

# THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.

## AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. I.—No. 109.]

TUESDAY, 6TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

### CANADIAN GARLAND.

No. II.

#### FROM THE MONTREAL HERALD.

Wake Britons wake! for the day is fast dawning  
Whose evening shall witness your women's defeat—  
Wake! tho' we were there's no need of this warning  
You'll shout—"we have conquer'd"—you'll  
fight but to beat  
With your own flag with your motto upon it,  
The "hall way to heaven," "EXCELSIOR!" will gleam,  
And the morning's first ray will with glory shine  
on it,  
"Twill dazzle and wave in the sun's farewell  
beam.

Wake Britons, wake! oh, let no man be sleeping,  
And calmly his father's best legacy yield,—  
Wake! for your harvest is ripe for the reaping—  
Grasp now your sickles and rush to the field.  
Wake Britons, wake! and the eagle you will weather,  
Remember brave Lads and let this be your word—  
A long pull—a strong pull—a pull altogether,  
And Corcoran's in port with Victoria on board.

Wake Britons, wake! "tis your country that's calling—  
Not ye Sampson—yet blindly, your enemies  
conquer—  
Wake! for the Temple of Freedom is falling,  
They tag at the pillars of Liberty's home.  
Wake! let the summons resound from the ocean  
And echo from Erie, St. Lawrence, Champlain,  
And patriot's hear, here will thrill with emotion,  
As your shout back of "Victory!" rings o'er the  
plain.

MALVERA.

### THE COQUETTE.

BY JOHN ST. HUGH MILLS.

"The earth hath bubbles as the water hath,  
And these are of them?"

LADY MARY HAKWELL was a young, beautiful, accomplished girl of seventeen, and she saw it. I have said she was beautiful; but not words can describe her loveliness! In a sure it would have appeared flattery of the; her complexion so transparent and bright; her large blue eyes, dreaming of love, under a fringe of long silken lashes; pouting lips, like a spoiled child's, an auburn flower, ringlets dancing upon shoulders rivaling water; her figure tall and stately as a tree's, (on the strice,) and but—I loathe, hate, detest the word but—how often when our are buoyant with expectations our anticipations upon the eve of being realized—when we are disappointed and spoil the fun—I do not to have been a married, happy fellow; I am a miserable Mr. Single, growing in the gutter and the gutter. I was a young, handsome-looking fellow, but I am old and wrinkled, and but for coquetry, Lady Mary would have been forever penitentiary.

The evening arrived for the much-talked-of at Devonshire House, and Lady Mary, accompanied by her mother the countess, at a quarter of eight proceeded to the "halls of dazzling light." As they entered the spacious saloon, all and elegant young officer, dressed in the uniform of the horse artillery, tread his way through the crowd of rank, wealth, beauty; and, with a slight blush and hesitating manner, said to them, "His grace has been so distressed at your ladyship's prolonged absence."

Then, pray, relieve the duke's unhappiness, Captain Stracey, by informing him we have," said Lady Mary, with a toss of her plumed aristocratic head, delighted at sensation created by deferring her presence.

The sun requires no *coat* *corriere* to increase of his rays present," said the duke, smiling low, having, with his usual elegant attention, perceived the *entrée* of the belle of the fashionable world.

Lady Mary courted to the high-flown countess, and smiled with satisfaction at seeing surrounding brilliant rivalling envious to the attention of his grace, who offering his hand led her through the suite of beautiful rooms, classically arranged with that perfect taste only to be found in the highest and refined.

"Who will you confer the happiness of dancing with?" inquired the duke, arriving at the apartment appropriated to the poetry of action.

"Will your ladyship favour me?" supplicated Captain Stracey, who followed their footsteps with perseverance and pertinacity.

"Really, Captain Stracey, I shall be most delighted," replied Lady Mary, disengaging her arm from the duke, who, bowing, left the beauty, observing, "Stracey you may consider yourself the luckiest fellow in the world."

"I believe you are an admirer of flowers," Lady Mary," observed Captain Stracey, taking their places in the quadrille.

"Indeed I am passionately fond of them, they are so exquisitely poetical and enchanting," replied Lady Mary, with enthusiasm.

"You, perchance, understand the language of flowers?" said Stracey.

"I take so great an interest in all relating to them, that I have paid great attention to that eastern perfection of romance," replied Lady Mary.

"Your acceptance of this bouquet will confer pleasure upon me," as with trembling hand and flushed cheek, he presented an elegant collection of exotics.

Lady Mary glanced at them as she accepted the gift, and at once saw the emblems of affection and love; and, smiling even more flattering than her words, said, I will retain even the leaves when withered, Captain Stracey, as a remembrance of the most delightful evening of my existence."

At that moment Stracey's hopes were excited beyond description. For some time he had loved her—loved her with a purity of affection that made all other considerations mere shadows compared with the thought of her; his heart was completely prostrated at her shrine; and, as he gazed upon her matchless form, he looked with that deep feeling of passion which must spring from the secret desire of the innocent recesses of the soul; he loved, as a man should love, and women appreciate.

Whirling from the side of his beautiful idol, scarcely conscious whether on his heels or on his head, and difficult to decide which danced most rapidly, his heart or his feet, he was retreating to her side, and within a short distance when lifting his eyes from the ground, he stood aghast perceiving her turned half round from him talking to the duke, carelessly plucking leaf by leaf, flinging, or rather permitting the blossoms to fall regardlessly at her feet.

"I beg your pardon," said Lady Mary; "but really I fear my interest in his grace's most amusing anecdote has caused me to spoil my pot flowers."

"They basked in the sun of your smiles for a moment, to be withered and forgotten—an emblem of the ambitious reaching and ill-placed hopes of man," said Stracey, with bitterness.

"Really that is very prettily said, Captain Stracey. Pray, may I enquire what new novel is graced with such tender sentiment?" asked Lady Mary, with an arch smile.

"It's not new, I fear," said Stracey, pointedly; "but an every day scene in the face of life."

"Now do give the dear play a new title; every poet, and author and scribbling coxcomb is continually dwelling upon the thread-bare tale of—all the world's a stage—the drama of existence—the force of life. Oh! I am heart-sick of such stuff!" exclaimed Lady Mary.

"We will call it then a great mistake, or always in error," said the duke, overhearing the conversation.

"I shall move an amendment, may it please your grace," said Lady Mary, "by erasing the word *always*, and inserting Captain Stracey in error."

"Why me, in particular?" asked Stracey.

"Your title is his great reason to say so," said Lady Mary, "for she has been dancing the last minute, and you have most ungraciously permitted her to waste grace and elegance returning a single step."

"I beg pardon Stracey to apologize for his misapprehension, and upon returning again saw the duke in conversation with his fair partner.

"It's quite clear," thought Stracey, "that his grace is smitten, and if so, I stand no

chance whatever, not even the remotest; however, to-morrow this shall be brought to a conclusion, one way or the other, for notwithstanding the evident gratification she experiences from his attentions, I am convinced that I am not totally indifferent to her.

He was right in his conjectures; Lady Mary admired the fine, manly figure of the young officer, his refinement of manner and brilliant intellect; but, ignorant of the deep impression he had made, checked his advancements, finding they were approaching to an issue which would compel an affirmative or a negative, wishing at that period neither to accept nor reject him. The attention of the duke had been marked for a considerable period, and notwithstanding report stated his determination was never to marry, yet Lady Mary had a distant hope of astonishing the world, by becoming the beautiful, fascinating, and leading dutchess of Devonshire. She did not, could not love the duke; he was old enough to be her father, but then his title, his princely fortune, and his palaces, were ample to make up that trifling deficiency in the scale of splendour and happiness. No thought her ladyship; but thoughts are often based upon a very shallow foundation; the duke's attentions were merely those that a man of taste pays to a lovely woman when he has the opportunity; her beauty was attractive in the extreme; it gratified him to be near her; her conversation sparkled with wit and refined language; it pleased him to hear her use those feminine weapons of attack and defence; it charmed him to listen to the melodious tones struck from the trembling harp as her taper fingers ran over the strings, accompanied by her soft, flute-like voice; but for her heart he cared not a rush.

"There are some days that might outmeasure years—  
Days that obliterate the past, and make  
The future of the dear which they pass  
Live in but little—but that little seems  
With some one chance, the balance of all time."

The following morning at an early hour, Stracey proceeded to undergo the trying ordeal of putting the awful question; for, although doubting materially the success of his suit, yet he determined to state clearly his ardent and coating affection, his attachment which time could not efface or change obliterate, let the result be what it may. Lady Mary had just entered her boudoir, where the little elegancies of life were scattered in profusion; books, drawings, mirrors, beautiful clocks, choice birds, globes of bright fish, all in motley assembly, and the room perfumed with the sweetest productions of Delicieux. A slight wrinkle in the fair brow of Lady Mary upon hearing the name of her early visitor, showed to the keen glance of Stracey that his presence either annoyed or puzzled her; it, however vanished in a moment, and the high pale forehead retained no trace of displeasure as she cordially shook hands with him. After the few commonplace observations concerning the amusement of the preceding evening—the continued unpleasant weather—the miserable ballet and Laporte's nigardiness; one of those distressing pauses ensued, which irresistibly rises when one is desirous of communicating anything which is full of anxiety, suspense, and fear. After a few hems! and hums! accompanied with a determined dusting of the right boot with his riding-whip, Stracey summoned sufficient courage to commence the attack; his voice shook as he uttered the first few words of his hopes, his knowledge of her superiority, and his utter unworthiness, of his inability to confer a dazzling title, or great riches, but," said he—beating with his glowing, heart-felt, unalloyed passion—"How madly I love you—madly, indeed, since it makes me forget almost my presumption; but if, in your estimation, a heart that adores, the title of a soldier's wife, and sufficient riches to meet the wants of poverty, equivalent to the high station you can occupy, doubtlessly, if it please you, then accept them in me, and may the first moment you have cause to regret it, be my last." Oh! shallow-pated man, what mistakes you are constantly committing when women are the theme. If Stracey had left out the conclusion of his address, he would have been crowned with victory, but when he touched

upon the station that might be obtained, if she rejected, and consequently which could not be if she accepted him, that innate vanity of frail humanity succeeded over the generous feelings of her nature, and after hesitating a moment a polite refusal escaped the lips of the still doudling girl, yet so framed that to a disinterested observer it would seem half an acceptance; but not so to the excited Stracey. The last words of rejection were scarcely concluded, when he started from his seat, pale and speechless with emotion; at length, with considerable difficulty he murmured, with a choked voice, "Heaven bless you, with you never feel the exquisite torture you have created—Lady Mary, farewell and he hurried from the scene of his disappointment and wretchedness. The hall-door was not closed, when she almost regretted the course she had taken; however, it was then too late to retract the step, and she thought "he will again seek my hand, for my refusal was anything but a decided one."

"No," expressed with a certain leer,  
Means "Yes," vide Pope and Shakspeare."

A short interval after the event of the rejection, Lady Mary, in reading the Morning Post, started at seeing a paragraph headed, "Marriage in high life—on the sixteenth instant, at his excellency the English ambassador's, in Paris, the Honourable Captain Walpole Stracey, of the royal horse artillery, to Antoinette, only child and heiress of Count Lonneffe. The extraordinary fascinations of the bride, combined with her great wealth, and the proverbial elegance of the happy bridegroom, rendered the ceremony, which went off with much *clat*, most interesting." The paper dropped from the hand of the fair reader, as she concluded the account of her lover's union with another; large tears rolled down the pallid cheeks, and she looked so seen her, he would have utterly regretted the hasty step he had taken. Luckily for his happiness he did not, nor did he again behold her, until hot rooms and time had jointly faded the blooming beauty which existed once in every fibre. Many a heart is caught in the rebound; such was the case with him. Hastening to Paris, to revel in its festive scenes, in order to forget his misery, his fine figure and gentlemanly manner attracted observation from the belles of the gayest city in the world; among them, was the rich heiress Antoinette, who soon became as interesting in his eyes, as he was in hers. Mechanically she took up the newspaper again, and again perused it! "Oh! fool, fool, that I have been," exclaimed she, "to grasp at the shade and lose the material! Oh! that I could again be to him what I was! but," and the distressed girl burst into a passionate flood of tears, preventing all further utterance.

"We change, and others change—while recollection

Would fain renew what it can but recall!"

Hyde Parke was crowded one beautiful summer's afternoon; the magnificent equipages dashed along with their fashionable and distinguished occupants, hundreds of mounted ladies and gentlemen cantering their horses over the green turf, and innumerable pedestrians promenading the banks of the Serpentine, forming a group worthy of an artist's pencil, when a couple of rather too-particularly well-dressed young men entered, on high-spirited, racing horses; showing off, evidently to their greatest satisfaction. "I say, Charles, that is a most superb carriage now coming in by Jove, what action those horses have!" said one.

"If you admire the 'turn out' so much, I have an idea you would be in ecstasies when you perceive the enchanting creature occupying it," said the other. As the carriage passed, a look of extreme disappointment spread over the features of the one participating to see a beauty. "By Jove," he exclaimed, "what a dowdy! who is she!"

"Lady Mary Hakewell, a whisk-playing old lady," replied the other. "I have heard my mother say she was a belle in her time, but I positively cannot see the faintest trace of faded passing endurance."

"Is she married?"

"No, and never was, I believe; but if you

admire the old creature, I dare say you can have her? The two seemed to relish much the facetiousness of the suggestion, for their laugh was loud and continued.

ADVICES FROM ENGLAND TO THE 2ND OCTOBER.

New-York, Oct. 30.—By the packet ship Virginia, Capt. Harris, London papers to the 1st instant inclusive, and Liverpool to the 2nd have been received. Our indirect advices, via Paris, were to the 29th of September.

The steamer Liverpool was nearly ready for sea when the Virginia left. She was to have made an experimental trip to Dublin about the 10th inst.

The rate of foreign coin imported into Great Britain had advanced to 10s. 8d. per quarter.

The London Herald states that a number of forged Bank of England ten pound notes are in circulation.

It is said that Sir John Herschel refused to be put in nomination for the Presidency of the Royal Society.

Alderman Wilson has been elected Lord Mayor of London for the ensuing year.

The Poor Law agitator, Ostler, is endeavouring to raise an annuity for himself by public subscription. Messrs. Fielding, of Tottenham, have contributed £200 to the fund.

The death of Lord Carrington has caused a vacancy in the representation of High Wycombe. It is reported that Mr. Hardin, the late M.P. for Bradford, will come forward to oppose Mr. George Smith, the whig candidate for the representation of High Wycombe.

Lord Farnham, better known as Colonel Barry, died a few days since in Paris. His Lordship was in his 71st year; and his death creates a vacancy in the representative Peerage of Ireland, as well as in the Colony of the Cavan Militia.

The Hon. and Rev. Henry Maxwell, who has been for some time resident at Caen, in Normandy, by the demise of his brother, Lord Farnham, at Paris, succeeds to the titles and estates worth £30,000 per annum. The present Peer married Lady Ann Butler, eldest daughter of the second Earl of Garrick, by whom he is father of Mr. Henry Maxwell, M. P. for Cavan.

Her Majesty the Queen Dowager, does not intend to visit Lisbon; she will, therefore, to days, will proceed to Malta.

A handkerchief has been worked by a lady of Plymouth for Queen Victoria. It is of the finest cambric, having the Royal Arms in the centre, with a border of flowers and foliage of the most exquisite workmanship, into which fifty different kinds of stitches have been introduced. It has been upwards of eight months executing, and valued at £50.

A most extraordinary outrage has been perpetrated at Stanfield Hall, in the County of Norfolk, the seat of Isaac Jermy, Esq., by a riotous mob, headed by an individual named Preston, who claimed the estate as heir at law. The mob turned two ladies, who were residing in the house, out of doors, threw the furniture from the windows, seized what money they could find, and beat severely the Magistrates and constables, who attempted to restrain them. The Riot Act was read, without producing the desired effect, and it was not until a body of military had surrounded the dwelling, and were about to fire upon the rioters within, that they succumbed. Sixty three were apprehended.

The visits of the Russian Emperor to the various capitals of Europe, are said by the political gossip to be partly caused by his matrimonial intentions for his handsome daughters. The Crown Prince of Bavaria is spoken of as the desired husband for the eldest, and the Prince of Leucht-emburg, obscure though respectable, for the second.

On the 27th of September, a young man named John Hannon, described as an American, was examined at Bow Street, on a charge of having in his possession, and causing to be engraved, a plate for printing counterfeit notes of the Bank of Toronto, in Upper Canada. It was proved by an engraver, that he was employed by Hannon to engrave a plate, from a \$10 note of the Toronto Bank, from which he struck eighty impressions, and was paid £20. It was proved also that Hannon had represented himself to be Mr. Ridout, of the Toronto Bank. He was remanded for further examination. The report in the London papers concludes as follows:—It appears, from a statement made to the Magistrate, that there is good reason to believe that the prisoner was

connected with Papineau, and other persons concerned in the late revolt of Upper Canada. It would seem that his object was to get struck off in this country, notes to the amount of £10,000 of the Toronto Bank. With these notes he intended to proceed to the United States, and travel in the direction of Upper Canada, and in the course of his journey, he proposed to pass off the forgeries in the purchase of cattle, which he meant to sell immediately, and having thus realized a considerable sum before the forgeries could be discovered his object was to make off to some other country.

FEMALE FASHIONS FOR OCTOBER.

MORNING DRESS.—Redingote en gaze polie chevre, hair color, with blue stripes; shawl of black silk, trimmed with lace; capote of white point de soie, with ruche and bouquet of drooping roses.

PROMENADE DRESS.—Robe of point de soie, green shot, trimmed with two inches shawl of embroidered muslin, Leghorn bonnet, with giffle ribbons and white feathers.

EVENING NEGROUE.—Robe of white muslin, embroidered and trimmed with a flounce, with a ruche of spotted net; small cap of British point lace, with roses.

EVENING DRESS.—Robe of organza, with application of heart's ease in velvet, demi couronne of heart's ease; short tight sleeves, trimmed with British point; corsage draps in cones; necklace of pearls, with clasp of opal, mounted in diamonds, brooch to match, and bracelet of sealage.

Skirts continue to be worn long, and sleeves moderately wide are always most numerous, ornamented at the shoulders; small jockys, or small 'frills' have the most vogue; tight sleeves are seldom seen, unless half short, and then they are finished and ornamented in the middle by ruches or hanging trimmings; it is thought they will be confined to velvet dresses this winter.

A new style of dress for negligé, termed fangas, has been made at Paris; its novelty consists in the body of a redingote make, having at each shoulder a width of silk attached, which hanging like a scarf, crosses in front, and lies behind in a neck.

No great novelty is yet observable in bonnets; velvet is again seen on Leghorns, and cord is used instead of ribbon on beaver, plush and silk bonnets of ecru color. Arabesque ornaments will be worn, the front shallow and round, with very full flowers made of feathers will be very costly. Crises, white and green, are the colors for feathers to be worn.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 6th NOV. 1838.

Table with columns: FROM ENGLAND, FROM FRANCE, FROM NEW-YORK, FROM HAVRE, FROM PARIS, FROM ANTWERP.

The news brought by the packet ship Virginia will be found in another column.

Private letters received by this morning's mail from Montreal, confirm the accounts brought yesterday by the steamer Canada, but give no further particulars. Should any thing extraordinary arrive by the steam boat to-day we will issue a second edition.

The following information is copied from an Extraordinary issued from the Office of the Mercury yesterday evening.

We learn from private sources that an insurrection of rebels and sympathizers had been made from Fort Covington into Beauharnois, where Mr. E. Ellice and Mr. Brown were carried away prisoners. The Canada on her trip downwards, on Saturday, met at Sorel Messrs. Debartzch, Dr. Dorion and Guerot, who embarked on board, and she went back to Montreal with these gentlemen who were going to testify to a general rising having taken place at St. Ours, St. Denis and St. Charles.

The accounts go further to state that the whole of the River Chamblay had risen as well as the Seigneurie of Monmor, Judge Rolland's which were the theatre of so many operations of the Rebels last year. Three individuals one Mr. Walker, had been massacred near St. John's, and on Saturday, Platoon firing in the direction of St. John's had been heard during the greater part of the afternoon, the communication from Montreal there, had been interrupted, from the Railroad having been partly broken up by a party of Rebels.

At Montreal great alarm prevailed, double sentries were placed in different directions, at the Banks and elsewhere—the dragons were kept in readiness, fears being entertained that a rising would also take place in the Suburbs.

Extract of a Letter dated Montreal, 3d Nov. It is very generally believed that the City will be attacked to night.—We cannot think the rebels so foolish, the Volunteers have all been notified by request of the authorities, two batteries are placed on the Montreal Bank, one in front of the house occupied by Thornton, the others are all at the outskirts of the town; and we expect every precaution has been made that is requisite to keep down the disaffected.

MONTRÉAL, (Saturday,) October 3.

Information was yesterday furnished to the authorities at St. John's, that a meeting of some of the disaffected Canadians, would be held that night at Pointe à la Mole, the residence of Julien Gagnon, who was so deeply implicated in the insurrection of last year. In consequence of this information, a detachment of the 15th Regiment, and a party of the Dragoon Guards were dispatched, under the direction of a Justice of the Peace, for the purpose of apprehending the insurgents, seven of whom are said to have been secured. Among those apprehended, is a son of Gagnon. The whole assembly are said to have been armed, and furnished with a plentiful supply of ammunition. Among the persons said to be arrested, are one or two individuals, who were all last winter in our guard, on charge of high treason.—Gazette.

It is now stated on good authority that Nelson, Bonchette & other political prisoners, sent to Bermuda, were on the point of returning, and their arrival may shortly be looked for. It is expected that they will sail for New-York.

Four Companies of the Grenadier Guards and thirty men of the Royal Artillery, with two guns, left last night for Sorel in the steamer Canada. There are only two Companies of the Grenadier Guards now remaining in garrison, and they will also proceed upwards in a day or two. They are all, we understand, to be distributed among the disaffected parishes near the line.

Last night, about half-past seven o'clock, a boat from Orleans Island, on arriving nearly opposite to St. Paul's Market, was seized in a squall. Ten persons were on board, and we regret to state that only one survives the catastrophe. We have not yet learned the names of the persons who perished; the one who escaped, by clinging to an oar, was a respectable merchant of the name of Turcotte, from St. Famille. He had on board a box containing about fifty pounds in specie, which was found at low tide this morning, broken open, and filled of its contents.

The want of sufficient lights on the steam boat wharves has caused the loss of many lives, and has long been a just cause of complaint on the part of the public. Just before the departure of the steamer Canada, last night, two individuals from this cause fell into the river, but were fortunately saved by prompt assistance being rendered them.

Major Sewell has directed the members of the Quebec Light Infantry Volunteers to hold themselves in readiness to turn out at a minute's notice; and it will be seen, by an advertisement in another column that Captain Gillespie's Company (No. IV.) are to muster this afternoon.

The police of this city has been furnished with arms and accoutrements. The white belts over their blue coats, give them quite a military appearance.

By an advertisement in the Gazette of yesterday it appears that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has given his sanction to the formation of a Volunteer Highland Company, to wear the National Garb, as nearly as circumstances and the climate of the country will permit and to be put on the same footing as other Volunteer Corps in the Province.

The Ami du Peuple reports that a lieutenant, named Prevost, in the Corps of Acadia, has been attacked by a band of armed men, and robbed of £400 or £500.

From the Quebec Gazette of yesterday. We have no longer any doubt of the existence of an extensive organization on the frontiers of the United States, with a view to make new attacks on Her Majesty's Provinces.

The increased precautions, on the part of the authorities in Upper Canada, are founded on credible information of these intended attacks.

M'Leod, who was a quarter master sergeant in a provincial corps in Upper Canada during the last war, is at the head of the organization on Lake Erie. Bill Johnson, who plundered and burnt the Sir Robert Peel steamer, is the active leader on Lake Ontario. The preparations are carried on under the pretext of emigration associations and hunting excursions, and although their existence is known to the United States Government, it is alleged, that they are so disguised as not to come within the provisions of the law in a way likely to obtain convictions before a jury.

The mass of the intended invaders of a neighbouring country is composed of American sympathizers, and outlaws from Canada.

ESCAPE OF THELLER AND DODGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRANSCRIPT.

Sir,—I have been for some time past, looking for an account in the Transcript,—which usually contains early and correct information on all matters of general interest,—of the manner in which the prisoners Theller, Dodge and others effected their escape from the Citadel. As no such account has yet appeared, I have collected the following particulars, which may be relied on as correct:—

The prisoners were confined in one of the barrack-rooms near the angle on the right hand side after passing through D'Alouise Gate. Their apartment, like all the others, had two windows, one on each side of the door, that look toward the square, and two musketry loopholes facing into the ditch. The more effectually to secure the prisoners, and to prevent their communication with strangers, a fence of twelve feet in height, was erected before the door and windows. The room was guarded by four sentries,—two at the loopholes in the rear, one outside another within the fence above-mentioned, the latter being always locked in by the corporal relieving the guard. A sergeant was in the apartment with the prisoners during the day, whose duty it was to prevent any communication passing without his previous examination, and not to allow the messenger that waited on them to bring anything improper into the prison, or to walk with the prisoners. The means they used to get out of their room was by cutting through an iron bar; and having tied their bed clothes together, they fastened them to another iron bar, for the purpose of sliding easily down on the outside of the fence erected in front. There was no difficulty in climbing up, as it was battened inside. The time of their escape is not precisely known; but immediately after relieving guard at twelve o'clock, they were seen and challenged by the sentry at the magazine. To his "Who goes there?" they answered, "Officers," and passed on in the direction of the officers' quarters. A picket sentinel is placed in front of the officers, and to his challenge they made the same reply. He thought it rather unusual hour, but allowed them to pass; when, however, he saw them take the direction of the telegraph, he gave the alarm; but before the sergeant could arrive, four of them had escaped by cutting the balustrades of the flag-staff, and sliding down it on the outside, one end being attached to the pole. The other prisoner was found the next morning hid among some wood. The other two were taken in Moore's Tavern about 6 o'clock in the morning. Those captured had their ankles severely sprained, owing to the rope being too short, which obliged them to leap about three yards, and it is supposed that both Dodge and Theller must have sustained some injury.

The prisoners, since their confinement, had been permitted to walk out from four to five o'clock every day, and they almost invariably went towards and reconnoitred the spot from whence they finally escaped. It is scarcely possible to conceive how they could have escaped from their room without the knowledge and connivance of the sentinels stationed on each side of the fence in front of the building; and four of these are now in custody—namely three on guard from eight to ten, and from ten to twelve o'clock.—The answer which they gave to the sentry's when challenged shows plainly Theller's object in endeavouring some weeks previously to obtain a coat similar to those worn by the officers of the Guards.

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Montreal, Nov. 3rd.  
**ASTES** have been selling freely during the week at 26c 6d @ 77s, for pots, and 22s @ 32s 6d for pearls.  
**FLOUR**—We have no alteration in price to notice. Sales have been few, and to a trifling extent. Provisions are in brisk demand. Prime mess beef selling at 14 dollars; prime 12 dollars; mess pork, 28 dollars; prime mess 24 dollars, and prime 20 dollars.  
**GROCERIES**—There is little variation in the prices last given. At auction sales during the week bright muscovado sugar sold at 42s 9d @ 45c 6d; Jamaica Rum 4s 9d @ 4s 10d. Brandy 6s @ 6s 3d. Hollands 4s 1d @ 4s 4d. We make the following quotations from auction sales during the week:  
 Port wine 2s 6d @ 2s 7d per gallon; prunes, black, 4s 1d per 28 lbs; Venetian red, 3s @ 3s 4d per 16 lbs; blue 2s @ 2d 1/2 per lb; yellow, 3d @ 3d 1/2; green 2d @ 3d do do; cotton wick, damaged, 10d @ 1s; tobacco pipes, 4s 6d per box; wine corks 4s @ 6d per gross.  
 50 puns Jamaica spirits, strong and well flavoured, 4s 7d @ 4s 10d; 50 hhds bright muscovado sorted sizes £12 @ £14 2s 6d; 12 dozen shovels No. 2 and 3, 2s @ 2s 1/2 per dozen; 10d frying pans, 27s 9d per set; 10 tin, 8s 10d.  
 Tallow has advanced in price, and is now held at 1s 1d. Candles are selling at 10d @ 10 1/2 per lb.  
**EXCHANGE**—Bank exchange on England is 1 1/2 per cent premium. Drafts on New York, at three days sight, are at 1 1/2 per cent premium.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

November 3rd.  
 Bark *Ten O'Shanter*, Southampton, Liverpool, H. V. Welch.  
 Brig *Wm. & Elizabeth*, Taylor, Gloucester, Pemberton.  
 Bark *Mary Jones*, London, Lemoucur & Co. Ship *Brilliant*, Elliot, Aberdeen, Mattland & Co. Bark *Sarah*, Whitney, London, J. Tibbets.  
 Ship *Wm. Ritchie*, Koder, Belfast, Price & Co. — Elizabeth, Ross, London.  
 Bark *Tweed*, McArthur, Southampton, do. Schr. *Mary Ann*, Allard, Bathurst, Symes & Ross, do.  
 Bark *Magnet*, Payne, Liverpool, Price & Co. — Thomas Gesteau, M. Igan, Belfast, do. Ship *Calcutta*, McLay, Liverpool, J. Tibbets. Bark *Prince Renault*, Pines, Newport, Price & Co. — Joseph, McIntyre, London, Mattland & Co.

PASSENGERS.

In the *Ten O'Shanter*, Southampton, sailed for Liverpool, — Messrs. Young, Collins, Campbell, Young, Swan, J. D. Welch, and Brown.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

**SPOKEN**—The brig *Maris*, from Quebec for London, was spoken on the 15th Sept. in long. 24. The steamer, from Quebec, was spoken on the 1st ultimo, in latitude 46, longitude 54, 30. 9 days out, all well.

(From the *Pictou Observer*, October 23rd.)  
**RECORDED**—The steamer of Glasgow, Cannon Master, bound for London, arrived this morning in 9 days from Quebec, she sprung a leak off the Magdalen Islands, and bore away for this Port—got ashore on Cape Bear in the gale, and is now—sustained considerable damage, and must unload to repair.

The Captain reports that on the same night he saw a light bark strike some distance from him, but from the darkness of the night could not ascertain particulars respecting her, but thinks the crew could get off in the morning, and succeed in stripping the bark.

BIRTH.

On Saturday morning last, Mrs. Henry Pemberton of a son.

MARRIED.

On Saturday last, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, J. B. Parkin, Esquire, Advocate, of this city, to Catherine, daughter of the late Robert Bradley, Esquire, M. D.

On Wednesday last, Captain Alexander Anthony McNeil, 1st or Royal Regiment, to Emma Cecilia, second daughter of Robert Wood, Esquire, of this city.

DIED.

On Friday last, at St. Rochs, Mr. Lawrence Marcer, plasterer, late of Edinburg, aged 70 years.

ARMY CLOTHING, CONTINGENT, AND FURNISHING.

C. T. BROWN,

OWNER OF RUE LE FORT AND BEAUX STREETS, HAS always on hand an assortment of READY MADE CLOTHES, to suit every man's pocket.

ALSO,

French Silks, Blond, &c.

Nov. 5th, 1838.

FOR CHARTER,

any safe Port in the S. George's Channel, THE BARK OCEAN, of 300 tons per register, JOHN LATTY, Master. Apply to W. M. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 6th Nov.

SECOND EDITION.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT !!!

The following important intelligence has been received this morning, in a private letter addressed to the Quebec Gazette:—

Montreal, (Sunday afternoon) 4th Nov.

"To give a tlyche of the occurrences which have been made public to-day will fill a volume. I will, therefore, confine myself to a synopsis of what has come to my knowledge since morning.

"By affidavits of two of Mr. Ellice's servants, it appears that the Manor House at Beauharis, was surrounded by about 400 rebels last night, who took possession of the premises, and made prisoners of Messrs. Brown, Ellice, Ross and Norval; and also possessed themselves of 64 stand of arms, and a considerable quantity of ammunition. Ross, I have been told, is wounded.

"The next in order is the gallant conduct of the Caughnawaga Indians, who rushed from their church this morning, on hearing that the rebels had arrived, and headed by a tried chief, arrested and dismissed 64, all of whom they brought prisoners into town at two o'clock.

"Two individuals, (one named Walker,) were barbarously murdered last night, a few miles above Laprairie. Their wives and families have come into town, as also about 20 families from Laprairie, as an attack on that village was hourly expected from the immense gathering of rebels at L'Acadie, &c. When the Princess Victoria reached Laprairie last night with the Artillery for St. John, it was ascertained that they could not proceed, as a part of the Rail Road had been destroyed. They therefore remained on board, and came well night being along with the boat, burned up. In the confusion after the boat had reached the wharf, some combustible material was put into the sailors' beds and set on fire. It was, however, accidentally discovered before it made much head, and extinguished.

"From Chateauguay, I heard that John Macdonald, a Captain of Militia and a magistrate, has been shot dead.

"The *Canada*, after reaching Sorel last night, was ordered back by the person in command of the garrison there, with dispatches for Sir John Colborne, who arrived this morning in the *John Bull*.

"The *Canada* left again about noon with return despatches, and the *John Bull* proceeded to Sorel to bring up the family of Sir John.

"The town has been in a bustling state of confusion all day. A number of arrests have been made. Among the number are—D. B. Viger, Dr. Chapin, Charles Pigeon, John Donagan, — Harkin, Charles Mondelet, H. L. Lantaineau, — Leblanc and — Girouard.

"Notwithstanding there has been a heavy fall of rain all day, the different Volunteer Corps have been under arms in their respective places of meeting.

"The driver of the Quebec mail was detained on his way to Montreal last night at Ront de l'Isle, for several hours. He states that there were about twenty in the house all well armed.

"L. Guernot, F. Perin, and some others came to town this morning from the Chambly River. They report that there were yesterday about 400 in arms at Saint Charles, and the number rapidly increasing.

"The *Charlevoix* arrived last night, and has, I understand, along with the *Britannia*, been taken possession of by Government.

"It has been reported through the day that Sir John Colborne has declared Martial Law, but I believe the proclamation is not yet issued."

"Should any further news of importance be received before Thursday morning, it will be published in an Extra of the Transcript."



VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION !!!

NO. 4 COMPANY QUEBEC LIGHT INFANTRY, will parade with Arms and Accoutrements, THIS DAY, at 5 o'clock, P.M., in front of the residence of the late Colonel General,

By order of the Major Commanding, J. GILLESPIE, Captain.

Quebec, 6th Nov.

SALT AFLOAT.

JUST arrived, per *Sophia*, and positively the last for the season, best LIVERPOOL SALT, in bulk.—Apply to

THOMAS FROSTE & CO. u. e. bee, 1st Nov. St. James Street.



The Subscribers having just received from England a variety of materials for WINTER & SUMMER CARRIAGES, selected under the personal inspection of Mr. J. SAURIN, from the first houses in London and Birmingham, are enabled to execute their work in better style, and much cheaper than any other house in Canada.

SAURIN & CO.

Coachbuilders

Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

BROWN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 9, outside St. John's Street Gate.

Cast off Clothes bought, sold, or exchanged for new, and money advanced on goods given in for sale.

Quebec, 28th July, 1838.

TO SHIP-MASTERS.

The Subscriber begs to inform the Ship-masters trading to Quebec, that the highest prices are paid at his Establishment, for all sorts of OLD SAILS, CORDAGE, &c. &c.

JAMES S. MILLER,

Commercial Buildings, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, 15th Sept. 1838.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

SIX HUNDRED MINOTS PEAS, 50 cwt. Ship Biscuit, 20 blbs. Boston Crackers, 50 kegs Butter, 30 cases Salad Oil, 40 casks Hull Cement, Green and Blue Paint.

CREELMAN & LEPPER.

THOMAS PAUL,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Officers of the Garrison and Gentlemen of Quebec, that he has removed into those premises in St. John Street, formerly occupied by Mr. GRAVE, and latterly by Mr. NIXON,—where he has every accommodation for carrying on the various branches of his Profession; and he hopes, by strict attention and reasonable charges to merit a continuance of that support which it shall be his study to merit.

N. B.—Horses contracted for by the year, 2d June, 1838.

A GOOD INVESTMENT IN THE

FUR TRADE.

G. HANN, Fur Manufacturer, from London, in consequence of the state of his health, offers for sale his entire Stock of made up Furs, Skins, and working implements. Any one desirous of embracing such a profitable business, will be instructed in all the branches of the Trade by a regular bred Furrier.

Quebec, Oct. 9, 1838.

The Subscribers are daily expected to receive per schooner SWIFT, from Malaga, a cargo consisting of

MUSCATEL RAISINS, ROSE SHELL ALMONDS, NUTS, GALLIOLI OIL.

Which they will offer to the Trade.

WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 9th October, 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS

JUST RECEIVED, Per Brig "Robert," from Jamaica, 81 PUNCHEONS Jamaica Rum, superior flavour and good strengths, 41 Casks Fair Sugar, 6 Hbls. Quarter Boxes very superior "Cuba"

WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 7th Oct. 1838.

TO THE LADIES OF QUEBEC.

G. HANN can with confidence recommend his present Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's made up FURS, which for workmanship and quality will be found far superior to those sold by interlopers in the Far Trade.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SCOTCH & KIDDERMINSTER CARPETS.

HORATIO CARWELL,

No. 3, Fabrique Street,

HAS just received per Resonance, from London, a large assortment of Single Milled and Double Milled Welsh, Lancashire, and Saxon Flannels.

An extensive lot of 3-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, 13-4, 14-4, and 15-4, real Witney Blankets, including a few of a quality superior to any hitherto imported—price \$18 per pair.

20 pieces Scotch and superfine 4-4 Kidderminster Carpets.

These goods having been purchased on very advantageous terms, H. C. conceives that he will be enabled to offer them quite as moderate, if not lower, than any other in the market.

DAILY EXPECTED:

A large collection of MANUFACTURED FURS, made up to order, and of the very newest style, with his usual assortment of rich AUTUMN GOODS.

Quebec, 20th Sept. 1838.

CHAMPAGNE, CHABLIS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.

The Subscriber having been appointed by Messrs. DAMOTTE & CHEVALIER, of Tonnerre, Agent for the sale of their WINES in this City, invites the attention of the public to a consignment just received,

JOHN YOUNG,

St. Peter Street.

LANDING,

Es Schooner "Mary la Pique," TWENTY-FOUR TIERCES RICE, 18 casks Sperm Oil.

Es Schooner "Esperance" and "Farewell," 500 barrels No. 1 Herrings, 50 do. Pickled Codfish, 3000 gallons Cod Oil.

H. J. NOAD, Hunt's wharf.

Quebec, 2nd October, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND OFFER FOR SALE,

THEIR supply of Stationary, consisting of superfine Writing Papers of various sizes, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Wafers, lead Pencils, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Paper Cases, with and without locks, Water Colours and Hair Pencils, superior Drawing Pencils, Drawing Paper and Card Paper, Stumps, Chalk, Indian Rubber, Porte-Crayons, embossed Music Paper, Music Pens, Visiting Cards, plain, gilt and enamelled, Pink Saucers, Thermometers, Chinese Japanese Tea Caddies, Screen Handles, Slates, Inkwells, Patent India Rubber, Office Lead Pencils, Bond's and Reeves & Son's Marking Ink, Screw Top Inks, Red Tape, Coloured Scraps for Albums, large and small Pwter Inkstands, rough Drawing Paper, Wedgewood Inkstands, Bookbinders Gold Leaf &c., &c.

—ALSO,—

Bibles and Prayer Books, School Books, French, English, Hebrew and Latin, Woodbridge and Olney's Atlas and Geography, Huntingdon's Geography and Atlas, and Daventry's Gazetteer.

W. COWAN & SON,

13th Octo. br.

13, John's Street.

J. HOBROUGH,

MERCHANT TAILOR, BEGS leave to announce to his friends that he has received his

FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, consisting of Cloths and Vestings of the finest descriptions and newest fashions.

ALSO:

Pilot and Buckskin Cloth, for Winter Top Coats, which he will make up according to order, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

General Wolfe, corner of Palace and St. John Streets, Sept. 30th.

**FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.**  
A FEW barrels superfine FLOUR, (Warranted Canal Mills,) Ship, Pilot, Cabin and Navy Biscuit, Crackers and Water Biscuit.  
A. GLASS,  
1, St. Peter St.  
Quebec, 13th October, 1838.

**NEW BOOKS.**

**JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY W. COWAN & SON,**  
**THE** Pickwick Papers, 1 vol. plates, Sayings and Doings of Sam Slick, first and second series.  
Lockhart's Life of Sir Walter Scott, 7 v. Shakspeare's Works, complete in 1 vol., with plates.  
Moore's Poetical Works, 1 vol., Alice, or the Mysteries, by Bulwer, Leila, by do.,  
Hannah More's Private Devotion, Comstock's Young Botanist, plates, Do. Young Chemist, do.,  
Preston's Book-Keeping, Lezicac's French Grammar, Perrin's Elements of French Conversation Parley's Geography for Children, Hall's Geography for Children, Ciarnier's Instructions for the Piano Forte, &c., &c., &c.  
18 Octobre.

**BALDNESS.**

**A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR** is the grandest ornament belonging to the human frame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recoil at being uncovered, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintances; the remainder of their lives consequently spent in retirement. In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking youth, with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair.—To avert all these unpleasant circumstances, **OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA** stops the hair from falling off on the first application and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eyebrows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning gray, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm are shown by the proprietors.

Read the following:

**ROBERT WHARTON, Esquire, late Mayor** of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, to the high character of the following gentleman:—  
The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. Oldridge, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative.  
**WM. TRATCHER, sen.**  
Methodist Minister in St. George church, No. 80 North Fifth st.  
**JOHN P. INGLISH, 334 Arch st.**  
**JOHN D. THOMAS, M. D. 163 Race st.**  
**JOHN S. FURRY, 101 Spruce st.**  
**HUGH McCURRY, 243 South 7th st.**  
**JOHN GARD, Jr., 123 Arch st.**  
It will certainly raise its virtues in the estimation of the public, when it is known that three of the above signers are more than 50 years of age, and the others not less than 30.  
From the Mayor, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, City of Philadelphia.

**I. ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor** of said city of Philadelphia, do hereby certify that I am well acquainted with Messrs. J. P. Inghis, John S. Furry, and Hugh McCurry, whose names are signed to the above certificate, that they are gentlemen of character and respectability, and as such, full credit should be given to the said certificate.  
In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the city to be affixed, this sixteenth day of December, &c.  
[L. S.] **ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.**  
**CAUTION.**—Observe that each bottle of the genuine Balm has a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is represented the Falls of Niagara, the agent's name, &c.  
Sold wholesale and retail by  
**J. J. SIMS, MUSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.**  
Quebec, Sept. 1838.

**ROBERT CAIRNS,**

MERCHANT TAILOR,  
20, MOUNTAIN STREET,  
**R**ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received per the *Vicoforth*, and *Eleutheria*, a select assortment of articles in his line, comprising some of the best superfine Milled and Pilot Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings ever imported; Regulation Swords, Belts, Sashes, and Military Gloves, Stoff and Navy Lace, Braid, Department Buttons, &c. &c.  
23rd October.

**FOR SALE.**

**THIRTEEN** Hogheads superior U.C. Leaf Tobacco,  
100 Catty Boxes Young Hyson } Tea.  
10 Chests Souchong }  
10 Half Chests do. }  
2 Boxes Pouchong }  
Pork—Mess, Prime Mess and Prime.  
And daily expected,  
16 hhds. Gallipoli Oil.  
**HENDERSONS & CO.**  
25th October. St. Peter Street.

**F U R S .**

**W. ASHTON & Co.**  
2, MOUNTAIN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO PRESCOTT GATE,  
**H**AVE MANUFACTURED throughout the summer, and now offer for sale a stock of  
**LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S FURS,** which for neatness of style and quality of materials they feel proud to offer for competition.

Their having for some years past secured, during the summer season, probably the best Hat Trade in the Province, enables them to undersell any house depending on the winter trade for twelve months' support; this, together with the advantages they have over every other furriers in this city by importing their own materials direct, are the only hints they think necessary to drop.  
All description of Furs made to order, and returnable if not approved of.  
In repairing any article, or altering it to the present fashion, W. A. & Co. pledge themselves that their charges will be on the most moderate scale, and will forfeit the value of any article when promised to be done at a certain time, in which there may be a single hour's want of punctuality.

**NO SECOND PRICE.**

**THE** Subscribers have just received a large supply of the following celebrated Medicines, viz:—  
**OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA,**  
**HAY'S LINIMENT** for Piles, Rheumatism, &c.  
**HEADACHE REMEDY.**  
A fresh supply of **MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS** and **PHENIX BITTERS.**  
**BEGG & URQUHART,**  
13, St. John Street, and  
8, Notre Dame St., L. T.  
25th October.

**THE** FAMOUS BRITISH LUSTRE FOR BEAUTIFYING STOVES, GRATES, &c. &c.—A small Lot for Sale; apply in time To **P. GRACE & CO.**  
25th October.

**JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, SO. 1, FABRIQUE STREET.**  
**SUPERIOR SILVERED BLACK LEAD,** for Stoves, &c.  
**W. LECHEMINANT.**  
9th October, 1838.

**OLD ESTABLISHED STAND,**

No. 4, FABRIQUE STREET,  
**THE** Subscriber begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, (Military and Civil,) in Quebec and vicinity, that he has opened the above concern with an extensive and carefully selected stock, all purchased from the best houses in England within the last three months, and on such terms as will permit them being sold at very low prices for CASH.  
The Walking and Evening Dresses, Shawls, Scarfs, and other Fancy Goods, are the newest styles and fine qualities.  
The assortment of Irish Linens, consisting Downskins, Buckskins, Pilot Cloths, Woolen and Pantalons, Mufflers, Overalls, Gloves, &c. are large and good.  
The Carpetings are a very choice selection.  
**A. MACNIDER.**  
Quebec, 22nd Oct. 1838.

**NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE**

No. 52, ST. JOHN STREET,  
**THE** Subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have always on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionary, as usual.  
**SCOTT & MCKONKEY,**  
Quebec, 1st May, 1838.

**RECENTLY RECEIVED AND FOR SALE.**  
**S**ALMON, in hardwood Tierces and Barrels.  
Dry Codfish; and Cod and Seal Oil, in Barrels.  
**EBENEZER BAIRD.**  
Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

**SUPERIOR INDIA RUBBER SHOES.**  
**A** LARGE SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE just received, and for sale  
**MUSSON & SAVAGE,** Chemists  
Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

**INDIA RUBBER SHOES.**  
**JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE.**  
**L**ADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.  
**FREDK. WYSE,**  
No. 2, Palare Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.  
Quebec, 20th Sept. 1838.

**MADEIRA WINE.**  
**A** FEW CASKS Howard, March & Co.'s MADEIRA WINE—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons— for sale by  
**JOHN GORDON & CO.** St. Paul Street.  
Quebec, May, 1838.

**MUSSON & SAVAGE, CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS, UPPER TOWN,**  
**H**AVE just received a supply of **MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS & PHENIX BITTERS.**  
Quebec, 10th Aug. 1838.

**SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA.**  
**A**N invaluable remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatic, and Ulcerous Diseases, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood, for sale by  
**MUSSON & SAVAGE,** Chemists and Druggists' St. Paul Street.  
Quebec, 16th Aug. 1838.

**HEADACHE.**

**D**R. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently this distressing complaint. There are many families who have considered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable family complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and labouring under distress which they might not only alleviate, but actually eradicate by the use of his remedy. It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a different character from advertised patent medicine, and is not unpleasant to the taste. To be had of  
**I. I. SIMS, MUSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.**  
Sept. 1838.

**PILES, DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, RHEUMATISM.** It is absolutely asserted on the most positive proof that the above complaints are arrested and cured by the timely use of Hay's Liniment. It is impossible to find room in this paper to present those proofs which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length as below.  
The true article has a splendid engraved wrapper, with agents' and proprietor's name, and  
**I. I. SIMS, MUSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.**  
Quebec, Sept. 1838.

**VICTORIA HOUSE.**

(RUE SOUS-LE-FORT—QUEBEC.)  
**GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR.**  
**I**S now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who may favour him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Boat Wharves, and Custom House, offers great advantages; and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive, Saloon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, whenever required, be converted into one magnificent apartment of 70 feet by 32 feet, and 15 feet high; a dimension which renders it a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbour of Quebec and the surrounding country.  
The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the first order; refreshments of all kinds may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.  
**GEO. ARNOLD.**  
Quebec, 23d June, 1838.

**NOTE.**—Lumber Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United State.

**PILES, &c.**

**HEMORRHOIDS—NO CURE NO PAY!**  
Price \$1—Hay's Liniment—No Fiction.  
**THIS** extraordinary chemical composition, the result of science and the invention of a celebrated medical man, the introduction of which to the public was invented with the solemnity of a death-bed bequest, has since gained a reputation unparalleled, fully sustaining the correctness of the lamented Dr. Gridley's last confession, that "he dared not die without giving to posterity the benefit of his knowledge on this subject;" and he therefore bequeathed to his friend and attendant, Solomon Hays, the secret of his discovery.  
It is now used in the principal hospitals and the private practice in our country, first and most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also so extensively and effectually as to baffie credulity, unless where its effects are witnessed externally in the following complaints:—  
For Dropsy—Creating extraordinary absorption at once.  
All Swellings—Reducing them in a few hours.  
Rheumatism—Acute or Chronic, giving quick ease.  
Sore Throat—By cancers, ulcers, or colds.  
Croup and Whooping Cough—Externally, and over the chest.  
All Bruises, Sprains and Burns—Curing in a few hours.  
Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sores.  
Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs, and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the system, has been surprising beyond conception. A common remark of those who have cured the Piles, is "it acts like a charm."  
**THE PILES.**—The price \$1 is refunded to any one who will use a bottle of Hay's Liniment for the Piles, and return the empty bottle without being cured. These are the positive orders of the proprietor to the Agents, and out of the many thousands sold, not one has been unsuccessful.  
We might insert certificates to any length, but prefer that those who sell the article should exhibit the original to purchasers.  
**CAUTION.**—None can be genuine without a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is my name, and also that of the Agents.  
**I. I. SIMS, MUSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.**  
Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.