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The Athens Reporter

GENERAL LIVERY
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Clifford C. Blanche
Athens Ont.

Vol. XXXV. No. 49

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Thursday, August 26, 1920

5 Cents Per Copy

FOR SALE

One Bell Blower
40 ft Piping in No. 1 Order, at a Great
Sacrifice, as it must be sold.

W. B. PERCIVAL
Athens, Ontario

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We sell both Bell and
Dominion Pianos

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For those who prefer an
Organ we recommend
a Bell or Dominion.

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If you haven't heard the
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you buy---It's O.K.

Farms We have several good farms
in the vicinity of Athens
for sale and we consider the price is very
reasonable---If you want a farm we can
save you time and money.

A. Taylor & Son
Athens Ontario

Hot Weather Bargains

At Our

'Clearing Sale'

WHY SWELTER WITH THE HEAT AND BE
UNCOMFORTABLE! COME TO OUR SALE
AND GET EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN
SUMMER GOODS---JUST WHAT YOU NEED
FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

\$1.75 Nice Outing Shirts for\$1.19
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\$22.50 and \$25.00 Men's Two-Piece
Suits for14.60
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ALL OTHER SUMMER GOODS
GREATLY REDUCED

The GLOBE
Clothing House

"The Store of Quality"

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

LOCAL NEWS

ATHENS AND VICINITY

FARMERS—Do you want to sell a horse or buy one? Do you want to buy or sell a cow? Use the bulletin service in the office of the Merchants Bank of Canada in Athens. We will help you make your purchases and sales.—Ask for the manager.

ICE CREAM, Fresh Fruits and Confectionery at Maud Addison's

Hear the New Victor Records while you are enjoying a dish of Ice Cream at E. C. Tribute's

WANTED—Two or three light-house-keeping rooms—apply Reporter Office.

WANTED—Some clean cotton rags for cleaning machinery. Apply at Reporter Office.

The funeral of the late Mr. A. M. Chassels was held on Thursday, August 26th, from the family residence at Athens Cemetery.

The Fall Term of the Brockville Business College will open August 30th. Principal Rogger reports that last year was a record year for this splendid educational institution. A record year in respect to attendance: a record year in the placing of our graduates, and also a record year in respect to the initial salaries graduates have been able to get. Many young people were qualified for Civil Service positions.

A number from this locality have already signified their intention of attending the Brockville College during the next School year.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gifford and son Manford left on Thursday for a visit with their son Winifred at Aylmer, Ontario.

Miss Laura Berry, Eden Grove, who has been visiting Miss Ada Leadbeater, returned to her home this week.

Miss Bertha Hollingsworth leaves for Manitoba on Saturday of this week.

Mr. Levi Scott returned from the west early this week.

Misses Marion and Kathleen Beglon, of Brockville, spent a few days in Athens recently visiting their aunt, Mrs. Alf. Robinson.

Mrs. Rappell and Miss Grace have returned home, having spent the past week in Leeds with Mrs. Rappell's daughter, Mrs. A. E. Brown.

Mrs. Mary Smith, Elgin street, has returned home, having spent the past week visiting her daughters, Mrs. Henry Muffill, Greenbush, and Mrs. George Hall, of Addison, also her son, Mr. Claud Mott, Addison.

Mrs. Maud Flynn and two sons, William and Martin, who have been spending the past three weeks camping at Jones' Falls, have returned home, accompanied by Mrs. Flynn's friend, Miss Vera Barrington, Rockspring.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Doolan, son Ernest and daughter Ethel, of Chicago, Ill., have been visitors at the home of Mr. Doolan's brother, Mr. Wm. Doolan.

Mr. James W. Kecker and Mr. H. Dutcher, of Oswego, N.Y., returned home this week, having spent the past week at the home of their nephew, Mr. Alf. Robinson, Wellington Street.

Mrs. William Van Abbott, Sault Ste. Marie, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. G. Lee, Reid Street.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Forward, H. Forward and Mrs. McClenathan, Bouchville, N.Y., were recent guests at the home of Mrs. Gibson.

Miss Mayme E. Lee, who has been spending the past year with her sister, Mrs. O. A. Kincaid in Duluth, Minn., has returned to her home on Reid Street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Graham, of Guelph, and Miss Pauline Moore, of Toronto, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Knowlton.

We are indeed sorry to have to record the death of Mrs. Richard Henderson, of Moose Jaw, Sask., which was very sudden. The funeral was held on Aug. 17, at Moose Jaw.

Mr. A. E. Donovan has been invited to address a section of the Young Men's Board of Trade early in September.—Toronto Ex.

If rumor be true a very large number of the electors of Leeds riding would like to see Mr. A. E. Donovan, ex-M.P.P., our former member, given the nomination for the House of Commons in the coming Dominion by-election, which no doubt will take place in the next few months, now represented by the Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas White.

Athens Plating and Grist Mill is being repaired and overhauled—Closed for the next ten days.

Misses Mina Mulvena and Hazel Rahmer are attending Model School at Kingston.

Miss Mary Lyon has taken a position in the local branch of the Merchant's Bank of Canada.

The Farmers Co-operative Association has purchased the residence and warehouses of Mr. William B. Percival, Victoria Street.

Rev. Matthews, of Algonquin, has leased the A. M. Eaton cottage at Charleston Lake.

Miss Nellie Brown, who has been teaching at Herbert, Sask., is holidaying at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Brown, Wilkie Street. Miss Brown returns at the end of this month to Saskatchewan.

In mentioning the accident to Mrs. N. G. Earl, it read that she fell on the sidewalk. Such was not the case, she fell through the sidewalk.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Donovan and son Arthur, are renewing old acquaintances in the village.

Rev. and Mrs. V. O. Boyle, who have been enjoying a three weeks vacation, returned on Saturday last.

Mrs. M. E. Derbyshire has rented her home to Mr. F. Hartley, B.A., new mathematics teacher at the A. H.S.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Saturday afternoon, Aug. 28, at 3 p.m. After the usual business the meeting will take the form of an old people's entertainment. The program will include papers on "Pioneer Days in Leeds," and "Early Days on the Farm." Also personal reminiscences of the days of long ago. There will be appropriate readings, also vocal and instrumental music. At the conclusion luncheon will be served.

Don't forget the mass camp meeting at Lake Elvida which begins on Aug. 27, and runs over Sept. 5. The people of Athens and vicinity have a special invitation to be in attendance. The efforts are impartial, preaching biblical and enthusiastic, and the gates are open for all who wish to take the benefit of this special campaign.

CORRECTION.

In last week's issue a typographical error resulted in a mis-statement in the letter from Mr. Donovan re the war trophies. It was printed, "I do not know that Sir Thomas White is doing all he can," and it should read "I do know that Sir Thomas White is doing all he can."

Married

WEBSTER-PRITCHARD—On Tuesday August 24, 1920, at the residence of the brides parents, Athens, Ont., by Rev. S. F. Newton, Mina Jane Pritchard to Henry Leslie Webster.

DAGG-DERBYSHIRE—On Wednesday August 25, 1920, at the home of bride's mother, Birdie Irene Derbyshire to Ernest Milton Dagg.

NOTICE

Boys and Girls wishing to compete for the Bankers Specials in the coming Rural School Fairs are reminded that they must place their application with the manager of either the Standard or the Merchants Bank at least six weeks before the date of Fair. Get your application in now and be sure of acceptance—No prize money can be awarded to entries received later than six weeks previous to date of Fair.

Blue-Blaze Timers

FOR FORD CARS

Keep the wires out of the oil, constructed on the same principal as the distributors on the most expensive cars.

THE Earl Construction Company

Genuine Ford Repair Parts

GARAGE AND AUTO SUPPLIES

Athens Ontario

Are Your Eyes Right?

If you do not have eye comfort, make an early visit to our "Optical Parlor"

We have the most Scientific Equipment for Eye Sight Testing, backed by years of successful experience.

We can assure you of a Prompt, Courteous and most Expert Service.

H. R. KNOWLTON

Main St. Athens Graduate Optician

SPECIAL IN

Shoe Dressing

While They Last

British Military
Waterproof

Ox-Blood
Chocolate
Black } 10c
per tin
Regular Price 15c per tin

ASK FOR
E Z White Ckae 10c

Joseph Thompson

Athens Ontario

Poultry World

GUIDING THE AMATEUR IN POULTRY RAISING (T. F. McGrew in N. Y. Sun.) Article III. EGG PRODUCTION

All who keep hens are quite desirous of having eggs from them during the winter months, when eggs are scarce and high in price. The facts are that about the best egg yield that any one has been able to get from hens in November or December has been a 20 per cent. yield; that is, a average of twenty eggs per day from 100 hens, or six eggs per month from each hen. Few get so many, the majority will scarcely average half as many. About January 1 the egg yield is likely to increase, and the hens will naturally lay more eggs from then on to April, during which month more eggs are usually laid than at any other time. If the weather continues to be cold and unseasonable during the early part of April the larger yield may extend into May.

The very best of all eggs are those laid during April, May and June. Hens lay best when they can have warm growing weather, which produces the growing green shoots, bugs, worms and beetles for them to eat. Food of this kind helps the hen to fill the shell full of albumen that is dense and full of solid substance, called the white of the egg. Such eggs are best for hatching, best for cold storage and best for preserving in water glass. They contain less water than eggs laid during the winter and are larger and better shelled.

The use of electric lights in the laying houses is becoming more general. The object is to enable the hens to see to eat as many hours in winter as during short days as they can when the days are longer. The hen must see all her crop before she goes to roost. If this must be done prior to four o'clock in the afternoon she will be deprived by darkness from replenishing her food supply until about eight in the morning. This causes sixteen hours of fasting, leaving only eight hours for replenishing of her food supplies. In fact, her crop, her esophagus and her gizzard are all to be empty and it will take an hour to get them into full action again, which cuts the process of feeding down to about seven hours.

With electric lights in use it is essential either from the point of increased egg yield or fast growth of young stock that the hens shall have all they will eat of the most nutritious grain and dry mash mixture.

Scarcely any one who keeps fowls

DR. MARTEL'S PILLS FOR WOMEN'S AILMENTS. Thousands of women have testified in the last 25 years regarding the healing qualities of Dr. Martel's Female Pills. A scientifically prepared remedy for delayed and painful menstruation. Sold only in a Patented Tin. Beware of cheap imitations. Price 25c per tin. Sold by all druggists. Write for full particulars to Dr. Martel, 25 West 34th St., New York, N. Y.

can resist the temptation of having some little chicks. This comes with the warm days of spring and spreads like the measles.

I knew a man who kept twelve or fifteen hens. He purchased a 250 egg incubator and a coal stove brooder. He was a novice at the work and got sixteen living chicks from over two hundred eggs. His whole family nursed the chicks with kindness and those who make appliances.

I led the way to the chicken house and there nestled down quietly and ready was a broody hen, so tame she could be handled. We found a soap box and made a nest of soft straw and put this on the floor of the little house that had been arranged for the new brooder. Three of the eggs that had not hatched in the incubator were placed under her. She and two other hens hatched and reared twenty-eight chicks. This was all they had room

Worn-Out, Weak Men and Women Testify. Chatham, Ont.—'For many years I suffered with stomach trouble and I tried many remedies but they seemed to be a failure—my stomach seemed to be getting worse instead of better. One day I came in possession of a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and took it. My stomach seemed completely cured. I have great faith in this medicine and hope any sufferer that reads this will give the 'Discovery' a trial. Once tried, you will never be without it.—C. TITUS, Jr., 28 Duke St.

New Wiltshire, P. E. I.—'I suffered three years with bronchial asthma. I was so weak I could hardly walk these steps at a time. I could not sleep so would get up and stay up the rest of the night. One day a friend advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery so I sent to a druggist for a bottle and when I had taken half of it I felt a great deal better. When I used that bottle I sent for two more, and when I finished the third bottle I was completely cured. It is over two years since I first took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and I have not been troubled a day with asthma since.—ALEX. McLEOD.

Hamilton, Ont.—'I have suffered with rheumatism for the last five years and I have taken three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Anemic (anti-uric-acid) Tablets and three bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and am nearly cured. I also had that dread disease, Spanish influenza, leaving me in a terrible condition. Only those who have had it know what an awful condition it leaves one in. I am sure if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's medicines and advice I certainly would have died.

I want to recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines to any sufferer who has had trouble or to anyone run down after having the 'Flu'. Also try Dr. Pierce's Pleas-a-Puffs for constipation.—MRS. ESTELLE GRANBY, 54 1/2 James St., North.



for and it was done at no expense and with little trouble. Many drive themselves out of the chicken business through the most wilful extravagance. If those who keep a few hens want to try an incubator let them get a small one, for no more than five or six dozen eggs, and be content with not more than three dozen eggs in it for the first hatch. Gain experience in this way, then try a full tray of eggs. The first hatch with an incubator is likely to be a failure. Be wise and go slowly; when trained, go as fast as you please.

CARE AND FEEDING. Don't coddle the little chicks, keep them away from the wet and cold. Do not keep them longer than two weeks entirely on a board floor. A board floor is too dry and it saps the moisture from the shanks and feet of the little chicks. This causes what is called leg weakness. If the chicks cannot be allowed to run at least a little while each day out on the ground, have some earth for them to scratch in or at least to run over. This earth

MURINE A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Healing Lotion—Murine for Redness, Swelling, Itching and Burning of the Eyes of the Eyes or Eyelids. 'Drop' After the Morning Waking or Get with your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murine when your Eye Needs Care. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

must not be dry and dusty, nor can it be wet.

More chicks are destroyed by lice, mites and filth than from all other causes. This indicates that the best and surest way to rear the chickens is to keep them and their surroundings clean and free from insect vermin. The first pest that besets them is the head louse, then the body louse and then the red mites. The beginning of these mites is like gray dust, then they grow into bloodsucking insects that are red when full of blood.

The first meal of the little chick can be breadcrumbs, oatmeal and cracked wheat, or corn grits or fine samp, or some of each mixed together. After the chicks are two weeks old they can be fed almost any one of the commercial chick feeds that are composed of small particles of grain. So soon as they are old enough they will do best if fed whole wheat, cracked corn and hulled oats, about one-half of the mixture wheat, the balance equal parts of corn and oats. A good quality of growing mash should be kept before them all the time in a hopper from which they can help themselves at will.

The natural feeds for chickens are greens, good grain and some animal feed, either natural, such as worms, bugs, grasshoppers, beetles, meat or fish scraps. Where the chicks run about on free range they will pick up the greens and insects needed. When kept in close quarters these must be fed to them. The greater the variety of feed given them the better will they prosper, provided what they get is digestible and nourishing. A full supply of fresh water must be supplied continually. No matter how much milk they have, fowls of all kinds and of all ages must have plenty of water to drink.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere. SILVERITE A NEW METAL.

A new development in the alloying of aluminum with other metals has just been accomplished by the production of 'silverite.' This metal is something entirely new and is composed of a mixture of aluminum and copper, zinc and steel in varying proportions, according to requirements. The alloying of steel with aluminum is somewhat startling and at first thought seems to be impossible, yet it is successful.

FIGURATIVELY. 'Have you ever been up in the air?' 'Many times, many times, my boy.' 'Did you drive the plane yourself?' 'Plane? I never was in an aeroplane in my life, but I've been up in the air just the same.'

NATURALLY LOST. 'What became of the scheme to stamp out the date on eggs before they were put in cold storage?' asked the old Fogey. 'I haven't seen a stamped egg for five years.' 'No,' replied the Grouch. 'The ink fades six or seven years after it is stamped on an egg.'

VAIN CALL FOR A LIFE LINE.

'Asked the boss for a raise yesterday. 'Told him I found it hard to keep my head above water, that I was being swamped with bills and was in danger of going under if he didn't come to my rescue.' 'What did he say?' 'Told me it was a business he was running, not a life-saving station.'

Sillicus—'What is your conception of the millennium? Cynicus—I regard the millennium in the light of a resurrection day for buried hopes.

PREPARING GRAINS FOR FALL FAIRS

(Experimental Farms Note.) It pays to advertise. There is no better advertisement than to be a prize winner at the Fall Fairs and no crop on the farm can be exhibited to better advantage than the cereal crop. To attain the best results, a special plot should be maintained and kept thoroughly clean, free from weeds and all impurities. Harvesting should be done by hand, keeping the sheaves as neat and straight as possible.

First and foremost the grain in the sheaf must not be weathered, it must be perfectly dry and of good color. The best results are obtained by the use of slightly immature straw, as it will be found to be less brittle and easier to handle. The straw should be spread in thin layers in the sun to dry! the sun will bleach the straw as well as dry it. Use only straight, uniform straws to make the sheaf; two or three sheaves should be collected in the field to allow for waste.

The majority of persons have the idea that all the straws should be of the same level. This would give us the square head in which, when tied the majority of the straws would break off below the head. The ideal sheaf has a rounded head with a gradual curve. This rounded head is produced by allowing the central straws to stand a little higher than the surrounding straws and each layer of heads that are added, to gradually slope away from the centre. The sheaf may be conveniently formed by first making a number of small sheaves and then placing them together as though they were individual heads, gradually sloping them off in the same manner. To finish the sheaf a layer of individual heads should be placed around the whole producing a finished exhibition sheaf.

All the loose leaves should be placed on the outside of the sheaf with a jack-knife leaving only the white shining straws, and all heads that do not conform to the symmetry of the head may be cut off, leaving a perfect sheaf. Colored ribbon about 1-2 to 3-4 inches wide may be used with good effect to cover the binding strings.

The remainder of the plot should be threshed by hand. This will form the bulk sample for the Fair. If the plot was kept pure in the field there will be very little that will need to be done to the threshed sample. A good fanning mill will remove all shrunken and small kernels, all chaff and dirt. The fanning mill must be clean, many an excellent sample has been ruined by a dirty fanning mill. Thoroughness is the secret of a good sample.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE. The Great English Preparation. It cures the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old veins. Used for Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Weakness, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price 52 per box, 3 for \$5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. by post. Write for pamphlet and free trial to THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

ple, the fanning mill should not be spared even if it means fanning away 50 per cent of the original sample. The bulk of sample may be double bagged for shipping to the Fair. The sheaf should be shipped in a box, 3-4 inches longer and 1-2 inch broader and deeper than the sheaf. The sheaf should be wrapped in paper and tied fitted into the box and kept in position by supports. With our present day standards always improving, great care must be taken in preparing the exhibits for our Fall Fairs. No prize will be won by the farmer who puts up a rough sheaf or a poor sample. The secret of success is thoroughness.—P. R. Cowan, Cereal Division.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound. A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3; No. 3, 50c per box. Sold by all druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Whitely).

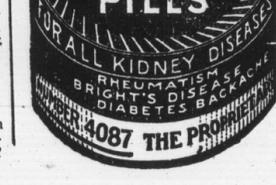
Pulque Trains in Mexico. Pulque, the national drink of Mexico, is made from the juice of the maguey plant, large tracts of which are cultivated outside the City of Mexico. As a rule there are about eight hundred plants to the acre. The juice is extracted by the peons. It is shipped into town in long trains much like our milk trains here. The white liquid tastes like yeast and the consumption is so great that it is equivalent to two quarts a day for each person.

History and Material Wealth. It is time we remembered that history does not concern herself about material wealth—that the life-blood of a nation is not that yellow tide which fluctuates in the arteries of trade—that its true revenues are religion, justice, sobriety, magnanimity, and the fair amenities of art.—Lowell.

JOLLY LITTLE CHIPMUNK. The place the chipmunk fills is small and inconspicuous, but his sylvan 'chirrup' plays a minor strain in the chordless diapason which the mighty world of nature is forever singing in heart forests; solemn and consolatory to the heart's scars; jubilant and glad for the free of heart. Intoxicating ever some clear sweet notes of mystic melody for those who listen to awaken a dreaming bliss or to thrill an untried fiber into quivering life.

Jewel Superstitions. In olden time the sapphire was worn against the bites of venomous animals, and to keep away apparitions; the emerald to prevent giddiness and strengthen the memory. The ruby was considered a powerful amulet to ward off plagues and had the 'power' of making the wearer cheerful.

BUT A SWEET REMARK. Nora—'I'd just like to know how many young men will be unhappy when I marry?' Dora—'Well, my goodness! You can marry only one man.'



FRIGHTFUL SIGHT WITH PIMPLES

On Face. Large, Red, Inflamed. Lost Sleep. Cuticura Heals.

'Pimples began to appear on my face. They were scattered all over it, and they became large and red. I could not help scratching them, and I was a frightful sight. I was ashamed to go among people, and I was so miserable that I scratched and lost sleep. I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after using four cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Ointment I was healed.' (Signed) Isaac Bevaniste, 705 3d Ave., South Wash., Jan. 25, 1919. Prevent further trouble by using Cuticura for all skin purposes. Soap 25c. Ointment 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Depot: Cuticura Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap always without fail.

PREPARING BEES FOR WINTER

(Experimental Farms Note.) The successful wintering of bees is often ascribed to luck. But investigations carried on at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, during the past eight years, show that there is very little ground for this view. Of 348 colonies wintered during this period, both in the cellar and out-of-doors, only seven per cent. were lost and this loss was ascertained in nearly every case to be due to definite causes, the principal causes being unwholesome and granulated stores and starvation. Most of the colonies lost from unwholesome stores did not die outright but became so weak that they had to be united to others.

The secret success in wintering bees lies in their proper preparation. This preparation needs to be begun in July when the colonies are at their peak. The colony contains a good, fertile queen, preferably one raised the same year, which will raise a large number of young bees in the late summer months. Each colony needs about 40 pounds of wholesome stores for the winter and early spring, and this should be in the hive before the end of September in most places. Clover, honey and syrup, made from refined (not brown) sugar are wholesome. This year, owing to the high cost of refined sugar, it may be hard to provide sufficient good stores, especially in some parts of Ontario and Quebec where the clover was killed last winter, and chances may have to be taken with honey that the bees gather from other plants. Buckwheat honey is wholesome, but some of the honeys, for example, that come from wild plants in the fall are inclined to cause dysentery and death.

Winter protection is very important. If the bees are to remain outside, no better protection can be given than the 4-colony case made large enough to hold about four inches of packing consisting of shavings, dried leaves or straw, or more old, around the sides and beneath the top. The apiary must be well protected from wind. If cellar wintering is followed, the bee cellar should be comparatively dry and it should be well insulated to prevent much variation in temperature. For a few colonies from other localities a boarded-off portion of the basement of the beekeeper's residence makes a good bee cellar and a furnace in the basement is an advantage if the stores are wholesome and the bees have been brought in before severe weather, the best temperature for the bee cellar is between 45 degrees and 50 degrees F. If, however, dysentery has developed, the higher temperature will cause restlessness and a few degrees lower will be advisable.—F. W. L. Sladen, Apiarist.

Minard's Liniment For Dandruff. OUTSPOKEN ATHENIAN. More than twenty-three hundred years ago a young Athenian, speaking of his wife, said to Socrates: 'When I saw that she had powder on her face to make it whiter and rouge to make it redder, and that she wore high-heeled shoes, and that she wore a corset to deplete me about her beauty as for me to try to deceive her about my property. I added that, although her arts might impose upon others, they could not impose upon me, who saw her at all times.'—Youth's Companion.

Minard's Liniment For Burns, Etc. Cure for Poison Ivy. Mrs. Evelyn S. Trenbath, wife of the Rev. Robert W. Trenbath, rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, of Montreal, N. J., has conferred a boon on sufferers from poison ivy by announcing a remedy which those who have tried it say is a most efficacious remedy. It is simply the green leaves of common catnip rubbed on the affected parts until the juice runs.

This never fails, Mrs. Trenbath says, no matter how advanced the case may be, and is simple to use, especially in the case of children. The plant grows usually in great abundance behind old barns, and is said to be so antiseptic to the ivy that if planted near it the ivy disappears.

PAINS SO BAD STAYED IN BED. Young Mrs. Beecroft Had Miserable Time Until She Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Hamilton, Ont.—'I have suffered for three years from a female trouble and consequent weakness, pain and irregularity which kept me in bed four or five days each month. I nearly went crazy with pain in my back, and for about a week at a time I could not do my work. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the Hamilton Spectator and I took it. Now I have no pain and am quite regular unless I overwork or stay on my feet from early morning until late at night. I keep house and do all my own work without any trouble. I have recommended the Compound to several friends.'—Mrs. EMILY BEECROFT, 269 Victoria Ave. N., Hamilton, Ontario.

For forty years women have been telling how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering from female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It is made from native roots and herbs and contains no narcotics or harmful drugs.

For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

France Fears the Black Mass

It is reported that the general wave of interest in Spiritualism and the destructibility of personality common to a great part of the civilized world has adopted a form in Paris which is very like a revival of 'Satanism,' that is, of Satan worship. Here and there this terrible irreligion has cropped out in France, starting from the Dark Ages and continuing down to the present. The name given to it now is la Messe Noir (the black mass).

There usually has been a recrudescence of Satan worship in the French cities during periods of unrest and moral and political ferment. The cult has had a hold on the Latin races, Italian and French particularly. But it is called by many the Gallic cult. During the reign of Louis XIV. there was an expose of this worship of Satan and many aristocratic names were involved as belonging to devotees. The Marquise de Brinvilliers was found guilty of practices of poisoning and sorcery and she and La Voisin, her accomplice, who was an acknowledged sorcerer, poisoner and priestess of Satan, were burned at the stake. The Voisin woman boasted that she had celebrated the mass with the assistance of an ordained priest over 1,000 times in the city of Paris. Her confession she implicated persons of the very highest rank, many of whom were able to prove their innocence.

The original, or at least most noted, practitioner of the black mass was infamous Gilles de Retz, who had high birth, being the lord of the three estates, and was moreover a very learned man. He was proved to have sacrificed in his worship of Satan hundreds of children. Their ages ranged from infancy to three or four years, and the younger they were De Retz said, the more acceptable was their blood to his lord, 'Satanas Rex Inferne.' The atrocious monster, all his bones being broken before he was hanged.

The custom of sacrificing children was abandoned early as too dangerous, and Satan worshippers in the twentieth century sacrificed to their deity a lamb or a dove. The scene is a spacious vaulted room hung with black and heavy with incense. There is an altar lighted by candles exactly as in a lawful church, but with this difference that the candles are useless unless they have been made of human fat. In front of the altar is a couch draped with a pall where the postulant, generally a woman, throws herself at full length and remains there throughout the ceremony.

One of the prayers used is thus translated: 'Glory to thee, O Satan! Glory and honor and power to thee forever and ever! We praise thee, we adore thee, we glorify thee! Master omnipotent King of hell! Receive our supplication!'

A song divides the mass into three parts, the last of which sees the vessels in form and material like the vessels used in the Catholic mass, profaned and broken. The contents of the host are poured over the postulant at the close and then the candles are blown out. In total darkness the infernal business ends with the usual words: 'Te missa est.'

The recrudescence of the horror, which has been described by Eugene Sue and later writers, is the way the brilliant but somewhat incomprehensible Gallic intellect (to Anglo-Saxon peoples) exhibits its spiritualistic interests.

Minard's Liniment For Burns, Etc. Cure for Poison Ivy. Mrs. Evelyn S. Trenbath, wife of the Rev. Robert W. Trenbath, rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, of Montreal, N. J., has conferred a boon on sufferers from poison ivy by announcing a remedy which those who have tried it say is a most efficacious remedy.

It is simply the green leaves of common catnip rubbed on the affected parts until the juice runs. This never fails, Mrs. Trenbath says, no matter how advanced the case may be, and is simple to use, especially in the case of children. The plant grows usually in great abundance behind old barns, and is said to be so antiseptic to the ivy that if planted near it the ivy disappears.

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Farmers

I have a steady market for HAY, STRAW, OATS, POTATOES, CORDWOOD, SLABS, EDGINGS and GENERAL FARM PRODUCE.

Write or Phone Regent 2261. Chas. W. Brown. Room 108 Clyde Bldg., Hamilton, Ont.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. COTTON MILL HELP WANTED. Ring Spinners and Spoolers. Apply to Singsby Mfg. Co. Ltd. Brantford, Ont.

HELP WANTED. WOOLLEN MILL HELP WANTED. We have several good openings for experienced and in-experienced female help. We require girls for weaving and winding. Every assistance given to learners, and good wages paid during the learning period. Workers in this line earn very high wages, and are always in demand. Only a couple of weeks' time necessary to learn. Several rooming houses for steady men. Special consideration shown to family of workers. Rent and cost of living reasonable in Brantford. Moving expenses advanced to reliable families and housing accommodations arranged. Full particulars furnished upon request. Write us: The Singsby Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE. \$6,000—EARLY POSSESSION—68 acre farm in the County of Norfolk, frame house, frame barn 50 by 30, and loan, rolling, 19 acres bush, 21 acres in pasture. Balance under 100 ft. from Simcoe, 1 mile from School and Church, with quantity of bearing chestnut trees. D. Biggar, 205 Clyde Block, Hamilton, Ont.

320 ACRES CHOICE WHEAT LAND northern Saskatchewan, partially cultivated; 200 per acre; terms arranged; a snap. Linn Bros., Campbellville, Ont.

FOR SALE—CHOICE 10 ACRES—FRUIT Farm, Grimsby District; full bearing, good house and building all modern; ideal location, price \$11,000 including crop; bargain. Box 28, Grimsby, Ont.

\$7,300—100 ACRES CLAY LOAM, rolling, near the town of Wingham, Huron County, 20 acres big timber, mostly beech and maple, 120 acres under cultivation, 2 storage sheds, brick house with cement cellar, barn 46 x 68 on walls with cement floor, cement silo 12 x 25, drive house and two wells, 1/2 mile from school and 1/2 mile to churches in Wingham. A rare bargain offer for less than the value of the timber and buildings. J. D. Biggar, 205 Clyde Block, Hamilton, Ont.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE. \$19,000 VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY for sale in East Hamilton; fast growing district; exceptionally large solid brick apartment building, two floors, well established and profitable; also suitable for other business; modern improvements and conveniences; nice lawn, trees and ornamentals; property fronts 44 feet on King St., 110 feet on Hilda Ave. Double garage and extra storage on two floors; cash required \$9,000 balance arranged. Apply to owner, F. W. VanLaven, 2 Hillside Avenue, Hamilton.

FOR SALE—20 H.P. GEO. WHITE Tractor Engine, 1 1/2 x 50 Challenge Separator, with Motor, 1 1/2 x 50 Separator, with Motor, 1 1/2 x 50 Separator, with Motor, 1 1/2 x 50 Separator, with Motor. For further particulars apply to John A. Brown, Mount Forest, Ont.

BUSINESS CHANCES. HOTEL FOR SALE—IN DOWN-TOWN village—Hotel Bowman; brick building, thirty bedrooms, full furnished, commodious sample rooms, good repair; brick garage and stable, sixty by sixty; large grounds; is, and always has been, the leading hotel; will sell at sacrifice price; court investigation as to daily receipts, etc.; fast money-making proposition. Call or address John McMurtry, President, Bowman, Ltd.

FLOUR AND FEED MILL DWELLING, stable, chaff and stock, 28 Shelburne, Dufferin County, Ont., capacity 60 barrels; equipment complete, including 2 motors, sifter, middling mill, Alston process wetting outfit, etc.; 50-hp. attrition mill and oat roll; going concern; annual sales \$70,000; chopping revenue, \$3,000; owner retiring; bargain for quick sale. J. W. Hamilton, Shelburne, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS. KNITTING YARNS SAME AS BEFORE. Sample Skein and price twenty five cents. Georgetown Woolens Mills, Georgetown, Ontario.

PAY YOUR OUT-OF-TOWN ACCOUNTS by Dominion Express Money orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

KYMO CARDS—BETTER THAN Oulia, the original miracle cards. Past, present, future. Possessing 'third mysterious powers,' is your wife, a band, sweetheart true? Ask Kymo... love, business, marriage, investment, future. Price one dollar. Canadian address, Kymo Company, General Post Office, Box 12, Toronto, Canada.

Walker House. Where Service is not Sacrificed to Size. The Walker House is just what a hotel has long been in the 'HOUSE OF PLenty'. For forty years women have been telling how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering from female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It is made from native roots and herbs and contains no narcotics or harmful drugs. For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

WIZARD MAY YET PROVE TO BE SOLVENT

His Debts Seem Not to Exceed Three Million Dollars.

A VICTIM, TOO

He Lost Thousands by the Raising of His Notes.

Boston, Mass., despatch: Charles Ponzi enlivened the day's developments in his case by charging that he had been robbed of thousands of dollars through means of forgery. He declares hundreds of his notes were raised by means of forgery from their face value to ten times that value. He charges that notes for \$100 were changed until they called for \$1,000, and notes for \$50 were raised to \$500. The wizard asserts that although every precaution was taken to guard against such trickery, such as inscribing the amounts into the notes with check protectors, and special care was exercised during the run to prevent such notes being accepted, nevertheless clever swindlers succeeded in the rush in getting many of them by. He is unable as yet to give any accurate estimate of the amount of his loss by these means. The "coupon king" declares some of his own agents were on the game and profited to a large extent thereby. One of these agents is now a fugitive from justice.

The one-time money king figures that these forgeries to a large extent account for the discrepancy between his estimate of \$500,000 liabilities and the estimates of Federal Auditor Pride and State Attorney-General Allen. The Federal Auditor's figures of \$7,000,000 are more than 100 per cent. larger than those of the State Attorney-General. Ponzi states to-day that he figures his liabilities at \$3,000,000. He bases these figures on notes that have been turned in at the State House, both in person and by letter, but admits that there are several hundred letters yet to be tabulated. The turning in of notes in person has practically ceased, although the Attorney-General believes that there are still several hundred out, held by persons who would rather pocket their loss than admit they had been gulled enough to go into the scheme. He believes the major part of these will yet come in.

Internal Revenue agents raided Ponzi's palatial residence in Lexington today, and seized some one hundred gallons of Italian wines. It was hinted that the raid and seizure was but the pretext for seeing if the house contained any hidden cash, securities or data that would be valuable to the Government in the case against the wizard. Every nook and corner was gone into. Mrs. Ponzi, the girl-wife of the "coupon king," assisting the officials in every way during the search. The State, through Attorney-General Allen, moved for a single receiver, Ponzi, through his counsel, favored three receivers, asserting the possibility of his solvency being established, and desiring that his own interests be looked after by one of the receivers. The court barred any suggestions as to the party to be selected as receiver, and took the case of appointment under advisement, notwithstanding the State's urging that prompt action be taken that the interests of the 10,000 creditors be safeguarded.

Ponzi's counsel served notice that he would oppose the partnership petition filed against his client, as he has the latter's assurance that he had no partners. Counsel for various municipalities named as Ponzi's partners also opposed to any action on the partnership petition, asserting that their clients had not been partners, and that no partnership had been shown.

Ponzi's hint at solvency raised considerable hope in the breasts of the investors who did not get out in time. It is understood that it is based on the acknowledgment by the State that his liabilities, including the 50 per cent. interest on notes, are but \$3,000,000, which, with the 50 per cent. interest cut off, reduces these liabilities to \$2,000,000. Against these figures there is Ponzi's certificate of deposit with the closed Hanover Trust Company for \$1,500,000, reduced to \$1,000,000 by a \$500,000 loan; alleged gilt-edged securities held by Ponzi, estimated by his counsel at \$2,500,000; his palatial residence in Lexington, and a fleet of fine limousines.

Mrs. Ponzi, wife of the wizard, today had her permit to visit her husband at the East Cambridge prison revised, so as to be good for one week, whereas they are usually issued for a day at a time. This action was taken to mean that Ponzi has actually abandoned his fight to get out on bail, feeling that he is unequal to overcome the Government's desire to hold him as against the State's desire to get him in its hands.

Turning in of profits made under the Ponzi scheme continues, one of today's contributions being a cheque for \$1,150 from a waiter from the Hotel Lennox. These returns of profits now total several thousand dollars.

Mrs. Ponzi and her mother-in-law announce their willingness to turn over all they have to Ponzi's creditors.

FATAL ITALIAN RIOT.

London, Aug. — Serious rioting has occurred at Abbazia, near Siena, Italy, resulting in the death of seven persons, and the serious injury of several others, according to a Central News despatch from Rome. Following a speech at a mass meeting by a Socialist Deputy, disturbances developed among the crowds and peasants broke into churches in the town. A monk, a child, one soldier and four socialists were killed.

12,000,000 WAR ORPHANS

Paris cable: Twelve million children in Europe lost one or both parents during the war. It is shown by compilations gathered by representatives of the American Red Cross in 18 countries. Russia leads with four million, and France has one million. Albania is last on the list with seventeen thousand.

FARM CONDITIONS

Cereal Crops Are a General Success.

The following is a summary of the weekly reports made by the Agricultural Representatives to the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

The general success of the cereal crops is one of the leading features of the season. Barley and oats are spoken of by most representatives as being worthy of being classed as bumper crops, and the quality of both these grains is well up to the standard. Unlike fall wheat, the spring grains have plenty of straw. Waterloo speaks of some oats standing between five and six feet high and as thick as they can grow. Straw will be a most welcome commodity after last year's scarcity.

Grain cutting started in the New Liskeard district on August 4th on the Demonstration Farm, where a field of A. C. No. 3 oats was cut that had matured in seventy-five days. Fall wheat is threshing out better than was expected by some. Sugar beets are likely to make a record for generous yield. Just now all classes of roots are making rapid growth under most favorable conditions.

Potatoes will also give good results. Prices have already gone as low as \$1.25 a bag in Greenville. Apples are plentiful, especially the fall varieties. Wentworth reports that the Hamilton market is being flooded with early apples.

Peaches are being marketed, and will be fairly plentiful. Live stock continues in good general condition owing to the favorable state of pastures.

The milk flow continues to be strong for the season. Hogs are being marketed steadily, many being rather light. In the counties where the Hessian fly appeared this season there is a disposition to sow less fall wheat, or, if not less, to sow later than usual. Elsewhere a normal acreage is likely to be put in.

Wentworth states that the local farm labor shortage is being further influenced by the Western farm excursions.

LLOYD GEORGE TO COME HERE

Coming to Confer With Premiers of Empire.

New York report says: (Canadian Press.) A special despatch from Washington, printed in the World today, declares that Premier Lloyd George is to discuss the Anglo-Japanese treaty with the Premiers of the British Dominions... a conference to be held in Vancouver this autumn. The World says:

Premier Lloyd George will cross the Atlantic in October to meet the Premiers of all the British Dominions on the Pacific for a conference on the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance. This conference will probably be held in Vancouver.

"During his stay in Canada the Premier will be invited to Washington. There are innumerable questions besides the Japanese situation in which this country and England are both interested, and a face-to-face conference with the President or Secretary of State, or both, might be expected to accomplish in an hour what may take weeks of diplomatic exchange to effect.

The conference is said to be the result of an interpellation made during Lloyd George's presentation to Parliament of the renewal of the treaty.

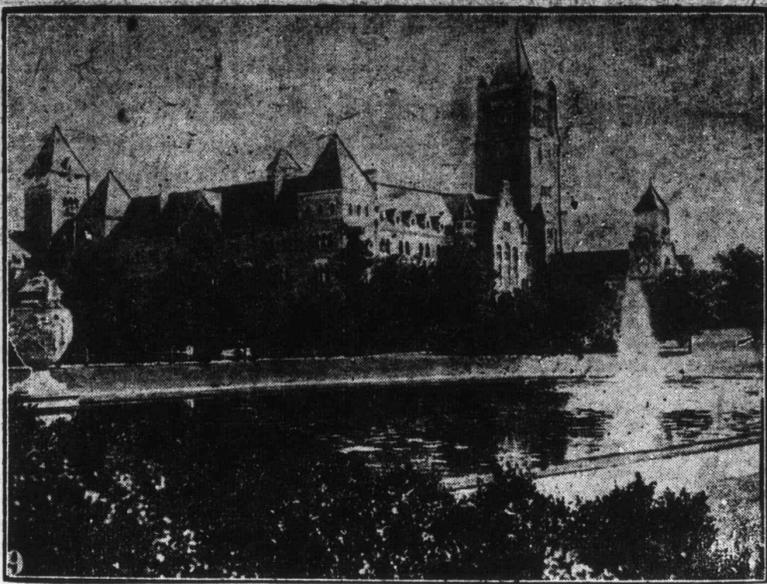
"Australia, New Zealand and the western provinces of Canada are as much worked up over the Japanese infiltration as is California, and for the same reason. Some of the Canadian laws are even more drastic than the California statute barring the Orientals from holding or leasing agricultural land, which is causing so much concern both here and in Tokio.

"The Australians, moreover, are exercised over the mandates Japan has for the former German islands north of the equator, which were put in her charge by the Treaty of Versailles. The mandate committee has not yet clearly defined the powers and privileges of a mandate power.

"Officially this country has no information about the coming conference. Unofficially it is known that because of the identity of interests of the western states with British Dominions in the Japanese question, these states were to be invited to have an observer present at the sessions. Similarly, the Japanese have been advised of the Premier's conference.

OTTAWA IN IGNORANCE

Ottawa report: (By the Canadian Press.)—Nothing is known at present here of any arrangements for a meeting of the British Premier with Hon. Arthur Meighen, Prime Minister of Canada, as announced in a despatch from New York to-day. There is a general understanding among Government members, however, that a conference of Premiers of the Overseas Dominions is likely to be held some time this year to discuss the Anglo-Japanese alliance.



MAY BECOME POLAND'S CAPITAL. The palace at Posen, to which city the Polish Government was expected to move, in view of the Bolsheviki advance.

POLISH FORCES ARE STILL DRIVING BOLSHEVIKI BACK

Paris, Aug. 7.—The Polish counter-offensive, with Thorn as its base, has successfully cleared the Danzig corridor of Russian troops, according to a report received from the French mission in Poland to-day.

The Polish forces are still driving eastward, the report says.

MORE POLISH GAINS. Berlin, Aug. 7.—A telephone message from Posen last night stated that the Poles had succeeded in forcing the Russians back from the Vistula for a distance of 15 kilometres.

A Konigsburg despatch reported success for a Polish counter-attack along the line Plousk-Novo Georgievsk, proceeding from Ciechanow. A Bolsheviki attempt to cross the Vistula north of Invangorod was reported frustrated, and the Poles were said to have resumed counter-operations southeast of Warsaw.

SOVIET LEADERS ALARMED. Warsaw, Aug. 7.—Bolshevik forces advancing into Poland march ahead without any concern for their lines of communication, according to statements of refugees gathered by the Warsaw Gazette.

"A vigorous effort on the part of the Poles would be sufficient to inflict a decisive defeat upon the Soviet armies," the newspaper declares. "That is why the Bolsheviki high command is so anxious to finish the struggle against Poland as quickly as possible. Soviet officers who have been taken prisoners confirm this information, adding that the successes gained by General Wrangel in Southern Russia are causing considerable anxiety in the ranks of the Bolsheviki army. The Russian Bolsheviki Government, therefore, wants to finish with the Poles so that it may turn its attention to General Wrangel before the autumn rains make campaigning in Southern Russia impossible."

The Bolsheviki are hurriedly converting the Vilna-Lida-Baranovitz railroad to a broad gauge system, and are employing thousands of men on this work.

SOVIET CLAIMS. Moscow, Aug. 7.—The Bolsheviki forces northwest of Warsaw captured 1,200 prisoners and seven guns in a battle in which they lost and regained the town of Ciechanow, 65 miles from the Polish capital, according to Tuesday's official communique issued by the Soviet Government. Occupation of a number of points in other sections is announced in the communique.

Ally Chief at Danzig Blocks Aid to Poland

Monday, Aug. 7.—A despatch to the London Times from Danzig, dated Monday, says it is reported that Sir Reginald T. Tower, High Commissioner at Danzig under the League of Nations, has issued an order that no ships with munitions for Poland shall be permitted to enter Danzig.

FRANCE TO PROTEST. Paris, Aug. 7.—(By the Associated Press.)—The French Government intends to protest energetically against the decision of Sir Reginald Tower, Allied High Commissioner at Danzig, who yesterday forbid further debarkation at Danzig of French munitions for Poland, it was learned to-day.

Several French munition ships now are anchored outside Danzig. Sir Reginald, according to a report from the French Ambassador to Poland, takes the attitude that he has not sufficient Allied troops to preserve order if further munitions are unloaded at Danzig.

Sir Reginald has asked the Supreme Council for new instructions, pending the arrival of which he will maintain his decision, but the Council of Ambassadors, which is acting as the Supreme Council, does not meet again until early in September.

The French military mission reports that munitions might be unloaded for the Polish front at the Port of Putzig, but that their transport through Danzig, which would be necessary, might also be prohibited.

BRITISH LABOR IS STILL UGLY

London cable: The "Council of Action" of the British Labor party today, after a long discussion, issued a new manifesto to the workers of Great Britain, declaring that the danger of war was not over.

"This," the manifesto said, "is not the time to be deceived by seeming fair words. . . . Why does not the Premier announce the terms on which England will make peace with Russia? . . . Why is the position with regard to the adventurer Wrangel so ambiguous?"

LITTLE ENTENTE IN THE BALKANS

Rome cable says: An agreement has been reached by the Prague, Belgrade and Bucharest Governments, called the "Little Entente," for the self-protection of Czechoslovakia, Serbia and Roumania against Russia or enemies in the Balkans, according to the Giornale d'Italia to-day. To make this coalition more effective, says the newspaper, the "Little Entente" is anxious to have the Adriatic problem settled, so that Serbia may be free from any threat on the part of Italy.

GERMANY WILL PROTECT BORDER

Paris cable: The German Government has decided to take immediate steps for the protection of the East Prussian frontier, according to a note received at the French Foreign Office here to-day from Berlin.

The note states that as the Franco-British difficulties regarding Poland apparently prevent the Allies from attending to the urgent matter of protection of the German frontiers, already seriously threatened since the Red invasion of the plebiscite district, Germany has decided to wait no longer and will recruit and arm a special militia competent to cope with any eventuality.

In consequence of the alarming development of chicken pox in various parts of Jamaica, there is a likelihood that the Prince of Wales will not carry out his proposed visit to the colony next month. Final decision, it is announced, will be reached this week.

Domestic will be brought by the Provincial Government from Great Britain.

HUGE SUPPLIES FOR POLISH ARMY

Cars of Munitions Literally Dot All Europe

And Labor Everywhere is Blocking It.

Paris cable: It was learned that France, Germany, Belgium, England, Switzerland and Australia are literally dotted with cars of munitions held up because they were en route to the Polish front.

The moment it became known that France was to ship immense quantities of munitions to Warsaw the word was passed out from the Central Labor Committee in London: "Do not allow a single cartridge to go through."

The order was immediately put into effect by the well-olled labor machine in Germany as well as in the Allied countries, rapidly constituting a most effective "labor blockade," whereby France was prevented from rendering aid to Poland.

No less than 240 cars loaded with munitions were held up at Carlsruhe, Germany, yesterday by workmen refusing to run the trains. At the same time, 4,000 dock workers at Antwerp dropped the work of loading two vessels when they learned that the cargo marked "planes" and "canned goods" were actually cases of munitions. Dock workers at Brest, Havre and Bordeaux have already taken similar action.

A Danube gunboat yesterday seized a barge outside Vienna which was conveying machine guns and ammunition. The war materials were allowed to be French, and were said to have come via Bavaria on their way to Roumania for shipment to Gen. Baron Wrangel, the anti-Bolsheviki leader in South Russia. The cargo was confiscated.

68,857 CAME IN THE SIX MONTHS

And of These Settlers Over Half British.

Ottawa report: More than one-half of the immigrants who entered Canada during the six months ended June 30th, came from the British Isles. During the period 68,857 persons arrived in the Dominion to make their homes here. The total is 17,667 more than that reached during the first half of 1919. From the British Isles in the six months of 1920 came 37,261 compared with 16,801 in the same period of 1919; from the United States, 25,153 as compared with 28,623 between January 1st and June 30th; from other countries, 6,413 as compared with 3,766 in the 1919 period. The new comers all had at least the amount of money required under the provisions of the Immigration Act and all passed the necessary strict medical examination. In June, 1920, 9,844 immigrants came from the British Isles, of whom 6,658 were English, 2,586 Scotch, 793 Irish, mainly from the North of Ireland; 1,489 from the Continent of Europe, 27 from China, and 48 from Japan.

During the six months' period admission was refused at ocean ports to 56 prospective settlers and at points on the boundary between Canada and the United States to 1,789. Twenty-four former residents of the British Isles and 60 persons hailing from the United States were deported because they had become charges on the public. The persons refused admission were rejected because they lacked money to tide them over until they secured employment, were unable to pass the medical examination or had bad records in the lands whence they came. It is believed that arrangements can be made for medical examination of prospective emigrants from the British Isles before they leave England. Such an arrangement can hardly be made for persons in continental Europe because the Governments of those countries do not care to encourage or countenance emigration to other lands.

U.S. ADMIRAL OFF TO DANZIG

Washington report says: Admiral Hues, commanding all United States naval forces in European waters, received instructions to-day to proceed from London to Danzig. He will sail on the armored cruiser Pittsburg, and will report at once upon the necessity for further United States naval forces at that port. The admiral has been given authority to divert the cruiser St. Louis and six destroyers are about to start from the Black Sea to Danzig. He is also authorized to summon any additional ships now in Europe the crisis at Danzig may require.

EX-FOES INVITED

To International Financial Conference.

London cable: Germany, Bavaria, Austria and Hungary have been invited by the League of Nations to participate in the financial congress, to be held in Brussels on Sept. 24.

The international financial conference at Brussels will be the first conference since 1914 to include the countries which recently were at war. It is possible Turkey will also be invited. The United States has accepted the invitation to send delegates.

Reparations and cognate subjects will be excluded from the discussion, which is to be devoted to exchange problems and other international financial and commercial matters.



ALLIED DELEGATES AT SPA. A group of allied delegates photograph held at Spa during the recent conference with Germany. Premier Lloyd George may be distinguished by his silk hat.



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ATHENS BRANCH

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The Athens Reporter

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Local Readers—10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line subsequent.

Black Type Readers—15 cents per line for first insertion and 7 1/2 cents per line per subsequent insertion.

Small Advs.—Condensed adv'ts such as: Lost, Found, Strayed, To Rent, For Sale, etc., 1 cent per word per insertion, with a minimum of 25 cents per insertion.

Auction Sales—40 cents per inch for first insertion and 20 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion.

Cards of Thanks and In Memoriam—50c Obituary Poetry—10 cents per line.

Commercial Display Advertising—Rates on application at Office of publication.

William H. Morris, Editor and Proprietor

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1920

TIP BURN OF POTATOES.

(Experimental Farm Notes.)

A trouble which is widely distributed and very prevalent in some seasons, and to which the name "Tip Burn" has been given, is to be found among our potato crops. This trouble takes the form of a gradual burning and drying up of the leaves of the plants, often commencing at a comparatively early stage in their growth, and, in many cases, if allowed to go on unchecked, slowly but surely involving the whole of the plants so that they die down a considerable time before the tubers are fully developed.

The appearance of this trouble in the fields is often mistaken by growers for late blight. There is, however, a marked distinction between the two, for late blight may commence by attacking any part of the

plants—leaves and stems alike—has a dark, water-soaked appearance and in its early stages is damp to the touch, while tip burn invariably commences at the margin or tips of the leaves and has a decidedly dry appearance and touch with the exception of after rain. It appears much earlier in the season than late blight has ever been recorded and does not cause the death of the plants so rapidly. Nor has it ever proven so destructive as late blight, although evidence has been obtained that in seasons when it is severe and where no effort is made to check it, a considerable reduction in the yield of marketable tubers, due to the premature death of the plants from this cause, may result.

Investigators of this trouble are not in agreement as to the cause. The observations of some have led to the belief that a period of hot, dry weather during the growing season causes the leaves to throw off moisture more rapidly than it can be furnished by the plant, the result being the appearance of tip burn. This belief seems, however, to be disputed by the fact that the trouble is not

found in the hot regions of the Western States where the temperature often becomes excessive and the air is especially dry.

More recent investigations lead to the belief that this burning of the leaves probably follows the departure of the insect known as the Potato Leaf Hopper. These investigations are not yet complete, but enough evidence has been produced to serve as a warning to potato growers to keep these insect pests thoroughly under control in an endeavor to avoid tip burn.

We have found in our experimental work with potatoes that Bordeaux mixture will to a large extent control this trouble. In 1918, when it was extremely prevalent, we had several plots to watch, for the purposes of experiment, Bordeaux mixture was not applied. These plots suffered

from a severe attack of tip burn and the plants were all killed down by the second week in August, while other plants on the same land, and to which, for the control of late blight, Bordeaux mixture was regularly and thoroughly applied, suffered to a very slight extent only, the plants remaining green until frost came. Bordeaux mixture acts as a repellent to the Leaf Hopper, as well as a protection to the plants. Many other cases in addition to that referred to have come to our attention bearing evidence that regular and thorough spraying with this mixture will reduce to a minimum the ravages of tip burn.

GEO. PARTRIDGE,
Asst. Plant Pathologist.

The first electric railway in America and the second in the world was operated at the Canadian National Exhibition in the early '80's.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is a result. Unless the inflammation can be reached and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of Catarhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

The Churches

Methodist Church

Rev. S. F. Newton, Pastor
Sunday Services:
Morning at 10.30 Evening at 7.30
Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.
Through the week Services:
Monday: Cottage Prayer Meeting 7.30
Epworth League 8.00 p.m.
Wednesday: Mid-Week Prayer Service at 7.30 p.m.

Parish of Lansdowne Rear

Rev. V. O. Boyle, M.A., Rector
Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity
CHRIST CHURCH, Athens
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
10 a.m.—Sunday School.
7.30 p.m.—Evening Prayer.
TRINITY CHURCH, Oak Leaf
2 p.m.—Sunday School.
3 p.m.—Evening prayer.
ST. PAUL'S, Delta
9.30 a.m.—Sunday School.
10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

Baptist Church

R. E. Nichols, Pastor.
Plum Hollow 2.30
Toledo 10.30 a.m. Athens 7.30 p.m.
Subject—
Some Things Jesus Might Have Forgotten
Sunday School at 11 a.m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday at 7.30 p.m.

DR. PAUL

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND OBSTETRICIAN
Post Graduate New York Lying-in Hospital and other New York Hospitals.
Office and Residence in the home formerly occupied by Mrs. Norman Brown, Reid St., Athens.

B. F. SCOTT, Licensed Auctioneer for Leeds and Grenville. Addison, Ont. Write or 'phone.

EATON—The Auctioneer

Sales conducted any place in Leeds County at reasonable rates. Farmers' Sales and Real Estate a Specialty. Write or call on A. M. EATON ATHENS, ONT.

PRINTING SERVICE Department
Easily accessible by Rural Phone
THE ATHENS REPORTER

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The following Summer Schedule is now in effect daily except Sunday, giving excellent train connections to Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, and International points; also to Western Canada, and Pacific and Atlantic Coast points.

LOCAL TIME-TABLE
To and From Brockville Daily (except Sunday)

| Departures. | Arrivals |
|-------------|------------|
| 5.40 a.m. | 7.25 a.m. |
| 8.30 a.m. | 11.55 a.m. |
| 3.15 p.m. | 2.00 p.m. |
| 5.50 p.m. | 10.20 p.m. |

Sunday Service
Departures. Arrivals
8.30 a.m. 10.20 p.m.

For rates and particulars apply to,
GEO. E. McGLADE
City Passenger Agent
A. J. POTVIN, City Ticket Agent
52 King St. West, Cor. Court House Ave
Brockville, Ontario Phones 14 and 530



DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Notice to ex-Members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

Notice is hereby given to all concerned that ex-members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who are entitled to and who require post discharge dental treatment must submit their applications to the District Dental Officer at the Headquarters of the District in which they reside on or before 1st September, 1920. Applications for dental treatment received after 1st September, 1920, will not be considered.

(Sgd.) EUGENE FISET,

Deputy Minister, Militia and Defence, Ottawa, August 3, 1920.

Note—Newspapers will not be paid for the advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department. (H.Q. 33-61-1-22).

NOTICE

CLERK'S NOTICE OF FIRST POSTING OF VOTERS' LIST

Voters' List 1920, Municipality of Athens Ontario, County of Leeds

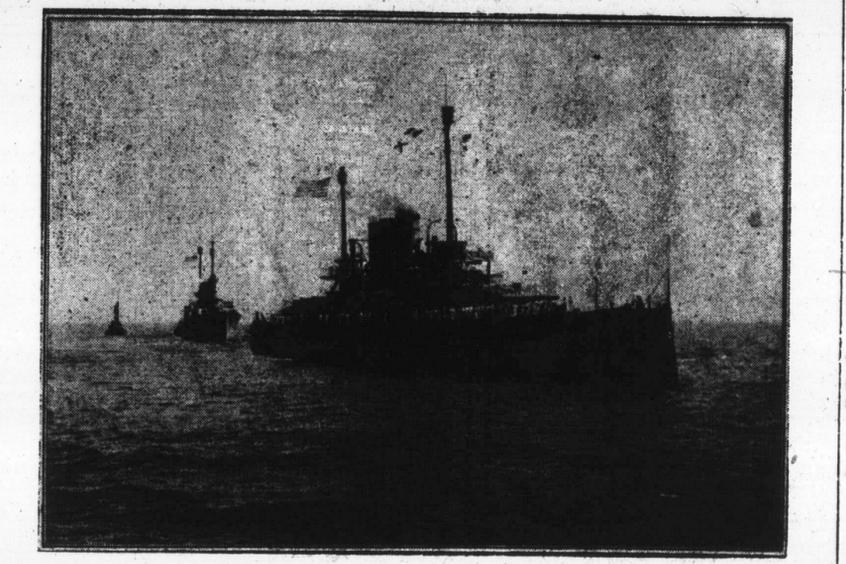
Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in section 9 of the Ontario Voters' List Act the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Athens on the 14th day of August 1920 and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceeding to have any errors or omissions corrected by law.

G. W. LEE,
Clerk of the Village of Athens.

Dated this 14th day of August, 1920.

GERMAN WARSHIPS TURNED OVER TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER TERMS OF PEACE TREATY ARRIVE IN NEW YORK HARBOR.



Five German warships, which have been turned over to the United States under the terms of the Peace Treaty, steamed into New York harbor on the 9th. The German craft are the old-time dreadnought Ostfriesland, the light cruiser Frankfort, and three destroyers. They will be used for experimental purposes by the United States Navy and later will be destroyed at target practice. Photo shows the Ostfriesland, followed by the Frankfort and one of the destroyers, steaming into Ambrose Channel.

Save the surface and you save all the rest.

IT'S SO EASY IT'S FUN!

It's the simplest sort of a job to take an old, time-worn chair, a small can of Glidden Jap-a-lac and a brush and in a few minutes' time bring out the beauty of that chair you've hidden for years.

And it's fun to see it's youthfulness return under the magic of the brush; to see again—through this clear, easy flowing and double-durable varnish stain—the beautiful grain of the natural wood.

You can find an old piece of furniture in your attic and any size can of Jap-a-Lac at our store. Bring them together. It won't cost you much, and you'll have a lot of fun getting some "brand new" furniture through the magic of Jap-a-Lac

You can also obtain Glidden Paints and Varnishes, for the bigger jobs at

"The Nearest Glidden Dealer"

GLIDDEN

EVERYWHERE ON EVERYTHING

ANOTHER FRONT PORCH CAMPAIGN



The photo shows Mrs. Warren G. Harding, wife of the Republican Presidential candidate, entertaining a little visitor to the front porch of the Harding home in Marion, Ohio. Many mothers of Marion bring their babies to greet the possible next First Lady of the Land. Though childless, Mrs. Harding is very fond of children and never tires of entertaining her little visitors.

700 Per Cent Increase in MOTOR VEHICLES

This is Canada's Record for the
Past Seven Years

The production of rubber tires to meet this enormous increase opens up unparalleled business opportunities for investors. Think of the profits made by those already reaping the harvest. Here are some examples:

| | Original Investment | Now Worth |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Goodyear Tires | \$100 | \$25,000 |
| United States Tires | 100 | 67,400 |
| Dunlop | 100 | 31,000 |
| Firestone | 100 | 18,000 |
| Goodrich | 100 | 69,600 |

—From Poor's Manual

Canada's requirements are increasing by leaps and bounds—more than 2,000,000 tires needed this year—more production is needed—Share the profits.

We are offering investors a limited issue of 8 per cent preferred stock participating up to 10 per cent. in

The Tiger Tire and Rubber Co. Ltd.

Factory at Belleville, Ontario
Head Office, Toronto, Ont.

By investing \$250.00 in preferred stock you will receive \$125.00 in common stock as a bonus, giving you \$375.00 worth of stock for \$250.00.

This company owns a new, up-to-date, rubber manufacturing plant with concrete building and 4 1-2 acres of land in Belleville, Ont., located on the Grand Trunk Railway, which is about ready to commence operations.

It is proposed to manufacture all kinds of rubber goods, starting with Cord and Fabric Tires, high-grade inner tubes and tire sundries. A profitable business is positively assured.

The total capitalization is \$2,000,000, of which 15,000 shares are preferred and participating up to 10 per cent of the par value of \$50 per share. A bonus of 50 per cent. of common stock is given with the preferred on the first issue.

Full particulars will be mailed on request, or see Mr. Robinson, representative at Dick's Bazaar, Athens.

HUDSON INVESTMENT CO.

1105 Temple Building Toronto, Ont.

Athens Village Council

Meeting of the Athens village council held Aug. 20, 1920.

Present, Reeve M. B. Holmes, councillors J. H. Mulvena, M. C. Arnold and W. H. Jacob.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following business was then transacted:

A by-law authorizing an overdraft in the Merchants Bank of Canada, of \$2,000 was given the several readings necessary and was passed.

Moved by J. H. Mulvena, seconded by W. H. Jacob, that communication from the Merchants Bank of June 30, 1920, showing a balance of \$310.85 be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by W. H. Jacob, seconded by M. C. Arnold, that this council desires to express to Mr. A. E. Donovan their great appreciation of his successful efforts on behalf of this municipality to secure trophies of the Great War, viz., one trench mortar and two machine guns.—Carried.

Moved by W. H. Jacob, that this council acknowledge the receipt of a communication from M. M. Brown, Esq., of date August 12th, 1920, in reference to the claim of Mr. and Mrs. N. G. Earl for unstated damages.—Carried.

Moved by M. C. Arnold, seconded by J. H. Mulvena, that the following accounts be paid: W. G. Parish, lumber, \$260.84; W. B. Percival, insurance, \$47.89; F. Blancher, labor, \$22.90; Dr. Moore, professional, \$1.40; M. Ritter, labor, \$18; E. J. Purcell, Hardware, \$28.21.

Moved by W. H. Jacob, seconded by M. C. Arnold, that this council acknowledge receipt of requisitions for maintenance of high school board, one of June 20 for \$700, and one of July 28 for \$400, and direct that an order be drawn for the village share of these amounts.—Carried.

Moved by J. H. Mulvena, seconded by W. H. Jacob, that the property committee be authorized to make preparations for constructing bases for the Great War trophies.—Carried.

G. W. LEE,
Village Clerk.

The attendance the first year of the Canadian National Exhibition in three weeks was 101,000. Last year there was a daily average attendance of over 92,000 for 13 days, a total of 1,201,000.

INSURGENT GOVERNOR OF LOWER CALIFORNIA AGAINST WHOM MEXICO ORDER MOBILIZATION.



The first photograph of Gov. Cantu, of the Northern District of Lower California, Mexico, against whom Mexican Government has ordered a force of 3,000 men. Cantu himself has a considerable sized force and laughs at the government in its attempts to quell the rebellion. Many recruits are being added daily to Cantu's forces.

Phillipsville

John Harkin, wife and daughter motored here, and are spending a week with friends.

Miss Mary Ann Earl and Miss Estella Bolton are going west this week to visit their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tackaberry spent a day in Newboro at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dargavel.

Most of the grain is out and some of the farmers have it under cover.

A number of the farmers have their threshing done and report a big yield.

There is a weed with a blue flower growing on the roadway and many farms are well stocked with it, and if the farmers do not dig it out root and branch, in a few years their whole farms will be covered with it. The writer has seen fields of 10 to 15 acres so thick that the cattle would not go among them. The men that were the happy owners have left them. To-day they would not sell for what the taxes amounted to.

Royalty has twice visited the Canadian National Exhibition, once in the '80's and again last year when H.R.H. the Prince of Wales opened it.

Charleston

Mr. and Mrs. Ethan Ames, Lisbon, N.Y., were visitors here over Sunday.

Mrs. Boulger, Gouverneur, N.Y., and brother, Elmo Shea, spent Sunday evening at M. Kavanagh's.

Mrs. C. T. Ross and baby accompanied Mr. Ross home to Toronto on Sunday. Mrs. Ross spent the past few days in Brockville.

Mrs. W. Halladay has returned after spending a few days in Brockville with her son, Harry Halladay.

Miss Katie Halladay visited Brockville relatives for a couple of days last week.

There was another dance at Cedar Park on Friday evening. There was a good attendance and an enjoyable time.

Charleston residents were shocked on Sunday evening to learn that Britton Killingsbeck had passed away.

Deceased was taken ill on Monday two weeks ago and was removed to St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, Brockville, where he underwent an operation for hernia and was getting along so well that he expected to be home in a couple of days. About 6 o'clock Sunday evening he suddenly took a weak spell and expired immediately, heart failure being the cause of his death. Deceased was the son of the late William Killingsbeck and was 65 years old. He moved from Long Point to Charleston about 20 years ago and by his many good qualities, jovial disposition and kind heartedness he made numerous friends who deeply regret his demise. He leaves a widow who was Miss Laura Tyron, and several brothers and sisters. The remains were conveyed to Athens on Sunday evening and placed in the undertaking parlors until Monday, when they were brought to his late home here.

Electricity as a street illuminant was introduced to Canada at the Canadian National Exhibition in 1882.

Guideboard Corner's

A. E. Donovan, Esq., and son Arthur, called this morning at "The Lilies." Mr. Donovan is looking very fit indeed. His rest from political life has put him in fine form for another campaign, into which all his friends would rejoice to see him enter.

Mrs. W. M. Empey, Montreal, was also a morning caller at "The Lilies."

We all much regret the removal from our neighborhood of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Dunham and family.

Mr. E. C. Wight has returned to Ottawa after a very busy but much enjoyed holiday with his sisters at his old home.

Miss Mary Howard this week celebrated her 17th birthday and was the recipient of a new piano, her mother's gift to her. Many happy returns of the day to Miss Mary.

We beg to congratulate Dr. Harte on his recent marriage and wish him and his bride many happy days.



The Way to the West
DAILY SERVICE
Lve. TORONTO (Union Station)
9.15 P.M.

WINNIPEG
BRANDON
REGINA
SASKATOON



CALGARY
EDMONTON
VANCOUVER
VICTORIA

STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT THROUGHOUT, INCLUDING NEW ALL-STEEL TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Sun. Mon. Wed. Fri.—Canadian National all the way.
Tues. Thurs. Sat.—Via G.T., T. & N.O., Cochrane thence C. N. Ry.
Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National Railways' Agent, A. E. WATT, Agent at Athens
or General Passenger Department, Toronto.

Industrial Department Toronto and Winnipeg will furnish full particulars regarding land in Western Canada available for farming or other purposes.

Canadian National Railways

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON IX August 29th, 1920.

Beginnings of Solomon's Reign.

1 Kings 1:1-3:15-3:4-15

Commentary—1. Solomon becomes king (1:1-3:3).

In David's declining years his eldest son, Adonijah, plotted to secure the throne of Israel for himself, although David, by divine direction, had promised it to Solomon.

When David came to know of this attempt, he arranged for Solomon to be anointed and proclaimed king, and he was accepted by the people.

Solomon's reign commenced under favorable conditions. Peace had come to prevail throughout the borders of the nation.

Adonijah, who had plotted to acquire the throne, was still alive, as also were Abiathar, the priest, and Joab, the commander of the army, who had taken Adonijah's side in his conspiracy.

Early in Solomon's reign Adonijah began a course to gain the throne and was promptly exposed and Abiathar was deposed and banished. Joab was slain for his part in Adonijah's plot.

Zadoc was made high priest in Abiathar's place and Beniah was placed at the head of Solomon's military forces.

By these measures the kingdom was firmly established in Solomon's hands. He, a little while after he began to reign, made an alliance with the king of Egypt and married her daughter.

This was the first relation of the Israelites with the Egyptians after the exodus. The children of the Israel were directly forbidden to intermarry with the Canaanitish nations, but other foreign nations were not specified in the law.

In taking an Egyptian wife, although prohibited, hence Solomon did not act contrary to the letter of the law he transgressed the spirit of it.

II. A religious assembly at Gibeon (v. 4).

To Gibeon—Gibeon was five or six miles northwest of Jerusalem and was a sacred place because the tabernacle and brazen altar were there (2 Chron. 1:3, 6).

The great high places—idolatrous nations chose high hills as places for their religious ceremonies, perhaps from the supposition that such elevations were nearer their gods.

Israel had not yet built the house of the Lord, and they were worshipping Jehovah in high places (1 Kings 3:2, 3).

Gibeon was the most sacred place at that time in all Israel. A thousand burnt offerings—That was a great religious gathering.

Multitudes of Israelites went to Gibeon with Solomon to engage in the public worship of the Lord.

A small portion only of the slaughtered animal was consumed as a burnt-offering to the Lord, and the remaining portions were eaten by the priests and distributed among the worshippers.

III. Solomon's choice (vs. 5-9).

The Lord appeared to Solomon in a dream—There are many instances in the Scriptures of the Lord's appearance to individuals in dreams to communicate to them a knowledge of his will.

Such dreams are to be carefully distinguished from ordinary dreams, for the ordinary dream has no significance. It can reasonably be supposed that Solomon realized the weight of the responsibility that was upon him as king of Israel, and his prayer had been that the Lord would grant him the needed help to meet that responsibility.

ask what I shall give thee? The offer made to the Lord to the youthful king was comprehensive and unlimited.

The Lord, in this statement, laid his resources at Solomon's disposal. All that the human heart could rightfully desire is included.

6. Solomon said—He said this in his dream, hast shewed . . . great mercy—Solomon preface with humility his acknowledgments to God for mercies bestowed, and a confession of his own inability to fill the position in which he had placed him.

The Lord had shown great mercy to David throughout his eventful career. In uprightness of heart—David's course for the most part was right, and for the sins into which he fell, he had deeply and fully repented.

hast given him a son to sit on his throne—David had several sons in all, but the Lord definitely declared that his son Solomon should be king.

7. I am a little child—Solomon was probably about twenty years of age at this time. He humbly acknowledged this.

8. thou hast chosen—God had chosen Abraham, and the people of Israel were his descendants, that cannot be numbered—Israel had come to be a great nation. According to David's numbering there were 1,200,000 men of war (2 Sam. 24:9), and upon that basis there were possibly 6,000,000 inhabitants of Israel.

9. an understanding heart—This was a noble choice. It was unselfish. He might have chosen popularity, wealth, vast dominion or long life, but he left himself out of the consideration to the extent that he chose for the highest welfare of his subjects.

IV. God's gifts to Solomon (vs. 10-15).

The Lord was pleased with the nobility, sincerity, unselfishness, and devotion to Israel, expressed in Solomon's request. This opened the way for the Lord to bestow the best gift and to supplement it with other desirable gifts.

11. hast not asked for thyself, etc.—Solomon, in his simplicity, had a clear understanding of values, and this understanding the Lord quickly recognized.

The Lord made plain what things human nature prized highly. To discern the wisdom of the ability to hear causes, to weigh evidence and to render just judgment.

12. I have given thee a wise . . . heart—God gave him ability to know and to judge. This wisdom was both supernatural and natural.

We know that Solomon studied and searched, and thus stored up knowledge as others do, but the Lord gave him a breadth of comprehension and an insight that he did not possess before that eventful night.

13.—that which thou hast not asked—He had asked for something that would be of the greatest advantage to others, and the Lord gave him those things that would be desirable for himself. There is a lesson in what not

to pray for, as well as in what to pray for. The words of Jesus in Matt. 6: 33 are called to mind by Solomon's choice and what came of it, both riches and honor—Solomon's was a magnificent reign. 14. If thou wilt walk in my ways—God gave promise of long life to the King, but it was conditional. The sacred historian had to record the painful fact later, that Solomon was drawn away from the service of the true God to a great extent by the associations he formed. What might Solomon have been, had he fully followed the Lord all his days! lengthen thy days—He failed to meet the conditions and only lived about sixty years. 15. it was a dream—Even though it was a dream, it was a divine communication to Solomon. Questions—At about what age did Solomon begin to reign? Where did he go to sacrifice? How great a sacrifice did he make? Who went with him? What did the Lord tell him to ask? What choice did Solomon express? What reasons did he give for making this request? What did the Lord say to Solomon? What promises did the Lord make to Solomon?

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic.—True wisdom and how to get it.

- 1. Solomon made king. 2. Solomon's choice.

1. Solomon made king. Solomon became king over Israel in the year 1015 B. C. Jewish tradition makes him about eighteen years of age at the time of his accession to the throne. His reign continued forty years. His name means peaceful and was divinely bestowed prior to his birth, indicative of the promised peace and prosperity of his reign (1 Chron. 22: 9). He was evidently closer to his father in person and spirit than any other of the numerous princes, and was by him designated as successor to the throne. Adonijah, his half-brother, and David's eldest surviving son, was a man of great personal attractions, whom his father treated with a weak and most unwise indulgence (1 Kings 1: 6). Accordingly he aspired to the kingship and assumed that he was to be the successor to the throne. David's designation of Solomon gave the death blow to his hopes. Taking advantage of his father's increasing feebleness, he sought to secure by artifice what he could not obtain legitimately, following the example of Absalom in the method adopted. The endeavor was rendered fruitless by the foresight of Nathan the prophet, David's steadfast friend, faithful reprover and wise counselor. The aged king was still possessed of prudence and decision, and at his command Solomon was proclaimed king and anointed with the sacred oil by Zadok the priest, assisted by Nathan. A magnificent memorial of the occasion is preserved in the seventy-second psalm; which also forms a transparent veil for the transcendent glories of the coming kingdom of "great David's greater son" and constitutes the final contribution of the author to the service of the sanctuary (Psa. 72: 20). The first lesson we derive from the account is that "he that exalteth himself shall be abased." Adonijah became a trembling fugitive, clinging to the horns of the altar. His life was conditionally granted him, and shortly forfeited by his unwise and a new attempt at conspiracy (1 Kings 2: 13-25). A second lesson is that, God's word will not fail. The royal succession had been divinely indicated, and all attempted usurpations utterly failed.

II. Solomon's choice. "David, the man raised up on high, the anointed of the God of Jacob, and the sweet psalmist of Israel, after a prosperous reign of forty years, died in a good old age, full of days, riches and honor, and Solomon, his son, reigned in his stead." Disobedience and danger appeared in the first act of the foreign policy of the new ruler (1 Kings 3: 1). It was a violation both of a general command, and of a specific prohibition concerning Egypt. It passed unpunished for the time only to bear bitter fruit later on. At Gibeon was the occasion chosen for the first personal revelation of Jehovah to the king. Here occurred the offer of a supreme choice. The words in which it is expressed (1 Kings 3: 9) may not bear as exalted a significance as is often attached to them. A fine and illuminating distinction may exist, which later history seems to emphasize. Never was any other person so wise, so rich, so great. The wisdom and riches of Solomon have passed into proverb. W. H. C.

BRITAIN LEADS.

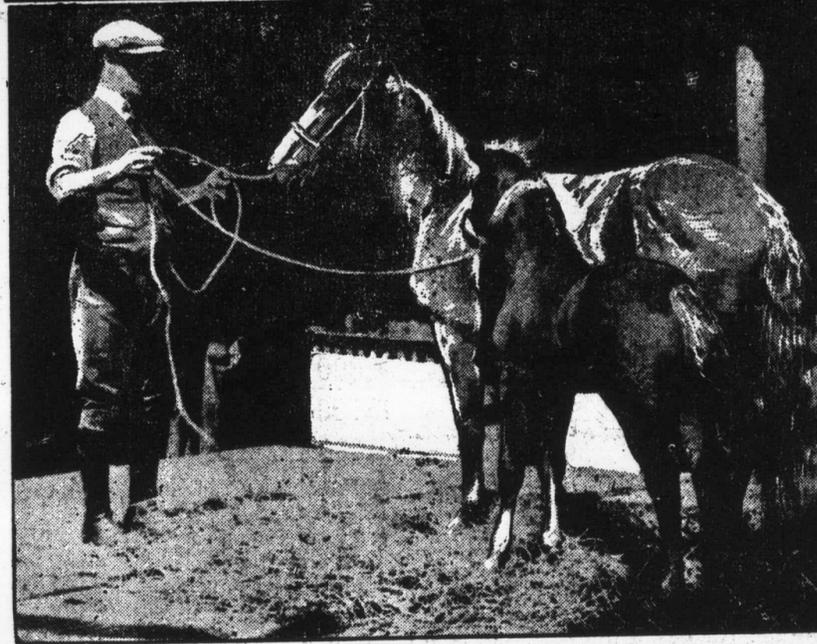
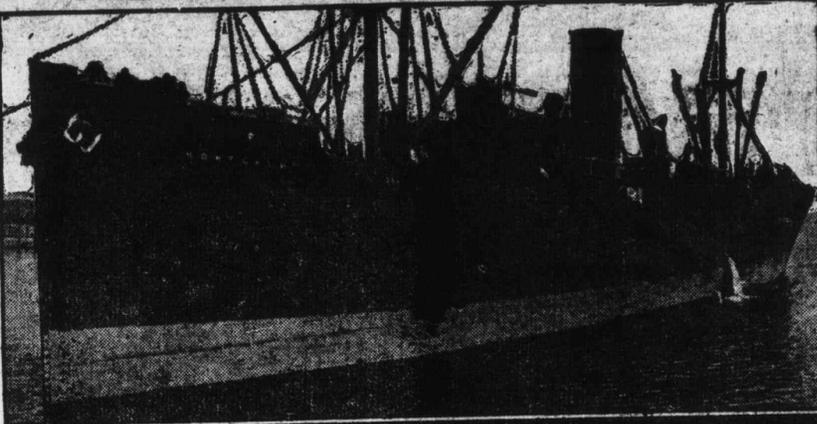
Has Regained Old Ship-building Supremacy.

Ottawa, Aug. —Mr. Harrison Watson, chief Canadian Trade Commissioner in the United Kingdom, in a report to the Government, emphasizes the success of the United Kingdom in resuming her former place of supremacy in shipbuilding held in pre-war days. He states that, owing to the uninterrupted increase of tonnage of merchant vessels under construction in July the United Kingdom has almost reversed her position of a year ago in comparison with the United States. A year ago the tonnage in the United States exceeded that under construction in the United Kingdom by 1,350,000 tons while the surplus at the present time in favor of the United Kingdom is about 1,470,000 tons. "It seems scarcely necessary to state," says Mr. Watson, in his report, "that the extraordinary increase in American ship construction, which took place during the war, was due to unique circumstances which have now largely passed away."

While driving the cows to pasture on his father's farm, one and a half miles from Maitland, on the second concession of Augusta, William Andrew Young, aged 4, youngest child of Andrew Young, was kicked in the abdomen by a horse, receiving injuries from which he passed away at Brockville.

The weekly report of the National Railways says the western crop is better than expected.

THE PRINCE'S HORSES ARRIVE



(1) C. P. O. S. Montcalm arriving at Montreal, having on board horses and ponies for the Prince of Wales' Stock Ranch near Calgary, Alta. (2) Princess of Wales' ponies for his Canadian ranch. A Dartmoor pony and her foal about to leave the hold of the C. P. O. S. Montcalm, upon her arrival in Montreal.

SUNDAY AT HOME

KINDLY WORDS AND DEEDS.

If we sit down at set of sun And count the good things we have done, And counting find One self-denying act, one word That eased the heart of him who heard; One glance, most kind That fell like sunshine where it went, Then may we count the day well spent. But, if through all the livelong day, We've eased no heart by yea or nay; If through it all We've nothing done that we can trace, That brought the sunshine to a face; No act most small That helped some soul and nothing cost, Then count that day as worse than lost. —George Elliott.

MY CROSS OF TO-DAY.

What is my cross of to-day? It is a person whom Providence has placed near me, and whom I dislike; who humiliates me constantly by her disdainful manner; who wears me by her slowness in the work which I share with her; who excites my jealousy because she is loved more than I; who irritates me by her chatter, her frivolity, or even by her attentions to me. It is a person who, for some vague reason, I believe to be inimical to me; who, according to my excited imagination, watches me, criticises me, ridicules me. How must I bear my cross of to-day? By not showing in any way the weariness, the dislike, or the involuntary repulsion which her presence causes me. By obliging myself to render her some service; it matters little whether she knows it—it is a secret between God and me.

REACTION FROM IDEALISM.

(Layman, in Sheffield, Eng., Independent.) There is little doubt that the present wave of materialism which is hindering the religious progress of the country is greatly the result of the reaction from idealism of the great sacrifices of the war, or a wave of indifference which was the result of exhaustion. Whatever the cause, it must be met by united efforts on the part of all Christian communities, and one of the greatest weapons that can be used against it will be the practical evidences of concord among us. As Mr. Lloyd George rightly said, nothing can rouse the people under these conditions except an appeal to religion, and our energies, instead of being devoted to concentration upon this one purpose, should be directed to be saved and secured against itself it is Christianity that must do the work, the Christianity that stretches out both hands to help and that works with a single hearted purpose always before it. The body

that deliberately puts its own interests first and declines to help in promoting the common welfare of the nation is not an honest working member of the body corporate of the Church of Christ. Yet we know that unfortunately instances are not few where the inclination has been to hinder rather than help, solely from the fear that something might be done or said that might detract from their importance in the eyes of the world. That is one of the points that count against the unity of spirit that every real Christian desires. I mean, to put it bluntly, that selfishness is placed before service, that individual interest is put before general good. No man liveth entirely unto himself, and no Church can do its full share in helping to win the world for Christ unless it considers those who are also fellow-workers in the same great cause.

Few of us probably have the same mental conception of God, yet we all believe in Him, and we should resent the indignation by a fellow-Christian that his conception was better and more accurate than our own. Members of the same family do not all possess the same quality or capacity for loving or expressing their love for other members, but it would be ridiculous to assume that A does not love B as much as C does just because no two people demonstrate their affection in exactly the same way; and no one would think of making such a charge the ground for accusing the family circle of disunion. You cannot force individual minds to express themselves in the same terms, but you give credit to them for possessing as much love or esteem for others as you possess yourself. That is the basis of mutual confidence and concord in the family, and the same principle holds good in religion. The confession of a com. of faith in the same God should make all Christian people and aspects in reality what the world wants so badly now—one family group. As for endeavoring to mold them all into one pattern of mind, that is impossible, one pattern, tot sententia," says the old Latin tag, and those who decline to tolerate other folk's individualities of mind or religious expression should remember Charles V of France. When that monarch abdicated his throne and retired to the monastery of St. Juste he amused himself by trying to learn watchmaking. After some time he remarked one day: "What an egregious fool must I have been to have squandered so much blood and sweat in an absurd attempt to make a watch like mine, when I cannot even make a few watches keep time together."

There is more than ever an urgent need for all Christian people to sink minor differences and insist upon the recognition and supreme importance of religion, its national as well as personal life. Appeals to the people may in the present state of things appear to savour somewhat of the "voice crying in the wilderness," but more good— and, alas! more evil, too—is done by persuasion than by force. Indifference and apathy spell ruin, whether in business, politics or religion.

Leaves have their time to fall, and flowers to wither at the north wind's breath and stars to set—but ah, thou hast all seasons for thine own—O death! —Mrs. Hemans.

PALLID CHEEKS MEAN ANAEMIA

NEW HEALTH CAN BE OBTAINED BY ENRICHING THE BLOOD SUPPLY.

When a girl in her teens becomes peevish, listless and dull, when nothing seems to interest her and daintiness do not tempt her appetite you may be certain that she needs more good blood than her system is provided with. Before long her pallid cheeks, frequent headaches and breathlessness and heart palpitation will confirm that she is anaemic. Many mothers as the result of their own girlhood experience can promptly detect the early signs of anaemia and the wise mother does not wait for the trouble to develop further, but at once gives her daughter a course with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which renew the blood supply and banish anaemia before it has obtained a hold on the system.

Out of their experience thousands of mothers know that anaemia is the sure road to worse ills. They know the difference that good red blood makes in the development of womanly health. Every headache, every gasp for breath that follows the slightest exertion by the anaemic girl, every pain she suffers in her back and limbs are reproaches if you have not taken the best steps to give your weak girl new blood, and the only sure way to do so is through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

New, rich, red blood is infused into the system by every dose of these pills. From this new rich blood springs good health, an increased appetite, new energy, high spirits and perfect womanly development. Give your daughter Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and take them yourself and note how promptly their influence is felt in better health.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

New York's First Railroad.

The first railroad in New York State was one of the first passenger railroads in the United States was constructed of wooden rails from Albany to Schenectady, a distance of 17 miles, in 1831. Ten years later the Erie railroad was opened from Piermont to Goshen.

Most Valuable Plant.

No plant renders man greater service than does the wheat, because it supplies to the greater part—and the better part, too—of the western world its staff of life. From wheat the leading nations of the earth obtain their bread.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET.

Table listing various market prices including Dairy Products (Butter, Cheese, Eggs), Poultry (Chickens, Ducks, Turkeys), Fruits (Apples, Peaches, Potatoes), and Vegetables (Carrots, Cabbages, Lettuce).

SUGAR WHOLESALERS.

Table listing sugar prices for various grades and quantities, including Torontonian refined sugar and different types of granulated sugar.

MEATS-WHOLESALERS.

Table listing meat prices for various cuts and types, including beef, pork, and lamb.

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG QUOTATIONS.

Table listing commodity prices for Winnipeg, including various grades of wheat and flour.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis—Flour—50c lower; in carload lots family patents quoted at \$12.45 to \$14 a barrel in 25-lb. casks; shipments, 55,182 barrels. Bran—42¢. Cash No. 1 Northern, \$2.70 to \$2.80. Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.10 to \$1.15. Oats—No. 1 white, 65¢ to 67¢. Flax—No. 1, \$3.20 to \$3.31.

CHEESE MARKETS.

St. Paschal, Que.—At the regular cheese board meeting here today, 507 boxes of cheese were sold to Aves, Montreal, at 25 cents and 100 boxes of butter were sold to Hodgson-Rowson, Montreal, at 25¢ 4-cents.

SALADS FOR SUPPER.

Warm Days Demand These On the Menu.

A refreshing supper can be prepared by placing hard-boiled eggs in aspic or in gelatine. Make a plain gelatine mixture, seasoning it well with lemon, salt and paprika. Pour it into a custard cup or mould, place the egg then cover it with more of the gelatine and allow to become firm. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise and on the same plate put a sliced tomato and potato salad. This will provide a well-balanced first course and may be followed by a cold pudding or a fruit dessert.

A meat salad can be prepared in the morning. Cut the meat or chicken in cubes, add shredded celery and marinate with French dressing; add the salad dressing just before serving. Saratoga chips and asparagus tips are a pleasing combination with this. For the last day shrimp and celery or pickles may be put together and served with rolls or with cheese sandwiches. Another meat substitute salad is made by paring a tomato and cutting it in quarters. Fill the centre with cream cheese. The tomato may be placed on a slice of orange. This gives a very pretty color combination as well as an unusual flavor.

Fruit salads are almost any combination can be made. The very best dressing for fruit is a Belgian one, made by thinning mayonnaise with whipped cream, then beating currant jelly into it. This recipe came from one of the head waiters in the best hotel in Philadelphia, and it is even better than it sounds and looks as good as it tastes.

One of the most wholesome salads is made by marinating beet greens or cooked outside leaves of lettuce and serving this with hard-cooked eggs cut in quarters, iced tea or coffee, thin bread and butter sandwiches and cookies or small cakes complete this supper. The salad has been a common way of using vegetables for many years, but of late has been used even more than formerly. In a fifteenth century cook book there is a record of certain vegetables being eaten raw with salt, pepper and oil. This is probably the earliest type of salad.—New York Evening Post.

Good Quality Tea, properly brewed, takes away fatigue, and is absolutely harmless, as a daily beverage - TRY

"SATADA"

Once, and you'll never forsake its use.

A JEWEL IN THE ROUGH

"Well, I'm going to dispatch Will for you," replied Talbot, turning away. I leave it to you, Stephen, to persuade her to stay," and he walked out.

A second later they heard the pony's hoofs going up the narrow trail past the cabin.

"You can have my room; I'll sleep here on the floor," remarked Stephen. The girl got up.

"No," she said, in her most decided tone. "I'll stay if you let me sleep here on the floor, or I'll go home. Turn you out of your own comfortable bed I will not."

"Go home you can't," said Stephen, in an equally decided tone, "so I'll make up a bed here just in front of the stove."

He went into the next room, and Katrine, left alone, drank up her whiskey and gazed round the cabin. It was not at all an interesting interior, and had not the faint suggestions of artistic taste that redeemed Talbot's.

A few prints were on the walls, seemingly cut from illustrated papers, and principally consisting of views of cathedrals and school buildings, which Katrine's eyes wandered over without interest.

At the further end from her there were some stout shelves nailed against the wall, and on these rested a row of flat tin pans; between the pans were pushed one or two books, and she recognized among them his Greek testament. She rose and strolled over to the shelf, and standing on tiptoe, looked into the pans.

As she thought, they contained thin layers of gold dust. She was standing there looking into them when Stephen returned and came up behind her.

"They look fine, don't they?" he said. "That's a thirty-dollar pan."

Katrine turned, and looking up, was startled by the eager light in his face and the greed written in every line of it. For herself, reckless, happy-go-lucky gambler that she was by nature, gold had little value for her except to toss by the handful on the tables to buy half an hour's excitement.

With a sudden movement she seized the fullest pan by the rim in one hand and the Greek testament beside it in the other, and danced away from him to the other side of the room. Stephen turned with an involuntary cry, and followed her with anxious eyes.

"Now, which would you rather lose?" he said, with a vexed tone. Katrine sidled up to the window.

"Answer, or I'll—"

Stephen turned white. He felt she was capable of doing any mad thing when he met those mocking, sparkling eyes.

"Oh—I—would rather lose the book," he stammered, in an agony to see the gold safely put back. "I could replace that, you know."

Katrine advanced to him, balancing the pan as if weighing it.

"Stephen, this is very heavy," she said, looking him straight in the eyes. "Let me take it from you," he said, eagerly stretching out his hands.

"Do you know what makes it so?" she said, still balancing it and still looking at him. "Your soul is in it!" and she gave it back to him.

Stephen reddened angrily, and took both the book and the gold from her and replaced them sulkily on the shelf. Katrine had turned her back and walked over to the fire, humming.

"What a royal couch you've made me!" she remarked, leaning the awkward silence that followed, and looking down on the pile of red blankets he had spread in front of the stove.

He had, in fact, stripped his own bed and collected blankets from every corner to make a comfortable resting-place for her. Before Stephen could answer he was summoned to the door. Talbot looked in upon them, but would not come inside.

"I've sent 'Till off," he said. "He swears like anything, but he is gone. No, thanks, Steve, I won't come in. I'm tired, and going to my own cabin now. See you at breakfast. Good-night!" and before Katrine could thank him he was gone.

The two thus left entirely alone in the deep quiet of the gulch to pass the night together looked at each other for a moment with a shade of silent embarrassment. But the girl, accustomed as she was to take care of her self in all sorts of situations and surroundings, and ended with a certain fierce quality of nature, recovered herself

instantly and spoke quite naturally. "I feel tired, too, and would like to go to sleep now, if I may."

"Certainly," said Stephen. "You have this room to yourself. The stove will burn till daylight, and you have the whiskey if you feel cold in the night. Good-night."

His tone was very formal, for he would so much have liked to be otherwise, and without looking at her he took a match from his pocket and went into the other room, shutting the door after him. The girl waited a moment, then she shut the door of the stove and threw herself down on the soft pile of blankets, and drawing one of them over her head, she drew a deep, or contented sigh, and was peacefully asleep in a few seconds.

The next morning Stephen rose stiff and cramped from his denuded bed. When he was completely dressed he silently opened his door and crept noiselessly into the adjoining room. The girl was not yet awake, and he stole softly over to the bed on the hearth and looked down at her. She lay warm and sleeping comfortably among the blankets. She was fully dressed, just as she had been the previous evening, except that two or three buttons were unfastened at the collar of her dress, and allowed the solid, white neck to show beneath the rounded chin. The little head, with its mass of dark, silky curls, lay inclined toward the stove, and the curved rosy lips had a softer smile than they generally wore in the daytime.

Stephen leaned over her, entranced and breathless. As his eyes followed the dark arch of the eyebrows, the sweet, delicate contour of the cheek, he forgot the horror he felt of her sometimes in her waking moments, forgot the hideous background of the saloons, forgot all the evil there might be in her, and bowed before that supreme power that human beauty has over us; he worshipped her as he had never worshipped his God. For a few seconds it was enough for him to gaze on her, then came an overwhelming impulse to stoop and kiss the soft, youthful lips, to touch them even if he awoke her. But, no; she was his guest, under his roof and protection. All that was best in his nature rose and held him motionless like a hand of iron. After a few seconds Katrine stirred, and, Stephen, feeling she was about to awake, would have moved away, but his eyes seemed fixed and as impossible to remove from her face as one's hands are from an electric battery. The next minute her lids were lifted, and her eyes, two wells of living light, flashed up at him.

"Good morning," she said, sitting up. "How dreadful you look, Stephen! What is the matter?"

"Do I?" he answered, with a forced smile.

"What is it that I don't know?" he said, desperately, putting, as people always do, the worst construction he could upon her words, and at the same time feeling he would forgive her everything, and in a sort of background in his brain contemplating the figure of the forgiven Magdalen at the feet of Christ.

Katrine dragged her hand away. She was not going to tell him she was a gambler and devoted to the excitement of the tables. She knew that if she did their pleasant talks in the evenings would be at an end. He could never expect to see her without questioning his duty to try to reform her; and as she knew she was not going to reform, what would be the good of it?

"What does it matter to you? I am not your wife, and am not going to be—I am an acquaintance. If you like me as I am, very good; if you don't, no one can help it. I would not get up and faced her. He was as white as the snow outside.

"You make me think the worst by refusing to confide in me."

Katrine laughed contemptuously. "I don't care a curse what you think! Haven't I just told you so? Great heavens! she said, with a burst of conviction, "it would never do for you to marry! Never! Your one idea is to curtail a person's liberty."

"No," said Stephen, quietly, "liberty in a general way; only the liberty to sin and do evil, the liberty to be ignorant and do things which have terrible consequences that you don't know."

He looked very well, at this moment, his pale, asetic face and sympathetic eyes lighted up with enthusiasm.

Katrine looked at him, and then smiled with her quick, impulsive smile.

"Stephen, you are a good man, and perfectly charming at times; but I am not a good woman, and don't want to be, and we should never get on. So don't let's bother any more about this question at all."

An exceedingly pained expression came over Stephen's face, and Katrine was quick enough to feel that from her words he judged her errors to be other than they were. In a few words she might have cleared her mind from the idea of her actual immorality, but she was too proud to stand upon her own defence before him; besides, if her faults were not of that class, he would want to know what they were, and in his eyes a girl that gambled and drank and swore, and professed to dance halls and variety shows to the music of a church any day, was quite bad enough; so she concluded in her thoughts, "it doesn't matter if he is mixed."

Stephen at the moment was afraid to press her further, and did not know quite how to treat her; but he

so silent, so overawing, and so death-like, that she quivered as she looked up and down from the flat plateau where she stood, and hurried on the few necessary yards to Talbot's cabin.

When they came back together they found Stephen had all in readiness, the fire blazing on the hearth and the breakfast waiting on the table. He made Katrine sit at the head and pour out the coffee for them; which she did with pleased smiling eyes. Talbot said good-bye to her and went out to his cabin immediately it was over, and Katrine and Stephen were left alone. He said he would go and get her pony for her, and Katrine rose; but then Stephen hesitated and did not go after all. He turned to her instead, and came back from the door to where she was standing.

"Will you listen to something I want to say to you?" he said, his heart beating wildly.

"Why, certainly I will," the girl answered, calmly; and she sat down in the chair behind her and folded her hands. Then she looked up inquiringly, waiting for him to begin, but Stephen's voice was dried up in his throat. He stood in front of her, one damp hand nervously clasping the back of a chair, unable to articulate a word. Confusion and excitement overwhelmed him, and he stood turning paler and paler staring at the proud, handsome face framed in the living yellow sunshine before him. At last he felt he could not even stand, and he turned away with a groan and sunk down on the nearest chair with his face in his hands.

"Katrine, who had been watching him anxiously for the last few seconds, sprang up and went over to him.

"What is the matter?" she said, laying her hand on his shoulder. "Are you ill?"

"No, oh, no," said Stephen, catching her hand in his, and looking at her. "No, I want to tell you I love you. Do you care for me? Will you marry me right away and come up and live here with me?"

His voice had come back to him all right now, and he turned and gazed eagerly up at her.

"Katrine did not answer immediately, but she did not withdraw her hand that he was pressing hotly between his own, and a faint smile that had come over her face showed she was not displeased; and here Stephen missed his cue—he should have taken the hesitating figure into his arms and kissed the undecided lips. In the sudden awakening of womanly feeling, in the momentary excitement of the girl's eyes, Katrine would have consented, welcoming as her nature did any new emotion; but Stephen was embarrassed and afraid. Fear and uncertainty held him back, the kiss burned ungiven on his own lips, and Katrine unflinched by passion could think clearly.

"What! Come up and live in this deathly quiet, away from even such amusement as the cards offered? Submit to all tiresome religious conversations, and, above all, give up those feverish nights of excitement? the hazard and the stimulus of the long tables and the little heeps of gold dust? at her free life, her in-comings and outgoings, with no one to question her? No, it was an impossibility.

"The next thing Stephen knew was that she was smiling and looking down into his eyes, shaking her head.

"No, Stephen, I can't do that. I like you awfully, and should like you to come and see me; but I wouldn't know all about me you wouldn't want it either."

Stephen clung fast to her hand.

"What is it that I don't know?" he said, desperately, putting, as people always do, the worst construction he could upon her words, and at the same time feeling he would forgive her everything, and in a sort of background in his brain contemplating the figure of the forgiven Magdalen at the feet of Christ.

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ASTHMA-HAY FEVER

—sleepless nights, constant sneezing, streaming eyes, wheezy breathing—

RAZ-MAH

Brings relief. Put up in capsules, easily swallowed. Sold by reliable druggists for a dollar. Ask our agents or send card for free sample to Templeton's, 148 King St. W., Toronto.

was not wholly discouraged, and he thought, at least, to retain the ground he already had.

Rainbow's Formation.

While it is true that the beautiful colors displayed by the rainbow are due to the passage of light through raindrops, the popular conception that the drops are directly in line between the sun and the bow is incorrect, according to scientists. The light enters the raindrop and is refracted and reflected back to form the bow. In this passage through the drop the different colors are produced which, blended, make our ordinary white light.

Cures Dizziness Prevents Headaches Insures Health

Puts Vim, Snap, Vitality and Briskness into Run-down Men and Women.

You who are nervous, tired and played out can quickly get back the best of health by purifying and enriching the blood with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. This wonderful medicine will make you feel better the first day. A real assistant to nature, full of toning-up qualities, rich in blood-cleansing power—these are health-renewing principles in Dr. Hamilton's Pills that accomplish so much good.

Your liver will work right if toned with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. The bowels will move out of the system all wastes and impurities. Your stomach will be put in order, digestion will be perfect, and as a result your health is bound to be permanently improved.

To be always in good spirits, to enjoy your meals, to sleep well and have lots of energy to work with, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills regularly. No medicine for general family use so good, sold everywhere in 25c boxes.

Chinese Music Unwritten.

Chinese music is not written. The words of some of the famous songs have been preserved, but the music has been handed down from father to son for generations that go far back before the day of the troubadours.

When music is played it is played according to the memory of the musician and his ideas of interpretation. A musician varies the performance as his best judgment dictates, and the strings, reeds or brass may break in at almost any time.

TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW

Keeping pace with the steady growth and the importance of the Live stock industry in Ontario, the management have year by year added to the Premium List of the Toronto Fat Stock Show, and the list for the 1920 Show, which is just off the press, carries a splendid line-up of cash and trophy prizes for all classes and ages of live stock. One of these lists may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Box 635, West Toronto.

Leonardo's Handwriting.

In one account of the life of Leonardo da Vinci we read a curious story about the great man's handwriting. It seems that it resembled characters in Hebrew or Arabic, for he used his left hand and wrote from right to left of the page, instead of from left to right, as we do to-day. One of Da Vinci's letters could, therefore, only be read by holding it up before a mirror.

Satisfaction in Doing Right.

Imagination is the father and mother of trouble when we let it run loose in a time of stress. But in the end the will and the heart are what determine our fate. After all, when we do right we have some satisfaction even if we suffer. But if we do nothing but wrong things we have not even the satisfaction of knowing we deserve to come out right.

Choke for Air.

Some little irritant becomes lodged in the bronchial tubes, others gather, and the awful choking of asthma results. Nothing offers quite such quick and positive relief as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. The healing, soothing smoke or vapor penetrates, clears the passages and gives untold relief. Usually it completely cures. It is the sure remedy for every sufferer.

Solo Most Frequently Used.

Music may be joined to words in many ways: in church music, opera, oratorio, madrigals, part songs, and so on. But experience shows that the most frequently used type is the solo, ranging in its manifestations from primitive folk song up to the richest complexities of the art.

Australia Has Spare Land.

South Australia, with an area of more than 240,000,000 acres, has only slightly more than 5,000,000 acres under cultivation.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

PREMIUMS--PREMIUMS--PREMIUMS

TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW

NOW READY FOR DISTRIBUTION. Write to-day for your copy. Show will be held at

Union Stock Yards, Toronto

Dec. 9th and 10th

C. F. TOPPING, Sec'y., Box 635, West Toronto.

RIGHT BIRDS FOR LAYING CONTESTS

Laying contests conducted this year show very clearly that the degree of maturity which the birds possessed before reaching the contests has very much to do with results and especially the results during the winter months. The fact has been stated several times, and additional proof is now available, which is given in order that those wishing to enter pens in the contests next November may be able to take advantage of the information.

Take the Prince Edward Island egg-laying contest; the production has been low, not as good as it was last year, but in looking over the report of the condition of the birds when they were received at the contest, the reason is quite apparent. The birds were not as mature this year as last, and certainly not as mature as they should be if a good egg yield is to be expected.

Pens No. 1, 2, 10, 12 and 13 contained the best matured birds that were received. Pens 15 and 19 were not quite as well matured, but were in excellent condition and developed rapidly after arrival. Some of the other pens had well-developed individuals in them, but had too many immature birds, while in many of the pens the birds were not fully grown when they arrived.

Seven pens that were fairly well matured and in good condition when they arrived averaged 9.5 eggs per bird for the two months ending Dec. 31. The seven pens which arrived in an immature condition averaged 13 eggs per bird for the first two months. At the end of six months the younger birds, having then matured, gave an average for the six months of 24.2 eggs, while the well-matured birds at the end of the six months gave an average of 46.9 eggs, or a relative gross revenue for eggs of \$69.53 for the immature birds and \$142.13 for the mature birds.

In some cases birds arrived at the contests past maturity, that is, they had started to lay before entering the contest, and the change brought on a moult and a consequent loss of time. This condition, however, was not quite so apparent in the Prince Edward Island contest as in some of the other contests.

In order to make a good yearly revenue birds must lay during the period of high prices; and if they do not start laying before the cold weather comes, as a rule, they will not start to lay for weeks and sometimes months afterwards.

Pen No. 2 did not lay an egg during the first four weeks of the contest, and had only three birds laying at the end of the eighth week, with a total production of 29 eggs. Pen No. 4 started laying during the fifth week, and had only three birds laying at the end of the eighth week, with a total production of 27 eggs. Pen No. 17 did not start until the tenth week, thereby handicapping themselves by over two months, and that the two months when prices were high. The birds in this pen were in condition when they arrived at the contest, and after they received their growth have done exceptionally well. How much better would it have been if they had received their growth before entering the contest.

It must not be forgotten that development in birds does not mean production, but if birds are bred for egg production the bird that is fully developed has a decided advantage over her immature sister.

Birds intended for a laying competition should be in condition to lay just after they have reached the contest, neither before nor weeks after.—A. G. Taylor, Poultry Husbandman.

Flowers Foretell Rain.

The ordinary clover and all its varieties, including shamrock, are barometers. When rain is coming the leaves shut together like the shells of an oyster. For a day or two before rain comes their stems swell to an appreciable extent, and stiffen so that the leaves are borne more uprightly than usual. This stem swelling when rain is expected is a failure of many flowering grasses.

Historical Knowledge Important.

A man ignorant of the past of his nation is not qualified to have anything to do with its present or future. To work understandingly, we must know what the nation of ours is for-what is the plan and purpose.—Myron W. Reed.

Are Your Nostrils Full Of Catarrhal Discharge

IF SO, IT'S TIME YOU GOT WISE TO CATARRHOZONE, THE ONE CERTAIN CURE.

By no other means can you get relief so quickly as from Catarrhozone. It's the most direct remedy—direct because you breathe it to the very spot that is irritated and full of catarrhal germs. Nothing roundabout in the Catarrhozone method. It acts instantly, clears the throat of phlegm, stops the hacking cough, relieves tight chest, removes bronchial irritation.

So healing and soothing is Catarrhozone, so full is it of curative essence that winter ills flee before it. Carry a Catarrhozone Inhaler in your purse in your pocket, use it to ward off your little colds before they grow big. Dollar outfit lasts two months, small size 50c, trial size 25c; all dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

HAD ENOUGH OF THE ZOO.

Smithson—"Come with me to the zoo." Pimbleton—"No, thank you; I'll stay at home. My eldest daughter does the kangaroo work, my second daughter talks like a parrot, my son laughs like a hyena, my wife watches me like a hawk, my cook is cross as a bear, and my mother-in-law says I'm an old gorilla. When I go anywhere I want a change."

Is Your Wife Bad Tempered?

Chances are she has corns that ache like fury. Buy her a bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor. It acts painlessly, gives instant relief, and cures every kind of corn. Insist on getting only Putnam's Extractor, 25c at all dealers.

PRISON HIS SAFETY.

When the West Indian city of St. Pierre was destroyed by the eruption of Mont Pelee some years ago all its inhabitants except one lost their lives. The sole survivor was a prisoner in an underground dungeon.

A Pill That Lightens Life.

To the man who is a victim of indigestion the transaction of business becomes an added misery. He cannot concentrate his mind upon his tasks and loss and vexation attend him. To such a man Parmelee's Vegetable Pills offer relief. A course of treatment, according to directions, will convince him of their great excellence. They are confidently recommended because they will do all that is claimed for them.

Turtle Unstops Sewer.

To open a stoppered up sewer pipe, Frank Ward, of Richmond, Mo., caught a small turtle and cut a small hole in its shell. Then he tied a string in the hole and started the turtle through the sewer pipe. Whenever the turtle stopped a pull on the string started it clawing its way forward again until the pipe was clear.

It Will Cure a Cold—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious condition. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will stop the cough because it allays all irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

Punishment.

The whole of life and experience goes to show, that right or wrong doing, whether as to the physical or the spiritual nature, is sure in the end to meet its appropriate reward or punishment. Penalties may be delayed, but they are sure to come.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

The Farmer-Banker Alliance

You go to your lawyer for legal advice; to the doctor for medical advice; why not to The Merchants Bank for financial advice?

If you want a loan to buy cattle, hogs or equipment—if you want information as to how to invest money—come to those who make a business of financial matters, and are in a position to give you sound and impartial advice.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

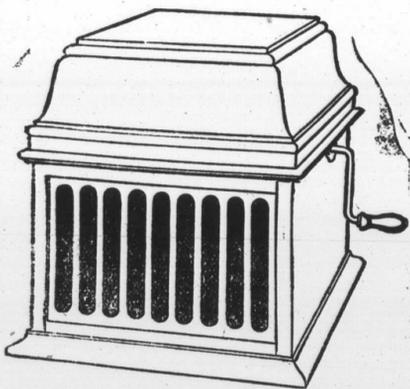
Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA. Established 1864.
ATHENS BRANCH. F. W. CLARKE, Manager.
Branches also at Delta, Lys, Elgin, Westport, Frankville.
Sub-Agency Addison Open—Tuesday

**NEILSON'S
ICE CREAM**
and Chocolates, fresh supply always carried
Choice Line of Fresh Fruits
E. C. Tribute

*Butter
Wrappers*

We can supply your Requirements
Our Price is Right

Reporter Job Dept.
Athens Ontario



**Come and Hear a
"Real Phonograph"**

We have a good selection of Records and would be pleased to have you come in and hear some "real music"—we have here the instrument that proves "it is best by test"
Our Prices and Terms are Right

R. J. CAMPO

Athens Ontario

Fall Fair Dates

The following is a list of the fall fairs in this district issued by the Ontario Department of Education, Toronto; J. Lockie, Wilson, superintendent:

| | |
|--------------|------------------|
| Alexandria | Sept. 7-8 |
| Arden | Oct. 5 |
| Bancroft | Oct. 7-8 |
| Belleville | Sept. 6-8 |
| Brockville | Sept. 21-24 |
| Coe Hill | Sept. 28-29 |
| Cornwall | Sept. 1-4 |
| Delta | Sept. 18-15 |
| Forest | Oct. 5-6 |
| Frankville | Sept. 16-17 |
| Inverary | Sept. 8 |
| Kemptville | Sept. 7-8 |
| Kingston | Sept. 28-Oct. 2 |
| Lanark | Sept. 8 |
| London | Sept. 11-18 |
| Lansdowne | Sept. 16-17 |
| Madoc | Oct. 5-6 |
| Marmora | Sept. 27-28 |
| Merrickville | Sept. 16-17 |
| Morrisburg | Aug. 3-5 |
| Napanee | Sept. 14-16 |
| Ottawa | Sept. 10-20 |
| Odesa | Oct. 1 |
| Perth | Sept. 8-9 |
| Pictou | Sept. 21-24 |
| Renfrew | Sept. 15-17 |
| Shannonville | Sept. 18 |
| Stirling | Sept. 23-24 |
| Stella | Sept. 28 |
| Tweed | Sept. 30-Oct. 1 |
| Toronto | Aug. 28-Sept. 11 |
| Winchester | Sept. 1-2 |

FOR SALE

GLADIOLUS BLOOMS

All the new types—

- Red Emperor—Goliath
- Glory of Norfolk
- Rosetta, Golden West

And many others of the most beautiful types. Imported direct from the best growers in Holland.

50c. per dozen Delivered

Please leave orders in Box 295
ATHENS

Farm for sale

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to and inclusive of the first day of September, 1920 for the purchase of the property known as the "John Chant farm" containing 200 acres more or less being part of Lot Number 19, in the 5th concession of the township of Bastard. The farm is situated near Chipman's School House, Harlem, Post Office, convenient to Churches, school and cheese factory. On the farm there are erected a good stone house with two kitchens and two woodsheds. Cow stable for 20 cows, Frame 40x60, Barn 30 x 42, Drive house 26 x 36, Barn and horse stable 32 x 66, Hog pen 20 x 30 all said to be in good state of repair. One well at the house and a well with windmill at the barn. About 50 acres are under cultivation the balance in pasture and woodland. There is a good sugar bush of 10 or 12 hundred trees.

Possession to be given 1st March, 1921. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to
T. R. Beale
Solicitor for Venders.
Dated at Athens, 11th. August, 1920

FOR SALE—House and Lot, 6 rooms, also good Barn. Apply to Mrs. D. M. Foley, Athens, or to D. M. Foley Deseronto.

COMING

The Enterprise Amusement will present

"Bolshevism on Trial"

Athens, Thursday, Sept. 2nd



BOLSHEVISM ON TRIAL

Throughout the entire civilized world, the most important question confronting every nation lies in the menace of Bolshevism. First the countless millions of Russian fell prey to this insidious doctrine, and the result was the traitorous treaty of Brest Litovsk which released so many German divisions for the Western front. But Bolshevism accomplished only the complete ruin of Russia, and now that vast country lies prostrate and bleeding, a piteous victim of fanatics and double-dealing criminals.

Captain Norman Worth, formerly a member of the Lafayette Escadrille, is arguing, at the opening of the picture, for Socialism as a possible solution for the world, against the violent disapproval of his father, Col. Worth, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, and the millionaire president of the Pallatine Steel Corporation. The discussion has arisen through a newspaper announcement of a meeting to be presided over by Herman Wolf, at which a collection will be taken to purchase the island of Ventura, a bankrupt winter resort off the Florida coast, as the site of a Socialistic community.

Social Evening and Presentation to Miss Birdie Derbyshire

On Monday evening the Methodist choir held a social evening and presentation for Miss Birdie Derbyshire, who leaves for her new home soon.

The fore part of the evening was spent in social games, in which all present thoroughly enjoyed themselves, then followed a short program of humorous songs and recitations, after which Miss Derbyshire was presented with a handsome electric grill. Miss Maud Hollingsworth read the following address and Mrs. Morris made the presentation:

Refreshments in the form of pie, cake, sandwiches and coffee were served, ending a most pleasant evening.

The Address.

To Miss Birdie Derbyshire, Faithful Choir Member of the Methodist Church:

Dear Birdie,—
On this the eve of your wedding and in view of your early departure for Western Ontario, we, your fellow choir members and associates, have taken advantage of this occasion to remind you of our appreciation of you as one of us and appraise your faithfulness to us and the church in which we minister our compliment of song.

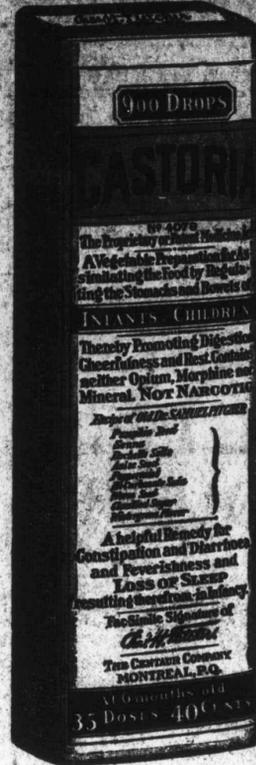
Our loss, for we all love you for your gentleness, patience and willingness to do your bit, is very great. Our hearts are sore and we wonder if your place can be supplied.

However, we must not think of ourselves but of your happiness and therefore we yield, though reluctantly, to the inevitable, reasoning thus, "We have loved and lost." "Blessed is he who has loved and won."

We wish to present you with this token of our goodwill and esteem. We trust and pray that your future may be rich in blessing.

The Methodist Choir.

The latest available game laws of each province, including the International Migratory Birds act, are included in Rod and Gun in Canada for August. This issue of Canada's sportsmen's monthly contains seven live-blooded stories of adventure with canoe, gun, rod and trap in Canada. In addition to these stories of fact and fiction there are the usual high class Guns and Ammunition Department for the "gun crank"; the Angling Department for the Waltonian and the Kennel and Conservation Departments for the admirers of the canine and the lovers of true sport. A Bryan Williams, the well known big game hunter takes the reader on another "leg" of the hunting trip into the hills of British Columbia, after sheep and goats. Rod and Gun in Canada is published monthly by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hutchins

In Use

For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

LIBERAL DEMONSTRATION AND PICNIC

At St. Lawrence Park at BROCKVILLE

Saturday Afternoon, at 1.30 o'clock, Standard Time

Aug. 28, 1920

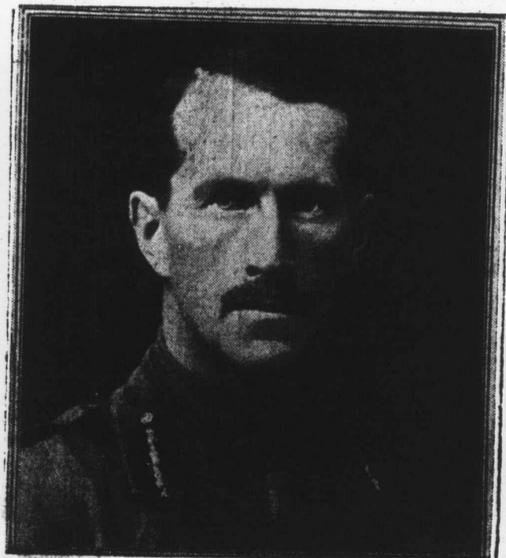
Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King
Leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, will discuss public questions of the day and will lay down his principles.

HON. GEORGE P. GRAHAM, also HON. JACQUES BUREAU, M. P., Ex-Solicitor General of Canada, and other leading men of the Liberal Party will address the meeting

Come and bring your baskets — Hot Water Free—In case of rain shelter will be provided

Band in Attendance — "God Save the King"

NEW PHOTO OF BRITISH GENERAL WHO ESCAPED FROM SINN FEIN CAPTORS.



A new photo of Brig. Gen. O. H. T. Lucas, British Commander of the Fermoy, Ireland, military district, whose recent capture by the Sinn Feiners and his subsequent escape startled the English Government. Gen. Lucas was captured at a hunting lodge in June and escaped July 31st. Gen. Lucas said he was well treated by his captors.