving. Thus personal saving, or the amount set aside from current personal income, constituted 6·8 per cent of disposable income in 1954 compared with 9·2 per cent in 1953. In absolute terms personal saving fell from $1,539 million in 1953 to $1,137 million in 1954, a decline of $402 million, of which about half represented a reduction in saving in the form of farm inventories. The growth in personal assets was even more sharply reduced in 1954 than the $402 million reduction in personal saving would indicate; for personal saving takes many forms and involves changes in both assets and liabilities.



During 1954 personal assets and personal liabilities both increased, but by very much smaller amounts than in 1953. The growth in liquid assets was much slower, the heavy liquidation of Government of Canada market securities being only partially offset by an increase above 1953 levels in additions to bank deposits and to holdings of Canada Savings bonds and other bonds and stocks. Direct investment was also lower since the drop in farm investment in machinery and equipment more than offset increased investment in housing. On the liability side, consumer debt is estimated to have increased by $125 million compared with the much larger increase of $314 million in 1953. The increase in mortgage debt, on the other hand, was greater than in the previous year.

The increase in consumer spending was confined to non-durable goods and to services. The largest percentage increase was in services, which rose by more than 6 per cent. However, somewhat more than half of this increase was attributable to higher prices. There was an increase of 3 per cent in expenditure on non-durable goods and with prices relatively unchanged this represented a volume increase of like amount. There was a sizeable decline of 6 per cent in spending on durable goods and with prices slightly lower than in the previous year the volume decline was probably about 5 per cent. The largest factor in the decline in durable goods was the reduction in purchases of automobiles.

Examination of the quarterly trends in consumer expenditure indicates that 1954 expenditures were consistently above those of 1953 and that the rate of advance was uniform. Thus, each quarter of 1954 was about 3 per cent above the comparable quarter of 1953. After allowing for price changes, the volume of total consumer expenditure rose by about 2 per cent for the year.

TABLE 4

DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
1. Personal direct taxes—				
(a) income taxes	890	1,177	1,287	1,290
(b) succession duties	69	73	73	77
(c) miscellaneous taxes	71	70	71	59
Total direct taxes	1,030	1,320	1,431	1,426
2. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services—				
Goods—				
(a) non-durable	7,969	8,366	8,571	8,847
(b) durable	1,399	1,590	1,795	1,682
Services	3,905	4,407	4,749	5,052
Total consumer expenditure	13,273	14,363	15,115	15,581
3. Personal saving—				
(a) personal saving excluding farm inventories	1,036	1,225	1,488	1,281
(b) change in farm inventories	354	237	51	−144
Total personal saving	1,390	1,462	1,539	1,137
4. Personal Income (1+2+3)	**15,693**	**17,145**	**18,085**	**18,144**

Source and Disposition of Saving

Saving is the source from which investment expenditure is financed. In addition to personal saving, which is discussed in the preceding section, there is business saving and government saving.

It is estimated that during 1954 the nation as a whole saved $895 million less than in 1953, a decline of 18 per cent. The decline was confined for the most part to the personal and government sectors. Thus, business saving, which declined only slightly, became relatively more important in 1954 and constituted 75 per cent of the nation's total saving compared with 63 per cent in 1953, 59 per cent in 1952 and 52 per cent in 1951.

TABLE 5
SOURCES OF SAVING

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
Personal saving	1,390	1,462	1,539	1,137
Gross business saving—total	*2,567*	*2,717*	*3,107*	*3,053*
(a) Undistributed corporation profits	721	624	733	587
(b) Depreciation allowances	1,910	2,115	2,364	2,490
(c) Net bad debt losses of corporations	−25	−25	−28	−28
(d) Undistributed Wheat Board trading profits and inventory valuation adjustment on grain held by Wheat Board	−36	−2	33	5
(e) Inventory valuation adjustment[1]	−3	5	5	−1
Adjusted government surplus (+) or deficit (−)[2]	1,053	282	227	7
Residual error of estimate[3]	−52	119	66	−153
Total	4,958	4,580	4,939	4,044

[1] The adjustment has been made only to grain held in commercial channels.
[2] See Table 10.
[3] See Tables 1 and 2.

Throughout the post-war period 1947 to 1953 the combined total of revenues for all levels of government had exceeded the combined total of expenditures both capital and current. That is, there had been government saving of substantial amount. In 1954, however, the surplus for all levels of government combined all but disappeared. This was almost wholly the result of the change in the federal accounts from a moderate surplus in calendar year 1953 to a slight deficit in calendar year 1954; but there was also a small reduction in the combined surplus of provincial and municipal governments.

TABLE 6
DISPOSITION OF SAVING

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
Gross domestic investment—				
Housing, plant and equipment	3,810	4,256	4,840	4,546
Change in inventories	1,620	270	605	−230
Net increase in foreign assets (including foreign exchange) adjusted[1]	−524	173	−440	−425
Residual error of estimate[2]	52	−119	−66	153
Total	4,958	4,580	4,939	4,044

[1] Minor adjustments have been made to the figures appearing in Table 13.
[2] See Tables 1 and 2.

Business saving is comprised for the most part of amounts set aside by corporations for depreciation allowances and of undistributed profits. During 1954 these two major components of business saving behaved differently. It is estimated that there was a further increase of about 5 per cent in depreciation allowances. Undistributed profits, on the other hand, declined substantially, largely because of the decline in corporation profits after taxes but to some extent because of the modest increase in dividends paid out. The estimated increase in business savings through depreciation allowances was not quite as large as the decline in undistributed profits and a slight reduction in business saving out of current income for 1954 is therefore indicated. It is interesting to note the very large extent to which capital investment of the post-war period has been financed by business saving; that is, the extent to which business has been able to provide the funds for its own expansion.

TABLE 7

CORPORATION PROFITS, TAXES AND DIVIDENDS

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
Corporation profits before taxes[1]	2,810	2,640	2,570	2,400
Deduct corporation taxes[2]	−1,429	−1,386	−1,209	−1,154
Corporation profits after taxes	1,381	1,254	1,361	1,246
Deduct dividends paid out[3]	−660	−630	−628	−659
Undistributed corporation profits[4]	721	624	733	587

[1] Includes depletion charges and is adjusted for losses, and for conversion to a calendar year basis.
[2] Taxes paid or payable in respect of the calendar year's income (See Table 10).
[3] Includes charitable contributions made by corporations (See Table 3 Item 6(b)).
[4] See Table 5.

It is estimated that Canada's total payments abroad on current account exceeded total receipts by $425 million and there was, therefore, an increase of like amount in net foreign liabilities. Thus, capital inflows from abroad were almost unchanged from 1953 and because of the lower level of domestic investment, slightly more important in the nation's financing. Some of the capital inflow was the result of Canadian borrowing abroad; but the greater part was initiated outside the country as capital flowed into Canada in response to opportunities for direct investment, thus contributing to the deficit on current account while furnishing the funds to finance it. These transactions are treated more fully in the section on the Balance of International Payments.

Investment and Capital Expenditure

It is estimated that investment in plant, equipment and housing amounted to $4,546 million, a decline of $294 million or 6 per cent from 1953. This is the first decline of the post-war period. Most of the reduction was in machinery and equipment which was 17 per cent lower than in 1953 but there was also a reduction of 2 per cent in non-residential construction. Investment in housing, on the other hand, continued to increase, stimulated by easier financing under the National Housing Act and aided by the increased availability of mortgage funds after the chartered banks were authorized to invest in insured loans on residential real estate. The gain of 9 per cent was less striking than the 35 per cent expansion of 1953. However, the 1954 increase marked a movement beyond an already high level whereas the rapid growth in 1953 must be considered in part as a recovery from lower levels.

Despite the decline in capital investment during 1954, it was still high in absolute and relative terms and constituted 19 per cent of gross national expenditure compared with 20 per cent in 1953. As mentioned previously, in explaining the lower aggregate demand of 1954, the cessation of growth in business inventories is an even more important factor than the decline in capital investment. Together they would account for a drop of 3 per cent in the nation's product.

TABLE 8

GROSS DOMESTIC INVESTMENT

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
Housing, plant and equipment—total[1]	3,810	4,256	4,840	4,546
New residential construction	781	786	1,061	1,159
Other new construction	1,260	1,554	1,706	1,676
New machinery and equipment	1,769	1,916	2,073	1,711
Change in inventories—total	1,620	270	605	−230
Grain in commercial channels[2]	−1	92	145	−13
Farm grain and livestock[2]	354	237	51	−144
All other inventories[3]	1,267	−59	409	−73
Gross Domestic Investment[4]	**5,430**	**4,526**	**5,445**	**4,316**

[1] Includes private businesses and institutions, and publicly owned public utilities.
[2] Value of physical change.
[3] Change in value. Includes privately financed industrial and trade inventories.
[4] See Table 2, Item 3 and footnote to Table 9, page 14.

Table 9 gives an industrial distribution of business capital expenditures and brings them together with public capital outlays included under government expenditure in Table 2. The total of public and private capital expenditure is estimated to have declined by $343 million or 6 per cent. As mentioned above, this is in contrast with the continued advances of the post-war period. The original forecast of capital investment for 1954 indicated that it would be about 3 per cent above the 1953 level. It was expected that there would be some declines in heavy manufacturing and in goods producing industries generally, and that these would be more than offset by an increase in the service industries and in housing. As it turned out, the expansion in the service industries and housing was not sufficient to offset the declines in the goods producing industries. Some of these declines followed the completion of projects set in motion by the post-Korean defence demands. Others were an indication of the inevitable unevenness in investment which results from the completion of individual large scale projects such as the Labrador iron ore development and Kitimat. In some instances, the bad weather of the early part of the year delayed the start of construction, and investment plans were not fully realized within the year. At any rate, the decline of 1954 does not appear to mark the beginning of a new trend since the capital forecast for 1955 indicates a further increase of about 6 per cent.

The greatest percentage decline was in agriculture and fishing which fell by $153 million or 28 per cent from 1953 to 1954. This was almost wholly the result of reduced purchases of machinery and equipment.

In the manufacturing group, there was a large overall decline of $174 million but there were also many increases. There was a large decline of $83 million in the chemical products group and this followed completion of large plants

such as those at Edmonton and Sarnia. Transportation equipment declined by $29 million largely because of the completion of Ford and General Motors expansion in 1953; iron and steel products declined by $30 million, paper products by $22 million, and clothing by $6 million. On the other hand, investment in food and beverage industries increased by $13 million, printing, publishing and allied industries by $12 million, non-metallic metal products by $10 million, and products of petroleum and coal by $14 million.

In the utilities group, there was a decline of about 8 per cent in which the drop in machinery and equipment was about equal to the drop in construction. Within this total, central electric stations and steam railways provided the major declines, while the continued expansion of telephone facilities provided a sizeable offset. The railways continued to increase their expenditure for machinery and equipment but new construction was reduced by almost a half with the completion of the Quebec North Shore railway. Part of the decline in central electric stations can be attributed to the completion of a phase of the Adam Beck development at Niagara.

In 1954, as in 1953, the largest growth was in the trade, finance and commercial services group where the increase was about 10 per cent. This was largely the product of continued urban growth. There was also a substantial increase in investment in institutions, the growth being particularly marked in schools. The growing urbanization of the war and post-war periods has been placing increasing strains on school facilities and on municipal services generally. There was some decline in capital investment of government departments but only at the federal level where there were sizeable reductions in defence construction and capital assistance.

TABLE 9

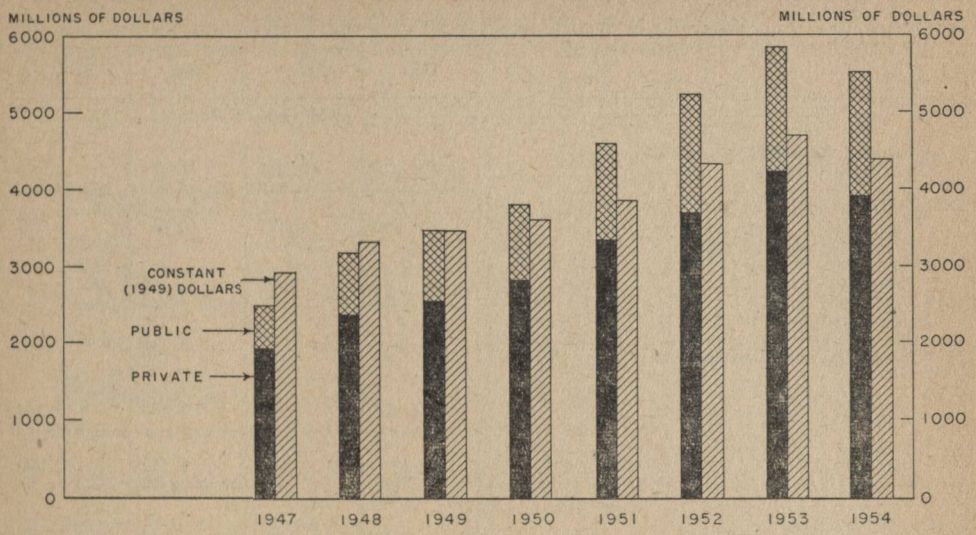
PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
Agriculture and fishing	515	555	546	393
Forestry	58	39	34	41
Mining, quarrying and oil wells	181	211	257	249
Manufacturing	793	973	969	795
Electric power, gas and water works	440	578	536	478
Transportation, storage and communications	460	581	673	636
Construction industry	66	73	91	66
Trade, finance and commercial services	412	344	526	577
Institutions	236	278	301	329
Housing	821	826	1,084	1,169
Government departments	595	827	824	765
Total Capital Expenditure[1]	**4,577**	**5,285**	**5,841**	**5,498**
Total Capital Expenditure as a percentage of Gross National Expenditure	21·3	22·8	23·9	22·9
Index of total Capital Expenditure in Constant Dollars	100	112	121	113

[1] For reconciliation with Gross Domestic Investment in Table 8, see below.

	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
Public and Private Capital Expenditure—Table 9	4,577	5,285	5,841	5,498
Deduct:				
Provincial hospitals and schools, and municipal schools	−130	−159	−151	−173
Government housing excl. C.M.H.C. rental housing	−40	−40	−23	−10
Direct government department outlays	−595	−827	−824	−765
Other	−2	−3	−3	−4
Add:				
Change in Inventories	1,620	270	605	−230
Total Gross Domestic Investment—Table 8	5,430	4,526	5,445	4,316

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE



Revenue and Expenditure of All Governments

In Table 10 "Government Transactions Related to the National Accounts" an attempt is made to bring together in one statement and under uniform headings, the activities of all governments in Canada on a calendar year basis.

The table is designed to include only those transactions which have relevance for the National Accounts, and consequently the surpluses or deficits shown here differ from those shown in the various public accounts. It has been necessary to adjust the governments' accounting statements of fiscal year revenue and expenditure to exclude certain transactions such as those relating to reserves, write-offs, amortization, and other similar items, as well as the purchase and sale of existing capital assets; and to include the transactions of extra-budgetary funds such as unemployment insurance, old age security, workmen's compensation and government pension funds. Total expenditure includes both current and capital expenditure but government loans and investments and debt retirement are excluded. Municipalities are for the most part on a calendar year basis but the provincial and federal fiscal year figures are adjusted to the calendar year basis. Some of the more substantial adjustments to the federal accounts are shown in the reconciliation statement appended to Table 10.

On the national accounts basis it is estimated that the revenue and expenditure of all levels of government combined were in approximate balance for the calendar year 1954 compared with the surplus of about 3 per cent indicated for 1953. Thus, viewing the operations of Canadian governments as a unit, their fiscal effect was approximately neutral in 1954; whereas they had in 1953 exerted some mild negative or restraining influence on economic activity by taking about 3 per cent more in revenue than they spent on current and capital account. Apart from disparate tendencies within these three levels of government, this broad effect was the result of comparative stability in revenues which declined by less than 1 per cent, and an increase of a little more than 2 per cent in expenditures altogether accounted for by the growth of transfer payments. In terms of specific levels of government, however, there was a moderate rise in both revenues and expenditures of provincial and municipal governments

TABLE 10

GOVERNMENT TRANSACTIONS RELATED TO THE NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
GOVERNMENT REVENUE—				
Direct Taxes—Persons	1,030	1,320	1,431	1,426
Income—				
Federal	890	1,177	1,287	1,277
Provincial and Municipal	.....	.....	.....	13
Succession Duties—				
Federal	35	39	40	41
Provincial	34	34	33	36
Miscellaneous—				
Federal	6	7	2	1
Provincial and Municipal	65	63	69	58
Direct Taxes—Corporations	1,429	1,386	1,209	1,154
Income—				
Federal	1,240	1,232	1,150	1,090
Provincial	189	154	59	64
Other Direct Taxes—				
Withholding taxes—Federal	56	55	54	58
Indirect Taxes	2,606	2,814	3,009	3,001
Federal	1,495	1,595	1,697	1,612
Provincial and Municipal	1,111	1,219	1,312	1,389
Investment Income	456	533	558	562
Federal	167	218	226	222
Provincial and Municipal	289	315	332	340
Employer and Employee Contributions to Social Insurance and Government Pension Funds	329	358	390	395
Federal	214	230	253	255
Provincial and Municipal	115	128	137	140
Transfers from Other Governments—				
Provincial and Municipal	259	368	412	430
Total Revenue	6,165	6,834	7,063	7,026
Federal	4,103	4,553	4,709	4,556
Provincial and Municipal	2,062	2,281	2,354	2,470
Deficit (or surplus—)	**−1,053**	**−282**	**−227**	**−7**
Federal[1]	−1,042	−219	−178	+16
Provincial and Municipal	−11	−63	−49	−23
Total Revenue plus Deficit (or minus Surplus)	**5,112**	**6,552**	**6,836**	**7,019**
Federal	3,061	4,334	4,531	4,572
Provincial and Municipal	2,051	2,218	2,305	2,447

[1] For reconciliation with Public Accounts Surplus, see page 17.

TABLE 10—Concluded

GOVERNMENT TRANSACTIONS RELATED TO THE NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
	(Millions of Dollars)			
GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE—				
Goods and Services	3,243	4,259	4,362	4,360
Federal—				
Defence	1,157	1,800	1,907	1,728
Non-defence	537	670	619	684
Provincial and Municipal	1,549	1,789	1,836	1,948
Transfer Payments	1,482	1,825	1,953	2,141
Federal	984	1,400	1,487	1,645
Provincial and Municipal	498	425	466	496
Subsidies	128	100	109	88
Federal	124	96	106	85
Provincial and Municipal	4	4	3	3
Transfers to Other Governments—				
Federal	259	368	412	430
Total Expenditure	**5,112**	**6,552**	**6,836**	**7,019**
Federal	3,061	4,334	4,531	4,572
Provincial and Municipal	2,051	2,218	2,305	2,447

	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
Reconciliation with Public Accounts Surplus:	(Millions of Dollars)			
Federal Government calendar year surplus for national accounts purposes	**+1,042**	**+219**	**+178**	**−16**
Adjustments:				
Difference between calendar and fiscal year	−300	+367	+24	+195
Difference between corporation tax accruals and government receipts	−161	−8	+87	−33
Revenue items omitted	+67	+49	+92	+79
Reserves, write-offs and similar items omitted from expenditure	−167	−195	−139	−142
Change in inventories of government commodity agencies	−16	+72	−24	−4
Shipment of military equipment to NATO countries, less replacement	−70	−95	−55	−5
Extra-budgetary funds for pensions and social insurance (net)	−144	+27	−30	+54
Adjustment to place debt interest on a "due date" basis	.....	−90	−14	+23
Other adjustments	−40	−98	−95	−105
Federal surplus for fiscal year as per public accounts	+211	+248	+24	+46
	(1950–51)	*(1951–52)*	*(1952–53)*	*(1953–54)*

with a relatively small change in surplus. The change in the combined surplus was, therefore, almost wholly the result of the movement in the federal accounts from a moderate surplus of about 4 per cent in the calendar year 1953 to a slight deficit for the calendar year 1954. And this change in federal surplus was produced by a decline of 3 to 4 per cent in revenue coupled with a rise of less than 1 per cent in expenditure.

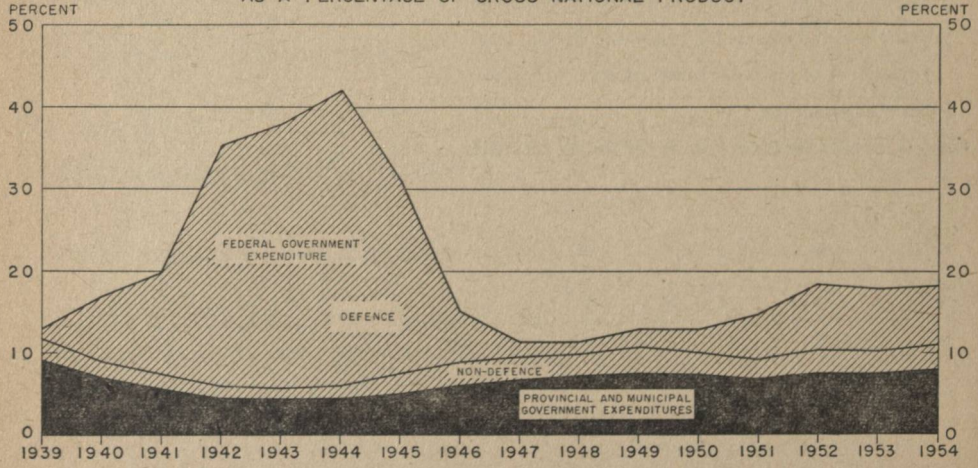
The fiscal effects of government operations are not, of course, confined to revenues and expenditures since cash outlays are affected also by changes in loans, advances and investments. In this sphere too the overall effect of federal government operations was moderately on the side of stimulation.

Expenditure on goods and services by all levels of government combined was practically unchanged between 1953 and 1954. This was the result of a decline in federal expenditure on goods and services and increases in provincial and municipal expenditure. The federal government's expenditure on goods and services declined by $114 million or 5 per cent compared with an increase of $56 million or 2 per cent in 1953. This change came about because of the decline of $179 million or 9 per cent in defence spending for the calendar year 1954. Although federal defence expenditure accounted for a significant part of the withdrawal of demand in 1954, it remained an important element in the overall use of goods and services comprising about 7 per cent of total gross national expenditure and providing 72 per cent of the federal government's total demand for goods and services. Federal government non-defence spending, exclusive of inventory change, increased by about 7 per cent, a considerable part of which was the result of increases in the rates of pay to government employees.

The increase in provincial and municipal expenditure on goods and services is estimated at $112 million, an increase of 6 per cent. About two-thirds of this increase was in municipal expenditure where the growth of cities continued to raise the requirements for schools and municipal facilities generally. The cost of municipal services also rose with generally higher rates of pay. In provincial governments the increase is mainly attributable to an expansion in highways expenditure and some increase in the general level of salaries and wages.

Transfer payments were substantially higher in 1954 than in 1953. The largest increases were in the federal sphere and amounted to $158 million. About half of this increase was the result of a rise in unemployment insurance

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES ON GOODS AND SERVICES
AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

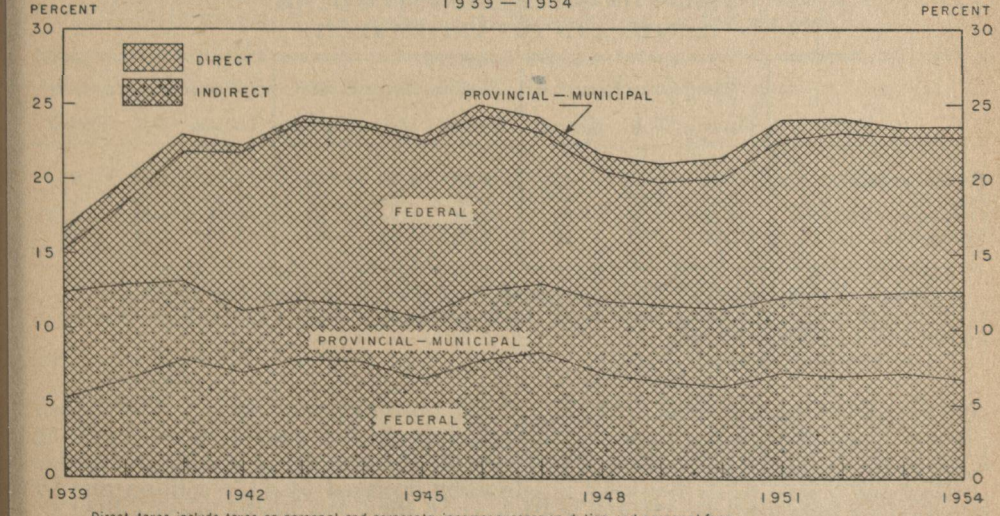


benefits but there was also a substantial increase in cost as a result of the growth in the numbers receiving old age pensions and family allowances. The largest increase in provincial and municipal transfer payments was in grants to private non-commercial institutions including hospitals.

Total revenue was down very slightly by something less than 1 per cent and this decrease was in direct taxes rather than in indirect taxes. Revenue from direct taxes, which is predominantly federal, declined by 2 per cent. Receipts from the federal personal income tax are estimated to have declined very slightly, the effect of the lower rates introduced in mid-1953 being more or less offset by an increase in personal taxable income. The yield of the corporation tax on an accrual basis was down about 5 per cent for the calendar year and this is a direct reflection of the estimated decline in corporation profits.

The stability in the yield of indirect taxes came about because the decrease of about 5 per cent in federal indirect taxes was offset by an increase of about 6 per cent in provincial and municipal taxes. In the federal accounts, receipts from customs duties were less because of the fall in imports. The yield of the sales tax and of a number of excise taxes shrank with the somewhat lower level of retail sales. The special excise tax on automobiles, tires and tubes, for example, yielded almost 20 per cent less than in 1953 when automobile sales were at their peak. In addition, certain excise taxes were removed and the rates for others were reduced in the 1954 budget and this led to lower revenues. These changes included the removal of the 15 per cent special excise tax on furs, electrical household appliances, cameras, etc. and the reduction of the tax rate from 15 per cent to 10 per cent in the case of candy, soft drinks, smokers' accessories, watches, jewellery, etc. At the time of the 1954 budget the revenue loss from these reductions was estimated at $33 million. Of the increase of $77 million in provincial and municipal indirect taxes, a little more than half was in the municipal sphere and consisted in the main of an increase in real property taxes. In the provincial governments there was some increase in the yield of the gasoline tax but the increased yield resulting from the higher rate of sales tax in British Columbia was even more important.

GOVERNMENT DIRECT AND INDIRECT TAXATION
AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT
1939 — 1954



Direct taxes include taxes on personal and corporate income; succession duties, and personal fees.
Indirect taxes include taxes on commodities, services and real property, and business fees.

MONETARY AND CREDIT DEVELOPMENTS

Monetary and credit conditions in 1954 were characterized by a noticeable decline in interest rates, by a rise in security prices, and by a generally easier availability of credit in Canada. These conditions considerably facilitated capital and consumer expenditures financed by borrowing or by converting securities into cash, and brought about a substantial increase in the bank deposits and currency holdings of the general public.

The decline in Canadian interest rates in 1954 represented a continuation of the trend which had become evident in the last quarter of the previous year. The main fall in rates on long-term government bonds occurred in the first quarter, but short-term yields continued to decline throughout the year. In the early part of the year particularly, declining interest rates in the United States had important direct and psychological effects on yields in Canada. In the second half of the year, the Canadian chartered banks were active buyers of securities and were a major factor in the change of interest yields. The 1954 revision of The Bank Act had the effect of increasing the amount of cash reserves which the chartered banks felt free to employ in expanding their earning assets. Prior to this revision, which took effect on July the first, the banks had been required to maintain a daily cash ratio of not less than 5 per cent, although they had in practice worked to a figure of about 10 per cent. The revised Act set the new minimum reserve ratio at a monthly average of 8 per cent. The chartered banks immediately began to work towards lower ratios and their average reserve declined to 8·7 per cent at the year end compared to 10·2 per cent at the end of 1953. In consequence, the chartered banks were in a position to add substantially to their assets during the second half of 1954.

As the demand for loans had levelled off, the banks employed their free reserves in the purchase of government bonds, treasury bills and other types of securities. At the same time, an increase in day-to-day loans made by the banks enabled dealers to increase their demand for short-term securities. These factors, together with a reduction in the outstanding supply of short-term maturities,

TABLE 11
YIELDS ON GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

	Long-Term Bonds[1]			Medium Term Bonds[2]			3 Month Treasury Bills[3]		
	Canada	U.S.	Spread	Canada	U.S.	Spread	Canada	U.S.	Spread
December 1953	3·61	2·78	·83	3·53	2·23	1·30	1·88	1·68	·20
June 1954	3·09	2·52	·57	2·63	1·81	·82	1·60	·63	·97
December 1954	3·05	2·57	·48	2·36	1·94	·42	1·08	1·25	—·17
March 1955	2·96	2·67	·29	2·20	2·26	—·06	1·20	1·29	—·09

[1] Canada—15 year theoretical 15th of each month. U.S. 2½'s of 67-72, Wednesday nearest 15th.

[2] Canada—average of 3-5 year theoreticals, 15th of each month. U.S.—Federal Reserve average of 3-5 year bonds, nearest mid-month.

[3] Average tender nearest 15th of month.

contributed to the decline in medium and short term interest rates. The importance of chartered bank purchases is indicated by the fact that during the year as a whole they added $553 million of all types of Government of Canada securities to their portfolios, while the total outstanding declined by $175 million due to government redemptions. In the early part of 1955, the banks again added to their security holdings, thereby contributing to a further decline in interest rates, which in some cases reached levels below those prevailing in the United States.

The small increase in bank loans in 1954 was in contrast to 1953 when bank loans increased substantially, and reflects among other things the decline of business inventories, and the reduced rate of growth in consumer credit. The new day-to-day loans and insured residential mortgages which were introduced during the year more than accounted for the modest over-all increase, as ther was a slight decline in the combined total of other categories of loans. Day-to-day loans were $68 million at the year-end while net disbursements under residential mortgage loans were $74 million, with commitments totalling a further $86 million, involving in all some 17,000 housing units. On balance, the net effect of the activities of the chartered banks in 1954 on the public's holdings of liquid assets was small in comparison to the previous year, the increase being $19 million compared to $466 million in 1953.

The public's holdings of currency, bank deposits, and Government of Canada securities increased in 1954 by $232 million, compared to $264 million in 1953 and stood at the record year-end level of $18,860 million. The main factor leading to this increase was the excess of $227 million of cash outlays over receipts in the federal government sector. This was the result of both budgetary and non-budgetary transactions, as well as of changes in government loans and advances and the operations of the Unemployment Insurance Fund and other government accounts. These net disbursements in 1954 were in sharp contrast to the experience of 1953 when there was an overall surplus of receipts over disbursements of $220 million which partially offset the increase of $466 million in the public's liquid assets stemming from the operations of the chartered banks.

The increase of $232 million in the public's quick assets differed in composition, as well as in origin, from the increase in 1953. There was a pronounced shift into bank deposits in 1954 with active deposits increasing $272 million compared to a decrease of $91 million in 1953, and inactive notice deposits rising $501 million compared to a rise of $82 million in the previous year. At the same time public holdings of Government of Canada securities, which had increased by $221 million in the previous year, decreased by $570 million despite an increase in holdings of non-market securities, mainly Canada Savings Bonds. There was

TABLE 12

GENERAL PUBLIC[1] HOLDINGS OF CURRENCY, BANK DEPOSITS, AND GOVERNMENT OF CANADA SECURITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31

(Millions of Dollars)

—	1951	1952	1953	1954
Currency—notes and coin	1,275	1,377	1,429	1,458
Bank deposits—				
Active deposits	3,568	3,796	3,705	3,977
Inactive notice deposits	3,894	4,129	4,211	4,712
Total bank deposits	7,462	7,925	7,916	8,689
Government Securities—				
Market securities	8,194	7,812	7,651	6,623
Non-market securities	1,194	1,250	1,632	2,090
Total government securities	9,388	9,062	9,283	8,713
Total liquid assets	18,125	18,364	18,628	18,860

[1] Includes all holdings other than those of the banking system and the federal government and government accounts.

also a shift towards the more liquid types of market securities such as treasury bills. The sharply increased liquidity of the general public as a result of the shift from government securities to bank deposits was effected mainly through the chartered bank purchases of securities discussed above. The redemption operations of the Government of Canada also played some part in this development.

The increased supply of money in the hands of the public, together with the lower interest rates and security yields prevailing during the year created a favourable climate for new provincial, municipal and corporate borrowing. Net new issues rose by about 12 per cent to an estimated $1,132 million in 1954, with borrowings abroad being substantially reduced after the first quarter of the year. Consumer credit also continued to rise, although at a slower rate than in the previous year, the increase being of the order of $125 million compared to $314 million in 1953. Mortgage credit also expanded further, with the main supply coming from resident life insurance companies who sold about $110 million of government securities compared to $49 million in 1953 in order to finance their increased volume of new investments. As indicated above, the chartered banks were also an important source of credit in the field of new residential construction. Although non-residents continued to be sellers of Government of Canada securities, there was, on balance, a net inflow of funds for all types of outstanding Canadian securities of $55 million, and this development, together with the net inflow of capital for investment in new issues, contributed to the buoyancy of Canadian security markets in 1954.

BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS

Canada's international payments and receipts reflected in 1954 the somewhat lower level of domestic economic activity and the maintenance of relatively firm international markets. Merchandise exports and imports were both lower than in 1953. The decline of 5 per cent in the value of exports was the result of a volume reduction of 3 per cent combined with a decline of 2 per cent in export prices; while the 7 per cent decline in the value of imports was wholly the result of a volume reduction. The terms of trade, or the ratio of export prices to import prices, were therefore slightly less favourable to Canada and consequently the greater volume decline in imports was not fully reflected in an improvement in the balance on merchandise account. Nevertheless, there was a small surplus of $9 million in merchandise trade in 1954 compared with the deficit of $57 million in 1953. Taking into account non-merchandise trade as well, the current account deficit of $427 million in 1954 was only slightly changed from the $439 million deficit of 1953.

The total value of merchandise exports in 1954 was $3,929 million, down by $223 million from 1953. The decline resulted for the most part from special situations and was concentrated in a few commodities such as wheat and other grains, motor vehicles, primary iron and steel, and items related to defence needs such as aircraft and parts and electrical apparatus. Wheat exports showed the greatest single decline. Part of this was the result of better crops in other parts of the world but there was in addition some running down of stocks in anticipation of lower prices. In addition, there was a decline in the value of wheat flour and coarse grain exports, bringing the fall in grain exports as a whole to almost $300 million or considerably more than the total decline in exports. It is apparent, therefore, that apart from grain exports and the other commodities mentioned above, Canadian exports maintained their 1953 levels or showed substantial gains. The most marked increase was in exports of forestry products with newsprint reaching the highest value ever recorded for a single commodity in a calendar year. Fishery products, chemicals and base metals, particularly nickel, also recorded substantial gains over 1953.

Despite a decline of 7 per cent in 1954, imports remained at relatively high levels. Imports amounted to $3,920 million in 1954 compared with $4,209 million in 1953, a drop of $289 million. In contrast to exports, the decline in imports was fairly general with agricultural products as a group showing the only significant increase. The moderately lower level of economic activity in Canada during 1954 reduced requirements for both industrial materials and many finished consumer goods. Poor weather in the early part of the year also reduced the demand for materials and equipment used in construction. In addition, a more cautious inventory policy on the part of business contributed to the lower level of imports. This last factor was especially important in the case of textiles which were also affected by a weaker Canadian market for products using textiles in their manufacture. Imports of farm implements also showed a substantial decline as a result of lower farm income. Other major decreases occurred in the import of automobile parts because of the lower output of automobiles, and in coal as a result of the substitution of oil for fuel uses.

TABLE 13

BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS

ESTIMATED CURRENT ACCOUNT BETWEEN CANADA AND ALL COUNTRIES
(Millions of Canadian Dollars)

—	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
CURRENT CREDITS—				
Merchandise exports (adjusted)[1]	3,950	4,339	4,152	3,929
Gold available for export	150	150	144	155
Travel expenditures	274	275	302	300
Interest and dividends	115	145	164	136
Freight and shipping	351	383	337	306
Inheritances and immigrants' funds	77	85	92	91
Other current receipts	249	281	321	308
Total Credits	5,166	5,658	5,512	5,225
CURRENT DEBITS—				
Merchandise imports (adjusted)	4,097	3,850	4,209	3,920
Travel expenditures	280	341	365	380
Interest and dividends	450	413	410	443
Freight and shipping	354	375	382	341
Inheritances and emigrants' funds	70	94	91	93
Other current payments	432	421	494	475
Total Debits	5,683	5,494	5,951	5,652
NET BALANCE ON CURRENT ACCOUNT	−517	+164	−439	−427

[1] Aid to NATO countries under Defence Appropriation Act has been excluded.

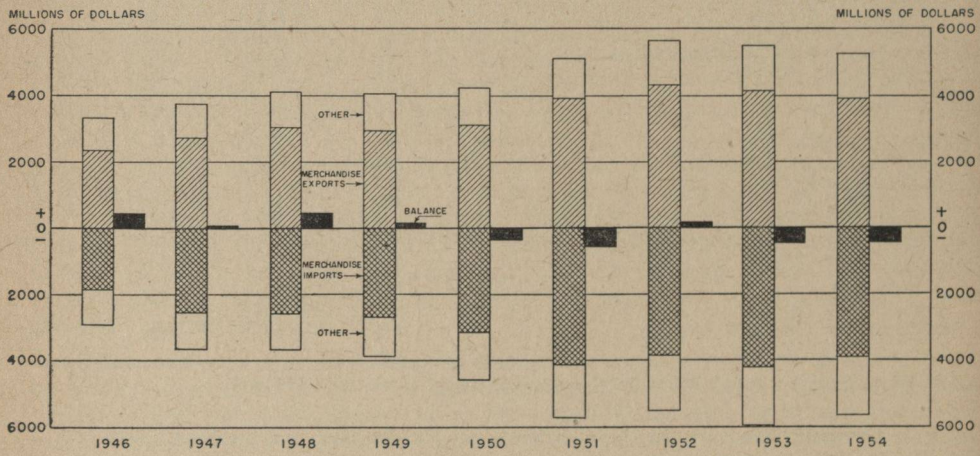
ESTIMATED GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE NET BALANCE ON CURRENT ACCOUNT
(Millions of Canadian Dollars)

—	1951	1952	1953	1954
Between Canada and—				
United States	−951	−849	−924	−818
United Kingdom	+223	+388	+142	+230
Rest of the Sterling Area	− 24	+114	+ 87	+ 38
Other OEEC Countries	+223	+332	+179	+118
Other Countries	+ 12	+179	+ 77	+ 5
All Countries	−517	+164	−439	−427

The customary deficit on non-merchandise account widened from $382 million in 1953 to an estimated $436 million in 1954, an increase of $54 million. Both payments and receipts fell below their 1953 levels with the greatest declines taking place in the freight account. This was a reflection of lower levels of trade in 1954 and further transfers of ships from Canadian registry. Interest and dividend receipts also showed a decline while payments showed a marked increase reflecting rising payments on earlier direct investment by foreigners in Canada and on Canadian issues held abroad. Travel expenditures by Canadians abroad were higher while receipts on this account were slightly lower than in the previous year. There was some drop in payments because of the large non-recurring military expenditures in 1953. The net result of these movements was that non-merchandise receipts declined from $1,360 million in 1953 to $1,296 million in 1954, a drop of $64 million. Payments fell by only $10 million from $1,742 million in 1953 to $1,732 million in 1954.

There were no significant changes in the direction of Canadian exports and imports in 1954. The decline in total exports was widely distributed. The lower value of exports to the United States was partly a consequence of reduced economic activity in that country in the early part of the year. On the other hand, the decline in exports to Commonwealth countries, including the United Kingdom, and to other overseas countries can be attributed almost entirely to lower exports of wheat and, to a lesser extent, motor vehicles. Apart from these items most other Canadian exports to these markets showed a strong upward trend. This was particularly true of the United Kingdom and Europe and is related to high levels of industrial activity as well as to increased liberalization of dollar trade and payments in those countries.

BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS



The decline in imports was concentrated in trade with the United States and the United Kingdom. The declines were mainly in consumer durable goods and machinery from the United States, in fibres and textiles from the United Kingdom and in iron and steel imports from both countries. Imports from the rest of the sterling area, Europe and all other overseas countries showed an increase, with the exception of imports from Latin America which declined fractionally from the previous year's level.

Excluding the movement in official reserves, the net inflow of capital into Canada in 1954 was considerably larger than in 1953. There were as well some changes in the components of the capital account. Direct investment was slightly lower, reflecting the somewhat lower level of activity and the effect

TABLE 14

CANADA'S OFFICIAL HOLDINGS OF GOLD AND U.S. DOLLARS
AS AT DECEMBER 31
(Millions of U.S. Dollars)

—	1951	1952	1953	1954
Exchange Fund Account and Bank of Canada—				
Gold	841·7	885·0	986·1	1,072·7
U.S. Dollars	899·5	961·8	802·0	833·4
Other Government of Canada Accounts	37·4	13·4	30·4	36·5
Total Gold and U.S. Dollars	1,778·6	1,860·2	1,818·5	1,942·6

of bad weather in hampering development of the western oil fields. The total value of new Canadian securities issued abroad was also lower as a result of the decline of Canadian rates of interest relative to rates in the United States. The net proceeds from these issues were further reduced by large capital retirements. In contrast to 1953, there was however a substantial net inflow of capital arising from dealings in outstanding Canadian issues. The outflow resulting from repatriation of government securities was somewhat larger than in 1953, but this was more than offset by an increase of $100 million in non-resident net purchases of common and preferred stocks of Canadian corporations. The operations of United States investment funds played an important part in this latter development. Other capital movements also resulted in a small inflow in 1954 compared with the large outflows of 1952 and 1953.

The total net inward movement of capital was more than sufficient to cover the deficit on current account and official exchange reserves rose by $124 million during the year and the Canadian dollar remained at a premium over the United States dollar. Official reserves of gold and United States dollars were $1,942 million at December 31, 1954, as compared with $1,818 million at December 31, 1953. At the same dates, the United States dollar was $.96 19/32 and $.97 3/8, respectively, in terms of the Canadian dollar. In recent weeks the premium on the Canadian dollar has been somewhat less and the noon rate of exchange on the United States dollar in Canadian funds was $98\frac{9}{32}$ on March 29, 1955.

TABLE 15

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL MOVEMENTS
(Millions of Dollars)

	1951	1952	1953	Prelim. 1954
Direct investment in Canada	+309	+346	+398	+325
Direct investment abroad	− 20	− 77	− 56	− 70
Canadian securities—				
Trade in outstanding issues	+ 38	− 94	− 31	+ 55
New issues	+411	+316	+342	+318
Retirements	−184	− 89	−142	−192
Foreign securities	+ 15	− 8	− 1	− 21
Official Loan Repayments	+ 68	+ 56	+ 87	+ 72
Canadian dollar holdings of foreigners	−192	− 66	− 17	+ 26
Official holdings of gold and foreign exchange (increase, −)	− 56	− 37	+ 38	−124
Other capital movements	+128	−511	−179	+ 38
Net capital movement financing current account balances	+517	−164	+439	+427

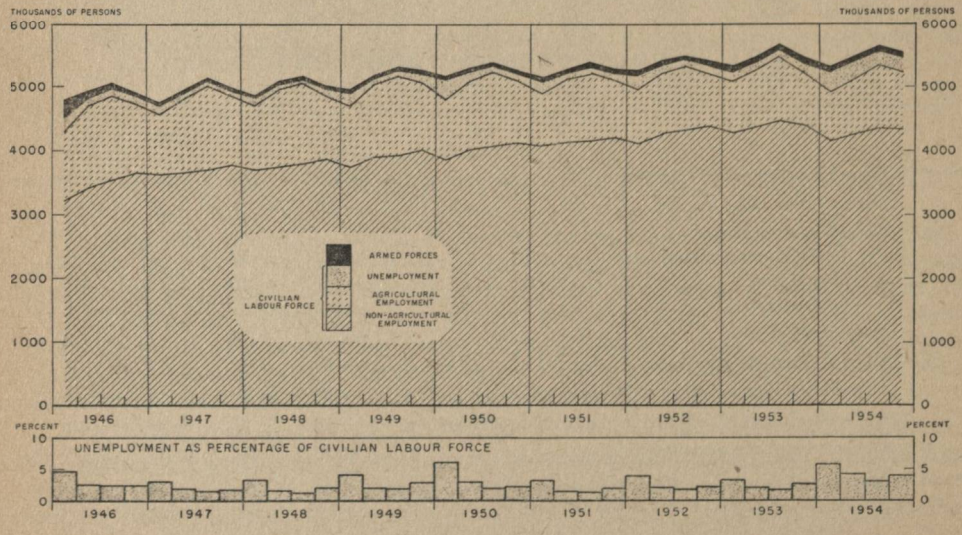
EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

Employment in 1954 reflected the weakening of demand and the more competitive conditions which became evident in some sections of the economy in the latter part of 1953. The growth in the labour force was accompanied by a decline in employment and there was consequently some increase in unemployment. The number of persons without jobs and seeking work rose from an average of 137,000 in 1953 to 232,000 in 1954. The average number of persons employed in 1954 was 5,194,000 compared with 5,246,000 in 1953.

Although the demand for labour was stronger in 1953 than in 1954, this was less true of the last quarter of the year. Thus, in 1953 employment was relatively high for the first three quarters of the year but conditions deteriorated noticeably in the last quarter. This deterioration continued into 1954 and each month from January to September showed lower employment than the comparable month of the preceding year. However, at the beginning of the fourth quarter of 1954 the number of people with jobs was approximately equal to the number at the same time in 1953; and in December of 1954 employment was considerably above the level of December 1953 although because of the expansion of the labour force the number without jobs and seeking work was also higher. Total industrial employment increased slightly in the last quarter of 1954 and the decline relative to 1953 was less pronounced than for the first three quarters of the year. Employment in non-durable manufactures and in construction showed a similar pattern. In forestry and mining the level of employment was actually higher than had prevailed in the last quarter of 1953. In the service sector the first three quarters of the year had shown a gain over the comparable period of 1953; and this gain was continued into the fourth quarter.

The number of persons without jobs and seeking work averaged 4.3 per cent of the labour force in 1954 compared with 2·5 per cent in 1953. The highest unemployment was reached in March of 1954 when there were 321,000 persons without jobs and seeking work or 147,000 more than the number for the same month in 1953. The point of lowest unemployment was reached in September 1954 with 168,000 jobless persons looking for work or 83,000 more than in September 1953. In January 1955 the number of persons without jobs and

THE LABOUR FORCE



seeking work was 363,000 or 80,000 above the level of the comparable month in 1954; and in February 1955 the number of persons without jobs and looking for work was 379,000 or 64,000 more than in February 1954.

Despite the fact that employment averaged a little less in 1954 than in 1953 there was an increase of about 2 per cent in total labour income. Thus, the higher rates of pay in 1954 more than offset the combined effect of reduced employment and a slightly shorter working week. The average annual earnings per paid worker rose from $2,940 in 1953 to $3,034 in 1954, an increase of 3 per cent. Since 1951 average earnings per paid worker have risen by almost 17 per cent. Most of this increase represents a gain in real income, for the upward movement in prices, as indicated by the consumer price index, has only amounted to 2 per cent.

The greater part of the 8 per cent increase in labour income for 1953 was concentrated in the first half of the year. There was very little growth for the last half of the year and the seasonally adjusted figures indicate a slight decline in total earnings between the fourth quarter of 1953 and the first quarter of 1954. The moderate rise in total labour income for 1954 was distributed fairly evenly over the last three quarters of the year.

Finance and other services was the only industrial group in which the total of wages and salaries advanced at a faster rate in 1954 than in 1953 and this increase amounted to 9 per cent. The total of wages and salaries paid in the primary industries rose by 2 per cent during 1954. In public utilities, transportation, storage and trade there was a moderate increase slightly greater than for labour income as a whole. In both manufacturing and construction on the other hand there was a small decline in aggregate earnings.

TABLE 16

THE CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE

ANNUAL AVERAGES[1]
(Thousands of Persons)

—	1951[2]	1952[2]	1953[2]	1954[2]
Civilian Labour Force	5,217	5,315	5,383	5,426
Male	4,071	4,136	4,197	4,207
Female	1,146	1,179	1,186	1,219
Non-Agricultural	4,274	4,420	4,521	4,547
Agricultural	943	895	862	879
Persons without jobs seeking work	106	129	137	232
Persons with jobs	5,111	5,186	5,246	5,194
In Non-Agricultural Industries	4,171	4,295	4,388	4,321
Paid Workers	3,636	3,773	3,853	3,802
Employers, own account workers and unpaid family workers	535	522	535	519
In Agriculture	940	891	858	873
Paid Workers	99	111	113	120
Employers, own account workers and unpaid family workers	841	780	745	753

[1] Average of the quarterly labour force surveys in 1951 and 1952 and of the monthly surveys in 1953 and 1954.

[2] Revised to include all areas in the ten provinces.

The civilian labour force, which includes both the employed and the unemployed, averaged 5,426,000 for 1954 and accounted for 52·7 per cent of the non-institutional civilian population over 14 years of age. This compares with 53·1 per cent in 1953. The agricultural labour force increased from 862,000 in 1953 to 879,000 in 1954. This increase of 17,000 is in contrast to the trend of recent years when there has been a marked shift from rural to urban occupations.

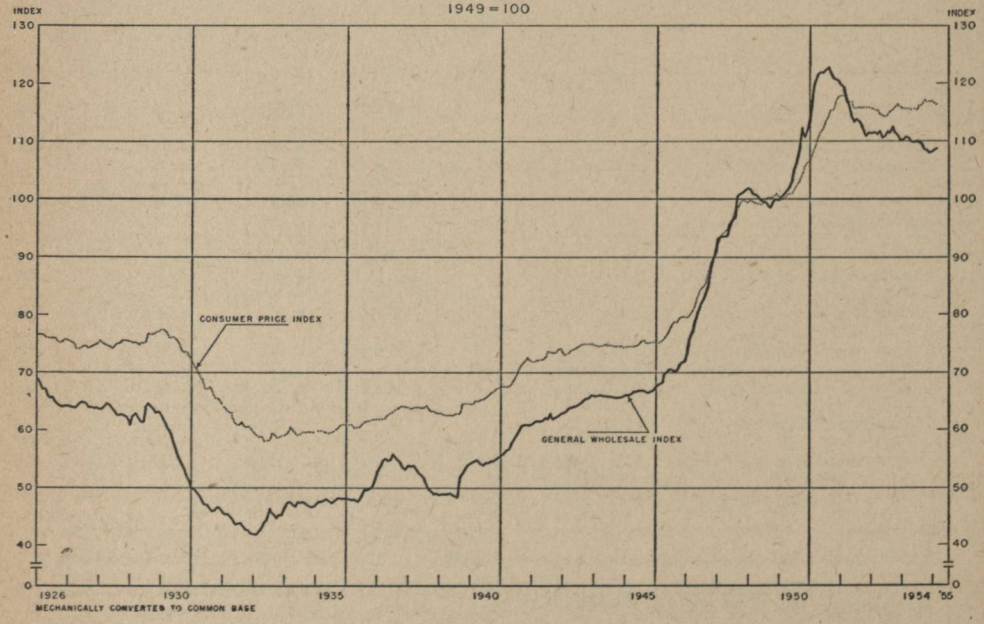
In addition to the civilian labour force, there were 115,000 men and women in the armed forces in 1954 compared with 106,000 in 1953.

PRICE TRENDS

Canadian prices were relatively stable during 1954. The consumer price index varied little more than ½ per cent from its yearly average and ended the year less than 1 per cent above the January level. The general wholesale index declined slowly but more or less steadily throughout the year and was about 2 per cent lower in December than in January. The consumer price index has been almost unchanged for about three years and the wholesale price index has declined less than 3 per cent since September 1952.

The consumer price index moved fractionally upward from an average of 115·5 in 1953 to 116·2 in 1954. This was the result of moderate increases in the price of services. The largest increase was the 2 per cent rise in the shelter index. During the year the variations in the consumer price index followed closely the variations in food prices. The food index reached a low of 110·2 in May and a high of 114·4 in August. It was half a point higher at December 1954 than at December 1953, but the average of food prices for 1954 was slightly lower than for 1953. Clothing was the only other group in which prices averaged less than in 1953. There was a fairly steady decline throughout the year and clothing prices were about 2 per cent lower at the end of the year than at the beginning and about 6 per cent lower than they had been in December 1951.

CANADIAN WHOLESALE AND CONSUMER PRICE INDEXES



The United States consumer price index also averaged a little more for 1954 than for 1953. However, in the United States the movement throughout 1954 was slightly downward both in the total index and in the food component. In Canada, as has been pointed out, the movement was slightly upward.

The Canadian index of wholesale prices declined for the third successive year. The average for the year was 2 per cent below the average of 1953; and the moderate downward course throughout the year brought the index at year-end to a point only 3 per cent above the level of June 1950. Since wholesale prices reached their peak in July 1951, following the outbreak of war in Korea, the decline in the index has amounted to 12 per cent. The slight downward movement of the wholesale index in 1954 reflected the trend for the majority of goods. In general, raw materials declined somewhat less than manufactured products. The larger decreases took place in wholesale prices for farm products and textile and iron products. However, the decline in the price of farm and textile products was considerably less than in 1953. The fall in the wholesale price for iron products was about 4 per cent compared with an increase of 1 per cent in the previous year. Exceptions to the general downward trend occurred in the case of non-metallic minerals and chemicals which moved fractionally above 1953 levels.

TABLE 17

WHOLESALE PRICE INDEXES
(1935-39=100)

—	General Wholesale Prices	Fully and Chiefly Manufactured Goods	Canadian Farm Products
1939	99·2	101·9	92·6
1940	108·0	109·9	96·1
1941	116·4	118·8	106·6
1942	123·0	123·7	127·1
1943	127·9	126·9	145·4
1944	130·6	129·1	155·3
1945	132·1	129·8	166·4
1946	138·9	138·0	179·5
1947	163·3	162·4	192·2
1948	193·4	192·4	232·1
1949	198·3	199·2	228·7
1950	211·2	211·0	236·7
1951	240·2	242·4	268·6
1952	226·0	230·7	250·2
1953	220·7	228·8	220·9
1954	217·0	224·2	209·2
1954—January	219·8	227·8	212·9
February	219·0	227·3	212·3
March	218·6	226·9	210·2
April	217·9	225·1	209·0
May	218·2	224·5	213·1
June	217·8	224·5	213·1
July	217·4	223·6	217·8
August	215·8	222·3	207·9
September	215·3	222·6	204·1
October	214·3	221·8	201·1
November	214·8	222·2	203·8
December	215·3	222·3	204·7
1955—January	215·7	222·1	206·5
February	217·4	223·2	206·1

Note: 1954 Indexes are preliminary. The Canadian Farm Products index is fully revised only up to July 1953 and does not reflect final payments on all grains for subsequent months.

TABLE 18

CONSUMER PRICE INDEXES

—	Canada		United States	
	Total	Food	Total	Food
	1949=100		1947-49=100	
1939	63·2	50·2	59·4	47·1
1940	65·7	52·6	59·9	47·8
1941	69·6	57·9	62·9	52·2
1942	72·9	63·4	69·7	61·3
1943	74·2	65·2	74·0	68·3
1944	74·6	65·5	75·2	67·4
1945	75·0	66·3	76·9	68·9
1946	77·5	70·0	83·4	79·0
1947	84·8	79·5	95·5	95·9
1948	97·0	97·5	102·8	104·1
1949	100·0	100·0	101·8	100·0
1950	102·9	102·6	102·8	101·2
1951	113·7	117·0	111·0	112·6
1952	116·5	116·8	113·5	114·6
1953	115·5	112·6	114·4	112·8
1954	116·2	112·2	114·8	112·6
1954—January	115·7	111·6	115·2	113·1
February	115·7	111·7	115·0	112·6
March	115·5	110·7	114·8	112·1
April	115·6	110·4	114·6	112·4
May	115·5	110·2	115·0	113·3
June	116·1	112·0	115·1	113·8
July	116·2	112·1	115·2	114·6
August	117·0	114·4	115·0	113·9
September	116·8	113·8	114·7	112·4
October	116·8	113·8	114·5	111·8
November	116·8	113·4	114·6	111·1
December	116·6	112·6	114·3	110·4
1955—January	116·4	112·1	114·3	110·6
February	116·3	111·5	114·3	110·8

Part II

REVIEW OF GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTS 1954-55

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Part II

REVIEW OF GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTS

1954-55

1. INTRODUCTION

The figures which are presented in this Part must be regarded as preliminary and subject to revision. Although the Government's fiscal year ended on March 31, the books must remain open for several weeks in order to record various adjusting entries and to take into account all payments up to and including April 30 made on account of expenditures originating in and properly chargeable to the fiscal year 1954-55. Consequently the final figures when they become available next August may show some variations from those given in the following pages.

2. HIGHLIGHTS OF GOVERNMENTAL FINANCIAL OPERATIONS DURING 1954-55

The budgetary revenues of the government for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1955 are now estimated at $4,107 million. This is $357 million or about 8 per cent less than the amount of $4,464 million forecast in last year's budget speech and approximately $289 million less than the total collected in the preceding year.

Budgetary expenditures are estimated at $4,255 million which is $205 million or 4½ per cent less than the budget forecast and about $95 million less than the total spent in 1953-54.

On the basis of these figures the indicated deficit is about $148 million compared with the budget forecast of a nominal surplus of $4 million and a surplus of $46 million for 1953-54.

On the revenue side of the government's budgetary operations the most significant feature was the decline of $251 million in tax revenues. Corporation income taxes declined by $183 million, excise taxes by $53 million, customs import duties by $14 million and personal income taxes by $12 million, but these were only slightly offset by increases of $7 million in taxes on dividends, interest, rents and royalties going abroad, and $3 million in succession duties.

On the expenditure side, the most significant feature was the continued importance of defence in the government's expenditure programme. Although defence expenditures at $1,697 million were $157 million or about 8 per cent less than those of the previous year, they still constituted 40 per cent of the government's total budgetary outlay. In 1953-54, defence expenditures represented 42·6 per cent of the total.

Although the budgetary deficit was $148 million, the government made loans, advances and other non-budgetary disbursements of about $292 million and at the same time reduced the amount of its unmatured funded debt outstanding in the hands of the public by approximately $202 million. This was achieved by using the $488 million available from insurance, pension and annuity accounts receipts, the repayment of loans and advances and other non-budgetary receipts and credits, and by letting cash balances run down by $154 million.

The following table summarizes the budgetary and non-budgetary transactions and changes in cash position for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1955:

TABLE I

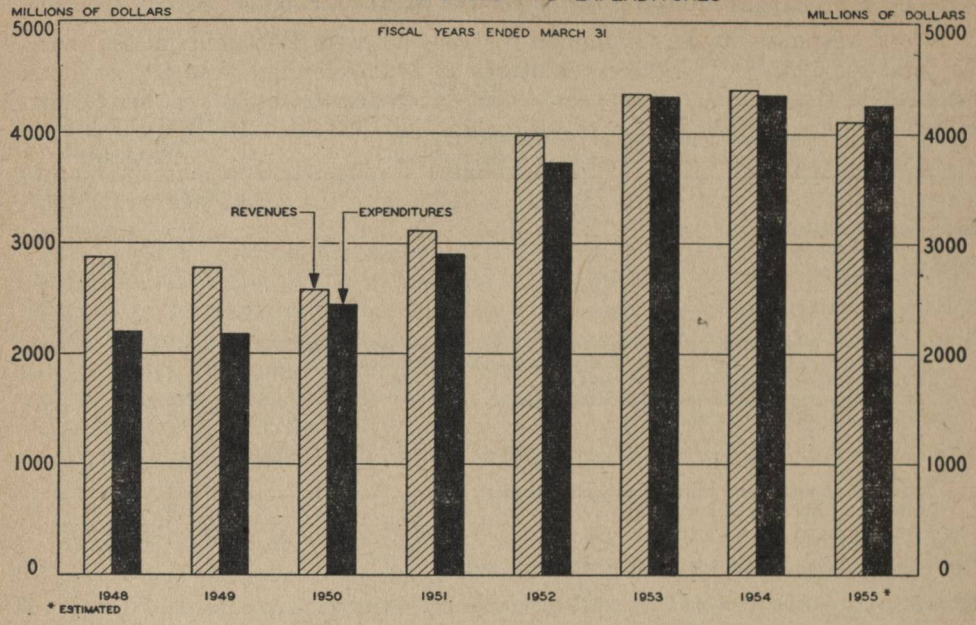
Summary of Budgetary and Non-Budgetary Transactions and Changes in Cash Position	Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 1955 (Estimated)		
	(in millions of dollars)		
Budgetary revenues	.....	4,107	
Budgetary expenditures	.....	4,255	
Budgetary deficit (−)	.....	.....	−148
Non-budgetary receipts and credits (excluding unmatured debt transactions)—			
Repayments of loans, investments and working capital advances	222		
Net government annuities account receipts	64		
Net insurance and pension account receipts	139		
Other non-budgetary receipts	63	488	
Non-budgetary disbursements and charges (excluding unmatured debt transactions)—			
Loans, investments and working capital advances	179		
Other non-budgetary disbursements	113	292	
Net amount available from non-budgetary transactions	.....	.....	196
Overall cash available from budgetary and non-budgetary transactions	.....	.....	48
Net decrease in unmatured debt outstanding in the hands of the public	.....	.....	−202
Net decrease in cash balances	.....	.....	−154

Pension payments from the old age security fund amounted to $353 million in 1954-55 and tax receipts credited to the fund amounted to $291 million with the result that there was a deficit for the year of $62 million which was covered by a temporary loan by the Minister of Finance to the fund. This amount, together with the loan of $46 million covering the deficit of the fund for 1953-54 brings the total outstanding temporary loans made by the Minister of Finance to the fund to $108 million.

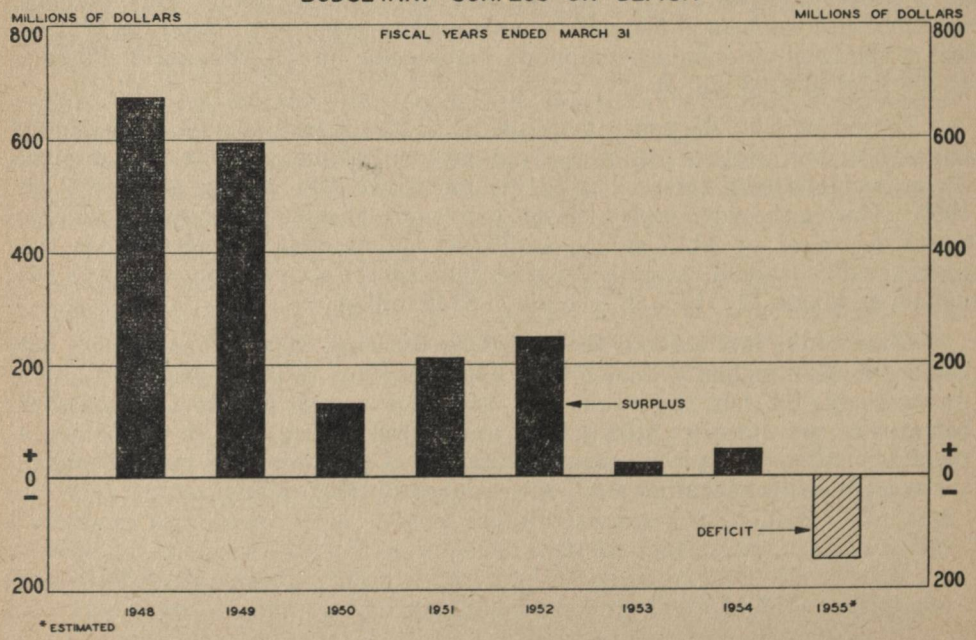
During 1954-55, the government's liability for unmatured debt decreased by $88 million, but as other liabilities of the government increased by $109 million, the gross public debt increased by $21 million to $17,944 million at March 31, 1955. During the same period the net active or realizable or revenue-producing assets decreased by $127 million to $6,680 million with the result that the government's net debt—that is, the gross debt less the active assets—was $11,264 million at March 31, 1955, an increase of $148 million.

After taking into account the budgetary deficit of $148 million and the net balance of $196 million available from non-budgetary transactions, $48 million was available for debt reduction. By using this amount and by allowing cash balances to run down by $154 million, unmatured funded debt in the hands of the public, after taking into account sinking fund purchases and transactions in the securities investment account, was reduced by $202 million.

BUDGETARY REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES



BUDGETARY SURPLUS OR DEFICIT



3. THE BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS

Total revenues, at $4,107 million for 1954-55, were $289 million less than the total for 1953-54. Total expenditures at $4,255 million were $95 million less than in the previous fiscal year. The deficit for the fiscal year was $148 million compared with a surplus of $46 million for 1953-54.

A summarized statement of the estimated revenues and expenditures and deficit for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1955, with the actual figures for the fiscal years ended March 31, 1948 to 1954, inclusive, is given in the following table:

TABLE II

BUDGETARY REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

(In millions of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended March 31	Budgetary Revenues	Budgetary Expenditures	Surplus or Deficit (−)
1948	2,871·7	2,195·6	676·1
1949	2,771·4	2,175·9	595·5
1950	2,580·1	2,448·6	131·5
1951	3,112·5	2,901·2	211·3
1952	3,980·9	3,732·9	248·0
1953	4,360·8	4,337·3	23·5
1954	4,396·3	4,350·5	45·8
1955 (Estimated)	4,107·1	4,255·4	−148·3

A. Revenues

Budgetary revenues amounted to $4,107 million for the fiscal year 1954-55. This is $289 million or 6·6 per cent less than the record amount of $4,396 million received in the previous year. Of the total for the year $3,753 million or 91·4 per cent was derived from taxes and $354 million or 8·6 per cent from non-tax revenues and special receipts and credits.

A statement of estimated revenues for 1954-55 classified by major categories, and the corresponding actual figures for 1953-54 is given in Table III.

TABLE III

Statement of Budgetary Revenue by Major Classifications

(In millions of dollars)

Source	Fiscal Year Ended March 31				Increase or Decrease (−)	
	1955 (Estimated)		1954			
	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent
Tax revenues—						
Personal income tax*	1,176·0	28·6	1,187·7	27·0	−11·7	1·0
Taxes on interest, dividends, etc., going abroad	61·0	1·5	53·8	1·2	7·2	13·4
Corporation income tax*	1,008·0	24·5	1,191·2	27·1	−183·2	15·4
Succession duties	42·0	1·0	39·1	0·9	2·9	7·4
Customs import duties	393·0	9·7	407·3	9·3	−14·3	3·5
Excise duties	227·0	5·5	226·7	5·2	0·3	0·1
Sales tax*	576·0	14·0	587·3	13·4	−11·3	1·9
Other excise taxes	254·3	6·2	296·0	6·7	−41·7	14·1
Other taxes	15·5	0·4	14·5	0·3	1·0	6·8
Total tax revenues	3,752·8	91·4	4,003·6	91·1	−250·8	6·2
Non-tax revenues—						
Post Office	130·1	3·2	111·0	2·5	19·1	17·2
Return on investments	133·7	3·2	151·9	3·5	−18·2	12·0
Premium, discount and exchange	.....	.....	0·8	.....	−0·8	100·0
Other non-tax revenues	56·8	1·4	54·5	1·2	2·3	4·2
Total non-tax revenues	320·6	7·8	318·2	7·2	2·4	0·8
Special receipts and credits	33·7	0·8	74·5	1·7	−40·8	54·8
Total revenues	4,107·1	100·0	4,396·3	100·0	−289·2	6·6

	1954-55	1953-54
*Excluding tax credited to Old Age Security Fund—		
2% personal income tax	101·0	90·7
2% corporation income tax	46·0	55·6
2% sales tax	144·0	146·8
	291·0	293·1

(1) Tax Revenue

Tax on Personal Incomes

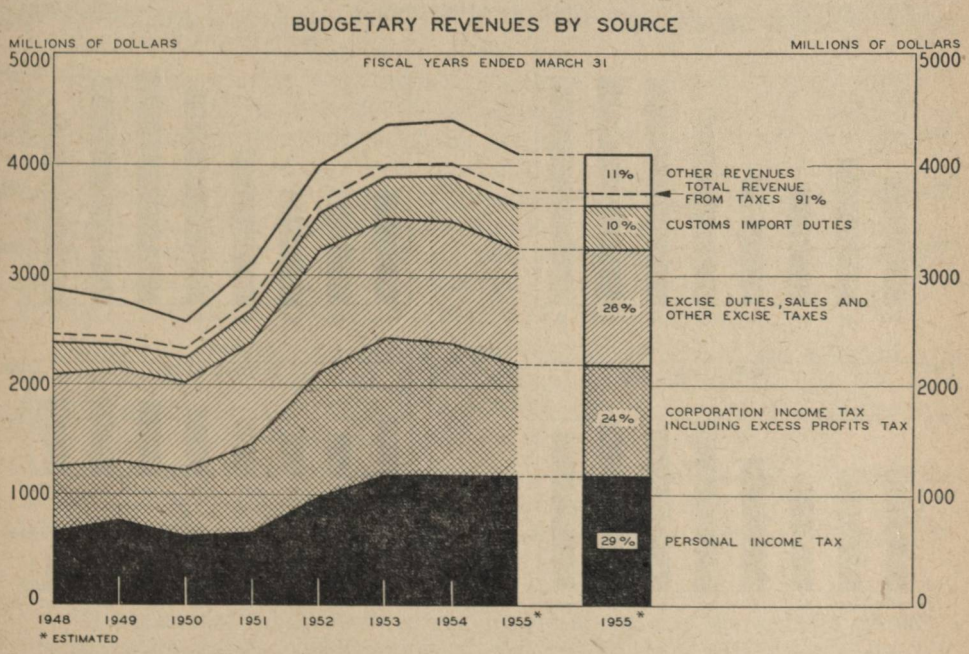
The personal income tax in 1954-55 replaced corporation income tax as the largest class of government revenues. The yield (excluding the old age security tax) for the year was $1,176 million, a decrease of $12 million or 1 per cent from 1953-54. This decrease is due to the continuing effect of the 1953

tax reductions and the introduction of a personal income tax in the Province of Quebec. Tax rates on personal incomes were reduced about 11 per cent on July 1, 1953. Consequently these lower rates were in operation for only three quarters of 1953-54 but applied through all of 1954-55. The fact that the tax rates for 1954 were on the average about 6 per cent below those for 1953 was reflected in lower quarterly instalments and balances of tax paid with returns in the fiscal year 1954-55. The allowance of a credit for the Quebec income tax up to 10 per cent of the federal tax resulted in lower quarterly instalment payments of federal tax during the year for some taxpayers in Quebec and refunds to some taxpayers in that province who filed their 1954 returns before the end of the fiscal year. The influence of these factors more than offset the small increase in the total of personal incomes that took place in 1954.

In addition the 2 per cent tax on personal incomes levied under the Old Age Security Act yielded an estimated amount of $101 million during 1954-55 compared with $91 million in 1953-54. The apparent increase in revenue from this tax during the period when the revenue from the personal income tax declined is due to the fact that the yield from this tax in 1953-54 did not represent a full year's return at the 2 per cent rate. This revenue was credited to the Old Age Security Fund.

Taxes on Interest, Dividends, Rents and Royalties Going Abroad

These revenues are derived from taxes withheld on payments of interest, dividends, rents, royalties, alimony and income from estates and trusts made to non-residents. The total of $61 million in 1954-55 is $7 million greater than in the previous year reflecting increased dividend payments during the year.



Corporation Income Tax

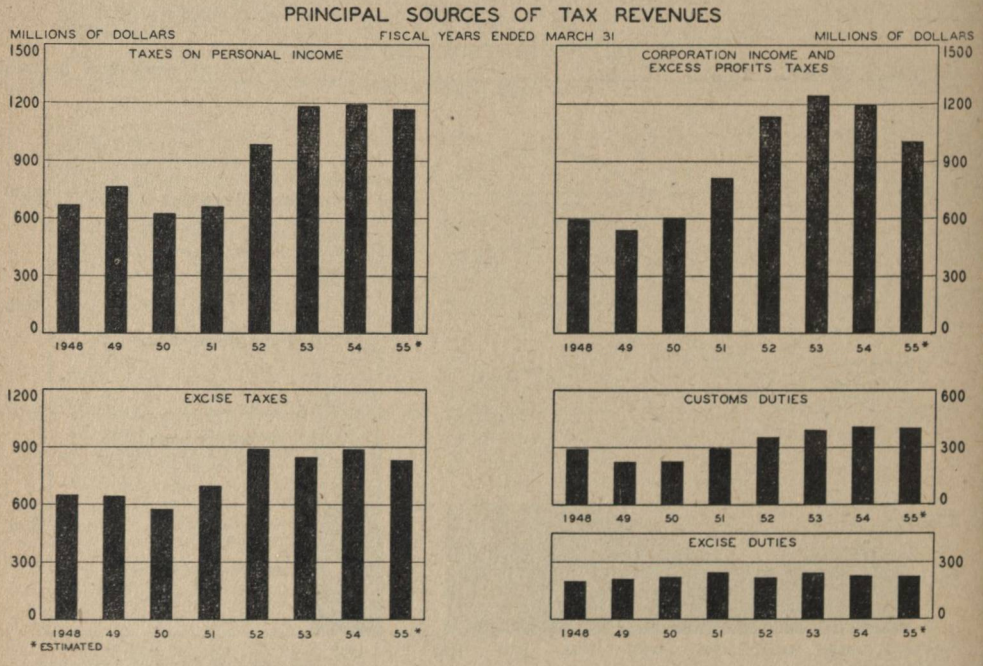
Corporation income tax was the second largest class of government revenue in 1954-55, being replaced as the largest revenue producer by the personal income tax. Collections (excluding the old age security tax) amounted to $1,008 million, a decrease of $183 million or 15 per cent from the previous year's total of $1,191 million. Most of this decrease is due to the lower corporation profits in 1954. However, the continuing effect of the reduction in rates announced in the 1953 budget also influenced the comparison of revenue in 1954-55 with that of the previous year because some of the collections in 1953-54 were based on the higher rates of tax in force before January 1, 1953.

The total revenue from corporation income tax includes $6·5 million paid by corporations paying the 15 per cent tax on their undistributed income. This compares with $8·8 million collected from this source in 1953-54.

In addition the 2 per cent tax levied on corporate profits under the Old Age Security Act yielded $46 million during 1954-55 compared with $56 million collected from this source in 1953-54. These collections were credited to the Old Age Security Fund.

Succession Duties

Revenues from succession duties were $42 million in 1954-55, an increase of $3 million or 7 per cent over the previous year.



Customs Import Duties

Revenue from customs import duties amounted to $393 million, a decrease of $14 million or 3½ per cent from 1953-54. This decrease in revenue reflects the decrease in the total value of imports.

Excise Duties

Excise duties are levied exclusively on alcoholic beverages and tobacco products. (Additional taxes on tobacco products are levied under the Excise Tax Act). The revenue from excise duties for the year was $227 million, only $0.3 million less than in the previous year. The receipts from the tax on alcoholic beverages, before deducting refunds, showed a decline of $2 million from the previous year but gross receipts from tobacco products were $2 million higher.

Excise Taxes

Included under this heading are the revenues from the general sales tax and the special excise taxes levied on a wide range of manufactured products. Total net collections for the year are estimated at $830 million, a decrease from 1953-54 of $53 million or 6 per cent.

The sales tax, which from the standpoint of revenue is the most important tax levied under the Excise Tax Act, yielded an estimated net revenue of $576 million in 1954-55 (excluding the 2 per cent old age security sales tax). This is $11 million or 2 per cent less than the amount of $587 million received from this source in the previous year. About $3 million of this reduction may be attributed to the exemption of certain items from tax following the 1954 budget. The remaining part of the reduction in revenue was due to the slight decrease in sales of taxable goods during the year.

Excise taxes other than sales tax yielded approximately $254 million or $42 million less than 1953-54. Approximately $33 million of this reduction in revenue is due to the reduction of the tax rate from 15 per cent to 10 per cent for a wide range of items and the repeal of the tax on certain other items such as household electrical applicances, furs, cameras and luggage following the 1954 budget. The rest of the reduction in revenue is more than accounted for by the decline in passenger automobile production during the year. The combined revenue from the tax on automobiles and tires and tubes in the year was $84 million. This was $22 million less than in the previous year.

The item showing the largest increase in revenue over the previous year was the tax on television sets, radios and tubes, which yielded $22 million or $5 million more than in 1953-54. Small increases in revenue were also realized from the tax on tobacco products and the tax on wines.

In addition the 2 per cent tax on sales levied under the Old Age Security Act yielded $144 million during 1954-55 compared with $147 million in 1953-54. These collections were credited to the Old Age Security Fund.

Other Taxes

The principal tax under this heading is the tax on the premium income of insurance companies which produced $15 million in 1954-55 compared with $14 million in the previous year. Small amounts of revenue were also received from the tax on the export of electrical energy from Canada and the tax on the export of furs from the Northwest Territories.

(2) Non-Tax Revenues

Non-tax revenues for 1954-55 are estimated at $321 million, an increase of $2·4 million over the total for 1953-54. The following table presents a comparative summary of revenues under this heading for the past two years:

TABLE IV

(In millions of dollars)

Non-Tax Revenues	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)	
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	Amount	Per Cent
Post Office	130·1	111·0	19·1	17·2
Return on investments	133·7	151·9	−18·2	12·0
Premium discount and exchange	.....	0·8	−0·8	100·0
Bullion and coinage	1·5	4·2	−2·7	64·3
Privileges, licences and permits	13·8	13·3	0·5	3·8
Proceeds from sales	5·3	5·4	−0·1	1·9
Services and service fees	19·8	17·6	2·2	12·5
Refunds of previous years' expenditures	13·1	11·3	1·8	15·9
Miscellaneous	3·3	2·7	0·6	22·2
Total non-tax revenues	320·6	318·2	2·4	0·8

Post Office

Gross Post Office receipts for 1954-55 are expected to amount to $151 million. After making authorized disbursements from revenue of $21 million for salaries and rent allowances at semi-staff and revenue offices, commissions at sub-offices, transit charges on Canadian mail forwarded through or delivered in foreign countries, etc., net post office receipts credited to budgetary revenues are estimated at $130 million. The increase of $21 million in gross receipts over the corresponding amount received in 1953-54, due mainly to the increase in postal rates, is offset in part by an increase of $2 million in disbursements from revenue, chiefly on account of an increase in remuneration paid to revenue postmasters and their assistants.

As costs of operating the Post Office during 1954-55 (excluding the $21 million charged to revenue) are expected to total $124 million, net revenue will exceed net costs by approximately $6 million. However, in making this comparison it is to be noted that the total shown for post office revenues does not reflect any payment for the franking privilege covering parliamentary and departmental mail or for certain miscellaneous services provided for other government departments and agencies, nor does the total shown for operating expenses reflect any charges for premises occupied by the Post Office Department or for certain accounting and miscellaneous services provided by other departments.

Return on Investments

Return on investments is expected to yield $134 million, a decrease of $18 million from the total of $152 million received in 1953-54. The largest decrease was in the surplus of Canadian Arsenals Limited which for 1954-55 is expected to total $6 million compared with $12 million received in 1953-54. There was a decrease in profits in the Exchange Fund account of $5 million and in the profits received from the Bank of Canada of $3 million. Interest received on loans to the Canadian National Railways decreased by $4 million while interest received from the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation increased by $2 million.

A comparative summary of receipts during 1954-55 and 1953-54 under this heading is given in the following table:

TABLE V

(In millions of dollars)

Return on Investments	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Loans to, and investments in, Crown agencies—			
Bank of Canada	41·5	44·1	−2·6
Exchange fund account	10·9	16·3	−5·4
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation	16·4	14·3	2·1
Canadian Arsenals Limited	5·5	11·9	−6·4
Canadian National Railways	4·1	7·7	−3·6
National Harbours Board	4·2	4·5	−0·3
Polymer Corporation Limited	3·1	3·2	−0·1
Other Crown agencies	1·8	1·5	0·3
	87·5	*103·5*	*−16·0*
Other loans and investments—			
United Kingdom	22·8	23·1	−0·3
Other national governments	12·0	12·5	−0·5
Provincial and municipal governments	1·2	1·2	.....
Soldier and general land settlement loans and Veterans Land Act advances	4·8	4·6	0·2
Securities investment account	0·2	3·1	−2·9
Sinking fund and other investments held for retirement of unmatured debt	4·1	2·4	1·7
Other loans and investments	1·1	1·5	−0·4
	46·2	*48·4*	*−2·2*
	133·7	151·9	−18·2

Premium Discount and Exchange

Accounting adjustments with respect to premium, discount and exchange in the year under review are expected to result in a net expenditure of $1 million compared with a net revenue of $0·8 million in 1953-54. This is due mainly to exchange deficiencies resulting from the revaluation of the government's holdings of its own securities payable in United States dollars.

(3) Special Receipts and Credits

Special receipts and credits are estimated at $34 million for the fiscal year 1954-55. This is a decrease of $41 million from the total of $75 million received in the previous year. A comparative summary of the sources of special receipts and other credits for the last two years is presented in the following table:

TABLE VI

(In millions of dollars)

Special Receipts and Credits	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Transfer to revenue of provincial 5 per cent corporation income tax suspense account pursuant to the 1952 tax rental agreements	.....	46·8	−46·8
Proceeds from the sale of Crown assets	29·2	22·4	6·8
Transfer to revenue of royalties and license fees (Department of Defence Production)	1·0	.....	1·0
Payment received from the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in settlement of equipment and material delivered under mutual aid after September 2, 1945	.....	2·8	−2·8
Miscellaneous special receipts	3·5	2·5	1·0
	33·7	74·5	−40·8

It will be noted from the table that the transfer to revenue in 1953-54 of the balance of provincial corporation income taxes transferred to the Receiver General pursuant to the 1952 tax rental agreements more than accounts for the decrease in receipts in 1954-55.

A total of $29 million was received during the fiscal year from the sale of Crown assets. Of this amount $7 million was received from the Crown Assets Disposal Corporation representing the amount realized from the disposal of surplus Crown assets; $16 million represented receipts from sales of Crown lands, buildings and equipment under agreements of sale; $1 million was received from the sale of Government telegraph and telephone facilities in British Columbia; and $5 million was received from the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation representing the proceeds from the sale of wartime housing properties including depreciation provisions set aside in previous years by the corporation on properties that have now been sold.

An amount of $1 million was transferred from Defence Production suspense account to revenue. This amount represented royalties and license fees on the use of patents in connection with war production.

(4) Comparison of Actual Revenue with Budget Forecast

Total budgetary revenues for 1954-55, excluding revenue from the old age security taxes, as now estimated were $357 million less than the forecast made in the budget speech of April 6, 1954. This represents a shortfall of about 8 per cent. Revenue from all sources except the tax on non-residents, succession duties and miscellaneous taxes were less than expected and revenues from these three sources exceeded expectations by only small amounts. This failure of revenues to come up to the amounts forecast reflects the fact that the general level of economic activity and production throughout the year was somewhat less than the level which formed the basis for the budget forecast.

The following table shows the extent to which actual revenues for 1954-55 as now estimated, differ from the budget forecast:

TABLE VII

COMPARISON OF BUDGET FORECAST WITH ACTUAL REVENUES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1955

(In millions of dollars)

Source of Revenues	Budget Forecast of Revenues	Actual Revenues (Estimated)	Increase or Decrease(−) compared with Budget Forecast
Personal income tax	1,235·0	1,176·0	−59·0
Non-resident income taxes	55·0	61·0	6·0
Corporation income tax	1,200·0	1,008·0	−192·0
Succession duties	40·0	42·0	2·0
Customs import duties	415·0	393·0	−22·0
Sales tax (net)	607·0	576·0	−31·0
Other excise duties and taxes	507·0	481·3	−25·7
Miscellaneous taxes	15·0	15·5	0·5
Total tax revenues	4,074·0	3,752·8	−321·2
Non-tax revenues	340·0	320·6	−19·4
Special receipts and credits	50·0	33·7	−16·3
Total budgetary revenues	4,464·0	4,107·1	−356·9

The revenue from the personal income tax was $59 million or about 5 per cent less than the budget forecast. About $3 million of this deficiency is due to the increased credit now allowed for the Quebec personal income tax but most of the shortfall occurred because the total of personal incomes did not rise as much as had been expected.

Revenue from the tax on income going to non-residents exceeded expectations because of a sharp increase in the dividend payments going from companies in Canada to persons abroad.

Corporation income tax revenue was approximately $192 million less than the budget forecast which was based on the assumption that 1954 corporate profits would be slightly better than in 1953. Preliminary estimates are that 1954 profits were nearly 7 per cent below those for 1953.

Revenue from customs duties, sales tax and other excise taxes and duties fell from 5 to 6 per cent below the budget forecast. The deficiency in the sales and other excise tax revenue occurred in part because of the unexpected drop in automobile production during the year.

The shortfall of $19 million in non-tax revenues from the budget forecast is attributable largely to return on investments being lower than anticipated.

Special receipts and credits are extremely difficult to estimate and the total of $34 million fell short of the budget forecast by $16 million.

B. Expenditures

The table which follows presents a comparative summary of estimated expenditures by departments and principal purposes for the fiscal year 1954-55, with actual expenditures for the preceding year:

TABLE VIII

Statement of Budgetary Expenditures by Departments and Major Classifications

(In millions of dollars)

—	Fiscal Year Ended March 31				Increase or Decrease (−)	
	1955 (Estimated)		1954			
	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent	Amount	Per cent
National Defence	1,677·3	39·4	1,805·9	41·5	−128·6	7·1
Defence Production	19·6	0·5	47·9	1·1	−28·3	59·1
	1,696·9	*39·9*	*1,853·8*	*42·6*	*−156·9*	*8·2*
Public debt charges—						
Interest on public debt	478·2	11·2	476·0	10·9	2·2	0·5
Other debt charges	24·5	0·6	19·7	0·5	4·8	24·4
	502·7	*11·8*	*495·7*	*11·4*	*7·0*	*1·4*
Provincial subsidies and tax rental payments (including transitional grant to Newfoundland)	358·5	8·4	341·0	7·8	17·5	5·1
Government contributions with respect to the superannuation account	37·4	0·9	54·5	1·3	−17·1	31·4
Provision for reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets	.....	.....	50·0	1·2	−50·0	100·0
Family allowances	366·5	8·6	350·1	8·0	16·4	4·7
Unemployment Insurance Act—Administration and Government's contribution	60·2	1·4	57·9	1·3	2·3	4·0
Agriculture	83·3	2·0	108·4	2·5	−25·1	23·2
Atomic Energy	15·0	0·4	12·7	0·3	2·3	18·1
Canadian Broadcasting Corporation	30·3	0·7	25·0	0·6	5·3	21·2
Citizenship and Immigration	28·1	0·7	25·5	0·6	2·6	10·2
External Affairs	44·1	1·0	45·7	1·1	−1·6	3·5
Finance	33·5	0·8	30·2	0·7	3·3	10·6
Mines and Technical Surveys	42·5	1·0	38·5	0·9	4·0	10·4
National Health and Welfare	86·6	2·0	80·4	1·8	6·2	7·7
National Research Council	15·7	0·4	15·4	0·4	0·3	1·9
National Revenue	55·2	1·3	49·9	1·1	5·3	10·6
Northern Affairs and National Resources	20·4	0·5	19·1	0·4	1·3	6·8
Post Office	124·5	2·9	113·6	2·6	10·9	9·6
Public Works	138·0	3·3	115·0	2·6	23·0	20·0
Royal Canadian Mounted Police	36·0	0·8	33·9	0·8	2·1	6·2
Trade and Commerce	17·7	0·4	16·5	0·4	1·2	7·3
Transport	158·8	3·7	118·0	2·7	40·8	34·6
Veterans Affairs	242·2	5·7	238·7	5·5	3·5	1·5
Other departments	61·3	1·4	61·0	1·4	0·3	0·5
Grand total	4,255·4	100·0	4,350·5	100·0	−95·1	2·2

National Defence and Defence Production

Defence expenditures, comprising the expenditures of the Department of National Defence and the Department of Defence Production, constituted 40 per cent of all government expenditures in 1954-55 and were consequently the largest category of government expenditure. Expenditures of the Department of National Defence were $1,677 million, a decrease of $129 million from the previous year, while those of the Department of Defence Production were

$20 million, a decrease of $28 million. The combined expenditures of $1,697 million for these two departments in 1954-55 were $157 million less than the total of $1,854 million for 1953-54.

A comparative summary of expenditures for the two departments for the last two fiscal years is presented in the table which follows:

TABLE IX
(In millions of dollars)

National Defence and Defence Production	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Department of National Defence—			
Army services	382·5	401·3	−18·8
Naval services	284·1	266·3	17·8
Air services	645·0	740·7	−95·7
	1,311·6	*1,408·3*	*−96·7*
Defence research and development	44·4	40·8	3·6
Government's contribution to the permanent services pension account	36·7	35·2	1·5
Mutual aid to NATO countries	257·4	289·7	−32·3
Contributions towards military costs of NATO	6·8	10·5	−3·7
Administration and general	20·4	21·4	−1·0
	1,677·3	*1,805·9*	*−128·6*
Department of Defence Production—			
Capital assistance	10·1	37·8	−27·7
Administration and general	9·5	10·1	− 0·6
	19·6	*47·9*	*−28·3*
	1,696·9	1,853·8	−156·9

While expenditures for naval service showed an increase of $18 million, expenditures for army and air services were below the 1953-54 level by $19 million and $96 million respectively, with the result that total expenditures for the three services were $97 million less than in the previous year. Expenditures on defence research and development were $44 million, or $4 million more than in 1953-54.

The Government makes a contribution to the permanent services pension account of an amount equal to $1\frac{2}{3}$ times the contributions by permanent services personnel. During 1954-55 this contribution amounted to $37 million, or $2 million more than the amount of $35 million contributed in 1953-54. Of the 1954-55 expenditures $34 million related to current contributions and $3 million to contributions for arrears. The corresponding amounts in 1953-54 were $30 million and $5 million respectively.

Expenditures under the Mutual Aid programme, which are authorized under Section 3 of the Defence Appropriation Act, 1950, were $257 million in 1954-55, a decrease of $32 million from 1953-54. Under the provisions of this section of the Act, defence equipment and supplies are transferred from Canadian stocks to other parties to the North Atlantic Treaty. The value of equipment and supplies acquired by the services prior to March 31, 1950, and transferred as Mutual Aid, is charged to this appropriation and credited to a special defence equipment replacement account. The equipment is valued on the basis of its estimated replacement value. In accordance with the provisions of Vote 239 of the Appropriation Act, No. 4, 1954, where equipment and supplies acquired for the services since March 31, 1950, are transferred as Mutual Aid, the estimated replacement value is credited to the appropriate service allotment instead of being paid into the replacement account, and may be expended during the current fiscal year for the purposes of the Canadian forces. The expenditure of

$257 million from the replacement account in 1954-55 consists of approximately $46 million for equipment and supplies transferred from Canadian stocks to North Atlantic Treaty countries and $211 million for direct cash outlays for Mutual Aid by the Government of Canada, representing costs incurred in acquiring and supplying new military equipment to parties to the North Atlantic Treaty and in training in Canada aircrews from allied countries. In 1953-54, stock transfers totalled $68 million and direct aid, $222 million.

Contributions are also made from National Defence appropriations towards the military costs of NATO, on account of Canada's share of the NATO military budgets and infrastructure costs. The percentage share borne by each nation is established in the North Atlantic Council and is subject to ratification by the respective member governments. Expenditures for 1954-55 for this purpose are estimated at $7 million, compared with payments of $10·5 million during 1953-54.

As the capital assistance programme, which reached its peak in 1952-53, drew closer to completion, expenditures for the Department of Defence Production decreased in 1954-55; the total of $20 million for the year represented a decrease of $28 million from the amount of $48 million spent in 1953-54. Capital assistance to private contractors, Crown plants operated on a management fee basis, and Crown corporations undertaking contracts essential to the defence programme, totalled $10 million in 1954-55, compared with $38 million for the preceding year. Administration and general expenditures, at $10 million, decreased slightly from the total for 1953-54.

In addition to its budgetary expenditures the Department of Defence Production made cash outlays from the defence production revolving fund for the procurement of materials to be billed to the Department of National Defence or sold to defence contractors for use in the manufacture of defence equipment. It is estimated that the net asset holdings of the fund decreased by $5 million in 1954-55, as compared with a decrease of $22 million in 1953-54.

The replacement of equipment and supplies acquired by the Department of National Defence prior to March 31, 1950, and subsequently transferred to parties to the North Atlantic Treaty, also involved cash outlays that were not reflected as budgetary expenditures. The cost of such replacement is charged to the defence equipment replacement account, which is credited with the estimated value of the defence equipment and supplies when these are transferred from Canadian stocks to NATO countries. Transfers to this account during 1954-55 were $47 million, and $79 million was disbursed for the purchase of replacement equipment and supplies. The balance of the account at March 31, 1954, was $306 million, and as a result of the year's operations there was a net disbursement of $32 million from the account bringing the balance to $274 million as of March 31, 1955.

In addition, credits were made to the replacement of materiel account in the amount of $3·8 million and disbursements from the account totalled $20 million. This account was established under the authority of section 11 of the National Defence Act to record the sale of materiel not immediately required for the use of the Canadian forces or the Defence Research Board to such countries and upon such terms as the Governor in Council may determine. The proceeds of the sale are credited to this account to be used for the procurement of replacement materiel.

By consolidating the net cash outlays from the defence equipment replacement account, the replacement of materiel account and the defence production revolving fund, with the net cash budgetary expenditures of the Departments of National Defence and Defence Production, the net effect of the defence programme

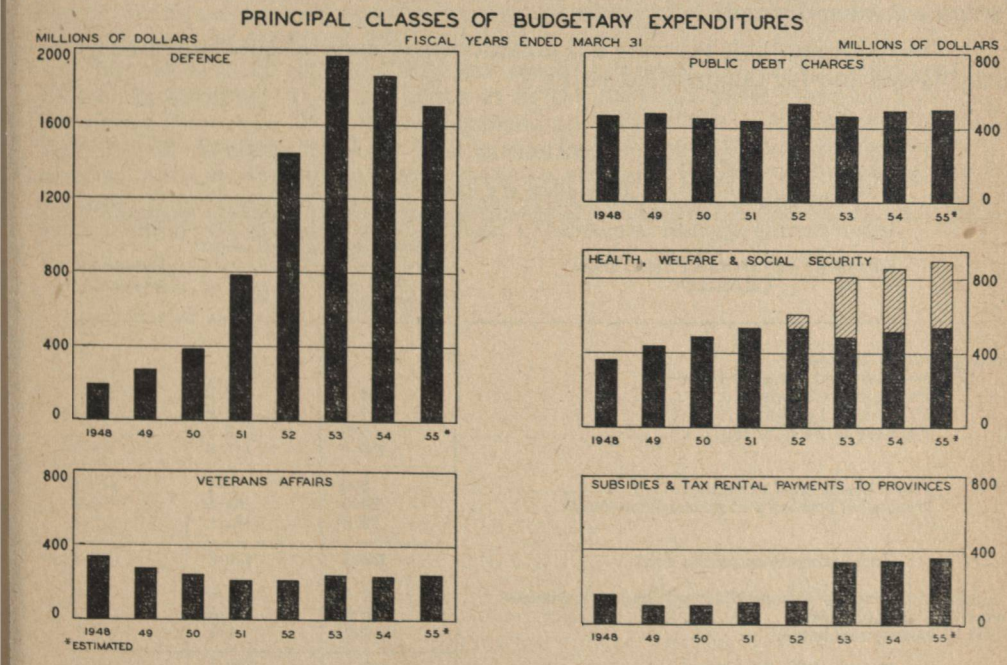
upon the Canadian economy can be seen. In 1954-55 cash outlays for defence amounted to $1,740 million a decrease of $58 million from the corresponding total in 1953-54.

A summary of cash disbursements for defence for the last two fiscal years is presented in the following table:

TABLE X

(In millions of dollars)

Cash Outlays for Defence	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (—)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Budgetary expenditures—			
Department of National Defence	1,677·3	1,805·9	—128·6
Department of Defence Production	19·6	47·9	—28·3
	1,696·9	1,853·8	—156·9
Less: value of military equipment and supplies transferred from existing Canadian stocks to NATO countries (included in budgetary expenditures)	46·5	67·8	21·3
	1,650·4	1,786·0	—135·6
Disbursements from—			
Defence equipment replacement account	78·7	32·9	45·8
Replacement of materiel account (sec. 11, National Defence Act) (net)	16·2	0·8	15·4
Defence production revolving fund (net)	—5·2	—21·9	16·7
	89·7	*11·8*	*77·9*
Net cash outlay for defence	1,740·1	1,797·8	—57·7



Note: The lightly shaded area in the chart for Health, Welfare and Social Security represents pension payments out of the old age security fund.

Public Debt Charges

Public debt charges in 1954-55 are estimated at $503 million or 12 per cent of aggregate budgetary expenditures, an increase of $7 million compared with a total of $496 million or 11 per cent for the previous year. In 1954-55, as in 1953-54, public debt charges comprise the second largest item of Government expense.

Interest on public debt amounted to $478 million, or $2 million more than the total spent in the previous year. A decrease of $6 million in interest on unmatured debt was more than offset by an increase of $8 million in interest on insurance, pension and guaranty accounts.

Interest on unmatured debt payable in Canada, London and New York amounted to $406 million compared with $412 million in 1953-54. The decrease of $6 million is due in part to a decrease of approximately $88 million in unmatured debt payable in Canada and in part to lower rates of interest on new and renewal issues. Interest payable in London and New York reflect only minor changes due to slight changes in rates of exchange.

Interest on deposit and trust accounts decreased by $0·1 million while interest on insurance, pension and guaranty accounts at $69 million increased by $8 million over the total of $61 million in 1953-54. Of this increase, $6 million relates to the superannuation account; $2 million to the Government annuities account and $2 million is in respect of the permanent services pension account; but these are partially offset by a decrease of $2 million in respect of the civil service insurance fund, on which the crediting of interest was discontinued at the close of 1953-54.

Other public debt charges in 1954-55 are estimated at $25 million compared with $20 million in the previous year. The increase of $5 million is attributable largely to higher annual amortization charges for discounts and commissions on previous bond issues.

The following table presents a comparative summary of public debt charges for 1954-55 and for the previous year:

TABLE XI

(In millions of dollars)

Interest and Other Public Debt Charges	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Interest on public debt—			
Funded debt and treasury bills—			
Payable in Canada	394·8	400·3	−5·5
Payable in London	1·5	1·6	−0·1
Payable in New York	9·9	9·9	.....
	406·2	*411·8*	*−5·6*
Deposit and trust accounts	3·0	3·1	−0·1
Insurance, pension and guaranty accounts	69·0	61·1	7·9
	72·0	*64·2*	*7·8*
Total interest on public debt	478·2	476·0	2·2
Annual amortization of bond discounts and commissions	22·5	17·8	4·7
Servicing of public debt	0·8	0·6	0·2
Cost of issuing new loans	1·2	1·3	−0·1
Total public debt charges	502·7	495·7	7·0

Subsidies and Tax Rental Payments to Provinces

Payments to the provinces during 1954-55 for statutory subsidies, rentals under the tax rental agreements, the transitional grant to Newfoundland, and the transfer of a portion of income tax receipts from certain public utility companies were $358 million compared with $341 million in 1953-54.

A comparative summary of the payments for the two years is given in the following table:

TABLE XII

(In millions of dollars)

Subsidies and Tax Rental Payments to Provinces	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Rentals under tax rental agreements, c. 49, Statutes of 1952..	327·4	309·2	18·2
Statutory subsidies	20·4	20·1	0·3
Transitional grant to Newfoundland	3·9	4·8	−0·9
Transfer of certain public utility tax receipts—			
Sec. 7, c. 58, Statutes of 1947	.....	6·8	−6·8
Sec. 6, c. 49, Statutes of 1952	6·8	.....	6·8
	358·5	341·0	17·5

The payments under the tax rental agreements in 1954-55 were $18 million greater than in the previous year reflecting the increases in provincial populations and gross national product per capita in 1953 over the base year 1948.

Statutory subsidies in 1954-55 were $0·3 million greater than in 1953-54 because of the upward adjustment of the subsidies to the three prairie provinces based on the estimated increases in their population at the mid-point between the quinquennial census of 1951 and 1956.

The amount of public utility tax receipts transferred to the provinces in 1954-55 is expected to be the same as in the previous year. Section 7 of the Dominion-Provincial Tax Rental Agreements Act, 1947, and section 6 of the Tax Rental Agreements Act, 1952 authorize the payment to the provinces, whether participating in the agreements or not, of a portion of the income tax collected from corporations whose main business was the distribution to, or the generation for distribution to, the public of electrical energy, gas or steam.

A summary of payments, by provinces, during 1954-55 is given in the following table:

TABLE XIII

(In millions of dollars)

Subsidies and Tax Rental Payments to Provinces	Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 1955			
	Statutory Subsidies	Rentals under 1952 Tax Rental Agreements	Transitional Grant	Total
Newfoundland	1·6	12·5	3·9	18·0
Nova Scotia	2·1	20·5	.....	22·6
Prince Edward Island	0·7	3·9	.....	4·6
New Brunswick	1·7	17·0	.....	18·7
Quebec	3·3	.....	.....	3·3
Ontario	3·6	142·8	.....	146·4
Manitoba	1·8	26·2	.....	28·0
Saskatchewan	2·1	26·6	.....	28·7
Alberta	2·2	31·8	.....	34·0
British Columbia	1·3	46·1	.....	47·4
	20·4	327·4	3·9	351·7
Transfer of certain public utility tax receipts—Sec. 6, Chap. 49, Statutes of 1952	.....	.....	.....	6·8
				358·5

Government contribution with respect to the Superannuation Account

The Government's contribution to the superannuation account was $37 million in 1954-55 or $17 million less than its contribution in 1953-54. Approximately one-half of this sum was required to match amounts transferred from the retirement fund in respect of contributors coming under the new Act. The balance is the Government's matching contributions in respect of current and prior service contributions of individuals. Of the $54 million contributed in the previous year, $38 million was in respect of the additional liability created by the general salary increases to civil servants effective December 1, 1953, and $16 million representing the Government's contribution of an amount equal to the current and prior service payments of individuals.

Provision for Reserve for Possible Losses on Ultimate Realization of Active Assets

No charge to expenditures was included in the Government's accounts during 1954-55 for an addition to the general reserve for possible losses on the ultimate realization of active assets. In 1953-54, $50 million was added to the reserve and charged to expenditures. The balance of the reserve at March 31, 1955 was $496 million which is equivalent to 7 per cent of the aggregate active assets.

Family Allowances

Family allowances are payable in respect of all children under sixteen resident in Canada, with minor exceptions such as in the case of children of immigrants who must reside in Canada a year before an allowance is payable.

The monthly allowance is $5 if the child is less than six; $6 in the age group 6 to 9; $7 in the age group 10 to 12; and $8 in the age group 13 to 15. There is no limit to the number of children in a family that may be eligible.

Payments for family allowances are estimated at $366 million for 1954-55 representing 9 per cent of total expenditures compared with $350 million or 8 per cent in the previous year. The increase of $16 million reflects the increase in the number of children in the eligible age groups.

The following table presents a comparative summary of family allowance payments by provinces for the last two fiscal years:

TABLE XIV

(In millions of dollars)

Family Allowance Payments	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Newfoundland	12·0	11·5	0·5
Nova Scotia	17·1	16·7	0·4
Prince Edward Island	2·6	2·6	.....
New Brunswick	15·0	14·7	0·3
Quebec	116·1	111·4	4·7
Ontario	110·5	104·4	6·1
Manitoba	18·8	18·0	0·8
Saskatchewan	20·9	20·2	0·7
Alberta	25·4	24·0	1·4
British Columbia	27·4	25·9	1·5
Northwest and Yukon Territories	0·7	0·7	.....
	366·5	350·1	16·4

Unemployment Insurance Act Administration and Government's Contribution

Expenditures relating to the Unemployment Insurance Act (excluding the Government's payment as an employer) are estimated at $60 million for 1954-55, an increase of $2 million over the total of $58 million spent in 1953-54.

Unemployment insurance benefit payments are not charged directly to budgetary expenditures. The Unemployment Insurance Fund, from which such benefits are paid, is financed by contributions from employers and employees, by interest earned on investments, and by the government's contribution of an amount equal to one-fifth of combined employer-employee payments.

The Government's contribution to the fund for 1954-55 is estimated at $32 million, about the same amount as contributed in the previous year. Administration costs are estimated at $28 million, or $2 million more than the total of $26 million for 1953-54.

Agriculture

Expenditures of the Department of Agriculture are estimated at $83 million for 1954-55, a decrease of $25 million from the previous year. Operating losses of the agricultural prices support board decreased by $35 million, and rehabilitation and reclamation project expenditures, at $13 million, are $2 million less than in the previous year. However, these decreases are offset in part by increases of $5 million in marketing service $2 million in freight assistance on western feed grains, $1 million in experimental farms, and $4 million in other services. The increase in marketing services is due in large part to payments of $5 million

in 1954-55 under the Agricultural Products Co-Operative Marketing Act, c.5, R.S. 1952, the purpose of which is to assist and encourage the co-operative marketing of agricultural products by primary producers.

The following table presents a comparative summary of the expenditures of the department for the last two years:

TABLE XV

(In millions of dollars)

Agriculture	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Operating losses of the agricultural prices support board	3·2	37·8	−34·6
Freight assistance on western feed grains	19·0	17·0	2·0
Rehabilitation and reclamation projects	13·1	14·8	−1·7
Premium on hog carcasses including administrative costs	5·0	4·7	0·3
Experimental farms service	9·9	8·6	1·3
Science service	9·4	9·0	0·4
Production service	10·3	9·6	0·7
Marketing service	9·5	4·2	5·3
Administration and general	3·9	2·7	1·2
	83·3	108·4	−25·1

Atomic Energy Control Board and Atomic Energy of Canada Limited

Expenditures of the Atomic Energy Control Board and payments to Atomic Energy of Canada Limited are estimated at $15·4 million for 1954-55 compared with $12·7 million in 1953-54, an increase of $2·7 million.

Administration expenses of the Atomic Energy Control Board and grants for researches and investigations with respect to atomic energy were $0·3 million for the past two fiscal years.

Expenditures of Atomic Energy of Canada Limited under its research programmes are estimated at $15·1 million compared with $12·4 million in 1953-54.

In addition, $15 million was advanced to Atomic Energy of Canada Limited during the fiscal year to finance the construction of the new reactor and other buildings and works at Chalk River and Deep River. The Government's investment in the company was increased further by a net amount of $1·4 million reflecting a write-up of $2·8 million on the books of the Government and the company in respect of the value of housing accommodation at Deep River previously written off to research less a write-off of $1·4 million on account of an adjustment in the proportion of the costs of the new reactor chargeable to the company's research programme. This brings the total of loans to the company to $32·4 million to be covered by the issue of obligations or shares of the company.

Canadian Broadcasting Corporation

Payments by the Government of Canada to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation were $30 million in 1954-55 compared with $25 million in 1953-54, an increase of $5 million. Payments to the corporation of an amount equivalent to the collections of the 15 per cent special tax imposed on radio and television sets and tubes are estimated at $22 million in 1954-55 compared with $17 million in the previous year. For the current fiscal year $17 million is in respect of television and $5 million in respect of radio. In 1953-54, payments were $12 million and $5 million respectively.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for 1954-55 and the previous year:

TABLE XVI

(In millions of dollars)

Payments to Canadian Broadcasting Corporation	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(—)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Sound broadcasting service	6·2	6·2	
International shortwave broadcasting service	2·3	2·0	0·3
Payments to the corporation of amount equal to tax collected under the Excise Tax Act in respect of radio and television sets and tubes	21·8	16·8	5·0
	30·3	25·0	5·3

Citizenship and Immigration

Expenditures of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration are estimated at $28 million for 1954-55, compared with $25 million in the previous year.

The following table presents a comparative summary of the expenditures for 1954-55 and 1953-54:

TABLE XVII

(In millions of dollars)

Citizenship and Immigration	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(—)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Indian affairs	18·0	16·5	1·5
Citizenship and citizenship registration	0·9	0·7	0·2
Immigration	8·4	7·3	1·1
Administration and general	0·8	1·0	—0·2
	28·1	25·5	2·6

External Affairs

Expenditures of the Department of External Affairs were $44 million in 1954-55, a decrease of $2 million compared with $46 million in the previous year. Assistance to other countries directly or through international organizations was $27 million compared with $32 million in 1953-54. The principal item in this category is an amount of $25 million for grants to assist in the economic development of countries in South and South-east Asia. A similar amount was provided in 1953-54. The decrease of $5 million is attributable mainly to the fact that there was no item in 1954-55 comparable to the gift of $5 million for wheat in 1953-54 as a contribution towards the relief of famine in Pakistan. Expenditure on representation abroad including construction, acquisition or improvement of buildings, works, and land, and outlay on new equipment and furnishings is estimated at $8 million compared with $6 million for 1953-54.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures of the Department of External Affairs for the past two years:

TABLE XVIII

(In millions of dollars)

External Affairs	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Assistance to other countries	27·5	31·9	−4·4
Canada's assessment for membership in international or commonwealth organizations	4·3	3·5	0·8
Representation abroad	7·5	6·3	1·2
Administration and general	4·8	4·0	0·8
	44·1	45·7	−1·6

Finance

The major items of expenditure during 1954-55 of the Department of Finance have been dealt with under the headings "Public Debt Charges", "Subsidies and Tax Rental Payments to Provinces", "Provision for reserve for possible losses on the ultimate realization of active assets" and "Government contributions in respect of the Superannuation Account".

In addition, other expenditures of the department for 1954-55 are estimated at $33 million compared with $30 million in 1953-54, an increase of $3 million of which $1 million is due to the federal contribution to the Government of the province of Ontario for assistance in meeting costs resulting from floods arising out of hurricane "Hazel".

The following table presents a comparative summary of these expenditures for the past two fiscal years:

TABLE XIX

(In millions of dollars)

Finance	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury—administration expenses	15·0	13·7	1·3
Grants to universities	5·4	5·2	0·2
Grants to municipalities in lieu of taxes on federal property	3·3	3·0	0·3
Government contribution as an employer to the unemployment insurance fund	1·0	1·1	−0·1
Premium, discount and exchange	1·0	.....	1·0
Implementation of guarantees—Ming Sung Industrial Co., Ltd	1·5	1·6	−0·1
Administration and general	6·3	5·6	0·7
	33·5	30·2	3·3

Mines and Technical Surveys

Expenditures of the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys are estimated at $43 million for 1954-55 compared with $39 million in 1953-54. Of this increase of $4 million, $1 million is attributable to the increased expenses in connection with the movement of coal under the Dominion Coal Board and $2 million to increased outlays on surveys and mapping services.

A comparative summary of expenditures for the last two fiscal years is shown in the following table:

TABLE XX

(In millions of dollars)

Mines and Technical Surveys	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Emergency gold mining assistance	15·3	15·2	0·1
Dominion Coal Board	11·3	10·3	1·0
Surveys and mapping including aerial photography	9·4	7·1	2·3
Mines branch	2·9	2·6	0·3
Geological survey of Canada	2·2	1·9	0·3
Administration and general	1·4	1·4	
	42·5	38·5	4·0

National Health and Welfare

Family allowance payments constitute a major item of expenditure of the Department of National Health and Welfare and, because of their importance in relation to the total government expenditures, have been dealt with under a separate heading in preceding paragraphs. Other expenditures of the department are estimated at $86 million for 1954-55, an increase of $6 million compared with $80 million in 1953-54.

The following table presents a comparative summary of these other expenditures of the department for the last two years:

TABLE XXI

(In millions of dollars)

National Health and Welfare	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
General health grants	31·7	29·2	2·5
Old age and disabled persons assistance	21·6	20·3	1·3
Allowances to blind persons	2·9	2·9	
Indians and Eskimos health services	16·0	14·3	1·7
Other health services	6·2	5·8	0·4
Civil defence programme	3·9	4·0	−0·1
Administration and general	4·3	3·9	0·4
	86·6	80·4	6·2

General health grants to assist the provinces in hospital construction, general health services and the control of diseases are estimated at $32 million for 1954-55 compared with $29 million in the previous year.

Under the Old Age Assistance Act, the federal government reimburses the provinces by paying 50 per cent of the lesser of $40 monthly or the amount of assistance given by the provinces in the form of monthly pensions to eligible persons in need who are in the age group of 65 to 69. (Under the Old Age Security Act, all persons 70 years and over who satisfy the residence requirements may receive a pension of $40 per month from the federal government out of the Old Age Security Fund.) Similarly, under the Blind Persons Act, the federal

government reimburses the provinces for allowances paid to eligible blind persons in need over the age of 21, but under this Act, the federal reimbursement is 75 per cent of the total payments.

Payments by the federal government in respect of old age assistance were $21 million in 1954-55 compared with $20 million in 1953-54. Payments on account of allowances to blind persons amounting to $3 million for 1954-55 are unchanged from the previous year.

The following table presents an estimated distribution of these payments by provinces for the fiscal year 1954-55:

TABLE XXII

(In millions of dollars)

General Health Grants and Federal Share of Old Age Assistance and Allowances to Blind Persons	Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 1955 (Estimated)		
	General health grants	Old age and disabled persons assistance	Allowances to blind persons
Newfoundland	0·9	0·9	0·1
Nova Scotia	1·6	1·1	0·2
Prince Edward Island	0·2	0·1	(1)
New Brunswick	1·4	1·3	0·3
Quebec	10·0	7·4	1·2
Ontario	8·3	5·1	0·6
Manitoba	1·9	1·2	0·1
Saskatchewan	2·2	1·1	0·1
Alberta	2·1	1·3	0·1
British Columbia	3·0	2·1	0·2
Northwest and Yukon Territories	(1)	(1)	(1)
	31·7	21·6	2·9

(1) Less than $50,000.

Expenditures relating to Indian and Eskimo health services are estimated at $16 million for 1954-55 compared with $14 million in the previous year. Expenditures for other health services at $6 million were slightly greater than the total spent in 1953-54.

Civil defence programme expenditures at $4 million were also practically the same as for the previous fiscal year.

National Research Council

Expenditures of the National Research Council are estimated at $16 million for 1954-55, only slightly higher than in 1953-54. Salaries and other expenses at $14 million are $1 million greater than the total of $13 million for 1953-54, while the cost of construction or acquisition of buildings, works, land and new equipment was $2 million in 1954-55, a decrease of $1 million from the total of $3 million in the previous year.

National Revenue

Expenditures for the Department of National Revenue are estimated at $55 million compared with $50 million for 1953-54. Increases of $2 million for the customs and excise division and $3 million for the taxation division account for the $5 million increase.

The following table presents a comparative summary of the expenditures for 1954-55 and 1953-54:

TABLE XXIII

(In millions of dollars)

National Revenue	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Customs and excise division	29·5	27·0	2·5
Taxation division	25·6	22·8	2·8
Income tax appeal board	0·1	0·1	
	55·2	49·9	5·3

Northern Affairs and National Resources

Expenditures in 1954-55 for the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources are estimated at $20 million, an increase of $1 million over the total of $19 million in the previous year. Of this net increase, $1 million is attributable largely to expenditures for the national parks and historic sites services of the National Parks Branch. A small increase in the northern administration and lands branch services is offset by a similar decrease in the forestry branch services.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for the department for the last two years:

TABLE XXIV

(In millions of dollars)

Northern Affairs and National Resources	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
National parks branch	8·5	7·4	1·1
Engineering and water resources branch	1·7	1·6	0·1
Northern administration and lands branch	4·2	3·5	0·7
Forestry branch	4·0	4·8	−0·8
Canadian government travel bureau	1·5	1·4	0·1
Administration and general	0·5	0·4	0·1
	20·4	19·1	1·3

Post Office

Gross expenditures of the Post Office Department for 1954-55, including payments from revenue, are estimated at $145 million, an increase of $13 million over the total of $132 million for 1953-54. Remuneration of postmasters and staffs at revenue and semi-staff offices, commissions at sub-offices and certain other authorized disbursements, are paid from revenue. These payments, included in the total of $145 million, are estimated at $21 million for 1954-55 compared with $19 million for the previous year. Disbursements charged to budgetary expenditures are estimated at $124 million for 1954-55, an increase of $11 million over the previous fiscal year.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for the department during the past two years:

TABLE XXV

(In millions of dollars)

Post Office	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Charged to budgetary expenditure—			
Operations—salaries and other expenses of staff post offices, district offices and railway mail services and supplies, equipment and other items for revenue post offices	74·6	65·0	9·6
Transportation—movement of mail by land, air and water	46·1	45·0	1·1
Financial services	2·5	2·3	0·2
Administration and general	1·3	1·3	.....
	124·5	*113·6*	*10·9*
Charged to revenue—			
Operations—salaries of postmasters and staffs at revenue and semi-staff offices, commissions paid at sub-offices and other disbursements	20·5	18·8	1·7
	145·0	132·4	12·6

Public Works

Expenditures for the Department of Public Works for 1954-55 are estimated to total $138 million compared with $115 million in 1953-54, an increase of $23 million.

In 1954-55, expenditures of the architectural branch were $79 million or $17 million greater than the total of $62 million for the previous year. Of this increase, $14 million is attributable to the acquisition and construction of and improvements to public buildings while the operation and maintenance of public buildings and grounds accounted for a further increase amounting to $3 million. Expenditures of the engineering branch are expected to show a decrease of $1 million.

The Government's contribution to the provinces in connection with the Trans-Canada Highway Act is estimated at $20 million for 1954-55, an increase of $7 million compared with $13 million for 1953-54.

Expenditures under housing legislation are estimated at $3 million for 1954-55 compared with $2 million for the previous year. The increase of $1 million is attributable mainly to payments in 1954-55 relating to grants to municipalities for slum clearance.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for the department in the past two years:

TABLE XXVI

(In millions of dollars)

Public Works	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Architectural branch—			
Public buildings and grounds—			
Operation and maintenance—			
Ottawa	13·9	12·7	1·2
Other centres	20·9	19·1	1·8
Acquisition, construction and improvements—			
Public buildings	43·8	29·7	14·1
Other expenditures	0·7	0·5	0·2
	79·3	*62·0*	*17·3*
Engineering branch—			
Acquisition, construction and improvements of harbour and river works	19·6	21·9	−2·3
Harbours and rivers—repairs and upkeep	3·1	2·6	0·5
Dredging	4·6	3·9	0·7
Engineering services and other works generally	5·9	5·9	
	33·2	*34·3*	*−1·1*
Contributions to the provinces under the Trans-Canada Highway Act	20·0	13·4	6·6
Housing	2·5	1·7	0·8
Administrative and general expenditure	3·0	3·6	−0·6
	138·0	115·0	23·0

Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Expenditures for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police are estimated at $36 million for 1954-55 compared with the total of $34 million for 1953-54. The increase of $2 million is due mainly to an increase in land and air services. These amounts represent gross expenditures; payments received from the provinces for police services are credited to revenue.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for 1954-55 and 1953-54:

TABLE XXVII

(In millions of dollars)

Royal Canadian Mounted Police	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease(−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Land and air services	25·0	23·1	1·9
Marine services	1·3	1·1	0·2
Headquarters administration	7·0	7·1	−0·1
Government contribution to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police pension account	0·7	0·7	
Other administration and general	2·0	1·9	0·1
	36·0	33·9	2·1

Trade and Commerce

Expenditures for the Department of Trade and Commerce are estimated at $18 million for 1954-55, an increase of $1 million over the total of $17 million for the previous year.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for the department for 1954-55 and 1953-54:

TABLE XXVIII

(In millions of dollars)

Trade and Commerce	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Dominion Bureau of Statistics	5·6	5·3	0·3
Canada Grain Act	5·1	4·7	0·4
Trade Commissioners service	2·4	2·4	.....
Standards division	1·6	1·4	0·2
Administration and general	3·0	2·7	0·3
	17·7	16·5	1·2

Transport

Expenditures of the Department of Transport are estimated at $159 million for 1954-55 compared with $118 million in 1953-54, an increase of $41 million as shown in the following table:

TABLE XXIX

(In millions of dollars)

Transport	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Air services—			
Telecommunications division	14·2	13·7	0·5
Meteorological division	7·4	6·7	0·7
Civil aviation division	23·5	20·7	2·8
Administration	0·2	0·2	.....
	45·3	*41·3*	*4·0*
Canal services	8·0	8·4	−0·4
Marine services	21·9	20·3	1·6
Railway services—			
Maritime Freight Rates Act—			
Difference between tariff and normal tolls	10·7	10·5	0·2
Other railway services	19·6	13·4	6·2
Maintenance of trackage	7·0	7·0	.....
	37·3	*30·9*	*6·4*
Canadian Maritime Commission	4·3	4·2	0·1
Government owned enterprises—			
Net income deficits—			
Canadian National Railways	28·8	.....	28·8
Other	4·4	4·5	−0·1
Non-active advances	4·0	4·2	−0·2
Administration and general	4·8	4·2	0·6
	158·8	118·0	40·8

Expenditures of $45 million in 1954-55 for air services are $4 million higher than in 1953-54. Of this increase, $3 million relates to the civil aviation division, $2 million of which is attributable to the cost of construction or acquisition of buildings, works, land and new equipment in connection with airways and airports.

Expenditures for marine services were $22 million in 1954-55. The increase of $2 million is due largely to an increase of $1 million in expenditures for the administration, operation and maintenance of marine service steamers and $1 million for the construction or acquisition of vessels and equipment.

Railway services expenditures were $37 million compared with $31 million in 1953-54. Of this increase of $6 million, $4 million is on account of Strait of Canso transportation improvements and facilities; $1 million relates to the construction of new dock and terminal facilities at Port-aux-Basques, Newfoundland, and $1 million to the construction or acquisition of auto-ferry vessels. Payments covering net operating deficits of and non-active loans and advances to certain government owned enterprises were $37 million in 1954-55 compared with $9 million in the previous year. The increase of $28 million is more than accounted for by the operating deficit of the Canadian National Railways which was $28·8 million for the calendar year 1954. In 1953 the Railway had an operating surplus of $244,000.

Veterans Affairs

Expenditures for the Department of Veterans Affairs for 1954-55 are estimated at $242 million, an increase of $3 million compared with the total spent in the previous year. Increases of $1 million in pensions, $1 million in treatment services, $2 million in war veterans allowances and other benefits are partially offset by a decrease of $3 million in war service gratuities and re-establishment credits.

Expenditures relating to the administration of the Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Acts reflect an increase of $1 million while the provision for the reserve for conditional benefits under the Veterans' Land Act at $9 million for 1954-55 is slightly greater than the provision of $8·5 million for 1953-54. These conditional grants are made to veterans who enter into agreements with the director for sales of land and chattels provided they fulfil the terms of the agreements for a period of ten years. The amount charged to expenditures during 1954-55 under this heading covers one-tenth of the conditional benefits included in sales to veterans prior to April 1955.

The following table presents a comparative summary of expenditures for the department for the past two years:

TABLE XXX

(In millions of dollars)

Veterans Affairs	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Pensions for disability or death	128·9	127·6	1·3
Treatment services	43·6	42·2	1·4
War veterans' allowances and other benefits	31·8	30·3	1·5
Post-discharge rehabilitation benefits	2·6	2·5	0·1
War service gratuities and re-establishments credits	6·2	8·9	−2·7
Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Acts—Administration and general	6·7	5·3	1·4
Provision for reserve for conditional benefits, Veterans Land Act	8·9	8·5	0·4
Departmental, district and pensions administration and miscellaneous payments	13·5	13·4	0·1
	242·2	238·7	3·5

All Other Departments

Expenditures of the departments not dealt with in the preceding sections amounted to $61·3 million in 1954-55 compared with $61 million in 1953-54. The table which follows presents a comparative summary of the expenditures for the past two years:

TABLE XXXI

(In millions of dollars)

All Other Departments	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Auditor General	0·7	0·6	0·1
Chief Electoral Officer	0·3	5·5	−5·2
Civil Service Commission	2·4	2·1	0·3
Fisheries	11·2	9·3	1·9
Governor General and Lieutenant-Governors	0·4	0·4	.....
Insurance	0·5	0·5	.....
Justice	6·0	5·8	0·2
Office of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries	10·9	9·2	1·7
Labour	9·8	9·6	0·2
Legislation	6·7	5·6	1·1
National Film Board	3·4	3·0	0·4
Privy Council	3·8	3·7	0·1
Public Archives and National Library	0·4	0·4	.....
Public Printing and Stationery	2·1	2·0	0·1
Secretary of State	2·7	3·3	−0·6
	61·3	61·0	0·3

Decreases of $5 million in the expenses of the Chief Electoral Officer (the 1953-54 accounts included the costs of the 1953 federal election) and $0·6 million for the Department of Secretary of State are more than offset by increases in expenditures of other departments, chief of which are $2 million for the Department of Fisheries; $1·7 million for the Office of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries and $1 million for legislation reflecting increased sessional indemnities to members of the Senate and the House of Commons.

4. SUMMARY OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CANADA AT MARCH 31, 1955

The estimated balances of the asset and liability accounts as at March 31, 1955, the comparable balances at March 31, 1954, and the changes in each category during 1954-55 are shown in the following table:

TABLE XXXII

SUMMARY OF THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CANADA

(In millions of dollars)

—	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
LIABILITIES			
Floating debt	825·8	868·5	−42·7
Deposit and trust accounts	201·7	204·1	−2·4
Insurance, pension and guaranty accounts	1,977·7	1,772·9	204·8
Deferred credits	145·7	151·3	−5·6
Sundry suspense accounts	293·5	338·2	−44·7
Province debt accounts	11·9	11·9	.....
Unmatured debt	14,487·8	14,576·2	−88·4
	17,944·1	17,923·2	20·9
ACTIVE ASSETS			
Cash and other current assets	2,416·1	2,514·3	−98·2
Loans to, and investments in, Crown agencies	1,776·8	1,795·1	−18·3
Other loans and investments	2,331·6	2,437·9	−106·3
Sinking fund and other investments held for the retirement of debt	187·3	101·9	85·4
Province debt accounts	2·3	2·3	.....
Deferred charges	256·2	259·9	−3·7
Sundry suspense accounts	206·0	192·3	13·7
Total Active Assets	7,176·3	7,303·7	−127·4
Less: Reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets	496·4	496·4	.....
Net Active Assets	6,679·9	6,807·3	−127·4
Net Debt (excess of liabilities over net active assets)	11,264·2	11,115·9	148·3

Liabilities

The gross liabilities of the Government as at March 31, 1955, are estimated at $17,944 million, an increase of $21 million over the total of $17,923 million at the close of the previous fiscal year.

Unmatured debt outstanding, including bonds and treasury bills, amounted to $14,488 million at March 31, 1955, or approximately 81 per cent of all liabilities. Of the total outstanding unmatured debt, $14,096 million or 97 per cent was payable in Canada and the balance of $392 million was payable in foreign currencies—$341 million in United States dollars and $51 million in pounds sterling. A complete statement in tabular form of the Government's unmatured debt as at March 31, 1955 with details of interest rates, dates of maturity, annual interest charges and amounts of principal outstanding for each loan is presented at the end of this Part.

The Government's liability as at March 31, 1955 in respect of insurance, pension and guaranty accounts is estimated at $1,978 million. Floating debt, including outstanding cheques, miscellaneous accounts payable (cheques issued in April, 1955, in payment of accounts relating to the fiscal year 1954-55) and notes and other obligations payable on demand, is expected to total $826 million.

The other liability items are: sundry suspense accounts (where some uncertainty as to disposal exists), $293 million; deposit and trust accounts (consisting of moneys deposited with or held by the Receiver General for various purposes), $202 million; deferred credits (consisting of balances whose ultimate accounting treatment is known, but which are held until certain conditions are fulfilled), $146 million; and province debt accounts (representing settlements arising out of agreements at the time of Confederation), $11·9 million.

Active Assets

Offsetting the liabilities, and to some extent explaining their existence—as a substantial part of the total debt has been incurred on account of them—are the Government's active assets. For the most part these consist of assets which yield interest, profits or dividends, liquid assets such as cash and departmental working funds together with certain prepaid expenses and sundry suspense accounts.

The total active assets at March 31, 1955, are estimated at $7,176 million, an increase of $127 million over the total at the end of the previous year. The totals of the various active asset categories as at March 31, 1955, were: cash and other current assets, $2,416 million; loans to, and investments in, Crown agencies, $1,777 million; other loans and investments, (consisting of loans to provincial, municipal and national governments, subscriptions to international organizations and advances to veterans and others) $2,332 million; deferred charges, $256 million; sundry suspense accounts, $206 million; sinking fund and other investments held for the retirement of debt, $187 million and province debt accounts $2·3 million.

The reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets amounting to $496 million, is shown on the statement of assets and liabilities as a deduction from the total active assets, bringing the net active assets total to $6,680 million.

A. Changes in Principal Liability Classifications During 1954-55

The gross liabilities of the Government are expected to show an increase of $21 million over the total at the close of the previous fiscal year. An increase of $205 million in insurance, pension and guaranty accounts is partially offset by decreases of $88 million in unmatured debt, $45 million in sundry suspense accounts, $43 million in floating debt, $6 million in deferred credits and $2 million in deposit and trust accounts.

Floating Debt

It is estimated that floating debt decreased $42 million during the fiscal year. Increases of $9 million in miscellaneous accounts payable and $13 million in outstanding cheques and warrants are partially offset by decreases of $43 million in notes and other obligations payable on demand, $20 million in matured debt outstanding, $1 million in interest due and outstanding and $0·2 million in post office account.

The estimated changes in floating debt during the fiscal year 1954-55 are shown in the following table.

TABLE XXXIII

(In millions of dollars)

Floating Debt	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Matured debt outstanding	48·6	68·2	−19·6
Notes and other obligations payable on demand	225·3	268·7	−43·4
Interest due and outstanding	55·0	56·3	−1·3
Outstanding cheques and warrants	262·0	249·2	12·8
Miscellaneous accounts payable	211·4	202·4	9·0
Post Office (net liability for money orders, etc.)	23·5	23·7	−0·2
	825·8	868·5	−42·7

Deposit and Trust Accounts

Deposit and trust accounts decreased by $2 million during the year. The major changes in this category were an increase of $13 million in the Colombo plan fund, representing the difference between the amount of $25 million credited to the fund out of moneys voted by Parliament for assistance to countries in South and South-east Asia and disbursements from the fund, and a decrease of $14 million in the prairie farm emergency fund, representing the difference between the total of $20 million paid as awards under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act and $6 million collected as levies.

Insurance Pension and Guaranty Accounts

The increase in insurance, pension and guaranty accounts during the fiscal year is estimated at $205 million. The changes in the various accounts for the fiscal year are shown in the following table.

TABLE XXXIV

(In millions of dollars)

Insurance, Pension and Guaranty Accounts	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Unemployment insurance fund	853·0	892·3	−39·3
Less: Investment in bonds and accrued interest	838·0	878·7	−40·7
	15·0	13·6	1·4
Government annuities	862·5	798·5	64·0
Superannuation account	732·7	656·7	76·0
Permanent services pension account	278·5	217·2	61·3
Other	89·0	86·9	2·1
	1,977·7	1,772·9	204·8

The decrease of $39 million in the unemployment insurance fund, representing the amount by which benefit payments totalling $255 million during 1954-55 exceeded contributions by employers, employees and the government, income from investments, and other miscellaneous revenue credited to the fund is reflected in a reduction in the investments of the fund; the cash balances held for the fund by the Receiver General at March 31, 1955 increased $1 million from March 31, 1954.

The increase of $76 million in the superannuation account is attributable mainly to the Government's contribution of $37 million equal to the estimated current and prior service payments of individuals in 1953-54, and $28 million interest credited to the account. The remainder of the increase is due to the excess of employees' current and prior service contributions over benefit payments.

The Government annuities account is expected to show an increase of $64 million and the permanent services pension account an increase of $61 million. The increase in the permanent services pension account represents the Government's contribution of $37 million (which is made at the rate of one and two third times the current contributions and contributions for arrears), interest on the account $9 million and contributions by permanent services personnel for current service and arrears, less the payments from the account.

Other insurance, pension and guaranty accounts show an increase of $2 million for the year.

Old Age Security Fund

Under the Old Age Security Act pensions of $40 per month are paid to all eligible persons seventy years of age and over without a means test from the old age security fund. During the fiscal year payments from the fund amounted to $353 million while credits to the fund from the proceeds of the 2 per cent tax on personal incomes, the 2 per cent tax on corporation profits and the 2 per cent sales tax totalled $291 million. Under the authority of section 11 of the Old Age Security Act, the Minister of Finance made a temporary loan of $62 million to the fund to cover the deficit resulting from these transactions during 1954-55. This amount, together with the loan of $46 million covering the deficit of the fund for 1953-54, brings the temporary loans made by the Minister of Finance to the fund to $108 million.

The following table shows the transactions in the old age security fund for the last two years:

TABLE XXXV

(In millions of dollars)

Old Age Security Fund	Fiscal Year Ended March 31			
	1955 (Estimated)		1954	
Pension payments		353·2		338·9
Tax receipts—				
2 per cent sales tax	144·0		146·8	
2 per cent individual income tax	101·0		90·7	
2 per cent corporation income tax	46·0	291·0	55·6	293·1
Excess of pension payments over tax receipts covered by temporary loans from the Minister of Finance		62·2		45·8
Temporary loan carried forward from previous year		45·8		99·5
Written off to active asset reserve				−99·5
Outstanding at end of fiscal year		108·0		45·8

A distribution by provinces of pension payments from the old age security fund for the last two years is shown in the following table:

TABLE XXXVI

(In millions of dollars)

Old Age Security Payments by Provinces	Fiscal Year Ended March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Newfoundland	7·5	7·2	0·3
Nova Scotia	18·2	17·7	0·5
Prince Edward Island	3·2	3·2	.....
New Brunswick	13·0	12·6	0·4
Quebec	74·8	72·0	2·8
Ontario	130·4	125·8	4·6
Manitoba	21·0	20·1	0·9
Saskatchewan	21·1	20·1	1·0
Alberta	21·4	20·1	1·3
British Columbia	42·4	39·9	2·5
Northwest and Yukon Territories	0·2	0·2	.....
	353·2	338·9	14·3

Deferred Credits

The decrease in deferred credits is estimated to be $6 million. The more important changes in this category are decreases of $5 million in accrued interest on public debt and $1 million in balances receivable under agreements of sale of Crown assets, set up as a contra account to an account under the same name in other loans and investments.

The decrease in balances receivable under agreements of sale of Crown assets reflects the repayment by A. V. Roe Canada Limited of $8 million of the amount due by them under an agreement of sale offset by certain new balances of agreements of sale totalling $7 million, including $2·6 million with Canadian Pratt and Whitney Aircraft Limited and $1·9 million with English Electric Company Limited.

Sundry Suspense Accounts

Sundry suspense accounts show a decrease of $45 million. The major changes in the accounts in this category are decreases of $32 million in the defence equipment replacement account and of $16 million in the replacement of materiel account and an increase of $3 million on account of the railway grade crossing fund. The transactions in the defence equipment replacement account reflect a reduction in the undisbursed balance in the account which was established under section 3 of the Defence Appropriation Act, 1950, and subsequent votes of Parliament for the same purpose. Under the terms of the Act, the value of defence materials and supplies acquired prior to March 31, 1950, and transferred to members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization may be credited to the account and these credits may be used in subsequent years to purchase equipment or supplies for the naval, army or air services of the Canadian forces. Disbursements from the account are estimated at $79 million, and credits for equipment transferred at $47 million.

The replacement of materiel account established by section 11 of the National Defence Act is credited with amounts realized from the sale of materiel that has not been declared surplus to requirements but has been authorized by

the Governor in Council to be sold to other countries. The account is debited with disbursements representing amounts paid for the procurement of replacement materiel. During 1954-55 disbursements from the account exceeded credits by $16 million.

The amount of $3 million for the railway grade crossing fund reflects the setting up in the accounts of the undisbursed balance of moneys appropriated by the Railway Act for the purposes of the railway grade crossing fund up to the close of the fiscal year 1954-55.

Province Debt Accounts

There were no changes in the province debt accounts during the fiscal year. The amounts have remained unchanged for many years.

Unmatured Debt

The unmatured debt outstanding at the close of 1954-55 was $14,488 million, a reduction of $88 million for the year, all of which is reflected in debt payable in Canada. The details of the various loan redemptions, flotations and adjustments resulting in this net decrease are described more fully in the section on "The Public Debt".

B.—Changes in the Principal Active Asset Classifications During 1954-55

It is estimated that active assets decreased by $127 million during 1954-55. Decreases of $106 million in other loans and investments, $98 million in cash and other current assets, $18 million in loans to, and investments in, Crown agencies and $4 million in deferred charges were offset in part by increases of $85 million in sinking fund and other investments held for the retirement of debt and $14 million in sundry suspense accounts. There was no change during the fiscal year in the reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets which stood at $496 million at March 31, 1955.

Cash and Other Current Assets

The changes in the various accounts in this category are shown in the following table:

TABLE XXXVII

(In millions of dollars)

Cash and Other Current Assets	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Cash in current and special deposits (including blocked currency of $1·2 million at March 31, 1955, and $2 million at March 31, 1954)	206·0	359·9	−153·9
Cash in hands of collectors and in transit	96·0	123·6	−27·6
Other liquid assets—			
Exchange fund account—advances represented by cash and securities	1,769·5	1,763·8	5·7
Securities investment account	45·7	18·0	27·7
Working capital advances—			
Crown corporations	22·5	22·7	−0·2
Defence production revolving fund	75·0	80·2	−5·2
Temporary loan to old age security fund	108·0	45·8	62·2
Departmental	51·3	42·5	8·8
Miscellaneous departmental imprest and advance accounts	23·6	35·2	−11·6
Other current assets	18·5	22·5	−4·0
	2,416·1	2,514·3	−98·2

The principal changes in this category were decreases of $154 million in cash in current and special deposits, $28 million in cash in hands of collectors

and in transit and increases of $6 million in the exchange fund account, $62 million in the temporary loan by the Minister of Finance to the old age security fund, and $9 million in departmental working capital advances.

Advances to the exchange fund amounted to $158 million while repayments were $138 million. However, the fund's revaluation deficit which stood at $191 million at December 31, 1953 and $205 million at December 31, 1954, is recorded under sundry suspense accounts. Consequently the net increase for the fiscal year was $6 million, reflecting additional advances of $20 million less the transfer of $14 million to the revaluation deficit account.

The decrease of $5 million in the Defence Production revolving fund represents the amount by which credits to the account from the sale of essential materials and defence supplies exceeded the cost of acquiring, storing, maintaining and transporting such materials.

Departmental working capital advances increased by $9 million, the chief of which is the increase of $9 million in the agricultural prices support account reflecting the difference between the credit to the account of $3 million, representing the loss on operations for 1954-55, which is included in the year's expenditures, and the net debit of $12 million to the account representing the excess of purchases over sales during the year by the Agricultural Prices Support Board.

The increase of $62 million in the temporary loan to the old age security fund represents the advance made by the Minister of Finance to cover the deficit of the fund for the year 1954-55. This advance together with the advance of $46 million to cover the deficit of the previous year brings the total temporary loan to $108 million at March 31, 1955.

Loans to, and Investments in, Crown Agencies

It is estimated that loans to, and investments in, Crown agencies decreased by $18 million during the year. The more important changes during the year are a decrease of $93 million in loans and advances to the Canadian National Railways and increases of $49 million in loans to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation and $16 million in advances to Atomic Energy of Canada Limited. The changes in this category are shown in the following table:

TABLE XXXVIII
(In millions of dollars)

Loans To, and Investments In, Crown Agencies	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Atomic Energy of Canada Limited	32·4	16·0	16·4
Bank of Canada—capital stock	5·9	5·9	.....
Canadian Broadcasting Corporation	19·0	16·0	3·0
Canadian Farm Loan Board	36·8	32·6	4·2
Canadian National Railways	934·2	1,027·4	−93·2
Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships, Limited	3·7	0·1	3·6
Canadian Overseas Telecommunication Corporation	4·0	3·8	0·2
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation—			
Capital advances	25·0	25·0	.....
Loans	555·8	506·3	49·5
Eldorado Mining and Refining Limited	8·2	8·2	.....
Export Credits Insurance Corporation	5·0	5·0	.....
National Harbours Board	107·2	106·2	1·0
Northwest Territories Power Commission	7·8	8·1	−0·3
Polymer Corporation Limited	30·0	34·0	−4·0
St. Lawrence Seaway Authority	1·3	.....	1·3
Other Crown agencies	0·5	0·5	.....
	1,776·8	1,795·1	−18·3

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 1955, the government advanced $119 million to the Canadian National Railway Company for capital purposes and the retirement of funded debt in the hands of the public. A portion of the proceeds of a $250 million 2¾ per cent bond issue sold to the public in December 1954, was used to repay $219 million of government advances then outstanding. In addition, a temporary loan of $12 million outstanding at the beginning of the year together with $16 million advanced during the year for income deficit was paid off from an appropriation in the Further Supplementary Estimates. The consequence of all these transactions was a net reduction of $112 million during the fiscal year in advances to the Company.

In addition, the government purchased $19·3 million of 4 per cent preferred stock of the Canadian National Railway Company in order to assist the Company to finance additional capital expenditures. This stock is issued under the authority of the Canadian National Railways Capital Revision Act, 1952, in an amount equal to three per cent of the gross operating revenues of the Company.

Loans to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation during the fiscal year amounted to $53 million, of which $45 million was for lending purposes, $1 million for construction and $7 million for federal-provincial housing projects. Repayments of $3 million on account of house construction and $1 million on federal-provincial housing projects bring the net increase for the fiscal year in loans to the Corporation to $49 million.

Other increases in loans and advances to Crown agencies during the year were; $16 million to Atomic Energy of Canada Limited, $4 million to the Canadian Farm Loan Board, $3·6 million to the Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited, $3 million to the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, $1 million to the National Harbours Board, and $1·3 million to The St. Lawrence Seaway Authority.

Polymer Corporation Limited reduced its indebtedness to the government by $4 million during the year and Northwest Territories Power Commission by $0·3 million.

Other Loans and Investments

Other loans and investments decreased by $106 million during the year. The balances of the main accounts in this category together with the changes during the year are shown in the following table:

TABLE XXXIX

(In millions of dollars)

Other Loans and Investments	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Loans to United Kingdom and other governments	1,700·7	1,772·3	−71·6
Subscription to capital of International Monetary Fund	293·4	322·5	−29·1
Subscription to capital of International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	70·9	70·9	.....
Loans to provincial and municipal governments	79·8	83·6	−3·8
Advances under Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Acts	162·6	162·0	0·6
Miscellaneous loans and investments	24·2	26·6	−2·4
	2,331·6	2,437·9	−106·3

The loans to the United Kingdom and other governments are estimated to total $1,701 million, a decrease of $71 million from the total at the close of the previous year. The changes in these loans are shown in the following table.

TABLE XL

(In millions of dollars)

Loans to United Kingdom and Other National Governments	Balance at March 31		Increase or Decrease (−)
	1955 (Estimated)	1954	
Loans to United Kingdom—			
The War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942	112·5	142·5	−30·0
The United Kingdom Financial Agreement Act, 1946	1,127·3	1,142·1	−14·8
	1,239·8	*1,284·6*	*−44·8*
Loans under the Export Credits Insurance Act, Part II—			
Belgium	50·8	53·1	−2·3
China	49·4	49·4	.....
Czechoslovakia	9·9	9·9	.....
France	192·5	200·8	−8·3
Indonesia	3·1	6·2	−3·1
Netherlands	101·0	105·6	−4·6
Norway	10·5	15·8	−5·3
	417·2	*440·8*	*−23·6*
Miscellaneous loans and advances—			
France—Military relief credits settlement	3·0	3·5	−0·5
Interim credit—consolidated interest	1·9	2·0	−0·1
Greece	6·5	6·5	.....
Netherlands—Military relief and currency credit settlement	4·0	4·6	−0·6
Roumania	24·3	24·3	.....
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	3·6	5·4	−1·8
Miscellaneous	0·4	0·6	−0·2
	43·7	*46·9*	*−3·2*
	1,700·7	1,772·3	−71·6

During the year the Government of the United Kingdom reduced the balance of the $700 million interest free loan granted under the provisions of the War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942, by $30 million as arranged under the terms of an agreement entered into on August 13, 1953 between the Governments of the United Kingdom and Canada. The balance outstanding at March 31, 1955 was $112 million. Under the terms of the agreement the loan is to continue to be free of interest until December 1958.

The Government of the United Kingdom also repaid $15 million on account of the $1,185 million loan made under the $1,250 million credit authorized by United Kingdom Financial Agreement Act, 1946, reducing the unpaid balance to $1,127 million at the close of the fiscal year.

Advances under Part II of the Export Credits Insurance Act to certain foreign countries to assist them in purchasing goods and services in Canada were reduced by $24 million during the year. Repayments by the various countries during the year are shown in the preceding table. All payments of principal due during the fiscal year 1954-55 were made in accordance with the agreements entered into by the Governments of the various countries and the Government of Canada with the exception of those owing by the Governments of China and Czechoslovakia.

Miscellaneous loans and advances to foreign governments were reduced by $3 million, of which $1·8 million was received from the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

The subscription to the capital of the International Monetary Fund was reduced by $29 million during the year. This decrease represents adjustments occasioned by the increased value in terms of Canadian dollars of Canada's subscription to the fund.

Loans to provincial and municipal governments decreased by $3·8 million during the year. Repayments by provinces amounted to $3·4 million and by municipalities to $0·4 million.

Advances under the Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Acts increased by $9·1 million, However, as $8·5 million was added to the reserve for conditional benefits under the Veterans' Land Act, the net increase was only $0·6 million.

Miscellaneous loans and investments decreased by $2 million during the year. A decrease of $3 million in balances receivable under agreements of sale of Crown assets was offset by increases in other items in this category totalling $1 million.

Sinking Fund and Other Investments Held for the Retirement of Unmatured Debt.

There was an increase of $85 million in these assets during the fiscal year 1954-55 due mainly to the purchase of bonds of various Government of Canada issues payable in United States dollars.

Province Debt Accounts

There were no changes in the province debt accounts during the fiscal year. The amount resulting from financial adjustments with certain of the provinces at Confederation have remained unchanged for many years.

Deferred Charges

Deferred charges decreased by $4 million during the fiscal year. There was no change in the unamortized portion of the superannuation account liability during the year but payments of $19 million for commissions and discounts on new loans were more than offset by the annual amortization charges of $23 million applicable to 1954-55 included in the year's expenditures.

Sundry Suspense Accounts

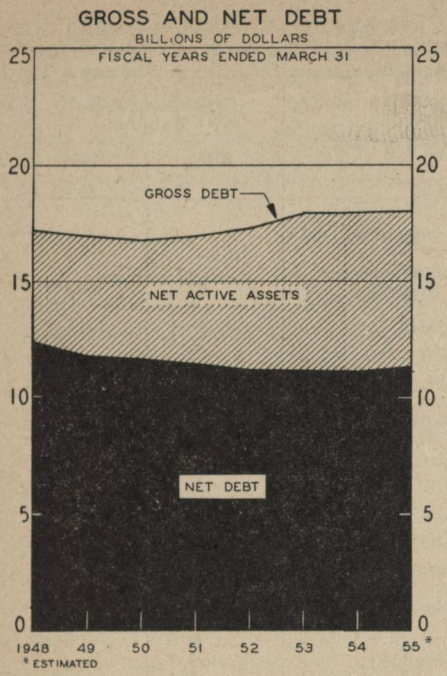
The increase of $14 million in sundry suspense accounts during the year is mainly due to the fact that the deficit arising from exchange revaluations of the assets and liabilities of the exchange fund was $205 million at December 31, 1954, compared with $191 million at December 31, 1953.

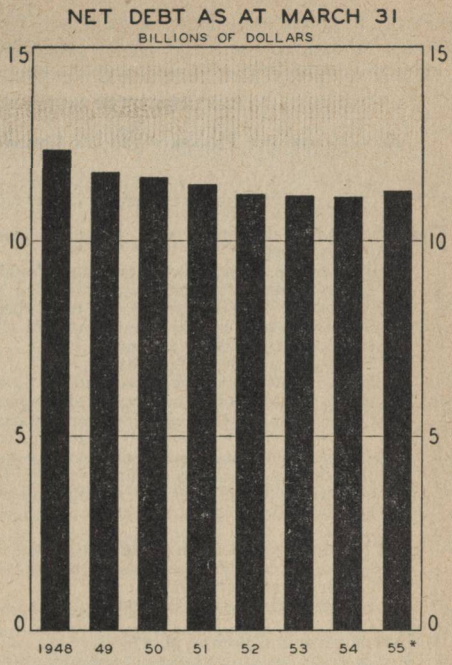
Reserve for Possible Losses on Ultimate Realization of Active Assets

There was no charge or credit to the reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets during the year. It is shown on the statement of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 1955, as $496 million, unchanged from the end of the previous year.

C. Increase in Net Debt

The estimated deficit for the fiscal year of $148 million resulted in a corresponding increase in the net debt of Canada, increasing it from $11,116 million at March 31, 1954 to $11,264 million at March 31, 1955.





5. THE CASH POSITION

While a substantial part of all government activities is directly reflected in the budgetary accounts, it is important to note that in addition to collecting revenues and making expenditures in the strict budgetary sense the government's financial operations include many transactions which involve the receipt and disbursement of large sums of cash which lie outside the budget proper.

In preceding sections of this survey the budgetary revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year 1954-55 have been described and analyzed in some detail. Although these budgetary transactions resulted in a deficit of $148 million, unmatured debt in the hands of the public was reduced by $202 million while cash balances declined by only $154 million. It is apparent that in considering the full scope of the government's financial operations and measuring their impact upon the nation's economy, non-budgetary as well as budgetary transactions must be taken into account.

The non-budgetary transactions are those which result in increases or decreases in the government's assets and liabilities. They do not appear in the government's income account nor do they enter into the calculation of the annual budgetary surplus or deficit.

On the assets side, they consist, for the most part, of loans and advances to, and repayments by, Crown corporations and other government agencies and funds (including the old age security fund), national, provincial and municipal governments and other borrowers, and investments in government securities.

On the liabilities side, the transactions relate mainly to receipts and payments in connection with the numerous deposit and trust, and annuity, insurance and pension funds held or administered by the government.

The following statement summarizes these non-budgetary transactions for 1954-55 and indicates how, together with the budgetary transactions, they affected the government's funded debt and cash position. For purposes of comparison, the corresponding figures for 1953-54 are also shown:

TABLE XLI

(In millions of dollars)

Non-Budgetary Transactions and Changes in Cash Position	Fiscal year ended March 31	
	1955 (Estimated)	1954
Non-Budgetary Receipts and Credits (excluding unmatured debt transactions)		
Repayments of loans, investments and working capital advances—		
Loans to, and investments in, Canadian National Railways	93·2	18·1
Advances to defence production revolving fund	5·2	21·9
Subscription to capital of International Monetary Fund	29·1	.....
1942 loan to United Kingdom	30·0	53·6
1946 loan to United Kingdom	14·8	14·6
Loans to other national governments	26·8	24·3
Loans to provincial and municipal governments	3·8	3·7
Other loans, investments and working capital advances	19·0	5·4
	221·9	*141·6*
Net government annuities account receipts—		
Premium receipts less payments to beneficiaries	31·9	32·5
Government contribution to maintain reserve	0·5	0·1
Interest paid by government	31·6	29·3
	64·0	*61·9*
Net insurance and pension account receipts—		
Employee contributions less payments to beneficiaries	27·0	19·6
Government contributions	74·9	90·8
Interest paid by government	37·5	31·8
	139·4	*142·2*
Net increase in Colombo plan fund	13·5	18·7
Net increase in cash balances of unemployment insurance fund	1·4	1·6
Net increase in reserve for conditional benefits—Veterans Land Act	8·4	8·5
Net reduction in unamortized discounts and commissions on loans	3·7	−10·3
Net receipts in sundry other accounts	35·8	20·4
Total	488·1	384·6
Non-Budgetary Disbursements and Charges (excluding unmatured debt transactions)—		
Loans, investments and working capital advances—		
Loans to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation	49·5	98·8
Temporary loans to old age security fund	62·2	−53·7
Loans to, and investments in, Atomic Energy of Canada, Limited	16·4	7·4
Advances to agricultural prices support account	9·1	−55·4
Advances to exchange fund	20·0	−15·0
Loans under Soldier Settlement and Veterans Land Acts	9·1	7·8
Other loans, investments and working capital advances	13·3	27·8
	179·6	*17·7*
Other non-budgetary disbursements—		
Net decrease in defence equipment and materiel replacement accounts	48·4	−33·8
Net decrease in prairie farm emergency fund	13·7	−7·4
Net decrease in interest accrued on public debt	5·0	−12·0
Net decrease in matured debt, and other demand liabilities	42·7	−4·6
Net disbursements from sundry other accounts	2·8	1·9
Net decrease in provincial 5 per cent corporation income tax suspense account	.....	47·9
Net decrease in reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets	.....	49·5
Total	292·2	59·2
Net amount available from non-budgetary transactions	195·9	325·4
Add, Budgetary Surplus, or *Deduct* Budgetary Deficit (−)	−148·3	45·8
Overall cash available for debt reduction	47·6	371·2
Net increase or decrease (−) in unmatured debt outstanding in the hands of the public—		
Unmatured debt	−88·4	−234·4
Sinking fund	−85·4	−74·2
Securities investment account	−27·7	41·5
	−201·5	*−267·1*
Net increase, or decrease (−), in cash balances	−153·9	104·1

As the table indicates, non-budgetary receipts and credits (excluding unmatured debt transactions) were $488 million while non-budgetary disbursements and charges (also excluding unmatured debt transactions) were $292 million resulting in a net amount available from non-budgetary transactions of $196 million. This latter amount less the budgetary deficit of $148 million made $48 million available for debt reduction. In 1953-54, the excess of non-budgetary disbursements over receipts made $325 million available which, with the budgetary surplus of $46 million, made a total of $371 million available for debt reduction.

Non-budgetary receipts and credits for 1954-55 amounted to $488 million. Repayments of loans, investments and working capital advances totalled $222 million due mainly to net repayments of $93 million by Canadian National Railways (loans of $154 million during the fiscal year were more than offset by repayments totalling $247 million), a reduction of $29 million in Canada's subscription to the capital of the International Monetary Fund, and repayments of $72 million by the United Kingdom and other national governments. Other non-budgetary receipts and credits included $64 million on government annuities account, $139 million in respect of the several insurance and pension accounts which the government administers, $13 million representing the excess of credits over disbursements from the Colombo plan fund, and $49 million in respect of various other accounts.

Non-budgetary disbursements and charges amounted to $292 million during 1954-55. Loans, investments and working capital advances amounted to $180 million and included $49 million loaned to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for housing construction and loans, $62 million in temporary loans to the old age security fund to finance the amount by which pension payments exceeded tax receipts, $16 million advanced to Atomic Energy of Canada, Limited, for working capital and to finance the construction of the new reactor and other buildings and works at Chalk River and Deep River, $20 million to the exchange fund for the acquisition of gold and foreign exchange and $32 million for miscellaneous loans, investments and working capital advances (including $9 million for loans to veterans). In addition, $154 million was loaned during the year to Canadian National Railways for additions and betterments, the acquisition of new rolling stock and equipment and for additional working capital but these loans were more than offset by repayments totalling $247 million. Other non-budgetary disbursements and charges amounting to $113 million, include net disbursements of $48 million from the defence equipment and materiel replacement accounts, $14 million from the prairie farm emergency fund and $51 million from various other accounts.

By using the amount of $48 million available from budgetary and non-budgetary transactions and by allowing cash balances to run down by $154 million, unmatured debt in the hands of the public, after taking into account sinking fund purchases and transactions in the securities investment account, was reduced by $202 million during 1954-55.

6. THE PUBLIC DEBT

While the unmatured funded debt of Canada decreased by $88 million during the fiscal year, other liabilities increased by $109 million. Consequently, the gross public debt of Canada increased by $21 million from $17,923 million at March 31, 1954 to an estimated total of $17,944 million at March 31, 1955. During the same period the net active assets decreased by $127 million, with the result that the net debt—which is the gross debt less the active or revenue producing assets—was increased by $148 million.

The following table shows the relationship between the gross public debt, the unmatured funded debt and the net debt at the end of each fiscal year, March 31, 1948 to 1955 inclusive:

TABLE XLII

STATEMENT OF PUBLIC DEBT, UNMATURED FUNDED DEBT, ACTIVE ASSETS AND NET DEBT OF CANADA

(In millions of dollars)

As at March 31	Gross Public Debt			Less Active Assets	Net Debt	Increase (−) or Decrease in Net Debt during Fiscal Year
	Unmatured Funded Debt	Other Liabilities	Total			
1948	15,957·4	1,239·9	17,197·3	4,825·7	12,371·6	676·1
1949	15,585·0	1,365·4	16,950·4	5,174·3	11,776·1	595·5
1950	15,188·1	1,562·7	16,750·8	5,106·1	11,644·6	131·5
1951	15,026·8	1,896·5	16,923·3	5,490·0	11,433·3	211·3
1952	14,695·4	2,562·3	17,257·7	6,072·4	11,185·3	248·0
1953	14,810·5	3,108·0	17,918·5	6,756·8	11,161·7	23·5
1954	14,576·2	3,347·0	17,923·2	6,807·3	11,115·9	45·8
1955 (Estimated)	14,487·8	3,456·3	17,944·1	6,679·9	11,264·2	−148·3

Unmatured Funded Debt

It is estimated that the unmatured funded debt of Canada totalled $14,488 million at March 31, 1955. This is $88 million less than at the close of the previous fiscal year and $1,470 million less than at March 31, 1948. However, during the same eight year period while interest charges declined by approximately 6 per cent from $432 million in 1947-48 to $406 million in 1954-55 the gross national product rose from $13,768 million in 1947 to $23,985 million in 1954, an increase of approximately 74 per cent. Consequently, the relative burden of the funded debt, measured in terms of interest charges as a percentage of the gross national product, declined from 3·1 per cent in 1947-48 to 1·7 per cent in 1954-55.

Summary of Security Issues and Redemptions during the year

During the fiscal year 1954-55 the Government issued securities payable in Canadian dollars in the principal amount of $4,607 million (excluding the refunding of treasury bills which mature periodically) and redeemed maturing issues in the amount of $4,695 million, all of which was payable in Canadian dollars. There were no issues or redemptions in foreign currencies.

The redemption of the Third and Fourth Victory Loans, which together were outstanding in the amount of $1,967 million, involved the two largest refunding operations in Canadian financial history. Net sales of $767 million of Canada Savings Bonds Series 9, while lower than those of Series 8 by nearly $100 million, were nonetheless the second highest ever recorded for issues of this type.

The amount of treasury bills outstanding at the end of the fiscal year was $890 million, $240 million greater than on March 31, 1954. This amount was equally divided between three-month bills and nine-month bills. Since March 31, 1952 treasury bills outstanding have risen by $440 million, a growth which reflects in part the Government's increasing interest in developing an active Canadian market for short-term securities.

The financing of redemptions was effected as follows:

	(in millions of dollars)	
By proceeds of new issues:		
Canada Savings Bonds Series 9 (net)	766·5	
Three month, Twenty-Three day Loan	200·0	
Increase in Treasury Bills	240·0	
		1,206·5
By refunding or conversion into new issues		3,400·0
By available cash (payable in Canada)		88·3
		4,694·8

As a result of these transactions the net decrease in funded debt is estimated at $88 million.

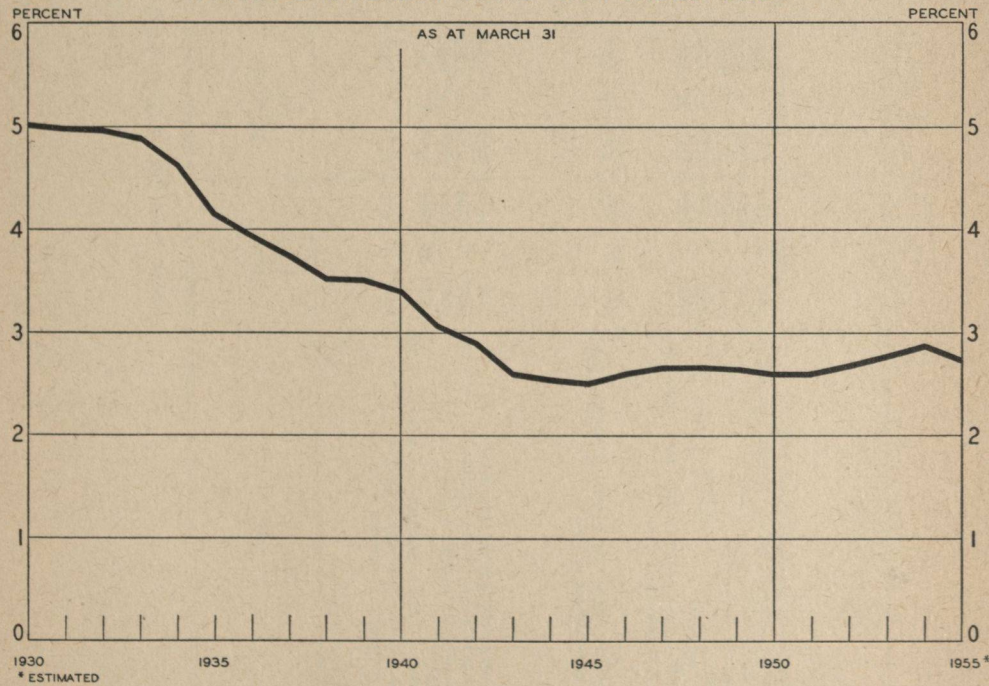
Interest Rates

The average interest rate on the Government's outstanding unmatured funded debt as at March 31, 1955 was 2·74 per cent a slight decrease from the rate of 2·86 per cent at the end of the previous fiscal year. This is the first decrease recorded since the fiscal year 1949-50, when the rate was 2·60 per cent.

Interest rates generally fell sharply during the year. The last public issue during the year with a term of more than 10 years, the Canada Savings Bonds Series 9, was sold to yield 3·25 per cent, while the yield on a similar issue in the previous fiscal year was 3·75 per cent.

Treasury bill yields also declined noticeably. On the three-month bills the average yield on the issue sold March 25, 1955 was 1·130 per cent against 1·585 per cent for the last issue sold in the previous fiscal year. The average yield on the issue of nine-month bills made March 25, 1955 was 1·342 per cent compared to 1·903 per cent for the last issue sold in the fiscal year 1953-54.

AVERAGE INTEREST RATE ON FUNDED DEBT



Details of redemptions and new issues of securities during the fiscal year are set out in the following tables.

TABLE XLIII

Redemption of Funded Debt During Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 1955

Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Where Payable	Amount
May 1, 1954	2¼	Canada	200,000,000
July 1, 1954	2	Canada	100,000,000
September 1, 1954	2	Canada	550,000,000
November 1, 1954	1¾	Canada	200,000,000
November 15, 1954	1½	Canada	200,000,000
December 15, 1954	2	Canada	150,000,000
December 15, 1954	2	Canada	395,000,000
March 1, 1955	1½	Canada	550,000,000
November 1, 1956(1)	3	Canada	855,607,410
May 1, 1957(2)	3	Canada	1,111,261,650
June 1, 1958(3)	3	Canada	88,200,000
Canada Savings Bonds Series 1-8	2¾–3¾	Canada	294,700,000
Total Redemption of Debt			4,694,769,060

(1) Third Victory Loan—called for redemption June 1, 1954.
(2) Fourth Victory Loan—called for redemption October 1, 1954.
(3) Called for redemption December 1, 1954.

TABLE XLIV

NEW SECURITY ISSUES DURING FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1955

—	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Price to Government	Yield at Price to Government	Total Amount Issued	Renewals or Reconversion Included in Amount Issued	Amount Issued for Cash
			%		%	$	$	$
Issued to Bank of Canada—								
Six Months Treasury Notes	May 1, 1954	Nov. 1, 1954	1¾	100·00	1·75	200,000,000	200,000,000	
Loan, Three Months, Twenty-Three Days	July 23, 1954	Nov. 15, 1954	1½	99·97	1·59	50,000,000		50,000,000
Six Months Treasury Notes	Sept. 1, 1954	Mar. 1, 1955	1½	100·00	1·50	550,000,000	550,000,000	
Six Months Treasury Notes	Nov. 1, 1954	May 2, 1955	1⅝	100·00	1·375	200,000,000	200,000,000	
Two Month Treasury Notes	Mar. 1, 1955	May 2, 1955	1⅛	100·00	1·125	500,000,000	500,000,000	
						1,500,000,000	1,450,000,000	50,000,000
Issued to Chartered Banks—								
Loan, Three Months, Twenty-Three Days	July 23, 1954	Nov. 15, 1954	1½	99·97	1·59	150,000,000	.....	150,000,000
Issued to General Public—								
Loan, Two Years, Six and One-Half Months	June 1, 1954	Dec. 15, 1956	2¼	99·50	2·46	550,000,000	550,000,000	
Loan, Twenty-Two Years	June 1, 1954	June 1, 1976	3¼	98·25	3·36	300,000,000	300,000,000	
Loan, Three Years	Oct. 1, 1954	Oct. 1, 1957	2	99·50	2·17	700,000,000	700,000,000	
Loan, Twenty-Five Years	Oct. 1, 1954	Oct. 1, 1979	3¼	99·25	3·29	400,000,000	400,000,000	
Canada Savings Bonds Series IX Net	Nov. 1, 1954	Nov. 1, 1966	3¼	99·25	3·33	766,500,000	.....	766,500,000
Increase in Treasury Bills	Various	Various	Various	Various	Various	240,000,000	.....	240,000,000
						2,956,500,000	1,950,000,000	1,006,500,000
GRAND TOTAL	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,606,500,000	3,400,000,000	1,206,500,000

Contingent Liabilities

In addition to the direct debt set out in the statement of assets and liabilities, the Government has certain contingent liabilities. These consist of securities issued by various Government owned enterprises (such as the Canadian National Railways), guaranteed as to principal and interest or as to interest only, and a number of other miscellaneous guarantees, the chief of which are the guarantee of deposits maintained by the chartered banks in the Bank of Canada, insured loans made by chartered banks and other approved lending institutions under the National Housing Act, 1954, and bank advances to the Canadian Wheat Board; the guarantees of certain loans made by chartered banks to veterans or farmers for certain authorized purposes; guarantees under The Export Credits Insurance Act and certain commitments under housing legislation.

The following tables give details of the bonds and debenture stocks guaranteed by the Government, and also indicate the nature and approximate extent of the Government's other guarantees and contingent liabilities. The most significant change during the fiscal year was the sale of $250,000,000 2¾ per cent guaranteed bonds of the Canadian National Railway Company. The proceeds were used to repay interest-bearing capital advances from the Government of Canada and for capital expenditures of the Company.

TABLE XLV

BONDS AND DEBENTURE STOCKS GUARANTEED BY THE GOVERNMENT AS AT MARCH 31, 1955

Date of Maturity	Issue	Interest Rate	Estimated Amount Outstanding
		%	$
June 15, 1955	Canadian National	4¾	48,496,000
Feb. 1, 1956	Canadian National	4½	67,368,000
July 1, 1957	Canadian National	4½	64,136,000
July 20, 1958	Canadian Northern	3½	5,636,506
Jan. 15, 1959	Canadian National	3	35,000,000
May 4, 1960	Canadian Northern Alberta	3½	550,727
May 19, 1961	Canadian Northern Ontario	3½	3,597,518
Jan. 1, 1962	Grand Trunk Pacific	3	26,465,130
Jan. 1, 1962	Grand Trunk Pacific	4	7,999,074
Feb. 1, 1963	Canadian National	2¾	250,000,000
Jan. 3, 1966	Canadian National	3	35,000,000
Jan. 2, 1967	Canadian National	2¾	50,000,000
Sept. 15, 1969	Canadian National	2¾	70,000,000
Jan. 16, 1971	Canadian National	2¾	40,000,000
Feb. 1, 1974	Canadian National	3¾	200,000,000
June 15, 1975	Canadian National	2¾	6,000,000
Perpetual	Grand Trunk Debenture Stock	5	98,706
Perpetual	Great Western Debenture Stock	5	3,407
Perpetual	Grand Trunk Debenture Stock	4	71,817
			$910,422,885

TABLE XLVI

Other Outstanding Guarantees and Contingent Liabilities

	Estimated Amount Outstanding
Deposits maintained by the chartered banks in the Bank of Canada (February 28, 1955)	$ 503,841,332
Province of Manitoba Treasury Bill (March 31, 1955).	750,000
Loans made by chartered banks under the Farm Improvement Loans Act (December 31, 1954)....	35,804,794
Loans made by chartered banks under the Veterans' Business and Professional Loans Act (December 31, 1954)	2,225,796
Guarantees under Part II of the Export Credits Insurance Act (March 31, 1955)	7,650,000
Loans made by approved lending institutions under Dominion and National Housing Acts (December 31, 1954)	Indeterminate
Guarantees of land assembly projects under National Housing Act (December 31, 1954)	Nil
Loans insured under the National Housing Act, 1954 (December 31, 1954)	121,571,940
Loans made by approved lending institutions under Part IV of the National Housing Act, 1944, for home extensions or improvements (December 31, 1954)	7,483
Loans made by chartered banks under The Prairie Producers' Interim Financing Act, 1951 (February 28, 1955)	3,450
Loans made by chartered banks to Canadian Wheat Board (February 28, 1955)	95,899,203

7. SUPPLEMENTARY DETAILED TABLES

REVENUES
EXPENDITURES
LOANS AND ADVANCES AND INVESTMENTS
UNMATURED FUNDED DEBT

55860—6½

STATEMENT OF REVENUES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

(thousands of dollars)

—	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
	$	$	$	$	$
TAX REVENUES—					
Income tax—					
Personal(1)	652,329	975,676	1,180,026	1,187,656	1,176,000
Corporations(1)	799,197	1,130,680	1,240,090	1,191,187	1,008,000
On dividends, interest, rents and royalties, going abroad	61,610	55,017	53,674	53,761	61,000
Excess profits tax	10,141	2,365	.....	.....	.....
Succession duties	33,599	38,208	38,071	39,138	42,000
Customs duties	295,722	346,365	389,442	407,312	393,000
Excise duties—					
Spirits, malt and beer	129,390	120,851	127,684	133,036	131,000
Cigarettes, tobacco and cigars	114,486	100,711	116,914	96,970	99,000
Licences	38	36	38	37	37
Less refunds	−2,868	−3,658	−3,276	−3,311	−3,037
	241,046	*217,940*	*241,360*	*226,732*	*227,000*
Excise taxes—					
Sales tax (1)(2)	470,627	587,194	566,233	587,332	576,000
Other excise taxes—					
Automobiles, tires and tubes	70,841	100,904	89,883	106,097	84,000
Beverages (soft drinks)	7,212	19,230	12,481	11,691	8,200
Candy and chewing gum	10,880	11,531	12,391	12,813	10,000
Cigarette papers and tubes	7,734	423	.....	.....	.....
Cigarettes, tobacco and cigars	85,199	106,354	102,645	113,161	114,000
Electrical appliances	2,080	4,893	4,305	5,101	400
Furs	4,509	4,793	5,710	3,751	100
Jewellery, watches, ornaments etc.	6,459	9,714	7,488	7,256	4,800
Matches and lighters	1,161	1,855	1,394	1,370	1,000
Stamps on cheques, money orders, etc	10,945	11,346	10,561	.....	.....
Stoves, washing machines and refrigerators	.....	10,923	1,546	.....	.....
Television sets, radios, tubes and phonographs	5,548	8,252	10,706	16,771	21,900
Toilet preparations	4,551	8,467	7,195	7,103	5,500
Trunks, bags, luggage, etc	2,604	3,969	3,603	3,478	500
Wines	2,225	2,167	2,216	2,231	2,300
Sundry commodities	4,327	7,173	5,964	6,443	2,200
Licences, interest and miscellaneous	372	463	461	396	400
Less refunds	−10,506	−13,723	−2,892	−1,637	−1,000
	216,141	*298,734*	*275,657*	*296,025*	*254,300*
Tax on insurance premiums	4,228	4,753	12,361	13,756	14,600
Miscellaneous tax revenue	710	843	679	686	900
	2,785,350	*3,657,775*	*3,997,593*	*4,003,585*	*3,752,800*
NON-TAX REVENUES—					
Return on investments	89,529	117,622	116,906	151,858	133,700
Premium discount and exchange	17,562	17,697	1,467	838	.....
Post Office—net postal revenue	90,443	104,610	111,905	110,953	130,140
Bullion and coinage	4,708	4,838	4,386	4,241	1,483
Other	31,106	37,205	45,471	50,297	55,285
	233,348	*281,972*	*280,135*	*318,187*	*320,608*
SPECIAL RECEIPTS AND CREDITS—					
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation—					
Profits paid to Receiver General	2,862	3,144	2,054	(3)	(3)
Proceeds and depreciation reserve with respect to the sale of wartime housing properties	4,351	9,843	6,701	5,234	4,545
Refundable portion of income tax and excess profits tax—Transfer to revenue of excess reserves set up in previous years	25,000	7,367	.....	.....	.....
Transfer to revenue of provincial 5 per cent corporation income tax suspense account pursuant to the 1952 tax rental agreements	.....	.....	45,000	46,786	.....
Proceeds from the sale of Crown assets	19,613	14,712	7,638	17,222	24,657
Transfer to revenue of Canadian Wheat Board suspense account	.....	.....	6,325	.....	.....

STATEMENT OF REVENUES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS—*Concluded*

(thousands of dollars)

—	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
	$	$	$	$	$
SPECIAL RECEIPTS AND CREDITS— *Concluded*					
Surplus of Canadian Arsenals, Limited	.....	.....	6,114	(3)	(3)
Write-up to active assets—Atomic Energy of Canada, Limited	.....	.....	4,794	.....	1,437
Miscellaneous special receipts	42,012	6,096	4,469	5,306	3,089
	93,838	*41,162*	*83,095*	*74,548*	*33,728*
TOTAL REVENUE	3,112,536	3,980,909	4,360,823	4,396,320	4,107,136

(1) Excluding tax credited to old age security fund—

	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
2% personal income tax	100	45,250	90,700	101,000
2% corporation income tax	2,000	36,850	55,600	46,000
2% sales tax	24,298	141,558	146,833	144,000

(2) The total for 1950-51 represents gross collections; for 1951-52, gross collections less transfer to the old age security fund, and in subsequent years the totals are net after deduction of refunds and drawbacks as well as transfers to the old age security fund.

(3) Included in Return on Investments.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENTS AND MAJOR CATEGORIES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

(thousands of dollars)

—	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
	$	$	$	$	$
Agriculture—					
Administration and general	692	733	824	852	987
Science service	6,685	6,992	8,136	8,969	9,367
Experimental farms service	7,140	7,729	8,272	8,574	9,888
Production service	9,182	9,335	9,337	9,555	10,324
Marketing service	4,936	4,555	4,780	4,212	9,532
Rehabilitation and reclamation projects	13,212	11,813	13,852	14,683	13,067
Freight assistance on western feed grains	15,638	14,999	20,661	16,999	19,000
Premium on hog carcasses suitable for export to United Kingdom	5,100	5,374	6,405	4,679	5,034
Advances to prairie farm emergency fund	4,304	.....	.....	.....	.....
Payment to Canadian Wheat Board for distribution to producers	65,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net operating loss—Agricultural prices support account	3,485	1,743	32,533	37,759	3,211
Other expenditure	7,411	3,861	1,911	2,079	2,925
	142,785	*67,134*	*106,711*	*108,361*	*83,335*
Auditor General's Office	574	601	576	615	676
Canadian Broadcasting Corporation	2,405	8,301	8,235	8,259	8,479
Payment from the consolidated revenue fund of amounts equal to taxes collected under the Excise Tax Act in respect of radio and television sets and equipment	.....	.....	.....	16,737	21,800
				24,996	*30,279*
Office of the Chief Electoral Officer	278	368	465	5,527	292
Citizenship and Immigration—					
Administration and general	531	1,114	1,399	1,657	1,651
Immigration branch	5,578	8,073	7,063	7,313	8,420
Indian Affairs branch	14,564	14,054	15,184	16,511	18,043
	20,673	*23,241*	*23,646*	*25,481*	*28,114*
Civil Service Commission	1,580	1,692	1,910	2,051	2,370
Defence Production—					
Administration and general	.....	8,284	9,738	10,074	9,418
Capital assistance to defence industry	.....	22,695	79,079	37,825	10,137
		30,979	*88,817*	*47,899*	*19,555*
External Affairs	7,654	8,225	9,146	10,249	12,285
Membership in commonwealth and international organizations	2,962	2,724	3,477	3,522	4,332
Assistance to other countries and international organizations	11,464	26,634	26,628	31,948	27,483
	22,080	*37,583*	*39,251*	*45,719*	*44,100*
Finance—					
Departmental administration and general	7,354	8,361	9,425	9,402	9,524
Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury	11,345	12,554	13,310	13,713	15,045
Interest on public debt	425,217	432,423	451,340	476,062	478,188
Additional amount required to place interest on public debt on accrual basis	.....	87,510	.....	.....	.....
Cost of issuing new loans and annual amortization of bond discounts and commissions	13,354	10,717	13,072	19,062	23,728
Servicing of public debt	449	385	508	604	760
Subsidies to provinces	18,735	20,108	20,108	20,108	20,353
Compensation to provinces—					
Tax rental agreements, 1947 Act	94,123	96,868	23,795	1	.....
Tax rental agreements, 1952 Act	.....	.....	284,778	309,227	327,445
Transfer of certain public utility tax receipts, under tax rental agreements	4,565	3,732	4,370	6,831	6,750
Transitional grant to Newfoundland	6,500	6,500	5,650	4,800	3,950
Government contributions with respect to the superannuation account—general	6,831	12,911	13,802	16,451	37,382
—special	75,000	98,000	25,000	38,000	.....
Grants to universities	.....	6,993	5,115	5,244	5,390
Implementation of guarantees (Ming Sung Industrial Co. Ltd.)	.....	1,346	1,695	1,563	1,524

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENTS AND MAJOR CATEGORIES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS—*Continued*

(thousands of dollars)

—	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
	$	$	$	$	$
Finance—*Concluded*					
Premium discount and exchange	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,015
Wartime Prices and Trade Board Administration	1,599	155	.....	.....	.....
Commodity prices stabilization corporation limited	.....	50	.....	308	64
Grant *re* Red River Valley flood	12,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Relief *re* hurricane *Hazel*	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000
Provision for reserve for possible losses on ultimate realization of active assets	75,000	75,000	75,000	50,000	.....
	752,572	*873,613*	*946,968*	*971,376*	*932,118*
Fisheries	8,964	8,733	10,777	9,255	11,218
Governor General and Lieutenant Governors	244	275	397	399	403
Insurance	344	377	414	431	477
Justice	4,609	5,103	5,606	5,822	6,039
Office of the Commissioner of Penitentiaries	7,798	8,936	9,303	9,195	10,879
	12,407	*14,039*	*14,909*	*15,017*	*16,918*
Labour	9,030	9,503	10,088	9,524	9,272
Government annuities—amount required to maintain reserve	660	940	744	99	500
Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940—					
Administration and general	26,805	23,919	25,051	26,116	28,499
Government contribution	26,133	29,940	31,139	31,822	31,679
	62,628	*64,302*	*67,022*	*67,561*	*69,950*
Legislation—					
House of Commons	3,332	4,302	4,528	4,053	4,823
Library of Parliament	137	153	231	282	291
Senate	976	1,227	1,103	995	1,299
General	266	263	295	270	290
	4,711	*5,945*	*6,157*	*5,600*	*6,703*
Mines and Technical Surveys	10,442	10,779	12,027	13,047	15,859
Dominion Coal Board	3,561	5,132	6,484	10,339	11,299
Emergency gold mining assistance	7,114	11,841	11,147	15,151	15,300
	21,117	*27,752*	*29,658*	*38,537*	*42,458*
National Defence—					
General	901	277	295	320	360
Defence forces, army, navy and air services	545,738	1,217,579	1,557,660	1,424,245	1,326,440
Mutual aid to NATO countries	195,417	126,416	235,053	289,708	257,448
Defence research and development	23,415	35,394	42,989	40,807	44,362
Pensions—					
Payments under defence services pension act	5,011	5,096	5,110	5,100	5,156
Government contribution to permanent services pension account	11,975	30,712	30,009	35,214	36,732
Contribution towards military costs of NATO	.....	.....	11,302	10,521	6,842
	782,457	*1,415,474*	*1,882,418*	*1,805,915*	*1,677,340*
National Film Board	2,308	2,662	2,920	2,998	3,431
National Health and Welfare	17,344	21,098	22,935	28,034	30,368
General health grants	18,875	24,322	27,333	29,184	31,725
Family allowances	309,465	320,458	334,198	350,114	366,501
Old age pensions including pensions to blind persons	103,169	80,206	.....	.....	.....
Old age assistance, blind and disabled persons allowances	.....	2,999	22,099	23,202	24,490
Deficit—Old age security fund	.....	49,669	.....	.....	.....
	448,853	*498,752*	*406,565*	*430,534*	*453,084*
National Research Council and Atomic Energy Control Board	18,014	25,080	28,343	28,100	30,742
National Revenue including taxation division	46,056	45,763	47,313	49,938	55,196
Northern Affairs and National Resources	20,764	17,423	19,500	19,242	20,362
Post Office	91,781	97,973	105,553	113,582	124,540
Privy Council including Prime Minister's Office	4,362	4,097	3,767	3,733	3,855
Public Archives and National Library	206	251	307	347	423

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES BY DEPARTMENTS AND MAJOR CATEGORIES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS—*Concluded*

(thousands of dollars)

—	1950-51	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	Estimated 1954-55
	$	$	$	$	$
Public Printing and Stationery	706	1,103	1,607	2,037	2,055
Public Works	74,483	79,086	83,941	101,515	118,000
Trans-Canada highway contributions	7,205	12,792	13,953	13,379	20,000
	81,688	*91,878*	*97,894*	*114,894*	*138,000*
Royal Canadian Mounted Police	19,801	27,341	31,141	33,845	36,030
Secretary of State	2,065	2,399	2,201	3,278	2,643
Trade and Commerce	23,443	21,817	16,503	16,526	17,732
Deficits incurred by the Canadian Wheat Board covering operations for government account	2,536	.....	.....	.....	.....
Deficit—Trans Canada Air Lines	1,325	.....	.....	.....	.....
	27,304	*21,817*	*16,503*	*16,526*	*17,732*
Transport—					
Administration and general	2,534	3,195	3,171	4,216	4,698
Canals service	8,284	7,975	9,905	8,400	8,006
Marine service	17,187	17,465	21,679	20,259	21,912
Railway service	1,981	2,306	10,562	20,352	26,566
Maritime freight rates act	8,475	10,030	10,130	10,481	10,696
Air services	33,553	36,298	39,171	41,367	45,504
Canadian Maritime Commission	5,899	4,461	3,984	4,202	4,303
Deficits—					
Canadian National Railway	3,261	15,032	.....	.....	28,758
Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited	1,029	467	4	650	628
Prince Edward Island car ferry and terminals	1,267	1,365	1,520	1,603	1,514
North Sydney-Port aux Basques ferry and terminals	.....	.....	1,846	2,236	2,242
National Harbours Board	188	55	57	.....	.....
Non-Active assets—					
National Harbours Board	1,465	1,252	1,877	4,247	3,931
	85,123	*99,901*	*103,906*	*118,013*	*158,758*
Veterans Affairs—					
Administration and general	2,385	2,513	3,627	2,256	2,283
Pensions	95,577	103,703	127,053	127,580	128,930
Treatment and after care of returned soldiers and allowances to dependents	71,646	76,097	78,541	79,470	82,702
Hospital accommodation, additions, alterations and improvements	3,008	3,758	3,990	4,151	3,985
Post discharge rehabilitation benefits	13,502	6,594	3,790	2,518	2,575
War service gratuities and re-establishment credits	16,868	9,826	10,737	8,916	6,167
Soldier settlement and veterans land acts	6,296	5,935	5,645	5,353	6,698
Provision for reserve for conditional benefits under veterans land act	7,110	7,600	8,042	8,471	8,890
	216,392	*216,026*	*241,425*	*238,715*	*242,230*
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	2,901,242	3,732,875	4,337,276	4,350,522	4,255,387

ANNUAL CHANGES IN ACTIVE LOANS AND INVESTMENTS FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

(thousands of dollars)

—	Fiscal Year Ended March 31				
	1951	1952	1953	1954	Estimated 1955
	$	$	$	$	$
Working Capital Advances to Crown Corporations					
Canadian Arsenals, Ltd	2,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian Commercial Corporation	.....	6,500	.....	.....	.....
Canadian Patents and Development Ltd	.....	Cr. 296	.....	.....	.....
Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation	Cr. 1,500	Cr. 50	.....	Cr. 1,215	.....
Crown Assets Disposal Corporation	.....	Cr. 45	.....	.....	Cr. 212
	1,000	6,109	.....	Cr. 1,215	Cr. 212
Loans to, and Investments in, Crown Agencies					
Atomic Energy of Canada, Limited	.....	.....	8,802	7,197	16,437
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation—					
Loans	79,389	73,624	72,561	98,815	49,500
Canadian Broadcasting Corporation	650	850	2,000	4,750	3,000
Canadian Farm Loan Board	1,900	1,300	1,600	3,700	4,150
Canadian National Railways	19,888	139,998	141,822	Cr. 18,092	Cr. 93,210
Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited	300	Cr. 150	.....	.....	3,600
National Harbours Board	1,004	227	Cr. 127	Cr. 631	1,064
Polymer Corporation Limited	Cr. 1,886	Cr. 3,000	Cr. 1,000	Cr. 3,000	Cr. 4,000
St. Lawrence Seaway Authority	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,300
Other Crown Agencies	1,046	2,608	6,812	Cr. 2,845	Cr. 100
	102,291	215,457	232,470	89,894	Cr. 18,259
Other Loans and Investments					
Provincial and Municipal Governments	Cr. 3,180	Cr. 4,129	Cr. 3,782	Cr. 3,669	Cr. 3,792
United Kingdom and other Governments—					
United Kingdom—Loan under the War Appropriation (U.K. Financing) Act, 1942	Cr. 40,567	Cr. 31,092	Cr. 24,282	Cr. 53,616	Cr. 30,000
United Kingdom Financial Agreement Act, 1946	20,000	Cr. 14,010	Cr. 14,290	Cr. 14,576	Cr. 14,868
Export Credits Insurance Act	Cr. 22,935	Cr. 20,657	Cr. 20,599	Cr. 19,439	Cr. 23,613
Other	144	5,461	Cr. 1,602	Cr. 4,915	Cr. 3,145
Canada's subscription to capital of—					
International Monetary Fund	.....	.....	.....	.....	Cr. 29,107
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	.....	170	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous—					
Loans to veterans under the Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Acts	7,515	1,521	Cr. 1,259	Cr. 650	582
Balances receivable under agreements of sale of Crown assets	Cr. 1,043	Cr. 936	900	8,503	Cr. 3,110
Other miscellaneous loans	Cr. 54	2,957	Cr. 256	159	720
	Cr. 40,120	Cr. 60,715	Cr. 65,170	Cr. 88,203	Cr. 106,333
Sinking fund and other investments held for retirement of unmatured debt	5,499	3,201	1,722	74,226	85,400
Net total of changes in loans and investments	68,670	164,052	169,022	74,702	Cr. 39,404

UNMATURED FUNDED DEBT AND TREASURY BILLS AS AT MARCH 31, 1955 AND THE ANNUAL INTEREST PAYABLE THEREON

Date of maturity	Rate per cent	Where payable	Amount of loan	Annual interest charge
			$ cts.	$ cts.
1955, May 2	1⅜	Canada	200,000,000 00	2,750,000 00
May 2	1⅛	Canada	500,000,000 00	5,625,000 00
July 1	2¼	Canada	200,000,000 00	4,500,000 00
July 1	2¼	Canada	400,000,000 00	9,000,000 00
December 15	2¼	Canada	550,000,000 00	12,375,000 00
1956, July 1	2¼	Canada	400,000,000 00	9,000,000 00
November 1	2¾	Canada	*70,000,000 00	1,925,000 00
1957, October 1	2	Canada	700,000,000 00	14,000,000 00
November 1	2¾	Canada	*37,300,000 00	1,025,750 00
1958, May 1	3	Canada	300,000,000 00	9,000,000 00
November 1	2¾	Canada	*34,500,000 00	948,750 00
1959, January 1	3	Canada	1,197,324,750 00	35,919,742 50
November 1	2¾	Canada	*50,700,000 00	1,394,250 00
1960, June 1	3	Canada	1,165,300,350 00	34,959,010 50
November 1	2¾	Canada	*46,500,000 00	1,278,750 00
1961, January 15	3¼	New York	(1) 47,040,000 00	1,528,800 00
1962, February 1	3	Canada	1,315,639,200 00	39,469,176 00
August 1	3½	Canada	*150,000,000 00	5,250,000 00
1963, July 1	3¼	London	(2) 1,950,100 06	63,378 25
July 1	3	London	(2) 49,121,189 12	1,473,635 67
August 1	3	New York	(1)147,000,000 00	4,410,000 00
August 1	3¾	Canada	*168,600,000 00	6,322,500 00
October 1	3	Canada	1,295,819,350 00	38,874,580 50
1965, November 1	3¾	Canada	*706,000,000 00	26,475,000 00
1966, June 1	3¼	Canada	54,703,000 00	1,777,847 50
September 1	3	Canada	1,691,796,700 00	50,753,901 00
November 1	3¼	Canada	*766,500,000 00	24,911,250 00
1968, June 15	2¾	Canada	350,000,000 00	9,625,000 00
1974, September 1	2¾	New York	(1) 98,000,000 00	2,695,000 00
1975, September 15	2¾	New York	(1) 49,000,000 00	1,347,500 00
1976, June 1	3¼	Canada	300,000,000 00	9,750,000 00
1978, January 15	3¾	Canada	100,000,000 00	3,750,000 00
1979, October 1	3½	Canada	400,000,000 00	13,000,000 00
Perpetuals	3	Canada	55,000,000 00	1,650,000 00
Various, three months treasury bills	(3)1·130	Canada	445,000,000 00	5,028,500 00
Various, nine months treasury bills	(3) 1·342	Canada	445,000,000 00	5,971,900 00
			14,487,794,639 18	397,829,221 92
Payable in Canada			14,095,683,350 00	386,310,908 00
Payable in London			51,071,289 18	1,537,013 92
Payable in New York			341,040,000 00	9,981,300 00
			14,487,794,639 18	397,829,221 92

* Estimated.

(1) Conversion rate estimated at $0.98 Can. to the U.S. dollar

(2) Conversion rate estimated at $2.76 to the pound sterling.

(3) Rate of discount on bills sold March 25, 1955.

No. 63

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, TUESDAY, 5TH APRIL, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One petition was laid upon the Table.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 308 (Letter I-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isidore Tremblay".

Bill No. 309 (Letter J-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Lydia Kimber Keller".

Bill No. 310 (Letter K-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Letitia MacDonald Lanz".

Bill No. 311 (Letter L-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kurth Sauer".

Bill No. 312 (Letter M-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Blanche Dionne Krysko".

Bill No. 313 (Letter N-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edna Florence Helen Dawson Smith".

Bill No. 314 (Letter O-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eldora Mary Mills Pope".

Bill No. 315 (Letter P-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roberta Margaret Gilpin Chadsey".

Bill No. 316 (Letter Q-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Wahl Ryshpan".

Bill No. 317 (Letter R-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marian Toba Wolfe Cohen".

Bill No. 318 (Letter S-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Elizabeth Lunan Day".

Bill No. 319 (Letter T-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ross Harold Becker".

Bill No. 320 (Letter U-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Anna Migneault Cloutier".

Bill No. 321 (Letter V-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Camko Kowalew".

Bill No. 322 (Letter W-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Martin Yvon Blais".

Bill No. 323 (Letter X-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Moffatt Wilkie Johnson".

Bill No. 324 (Letter Y-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Herbert Chapman".

Bill No. 325 (Letter Z-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rocco Aldo Amaedeo Mastrocola".

Bill No. 326 (Letter A-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Mae Seguin Le Moyne".

Bill No. 327 (Letter B-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Amy Joyce Markham King".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Nineteenth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Nineteenth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Lorna Greenberg Buium, wife of Sol Hyman Buium of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Nicole Emile Dardano of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Doris Muriel Denman Dardano.

Of Mildred Helena Seale Darker, wife of James Wilbur Alexander Darker of Mackayville, Quebec.

Of Mildred Jane Clendenning Dephoure, wife of Ralph Gerald Daly Dephoure of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Regina Weiner Strelezky Distelman, wife of Hersh Distelman of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Jean Louis Larose of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Augustine Desjardins Larose.

Of Florence Mary Ann Meakin O'Ranski, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario, wife of Leo (Leon) O'Ranski of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Veronica Vera Bordeniuk Reidt, wife of Wallace Alan Reidt of Montreal, Quebec.

Of George Gerald Melville Scally of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Eleanor Doris Walker Scally.

Of Mimi Aberback Sherback, wife of Max Sherback of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Yolande Joos Thompson, wife of Leonard Thompson of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Evelyn Robert Hurst Watson, wife of James Ronald Watson of Verdun, Quebec.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 10, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Why and when were regulations made, forbidding acceptance by Canadians of decorations from foreign governments or states?

2. In how many cases in each year since 1945, have foreign governments or states asked leave to grant decorations to Canadians, within the classifications prohibited by the Government, and in how many cases was consent refused thereto, and for what reasons?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 14, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many leases are now current of business or other premises in the town of Amherst, Nova Scotia, rented by or for the use of the Government of Canada or any department or agency thereof, or any Crown corporation?

2. What are the following details with respect to each such lease: (*a*) name of lessor; (*b*) location of the leased premises; (*c*) name of department, agency, corporation or other occupier of the leased premises; (*d*) amount of rental; (*e*) length and expiry date of the term demised?

Mr. Lesage, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House, by command of His Excellency the Governor General,—Copy of the Report of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources for the year ended March 31, 1954, pursuant to Section 11 of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources Act, Chapter 4, Statutes of Canada 1953-54. (French).

Mr. Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Parliamentary Assistant to the Postmaster General, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many letter carriers were employed during each of the past five years?

2. During each of these years, how many (*a*) letter carrier uniforms; (*b*) summer weight tunics; (*c*) summer weight trousers; (*d*) winter weight trousers; (*e*) summer weight shirts; (*f*) winter weight shirts; (*g*) caps, were issued?

3. Who were the five chief suppliers of (*a*) summer weight trousers; (*b*) winter weight trousers, during each of the past five years?

4. What was the total cost of outfitting the carriers during each of the abovementioned years?

5. What was the total cost for summer weight trousers for each year?

The following Bill from the Senate, was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 307 (Letter F-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting The Fredericton & Grand Lake Coal & Railway Company".—*Mr. Murphy* (Westmorland).

The amendments made by the Senate to Bill No. 4, An Act to Regulate the Exportation of Power and Fluids and the Importation of Gas, were read the second time and concurred in.

The House resumed consideration in Committee of the Whole of a certain proposed resolution to amend and consolidate the Unemployment Insurance Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend and consolidate the Unemployment Insurance Act and, inter alia.

(*a*) to increase benefit rates, as well as to provide for certain changes in the duration of both regular and seasonal benefits;

(*b*) to adjust the contributions, and to change contributions from a daily basis to a weekly earnings basis, and benefits from a daily to a weekly basis;

(*c*) to provide a graduated scale of allowable earnings in place of present provisions related to casual earnings and non-compensable days and,

(*d*) to provide further for certain changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Gregg, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 328, An Act respecting Unemployment Insurance, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply.

And the Debate continuing;

(*At 5.00 o'clock, p.m., Private and Public Bills were called pursuant to Standing Order 15*).

(*Private Bills*)

Mr. Hunter moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to go into Committee of the Whole on Private Bills (*pursuant to Standing Order 110*); which was agreed to.

The following Bills were considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed:

Bill No. 243 (Letter C-8 of the Senate), intituled "An Act to incorporate Caledonian-Canadian Insurance Company".

Bill No. 280 (Letter B-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate Victoria Insurance Company of Canada".

Bill No. 281 (Letter N-8 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to incorporate St. Mary's River Bridge Company".

(*Public Bills*)

Orders numbered 25, 26, 31, 33, 34, 35 and 36, having been severally called, were allowed to stand.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Diefenbaker, seconded by Mr. Harkness: That Bill No. 186, An Act to amend the Criminal Code (Nuisance), be now read the second time.

And Debate continuing; the said Debate was on motion of Mr. Rowe adjourned.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Thomas, seconded by Mr. Yuill: That Bill No. 185, An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act (Ballot Papers), be now read the second time.

After further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was negatived on the following division:

YEAS

Messrs.

Blackmore,
Bryce,
Bryson,
Cameron (Nanaimo),
Campbell,
Coldwell,
Ellis,
Gagnon,
Gillis,
Hansell,
Herridge,
Johnson (Kindersley),
Johnston (Bow River),
Jones,
Knight,
Knowles,
Low,
McCullough (Moose Mountain),
McLeod,
Nicholson,
Quelch,
Regier,
Thomas,
Winch,
Zaplitny—25.

NAYS

Messrs.

Aitken (Miss),
Applewhaite,
Arsenault,
Ashbourne,
Balcer,
Balcom,
Batten,
Bell,
Benidickson,
Bennett (Grey North),
Blair,
Blanchette,
Boisvert,
Bonnier,
Boucher (Châteauguay-Huntingdon-Laprairie),
Bourget,
Bourque,
Breton,
Brisson,
Brown (Essex West),
Cameron (High Park),
Cannon,
Cardin,
Caron,
Carrick,
Cauchon,
Cavers,
Charlton,
Churchill,
Clark,
Cloutier,
Crestohl,
Croll,
Dechêne,
Denis,
Deschatelets,
Deslières,
Dinsdale,
Drew,
Dumas,
Dupuis,
Enfield,
Eudes,
Eyre,
Fairey,
Ferguson,
Follwell,
Forgie,
Fraser (Peterborough),
Garland,
Garson,
Gauthier (Lac-Saint-Jean),
Gauthier (Portneuf),
Gingras,
Gingues,
Gour (Russell),
Gourd (Chapleau),
Gregg,
Habel,
Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce),
Hamilton, (York West),
Hanna,
Hardie,
Harkness,
Healy,
Hellyer,
Henderson,
Henry,
Hodgson,
Hollingworth,
Hosking,
Houck,
Howe (Port Arthur),
Huffman,
Hunter,
James,
Jutras,
Kickham,
Kirk (Antigonish-Guysborough),
Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare),
Lafontaine,
Langlois (Gaspé),
Lavigne,
Leduc (Gatineau),
Leduc (Jacques-Cartier-Lasalle),
Leduc (Verdun),
Lefrançois,
Legaré,
Lesage,
Lusby,
Macdonnell (Greenwood),
MacKenzie,
MacNaught,
McBain,
McCann,
McCubbin,
McCulloch (Pictou),
McDonald (Parry Sound-Muskoka),
McGregor,
McWilliam,
Marler,
Martin,
Massé,
Matheson,
Meunier,
Michaud,
Michener,
Mitchell (London),
Monette,
Monteith,
Montgomery,
Nesbitt,
Nixon,
Nowlan,
Pallett,
Pearson,
Philpott,
Pickersgill,
Pinard,
Pommer,
Pouliot,
Proudfoot,
Prudham,
Purdy,
Ratelle,
Reinke,
Richard (Ottawa East),
Richard (Saint-Maurice-Laflèche),
Richardson,
Robertson,
Robinson (Bruce),
Robinson (Simcoe East),
Rowe,
Roy,
St. Laurent,
Schneider,
Shipley (Mrs.),
Sinclair,
Small,
Smith,
Stanton,
Starr,
Stuart (Charlotte),
Thibault,
Tucker,
Tustin,
Weaver,
Weir,
Weselak,
White (Hastings-Frontenac),
White (Waterloo South),
Winters—152.

The Orders for Private and Public Bills having been disposed of;

Debate was resumed on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Hamilton (Notre-Dame-de-Grace), adjourned.

The Order being read for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Ways and Means;

Mr. Harris moved,—That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.

And a Debate arising thereon; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Macdonnell, adjourned.

By leave, the House reverted to "Routine Proceedings".

Mr. Harris, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copies of Reports and Proceedings of the Tariff Board, pursuant to the Tariff Board Act, Chapter 261, R.S.C. 1952, upon two references by the Minister of Finance, as follows:—Reference No. 114, Ethylene Glycol for anti-freeze and ethylene glycol base anti-freeze; and reference No. 115, Polyethylene Resins.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, the House adjourned at 9.50 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Monteith—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. How many contracts have been let for lead seals for the Post Office Department in the last 2 years?

2. How many lead seals were involved in each contract?

3. What was the name of the successful bidder in each contract and what was the bid per 1000 seals?

Mr. Bell—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What ports in Canada have fire-boats or similar facilities?

2. What are these facilities, and by whom provided?

Mr. Harkness—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. When was the house for the Commandant at the Chilliwack Army Camp built?

2. What was the cost of this house?

3. By whom was it built?

4. Was the contract let on a firm basis or on a cost plus basis?

5. If it was on a firm cost contract basis, what was the amount of the contract?

Mr. Harkness—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. Were Beauchemin and Hurter, of Montreal, given a contract to make a survey of Camp Petawawa?

2. If so, when was this work done, what were the terms of the contract and what was the final cost?

3. What was the purpose of the survey and why was it needed?

Mr. Harkness—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. From the start of the Korean War to March 31st., 1955, what has been the total number of releases on account of desertion, or absence without leave: (*a*) from the Navy; (*b*) from the Army; (*c*) from the Air Force?

2. What was the largest number of men posted as deserters or A.W.L. at any one time and what was the date?

Mr. Fleming—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the price paid by the Government for the purchase of the plant of Renfrew Machinery Company in Renfrew, Ontario, and when was it paid?

2. What amounts were spent by the Government in alterations and improvements on the plant, and when?

3. When was the plant sold by the Government, to whom, and at what price?

Mr. Bell—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. What was the total cost of the new Immigration Building at Saint John, New Brunswick?

2. How many immigrants was this building designed to accommodate per day?

Mr. Bell—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What is the total of all immigrants landed in Canada since January 1, 1950, at (*a*) Saint John, New Brunswick; (*b*) Halifax, Nova Scotia; (*c*) all other ports?

Mr. Knowles—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—1. With respect to how many votes in the estimates of the fiscal year ending March 31, 1955, were changes made in the details as printed in the book of estimates?

2. What is the number of each such vote the details of which were altered?

3. What was the date of Treasury Board authorization of each such alteration?

The Minister of Finance—On Monday, April 18th next—IN COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS—The following Resolution:—

Resolved that it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Income Tax Act and to provide, amongst other things:

1. That for the 1956 and subsequent taxation years each of the graduated rates of tax at present applicable to individuals be reduced by two percentage points, and that for the 1955 taxation year each of the graduated rates of tax at present applicable to individuals be reduced by one percentage point.

2. That with respect to income of corporations earned on and after January 1, 1955, the 47 per cent rate of tax on income in excess of $20,000 be reduced to 45 per cent.

3. That for the 1954 taxation year an individual may deduct from the tax otherwise payable by him the amount of tax on income paid to the government of any province in which he resided, was employed or carried on business, not exceeding 10% of the tax otherwise payable by him.

4. That for the 1955 and 1956 taxation years an individual who resided, was employed or carried on business in a province in which a tax on income was payable to the government of the province may deduct from the tax otherwise payable by him to Canada that proportion of 10% of his tax otherwise payable that his income for the period during which he resided in the province or his income earned in the province is of his whole income.

5. That for the 1955 and subsequent taxation years rental income from real property shall not be included in income to which the additional 4% tax on investment income applies.

6. That the right of an investment company at present to elect as regards its taxable status be repealed and that for the 1955 and subsequent taxation years an investment company be subject to a tax of 20% on its taxable income.

7. That expenses incurred in the 1955 and subsequent taxation years by a taxpayer in the course of issuing or selling shares of its capital stock or in the course of borrowing money used in the taxpayer's business (other than

amounts in respect of commissions, bonus payments or discounts) be allowed as a deduction in computing the income of the taxpayer.

8. That for the 1955 and subsequent taxation years proceeds of a sale or realization of inventory or accounts receivable of a taxpayer upon or after selling or ceasing to carry on a business be included in computing income, but that the taxpayer be given the option of paying tax in respect thereof at his average rate of tax for the three taxation years immediately preceding the year in which he sold or ceased to carry on the business.

9. That a corporation resident in Canada that pays a dividend out of its designated surplus to a non-resident corporation or a person exempt from tax, by whom the payer corporation was controlled, be subject to a tax of 15% computed by reference to the amount of the dividend, where control of the payer corporation was acquired after December 31, 1954.

10. That for the 1956 and subsequent taxation years a corporation more than 10% of whose gross revenue was derived from rents, be disqualified from being treated for tax purposes as a non-resident-owned investment corporation.

11. That for the 1956 and subsequent taxation years a corporation any part of whose income was derived from leasing or operating ships or aircraft be disqualified from being treated for tax purposes as a foreign business corporation.

12. That payments made after April 5, 1955, to a non-resident, computed by reference to the amount of timber cut or taken from a timber limit in Canada be subject to the 15% tax on income from Canada of non-residents.

13. That the exemption of income from metalliferous or industrial mineral mines for the first three years of production be extended to mines coming into production at any time hereafter.

14. That the special deduction from income allowed for expenses of exploring or drilling for petroleum or natural gas in Canada and the special deduction from income allowed for expenses of searching for minerals in Canada be allowed for expenses incurred at any time hereafter.

15. That a deduction from income be allowed to a corporation whose principal business is production, refining or marketing of petroleum, petroleum products or natural gas or exploring or drilling for petroleum or natural gas, and to a corporation whose principal business is mining or exploring for minerals, for expenses incurred in the 1954 and subsequent calendar years in exploring or drilling for petroleum or natural gas in Canada or searching for minerals in Canada, if such expenditures were incurred otherwise than on its own account, in consideration for shares or an option or right to purchase shares of a corporation on whose account they were incurred.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday, April 18th next—IN COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS—The following Resolution:—

Resolved that it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Excise Tax Act and to provide amongst other things:

1. That the excise tax on automobiles adapted or adaptable to passenger use be reduced from fifteen per cent to ten per cent.

2. That the excise tax on tires and tubes for automotive vehicles of all kinds be repealed.

3. That the sales tax on the following goods be repealed:
   (*a*) materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture or production of feeds for poultry, cattle and other stock and fur bearing animals;
   (*b*) creosote oil and other wood preservatives when for use exclusively in the treatment of timber, poles or lumber;
   (*c*) material to be used exclusively in the production of terrazzo flooring;
   (*d*) perforated bituminized fibre pipe for drainage purposes not to exceed four inches in diameter;
   (*e*) rims for kitchen sinks;
   (*f*) floor tile;
   (*g*) wallpaper.

4. That any enactment founded upon this Resolution be deemed to have come into force on the sixth day of April, nineteen hundred and fifty-five.

The Minister of Finance—On Monday, April 18th next—IN COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS—The following Resolutions:—

1. Resolved, that Schedule A to the Customs Tariff be amended by striking out tariff items 9c, 46a, 134, 135, 135a, 135b, 136, 136a, 140, 157a, 181b, 237a, 254, 254b, 326c(4), 364, 407, 409e(1) and (2), 409f, 409m(1), 410k, 410p, 410t, 418, 422a, 423, 427b, 438b, 438c, 438i, 440l, 440m(i) and (ii), 440n, 440o(i) and (ii), 443c, 447b, 476, 523f, 541, 557b, 663i, 695a, 696a, 703(c), 711, 756, 825, 901(a), 901(b), 902, and 905, the several enumerations of goods respectively, and the several rates of duties of customs, if any, set opposite each of the said items, and by inserting the following items, enumerations and rates of duty in said Schedule A:

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
9c	Horse meat, tripe and other animal offal, ground or unground, unfit for human consumption; *whale meat;* feeds consisting wholly or in part of cereals but not including baked biscuits; all the foregoing when for use exclusively in the feeding of fur-bearing animals or in the manufacture of feeds for such purposes..	Free	Free	Free	Free 2 cts. per lb.	Free 2½ cts. per lb.	Free 5 cts. per lb.
82	*Sweet potato plants*.....	Free	Free	30 p.c.	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	30 p.c.
134	All sugar above number sixteen Dutch standard in colour, and all refined sugars of whatever kinds, grades or standards, not covered by tariff item No. 135, when not exceeding eighty-eight degrees of polarization.....per one hundred pounds	83 cts.	$1.50	$1.50	83 cts.	$1.50	$1.50
	When exceeding eight-eight degrees but not exceeding eighty-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	85 cts.	$1.53	$1.53	85 cts.	$1.53	$1.53
	When exceeding eighty-nine degrees but not exceeding ninety degrees.....per one hundred pounds	87 cts.	$1.55	$1.55	87 cts.	$1.55	$1.55
	When exceeding ninety degrees but not exceeding ninety-one degrees.....per one hundred pounds	89 cts.	$1.58	$1.58	89 cts.	$1.58	$1.58
	When exceeding ninety-one degrees but not exceeding ninety-two degrees.....per one hundred pounds	91 cts.	$1.62	$1.62	91 cts.	$1.62	$1.62
	When exceeding ninety-two degrees but not exceeding ninety-three degrees.....per one hundred pounds	93 cts.	$1.65	$1.65	93 cts.	$1.65	$1.65
	When exceeding ninety-three degrees but not exceeding ninety-four degrees,.....per one hundred pounds	95 cts.	$1.68	$1.68	95 cts.	$1.68	$1.68
	When exceeding ninety-four degrees but not exceeding ninety-five degrees,.....per one hundred pounds	97 cts.	$1.70	$1.70	97 cts.	$1.70	$1.70
	When exceeding ninety-five degrees but not exceeding ninety-six degrees.....per one hundred pounds	99 cts.	$1.74	$1.74	99 cts.	$1.74	$1.74
	When exceeding ninety-six degrees but not exceeding ninety-seven degrees.....per one hundred pounds	$1.01	$1.77	$1.77	$1.01	$1.77	$1.77

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
134	When exceeding ninety-seven degrees but not exceeding ninety-eight degrees.....per one hundred pounds	$1.03	$1.80	$1.80	$1.03	$1.80	$1.80
	When exceeding ninety-eight degrees but not exceeding ninety-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	$1.09	$1.89	$1.89	$1.09	$1.89	$1.89
	When exceeding ninety-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	$1.09	$1.89	$1.89	$1.09	$1.89	$1.89
	Refined sugar shall be entitled to entry under the British Preferential Tariff upon evidence satisfactory to the Minister, that such refined sugar has been manufactured wholly from raw sugar produced in the British colonies and possessions, and not otherwise. Sugar imported under this item shall not be subject to special duty in excess of three-fourths of one cent per pound.						
135	Sugar above number sixteen Dutch standard in colour when imported or purchased in bond in Canada by a recognized sugar refiner, for refining purposes only, under regulations by the Minister, and sugar, n.o.p., not above number sixteen Dutch standard in colour, when not exceeding seventy-six degrees of polarization.....per one hundred pounds	Cts. 20·627	Cts. 70·851	Cts. 70·851	Cts. 20·627	Cts. 70·851	Cts. 70·851
	When exceeding seventy-six degrees but not exceeding seventy-seven degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·647	73·213	73·213	20·647	73·213	73·213
	When exceeding seventy-seven degrees but not exceeding seventy-eight degrees..per one hundred pounds	20·667	75·574	75·574	20·667	75·574	75·574
	When exceeding seventy-eight degrees but not exceeding seventy-nine degrees...per one hundred pounds	20·687	77·936	77·936	20·687	77·936	77·936
	When exceeding seventy-nine degrees but not exceeding eighty degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·707	80·298	80·298	20·707	80·298	80·298
	When exceeding eighty degrees but not exceeding eighty-one degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·727	82·659	82·659	20·727	82·659	82·659
	When exceeding eighty-one degrees but not exceeding eighty-two degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·747	85·021	85·021	20·747	85·021	85·021

135	When exceeding eighty-two degrees but not exceeding eighty-three degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·767	87·383	87·383	20·767	87·383	87·383
	When exceeding eighty-three degrees but not exceeding eighty-four degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·857	90·040	90·040	20·857	90·040	90·040
	When exceeding eighty-four degrees but not exceeding eighty-five degrees.....per one hundred pounds	20·947	92·697	92·697	20·947	92·697	92·697
	When exceeding eighty-five degrees but not exceeding eighty-six degrees.....per one hundred pounds	21·036	95·353	95·353	21·036	95·353	95·353
	When exceeding eighty-six degrees but not exceeding eighty-seven degrees.....per one hundred pounds	21·126	98·010	98·010	21·126	98·010	98·010
	When exceeding eighty-seven degrees but not exceeding eighty-eight degrees...per one hundred pounds	21·512	$1·00963	$1·00963	21·512	$1·00963	$1·00963
	When exceeding eighty-eight degrees but not exceeding eighty-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	21·897	$1·03915	$1·03915	21·897	$1·03915	$1·03915
	When exceeding eighty-nine degrees but not exceeding ninety degrees.....per one hundred pounds	22·872	$1·07457	$1·07457	22·872	$1·07457	$1·07457
	When exceeding ninety degrees but not exceeding ninety-one degrees.....per one hundred pounds	23·848	$1·11000	$1·11000	23·848	$1·11000	$1·11000
	When exceeding ninety-one degrees but not exceeding ninety-two degrees.....per one hundred pounds	24·823	$1·14542	$1·14542	24·823	$1·14542	$1·14542
	When exceeding ninety-two degrees but not exceeding ninety-three degrees.....per one hundred pounds	25·799	$1·18085	$1·18085	25·799	$1·18085	$1·18085
	When exceeding ninety-three degrees but not exceeding ninety-four degrees.....per one hundred pounds	26·762	$1·21627	$1·21627	26·762	$1·21627	$1·21627
	When exceeding ninety-four degrees but not exceeding ninety-five degrees.....per one hundred pounds	27·737	$1·25170	$1·25170	27·737	$1·25170	$1·25170
	When exceeding ninety-five degrees but not exceeding ninety-six degrees.....per one hundred pounds	28·712	$1·28712	$1·28712	28·712	$1·28712	$1·28712
	When exceeding ninety-six degrees but not exceeding ninety-seven degrees.....per one hundred pounds	29·688	$1·32255	$1·32255	29·688	$1·32255	$1·32255
	When exceeding ninety-seven degrees but not exceeding ninety-eight degrees....per one hundred pounds	30·664	$1·35798	$1·35798	30·664	$1·35798	$1·35798
	When exceeding ninety-eight degrees but not exceeding ninety-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	31·64	$1·47606	$1·47606	31·64	$1·47606	$1·47606
	Over ninety-nine degrees.....per one hundred pounds	35·606	$1·47606	$1·47606	35·606	$1·47606	$1·47606
	Sugar imported under this item shall not be subject to special duty.						
135a	Invert sugar, and syrups the product of the sugar cane or beet, and all imitations thereof or substitutes therefore, *in which the percentage of the total of reducing sugars after inversion is 71 per centum or greater of the total solids by weight*, not including syrups in receptacles of such size that the gross weight of the receptacle and contents does not exceed 60 pounds:						

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
	When the total of reducing sugars after inversion is equivalent to not more than 65 per centum *by weight of the total syrup*.....per one hundred pounds	68 cts.	$1.23	$1.23	68 cts.	$1.23	$1.23
	When the total of reducing sugars after inversion is equivalent to more than 65 per centum, but not more than 70 per centum *by weight of the total syrup* per one hundred pounds	74 cts.	$1.33	$1.33	74 cts.	$1.33	$1.33
	When the total of reducing sugars after inversion is equivalent to more than 70 per centum *by weight of the total syrup*.....per one hundred pounds	83 cts.	$1.50	$1.50	83 cts.	$1.50	$1.50
136	*Syrups, the product of the sugar cane, in which the percentage of the total of reducing sugars is less than 71 per centum of the total solids by weight....per gallon*	Free	1 ct.	1½ cts.	Free	2½ cts. 1 ct.	3 cts. 1½ cts.
140	Syrups, the product of the sugar cane or beet, and all imitations thereof or substitutes therefor, n.o.p... *per gallon*	5 cts.	6½ cts.	7 cts.	35 cts. per 100 lbs.	45 cts. per 100 lbs.	50 cts. per 100 lbs.
157a	Amyl alcohol.....	Free	Free	Free	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.
181b	Processed paper, in single sheets, *punched or not*, printed *or not*, for use *as master units in offset*, duplicating machines.....	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.
219h	*Chemicals, except antibiotics, of a kind not produced in Canada, without admixture or mixed only with any necessary carrier or diluent, when for use in the manufacture of animal or poultry feeds*.....	Free	Free	25 p.c.	Various	Various	Various
237a	*Deuterium oxide or heavy water;* uranium in the form of pigs, ingots, billets or bars.....	Free	Free	25 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	On and after July 1, 1958	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	Free	25 p.c.
238	*Activated carbon*.....	Free	Free	25 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.

254	Gums, namely:						
	(1) Copal, damar, benzoin, Pontianac, nattakuching, barberry, elemi, gedda, Senegal, tragacanth, mastic and sandarac	Free	Free	15 p.c.	Free	Free	
	(2) Amber and Arabic	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
	(3) Australian and kauri; ambergris	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.
	(4) Gums and blends consisting wholly or in chief part of gums, n.o.p.	Free	Free	15 p.c.	Free	Free	15 p.c.
255	Lac, crude, seed, button, stick and shell	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.
255a	*Bleached shellac, including refined or dewaxed bleached shellac*	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	Free	10 p.c.	15 p.c.
255b	Lac, crude, seed or stick when imported by manufacturers of bleached shellac for use exclusively in the manufacture of bleached shellac in their own factories	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
262	*Chemical compounds for removing water and salts from crude petroleum oils*	Free	Free	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.
326c	(4) Glass plates or discs *and prisms*, rough cut or unwrought, for use in the manufacture of optical instruments, when imported by manufacturers of optical instruments	Free	Free	Free	10 p.c.	17½ p.c.	22½ p.c.
364	Diamond dust or bort and black diamonds, for borers; diamond dust mixed with a carrier, in cartridges *or in tubes*, the component material of chief value being diamond dust	Free	Free	Free	12 p.c.	17½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
407	Silent chain and finished roller chain, of iron or steel, and complete parts thereof, of a class or kind not made in Canada, n.o.p., either chain of the type which operates over *or with* gears or sprockets *or radially grooved wheels* with machine cut teeth	Free	20 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	35 p.c.
409e	(1) Spraying and dusting machines and attachments therefor, including hand sprayers; apparatus for the destruction of predatory animals by the discharge of poisonous cartridges and poisonous cartridges for such apparatus; *automatic explosive bird-scaring devices;* starter cartridges for diesel engines; apparatus specially designed for sterilizing bulbs; pressure testing apparatus for determining maturity of fruit; pruning hooks; pruning shears; dehorning instruments; parts of the foregoing	Free	Free	Free	10 p.c.	22½ p.c.	35 p.c.

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
409e *Cont'd*	(2) Combination bagging and weighing machines, and grading, grating, washing and wiping machines *for fresh fruits and fresh vegetables;* machines for topping vegetables; machines for bunching and/or tying cut flowers, vegetables and nursery stock; machines for making or lidding boxes for fruit or vegetables; egg-graders and egg-cleaners; silage caps; parts of the foregoing.....	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
409f	Automatic stock watering bowls; Barn hay forks, carriage, pulleys and track; Barn litter carriers and track; Grain crushers; Grain or hay dryers; Grain or hay grinders; Hitches and couplings; Hydraulic hoists for unloading vehicles; *Machines and tools for use on tractors, including blades, loaders, rippers, rakes and related operating and controlling gear;* Milk coolers; Plough bolts; *Sodium metabisulphite;*						
409f	Sprinkler irrigation systems; Steel stanchions for confining livestock either in pens or individually, *and* complete equipment for milking parlors; All the foregoing for use on the farm for farm purposes only; *Brooders for rearing young farm animals;* Ensilage cutters; Fodder or feed cutters; Grain loaders or elevators with a capacity not exceeding 40 bushels per minute;						

	Hay loaders; Hay tedders; Post hole diggers; Potato diggers; Potato planters; Snaths; Stumping machines; All other agricultural implements or agricultural machinery, n.o.p.;						
	Parts of all the foregoing	Free	Free	Free	Free Free 10 p.c.	Free 12½ p.c. 22½ p.c.	Free 20 p.c. 35 p.c.
409m	(1) Internal combustion tractors other than highway truck-tractors; accessories for such tractors, *n.o.p.*; parts of all the foregoing	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
409s	*Poultry processing equipment, namely: plucking, scalding, washing, singeing, eviscerating and packaging equipment; parts of the foregoing*	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c. Free	22½ p.c. 7½ p.c.	35 p.c. 35 p.c.
410k	Machinery and apparatus, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for use exclusively in handling ore and other materials to be charged into a blast furnace *or an electric smelting furnace*, from the dock, car or stock pile, at the smelting works	Free	Free	Free	Various	Various	Various
410p	Sundry articles of metal as follows, for use exclusively in metallurgical operations, viz.: furnaces for the smelting of ores; converting apparatus for metallurgical processes in metals; apparatus for chemical conversion, extraction, reduction or recovery, n.o.p.; machinery for the extraction of precious metals by the chlorination or cyanide processes, not to include pumps, vacuum pumps or compressors; blast furnace blowing engines for the production of pig iron; parts of the foregoing	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
410t	Blowers, of iron or steel, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for use in the smelting of ores, or in reduction, separation or refining of metals, ores or minerals; rotary kilns, revolving roasters and furnaces of metal, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for roasting ore, mineral, rock or clay; furnace slag trucks and slag pots, of a class or kind not made in Canada; and parts of all the foregoing.	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
418	Machinery and apparatus and parts thereof, for use exclusively in the manufacture of fish meal, liquid fish and fish solubles, stock and poultry food and fertilizers from fish and waste thereof, in their own factories	Free	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	20 p.c.
422a	Concrete road-paving machines, self propelling, and loading type, with a capacity of 21 cubic feet of wet concrete or more; concrete and asphalt road finishing machines; form graders; sub-graders; combination excavating and transporting scraper units; concrete mixers, transit type; dump wagons or trailers, having a capacity of 10 cubic yards or over, not self-propelled; back-filling machines and equipment, mounted on self-propelling wheels or crawling traction, semi- or full-revolving boom and scraper type; steam or air driven pile hammers or extractors; well points, *well screens, well strainers;* truck turntables; all the foregoing of a class or kind not made in Canada, and complete parts thereof	Free	10 p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
423	*Dental chairs; dental units;* electric dental engines; *parts of the foregoing*	Free	Free	35 p.c.	10 p.c. 15 p.c. Free	22½ p.c. 22½ p.c. 20 p.c.	35 p.c. 30 p.c. 35 p.c.
427b	(1) Ball and roller bearings for the repair of agricultural implements and agricultural machinery specified in tariff items 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409h, 409j, 409k, 409l 409n, 409o, 409q *and the tractors provided for in tariff item 409m:* parts thereof.	Free	Free	Free	Free	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
	(2) *Ball and roller bearings of a class or kind not made in Canada, n.o.p.; parts thereof*	Free	Free	35 p.c.	Free Free	17½ p.c. Free	35 p.c. Free
	(3) *Ball and roller bearings, n.o.p.; parts thereof*	Free	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
427m	*Machines and tools, including blades, loaders, rippers, rakes and related operating and controlling gear; all the foregoing for use on internal combustion tractors, other than highway truck-tractors; parts of the foregoing.*						
	(1) *of a class or kind made in Canada*	10 p.c.	22½ p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	22½ p.c.	35 p.c.
	(2) *of a class or kind not made in Canada*	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.

432f	*Closures or caps, bearing the tax seal of a foreign government, to be used for capping receptacles holding liquid to be exported*	Free	Free	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
438b	Bearings, ball or roller; Bearings, clutch release, *with or without collar attached;* Bearings, graphite; Bearings, steel or bronze backed, with non-ferrous metal lining, parts and materials therefor; Bearings, steering knuckle thrust; *Bushings or sleeve bearings of bronze or powdered metal;* Bushings, graphited or oil impregnated; Ceramic insulator spark plug cores not further manufactured than burned and glazed, printed or decorated or not, without fittings; Collars, crankshaft thrust; Compressors and parts thereof, air; Commutator copper segments; commutator insulating end rings; Tapered discs of hot rolled steel, with or without centre hole, for disc wheels; Diaphrams for fuel and vacuum pumps; Distributor rotors and cam assemblies; Door bumper shoes; Electric wiring terminals, sockets, fittings and connectors and parts and combinations thereof, including brackets and fittings permanently attached thereto, but not to include battery terminals; Gaskets of any material except cork or felt, composite or not, parts and materials therefor; Ignition contact points; Keys for shafting; Auxiliary driving control kits, designed for attachment to motor vehicles to facilitate their operation by physically disabled persons, and parts thereof; Lenses of glass for motor vehicle lamps and for light reflectors; Lock washers; Magnetic plugs; Piston ring castings in the rough, with or without gates and fins removed; Propeller shaft tubes of steel bonded by rubber; Rails of lock seam section, corners, locks and catches, unplated ventilators and parts thereof, the foregoing being of metal other than aluminum, for the manufacture of window sashes for bus bodies; Steel bolts, studs, plugs, rivets or nuts, capped with stainless steel, and parts thereof;						

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
438b *Cont'd*	Switches, relays, circuit breakers and solenoids and combinations and parts thereof, including starter switch assemblies; Shift control, electric, for two speed rear axles; Vacuum, hydraulic or air control assemblies and parts thereof; Vulcanized fibre in sheets, rods, strips and tubings; Parts of all the foregoing; All of the foregoing for use in the manufacture or repair of goods enumerated in tariff items 424 and 438a, or for use in the manufacture of parts therefor:–						
	1. When of a class or kind not made in Canada..	Free	Free	30 p.c.	Free	25 p.c.	35 p.c.
	2. When of a class or kind made in Canada.....	Free	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	25 p.c.	35 p.c
438c	Ammeters; Arm rests and wheel housing lining of indurated fibre, pressed to shape; Axle housings, one piece welded, machined or not, including parts welded thereto; Carburetors; Chassis frames and steel shapes for the manufacture thereof; Cigar and cigarette lighters, whether in combination with a cigarette holder or not, including base; Control ventilator gear box; Cylinder lock barrels, with or without sleeves and keys thereof; Dash heat indicators; Engine speed governor units; External ornaments unplated, *including name plates, letters and numerals*, not including finish or decorative mouldings; Fluid couplings with or without drive plate assemblies; Gauges, gasoline, oil or air;						

Grilles not plated, polished or not before assembly, and parts thereof not plated or polished *after final forming, casting or piercing*, not to include added finish or decorative mouldings;
Hinges, finished or not, for bodies;
Horns;
Instrument bezel assemblies; Instrument board lamps; Instrument panel, glove compartment, luggage compartment, hood compartment and door step lamps and wire assemblies;
Locks, electric ignition, steering gear, transmission, or combinations of such locks;
Mouldings of metal, with nails set in position, lead filled or not;
Oil filter parts, viz.:—perforated filter refill oil board bodies, refill end discs, and roll-seam perforated tubes;
Ornaments and identification plates of metal, unplated, not including finished or decorative mouldings;
Pipe lines of tubing, rigid, covered or not, with or without fittings, and tubing therefor;
Purifiers for gasoline, including brackets and fittings therefor;
Radiator shutter assemblies, automatic;
Radiator water gauges;
Radiator shells not plated nor metal finished in any degree;
Shackles, bearing spring;
Speedometers;
Spring covers of metal and closing strips or shapes therefor;
Steering wheels, rims and spiders therefor;
Sun visor blanks of gypsum weatherboard;
Tachometers, with or without tachographs, both electric and gear driven;
Thermostatic controls;
Throttle, spark, choke, and hood lock release assemblies, including buttons therefor;
Torque convertors;
Auxiliary transmission overdrive units and controls therefor;
Universal joint ball assemblies;
Windshield and window wipers;
Parts of all the foregoing, including brackets, fittings and connections therefor;

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
438c *Cont'd*	Stampings, body, cowl, fender, front end, hood, instrument board, shields and baffles, of metal in the rough, trimmed or not, whether or not welded in any manner before final forming or piercing, but not metal finished in any degree;						
	All of the foregoing when for use in the manufacture or repair of the goods enumerated in the tariff items 410a(iii), 424, and 438a or for use in the manufacture of parts therefor	Free	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	25 p.c.	35 p.c.
	(1) provided, that if the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated in tariff item 438a whose total factory output during the year in which importation is sought, does not exceed ten thousand such complete passenger automobiles, and provided that not less than forty per cent of the factory cost of production of such automobiles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p.c.			
	(2) Provided, that if the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated in tariff item 438a, whose total factory output, during the year in which importation is sought, exceeds ten thousand, but does not exceed twenty thousand such complete passenger automobiles, and provided that not less than fifty per cent of the factory cost of production of such automobiles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p c.			
	(3) Provided, that if the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger						

automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated in tariff item 438a, whose total factory output, during the year in which importation is sought, exceeds twenty thousand such complete passenger automobiles, and provided that not less than sixty per cent of the factory cost of production of such automobiles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p.c.			
(4) Provided, that if the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of motor trucks, motor buses, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, motor ambulances, and hearses, or chassis for same, as enumerated in tariff items 410a(iii), 438a and 424, whose total factory output of such vehicles during the year in which importation is sought, does not exceed ten thousand such vehicles, and provided not less than forty per cent of the factory cost of production of such vehicles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p.c.			
(5) Provided, that if the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of motor trucks, motor buses, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, motor ambulances and hearses, or chassis for same, as enumerated in tariff items 410a(iii), 438a and 424, whose total factory output of such vehicles during the year in which importation is sought, exceeds ten thousand units, and provided not less than fifty per cent of the factory cost of production of such vehicles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p.c.			
(6) Provided, that if the above articles are of a class or kind not made in Canada and are for use in the repair of the goods enumerated in tariff items 410a(iii), 424 and 438a, or are for use in the manufacture of repair parts therefor, the rates of duty under this item shall be	Free	Free	25 p.c.			
(7) Provided that the Governor in Council may make such regulations, if any, as are deemed necessary for carrying out the provisions of this item.						

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
438i	Body bottom cross members and steel shapes for the manufacture thereof; Bumpers, front and rear, including spring steel bumper plates; Casket tables or platforms for hearses; Destination and route sign assemblies, illuminated or not; Direction signals, illuminated or not; Door and step mechanism, hand, vacuum or air operated; Door locks and catches; Electric switches, buzzers, bells, push buttons, fuse assemblies; Forward drive control conversion assemblies; Lamps of all kinds, illuminating and indicating, including sockets, flanges, terminals, glassware, lenses and gaskets therefor, assembled or not, but not to include lamp bulbs, sealed beam units, and electric head lamps; Metal stampings and assemblies thereof, *whether or not coated with oil, primer or sound deadening compound;* Rubber fenders; Seat operating mechanisms; Ventilators, including motor driven fan type, and grilles; Window operating mechanisms; Parts of all the foregoing; All of the foregoing when imported to be used only in the manufacture or repair of motor truck bodies, motor bus bodies, electric trackless trolley bus bodies, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances and hearses.....	Free	Free	20 p.c.	Free	Free	20 p.c.
439g	*Ships and other vessels, for use in the commercial fishing industry, over 100 feet registered length*.....	Free	Free	25 p.c.	Free	25 p.c.	25 p.c.

440m	Aircraft, not including engines, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe:—						
	1. When of types *or* sizes not made in Canada...	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	Free	Free	Free
	on and after July 1, 1958.....	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.			
	2. When of types and sizes made in Canada.....	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.
440n	*Aircraft* engines, when imported for use in the equipment of aircraft:—						
	1. When of types *or* sizes not made in Canada...	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	Free	Free	Free
	on and after July 1, 1958.....	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.			
	2. When of types and sizes made in Canada.....	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.
440p	*Parts of aircraft, n.o.p.:*						
	1. *When of types or sizes not made in Canada*.....	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	Various	Various	Various
	2. *When of types and sizes made in Canada*.....	Free	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.	Various	Various	Various
440q	*Parts of aircraft engines, n.o.p.:*						
	1. *When of types or sizes not made in Canada*.....	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
	2. *When of types and sizes made in Canada*.....	Free	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c.
440r	*Auxiliary power units;* Bars, tubes, extrusions of aluminum, aluminum alloys and magnesium alloys; Batteries; Bolts, cocks, *cotter pins*, *eyelets*, nuts, pins, *rivets*, *screws*, turnbuckles and clevis, *washers*; Brakes, with related operating gear; Carburettors; Director or inertia starters with or without related operating gear; Distributors; De-icing and anti-icing equipment; *Electric* generators; *Electric lamps;* Exhaust gas analyzers; Fuel pressure warning devices; Forgings *and castings*; *Hinges;* Hydraulic jacks; Hydraulic pumps; Ignition coils; Instruments; Landing and navigation lights;						

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
440r *Cont'd*	Magnetos; Oil coolers; Pressure fire extinguishers; Primer pumps; Propellers *and helicopter rotors*; *Radio for navigation and air traffic communication;* *Seats;* Spark plugs; Steel tubing; Swaged wires and tie rods; Tires and *tire inner* tubes; Vacuum pumps with related operating gear; Voltage control boxes; Wheels *Parts of all the foregoing;* *All of the foregoing when of types or sizes not made in Canada and for use in aircraft, aircraft engines, airborne aircraft equipment, or parts of aircraft, aircraft engines, or airborne aircraft equipment*.....	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	Various	Various	Various
443c	Automatic pilots, thermostatic controls, thermostatically-operated controls, hydrostatically-operated controls and parts of the foregoing, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for use in the manufacture of gas water heaters.....	Free	5 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	10 p.c.	30 p.c.
443f	*Fryers, equipped with automatic conveyors, for use in the commercial processing of food; parts of the foregoing*..	Free	7½ p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	30 p.c.
447b	Forged steel rolls, hardened and ground; *solid tungsten carbide rolls; steel rolls, faced with tungsten carbide on the rolling surface; any roll of iron or steel consisting of a forged or cast mandrel and a forged sleeve; all of the foregoing* for use exclusively in rolling ferrous or non-ferrous metals.....	Free	Free	Free	10 p.c. Free	22½ p.c. 7½ p.c.	35 p.c. 35 p.c.
476	Surgical and dental instruments of any material; surgical needles; clinical thermometers and cases therefor; X-ray apparatus *and X-ray film;* microscopes valued at not less than fifty dollars, each retail; complete parts of all the foregoing.....	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free

476d	*Gloves, mittens and other wearing apparel; all of the foregoing when lead-impregnated or lead-lined, for the use of X-ray operators*	Free	Free	Free	20 p.c.	25 p.c.	45 p.c.
481a	*Individual pairs of boots or shoes for defective or abnormal feet, when purchased on the written order of a registered medical practitioner*	Free	Free	40 p.c.	20 p.c.	27½ p.c.	40 p.c.
523f	Woven fabrics of cotton, not coloured, for use in the manufacture of typewriter ribbons	Free	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c. and 3 cts. per pound	27½ p.c. and 4 cts. per pound
532e	*Fabrics wholly of cotton, coated or impregnated, for use in the manufacture of projection screens*	Free	Free	20 p.c.	Free	Free	20 p.c.
541	Woven fabrics, wholly of jute, not bleached nor coloured, n.o.p.	Free	5 cts. per 100 lineal yards	15 p.c.	Free	5 p.c.	15 p.c.
550d	*Garnetted material, wholly or in part of wool, the hair of the camel, alpaca, goat or other like animal, in the natural or undyed state, but not containing silk, nor synthetic fibres or filaments, nor cotton, for use in Canadian manufactures*	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
557b	Garnetted material wholly of silk or of synthetic textile fibres or filaments, obtained by disintegrating cocoons, yarns or fabrics, prepared for use; waste portions of unused fabrics, wholly of silk or of synthetic textile fibres or filaments, n.o.p., not to include remnants nor mill ends	Free	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.
557c	*Synthetic staple fibres not exceeding twelve inches in length, not more advanced than in the form of sliver; continuous or uncut synthetic filaments imported for converting into lengths not exceeding twelve inches; for use in the manufacture of textile yarns or flock, n.o.p.*	Free	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.
561d	Woven cord tire fabric, Wholly or in chief part by weight of synthetic textile fibres or filaments, not to contain silk nor wool, coated with a rubber composition, when imported by manufacturers of rubber, to be incorporated by them in pneumatic tires, in their own factories	Free	17½ p.c. and, per pound 3½ cts.	25 p.c. 4 cts.	Free	17½ p.c. 3½ cts.	25 p.c. 4 cts.
604c	*Alum tanned horsehide leather when imported for use in the manufacture of baseballs*	Free	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c.

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
663i	*Defluorinated calcium phosphates* for use in the manufacture of animal or poultry feeds	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
671	Artificial abrasive grains, crushed or ground	Free	Free	Free	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
681c	*Cobalt-bearing scrap imported by refiners or smelters for the recovery of the cobalt and attendant by-products*	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
695a	Paintings, *drawings* and pastels *by artists, all of the foregoing when* valued at not less than twenty dollars each; paintings and sculptures by artists domiciled in Canada but residing temporarily abroad for purposes of study, under regulations by the Minister	Free	Free	Free	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	22½ p.c.
696a	Moving picture films, sound or silent, separate sound film track, slides and slide films, positive or negative; sound discs, records and transcriptions; models, static and moving; wall charts, maps and posters; when certified by the Government or by a recognized representative authority of the Government of the country of production or by an appropriate representative of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization as being of an international educational, scientific or cultural character; subject to such regulations as the Minister may prescribe	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
696d	*Sound recordings for the use and by order of any society or institution incorporated or established solely for religious purposes, and not for sale or rental, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe*	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
696e	*Articles and materials designed for the training of mentally retarded children, when for the use and by order of any association, society or institution which trains mentally retarded children*	Free	Free	Free	15 p.c. Various	20 p.c. Various	30 p.c. Various

703	(c) Goods (not including alcoholic beverages, cigars, cigarettes or manufactured tobacco) imported (1) by members of the Canadian Armed Forces or by employees of the Canadian Government after an absence from Canada of not less than one year, *or* (2) *by former residents of Canada returning to Canada to resume residence therein after having been residents of another country for a period of not less than one year,* and acquired by them for personal or household use and actually owned abroad by them for at least six months before their return to Canada, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe..... Any such goods that are sold or otherwise disposed of within twelve months after importation are subject to the duties and taxes otherwise prescribed.	Free	Free	Free	Various	Various	Various
711	All goods not enumerated in this schedule as subject to any other rate of duty, and not otherwise declared free of duty, and not being goods the importation whereof is by law prohibited..... Duty shall not be deemed to be provided for by this item upon dutiable goods mentioned as "n.o.p." in any *other* tariff item. When the component material of chief value in any non-enumerated article consists of dutiable material enumerated in this schedule as bearing a higher rate of duty than is specified in this tariff item, such non-enumerated article shall be subject to the highest duty which would be chargeable thereon if it were composed wholly of the component material thereof of chief value, such "component material of chief value" being that component material which shall exceed in value any other single component material in its condition as found in the article.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	25 p.c.

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
901	(a) Synthetic resins without admixture, including scrap or waste:						
	1. Phenol-aldehyde type	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	2. Amino-aldehyde type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	3. Alkyd type	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.
	4. Polyamide type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	5. Polystyrene type	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.
	6. Vinyl type, except vinylidene	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.
	7. Resins derived from natural resin or tall oil, n.o.p.	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	8. *Polyethylene type*	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	9. Other type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	(b) Synthetic resins in the form of aqueous emulsions, aqueous dispersions or aqueous solutions, without admixture:						
	1. Phenol-aldehyde type	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	2. Amino-aldehyde type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	3. Alkyd type	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.
	4. Polyamide type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	5. Polystyrene type	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c
	6. Vinyl type, except vinylidene	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.

901(b) *(cont'd)*	7. Resins derived from natural resin or tall oil, n.o.p.	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	8. Other type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
902	Synthetic resins, compounded with other meterials, in any form, including scrap or waste, for moulding, casting, extruding, calendering, pressing, (moulding compositions or materials for processing into moulding compositions); synthetic resins compounded with other meterials in the form of not fully cured preforms or not fully cured blanks for compression mouldings:—						
	(*a*) Phenol-aldehyde type	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	(*b*) Alkyd type	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.
	(*c*) Polystyrene type	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.
	(*d*) Vinyl type, except vinylidene	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.
	(*e*) *Polyethylene type*	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	(*f*) Other type	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
905	Synthetic resin plates, sheets, film, sheeting or strips, not less than 6 inches in width, n.o.p.; synthetic resin lay-flat tubing, not less than 6 inches in circumference, n.o.p:—						
	(*a*) Phenol-aldehyde type, not further manufactured than cast	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	(*b*) Acrylic type, not further manufactured than moulded or cast	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	(*c*) Polyethylene type:						
	1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.
	2. Other	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	(*d*) Vinyl type, except vinylidene:						
	1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	2. Other	15 p.c,	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.

Tariff Item	—	British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff	Rates in Effect Prior to Rates Proposed in this Budget		
					British Preferential Tariff	Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff	General Tariff
	(*e*) Vinyl type, vinylidene:						
	1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	2. Other	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	(*f*) Other type:						
	1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.
	2. Other	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.
925	*Phenol-aldehyde resins in the form of aqueous emulsions, aqueous dispersions or aqueous solutions, without admixture, for use in the manufacture of plywood*	Free	Free	17½ p.c.	Free	Free	10 p.c.

2. Resolved, that Schedule B to the Customs Tariff be amended by striking out tariff items 1044, 1052 and 1053, the enumerations of goods and the rates of drawback of customs duties set opposite each of the said items, and by inserting the following items, enumerations and rates of drawback of customs duties in said Schedule B:

Item No.	Goods	When Subject to Drawback	Portion of Duty (Not including Special Duty or Dumping Duty) Payable as Drawback
1019	*Electric-welded pipe of iron or steel, more than sixteen inches in diameter, iron or steel couplings therefor and complete parts of such couplings.*	*When used in the transmission of natural gas under high pressure to points of distribution*	50 p.c.
1044	Fire brick	When used by producers *of ingots, blooms, slabs and billets of iron or steel*, in the construction or repair of blast furnaces, blast furnace stoves, open hearth furnaces (including checker chambers) and soaking pit furnaces	99 p.c.

1052	Machinery; precision instruments and apparatus for heat treating, welding, sorting, testing, inspecting or correcting; control panels *for use with the aforementioned machinery and precision instruments and apparatus;* all of the foregoing of a class or kind not made in Canada; accessories and attachments for use with the aforementioned machinery and precision instruments and apparatus; parts of all the foregoing, not including consumable tools.	When for use in the plants of manufacturers of automobiles and motor vehicles or of automobile or motor vehicle parts for the manufacture of automobiles and motor vehicles or of automobile or motor vehicle parts.....	99 p.c.
1053	Machinery; *precision instruments and apparatus for heat treating, welding, sorting, testing, inspecting, or correcting; control panels for use with the aforementioned machinery and precision instruments and apparatus; all of the foregoing of a class or kind not made in Canada; accessories and attachments for use with the aforementioned machinery and precision instruments and apparatus; parts of all the foregoing,* not including consumable tools.	When for use in the *manufacture* of aircraft, aircraft engines, *airborne* aircraft equipment, or of parts of the foregoing.....	99 p.c.
1071	*Materials of a class or kind not made in Canada*.....	*When for use in the manufacture or repair of aircraft, aircraft engines, airborne aircraft equipment, or of parts of the foregoing*.....	99 p.c.

3. Resolved, that Schedule C to the Customs Tariff be amended by striking out tariff item 1209 and by inserting the following item in said Schedule C:

1209	Any goods (a) *the importation of which has been prohibited by an order made under section 51 of the Trade Marks Act or had been specifically prohibited under this item before April 1, 1955, except with the consent of the person or the successor of the person at whose instance the prohibition has been imposed; provided however that a specific prohibition relating to goods to which a trade mark registered in Canada has been applied may be removed if the registration of such trade mark is expunged or struck out or cancelled or is amended to exclude such goods, or* (b) *in association with which any description is used that is false or incomplete in a material respect and likely to mislead the public as to the geographical origin of such goods.*

4. Resolved, that any enactment founded upon the foregoing resolutions shall be deemed to have come into force on the 6th day of April, 1955, and to have applied to all goods mentioned in the foregoing resolutions imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on or after that date, and to have applied to goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that date.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 64

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, 6TH APRIL, 1955.

PRAYERS.

The Clerk of the House laid upon the Table the Eighteenth Report of the Clerk of Petitions stating that he had examined the following petition presented on April 5, and finds that, while this petition complies with the requirements of Standing Order 68, it has been presented after the time specified by Standing Order 92, and, for this reason, it should not be received:

Of Westcoast Transmission Company Limited for an Act to amend its Act of Incorporation.—*Mr. Fairey.*

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—In 1954:—1. (*a*) What was the amount of money received from the import duty on United States' coal, (i) anthracite; (ii) bituminous, coming into Canada? (*b*) How much of this was returned in the form of a drawback?

2. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from Alberta to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid? (*b*) What was the amount of money paid in each case, and what was the amount of money paid as a drawback in each case?

3. (*a*) How much coal was shipped from the Crownsnest Pass area to (i) Canadian markets; (ii) United States' markets, upon which a subsidy was paid? (*b*) What was the amount of money paid as a subsidy in each case?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Is a research being conducted by any agency of the government into the relative food value of butter as compared to margarine? If so, what has been the result of such research?

2. What quantity of edible oils was imported into Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

3. What quantity of such imported edible oils was used in the production of margarine in each of the abovementioned years?

4. What was the quantity of margarine produced in Canada in each of the following years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. What quantity of (*a*) margarine; (*b*) butter, was consumed in Canada in the years: 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954?

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many immigrants entered Canada from each European country during 1953 and 1954?

2. In what European countries does Canada maintain immigration offices?

3. In each case, where is the office located, what was the total number of employees in each office and the total salary paid during 1953 and 1954?

4. What are the names of any organizations working with the Department of Immigration to bring immigrants into Canada?

5. What are the names of organizations or individuals charged with aiding the illegal entry of immigrants into Canada, and in each case, how many immigrants have been brought in illegally and from what countries?

6. What steps are taken by immigration offices to (*a*) check the police record or citizenship record of each immigrant recruited by such organization; (*b*) check the health and freedom from communicable disease of each immigrant recruited by such organization?

7. During 1953 and 1954 how many immigrants have been deported back to each country and for what reasons?

Mr. Langlois (Gaspé), Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Transport, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 23, 1955, for a copy of all telegrams, letters, memoranda and other communications in the possession of the Department of Transport, relating to the application for a television station at Jonquière.

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 21, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What firms or persons are occupying or using property, (excepting piers, cold storage plant and buildings and equipment incidental thereto) of the National Harbours Board at Halifax?

2. What are all of the terms and conditions of such use and occupation?

Mr. Blanchette, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of National Defence, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 7, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many cadets have been enrolled each year since 1949, at the three Canadian Service Colleges?

2. How many of these cadets have graduated each year?

3. How many have been commissioned into the Regular Army each year?

4. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Navy (Regular) each year?

5. How many have been commissioned into the Royal Canadian Air Force (Regular) each year?

Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Defence Production, presented,—Return to an Address of March 14, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all letters, telegrams, memoranda and/or other communications exchanged between the Government of Canada or any department thereof and Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Ltd., since January 1, 1953, to date, relating to a request of the said company made to the Government of Canada for a guarantee of the company's bond issue and/or any other form of financial assistance.

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 14, 1955, for a copy of all communications dated at any time since July 1, 1954, received by the Government or any Minister thereof, with reference to proposals for a government guarantee of bonds in connection with the building of a trans-Canada pipeline, or making any other proposal in connection with the building of such a pipeline, together with a copy of the replies thereto.

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of April 4, 1955, for a copy of all letters and communications received by the Minister of Trade and Commerce since the 15th of March, 1955, relating to the appointment of Mr. Stanley Loptson to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

And also,—Return to an Address of March 9, 1955, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a copy of all correspondence, letters, telegrams and other documents, since January 1, 1954 which have passed between any department of the government and any person, persons or organizations relative to the appointment of a person or persons to the Board of Grain Commissioners.

Mr. Dickey also laid before the House,—Copy of the Report for 1954 of the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada.

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 308 (Letter I-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Isidore Tremblay".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 309 (Letter J-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Doris Lydia Kimber Keller".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 310 (Letter K-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Letitia MacDonald Lanz".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 311 (Letter L-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Kurth Sauer".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 312 (Letter M-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Blanche Dionne Krysko".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 313 (Letter N-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Edna Florence Helen Dawson Smith".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 314 (Letter O-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eldora Mary Mills Pope".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 315 (Letter P-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Roberta Margaret Gilpin Chadsey".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 316 (Letter Q-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Anne Wahl Ryshpan".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 317 (Letter R-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marian Toba Wolfe Cohen".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 318 (Letter S-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Elizabeth Lunan Day".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 319 (Letter T-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Ross Harold Becker".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 320 (Letter U-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Anna Migneault Cloutier".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 321 (Letter V-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maria Camko Kowalew".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 322 (Letter W-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Martin Yvon Blais".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 323 (Letter X-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Margaret Moffatt Wilkie Johnson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 324 (Letter Y-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Winnifred Herbert Chapman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 325 (Letter Z-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rocco Aldo Amaedeo Mastrocola".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 326 (Letter A-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Mae Seguin Le Moyne".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 327 (Letter B-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Amy Joyce Markham King".—*Mr. Hunter.*

An Order for Return was passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following question on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Hodgson:—1. How many buildings, office space or locations are occupied by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in Ottawa?

2. How many of these are owned by the Government?

3. How many are held on a rental basis?

4. What is the amount of rent for each?

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Harris: That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair for the House to resolve itself again into Committee of Supply.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said proposed motion; it was agreed to.

The House accordingly resolved itself again into Committee of Supply, and progress having been made and reported, the Committee obtained leave to sit again at the next sitting of the House.

The House resumed the adjourned Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Pearson,—That items numbered 92 to 111 inclusive of the Main Estimates, 1955-56, be withdrawn from the Committee of Supply and referred to the Standing Committee on External Affairs, saving always the powers of the Committee of Supply in relation to the voting of public moneys.

And the Debate continuing; the said Debate was, on motion of Mr. Blackmore, adjourned.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bills to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 329 (Letter C-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Demers Kezber".

Bill No. 330 (Letter D-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Levine Shapiro".

Bill No. 331 (Letter E-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rejane Plamondon Levine".

Bill No. 332 (Letter F-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Irma Marquette Lalonde".

Bill No. 333 (Letter G-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Tannenbaum Rabow".

Bill No. 334 (Letter H-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Walter Williamson".

Bill No. 335 (Letter I-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eileen Beatrice Sloan Douglas".

Bill No. 336 (Letter J-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Madelyn Jane Picard Gilbert".

Bill No. 337 (Letter K-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Marshall".

Bill No. 338 (Letter L-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Luigi Martellino, otherwise known as Louis Martellino".

Bill No. 339 (Letter M-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Balinsky Friedman".

Bill No. 340 (Letter N-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Marie Lescarbeau Deschenes".

Bill No. 341 (Letter O-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Aleatha Geraldine Hamilton Gardner".

Bill No. 342 (Letter P-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Veronica Hamilton Campbell".

Bill No. 343 (Letter Q-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aba Awner".

Bill No. 344 (Letter R-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Grace Elizabeth Sinclair Peterkin".

Bill No. 345 (Letter S-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sybil Lavine Markowitz".

Bill No. 346 (Letter T-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabriel Boisclair".

Bill No. 347 (Letter U-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Betty Weiner Schwartz".

Bill No. 348 (Letter V-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lili Gourd Lajeunesse".

And also,—A Message communicating the evidence taken and the papers produced in respect of the foregoing Bills, and requesting this House to return the said evidence and papers to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. St. Laurent, the House was adjourned at 6.02 o'clock, p.m., until Monday, April 18, 1955, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m., pursuant to Special Order made Friday, February 25, 1955.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Hamilton (York West)—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What amounts were paid out by the Department of National Defence to moving contractors in 1954, in the Province of Ontario, for moving the personal effects of officers and enlisted men of the three services: (*a*) from Ontario to points outside of Ontario; (*b*) from points outside of Ontario into Ontario?

Mr. Kickham—On Monday, April 18th next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—What was the total amount paid in each of the counties of Prince Edward Island for the years 1951 to 1954 inclusive, under assistance in construction of vessels of the dragger or long-liner type?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, April 20	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, April 21	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
	Friday, April 22	
Sixteen	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.
	Wednesday, April 27	
Sixteen	External Affairs	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.

No. 65

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE OF COMMONS

OF CANADA

OTTAWA, MONDAY, 18TH APRIL, 1955.

PRAYERS.

One petition was laid upon the Table.

A Message was received from the Senate informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill, without amendment:

Bill No. 189, An Act to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act.

And also,—A Message informing this House that the Senate had passed the following Bill to which the concurrence of this House was desired:

Bill No. 349 (Letter G-10 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act respecting Sharp & Dohme (Canada) Ltd."

Mr. Speaker informed the House that the Clerk had laid upon the Table the Twentieth Report of the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills, as follows:

Pursuant to Standing Order 99, Section 2, the Examiner of Petitions for Private Bills has the honour to present the following as his Twentieth Report:

Your Examiner has duly examined the following Petitions for Private Bills, severally praying for the passing of an Act to grant a divorce, and to dissolve the marriage of the Petitioner, and finds that the requirements of the 95th Standing Order have been complied with in each case:

Of Kathleen Dallas White Barnes, wife of Thomas Andrew Barnes of Verdun, Quebec.

Of Marilyn Irene Damer Brophey, wife of John Allard Brophey of Montreal, Quebec.

Of William Eugene Chabot of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Mary Hope Patricia Smyth Chabot, now residing in Ottawa, Ontario.

Of Elie Chabotar of Ville St. Pierre, Quebec, presenting with the armed forces, husband of Eileen May Wilson Chabotar.

Of Dorothea Josephine Forbes Chaffey, wife of Charles Donald Chaffey of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Olive Winnifred Jenkins Grevy, wife of Frederick John Robert Grevy of Chateauguay Basin, Quebec.

Of Andre Labreche of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Marguerite Downs Labreche.

Of Yvette Cayer Lefebvre, wife of Armand Lefebvre of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Donald John McGillivray of Verdun, Quebec, husband of Mildred Eileen Shufflebotham McGillivray.

Of Anna Cibula Reynolds, wife of Howard Joseph Reynolds of Montreal, Quebec, now residing in Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Of Alfred Sevigny of Quebec City, Quebec, husband of Jeannette Boucher Sevigny.

Of Kenneth Rae Story of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Helen Josephina Kaminski Story.

Of John Tilga of Montreal, Quebec, husband of Isabella Maksa-Steinbergs Tilga, now residing in Toronto, Ontario.

Of Anne Rynski Vincent, wife of Louis Philippe Vincent of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Lorraine Bennet Favreau Williams, wife of John Kenneth Williams of Montreal, Quebec.

Of Violet Ruby Baxter Williamson, wife of William George Williamson of Montreal North, Quebec.

Of Sylvia Knelman Wiseman, wife of Henry Isidore Wiseman of Montreal, Quebec.

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of March 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Has Canada sold and shipped any food or food products to any of the satellite countries in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

2. Have any of the satellite countries sold and shipped to Canada food or food products in (*a*) 1952; (*b*) 1953; (*c*) 1954?

3. If so, what inspection has been made by the Canadian authorities to see that these imports of food are pure and in a sanitary condition?

Also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. Does the Department of National Health and Welfare maintain a quarantine station at William Head, British Columbia?

2. If so, how many patients have been admitted to this station each year since 1940?

3. For what periods have these patients, if any, been retained at this station?

4. What has been the size of the staff, permanent and temporary, maintained at this station during the period 1940 to January 1, 1955?

5. What salaries have been paid to this staff?

6. What funds have been included in the estimates each year from 1940 for the maintenance of this station?

7. How much money has been spent on the maintenance of this station each year since 1940?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of March 17, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many pension plans in Canada, covering firms with 50 or more employees, include any provision for the employee to transfer his pension rights, including his own and the employer's contribution, to some other employment?

2. Is the Government taking any steps to facilitate the mobility or transferability of pension rights so far as employees (*a*) in private industry; (*b*) in public service, are concerned?

3. If no action is being taken in regard to either (*a*) or (*b*) above, is the matter being studied? If so, to what extent, and what are the results of such studies thus far?

Mr. Pickersgill, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many deportation orders, by provinces, have been issued by the Department of Citizenship and Immigration in each of the five calendar years 1949 to 1954, inclusive?

2. What are the reasons or grounds on which each of such orders were issued?

3. Were all of the said orders executed?

4. If not, how many are not executed, and for what reason?

Mr. Campney, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 23, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. What has been the total cost of transportation for the wives and children of the Canadian Forces Overseas from Canada to the United Kingdom and Europe and return for the fiscal years 1952, 1953, 1954?

2. What is the estimated cost of such transportation for the fiscal year 1955?

3. What has been the total cost of providing married quarters for the Canadian Army and Royal Canadian Air Force in the United Kingdom and in Europe, for the fiscal years 1952, 1953, 1954, under the headings: (*a*) capital cost; (*b*) maintenance?

4. What is the estimated cost of construction and maintenance of such married quarters for the fiscal year 1955?

And also,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—1. How many officers and other ranks of the Canadian Army and of the Royal Canadian Air Force are now in: (*a*) The United Kingdom; (*b*) Europe; (*c*) Korea and adjacent areas?

2. How many in the above categories are; (*a*) single; (*b*) married?

3. How many (*a*) wives; (*b*) children, of these officers and other ranks are in (i) The United Kingdom; (ii) Europe; (iii) Korean Theatre?

4. What are the corresponding figures for the years 1952, 1953 and 1954?

5. How many children per family are there in the above categories?

6. How many of these children are enrolled in schools operated at the expense of the Canadian Government and in what countries?

7. How many teachers are employed in these schools, (*a*) Canadians; (*b*) others?

8. What grades are provided and the enrolment in each?

9. What is the total cost of the educational program for the children of Canadian servicemen in the United Kingdom and in Europe under the headings of: (*a*) capital cost for buildings; (*b*) yearly maintenance; (*c*) salaries of teachers and other staff?

Mr. Benidickson, Parliamentary Assistant to the Minister of Finance, laid before the House,—Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for 1953, (Volume I, Insurance Companies other than Life), pursuant to Section 9 of the Department of Insurance Act, Chapter 70, R.S.C., 1952.

Mr. Pearson, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, laid before the House,—Copy of a Resolution adopted by the North Atlantic Council, approving a draft Agreement between the parties to the North Atlantic Treaty for Co-operation regarding Atomic Information. (English and French).

Mr. Kirk (Shelburne-Yarmouth-Clare), Parliamentary Assistant to the Postmaster General presented,—Return to an Order of the House of February 28, 1955, for a Return showing:—What changes in mail services will be made for the delivery of mail to the following Alberta Post Offices after the change in train schedules on the Aldersyde, Lethbridge branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway, commencing April 24th: Blackie, Brant, Ensign, Vulcan, Champion, Carmangay, Barons, Lomond, Milo, Armada, Queenstown, Mossleigh, Arrowwood?

The following Bills from the Senate, were severally read the first time, on division, and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House:

Bill No. 329 (Letter C-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Maureen Demers Kezber".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 330 (Letter D-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eva Levine Shapiro".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 331 (Letter E-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rejane Plamondon Levine".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 332 (Letter F-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marie Irma Marquette Lalonde".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 333 (Letter G-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Marion Tannenbaum Rabow".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 334 (Letter H-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Walter Williamson".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 335 (Letter I-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Eileen Beatrice Sloan Douglas".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 336 (Letter J-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Madelyn Jane Picard Gilbert".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 337 (Letter K-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of George James Marshall".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 338 (Letter L-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Luigi Martellino, otherwise known as Louis Martellino".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 339 (Letter M-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Bernice Balinsky Friedman".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 340 (Letter N-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Rose Marie Lescarbeau Deschenes".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 341 (Letter O-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Florence Aleatha Geraldine Hamilton Gardner".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 342 (Letter P-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Mary Veronica Hamilton Campbell".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 343 (Letter Q-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Aba Awner".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 344 (Letter R-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Grace Elizabeth Sinclair Peterkin".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 345 (Letter S-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Sybil Lavine Markowitz".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 346 (Letter T-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Gabriel Boisclair".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 347 (Letter U-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Betty Weiner Schwartz".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Bill No. 348 (Letter V-11 of the Senate), intituled: "An Act for the relief of Lili Gourd Lajeunesse".—*Mr. Hunter.*

Orders for Returns were passed under the provisions of Section 4 of Standing Order 44 in respect of the following questions on the Order Paper:

By Mr. Argue:—1. How many fires have occurred in the Works Services Department or at Army Stores Depots in each month since November 26, 1952?

2. What was the location of each fire and the damage in each case?

3. On what dates was the inventory taken at each place where a fire occurred?

By Mr. Boisvert:—How many enlistments have there been in the province of Quebec (*a*) Army; (*b*) Navy; (*c*) Air Force, for each year since 1949?

By Mr. Harkness:—1. What has been the total cost of the new Printing Bureau in Hull to date, including cost of land, construction and equipment?

2. When is the Printing Bureau to be transferred to this new building?

3. What new machinery has been installed in the new building to date?

4. Are the floors sufficiently strong to take the weight of the machinery which has been, or is to be installed?

5. Has any strengthening of the floors been done and what has been the cost?

Mr. Pinard, a Member of the Queen's Privy Council, presented,—Return to the foregoing Order.

By Mr. Bell:—1. What ports in Canada have fire-boats or similar facilities?

2. What are these facilities, and by whom provided?

The Bill, No. 187, An Act respecting The New Westminster Harbour Commissioners, was considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, read the third time and passed.

The House resumed Debate on the proposed motion of Mr. Marler: That Bill No. 259, An Act to amend the Railway Act, be now read the second time.

And after further Debate, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 260, An Act to amend the Radio Act;

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment;

By leave of the House, the said Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 262, An Act to approve an agreement between The Toronto Harbour Commissioners, The Toronto Terminals Railway Company, Canadian National Railway Company and Canadian Pacific Railway Company;

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time and referred to the *Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines.*

The Order being read for the second reading of Bill No. 263 (Letter F of the Senate), intituled: "An Act to implement the Convention on Damage caused by Foreign Aircraft to Third Parties on the Surface";

Mr. Marler moved,—That the said Bill be now read the second time.

After Debate thereon, the question being put on the said motion; it was agreed to.

The said Bill was accordingly read the second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, reported without amendment, and ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the House.

The House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole to consider a certain proposed Resolution to amend the Blind Persons Act.

(*In the Committee*)

The following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Blind Persons Act to lower the age for eligible recipients from twenty-one years to eighteen years, and also to increase the maximum annual incomes allowed to recipients.

Resolution to be reported.

The said Resolution was reported, read the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Harris, for Mr. Martin, by leave of the House, presented a Bill, No. 350, An Act to amend the Blind Persons Act, which was read the first time and ordered for a second reading at the next sitting of the House.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the House was adjourned at 9.56 o'clock, p.m., until tomorrow, at 2.30 o'clock, p.m.

L. RENÉ BEAUDOIN,
Speaker.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS AND QUESTIONS

Mr. Balcom—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY—Under the National Health Grants Program, what federal grants have been made to the mainland hospitals of Nova Scotia (*a*) under the hospital construction grants; (*b*) under the other health grants?

Mr. Mitchell (London)—On Wednesday next—INQUIRY OF MINISTRY —1. How many passenger cars of all types were delivered to Canadian National Railways in the years, 1952, 1953, 1954, which were manufactured by firms outside Canada?

2. By what company or companies were such cars manufactured?

3. Were tenders invited for any or all of such cars before the contracts were let?

4. Can any or all of these cars be manufactured on a competitive basis by Canadian National Railways car shops? If not, for what reason?

MEETINGS OF COMMITTEES

Room	Committee	Hour
	Wednesday, April 20	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	3.30 p.m.
	Thursday, April 21	
118	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m.
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
	Friday, April 22	
497	Special Committee on Estimates	10.30 a.m.
118	Broadcasting	11.00 a.m.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P., Queen's Printer and Controller of Stationery, Ottawa, 1955.