THE Weekly Chronicle.

Terms—15 shillings per annum ;] *"Nec Rege, Nec Populo, sed utroque."* [12s. 6d. if paid in advance.

VOL. IV. SAINT JOHN, (N. B.) FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1840. No. 46.

The Chronicle,

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All letters, communications, &c. must be post paid, or they will not be attended to.—No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Weekly Almanack.

JULY.		R. SUN. S.	MOON.	H. W.
18	Saturday,	4 32 7 47	9 36	1 6
19	Sunday,	4 33 7 46	9 54	1 40
20	Monday,	4 34 7 45	10 12	2 17
21	Tuesday,	4 35 7 46	10 35	2 58
22	Wednesday,	4 36 7 46	11 4	3 52
23	Thursday,	4 37 7 46	11 40	5 8
24	Friday,	4 38 7 45	morn	6 41

Last Quarter, 22d, 2h. 7m. morn.

Public Institutions.

BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.—Thos. Leavitt, Esq. President.—Discount Days, Tuesday and Friday.—Hours of business, from 10 to 3.—Notes for Discount must be left at the Bank before 3 o'clock on the days immediately preceding the Discount days.-Director next week: R. F. Hazen, Esq.

COMMERCIAL BANK.—Lewis Burns, Esq. President.—Discount Days Tuesday and Friday.—Hours of business, from 10 to 3.—Bills or Notes of Discount must be lodged before 1 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount days.—Director next week: R. D. Wilmot, Esq.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.—(Saint John Branch.)—R. H. Liston, Esq. Manager. Discount Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Hours of Business, from 10 to 3. Notes and Bills for Discount to be left before 3 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days. Director next week: E. DeW. Ratchford, Esq.

NEW-BRUNSWICK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—John Boyd, Esquire, President.—Office open every day, (Sundays excepted) from 11 to 1 o'clock. [All communications by mail, must be post paid.]

SAVINGS BANK.—Hon. Ward Chipman, President.—Office hours, from 1 to 3 o'clock on Tuesday's. Cashier and Register, D. Jordan.

MARINE INSURANCE.—I. L. Bedell, Broker. The committee of Underwriters meet every morning at 10 o'clock, (Sundays excepted.)

MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Jas. Kirk, Esq. President.—Office open every day (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 3 o'clock. ☞All applications for Insurance to be made in writing.

ESSENCE OF SMOKE.

For the Smoking of Hams, Bacon, Fish, Beef, &c.

THE subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Public, that the Essence of Smoke has been extensively used throughout the Province during the past season, and that all those who have given it a fair trial, recommend it as decidedly preferable to the old mode of smoking fish and meat.

House-keepers, Provision-dealers, and others can smoke any quantity of meat or fish, without the least inconvenience or loss of time, by attending to the following plain directions:—While the ham, &c. is moist from the pickle, wipe it with a dry towel, then wash it over twice or three times with the Essence of smoke, allowing six hours to elapse between each washing; hang it up, to dry slowly; it will then keep for years, and in any climate.

No fly or insect will touch any thing preserved with the Essence of Smoke.

Half a pint is sufficient for the largest ham.

Meat or Fish that has become tainted will be restored to a wholesome state in a few hours by being washed once or twice with the Essence of smoke.

For its uses in the cure of Rheumatism, Inflammations, Cuts, Burns, Sprains, and many other complaints, and also for its beneficial effects in the removal of diseases, and accidents to which horses and cattle are liable, as Inflammatory sprains, spavin, heaves, &c. see handbills.

A liberal commission allowed to merchants and traders wishing to become agents.

Sold by Thos. Walker & son, J. & J. Alexander, Peters & Tilley, and G. Chadwick, St. John; J. Cook, Carleton; Robert Boyle, Portland; Barnes Travis, Indian Town; James F. Gale, Fredericton; G. F. Bonnell, Gagetown; J. Baird, Woodstock; Jas. Lyons, Long Reach; Thos. Sime, St. Andrews; G. Ruggles, St. Stephen; Gould Picket, Kingston; Samuel Fairweather, Bellisle; David Burnham, Digby, N. S.; G. Bent, Bridgetown; Sternes Jones, Weymouth; J. Runciman, Annapolis; E. W. B. Wood, Yarmouth; J. D. Harris, Kentville, and by the subscriber.

JOHN ELLIOTT.

Hampton, 2d July, 1840.

SAINT JOHN HOTEL.

THE Subscribers having leased the above named Establishment from the Company, and put the whole in a thorough state of repair, they respectfully beg to intimate that the House will be re-opened on *Monday next*, the 17th instant.

They are determined that every thing which can conduce to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize them, shall be strictly attended to on their part, and they confidently hope that their exertions will merit a share of public support.

☞A supply of the choicest Wines and Liquors will be constantly on hand at the Hotel.

WILLIAM SCAMMELL,
JOSEPH SCAMMELL.

St. John, Feb. 15, 1840.

☞NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of DANIEL BRUNDAGE, late of Carleton, City of Saint John, N. B., deceased, are requested to present their accounts, duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and those indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment to

HANNAH A. BRUNDAGE, *Adm'rx.*
WM. OLIVE, Sen. *Administrator.*

Carleton, 30th April, 1840.

WANTED immediately, at Jackson's Hotel, Fredericton, an experienced COOK, also an experienced Head WAITER. The wages will be liberal, but none need apply without a good character. For further particulars apply to Mr. A R. TRURO, St. John, or at Jackson's Hotel, Fredericton. *April* 24.

☞A supply of fresh Garden and Flower Seeds for sale as above.

J. M'LARDY'S

New Baking Establishment, near the Post-Office, Princess-st.

WHEAT and Rye BREAD of superior quality, being manufactured on the most improved plan and warranted free from souring.

Victoria Tea BISCUIT fresh every day. Breakfast ROLLS every morning at 8 o'clock.

Ship Bread made to order, in the best Greenock style.

15th November.

Dr. Poett's Eradicator.

THE celebrity of this Medicine, in curing recent cases of Gonnorrhea, generally in 24 hours, and when the disease is of longer standing, there is no medicine so efficacious. There is no case of Gleet, Semival, Weakness, Fluor, Albus, &c. &c. wherein any preparation has been so uniformly successful in eradicating every vestige from the constitution. Warranted to contain no mineral substance. It is as pleasant as it is certain, and retains its virtues in any climate. For sale by appointment, at the Circulating Library, by

Feb. 21, 1840. A. R. TRURO.

Economical EATING HOUSE,

CROSS STREET.

ALFRED COLLINS begs leave to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has commenced at his Establishment in *Cross street*, a regular EATING HOUSE, where gentlemen can be accommodated with Dinners, Lunches, Tea, Coffee, &c. &c.

Hot Joints every day from 1 to 3 o'clock. Hot Soups at any hour in the day. Tea and Coffee morning and evening.—☞Private Dining Rooms when required. *May* 15.

NEW-BRUNSWICK

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THE above Company having been duly organized, is prepared to effect Insurances on Houses and against loss or damage by Fire. Persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantages to be derived from Insuring in becoming Members of the said Company will please make application at the office of CHARLES GALLAGHER, Esq., corner of Market Square and Prince Wm. street, where the articles of association, bye-laws, rules and regulations may be seen, and the rate of Premium for Insurance ascertained. The Company will attend every day (Sundays excepted) from ten to three o'clock, for the purpose of deciding upon any applications which may be made.

☞A box for the reception of applications will be kept at the office.

St. John, Feb. 21, 1840.

KIRSOP & SONS,

Architects, Stonecutters, and Builders, from England:

BEG respectfully to acquaint the Gentlemen of this City and Province, that they have commenced business as above in Saint John. Their experience in some of the best Buildings in the North of England, enables them to furnish plans and specifications on the most improved and approved principles, and are now prepared to contract or otherwise engage to erect buildings of any magnitude or fashion. Persons wishing their services can find them at Mrs. BROOK's Boarding house, Church street. April 9.

Storage.

STORAGE to a moderate extent may be had in the subscriber's Brick Warehouse, which being fitted with Iron Doors and Window shutters, may safely be considered as "THE PROOF. Entrance from Prince William street.

Feb. 7. JAMES T. HANFORD.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS, FLOCK MASTERS, AND BREEDERS OF STOCK.

Horse, Cattle, & Sheep Medicines.

MESSRS. HARRIS & CO., London, Proprietors, respectfully solicit the patronage of Noblemen, Farmers, Flock Masters, &c. for their Medicines, and beg to say that a single trial will at once establish their value. At this season of the year they feel it necessary to direct attention to their various Medicines to relieve the disorders to which young Animals are subject, particularly the Astringent Mixture for the scour or looseness in Calves, Sheep and Lambs; Drink for staggers in Sheep; Fleece Preserving Dipping Paste; Tonic Drenches for weak Calves and when weaning; Healing Balsam, or Restorative Liniment for premature calving, lambing and foaling,—this is an invaluable preparation, and cannot be too highly appreciated: and many others too numerous for insertion.

Messrs. Harris & Co. beg to inform Farriers and others practising among Horses in remote districts, that they will find it much to their interest to have a stock of their HORSE MEDICINES by them, comprising Balls, Blisters, Drenches, Liniments, Lotions, &c. &c., all of which are at very moderate prices, compounded of the best Drugs that can be procured in London, and under the immediate inspection of an experienced Veterinary surgeon, carefully packed, and with labelled directions for use, so that the most inexperienced person may administer them.

☞All the above Medicines are for sale at the *Circulating Library*, Germain street, and every information further required on the subject, can be had on application to A. R. TRURO,

Their Agent for New-Brunswick.

St. John, May 8, 1840.

☞NOTICE.

THE Proprietors of an extensive and valuable Establishment in Nova-Scotia, about 80 miles from St. John, comprising a large saw-mill, Store, Blacksmith shop, Dwelling Houses, and other Buildings, with a ship-yard complete and commodious in every respect—also a valuable Herring Fishery, are desirous of associating with themselves, some person or persons who would make a certain advance of Capital and take the personal superintendence of the concern, becoming interested to a certain extent.—The Buildings have been erected within the last three years, and are, together with the whole Establishment, in a most efficient state, and adapted, from the peculiar advantages of situation and construction, to carry on an extensive business in ship building, lumbering, and other departments. For further particulars apply to

JAMES T. HANFORD.

St. John. April 3d. 1840.

Absconded,

FROM this Office, on the 16th instant, an Indented Apprentice named *James Doak*. All persons are hereby cautioned against trusting him, and any person found harboring said Apprentice, will be proceeded against as the law directs.

Chronicle Office, April 17, 1840.

Miscellany.

From the Bangor Courier.

PARODY.

Know ye the land where defaulting and thieving
By Swartwouts in office are done every day,
Where party men vie in the art of deceiving,
And then cap the climax by running away.

Know ye the land of the vault and the key,
Where the vault is unclosed and the money left free
To be pilfered and spent through the vigilant care
Of collectors and agents whom party put there.

Where Reform is a by word, Retrenchment a dream,
Corruption the practice and plunder the scheme;
Where a Kitchen Cabal, or a Caucus in drill,
Dares proclaim its own voice as a free people's will.

Know ye the land where sub-treasurers riot,
Like an army of rats when the cat is away,
Where the cash of the people is stolen in quiet,
And nothing left but to whistle for pay.

'Tis the land of our fathers, 'tis America's soil,
Where Liberty's price was blood, treasure and toil;
'Tis the land that was freed and by Washington won,
Where deeds so disgraceful are openly done.

Oh, should not our cheeks burn with anger and shame
To think of the crimes done in liberty's name;
To know that our freedom is aught but a sound,
And see our own rulers spread corruption around!

Let a people oppressed arise in their might!
Avenge their own wrongs and contend for the right,
Dispel the deep gloom overspreading the land:
With boldness of heart and vigor of hand.

THE VISIT.

In one of the freezing days of our climate, a young physician, but recently married, invited his wife to accompany him on a visit to one of his patients.

"You are romancing, James; what! visit a family without an introduction, or an invitation, or exchange of cards?"

"In this family, my dear Amanda, there is no ceremony of cards," said James, "but they will not be less pleased to see you."

"I never used to go to see poor people," said Amanda thoughtfully—"but," continued she after a short deliberation, "I'll go with you any where."

They passed from the handsome street of their residence to a public square, and crossing over, entered a small alley, in which Amanda saw a row of houses built in a manner that showed they were for the labouring class. Crossing the whole range they entered the last house, and at the first door Dr. Ledson gave a gentle rap. A plain woman opened it, and welcomed them.

Two chairs were immediately set out, one with the back broken off, the other rickety and unstable.

Before the fire were two little children seated on the hearth, making a noise, which the attendant female vainly endeavored to quell. A girl about ten years of age came out of a small pantry bedroom and smiled as she spoke.

In a large rude chair sat a thin female. She rocked herself incessantly. She looked up when Dr. Ledson addressed her, but neither smiled nor spoke. Her complexion was sallow by illness, her lower jaw had fallen from its socket, and her teeth chattered with the vain endeavor to close her mouth.

At receiving some nourishment at the hand of her companion, she seemed revived.

"I am glad to see you, doctor, though I had hoped to have been released from my wretchedness before now. I do not complain, but my bones have started through the skin, and I suffer,"—she shivered and stopped an instant—"I thought it very hard when I lost my baby last summer—I see it was kind; what would have become of it now? I must leave these, young as they are, to take care of themselves, and my husband is none of the steadiest.

She did not weep; she was past that human feeling. Amanda looked on in silence. She had learned more of life's state from this scene than she could have acquired from volumes. She felt now a wiser woman at eighteen, than she would otherwise have been at thirty-five.

It brings down all our vanities and little repinings—a spectacle of such woe. Even the almost insensibility of the sick, was more touching than ordinary sorrow. It gave a feeling of so much that must have been endured before.

"Is this your sister?" said the woman.

"No," said James, and Amanda smiled as he replied, "It is my wife."

"Is it your wife?" said she, showing some vivacity. "How sweet she looks. Can she sing, O, can she sing 'I would not live always?'"

How often had Amanda sung that carelessly before. She felt awed and humbled now by every syllable that floated on her soft rich tones around the narrow apartment.

The dying looked up so thankfully that she even looked pretty. A light hectic relieved her vivid countenance. She said audibly, "I hear the angels singing around me," and then relapsed into a monotonous groan of weariness.

The little girl shook hands beseechingly as the young couple left, and in a subdued voice Amanda whispered "We will take care of you."

Who like the physician, save indeed the minister, is called upon to see human nature in every shadow of a tint? The rich and the poor, the delicate and the coarse, the learned and the ignorant, come before him without disguise.

Amanda thought before, that she loved her husband; but luxury is a dead sea atmosphere, in which the noble passions sicken and lay motionless. She clung to James' arm as he returned home with a feeling of devotion to him, that she had never imagined before; and in the pleasure she experienced in softening the horrors of her fellow creatures' poverty, she found every day new cause to rejoice in having shared her fortune with one who, if he brought her no addition of the earth's wealth, had taught her that there is a way of employing it that will awaken delight.—*Passion Flower.*

THE BUTLERS AND FITZGERALDS OF IRELAND.—During the wars of the Roses the Butlers supported the house of Lancaster, the Fitzgeralds that of York; but they cared more about their own rivalry than the disputed succession. In one of their contests, the old Earl of Desmond, desperately wounded, was made prisoner, and borne on a litter from the field. When tauntingly asked by the conquerors, "Where now is the great Earl of Desmond?" he spiritedly replied, "Where he ought to be—on the necks of the Butlers."—*M. de Beaumont's Ireland.*

PRESERVATION OF SEEDS.—George Riddell, one of our most experienced public gardeners, pulled a considerable quantity of cabbage seed in the beginning of the week. This was placed opposite to his dwelling-house, and within five or six yards of an out-door seat, upon which he frequently sits during the course of the day. Without regarding his presence, numbers of chaffinches alighted upon and devoured the seed. Seeing this, George strewed feathers over the seed. The experiment succeeded. Not a bird has since alighted upon the heap, altho' seen to be gazing eagerly upon it from the neighbouring trees. Much benefit, we think, might accrue to farmers by the adoption of this plan to secure the turnip seed from the winged depredators.—*Kelso Chronicle.*

GERMAN ENTHUSIASM AND RHENISH PUNCH.—At the table of Mr. Clay I met a young gentleman from Germany of the name of V——, on his travels, and heard with much pleasure that he proposed going to St. Louis, which was also my own destination. I went with him to a musical soiree, at the house of a German, who had been many years in this country, and was commander-in-chief of all the musical department in Lexington, from the church organ down to the boarding school "solfeggio." He was extremely polite; and the evening passed off rather formally, but tolerably well. When the ladies retired, I also was about to leave the house, as was Mr. V——; but he pressed us to remain and take *one* stirrup-cup in the old German fashion, of punch made from the true Rhenish. We did so. We began to sing German songs. Each glass of punch was succeeded by some toast or chorus from the same country, and at length the slumbering national ardour of our host was aroused; the smooth quiet manner of the American music-master was laid aside, as, with clenched hand and glowing cheek, he gave us some of the spirit-stirring lays of Schiller and of the heroic Korner. O ye temperance societies! how many gallons of your inanimate slops might be consumed before ye could inspire the enthusiasm, or evoke the recollections, which our Rhenish bowl awakened, as its noble juice brought the long estranged son of Germany back to the Rhine, and its thousand legends of love, romance, and glory.—*Hon. Charles Murray's travels in America.*

TRIUMPHS OF CONSERVATISM.

CAMBRIDGE ELECTION.

The nomination for the Cambridge Election took place on Thursday week. Sir Alexander Grant, Bart., the conservative candidate, was proposed by G. H. Harris, and seconded by D. J. Bartlett, Esq.; and Thomas Starkie, Esq. the nominee of ministers, was proposed by Mr. C. Humfrey seconded by Mr. E. Foster. Both candidates made appropriate speeches. A show of hands was in favor of Sir Alexander Grant. The polling took place on Friday. The Whigs made a push in the early part of the day, and at one time were upwards of seventy a-head; but Sir Alexander Grant's friends came up hand over hand, and equalled and passed them, nor were they again approached. All parties have been most active, and nothing has been neglected by either committee that could tend to the success of their respective candidates. The greatest satisfaction at the result was every where observable, and we are glad to say that no disturbance whatever took place. The numbers announced at the committee rooms were

Sir Alexander Grant, Bart.	-	745
Professor Starkie,	-	652
Majority for Sir Alex. Grant,		—93

LUDLOW ELECTION.

The nomination for Ludlow took place on Thursday week, when Mr. Beriah Botfield, the conservative candidate, was proposed by the Rev. C. Walcot, seconded by Mr. Richard Marston. Mr J. Hutchins proposed Mr. Larpent, the Ministerial candidate, seconded by Mr. G. Anderson. After the respective candidates had addressed the electors, the show of hands was declared in favour of the latter. The polling took place on the following day, and resulted in the return of Mr. Botfield, the conservative candidate, the numbers being—

For Mr. Botfield,	-	201
For Mr. Larpent,	-	160
Majority for Mr. Botfield,	-	—41

The public can now understand why the writs for these two boroughs were delayed by a disgraceful abuse of the forms of Parliament. They will be assisted in the acquisition of this knowledge by the manly declaration of the Whig-Radical candidate, Mr. Alcock, who stated distinctly, and most emphatically, that the bribery practised to procure his return at the preceding election was in no part his act, but all the work of Mr. Copbock and other agents, sent down by Messrs. Hume, Warburton, and other members of the Reform Club, Messrs. Hume, Warburton, and the Reform Club, being the parties who, by a recourse to proceedings never before resorted to, except in the extremity of danger to the constitution, delayed the issuing of the writs. But for this flagitious artifice, the majority against ministers on the committal of Lord Stanley's Bill would have been *five*, instead of *three*. This, however, was not the only ignominious trick by which the ministers contrived to diminish the degree of their defeat. It has been shown by Sir G. Clark too certainly to admit of dispute, that Mr. Horsman violated one of the most important laws that guard the independence of Parliament, by voting on the occasion, after he had some days actually accepted the office of Lord of the Treasury. Were it not, therefore, for these two crimes against the constitution, the majority against Ministers would have been six. What promise do not the triumphs at Cambridge and Ludlow, so recently preceded by a like victory at Totness, hold out for a general election? The ministerial organs act prudently in now beginning to argue the propriety of a Cabinet holding office against constant majorities: they will have little else to do than prosecute the argument for the rest of the session. We shall in time arrive at the knowledge how small a party must become before it can claim a life interest in office—we suppose when reduced to the actual number of the officials.

THE VICTIMS OF GAMING,

BEING

Extracts from the Diary of an American Physician.

ST. GEORGE FALLENBERG.

My acquaintance with FALLENBERG commenced in a singular manner. I had been out shooting, and, fatigued with a long tramp over hill and dell, "through bush and through brier," had seated myself with my gun in hand on a rock by the side of a beautiful sheet of water. The faithful Tiger, my canine companion in many a hunting ramble, had placed himself at my feet. Idly musing, I gazed on the waves as they broke upon the gravelly shore. All at once my attention was attracted by a light pleasure-boat, which with streamers gay and bright came dancing over the water. The party it contained was composed of one lady and several gentlemen. The boat was under a press of sail, and from her movements did not appear to be under the direction of a very skillful pilot. Her course resembled that of a drunken man, now yawing this way and then that. It was this uncertainty in her motion which first drew my attention, and as the boat advanced towards the shore—for she appeared to be beating—and the objects within it became more distinctly visible, I continued attentively to examine its appearance.

After she had approached within a few rods of the shore an attempt was made to put her about, when, from some accident, or more probably in consequence of the awkwardness of her crew, for I could not well perceive the cause, she suddenly capsized and immediately sunk. All the men were able to swim excepting one, and he had been fortunate enough to secure a board or plank which sustained him in the water. My whole interest, however, was directed to the lady. For a moment her clothes supported her; but the surface being rough, they were almost immediately saturated with water, and she had I believe sunk once, when she was seized by the hair and upheld by one of her companions. All this took place in a few seconds and while I was stripping off my coat and boots; for, being a strong and expert swimmer, I did not hesitate a moment to plunge in to their aid, no board or rope or other means of assistance being at hand. In my efforts I was anticipated by Tiger, who had already almost reached the sinking girl. For a short time the gentleman who had caught her had been able to keep her head above water, but his strength, all booted and clothed as he was, was very evidently failing him, and it was even doubtful whether he could sustain her until Tiger was near enough to relieve him. It is absolutely incredible how many thoughts can pass through the mind in a moment. I had before my mind in that half minute the feelings of years. The parents and friends whom I imagined were to be separated forever from that being just before so full of animation, perhaps her husband and children mourning for her loss—the tears which would be shed and the melancholy diffused, as the sad story should spread from one to another of her friends and acquaintances. All these visions and many more floated before my eyes in that agitating moment, while I was swimming to the relief of the drowning persons, for now they were evidently exhausted and sinking. A moment more and they would have been gone; but that moment—what a life of suspense!—that moment brings them assistance. Tiger, wholly destitute of gallantry, had taken hold of the gentleman. This I did not afterwards regret, because being close by his side, it gave me an opportunity to sustain the lady, and by our united exertions both were brought safely to the shore, although each was almost lifeless—the lady from fright and suffocation, and her companion from fatigue.

The persons thus providentially rescued from a watery grave were taken to a neighboring house, where the remainder of the party, as they emerged from the water, also assembled, whence a messenger was despatched for a carriage; for although several boats were near at hand, and her residence, as I afterwards ascertained, was nearly opposite the point where the accident happened, yet the lady with an instinctive dread of the element from which she had just been delivered, would not hear for a moment of trusting herself again to its treacherous protection. This lady was the wife of Fallenberg, who had thus nearly perished in endeavoring to save her.

It is unnecessary to repeat all that was said on the occasion, or to describe the natural gratitude of both to me as their preserver, or my quite as natural awkwardness in being obliged to listen to their repeated, and, as it appeared to me, exaggerated acknowledgements—acknowledgments in which Tiger shared. When the carriage, which brought dry clothes for all the party, arrived, I took leave of them, not without having been first obliged to engage to visit them the next day, and to bring Tiger with me to their house, to which they gave me a direction.

Fair rose the morning of the following day, and Tiger by his eager frisky motions seemed to anticipate a holiday, even before I ordered my horse, for the weather tempted me to an equestrian excursion.

The residence of Fallenberg was but a few miles from the city in the outskirts of the village of Reddingham, and a brisk gallop soon brought me in sight of it. I say gallop, for in those days a canter was not reckoned vulgar. It was not necessary then to prove one's title to gentility to mount a hard-trotting horse, who would throw you a foot from the saddle at every step. A lady could ride without being shaken to pieces, and a gentleman could rack easily along. At present, a man moving over the Tremont road on horseback, looks more like a groom showing his horse's paces than a gentleman riding for pleasure, and a lady very much resembles a jockey riding for a subscription plate.

A lovely place was the dwelling of Fallenberg. It was in sight of the pond which the day before had so nearly proved fatal to its two principal inhabitants. A fine lawn extended itself in an inclined plane of smooth shaven turf from the house to the road. There were noble forest trees all around, not planted in straight walks resembling the line of chains which present themselves in precise array along the line of the best parlor of a country tavern, nor like the trees which make Boston Common look like a book of diagrams for the study of mathematics, but scattered about in beautiful clumps at irregular distances, and yet so arranged as to be at once an ornament and a shelter. The house itself consisted of a centre, along the front of which was a piazza, which at either end communicated by low windows with two wings. The entrance was into a long hall extending the whole front of the centre and adorned with pictures and statues. Behind this hall was the dining-room. The whole of one wing was occupied by the library and a small study connected with it, and in the other were two spacious parlors communicating with each other by means of folding-doors.

Upon my alighting at the door, the servant informed me that Fallenberg and his wife were in the garden, and was about to call them, but I desired him not to do so, and requested to be allowed to go and find them. Passing into the dining-room and through the glass windows which opened down to the ground, I was ushered out upon a beautiful terrace, which overlooked a charming valley laid out in the most tasteful and elegant manner. A series of terraces conducted me to the bottom, through which meandered a bubbling brook, which, after various windings, discharged itself into the neighboring lake. Not finding the objects of my search here, I crossed a rustic bridge, over which the road passed to the other side of the valley, which, with the hill beyond, excepting a small strip on the boarders of the stream, was left almost in a state of nature, or if art had been there with her busy hand, she had only passed lightly over the scene. Her presence indeed was felt rather than seen, in the removal of brush and underwood, which rendered the hill more easily accessible, without diminishing its sylvan appearance. At a distance indeed it looked like a miniature mountain with its variety of trees and its wild flowering shrubs. On the summit was erected an observatory, from which the city with its spires, the harbor with its green islands, the neighboring villages with their churches, and the distant mountains, were all distinctly visible. After clambering for a while through steep and narrow, though fragrant and flowery paths, I at length reached the summit of the hill, where I perceived, as I had anticipated, Fallenberg and his wife seated together with their only daughter, a little girl three years old, and to whom her father was pointing out the different objects in the distance, and endeavoring to teach her to repeat their names. I watched for several minutes the eager interest with which each parent listened to her lisping voice, and when, after several efforts, she succeeded in mastering some hard word, my eyes glistened as first the one and then the other of her parents rewarded her with a kiss or an embrace. Where now are those tender parents? Where now is that beautiful child? But let me not anticipate.

At length, while Fallenberg was pointing to a dome in the direction in which I stood, the eyes of the little girl were arrested by my appearance, and when her father desired her to pronounce the name of the object, she called it a man, and so resolutely persisted in it, that I perceived I was discovered—the child mistaking me for the object pointed out. I need not say that I was most cordially received by Fallenberg and his wife, who took the opportunity thus afforded to show me the beauties of the surrounding scenery.

Julia—such was the name of Fallenberg's wife—had by this time entirely recovered from the effects of yesterday's accident, and presented indeed a radiant appearance. She was neither tall nor short. Her figure was of a medium height, and perfectly formed. Of her dress I shall say nothing, excepting that it was then, as at all other times when I saw her, of that neat and becoming kind which does not attract particular attention, but which leaves the wearer and the visiter at perfect ease, to think and talk about something else than mere external appearance. Her complexion was fair and her eyes dark blue. Her hair too was dark, and shaded a forehead so white that alabaster alone could rival it. Her face was not regularly beautiful, but there was in it "The ray of mind which makes each feature play." On this morning there was a shade of thought which clouded her countenance; probably the occurrence of yesterday had given it a more contemplative cast. There she stood, lovely as an angel, her expressive eyes turned first on me and then on her husband, as if she would say, "I know not which to be most grateful to, to you,

stranger, for saving the life of my husband, or to my husband for periling his own to save mine.'

Soon after my arrival, Julia retired with her little girl, and left me alone with Fallenberg. And here I will take the opportunity to relate what I afterwards learned, at different times, of their history.

St. George Fallenberg was the son of a wealthy and most respectable inhabitant of Boston, and was educated in the most liberal manner, having been permitted, after leaving the university, to make the tour of Europe, and also to visit many interesting portions of Asia and of Africa.—This was an advantage at that time enjoyed by few, and was appreciated accordingly. On his return from his foreign tour, being an only son he was allowed to occupy his time as he chose. Not deeming it necessary to his future subsistence, as his inheritance was ample, he had not studied any profession; and although his tastes and habits were literary, yet, from mere ennui, he contracted the habit which afterwards proved so fatal to his happiness—the habit of play; not indeed for very large sums, but to such an extent as to occupy much of his time, and sometimes to occasion pecuniary inconvenience. There cannot be a more fatal mistake committed by parents and guardians than to bring up their children and wards, however wealthy, without profession or occupation. In a country like this, where almost every man has his living to get, there are scarcely any without employment, excepting the vicious; everybody else is busy. The result is, that, for the want of other companions, young men brought up without business are naturally left to associate with men of the most dissipated and abandoned character, and their ruin is the almost certain consequence of such contamination.

Fortunately as it was then thought by the friends of Fallenberg, just as they were beginning to feel some anxiety on account of his fondness for cards, he met with Julia Morganville. She was an orphan, left with scarcely any blood relations, though with a handsome independence, in the care of her guardian, whom I will call general Mannington, a most respectable and somewhat distinguished political character of the period, about twenty-five years ago, and a man who would be readily recognized by many individuals now living if his real name should be mentioned.

St. George and Julia had met but twice before their tastes and dispositions attracted them to each other. In due time an overture of his hand and fortune was made by Fallenberg, which was referred by the lady to her guardian. St. George's habits were well known to him, and with the utmost candor he represented to Julia that his only objection to him was his fondness for play.

"But," said Julia in a conversation upon the subject, in reply to this objection, "my dear guardian, I have conversed seriously with him on this very topic, and he assures me that he has not seen a card since the first night of our acquaintance. He says, moreover, that he has been in the habit of playing only for want of employment, and that after we are married so many new sources of occupation will be opened to him that he shall not feel the least inclination to return to his former pursuits."

"But, my dear girl," said the general in answer, "recollect for a moment, that after you have been for a short time settled down in the quiet of domestic life, all these new sources of occupation, as you call them, to a mind accustomed like his to the excitement of cards, will be a constantly returning monotony. His love for you will no doubt for a time restrain him; but being as he is without business or profession, he will soon weary of the sameness of home, and will long for some variety. His old friends, his old companions, his old feelings will return; and it is to be feared that he will plunge with redoubled eagerness into his old habits."

"Oh, general Mannington, you do not know St. George. A mind like his can never be long satisfied with pursuits so trifling and vain, not to say so vicious and criminal. Even if he should for a time amuse himself with a social game, I have no fear that he will give himself up again to cards. Besides, you pay me a poor compliment to think that my attractions are so inferior to those of a few pieces of pasteboard!"

"Alas, my Julia, I regret that I cannot agree with you," returned the general. "Of St. George's talents I have no doubt. In every other respect he is just the man I should select for you; but my experience satisfies me that when a man has once participated in the unnatural excitement of play, nothing will ever wean him from the unhallowed pursuit. I can never consent. You will be of age in a year. Your property and your person will then be at your own disposal; until then it is useless to make application to me. My mind is resolved." With much impatience and many complaints of the obstinacy of her guardian, as they called it, the lovers were compelled to wait the prescribed time, and were then married, in spite of the advice of the good general, who continued to oppose the match to the last.

(To be continued.)

PRINCE GEORGE OF CAMBRIDGE.—It affords us the most sincere pleasure to hear from parties who have had opportunities of acquiring an intimate knowledge of the disposition and talents of this illustrious young Prince, the most favourable accounts of his varied acquirements, fine abilities, amiability of manner, and goodness of heart. He is represented as being an excellent classical scholar, a proficient in the modern languages of Europe, refined in his tastes, high-spirited, benevolent and affable, and an Englishman in predilections and feeling. From some observations, recently made by his royal father, we learn he is anxious to mix freely with his countrymen when his military duties will permit him to do so. At the anniversary dinner of the Marine Society, recently held at the London Tavern, at which the Duke of Cambridge presided, Lord Adolphus Fitzclarence, in a brief, but kind and graceful address, proposed the health of the Prince. He said, that he had long and intimately known him, and that to know was to love and honour him for his fine talents, and his many noble and good qualities. He trusted next year to see him fill the chair now occupied by his Royal father—for he could assert with the greatest confidence, that the Prince was never more happy than when contributing, in however slight a degree, to the comfort and welfare of even the poorest of his countrymen, and never more proud than when engaged in advancing the interests of our charitable institutions. The Duke of Cambridge, who seemed much affected by the signal marks of applause with which this toast was received, said, in returning thanks, "that he should not be doing justice to his own feelings if he did not avow that he believed he was not wholly unworthy of the encomiums bestowed on him. It had been his aim to rear him up as an Englishman, with pure English feelings and honest English habits, and to set constantly before him the example of his grandfather." It is wholly impossible to describe the burst of enthusiasm with which this allusion to the virtues of the "good old King" was received. The applause in which every person in the room heartily joined, was continued for several minutes; and, when on the point of dropping, was renewed again and again more fervently than before. When at length it subsided, his Royal Highness said in continuation—"that nothing would afford him greater pleasure than to see his son fill that chair next year, and as his father he should feel the highest gratification in sitting by his side." The Prince is at present with his regiment at Brighton, and we hear is punctual in the discharge of his military duties, and equally beloved by both officers and men.

Discontinuing of Holster Pistols in the British Army.—The new military saddles now to be made for the Life Guards (blue) and which are to be immediately served out to the regiments, are made without holster pipes for the pistols, which are to be discontinued throughout the British Army. A new invented carabine is being made for the use of the cavalry, with percussion cocks and caps.—The improvements are stated to be very great. It is also intended to do away with the grenadier caps worn now by the household cavalry, and steel helmets adopted in their places.

IRISHMEN IN CHINA.—It is said that the Chinese High Commissioner Lin, and the Lord High Admiral Kwan are both natives of the County of Waterford, the former having dropped the first letter of his name (Flin) and the latter (Quan) spelling his name differently, in order to assimilate with those of the country of their adoption.—*Tipperary Free Press.*

Liverpool Cotton Market, June 4.—There has been a fair inquiry for Cotton to-day, and the sales are 5000 bags, including 600 on speculation, and 400 for export: the market still very heavy.

Paris was visited on the 2d of June by a tremendous thunder storm, which still continued when the mail left.

Lord Durham arrived at Dover on the 3d, but was too unwell to continue his journey, and had taken apartments for a week.

Admiral Baudin was to proceed to Buenos Ayres, clothed with military and diplomatic powers to terminate the differences with the Argentine Republic.

By advices from Constantinople to May 15, it appears that the Seraskier, Halil Pasha, brother-in-law to the Sultan, had been dismissed for some offence against morality, tending to bring the government into contempt.

There was a serious riot at Limerick, in Ireland, on the 1st of June. The people came down in immense numbers, carrying poles with loaves stuck on them, and shouting "down with the forestallers." They seized a number of carts and wagons, despoiled them of the vegetables and other provisions which they contained and then bundled 16 of them into the river. A regiment of infantry could make no head against the rioters, and they were not dispersed until the artillery was brought to bear upon them.

Russia.—The last advices from Trebizond announce new successess of the Circassians over their Russian invaders. Nine forts had fallen into their power, and the two remaining would have experienced the same fate, but for the timely arrival of the two Russian ships of the line. The Circassians gave the Russians no quarter, and in the fort of St. Nicholas alone 1000 men were put to the sword.

The report of the death of the King of Prussia is stated in the London Times of June 4th to have been premature.

New successes were continually announced as having attended the movements of the Queen's troops in Spain, and the war was evidently drawing to a close.

It is stated that new complications have sprung up in the sulphur question, and that the British Government had resolved on sending six ships of the line to Naples. A French squadron of the same force was also to proceed thither.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

TO LET or for sale, at Wolfville, (Horton, N. S.) and possession given immediately:—that pleasantly situated Cottage, at the Village of Wolfville, together with the gardens, fields, stables, coach house, and other out houses, formerly owned by the Rev. John S. Clarke, and now owned by the Hon. John Leander Starr.

The situation of this dwelling is peculiarly delightful for a summer residence, being located in one of the most picturesque spots in Nova Scotia, remarkable for its healthiness, and overlooking the splendid scenery and bendlands which skirt the Basin of Minas. There is an Icehouse, well filled, on the premises; and at the entrance to the grounds is a convenient lodge for servants; forming altogether a pleasant residence for a family from Halifax during the summer, being a convenient distance from the Capital, (a Coach passing the main road in view of the house daily), and the atmosphere dry and exempt from fogs.

To a purchaser, the terms will be made very easy, and the terms reasonable; or it will be rented for a year or more, at a moderate rent, to any careful and respectable family. Apply to ELISHA DEWOLF, Esq. at Wolfville, or to

RAYMFORD & BROTHERS.

St. John, July 10, 1840.

William Reynolds,

Bookseller, Stationer and Binder, West side Cross street, 4 doors from King street. St. John, N. B.

IMPORTER and Dealer in all kinds of Mercantile Account and other blank Books; Navigation and school Books by the most approved authors; Works in the different departments of Literature and science; Maps, Charts, and Nautical Instruments; Musical, Mathematical, and Philosophical Instruments; Fancy Hardware and Cutlery; Fishing Gear; Steel Pens; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fancy Dressing Cases; Work Boxes, Desks, &c.

☞ Books imported to order.

THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, JULY 17, 1840.

His Excellency the LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR and Suite, accompanied by Colonel MAXWELL, of the 36th Regt., arrived from Head Quarters on Monday evening last; and on Tuesday morning His Excellency proceeded for Halifax by way of Windsor to meet the Right Honourable POULETT THOMSON, Governor-General of British North America. It is reported that the Governor General will visit New-Brunswick in the course of next week.

SAILING IN HASTE.—The brig Brothers, of this Port, McKenzie, Master, having advertised for some weeks past to take passengers either to Port Jackson or New South Wales: after undergoing sundry repairs, &c., weighed anchor, and took sudden departure from the Port without the necessary Custom house clearance, leaving passengers behind—and some few accounts unsettled!!

The Packet Steamer *Brittania*, the first of Mr. Cunard's line, had not arrived at Halifax on Tuesday morning last, but was hourly expected with the July Mail. The Falmouth Packet with the June Mail was also anxiously looked for.

Recent circumstances, to which it is needless for us to allude in any very explicit manner, seem to present to us what we have been long wishing for, a fair opportunity for laying before the public a statement of the origin and progress of the differences which have existed between the Advisers of Sir John Harvey and the Chronicle; and for showing that it does not deserve the character which they are pleased to give it, of being the "*most infamous paper of the day.*"

It is well known that towards the close of Sir Archibald Campbell's administration, the Chronicle supported the Government in its resistance to the ill fated surrender of the Crown Revenues. In taking this course, the Chronicle was actuated by no bad motive: it knew the men who were striving to get the command of the accumulated revenue; and was fully convinced of what the event has amply established, that the money would not be applied to any useful purpose, but be squandered away upon the members and their friends. Let any one to satisfy himself, cast his eye over the Appropriations,—upwards of £7000 for three years Contingent Bills—£1000 and upwards to Wilmot,—the same for Partelow, and nearly £2000 for Sir John himself—a pretty good consideration for appointing the members or their friends to every office of profit, and every employment attended with emolument which the public service can supply! Foreseeing this, the Chronicle did its best to prevent the surrender, but unhappily failed. Of course the chief agitators were extremely indignant; and most especially were they enraged at the affectionate and respectful leave taken of the ill used, much abused Sir Archibald Campbell, by so large a portion of the respectable part of the community;—a leave taking so different from that given to his predecessor, who was attended to the Boat by only two (then) young gentlemen, whom curiosity alone had drawn to the spot; and so very different from what will one day be given perhaps to somebody else.

As a matter of course the confidential advisers and sincere supporters of the late Governor and the active promoters of the address to him on his departure, were marked men under the new administration; and most especially was the unfortunate Chronicle devoted to destruction, with every body that dared to support it. That the greedy miserants who had at last got the public purse within their clutch, should dread and try to crush the only paper which was independent enough to dare to make any allusion to their doings, did not surprise any one. Greed and revenge are two powerful motives of action! But it does surprise every body that the Governor should have been so unwise and impolitic as to identify himself with the oppressors of the Chronicle, and have made himself so excessively conspicuous as he has done, in his attempts to "put it down.

During the passage of the Civil List Bill, the Chronicle seeing that every thing was lost, and further resistance of no avail, preserved an almost total silence on the subject; but very early in August, just two months after the arrival of Sir John, a trifling editorial made its appearance, simply suggesting whether the death of the late King William before the completion of the bargain, did not vitiate the agreement and render the Act of Assembly nugatory. Now will any body believe that the advisers of the Governor, who had long been on the watch for something to seize upon, would advise the Governor to lay hold of this trifle, and send the paper which contained it to Lord Glenelg, with a statement that it had proceeded from the pen of the Hon. Mr. Street, the Solicitor General? No one could believe, except on the most indubitable testimony, that such a charge was made, and that without any previous communication with the accused gentleman. But so it was, and the charge was accompanied with a request for authority to remove Mr. Street from his office, for an act tending to embarrass the Government. It is only necessary to say that the charge against Mr. Street was utterly unfounded. Lord Glenelg was weak, it might be said wicked enough to give the authority; and Mr. Street was called upon to prove his innocence of the crime (?) laid to his charge, in order to be allowed to retain his office.

This was but the commencement of hostilities on the part of the advisers of Sir John. The first act of offence was to prevent the Government Officers buying stationery from a person reported to be concerned with the Chronicle, who carried on business as a stationer. This was soon followed by an order to stop the Government advertisements from being sent to the Chronicle. Then came out an order to the Government Offices and Officers not to take the Chronicle. Then every officer of Government was served with a copy of Lord Glenelg's letter respecting the accusation of Mr. Street, and called upon to disavow all connection and correspondence with the Chronicle, on pain of dismissal. Soon after this the Governor was pleased to write with reference to a public document sent for insertion to the Chronicle because it was the first paper to make its appearance, that he should have been better pleased to see it in any other paper, and that he did not look upon the supporters of the Chronicle as any friends of his, and from that time public official papers have almost invariably been withheld from the Chronicle. All these acts of uncalled for, unprovoked aggression, were accompanied by repeated declarations both in public and in private, in council and out of council, here, there, and every where, that the Chronicle *must be put down, and should be put down!*

Could any construction be put upon these acts and these declarations, other than that which the Chronicle gave to them? It looked upon them as a challenge to a contest *ad internecionem*, and it accepted the challenge. The Governor and Executive councillors abused the Chronicle and its supporters, and the Chronicle retorted warmly back again; and so the thing went on for about two years, till our opponents losing ground, lost their temper with the ground, and probably hinted to Wilmot something about an *ex officio*. Wilmot took the hint, and fixed upon Sir John that unlucky prosecution which he may repent of.

In the mean time no stone has been left unturned to find out *who writes for the Chronicle*. Every thing, no matter how base and dishonorable has been resorted to, to effect the discovery. Barristers, attorneys, clergymen, physicians, apothecaries, military officers, army medical officers, civil servants of the crown, private gentlemen to the number of at least twenty to thirty, have been written or spoken to, and accused on the authority of base sycophants (whose names are not given up when demanded, that they may be called out,) of writing for the *most infamous paper of the day*, and taking part with the *base and scandalous maligners*; and all these accusations are founded upon the same measure of truth as the infamous charge against Mr. Street. The Chronicle Office, and the houses of the persons supposed to be concerned with it are watched by wretched pimps, some of whom there is reason to believe belong to the learned profession. Letters addressed to the Chronicle people have been examined, and some opened, (some have miscarried.) doubtless to detect the pen of those who correspond with them. Nay to such an extent is the persecution of the Chronicle carried, that the very Judges are frowned down because some of their relations have been professionally employed by the Chronicle to defend the infamous prosecution.

This is a plain unexaggerated statement of the differences existing between the advisers of the Governor and the Chronicle, and we put it to any one to say, whether such unmerited, unprovoked, outrageous attacks, do not justify every word which has appeared in its columns.—The conduct pursued throughout, against the Chronicle, has been precisely that which is often seen in the street:—One man abuses another, challenges him to fight, gets the worst of it and runs away, and then goes to a Justice and gets a warrant against his adversary, although he was himself the first to break the peace.

We have thought it our duty to take every reasonable precaution in our defence. The doings of the Executive councillors are rather serious things to bring before a Court of Justice. We have engaged the professional services of leading eminent Barristers to defend us, if we should be put upon our trial, and we shall also engage Mr. Blatch to report the trial, and shall take care that when printed, it shall be circulated in every corner of the British dominions, that British subjects may know what British colonial Governors are sometimes led to do.

THE GLOUCESTER MINING ASSOCIATION. We have pleasure in stating, that W. J. Henwood, Esq. Geological Surveyor to the Duchy of Cornwall, arrived in this City on Saturday last, and left on Tuesday morning for Fredericton, on his way to Bathurst. Mr. Henwood came out in the Great Western, specially engaged by the above Association to survey the Counties of Gloucester and Restigouche, and report upon the value and extent of the lodes of copper, several of which are already being worked by the Association with considerable success. Mr. Henwood is a fellow of the Royal Society, and also of the Royal Geological Society of London; and his name ranks high among the scientific men of the age. We cannot but congratulate the Province that a gentleman of great practical knowledge in the Mining, has been deputed to visit us, (as we understand, by permission of the Government,) for the purpose of assisting to search out the mineral treasures of New Brunswick, and direct the best modes of mining. We hail this event as a proof, that our Province is becoming better known and attracting more attention in Britain than heretofore, and that Dr. Gesner's Geological Survey is silently but surely advancing our interest on the other side of the Atlantic, where, we are assured, the Doctor's Reports are read with much attention and excite great interest.—*Courier.*

A WHALER.—We have much pleasure in announcing the return of the *Margaret Raite*, one of Mr. Stewart's whalers, manned entirely by British subjects, from an unusually successful voyage. She has been absent only twenty-three months, and brings home a full cargo of 2320 barrels of Oil, and 22,000 lbs. of Bone, in addition to the 900 barrels of Oil, and 7000 lbs. of Bone, shipped to London in March, 1839.—*Ib.*

INQUESTS.—An Inquest was held at Indian Town on the 3d instant, before Dr. W. Bayard, Coroner, on view of the body of Stephen Lyons—Verdict, "Accidentally drowned while bathing." Also, on the 6th instant, an Inquest was held on view of the body of John M'Elwin—Verdict, "Accidental death by falling from the first story into the area of a new house."

On Friday, an Inquest was held on view of the body of *William Agan*, who was found dead, hanging to a tree, in the woods near Lily Lake,—The Jury returned a verdict of—"deceased came to his death by hanging himself.

Various reports are afloat of the course of policy intended to be pursued by the Governor-General, with reference to the Province, but we believe that nothing certain has transpired. We have heard that it is the intention of His Excellency to depart for Quebec in the Unicorn, on the arrival of the first steam packet from England, if the business on which he is engaged will permit him to do so.—*Halifax Times.*

☞The steamer Britannia has not yet hove in sight, but is hourly expected—we shall publish a supplement of the news by her for our Western subscribers.—*Ib.*

From the Acadian Recorder, July 11.

ARRIVAL OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.—His Excellency the Right Honorable Charles Poulett Thompson, Governor General of British North America, arrived in the steamer Unicorn from Quebec, on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. A guard of honor to receive His Excellency, consisting of the 5th, 23d and 37th Regiments, with the band of each, lined both sides of the way from the landing place at the Queen's wharf to the Province Building. His Excellency accompanied by his suite, landed at 1 o'clock, and taking a seat with Sir Colin Campbell in his carriage proceeded to the Council Chamber, attended by Aides-de-Camp, Staff, and the principal officers of the Garrison, where in the presence of the heads of the Civil and Military departments, and such members of the Executive and Legislative Councils as were in town, he took the oaths of office, which were administered by Sir Rupert D. George. The chair of state was then vacated by Sir Colin Campbell, and the Governor General occupied the Throne and assumed the government of the Province; the Members of H. M. Executive Council then present were sworn in. Upon His Excellency's landing a salute was fired by a company of Royal Artillery, which was stationed on the Grand Parade. The day was overcast and misty, but nevertheless a large orderly concourse turned out to catch a glimpse of His Excellency as he passed through the streets, but only very few notwithstanding the eagerness with which they looked for him, succeeded in their purpose. His Excellency was attired in splendid uniform, and is accompanied by a numerous suite; he is a tall, slight, but well formed man, apparently about forty years of age, and possessing a highly intellectual cast of face. He has taken up his residence at Government House with Sir Colin Campbell.

This visit of His Excellency the Governor General, will doubtless be pregnant with consequences of the most vital importance to the peace and prosperity of the Province. His Excellency has already taken upon himself the responsibility of administering the government, thus divesting our Lieutenant-Governor of all importance as regards the various offices of the state. Whether His Excellency has come prepared with any new and well digested system, it is at present impossible to say; yet there cannot be the shadow of a doubt, but that he will minutely scrutinize the past official administration of our affairs

It cannot be expected that His Excellency will swerve from those liberal and enlightened principles which he brought with him from the Mother Country, to the Canadas, and which has so successfully applied there.

Upon the Governor General's appointment, we among others were fearful that his previous opposition to the favorable footing on which the fostering regard of the Home Government had placed these Provinces, would be brought to bear with blighting effect upon our welfare, but the wise and judicious policy which he has adopted in the Government of Canada has removed the unfavorable impressions, of his statemanship that we then conceived.

The Unicorn called at Charlotte Town P. E. I. and took on board Lieut. Governor Sir Charles Fitzroy. Capt. Prescott, Lieut. Governor of Newfoundland, is expected shortly in H. M. Ship Crocodile from St. John's. The Governor General will remain here about ten days.

Immediately previous to the Levee, the Attorney and Solicitor Generals, Messrs James B. Uniacke, Joseph Howe and William Young waited, by invitation, upon His Excellency, to communicate their views—as influential representatives of public interests—upon the condition of the country. This looks very like despatching business in earnest.

An Address to His Excellency the Governor General has been prepared and will be presented early in the ensuing week. It will be open for signature till 12 o'clock on Monday next, at the Exchange and Keeffer's Reading Rooms, and at the Bookstores of Messrs. Belcher, McKinlay and Munro.

It is rumored that the Chief Justice will be appointed President of the Executive Council, and that other gentlemen also holding official stations will be introduced into that branch of the Government, by the Governor-General.—We shall forbear saying anything upon the effects likely to arise from His Excellency's movements, till his plans become better known—further than giving the opinion of most persons that His Excellency will succeed in healing the political differences which now disturb the country, without displeasing any party.—*Ib.*

HEAD QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, 6th July, 1840.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

The Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following promotions, &c. &c.

3d Battalion King's County.

Lieut. George Sprague to be Captain, vice John Davis, resigned, dated 6th July 1840.

TO BE LIEUTENANTS.

Ensign Caleb Sprague, vice G. Hughson deceased, 6th July. Ensign James Seelye, vice E. Fairweather left the County, 7th July. Isaac Raymond, Gent., vice Dickey left the Province, 8th July.—Thomas W. H. Malowney to be 2d Lieutenant, vice M'Cready deceased, 6th July.

TO BE ENSIGNS.

William Kitchum, Gent., vice Seeley, promoted 6th July. Simon Hays, Gent., vice Baxter, resigned 7th July.

2d Battalion St. John County.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieutenant Ephraim Sentill, vice Jordan retired, 6th July, 1840. Lieutenant W. O. Cody, of a new Company, 7th July, 1840. Lieutenant Stephen Mosher, of a new Company, 8th July, 1840.

TO BE LIEUTENANTS.

Ensign W. R. Sentill, vice E. Sentill, promoted, 6th July, 1840. Ensign Philip Mosher, of a new Company, 7th July, 1840. Ensign James Moran, 8th July, 1840. William Jordan, Gent., 9th July, 1840. James Ormand Cody, Gent., 10th July, 1840.

TO BE ENSIGNS.

Edward Marter, Gent., vice Sentill, promoted, 6th July. Edward Sentill, Gent. 7th July. Robert Long, Gent., 8th July. Simon Vaughan, Gent., 9th July. William Fownes Gent., 10th July.—George Fownes, Gent. 11th July.

1st Battalion Saint John County.

Captain John Cunard is permitted to retire, in consequence of lameness.

3d Battalion Westmoreland.

Solomon Stiles, Gent., to be 2d Lieutenant of Artillery, vice Joseph Rogers, deceased, 6th July.—James Roger, Gent., to be Quarter Master, with the rank of Lieutenant, vice George Rogers, resigned, dated 6th July, 1840.

3d Battalion, York, (Light Infantry.)

Ensign John Carter, to be Quarter Master, with the rank of Lieutenant, vice Howe who resigns.

By Command,
GEO. SHORE, A. G. M.

IN COUNCIL, 2d JULY, 1840.

William Foshay, to explore a road from Cumberland Bay to Coal Creek; £15 having been granted for that service.

William Girvan to expend £70 in the improvement of the Ferry Landing on the north side of the Richibucto River, in the place of William Chandler, Esquire, as on the Gazette of 13th May last.

George L. Hannington to expend the sum of £20 granted for the improvement of the road from Shediac to the French Settlement.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

13th July, 1840.

The Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following promotions, &c.

4th Battalion Charlotte County.

Major Nehemiah Marks to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Mowatt, retired with his rank.

Cavalry attached to 4th Battalion Charlotte.

1st Lieut. William R. Buchannan to be Captain, vice Albee, retired.

2d Lieutenant David Woodcock, to be 1st Lieut. vice Cotterell, retired.

John Young, Gent. to be 2d Lieutenant.

Jacob Libbee to be Quarter Master, vice Albee, retired.

1st Battalion Saint John City Militia.

The resignation of Lieutenant John Sandall is accepted.

By Command,
GEO. SHORE, A. G. M.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor left Head Quarters on Monday morning last in the steamer New-Brunswick, and, we understand, will proceed direct to Halifax to meet the Governor General, who, we hope, will be prevailed upon by Sir John, to visit this Province.—*Royal Gazette.*

QUEBEC, July 8th.—His Excellency Sir Richard Jackson, Commander of the Forces, arrived this morning from Sorel in the *Canada* steamer, and took the oaths of office as Administrator of the Government, at the Castle of St. Lewis, this day, at one o'clock.

A Guard of Honour attended at the wharf and the Castle yesterday to receive him: to-day His Excellency disposed with their attendance, but a Guard of Honour was placed at the *Chateau* when he was sworn in, and a royal salute was fired from the citadel.

His Excellency and suite occupy the apartments recently prepared for the Governor General at the Bishop's Palace. It is however stated, that he will shortly return to the summer residence at Sorel.

The *Unicorn* stopped at Kamouraska on Saturday morning. His Excellency the Governor General landed and held a levee at Mr. Dionne's residence, which was attended by the principal persons in the place, and by the gentlemen of the Bar who happened to be there on the Circuit or *Tournee*. He also received an address, to which he verbally delivered a very gratifying answer.

"Montreal, Monday afternoon, July 6.

"A letter from Three Rivers, of yesterday's date, says that an unsuccessful attempt was made the preceding evening to burn the Governor in Chief and the Chief Justice in effigy. The chief actors in the drama having made public their intentions, the troops were ordered out and patroled the streets up till 10 o'clock. After they had retired to their barracks, the figures were carried into Hart-street, but there the Police were on the alert, and prevented the affair from coming off as was intended.

"It is understood that the Governor in Chief will return about the end of this month or early in August, and that he will proceed to Upper Canada on a tour through that Province. The object of His Excellency's visit to Nova Scotia is to meet the Legislature of that Province, and explain the views entertained by Her Majesty's Government on the subject of Responsible Government.

REPRESENTATION OF CANADA.—The following is from the British Colonist:—

"That part of the bill which relates to the representation in the Assembly, has been left open to alteration, Mr. Ellice having proposed an increase of members, and by private letters received from parties connected with government, by the *Great Western*, we learn that an increase of six will, in all likelihood, be made to the number of representatives in the United Assembly. It is stated in the Montreal papers, that these additional members will be allotted as follows:—one additional to each of Quebec, Montreal, Toronto and Kingston,—making two members for each, and one member for each of the towns of Bytown and Sherbrooke. But the *Montreal Herald* mentions, that the representation will be increased to the number of eight. In all probability one additional member will be given to the county of Lincoln, to which, from the amount of its population, it is evidently entitled."

Niagara, June 26th.—We are informed that an arrest and committal took place at Toronto, the evening before last, under the following circumstances—about ten o'clock P. M. while a dog belonging to Capt. Richardson, of the Newfoundland breed, evinced by his barking that all was not right at McDonald's wharf where the *Transit* usually lies, the man in charge of the Store Wharf who happened to pass by at the time thought he heard a noise inside, and upon opening the door for the purpose of ascertaining what it might be, found that he had alarmed a man who immediately made for an open window, for the purpose of escape: he immediately locked the door and ran round to the window in question, just in time to grapple with the villain, who had leaped out upon some barrels, and having lost his balance, fell. The man in charge finding however he could not of himself secure the object of his pursuit, called out for assistance, when fortunately, the mate of the *Transit* and one of the hands who happened to be within hearing, at once answered the call and secured him.—A constable was immediately sent for, upon whose arrival the prisoner was examined, and on his person were found a slow match with other combustibles and a bunch of keys. There is no doubt whatever entertained but the object of the prisoner was to set fire to the store, which contained ten barrels of Gun-powder, with a view of not only blowing up the store house and wharf but also four or five Steamers which were in port at the time.

We understand that an examination before the Mayor has since taken place, but have not been able to ascertain the particulars, which we fear, from a somewhat similar attempt that we have just been informed has been made at Kingston, will leave but little ground to doubt that both were the result of previous combination.

TRIBUTE TO MR. CUNARD.—A number of gentlemen of Boston, we are informed, intend presenting Mr. Cunard with a handsome service of Plate, as a mark of their respect for his enterprise in establishing steam communication with that place.—*Halifax Recorder.*

Vice Admiral Sir Thomas Harvey, will proceed to Quebec, in the course of next month, in H. M. S. Winchester.—*Ib.*

In the bill now before Parliament, for the re-union of the Canadas, and other matters appertaining thereto a clause has been introduced for annexing the Magdalen Islands, hitherto considered part of the County of Quebec, to the Government of Prince Edward Island. This subject was brought under the consideration of the Earl of Durham, by Sir Charles A. Fitz Roy, during the visit of the latter to Quebec in 1838; and the views of His Excellency were followed up by the representations of the Delegates from this Island, who, in the course of the same year, waited upon the Governor General, along with the deputations from the other Colonies. On that occasion, we understand, that an effort was made by the Deputies from Nova Scotia to induce his Lordship to recommend the annexation of those Islands to the Government of Nova Scotia. The same year in which this discussion took place, Sir Charles Fitz Roy, at the particular request of the Earl of Durham, made a visit to those Islands in H. M. S. *Pearl*, for the purpose of examining into the condition of the inhabitants, and satisfying himself, by actual observation, as to the expediency of introducing any change into their political relations with the surrounding Colonies. The report which His Excellency made on that occasion, we have not seen, but we subsequently learned that in the original draft of the Canadian Bill, which was submitted to Parliament last year, a clause was introduced for dissevering the Magdalen Islands from Canada and annexing them, as well as the District of Gaspe, to the Government of New Brunswick. Upon the appointment, however, of the Right Honorable Poulett Thomson to the supreme command in the North American Colonies, the subject then under discussion was postponed until his report should be received. Sir Charles A. Fitz Roy lost no time in entering into a communication with the Governor in Chief upon the subject of the Magdalen Islands, and the latter was pleased to recommend that they should be annexed to the government of this Island, and a clause to that effect has accordingly, as has been stated, been introduced into the bill now before Parliament, and which, we entertain no doubt, will soon pass into a law.

The intelligence adverted to was communicated to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, by a despatch from Lord John Russell, so that there can be no doubt as to its authenticity.—*Colonial Herald.*

Yesterday afternoon, two children, one aged five years, and the other about three, who were amusing themselves in a street on the Cote Ste. Genevieve, in St. John Suburbs, took a notion of eating some berbs unknown to them, and they unfortunately both died in a few hours after. The herb was hemlock, a poisonous plant.—*Quebec Gazette.*

In the Liverpool Cotton Market of June 4th, there was a fair demand, the sales amounted to 5000 bales, including 600 on speculation, and 400 for export.

In the London Money Market of June 4th, Consols ranged as high as 93, for money: the closing price was 92¾ to ⅞. For the account 93⅜ to ½ was the closing price.

A CHARTER FORFEITED.—The charter of the Mississippi Railroad Company, at Natchez, has been forfeited for refusing to pay specie for its notes of $5 and under. In consequence of this the Governor issued his proclamation, and the bank is now closed.

The exports of Cotton to Europe since the first of October, 1839, amount to 1,600,429 bales, against 932,807 last year, and 1,384,184 the year before. To Great Britain separately the export is 1,057,851 bales, against 685,905 last year, and 1,015,746 the year before. The receipts are 2,053,267 bales, against 1,321,099 last year, and 1,710,711 the year before

The arrivals of Flour within the last ten or fifteen days have fallen off considerably. The stock in store of all kinds including but little Southern, is variously estimated at 50 to 70,000 barrels. During the month of June, the quantity inspected was about 150,000 barrels.—*Sylvester's Reporter.*

A volume of "Poems written in Newfoundland," by Henrietta Prescott, the accomplished daughter of the Governor of that Island, has just issued from the London press. From the specimens we have seen, they exhibit in the fair authoress talents of no common order.

ST. AUGUSTINE, June 13.—From Tallahassee, 21st ult., we learn that the militia in that neighborhood had caught two Indians, aided by blood-hounds. It is supposed that the hounds have not had a fair trial, as on this occasion they realized every anticipation as to their keenness of scent, and faithfulness in following it up.

On Sunday last the passengers, Messrs. Lyne and Germon, with the mail for Jacksonville, were chased near Anger's by Indians. The pursuit continued upwards of three miles—the horse of the private conveyance shortly after died.

PROBABLE PIRACY.—We have translated from the *Diario de la Habana*, of the 23d of June, received by the brig Lancet, at this port, the following article. A passenger, who politely favored us with the above paper, states that the Capt. and crew of the brig mentioned below, had arrived at Matanzas, having been taken off by a coasting schooner, with some materials belonging to the brig, and that she had been sold at Matanzas, on the Reef as she stood, for $4 25c. The suspicions of the British officers, as mentioned below, that this was a case of piracy, where therefore incorrect.—[*Charleston Patriot.*

HAVANA, June 23.—The American brig Montevideo, belonging to Belfast, Maine, under the command of an officer of H. B. M. sloop of war Pickle, with a crew of seven men, and a cargo of molasses and fustic, arrived at this port yesterday. The said officers report, that cruising on the 13th instant, at the mouth of the old Bahama Channel, they found,

ashore at Key Guincho the above name[illegible] nothing but cargo on board, the cabin ransacked, and a boring being comm[illegible] starboard side of the vessel. Upon re[illegible] the Key, there was discovered a fire, [illegible] papers, that gave information of the na[illegible] the brig, she being from Neuvitas, bo[illegible] York, which caused the officer to sus[illegible] brig must have been taken by pirates, a[illegible] had made their escape as soon as the [illegible] the vessel of war, as they found no li[illegible] board the brig, or on the Key.

POST OFFICE,
July [illegible]

Mails, will, in future, be made up [illegible] upon the arrival of the steamers from [illegible] The postage must be paid upon Lett[illegible] this office for transmission.

To Correspondents.—John Gape's Co[illegible] No. 8, has been received, but came [illegible] insertion in to-day's Journal.

MARRIED

In this city, on the 13th inst by t[illegible] Birkmyre, of Fredericton, Mr. Thom[illegible] Clapperton, to Eliza Wilson Tait.

At Musquash, on Wednesday the 8t[illegible] Rev. A. M'Lean, Mr. Robert Low, to [illegible] est daughter of Mr. A. M'Lauchlan.

At Fredericton, on the 1st inst. by [illegible] Shepherd, Mr. James C. Watson, t[illegible] third daughter of Mr John Stevens, of [illegible]

At Halifax on the 13th instant, by t[illegible] Storrs, Mr. Richard Percival Robins[illegible] Amelia, second daughter of Garret M[illegible] Quarter Master of the 23d Royal Wel[illegible]

At Halifax on the 10th, by the Re[illegible] well, Mr. George E. Appleby, of St. [illegible] to Miss Caroline Norris, of that place.

DIED

On Wednesday morning, after a s[illegible] Mr. William Owen, in the 54th year o[illegible]

In this city, on Tuesday the 14th ins[illegible] weeks and 4 days, the infant son of M[illegible] Sewell.

On Friday last, 10th inst. in the Pa[illegible] land, after a long and painful illness w[illegible] with Christian fortitude and resignation [illegible] Van Horne, aged 48 years.

Suddenly after a few days illness, a[illegible] (Maine,) Rev. Edwin W. Garrison, A. [illegible] of this City, aged 36 years. Deeply a[illegible] ly regretted by his relatives and frie[illegible] people of his charge. Having been f[illegible] years a successful and faithful minist[illegible] His end was peace.

At his residence in Kingsclear, on [illegible] 6th inst. after a long and painful illnes[illegible] bore with christian fortitude and resig[illegible] Edward Wheeler, Sen., aged 70 year[illegible] widow and nine children, with a num[illegible] of relations and friends to lament the [illegible] W. was one of the first settlers of th[illegible] and was universally esteemed for his h[illegible] benevol

ashore at Key Guincho the above named brig, with nothing but cargo on board, the cabin having been ransacked, and a boring being commenced on the starboard side of the vessel. Upon reconnoitering the Key, there was discovered a fire, and a box of papers, that gave information of the name, &c., of the brig, she being from Neuvitas, bound to New York, which caused the officer to suspect that the brig must have been taken by pirates, and that they had made their escape as soon as they perceived the vessel of war, as they found no living soul on board the brig, or on the Key.

POST OFFICE, HALIFAX,
July 8, 1840.

Mails, will, in future, be made up immediately upon the arrival of the steamers from Liverpool.—The postage must be paid upon Letters put into this office for transmission.

To Correspondents.—John Gape's Commentaries, No. 8., has been received, but came too late for insertion in to day's Journal.

MARRIED

In this city, on the 13th inst by the Rev. Dr. Kirkmyre, of Fredericton, Mr. Thomas Douglas Clapperton, to Eliza Wilson Tait.

At Musquash, on Wednesday the 8th inst. by the Rev. A. M'Leod, Mr. Robert Low, to Ellen youngest daughter of Mr. A. M'Lauchlan.

At Fredericton, on the 1st inst. by the Rev. R. Shepherd, Mr. James C. Watson, to Eley Ann, third daughter of Mr John Stevens, of that place.

At Halifax on the 13th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Storrs, Mr. Richard Percival Robinson, to Miss Amelia, second daughter of Garret Moore, Esq., Quarter Master of the 23d Royal Welsh Fusileers.

At Halifax on the 10th, by the Rev. W. Cogswell, Mr. George E. Appleby, of St. John, N. B., to Miss Caroline Norris, of that place.

DIED

On Wednesday morning, after a short illness, Mr. William Owen, in the 54th year of his age.

In this city, on Tuesday the 14th instant, aged 3 weeks and 4 days, the infant son of Mr. Henry W. Sewell.

On Friday last, 10th inst. in the Parish of Portland, after a long and painful illness which he bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Mr. James Van Horne, aged 48 years.

Suddenly after a few days illness, at Sedgwick, (Maine,) Rev. Edwin W. Garrison, A. M. formerly of this City, aged 36 years. Deeply and deservedly regretted by his relatives and friends, and the people of his charge. Having been for number of years a successful and faithful minister of Christ. His end was peace.

At his residence in Kingsclear, on Monday the 6th inst. after a long and painful illness, which he bore with christian fortitude and resignation, Mr. Edward Wheeler, Sen., aged 70 years, leaving a widow and nine children, with a numerous circle of relations and friends to lament their loss. Mr. W. was one of the first settlers of this Province, and was universally esteemed for his hospitable and benevolent qualities.

At Halifax, on Sunday last, of Typhus Fever, contracted in the discharge of his public duty, the Honourable Dr. William B. Almon, in the 53d year of his age.—For 30 years he was extensively engaged as a medical practitioner of this town.—His life was distinguished by active benevolence and the conscientious discharge of the obligations both public and private that rested on him; its sudden close is accompanied by the sincere regret of all who knew his worth or experienced his kindness, and has spread a deep gloom over a large portion of the community.

At Annapolis, near Bridgetown, on the 2d inst. Weston Hicks, Esq. in the 80th year of his age.

At Quebec, on the 30th ult. Margaret Davis, wife of Mr. V. Mazzocchi, Musician, of that city, daughter of Mr. J. Davis, of Limerick, Ireland, 29 years.

At Hamilton, Upper Canada, on the 21st ultimo, Margaret Dorothea, daughter of Assistant Commissary General Clarke, in the 21st year of her age.

At Bath, the celebrated linguist, Mr. Thomas Manning, of Orange-grove, Dartford. He accompanied Lord Amherst's embassy to China, and was considered the best Siamese scholar in Europe. Dr. Morrison and Mr. St. Julien being his only rivals.

On the 21st May, at Leamington Spa, where he was residing for the benefit of his health, Major General A. Macdonald of the Royal Artillery. The late Major General had seen much service, and was in the battle of Waterloo. He was a Companion of the Bath and a Knight of the Russian Order of St. Anne.

MONTREAL, July 8th.—Dr. James Priestly committed suicide on the 23d ultimo, by cutting his throat with a razor, at the inn of Charles Goin, in the Township of Percy.—(*Herald.*)

SHIPPING LIST.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN, Arrived, 10th—Barque Margaret Rait, Coffin, from a Whaling Voyage, with 2320 barrels of oil and 22,000 lbs. bone, to Charles C. Stewart—shipped 900 brls. oil and 7000 lbs. bone to London in March, 1839—has been absent 23 months.—Heard from the James Stewart, and Royal William, of this port, in Feb. last—the former with 900 barrels, 100 sperm, and the latter with 600 barrels, 100 sperm. Jan. 15, spoke Ninus, Ludlow of Lynn, out 10 months, with 1100 barrels whale oil; 234, Fanue, of Havre, 11 mos. 2000 brls.; 24th, Anna Maria Middleton, New London, 600 brls.; Feb. 7th, Hoogly, Luce, Warren, 27 mos. 1100 wh. sp.; March 4th Parachute, Eastham, New Bedford, 18 mos. 2300 brls.; 6th, Superior, M'Lain, New London, 2500 brls.; 9th, John Adams, Coleman, Nantucket, 28 mos. 500 sp. 600 wh.; 14th, General Williams, Holdridge, New London, 2000 wh. 300 sp.; 19th, Factor, Hawes, Poughkeepsie, 9 mos. 2300 wh.; May 6th, lat. 39, long. 44, Vineyard, Tilton, of Edgarton, homeward bound, 44 mos. 2200 sp.; June 21st, lat. 27 20, long. 53 20, schr. Charles, Rich, 22 days from Bangor for Guadeloupe.

13th—Brigantine Mercator, Smith, New York,—ass'd cargo; Halcyon, Crosby, Nassau,—J. T. Handford, ass'd cargo; New Ship Delia, Layton, Moose River, ballast; Schr. Ion, Hammond, Halifax, assorted cargo; Harp, Johnston, Philadelphia, 14—J. & T. Robinson, flour; Wasp, Porter, Philadelphia, 7—Pickup & Sweet, flour.

14th—Steamer North America, Brown, Boston—J. Whitney & Co. passengers, &c.

16th, sch. William Wallace, Doane, Philadelphia, flour &c.

17th, Teaser, Greenlaw, New York, 4. Sandall & Thomas, flour; Emily, Hilton, Halifax earthenware.

CLEARED,

Ship Branches, Petrie, Cork, deals, &c.—William Doherty, Jun.; Helen Mar, Bryson, Liverpool, timber & deals—John Walker; Abeona, Boddie, London, timber—M'Pherson & Coy; Wakefield, Young, Liverpool, timber and deals; Argyle, Tabor, Liverpool, timber and deals—James Kirk; Hannah Kerr, Sinnott, Liverpool, timber—J. Lockwood & Co.

Brig Admiral Lake, Murdock, Dublin, deals—G. D. Robinson & Co.; Wanderer, Dixon, Dundalk, deals—William Carvill; Maria, Doran, Letterkenny, timber and deals—G. D. Robinson & Co. P. I. Nevins, Williams, Baltimore, plaster.

Schr. Sisters, Marsters, Halifax, lumber—Thomas Raymond; Eleanor Jane, Fields, Boston, chalk—J. & T. Robinson; Margaret Traynor, Wood, Philadelphia, salt—John W. Smith; Actress, Winchester, Philadelphia, salt & grinestones; Prudent, Brillingly, Halifax & Quebec, molasses, pork, &c.

Ship Henry, Capt. Larid, 619 tons, of Glasgow, from Savannah bound to Dalhousie, NB. went on shore near Torbay, on Wednesday night, 30th ult. in a fog—was at the time under reefed topsails—crew and materials will be saved.

Boston, June 30.—British brig Isabel, of St. John, which had been condemned as unworthy of repairs, on the 12th inst., was to leave Key West soon for Cuba. The Court pronounced in opinion that the brig was voluntarily and fraudulently cast away by her master, Thomas Hamilton.

Steamer Unicorn.—The Unicorn left Quebec, on Friday, 3rd July at midnight, anchored at Kamouraska at 7 o'clock, a. m. 4th July's, left Kamouraska, at half-past 1 p m. and proceeded 25 miles up the Saguenay River; left Saguenay at 8 p m. 4th July, and anchored at New Carlisle, Bay Chaleur, at 4 a m 6th July; left New Carlisle at 11 a m. and arrived at Charlotte Town P E I, at half-past 7 a m 7th July; left Charlotte Town at quarter past 4 a m. and arrived off Jedore at 3 a. m. 9th July.

Nassau, N. P. May 2.—The boat of Her Majesty's brig Rover, was fired upon by several small crafts at anchor in the Isle of Pines, off Cuba, by which outrage, one officer and several seamen were severely wounded. The Rover not being able to near the shore, and there being but one boat, the depredators have for the present escaped—they are strongly suspected to be pirates.

HAVANNA CIGARS.—10,000 very superior Havanna CIGARS, just received and for sale by
July 17. JAMES MALCOLM.

The Subscriber

Offers for sale the entire cargo of the brig *Halcyon*, Capt. Crosby, from Nassau, consisting of

15 TONS LIGNUMVITÆ, of superior quality; 5 tons Brazilletto; 2000 feet Satin Wood; 30 M. Havana Segars; several large Chain Cables and Anchors; a Patent Windlass; with lots of Rigging, Old Iron, Lead and Copper, saddlery, Types, &c.
July 17. J. T. HANFORD.

HIDES.—A small parcel of heavy Pernambuco HIDES; for sale by
July 17. CROOKSHANK & WALKER

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his STORE and WHARF in Water street—one of the most valuable Properties for an extensive Mercantile business in the City. The store is 30 by 67 feet—four stories, and the wharf 300 feet by 30 feet, built of square Pine and Birch Timber. It has a front on Peters' Wharf, as well as on Water street, with the advantages of Johnston's slip, admitting the largest class of ships,—is now under rent for two years at £450 per annum; leaving a net rent to the Proprietor of £350 per annum. The terms of payment will be made accommodating—say one, two and three years. If the above property is not disposed of by private sale previous to Saturday the 1st of August next, it will on that day be offered at Public Auction.—For further information respecting the Property and terms of sale, apply to
July 17. T. L. NICHOLSON.

FOUND a short time since, a sum of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying the expence, on application to
July 17. T. COLLINS.

Deals Wanted.

THE Subscribers require about 200 M feet SPRUCE DEALS, half of which must be bright, the remainder may be rafted.
July 17. RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.

Valuable Building Lots.

TO LET, for a term of years—a large and valuable Building LOT in a most central situation, in Lower Cove, being 105 feet on Carmarthen street, and 40 feet on Queen street. It would be divided into three Lots of 35 by 40 feet each, if required.—For further particulars apply at the *Hibernian Hotel.* JAMES NETHERY.
10th July.

Flour, Beef, Pork and Butter.

By the schooner *Prudent*, Capt. Billingsby, from Quebec, the subscriber has just received:

370 BBLS. fresh inspected fine FLOUR. 66 barrels Prime, and 17 barrels Cargo BEEF; 34 barrels Prime Mess Pork; 87 Kegs Butter; which will be sold low while landing.
July 10. JAMES T. HANFORD.

TAR and PITCH.—77 barrels Tar; 10 ditto Pitch,—for sale low by
July 10. RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.

Oysters.

JUST received, and only 3 days from the beds, a supply of Shediac Oysters, which may be had by the barrel, bushel, peck, or otherwise, on immediate application at the *Hibernian Hotel.*
July 10. JAMES NETHERY.

1st July, 1840.

Received per *Branches, British America*, and other recent arrivals:

300 BOLTS CANVASS—bleach Nos. 1 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7;
15 Chains, close linked, from ¼ to ½ inch;
17 Chain Cables, from 9-16 to 1½ inch, from 45 fathoms to 105 fathoms;
50 ANCHORS, from 1 cwt. to 21 cwt. with Iron and Wood stocks;
4 Second Hand Chain Cables, from 1 inch to 1⅛ inches;
2 Tons Bar Sheet Lead; 20 boxes IC TIN;
60 Hogsheads EARTHENWARE, assorted;
100 Kegs coarse POWDER;
90 Boxes Pipes, containing about 8 gross each;
25 Bags Wine, Phial, and Bung Corks;
20 Tons COPPAGE, including all sizes from 7½ in. Shrouding to 6 inch Ratline;
2 Tons Spunyarn, 2 and 3 yarn;
1 Ton Marline, Houseline, and Hamberline.

ALSO, IN STORE—
32 Puncheons Jamaica SPIRITS, high proof and superior flavour;
300 Boxes Holland Geneva, 1 doz. ea. (fine flavor)
80 Bbls. Cargo BEEF; 20 bbls. PORK;
200 Bbls. Calcined Plaister;
60 Bbls. Rye FLOUR, Corn Meal and Middlings Flour;
3 Chests INDIGO, very superior quality;
200 Pieces Grey and White Cottons;
50 Bbls. ROMAN CEMENT;
All of which will be sold on reasonable terms.
JOHN ROBERTSON,
City Bank Building.

Auction & Commission Merchant.

W. D. W. HUBBARD, begs leave to notify the Public that he is prepared to transact any business that may be offered him, as Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, and solicits from his friends a share of patronage in that line.—Office at present in Prince William street, over the store of Mr. E. L. Thorne.

N. B.—All persons indebted to him are requested to liquidate their accounts immediately, he being desirous of finally settling his former business as soon as possible. 10th July, 1840.

Pig Iron, Pork, & Chains.

THE subscriber is now landing ex *Odessa* and *James Lewis*—100 tons No. 1 Scotch Pig Iron; 50 barrels Irish Pork: 4 tons Chains, assorted, 3-8 7-16 and 1-2 inch; 1 case coloured Threads.
19th June. WILLIAM CARVILL.

IRON AND COALS.

The subscriber is now landing ex *Wanderer*, Dixon, Master:

7093 BARS and 390 bundles common and refined Iron, assorted, as follows:—Round, from ¼ to 3 inches; Square, from ¼ to 5 inches; Flat, from 1 inch to 4 by ⅓; Do. 1 to 5 by ⅜; Do. 1¼ to 4 by ½; Do. 2 to 4 by ⅝; Do. 2½ to 4 by ¾; Do. 3 to 4 by ⅞; Do. 3 to 4 by 1.
30 Tons Coals—Which will be sold low while landing, to save storage.
July 3. WILLIAM CARVILL.

Cordage & Fishing Lines.

Just received, and for sale by the subscriber—AN invoice of staple Cordage, from 12 thread Ratline to 2½ inches; 1 bale Fishing Lines, assorted. For sale very low by
JOHN V. THURGAR.
July 3. *Corner Duke & Water streets.*

A new and valuable article called "American labor saving Soap."

THE subscriber has lately received from New York, a few Boxes of the above article, which he will sell at 12s. 6d. per box of 25lbs. each.—Printed directions accompany each box. Cash only.
19th June. S. K. FOSTER.

AUCTION SALES.

Valuable WATER LOTS,
BY AUCTION.

ON Thursday the 23d instant, at 12 o'clock, will be sold by the Subscriber, in Carleton, the following valuable WATER LOTS, under Lease from the Corporation:—

Block F.—16 Lots of 50 by 100 feet each; having 30 feet on each front, for Wharves, and a slip on each front of 100 feet wide, forming an area (including the wharves,) of 260 by 430 feet.

Block E.—Immediately adjoining the above, 8 lots of 50 by 100 feet each, with the same allowance for Wharves and Slips as Block F, with a fifty feet cross street between the Block—forming an area (including the wharves) of 250 by 260 feet.

The above Property will be sold subject to the conditions of the Corporation Leases. Should the whole of either of the above Blocks be purchased by one individual, an assignment of the original Lease will be made to the party so purchasing.—The annual rents, conditions of Lease, and terms of sale, will be given in Bills previous to the day of sale.

ALSO,—Immediately after the above, will be offered for sale on the premises, several valuable BUILDING LOTS, situated on Queen's square, Carleton. T. L. NICHOLSON.
17th July. [Courier.]

Theatre Royal.

Last Night of the Engagement of the celebrated Danseuse Madame Lecompte, and her talented Company.

This Evening, (Friday,) will be performed the popular piece of

FORTUNE'S FROLIC.

After which (first time in this city,) a new Ballet Pantomime in 2 Acts entitled

ELIZA and COLIN,
Or the Wise Outwitted.

Pas de Deux d' Action, by Madam Lecompte and Mons. Martin.

Grand Ensemble, by Madame Lacomte, M'lle Pauline Desjardins, Mad. Martin, Mons. Kniffer.

To conclude with a new

DIVERTISEMENT.

Grand Pas Militaire, [from Rossini's Wm. Tell,] by M'lle Pauline Desjardins and mons Kniffer.

On *Monday* Evening, madame Lecompte's Benefit and last appearance of her Talented Company.
July 17.

Rye Flour, Crockery, &c.

150 BBLS. RYE FLOUR; 15 Crates assorted Crockery, 1 case INDIGO.
150 Bbls. Pickled HERRINGS;
50 Bushels CORN; 50 do. Wheat;
30 Dozen Cod Lines; 60 boxes best muscatel Raisins; 3,000 lb. 8x10 GLASS;
Putty, Paint and Oil;
1000 Lbs. Smoked HAMS; 20 bags and kegs NAILS, assorted; 10 bbls. Navy Bread;
1 Basket Spanish Annatto; Cotton Warps;
Grey Cottons, Broad Cloths, Prints and Shirting Cottons, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Tobacco; together with a very general assortment of Goods, suitable for the country.
G. M. BURNS,
June 26.—3t. *South Market Wharf.*

Seminary for Young Ladies.

Mrs. Weisbecker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of Saint John, that she has opened a SEMINARY for Young Ladies, in Mr. Holman's house, Duke street. Mrs. W. begs leave to say that she was educated for the profession of a Teacher, by the most qualified parents, under the superintendance of her father, who was an eminent Classical and Mathematical Scholar, and that she, and her sister, for a long period, conducted a Boarding School for Young Ladies, in Limerick. Should Mrs. W. be honored with the confidence of the public, she trusts that her exertions will meet the same approbation and success here, that always attended them in her native city.

The course of Education will comprise the following Branches:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar and Composition, History, Geography, the Use of the Globes, French, Italian, Drawing, &c.

The Musical department will be conducted by Mr. Weisbecker. June 26.—4w

REMOVAL.

W. NETHERY respectfully begs to acquaint the gentlemen of this City that he has removed his Establishment to that stand in the *Albion House*, Church street, recently kept by Mr. Reagan. It is newly fitted up, and he can promise those who will favour him with a call, good accommodations and genuine Liquors.

Lunch, Lobsters, and all the luxuries of the season always on hand.

☞ Those gentlemen whose names he has in his books, will confer a favour by calling and having them erased. June 12. 2m.

Iron, Paints & Oil, &c.

E. L. JARVIS & CO. have received by recent arrivals from London, Liverpool and Hull:

1000 KEGS Nos. 1 and 2 WHITE LEAD; 400 Kegs Green, Yellow, Black, Red, Blue, and Brown PAINTS;
30 Hogsheads Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL,
3 Tons PUTTY, in bladders,
30 Casks PIPE CLAY and Paris WHITING,
60 Tons Banks' best and common IRON.

ON HAND:
A very general assortment of IRONMONGERY, and further supplies daily expected.
Brick Store, South Market Wharf,
8th May, 1840.

Spring supply of Hats.

W. G. LAWTON, has received per *British Queen*, from London, 1000 Gents. Beaver, and 500 Gossamer Hats, of the latest fashions, which he offers for sale at the lowest market prices. May 22.

GENERAL
Printing Establishment,

Smith's Brick Building, South side of the Market Square.

THE Subscriber having imported several fonts of new Type, together with Printing Press and other materials, begs to inform his friends and the Public, that he is now prepared to execute every description of Printing.
June 26. ROBERT SHIVES.

TO LET—*And possession given immediately:*—

THAT very desirable Dwelling House and Premises fronting on St. James' street, recently owned and occupied by Mr. Gould. Apply to E. DEW. Ratchford, or
26th June. J. T. HANFORD.

JOSEPH SUMMERS & CO.

BEG to announce they have on hand, a good assortment of watered and figured Moreens; handsome Chintz Furniture Prints; Lining's, fringes, Gimp Trimming, Orris Laces; superior 4-4 scotch Carpeting; Venetian Stair ditto; Hearth Rugs—all Brussels patterns); 8-4 and 10-4 Linen ditto; Window Blind Cotton; Birdeye and Huckaback Towelling, damask Table Linen & Napkins.

Extra superfine West of England Black, Blue & Invisible CLOTHS; double mill'd Devon Kerseys; Carpet, Hearth, & Hair Brooms; bannister, scrubbing, stove, cloth and hair Brushes; Black Lead, &c. &c. &c.
Market Square, April 3, 1840.

BRITISH & NORTH AMERICAN
Royal Mail Steam Ships,
Of 1200 tons and 440 horse power.

BRITANNIA, - Captain ROBERT EWING.
ACADIA, - " ROBERT MILLER.
CALEDONIA, - " RICH'D. CUNARD.
COLUMBIA, - " HENRY WOODRUFF

For Liverpool, G. B.

THE BRITANNIA, the first ship of this Line, commanded by Captain Robert Ewing, will leave Halifax for Liverpool, G. B. on Saturday the 1st August.

The Britannia was to leave Liverpool for Halifax and Boston on the 2d July, and is expected to arrive at Halifax on the 14th instant. She will proceed immediately for BOSTON.

These ships will carry experienced Surgeons; and their accommodations are not surpassed by any of the Atlantic Steam Ships.

The Unicorn,

Captain WALTER DOUGLAS, will leave Halifax for Quebec, on the arrival of the Britannia from Liverpool.—Passengers for any of the above named places will please to make early application to
S. CUNARD & CO.
Halifax, 1st July, 1840.

Bank of British North America.

THE Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend of fifteen shillings sterling per share, will become payable on the shares registered in the Colonies on and after the 3d day of August next, during the usual hours of business, at the several Branch Banks as announced by circular to the respective parties.

The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be paid at the rate of Exchange current on the 3d day of August, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

The Books will be closed preparatory to the Dividend on the 19th day of July, between which time and the 3d day of August, no transfers of shares can take place. *By order of the Board.*
G. B. ATTWOOD, *Sec'y.*
London, 3d June, 1840.

Board and Lodging.

FOUR or Five Gentlemen can be accommodated with *Board and Lodging*, in that large and commodious Brick Building, in Germain street, owned by Noah Disbrow, Esq., which has recently undergone repairs. Every attention will be paid to those who may honour the Establishment with their custom to make it a desirable residence.
June 26. THOS. GARD.

Wheat, Pork, Flour, &c.

Ex brig "Comet," Goodwin, Master, from New-Orleans:

2386 BAGS, 31 Bbls. } Prime Wheat;
936 Bags, 33 Bbls. CORN; 254 Bags OATS;
1000 Barrels superfine FLOUR;
23 Barrels Clear,
95 Do. Mess,
160 Do. Prime Mess } PORK;
20 Do. Cargo,
20 Kegs LARD,—*For Sale cheaply*
June 26.—4t JAMES KIRK.

Received,

Per schr. "Mary Wetherall" from Quebec, and for sale by the Subscribers.

69 BBLS. Prime PORK; 10 Barrels prime Mess Pork:
40 Barrels Prime BEEF; 10 do. do. Mess do.
WILLARD, BUCHANAN & CO.
June 5, 1840.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS OF
NEW GOODS.
12th June, 1840.

THE subscriber has just received and now ready for inspection, a very extensive and varied assortment of

Turc and Bristol Satins and SATINETS,
Plain and figured DUCAPES and GRO DE NAPS;
Plain and figured Irish and English TABINETS;
SATINS, in every style and colour with Ribbons to match;
Plain and Printed Challi and Orleans CLOTHS;
New style of Muslin de Laine and Saxony Cloths;

SHAWLS,

of the newest & most fashionable designs.
450 Pieces RIBBONS of the newest styles;
500 PARASOLS, from 2s. upwards.
Cash only.
WILLIAM DOHERTY, JUN.

REMOVAL.

The Subscriber having removed his Watch, Clock and Jewellery establishment, to his new stand in that House lately occupied by Mrs. HENDRICKS, corner of King and Cross streets, begs to call the attention of his Friends and the Public in general to his new and varied assortment of

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery,
Silver Plate, &c.

just received per ships *Eagle, Mearns*, and *British Queen*, from London, Liverpool, and Greenock,

CONSISTING OF—

LADIES' and Gents. Patent Lever and Lepine WATCHES, in gold and silver cases, capp'd and jewell'd; Vertical ditto in ditto; Plain Vertical ditto; A large collection of Eight Day and spring CLOCKS, suitable for offices and halls; Ladies' and Gents. solid fine Gold and Gold plated Stone and Pearl set Finger RINGS; plain ditto; Fancy gold Snaps; Camyo and other Brooches, set in fine gold, Gold Lockets and Vinegaretts; Gents. bosom chain Pins; solid gold and gold plated SEALS & KEYS; fine gold top and drop, fancy and plain Earrings; Filagree ditto; silver plated Bread Trays; Cake Dishes; Cruet stands with 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 cut glass bottles; Cream Ewers, richly gilt inside; Egg stands; cups and spoons to match; Candlesticks, Snuffer Trays and Snuffers; sterling silver Table, Dessert, Tea, Salt and Mustard SPOONS; Sugar Tongs; Tweezers, Tooth Picks, fine silver and silver plated Pencil Cases; solid and plated Gold and silver Watch Guards; Thimbles, Fob chains, German silver Chains in variety, Pickle Forks, Butter Knives, sterling silver Snuff Boxes, wood do.; 4, 3 and 2 toned Music Boxes; Sextants; Quadrants, Compasses, Parallel Rulers, Day and Night Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Ladies' Tortoise shell and horn Card Cases.

And a variety of small but useful articles, which together with his former stock he offers for sale wholesale or retail, on reasonable terms for cash or approved paper.

JAMES AGNEW,
Watchmaker, &c.
Corner of King and Cross Streets.

FOR SALE, two superior Two Days' Ships' CHRONOMETERS on moderate terms.

J. A. begs further to state that he continues to repair and adjust ships' and pocket Chronometers, Watches and Clocks of every description; also, Astronomical and Philosophical Instruments, in the most correct manner and on reasonable terms.

Engraving on stone and metals done to order.
St. *John, May* 15, 1840.

SITUATION WANTED.—A Young Man who has had several years both in the West India and Dry Goods business, now wishes a situation—salary not much object. Please apply at the Chronicle Office. June 12.

No. 12, King-street.

SCYTHES, SICKLES, &c.

The subscribers have just received per ship WARD, Masters, from Liverpool:

5 BALES containing 50 dozen Griffin's real prime cast steel Scythes, from 40 to 48 inches;
1 cask containing 60 dozen Sickles, (ass. sizes.)
1 cask containing ship Scrapers, shoe Thread, &c
20 dozen Shovels.

In store—Received per late arrivals:
150 Boxes Mould Candles; 30 do. Dipt ditto,
200 Ditto Liverpool Soap; 12 cwt. black Pepper;
25 Ditto London Blue and White Starch;
20 Ditto Glazed and Figured Pipes,
2 Bales Bed cords; Bales Wrapping Paper,
20 cases *Taylor's* London Pale Ale;
40 cases and bbls. *Barclay & Co.'s* London Porter,
100 Whole, half, and quarter chests Gunpowder, Hyson, souchong and 'Chiton's' Teas;

With an extensive stock of Wines and Spirits, in bottle and on draught, wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or approved paper.
19th June. J. & J. ALEXANDER.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Begs leave to inform his friends, that he has received per ship Rebecca, Capt. Drake, from Liverpool—

AN assortment of Baskets, Sieves, &c. viz:—close, bottle, market, square and oval, covered and uncovered Ladies' fancy Reticule and fancy Work Baskets in great variety; Table Matts; hair and wire Sieves from 6 to 14 inches; hair gravy strainers, Butter Prints, moulds and slices; Iron Wire sieves for coal cinders; also a few Willow Cradles. All of which will be sold low for cash, with his valuable stock of Hardware, Cloths, Hats, &c. &c. E. C. WADDINGTON.
No. 1 Merritt's Brick Buildings, Water street.
29th May, 1840.

New-Brunswick House,
No. 1, King Street.

The subscriber has received ex ships *Brothers* and *Ward* from Liverpool, *British Queen* and *Neptune* from London, his spring supply of fancy and domestic DRY GOODS, as follows:

BLACK, blue, and medley super. Broad Cloths, Albert ribbed Trowser stuffs; Plain and ribbed Buckskins, Cassimeres and Tweeds: Plain and printed Moleskins, linen Drills and Bed Tick, Osnaburgs, Dowlas and Diaper, White and Grey Shirting, Regatta stripes and shirts, Checks and Homespuns, Fine and superfine Irish Linens, Damask Table cloths and covers, Printed calicoes and Muslins; book, jaconet, mull, and swiss mull Muslins: Mousseline de Laine and rich sewed Muslin Dresses, in variety; sewed and tambored lace and muslin Collars and Capes in great variety: silk, lace, kid and cotton Gloves, all sizes: blond & gimp Laces and Quillings, Ribbons in great variety; Plain and figured Gro de Naps; plain, printed and figured Saxonies; plain and figured Merinos; a superior selection of crape, Thibet-wool, filled centre and Indiana SHAWLS and HANDKERCHIEFS; Coronation silk Velvet; Brighton and Lama ditto, worsted and cotton Velvet, white and red Flannels, Blankets and Baizes.

1000 Pairs Ladies' and children's prunella Boots and Shoes; 50 dozen Ladies' Tuscan, Rutland, Rice, Doustable, Devon, Tissue, Berlin, and Palmetta BONNETS; Children's ditto ditto; 20 cases Gentlemen's black and drab Beaver and Gossamer HATS, as low as any in the city; plain and embossed silk and satin stocks; worsted, cotton, and India Rubber Braces; German silver and Britannia metal tea and table spoons; Cutlery and small wares, Trimmings, &c. &c &c.

The subscriber, in offering the above Goods to the Public, feels confident that from the quality, together with the low price he is now selling at, will ensure him a share of the public patronage which has been so liberally bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

☞ *CASH and CASH ONLY.*

No second price, nor Patterns cut.
JOHN JOHN. JOHN DOWDEN.

Paints, Anchors, Chains, &c.

Just received and for sale by the Subscriber:

6 CASKS Raw OIL; 60 tin cans Boil'd and Raw OIL, 2 to 5 gallons;
4 Tons No 1, London White LEAD;
1 " Hull do.
½ " Black Paint; ½ do. Yellow;
1 " Putty, in bladders, 7, 14, and 21 lbs.
1500 fathoms short linked CHAIN, (proved) from from ⅝ in. to 1¼ inch.
30 Kedge Anchors, from 3-4 to 5 cwt.
2 Dozen timber Crow Bars;
2 " Gin Wheels, assorted sizes;
8 " Ship's Scrapers, 8 do. ships Mops with handles, 12 doz. Log Glasses, 14 & 28 sec.
1 " 1-2 Hour Glasses; 1 do. 1 Hour;
4 " Log Slates, 4 do. patent Binnacle Lamps;
18 " ground Paint Brushes, assorted sizes;
12 " long handled Tar Brushes;
10 " Signal Lanthorns, ass. sizes, 10 do Cooks do.
138 Coils Marline, Houseline and Ratline,
2 Dozen water laid deep sea Lines,
8 " " Hand Lines,
10 " Log Lines; 20 do. Roping & sail Twine,
10 " 18 th. Codline; 1 Ton Oakum.
St. John, 12th June. W. ROBERTSON.

The Undersigned

Has received by various recent importations,

60 HHDS. BRANDY; 50 do. Geneva,
50 Puncheons RUM,
36 Hhds. Edinburgh Ale & London Brown stout,
12 Puncheons superior Malt Whiskey,
2 Ditto fine Cambleton Ditto,
20 Casks, 3 dozen each, Edinburgh Ale,
150 Do. 4 doz. ea. London Pale Ale and Br. stout,
1 Puncheon very choice Old Rum,
16 butts, 17 hhds. 16 quarter casks Brown and Pale sherry Wine,
Hhds. rich and dry Lisbon and Bucellas,
13 Pipes, 6 hhds. 4 qr. casks. Port Wine,
Cases Hermitage, Burgundy, Claret & Champagne,
100 Fine Westphalia Hams,
Cases fine Loaf Chedder Cheese,
100 Boxes London and Liverpool Soap,
120 Boxes London tallow and sperm Candles,
30 Hhds. fine bright Porto Rico Sugar,
15 Hhds. double and single refined Loaf sugar,

Which with his previous extensive and always increasing stock of Bottled WINES, comprising over 2000 dozens of Port, Madeira, sherry, Teneriffe, Hock, Claret, sauterne, Bucellas, and a choice selection of Old pale and colored Brandy, Geneva, Rum, Whiskey, Arrack, &c. &c. and about one hundred packages Clifton's green and black TEAS, are offered for sale at his Warehouse and cellars in *St. John street*, and at his Branch establishment in Fredericton, on usual terms.
29th May. W. H. STREET.

Geneva, Wines, &c.

Landing, per *British Queen*, from London, and *Integrity*, from Liverpool:

14 HHDS. GENEVA; 18 tons COPPAGE, assorted,
35 Pipes and hogsheads Madeira, (*Blackburn's.*)
Port and Sherry Wines,
17 Cases *Taylor & Co's* PALE ALE,
38 Cases and casks *Barclay's* BROWN STOUT,
50 boxes White and Blue Starch,
3 bags Pepper; 2 chests Indigo,
18 Tons refined IRON, ass'd; 200 bolts Canvass,
3 Bales containing Lead Lines, Log ditto, and Deep sea ditto, sail Twine and Roping ditto, Bed Cords, &c.
1 box containing Ensigns and Union Jacks,
88 Boxes Dipt Candles,
Which will be sold low by
May 1. ALEXANDERS, BARRY & CO.

Salmon, Shad, and Herring Twines.

Per ship Rebecca, from Liverpool, just received:

3 TIERCES containing Salmon, Shad, and Herring Twines.

Also, 50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles: 4 bales containing Carpeting, bleached Canvas, &c. For sale low by JOHN V. THURGAR.
29th May.

RUM.—Ex *Brothers*, from Jamaica, 20 Puncheons strong and fine flavoured RUM.

Per Volante and *Rapid* from Berbice: 60 Puns. and 8 hogsheads (Warehoused) Rum; just received and for sale by
June 5. RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.

New Toys and Perfumery

Per *Neptune*, from London:

78 DOZEN Alabaster and Wax Dolls, Fiddles; White and painted Carts and Waggons, Omnibus and Mail Coaches, white Leather and India Rubber Balls; Tops, Hoops, Marbles, Guns, Swords, Pistols & Watches; Views of Thames Tunnel, Panorama's, Houses and Bridges to build; Ladies Tortoiseshell, Trinket and Jewel Boxes; Glass Toys, &c. &c.

PERFUMERY.—Bear's Grease; Circassian Cream, Naples Soap, Riggs Shaving Soap; Almonds Shaving Paste, Rose Oil, Macassar Oil; Milk of Roses, Lavender and Essence of Lavender, Hair Powders and assorted Perfumes.

☞ Toys at Wholesale and Retail.
June 12. W. MAJOR.

New Landing,

EX *Ward*, from Liverpool:—160 Bags (1 cwt. each) fine Rose Nails, 4d to 20d; 30 casks (200 lbs. each) ditto ditto; 20 casks Horse and C's Nails; 5 bales Scythes; 1 ditto Sickles; 1 cask ships' scrapers; 1 ditto shoe Thread; 9 bundles Shovels; for sale low on application to
ALEXANDERS, BARRY & CO.
5th June. *Sands' Arcade.*

Very Cheap Room Paper.

THE Subscriber has just received per *Eleanor Jane*, from Boston—3,500 Pieces ROOM PAPER, from 10d. upwards; with 200 pieces BORDER, to match.
STEPHEN K. FOSTER.
☞ A large assortment of fine Paper hourly expected. *1st May.*

BEEF AND PORK.

86 BBLS. Mess, Prime Mess, and Prime BEEF; 75 barrels Prime Mess Pork; Just received by the subscriber in the schr. *Mary Wetherall*, from Quebec, and will be sold low from the wharf. JAMES T. HANFORD.
5th June.

POWDER! POWDER!

The subscriber offers for sale, hourly expected per *Neptune*, from London:

100 QUARTER Barrels Blasting Powder, 40 Half barrels ditto, 50 half ditto F ditto, 20 Quarter ditto FF ditto, 20 half ditto FF ditto, 20 half ditto HF ditto, 12 quarter ditto HF ditto, 8 quarter ditto Cannister ditto.

The above will be sold "to arrive."
May 29. JAMES MALCOLM.

Jamaica Spirits.

PER the Brig "*Brothers*," from Jamaica, and now landing at the wharf of N. Merritt, Esq., 50 Puncheons high proof Jamaica SPIRITS, will be sold low from the Quay.
JOHN V. THURGAR,
15th May. *corner of Duke and Water streets.*

Scales, Weights, Stoves, Grates, Griddles, Staves, &c.

The subscriber is now landing, ex *John Kerr*, from Greenock:

60 SCALE Weights, 56 lb. each, adjusted; 25 ditto ditto,

PILES, HAEMORRHOIDS.

NO CURE NO PAY!!

HAY'S LINIMENT.

NO FICTION.—This *extraordinary* chemical composition, the result of science and the invention of a celebrated medical man, the introducion of which to the public was invented with the solemnity of a death-bed bequest, has since gained a reputation unparalleled, fully sustaining the correctness of the lamented Dr. Gridley's last confession, that "he dared not die without giving to posterity the benefit of his knowledge on this subject," and he therefore bequeathed to his friend and attendant, Solomon Hays, the secret of his discovery.

It is now used in the principal hospitals, and the private practice in our country, first and most certainly for the cure of the *Piles*, and also so extensively and effectually as to baffle credulity, unless where its effects are witnessed. *Externally* in the following complaints:

For Dropsy—Creating extraordinary absorption at once.

All Swellings—Reducing them in a few hours.

Rheumatism—Acute or Chronic, giving quick ease.

Sore Throat—By cancers, ulcers or colds.

Croup, and Whooping Cough—Externally, and over the chest.

All Bruises, Sprains and Burns—Curing in a few hours.

Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sores.

Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the parts, has been surprising beyond conception.—The common remark of those who have used it in the *Piles*, is "I acts like a charm."

THE PILES.—The price is refunded to any person who will use a bottle of Hay's Liniment for the Piles, and return the empty bottle without being cured.—These are the positive orders of the proprietor to the Agents, and out of many thousands sold, not one has been unsuccessful.

We might insert certificates to any length, but prefer that those who sell the article; should exhibit the original to purchasers.

CAUTION.—None can be genuine without a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is my name, and also *that of the Agents*.

SOLOMON HAYS.

Headache, Sick or Nervous.

The extraordinary reputation that Dr. Spohn's remedy for this distressing complaint is every day gaining is certainly a matter of much astonishment. That so much suffering should have existed for ages without any discovery of an effectua preventive, or cure, is truly a subject of much regret, but Dr. S. now assures the public that such a remedy has been invented as will convince the most credulous.—The principles upon which it acts are simple and plain. It is an admitted fact that this complaint, whether called Sick Headache, or Nervous Headache, arises primarily from the stomach—those who think they have the Nervous Headache may rest assured that this organ, the stomach, is the first cause, that the system has become vitiated or debilitated, through the stomach, and that only through the same channel must they expect a restoration of the nature and healthy functions of the system. This object Dr. Spohn's remedy is eminently calculated to attain. The truth of this position cannot be controverted, and the sooner sufferers with the headache become convinced of it, the sooner will their sufferings end in restoration of health.—Dr. Spohn pledges his professional reputation on this fact.

BALDNESS.

A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR,

Is the grandest ornament belonging to the human frame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recoil at being uncovered, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintance; the remainder of such lives is consequently spent in retirement. In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking youth with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair. To avert all these unpleasant circumstances, OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA stops the hair from falling off on the first application, and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eyebrows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning gray, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm are shown by the proprietors.

DR. SCUDDER'S

GENUINE ACOUSTIC OIL.

For Deafness.

THIS never-failing remedy has been used many years with distinguished success, at the Eye and Ear Infirmary of Dr. Scudder, and confidently recommended as an extraordinary and wonderful remedy for either partial or complete deafness in all its stages.

By the timely use of this pungent Oil, many who have been completely deaf have been restored to perfect hearing after using from three to ten flasks. This may appear strange, but it is nevertheless true. The Acoustic Oil is not presented to the public as a nostrum, but as the prescription of one who has turned his attention exclusively to the Eye and Ear, and who pledges his professional reputation upon the success of this remedy.

Dr. Scudder has numerous certificates, but hesitates to publish them, as he considers them unnecessary to so truly valuable an article as the Acoustic Oil. Its immense sale is the fairest proof of the estimation in which it is held. It is presented as a public blessing, enabling the aged parent to mingle in conversation with his children, and to reply to their numerous questions with a facility from which he had previously been debarred by a distressing partial or complete deafness.

German Vegetable Horse Powder,

Composed of herbs and roots principally, and has been found by long experience to be highly useful for the cure of the various diseases to which horses and cattle are subject, viz. distemper, hidebound, drowsiness, loss of appetite, inward strains, yellow water, inflamation of the eyes, fatigue from hard exercise, &c. It carries off all gross humours, prevents horses from becoming stiff or foundering, purifies and cools the blood, &c.

Rev. Dr. Bartholomew's Pink Expectorant Syrup.

An agreeable cordial, and effective Remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness, Colds, Pains in the Breast, Influenza, Hard Breathing, and Difficult Expectoration.

Dr. Shubael Hewes'

Celebrated Rheumatic, Nerve, And Bone Liniment,

Applied morning and night, has cured hundreds. It gives relief in the swelling or the glands of the throat, and relieves the numbness and contractions of the limbs and will take swellings down, and inflammations out of the flesh, rheumatism, bruises and sprains.—It gives immediate relief; it strengthens weak limbs, and extends the cords when contracted.—A few drops on sheep's wool applied to the ear of deaf persons, will, by constant application, enable them to hear in two month's time.

West's Patent Chlorine Cosmetic and Pills, for the cure of the most inveterate Ring Worms, Salt Rheum, and all eruptions and disorders of the skin.

Eustace and Temple's invaluable Gonorrhœa Mixture, for the cure of the most obstinate chronic and common cases of Gonorrhœa in five days.

All the above Medicines for sale by Comstock & Co., New-York, and at the Circulating Library, Germain Street.

Jan. 4, 1839. A R. TRURO.

April 24, 1840.

W.G. LAWTON.

Has just received from *London* and *Liverpool*, a variety of fashionable GOODS suitable for the season, comprising the following articles:—

SILKS, SATINS, Bombazines, and CRAPES;
Orleans CLOTHS, Saxony and Victoria Twills;
Mousseline de-laines, Parasols and Umbrellas;
A great variety of Fancy HANDKERCHIEFS;
RIBBONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES and SHAWLS;
Netts, Laces, Edgings and QUILLINGS;
Tweeds, Buckskin and Broad CLOTHS;
Gents, plain and Fancy STOCKS;
Muslin Worked Trimmings and COLLARS;
A large assortment of Boots and Shoes, al warranted in good condition;
Printed Cottons and FURNITURES;
Grey, White and Striped SHIRTINGS;
Regatta Shirtings, Homespuns and Checks;
Plain and Fancy Moleskins, and Sattinetts;
A variety of fancy Trowser Stuffs and Vestings;
MUSLINS of all kinds, with a general assortment of small wares of every description; the whole of which are offered at the lowest market prices.
Expected from London daily, per *British Queen*.
Fifteen Hundred Gents. Beaver and Gossamer HATS.

To the Afflicted.

NOTWITHSTANDING the great powers the *Essence of Smoke* possesses in the preservation and smoking of Meat, Fish, &c. it has since its introduction into this Province, been found to possess other properties, which are of higher importance to the welfare of society, viz: its wonderful *Sanative* powers in the removal of *Inflammation*, allaying *Pain*, *arresting* the progress of *Fevers*, *Mortification* and *Cancers*; consequently useful in a variety of diseases.

Hundreds of respectable persons residing in St. John and in the country, can, and are ready to attest to its efficiency in the following diseases, from the effect it has had in removing their various complaints, viz: Rheumatism, Pain in the back, &c. Inflammations and swellings of every description; sprains, bruises, cramp, spasms, chilblains—Applied warm with the friction of the hand.

Chronic or acute inflammation of the Eyes; cutaneous eruptions; burns and scalds; ring-worm; scald head—Applied cold.

Cancer, gangrene, fever sores, ulcers—Applied warm.

Inflammation of the stomach, lungs, bowels, &c. consumption, asthma—A table spoonful taken three times a day in honey or treacle, gradually increasing the quantity if necessary.

Inflammatory and Putrid Fevers—take a wine glass full three times a day, sponging the body frequently with it. Inflammatory and Putrid sore throat—used frequently as a gargle. Foul breath—gargle the mouth, rinsing with pure water.—Tooth and face ache—put a drop in the tooth, and apply it externally.

The poor have not only found this medicine a cheap and efficacious remedy in the above complaints, but it is in daily use among the better classes of society.

Manufactured by the subscriber, at the *Chemical Works*, Hampton, and sold by Messrs. Thos. Walker & son, J. & J. Alexander, J. & J. Reed, Peters & Tilley, and G. Chadwick, St. John; James F. Gale, Fredericton; Thos. Sims, St. Andrews; G. Ruggles, St. Stephen; Saml. Fairweather, Belisle; G. Picket, Kingston; Mr. Roach, and Mr. Matheson, Sussex Vale. Jan. 3.

Circulating Library,

Germain street, next door South of the Post Office—

Subscribers	Terms, payable in advance
For 12 Months,	£1 0 0
" 6 Months,	0 12 6
" 3 Months,	0 7 0
" 1 Month,	0 3 0

Non-subscribers, 3d. per day for each Book.
Constantly on hand for sale: *Stationery, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, Playing Cards, &c.*
sept 25. A. R. TRURO.

SAINT JOHN

Soap & Candle Manufactory.

The Subscriber offers for sale cheap for Cash:

225 BOXES A. CANDLES, all sizes; 75 Boxes B. SOAP;

The above will be found on trial superior to any ever imported into this Province.

Also—To close Consignments—45 Barrels Irish Prime Mess PORK; 25 half bbls. Planters, do.
January 10. H. S. GAULT.

Commercial Bank Stock.

10 SHARES Wanted, payable in Cash on transfer.
March 20. MACKAY, BROTHERS & Co.

SHOE STORE.

Spring Supply of New and Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES.

THE subscriber has just received per ships *Columbus* from Liverpool, *Glasgow* from Glasgow, and *Eagle* from London, a full supply of new and Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES, comprising

Ladies' fancy colored and black Victoria, Adelaide and new side lace Prunella Boots, golosh'd, and of a variety of patterns; ditto 'Victoria,' 'Queen's,' 'Brighton,' Adelaide and Ulverston slippers—*All of which are of the Newest Fashions*; ditto Prunella, Russia kid and seal Walking shoes; ditto very low priced shoes and slippers of all kinds; Girls' black and colored Prunella boots; ditto Russia kid and seal skin boots; ditto Prunella, kid and seal slippers and Ties of all qualities.

Youths' stout Boots, Boottees and Buskins; Boys strong Leather Boots & shoes, of all kinds; Children's Boots and shoes of every color, description and quality that can be mentioned; Gentlemen's Pumps, shoes and slippers; Webb shoes of several qualities.

For sale Wholesale and Retail.
S. K. FOSTER.

☞ 60 very superior London made TRUNKS of all sizes for sale. 10th April. 1840.

KITCHEN, GARDEN, and FLOWER SEEDS, INDIAN CORN—*early kinds*, suitable for the climate of New-Brunswick; BULBOUS ROOTS, Double DAHLIAS, TUBEROSES, &c. &c., all of superior qualities, just received from New-York, and for sale at the *Circulating Library*, next door south of the Post Office, Germain street.
April 3. A. R. TRURO.

RUM.—Ex *Brothers*, from Jamaica—20 Puns. strong and fine flavored RUM,
Per *Volante* and *Rapid*, from Berbice, 60 Puns. 8 hhds. (Warehoused) ditto. Just received and for sale by RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.
22d May.

London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.

LANDING for the subscriber ex the brig Neptune, from London:—40 Casks each 3 dozen Barclay and Perkins *London BROWN STOUT and PALE ALE*, for sale low by
12th June. J. V. THURGAR.

Fishing Nets, Twines, Cordage, &c.

Per ships "Frederick," and "Elizabeth" from Liverpool:

4 CASKS containing Salmon, Shad, & Herring Twines, of very best quality;
20 Herring NETS, roped complete, shipped agreeably to order.
50 Coils CORDAGE and Ratline, assorted, from 6 thread to 2 inches.
April 3. J. V. THURGAR.

STORAGE TO LET.

THE Subscriber offers to take STORAGE at a very low rate, in the Store now occupied by him, it being a very safe place in case of fire.
May 8th. JOS. FAIRWEATHER.

JUST RECEIVED.—700 Pernambuco HIDES, (dry salted,) and 40 Firkins BUTTER.
May 29. CRANE & M'GRATH.

Lumber.

THE subscriber begs leave to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has taken the Lumber Yard formerly occupied by SOLOMON HERSEY, Esquire, situate near Portland Bridge, where he offers for sale a choice assortment of Pine and Spruce LUMBER, viz:

95,000 feet seasoned clear Pine BOARDS;
74,000 do. do. do. two inch PLANK;
114,000 do. do. Merchantable Pine Boards;
60,000 do. do. do. two inch Plank;
76,000 do. do. Spruce Boards;
15,000 do. 1½ inch Spruce FLOORING;
35,000 eighteen inch SHINGLES;
65,000 twenty-two inch shipping ditto;
11,000 feet superior seven inch SIDEING;
84,000 feet Pine and Spruce Scantling, ass'd.

ALSO,
Door and Sash stuffs constantly on hand.
ALEXANDER M'AVITY.
August 3, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers for sale the following GOODS, at his store 27, South Market Wharf:—

27 CHESTS Congo TEA; 8 do. souchong Tea; 40 barrels superfine FLOUR,
20 Bbls. Corn Meal, 30 do Watson's navy Bread,
65 " Irish Prime Mess PORK;
86 half do. Planters do.
250 Boxes Dipt Candles, all sizes;
300 Boxes SOAP—60 and 30lbs each;
15 Kegs superior Mustard.

The above together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, will be sold on reasonable terms for cash or approved paper.
October 4. H. S. GAULT.

Twenty Shillings Reward.

THE subscriber having obtained judgment against WILLIAM V. KELLY, for forty shillings and costs, in November, 1838, and the said Kelly having given bail to the Sheriff for the "Limits," the above reward of one pound will be given to any person giving information of his having been off the Limits for the last thirteen months, so that the demand may be collected of his bail.
JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER.
Dec. 27. 1839.

The Subscriber offers for sale:

200,000 Feet PINE BOARDS,

suitable for the West India Market; and 200,000 feet DEALS, which if not sold by the 20th instant, they will on that day be sold at Auction on Hazen's Wharf, York Point.
April 10. JOS. FAIRWEATHER.

Sugar, Seal Oil, &c. &c.

Just received, and for sale by the Subscribers—

30 HHDS. of good Bright SUGAR,
20 Bbls. Pale Seal Oil. (sup. article.)
100 Firkins and Tubs Prime Cumberland Butter,
10 Bbls. OATMEAL; 20 Kegs Tamarinds,
100 Bushels small White BEANS.
Jan. 3. CRANE & M'GRATH.

Valuable Land for sale.

20 ACRES Freehold Property in Carleton, immediately below the Fort; bounded on the South by the Sand Point Road; on the West by or near the Fort; on the North by a fence extending down to the City Line, and on the East by said City Line; the whole of which is fenced in by good cedar Poles. On the premises are a new House and Barn, and a large and valuable spring of Water, high enough to water all Carleton.—This Property extends down from the Fort to nearly half the distance from that to the Mill Pond.

Terms as may be agreed on.
MACKAY, BROTHERS & CO.
January 3, 1840.

Rum, Sugar, and Molasses.

PER brigs *Brothers*, from Jamaica, and *Jacinth*, from Porto Rico, landing for the subscriber: 50 Puncheons High Proof Jamaica Spirits; 30 hogsheads very superior Porto Rico Sugar; 20 Puncheons prime retailing Molasses. For sale by
JOHN V. THURGAR,
May 22. *Corner of Duke & Water streets.*

Bright Porto Rico Sugar.

TEN HHDS. of the above (selected from a large lot,) received per schooner *Fame*, lying at North Market Wharf, will be sold while landing.
RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.
15th May, 1840.

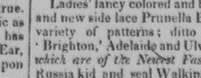
18 BOXES NARROW AXES, for sale by
JOHN ROBERTSON.
15th May.

NOTICE.

THE steamer NEW-BRUNSWICK, on the opening of the River, will leave Indian Town for Fredericton on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and return from Fredericton to Indian Town on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, leaving each place at 7, A. M.
ROBERT WYLIE, *Master.*
St John, March 20, 1840.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

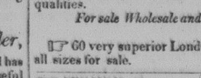
The Steamer Nova-Scotia,
THOMAS REED, *Master,*



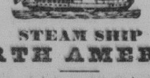
WILL, on and after Wednesday the 22d inst. run to Digby and Annapolis on *Wednesdays*, returning on *Thursdays*, and to Windsor on *Thursday evening*, as the tide may suit, and leave Windsor for Saint John the same tide she arrives; go to Eastport, Saint Andrews, and St. Stephens on *Monday*, returning on *Tuesdays*, touching, as usual, at St. Andrews and Eastport.

For further particulars, enquire of the Master on board, or at the Counting-Room of
April 17. E. BARLOW & SONS.

STEAM BOAT NOTICE.



THE MAID OF THE MIST will leave St. John for Digby and Annapolis every Monday morning, returning the same evening as soon as the Mail arrives—will go to Eastport, St. Andrews and St. Stephen's every Tuesday afternoon and every Friday morning, returning the following days.
April 17. JAS. WHITNEY & CO.



STEAM SHIP
NORTH AMERICA.

THIS new and beautiful Steamer will commence operations on the 15th April next—leaving SAINT JOHN for EASTPORT and BOSTON every WEDNESDAY, and for WINDSOR every MONDAY.

This Vessel is fitted up in fine style with every comfort for Passengers, and will be provided with every facility for the prevention and extinguishing of Fires, with Force Pump, Leather Hose, Fire Buckets, and Life Preservers, with extra Boats, &c. and with a most admirable construction of Boiler, calculated to be perfectly safe from Fire. This Boat is built expressly for a sea boat, and will (the proprietors have no doubt) give perfect satisfaction.
JAMES WHITNEY & CO.
Saint John, 6th March, 1840.

Agents for the Chronicle.

Fredericton, Mr. James F. Gale: Woodstock, John M'Beath, Esq: Andover, (Co. Carleton,) Mr. Jon. P. Taylor: Gagetown, W. F. Bonnell, Esq: St. Andrews, Wm. Kerr, Esq: Chatham, (Miramichi,) Geo. Kerr, Esq: Bathurst, William Napier, Esq: Dalhousie, A. Barberie, Esq: Norton, Mr. John Elliott: Sussex Vale, Major Evanson: Richibucto, William Layton, Esq.: Londonderry, N. S. Mr. James K. Fulton: Amherst, Mr. J. A. Chipman: Canning, (Queen's County,) Dr. Woodd: Sheffield, Mr. N. H. DeVeber: Wilmot, N. S. Mr. Lawrence Phinney: Bridgetown, Thomas Spurr, Esq: Digby, Post Master: Annapolis, Mr. Lawrence Hall

Per 'British Queen' from London,

The Subscriber has received his usual SPRING SUPPLY—*consisting of*—

PIPES and Half Pipes of O. L. Particular Madeira Teneriffe and PORT WINES;
Ditto of Pale and Golden SHERRY, ditto;
Pipes, Hogsheads, and Quarter Casks of Old Cognac BRANDY—"*Martell*" and other fine Brands;
20 Hhds. pale Hollands Geneva, first quality;
20 Casks London BROWN STOUT, each six dozen, quarts and pints;
100 Boxes London Mould and Dipt CANDLES, "wax wicks" in boxes and half boxes, for Family use;
100 Boxes hard Yellow SOAP;
20 Kegs S. F. MUSTARD;
4 Hhds. 40 cwt. No. 1. genuine London White LEAD; A few Bales best bleached CANVAS and Hemp CARPETING.

Per "Joseph Hamm," from New-York:

50 Kegs No. 1. manufactured Tobacco, 16 hands.
50 Bbls. superfine FLOUR, 20 bbls. navy Bread.
May 1, 1840. JOHN V. THURGAR.
corner of Duke and Water streets.

Sugar and Cod Oil.

10 HHDS. Bright Porto Rico Sugar. 20 Barrels Cod Oil, (in shipping order) received per schooner *Only Son*, lying in Hatfield's slip, and will be sold low from the wharf, by
May 26. RATCHFORD & BROTHERS.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his Business to York Point where he offers for sale LUMBER of all descriptions, at the lowest Market rate—Also, a few Hhds. bright SUGAR
May, 8th, 1840. JOS. FAIRWEATHER.

☞ A first rate Bellows top GIG with a set of Harnesses, for sale cheap. Apply as above.

Pots, Camp Ovens, Grates, &c.

The subscriber is landing ex Barque CLUTHA, *from Glasgow:*

600 POTS assorted from 7½ to 25 gallons; 270 Ovens and Covers from 10 to 17 inches;
210 Steak PANS with handles 8 to 10 inches;
6 BOILERS from 30 to 40 gallons;
100 Tea Kettles from 0 to 4;
40 Half Register Grates from 24 to 36 inches;
20 Whole do. do. from 32 to 40 inches;
20 Do. do. Bronzed do. 32 to 40 inches.
WILLIAM CARVILL.
April 24th, 1840.

New & Rich Paper Hangings.

The Subscriber has now a complete assortment of new and fashionable Paper Hangings, containing:

5600 Pieces,

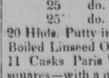
Suitable for Parlours, Dining and Drawing Rooms, Halls, Entries, Chambers, &c. with
800 Pieces of elegant Velvet, and imitation Borders of every width and shade to match. Pieces of paper from 10d. upwards.
April 3. S. K. FOSTER.
N. B.—Further supplies expected shortly.

FALL GOODS.

JAMES LOCKWOOD & CO, have received per the ship *Henry Hood*, an extensive supply of *Manchester* and *Leeds* GOODS, consisting of a general assortment suitable for the Fall and Winter Trade.

☞ Their London GOODS are daily expected.
*** Their Bread Stuffs, Provisions, &c. will be on in due time for their Fall Trade.
Sept. 20.

Boot & Shoe Establishment.



THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the Public, that having lost by the late Fire his old stand in Dock Street, he has removed his Establishment to Prince William street, in those premises next but one to the Bank of New-Brunswick, and solicits a continuance of that liberal patronage he has always enjoyed since his first commencement in business
Sept. 6. DAVID PATERSON.

On Consignment,

Daily expected per *Sovereign*, from Hull, to be sold on arrival:

1,800 Kegs White LEAD;
25 do. Spanish Brown Paint,
25 do Imperial Green, do.
25 do. do. do. of 14 lbs each,
25 do. Yellow Paint,
25 do. Venetian Red. do.
20 Hhds. Putty in bladders; 30 hhds. and half hhds Boiled Linseed Oil, 30 hhds. & half hhds. Raw do.
11 Casks Paris White; 7 Casks Pipe Clay, in squares—with a quantity of Vegetable SOAP; patent Palm do.; patent Palm Candles, &c.
17th April. MACKAY, BROTHERS & CO.

RECEIVED,

Per ship "St. Martins":

13 BALES Irish BACON; 76 boxes diped Candles; 40 do Irish yellow SOAP.
10,000 Lady SLATES; 10,000 Countess, ditto.
1 Cask slating NAILS; 45 bbls Coal TAR;
2 Tons Oakum; 4 smith's Anvils;
20 Boxes C. W. TIN, 20 do I. C. Pontool do.
5 Do. I. X. do. 5 do. D. C. do.
30 Tons English IRON, well assorted;
5 Do swedish Iron; 1 do. Blister STEEL.

On Hand.—50 tons No. 1 Monkland Pig IRON; 30 dozen Farmer's Spades; 120 do. do. Spades; 10 dozen Ballast shovels; 10 pairs Forge Bellows.
April 3. WILLIAM CARVILL.

Oatmeal.

JUST received—3 Tons Fresh Ground Oatmeal, which will be sold low by early application to the subscriber. HENRY S. GAULT.
17th April.

SERVANTS WANTED.—An Experienced GROOM, or one who understands the care of Horses.—Also, an experienced Cook can get a situation by applying either at Mr. Nagro's Library, St. John, or Jackson's Hotel, Fredericton. High wages will be given: none need apply without a good character. 10*th April.*

Bleached Canvas, Nets, &c.

Now landing for the subscriber:

5 BALES superior Bleached Canvas; 3 do. Hemp Carpeting; 2 casks containing Herring Nets—sent to order.
ALSO—20 Puncheons very fine quality Retailing Molasses; A small lot of E. I. Company's Bohea TEA. JOHN V. THURGAR.
15th May.

VALUABLE WATER LOT,
For Sale.

THAT valuable BUILDING LOT, owned by the Subscriber, situated at the corner of the North Market Wharf and Nelson-street—having a front of 30 feet on the former, by 50 feet on Nelson street.—Apply at the Counting House of
JOHN V. THURGAR.
14th Feb. *Corner of Water & Duke streets.*

GROCERIES.

Landing ex brig *Malta*, from Glasgow:

20 BAGS Barley; 4 cases Confectionary; 15 hogsheads Sugar;
2 Puncheons Golden Syrup,
55 Boxes Tobacco Pipes, assorted,
1 Hhd. Bath Bricks; 1 do. Putty, in bladders,
6 Cases superior flavored Malt Whisky,
16 Bales and 1 box wrapping & writing paper,
13 Casks bottled Leith Ale; 1 case Citron Peel,
4 casks Soda; 1 package Black Lead,
100 Boxes pale yellow and white Soap.

Ex James Clark, from Boston:

10,000 very superior Havana CIGARS, in quarter boxes. These cigars have been three years in bond. For sale by
May 22. JAMES MALCOLM.

☞ The balance of J. M.'s spring importations hourly expected from London and Liverpool.

☞ NOTICE.

THE Subscriber will make advances on Cargoes of LUMBER, consigned to his Friends in Barbadoes, to amount of $8 per M. on Merchantable BOARDS and PLANK, and $2 per M. on long Pine and Cedar SHINGLES, by Drafts at 90 days on Cavan, Brothers & Co., London, or Messrs. Howland & Aspinwall, New-York, on receiving Bills of Lading and order for Insurance. The vessels will, after touching at Barbadoes, be allowed to proceed to St. Vincent, Tobago, Grenada, and Trinidad, provided the Markets at these Islands are better than at Barbadoes.
WILLIAM KERR.
St. Andrews, 21st March, 1839. tf

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with an arrangement concluded between the Directors of this Bank and those of the Colonial Bank, this Branch is now authorised to grant Drafts on the Branches of the Colonial Bank—

JAMAICA. { Kingston, Montego Bay, Falmouth, Savannah-la-mar,

Barbados, Demerara, Trinidad,
Antigua, Dominica, Grenada,
Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts, Saint Vincent,
Tobago, Berbice, Saint Thomas,
Porto Rico, Saint Croix,

For sums of sterling money, payable in the currency of the Colony on which they are granted at the current Bank rate of Exchange for Bills on London at 60 days' sight.
ROBERT H. LISTON, MANAGER.
St. John, N. B. 11th August, 1838.—tf.

REMOVAL OF
Cabinet Establishment.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for their liberal support received since commencing business in this City, and would respectfully inform them that he has removed his Cabinet and Upholstering Establishment to a part of the premises owned and occupied by Mr. Thomas Hay, as a Chair-making Establishment, situated in Prince William Street, a few doors South of the Bank of New-Brunswick, and nearly opposite the residence of Wm. Jarvis, Esquire: and trusts, from his usual attendance to, and experience in business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

☞ Every article in the Cabinet and Upholstering business executed with neatness and dispatch.
March 8, 1839. JOHN J. HOGAN.

HIBERNIAN HOTEL,

CHURCH STREET.

THE Proprietor of the above establishment, thankful for past favors, begs leave to state, that in addition to his former supply of Pastry, Cordials, choice Brandy and Wines, he has added that of an ordinary or Eating House, where gentlemen in a hurry or absent from home, can be supplied, at the shortest notice, with every delicacy which the market affords. Every attention paid to those who may honor him with a call. Public or private parties furnished with Rooms.
JAMES NETHERY.
St. John, N. B., June 7, 1839.
N. B. A few cases choice Champagne on hand.

☞ Notice.

THE subscriber having taken a store in Ward street, adjoining the premises occupied by Messrs. D. Hatfield & Son, for the purpose of transacting a General

Auction & Commission Busines,

is now prepared to receive Goods intended for sale, and to attend to such orders in the above line as his friends and the public may be pleased to entrust to his management.
16*th March.* S. L. LUGRIN.

JACKSON'S HOTEL,
Fredericton, New-Brunswick.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and patrons of Fredericton and its vicinity, as well the inhabitants of the Province generally, that he has greatly enlarged his former establishment by additional buildings, has built a large and handsome Dining room, capable of accommodating any parties at public festivals, &c., with additional antirooms, bed rooms, &c. &c. He has always on hand a good supply of the choicest Wines and Liquors imported into the Province, a constant supply of good ice throughout the summer season, and can give good accommodations to any families wishing to visit Fredericton for the space of a few weeks or otherwise. To travellers from Nova-Scotia or the United States, the subscriber would fain recommend his establishment to their particular notice as being inferior to none in the Province of New-Brunswick. Horses, Carriages and other vehicles are furnished from the Hotel.
August 30. H. JACKSON.

THE HARTFORD
Fire Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, (CONN.)

OFFERS to Insure every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire, on reasonable terms.

This company has been doing business for more than twenty-five years, and during that period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured in any instance to resort to a court of Justice.

The Directors of the company are—Eliphalet Terry, James H. Wills, S. H. Huntington, A. Huntington, junr.; Albert Day, Samuel Williams, F. G. Huntingdon, Elisha Colt, R. B. Ward.
ELIPHALET TERRY, *President.*
JAMES G. BOLLES, *Secretary.*

The subscriber having been duly appointed as Agent for the above company, is prepared to issue Policies of Insurance against Fire for all descriptions of Property in this city, and throughout the Province on reasonable terms.

Conditions made known, and every information given on application at this Office.
JOHN ROBERTSON.
St. John, 1st July 1837.
P. S.—The above is the first Agency established by this company in St. John.

SOFA BEDS,
On a new and improved Principle.

THE Subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his new and improved SOFA BED. The prices vary according to the pattern and finish, from 5 to £15. The lowest prices asked, and no abatement. They are all warranted, and kept in repair one year, free of expense. Proprietors of hotels and boarding houses, and private families who study economy, are invited to call and examine them. In many cases they save more than the cost in rent and fuel.
July 27, 1838. R. PENGILLY.

Botsford Mill Flour.

THE subscribers having erected Mills on the Little River Falls, in the neighbourhood of the City, for the manufacture of FLOUR, and having likewise imported, per ship *Eagle*, from London, a very superior lot of best Dantzic Red and White WHEATS, beg leave to inform the public, that they will continue to keep on hand at their Store, No. 28, South Market Wharf, best Superfine and Fine FLOUR, in barrels and in bags—which they will warrant equal in quality to that imported from the United States; and as they intend selling on reasonable terms for cash or other approved payment, they trust they will be favoured with a share of the public patronage. Bakers will do well to call and examine for themselves.
August 17. OWENS & DUNCAN.

Superfine Wheat Flour and Tobacco.

LANDING for the subscriber, ex the schr. *Fair Trade*, from Philadelphia:—40 bbls. superior quality superfine wheat Flour, in Bond if preferred. For sale at very low prices by
JOHN V. THURGAR.
19th June. *Corner Duke and Water streets.*

Moffat's
VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS.

WHO WANTS BETTER EVIDENCE—I would refer the reading public to the numerous voluntary letters published recently in this paper and in the Good Samaritan relative to the happy and beneficial effects of the administration o MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS!

Those who have perused the letters above referred to will observe that in almost every case they attest the fact, that no inconvenience of any sort attends the taking of these medicines, in ordinary cases, but that the patient, without feeling their operation, is universally left in a stronger and better state of health than was experienced previous to being afflicted with disease; and in all cases in acute suffering, great relief is obtained in a few hours, and a cure is generally effected in two or three days.

In case of Fever of every description, and all bilious affections, it is unneccessary for me to say aught, as I believe the Life Medicines are now universally admitted to be the most speedy and effectual cure extant in all diseases of that class.

The Life Medicines are also a most excellent relief in affections of the liver and Bowels, as has been proved in hundreds of cases where patients have come forward and requested that their experience in taking them might be published for the benefit of others. In their operation in such cases, they restore the tone of the Stomach, strengthen the digestive organs, and invigorate the general functions of the whole body, and thus become to both sexes (for they are perfectly adapted to each) an invaluable means of preventing disease and restoring health.

In affections of the head, whether accompanied with pain and giddiness, or marked by the grievous calamity of impaired mental energy; palpitations of the heart, flatulence, loss of appetite and strength, and the multiplied symptoms of disordered digestion, the Life Medicines will be found to possess the most salutary efficacy.

Constitutions relaxed, weak, or decayed, in men or women, are under the immediate influence of the Life Medicines. Old coughs, asthmas, and consumptive habits are soon relieved and speedily cured. Poverty of blood, and emaciated limbs will ere long meet the happiest change; the child watery fluid will become rich and balsamic, and the limbs be covered with flesh, firm and healthy.

Nervous disorders of every kind, and from whatever cause arising, fly before the effects of the Life Medicines, and all that train of sinkings, anxieties, and tremours which so dreadfully effect the weak, the sedentary, and the delicate, will in a short time be succeeded by cheerfulness and every presage of health.

For weakness deficiency of natural strength and relaxation of the vessels, by too frequent indulgence of the passions, this medicine is a safe, certain, and invaluable remedy.

Those who have long resided in hot climates, and are languid and relaxed in their whole system, may take the Life Medicines with the happiest effects; and persons removing to the Southern States or West Indies cannot store a more important article of health and life.

The following cases are among the most recent cures effected, and gratefully acknowledged by the persons benefitted:

Case of Jacob C. Hunt, New Windsor, Orange County, N. Y.—A dreadful tumor destroyed nearly the whole of his face, nose and jaw. Experienced quick relief from the use of Life Medicines, and in less than three months was entirely cured. [Case reported, with a wood engraving in a new pamphlet now in press.]

Case of Thos. Purcell, sen'r, 84 years of age—was afflicted 18 years with swellings in his legs—was entirely cured by taking 42 pills in 3 weeks.

Case of Joan Daulten, Aberdeen, Ohio—rheumatism five years—is entirely cured—has used the Life Medicines for Worms in children and found them a sovereign remedy.

Case of Adon Ames—cured of a most inveterate and obstinate dyspepsia, and general debility.

Case of Adah Adams—Windsor, Ohio—rheumatism, gravel, liver affections, and general nervous debility, had been confined seven years—was raised from her bed by taking one box of pills and a bottle of bitters; a most extraordinary cure; she is now a very healthy and robust woman; attested by her husband Shubel Adams.

Case of Mrs. Badger, wife of Joseph Badger; nearly similar to above; result the same.

Case of Susan Goodarant, a young unmarried woman; subject to ill health several years; a small course of the Life Medicines entirely restored her; is now hale and healthy.

Case of Miss. Thomas, daughter of Eli Thomas; cough and symptoms of consumption; cured in four weeks. Her sister cured of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism in *one week*!

Case of Benjamin J. Tucker; severe case of Fever and Ague; cured in a very short space of time. Directions followed strictly.

Case of Harriet Twogood, Salina, N. Y. was in very low state of health a year and a half; did not expect to recover. Miss T. is now able to walk about and is rapidly recovering both health and strength.

Case of Amos Davis; Affection of the Liver; after trying docter's remedies in vain for a long time was cured by the Life Medicines without trouble.

Extraordinary case of Lyman Pratt, who was afflicted with Phthisic 20 years; effected a perfect cure in 24 hours by the use of the Life Medicines.

Thousands of persons afflicted in like manner have, by a judicious use of Moffats Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, been restored to the enjoyment of all the comforts of life. The Biters are pleasent to to the taste and smell, gently astringe the fibres of the stomach, and give that proper tensity which a good digestion requires as nothing can be better adapted to help and nourish the constitution, so there is nothing more generally acknowledged to be peculiarly efficacious in all inward wastings, loss of appetite, indigestion, depression of spirits, trembling or shaking of the hands and limbs, obstinate coughs shortness of breath, or consumptive habits.

The Life Medicines possess wonderful efficacy in all nervous disorders, fits, headaches, weaknesses heaviness and lowness of spirits, dimness of sight confused thoughts, wandering of the mind, vapours and melancholy, and all kinds of h