

The Colonist. MONDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1895.

ROSEBERRY AND HIS PARTY.

Despite the fact of his belonging to that order, Lord Rosebery in a speech delivered at Scarborough, England, on Friday is reported to have declared that "to his mind the primary obstacle to all reform and the greatest danger to the stability of the State lay in the present constitution of the House of Lords, and if the nation had realized that fact the result of the last general elections would have been very different."

It adds: "Forty years have worked a tremendous change in the opinions of the Ardenian people, or the present administration does not truthfully interpret them." On the other hand, the Seattle Times, without going back on the Monroe doctrine, which it, however, thinks may require to be amended to suit the new conditions which have arisen since its promulgation, says, referring to the Venezuelan question:—

"UNWORKABLE SOCIAL SCHEMES." Recently Miss Ray Frank delivered a series of lectures in Victoria, which she has repeated in Portland, Oregon. In the course of one of them she said that "Never will justice be done till the Jewish idea becomes the basis of modern social life."

At the end of seven years the Jew's property, according to Mosaic law, reverts back to the state, and if he want it again, he had to buy it. This was the law in the year every seven years, and every fifty years all property reverted back to the original owner if he was alive, so that, in the course of events, if a man lived long enough, he once more entered into his inheritance. Wiser laws have never been framed.

Now, without entering into a discussion of the accuracy of the statement, or the correctness of attributing the provisions to Moses, it will perhaps be of interest to reproduce a portion of what the Oregonian describes as "an unworkable social scheme." Says our contemporary:—

"The most ancient code of Israel contained the Sabbatical year which produced an economic constitution that was absolutely impracticable. No nation ever existed under such a regime. The land could not be really sold, for the owner retained so many securities upon it that, if it were offered for sale, we scarcely see who could be tempted to buy. This doctrine of property approaches the predominant idea of certain socialistic circles. It was a law written as an ideal for a small community of brothers; but even in that limited social group it could not be carried into practical operation. In this regard it was like many of the socialistic, and even communistic, principles of later Christianity, which are repeated every day in precepts or ideals, but which society could not adopt without undermining its own foundations."

EDITORIAL COMMENT. Who are "the Japanese Soshi" is a question that has possibly suggested itself to some people, and the answer is very simple. The men who are responsible for the murder of the Queen of Korea are the bullies and braves of the Mikado's empire, mainly students who have fallen in their examinations and dangerous adventurers with an intermixture of communists and ordinary disturbers of the peace. Most of them take an active part in politics, usually as "healers," and many a Japanese politician has used them to put a rival horse de combat. No element in the Japanese population gives the authorities more trouble, for large numbers of the fraternity make it their business to involve the Government in trouble over domestic politics and foreign relations.

The resources of Madagascar, which has recently been conquered by the French, have never been thoroughly developed. Its soil is generally fertile and rice, sugar, silk, cotton, indigo, rubber, potatoes and bananas can be grown with ease. It has immense forests of valuable timber and large tracts of land suitable for stock raising. Although it has an area of 228,500 square miles, its population is less than four millions, most of whom live in a condition bordering on savagery, although as a people they are nominally Christians.

THE Vancouver World commenting on the endeavors which have been made by certain individuals to discredit the Lillooet, Fraser River and Cariboo Mining Company, thus speaks of the correspondence in reply which has appeared in these columns: "A writer in the COLONIST signing himself 'B. C. First' makes some remarks that are pertinent at this time and which should be taken to heart by those whose conduct, if persisted in, will have the effect of driving capital out of the Province." Our Vancouver contemporary emphasizes its opinions by further declaring in regard to our correspondent's vindication of Provincial interests, "these be the words of sobriety and truth."

Two wooden tobacco pipes, tied crosswise with colored ribbon, have their bowls stuffed to do duty as pincushions

KOOTENAY'S MINERAL WEALTH.

A Series of Important Deals Consummated—Development Work in Progress.

Big Transaction by Lillooet, Fraser River and Cariboo Gold Fields Company.

NELSON, Oct. 16.—G. A. Kirk, of Victoria has been negotiating for an interest in the Currie mineral claim on the Galena Farm, in Stocan district, without effect. This property is beginning now to look like a mine, having a wonderfully good showing. In sinking a 25 foot shaft the ledge was cut obliquely for 20 feet, when the foot wall was reached. The shaft shows a large body of concentrating ore with two wavy streaks of 12 inches. The first of these carries a high grade of steel galena, and the second cube galena and yellow copper with a small percentage of zinc. There are twelve men at work on the Currie, and the shaft will be extended for 50 feet, and the drift will be run in on the ledge. The Currie is a crown granted claim.

The negotiations for the transfer of the bulk of George W. Hughes' mining interests in the Stocan district, have been completed. The purchasers, members of a wealthy syndicate, were represented in the negotiations by A. W. McCune of Salt Lake. When the amount agreed upon was paid over the purchase was complete. The Hughes interests will be given possession of two-thirds of the bulk of the properties in the Stocan district, and eleven-twentieths of the Dunderberg, which will be worked to the fullest extent. It is probable that the Rambler and Tiger properties, which adjoin the Best, will be acquired as soon as opportunity offers, one large company being able to operate all the claims to much better advantage than individual companies.

The Stocan Lake country is beginning to receive the attention of capital, and the worth of the dry ore properties in that section will shortly be demonstrated. One large deal, and several smaller ones, were put through last week. In addition, the owners of several of the properties in the Springer Creek section have agreed to put in about six miles of trail. They expect to have a passable trail finished in about two weeks.

J. A. Finch has taken a bond on the Enterprise and Stocan Queen properties on Ten-mile creek, owned by Kirkwood and McKinnon. The bond is for \$22,500, ten per cent. of which has been paid down. No ore is to be shipped except such as is taken out in driving the tunnel or drifts, the proceeds of which are to be applied in payments on the bond. Should stoping be decided upon the bond must be taken up at once. The development work on these properties consists chiefly of a forty foot tunnel on the Enterprise led in on a ledge 20 feet of which is in ore, the pay streak varying from 8 to 12 inches. About 18 tons of ore have been taken out of this tunnel. Some 150 feet lower a second tunnel has been run in on the Enterprise, in conditions being about the same as in the upper one. The ledge on these properties has been traced for over 1,700 feet and laid bare in several places. Work has been commenced on a trail from the lake, with a force of twenty men.

J. A. Finch has secured a half interest in the Meteor, on the divide between Springer and Lemon creeks. The ledge is small, but the surface assays are the highest in the district. Mr. Finch secured Mr. Boyd's half in the property for \$750, the other half being held by Harry Sheran.

Several people are working to secure the Arlington, the banner location of Springer creek. R. Campbell-Johnstone, of Vancouver, through Harry Proctor, made Messrs. Cooper & Fielding, cash buyers, offer \$4,000 bond, five per cent. cash and usual terms, and two other offers, the nature of which could not be learned, were also made. None are so interesting. It is likely that a deal will be made next week. The Arlington vein is considered to be a true fissure. It is estimated that the seven foot ledge will average from 300 to 400 ounces silver to the ton, and the surface assays are from 14,744 ounces silver and 14,440 gold. Mr. Finch secured Mr. Boyd's half in the property for \$750, the other half being held by Harry Sheran.

Boles and partners are getting out a trial shipment of 10 tons from the Exchange, near the head of Dayton creek. The ledge on the Exchange is four foot wide, on one side of which is a rich strata of four and five inches carrying black sulphides. The average of eight assays made as a test from many different portions of the ledge gave a return of 250 ounces silver and \$12 gold. Some of the assays went as high as \$40 gold.

Six men are working on the Howard Fraction in the Kalispel group, located near the Meteor. There are two parallel ledges on the property, each of which carries high grade ore. The owners are making up a shipment of 10 tons, which will average about 500 ounces silver and \$40 or \$50 in gold. The packing charges on this ore to the lake will be very heavy, but the boys want to know what they have got. The price for three assays on their rock gave 350 ounces silver and \$40 in gold to the ton. On the C. P. R. group, on the Lemon creek side of the slope, they have taken several tons of ore out of the Rough and Ready.

H. T. Ceperly, of Viver & Ready, of the Lillooet, Fraser River & Cariboo Gold Fields Company, has been dicker for the past week with the owners of the Noble Five in the Stocan district, with a view of purchase, and there is every probability of the deal going through. The purchasing party is an English company with an advertised capital of \$1,500,000. The deal offers for the Noble Five group has not been made public, but it has been reported to be in the neighborhood of \$250,000. If the deal does go through, the purchasers contemplate erecting a concentrator and plant and some given to the construction of a tramway, thus rendering considerable assistance over the present system of working. The Noble Five group at \$250,000 is looked upon as a very cheap buy.

The net profits of the Bank of Japan for the past half year were \$6,916,353, and \$3,000,000 and \$450,000 are to be distributed as ordinary and second dividends at the rate of 6 and 9 per cent. per annum respectively, and \$5,000,000 is to be paid as a special dividend.

EX-CONSUL WALLER.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—Mr. John L. Waller, formerly consul for the United States at Tamatave, island of Madagascar, who was tried by court martial and sentenced to twenty years imprisonment on a charge of conspiracy with the Evras against the authorities on that island, has been rescued from Clairvaux prison to the prison at Nimes, capital of the department of Gard, the climate of the latter place being better suited to the prisoner, who is far from enjoying good health.

FIGHTING IN FORMOSA.

HONGKONG, Oct. 18.—Despatches received here from the island of Formosa announce that Takao, on the west coast of that island, was captured on Wednesday last, October 16, by the Japanese. The despatches also state that the Japanese intend bombarding Tai Wan Fu, the Chinese capital, to day. That city is held by the Black Flag leader, who refuses the terms offered to him, namely, unconditional surrender. Heavy fighting is expected.

A TRIBUTE TO MISS ANTHONY.

Will Allen Dromgoole Speaks of Her as the "Mother of a Great Cause."

Miss Will Allen Dromgoole, the popular southern author, gave an address at the Capital college in Atlanta recently, and paid a high tribute to Miss Anthony, which was warmly applauded. She said: "It is a great thing to be the mother of a great cause. Years ago there flashed upon the world a woman. She had no other announcement than the 'wild scheme' she had mothered. Wherever she went the hiss, the sneer, the finger of scorn were sure to follow. Yet she pushed right on, the implacable enemy of slavery in vanity's dress, the mother of an unborn cause. To me she stands majestic among women. To me she is the grandest picture in the book of our time. To me, like the prayer of my childhood, the name of Susan B. Anthony holds something grandly, solemnly, pathetically, magnificently sacred. Whatever may have been her blunders, whatever her faults, still she fought for women. And since she fought for women, in the name of womanhood let no woman cast a stone at her."

She is one of those who will never die. Her name will go thundering down the ages long after you and I are forgotten, while her cause, the child for which she sacrificed so much that makes a woman's life dear to her, will live, and throb and thrive and flourish long after she has found a refuge under moss and marble. And her name shall outwear the marble that shall cover her great heart. Posterity shall weave for her a crown that old Time cannot touch. You may refuse her a hearing today, deny her the rose and the laurel, but to-morrow shall avenge her, and already that tomorrow is dawning. Upon the western slope where her sun goes down already the rose of the new day is re-blossoming.

Already the world has caught her message; already the ear of woman is attuned to its meaning; already the multitudes rise up to "call her blessed," already upon the threshold of life stands the new woman, the creature of her inspiration, knocking for recognition. And as Moses refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter, so this new woman refuses longer to be regarded merely as man's amusement and step-daughter to Adam's sparibar.

Will Try to Improve the Law. The Twentieth Century club of Washington city has been discussing the "Legal Status of Women in the District of Columbia." As the common law prevails there with regard to women, it was not difficult to point to many instances of great hardship. Mrs. Enoch Totten, president, said that a widow could not control property acquired through gifts of her husband. The club voted to co-operate with the Federation of Women's Clubs and other organizations interested in the matter in a petition to congress to codify the laws of the District of Columbia. The board of trade of Washington has the matter in charge and has engaged legal talent to prepare a proper bill for congress. Women organizations have been requested by the board of trade to formulate their bill, so that it may be incorporated and presented in the general session.—Washington Letter.

The old-fashioned Mignardie braid has reappeared and is used to outline patterns with very good results.

SHE HAS BACKACHE. Feels sore aches with muscular pain, and has just put on that Banisher of Backaches the 322 MENTHOL PLASTER. M. McLACHLAN, Point St. Chene, writes: Nothing better for Lame Back and Lumbago than the D. & L. Menthol Plaster. A. E. McLACHLAN writes from Windsor: "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster is curing Sore Backs and Rheumatism at a great rate in this vicinity. See each in our tight tin box."

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored. Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early error or later excess, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. ERIC MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

ALWAYS FIRST! REINDEER BRAND CONDENSED MILK. For many years the leading milk. It is the best and most economical. A PERFECT FOOD FOR INFANTS.

WE HAVE IT. It is here at last—a long time materializing—that big sack of Sugar, 21 lbs. for \$1. New Valencia and loose Muscatel Raisins, season 1895. OUR SNAPS—3 lbs. Prunes, 25c.; 3 tins Salmon, 25c.; and that 5-lb. pail of Jam for 50c. Guinness' Stout in pints all gone, but we will give you a Quart for 20c. Jesse Moore Bourbon Whisky will cure la grippe. Sonoma, a fine Table Claret at 25c. qt. bottle. DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

LEA AND PERRINS' OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE OF Lea & Perrins IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER OF every Bottle of the ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors Worcester; Grosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally. RETAIL EVERYWHERE. AGENTS—M. DOUGLAS & CO. and URSULA & CO.—MONTREAL.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT DOCTOR SWEANY, THE LEADING SPECIALIST OF THE UNITED STATES. The friend and benefactor of suffering humanity, who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future, as they have in the past, from this noted PHRENOLOGIST, whose fame is being spread from coast to coast to the Atlantic. WHY de the sick people of Seattle and vicinity crowd his office daily? BECAUSE the wonderful cures he is making have created confidence and delight in the hearts of those who struggled in vain for years against the ravages of disease until this doctor restored them to health. ALL PRIVATE DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN POSITIVELY CURED IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME. YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN. If you are victims of youthful indiscretion, natural losses, if you are on the road to idiocy, insanity and the sad and unnatural last pervades your mind; if you are despondent and downhearted; if you have lost all energy and ambition; if you have an aversion to society; if your memory is falling and you are unfit for business or study, you should consult Doctor Sweany before it is too late. Get well and be a man. POOR who call at his office Fridays are charge. METHOD OF TREATMENT. No poisonous or injurious mineral drugs are used, but the medicines are all compounded from the very choicest, purest and most effective plants, roots and herbs in the whole range of nature. They do not act violently, but all of them harmonize with nature, and while their effects are marked and immediately apparent, they are permanent as well as perfect cures. YOU CAN BE CURED AT HOME by correspondence. The strictest secrecy is observed, and medicines sent free from observation. LEVERETT SWEANY, M.D., Union Block, 713 Front St., Seattle, Wash. NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date of this applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to have as site for a fishing station, the following described lands situated on Mochualat Arm, Nootka Sound, and on the north side of a post marked "V." Ward, east corner, thence west 40 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence down to the shore of the Mochualat Arm, Nootka Sound, is chains east; thence following shore line back to place of commencement. Dated Mochualat Arm, Nootka Sound, Sept. 14th 1895. W. A. WARD.

ASTHMA PERMANENTLY CURED. Clark's Kala Compound. OVER 1,000 CURES IN CANADA ALONE. Mr. H. J. Painter, Music Dealer, Vancouver, writes: "I have been a great sufferer from Asthma for 15 years, and have tried many remedies during which time I have tried many remedies and doctors both here and in England, but obtained no permanent relief. A friend who had been cured some months ago by the Kala Compound, advised me to try it, and after having three bottles I am completely cured. Since my permanent recovery I have recommended Clark's Kala Compound to many suffering from Asthma, and in every case it has proved a perfect cure." Exp. to any address in Canada. Price \$2.00 per bottle; three for \$5.00 on one time. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. CLARK IMPORTING CO. HAMILTON, CANADA; Address B.C. orders to W. A. Griffiths & Co., Druggists VANCOUVER, B.C.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chloroxyne and that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he is reported to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 15th, 1894. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COLIC, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, Jan. 15, 1895. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLOROXYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, &c. CAUTION—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chloroxyne" on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAYENPORT, 88 Great Russell St., London. Sold at 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d.

JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN) "OWN CASED" Very Old BLACK BOTTLE WHISKY. Please see you get it with Metal Capsules BLUE One Star. PINK Two Stars. GOLD Three Stars. OF ALL DEALERS. Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S. O. DAY & CO., LONDON.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Law Suit Between Agricultural Societies—The Delta Fair a Splendid Success.

Church of England Synod—Entertainment at Duncan—The Lumber Industry at Alert Bay.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER, Oct. 17.—The Richmond Fair Association has served a writ on the Richmond Agricultural Society, Stevenson, for using their name or the name of the Richmond Agricultural Society, and for the purpose of preventing them receiving the government grant.

The Pacific Bakery, 836 Granville street, was injured by fire yesterday to the extent of \$1,000.

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Dawes were entered by burglars last night and quantities of clothing and provisions taken. Lippy and Turner, the burglars arrested for breaking into the residence of J. Wiggins and stealing jewelry, have been committed for trial.

WESTMINSTER, Oct. 19.—The Reid & Currie Iron Works Co. are showing evidences of their faith in British Columbia and are placing new machinery in their foundry. They are to handle electrical, sawmill and cannery supplies. Mr. Peck, the manager, has just returned from California. He found trade dull there and certain manufacturers anxiously looking towards British Columbia, with the view of catching some of the trade incident upon the approaching increased development of the province.

NANAIMO, Oct. 17.—The annual synod of the Church of England will be opened tomorrow, it being the first time that the synod will have been held outside of Victoria. The meeting is held later than usual this year owing to the illness of Bishop Perrin and his absence in England. It is expected that the synod will be a successful one. Among the members of the synod are: Messrs. J. B. Perrin, Justice Drake, Chancellor, Messrs. Baynes, Reed, Beaumont Biggs, Hon. Col. Baker, M.P., Hon. C. E. Pooley, Q.C., M.P.P., Capt. Barker, R.N., Mr. Masgrave, Councillor, Dr. Walker, M.P., Messrs. O. T. Dupont, B. H. T. Drake, Lindley Cross and W. C. Ward. Lunch will be provided by the ladies of St. Alban's in St. Alban's hall, both Friday and Saturday. Each day the proceedings will commence with the celebration of the Holy Communion in St. Alban's church. There will be a public temperance meeting in connection with the synod, in St. Alban's hall on Friday evening, when the bishop and other prominent speakers from Victoria will deliver addresses on "The Position of the Church on the Temperance Question."

The smoker to be given by the Liberals of Nanaimo has been postponed.

Alex. Henderson was badly injured in No. 1 mine of the New Vancouver Coal Company on Tuesday afternoon.

Last night the police raided a gambling den in Chinatown, and captured twenty-nine of the gamblers.

DUNCAN, Oct. 17.—W. P. Jaynes, M.P., Provost, Mr. and Mrs. Strickland Bay's, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Wellburn, and Mr. J. Maitland Dougall went down to Victoria on this morning's train.

A sale of work in connection with St. Peter's Church sewing society and harvest home was held at the Agricultural hall yesterday (Wednesday) evening. A well given concert and entertainment, followed by dancing, took place after the usual excellent supper of the ladies had been thoroughly enjoyed. Over 200 were present, who repeated applause of the singers and performers testified to their pleasure.

The programme was: "All Among the Bells," song, Miss Adams; song (with vocal obbligato), Mr. Pimbury; song, Mrs. Mellin; song, Mr. Gardom; glee, "Sweet and Low"; song, Miss Jaynes. Tableau—Scene—A Turkish Interior—The ladies of the harem, attended by slaves, receive a visit from a Turkish prince and princess.

ALERT BAY, Oct. 12.—If present expectations are realized, and there is little reason to believe the contrary, it will not be long before the district will have a mine synonymous with the lumber industry. With the local mill in operation here and another about to start work in the village, and two more to follow it is only a matter of time when the output of timber products will assume such proportions as will command the attention of the commercial world. The Rose-McLaren Co., are reported to be seriously considering the erection of a mill of no mean capacity near Cape Canton, and a Tacoma firm who would partner a party looking up a site on the Mainland, are also prepared to engage in a similar venture.

The American outfit Corwin, Grant and Peary, composing the Behring Sea patrol fleet, anchored in the harbor on Sunday morning. They had difficulty in getting in owing to the dense fog, and the tooting of whistles had to be kept up in a lively manner for some time.

Artist Walter Chapman of Victoria has painted a picture for the Indian chief, Captain Irving and the Chief in a standing posture on the bank of the Nimpkish. The Chief sits quite an imposing figure beside the general Commodore.

One of the sawmill stores was relieved of a sum of money on Thursday night by unknown parties. Entrance was effected through the window upstairs, which had not been securely fastened. The thieves also provided themselves with a good outfit of shirts, soap, etc. Suspicion points to some of the Indians who make a practice of gambling at night.

(From the Claim.) Clarence King says that if the gold output continues to increase at the present rate, silver will be worth 80 cents before the first of next August.

Henry Jaun, the noted mining expert, was in the city Thursday night accompanied by Covington Johnson, a California expert. They came down from the Sloan camp, where they are said to have gone in the interests of intending purchasers. It is safe to say that whether they came to report on the Sloan strike or the whole Kootenay country, the report will be favorable. Both were delighted. Mr. Jaun, who is absolutely cold-blooded when it comes to judging mine or a camp, speaks in the very warmest terms of the Sloan country and predicts for it a brilliant future.

VERNON. (From the News.) A slight shock of earthquake was experienced near the "railroad" on Long Lake on the 9th. E. S. Mabey's house was shaken for several seconds.

The winter time schedule on the S. & O. railway went into effect on Monday. Until spring there will be only three incoming trains each week, arriving in Vernon on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and returning north on the alternate days.

On Tuesday G. Whelan shipped to the coast 180 hogs purchased by Major & Eldridge, Vancouver. They weighed over 32,000 pounds.

Edward Tronson, committed for trial for stealing a calf, the property of G. N. Barclay, pleaded guilty in Kamloops and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

A car of vegetables from the Kelowna Shippers' Union was forwarded to Three Forks, Kootenay, on Tuesday.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, taken at this season will make you feel strong and vigorous and keep you from sickness later on.

ABSON IN MONTREAL.

Eight Business Men Arrested For Incarceration—Confession of One of Them.

An Exceedingly Startling Story Cooled and Deliberately Sworn To.

(From the Montreal Times.)

It is now a month or so since the arrest of eight citizens of Montreal charged with arson or complicity therein. Haynes, Jenkins and Clarke were the first arrested in connection with the Boyd-Gillies and other fires. The latter two of the trio turned Queen's evidence when the case was heard in enquete. Then came further arrests which started the community. William Thomas, John Eisler, Adolphe Saaville and Edwin Richardson were taken up. Two others managed to escape, but efforts are still being made to capture them.

The confession of one of the business men, named Edwin Richardson, made in the presence of a detective and a lawyer in the office of Judge Scott, is a piece of evidence calculated to startle the coolest of citizens. This man, who bore a good reputation, being popular and industrious, testified that in 1893 he went into the business of making for a Montreal partner named Gustie. Richardson let him Richardson had to do his own cutting, and so engaged Arthur Bullen to work for him. It was found "hard to make ends meet" and this difficulty Richardson confessed to Bullen. In the short time before he came to Richardson and asked how he would sell his business. The reply was \$1,500, and it was then agreed that Bullen should have half the sum he secured over and above this sum. What follows of his testimony is well worth being given in full:

"In reply to a question I told him I was well insured, and he replied that it would be quite easy to fix things. He asked me to get a duplicate key made, and this I did and gave it to him. The next thing I knew I was in the jail, and the premises were a lot of worthless scrap stock. Bullen then removed to his own house a quantity of silk cord. The next move was to place a leaden cap, the works of a clock and a quantity of silverware in the trunk. On the Sunday morning of the fire I went down to the store and found everything gone. I shortly afterwards got \$2,225 insurance. Eisler came to me and asked for a share of the plunder. I gave him four hundred dollars bill. He said I would have to settle with Bullen. He then came to me I gave him \$50 and the silk cord which he had taken to his house.

"After some little time Eisler sent me the books of my business with the covers torn off. I shortly afterwards destroyed them. This, it will be agreed, is rather interesting reading. But it is stated that there is in possession of the crown evidence with respect to other fires which is nearly as interesting as this. The testimony of the witness as to leads to the opinion that the schemes were "worked" from New York. Therefore as soon as the prisoners are arraigned a commission will be applied for, which shall visit New York and probe matters. The trial of the prisoners will likely be postponed to the next term of the Superior Court. Those who are acquainted with the circumstances are loud in praise of Detective Carpenter for what he has done in this case. The great series of swindles. It is said chief Bullen, who was of the fire brigade, attributes the freedom from fires which Montreal has recently enjoyed largely to the arrest of this nest of fire-bugs.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 17.—Governor Clarke and his subordinates of the state militia and the local judiciary and the promoters of the proposed Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight are at sixes and sevens still, and all sorts of rumors are afloat. However, nothing of a definite nature is known. The men who are planning the mill still assert that they will be able to bring it off on time, claiming that under their revised articles there is nothing in the state laws to prevent a meeting of the kind. The chief of the citizens of Hot Springs believe, too, that the fight will be pulled off.

The first definite move toward settling the contention was made at 2 o'clock this afternoon when a warrant against James J. Corbett was issued by Justice Kirk. Corbett is charged that Corbett has threatened, is conspiring and is about to commit an unlawful assault on the person of one Bob Fitzsimmons. It was placed in the hands of Sheriff Haupp, who started to ride out to Corbett's camp. Sheriff Haupp is to place Corbett the champion under arrest. The sheriff reached Spring Lake so late that it was decided to remain there to-night and bring the champion into the city early in the morning. The sheriff is spending the night at the pugilist's training camp, and the champion is virtually under arrest.

When Corbett is brought into court by the sheriff, the prosecuting attorney will ask that he be put under bonds to keep the peace. Judge Kirk will make the order by which the bond will be made. Corbett will refuse to give the bond, and his attorneys, Martin and Greaves, will sue out a writ of habeas corpus against his release. This will bring the question up for judicial hearing as to whether a glove contest, as is now proposed, will be a violation of the state statutes. If the court decides it is, it is believed that the authorities will respect the decision, but if on the contrary, it is thought the whole matter will be abandoned.

Robb Houpt has gone to Spring Lake to place Corbett under formal arrest. They will, on arrival, go to Justice Kirk's office, where the preliminary legal proceedings will take place. It is expected that Corbett will be carried out as per programme. There is no assurance that Corbett will be released. It will depend on the Chancellor's interpretation of the law. A telegram was sent to Dallas last night ordering the lumber on the cars there to be in readiness for shipment by noon to-day. The ground has already been broken for side-trackage facilities by the Hot Springs railway company.

ROSEBERY'S REFLECTIONS. LONDON, Oct. 18.—Lord Rosebery, the ex-Prime Minister, in a speech delivered to-day at the opening of the new Liberal club at Scarborough, said that in his mind the primary obstacle to all reform, and the greatest danger to the stability of the state, lay in the present constitution of the House of Lords, and if the nation had realized that fact the result of the recent general elections would have been very different.

CABLE LETTER.

Prospects of a Gay Season in London—The Bicycling Craze in Full Swing.

The Kaiser is Warmly Welcomed in Alsace-Lorraine—Unveiling the Monument to His Father.

(Copyright by the Associated Press, 1895.)

LONDON, Oct. 19.—In the quarters of London inhabited by the rich and fashionable classes there has been busy brushing and dusting, scouring and polishing, painting and sweeping during the week in preparation for the coming season which opens most of the famous London houses to show these signs of life. In fact the birds of fashion are already flocking towards from hillside and moor, mountain and glen, seaside or continent, and the London tradesmen are once more beginning to look happy.

A GAY SEASON. From all appearances the season will be a memorable one in spite of the business depression and the decrease of the rental rolls, for the Conservatives are firmly in power and the Primrose dames are preparing to throw open their drawing rooms to a brilliancy and frequency not witnessed for some years past. For the political world the outlook is not quite so bright as for the social world. The American question is looked upon in some quarters as settled by the acceptance by the Sultan of Turkey of the scheme for Armenian reform drawn up by the Powers. There is still a threatening aspect to the situation in the East, the causing uneasiness, and the Venezuelan dispute seems to have taken a graver turn during the week. The clouds may yet blow away before Christmas.

Although Hyde Park is open for cyclists until 10 a.m. daily it is not largely patronized by riders of the wheel. Among those seen there during these crisp autumn mornings is Mr. C. D. Rose, the challenger, who has yet to be created "Distant Shore," for the American's cup, who at present is probably the most talked of and written about individual of the sporting world. Regent Park is full of wheelers until about noon. General Sir Evelyn Wood, V.C., a soldier who distinguished himself in many countries including the Crimea, Indian mutiny, Ashanti war, Zulul war, Transvaal war; Sir Francis Jackson, the well known judge of the Probate, Divorce and Admiralty division of the High Court of Justice, with Lady Jeanne and their children are among the distinguished people seen daily on wheels in the Park. General Wood is getting towards sixty and, with the exception of his old, but they seem to enjoy the exercise greatly.

PRINCE OR PRINCESS? The birth of a son to Prince Adolphus of Teck, who married the daughter of the Duke of Westminster and whose sister is the Duchess of Devonshire, has raised the question as to how he will be styled. According to German law, the Prince being a descendant of two morganatic marriages is not entitled to the title of prince. In England the title of prince is not recognized at all, except in case of the descendants of the sovereign. The Queen has, however, recognized Prince Adolphus as a prince and he does the same in the case of his son. However, if the case of the son is simple, the son of Prince Adolphus of Teck will be plain Mr.

England's first horseless carriage parade took place at Tunbridge Wells this week. The exhibition motor worked smoothly and the oil engines proved to be in no way unsightly. The mayor and other notable of Tunbridge Wells steered themselves around the ring with the most complete success. The exhibits included Victoria's, landaus and phaetons, and the Daily Chronicle, commenting on the exhibition, predicts that we shall soon see vans and carts of all descriptions going to the different markets "with motive power supplied by the Standard Oil trust."

The enthusiasm which has been aroused during last week of the Emperor and Empress of Germany pleased His Majesty greatly. At Chateau d'Urvill, for instance, while the throng of people outside the country and the Emperor's presence in the castle and cheering vociferously, the Emperor remarked to General Von Hanecke: "It looks indeed as if this has become once more German soil." The Emperor's manner throughout was pleasant and urbane in the extreme, and his words which the Emperor addressed to the deputation from the ladies of Metz seemed to make a deep impression on them. While going over the

BATTLEFIELD AROUND METZ. His Majesty required no explanations, having studied the ground so thoroughly as to be familiar with every foot of it, naming at a glance the villages, farms and hills dotting the country and remarking: "That was where the brave 46th lost so many men."

At the unveiling of the monument to his father, the late Emperor Frederick, on the field of Woerth, the Kaiser said: "I have to thank you in behalf of Her Majesty and likewise of my house that you have not allowed yourselves to fall in helping me erect this noble memorial, or in being present to-day. It is with heartfelt emotion that that noble lady, my mother, is present with her leading me to the monument. You have heard on her own lips the account of his victory. We express to Her Majesty, therefore, our special thanks that she has graciously deigned to be present here where this noble statue of my father is now erected. What we have learned from her could not be more beautifully or more feelingly portrayed. What we feel, however, in the presence of this statue, in remembering the twenty-fifth anniversary of the great time of the rebirth of our fatherland on this spot, where, first the South and North Germans bed to form the cement which helped to build our German empire—this, I say, deeply stir all our hearts, and we younger ones do not above all, and in the presence of the monument of this victorious warrior, our never-to-be-forgotten Emperor, to preserve what he won for us, to guard the crown he forged, and to protect the Reichland against all dangers and to keep it German, so help God, and our German sword. Now, however, let us join in cheer for my august mother, whose presence here has fittingly crowned the day's proceedings. Hurrah, hurrah!"

THE CHIEF EVENT OF THE WEEK has been the visit of Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky to Hubertstock, the Emperor Wilhelms' shooting box, which is held to be a landmark in the history of the Kaiser's visit, a well-informed foreign official said to a representative of the Associated Press to-day: "This visit is much more than one of courtesy, for it is intended to mark the first time that the Kaiser has visited France and the rest of Europe that the new ruler of Russia means to intertain friendly relations with Germany. Count Lobanoff-Rostovsky left Germany with

BRITAIN'S ULTIMATUM.

Imperative Demand for Reparation for the Uran Outrages—A Definite Document.

Venezuela's Reply Not Yet Received—Lord Salisbury on the Monroe Doctrine.

(Special to the Colonist.)

QUEBEC, Oct. 18.—Lieut.-Governor Chapleau met with a bad accident to-day. Coming from his official residence at Spencerwood the horses of his carriage became restive, the reins broke and the coachman, whose name was Cahill, lost control of the horses, with the result that they dashed along the Grande Allée towards the St. Louis gate and ran into a grocery van. His Honor was thrown out and carried unconscious into a neighboring house, and the coachman was picked up with a broken leg. The physicians state that the Lieut.-Governor is not dangerously hurt.

COTEAU LANDING, Oct. 18.—Mr. Hiram R. Hosmer, one of the oldest and most respected citizens and for over fifty years a prominent carriage and furniture dealer here, died suddenly at the age of 74 years, in the street, while going to the post office. The deceased leaves a son and a daughter, Mr. C. P. Hosmer, general manager of the C. P. R. telegraph, and Mrs. George A. Perry, of this place.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—Fred B. Alley is suing the Montreal Street Railway Co. for \$50,000 damages. He alleges that the company promised to run their cars as far as his property at Cote St. Louis, but neglected to do so.

SHERBROOKE, Oct. 18.—Some time on Monday night at Scottstown, on the C.P.R., St. John line, the safe in the store of the Dudley Lumber Mills Company was blown up and \$2,600 stolen.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—Hon. Alexander Cross, Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, died last night.

AMHERSTBURG, Oct. 18.—The schooner C. N. Johnson, coal laden from Buffalo to Toledo, sprung a leak near Point Pele. She sank and is a total loss. No lives were lost.

HAMILTON, Oct. 18.—Patrick O'Connor, formerly of this city, was killed in a railway accident at Boston.

KINGSTON, Oct. 18.—Porter Morris, aged 28, of Westport, went out hunting, when by some accident his gun went off and he died in a few minutes.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—The death is announced at St. Laurent of Joseph Noel, ninety-four years and two months old. He was a veteran of the wars of 1812-13.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—C.P.R. traffic week ending October 14, \$512,000; same week last year, \$492,000.

BRITISH ULTIMATUM. LONDON, Oct. 18.—The ultimatum which Great Britain, according to a despatch published in New York to-day, has sent to the King of Ashanti, is not anything new. It was forwarded from London on September 9, and it terms place Ashanti under British protection and establish a resident British commissioner in that country. A British mission, bearing the ultimatum to Coomassie, left the Gold Coast on September 25 and the king was given until October 31 to reply. The Governor of the Gold Coast, for some time past, has been preparing to send an expedition to Coomassie, should such a step turn out to be necessary. The King of Ashanti, as widely published for months past, is alleged to have been unwilling to accept the ultimatum of Great Britain by the continuance of the practice of human sacrifices, and also, it is claimed by hampering traders, attacking neighboring tribes under British protection, etc. The trouble is of long standing, and a month or so ago several native envoys from the king of Ashanti arrived in London in order to negotiate with the British government direct, but they have not been received here and have been instructed to address their complaint to the governor of the Gold Coast, who is the proper representative of the British government to receive them.

FREDEBERG OF GERMANY. WORTH SUB SAONE, Oct. 18.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany, accompanied by the ex-Empress Frederick and others of the Imperial family, as well as many representatives of the different royal families of the Empire, participated to-day in the ceremonies attendant upon the unveiling of the Emperor Frederick's monument on the battlefield of Woerth. Their Majesties arrived at the site shortly before noon, and were received by the Governor-General of Alsace-Lorraine, and Prince Hohenzollern-Langenberg, who delivered an address of welcome. After patriotic songs by the Strasbourg choral society and a stirring address from General von Metz, the monument was unveiled and inspected by all the members of the Imperial party. The ceremonies were concluded with a march past of the troops.

A NEW DEPARTURE. TACOMA, Oct. 17.—The halibut fishing fleet of schooners sailing out of Tacoma make a new departure this season. Instead of returning from the northern banks at intervals of a few weeks, thus losing valuable time in going and coming, they will go north to remain three or four months at a time and will ship their fish south from Juneau or other ports in the steamship City of Topeka or Willapa. In this manner it is expected a much larger number of fish can be caught during the season than under the former system. All the larger schooners are being fitted out for a long season's work in the north. The schooners Caroline and Pilot have already departed. They will be absent at least three months. The halibut, on its arrival here, will, as usual, be forwarded East in refrigerator cars.

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Venezuela's Reply Not Yet Received—Lord Salisbury on the Monroe Doctrine.

(Special to the Colonist.)

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon follows the disclosures of yesterday regarding the policy of Mr. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, regarding Venezuela, by the following important statement: "We are in a position to state that the Marquis of Salisbury has sent an ultimatum to President Crespo which not only sets out the demands of the British government for reparation on account of the arrest of the deputation and inspectors of police at Uran, but also states the terms upon which Great Britain will definitely determine the boundary dispute with the republic. The ultimatum is en route to President Crespo, if not already delivered to him.

This action was decided upon by the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain before the former's recent holiday in France. Both the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain are in perfect agreement as to the necessity of ending the frontier dispute, and that over Venezuela should be brought to terms by such methods as will be most effective in reaching an understanding with the South American republics. The instructions to place guns at certain points on the frontier are only meant in the sense that guns will be used if necessary to frighten the Venezuelans who are not likely to pay any attention to President Crespo and the government of Caracas, whatever agreement the latter may make with Great Britain, after a study of the Marquis of Salisbury's message."

The Press Association late this evening announced that the government had not received a reply to the ultimatum sent to Venezuela, and that the foreign office had not even received an intimation that it had been delivered to President Crespo. Probably this accounts for the fact that the foreign office will only confirm the statement of the St. James' Gazette of the sending of the ultimatum to the extent of saying that it is true that the Marquis of Salisbury is taking steps to inform Venezuela that reparation is required for the Uran outrages.

The Westminster Gazette, commenting on the dispatch to the Times from New York declaring that the joint refusal of the European powers to accept the Monroe doctrine is believed merely to be in the Marquis of Salisbury's mind, says: "There is no such thing; the Monroe doctrine is a matter entirely between the old country and the United States, and if the time ever comes that Great Britain should take sides on the subject we shall stand with the Americans and not against them."

The St. James Gazette publishes a letter signed by Hugh Watt, deploring the retrograde conditions of British Guiana, due, it is claimed, to the attempts to bolster up the decaying sugar industry, but predicting that Mr. Chamberlain's policy will revive industrial prospects.

CHURCH UNITY. WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Among high ecclesiastics here it is felt that the Pope's letter to the American Archbishops urging the non-participation by Catholics in promiscuous religious congresses, opens up a question of more importance than the sectarian schools question, the Cabeny movement, or other issues which have been presented in recent years. It is said that the Pope's opposition to religious congresses does not affect the Catholic Church alone, but has a bearing on the entire movement toward Christian unity, which, begun in England, has spread through this country. The purpose of this movement was to harmonize and unite all divergent sects on non-sensational, bringing the Catholic Church into the essential tenets of Christianity.

There have been divisions on the question as to whether the Catholic church could enter into this plan of unity. An eminent Catholic preacher a series of sermons in Washington showing there was but one plan of unity possible, that was the return of all the sects to the Catholic church. Other Catholics have taken a more liberal view, and this broad sentiment found expression in the attendance of Cardinal Gibbons at the congress of religions at Chicago. At that time Mr. Sattell was in Chicago, but took no part in the congress. The cardinal's paper and subsequent magazine articles showing the common ground on which all sects might unite attracted much attention. The language of the Pope's letter is said to leave no doubt as to the position of Rome on the holding of congresses or the broader question of church unity, as the following sufficiently indicates: "But although these promiscuous congresses have until this day been tolerated with prudent tolerance it would nevertheless seem more advisable that Catholics should hold their conventions separately."

It is said that this statement is so direct as not to be open to misinterpretation, and a doubt is expressed as to the very liberal interpretation placed by Archbishop Ireland on such a clear statement from the Pope. It is believed also that if there is any misunderstanding or broad interpretation given the Pope's language he will speedily issue a second letter, as he did when the Knights of Pythias letter was liberally construed, leaving no room for doubt as to his position on promiscuous congresses.

U. S. SILVER IN CANADA. NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A dispatch to the Evening Post says: Messrs. W. Weir, President of the Ville Marie Bank, and Thomas MacDougal, general manager of the Quebec Bank, have just returned from Ottawa, where they had an interview with Finance Minister Foster about the "American silver nuisance." They claim that large amounts of American silver and small silver certificates are in circulation in Canada, the amount being variously estimated at from \$750,000 to \$8,500,000, displacing that amount of Canadian currency, which has a gold basis, while the American certificates are payable only in silver. The deputation pointed out that this displacement was causing the banks great loss and inconvenience, and asked Mr. Foster's advice and assistance. What was the reply growing to be a nuisance. The minister of finance called attention to the fact that the remedy was largely in the hands of the banks themselves, and if they refused to take American currency except at a discount the tradesmen would very soon refuse to take it at par, but he promised to look into the matter and see if there was any way in which he could help the banks.

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THE BRITISH PACIFIC.

Contract Entered Into With British Capitalists to Build the Line.

A Representative of the Syndicate Now in Victoria Consulting the Charter Trustees.

Mr. Lafayette H. De Friese, of the firm of Steele, De Friese and Dickson, New York and London, Eng., arrived on Wednesday evening and is at the Driad. Mr. De Friese has made this special visit to Victoria for the purpose of consulting with Mr. R. P. Rithet and others having charge of British Pacific railway interests.

It is too early yet to announce all details of the contract entered into, but Mr. Rithet states that he is well satisfied with the condition of affairs, and believes that, aided by the assistance required from the city and province, actual construction on the British Pacific can begin early next year.

THE CITY.

The Gold Hill Mining Co., of Spokane, capitalized at \$50,000, has been registered to do business in this province. Another new mining incorporation is the Otter Flat Gold and Platinum Mining Co., of Vancouver, of which S. K. Twigg, B. J. Cornish and A. B. Diolock are the trustees.

The first notice of a private bill to be sought at the approaching session of the provincial legislature appears in the Gazette of yesterday. The applicants, represented by Mr. W. H. Armstrong, ask for the passage of an act incorporating a company of home, capitalists and at the same time empowering them to operate traction engines and cars on the Cariboo road and tributary highways.

An assault case brought by Lawrence Dioder against Captain Simpson came up in the provincial police court yesterday afternoon. The defendant pleaded guilty and Dioder's testimony was in effect that Captain Simpson had hit him once over the head with a walking stick.

There were ten police court cases yesterday the majority of them attributed to the Street partiality for whiskey. There were two plain drunks; three Indians found in possession of intoxicants and fined \$25 each; and two white men, George Hughes and Joe Coppl, who had to pay \$50 and costs each for supplying liquor to Indians.

To-day an application will be made before Mr. Justice Drake on behalf of R. E. Lemon, S. McDonald and others, asking for an injunction to restrain the Kaslo & Slocan Railway Company from running their branch line through lot 482, group 1, Kaslo district.

A Tacoma dispatch of Wednesday states that the Northern Pacific Steamship Company has asked the United States government to cancel its contract with the company in regard to carrying deported Chinese to China. The rate allowed the company for carrying the Chinese is very low, and is not very profitable.

FRANK MORRIS, a young sealer, yesterday added another to the record of gun accidents that has thus far marked the 1895 shooting season. He was looking for birds in the vicinity of Beaver lake, a companion named Macfarlane accompanying him, had had let go his right barrel into a flock of grouse.

limits, and the police have been instructed to keep a sharp lookout for offenders of this character.

The travelling dairy was at Comox yesterday, and the practical instruction given by Mr. Ruddick and his assistant will no doubt be highly appreciated by the farmers of that fine agricultural district.

WEDDING BELLS.

At the residence of Mr. John Trace, Yates street, on Wednesday, Mr. Eli Craigie was married to Miss Emily Jackson, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Solomon Cleaver. The bridesmaid was Miss Grace Craigie, and Mr. George Church best man.

Another wedding on Wednesday was that at the residence of Mrs. Knapp, the bride's mother, Fort street, when Mr. Ezra B. Nelson, of Tacoma, was united in marriage by Rev. W. Leslie Clay to Miss Jennie Louise Hughes.

Yesterday morning, at St. Saviour's church, Rev. W. D. Barber united in marriage Mr. A. E. Wade and Miss E. Harris, daughter of Mr. Samuel Harris, Victoria West. The bride for some time past has acceptably filled the position of organist of the church, and the groom, although many valuable and precious metals. The rivers and lakes are very numerous, thus it is that so large a number of salmon are attracted there to spawn.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

"Capitals" Bring Their Successful Sea-on to a Close—Road Racing Arrangements.

A bright writer in the American, of Nashville, writes: "Of one thing I am certain from the widest range of view. Old-fashioned types must stand aside and make room for the new. The kisser girl, the huggy girl, who must be loved or die, the modest girl, the too sweet girl, have had their fling for aye. Thank heaven for the change that's come and for the new types that are coming. For me the merry out-door girl, who emulates the lads."

The Capital lacrosse club formally closed their brilliant season last evening, when the semi-annual business meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. parlors. Finances were reviewed and all the liabilities of the club were shown to have been discharged in full; a well deserved and unanimously accorded vote of thanks to Capt. John Irving was recorded; and it was decided to last time of business that the club hold a smoking concert some time during November in celebration of the season's success.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

A team from the Victoria Rugby Club met the Victoria College eleven yesterday afternoon in a match at Beacon Hill, the result being a victory for the College by four goals to nil. During the first half of the game G. Wilson scored a goal for the College, Victoria having, however, the best of the play, just missing the goal posts on several occasions.

THE GUN.

Lovers of the gun in Victoria are in receipt of copies of the programme for the first annual tournament of the Washington State Sportsman's Association, to be held in Seattle under the auspices of the Rod and Gun club of that city on the 24th, 25th and 26th instant, with representatives of the three Victoria gun clubs in attendance. The prizes total \$1,000 in cash, with merchandise added, and there are fourteen regular events on the programme for the two first days. These include the state team shoot and thirteen matches of from 10 to 50 singles—the fifty-bird match being for the state championship, and open only to residents of Washington.

THE TURF.

"OMLADIAN" WINS THE SADDLING PLATE. SANDOWN PARK, (Eggs), Oct. 16.—The Sandown park club's third meeting of the three days opened to-day. The Omladian won the Saddle Plate for which fourteen horses went to the post; Melmo was second; Gallant third. The Saddle Plate stakes was won by Mr. J. Porter's Redheer, Church Parade second; Queen of the Chase third.

GOIF.

At a committee meeting of the Victoria Golf Club, held last night, arrangements were completed for the autumn meeting, to be held on the Oak Bay links on Saturday afternoon. There will be an open event for men, for which ten entries have been received, and a club handicap, divided into two classes, for which there are twenty-two entries. The ladies' events will be played on the following Saturday.

BASEBALL.

In connection with the introduction of professional baseball in this section next season, to which reference was already made in the COLONIST, a Portland dispatch says: "There is apparently no doubt of a professional baseball league in the Pacific Northwest next season. Applications for membership in the league have been received from six cities, but only three have been definitely decided upon. These are Portland, Tacoma and Seattle. Victoria is complete the circuit. The intention is to organize the league on a percentage basis and have a sinking fund established. Each city will be called upon to deposit \$500 with the president of the league as a guarantee of good faith. It is further intended to recommend the signing of playing managers in order that expenses may be reduced to a minimum. R. J. Gianivini, who will control the Portland franchise, has already advanced in the Sporting life for players, stating his address as Detroit."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Its Geographical Position, Resources and Development as Described by a School Boy.

Master Grant's First-Prize Paper in the Recent Interscholar Competition.

The following is the essay on British Columbia written by Master Gordon Grant of the First Division of the North Ward school, which with that of Miss Violet Hardy, of the Central school, was adjudged to be entitled to first prize in the competition between the scholars of the public schools.

British Columbia is the most westerly province of the Dominion of Canada and lies between the 49th and 60th parallels, 120th meridian and Rocky mountains on the east and the Pacific ocean on the west. It is about 750 miles long and 550 miles wide. The area is 383,000 square miles, and the population is 88,175. A province with such an extent and area, showing as it does, the presence of any value whatever, is productive of great wealth. It has mountains on the sides of which grow immense trees which give rise to lumbering. The mountains also contain many valuable and precious metals. The rivers and lakes are very numerous, thus it is that so large a number of salmon are attracted there to spawn.

Gold mining is extensively carried on in the Fraser river at Boston Bar. Timber is also floated down the rivers, streams, etc., of the province. The plains and valleys are adapted to agriculture, as the soil is very fertile. The climate is also conducive to this productive industry as it is moist and warm. The Rocky Mountains stop the dry air from the Eastern provinces and keep the moisture from going there. The coast line is very broken, forming many harbors for ships. Some of these harbors are in autumn a forestry of masts of the sealing schooners which are engaged on the coast of British Columbia and in the Behring Sea.

Logging is also extensively carried on extensively on the coast, the country affording large quantities of timber. Chief among the kinds is the Douglas fir, which is a large proportion of all the timber in the province. It is very tough and strong and has a circumference of from 25 to 50 feet. A firm of loggers in the Comox district cut 508,000 feet of one acre. A very modest estimate would average 40,000 feet per acre. The red cedar is also found in large quantities and is very picturesque. Some specimens measure from 60 to 80 feet near the ground. The Indians use it for their canoes, weave their mats and use the bark for the roofs of their houses.

For fishing, few countries have such a field as British Columbia, valuable for food and oil, swam in the bay and inlet of the province and the waters of the adjacent ocean. In this is a source of wealth which may be drawn upon for a number of years, and will give employment to an ever-increasing number of men. The most extensive business is that of catching and canning salmon. There are three principal kinds, Coho, silver, sockeye and hook-nose. These are found in the Skeena, Fraser and stream to its numerous tributaries, thence to the creeks, and deposit their spawn there. It is thus, while making their annual pilgrimages, they are caught, usually near the time added, and there are fourteen regular events on the programme for the two first days. These include the state team shoot and thirteen matches of from 10 to 50 singles—the fifty-bird match being for the state championship, and open only to residents of Washington.

The next important fish is the colchacan. It is about twice the size of a sardine and is very oily. They enter the Fraser about May and are caught in large quantities. They are found in the superior to cod liver or any other fish oil known. It is of a whitish color and about the consistency of thin lard. It is considered a delicacy by the Indians, who catch large quantities every year. They begin running in the New Skeena river about March 1, and there are millions in a good run. The Indians assemble and catch large quantities of them in what are called "bins" made of wood, bottomed with nets, and are boiled in water for about four hours. The fish is then strained through baskets into red cedar boxes of from 12 to 15 gallons. If the run is good each tribe will put up from about 20 to 30 boxes.

Herrings swarm in large quantities in the spring. They are smaller than the herring of Europe, but equal in quality. Halibut are found in large numbers, especially west of Queen Charlotte islands. Codfish are also found in considerable quantities, the chief varieties being the skil (black cod), rock cod and red cod, which frequent the bays, inlets, etc., of the province. They are a good table fish and have a splendid flavor. Sturgeon, which are very good when eaten fresh, have been found in half a ton. Whales, seals, flounders and whiting are found in large numbers. Among the following shell fish are found, viz: oysters, clams, shrimp, cockles, mussel and oyster. Deep sea fishing has not yet been inaugurated on a large scale, though it is practicable.

If the woods and waters of our province are so wealth producing, what may be said of our mines? There are metals which have been mined for years and others that have not been touched. The principal metals are gold, silver, iron, coal, lead, zinc, antimony and platinum. Gold mining was first started on the Fraser in 1858. In about two years several million dollars' worth were extracted in coarse gold. About \$54,000,000 worth has been extracted. The chief gold fields are: Cariboo, Kootenay, Cassiar, Omineca, Lardner, Rossland, Altona and the Fraser. The Cariboo mines produced \$204,000 worth in 1892. In quartz mining a good deal has been done not far from the Cariboo district and is being carried on in other places.

Coal mining is chiefly confined to Vancouver Island, although large deposits are found on the Mainland, but are not mined. The chief coal mines of Vancouver Island are Nanaimo, Comox and Wellington. The annual output is about 600,000 tons. A large quantity of this is exported to the United States. On Texada Island, in the Gulf of Georgia, is some fine iron ore, which is smelted by an American company at Port Townsend. It is like most British Columbia ore, is magnetic, and is worked as a commercial undertaking. One of the largest industries of British Columbia is sealing. The chief port is Victoria, about one half the schooners belonging to that place. The annual catch is about 70,000 skins. Most of these skins are sent to London to be sold there. The skin of a fur seal is worth from \$9 to \$12 and that of a hair seal from about \$5 to \$6 cents. The greatest demand is for the former. Now we come to farming. The three kinds are mixed farming, stock raising and fruit-growing. Wheat will grow as well in the interior as in Manitoba, but is not good for making flour, as it does not harden, but keeps soft. Oats grow splendidly in the Northern part of the province, fruit growing districts will be in Vancouver Island, the North and South Thompson, Chilliwack, Spallumcheen and Okanagan. Peaches, apricots and grapes mature splendidly in the open air. There is a lusciousness in the home grown article that is not found in the imported, and there is no reason why peaches should not be exported. On the Fraser river wheat has run as high as \$5 per bushel to the coast, and is sold cheaply. Peas, apples and all other fruits grow very well, and timothy averages four tons to the acre. The land, which is very rich, will continually improve under cultivation.

On Vancouver Island, there is a population of about 1,400 engaged in farming, comprising one-third of the farming community of the province. The sections are mostly selected for the sake of their bottom land, as it is the easiest kind to clear. In the interior, the bunchgrass grows on the plains, making splendid pastures for sheep, cattle, horses, etc. Swine raising is also profitable. In British Columbia there is a lot of unexplored government land such as the Peace and Bulkley rivers, and the North Vancouver Island tract. Experienced men have reported favorably upon them, but they are too remote to render them of much account at present. They are better situated, however, than Eastern Canada was at the time it was colonized.

Thus British Columbia with its situation and climate, unsurpassed and limitless resources by the development of which its population and prosperity will increase, is bound in the near future to be the greatest province of Canada, if not of the world. GORDON GRANT, First Division, North Ward School.

THE GOLDFIELDS CO.

TO THE EDITOR:—Hon. Mr. Turner's statement about the personnel of the Lillooet Fraser River Cariboo Goldfields Co. must have been unpleasant reading for those who have been so busily engaged in crying "stinking fish." But it requires something more than plain facts and direct statements to convince people who act with a malicious and not with an honest motive. It is quite unnecessary for me to discuss "A Native's" letter. It was already abundantly answered by Mr. Turner's statement before it was printed. I might just point out, however, that his contention that because the COLONIST recognizes the scheme fairly it is therefore paid for so doing, will also work the other way. The opposing counsel in this particular case is the public of England. They are the ones who are furnishing the cash. It is not long ago, however, since I read a statement to the effect that the financial papers of London were not above their price, and who can tell whether this or that Saturday Review is not touting for a client's rival firm of brokers? But a British Columbia paper or citizen should be the last source of opposition to any legitimate scheme for clearing up the gold fields of British Columbia, or other resources of this province, though it or he may be a political opponent of some of the promoters. From the character of the names mentioned in Mr. Turner's statement I would gather that they are quite competent to take care of themselves in any transaction that they may enter into. The ravings of the "weakening" and the strictures of the stupid "Native" will be altogether wasted upon the old world financiers.

World it not have been the wisest course, Mr. Editor, for the writers of these unparliamentary attacks on the Goldfields Co. to have obtained information of the scheme from reliable sources, and not have taken their cue from a London paper, probably in the control of opposition stockbrokers? As I said in my first letter, for many years we have been endeavoring to attract British capital, and now that we are receiving some of it in the New Westminister paper, probably in the control of opposition stockbrokers? As I said in my first letter, for many years we have been endeavoring to attract British capital, and now that we are receiving some of it in the New Westminister paper, probably in the control of opposition stockbrokers? As I said in my first letter, for many years we have been endeavoring to attract British capital, and now that we are receiving some of it in the New Westminister paper, probably in the control of opposition stockbrokers?

THE TREASURY OF GOD.

TO THE EDITOR:—In reply to the letter from a "Well Wisher," which appeared in your issue of yesterday, asking for further information and details regarding the Society of the "Treasury of God," I shall be much obliged if you can find space in your columns for the enclosed rules of the English society of that name. No steps have been taken to organize a similar society here until the proposed scheme has been brought under the consideration of the bishop and clergy of Victoria. To this end their presence has been solicited at a meeting to be held on Tuesday, the 22nd inst., when it is hoped to obtain their sanction and advice on the subject. Yours faithfully, LOUISA BAKER, President of Local Council of Women of Victoria and Vancouver Island.

The Society of the Treasury of God, founded 9th January, 1886, Abolition Rites, Eq. M.A., master, exists for the purpose of promoting a fuller recognition of the Divine principles which, as Holy Scripture shows, have regulated from the beginning the rendering of man's substance to God, and of advocating amongst churchmen the practical rule of devoting at least one-tenth of his income or increase to God's service. I. Bonding together all who now adopt

the practice advocated by the society, or who are desirous of doing so. II. Bringing the subject before churchmen by the publication and distribution of suitable literature, and by means of sermons and lectures. The membership of the society consists of church people who are willing to abide by the following rules: I. To set apart at least a tenth of all income or increase for pious or charitable use. II. By prayer and otherwise to use their influence to promote the society's objects. III. To contribute not less than 2s. 6d. per annum towards the society's expenses. (A contribution of two guineas and upwards constitutes life membership.) Churchpeople who agree with the society's objects and observe rules II and III, but

who are at present unable to set apart a full tenth, are admitted as associates. The society is managed by a mastership assisted by a council of laymen, secretary and treasurer, all of whom are appointed by the mastership annually at Easter. Applications for enrolment, etc. should be made to the honorary secretary, Mr. S. E. Gunyon, 7, Ickburgh road, Upper Clapton, N.E. Cyprus methods of agriculture are of the most primitive description. The plow in use in Cyprus is just what Virgil describes. They haven't changed their implements of agriculture for 2,000 years. As for the threshing floors, they are precisely what they were in Palestine in the days of Araunah the Jebusite. Every village has one or more of these.

THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING! THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING!



THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER SETS THE PACE.

COMMENCING with this date THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST will be mailed to any address in Canada or the United States for \$1.50 per annum, and as an additional inducement to present subscribers to renew, and to introduce the paper to new readers, THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST will be mailed from now until December 31st, 1896, for the price of one year's subscription—\$1.50—payable invariably in advance.

SUBSCRIBE NOW AND SECURE 15 MONTHS FOR \$1.50.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST is issued on Mondays and Thursdays, in time for all out-going mails, and by this means out-of-town readers will be placed in closer touch with the Capital than was possible under the old method of publishing on Fridays only. The Semi-Weekly Edition is an eight-page six-column paper, and contains the Latest Local, Provincial and Foreign News up to the time of going to press.

THERE IS SOMETHING IN IT FOR EVERYBODY.

The Ladies are not neglected, for Fashion Articles and Illustrations, which is going on in woman's world, and an Entertaining Story, form a part of its contents. It is in the highest sense a CLEAN AND INSTRUCTIVE FAMILY NEWSPAPER, and should be read by everyone in British Columbia.

SUBSCRIBE NOW AND GET THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING.

CLUB OFFERS

We have the following CASH PREMIUMS to offer to any persons who may choose to turn their spare moments to profitable account by soliciting subscriptions to THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST:

FOR 5 NEW SUBSCRIBERS.....\$ 2.50 CASH

Or 50c. each for 5 subscriptions or over.

Anyone sending \$4.50 in cash and the names of three subscribers will receive one year's subscription to THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST FREE.

The above also includes the offer from date up to the 31st December, 1896. Cash in all cases must accompany orders.

ADDRESS: The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., VICTORIA, B.C.

who are at present unable to set apart a full tenth, are admitted as associates. The society is managed by a mastership assisted by a council of laymen, secretary and treasurer, all of whom are appointed by the mastership annually at Easter. Applications for enrolment, etc. should be made to the honorary secretary, Mr. S. E. Gunyon, 7, Ickburgh road, Upper Clapton, N.E. Cyprus methods of agriculture are of the most primitive description. The plow in use in Cyprus is just what Virgil describes. They haven't changed their implements of agriculture for 2,000 years. As for the threshing floors, they are precisely what they were in Palestine in the days of Araunah the Jebusite. Every village has one or more of these.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

From THE DAILY COLONIST, October 19, FOUND DEAD.

The Discovery of a Woman's Body on the Reserve Furnishes a Puzzle for the Police.

A Case of Accident, Suicide or Murder—Inquest to Be Held To-day.

An inquest is to be held at 11 o'clock this morning on the body of a Cape Mudge Indian woman, named Sally, whose death is as yet very much of a puzzle to the police.

Mr. Godfrey at once reported his ghastly discovery to the police, and a search of the vicinity resulted in the finding of the clothes that had been worn by the unfortunate woman, in a growth of underbrush some yards away.

It is not likely that the evidence to be produced to-day will answer the question. The witnesses, among whom is the dead woman's brother, will tell how she was with them until 5 or 6 o'clock Thursday evening—perfectly sober and involved in no quarrel or controversy of any kind.

There was no anxiety among Sally's tribe as to her disappearance, for none of her relatives knew that she was missing until the body was in the custody of the coroner.

Rev. Father Nicolay last evening joined in marriage Captain Charles Cates, of the stevedore company of Cates & McDermott, and Miss Mary Brown, of Matheson.

Another happy union took place on the 16th inst., the principals being Mr. Frederick L. Smith and Miss Margaret S. Grafman, both well known and popular Victorians.

Mr. E. S. Clouston, manager of the Vancouver branch of the Bank of Montreal, and Mr. H. Abbott with his private secretary, Mr. J. P. Geddes, came over with the party from Vancouver.

The President of the C.P.R. had no news to give. He was out, he said, on his regular trip of inspection, and had found the line in the most satisfactory condition.

Mr. E. S. Clouston, manager of that great financial institution the Bank of Montreal, is taking a general look over the bank's branches.

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THE CITY.

HERBERT hall, on Ferrowood, was the scene of an enjoyable masquerade ball on Thursday night.

PROVINCIAL constable McKenna has gone to Kamloops to bring down a Chinese leper who is to be placed in the Darcey Island lazaretto.

REV. JONAS BUSHELL, pastor of the recently formed Congregational church, moved here with his family from Port Angeles on Thursday.

THE sealing catch of the city police is this year a particularly good one so far as the treasury is concerned.

THE intention of the promoters who will apply to the provincial legislature for power to operate traction engines upon the Cariboo road is to furnish by this means a cheaper means of transporting freight from Ashcroft to Cariboo and the district north of the railway.

LAST night the Sir William Wallace Society held their usual weekly meeting and Principal Tait delivered his lecture on "Historical Research."

Mr. Justice Drake moved an amendment to the resolution, providing that the collections on Christmas day be part of the income.

THE schooner Favorite, Captain McLean, one of the pioneer vessels of the sealing fleet, got home yesterday after a long delay on the coast.

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SYNOD OF COLUMBIA.

Yesterday's Proceedings—The Bishop's Address—Review of the Year—Some Important Matters.

Clergy, Widows and Orphans' Funds—Officers Elected—Grants from the Mission Fund.

NANAIMO, Oct. 18.—(Special)—The third session of the sixth synod of the Diocese of Columbia convened this afternoon at St. Paul's Institute, the Lord Bishop presiding, some forty delegates being present.

The lay secretary suggested the following resolution to meet the difficulty arising under the canon which affirms that no lay representative can take his seat unless all assessments due by the congregation be represented as paid.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Rev. W. F. L. Padden, B.A., principal; Mr. Baynes Reed, clerical secretary; Mr. Wm. Ward, rector; Mr. Wm. Ward, rector; Mr. Wm. Ward, rector.

THE Bishop, in the course of his address, called attention to the fact that this was the first occasion on which the synod had met in the city of Victoria, and there was a message to the brethren of Nanaimo for the accommodation provided for delegates.

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SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Russian Authority Over the Sealing—Schooners Restricted by Imperial Regulation.

Northern Pacific Steamers Want Relief From Government Contract—Minor Marine Notes.

Nearly every day for upwards of a month past a small army of men have been gathered around the shipping agent's office signing pay rolls and drawing money as out of a bank.

The catches of six or seven schooners have not yet been received. One of the delayed schooners, the "Terese," arrived yesterday and brought 867 skins.

The Imperial order-in-council issued under the Seal Fisheries (North Pacific) Act, 1895, forbids the sealing of the coast of Behring sea and the North Pacific ocean, and of thirty marine miles round the Kormandorsky and Robben islands.

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KOOTENAY'S MINES.

(From the Spokane Spokesman Review) At the banquet on the occasion of the Trail Fair John M. Burke, in responding to the toast of "British Columbia," said: "I have been called upon to respond to the toast of British Columbia. Would to God I had the eloquence that the toast deserves, when so much is owed by Spokane to British Columbia. Running through the southern part of that province is a mineral belt unexplored, unless it be that now being worked in South Africa."

Mr. H. H. Lewis, of Liverpool, England, when asked his impressions of the district where he had been spending two weeks said: "It is a country of great possibilities, and surpasses what I had been led to believe. I have in the past had men visit that section in order to report on the prospects of the country, but that was before there had been much development. The reports of the past two years have been so favorable that I determined to see for myself. I visited the Pilot Bay smelter, the Bine Bell mine, and took a trip on the Kaslo-Slocan railway, and visited the Slocan Star, Last Chance and several other properties in that vicinity. Yes, it is a great country, and I hope to divert some of the product to England. The Canadians are not essentially a mining people. You Americans have gone in and made splendid progress. The English are somewhat timid about going to a new country, preferring to put their money in South Africa and Australia, but it will not be long before it will begin to turn this way."

While three indictments for murder and some other very serious crimes appear in the docket for the fall assizes to be held in the four principal towns of the province, the lists, so far, cannot be considered very heavy, especially in Victoria and Nanaimo.

THE assizes open November 6, the cases being: Reg. v. Go and Chung Cheuy—Theft. (From spring assizes) Reg. v. Fots—Seduction. Reg. v. Ross—Theft from letter. Reg. v. Prosey—Attempted arson. Reg. v. Cowichan Johnny—Murder. Reg. v. Frank Comox—Murder. Reg. v. Jimmy Page—Murder. Reg. v. Edling—Theft. Reg. v. Ripley and Turner—Burglary. Reg. v. Lynn Brown—False pretences. At Vancouver the assizes open on November 11 with the following docket: Reg. v. Smith—Murder. Reg. v. Wolfe—Perjury. Reg. v. Kingsley and Lashbrook—Perjury.

THE assizes open November 19, the first three cases on the list being from the Spring assizes: Reg. v. Jackson—Keeping gaming house. Reg. v. Cook—Keeping gaming house. Reg. v. Lee Heng Young—Keeping gaming house. Reg. v. Goodrich—Forgery. Reg. v. Almazan—Assault. Reg. v. Prosey—Theft. Nanaimo assizes open November 26 with only three cases: Reg. v. Planta—Theft. Reg. v. Faugner—False pretences. Reg. v. Gibbs—Fraud.

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ARMENIAN REFORMS.

They Are Not All That Great Britain Demanded—Only a Temporary Solution.

The Trebizond Massacre—Soldiers Assist in the Bloody Work of the Mob.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Constantinople papers in announcing the consent to the Armenian reforms state that the Sultan has decided to introduce reforms in all the provinces of the empire, beginning with Anatolia. The reforms comprise an increase and reorganization of the gendarmerie and of the police forces, and the amelioration of the administrative and judicial branches of the service.

A Times editorial says: "It will probably be too much to expect the extension of the Armenian reforms to other portions of the Turkish empire, yet nothing would more powerfully consolidate the Sultan's real authority."

The Daily News (London) commenting on the same subject, presumes that the powers have accepted a Musulman instead of a Christian high commissioner. "If so," the Daily News adds, "it will be a severe disappointment to Armenia's best friends. It is evident the concert of the powers has been more apparent than real."

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says: "An eye-witness of the Trebizond massacre says the Armenian quarter was completely sacked, and the mob only desisted from the massacre when they were ordered to disperse. The soldiers assisted in the massacre with their rifles. The better class of Turks gave protection and shelter in their own houses to the Armenian women and children, so that none of these were killed in the town itself. These same Turks obtained permission for the Armenian refugees to shelter themselves in the barracks during the following night, when it was feared the massacre would be renewed. Several Armenian villages outside of Trebizond were burned and pillaged, and lives there were taken also."

The Chronicle's Constantinople correspondent says: "The Sultan has so feared exasperating the Musulmans by consenting to the reforms that the minister was obliged to implore him to sign the document. I fear English opinion will be greatly disappointed when the terms of the reform scheme become known. But nothing surer could be obtained without the appearance of the British fleet in the Dardanelles, which would have involved the instant disruption of the entente between England, Russia and France, and particularly a Russian occupation of Armenia. Sir Philip Currie, therefore, has done the best possible with the circumstances, and the reforms are a serious breach between England and Russia. This temporary solution, however, will not save Turkey from an outbreak of dangerous anti-dynastic feeling, of which the Sultan will probably be the victim."

The Chronicle believes the British fleet will remain at Lemnos in the Aegean sea, which is about fifty miles from the mouth of the Dardanelles, until adequate guarantees for the execution of the Armenian reforms have been given.

An Odessa dispatch to the Times says that the Russian fleet has been heavily ordered to cruise near the mouth of the Bosphorus. BEYROUT, Syria, Oct. 17.—Considerable excitement prevails in the Lebanon district, owing to the conflicts which have taken place between the Druses and Mutawalis, in which men have been killed on both sides. Finally the Mutawalis assembled, 400 strong, with the intention of attacking the Druses. The latter thereupon appealed to their orthodox friends in Hama, who are preparing to send 8,000 men to the assistance of the Druses. The fall of Damascus is trying to prevent a conflict.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 17.—Some of the Armenians who re-opened their stores, thus disobeying the orders of the Armenian committee, have been fined, and three merchants, it is said, have been compelled by threats to pay this committee between 300 and 400 Turkish pounds each. The matter was brought to the attention of the Turkish authorities, and as a result several members of the Armenian committee who took part in forcing the Armenians to close their stores have been arrested.

An trade was promulgated to-day announcing that the Sultan has signed the Armenian reform scheme demanded by the powers.

The appeal of the Sultan to the Russian ambassador, A. J. de Nelidoff, to cause the recall of the order for a Russian gunboat to go to Trebizond has proven futile. French and Russian steamers are taking Armenian refugees from Trebizond.

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Mr. John W. Colquhoun

Tired but Sleepless

Is a condition which gradually wears away the strength. Let the blood be purified and enriched by Hood's Sarsaparilla and this condition will cease.

"For two or three years I was subject to poor spells. I always felt tired, could not sleep at night and the little I could eat did not do me any good. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. Before I had finished two bottles I began to feel better and in a short time I felt all right and had gained 25 pounds in weight. I am stronger and healthier than I have ever been in my life." JOHN W. COUHLIN, Wallaceburg, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. Do not be induced to buy and others. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, etc.

Vertical text on the left margin: COLONIST, PAPER, COLONIST will send States for present subscribers, The December 31st, payable invari- OW, and Illustrating Story, CLEAN AND d be read by THREE, G. RS, offer to any profitable ac- COLONIST: CASH, Co., A. B.C., 31st Decem- Co., A. B.C., 31st Decem- Co., A. B.C., 31st Decem-

From THE DAILY COLONIST, October 20. SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Arrival of the Steamship "Victoria" After a Rough Experience With a Typhoon.

The "City of Topeka" Returns From Alaska Loaded With Minors and Cannerymen.

Miners and cannerymen were in large numbers aboard the steamer City of Topeka upon her arrival from Alaska last evening. Nearly all were bound further south.

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After some delay in the Straits through fog the Northern Pacific steamer Victoria, Capt. Pantou, reached William Head from China and Japan yesterday morning, and berthed at the outer wharf at 1 p.m.

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THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Autumn Tournament at the Golf Links With Incidental Record Breaking.

"Wanderers" Open the Season With a Win—Return Chess Match in Arrangement.

The autumn meeting of the Victoria Golf Club was held at the Oak Bay links yesterday, there being three events contested with the following results:

I. OPEN EVENT. Score. 1. F. H. Matland Douglass..... 83 2. Harvey Combe..... 84

II. HANDICAP—CLASS A. 1. F. H. Matland Douglass (scratch)..... 83 2. Harvey Combe (9-11)..... 84

III. HANDICAP—CLASS B. 1. H. R. Rogers (11-8)..... 112 2. C. J. Prior (scratch)..... 112

There was a large turnout of players and keen competition for the honors. Mr. Matland Douglass's score is the record for the green, and is especially creditable considering the present roughness of the course.

FOOTBALL. RUGBY CLUB PRACTICE. The practice game of the Victoria Rugby football club yesterday afternoon at Cadogan Park, between teams captained by Messrs. J. M. Miller and J. F. Foulkes, ended in a draw.

THE CANOE. "ELEKTRA" TAKES THE HONORS. The final of the Victoria Canoe Club's series of sailing races was contested yesterday afternoon in a light wind. There were the usual five starters, and a good race resulted.

THE WHEEL. THAT SIDNEY ROAD RACE. Delaying the now much-talked-of Sidney road race for another week seems to have been a act of wisdom.

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THE CASE NO CLEARER.

Yesterday's Developments in the Songhees Reservation Mystery Are Somewhat Confusing.

Dr. Lane's Opinion as to the Cause of Death—Contradicting and Suspicious Statements.

How, when and in what manner Cape Mudge Sally came to her death during Thursday night last is a compound question that has not yet been satisfactorily determined either by the police or by the jury of six good men whom Coroner Crompton empaneled in the case yesterday.

In consequence an adjournment was ordered until to-morrow, and shortly afterwards an uncle of the dead woman, Cape Mudge Castley, and a boon companion named Andrew Lambeck, were placed under arrest as necessary witnesses.

The evidence of Dr. John Lang, who made the post mortem examination, does not solve the question of how the woman died, though it disposed of the theory that she had been formed of poisoning or of violent murder.

The uncle, Charley, said on the witness stand yesterday that he did not remember whether or not he saw his niece during the night, though he and Andrew Lambeck spent the night at her cabin.

Andrew on the other hand not only denies that he saw her, but says that he was in the city at the time she was sitting in the cabin.

Dismissing all suggestion of foul play, it is difficult to understand why Sally should have gone to the reservation alone and with an entrance to the police station.

Why Charley and his white companion should thus boldly do the truth is as yet a matter of pure conjecture with the police.

A NEW and successful feature was added to the popular concerts of the Y.M.C.A. last night at the Victoria Hotel.

SOME prospecting is being done on Mary Todd Island, where a few weeks ago a quartz claim was staked out by Victoria men.

WHISKEY cases were once more in the strong majority at the police court yesterday. In addition, Steve Barker was fined \$2 for allowing his peanut roaster to whistle.

A CUTLASS drill by sixteen young sailor lasses is to be made a feature of the evening entertainment in connection with the annual bazaar of the ladies of St. Andrew's cathedral, at Institute hall next Wednesday.

SYNOD OF COLUMBIA.

The Financial Conditions Considered—Eleven Thousand Dollars to Be Borrowed.

Mission Fund to Come Under the Quebec System—Marriages in Private Houses.

NANAIMO, Oct. 19.—(Special)—The synod assembled this morning when the first business considered was the report of the special committee appointed to consider the financial position of the synod.

The resolution of Rev. G. W. Taylor to charge the administration fund in charge of the mission board from the present system to the "Quebec" system was carried.

The Bishop appointed a committee to inquire into the subject of religious education in the diocese.

BEAUBARNOS MURDER TRIAL. BEAUBARNOS, Oct. 19.—(Special)—An unprecedented scene for a British court room took place here yesterday afternoon during the closing moments of Dr. Bucke's expert insanity evidence in the Shortis murder trial.

After an exciting debate, in which all hands took part, Smith, who was thoroughly inflated, moved a vote of acquittal.

JOHN W. MACKAY, JR. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—John W. Mackay, jr., was killed yesterday in Paris by being thrown from his horse.

THE LAKE DAUPHIN settlers are demanding that a railroad be built to that section of country.

KOREAN OUTBREAK. PARIS, Oct. 18.—A special dispatch to L'Echoire from St. Petersburg, which was published to day, says an exchange of communications occurred between the Russian government and the Japanese minister at St. Petersburg.

MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—In the contest for the seat vacated by Hon. J. J. Curran, the names most prominently mentioned as candidates are M. J. F. Quinn, Q. C., Conservative, and James McNamee, Liberal.

LABOR TROUBLE AT TOLEDO. TOLEDO, Ohio, Oct. 18.—The strike of bicycle makers was this morning turned into a lockout.

ROUNDER—This has been a very expensive summer for me. Souther—I thought you sent your family away on a farm somewhere. Rounder—So I did; but I stayed in town.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Prof. Prince Affirms the Genuineness of Certain British Columbia Salmon in London.

Arms for the Canadian Militia—American Street Railway Men Heartily Welcomed.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—Prof. Prince, commissioner of fisheries, was asked for his opinion to-day on the recent statement of the Fish-mongers' Company that the frozen salmon from British Columbia, which recently reached the Mother Country, are all trout.

The militia department has been advised that 1400 Lee-Mercer rifles and 500 carbines have been shipped to Canada.

TORONTO TOPICS. TORONTO, Oct. 19.—(Special)—The Women's Methodist Missionary Society disposed of some important business last evening before concluding their convention.

The recent election contest in Kingston has taken a new turn in the summoning of W. T. R. Preston, provincial librarian, on a charge of having dispensed money to the registrar of Kingston, J. D. Ross, with intent to bribe in the election.

HOOPER'S REPORT. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Capt. Hooper, who commanded the Behring sea fleet during last season, has made his report to the treasury department.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS. WINNIPEG, Oct. 19.—(Special)—A few days ago Joseph McFadden, a farmer living south of Brandon, sold to the Lake of the Woods Milling Company a portion of his wheat crop for this year.

TABLE Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius Courts, and General Gaol Delivery for the Year 1895.

FALL ASSIZES. Vernon.....Monday.....11th October Lytton.....Friday.....11th October New Westminster.....Wednesday.....6th November Vancouver.....Monday.....11th November Victoria.....Tuesday.....19th November Nanaimo.....Tuesday.....a22&d&w

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease a site for a fishing station, the following described lands situate at the head of the Metchuak Arm, Nootka Sound, commanding 50 acres, more or less, and containing 171 seals, the following direction 25 chains; thence southerly 60 chains; thence westerly 60 chains to the boundary line of the Indian Reserve in the easterly direction to the beach; thence following the shore line back to the place of commencement.

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WORTH A GUINEA A BOX? BEECHAM'S PILLS. COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING. FOR SICK HEADACHE, Dizziness, or Swelling in the Head, Wind, Pain, and Spasms at the Stomach, Pains in the Back, Gravel, and Stiffening of the Joints, Rheumatism, etc.

DAIRY FARM FOR SALE LANGLEY PRAIRIE. One of the best Dairy Farms in the Province. The farm contains 125 acres of land; about 50 acres in hay meadows; 2 acres of bearing orchard; 60 acres of good pasture.

Apply at The Colonist Office, M. Costello, Vancouver, Or to Owner, on Premises. d21-1m

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, under the provisions of the "Health Act, 1883," has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned, members of The Provincial Board of Health, namely:— JOHN CHAPMAN DAVIE, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, M.D.

ALFRED TENNYSON WATT, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, M.D. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint ALFRED TENNYSON WATT, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, M.D., to be Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health.

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THE STORY OF FRANCIS AND DYMPHNA

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER IX.

He was a young man, and a Dutchman, but not a Dutchman of the stout, burly type which had most commonly seen in the country. He had, it is true, the usual fair hair and blue eyes, and he was rather short than tall, but his figure was thin and meager, and he had a pointed nose and chin and a scanty fair beard. I took him to be no more than a Dutchman. At a second glance I saw that he was angry. He was talking fast to Dymphna—of course in Dutch—and my first impulse, in face of his excited gestures and queer appearance, was to laugh. But I had a notion what his relationship to the girl was, and I smothered this, and instead asked, as soon as I could get a word in, whether I should leave them.

"Oh, no!" Dymphna answered, blushing slightly and turning to me with a troubled glance. I believe she had clean forgotten my presence. "This is Master Jan Van Tree, a good friend of ours, and this," she continued, still in Spanish, speaking to him, "is Master Carey, one of my father's guests."

We bowed, he formally, for he had not recovered his temper, and I—dare say I still had my Spanish ancestors in my head—with condensation. Van Tree looked another at sight, I think. I dubbed him a mean little fellow, a trader, a peddler, and, however he clasped me, it was not favorably. So it was no particular desire to please him which led me to say with outward solicitude, "I fear you are annoyed at something, Master Van Tree."

"I am!" he said bluntly, meeting me half way. "And am I to know the cause?" I asked. "Or is it a secret?" "It is no secret," he retorted. "Miss Lindstrom always has been more careful. She should not have exposed herself to the chance of being seen by those miserable foreigners."

"The foreigners—in the boat?" I said dryly. "Yes, of course—in the boat," he answered. He was obliged to say that, but he glared at me across her as he spoke. We had turned and were walking back to the house, the poplars casting long shadows across our path.

"They were rude," I observed carelessly, my chin very high. "But there is no particular harm done that I can see, Master Van Tree." "Perhaps not, as far as you can see," he retorted in great excitement. "But perhaps also you are not very farsighted. You may not see it now, yet harm will follow."

"Possibly," I said, and I was going to follow up this seemingly candid admission by something very boorish when Dymphna struck in nervously. "My father is anxious," she explained, speaking to me, "that I should have as little to do with our Spanish governors as possible. Master Carey, it always vexes him to hear that I have fallen in their way, and that is why my father feels annoyed. It was not, of course, your fault, since you did not know of this. It was I," she continued hurriedly, "who should not have ventured to the elm tree without seeing that the coast was clear."

I knew that she was timidly trying her color coming and going, to catch my eye, to appease me as the greater stranger and to keep the peace between her ill-matched companions, who indeed stalked along crying one another much as a wolf howls and a badger dog might regard each other across a choice bone. But the young Dutchman's sudden appearance had put me out. I was not in love with her, yet I liked to talk to her, and I grudged her to him—he seemed so mean a fellow. And so—churl that I was—in answer to her speech, I let drop some snob about the great fear of the Spaniards which seemed to prevail in these parts.

"You are not afraid of them, then?" Van Tree said, with a smile. "No, I am not," I answered, my lip curling also. "Ah," with much meaning, "perhaps you do not know them very well!" "Perhaps not," I replied. "Still, my grandmother was a Spaniard."

"So I should have thought," he retorted swiftly, so swiftly that I felt the words as I should have felt a blow. "What do you mean?" I blurted out, halting before him, with my cheek crimson. In vain were all Dymphna's appealing glances, all her signs of distress. "I will have you explain, Master Van Tree, what you mean by that!" I repeated fiercely.

"I mean what I said," he answered, confronting me stubbornly and shaking off Dymphna's hand. His blue eyes twinkled with rage, his thin beard bristled; he was the color of a turkey cock's comb. At home we should have thought him a comely little fellow, but he did not seem so absurd here. For one thing, he looked spiteful enough for anything, and for another, though I topped him by a head and shoulders, I could not flatter myself that he was afraid of me. On the contrary, I felt that in the presence of his mistress, small and shortsighted as he was, he would have faced a lion without winking.

His courage was not to be put to the proof. I was still glaring at him, seeking some retort which should provoke him beyond endurance, when a hand was laid on my shoulder, and I turned to find that Master Bertie and the duchess had joined us.

cally to the others, "this boy is full of starts and surprises. You never know what he will produce next. The other day it was a warrant! Today it is a grand-mother and a temper!"

I could not be angry with her, and perhaps I was not sorry now that my quarrel with the young Dutchman had ended where it had. I affected as well as I could to join in the laugh at my expense and took advantage of the arrival of our host, who at this moment came up the slope from the landing place, his hands outstretched and a smile of greeting on his kindly face, to slip away unnoticed and make amends to my humor by switching off the heads of the wibes by the river.

But naturally the scene left a degree of ill feeling behind it, and for the first time during the two months we had spent under Master Lindstrom's roof the party who sat down to supper were under some constraint. I felt that the young Dutchman had had the best of the evening in the garden, and I talked loudly and foolishly in the boyish attempt to assert myself and to set myself right at least in my own estimation. Master Van Tree meanwhile sat silent, eying me from time to time in a friendly fashion. Dymphna seemed nervous and frightened, and the duchess and her husband exchanged troubled glances. Anne, who was in particularly good spirits, was unaffected by the prevailing chill.

Miss Anne indeed in her ignorance made matters worse. She had begun to pick up some Dutch and was fond of airing her knowledge and practicing fresh sentences at mealtimes. By some ill luck she contrived this evening—particularly after finding no one to contradict me, I had fallen into comparative silence, and I framed her sentences so as to cause as much embarrassment as possible to all of us. "Where did you walk with Dymphna this morning?" was the question put to me.

"You are fond of the water—Englishmen are fond of the water," she said to Dymphna. "Dymphna is tall; Master Francis is tall. I sit by you tonight, the Dutch lady sat by you last night," and so on, and so on, with prattle which seemed to amuse our host exceedingly—he was never tired of correcting her mistakes—but which put the rest of us out of countenance, bringing the tears to poor Dymphna's eyes—she did not know where to look—and making her lover glower at me as though he would eat me.

It was vain that the duchess made spasmodic rushes into conversation in the intervals noded and frowned at the delinquent. Miss Anne, in her innocence, saw nothing. She went on until Van Tree could stand it no longer, and with a half smothered threat, which was perfectly intelligible to me, rose roughly from the table and went to the door as if to look out at the night.

"What is the matter?" Miss Anne said wonderingly in English. Her eyes shone with a gleam of triumph, and she looked long to be opened to the fact that something was amiss with us. Before I could answer the duchess, who had risen, came behind her. "You little fool!" she whispered fiercely, "if you will allow, you deserve to be whipped!" "Why, what have I done?" murmured the girl, really frightened now and appealing to me.

"Done!" whispered the duchess, and I think she pinched her, for my neighbor winced. "More harm than you guess, you mix! And for you, Master Francis, a word with you. Come with me to my room, please."

I went with her, half minded to be angry and half inclined to feel ashamed of myself. She did not give me time, however, to consider which attitude I should assume up, for the moment the door of her room was closed behind us she turned upon me, the color high in her cheeks. "Now, young man," she said in a tone of ringing contempt, "do you really think that girl is in love with you?"

"What girl?" I asked sheepishly. The unexpected question and her tone put me out of countenance. "What girl? What girl?" she replied impatiently. "Don't play with me, boy! You know whom I mean—Dymphna Lindstrom!"

"What girl?" I thought you meant Mistress Anne," I said somewhat impatiently. Her face fell in an extraordinary fashion, as if the suggestion were not pleasant to her, but she answered on the instant: "Well, the vanity of the lady! Do you think all the girls are in love with you? Because you have been sitting with pretty face on each side of you do you think you have only to throw the handkerchief this way or that? If you do, open your eyes, and you will find it is not so. My kinswoman can take care of herself, so we will leave her out of the discussion, please, and for this pink and white Dutch girl, my lady continued viciously, "let me tell you that she thinks more of Van Tree's little finger than of your whole body."

I shrugged my shoulders, but still I was mortified. A young man may not be in love with a girl, yet it displeases him to hear that she is indifferent to him. The duchess noticed the movement. "Don't do that," she cried in impatient scorn. "You do not see much in Master Van Tree perhaps? I thought not. Therefore you think a girl must be of the same mind as yourself. Well," with a cheerful little nod, "you will learn some day that it is not so; that women are not quite what men think them, and particularly, Master Francis, that six feet of manhood and a pretty face on top of it do not always have their way. But there, I do not bring you here to tell you that. I want to know whether you are aware what you are doing."

I muttered something to the effect that I did not know I was doing any harm. "You do not call it harm, then," the duchess retorted, with energy. "The danger of the safety of every one of us cannot you see that if you insult and offend this young man—which you are doing out of pure wanton mischief, for you are not in love with the girl—he may ruin us?" "Ruin us?" I repeated incredulously. "Yes, ruin us!" she cried. "Here we are, living more or less in hiding through the kindness of Master Lindstrom—living in peace and quietness. But do you suppose that inquiries are not being made for us? Why, I would bet a dozen good angels that Master Clarence is in the Netherlands at this moment tracking us. I was startled by this idea, and she saw I was. "We can trust Master Lindstrom, were it only for his own sake," she continued more quietly, satisfied perhaps by the effect she had produced. "And this young man, who is the son of one of the principal men of Arnheim, is also disposed to look kindly on us, as I fancy it is his nature to look. But if you make mischief between Dymphna and him—"

hauled back to England in a trice, if worse did not befall us here. Now, you will be careful!"

"I will," I said, conscience stricken and a little cowed. "That is better," she replied, smiling. "I think you will. Now go."

I went down again with some food for thought—with some good intentions too, by many—the discovery is made by me too late. When I went down stairs, I found my host and Master Bertie alone in the parlor. The girls had disappeared, so had Van Tree, and I saw at once that something had happened. Master Bertie was standing gazing at the door, stoved very thoughtfully, and the duchess was walking up and down the room with an almost comical expression of annoyance and trouble on his pleasant face.

"There are the young ladies?" I asked, looking at me. "Up stairs," said Master Bertie, not looking at me. "And—and Van Tree?" I asked mechanically. Somehow I anticipated the answer. "None!" said the Englishman curtly. "Aye, gone, the foolish lad!" the Dutchman struck in, tugging at his beard. "What has come to him? He is not wont to show temper. I have never known him and Dymphna have a cross word before. What has come to the lad, I say, to go off in a passion at this time of night? And no one knows whether he has gone or when he will come back again!"

He seemed as he spoke rather conscious of my presence, but Master Bertie turned and looked at me, and I hung my head, and very shortly afterward I slunk out. The thought of what I might have brought upon us all by my pertulance and vanity made me feel sick. I crept up to bed nervous and fearful of the morrow, listening to every noise without and praying inwardly that my alarm might not be justified.

When the morrow came, I went down stairs as anxious to see Van Tree in the flesh as I had been yesterday disappointed by his appearance. But no Van Tree was to be seen. Nothing had been heard of him. Dymphna sat by my side, her cheeks pale, her eyes downcast, as if I had ever flattered myself that I was any thing to the girl I was undeceived now. The duchess shot angry glances at me from time to time. Master Bertie kept looking anxiously at the door. Every one seemed to fear and to expect something, but none of them feared and expected it as I did.

"He must have gone home. He must have gone to Arnheim," said our host, trying to hide his vexation. "He will be young men in a day or two. Young men will be young men."

But I found that the duchess did not share the belief that Van Tree had gone home, for in the course of the morning she took occasion, when we were alone, to charge me to be careful not to come into collision with him. "He can't I now he has gone?" I said meekly, feeling I was in disgrace. "He has not gone far," replied the duchess meaningly. "Depend upon it, he will not go far out of sight unless there is more harm done than I think or he is very different from the English lovers. But if you come across him I pray you to keep clear of him, Master Francis, you keep clear of him."

I nodded assent. But of what weight are resolutions, what fate in the other scale? It was some hours after the duchess had said that when Mistress Anne came to me, looking flushed and vexed. "Have you seen Dymphna?" she asked abruptly. "No," I answered. "Why?"

"Because she is not in the house," the girl answered, speaking quickly, "nor in the garden, and the last time I saw her she was crossing the island toward the footbridge. I think she has gone that way to be on the lookout—you can guess for whom," with a smile, "but I am fearful of the girl's safety. She is waiting for Master Francis. She is wearing her gold chain, and one of the maids says that she saw two of the Spanish garrison on the road near the end of the footbridge this morning. That is the way by land to Arnheim, you know."

"That is bad," I said. "What is to be done?" "You must go and look for her," Anne suggested. "She should not be alone."

"Let her father go or Master Bertie," I answered. "Her father has gone down the river toward Arnheim, I expect, and Master Bertie is fishing in a boat somewhere. It will take time to find him. Why cannot you go? If she has crossed the footbridge, she will not be far away."

She seemed so anxious as she spoke for the Dutch girl's safety that she infected me with her fears, and I let myself be persuaded. After all, there might be danger, and I did not see what else was to be done. Indeed Mistress Anne did not leave me until she had seen me clear of the footbridge and across the meadows toward the footbridge. Mind you bring her back," she cried after me. "Do not let her come alone!" And those were her last words.

After we had separated I did not think for a moment that it was a pity I had not asked her to come with me. The thought occurred too late, and I strode on toward the head of the bridge, resolving that as soon as I had sighted Dymphna I would keep away from her and content myself with watching over her from a distance. As I passed by the little cluster of cottages on the landward side of the island, I glanced sharply about me, for I thought it not unlikely that Master Van Tree might be lurking in the neighborhood. But I saw nothing either of her or him. All was quiet, the air full of spring sunshine and warmth and hope and the blossoms of fruit trees, and with an indefinable pleasure, a feeling of escape from control and restraint, I crossed the long footbridge and set foot almost for the first time since our arrival—for at Master Lindstrom's desire we had kept very close—on the river bank.

further encroachments of the river. Presently on one of these, of which the course was fairly defined by a line of willows, I made out the flutter of a woman's hood, and I remember that the day before I had heard Dymphna express a wish to go to the marsh for some herb which grew there.

"Right!" I said, seating myself with much satisfaction on the last post of the road. She is safe enough there! And I will go now. It is only on the road she is likely to be in danger from our Spanish soldiers!"

My eyes, released from duty, wandered idly over the landscape for awhile, but presently returned to the dike across the marsh. I could not now see Dymphna. The willows hid her, and I waited for her to reappear. She did not, but some one else did, for by and by, on the same path and crossing an interval between the willows, there came into sight a man's form.

"Ho, ho!" I said, following it with my eyes, "so I may go home! Master Van Tree is on the track, and now I hope they will make it up." I added pettishly. Another second, and I started up with a low cry. The sunlight had caught a part of the man's dress, a shining something which flashed back a point of intense light. The something I guessed at once was a corsalet, and it needed scarce another thought to apprise me that Dymphna's fellow was not Van Tree at all, but a Spanish soldier.

I lost no time, yet it took me a minute—a minute of trembling haste and anxiety—to discover the path from the causeway on to the dike. When once I had stumbled on to the latter, I found I had lost sight of both figures, but I ran along at the top of my speed, calculating that the two, who could not be far apart, the man being the nearer to me, were about a quarter of a mile or rather more from the road. I had gone one-half of this distance perhaps when a shrill scream in front caused me to redouble my efforts. I expected to find the ruffian in the act of robbing the girl and clutching my cudgel—for, alas, I had left my sword at home!—more mightily in my grasp, so that it was an immense relief to me when, on turning an angle in the dike, I saw her running toward me. Her face, still white with fear, however, and her hair streaming loosely behind her, told how narrow had been her escape, if escape it could be called. For about ten feet behind her, the hood he had plucked off still in his grasp, came Master Spaulard, hotfoot and panting, but gaining on her now with every stride.

He was a tall fellow, gayly dressed, swarthy, mustachioed and fierce eyed. His corsalet and sword-belt shone and glinted as he ran and swore, but he had dropped his feathered bonnet in the slight struggle which had evidently taken place when she got by him, and it lay a black spot in the middle of the grassy avenue behind him. The sun—it was about three hours after noon—was at my back and shining directly into his eyes, and I marked this as I raised my cudgel and jumped aside to let the girl pass, for she in her blind fear would have run against me.

It was almost the same with him. He did not see me until I was within a few paces of him, and even then I think he noticed my presence merely as that of an unwelcome spectator. He fancied I should step aside, and he cursed me, calling me a Dutch dog for getting in his way.

The next moment—he had not drawn his sword or made any attempt to draw it—we came together violently, and I had my hand on his throat. We swayed as we whirled round one another in the first shock of the collision. A cry of astonishment escaped him—astonishment at my hardness of heart—his eyes glancing into mine and his hot breath on my cheek, to get at his dagger, but it was too late. I brought down my staff, with all the strength of an arm nerved at the moment by rage and despair, upon his bare head.

He went down like a stone, and the blood bubbled from his lips. I stood over him watching him. He stretched himself out and turned with a convulsive movement on his face. His hands clawed the grass. His leg moved once, twice, a third time faintly. Then he lay still.

There was a large singing just over my head, and its clear notes seemed during the long, long minute while I stood bend-

ing over him in an awful fascination to be the only sounds in nature. I looked so long at him in that dreadful stillness and absorption I dared not at last look up lest I should see I knew not what, yet when a touch fell on my arm I did not start.

"You have killed him!" the girl whispered, shuddering. "Yes, I have killed him," I answered mechanically. "I could not take my eyes off him. It was not as I had done this thing after a long conflict, or in a melee with others fighting round me, or on the battlefield. I should have felt no horror then such as I felt now, standing over him in the sunshine, with the lark's song in my ears. It had happened so still, and I had never killed a man before nor seen a man die."

"Oh, come away!" Dymphna wailed suddenly. "Come away!" I turned then, and the sight of the girl's wan face and strained eyes recalled me in some degree to myself. I saw she was ill, and hastily I gave her my arm and partly carried, partly supported, her back to the road. The way seemed long, and I looked behind me often, but we reached the causeway at last, and there in the open I felt some relief. Yet even then stopping to cast a backward glance at the marsh, I shuddered anew, espying a bright white spark glancing amid the green of the rushes. It was the dead man's corsalet. But if it had been his eye I could scarcely have shrunk from it in greater dread.

It will be imagined that we were not long in crossing the island. Naturally I was full of what had happened and never gave a thought to Van Tree's jealousy or the incidents of his short visit. I had indeed forgotten his existence until we reached the porch. There, entering rapidly, with Dymphna clinging to my arm, I was so oblivious of other matters that when the young Dutchman rose suddenly and the seat on one side of the door and the bench on the other I did not understand in the first instant of surprise what was the matter, though I let Dymphna's

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SIBERIAN CANNERIES. PORT TOWNSEND, Oct. 18—(Special)—The Russians have just commenced to appreciate the importance of erecting fish canneries along the Siberian coast. The engineer Ethel Zane, from Petropavlovsk, brings news that two canneries will be built at that point next season. The boys fairly swarm with schools of salmon and herring. In the bay of Petropavlovsk during the summer season the fish come in from the open sea, circle around the bay and out to sea again. Capt. Peterson, of the Zane, said he never saw a place where salmon were so plentiful. The British man-of-war Porpoise was in port, and one day some of the men threw out a seine and hauled in over 700 large salmon. Herring also is very plentiful. Now that the trans-Siberian railway is to be opened, it is proposed to establish large fish canneries and ship the product to St. Petersburg and Eastern Russia. The last report of the Zurich penitentiary shows that forty-eight of the male convicts were "disciplined" for talking, while none of the female inmates had to be punished for the same offense. Distressing symptoms of the degeneracy of the race are reported from everywhere, while women in fast qualifying herself to wear either pants or pantalons.

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LIBERALS AT MORRISBURG. It is worth noting that at the recent Liberal meeting at Morrisburg, when the Opposition leader inaugurated his Ontario campaign, Mr. Johnston, the Liberal candidate for the county of Dundas, had no hesitation in paying what may be regarded as a significant tribute to the abilities and party services of Sir Richard Cartwright.

LIBERALS AT MORRISBURG. Mr. Laurier, in referring to the school question, plumed himself upon his strategic skill and, comparing himself with the Duke of Wellington in Portugal, said he was "within the lines of Torres Vedras, watching the enemy."

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hinted that one of the reasons on account of which there was an endeavor to wake up opposition to the government was in the hope that some money might be distributed among the electorate, the investigators being—be it observed—the out and out supporters of the so-called "party of purity."

MILK INSPECTION.

The municipal authorities of Victoria have done no small amount of talking—indeed they are adepts in that art, no matter the quality of their production—on the subject of milk inspection. They obtained a tester, and were supposed to have determined, within a very short time, to inaugurate what it was generally believed was a much needed department of municipal work.

In the city of San Francisco they have recently appointed a milk inspector, who possibly upon the principle that "new brooms sweep clean" has entered upon his duties with a zeal and vigor which bespeak a healthy revolution.

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H. M. JUDICIAL COMMITTEE.

In the course of an interview had with Sir Oliver Mowat, on his return from England, referring to Colonial representation in the judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the Ontario Premier is reported to have said that he did not consider the arrangement outlined in the Imperial Act would be of much service.

"KIN BEYOND THE SEA."

A few days since occasion was taken in these columns to deprecate and condemn the Oregonian's bitter denunciation of Lord Sackville and his letter on the subject of his removal from the British Embassy at Washington. We notice that the San Francisco Chronicle has recently delivered itself on the same subject as follows: "Lord Sackville may escape the penalty of his folly on the technical point that his pamphlet is nothing more than a private letter, but he has added one more to the many things which prevent us from having any real love for our 'kin beyond the sea.'"

"NIL DESPERANDUM"

Tammany Hall, New York, whose managers have ever been ready to do almost anything or concede almost anything so that they might retain control of city and state affairs, seeing that its power was on the wane placed an ex-cuse plank in its platform in order to secure the German vote, and in consequence has now the added strength of the German-American Reform Union with which to meet the Republicans and the old line Democrats.

vote, whether the sale of food, beverages, and all necessaries shall be permitted on the first day of the week during certain prescribed hours, and in a manner so restricted as not to interfere with religious observances.

SIR RICHARD AND THE GRITS.

Some of the Liberal organs have been producing or reproducing a cartoon illustrative of the fable of the winds with which Hon. Mr. Laurier endeavored to entertain some of his campaign meetings in Ontario. Are they ready, we wonder, with another cartoon showing how the North wind struck Sir Richard Cartwright so severely that he could endure it no longer and was forced to hurry home for shelter?

No doubt there will be endeavors to explain this away and to declare that it was by ignorant inadvertence that they did it but Sir Richard—we will not say has the bulks—now stands on his dignity and has gone home.

Some of the papers thus early have begun to talk of the blunders, from a fiscal point of view, into which the member for South Huron led the party, probably under the supposition that the milk has already been spilled and it being impossible to gather it up again it is folly to cry, the only thing to be done being to make the best of a bad job.

REAWAKENING OF CAPITAL.

Bradstreet's remarks that the reawakening of capital in the United Kingdom shown in the comparative totals of amounts subscribed for shares in public enterprises by quarters in this and preceding years is remarkable. "The amount," it says, "of shares offered in Great Britain for public subscription during the past three months exceeded the total applied for in any similar period since the Baring collapse at the close of 1890, except for the final quarter of 1894, when the total was very large, owing to the borrowing of £15,000,000 by the Russian Government. The totals for the present year to date are nearly double the amount subscribed in the first nine months of last year and almost treble the corresponding total for 1893, which was the year of panic in the United States."

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

EVERYONE has heard of "Boss" Buckley of San Francisco, who has for some time been lying comparatively low. Indeed he had, it is understood, during a considerable period the best of reasons for keeping out of the way. A short time since he returned and, with his henchmen, is lustily blowing at the bellows in order to secure control of the San Francisco Democratic convention.

THE VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

According to a London despatch received yesterday, it would appear that Great Britain, through Rt. Hon. Mr. Chamberlain, has deliberately determined upon the policy to be pursued in connection with British Guiana and her relations with the neighboring State of Venezuela.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

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then the Grits ought to give praise rather than blame to the administration at Ottawa. A deficit may be a virtue rather than a fault in a Government. An unwillingness to burden the people with taxes is at least an amiable weakness.

A SUDDEN PARTING.

Mr. Richard Cartwright, who met Mr. Laurier at Morrisburg and spoke at two of his meetings, has suddenly withdrawn from the fight. He was to have appeared at Brookville yesterday, but when the proceedings opened the gallant knight was by his way to his home at Kingston in a very no means happy frame of mind.

RUSSIA'S GREAT RAILWAY.

In a recent number the London Times published from its special correspondent at Odessa a considerable amount of information regarding the Siberian Railway which the journalist said he had obtained from a prominent official who had just come from Siberia. Now, as this road bids fair to be of considerable importance in connection with the trade of the Pacific coast when its contemplated completion and railway connections are completed, it will be of interest to know something of what is actually being done.

It would appear that on the Northern section about forty per cent, has been built, and will be completed by the end of next year. Work on the Amour district will be commenced in January next, but cannot be completed to Lake Balkal until 1900. The icebreaker for this stretch of water is said to be easily capable of crushing ice five feet thick.

THE TORONTO GLOBE OF THE 12th INST.

The Toronto Globe of the 12th inst. thus reviews the Canadian Commercial situation up to that date: Continued cool, seasonable weather has had a good influence on the movement of fall goods. The demand from the country is very satisfactory. Stocks of fall dry goods are apparently reduced by the local leaders with ill-concealed restraint, and some were even heard to express the wish that the member for South Oxford had stayed at home, where there would have been no fear of wounding Conservative susceptibilities.

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maintain. The British Government has, it would be supposed, given the United States Government sufficient indication of its intentions, while the hand of Mr. Chamberlain has been manifested in no uncertain way in the manner in which British Guiana has been administered.

THE LOCAL LIBERAL ORGAN ENDEAVORS TO LITTLE THE REPORT THAT SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT AND HON. MR. LAURIER HAVE PARTED COMPANY.

The local Liberal organ endeavors to little the report that Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Mr. Laurier have parted company, the former on account of his belief that his appearance was not welcome on the platform with the Liberal leader. The Globe, however, of the day succeeding the announcement made in the Mail-Emire and other papers has nothing to say on the subject, and its silence may, therefore, be fairly taken as assent.

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awakened in his companion's breast by declaring that he did not desire the position of chief, and that he would have preferred that the position should have been given to Sir Richard Cartwright, but his own wishes were overruled. Now that Sir Richard is gone the Liberals seem to breathe more freely, and they were a very apparent air of relief, for they want Conservative voices, and reckon they cannot get them if Sir Richard is allowed to utter his diatribes.

BOHEMIAN GLASS IS A NEW SHADE OF PINK IS EXCEEDINGLY DAUGHTY AND VERY POPULAR.

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting.

WARNING.

\$100 REWARD. Will be given to anyone who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of Tobacco with broken in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

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Each plug of which is Stamped with T & B in Bronze. Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T & B Tin Tag.

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BREAKFAST-SUPPER. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the most well-selected Cocoa, Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many a sleepless night. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal ailment by keeping ourself well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.

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Young Men and Women or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$25.00 per month and upwards, according to ability.

WANTED SEVERAL MEN

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RELIABLE MEN in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary \$25.00 per month. Expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write

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