

THE EVENING TIMES.

SEE SPECIAL RATE TO LET ADS. PAGE 3.

THE WEATHER. Cloudy, with fresh variable winds.

VOL. I, NO. 139.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1905.

ONE CENT

THE RUSSIANS ARE STILL FLEEING

Pursued by Victorious Japanese, Kuropatkin's Legions are Miles Away From Mukden---Sudden Finish of the Greatest Battle of Modern Times--- St. Petersburg Learns of the Great Defeat.

The Pass, Manchuria, March 13. The Russians are nearing their Tse Pass positions. Japanese detachments, continue a north west movement from Mukden.

A Japanese Report. Tokyo, March 13--11 a. m.--Army Headquarters makes the following announcement.

All our forces have advanced north, pursuing the enemy in all directions, and inflicting heavy damage. They have defeated the enemy who attempted resistance at various places. Our forces have completely cleared the enemy from the districts, 25 miles north of Mukden, and on Sunday were still pursuing them.

The Russians abandoned countless carriages of supplies and ammunition in the district for 18 miles from the vicinity of Kaolun, south of Chihli-tzsu, west of the railway, and sixteen miles north of Mukden. No time has yet been had to count them.

One of the colors captured, belonged to the 162nd Regiment, from the Wilna District, which had been engaged in three previous wars.

Our Simintin garrison, has arrested a paroled Russian officer from Port Arthur, who broke his parole at Shanghai, and proceeded to Simintin. Additional stores intended for the Russians, have been seized at Simintin.

Russians Completely Beaten. New York, Mar. 13--A St. Petersburg despatch to the Times says--The story of the defeat at Mukden and the dreadful retreat to the Tse Pass is coming out piecemeal. It shows that the Russians were misled and out-manoeuvred at every point.

They were misled about the disposition of the Japanese armies, and were misled about the direction whence the next Japanese attack would come. Yet Kuropatkin seems at one time to have realized the critical nature of the situation, for on March 5, he ordered the gradual removal of impediments. Had he then expected a general retreat, as he intimates he would expect on that day in a telegram to the czar, the disaster might have been averted. History will say what success or motives prompted him to remain. His crowning blunder was the weakening of the line from Fushun to Mukden. He apparently forgot that the Japanese were able to cross the Hun River on the ice. This enabled Gen. Kuropatkin to break through the positions of the first and fourth Siberian corps.

General Kuropatkin realized his mistake when he heard of the character of Kuropatkin's army on March 3. He immediately ordered his armies

to retire, but the Japanese swarmed from east and west, and placed batteries commanding the line of retreat. It was saved just over the plain bordering the Mandarin road. The first fugitives reached Tse Pass, forty miles distant, within 30 hours. Stokelberg's and Zarubitski's commands were left to guard the line from Mukden to Fushun. It is feared that they have been captured or annihilated. Bilibidze's and Popov's commands, in a desperate attempt to drive back Nogi, sustained terrible loss.

Waiting For News. St. Petersburg, March 13--1.30 p. m.--No further news was received from the front this morning, but the magnitude of the catastrophe is now apparent to all classes. The war office admits that even the remnants of the army are still in danger. Field Marshal Oyama holds a magnificent strategic position. It is reported that Japanese flanking columns are in touch above the Tse Pass, and that there may be a Sedan there. No adequate estimate of the losses has been furnished, but with the units captured on the left unaccounted for, the killed and wounded already to be known accurately what units are captured.

Deserters Tell Sad Tale. New York, March 13--The Herald says--"Sixty Russians, who told thrilling tales of how they had escaped from the czar's army, and found their way to this country, are being cared for at the Hebrew Shelter House, on East Broadway, until they can find homes elsewhere. They arrived here, on Friday, on the S. S. Gerty, of the German-American line, sailing from Trieste, two weeks ago.

All were residents of Sitomer, in Kiel, and left large families behind when they were impressed into the Russian service.

Unexpectedly, one morning, more than two months ago, a regiment of Cossacks swept down upon the town and the sabre point, forced 1,200 men to leave their homes, and start for the front.

Two of the men, Elias and Moses Wilensky, brothers, were among the wealthiest men of the town, and said that all of their property was confiscated, and their families left in destitution. They owned large paint manufacturing, and as the brothers were taken from their



THE LITTLE BULL DOG OF THE EAST.

"Say! The war's over. You're whipped. Why don't you go home?"

PRESS SPEAKS IN SCATHING TERMS.

Russian Papers Say Government is Idiotic to Prolong the War But Should Make Peace on the Best Terms Now Possible.

St. Petersburg, March 13--1.27 p. m.--The announcement made in the name of the government, in the face of overwhelming disaster, authorized by General Kuropatkin, that a fresh army would be raised and the war proceed, and the haughty attitude assumed by Japan, may, after all, be simply a sparring for position, which is the province of peace. So far as the public here is concerned, peace is the only thing talked of, the sentiment being that if diplomacy can now bring the warring powers into negotiation, peace will follow. Many diplomats believe that terms acceptable to both are only possible on the basis, not of ordinary peace, but more in the nature of an alliance, which would distinctly define and guarantee the position of the respective powers, in the Far East, in the future. But it is certain, that Russia as yet, has made no move. The emperor has not yet decided that he must yield.

The Peace Party. The hands of the peace party have been greatly strengthened and they are now taking the position that an attempt to continue the war will only court additional complications and dangers at home, with the chances of success for the Russian arms on the field of battle, too remote to be worthy of consideration. But some of the Emperor's advisers insist that the government is irrevocably committed to the war, that it would be harder to stop them than to go on, and that after the war is indefinitely prolonged, the financial resources of Japan are sure to be exhausted before Russia's prestige abroad is irreparably gone, if she now bends the knee.

The situation is not dissimilar to that which prevailed at the end of the Crimean war, when Nicholas I. took a sudden decision to conclude peace on the best terms obtainable. The effect on the internal situation of either alternative will probably govern the final decision.

The practical difficulties not only

in getting a new army to the front, but in actually mobilizing it are fully appreciated at the war office, where many of the officers reluctantly declare it is idle to hope for victory under the present circumstances. Another general mobilization might put the country in flames. At home, the elements which are trying to force the emperor's hand, would employ either horn of dilemma selected, whether peace or a continuation of the war, to press for the granting of a real constitution. They declare the government is now in a corner from which there is no escape without the support of the people. There is reason to believe that some of the emperor's advisers share this opinion and are again advocating the bold stroke of summoning a veritable constituent assembly, appealing to the patriotism of the people and allowing them to decide the question of peace or war. Such a move they argue would confound Japan if the decision was war, and if peace, would relieve the government of responsibility and insure tranquility at home.

Press Criticisms. But, of course, it is realized that this would inevitably mean a change in the form of government to a constitutional monarchy. The newspapers, with the exception of the Novoye Vremya, and a few others, whose voice always for war, speak out straight for peace at almost any price, declaring that all hopes of victory are now buried at Mukden. Some papers, like the Novosti, the Jewish organ, plainly denounce the whole Far Eastern policy as a senseless adventure which has cost thousands of lives and millions of money, declaring that for 200 years the government has been extending the empire and that it is now time to stop and regenerate the people. The Gazetta, a popular paper, goes further, affirming the justice of Japanese position and saying that opportunity on the mainland is vital to her, whereas Russia's Manchurian venture is a colossal dream in which

A LAME DUCK AT HALIFAX.

Spanish Steamer Montevideo Towed in There With a Broken Shaft.

Halifax, March 13--(Special)--The Spanish steamer, Montevideo, which left New York, March 7, bound for Cadiz, and Barcelona, with a general cargo, and 115 passengers, was towed into Halifax, this morning, in a disabled condition, by the Wilson Liner, Toronto, also from New York and bound for Hull. The disabled ship, met with the mishap on Thursday last, 350 miles S. E. of this port. A heavy sea was running, at the time, and the ship was pitching when the intermediate shaft suddenly snapped, rendering her helpless. The passengers became somewhat alarmed, when the accident occurred, as the ship, being unmanageable, fell off into the trough of the sea, and rolled about badly. Their fears were soon calmed, however, by the captain and officers, and sail was put on the steamer, to steady her. Saturday morning, the Toronto came along, and in answer to signals for assistance, hove down to the Montevideo, and arrangements were soon completed for towing to Halifax. The steamer came along

THE DEATH ROLL.

Beaufort, Mass., Mar. 13--George Reppel Harris, a leading Boston banker is dead at his home in Brookline. Mr. Harris was 67 years of age. He was senior partner of Black, Brown & Co., bankers, a director of the Canadian Pacific railroad and of the National Bank of Commerce. He was well known in Montreal where he spent much of his time.

THE YUKON MEMBER.

Ottawa, March 13--(Special)--Dr. Thompson, M. P. for the Yukon, who arrived on Saturday, will take his seat this afternoon. The return of his election reached the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery this morning. Dr. Thompson does not require any one to introduce him, being returned at the general election.

NEW YORK STRIKE.

New York, March 13--At the office of the Interborough company, it was announced that five hundred of the strikers would be re-employed during the day.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Toronto, Ont., March 13--(Special)--Mrs. Agnella, 18 Gordon street, committed suicide, by drinking carbolic acid, in a fit of despondency. She swallowed about two ounces of poison, and was dead before the doctor, summoned by her husband, arrived. The woman was 29 years of age and twice before, had attempted to end her life.

TRIAL MUST GO ON.

Montreal, March 13--(Special)--Judge Tremblay, this morning, dismissed the motion to quash the indictment of Bissonnette and others, charged with conspiracy in connection with the federal election in St. Antoine and the trial must go on.

GETS A GOOD JOB.

Ottawa, March 13--(Special)--Charles M. Kitting, of the Lake of the Woods Milling Co., Montreal, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Jardine as Canadian commercial agent in South Africa. Mr. Jardine resigned a few weeks ago on account of ill health.

ALL TRAINS ARE FAR BEHIND TIME.

Freight Train Off the Track at Crosscut Delays Passenger Expresses for Hours---Heavy Snow Blockade on the I. C. R.--The Branch Lines.

There seems to be no abatement in connection with the difficulties experienced in railway circles. On the eastern division the "King of the Wind" has been getting his work in; while west, "Our Lady of the Snows" has not been behind the times.

Both the Atlantic and Boston express today are reported five hours and a half late. According to latest reports they will not arrive within six or seven hours. The cause of the delay as ascertained by The Times is the wreck of a freight train from Brownville Jct., comprising 17 cars, which were all derailed leaving the roadbed in a generally torn up condition. The accident took place at Crosscut, a small flag station near Kingman, between Megantic and Vanboro. The cause of the trouble is ascribed to a broken rail. Fortunately no one was killed or injured.

Four of the cars contained cattle for the Montrose, which is at Sand Point.

I. C. R. Snow Blockade.

The C. P. R. from Halifax due here at 5.40 on Saturday afternoon arrived here nearly 24 hours late. There was a general tie up of trains on Saturday between College Bridge, and Sackville, due to a snow blockade. No snow fell, but the force of violent gale blew the snow piled on each side of the track completely over the rails, submerging them to such a depth that section men all along the line in that district had to be called out.

An I. C. R. man in conversation with a Times reporter this morning, and who had experienced the blockade said:

"The first train which left here on Saturday, was No. 2, the express for Halifax. She got stuck between Dorchester and Upper Dorchester. The engine from No. 5, the fast freight, was sent from Dorchester to assist her and she got stuck in a drift at the same place. Hunter's special was at Calhoun's and was ordered to push No. 2 through to Dorchester."

The branch lines. There is no change whatever in the condition of the branch lines. In fact those in charge are in practically a bigger dilemma than ever. The indications are not of the most encouraging and the atmosphere of diversity has been of such a character as to keep the railway managers in a sort of quandary and ask themselves "what is coming next?" This is also the problem agitating the minds of the travelling public. Its solution will be awaited with interest by the public.

A GENEROUS OFFER.

Montreal, March 13--(Special)--Sir William McDonald has offered the Quebec Protestant council, of public instruction, to erect and endow male and female residences at St. Anne de Bellevue Normal school, which is erecting.

The Times New Reporter.

The mail carriers have offered a reward of \$5 for the discovery of the sand man.

Anxious Enquirer--When a newspaper publisher has cold feet it is due to poor circulation.

There is a rumor to the effect that the members of the city council and the executive of the Citizens' League will play a game of hockey this week for the oysters.

There was some talk of a picked team from the provincial hockey league challenging a picked team of newspaper men for the championship

of New Brunswick, but after Saturday afternoon's game among the scribes the other fellows said they would postpone their challenge till next July.

The aldermen are to be weighed in the balance this week. With one or two exceptions, they will be found wanting in nomination.

The man who remembers to have seen the dust flying on the streets of St. John in March was lost this morning among the snow hills on German street. He was partially frozen when discovered.

Mr. Jamesey Jones and Mr. Peter

Binis have declined to permit their names to go before the Citizens' League. Of course if their names should in any mysterious way get before the League it would not be their fault.

To the great joy of the people the trains are all late again today. It's quite like old times.

There will have to be new ferry boats if the new steamer floats.

Rojevsky's warships are having firing practice. The Madagascar harbor rendezvous have made a demorestration

thousand rifles, one hundred and five ammunition wagons, one thousand army wagons, two hundred thousand shells, twenty-five million shots for rifles, seventy-four thousand bushels of grain, materials for light railroad for forty-six miles, three hundred wagons for light roads two thousand horses, twenty-three Chinese carts full of maps, one thousand Chinese carts full of clothing, one million portions of bread, one hundred and fifty million pounds of fuel, two hundred and twenty-three thousand bushels of horse allowance, one hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds of hay.

Russian Casualties.

Tien Tsin, March 12, 1 p. m.--The well informed here roughly estimate the total Russian casualties at 150,000 and those of the Japanese at 80,000. It is reported that the Tse Pass is practically undefended, and another great action is regarded as improbable. A Japanese officer has said: "We must push the advantage home and give no respite until a crushing defeat has been administered."

Already the effect of desertions from the Russian army is being felt. Scarcely a Russian family but is sheltering one or more compatriots in the East.

The Russian Fleet.

Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, March 13--The squadron commanded by Vice Admiral Rojevsky, was still at Nossi Island, off the north west coast of the Island of Madagascar, when the steamer, Oxiya, passed there yesterday.

It is understood that Rojevsky intended to remain at Nossi, until the end of April. The crew of the Russian ships, were drilling night and day, and frequently engaged in firing practice. There was no continuation of the rumors current at Tamatave, Madagascar, to the effect that the Russians had bought a small island, in the Indian ocean, to serve as a naval base.

Counting the Cost. Washington, March 12--The Japanese legation has received the following telegram from the foreign office at Tokio dated today:

"The armies on the Shikho quarter, report up to Sunday morning the following approximate figures, which are still increasing: Prisoners, over 40,000, including Major General Nachonose, and Russian corpses on the field, 20,800. Other Russian casualties, 90,000."

TROPHIES. Two ensigns, sixty guns, sixty

virtuous moncton. Moncton, N. B., March 13--(Special)--The hotels of the city and a number of the leading saloon keepers have entered into an agreement to close their bars on Sunday in future. The arrangement was put into effect yesterday, and it is said was rigidly adhered to. In consequence of this special started straight to the streets yesterday of the usual Sunday closing. It was also decided to close the bars at eleven on Saturday nights.

Some of the tanks along the I. C. R. between Moncton and Springhill are going dry in consequence of the steady cold and the small amount of rain that has fallen during the winter. The tank at Westwood is without water and the supply at Springhill and Calhoun's is some two great for the needs of the railway. There is very little water in the streams and railway men say it is very serious that water is so scarce along the road this time of year.

The quarterly meeting of the Westmorland county Baptist Association will be held in the First Baptist Church here Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Mrs. Wm. Ryan, an aged resident of Lewisville died at the home of her son, William Ryan, I. C. R. nursery, yesterday. The deceased was about 78 years old. Mrs. Hugh Ryan of St. John, is a daughter of the deceased.

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 13 1905.

SHORT STORY.

The Book Keeper's Story.

COMPLETE IN THIS NUMBER.

On the morning of June 12, 1900, when James Gordon kissed his wife and children and left his little \$25 to go to his bookkeeping, as he had done every working day for seven years he walked straight into Romano, but he did not know it for four years afterward, although he was an important figure in it all that time.

A man needs imagination and not the ordinary five senses, to perceive romance; and James Gordon was probably an unimaginative, matter-of-fact person as there was in New York that morning.

He unlocked the door of the little suite of offices on the fourth floor of the big uptown office building as usual, made his neat entries in his best books, filed the receipts, bills from plumbers, janitors, gas companies and the rest who live on real estate owners, deposited the day's checks and went home to his simple dinner and to bed.

On June 13, the second day of the romance, he performed exactly the same unexciting deeds. June 14 he went to the bed with the romance three days old, and many men and many things in New York becoming concerned in it—newspaper reporters, police, courts—and all as ignorant of the romance as James Gordon was.

On June 15, the end of the week having approached, it became necessary for James Gordon to communicate with his employer, who rarely visited the office. A telephone message to his apartments was answered by his valet, who said that Mr. Van Brunt had gone fishing on June 10, and had not returned. As he often made short, lonely trips of the kind, the bookkeeper thought nothing of it. So three days more elapsed. Then he became puzzled, and finally worried, and started out to hunt for his missing employer.

The valet, an old servant of the Van Brunt family, knew nothing except that his master had gone away after he had dressed himself in the "knock-about" suit that he always wore when he went fishing. A telegram to a favorite resort of Van Brunt on one of the Long Island bays brought the reply that he had arrived there on June 10 and left again in the late afternoon of June 11.

That was all. It was all that the police discovered when they were called in at last. The Van Brunt family, in the three centuries, since the first fat Dutch Van Brunt arrived in New Amsterdam, had become dignifiedly commonplace, in the civilized process of natural selection. A quiet, fairly good looking, brown-headed man of 35, garbed in an ordinary suit of clothes, isn't so uncommon a person in New York, that his description will startle people into remembering that they have seen him.

The police and private detectives in all the other agencies that late unlimited means could set to work, discovered just what the

bookkeeper had discovered with his first telegram. John D. Van Brunt had done what a few hundred New Yorkers do each year—dropped out. But a man who belongs to nine clubs, all of the most exclusive kind, and owns inherited Manhattan Island real estate that brings him \$25,000 a year, and is a useful, if quiet, figure at dinner, and charity balls, and has generations of Dutch Manhattan Islanders, behind him, cannot drop out as a Brown or a James can. The nine clubs, and the seven hundred odd general leaders of society, and the four hundred odd kings, and queens and even the slightly exclusive thirty king of kings, received the disappearance of a Van Brunt as a decided sensation.

The newspapers printed columns about it—and they would have kept it up if it had been possible to find out anything. But it wasn't.

Besides, there was a flood of interesting "society stories" just then. A millionaire had lost \$100,000 at poker. Another one had caught a burglar single-handed and turned him over to the police. These items submerged the disappearance of John D. Van Brunt. Before six months had passed, people even forgot about the \$20,000 reward that was offered for news of him.

When the excitement of the search had passed, James Gordon dropped back into his old, regular routine. He went to the office as usual, and he went to bed as usual. He had not returned. As he often made short, lonely trips of the kind, the bookkeeper thought nothing of it. So three days more elapsed. Then he became puzzled, and finally worried, and started out to hunt for his missing employer.

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cell and saw, sitting on the cot, a figure that startled him so that, he nearly cried out. He rubbed his eyes and looked again, feeling that he had been wildly mistaken. But the second glance left no room for doubt. The man sitting there in convict's dress in a convict's cell, was John D. Van Brunt. The bookkeeper recovered himself in time, and managed to ask casually about the prisoner. He was told that he was a convict No.—and that he was serving a term for burglary.

"May be you'll remember reading about it," said the keeper. "It made quite a story at the time. He broke into the house of the Dumonts, and Mr. Dumont caught him, covered him with a revolver, marched him out of the house, and turned him over to the police."

"And did he plead guilty?" asked the bookkeeper. "Oh, yes! There wasn't any way out of it. He took his medicine." James Gordon's brain swam. He escaped to his hotel and spent an hour thinking things out.

Then he returned to the prison and asked to see convict No.—. He made no sign of recognition, and James Gordon made none either. But convict No.—knew that concealment was useless.

This is the story of convict No.—, once Richard D. Van Brunt. It begins on June 11, 1900, when he came ashore from fishing. He went to the little room that he rented by the year in the boat-house on the shore, to put away his tackle. Then he struck a match to light a cigar. The match flared up and his beard and mustache caught fire. Half of his brown beard vanished before he knew it.

He got his razor and shaved the rest of his beard and mustache off. Then he hurried to the station, because a train was due. The burning of his beard was Chance No. 1 in a strange chain. A fat car loaded with sand was Chance No. 2. It broke down while trundling over the tracks of the Long Island railroad at Jamaica, and Van Brunt's train pulled into Long Island City two hours late.

A Few Drops of Kendrick's Liniment to the sore throat or swollen tonsils, or any swelling, lameness or painful part, convince you of its power to relieve promptly. Kendrick's Is King. THE BAIRD CO. LIMITED, PROPRIETORS.

to the cab, breaking the window. The shock of the collision threw Richard Van Brunt violently against the side of the cab, knocking his head so hard that he never realized that a piece of glass drew a long, ragged red scratch down the side of his face from cheekbone to chin.

The cab hurried on again in a few minutes, bound to the place of fate. Fate was a woman—one of the best women in the land to Richard Van Brunt; and Richard Van Brunt's love for her did not deceive him. In all New York, there was no purer, nobler woman than the one who was waiting for him.

It was a secret meeting, but not a guilty one. Mrs. Dumont was an honest wife, to a husband whose habits and vices had made his name notorious in the city. She had dragged through four years of abject misery at his side, and at last had agreed to yield to the importunities of her relations, and seek a divorce.

The object of Richard Van Brunt's visit to her this evening, was to bid her farewell for a long time. He had decided to go to Europe, and spend a year there, in order to avoid the possibility of a breath of scandal clouding her name, while she sought her divorce. On his return, he hoped to ask her to be his wife.

Chance No. 5, was on the steps of the house, as he came up, in the prosaic shape of a messenger boy. Just as Van Brunt reached the door, a footman opened it, and turned away to take the message to his mistress Richard Van Brunt entered unobserved, without meaning to, and the next moment Mrs. Dumont entered. He advanced with his hand stretched out.

red seam along his face, he was not surprised that she had not recognized him. He could not have recognized himself. It was nearly 1 o'clock in the morning when John D. Van Brunt, bidding farewell to his hostess in the library, heard the vestibule door open, and knew that Mr. Dumont had returned. He was evidently drunk, for he lurched into a chair and knocked it down.

Mrs. Dumont, fearing a scene, hastily said "Good night" and flitted upstairs. Van Brunt remained undecided for a moment; then he made up his mind to remain where he was, till Dumont had gone upstairs also, as he loathed the man too much to wish to meet him.

But Dumont staggered into the library instead. In the dim light he saw the figure of Van Brunt, and the surprise sobered him for a moment. "Ah," said he, "all apologies to you are—burglar or lover?"

Van Brunt remained silent, and Dumont turned on an electric bulb. "Ah," said he, "all apologies to the pretty hypocrite upstairs. Burglar it is. Don't move now, or I'll blow you to hell."

He backed carefully, reached toward the wall with his disengaged hand and pushed the burglar alarm. In Van Brunt's brain the thoughts whirled dizzily. He realized with horror what a compromising situation had arisen; and he remained perfectly silent and motionless, trying to find some way out.

"Sit down," said Dumont, with drunken gravity. "Take it easy till they come to get you." There was no way out. He decided to keep his mouth shut and trust to luck. He had only a vague idea of what happened to men after being arrested. No Van Brunt had ever had any dealings with the police. He had clear consciousness of only one thing, and that was that at any cost he must shield the woman he loved from scandal. He blessed the accident that had made it impossible for Dumont to recognize him.

In twenty minutes, that seemed to him less than five, the doorbell rang, and Dumont bade his visitor march before him to the front door. Two policemen were there. In another minute they were leading their prisoner down the stoop. And then Van Brunt, in his bewildered condition, made a mistake. He seized what he thought was an opportunity to slip out of his captors and ran for it.

Almost instantly he went down. When he was lifted again it was only after fat and club had pounded his face till it was hideous. The afternoon papers had a splendid moral next day and "Murderous Burglar Caught by a Millionaire" made a fine headline. And then began the workings of Chance No. 6 to keep all knowledge from the woman.

Dumont had figured in an episode singularly unavowed even for him, on the evening of the "capture" and the tale of it was woven in with the tale of the burglar in every paper. The result was that Dumont hastily took his wife away on his steam yacht habit, and kept the newspapers away from

she heard of the episode, and then her. It was more after that when no dates were mentioned. There came to her not the faintest reason for concealing the visit of John D. Van Brunt and the capture of a poor devil of a burglar.

Arraigned in a police court next morning, John D. Van Brunt, with a stitched and bandaged face and clothing dotted with blood, knew what a horrible mess he had made of it. He perceived clearly that if he told now who he was, the woman's good reputation would be blasted hopelessly. There was no way out, and as Robert Burns, John D. Van Brunt went to the New York State Prison at Sing Sing.

On a gray day last autumn a convict who had served his term got the prison money he had earned, a suit of clothes, the usual advice for a better future, and his railroad ticket to New York. He rode down to the Grand Central station and disappeared in the roaring city.

In the closing days of last year the cable despatches announced that John D. Van Brunt, who at one time was supposed to have disappeared, but who really had been touring the world, had married the daughter of a prominent family in Paris.

CLOSE SHAVING. (Harper's Weekly.) The following is told of a politician in a Pennsylvania town well known for his ardent support of the principles of the prohibition party. According to the physician who was consulted by this man, who lances himself every day, he was told that there was really nothing the matter with him. "What you need," said the doctor, "is a stimulant—a little whiskey now and then will make you all right in no time."

"Whiskey!" gasped the politician, "why doctor, my folks wouldn't stand such a thing for a minute! Don't you know that I am a prohibitionist?" "I think," replied the physician, "that the difficulty may be overcome. I'll send you a jug of excellent liquor. You'll take it in hot water from three to four times a day."

"But, doctor," persisted the prohibitionist, "when I send for the hot water, the family may suspect something." "You shave, don't you?" suggested the physician. "Send your shaving-mustache down stairs. The hot water may be sent to you in that."

A short time after, the physician called to see how his patient was getting on. Every one in the house appeared to be greatly perturbed. In response to the doctor's surprised query, the family chorused: "Oh, he's all right physically, doctor, but we really think he's quite out of his mind. Why, he's been shaving himself every hour or so for a week."

John Blues' step was slow and wary. And his cheeks were pale and thin. But he got the "SWISS FOOD". It has made a man of him.

Frightful Dreams.

Dull Headaches

Terrible Pains and a Frequent Desire to Urinate. Such were the troubles of Mr. Joseph Leland, Alma N. W. T. He happily found relief in DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. Here is what he says—"I was troubled with dull headaches, had frightful dreams, terrible pains in my legs, and a frequent desire to urinate. Nothing Doan's Kidney Pills recommended for kidney trouble, I decided to give them a trial. I procured a box, and was very much surprised at the effectual cure they made. I take a great deal of pleasure in recommending them to all kidney trouble sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys to drain off the poisonous impurities which have collected, thus cleansing out the kidneys, bladder, and all the urinary passages. They correct inability to hold the urine, and thus obviate the necessity of getting up many times at night to urinate. Their good results will be immediately felt in all cases of kidney trouble. Price 50 cents per box, or 8 for \$1.25. At all dealers, or will be mailed direct, on receipt of price, by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the New Brunswick Legislature at its next meeting for the passing an Act to incorporate The Maritime Guaranty and Trust Company. The objects of the company will be to carry on the business of giving security for executors administrators, trustees and officials generally and conducting a general trust business. Dated the 25th day of February, 1905. S. A. M. SKINNER, Solicitor. 2-17 M. oay w

Telephone Subscribers.

- Please add to your Directories: 502 LeVetters J. P., residence, Union; 503 LeVetters R. P., residence, Union; 516 McConnell S., grocer, Main; 1236 Marshall E. A., barrister and solicitor, Main; 1121 McLean E. J., residence, Main; 1122 Mill Supper, residence, Main; 1202 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1203 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1204 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1205 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1206 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1207 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1208 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1209 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1210 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1211 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1212 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1213 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1214 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1215 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1216 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1217 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1218 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1219 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1220 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1221 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1222 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1223 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1224 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1225 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1226 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1227 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1228 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1229 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1230 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1231 Newcomb, residence, Main; 1232 Newcomb, residence, Main; 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THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1905.

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington tells how Lydia B. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claim we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs.



Mrs. Mary Dimmick

Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letters.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham: I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from painful menstruation—the pain was excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the womb. The doctor says I must have an operation or I could not live. I do not want to submit to an operation if I can possibly avoid it. Please help me.—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D. C.

MRS. CHADWICK FOUND GUILTY

It Took the Jury About Two Hours to Reach Their Verdict.

Cleveland, March 11.—Mrs. Cassie E. Chadwick was tonight found guilty of conspiring to defraud the United States by conspiring to procure the certification of checks on a national bank, when there were no funds in the bank to her credit.

Under the laws she can be fined on each count, not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than two years on each count, or she may be fined a maximum of \$10,000 and also imprisoned for two years on each count.

AMHERST HOTELS CLOSE.

Amherst, N. S., March 11.—This has been a record week in Scott act matters, something more than \$500 having been paid into the town treasury during the week. The present town council evidently intend enforcing the act.

Herbert J. Smith, barrister, lectured on temperance, yesterday afternoon, in Union Hall. The address was learned and lengthy. He expatiated upon character as a great power in the world, and earnestly urged all young men to cultivate characters of purity, and strength.

Cut out this Coupon.

Subscription coupon for The Evening Times, including fields for name, address, and duration of subscription.

PREMIER HAULTAIN

Writes an Open Letter to Sir Wilfred Laurier.

Protests Against Separate Schools Clause—Asks For the Same Terms as Were Given to P. E. Island and British Columbia.

Ottawa, March 12.—Premier Haultain, of the Northwest Territories, has written Sir Wilfred Laurier, an open letter on the Northwest autonomy bill. Mr. Haultain says:

"With regard to the question of education generally, you are no doubt aware that the position taken by us as that the provinces should be left to deal with the subject, exclusively, subject to the provisions of the British North America act, thus putting them on the same footing in this regard as all the other provinces in the Dominion, except Ontario and Quebec."

"I submit that parliament is bound by the provisions of the B. N. A. act, 1867, in passing legislation of this kind. The power of the king-in-council, exercising in effect, the legislative functions of the parliament of the United Kingdom under the authority of section 146 of the B. N. A. act, 1867, is restricted by the words subject to the provisions of this act. This restriction equally applies to parliament exercising the powers conferred on it by the B. N. A. act, 1871, which by section 93 of the B. N. A. act 1867, must be construed together with the B. N. A. act, 1867."

"If the king-in-council is bound by the provisions of the act in admitting an independent and consenting colony into the union, it can hardly be contended that parliament has the power to create an unwilling, inferior and imperfect organization, in the Dominion, except Ontario and Quebec, upon a proposal to rearrange the terms of confederation with respect to Nova Scotia. It is not possible, on great and obvious principles, that the basis of union settled by the B. N. A. act is not capable of alteration by parliament. If the provincial jurisdiction can be invaded by parliament in this respect in the remedial jurisdiction conferred by section 4 of section 93 of the B. N. A. act, 1867, then it is not possible to legislate in advance on this subject beyond the power of parliament and an unwarrantable and unconstitutional anticipation of the remedial jurisdiction. It has, further, the effect of petrifying the positive law of the province with regard to a subject coming within its exclusive jurisdiction and necessitating requests for imperial legislation over the rapidly changing conditions of a new country may require them."

"On the 18th of July, 1870, the Northwest Territories were admitted into the union in the express terms of section 146 of the B. N. A. act, 1867. To speak of the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan being admitted into the union on the 1st of July, 1905, is an improper and indefensible use of the expression. The territories included within the boundaries of these proposed provinces was admitted into the union on July 15, 1870, and immediately upon the creation of these provinces the provisions of section 93 of the B. N. A. act 1867 become, as a matter of indefeasible right, a part of their constitution. On the creation of the provinces the term 'provinces' in that section interests itself, and the term 'union' bears the unmistakable meaning which is given to it with regard to the area included in the provinces by the actual language of section 146."

"The first subsection of section 16 of the bill is drawn in direct contradiction of this principle. It is an attempt to create a province retroactively. It declares territorial school laws passed under the restrictions imposed by the Northwest Territories Act to be provincial school laws. It clothes laws imposed by the federal parliament with all the attributes of laws voluntarily made by a free province. It ignores territorial limitations and conditions. It denies facts and abolishes time. It declares what was not, to have been."

and seeks to perpetuate as existing what never was, nor is. I therefore respectfully demand on behalf of the territories that the same terms, and no others, imposed by the queen-in-council in the admission of Prince Edward Island and British Columbia be prescribed in this instance. The draft bill I submitted more than three years ago contains the clause which will be found in the orders-in-council admitting those provinces. To impose more or to prescribe less, would, I submit, be equally contrary to the law and constitution."

"The clause referred to is as follows: 'On, from and after the said first day of January, 1905, the provisions of the B. N. A. act 1867, except those parts thereof which are in terms made or by reasonable intention may be held to be specially applicable to or to affect only one or more but not the whole of the province or provinces of Canada and as if the province of—had been one of the provinces originally united by the statute in that behalf provided.'"

"I wish to lay great stress on the fact that this is a purely constitutional question and is not in any sense with the discussion of the relative merits of any system of education. The question is one of provincial rights. It is not a question of the rights of a religious minority, which must be properly and may be safely, left to the provincial legislatures to deal with, subject to the provisions of the B. N. A. act, 1867, and which they claim to be their inalienable possession under the one and only Canadian charter, the B. N. A. act."

"The first observation I have to make upon the subject is that it is a direct interference by parliament with the right of the provinces to do as seems to it best with its own."

"Mr. Haultain goes on to say that this section repeats substance of the Dominion Lands Act but as there is evidently no intention of going on to that subject, he does not seem to go further on to the objections against it. Mr. Haultain says that the provinces are entitled to lands and also that there should be one province and not two."

AN EASY WAY

To Keep Well. It is easy to keep well if we would only observe each day a few simple rules. The most important thing is to keep the stomach right, and to do this it is not necessary to diet or to follow a set rule or bill of fare. Such pampering simply makes a capricious appetite and a feeling that a man of my age to the regular daily use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets."

Prof. Weichold gives good advice on this subject. 'I am 69 years old and have never had a serious illness, and at the same time my life has been largely an indoor one, but I early discovered that the way to keep healthy was to keep a healthy stomach, not by eating bran crackers or dieting of any sort, on the contrary I always eat what my appetite craves, but daily for a secret I have made a habit of taking one or two Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal, and I attribute my good health to a man of my age to the regular daily use of Stuart's Tablets.'

They are found in every well regulated household from Maine to California and in Great Britain and Australia are rapidly pushing their way into popular favor. All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, full sized packages at 50 cents, and for a weak stomach a fifty cent package will often do fifty dollars' worth of good."

A REMINISCENCE.

(Washington Star.) The Democratic defeat of last November, was being discussed by Representative John Sharp, Williams of Mississippi. "It reminds me," said he, "of the farmer whose house and barns were picked up by a cyclone, and blown into the Mississippi river. The farmer landed on top of a saw-log. As he came to the surface, blow the water out of his nose, closed his eyes, and got a hard grip on the log, he said: 'Well, that was so daunted sudden, it is ridiculous.'"

OBITUARY.

Charles F. Kinneer.

The sudden death of Charles F. Kinneer, which occurred yesterday, came as a shock to the citizens of St. John.

Up to within a few hours of his death, Mr. Kinneer was about as usual, and was apparently in good health. He attended a meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the vestry of Trinity church. Soon after the meeting he was taken ill, and was accompanied to his home by Dr. J. H. Seaman. Dr. Preston, the family physician, was summoned, and Mr. Kinneer recovered somewhat but shortly afterwards he lapsed into unconsciousness and passed away at 1.15 o'clock.

He was a son of Harrison G. and Maria Kinneer, and was born in St. John, March 31st, 1830. He was educated here, and received his early business training in his father's store. In 1849 he entered the employ of another merchant, with whom he remained eight years.

Mr. Kinneer started business for himself in 1858, and in 1860, joined his brother John L. Kinneer, and with his conduct a profitable mercantile enterprise until the time of his retirement in 1890. He was married in 1850 to Miss Mary M. Lassdowne, a native of St. John, and a daughter of Thomas Lassdowne, who at one time was sheriff of Kent County, N. B. He is survived by his wife, two daughters and one son. His wife, Mrs. Daniel, wife of Rev. Edwin Daniel, rector of Fort Hope, and his children, Mrs. Charles A. (C. B.); Charles A., at South Ste. Marie, and Frank A., at home. Two sisters, Miss Emily I. and Miss Isabella E., who reside in Princess St., also survive him.

In the business world, Mr. Kinneer gained the full confidence of all with whom he associated, by his rigid adherence to upright, manly, principles. As a citizen he was highly esteemed for his many commendable qualities. He was an active member of the Anglican church, and a warden, vestryman and superintendent of the Sunday schools of St. John's (Stone) and Trinity churches. He was also a member of the Board of Trade, and was connected with the directors' board of the Wiggins Male Orphan Institution.

In connection with the latter, it is mentioned that, only on Saturday last, a member of the board received from Mr. Kinneer, a postal card, informing him that it was his intention to visit the institution on Tuesday afternoon and would be glad to see the company. He was also a director of the Furnhill Cemetery company, and a member of the council of the Church of England in St. John's.

Mr. Kinneer was of a kindly, genial disposition, and will be greatly missed. The sad intelligence of his unexpected death was received yesterday with profound regret by all who knew him, and his wife and family have the deepest sympathy of a large circle of friends, in their sad affliction.

Rev. Canon Richardson made touching reference to the sad event in his night's service, in Trinity church. Canon Richardson said that he could not help but suggest to the members of the church, that they should not refer to so great a loss. "For six years I have seen him Sunday by Sunday; in his accustomed seat, and his presence there was always an inspiration and a help. In these days of laxity, in the matter of church attendance, such a loss is not common, and the power of Mr. Kinneer's example, has been very great."

His last moments were wonderfully characteristic of the man. At 10.30, as he had been invariably a custom, for several years past, he met the members of the St. Andrew's Brotherhood, in the vestry, and joined them in prayer for the services of the day, and the work of the parish. Then, before leaving the vestry, he turned to me, and asked me about some work in which he knew I was interested, offering a subscription for his needs. Such men, the church can ill spare, but we may well thank God for what he waxes to us."

William B. Phair, of the post office staff, at Fredericton, died yesterday.

He had been ill for about ten days with typhoid fever, and although his condition was known to be serious, his death was quite unexpected. He was son of the late Andrew Phair, and joined the post office staff in 1872, and held the position of chief clerk at the time of his death. Mr. Phair was 52 years of age, and leaves a widow and three daughters, Kathleen, a nurse in New York; Margaret, and Dorothy at home. He is also survived by an aged mother, a brother, Byron Phair, of the post office staff, and two sisters, Misses Annie and Cecelia Phair of Fredericton.

Patrick Bain.

Patrick Bain, eldest son of Patrick and Sarah Bain, died yesterday, in the 29th year of his age. He was an employe of McAvity's brass works. Besides his parents, he leaves three brothers, John, a moulder in Fleming's foundry; Thomas, a plumber

Best English PRINTS, New Regatta SHIRTINGS! 250--Pretty Designs and Colorings--250

It will be of considerable interest to ladies and gentlemen alike to learn that All Our New Prints and Shirtings are on View. A most complete showing for Spring and Summer. The following brief reference outlines this stock:

- Spotted, Striped and Figured Prints, with Blue Ground, Navy Blue ground, Red ground, Fawn ground, Brown ground, Green ground and Black ground. A very comprehensive collection, representing the newest and best from the most renowned markets. 31 inches wide. 13c. Yard. Plain Colored Prints, in Blues, Ox Blood, Pinks, Greys, Lichen shades. Also in Black and White and Blue and White checks. An attractive stock, fresh and brand new. Just what the men and women are looking for this Spring season. Shirtings, Suitings, etc. 31 inches wide. 13c. Yard. New Fancy Gingham, in Blue, Red, Fawn, Ox Blood, Green, Pink and Grey grounds. These have White, Dresden and Parisian stripes. Also in Black and White, Navy and White, Light Blue and White, Red and White, Green and White, Pink and White, Fawn and White checks and plaids. 28 inches wide. 10c and 12c. Yard.

Many Handsome Shirtings and Costumings in this Array. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD. LINEN ROOM.

125 Remingtons Used in this City. WHY? Because they wear the longest, run the easiest and do the nicest work. Typewriters of all kinds cleaned and repaired. Typewriters supplies of all kinds constantly in stock. PRICE RIGHT.

Mrs. Stafford Baker. Thomas R. Hilyard received word yesterday of the death of Mrs. Stafford Baker in Lowell, Mass. She formerly resided in Fredericton, where the interment will take place. Mrs. Sherman Johnston. Mrs. Sherman Johnston, died at her home, Bellisle Brook, Kings county, yesterday. Rev. David Long, of Victoria St., Free Baptist church is a brother-in-law.

BAILEY & PATERSON, Telephone 4688, 90 Main Street.

Spring Style Hats, Soft Hats. The Kind That Sell. Always a shape and color to suit every customer. Our styles are exclusive and always correct. Customers like our Hats because he can always find a fit. Keep their color and finish in all weather. Price \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 to \$4.00. THORNE BROS. - - Hatters, - - 93 King Street.

The Loving Wives in St. John.

Can keep their husbands in the best of humor by sending their Shirts, Collars and Cuffs to UNGAR'S Laundry, Dyeing and Carpet Cleaning Works, Ltd. Phone 98.

YOUR AD. HERE Would be read by thousands every evening

GILBERT LANE DYE WORKS. LACE CURTAINS cleaned and done up EQUAL TO NEW. Carpets cleaned and beaten. Dyeing and scouring. MACAULAY BROS. & CO., City Agents.

Subscribe Today for THE TIMES 25 cts. per month in advance.

GOOD BREAD & PASTRY & GAKES ROBINSON'S CHOICE CONFECTIONERY Try our Home Made Candies. BIRTHS. BEVERSFORD-On March 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Beversford, a daughter.

NOTICE. A special meeting of the shareholders of the Hampton and St. Martins Railway Company will be held at the office of the company, St. Martins, New Brunswick, Monday, 20th day of March, 1905, 10 a. m., to take into consideration the financial standing of the company, and to provide ways and means to meet liabilities now pressing.

W. E. Skillee, Secretary. F. M. Anderson, Vice-President.

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1905

SALVATION METROPOLE BRYAN PRAISES PRESIDENT. He Extends Good Wishes, and Expects Men of All Parties to Join Him.

This week's War City devotes its entire front page to pictures of the Salvation Army Metropole, and its officers and men. The pictures are accompanied by an excellent descriptive article from the pen of H. W. Nash, from which the following is reprinted.

Multi upon one of the finest sites in the Metropole, the Salvation Army Metropole has been built upon the site of the old Metropole, which was destroyed by fire on the 15th of October last. The building has been erected upon a commanding site in the Metropole, with a splendid view of the harbor, and is a most beautiful and substantial structure. It is a most beautiful and substantial structure. It is a most beautiful and substantial structure.

We Paid \$100,000 For Ligozone, Yet We Give You a 50c. Bottle Free.

We paid \$100,000 for the American rights to Ligozone; the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after through physicians and hospitals, in this country and others. We cured all kinds of germ diseases with it—thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable. We proved that its germ-killing power is always accomplished what medicine cannot do. Now we ask you to try it—try it at our expense. Test it as we did; see what it does. Then you will use it always as we do, and as millions of others do. You will use it, not only to get well, but to keep well. And it will save nearly all of your sickness.

Kills Inside Germs. Ligozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

MORNING NEWS IN BRIEF. Local. Theodore Evans, of Lorneville, was married Saturday afternoon.

Provincial. Percy Ferguson, youngest son of N. B. and brakenam of the I. C. R., had his leg crushed while coupling cars at Chatham Junction.

General. Saturday was the last day for filing protests against the proposed amendments to the Ontario constitution.

FOR SALE. One 2500 lbs Howe Scale suitable for warehouse use.

What We Are Doing. Helping Misplaced and Dissatisfied People to Change Their Work.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, Box 799, Stratford, Pa. Please explain how you can qualify for position marked X below.

LOOK UP. Take your eyes off the ground. Don't wait for something to turn up. Be prepared for great opportunities, and success is half won.

ABERDEEN HOTEL. Home-like and attractive. A temperance house. Newly furnished and thoroughly renovated.

CLIFTON HOUSE. 74 Princess Street, and 114 and 143 Germain Street, St. John, N. B.

Royal Hotel, 41, 43 and 45 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Victoria Hotel, King Street, St. John, N. B.

The DUFFERIN. E. LEROI WILLIS, Prop. KING SQUARE, St. John, N. B.

HARD COAL. We have a small quantity of American Anthracite Coal on hand.

Schooner "Myrtle Leaf" Has arrived from New York with a cargo of the celebrated "Triple X" Lehigh Hard Coal.

FOR SALE. One 2500 lbs Howe Scale suitable for warehouse use.

What We Are Doing. Helping Misplaced and Dissatisfied People to Change Their Work.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, Box 799, Stratford, Pa. Please explain how you can qualify for position marked X below.

LOOK UP. Take your eyes off the ground. Don't wait for something to turn up. Be prepared for great opportunities, and success is half won.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY. On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1904, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Table with columns for TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN, TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN, and RATES. Includes routes to Halifax, Montreal, and other cities.

CANADIAN PACIFIC LOW RATES. SECOND CLASS TICKETS. From St. John, N. B.

Table with columns for TO, RATES, and FROM. Lists routes to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, and other cities.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Steamship Service. From Liverpool. From St. John, N.B.

Table with columns for Ship Name, Dates, and Destinations. Lists ships like LAKE ERIE, LAKE THAMPLAIN, etc.

Severe Chest Colds And Painful Coughs Demand Prompt and Active Treatment.

The great danger in troubles of this class is "delay." Don't neglect a Cough or Cold, it can have but one result. It leaves the throat or lungs, or both, affected—Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Asthma, Catarrh and Consumption will surely follow the neglect to cure.

PRESENCE OF MIND. At a recent gathering of notable ex-Attorney General Griggs related a story of ex-Gov. Taylor, of Tennessee, and the late President McKinley.

"What would you like?" inquired the President. "To command a brigade," replied the Governor. "Suppose," said the President, "that your brigade was stationed upon the brink of a precipice and you saw the enemy advancing in the valley below. What would you do?"

THE HIGHEST FEATHERS. Walpole once told this story of Lady Alibury. "Oh her return to London from abroad her ladyship found that the Duchess of Devonshire had still the highest feathers.

"I'd cry 'Halt!'" said Taylor. "But suppose they refused?" asked the President. "I'd cry 'Fire!'" said Taylor. "But suppose they kept on and fired bayonets?" queried the President. "Then," said Taylor, "I'd cry 'Stop firing! It only makes them worse!'"

GAELIC WHISKY! (18 Years Old.) IMPORTED DIRECT FROM CRAIGELLACHIE-GLENLIVET DISTILLING CO., LTD., Glasgow, Scotland. The Old Blend of Whisky of the White Horse Cellar.

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1905

In the Sporting World.

NEWSPAPER MEN PLAY A GREAT GAME OF HOCKEY.

Times-Globe Trim the Sun-Star, 5 to 3--Ottawa Hold the Stanley Cup--Starr Trophy Games--Interesting Bowling News--Sullivan and Durman Will Race.

HOCKEY.

A Great Game.

DEED--In the Queen's rink, on Saturday afternoon, the hours of 9 and 10, the Sun-Star hockey organization, after a brief illness, was conducted by the members of the Times-Globe team, at the hour and place noted. R. I. P.

An astronomical disturbance, not down on the calendar, occurred at the Queen's rink on Saturday afternoon, when there was a total eclipse of the Sun and Star.

The eclipse was due to the strenuous labors of a gallant aggregation of hockeyists, selected from the editorial staff of the Times and Globe, when they met and conquered in fair fight seven Indians chosen from the talent found in the Sun and Star offices. The preliminaries were arranged by Fred Jordan of the Sun, and W. E. Hopper of the Times, with malice aforethought and at five o'clock the united forces appeared at the rink, had an affectionate farewell to their friends, and trooped on Sun and Star. Times and Globe.

Goal. McGinley (Times). Jordan (Sun). Point. J. Fitzgerald (Star). Cover Point. J. Fitzgerald (Star). Faisley (Globe). Rover. Hopper (Times). D. Hunter. Hopper (Times). McKinnon (Sun). Campbell (Times). Left Wing. R. Markham (Sun). McCafferty (Globe). Right Wing. Barbour (Sun). Olive (Times).

From the start, the play was fast and furious, and at half time, the Times and Globe had piled up four goals to their opponents' one. In the second half, the Times-Globe team, eased up, and allowed their opponents to score two more goals. Then the victors, poked in another, just to show that they could.

The victors had an insistent advantage over their opponents, by the presence on their team of goal keeper, McGinley. He was a tower of strength to the team. Four times, during the game, did the enemy have the opportunity of scoring. Three times they scored. On the fourth attempt, the goal keeper valiantly snatched his stick and stopped the puck with his stomach. It was a great effect.

On the Sun-Star team, the best was undoubtedly done by J. Fitzgerald. He showed a disposition, and an ability, to mix it up that was surprising, and it was only by the united prayers of his fellow players, that he was prevented from winning the game alone.

For the winning team, Paisley Hopper, Campbell, McCafferty, and Jack Olive, played good hockey. Joe Fitzgerald also showed ability in several ways. McGinley played a terrible game.

On the Sun-Star team, Ralph Markham, Orndall, Jordan, Barbour, McKinnon and Hunter played a passable game, while Payne's efforts defy description.

The victors will challenge for the Stanley cup at once, and expect to have it here in a few days. Arrangements are now being made to place it in the men's cabin on Wun Lung.

Scribbles.

One-two-three, who are we Times-Globe, Times-Globe, Yes-ir-ee. "Holl Jordan Roll" was heard from the side as Fred went down before the fierce onslaughts of the all-evening aggregation.

"Wouldn't that give you a payne." "The Campbell are coming" was the cry as the speedy centre of the victors swooped down the ice on several occasions.

The victors were coached by the advertising manager and shipping editor of the Times, both of whom had seen accounts of other games.

Fred Payne received a telegram this morning asking him to place a figure on his services to play on the Ottawa team. He has not yet decided what his reply will be.

The valiant editor of the Star seemed to think that the game should be played from a sitting posture. One of the opposing team who had a habit of getting in his way, said "You can't use me Charlie."

The goal-keeper of the heavenly bodies' aggregation came on the ice with a full array of harness. The man between the posts for the victors had only his personal charms to assist him.

A telegram was received by the vanquished from General Kurupakina expressing his delight at the great exhibition of strategy displayed by them. It read, "I see you are like myself, having ten on."

As the speedy right-wing of the luminary aggregation came up the ice, the coaches could be heard, calling, "Markham boys Mark-him." With McCafferty on the wing we didn't do a thing. With Paisley playing point we knocked them out of joint. Hully gee--they're up a tree.

Ottawa Holds the Cup. Ottawa, March 18.--The third and last game in the series for the Stanley Cup was played Saturday night, and after a close and exciting game the Ottawa's won by a score of 5 to 4. There was good ice, a large crowd and plenty of excitement. The Rat Portage combination is the best team ever seen at the capital and on neutral ice would probably have carried off the cup. The score at two minutes before time was 4-4, and the winning goal was shot amid thunderous applause.

Sydney, 4; Windsor, 1. Sydney, N. S., March 18.--The Windsor hockey team, which arrived here Saturday morning from St. John's (Nfld.), were beaten in Rosslyn rink Saturday evening by the team of Sydney, in an exhibition game, by a score of four to one. The Windsor boys won one match in St. John's and lost two.

Starr Trophy Games. The Sackville hockey team, champions of the New Brunswick League, will play the Ramblers of Amherst, champions of the Nova Scotia League, for the championship of the maritime provinces and the Starr trophy on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at Amherst.

Croquet Not Eligible. The St. John Times says--Croquet of the Moncton Victorias will play in the Sackville team on Friday night here, and will also assist the team in their games with the Ramblers. If Sackville and Amherst should play for the Starr trophy, Croquet's will not be eligible to play. Halifax Recorder.

In the above statement the Times was simply quoting one of the Sackville players. It has been learned on inquiry, however, that Croquet's will probably not be allowed to play on the Sackville team as he was not a resident of Sackville and would be classed as an imported player, and therefore would not be eligible.

BOWLING. Saturday's Game. The third game in the candle-pin tournament for the Richey prize was played Saturday night, when Capt. A. King's team defeated the team of Capt. A. McBeath by 85 pins. There was a large number of spectators present. The score was as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Name, Pins. Capt. A. King 81 82 72 245 81-2-3. H. O'Brien 82 75 72 229 81-3. H. C. Olive 77 150 78 205 85-1-2. Hasting 82 83 83 248. C. Cowling 80 78 80 248 82-2-3.

1904. Total Ave. Capt. A. McBeath 73 85 86 244 78-1-3. A. Miles 71 70 219 73. H. Wilson 89 89 89 267. R. Atchison 91 99 80 270 80-1-3. B. Bowser 84 89 91 264 88.

1920. The next game in the series will be tonight, at 8 o'clock, between the following teams: Capt. W. Johnston, F. Campbell, J. Mathews, J. Daley, G. Smith, F. McLean, C. Graham. Team Standing and Pin Fall. Games Won. Lost. Capt. A. King 1 0 1094. Capt. W. Johnston 1 0 1242. Capt. C. 1 0 1293. Capt. F. Fitzgerald 0 1 1145. Capt. A. McBeath 0 0 2450.

Parliamentary Games. There is some likelihood of there being some bowling matches being arranged during the session between teams of members of the legislature. Some time ago when Mr. B. Copp M. P., was in the city he sent out an open challenge from Westmorland's four stalwarts to bowl a match game on the Queen Hotel alleys with a team composed of members from any one of the constituencies. The other members have been thinking over their challenge, very seriously, and have about decided to get up a team which they think will be able to make the Westmorland County representatives give up bowling as a bad job. The make up of the opponents cannot be given out as yet as the members are all so anxious to get a place on the team.

Saturday the first practice started at the Queen Hotel alleys and some terrific scores were rolled up. Among the members who started in with their coats off

MANUAL TRAINING. The Growing Recognition of Its Importance as Part of Education.

(Montreal Witness.) If the views advocated by Dr. F. W. Atkinson, president of the New York Polytechnic, concerning high school education, should be adopted by the Board of Education in that city, which appears probable, a most important innovation in response to the popular demand for practical instruction, in accordance with the needs of modern life, will be made. Briefly stated, Dr. Atkinson's idea is that trade high schools, which will send young men out into the world technically fitted to earn a living with their hands, should have an equal place with the high schools devoted to intellectual culture, and to preparing students for college.

A Challenge.

The Times bowling team challenges any aggregation of newspaper men in the city to a contest of "cooked hat" or candle-pins at Mullins' alley. Sun-Star team preferred. An early answer is requested. Address sporting editor Times.

BASKETBALL.

Exciting Games at P'ton. The Y. M. C. A. intermediate basketball team which played in Fredrickston Saturday afternoon against Fredrickston High School, were defeated by a score of 24-22. At half time the score stood 15-10 in favor of St. John, and during the latter half of the game first one team and then the other took the lead. When the whistle blew for time the score was 22 all. After a few minutes' extra play and amid great excitement Fredrickston scored two points and won the game. This is the second game of the series, the first being won in this city by the Y. M. C. A. with a score of 32-9, and Y. M. C. A. thus comes out ahead by 21 points.

The game between U. N. B. and Normal School was won by the former, score, 65-4.

The Currie Business College team lost to the Fredrickston Business College quintette by a score of 16-9.

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THE RING. A Prize Fighting Bill.

Sacramento, Cal., Mar. 9.--A bill to prohibit prize-fighting in California was defeated in the assembly today, 56 to 53.

This will permit of boxing exhibitions being given throughout the whole state, and one of the first bouts will be between Jimmy Britt and Betting Nelson.

Sullivan and Durman. Sullivan has accepted Durman's terms to allow him \$500 expenses, and they will row on Toronto Bay the last week in August, for \$2000 aside.

BASEBALL. "Tip" O'Neill Signed. Milwaukee, March 11.--Outfielder "Jack" O'Neill, who played with the Washington American League team last year, has been signed by the Milwaukee American Association Club for this season.

and in which the high specialization of labor in the factories has practically abrogated the old and wholesome law that an employer should teach the apprentice his calling, all round. But no reversal of these conditions can do away with the desirability of mechanical training in school and the practical teaching of these general principles of physics, chemistry, drawing and all the branches which bear on mechanical work. It would be altogether wrong that those who looked forward to mechanical employment should have a monopoly of this class of training. Indeed, those need it least, as their perceptive and inventive faculties are in less danger of becoming atrophied from disuse than those of persons in intellectual employment, to the stunting of their whole nature; for it is undeniable that the intellectual operations of the mind can be much more wholesomely and effectively developed concurrently with these than without them. On the other hand, perhaps the chief advantage of manual training in school to the mechanic is that it renders it more possible that it seems to be now for him to get a good general education. We presume that there are no conditions more favorable to success in life than those which combine a practical occupation with a thorough intellectual training. These have been, however, for the most part deplorably divorced, with the result that the educated have shown mechanical employment, while those who have adopted that mode of living have for the most part had the paths both of success and of social advancement largely barred to them by the lack of education. What is wanted throughout our educational system, is not so much technical training--that is the learning of trades--which it would be impossible to supply in schools except in large centres, as that general training of the hands and the senses that will fit the scholar to put his hand with success to whatever operation he may be called to. This is what Sir William Macdonald has attempted to introduce into our educational system, and the strictly technical school--though the most necessary shade into the other.

EFFECTIVE MUSIC. (Music and Drama.) The late Mrs. Gilbert, the veteran actress, was a dancer until middle life. It was quite as a novice that at the age of 40, she began to appear in speaking parts.

Once at a reception in Chicago, she said: "One of my earliest speaking parts was played here in your city, and I was very nervous. I was so very nervous, in fact, that on the first night I made an error that nearly ruined the performance."

"I had a small part, the part of an old nurse. There was a dining-room villain, and a band of music was supposed to be very fine. The queen's life, indeed, was to come near being ruined through the strange, sweet, seductiveness of this band. Nothing but compliments of the band were to be heard on every side."

"Well, in the third act, while the band was playing its best, I had to rush on and cry: "Stop the music; the king is dead!"

"What I did, in my nervousness, was to rush on and cry: "Stop the music; it has killed the king!"

Mrs. Smarte--"Oh, well, I suppose my act was a little comical, but then you can make it up by saving in something else."

Mrs. Smarte--"That's what you women always say--something else. In your own something else in this case, for Mrs. Smarte--"Well, there's your own dig at a day, for one thing."

THOMAS McAVITY, ESQ. ST. JOHN, N. B. writes: "I take great pleasure in stating that I have used Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam in my family for years, and find it an excellent remedy for coughs and colds."

As An All-round Family Liniment Nothing Can Equal Manning's German Remedy. The Greatest Neuralgia and Rheumatic Cure of the Age.

W. S. FISHER, ESQ., of the well known firm of Emerson & Fisher, St. John, N. B., says: "I have much pleasure in stating that I have found Dr. Manning's German Remedy most effective for the treatment of Neuralgia, Pains, etc. As a general family liniment I consider it unequalled."

The CANADIAN DRUG CO. Limited, Sole Props. ST. JOHN, N. B.

ASK FOR LABATT'S SPARKLING INDIA PALE ALE.

Made from natural Spring Water, selected Barley Malt, and a blend of the choicest growth of hops. IT IS WHOLESOME and will not cause distress to any of the organs of the body.

TAKEN WITH FOOD -- It is an aid to digestion and a cause of comfort after meals.

Bottling Vaults, 51-53-55 Dock St. Phone 596

AGAINST COERCION. BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!! No Need For Separate Schools and No Expectation That They Would Be Put in the Bill.

Principal Riddell, of Alberta College, Edmonton, writes to The Christian Guardian, under date of February 23, and Rev. T. C. Buchanan, Superintendent of Missions for Alberta, under date of February 26. Their letters show emphatically the opposition which exists in the Territories to the proposed coercion. Principal Riddell says:

"There is absolutely no need for separate schools, and the people, as a whole, are not asking for them here. In fact, my firm conviction is that if the Roman Catholic people were left to themselves they would quickly adopt the system of national schools. I cannot see why the Dominion government is taking any action in reference to the matter at all. To my mind, the school question is a matter which each Province must decide for itself, and should remain in the hands of the people of that Province. The Federal Government would undoubtedly be transgressing the point of its jurisdiction to attempt to saddle any Province with a system which its ripper judgment and the development of circumstances would absolutely repudiate."

"My strong wish is to see one united system, in which our young people will be trained in the elements of good citizenship, and to love both their country and their Government. Only in this way can we ever hope to secure a united Empire."

"A Fool's Paradise." Mr. Buchanan says: "Not until yesterday did I learn definitely what the Dominion House had decided to do. Some of us were inclined to find fault with the eastern press, and eastern people for raising the question of separate schools, believing that the government would not incorporate separate schools in the legislation giving autonomy to the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. We were living, it seems, in a fool's paradise. To have it so flat-footed and plain! We in the west have been treated to a surprise, and wish now that those in the east, who were behind the scenes, had informed us as to what was coming. We might have had an opportunity to ride our voice against such legislation. If it had been left to the provinces themselves, they doubtless would have renounced for the sake of peace, the present public school system, which includes separate classes of a kind. But for the Dominion government to saddle separate schools on them is not only contrary to the spirit of the age, which demands provincial rights, but it is altogether too much of a pre-emption of all the future. In a word, this whole question of schools have been left to the provinces themselves."

IT WILL PAY YOU, IF YOU ARE IN BUSINESS TO ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES.

Recently occupied by the Bank of Halifax.

Also on hand a fine lot of Westmorland County Shad and Rosigische Salmon.

COLD STORAGE in connection with the new establishment.

WILLIAM A. CATHERS, 156 Prince Wm. Street.

FRANK P. VAUGHAN, ELECTRICAL ENGINEER AND CONTRACTOR. 5 Mill St., St. John, N. B. Telephone No. 375.

Crocker & Wheeler Dynamos and Motors, Telephones, Annunciators, and Bells. Wiring in all its branches.

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The CANADIAN DRUG CO. Limited, Sole Props. ST. JOHN, N. B.

ASK FOR LABATT'S SPARKLING INDIA PALE ALE.

Made from natural Spring Water, selected Barley Malt, and a blend of the choicest growth of hops. IT IS WHOLESOME and will not cause distress to any of the organs of the body.

TAKEN WITH FOOD -- It is an aid to digestion and a cause of comfort after meals.

Bottling Vaults, 51-53-55 Dock St. Phone 596

AGAINST COERCION. BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!! No Need For Separate Schools and No Expectation That They Would Be Put in the Bill.

Principal Riddell, of Alberta College, Edmonton, writes to The Christian Guardian, under date of February 23, and Rev. T. C. Buchanan, Superintendent of Missions for Alberta, under date of February 26. Their letters show emphatically the opposition which exists in the Territories to the proposed coercion. Principal Riddell says:

"There is absolutely no need for separate schools, and the people, as a whole, are not asking for them here. In fact, my firm conviction is that if the Roman Catholic people were left to themselves they would quickly adopt the system of national schools. I cannot see why the Dominion government is taking any action in reference to the matter at all. To my mind, the school question is a matter which each Province must decide for itself, and should remain in the hands of the people of that Province. The Federal Government would undoubtedly be transgressing the point of its jurisdiction to attempt to saddle any Province with a system which its ripper judgment and the development of circumstances would absolutely repudiate."

"My strong wish is to see one united system, in which our young people will be trained in the elements of good citizenship, and to love both their country and their Government. Only in this way can we ever hope to secure a united Empire."

"A Fool's Paradise." Mr. Buchanan says: "Not until yesterday did I learn definitely what the Dominion House had decided to do. Some of us were inclined to find fault with the eastern press, and eastern people for raising the question of separate schools, believing that the government would not incorporate separate schools in the legislation giving autonomy to the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. We were living, it seems, in a fool's paradise. To have it so flat-footed and plain! We in the west have been treated to a surprise, and wish now that those in the east, who were behind the scenes, had informed us as to what was coming. We might have had an opportunity to ride our voice against such legislation. If it had been left to the provinces themselves, they doubtless would have renounced for the sake of peace, the present public school system, which includes separate classes of a kind. But for the Dominion government to saddle separate schools on them is not only contrary to the spirit of the age, which demands provincial rights, but it is altogether too much of a pre-emption of all the future. In a word, this whole question of schools have been left to the provinces themselves."

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THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1905.

THIS EVENING.
Wells Stock company at the Opera House in The Red River.
English Opera Singers at York Theatre.

Local News.

Donaldson line steamship Kastala, Captain Webb, is due to arrive any moment.

There will be a hand in attendance at Queen's rink, tomorrow night. The ice is good.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Tingley and family, returned on the C. P. R., from a trip to Halifax.

The meeting of the St. Stephen's church guild this evening will be in charge of a musical committee.

The regular meeting of the board of public safety will be held this afternoon to consider the assessment estimates for the ensuing year.

At 8 o'clock this evening, Rev. Clarence McKinnon will speak in the Centenary church on the subject of Church Union. Dr. Anglin will occupy the chair.

The St. Andrew's lady curlers, played off at points, at the Holy Trinity. Mrs. E. A. Smith, winning with 18 points, Mrs. Norman was second, with 10 points.

The Methodist ministers met this morning in weekly session in the parlors of Centenary church. Routine business was transacted and reports received from the various churches.

Playing cards, dominoes, general assortment of fancy goods—toys of every kind. Come in tomorrow.

A horse, belonging to McRobbie and Co., ran away on Mill street, today. At the corner of York Street, the sleigh upset, throwing the boy, who was driving, out. He held on for a moment, but the horse finally got away from him. The animal was stopped near the corner of Union St., and it was discovered, that very little damage had been done.

In addition to those already mentioned through the press that will take part in the concert tomorrow evening March 14, at Calvin Church, are the following: Miss Leola, Hay, and daughter of Frank Hayward, who is a young and talented performer on the piano, and a mixed quartet, composed of Mrs. Brown, Miss Burpee and Messrs. Murray Long and Thos. Ripley, of the west end.

Royal Mail steamship, Iona, Captain Kuman, arrived at Halifax, this morning, from Liverpool, at 11.30 o'clock, with weekly mails and passengers. Officers say the weather during the trip was terrific and worst they ever experienced. In two days ship made only 304 miles. Daily run up to noon yesterday, March 12, was—March 8rd, 190; 4th, 301; 5th, 294; 6th, 298; 7th, 183; 8th, 192; 9th, 241; 10th, 226; 11th, 308; 12th, 245. She brought 17 saloon, 168 second cabin, 478 steerage.

COUNTY COURT.

The case of Collier vs. Nelson, came up before Judge Forbes in county court chambers today.

The defendant, Charles L. Nelson, having been arrested on execution in the case and held to bail on the limits of the common law made a disclosure, and was discharged. The judgment was for a set of books, and the defendant, in his examination, said that he had given them to his mother, who keeps a boarding house on the corner of Leinster and Germain streets, for board and money loaned, to the amount of over \$100.

E. H. Chapman appeared for the plaintiff and objected to the discharge. H. H. Pickett appeared for the defendant.

THE BAPTIST MINISTERS.

The Baptist ministers met in weekly session this morning. There were present—Rev. Dr. Gates, Dr. Manning, D. Long, A. E. Colboe, A. J. Prosser, H. G. Colpitts, H. D. Ward, M. S. Trafton, O. Burnett, R. W. Ferguson. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Dr. Manning.

Thirteen persons were baptized at Germain St., and four at Leinster St. church, by their respective pastors.

Rev. A. J. Prosser presided at the jail yesterday.

Special meetings will be held every evening this week (except Saturday) at Victoria street, Free Baptist church.

The evangelistic alliance having authorized the Baptist ministers of this city to take charge of the Sunday sessions at the hall, for the months of March, April and May, Rev. A. J. Prosser was appointed to the work for that period.

NEWS FROM NORTH END

The Ferry Steamer.

Work on the new ferry at Hilliard's blocks, is progressing rapidly. Many citizens visited the place of construction yesterday and were surprised to find that the boat was as well under way.

The steel hull is completed, but rudders and propellers have yet to be shipped. Work on the top hamper, cabins, and wheelhouse, has been under way for three weeks. They have the appearance of being roomy and up-to-date, and will no doubt make a pronounced advance on the models so familiar to the St. John public.

The vessel will be 58 feet greater length, and 16 feet more beam than the present ferries plying the harbor, and the larger boats will have to be built, to meet the demands created by the introduction of so large and modern a carrier.

Minor Notes. A horse attached to a wood cart, and owned by John Jefferson, fell on Mill St., this morning. The animal was slightly injured about the fore leg.

A farmer from Georgetown was in the city today, and says that the present cold snap has had little effect on the river, as the slush is still three feet deep in many places.

Leo Johnston of Douglas Avenue, is entertaining a few of her friends this afternoon and evening.

POLICE COURT.

Six Prisoners on the Bench at This Morning's Session.

Six prisoners occupied the bench of the police court this morning.

Ernest Garnett and Murray Alexander, charged with assaulting and beating Salem Lewis, and Assyrian, on Brussels street, on Saturday last, were found guilty, and fined \$20, or two months each.

Sergt. Baxter testified that he had been informed that there had been a tangle between three local men and two Assyrians. Michael Charles was complained to him, that three men were beating his friend, Salem Lewis.

Lewis was placed on the stand and swore that he was passing along Brussels street, when he was attacked by Ernest Garnett, Murray Alexander, and a third man. He was knocked down, and one of the former two struck him a violent blow on the nose causing it to bleed.

Michael Charles testified that he had seen the row, and had tried to part the combatants by taking his companion aside. He stated further that he had seen Alexander strike Lewis the face.

Arthur Kennedy charged with drunkenness and prominently on Mill street, pleaded guilty, and was fined \$24 or three months with hard labor.

Mary Jane Toner, the white and white and Alexander Diggs, better known as the winter months at the almshouse, was also before the court on a charge of drunkenness. She pleaded guilty and was fined \$8 or two months.

Walter Downey and Desiro Bramet, who were arrested for drunkenness, were fined \$8 or thirty days each.

J. Bernard Clark, who was reported for driving a vehicle in the city without a license, was also in court, and said that he had been unable to procure a license because of sickness in his family. Inspector Green testified that Clark had been driving a coach since August last. He had been reported seven times, and failed to appear in an appearance when summoned. Neither had he made any arrangement with regard to procuring a license.

Clark was instructed to make some arrangement and obtain a license. The matter was again taken up this afternoon.

Henry Lewis, John Gay and William Burns, have been reported for fighting and using profane language. The matter will probably come up on Wednesday morning.

Eight protectionists were allowed to go.

BATTLE LINE.

Steamer Platea, Capt. Marsters, sailed from St. Vincent, Cape Verde, on Thursday last week for Cuba and United States.

Steamer Martinea, Capt. Pys, arrived at New York on Tuesday from Santiago, Cuba.

Steamer Trebla, Capt. Hilton, arrived at the Tyne on Tuesday from Copenhagen.

Steamer Nemes, Capt. Shaw, arrived at Stettin on Monday from New York.

Steamer Sellaas, Capt. Purdy, arrived at Gullport from Mobile on Monday to load for St. John.

Steamer Elmira loads 23,000 bushels of grain at New Orleans for Black Sea at 3 shillings, 3 pence. Steamer Tanagra has been fixed on time charter to carry sugar from Cuba to New York or Philadelphia; also steamers Platea, same, and round trip.

POLICE REPORTS

A key found in the old burial ground awaits an owner, at the central police station.

A horse attached to Quin & Allen's sleigh ran away on Brussels St. The sleigh was badly damaged.

Contestants for the Scholarship Prizes. Vote for Your Favorite.

Use the coupon on page 5. Name the person you wish your votes to count for and state the number of months the paper is to be delivered.

25¢ is all that need be sent with the coupon as our Collector will call thereafter.

Send in your subscription to THE EVENING TIMES and help these deserving young people.

TAKE AN INTEREST. HELP TODAY. WRITE IT IN THE COUPON.

12 Votes for 1 Month
40 " " 3 Months
150 " " 6 "
325 " " 12 "

The Standing of Contestants.

W. R. McDonald, 10,068
Jos. Donovan, 8624
Frank L. Giggey, 1300
Edward Bond, 24
J. R. Dauton, 12
Charles Brennan, 12

LECTURE ON CONFEDERATION. Interesting Address by T. P. Regan Before St. Peter's Y. M. A.

An interesting lecture on Confederation was delivered by T. P. Regan, before the Y. M. A. of St. Peter's church yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Regan has devoted considerable time to the study of this important subject, and his lecture proved most instructive.

No serious attempt towards political union had been made, said Mr. Regan, until the year 1854, when the question came up in the Nova Scotia House of Assembly, and the leaders of the two great parties agreed upon the advisability of such a movement.

A delegation was sent to England to confer with her majesty's government from whom they received the reply that the matter was one for the colonies to settle between themselves.

Several other delegations were sent from Upper Canada, and in 1862, the Duke of Newcastle, then colonial secretary, in a despatch to the governor general said that if all the provinces would unite, the matter would receive the consideration of the British government. The policy, up till that time had been opposed because of the severance of the American States.

During 1861 and 1862 it was decided by the imperial government, that the union of the provinces would be desirable, and the movement was pushed forward.

When the legislature passed a resolution authorizing negotiations regarding maritime union.

In the following September, a convention was held at Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Montreal, Quebec and Ontario were having a political crisis on the question of representation according to population, and the delegates from the Maritime Provinces, as well as Ontario and Quebec, were invited to attend.

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On October 10th, 1864 the convention met at Quebec, and there were representatives present from the Maritime Provinces, as well as Ontario and Quebec. The voting was by provinces, separate from the convention, the results being reported back.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

J. D. Ward left on a business trip to Baltimore on Friday last.

Mrs. Gabriel Crawford, left this morning for Ithaca where her sister Mrs. Meany is seriously ill.

Miss Winifred Flagler, of this city who recently went to Boston to take a special course in the Massachusetts charitable eye and ear infirmary, has been put in charge of the ophthalmic ward and has signed to remain for six months.

H. E. Ellis, of St. John, and his sister, Miss Ella, of Hamilton (Ont.) sailed on the Bavarian for England.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gillespie and the Misses Gillespie have gone on a trip to British Columbia and Seattle.

Mr. C. M. Legere, M. P. P., passed through the city Saturday en route home from Fredericton.

Miss Rose McGarvie, who has been visiting in the city, the past few days will leave for home tonight.

MACAULAY BROS. & Co.

Spring Wash Dress Fabrics. and Summer

Washable Voile in all the leading shades for Summer—Blue, Brown, Green, White, Cream, Navy, etc.
Irish Dress Linens, bright lustrous finish, plain colors—Blue, Green, Brown, Navy, etc., 36 inches wide, 3 qualities, 30c., 35c. and 45c. yard.
Fancy Linen Etamines, self-colors and fancy knickerbocker effects.
Anderson's Scotch Zephyr—Pin Head Checks and Plaids, Stripes and plain colors, 15c. to 45c. yard.
Embroidered Spot Crepines, Tan and Natural, Linen color, with Colored Polka Spots, 35c. yard.
English Galateas, for Boys', Misses' Blouses and Suitings, Fancy Stripes in Light and Dark Colorings.
English Drills, Plain and Fast Colors, in Navy, Butcher Blue, Tan, Red, Black, White, 30c. yard, 29 inches.

BEST ENGLISH CAMBRIC. Fast Washing Colors, for Shirtwaists, Shirtwaist Suits, Shirts, Wrappers, etc., 14c. yd.

MACAULAY BROS. & Co.

YOUNG MAN Free I. C. S. Scholarship YOUNG WOMAN Free I. C. S. Scholarship

TO BE GIVEN BY THE EVENING TIMES

To the young man and young woman receiving the largest number of votes from its Subscribers Scholarships In International Cor. Schools, Scranton, Pa.

First Prize—Choice of a full Scholarship up to \$100 in value. Second " " " " 75 "

If language study is desired, special arrangement must be made with the I. C. S. by the winners.

HOW IT WILL BE DONE.

The scholarships will be awarded to the young man and young woman who secures the largest number of votes from subscribers to The Evening Times. The standing of the two leaders at the close of the contest shall determine the first and second prizes. It being understood that one prize goes to A YOUNG MAN and the other to A YOUNG WOMAN. The standing at close of contest to determine whether the young man or the young woman gets FIRST PRIZE.

ABOUT THE VOTES.

The subscription price of the Evening Times is 25c. per month or \$3.00 per year. Each subscription to The Evening Times during this contest commencing Feb. 15, and closing May 1st, shall count in votes for its favorite as follows:

12 votes for 1 months' subscription
40 " " 3 " "
150 " " 6 " "
325 " " 12 " "

PAYABLE MONTHLY IN ADVANCE.

This subscription count is for City Circulation only. For votes to count for these Scholarship Prizes, papers must be delivered WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

HOW TO WIN.

Upon application at the office of The Evening Times any person will be furnished with a book of these coupons. Then go to work among your friends and induce them to subscribe or if already a subscriber, to EXTEND THEIR SUBSCRIPTION. Fill in the order on the blank and credit yourself with the number of votes the length of the subscription entitles you too. Upon receipt of the coupon at this office, your name will be published as a contestant for "A SCHOLARSHIP PRIZE" and all future subscriptions that you secure will be credited to you. Once you are in the list as a contestant persons interested in you will use coupon clipped from The Evening Times to forward their subscriptions and your score will increase daily.

FREE FOR ALL.

No one is barred from this contest. Anyone will be cheerfully furnished with subscription blanks and names will be published promptly in The Evening Times with the first votes sent.

Secure from a friend his promise to accept The Evening Times for one year, collect 25c for the first month, and send to this office, you are then entitled to 225 votes. You are not required to collect for the year in advance, only for the first month.

By this plan it is an easy matter to secure subscriptions, as nearly everyone is willing to take The Times and pay our collector every month.

Delay no longer, you can secure unlimited numbers, just for the asking, and each promise to take The Times for one year places you 225 votes nearer the top. We are waiting for your name. See Coupon Page 5.

FREDERICTON NEWS.

Civic Elections Taking Place Today—Mayoralty Contest Will Be Close.

Fredericton, March 13.—(Special)—The civic elections are taking place here today, under favorable weather conditions. The candidates and their friends are doing some tall hustling work, but it is difficult to forecast the result, but it is generally conceded that the contest for the mayoralty will be close.

Henry Jackson, a respected resident of Bear Island, died yesterday aged seventy three years.

The remains of the late William B. Shaw will be interred at Springhill, tomorrow afternoon. The Post Office will be closed for one hour, out of respect to his memory.

The case of Robert Aiken, vs. the Canadian Pacific Railway was finally settled here today. It was an action of trover for conversion of some chains, taken by the defendant, at the time of the bridge accident, at Grand Falls. The plaintiff was then a contractor for the incorporation drive, and the chains

ARMY ESTIMATES.

London, March 13.—The army estimates for 1905—06, issued this afternoon are \$149,065,000 an increase of \$4,975,000 over the last estimates.

RECEIVED HIS MEDAL.

Fred Logan, of the Dufferin, today received a medal which he values most highly. It is of silver with a bar attached and was won by him for second place in a three mile race at Saranac Lake, held under the auspices of the Pontiac Skating Club in the contest held on Feb. 1st last.

On the face is a skate and an inscription "Won by Fred Logan" in this race which was won by Wood with Logan a close second were Bellefleur, Mulligan, Taylor, and Billy Merritt.

CALL TO TORONTO.

Boston, Mass., Mar. 13.—A call to become pastor of the Walnut Road Baptist church at Toronto, Ont., has been extended to Rev. Avery L. Shaw pastor of the Brookline Baptist church, Brookline, Mass., through a committee sent from the Canadian church. Mr. Shaw has asked for ten days to consider the offer.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Royal—A. D. Durham, Fredericton; Miss Hattie Tweedie, Moncton; A. Hocking, Berlin.

Victoria—Fred W. Smith, Marysville; W. P. Pitts, Boston; H. R. Best, Berwick; W. B. Bryne, Rochester; Dufferin—B. C. McNeil, Rochester; N. R. W. A. Bryden, Montreal; W. R. Fairly, Birmingham Ala.; Clifton—E. H. Tingley, Moncton; R. E. Rankin, Boston; B. J. Finlayson, Toronto.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Frederick Neill, the infant son of Alexander Neill, took place this afternoon from his father's residence, Union St. Rev. G. M. Campbell conducted a burial service at the home, and interment took place in Fernhill.

OPERA SINGERS TONIGHT.

The celebrated Dale opera singers open their short engagement at York Theatre this evening with what is called Jap night, and the costume and style setting for same is very unique and pretty. Throughout Nova Scotia crowded houses have met this fine company and wherever they have appeared they have made a decided hit. The advance sale is large and a big attendance is assured for their short engagement here.

The grand officers of the Grand Temple of Honor will institute a junior section of the Temple of Honor in Orange Hall, Fairville, this evening at 8 o'clock. All boys from 12 to 15 years of age are invited to be present.