

VOL. 7—NO. 76

DAWSON, Y. T., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1902.

PRICE 25 CENTS

ALL LABOR UNIONS

POLLING DIVISIONS

Are Sending Petitions to Roosevelt

Ross Campaign Committees Appointed

Ask President to Take Possession of Coal Mines in Public Interest.

Those South of Queen Street at an Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 7.—Labor bodies all over America are petitioning the president to intervene and in the public interest take possession of the anthracite fields, since the owners refuse to arbitrate even with death and suffering facing the non-combatant public.

At the first meeting of the Ross central committee in its new headquarters last night the rooms were crowded and a good deal of enthusiasm was displayed throughout the whole of the proceedings. The object of the meeting was to appoint campaign committees for each of the polling divisions south of Queen street. The meeting was called to order by F. T. Congdon in a brief speech. Then the residents of each of the polling divisions got together and held their own meetings and selected their own committees. When this had been done the committees reported the following names which were duly appointed by the general meeting.

Militia Out
Special to the Daily Nugget. Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—Gov. Stone is calling out the entire militia of Pennsylvania to preserve order in the mining districts. President Mitchell declines to discuss the situation. The mine workers have unanimously decided not to return to work under present conditions.

Division A—Joseph McGillivray (chairman), J. Boorman (secretary), W. J. McLeod, D. A. Matheson, Geo. McLeod, S. Pellat, J. Leland, M. Alcock, H. Halson, I. A. Davison, P. A. Kennedy, T. H. Alcock, E. D. Sinclair, S. St. Laurent, N. Caton.
Division B—J. P. McLennan (chairman), George White-Fraser, J. B. Tyrrell, Neil Gibbins, J. O. Binet, R. Patterson, J. C. Forsyth. A secretary has not yet been appointed.
Division C—D. McFarlane (chairman), Dr. Edwards, M. Foley, J. P. O'Connor, E. H. O. Vandin, J. A. Mitchell, A. H. McLean, J. E. Seeley, H. McLehland, D. Delager, C. S. W. Barwell, D. A. Grant, Shanley White, Thomas St. John, Angus McDonald, N. F. Shaw. A secretary has not yet been appointed.
Division D—H. Cribb (chairman), Captain Bergeman (secretary), P. R. Ritchie, J. E. Ross, J. S. Perron, H. T. Hatch, F. J. Salmon, Alex. Macfarlane, F. D. Bolton, J. J. Burke, A. Allayne Jones, D. Buchanan, J. A. Bruce, T. E. Colville, J. H. Tomlinson, E. Schoff, J. O. McLagan.
Campaign committee rooms will be secured in South Dawson, and maintained until the return of Mr. Ross. The chairman of polling division "D," H. Cribb, is the treasurer of the carpenter's union and a most enthusiastic supporter of Mr. Ross.

Owners Denounced
Special to the Daily Nugget. Cincinnati, Oct. 7.—The Cincinnati municipal government has denounced the position of the mine owners. The government is urged to enact laws permitting the nationalization of mines and railways.

To Ship Coal
Special to the Daily Nugget. Glasgow, Oct. 7.—Scottish mine owners are arranging shipment for forty thousand tons of coal for the American market.

ROOSEVELT'S PLAN
Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 7.—President Roosevelt has requested Mitchell to influence the coal miners, to return to work on his assurance that a commission will be appointed to adjust their grievances as far as may be by legislative action. Mitchell has asked time to consider. It is reported that he does not view the proposal favorably.

Severe Gale Blowing
St. John's, N. F., Sept. 26.—A severe gale has been raging along the coast for the past few days, doing much damage to property. Three more Labrador fishing schooners have been lost, with the cargo, but the crews escaped. A fourth schooner has been lost, and the crew of seven, of this vessel, perished.

Excelsior diary for 1903 at Gandolfo's.

The Ladue Quartz Mill
IS NOW IN OPERATION.
We have made a large number of tests and are ready to make others.
We have the best plant money will buy and guarantee all our work in this mill and also in the Assay Office
CRIBBS, The Druggist
King St., next to Post Office, First Ave., opp. White Pass Dock

We Do Not Deal In Hot Air
But if you give your heating to us we will give you **WARM AIR.** Call and we will show you the difference between Hot Air Heating and Warm Air Heating with furnaces.
YUKON HARDWARE CO.
Successors to McEellan, McFeely & Co., Ltd.
Sweet Lavender—at Auditorium.



ROUGH RIDER ROOSEVELT AND THE COAL TRUST.

Small Debts Procedures
Court Will Convene on Friday Next
First sittings in four months and many cases have accumulated.
The small debts court which has been virtually out of business since the departure of Mr. Justice Macaulay for the outside last June has been again brought to life and his lordship will convene the court one more next Friday morning, the first session since his return. In the past three months the docket has grown prodigiously and it will probably require several days before all the cases are disposed of, there being at present no less than 60 actions ready for trial. The list embraces only such as have \$100 or less involved in the action and in this court the litigants have the privilege of appearing in their own behalf if they so desire, a fact that is often productive of a great many amusing incidents that arise while the court is in session. The following is the list as posted by Clerk of the Court Macdonald:
Oliver vs McDonald, Durrant vs Engelbrecht, Cameron vs Thompson, United Typewriter Co. vs Baier, Willett vs Faulkner, Thebo vs Stein, Myers & Co. vs Daniels, Lynce vs Willett, Goldstein vs Barnard, Coburn vs Foley, Menard vs Fitzgerald, McDonald vs Thompson, Gardner vs Piltz, Standard Commercial Co. vs Link, Ineson vs Hall, Strone vs Strassen, McDonald vs Hockin, Belcourt, McDougall & Smith vs Rystrom, McDonald Iron Works vs Hill, Geisman vs Simpson, Murphy vs Barrington, Barwell vs Leake, Ladue Co. vs De Lion, Scott vs Dodge, Diehl vs Pourden, Apple & Co. vs Burns vs Holmes, Murray vs Haug, Patterson vs Orcutt, Peterson vs Mae, Kaiser vs Cohen, Whitney vs Arlington, Adams vs Allman, Stone vs Friedman, Macdonald vs White, Ashley vs Bolais, Schmer vs Powell, Gold Run Hotel vs Kostin, Berry vs Cuthbertson, Shropshire vs Crabby, Labbe vs Morgan, Waltenbaugh vs Grant, Stephens vs Williams, McLennan vs Porter, Coesio vs Vandetta, Kaiser vs Dawkins, Nicholson vs Reiger, Labbe vs Vian, Ames vs Adams, Drapeau vs Roberts; Macaulay Bros. vs Pritchard; Murphy vs McPeake, Hamburger vs Smith, Hamburger vs Chisholm, Wilson vs Robertson.

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Stampers on Philp Concession
Thirty Applications Have Been Filed on No. 4 Lovett Gulch.
A long line of people was in waiting all morning at the placer wicket in the gold commissioner's office today, stampers from the Philp concession opened yesterday. At the noon hour Recorder Grant had received about ninety applications, the bulk of them being on virgin ground. On the famous No. 4 Lovett gulch thirty applications have been filed with double that number yet to come if all record who staked. Inquiry at the office reveals the fact that there is no truth in the rumor that was circulated yesterday to the effect that only fifteen applications would be received on any one piece of ground. There is no limit whatever on the number that will be taken.
Quite a few claims were staked in the second and third tiers of benches on the left limit of Bonanza in the 90's below, a section that heretofore has never been filed upon. In that locality there is a comparatively flat bench upon which it is said considerable prospecting was done on the quiet before the ground became open to location. What if anything was found the locators have kept to themselves. One of them, however, remarked that as soon as he secured his grant he proposed to begin work at once on his new location.
A considerable number of the stampers were disappointed when they came to record in having their applications turned down on account of having intruded on the Bronson & Ray concessions. The lower boundary line of that concession passes through discovery claim on Lovett and all above that lies within the grant held by the concessionaires and such is not open to location. There were also several pieces of ground in the Philp concession that was being held by the office for compensation, notwithstanding which they were staked and an effort will be made to record them. The applications will doubtless be refused and then it is proposed to bring an action to compel the acceptance of them upon the ground that the gold commissioner has no right to withhold any part of the tract from location when it has once been declared thrown open. None of the grants

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WAS NEARLY A CONTEMPT
Barrister Macfarlane Has Narrow Escape
Mr. Justice Macaulay Gives Him a Lesson in the Usual Procedure of Courts.
Attorney Macfarlane and Attorney J. Langlois Bell were among the earlier attendants at the police court this morning, and it was not long after Mr. Justice Macaulay had taken his seat on the bench before Mr. Macfarlane drew his attention to the fact that the dog poisoning case was set for trial this morning. The judge made no reply but went through the docket.
The Golden case was concluded just before one o'clock and Mr. Macaulay announced that the court would stand adjourned until two o'clock. Mr. Macfarlane immediately reminded him that the dog poisoning case was set for trial this morning and if his honor would—
This forced Mr. Macaulay to give a dignified representation of what a court is like when it is angry. He said it almost amounted to a contempt of court the way counsel spoke to the court of their cases. They seemed to think the court ought to give their cases preference over all others. He was prepared to do his duty, but although sitting as a magistrate he had some rights. "Mr. Macfarlane, if you knew your business you would know that when a court adjourns it is to meet again." Mr. Macfarlane faltered an apology.

WATER FRONT NOTES.
The water front was quiet today, and the only new of any consequence is the announcement of boats which and the only news of any consequence trips for the season. The Tyrrell leaves tonight with a good load of passengers, and this will be her last trip for the season.
The La France got away last night with over fifty tons of freight, forty passengers for Duncan and fourteen for way points. The passenger list is as follows:
Duncan—M. Carteret, A. Farcey, G. S. Taylor, H. R. Laland, F. Garand, N. H. Johnson, Mary Cotter, N. Genren, F. H. St. Clair, M. Thibert, E. Vincent, Joseph Gatin, Chas. Berry, Arsene Julivet, E. Desoto, A. Roberts, T. Fournier, Fournier, B. Gerdeaux, J. Hanley, Alex. McRae, George Bye, J. Durand, Louis Gratton, A. Van, T. Robin, Mrs. Robin, James Dunn, A. Vallancourt, B. Cameron, Roy Smith, A. Paris, S. Blackmore, Geo. Keyes, Mrs. Keyes, J. Desoto, F. A. McKay, J. F. Good, Gerrit Welsh, F. Gladen, E. C. Woodring, D. H. Hoy, Duffy's Ranch—Hy Leduke, Scroggy—C. H. Rawlins, D. C. Hollingsworth.
Stewart—A. Nordhof, F. Belzel, M. Lohbrunne, Sergeant Sillman, Mrs. Bromer, Mr. and Mrs. Stevens.
The Victoria left last night with the following passengers: Sam Kirk, Dolfinick Cesare, Philip Walsh, Hans Sterk, E. Hamilton, Mrs. O. Knox, P. H. Hebb, Inspector Jarvis, D. A. McKay, R. Sandstrom, L. McSweeney, Jacob Roll, S. Shaw, O. Larson, E. Chagnot, J. Neill, E. L. Gitchell, N. C. Hall, Mrs. Nelson, Constable Cupid, Constable McLean, Mr. and Mrs. James Shoup, E. Leenkecht, P. Morfy.
The Clifford Sifton is booked for last time this season to sail on the 14th.
The Yukoner is expected to arrive here tomorrow.

MISSING BARK
Victoria, Oct. 7.—The missing bark Lyderhorn has arrived safely at Esquimalt. She had been abandoned as missing and reinsurance offered at thirty-five.
Mining Man Dead
Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 7.—R. E. L. Brown, the famous mining operator, known as "Barbarian" Brown, is dead of consumption at Phoenix.
Lipton's Challenge
London, Oct. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for America's cup has been signed by the Royal Ulster Yacht Club and posted.
Case Postponed
Special to the Daily Nugget. Montreal, Oct. 6.—The re-trial of the Molinaux case has been postponed in consequence of the illness of Judge Barrett.
Vacation Postponed.
Owing to the change having been made in the date of the beginning of the long court vacation from October 1 to December 1, Clerk of the Court Macdonald has found it impossible to leave for the outside this year as was his intention. He now expects to remain during the bulk of the winter, leaving some time during March and returning in the middle of the summer. Mr. Macdonald has been inside nearly three years and is the first of the officials to remain so long without having the privilege of a vacation. Mrs. Macdonald is at present very comfortably situated at 332 Jarvis street, Toronto, where she will remain until joined by her husband.
The Casca is expected tomorrow evening and will start on her last trip on Thursday.
The Yukoner is expected to arrive here tomorrow.

CARMACK OF DAWSON

Makes Record Automobile Trip

Rides His Machine Over Mountains From Seattle to Frisco.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Seattle, Oct. 7.—Geo. Carmack of Dawson with Mrs. Carmack has completed a record automobiling trip, travelling from Seattle to San Francisco over the mountains. It is the longest and most daring motor trip ever attempted.

Bold Robbery
Special to the Daily Nugget. Denver, Oct. 7.—Four saloons were robbed by masked men in the thickly settled heart of Denver. In the last place visited Chas. Rlyken was killed. The entire police force is on the trail.

To Permit Racing
Special to the Daily Nugget. San Francisco, Oct. 7.—An ordinance has been passed by the San Francisco city council permitting forty days racing at Ingleside. The matter now goes to Mayor Schmidt for ruling.

Diamond Robbery
Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Oct. 7.—Abraham Freimann, a New York diamond merchant, reports that he was robbed of \$18,000 worth of unset diamonds in a package taken from beneath his pillow.

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Dunlap, Stetson and Gordon Hats
Sargent & Pinska, 118 2nd Avenue
Mail Orders Promptly Attended To. NO CREDIT.
Job Printing at Nugget office.

ROSS SUPPORTERS.
All supporters of Mr. Ross residing north of Queen street are requested to meet at the central committee rooms, Grand hotel building, corner of Third avenue and Queen street, at eight o'clock this evening, to appoint campaign committees in each of the polling divisions north of Queen street.
D. DONAGHY, Secretary.
The White House offers the best accommodations to roomers of any establishment in the city. All the rooms in the house are heated by a splendidly equipped furnace and in consequence offer every comfort to occupants. Investigation solicited.

IKE COHEN CONVICTED

His Own Testimony Did the Trick

One Month Hard Labor and a Fine of \$500 Was Imposed.

The continuation of the testimony given in the police court yesterday afternoon, in the case of Isaac Cohen, charged with having possession of a still, concluded at a late hour with Cohen himself giving evidence enough to convict himself, and the case was then adjourned until this morning.

O. W. Roberts, who owned one of the cabins occupied by the accused, R. Creelman, who was agent for the cabin in which the seizure was made, Otto Dahren, the expressman who hauled the barrels and materials from cabin to cabin, Miss Retty Herring, who owned the cabin in Klondike city used by the accused, were all called as witnesses and corroborated the evidence published yesterday.

Then Preventive Officer McKinnon was called to the stand and by means of the still, the core, the filter, the stove, and the rest of the implements which he had seized, gave a very interesting lecture on how "hootch" is made, meantime describing how the seizures had been made. The parties had been watched for some time in order to catch them when actually engaged in the manufacture of the liquor, but the midnight flittings showed that the parties were suspicious and the raid for the purpose failed. This is how it comes that the parties are only charged with having a still in their possession.

Chief McKinnon said that nothing but coloring material was found at the time of the seizure, no other material being on the premises. In all about 150 gallons of liquor were seized.

Corporal Egan testified that he was present at the seizure, and D. Anderson, saloon keeper of Klondike city said Cohen came to him and wanted to store the stove used with the still at his place and he had sent him to the cabin in the rear of O'Brien's warehouse. John Labbe of the Labbe hotel on Queen street gave no evidence in regard to the accused, but said that Golden, the other prisoner, had tried to sell him two kegs of the manufactured article, but he had not bought any.

This concluded the case for the prosecution and Isaac Cohen was placed on the stand in his own defence. What this defence might have been it was impossible to say, and he insisted upon making his statements in defiance of the protests of his counsel, Mr. Macfarlane. He first told how he and Golden obtained the still and apparatus from a man named Rankin, brother-in-law of William McIsaacs with whom accused was then boarding. Rankin owed the accused \$15 and he gave the still to him and Golden for the debt and explained to them how to make "good" whisky. He told how it was filtered through gravel and then through charcoal and gave other expert information of the manufacture with some evident pride.

He described how the appliances and material had been removed from McIsaacs' cabin and its adventures afterward. Although Corporal Egan had testified to the stove having been made, accused swore that the apparatus had not been taken out of the sacks in which he had received them from McIsaacs, and he had only tried to handle the stuff on hand in order to get his money back.

In cross-examination by Mr. Congdon accused admitted having sold two kegs to the Fairview hotel, and further made the damaging admission that he was clarifying some of the liquor immediately before the seizure was made.

It developed during the trial that of the four cabins the accused had occupied he was owing rent to the owners, and he was even in debt to the expressman, who was holding two kegs of the manufactured stuff as security. It may be assumed that this fact made the obtaining of impartial testimony somewhat easier for the prosecution.

THIS MORNING'S SESSION.

When Isaac Cohen was placed in the dock this morning Mr. Justice Macaulay said to him: "Mr. Cohen, you have been found guilty of the offence charged against you, that of having a still in your possession and without having a license as required by the Inland Revenue Act. You are therefore liable to a heavy fine and to six months imprisonment. What have you to say?"

"I ask for mercy. I have an old mother seventy-five years of age and a wife and child, and I am forty years of age and was never arrested before in my life."

Mr. Justice Macaulay resumed: "The best I can do for you and the lowest penalty the law permits me to inflict is one month's imprisonment with hard labor and a fine of \$500, in default of payment of the

fine two months imprisonment with hard labor in addition. That is the best I can do.

"I might have considered your case more leniently if I had not to take into consideration that during the last six months you have had the experience of seeing others brought before me and fined for this very same offence.

"It seems curious that people will run such risks—all sorts of risks—and knowingly break the law, in order to impose such poison upon the public. They are unfortunately assisted by the liquor dealers, and my only regret is that there is no law to reach those who purchase this abominable stuff."

Frank Golden, who was arrested with Isaac Cohen for having a still in his possession was tried at the police court this morning, Mr. Williams appearing for him. The opening part of the testimony was much the same as that given yesterday in the trial of Cohen.

James F. Hannay said he had been acting as assistant to the preventive officer for a year and five months. He told, as he did yesterday, about seeing Cohen pushing a hand cart containing two kegs of liquor similar to that seized upon the Klondike some time ago. He would call it hootch. He marked the kegs and afterwards saw them in a little building attached to the Labbe hotel, and he seized them.

Mr. Williams only asked some inconsequential questions as to how witness knew the liquor in the kegs was intoxicating.

Patterson, another assistant of the preventive officer, testified to seeing Cohen depositing two kegs of liquor under the Fairview hotel. The cart had a sign on it "Yukon Bakery," and witness understood that Golden was running that bakery.

The court ruled this out, as it would not have been difficult for witness to ascertain it as a fact.

The same testimony as given yesterday in regard to Cohen hiring the expressman, Dahren, was next taken. Mr. Williams could not see what this had to do with Mr. Golden, but the court permitted the evidence to continue to give Mr. Congdon a chance to connect the accused with it.

Witness told again about the expressman taking five barrels from the Albert street cabin to Klondike City. The same evidence was given as to Cohen carrying cans from the Second street cabin to the Albert street cabin. All the witness's evidence of yesterday was repeated and no connection with Golden was made, not being described seeing the accused during the night of Sept. 22 coming up the steps at the corner of Princess street and Second avenue with a keg he had taken from under the sidewalk. He took the keg to the back of the Labbe hotel. On Sept. 26th he brought another keg from underneath the same sidewalk and put it in an empty barrel in front of the Fairview hotel. He saw the same barrel back of the Labbe's shortly after.

Witnesses testimony was unshaken on cross-examination, the leading point of which was whether witness was an expert in liquors and knew whether the contents of the kegs was intoxicating.

Creelman, the grocer, rented the cabin on Albert street to Cohen and received no notice to quit from him. Constable Albert Lind was in the guard room when Golden was brought in under arrest and searched him. He found \$4 in currency, an empty pocket book, a knife, a key and a bottle containing whisky.

O. W. Roberts said he rented the cabin at the rear on Second avenue near Albert in July to Cohen, and had received no notification that it had been given up. The cabin in front was rented to Mrs. McIsaacs as a restaurant. She opened up there April 1st. In September Golden said he would be responsible for the rent then due. In the rear Mr. McIsaacs erected a building which he called a cold storage for his meats.

After his cross-examination Mr. Congdon asked witness about the drain board in the kitchen, and the making of the new drains. Witness seemed to be answering reluctantly and the crown prosecutor asked that he be allowed to cross-examine Mr. Williams against it on the ground that Mr. Roberts had not shown himself to be a hostile witness. The idea of connecting an ordinary drain board with the operation of a still was absurd, he said. The court over-ruled the objection, and witness was cross-examined by Mr. Congdon.

He told of a box drain being put in thirty feet long, but said he had nothing to do with putting it in or with putting in the water. There were two taps, one in the cold storage place. He had observed a smell but thought it was of dampness and not of hootch. He had seen charcoal there on the outside.

Mrs. Haering said she owned a cabin near O'Brien's store and rented it to Cohen about a month ago. Cohen did not pay for it. Her little son was put on the stand and testified very intelligently of his endeavors to collect the rent from Cohen. "Mr. Gillin objected to all this evidence as in no way affecting his client. If there was any connection he had a right to know before the last minute.

The court said it was permissible to lay a foundation and the next witness called was Mr. Labbe, the proprietor of the Labbe hotel, who also was one of the witnesses called yesterday. He knew the accused,

but did not know what he was doing. He heard he was connected with the Yukon bakery. He came to his place two weeks ago and said he had some alcohol for sale. He didn't tell me anything further in regard to that. I said crude alcohol is worth something. He said it was 150 proof. There were two kegs. I saw him bring one of them. He had offered me some liquor for sale and that was the liquor. I didn't sample it then but that night after he had gone, I didn't like the taste of it. It was intoxicating liquor. I didn't see him bring the next keg but after he had told him he could take it away. I didn't like it. Those are the kegs produced. I have never been offered liquor by him since.

Cross-examined by Mr. Williams—Could not swear it was the same liquor but it was the same keg. He was certain it was intoxicating liquor.

D. Anderson, saloon keeper of Klondike City, said: "I have had conversation with the accused as to liquor. He said he had had to take some alcohol and some liquor for a debt and he wanted to sell it. He did not say where the liquor had been manufactured, but said he got it from people going out."

"Later on he met me again and again spoke of it, asking how he could dispose of it. I told him he might as well dump it out. He did not say where the liquor was."

Mr. Williams again objected that the evidence tendered did not affect his client, and this time he aroused the crown prosecutor to a warm reply. Mr. Congdon said they had already proved by this testimony which his learned brother impugned that Golden guaranteed the rent of the premises upon which it was admitted the stuff was manufactured; that he had been seen carrying it on his shoulders from place to place; that he had offered it for sale to Labbe; that he had gone to Anderson and asked to store it, and Anderson had told him where he could store it, which was equivalent to storing it on his own premises; also that the still was scattered in various places, the accused having part in this removal, for the purpose of escaping a prosecution such as this.

Other witnesses were called and Mr. Justice Macaulay thought sufficient evidence had been adduced to amply prove the complicity of the accused. He was given the same sentence as Cohen, one month's imprisonment with a fine of \$500, and in default of payment an additional two months with hard labor.

Poling District Workers.

The Ross Central Committee, at its meeting yesterday afternoon, decided that to call a meeting for the organization of the polling districts of the city for this evening, as was proposed, would not give sufficient time for the announcement to secure a large attendance. It was therefore decided to hold this meeting on Monday evening, in one of the large rooms at the headquarters.

The whole of the Grand Hotel building is being fitted up for the purposes of the campaign, and the committee is congratulating itself on having secured such commodious and central headquarters.

Sidewalk Bicyclists.

Mr. Justice Macaulay gave from the bench of the police court this morning a strong warning to those selfish and unscrupulous persons who persist in riding bicycles on the sidewalks. It was Arthur Sloane who thought he could ride a wheel with impunity along the Queen street sidewalk at half-past three this morning.

The Justice said: "I have remarked here several times that somebody would get into trouble by riding a bicycle on the sidewalk. When a man gets a bicycle he seems to think he owns the town; at any rate the whole of its sidewalks. The way they entirely ignore the rights of the citizens and the ordinances passed to protect them in such rights is simply shameful."

"In 99 cases out of 100 they go along without giving the slightest warning to people walking ahead of them. I have seen people, even ladies, have to jump to one side to get out of their way. I have frequently had to do so myself. It is simply disgraceful the way bicyclists use the sidewalks here to the disregard of everybody. I shall impose a fine of \$5 and costs in this case, but the next offender will receive a heavier punishment."

A Peace Missionary.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Bishop Samuel Fallows, who has interested himself in the condition of the striking coal miners in Pennsylvania, left here last night for Philadelphia, his mission is to investigate the situation in the anthracite coal fields. Bishop Fallows represents the Miners' Relief Committee of One Hundred of Chicago, and to that body he will report on his return.

Another Sourdough

William McLane was drunk this morning and a policeman induced him to go to his room at the Chicago hotel. He was seen by the same policeman half an hour later making a great noise on the streets and was arrested. McNeil said he had been in the country since '88 and never before the court before, but Sergeant Smith did not bear out this statement. He was let off with a fine of \$2 and costs and a caution.

At Auditorium—Sweet Lavender.

"HOOTCH" TO BE TABOOED

Judge Macaulay Uses Strong Language in Condemning Dealers Who Handle the Stuff—Yukon Council Will Soon Pass Remedial Legislation.

After Mr. Justice Macaulay had passed judgment upon Isaac Cohen this morning, for the manufacture of "hootch," as told in another column, and while another defendant was on the stand awaiting his trial the justice resumed his expressions of deep regret that there was no provision under the law by which those who bought and vended the poisonous stuff could be reached, and he promised that the matter should be immediately brought before the territorial council and a remedy provided. The prisoner Cohen having stepped into the box again, Mr. Macaulay said:

"I wish to express more fully my deep regret that I am not able to reach the liquor dealers who buy the poisonous stuff made by such men as you. They should have five times that penalty the law allows to be inflicted on the makers of illicit liquor. People here have the privilege of buying liquor; they are charged by the dealers a heavy price for it, and they are therefore entitled to have a good article served to them. Yet they get instead what is called 'hootch.'"

"It is too bad that the public is not made aware of the places which

bought from you. Such places could then be shunned. Unfortunately we have drunk of it come before me every day. It is probably due to it that there are so many cases in this court. The man who was just before me probably took one drink of it and became crazed and such a nuisance that he had to be arrested. He went in to buy a glass of liquor, as he had a perfect right to do, and probably was given some of this vile poisonous stuff which caused him to make such a fool of himself and to be arrested."

"I notice one of the liquor dealers here this morning who denies that he sold any of this abominable liquor. He should be ashamed that he allowed such stuff to be brought upon his premises in any event. It is simply outrageous."

"But I hope the day is not far distant when we shall be able to reach that class of liquor dealers and deal with them. I hope the council of the Yukon territory will take the matter up immediately and provide a stringent law for the punishment of those who deal in such stuff and that it will be put an end to. The way it has been going on is disgraceful to the whole community."

Strike Situation is Growing Worse

Washington, Oct. 3.—The president is preparing a statement on the coal conference which is expected to be issued shortly.

Later—the conference broke up fifteen minutes after 5 o'clock. While no public statement has yet been made, it is known that no agreement was reached. During the conference Mr. Mitchell offered to refer the settlement of the questions involved in the strike to a committee to be appointed by the president. To this proposition the operators vehemently expressed disapproval and said they would not listen to any proposition of any character emanating from Mitchell. They said, however, that any individual miner in any of the mining camps who had a grievance against the operators of any particular mine, might submit his grievance to a judge of the district court of that district and they would abide by the result. They would not, however, recognize Mitchell or the union in the matter.

During the conference a number of the operators mildly criticised the administration for not sending troops to the coal regions to protect non-union labor and said that they had no other proposition than the one stated to Mitchell. No other conference is looked for and the matter remains substantially as it was in the beginning. No concessions have been made by either party that were accepted by the other.

Mr. Mitchell tonight said the strike would continue as before as there had been a failure of the conference and he still continued confident of winning. The president, he said, had asked them to see that there was no violence and they had promised him to do all in their power to prevent it.

Representatives of the railroads likewise said the fight would continue as before. They said they would demand protection and if that were given, they were confident they would have enough men to mine all the coal that is need.

The Post expresses the hope that President Roosevelt's intervention may not be without success and

says that "the head of the executive should attempt to mediate in the labor dispute and take chances of failure," and argues that he either entertains an almost certain conviction of success, or he holds the position to be growing both desperate and intolerable."

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 2.—Twenty five hundred miners struck work today owing to a refusal of the operators to collect one dollar weekly from the union miners in their employ, which is the amount levied weekly to assist the anthracite strikers in Pennsylvania.

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Members of the coal teamsters' union have refused to haul coal for the public schools unless the school board insists that the coal company from whom they obtain their supply pays their men union wages.

Washington, Oct. 3.—President Roosevelt, Secretary Root, Secretary Moody, Attorney General Knox and Postmaster General Payne resumed a conference on the strike situation this morning. It is expected an official statement will be issued.

Washington, Oct. 2.—President Mitchell of the mine workers' union has accepted an invitation from Conference Roosevelt to attend the conference at Washington on Friday. One hundred and twenty-seven warrants were served on strikers and sympathizers at Centralia, Pa., on charges of various natures.

New York, Oct. 2.—Coal matters are becoming serious in New York. Dealers are charging a trifle over one cent a pound. In one case \$25 for a ton was asked.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 2.—The strikers became so threatening at Plymouth this morning that it was necessary to call out the militia.

New York, Oct. 2.—A feeling of gloom prevails that the meeting of coal presidents and President Roosevelt is going to result in a settlement basis, the members of the arbitration board to be appointed by President Roosevelt, the coal presidents agreeing to abide by the decision of the board.

MANY ARE MISSING

Aftermath of the Great Forest Fires

All the bridges on the county road for three and a half miles were burned out and the road damaged at least two thousand dollars. Fortunately no lives were lost on the Coweeman, although several had narrow escapes. The damage on the Coweeman cannot be told yet, but it will amount to many thousands of dollars.

The fires at Oak Point, in this county, did damage to the amount of at least \$300,000 burning out Benson's two camps and Chapman's camp. No loss of life is reported from there.

The damage on the Kalamia river is confined entirely to the growing timber of which about fifty sections of the finest timber in the county was destroyed.

It was on the Lewis river that the fire fied got in its work of death and destruction. Beginning near Ariel, a postoffice some fifteen miles from the mouth of the Lewis river, the flames spread with great rapidity to the foot of Mount St. Helens consuming everything in their path.

The Lewis river valley is one of the garden spots of the county and was thickly settled by well-to-do farmers, many of whom had spent almost a life-time on their farms, clearing the land, planting orchards and erecting buildings, besides stocking their

sixteen hundred thousand feet of logs that were cut and in the river waiting for the flood to carry them to the Columbia.

Ben Martin, constable, released a prisoner, George Anson, at his earnest request to be allowed to help fight the fire. He did so all night and made an heroic record, and was locked up again Friday morning. The constable said it made tears come to his eyes to be compelled to do his duty that time.

Mrs. Hedrick, an aged lady, fought single-handed against the flames to save her son's house, whose family was away.

Many other such acts are left as a legacy rich in nobility, almost worth such a calamity to remember.

At Ray's, White's and many other little places the houses and shacks were owned by the mill proprietors. In many cases they were scantily furnished. Ghouls have been plundering both the goods cached from the fire and sent by the relief committee to Ray's and White's.

Girl with the Gibson Girl Neck—"You can't make me believe all that mop of hair on Kate Huckleberry's head is her own. She wears a switch. Some day I'm going to ask her hair-dresser if it isn't so."

Girl with the Julia Marlowe Dimple—"You'd better ask her dentist."

A Large Territory Swept Clean and Damage Almost Incalculable.

Kalamia, Wash., Sept. 16.—The smoke of the forest fires has partly cleared up and some idea of the enormous damage can be formed. For some unaccountable reason the fires on the Coweeman and Lewis rivers started about the same time on Thursday evening and spread with incredible speed, the fire from the Lewis river soon spreading to the Kalamia river. The damage on the Coweeman river consists of the loss of Hill's camp and engines and other tools, Muckle Brothers' camp No. 2, and all their engines and camp outfit, Morelands' camp and engines, and

Heavy Decrease.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The treasury department announced today that for the eight months ending August 31 the exports of breadstuffs from the United States amounted to \$108,604,554. For the same period of 1901 the total was \$192,060,604.

The total exports of provisions were \$109,841,035, against \$124,977,173 for the same period of the year before.

Cattle and hogs were sent abroad to the value of \$15,458,034, while in 1901 the total was \$24,713,408.

The exports of cotton for the eight months consisted of 3,086,456 bales, valued at \$1,573,333,175, against 3,315,898 bales, valued at \$1,695,577,174 for the eight months ending August 31, 1901.

The exports of minerals and oils was valued at \$43,958,471, against \$45,998,177.

Corn, wheat and all other articles of breadstuffs showed a heavy falling off. The corn is due to the short crop; for instance, shipments had been sent abroad for the eight months ending August 31, 1901, to the value of \$3,950,335, while for the eight months of this year the total is only \$1,410,310.

Denies the Authenticity.

Some weeks ago a communication was received by the city council and read at its regular meeting purporting to have come from the collector of customs at Whitehorse and giving a list of the bonded goods that had passed through that port since the opening of navigation this year. The communication was signed by David Stevens who ventured the opinion that as he had had to hunt through over 4000 manifests in order to secure the desired information he considered that about \$40 would be sufficient to repay him for the valuable time lost. Yesterday a wire was received from Acting Collector of Customs H. B. Shadwell repudiating the whole business as far as he personally is concerned. The information was not supplied by him nor with his consent, and as the records are not subject to inspection by anyone save upon an order from the minister or the chief inspector he is at a loss to know where such was secured. Stevens it is said was formerly connected with the service, but is no longer and now is simply a customs broker.

Paid to Mourn

Sioux City, Ia., Sept. 13.—Every man, woman and child who attended the funeral of Christian Jacobson, of Smithland, on February 8, 1901, is to receive \$100. The mourners at the bier numbered fully 100, and some \$10,000 will be disbursed to them. Jacobson was an economical old bachelor, who had accumulated \$25,000 and died at Smithland Feb. 6, 1901, without relatives. A will dated 1897 was found and duly probated, leaving his money to charitable institutions.

Last December T. A. Kinney, who was with Jacobson in his last days, filed application to have the first will set aside, as he had found one made two days before Jacobson's death. This will was produced in court here today for the first time, and disposed of \$22,762 to his friends and neighbors. One clause reads—"I want every man, woman and child that thinks enough of me to go to my burial to lay me to rest to receive \$100 each out of my estate."

The beneficiaries of the first will will claim that the second one is a forgery. As many of those who attended Jacobson's funeral have left this vicinity, much difficulty in proving who were the real mourners is anticipated.

Diaz is Seventy Two

City of Mexico, Sept. 15.—President Diaz was 71 years old today and the anniversary was made the occasion for a general holiday which will continue through tomorrow, which is Mexico's independence day. Business is generally suspended and the public and private buildings are elaborately decorated with the national colors. During the day President Diaz received messages of congratulation from the generals of the army, the clergy and the diplomatic corps, the members of the latter calling at the palace and presenting congratulations on behalf of their respective rulers.

All for a Joss

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—A sacred Chinese Joss was spilled overboard into the bay this morning and a Chinese canneryman named Ping Kee was nearly drowned while trying to save his god from a watery resting place.

This is the way it all occurred: The bark Electra arrived this morning from Nushagak river, in Alaska, with a cargo of salmon and a load of Chinese aboard from the cannery there. The Chinese were passing their clothes and household goods over the side into one of Crowley's launches, and last of all, the hideous Joss was lifted over the rail.

The fastenings suddenly broke and the image slid into the water. For a moment it floated, and in that moment Ping Kee sprang overboard, clasping the idol in his arms, amid the chattering of the excited coolies on deck.

Overdue Schooner

Special to the Daily Nugget.

Halifax, Oct. 4.—The French schooner Francis Robert, bound from St. Pierre for Halifax, is overdue and it is feared is lost with all on board.

firm with well-bred live stock, and at this time of year their barns were full of hay and grain that they expect to feed their stock the coming winter. The fire of Thursday night and Friday completely destroyed all these fine improvements and left only the parched, bare land.

The postoffice and store at Ariel was burned and will be a total loss. L. M. Chitty was the owner of the store and also postmaster. Gus Smith, postmaster at Yale, lost his house, including the postoffice. Eli Stevet, O. S. Curtis, Thos. Matthews, T. Wilkinson, H. E. Dart, William Ellis and many others lost everything on their places. In all probability 250 people have lost their homes by the fire. It is certain that the loss of property in Cowitz county will not be less than \$1,000,000.

The loss of life for such a small territory is appalling, sixteen persons are known to be dead and it is almost certain the number will reach 40. The identified dead are Mrs. John Polly and child about a year and a half old, and a brother of Mrs. Polly, W. E. Newhouse; Mrs. Graves, A. L. Reid and his son. Nine bodies were found in one camp not yet identified. A late report not verified, says that 18 more bodies were found yesterday afternoon.

Very little is known of the particulars in each case as the deadly work was mostly done Thursday night and the houses are isolated and in a thickly wooded country and probably little if any communication was had with each other during the dreadful ordeal. The air was thick with suffocation with smoke from the fires to the south of them so they did not see the fire approaching until it was at their very doors and then escape was impossible. Many avoided their sleep only to meet a horrible death alone.

No bodies have yet been brought out on account of the roads being full of fallen trees and bridges being all burned out. Some of the bodies are so nearly consumed by the fire that they will probably never be identified and it will be necessary to inter the remains where found. There is no doubt but that some will never be found at all for in trying to escape the flames they would get away from the roads and trails and fall in unfrequented places and will never be seen again.

Everything possible is being done to penetrate the burned district, but the work goes on slowly and it will be many days before all the facts will be known.

ACTS OF HEROISM.

Elma, Wash., Sept. 16.—The greatest calamity in the history of Elma is over and cool reason is now looking at matters where only passion could view it before. In some particulars the event has been greatly exaggerated, in others probably not half told. The terror the tornado of fire created cannot be exaggerated. Two hundred homes have been swallowed in its fiery throat and some place it as high as two hundred and fifty. The number of farm homes lost cannot be definitely known yet, but it is very great.

McCleary's, Shaw & Wright, Smith & Co., Cornell, Little, Green, Cedar, Vance, Perkins & Peterson and Deming have sustained no damage to plants, and most of them will be running within a week; in fact, several are running now.

The heat at White's mill was terrific. At 5 p. m. Thursday the men had successfully fought one attack of the red demon, when, without warning, it came from another quarter, and they fled for life. Within ten minutes from the time it reached the place every building was in ruins. So intense was the heat that a car wheel was melted on the Northern Pacific tracks.

The loss to timber has been over-estimated. Many acts of heroism took place. W. H. Rudell and three sons and son-in-law, D. C. White, fought twenty-four hours, until completely exhausted. In that time they saved six homes and attempted to save two more; then threw their large home in West Elma open and housed four large families.

Mr. Jessup, living two miles east of Elma, drove, in company with his wife, three miles at full speed, every moment in peril of their lives from millions of fire brands and occasional fallen trees, to rescue a niece and her family.

Ben Martin, constable, released a prisoner, George Anson, at his earnest request to be allowed to help fight the fire. He did so all night and made an heroic record, and was locked up again Friday morning. The constable said it made tears come to his eyes to be compelled to do his duty that time.

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Girl with the Gibson Girl Neck—"You can't make me believe all that mop of hair on Kate Huckleberry's head is her own. She wears a switch. Some day I'm going to ask her hair-dresser if it isn't so."

Girl with the Julia Marlowe Dimple—"You'd better ask her dentist."

Late yesterday afternoon the news spread about that Captain Olson, for so long the manager of the Yukon Telephone Syndicate, Ltd., was no longer, and it created considerable comment from the fact that a short time ago the captain brought Mrs. Olson here and built a fine new residence. It was the result of an advantageous business deal which was consummated by Captain Olson late yesterday afternoon. The suddenness of it took people by surprise.

"I certainly had no thought of going away, not even for a trip outside this morning," said Captain Olson this morning, as he busily signed checks for the company's freight accounts this morning. "I had a good offer to sell out my interest in the telephone company three weeks ago, but I did not consider it. I received a better one yesterday, which I did not feel able to decline, so I sold out."

"This does not show that I have lost faith in the country by any means. I have plugged away here pretty hard for a long time and this gives me an opportunity for a rest. Also, it gives me a chance to pay a visit to my parents, who are both aged, and after visiting them in Scotland I shall return to Dawson, where I have still business interests to be looked after."

"Nor does it show that I have not the same belief in the prosperous future of this company. I have always had I sold out to Mr. N. A. Fuller, who was one of the originators of the company, and he is perfectly satisfied with his purchase. It was an advantageous bargain for both parties."

"The company is in first-class condition at the present moment, is doing a very large business and extending its lines all over the territory. The checks I have just signed are for more switchboards and over 250 miles of wire that we have been waiting for and that only came in yesterday. Mrs. Olson and I shall probably leave for our trip to Scotland some time next week, or she may leave before me and await my arrival among her friends in Seattle."

N. A. Fuller, who succeeds Captain Olson in the active management of the telephone company, has been one of the largest stockholders of the company since it was first formed, and has simply added to his holdings because "it looked good enough to him" at the price offered. He is one of the best known men in the territory and since '97 has been a prominent broker and operator and the leading member of the firm of Lawson, Fuller & Norwood. The firm has been a large operator in mining, and Mr. Fuller has himself been operating on a large scale on Hunka near other creeks. Captain Olson was deservedly popular and his successor is already equally so.

Mr. Fuller does not expect to make many changes in the company or its policy. The many extensions planned will be carried out, he says, until the system of the company covers the whole territory from end to end.

One of the first of these extensions presented for his immediate consideration is that of a line to Lepine creek. He has plans of all the routes and in a few days will decide which he will adopt. The shortest way for this line to make connections is by way of Coal creek, but this may or may not be adopted.

Senator Roach Dead.

New York, Sept. 7.—William H. Roach, formerly United States senator from North Dakota, died here yesterday.

He has been ill from cancer almost from his coming to the city, where he had made his home after retiring from the senate in 1898. Under special treatment here he progressed favorably, and about a month ago it was announced that he was out of danger. He had a relapse, however, and died after being confined to his bed for ten months.

New Oil Discovery.

Special to the Daily Nugget.

Vancouver, Oct. 4.—Vancouver capitalists will develop promising oil prospects near Alberta. For one tract of land \$65,000 is demanded.

For Sale

Complete freighting outfit consisting of heavy teams, harness, wagons, trucks, chains etc. Will be sold on bloc or in lots to suit purchasers. Can be seen at stables, South Dawson. THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd.

BOXERS ARE RISING

Giving Much Trouble in China

Ten Thousand of them Are Led by a Woman—Many Fights Have Occurred.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 6.—Advices from China indicate increased Boxerism in Szechuan and Chi Li. In Szechuan Boxers some 10,000 strong attacked Chen Tu, the provincial capital and sangulany—fights followed in the streets. The Boxers were held in check by the Imperial forces and the report being proclaimed that reinforcements were coming for the garrison the Boxers fled and encamped at Shippantan where earthworks were then thrown up. The Boxers of Szechuan are led by a woman, Lio Kuan Yin, who is alleged to be one of three sisters arrested at Tientsin during the rebellion of 1900, it being said they were Boxer Goddesses. Letters from Prince Tuan, Yung Lu and other Boxer leaders were found in their house. This woman is described as being very handsome by Chinese papers and had attached 10,000 Boxers to her standard. The Chung King correspondent of the North China daily News says:—"She is the most powerful rebel chief in Szechuan." It is estimated that 1500 native Christians have been killed in this province. In Chi Li the Boxers secretly drilled every morning before daylight, even in the vicinity of the capital.

PETITION CIRCULATED

By the People of South Dawson

Object to the Presence of Scarlet Women—Want Them Removed.

South Dawson and particularly the thoroughfare known as Dugas street has recently been subjected to an invasion of the demi monde. A score or more of the scarlet women have been in police court during the past week and have paid fines and gone back to the cribs in which they live. The residents of that end of town have now taken the matter in hand and are circulating the following petition which will be presented to the city council:

Dawson, Y. T., Oct. 6th, 1902.
To his worship the Mayor of Dawson and to the honorable body of Aldermen of the City of Dawson in council assembled, we humbly petition:
That we, the undersigned, are citizens of Dawson residing on Dugas street and adjacent thereto in South Dawson.
That we are residents, property owners, tax payers and many are heads of families and have children who are looking up to us for that moral guidance which every child upon earth is entitled to in order to become a welcome citizen in any city or country of the land.
That very recently a very objectionable female element has suddenly come upon us making their abode in our very midst, in some cases next door to, or just across the street from homes where children and young girls live, so that now that was once a quiet neighborhood, through the long night is filled with noisy tramping people who seek these places and fill the air with loud, disgusting talk.
All this is a very bad object lesson indeed for our little children whom we are trying to lead and guide into paths of purity and virtue that they may become welcome citizens of the beautiful city of Dawson.
That Dugas street and all South Dawson is a place of homes and families and its residents would strive to keep it ever thus.
That we humbly petition your honorable body to have this objectionable element immediately ejected from our midst and neighborhood so that our ourselves may not have to leave our homes to seek moral surroundings in other localities.
To this end do we humbly pray.

May You Be Married.

Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Oct. 6.—Captain Putnam Bradley Strong and May Yoube were married at Buenos Ayres last Thursday.

Is Recovering.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Nice, Oct. 6.—Lord Salisbury is slowly recovering. He is now at a Villa near Nice.

ROBBERY LAST NIGHT.

About ten o'clock last night Mr. Reid stepped out of his drug store on First avenue. A few minutes after he stepped back again and found his cash box gone. The box contained \$200 in dust and about \$300 in silver. The police were notified and Sergeant Smith has arrested Jack Lamont on suspicion. The police are now on the hunt for the box. Mr. Reid says it has a strong lock and the chances are that the thief had not time to open it.

PREVENT BLOCKADE

Special to the Daily Nugget. Skagway, Oct. 6.—Forty carloads of freight are waiting shipment from this point and 1200 tons are now at Whitehorse. Strenuous efforts are being made by the railroad officials to prevent a blockade.

KLONDIKE PIONEERS

New Association of Sour-doughs Organized

To Commemorate the Wild and Woolly Days of '97 on the Trail.

A second meeting was held yesterday afternoon in the A. B. hall for the purpose of forming an association of pioneers of the Yukon watershed. The meeting was called to order by W. H. Welch and George Brimstone was elected temporary chairman and B. H. Moran temporary secretary. The objects of the meeting were stated by these two gentlemen, who said that the year '97 would be a milestone in the history of this territory just as the year '49 was in the history of California, and its memory should therefore be perpetuated. First in the business of the meeting came the choice of a name, and the title Pioneers of the Klondike was unanimously chosen. The eligibility of membership is confined to those who were over the summit and in the Yukon watershed on or before December 31st, 1897, or on the Ed- monton trail past 58 degrees north. In the discussion of this clause it was well pointed out that those who were on the trail at the time probably suffered more hardships than those who reached here, and some provision should be made for those who were on the way at the date named. The charter will remain open for signatures for thirty days, during which the admission to charter members will be \$10. After this the admission will be higher.

At Mercy of Mob

Butler, Pa., Sept. 13.—For attempted assault upon a seven-year-old girl, Jerry Bennett was roughly handled tonight by an incensed mob. They bound him and dragged him like a log over the ties, cinders and rails of the railroad tracks in the direction of the nearest bridge, kicking and beating him as they went. In the meantime all the police in the town had been summoned, and taking Bennett from the mob, hustled him to the county jail before the crowd realized what had happened. When they found that Bennett was out of their hands they made a rush for the jail and demanded entrance, which Sheriff Hoon refused. Members of the mob secured planks, with which they battered down the door of the jail. A rush was made into the hallway. Deputy Sheriff Rainey and Sheriff Hoon seized a part of the splintered door and began to club the mob back. One of the latter, James Dougherty, was probably fatally injured, and Sheriff Hoon and his deputy drew revolvers and a fusillade of shots followed. One of the mob was shot and badly hurt. The shots had a quieting effect and the mob slowly withdrew, but returned shortly, determined this time to lynch Bennett and Sheriff Hoon. The burgess of the town, realizing that affairs were beyond his control, sent a hurried appeal to the captain of Company L, Sixtieth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, asking for aid. The pastor of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church appealed to the crowd to disband, and was roughly handled. One of the police who attempted to make an arrest, was dragged over the square. A score of deputies and policemen are now standing guard inside the shattered jail door and are determined to shoot to kill should another attempt be made to enter the building. The mob had not dispersed at a late hour tonight, and some trouble seems imminent. Bennett's victim is in a precarious condition and her recovery is doubtful. Bennett bears a bad reputation, being accused of several similar crimes in the past few months.

MINES MAY BE CONFISCATED

President Roosevelt Is Determined That the People of the United States Shall Not Suffer From Lack of Coal—Operators Remain Firm and Assert That They Will Accept Financial Ruin Rather Than Recognize the Miners' Union—Last Appeal Made to President Mitchell.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 6.—During a dramatic conference at the White House President Roosevelt was politely informed by the coal operators that they stood ready to lose all their fortunes, sacrifice their property and go down to financial ruin, rather than recognize and deal with the mine workers' union. This statement was made so positively that President Roosevelt saw there was no use trying to bring the coal operators to a point where they would concede anything in the controversy, which is unionism and nothing else. Hence President Roosevelt has concluded this: That there is only one

man who can settle the miners' strike and that man is John Mitchell, president of the miners' union. To him representations have been made in behalf of President Roosevelt that if he will allow the men to go back to work and thus save thousands of people from suffering owing to lack of fuel, Roosevelt will go before congress and ask in every way possible that a national arbitration law be passed that will give the miners that measure of arbitration asked through Mitchell at the conference.

Roosevelt is appealing to Mitchell upon grounds of humanity alone, knowing there is a chance that he cannot secure the passage of arbitration laws, but hoping he can bring Mitchell to make sacrifices on his humanitarian and patriotic grounds, it having developed that the operators will make no sacrifices whatever on any grounds. The president would like to see it settled that way better than any other, but if this fails there will be immediate action toward opening the coal mines. Roosevelt is not weakening in the slightest degree on the proposition that the mines are going to be opened if the United States government itself, as reported, has to step in and mine coal by confiscating the mines. There is absolutely no length to which the

president is not willing to go in order to get an ample coal supply for the people. He would call an extra session of congress but that method is too slow. Congress could not assemble within fifteen days and probably would not be able to get together and pass any effective law within sixty days. It would require another month to pump water out of the mines and commence getting out anything like an ample supply of coal, so by that method it would be January before coal could be supplied to the people and before that date thousands of invalids and children will perish from the pitiless cold of an eastern winter.

THE PHILP STAMPEDE

Concession Opened at Noon Today

Wild Race for Recorder's Office Participated in by Men and Women.

The wild, maddening stampede to the Milne concession several months ago was duplicated today by a similar stampede to the Philp concession which was thrown open to location at noon. All forenoon men and quite a few ladies were seen wending their way toward the mouth of Bonanza and a quarter before 12 o'clock in the immediate vicinity of Lovett gulch there were all the way from 350 to 450 people each armed with a pair of stakes ready to plant them the moment the noon hour was announced. Never before in the history of the Klondike has such a scene been enacted. At the time of the Milne stampede one claim was staked by 24 different people and subsequently a grant was issued giving each of the bunch a 1-211th interest in the claim. It was considered marvellous that so many people should have staked one claim, but in the light of today's actions it was not a circumstance. On the lower half of No. 4 above on Lovett gulch there were over 100 pairs of stakes planted and on the upper half of No. 3 there were no less than 86. One man while recording shortly before 1 o'clock laughingly said that there was fully a cord of wood on each end of No. 4. Several ladies selected the same claim and it so happened that their number was about equally divided between those who began staking at the upper end and those at the lower end. They finished at about the same time and then each started to stake the other end, meeting midway in the claim, looked daggers 'at each other, thought nasty things but never spoke as they passed by. J. P. O'Connor was the first to reach the recorder's office having had a mad race with Miss Maud Emery for the honor of being the first in. It was rumored about that instead of following the precedent established in the Milne stampede in dividing the claim up equally among those who had staked simultaneously, that no consideration would be shown any excepting the first 15 men who staked any one claim, which was doubtless responsible for the race. Miss Emery was neck and neck with O'Connor until her horse had the misfortune to slip and fall. The delay was but for a moment, as she is a fearless horse-woman, and swinging herself into the saddle again she lashed her horse at its best speed arriving at the gold commissioner's office the third in line. Miss Emery wore a divided skirt and rode a man's saddle.

Will Rebuild

Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Oct. 4.—The great Mills building occupied by J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York is likely to be demolished to make room for a 21-story office structure.

Delicate Operation

Special to the Daily Nugget. Paris, Oct. 4.—A delicate operation has been ordered for U. S. Deputy Consul Bowen at Paris. His physicians are hopeful of a satisfactory outcome.

Noted Chinaman Dead

Special to the Daily Nugget. Peking, Oct. 6.—Liu Kun Li, a notable progressive viceroy of Nanking is dead. He was one of the most civilized statesmen in China.

U. A. R. Veterans.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 6.—The civil war veterans are guests of the nation today at the thirty-sixth G. A. R. encampment held in Washington.

Duchess Goes Too

Special to the Daily Nugget. London, Oct. 6.—The Duchess of Marlborough will accompany her husband to the coronation at Dunbar and Delhi.

To Devise Plan

Special to the Daily Nugget. Washington, Oct. 6.—The President has directed Sargent to prepare a detailed plan for the settlement of the coal strike in accordance with suggestions as already made by the executive.

MRS. WHITE IS GUILTY

Stole Two Pillows From Mrs Morrison

The adjourned case of Mrs. Cora M. White, charged with stealing two feather pillows, valued at \$8, was tried in the police court this morning and resulted in her being found guilty and fined \$10 and costs, the pillows being restored to the complainant. Mrs. Mary Morrison, the complainant, said the accused rented a partly furnished cabin from her, in the rear of King street opposite the Nugget office. While away from town the accused left the cabin and Mrs. Morrison found that the pillows in question had been taken away. She next accused who denied having had any such pillows. She then obtained the assistance of a policeman and went to the residence of accused on Second avenue. As they were going to the house they saw a woman putting two pillows through an opening in the gable end of a shed. The policeman then went back for a search warrant. Mrs. Morrison waited in the street watching that the pillows were not removed, and Corporal Egan returned with a search warrant and took possession of the pillows. Accused said she had never seen them and that they were not her pillows. Part of this testimony was corroborated by the policeman mentioned, who saw a woman putting pillows in the loft, but Corporal Egan, who found them on a search warrant, could not be called as he was out of town. Mr. Ashbaugh, for the defence, called Edgar White, husband of accused, who said that Mrs. Morrison's pillows had been left in the bed. He had never seen the pillows produced. Ronald M. Crawford said he had known accused for from fifteen to twenty years. He had known her first husband in Seattle and had been guardian to his children and administrator of his estate. She had always borne the character of a good, hard working woman. Accused in her own defence said it was incorrect that she had been seen placing the pillows in the loft. She had not placed them there, and she had not seen them until the constable brought them in. Mr. Ashbaugh addressed the court for the defence, after which Mr. Justice Macaulay said that he must find the evidence very strongly against Mrs. White. The officer saw the woman placing the pillows in the loft but did not identify her. The complainant was with him at the time and did identify her. He thought there was no question that the accused did take those pillows, and that she intended to steal them. The worst feature of the case, however, was that Mrs. White should go into the witness box and deliberately perjure herself. As to Mr. White there was no evidence one way or the other. He should take into consideration the fact that the woman had previously borne a good character and would order that the property be returned to Mrs. Morrison and that the accused pay a fine of \$10 and costs or go to jail for thirty days.

BLUFF ROAD FINISHED

Rest of Glacier Road is Being Repaired

Has Cost About \$7000—Received Much Praise From Sunday Strollers.

The long and well-established house of McLennan & McFeely Co. changed hands this morning and will shortly be the Yukon Hardware Company. Patrons of the old firm, however, will be able to notice no difference, as the business is to be conducted on the same lines and by the same people. The amount at which the business was turned over has not been stated, but as it is the largest firm of the kind in the country the consideration must represent a good deal of capital. The Yukon Hardware Company is a stock company which will be incorporated under the Dominion companies act passed the last session of parliament. This act was passed as a recognition of the enormous growth of Canadian manufactures in the past few years, and gives more privileges and a wider field to work upon than any other. The promoters of the company who have had the wisdom to take advantage of the new act are Roderick Chisholm and Raymond Brumbaugh. The former has been the energetic manager of the business for the past two years, and to his push and ability the present high standing of the house is largely due. He is a Nova Scotian, and had gained a wide experience in the hardware business of eastern Canada, before coming here. He was married last June and has made his home here. Mr. Brumbaugh joined the house eighteen months ago, coming from the Ames Mercantile Company where he had served a year. Previous to that he had for seven years been a traveller in the hardware business on the coast and is well known to all the business houses of Victoria and Vancouver and those of the coast cities across the border. He also is married and has his home here. Mr. Chisholm will be the manager of the company and Mr. Brumbaugh the secretary and treasurer. In disposing of the business R. P. McLennan has no idea of leaving the country. He retains his large warehouse on Third avenue and in connection with his Vancouver house will devote himself entirely to the wholesale trade. He has his family here and has leased for the winter the beautiful residence of Mr. Justice Dugas.

Welcome to the Bishop

Bishop Breyant, the newly-appointed Roman Catholic bishop of this diocese, arrived on Saturday afternoon, accompanied by Father Moser and Father Lefebvre. He was met on the White Pass dock by Mayor Macaulay and a committee of leading Catholics. After the evening service at St. Mary's church last night, an address of welcome to him was read by Pierre Ledue, and the bishop made a brief reply in which he expressed his regrets that he did not speak English and observed that he had almost forgotten his native tongue after a long years residence among the Indians on Mackenzie river. He went there immediately after his ordination as a priest, and is therefore comparatively young for the high position of bishop.

Yankee Locomotives

Special to the Daily Nugget. Auckland, Oct. 3.—The government of New Zealand after extensive experiments has decided that American locomotives give better results than those of British build. Excelsior diary for 1903 at Gandolfo's.

McLennan and McFeely Co. Changes Hands

Roderick Chisholm the Manager, at the Head of the New Incorporation.

NEW STOCK COMPANY

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Aggravated the Offence by Deliberately Committing Perjury on the Witness Stand.

Everett, Sept. 23.—At the meeting of the city council last night Irving S. Lloyd, L. L. Hamilton, J. Bro-back, Mrs. Mary Hough and J. F. Hillman petitioned for the removal of Officer Goldthorp, urging that he arrested four boys recently, sons of the petitioners, on the charge of violating the curfew ordinance, lodged them in jail, where they were kept twenty-four hours without trial or any notice to their parents, when they had not been guilty of violating any ordinance. The city marshal was present and sustained the action of the officer. He said the officer did no more than his duty. The charge was referred to the committee on police for investigation.

Ask for His Removal

Three of the same boys were arrested this afternoon for attempting to steal jewelry from Pillman & Scott's store, and sentenced to ten days in the city jail. Mrs. Edward Stanyar, wife of Deputy Sheriff Stanyar, of Arlington, who was accidentally shot a few days ago, died this afternoon.

For Selecting Routes

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 23.—The preliminary survey for the purpose of locating a feasible railway route from Cowichan to Alberni, by way of the Nitinat valley, is to be undertaken at once. D. R. Harris, civil engineer, has been instructed to proceed forthwith upon this work. Another government survey party is also in the field, under Frank Shepherd, of Nanaimo, looking into the feasibility of a railway route from Wellington, the present terminus of the Eilensburg & Nanaimo railway, to Alberni, by way of Cameron lake. That party expects to complete its duty about the end of the month. Controller Lithgow left for Whitehorse yesterday, on the steamer Dawson, for the purpose of inspecting the roads in that vicinity and seeing that the appropriations are properly applied. He will be gone a week or ten days.

Lady Somerset in New York

Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Oct. 6.—Lady Henry Somerset has arrived in New York to consult American temperance workers.

DAWSON BOUND.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Skagway, Oct. 6.—The following parties Dawson-bound arrived on the Amur and Spokane: Miss E. Blake, Bertha Berch, J. Harper and wife, W. A. Crowell, John Doan, Mrs. E. Freeman, Mrs. N. Davey, Martha Davey, Mrs. F. M. Tracy, J. Doyle and wife, M. Hoffman, W. E. Dickinson, Miss Lakos, W. E. Taylor, James Bowden, Mrs. McLeonard, W. C. Ferguson, J. Hannah, I. G. Pruett, J. S. Cameron, L. J. Cameron, L. C. Nelson, J. D. Buckley, W. P. Pova and wife, E. Searle, W. F. Green, Miss I. Close, Wm. Bettram, P. Clarkson, L. Bero, J. P. Howland, C. S. Turtall, W. J. Harrison, A. B. Mersereau, J. S. Smith, E. Fournier, Ed. Rickson, L. Chisholm, Mrs. L. Mollock, J. Carlier, J. McKee, E. M. Burnett, Mrs. Arlaud.

Cut flowers. Cool's, phone 1808.

CONDEMNNS CANTEN

Ex-Whisky Man Makes Statement

Thinks That the Canteen System Exercises a Debauching Influence.

Special to the Daily Nugget. New York, Oct. 6.—Edwin Dinwiddie, ex-president of the American saloon league, has issued a circular declaring that the canteen exercises a debauching influence unworthy to be thought of in connection with the army system of a great nation.

Strike Breaking Up

New York, Sept. 23.—John Markle, of G. B. Markle & Co., was asked today whether it was true, as President Mitchell said yesterday, that no licensed miners have returned to work in the mines since the strike began last May. "That is absolutely false," Mr. Markle answered. "There are several hundred certified miners at work today."

Regarding the situation in the anthracite fields, President Baer, of the Philadelphia & Reading road, said that every day showed a larger proportion of striking miners returning to work. The attention of President Underwood, of the Erie, was called to the published statement of Carroll D. Wright, that the strike must last three weeks or a month yet, but that the strikers would lose.

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FOR FAST MOTORING

American Generals Are Arrested in London

Had Been Riding in Lipton's New Machine—Premier on the List.

Special to the Daily Nugget. London, Oct. 6.—Gen. Corbin and J. W. Gates, the latter of whom sailed for home tomorrow, have been summoned in London for fast motoring in Sir Thos. Lipton's new machine. There will be no defence offered, one of the Americans remarking "what's the use when a policeman holds a stop watch on you." Balfour is also among the notables recently held up by the police for fast motoring.

Washout Threatened

Special to the Daily Nugget. Vancouver, Oct. 6.—An erosion on the Fraser river threatens to destroy 7000 acres of the finest land on Nicome Island. The settlers urgently appealed to the Dominion government to mattress a part of the island and dredge two sand bars. Engineers are now on the scene.

Steamers in Skagway.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Skagway, Oct. 6.—Steamers Spokane, Dirigo, Amur, Santa Ana are in port. The Skagway chamber of commerce is moving to get a line of steamers from San Francisco to Alaska.

Divorce Decreed.

Special to the Daily Nugget. London, Oct. 6.—A divorce obtained by Lord Francis Hope against May Vole in the divorce court has now been made absolute.

PRISONERS SENT OUT

Ten Convicts Shipped to the Coast

Will Serve Out Their Sentence in the Penitentiary at New Westminster.

Just before the Dawson sailed yesterday afternoon a strong body of police marched down the gang plank with no less than ten hardened convicts between them. They were handcuffed together, two by two, and a long chain. They were taken to the hold of the steamer, which had been converted into a temporary jail with ten cells of strong bars, and are being transferred from here to the penitentiary at New Westminster. The names of these criminals and their sentences are as follows: James Slorah, murder, life sentence; John Sarga, manslaughter, has two years to serve; Edward Harris, Dominion saloon, hold-up, ten years; William Brophy, Dominion saloon hold-up, life sentence; Otto Frank, attempted murder of Sanderson, fourteen years; William Moss, housebreaking, seven years; William Kennedy, robbery on Hunker, five years; John Collins, robbery, three years; William Berger, sluice box robbery, two years; James Thornton, theft, seven years.

The prisoners were in charge of Inspector Cosby, Corporal Egan, Constables Hope, Mallett, Mapley, Laws, Taylor, Strong, d'Amour, Lindblad and Winters. There was a rumor that the friends of Slorah, who lived for some time at Skagway, will make an attempt at his rescue there through habeas corpus proceedings.

Caisson is Replaced

Puget Sound Navy Yard, Sept. 23.—The caisson of the Puget Sound navy yard dry dock was towed back again from Moran Brothers' dry dock Saturday evening and replaced on the dock. It has received considerable repairs and not a drop of water can enter the dock through its great walls. The cruiser Boston will leave the navy yard some time this week if she can get a large enough crew. Almost her entire crew was transferred to the battleship Oregon, thus leaving her shy of quite a number of men, both in the engineer's department and on deck. She has just completed coaling at the navy yard. Her destination will be the Mare Island navy yard, where she will undergo further repairs.

The Nugget's stock of job printing materials is the best that ever came to Dawson.

DREYFUS DISAPPOINTED

Wanted to Attend Zola's Funeral

But Popular Demonstration Strained Him—Heartrending Interview.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Paris, Oct. 4.—Dreyfus wanted to attend Zola's funeral. A heartrending interview occurred between him and Madame Zola. The latter asked Dreyfus not to be present in view of popular demonstrations against the Devil's Isle victim. Dreyfus finally consented to stay away though deeply deploring the necessity.

Laurier in Scotland

TREATY IS VIOLATED

Excitement in Constantinople

Russia Insists Upon Taking a Gunboat to the Turkish Capital.

Special to the Daily Nugget. Constantinople, Oct. 4.—Considerable excitement has been occasioned in Constantinople because of the arrival of the Russian Grand Duke Nicholas on the ironclad Georgi Pobiedonetz, which owing to the insistence of Russia was at the last moment allowed to pass the naval forts. The censor forbade all use of the word "ironclad" but the populace is excited over what is interpreted as a deliberate violation of the clause in the Berlin treaty which closes the Bosphorus to foreign warships. The Grand Duke has been received as a visiting sovereign.

OPERATORS STUBBORN

ROYAL HOSPITALITY TO AMERICANS

Sues for Damages

Boer Delegates

En Route to Dawson

Immense Success

Steam Shovel and Sluicing Plant

Contrivance on the Doherty Claim on Lower Dominion All That Could be Desired.

Ruled Off

Water Front Notes

Parks in the City

Tenants Will be Required to Vacate

Grounds Adjoining the Executive Mansion Will be Transformed Into a Beauty Spot.

Freight Rates

A Noble Sacrifice

Sheriff's Error

To Destroy Finland

Amber Discovered

Dunsmuir Returns

Newspaper Talk

Half a Million Pupils

To be Unveiled Next April

The Record Broken

Skagway, Oct. 4.—The Topeka arrived last night with the following passengers for Dawson: A. Foster, E. Searle, G. M. Regden, Lizzie Hoover, Mrs. Hoover, Chas. Hunt, Mrs. M. R. Hanahan, C. H. Nichols, F. A. Hamner, H. W. Dumbell, Lila Wallace, H. L. Johnson, R. N. Ellis and wife, Nina Farwell, J. Weiss, J. Melbride, A. Carlson, Mrs. J. McBrade.

The Dolphin got in this morning with the following passengers for Dawson: O. Byrd, Mrs. Richardson, S. H. Helm, Mrs. S. H. Plumb, G. P. Wells, Chas. Patton, Miss Barry, O. P. Helm, Lizzie Perzloff, S. J. Olson, George Hardy, Mrs. Linbeck, Miss Linbeck, Mrs. A. L. Heath.

New York, Oct. 4.—Former Ald. Gavzelo and Traiger Tally have been ruled off of Harlem track. They were convicted of doping Emma A. M.

Manager Rogers, of the White Pass route, desires an announcement to be made in the Nugget, top of column, next to reading matter, that HE DOES NOT KNOW WHEN THE RIVER WILL CLOSE. This statement will no doubt be a great surprise to the great numbers who visit him every day to ask him this all absorbing question, and there are few who will believe that the statement is made in good faith and that there does not lurk behind it some scheme to delude the public.

The Dawson will leave at two o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The Dawson got in at two o'clock with 175 tons of freight and the following passengers: Mrs. E. Hamill, Mrs. F. S. Leinbocker, Mrs. H. Leinbocker, Mrs. A. L. Heath, Father Moser, Father Lefebre, Bishop Breyard, Mrs. Richardson, Miss Lizzie Fitzhoff, H. Waubauer, C. J. Olsen, Chris. Putro, A. L. Bell, H. Falconer, A. W. Jarvis, O. H. Stiner.

The Canadian came in at half-past six this morning with 180 tons of freight and the following passengers: Miss Esther Pire, Mrs. C. W. MacPherson, Major and Mrs. H. J. Woodside, Miss A. Osborne, Mrs. C. A. Lord, L. M. Preshall, Mrs. E. Lee, Mrs. R. Morton, Miss A. LeClare, Mrs. J. E. Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Levy, Miss Arstan, L. Arstan, Mrs. A. McLeod, Mrs. W. Keith, Miss Ellen Farry, M. James, Miss Maggie Canny, J. R. Coyle, J. R. Campbell, Jean Ramsay, Ellen Gourlay, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Brown, Mrs. A. E. Finch, Mrs. Sluman, Miss Mary Mellish, H. Nelson, I. Kawaski.

Seattle, Sept. 20.—The steamer City of Puebla, of the Pacific Coast Company's line, had a narrow escape from following in the wake of her sister ship, the Cottage City, during the late smoky weather on the Sound. Only the quick detection of the danger ahead on the part of the pilot and the agile response of the engineer below in reversing the ship's engines prevented the steamer from running hard on to the Williamson rocks near Deception pass.

The steamer at the time was endeavoring to make up the time she had lost creeping up the lower part of the Sound and was steaming along at a fair rate of speed. Almost simultaneously with the lookout's halloo of danger, the trained ear of the pilot detected the surging sound of breakers ahead, betokening shoals or rocks. Instantly the full speed astern bell clanged in the engine room, and the big liner, speedily came to a stop and began quickly backing off. Not a minute too soon either, for the outlines of the rocks were by this time discernible through the smoke.

Outside of the officers, very few if any of those aboard knew of the peril they had so narrowly escaped.

The Williamson rocks are "the reef of Norman's woe" to mariners in Puget Sound. They are surrounded by sharp, jutting promontories and treacherous eddies and undertows swirl and cavort on all sides of them.

Even in ordinarily clear weather a possibility of danger lurks there and when a fog overspreads the Sound these rocks become a positive menace to navigation.

Curiously enough, the spot where the City of Puebla so narrowly avoided crashing into is the same identical rocky eminence where the steamer Utopia, of the La Conner Trading & Transportation Company, bumped into and received quite serious injuries about a month ago.

There is talk among shipping men and mariners of presenting a petition to the marine authorities asking that an automatic fog bell or signal of some kind be placed on these dangerous rocks, to toll out warning to vessels in stormy and foggy weather.

New Vancouver, Oct. 4.—Mrs. Duchesnay, widow of the late assistant superintendent of Pacific coast lines, is suing the C.P.R. for \$25,000 compensation on account of the death of her husband. She claims negligence on the part of employees.

Washington, Oct. 4.—President Roosevelt brought the leaders of the anthracite coal strikers and the operators together at the White House and appealed to them on the score of patriotism to end the struggle. Both sides remain obdurate and no result has been gained.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Out from the north comes a Klondiker whose wife, although seeking a divorce, makes no mention of alimony or a division of property. It is a remarkable case as Eric Lindholm, Charles Anderson and other mining millionaires can testify, for they have parted with handsome sums in payment for legal services and alimony and the like.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Christensen is the complainant and Peter C. Christensen is the defendant. He is a miner who acquired wealth in the Yukon region, but his wife will live with him no longer because she doesn't like the idea of being pulled out of bed by the hair. She declares in her complaint that her husband has been extremely cruel toward her since their marriage in Tacoma in 1894.

Mrs. Christensen accompanied her better half on a gold-digging expedition in the north in 1901, and she says that on January 1st of that year her husband amused himself while they were in Dawson by pulling her out of bed by the hair. Altogether it was an enjoyable New Year's day—for Mr. Christensen.

According to Mrs. Christensen, she existed for two months on coarse food, with unprintable language for dessert. In the meantime they had taken a trip to Sulphur creek, but the name of the locality cannot compare to the sulphurous language that was applied to her, according to her complaint.

It was on March 1st, says the complainant, that her husband exhibited not only a very bad temper, but also his prowess as a wild west performer. He pulled out a pistol and threatened to shoot her, she says, for no apparent reason.

Then follow general allegations of cruelty, but no mention whatever is made of alimony or a division of the gold-bearing property, which Christensen has acquired. This is rather remarkable, as nearly all of the gold kings have been compelled to pay heavily for their domestic troubles.

Muskegon, Mich., Sept. 13.—Luther W. Shear, district agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, who disappeared on June 11, leaving alleged forgeries and debts to the extent of \$50,000, has returned to the city.

Later he was arraigned and bound over to the circuit court. He says he was tired of wandering about. He says he will plead guilty.

Shear would tell but little of his wanderings.

The Doherty claims extend from 133 to 143, inclusive, below lower and it will require a number of years to work them out. The sluicing apparatus has proven such a success that the McDonald Iron Works, of which Mr. Doherty is the general manager, has received an order for a duplicate of the plant from three different parties. Two of these will be placed on Bonanza and the third is for the Dominion Gold Mining Company which owns over a half mile of ground immediately below the Doherty claims extending from 144 to 150. The latter company already has an enormous steam shovel plant which arrived this summer and is still on the dock at the White Pass wharf. There will be transported to the claims this winter and set up ready for work early in the spring. A force of men has been at work all summer ground sluicing the property. Lower Dominion in the near future will prove one of the most prolific of the producers of the Klondike.

The Ogilvie dredge on Stewart river has but recently been put in position and has scarcely had time to tell whether the anticipations of the promoters have been realized or not, but there can be but little doubt if the gold is in the gravel where it is proposed to operate, the dredge will take it out and with a cheapness that will prove truly surprising.

Still another appliance that is receiving its first test this season is the steam shovel and sluicing plant of Doherty, Stiles & Doherty on lower Dominion, and it is proving a wonder for the purposes for which it was constructed. It was well in August before the plant was fully in readiness for operation and September may be said to have been the only month in which a full and continuous run of thirty days could be made. In that month no less than 11,000 cubic yards of dirt were handled and with a force of but ten men all told. That force next season will be reduced to seven men by the addition of some improvements recently decided upon and the capacity of the machine will be in the meantime doubled.

The plant is wholly the result of the inventive genius of Mr. Stiles, one of the operators and owners, and is unlike any gold saving machine ever before used. By means of the ordinary steam shovel the dirt is lifted and deposited in an iron hopper from which it falls into a revolving cylinder placed at an angle and perforated with holes three-quarters of an inch in diameter. A heavy stream of water constantly plays on the inside of the cylinder, the contents of which are continuously churned up by the revolving motion of the receptacle. The gold, sand and fine gravel fall through the perforations into a cone-shaped vat from which they are pumped by an eight-inch centrifugal pump to a string of electric boxes overhead where the usual process of washing occurs. The rock, stones and other matter which are too large to fall through the holes in the cylinder pass out at the lower end and fall on to a belt conveyor and carries them 'out of reach and deposits them in the pile of tailings. The conveyor which has been in use this season has been found to be of insufficient length, being but 14 feet long, which has necessitated the employment of men to shovel away the accumulation of tailings. Next season it is intended to put on a 33-foot conveyor, which will be gotten from the east, and will be so arranged that the position of its delivery may be changed as the piles of tailings accumulate, thus doing away with the need of any further assistance. The belt that will be brought in will be twenty inches wide and of a construction similar to those in use in the coal regions of Pennsylvania. The wear and tear of the rocks on the conveyor is very great, two having been worn out this season in the short time the machine was in operation.

Another decided improvement that will be made in the plant next season will be the doubling of the capacity of the shovel. That at present it uses lifts three-quarters of a yard at a dip and it will be exchanged for one that takes a yard and a half, weighing 3,000 pounds, at a load. The average time of scooping up a shovel of dirt and depositing it in the hopper is 45 seconds, though in a test two loads have been made in a minute. The depth of gravel taken out runs from three feet on the rim to eight feet farther back on the hillside, which includes two and a half feet of bedrock. The gold in the vicinity of the rim is quite fine, it getting coarser as the hill is approached. Quite a number of \$1.50 and \$2 pieces have been found, some of them

having a tiny piece of pure white quartz adhering to them. Contrary to expectations no difficulty has been experienced this season with frost. The ground was stripped, ground sluiced last summer and wherever such was done the gravel was found to be thawed sufficiently so that the steam shovel could pick it up without difficulty.

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MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

Mr. Ford Points Out Benefits

Official Denial of the Daily Mail Statement—No Steel Trust.

London, Sept. 17.—Municipal trading has never been a party question in the United Kingdom, but has been taken up experimentally by Conservatives and Radicals alike in town councils.

MUNICIPAL TRAMWAYS. Municipal tramways are not considered by practical men in town councils as relief measures for taxpayers in the earliest stage of their operation.

IMMEDIATE BENEFITS. Meanwhile fares are reduced, the conditions of local transit improved, and towns are developed in a symmetrical way.

M. PELLETAN'S INDISCRETIONS. The indiscreet speech of the French Minister of Marine at Bizerta is not taken seriously here.

BRITISH RAILWAY METHODS. American railway methods were discussed at the meetings of the Caledonian Railway Company and the Glasgow & Southern Railway Company in Glasgow yesterday.

GUEST, KEEN & CO.'S DENIAL. It is stated by Guest, Keen & Co. of Birmingham that there is no truth in the rumor as to a British steel combine.

SHAMROCK III. A STEEL BOAT. Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America Cup will, it is said, be sent through the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, so as to reach New York at the beginning of October.

MISS O'NEILL'S SUCCESS. Miss O'Neill appeared with

great success at the Adelphi theatre last night as the heroine of Giacomo Puccini's tragedy, "Elizabeth, Queen of England."

Soothes Aches and Pains. Witch hazel is made by throwing the witch hazel, or hamamelis, plants into a vat and distilling them, and then adding enough alcohol to keep the distillation from souring.

GOOD FOR LAWYERS

Lots of Legal Fights on Lepine

Surveyor Green at Work and Carefully Watched by Fraction Hunters.

Surveyor Green is as busy as he can be up at Lepine creek surveying the many quartz claims there, and a prospector who returned from there last night suggests that preparations should be made for the appointment of twenty more judges if the government desires to see any development work in that district within a reasonable time.

There are a number of men carefully watching each movement of the surveyor, ready to rush in and stake fractions. There are others who think their locations need holding down by their personal presence.

Then he added this piece of advice: "But people should be very careful in buying claims. They should first see that the ground is there, and carefully verify every paper. A lot of the ground was staked when it was several feet under snow. There is sure to be a whole heap of litigation as soon as the claims are surveyed."

Rounding Them up. St. Louis, Sept. 26.—The June grand jury met this afternoon for its final session, several witnesses being present to testify. It is said that the report of the body will be sent to the court next Monday, and several bold indictments are expected as a result of the findings.

The grand jury convened September 8 to hear the disclosures of Delegate J. K. Murrell that revealed the workings of the house of delegates combine. The investigation of the jury, according to the Murrell disclosure, has resulted in the indictment of nineteen delegates and former delegates, and the arrest of all but six of the number, who are fugitives from justice.

At the request of Circuit Attorney Polk, Judge Douglass, in the criminal court, this afternoon issued a subpoena duces tecum, commanding one of the employees of James Campbell, a well-known broker, to bring into court two checks for sums aggregating \$47,500, drawn by him in favor of Edward Butler. These checks, one for \$27,500, the other for \$20,000, are dated November 28, 1889, the day on which the lighting bill was passed, for which Delegate Charles F. Kelly is said to have distributed \$47,500 to the house combine at Delegate Julius Lehmann's birthday party.

Broker Campbell's employe will be asked to explain the purpose for which the two checks were drawn. A canvass of St. Louis banks was recently made by the committee of the grand jury to save the banks the inconvenience of taking all their books before the grand jury. The checks were found to have been duly drawn, paid and returned to Campbell.

Broker Campbell is out of the city just at present, and when he will return is indefinite, according to statements made at his office today.

THE END OF THE EARTH

Love, they said, made the world go around. How little they dreamed that one day Love, coupled with Ambition, would bring the world to an end!

"How dare you," he cried, "ask me for my daughter's hand? What have you to live on? Your income wouldn't buy Luella her ribbons, no, sir! My daughter is to marry Mr. Pierce. She has been promised to him since she was a child!"

"But she loves me!" I ventured to suggest. "Absurd! I give her credit for better sense than to waste her affections on a penniless adventurer, who has no other thought than to gain her wealth!"

Had Mr. Worden been any other than Luella's father, I should have thrashed him soundly for the insult. As it was, I checked my rising temper and replied as meekly as possible.

"You are mistaken! I care nothing for her wealth. I love her for her dear self alone. As to being poor, I am making a comfortable living at the West electric works. I am now at work on an invention which will revolutionize the world's industries and place me on the pinnacle of fame and fortune!"

Mr. Worden laughed sarcastically. "Well, we shall see," he said. "Come to me when your invention is a success. In the meantime I forbid your holding any intercourse with my daughter. If I find you are in clandestine contact with her, I shall have you discharged from the electric company, in which I have an interest, and hounded out of town."

I left crestfallen but hopeful. The invention I had under way was indeed destined to revolutionize the world, but not as I expected. It was an electric generator of marvelous power, whose force was to be derived from the earth direct. I reasoned that as the earth was a huge magnet permeated with electricity following certain well-defined currents, a peculiarly constructed coil might catch these currents and give them out again as active energy. For years I had thought of the subject, and my generator was near completion. There were many minor details to be perfected, but I was sanguine of success.

The hope of marrying Luella spurred me on. The attentions of my hated rival, George Pierce, were an additional incentive to work. I would meet them occasionally together on the street, and my heart would burst with impatience and longing. Luella smiled on me, and often with a glance bade me hope on.

At length my generator was perfected. The model I had made with infinite labor was buried in the earth, the poles adjusted and a power obtained which exceeded my fondest expectations. It was all so simple that I wondered no one had thought of it before. No powerful engines, no dynamos, no boilers, nothing but a compact coil and magnets buried in the ground and drawing from earth's vast electric reservoir. My little model was powerful enough to run every machine in the West electric works.

At an appointed time Mr. Worden and a number of engineers and railroad magnates viewed my machine, and pronounced it a success. My reputation was made, fortune was certain. When I gazed down through space upon the scattered molecules which once composed our earth, I find it difficult to realize that I was instrumental in bringing about its destruction. To me, as a disenchanted spirit, the past is severed, and I will set down as concisely as possible my connection with that unfortunate event.

I loved Luella! From the day I first saw her on my arrival at Goudsdale I had eyes and heart for none other. I was but a poor, struggling electrical engineer, and she the daughter of the richest man in the state, the president of a great railroad, the king to whom the financial world did homage. It was a great presumption to aspire to her hand, but fate threw us together, and I know my love was reciprocated.

When I asked her father for his blessing, I received a curse instead. The old gentleman, irascible and gouty, did not take kindly to the suit of a nobody like me, and vented his disapproval in no unmistakable terms. "How dare you," he cried, "ask me for my daughter's hand? What have you to live on? Your income wouldn't buy Luella her ribbons, no, sir! My daughter is to marry Mr. Pierce. She has been promised to him since she was a child!"

tion of the country, saying that miscreants had rendered the polarizers useless. Pierce was truly getting his revenge. It was in September. Luella and I were to be married on the morrow. Happiness would have been ours, but for the terrible excitement we labored under, owing to these mishaps to the machines. There were clouds in the sky, a storm was brewing. An equinoctial gale had been predicted to sweep over America and Europe. We scented danger in the air.

"Don't leave me, dearest," said Luella, "I am so afraid without you."

There was a flash of lightning and a terrific peal of thunder. It was as though the heavens were falling in. The startled servants ran in for protection. Mr. Worden and his family came into the room excitedly.

"My God, Ben!" cried Worden, "there is going to be a catastrophe! I feel it in the air!"

"I fear there will be," I replied. Another flash! Then a sudden, prolonged roar, a ripping, tearing noise, a rushing as of water—and I knew no more.

Since becoming a spirit I have learned the truth. The earth, weakened by the loss of her electricity, torn by the conflicting currents, became an easy prey to that terrific luminous trail of molecular dust which you can see yonder is all that is left of the earth with all her glory.

Plea for Shrines. Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 26.—Anagarika H. Dharmapala, Buddhist representative in America, has just arrived in Los Angeles from Ceylon, en route to London. He has addressed the following communication to the American people through the Associated Press:

"I want to call your attention to a subject which, to a great degree, is bound to affect the greater portion of the entire population of the civilized world.

"I have been officially informed of the outrageous action of the British officials in the historic islands of Ceylon in threatening to desecrate the ancient shrines in the sacred city of Anuradhapura, which is to the Buddhists as great as Mecca to the Mohammedans or Jerusalem to the Christians.

"For two thousand two hundred years this historic city, which, on account of its hallowed associations, has received the homage of five hundred millions of Buddhists of China, Japan, Siam, Cambodia, Burma, India, Tibet, etc., is now threatened with the destruction of its shrines at the hands of the despotic British officials, who, in their madness, wish to bring about a catastrophe which will result in a religious convulsion throughout the entire Buddhist world all over Asia. I have addressed a communication to Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, on the subject, and I make this appeal to the American people through the Associated Press for their moral support for the suppression of this atrocious act of vandalism."

The letter to Joseph Chamberlain referred to states that the Buddhists of Ceylon are greatly distressed at the high-handed course of British officials in the city of Anuradhapura. It says: "The Singhalese had never been savages and they have loved and do love religion more than gold. The British, when they were called upon by the Singhalese chiefs to administer the government of the Kandyan provinces, pledged to protect the religion of the Buddha."

The sacred charter of the threatened city is pointed out and the letter concludes as follows: "Buddhists are not fanatics, neither are they savages, but is it hoped that country will instruct the subordinate officials of Ceylon not to create unrest in the minds of millions of Buddhists, for religion is sacred and any attempt on the part of the British officials to desecrate the shrines will be resented by the Buddhists of the world."

In North Yakima Jail. North Yakima, Sept. 26.—Harvey Boling, of Seattle, is in jail here on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, and Charles Hawkins, of Whatcom, is in detention, nursing a very sore arm, as a result of a stabbing affray between the pair yesterday afternoon. Hawkins was seated in a front street restaurant when

Boling entered and hot talk followed, which ended in Boling inflicting a severe stab wound in the left forearm of his victim. Both then ran to the street, and Hawkins managed to keep his assailant at bay with a pocket knife until the police arrested both men on the same charge.

Surgeons were summoned and found that while no artery of consequence had been cut the chief vein of the forearm had been severed. It is hinted that the men had trouble before and that threats had been exchanged. Both came here to attend the state fair. Justice of the Peace Taggard held Boling for the action of the superior court, on the charge named, and Hawkins will be arraigned tomorrow.

Foreman Dan Steere with 34 men arrived yesterday from the Pelly river, his section being No. 3 of the road work on the overland, trail extending from Pelly river 34 miles north and the last of the gang of men to complete their work. Mr. Steere states that a number of road houses have already been built on his section of road. Humes is pulling one up 19 miles north of the Pelly, Clark at 27 miles and Stevens, formerly of the Coffee creek road house, at 35 miles. The first and last named will be mail stations.

Blue and yellow French tobacco at Gandolfo's.

Get Others Prices. Then come to me and get your outfit. Prices Always the Lowest.

T. W. Grennan. King St., Cor. Sixth Ave. PROFESSIONAL CARDS. LAWYERS. PATULLO & RIDLEY—Advocates, Notaries, Conveyancers, etc. Rooms 7 and 8 A. C. Office Bldg.

FOR SALE—Very cheap, interest in creek claim No. 143 below lower on Dominion. Inquire E. C. Stahl, this office. The Nugget's facilities for burning out first-class job work cannot be excelled this side of San Francisco.

Unshrinkable Underwear AND HOSIERY SUMMERS & ORRELL 2nd Ave. IT'S ILLEGAL We have a full line of Underwear, Winter Overcoats, Overshirts and Fur Robes. We did't steal them, but... See Us Before Buying. M. RYAN, Front St. Under the Ferry Tower

The Great Northern "FLYER" LEAVES SEATTLE FOR ST. PAUL EVERY DAY AT 8:00 P. M. A Solid Vestibule Train With All Modern Equipments. For further particulars and folders address the GENERAL OFFICE - SEATTLE, WASH.

Pacific Packing and Navigation Co. Successors to Pacific Steam Whaling Co. FOR Copper River and Cook's Inlet YAKUTAT, ORCA, VALDEZ, HOMER. FOR ALL PORTS in Western Alaska Steamer Newport Sails From Juneau First of Each Month OFFICES SEATTLE Cor. First Ave. and Yeater Way. SAN FRANCISCO No. 30 California Street

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FOR SALE Cheap for Cash Five Horsepower Boiler and 4 Horsepower Engine Apply - - - NUGGET OFFICE

Unalaska and Western Alaska Points U. S. MAIL S. S. NEWPORT Leaves Juneau April 1st and 1st of each month for Sitka, Yakutat, Nutchok, Orca, Ft. Laramie, Valdes, Resurrection, Homer, Seldovia, Katmai, Kodiak, Uyak, Kerluk, Chigrik, Unga, Sand Point, Belkofsky, Unasaska, Dutch Harbor. FOR INFORMATION APPLY TO Seattle Office - Globe Bldg., Cor. First Ave. and Madison Street San Francisco Office, 30 California Street

MEN'S UNDERWEAR In Celebrated WOLSEY and HEALTH Brands. Strictly All-Wool GUARANTEED UNSHRINKABLE. We carry the above lines in all sizes ...FUR CAPS... In Wildcat, Beaver, Seal and Other Furs. Light Weights. Northern Commercial Co.

COUNCIL MEETING

Brief Session Was Held Last Night

His Worship and Alderman Wilson Both Absent—Work Begun on Street Numbering.

The city council broke the record yesterday evening for quick action in the disposition of the business before that august body. The meeting was called to order at 8:30 and at 9 P. M. Commissioner Macdonald, who was occupying the chair in the absence of his worship, announced that that was the end of the order of business. There was barely time for quorin present, Alderman Wilson being absent as well as the mayor. The latter is confined to his house with a sprained knee.

There were but few communications and petitions received. Several eastern houses acknowledged receipt of the reports of the chief of the fire department and the city engineer relative to the condition of the streets, such having been distributed rather generously with the hope that a lower rate of insurance could be secured. License Inspector Worlock sent in a communication pertaining to the petition of Palmer & Peterson for a refund of the \$100 they had already paid into the city treasurer as a license fee for dealing in second-hand goods. The inspector stated that at the time that the license was issued to the firm in August they had a large number of second-hand bikes on hand and they hesitated about taking out a license, not having at that time fully decided whether they would continue in that line or not. They finally decided to continue as before and took out the license of their own volition. It is recommended that their request for a refund be not granted.

J. H. Thomlinson and other petitioned the council for the removal of a small cabin that is partly in the alley near the Red Cross hospital. It impedes traffic as it prevents an entrance to the rear of the lots in the block in which the cabin is located.

A lengthy petition signed by C. W. Tennant, E. D. Putnam, C. J. Larsen and a couple dozen others was presented protesting against the presence of the undesirable element that has taken up residences in Douglas street and the immediate vicinity. The petitioners aver that they are ratepayers, heads of families and that where once their neighborhood resounded with but the peary prattle of innocent children night is now made hideous by the disgusting talk and boisterous conduct of the women of the half world and their consorts. It is not a welcome sound to fall upon the ears of parents who are endeavoring to raise their children in the paths of industry and virtue, and it is desired that the objectionable features be removed at once.

The following new bills were presented:
Klondike Mill Co. \$21.00
Klondike Mill Co. 40.00
Northern Commercial Co. 122.50
Northern Commercial Co. 9.50
Northern Commercial Co. 12.00
Northern Commercial Co. 13.00
Yukon Telephone Syndicate. 40.00
Dawson Water Co. 15.00
Dawson Water Co. 15.00
Electric Light Co. 52.20
Branch & Tarr 8.00
E. L. Myer 4.00

None of the standing committees had a report to make. Police Commissioner Macdonald presented a resume of arrests made and fines collected by the chief of police during the month of September. License Inspector Worlock filed his report covering the past three months. It shows that during July 37 licenses of various kinds were issued bringing in a revenue of \$3150, in August 29 were issued, which brought in \$1975 and in September 15 which gave returns of \$925. The total number of licenses that have been issued is 81 and the amount received is \$6050. No transfers of any of the licenses have as yet been made.

Alderman Adair inquired if any of the apparatus ordered for the fire department had arrived. Chief Lester was present and replied that nothing had been received though notices of the shipment had come to hand. Murphy stated that Agent Rogers had written the White Pass agent at Whitehorse to give the city shipment of fire apparatus precedence which would be done and he had no doubt but that the consignment would arrive before the close of navigation.

Adair moved that the police committee take up the matter referred in the petition from South Dawson and deal with it immediately, which was unanimously carried.

Macdonald wanted to know what was delaying the numbering of the city in accordance of the arrangement already agreed upon. City Clerk Smith stated that the matter was in the hands of the city engineer and that he had started out yesterday. Murphy was of the opinion that if nothing was done by next week it was time for the committee to take

COMPLAINT AMENDED

Firing in City Limits

C. Miller, of the Five Fingers coal mine, was up in the police court this morning charged with firing a gun within the city limits. He purchased the gun at Hamilton's second-hand store and Hamilton told him to fire it in order to test it. He did so and was arrested.

Mr. Justice Macaulay said had the dealer been brought before him he would certainly have imposed a fine upon him, but as Mr. Miller had no intention of breaking the law he would dismiss the charge.

CABLE CONNECTION

Now From Canada to Australia

It is expected that the Great Work Will be Completed Tomorrow.

LA BELLE RESTIVE

Shows Results of Confinement

Is Under the Physicians Care But Ailment is Not Very Serious.

Ed. La Belle, alleged to be one of the murderers of Bouthillier and his two companions, is said to have developed a streak of yellow in the past week that shows him to be an arrant coward of the most craven character. He has lost the sang froid that was one of his chief characteristics shortly after his arrival, and as the time approaches for his trial he becomes more nervous and apprehensive each day. He complains considerably of the close quarters he is compelled to occupy and deprecates the lack of exercise. Since the middle of last week he has been under a physician's care, his ailment, however, being of a nature that yields readily to a liberal application of oleum tigli, which has been administered with very fetching results. It was rumored that La Belle's condition was due to a determination on his part to commit suicide in a manner that has not been duplicated since the days of Bocaceto de Decameron, but information of that character is proverbially hard to get at police headquarters and the truth or falsity of the rumor will probably never be known.

Unlike his partner, Fournier, who maintains a stolid indifference to his fate as far as any outward manifestation is concerned, La Belle spends much of his time in writing letters to his eastern friends and relatives, his communications being all in French. He has bit little to say to his guards and asks no favors other than a plentiful supply of writing material. His brother-in-law, M. Leonard, M.P., who is expected from his former home in the province of Quebec, to defend him will doubtless arrive this week and a bitter fight will be made to prove La Belle's innocence.

Ordered to the East
Washington, Sept. 26.—Orders were issued from the war department directing the headquarters band and six companies of the Eighth infantry, now in the department of the Columbia, to proceed to the department of the east. The headquarters band and the Second battalion will take station at Fort Columbus, N.Y., Company K at Fort Niagara and Company L at Fort Wood, N.Y.

The formal order was issued by the department today, directing that Capt. Wilds P. Richardson, Eighth infantry, proceed from Seattle to Haines Mission, Alaska, and assume charge of the construction of public buildings at that post, relieving Capt. Charles P. Summerall, of the artillery corps.

COMPLAINT AMENDED

Golden Case Takes a New Phase

Convicted of Selling Liquor Without License and Fined \$50.

The trial of Frank Golden for having possession of a still was concluded in the police court this morning and resulted in an amended complaint being sworn to which changed the charge to attempting to sell intoxicating liquor without a license.

To this the accused, under the advice of his counsel, pleaded guilty and was fined \$50 and costs or in default two months imprisonment with hard labor.

The first witness called by the prosecution was D. G. Neill, bookkeeper of the Ladue Company, who had known the accused for some time and testified to an order from him for 300 pounds of sugar, to be delivered to McIsaacs. The contention of the prosecution was that this sugar had been ordered for the making of "hooch," and that the order being given and the money paid by the prisoner it showed his complicity in the manufacture.

Preventive Officer McKinnon was recalled and testified as to the still. He testified that there was no vat, but held that there was nothing missing to make what was seized workable. He was cross-examined at some length by Mr. Gillwill and admitted that he did not see the still in operation but the filter was in operation at the time he made the seizure and there was liquor there in various stages of manufacture.

Corporal Piper was also recalled and said he had had a good deal of experience in the capture of illicit stills. The odor where "hooch" was made lingered around the premises for a long time, perhaps for a year or eighteen months. This still was like the one seized in operation up the Klondike. He would think it was that one did he not know, the other was in the barracks.

Mr. Gillwill objected that the prisoner was comparing it with a still which the court had never seen. Mr. Congdon responded: "If the witness said this was a horse, and he knew it because it was like other horses, would those other horses have to be produced in court to make the testimony admissible?"

In cross-examination Corporal Piper told his experience of distilling general, both licensed and illicit. "Did you ever manufacture any?" asked Mr. Gillwill.

"Oh, that's a little too strong," said the corporal. "I am not going to tell you that." He joined in the smile that went round the court room.

This closed the evidence for the prosecution and Mr. Gillwill moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that his client had not been connected with the still directly. He argued the matter very closely and finally the court said he thought the defence had better be proceeded with.

COMPLETED TOMORROW

The West Dawson Ferry Road Exposes Minerals

Heavy Blast of Saturday Evening and What Was the Cause of It.

J. H. Sutton, superintendent of construction on the road leading from the ferry landing on the opposite side of the Yukon around the bluff to a connection with the trail leading to the Sixty-mile district, stated this morning to a representative of the Nugget that the road would be entirely completed by tomorrow noon. Though the estimated appropriation for the road has been exceeded by about \$2500 it was through no fault of anyone that such had occurred, unless it could be blamed to Nature who placed a ledge of rocks in the way so difficult to handle. Ordinarily, in building a roadway whether for wagons or rail when a solid formation is encountered blasts can be so arranged that when fired the debris will be thrown aside out of the way, but in this instance the shattered rock refused to act in the manner described.

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Mr. Justice Macaulay fixed the bail at \$1,000 and two sureties of \$500 each, and named Monday morning for the hearing.

How We Have Built Up Our Business

We have won the confidence of our customers by applying to our business the two great principles, Honesty and Enterprise. We are leaders not followers. Our prices are right and we mark them in plain figures. We buy for cash and turn out clothing that will produce immediate cash. We have the proper goods for you at the proper price, and all we ask of you is to call and see our goods and prices.

MONEY REFUNDED IF DESIRED

HERSHBERG & CO., Clothiers and Furnishers

FIRST AVE., Directly Opp. Aurora Dock

Makes Good Progress.
Washington, Sept. 26.—The condition of President Roosevelt's satisfactory progress toward improvement. There is only a slight perceptible change in the healing process, as it is naturally slow and tedious. The president spent the day very quietly, his principal visitor being Secretary Moody, who had some navy department matters to bring to his attention. Dr. Rixey called for a short visit about 4 o'clock and Dr. Lung, the president's regular physician, was with him for a brief time during the evening.

Tires of Waiting
Seattle, Sept. 27.—Lottie Dalton, aged 23 years, was perfectly willing to marry George Parker, aged 61, until he asked for a second postponement of the marriage, then her love for him faded away in two or three days, and she instituted suit for breach of promise, asking for \$2,500 damages for a broken heart. The parties live in Everett, and are prominent in church circles. The trial of the case took up the entire day in Judge Emory's court, owing to the reluctance of Miss Dalton to tell her story on the witness stand.

The couple first agreed to be married April 24, and at the request of Mr. Parker the event was postponed until May 17. The girl says she made all preparations for the wedding, even unto baking the cake, but the bridegroom failed to put in an appearance. He called a couple of days later, on his way to work, carrying his dinner pail in his hand, and announced that he was ready to lead her to the altar. She had already begun suit then, however, so waved him away. She admitted under cross-examination that her feelings had been changed by that time that she would rather have a lawsuit than a husband.

Both agree that Parker proposed March 31. The girl says she blushingly gave consent, but the man swears that she told him to come the next day for his answer. When he called, she met him at the door with a note, which read that in view of the fact that Parker had grown children older than his intended bride, she would send over a couple of lots in Fremont. He told her, he says, that after they were married she would be entitled to one-third of his property, and that he fully intended to deed the home place over to her.

Mr. Parker was firm in his declaration, that he fully intended to marry the girl but was a little short of money about that time. He was \$25 richer when he called with his dinner pail and wanted her to marry him, but the bride-elect had changed her mind and preferred to push the breach of promise proceedings.

Judge Emory was exasperated all most beyond endurance by the conduct of Miss Dalton on the stand. She hesitated so long in answering questions that the judge told her once she must answer within two

minutes or he would dismiss her from the stand and throw her case out of court. She then decided to answer that particular question by saying "I don't know." She alleges that Parker made improper proposals to her three different times, but he indignantly denied the allegation.

Henry Taylor, stepfather of the girl, who is a gardener by profession, but who said he preached sometimes without pay, was totally different from Miss Dalton on the stand. He was so eager to testify and explain the whole matter, that it took the united efforts of three attorneys and the judge to pull him up. Attorney Tibbets said the witness talked so fast, and his voice was so muffled by his beard, that he could not understand him very well, whereupon the witness obligingly parted his beard to give his voice a good chance.

Parker said his courting was made easy by Taylor, who asked him his intentions about the third time he visited the house. The case was given to the jury after 5 o'clock and a verdict will be brought in Monday.

Work in Philippines.
Rome, Sept. 26.—The publication of a pontifical bull on the apostolic constitution of the Philippines is imminent. It will indicate the general object and aims of Archbishop Guidi's mission to Manila. The apostolic delegate will have to reorganize the whole ecclesiastical hierarchy of the archipelago, will create three new dioceses and will propose prelates for the archbishopric of Manila and the remaining bishoprics, after which he will convocate a synod to establish rules for governing ecclesiastical affairs in harmony with the customs of the islands, as is done in South America.

One of the first projects of the archbishopric is the establishment at Manila of two seminaries, to educate the native clergy, which are destined ultimately to replace the foreigners. These seminaries will be entrusted to a religious order, which has not hitherto been represented in the archipelago.

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At Vernon & Story's mart, by order of public administration, contents of a small store, 3 p.m. Wednesday, Oct. 8th.

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