

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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RUSSIANS REPULSE GERMANS

And Force the Troops Attacking Them in the East To Withdraw After Battle

ENGAGEMENT WAS VERY FIERCE

Russians Emerge From Difficult Positions, Winning Against the Greatest Odds

Petrograd, Oct. 2.—The General Staff has given out the following official communication:

"Russian troops have continued to repulse the enemy from the boundaries of the Government of Suwalki and Lomza, the engagement has been very fierce West of Symno. The German troops that were attacking Aszwezt are retreating hastily to the North.

"Considerable forces of the enemy, of which the bulk arrived from the West, are concentrating in the districts West of the Governments of Piotrkow and Kielec.

Are Reconnoitering.

"Russian cavalry and vanguard are reconnoitering energetically through all that region.

"The Germans endeavor to use the highways in Russian territory, because the other roads, being rough, paralyze their artillery trains.

"An attack by the Russian cavalry against the German vanguard, in front of Andrew and marching on Kielec, was crowned with great success. The German infantry was caught unawares and is retreating in disorder pursued by the Russian cavalry.

Did Little Damage.

The bombardment of Ossetz did damage to only a few private dwellings and a few telephone lines as the garrison was sheltered by numerous concrete walls.

"The offensive by the Russian troops, marching through the forests of Augustowo, was not covered by artillery. South of Augustowo a hand-to-hand engagement took place. It was particularly fierce in the semicircle between Bialobrozeg basin, which was crossed by a Russian column and the Augustowo canal, near Borki basin. The issue of this engagement was decided by an attack from Augustowo.

Artiller yHelped.

"North-west of the forest of Augustowo the Russians were compelled to attack the rear guard of the Germans through numerous defiles and in fortified positions where the Russian infantry received great help from its heavy artillery which caused great losses to the enemy who were dislodged from their entrenchments and retired under fire.

"The battle is proceeding over an extensive front, the Germans occupying positions near Marianopol and South of Slutshin, in the vicinity of Wresoch. The ground is very rough, making it very difficult for troops to keep their battle line. This has resulted in serious individual engagements.

"The advance of the Russian troops is meeting with success everywhere."

RUSSIANS WIN 7 DAYS' BATTLE

In Poland, West of River Niemen, and Germans Are Retreating

Petrograd, Oct. 2.—The seven-days' battle between the Germans and Russians, West of the River Niemen, in Poland, has ended in a victory for the Czar's troops.

The Germans are in full retreat.

Servians Are Busy

Nish, Oct. 2.—The Servians have captured Vlasentiza.

Another attempt by the Austrians to cross the River Save has been repulsed.

The s.s. Bellaventure leaves Halifax today for Hudson Bay.

Russians Are Opposed By Austro-German Force Of 800,000 At Cracow

Members of the Dual Alliance Making Desperate Attempt To Check the Advance of the Russians—Heavy Fighting Now Taking Place at Many Points in the Eastern Theatre of War—Russian Successes

Mainz, Germany, Oct. 3.—A battle, which promises to be the greatest and most important of the Eastern campaign has commenced near Cracow, Galicia, where an Austro-German army, estimated to number 800,000 men, is endeavoring to check the Russian advance.

This combined Austro-German Army, which has occupied a line inside the Russian-Poland frontier from Cracow through Czenstochowa to Kalisz has had lots of time to prepare strong defensive positions.

Both sides are bringing up reinforcements. From Breslau to Bavaria, all Bohemian and Moravian railways are congested with German troops and war material.

The German plan of invasion of Russia from East Prussia has failed, according to Russian official reports. These reports say the Germans got as far as the Western bank and being in the low, marshy ground, the Germans, according to the Russian story were at a disadvantage and could not advance.

A fight is now in progress at Mirampel near the North-eastern Prussian frontier, while further South in the Suwalki district the Russians claim to have turned the German retreat into a disorderly flight.

More heavy fighting is taking place at Augustowo, 140 miles N.E. of Warsaw in the Province of Swukwi where the Germans have received reinforcements and been able to take the offensive.

At Gialowo, twenty-five miles Southwest of Augustowo, the Russians again entered German territory.

At Miawa the Russians claim a victory over the Germans.

MUTINY AT CALCUTTA

Involves Only the Sikhs Who Were Deported From Canada

London, Oct. 2.—In a despatch from Calcutta the correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company describes briefly a mutiny of Sikhs at Hajbaj, ten miles from Calcutta, in which sixteen of the Indians were killed.

The Hindus who mutinied at Hajbaj are men who, more than three months ago, resisted the Canadian Government's order of deportation, but who finally were compelled to return to India from Vancouver on the same ship that brought them out.

CLEMENCEAN AND CARNEGIE

Frenchman Says the Millionaire is "Talking Through His Hat"

M. Clemenceau in the Homme Libre vigorously criticises what he calls Mr. Andrew Carnegie's "timid" plea that Europe owes the Kaiser forty years of peace. He says:

"Let the worthy Scottish millionaire say what he pleases. Forty years of peace—punctuated by incessant quarrels, five threats of war, and crowned by a war, in fact, for which I defy Mr. Carnegie to find any other cause than the desire to end French independence in order afterwards to finish Great Britain and Russia.

"At the very moment when Mr. Carnegie was speaking, gently opposing the protests of Americans, the King of Belgium had written to the King of the Belgians a vehement letter denouncing the crime of the German aviator who dropped a bomb on the Royal residence in Antwerp, where the Queen and her children were staying.

"Does Mr. Carnegie believe that William II's explanation change attested facts?"

Burned Cable Station

Honolulu, Oct. 3.—The British str. Kestrel, which arrived here today from the Fanning Islands reports that the cable station there was destroyed by the German cruiser Nurnberg.

EXPECTS PROLONGED STRUGGLE

London Anticipates End of War is by no Means in Sight Yet—More Battles to Come

GERMANS POSSESS MANY ADVANTAGES

If Beaten Now Will at Once Fall Back on Even Stronger Positions in Germany

London, Oct. 3.—Though the German right is less than fifty miles from the Belgian frontier never since the outbreak of war apparently, have the people of Great Britain been more reconciled to the idea that the struggle yet to come will be long and terrible.

When the Germans first began to retreat after their rush toward Paris hope ran high that some master stroke would bring complete route to the invaders. Now however, many observers have emphasized the fact that even should the present battle be terminated in victory for the Allies the Germans would only fall back on equally strong entrenchments.

No Marked Change

There is nothing from the French battle this morning to indicate any marked change in the situation. The fiercest fighting is apparently still centering on that part of the battle line stretching due North for about forty miles in an almost straight line from Roye.

The vicinity of the little town of Albert has again been the scene of a vigorous action where the Allies claim progress and, though it seems incredible, the latest announcements asserted that the remainder of the vast line was quiet, with exception of the region around St. Michel, from their southernmost lodgement.

Russians Claim Victory

From Petrograd there continues to pour in uninterrupted claims of Russian successes on the frontier of Poland and from Galicia where the Russian and combined German and Austrian forces are at death grips before Cracow has come nothing to indicate which side has taken the first honors in the preliminary skirmishes.

A related despatch reaching London from Copenhagen asserts that Emperor William has recently been at Breslau where he decided on a four fold offensive movement against Kovno, Warsaw, Lodz, and Galicia. When this was under way, it was added, he expected to return to the Western theatre of war. From the Southeastern lip of Galicia, that is to say Bukowina, filters news of the advanced Russian forces unheard from for days.

Battle Imminent

It was said that the invasion of Transylvania was already under way and that battle between the Austrians and the combined Russo-Serbian forces was in immediate prospect.

British critics seem unable to agree as to whether the recent revival of German activity in Belgium means a serious attempt to take Antwerp and other points or whether the operations are merely intended to harass the Belgians and prevent them from tampering with the German lines of communication.

VIENNA FEARS RUSSIAN SIEGE

And Arrangements Are Made to Transfer Government to Prague

Vienna, Oct. 3.—In anticipation of an impending siege of Vienna, the Emperor and Cabinet, late yesterday, decided on the removal of the capital from Vienna to Prague.

The date for the removal is not yet decided on, but will be ordered as soon as it is certain that the Russians are going to move toward this city.

The Military Council, yesterday afternoon, ordered the immediate fortification of all Vienna suburbs.

Gets Promotion

London, Oct. 3.—Sir Claude Coventry Mallett has been appointed Minister to Panama and Costa Rica. He has performed similar services in these countries since 1908, but not until now with the status of a Minister-Resident and Consul General.

British Admiralty Decide to Countermine Waters of North Sea

But to Reduce the Risk to Non-combatants, the Authorities Issue Particulars as to the Sea Areas to Avoid and also Give the Delimitations of the Areas On Which Are German Mines

(British Colonial Office Dispatch)

London, Oct. 2.—The German policy of mine-laying, combined with their sub-marine activities, make counter-measures necessary on military grounds. His Majesty's Government have, therefore, authorized a mine-laying policy in certain waters.

To reduce the risk to non-combatants, the Admiralty announce that it is dangerous for ships to cross the area between latitude 51.15 and 51.40 north, and longitude 1.35 and 3.00 east.

The southern limit of the German minefield is latitude 52 north, but it must not be supposed that navigation is safe in any part of the Southern waters of the North Sea.

(Signed) HARCOURT.

Two German Auxiliary Ships Are Sunk by a French Gunboat

London, Oct. 3.—A dispatch from Bordeaux says it is officially announced there that a French gunboat has sunk two German auxiliary ships—Rhios and Itolo.

"Emden" is Reported Sunk By 'Good Hope' and 'Glasgow'

New York, Oct. 3.—The German cruiser Emden is reported sunk off South America by the British cruisers Good Hope and Glasgow.

GERMAN CRUISERS BUSY IN PACIFIC

Two of Them BombarDED Chief Town of French Colony of Tahiti

Bordeaux, Oct. 3.—The German cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, on Sept. 22 bombarded and half destroyed Papeete, the principal town and port of the French Island of Tahiti, the most important member of the Society Group in the Pacific.

The cruiser also sank the dismantled and dismantled French gunboat Seelee in the harbor and then put to sea.

Admiral Callaghan A Naval Aide-de-Camp

In pursuance of His Majesty's pleasure, Admiral Sir Geo. Astley Callaghan has been appointed First and Principal Naval Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, in succession to Admiral Sir Edmund Samuel Poo.

BIG BATTLE NEAR ROYE

Where Germans Have Been Reinforced—Allies Make Advances

Paris, Oct. 2.—An official statement issued by the War Office this afternoon says that terrific fighting continues incessantly near Roye where the Germans have been strongly reinforced.

Paris, Oct. 2.—On our left wing the battle continues with terrific fighting notably in the region of Roye where the Germans appear to have concentrated important reinforcements.

The action extends more and more towards the north. The front of the battle line is now extended into the region of the South Arras.

Upon the Meuse the Germans attempt at night to throw a bridge across the river near St. Michael's. The bridge was destroyed by our guns.

In the Woivre district our offensive continues and progresses step by step, notably in the region between Apremont and St. Michael's.

On the remainder of the front there have been attempted only partial operations here and there.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

3 WEEKS' FIGHTING ON AISNE

Little or no Cessation in Great Series of Combats in the West of Battle Area

ALLIES WIN WAY TOWARD NORTH

But Have to do Much Hard Fighting Yet Before Winning a Decisive Victory

London, Oct. 3.—The battle of the Aisne, as it is still called, although the armies contending in it have spread far beyond that river, has been in progress just three weeks now, and no decision has yet been reached.

Reports coming from Paris earlier in the week that the results of the Allies' operations were about to be attained, were premature. From all appearances there must be more hard fighting before either side gives way.

Heaviest Fighting.

The heaviest blows are being given and taken in the Western area where, according to yesterday's violent battle continues, especially in Roye district, where the Germans have concentrated considerable forces.

The communication added that the action is extending more and more northward, and that the fighting front is now extended to the district South of Arras. This, apparently, is a modest account of the northward advance of the French, for private telegrams received in London last night announced that the French actually had reached Arras.

Stubbornly Resist. Stubborn resistance has been offered by the Germans in the vicinity of Roye, where earlier in the week they succeeded in occupying heights which, however, they later were compelled to give up.

Along the front from the Oise to the Meuse rivers, according to a French report, only partial operations have been attempted by either side.

Frontal attacks by the Allies have, as a matter of fact, been discontinued, while the flanks are fighting for the ascendancy.

Another Attempt.

On the Allies' right the Germans made another attempt to cross the Meuse at St. Mihiel, where they got across last week. A German attempt to regain this ground, which they had abandoned when threatened on their flank from Toul, was made yesterday, when they tried to throw a bridge across the river.

The bridge, however, according to the French report, was destroyed during the night.

The Germans who are supposed to have had assistance from heavy Austrian guns, apparently have failed in their first attempt to break the outer line of forts at Antwerp.

Not Badly Damaged. Official reports and statements by correspondents say that none of the Belgian forts have been severely damaged, and that the German infantry attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

The opinion prevails here that the Germans do not intend at present to make a serious attempt to besiege Antwerp, and that the attack they have made is with the purpose of keeping the Belgians within the fortress and stopping sorties which were disconcerting the Germans occupying the rest of the country and occasionally spoiling their plans.

Again reports are in circulation that the Germans are making preparations to evacuate Belgium, or at any rate that portion as far East as Brussels. It is said their force at Brussels is packing up, and still another rumor has it that the German staff headquarters has been removed from Luxemburg to Mainz.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Moderate westerly winds, mostly fair and cool today and Sunday.



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**GIRLS SCARED AT THE RUSSIANS**

Had Been Told That Their Troops, Especially the Cossacks, Spared Nobody

A Russian wounded officer, who was recently in Petrograd, gave some interesting particulars of the progress of the Russian army in East Prussia to a representative of the Russkoye Technische.

"When we crossed the Eastern Frontier of Russia," he says, "the thing that struck us most was the deserted appearance of the German villages and farms. It looked as if the whole population had fled incontinently upon hearing of our approach. In the houses we saw on the table unfinished meals, letters partly written, needlework half-done. It was sad to see the pretty, well-kept German villages and little towns as if devastated by a plague.

**Terribly Scared**

"One evening we arrived at a prosperous looking farm. When we entered the house we discovered in one of the farthest rooms two terror-stricken girls. When they saw us they fell on their knees, imploring us to spare them. I never saw anyone more surprised than they when we told them that they need not fear us at all, and that we never interfere with the peaceful population.

"But we were told," said the elder one, "that you Russians, especially the Cossacks, kill everybody without distinction."

"Our hearty laughter seemed to give them more confidence.

"We shall not be sorry," they remarked, "if we become Russian subjects. We have had enough of this war. It was silly of our Kaiser to begin it."

**German Hearts Not in the War.**  
I heard similar expressions of disgust with the Kaiser and his Government from many other German non-combatants. As to the German soldiers they are of good physique and well-equipped. They are well drilled and march in good order, but I failed to see any sign of that wonderful efficiency of which we heard so much before the war. Their infantry seems to lack the stamina of our soldiers, and their cavalry avoided closing in with our Hussars.

I am reminded of a case in point. We were approaching a small town when we heard two shots and saw a

**"GERMANS ASSES WITH THE RIFLE"**

Says British Soldier Who Had Narrow Escape

Private Fred Hutchinson, of the King's Own Royal Lancaster Regiment, who was wounded at Le Cateau, has arrived home from the front. He lives in Openshaw, Manchester. He states that the regiment had been in action an hour when he got hit in the back with a bullet from a machine gun.

"Our regiment was taken by surprise by the Germans, who were waiting for us entrenched, after letting the Gordon Highlanders make good their retreat. We were about to have breakfast, after an all-night march, when the enemy opened fire.

"I had just got my pack off, when bullets came sweeping over us like hailstones from the enemy's machine guns. They seem to have eight machine guns to our one. The Germans are good with the machine guns, but asses with the rifle.

"It had been raining heavily, and I was wearing my overcoat, in which afterwards I found six bullet holes. My tunic was pierced and torn at the left elbow, and the bullet which struck me cut three holes in my jersey and came out at the shoulder. I thought my time had come. Our fellows who went through the South African War said that was nothing compared with this.

"I walked through some fields to our motor transport, and was then conveyed to hospital.

**ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS**

number of German Uhlans disappearing. When we reached the town I saw two of our horsemen, one of them without a horse. I asked him what was the matter, and he said he had accidentally lost his horse and had been surrounded by Uhlans. He discharged two bullets from his revolver when a comrade came to his rescue. With a wild shout he charged the enemy and they scattered. They both laughed at their 'victory' and regarded it as a curious experience.

"The Russian private's attitude, which I gathered on the battlefield, seems to be that they can be quite sure of themselves in the presence of anything like equal numbers of Germans. It is only when the enemy is in marked superiority that they consider their task hazardous."

**GERMAN CAPITAL IN THE DOMINION**

Said That the Kaiser Has \$29,000,000 Invested in Lands in the Canadian West

According to the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe, the Dominion Government is considering whether action should be taken in regard to German investments in Canada, which aggregate tens of millions of dollars.

"It will be remembered," he writes, "that some two years ago a story, emanating from Berlin, was published to the effect that the Emperor William himself had invested very largely in British Columbia timber and mining propositions. His agent in Canada was Baron von Alvensleben. It is stated that the latter invested German capital in British Columbia timber limits to the extent of \$29,000,000. No confirmation of this is available from the Dominion Department of the Interior today, but officials are now looking up the matter.

"Under the regulations of the department no lease can be granted excepting in the name of a British subject, and legally there may be some difficulty in the way of confiscation. But if it is shown that the investments are really those of German combatants in the present war steps will probably be taken to claim the property for the Crown.

"This will, of course, apply to many undertakings in Canada in which German capital is involved. The question is being looked up by the Department of Justice as to the rights of the Crown in such instances. It may be that part of Canada's war budget may be financed by the simple process of confiscating German money now in Canada. That has already been done in Germany in the case of British investments there. The cancellation of German and Austrian patents held in Canada is also another likely step."

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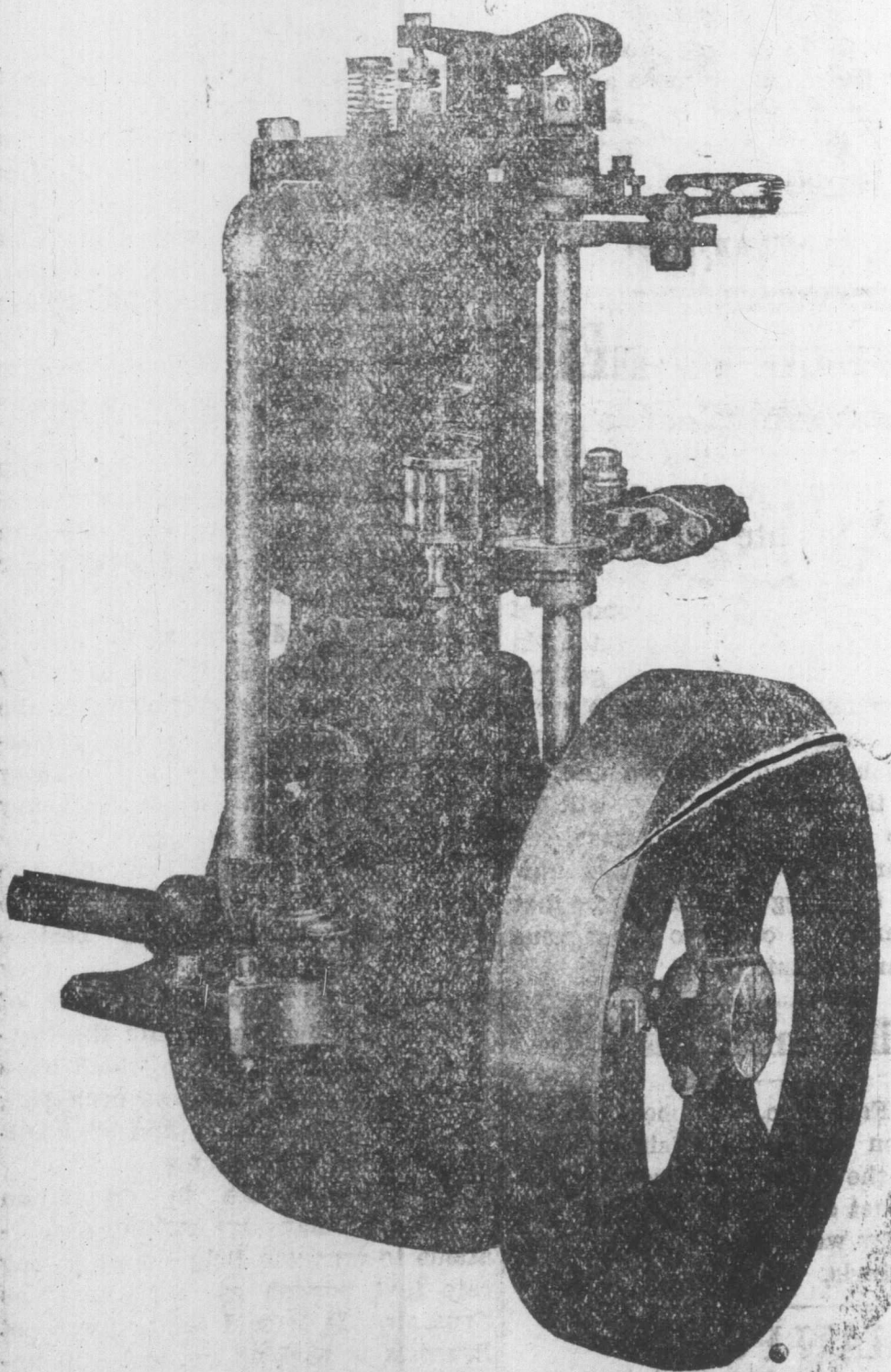
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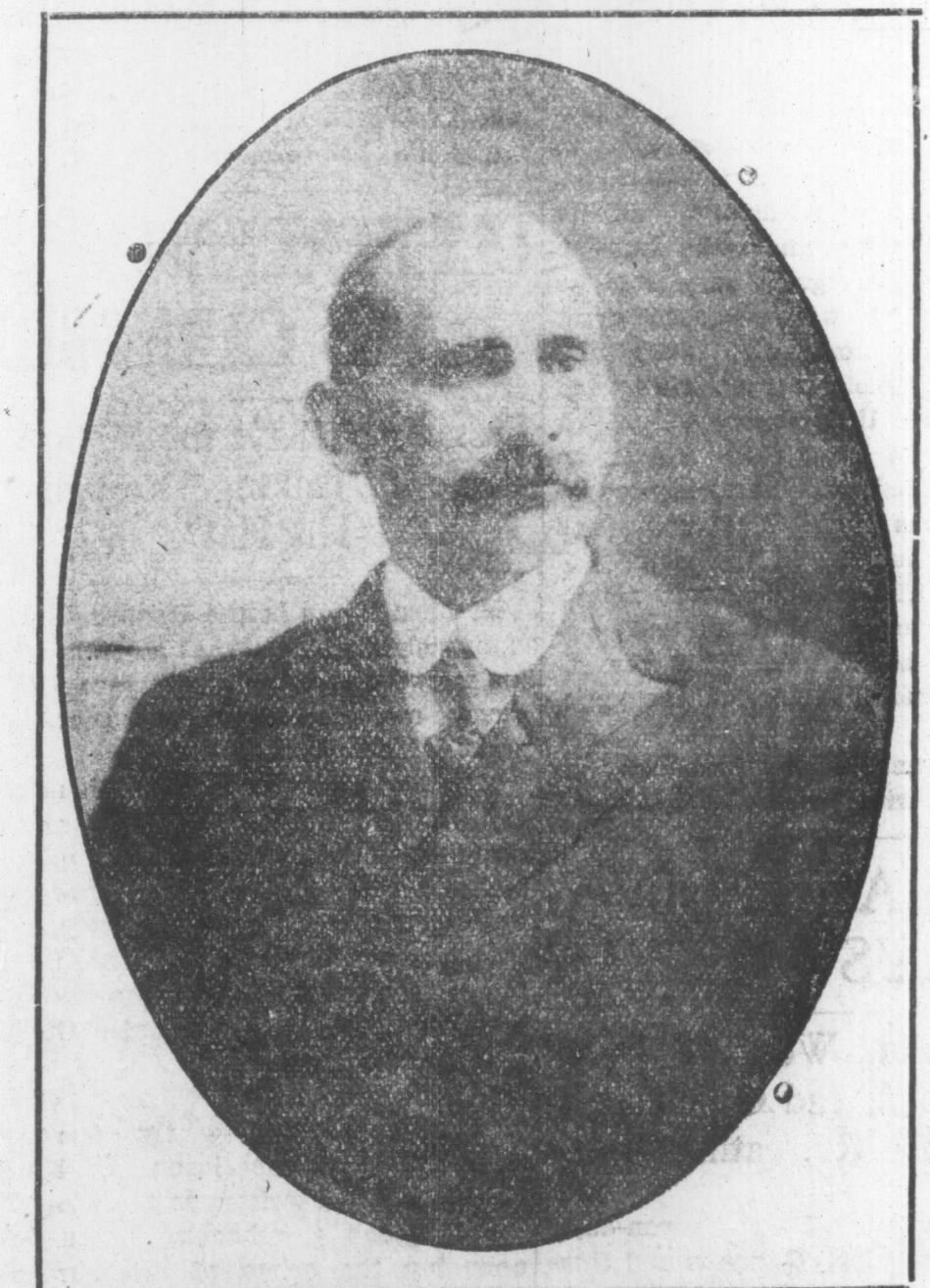
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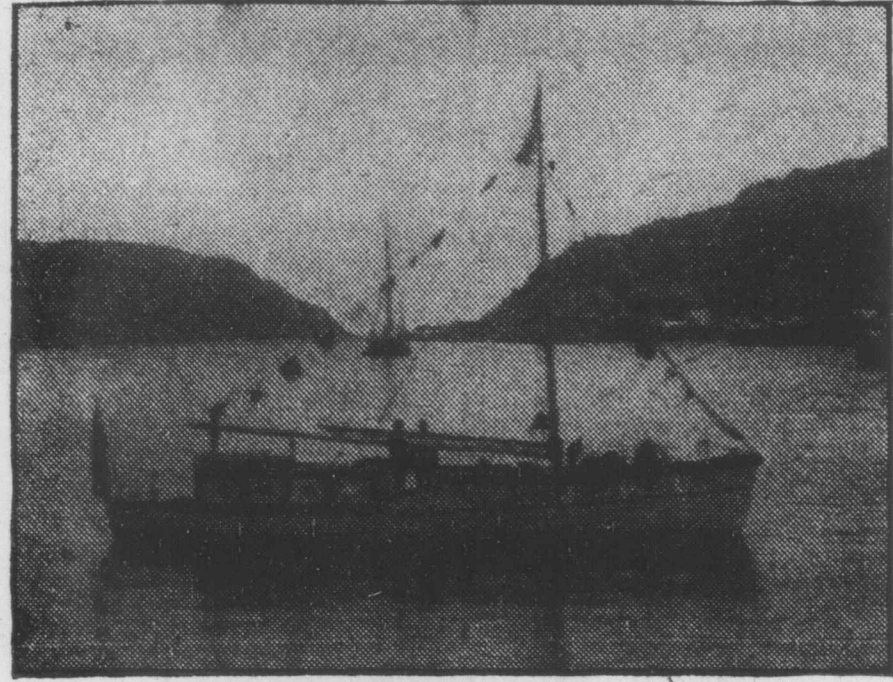
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## SMUTS AVOWS HIS LOYALTY

And Asks All South Africans  
To Be Active British  
Patriots

In the House of Assembly at Cape Town General Smuts, who was received with cheers, endorsed General Botha's motion to send a loyal message to the King assuring his Majesty of the support of South Africa. He reminded the House that the sufferers from German brutality and ruthlessness were their own kinsmen, the offspring of their common ancestry in Belgium, which was being laid waste, and in France. The people of Belgium and France, with Great Britain, were today engaged in a gigantic struggle for the freedom which was so dear to South Africans and which South Africans had secured through blood and tears.

### Must Sympathise

The people of South Africa could not but extend their fullest sympathy to little Belgium, which had so much in common with South Africa. Their mother countries had been assailed. Many of them had Belgian and French blood in their veins. Their other mother country, England, had been forced into this war, and they could not remain passive.

The question for South Africa to decide was whether they were going to do their duty, not only to themselves but to the whole world, by maintaining their rights and liberties, or whether they were going to allow this German military autocracy to gain the upper hand.

If they acted as cowards, and shrank from their obvious duty, which they would not, they would be undeserving of the rights and liberties which they enjoyed. All that South Africans had to decide was, he said, whether they would, as citizens of the British Empire, do their duty or not do their duty.

### Eloquent Appeal

With impassioned eloquence, General Smuts recalled the peace of Vereeniging. But that peace, he declared, South Africans secured the fullest liberty, and that liberty, thanks to Great Britain, they today enjoyed. The Government had ample information in its possession, which for obvious reasons could not be published, that the German Government for years past had had designs on British South Africa, and had contemplated its acquisition. It was against this Government, and against the German military caste, not against the German people, that South Africa, in common with the rest of the Empire, was at war.

General Smuts sat down amid a storm of cheering from all sides. His speech, which was delivered in Dutch, was repeatedly punctuated by cheering on both sides of the House, and was inspired by intense feeling and deep conviction.

## APPRECIATES CANADA'S AID

Admiralty Gratified At Canada's Fine Stand

London, Sept. 29.—The Admiralty authorities express much gratification at the receipt of a cable message, through the Secretary of the Colonies, from His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, intimating that a draft for \$235,990 is being mailed from the women of Canada. Of this \$100,000 will be handed to the War Office, while the balance will be devoted to the establishment of a naval hospital near Portsmouth.

The Admiralty had not anticipated that the promise of aid by the Canadian women would be so generously carried out. The War Office have no definite plan of allocation for the money but will try to devote it to a scheme with which the name of the women of Canada will be associated.

The military hospital established by the Canadian war contingent association is likely to be opened the latter part of this week.

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## SUBLIME HEROISM

The women of Paris have been admirable. Even the concubines, most garrulous of their sex, seem to have imposed on themselves a vow of silence. A splendid heroism this! No longer does one hear wild rumors of disaster and defeat. In the streets the women's faces are grave and set, but there is no sign of tears. Yet there must have been cruel news in many homes in Paris these last days.

A day or two ago the wife of a soldier learned that her husband's regiment was in the neighborhood of Paris. She took her baby and went out to give him a pleasant surprise.

She asked for the adjutant of her husband's company. "Can I see my husband," she said, giving her name. The officer stammered and grew pale.

"Madame," he said, "have courage. Your husband fell nobly at my side. We all loved him."

The wife stood for a moment without moving. Then, with a noble gesture, that was pure Greek and pure heroism, she raised her baby above her head and cried, "Vive la France, quand meme."

Then she turned and walked firmly away back to her widowed home.

## WEALTHY COLONY OF TOGOLAND

German Possession Taken by  
Britain Healthy Spot

Togoland, the fourth and smallest of German protectorates on the West Coast of Africa, which was taken by Britain by an expeditionary force of Gold Coast troops, has a coast line of about thirty miles only, but the strip of territory extends inland for about 350 miles. Whilst narrowing on the northern frontier to about thirty-two miles, it widens in the centre to fully 100 miles. It is calculated that Togoland comprises an area of nearly 34,000 square miles, and there is a population of fully 1,000,000.

There are fewer than 400 Germans in the colony. Most of these are at Lome, the chief town, and they consist of officials and traders. Togoland, like the other German West African colonies, suffered from the methods adopted in developing the territory; but it is a rich country, producing palm oil and palm nut kernels, cocoa, kola nuts, rubber and the many fibres yielded by tropical forests.

In addition to building Lome on lines which render it one of the healthiest towns on the West Coast, the Germans spent about \$250,000 in the construction of a landing stage.



## PUBLIC NOTICE! PULP WOOD

Licenses to cut Pulp Wood on Crown Lands on the Labrador may be issued by His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, subject to the following conditions:—

1. The license shall continue in force until June 30th, 1915, and no longer; Provided that any Licenses shall have the right to export any pulp wood so cut at any time up to and including December 31st, 1915;
2. The Licensee shall pay an export on any pulp-wood exported of \$1.00 per cord;
3. The Governor-in-Council may prescribe the rate of wages to be paid men employed by the Licensee for the purpose of cutting and exporting such pulp-wood.
4. The export duty is to be paid at the Port of Entry when wood is exported.

Any person exporting Pulp Wood without a License shall be liable to a fine of \$5,000.00 and an amount equal to double the amount of duty on the quantity so exported.  
**PIT PROPS.**

Any person may export by the usual export Entry any timber or Lumber for pit props to any place in the United Kingdom for one year from 1st September, 1914.

**S. D. BLANDFORD,**  
Min. Agriculture & Mines,  
Dept. Agriculture & Mines,  
10th September, 1914.

sep11.21w.1m

## HAD STIFF FIGHT IN A SUNKEN ROAD

Stirring Incidents and Experiences of a British Officer

A French soldier refers to a fight in a hollow road, or rather a defile. He says:

We were in a rather awkward position. The road was funnel-shaped, the Germans holding a position in the widest part of the funnel, while we were in the narrowest part of it, in a kind of defile, and, therefore offered but a narrow front to the Germans, so that they could not do us much harm, though their number was much larger than ours.

They had no artillery: we had, but could avail ourselves of two pieces of light artillery only, owing to the narrow passage. Up to now we had been able to hold our position, but we felt that should the enemy make up their mind to attack us en masse, according to tactics they often follow, notwithstanding the heavy losses involved by same, we would most probably not be able to resist them.

### Banks Too Steep

Our officers meditated the plan of carrying up two guns to the borders of the defile, which were from about 15 feet to some 18 feet high, and so steep that this idea had to be abandoned, as it seemed. But he is a tenacious character. The guns were of no use "down below," and would undoubtedly prove utterly useful on a point commanding the entrance to the defile where the enemy were and far beyond.

He chose his men to carry out his plan, in some way or other, and it would, and should, be carried out if we could only keep control of the enemy during the time required for the job.

### Good Artillery Work

And the officer carried his point. His men worked like Cyclops, removing every obstacle. They seemed indefatigable and gifted with superhuman strength, and at last got the guns into the indicated place and in the position required.

All the while we had maintained our fire, doing as much damage to the enemy as we possibly could, though our ranks suffered a good deal, too, owing to the fact that a good many men were now crammed together in a narrow space without sufficient shelter.

### Their Hearts Leaped

Suddenly the first shots of the guns at the top of the defile were heard, and made our hearts leap with joy. Once more our artillermen proved their excellent marksmanship, for those two shots caused an enormous damage.

The enemy seemed most disagreeably surprised; there was a bustle and a tumult not altogether alien from a panic, and to increase the effect our four guns were fired simultaneously before the enemy had been able to recover themselves. They made a desperate effort to attack us en masse, but now they had not the least chance of success. They were felled in long rows, and the rest turned their backs upon us, and fled in wild disorder.

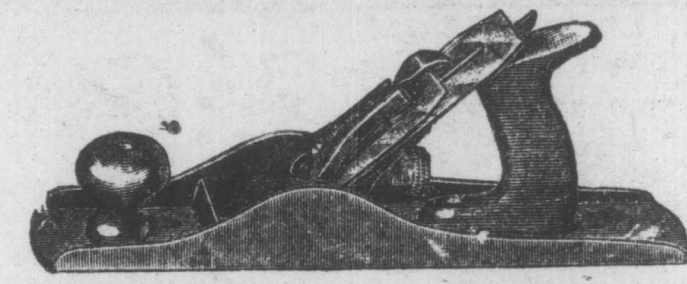
## A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN

Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effectual filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self-evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.

Anyone can repair a roof with Elastic Roofing Cement Paint. It is easy and ready to apply. No heating required. You can do the work yourself with an ordinary whitewash brush. P. H. COWAN, Agent.

## LOST

A Fishing Boat, Copper Painted bottom, green, from water line up to gullin; name "J. Vail" cut on the fore cuddy. Anyone finding such a boat will please notify JAMES VAIL, Lower Island Cove.—sep24.d3i.w2w



## Saved From The Fire!

And Selling at Special Low Prices

## LOT HORSE NAILS

in Bags of 50 lbs., mixed sizes No. 6, 7, 8, at 5c. per lb.

## 45 Stanley and Other Planes

also large assortment of Tools, Locks and Hinges of every description and General Builders Supplies.

Bedsteads, slightly smoked only, 100 dozen Wood Pipes, Axes, Grindstones; also a full line of new goods.

All Mail Order goods will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered.

## MARTIN HARDWARE CO'Y., LTD.

Front and Rear next West of Old Store.

## DEVINE'S TO THE FRONT

In the Heart of the City

With a very nice line of

Children's and Misses

**Serge (Navy) School Dresses & Suits**

There is no dress more serviceable for little girl's going to school than the Serge Sailor. We have them made from good quality serge—Pleated Stylishly—and Belted round the waist—prices range from

**\$1.80 for suits**

—and—

**\$3.00 to \$6.50**

For Box Pleated Sailor Dresses.

Excellent value and neatly trimmed. Bought before the war. On sale this week. See windows. Be patriotic and keep the wheels of business moving.

**J.M. Devine**  
THE RIGHT HOUSE

Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.

## A Between-Seasons Suggestion

We have in stock just a very few exquisite Evening Gowns, one or two actual Paris Models, others exact copies of Paris Gowns. As these are decidedly advance style they will be the correct mode for the Fall Season, and we are selling them off at greatly reduced prices to make room for our large Autumn Stock. Two particularly lovely Gowns are briefly described below.

¶ Gown of Sheer White Lace mounted on fine Brussels net lining. It has the new three tier skirt; Waist and Sleeves of Lace, in soft, graceful draping; Vest caught with tiny crystals; and wide crushed girdle of Pale Blue Satin

¶ Elegant Gown of Black Chiffon over soft White Lace, lined throughout with White Silk; handsome and effective trimming of rich Helio Velvet.

**U.S. Picture & Portrait Co.**



Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., OCT. 3, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

The Moratorium

MR. HARVEY'S speech published by The Herald yesterday contained a reference to the agitation for a moratorium. Some of his statements are unfounded. He congratulated the Premier for his inaction and strongly opposed having a moratorium in operation. Mr. Harvey's remarks might just as well be left unsaid for they did no good and showed that he could use his position in the Legislature to advance his pet fads irrespective of the public welfare.

He might have been able to get along without a moratorium at the time of the financial depression referred to by him just after the war opened, and so would all and sundry if they had been lucky enough to fall into a business that had a quarter of a million dollars of life insurance money going into its capital a few years ago and which business ran no risks for fishery supplies or in fish buying and could turn into its cash box \$100,000 a year from the general trade in the shape of big charges for wharfage and agencies commission.

Very few firms in a tight corner were privileged to haul in \$60,000 as profits on 35,000 barrels of flour. It may suit Mr. Harvey to talk big about moratorium but he well knows that ten per cent. of all business obligations have been met since the war opened. He well knows that not twenty per cent. of notes outstanding when the war came have been paid. Had it not been for the Hon. Mr. Winter and Mr. John Browning some firms now transacting business would have their affairs in liquidation.

A moratorium was established here without legal sanction. The banks and business houses established a moratorium of their own. To the credit of the banks be it said, that they all responded bravely in the crisis and did their best for all their clients, but the trouble is not over, wait until February or March is passed before crowing. Whether there was a need or not, it was the Government's duty to have convened the Legislature immediately after the war opened and passed a moratorium and the fact that power to put it in operation existed might have been sufficiently effective in this little commercial community.

No one can give Mr. Harvey credit for the stand he took or for the influence his firm used in opposing the proposal. Without it there was a big risk of many firms collapsing, with it a safety valve existed that would prevent a business collapse at such an emergency. It is useless to lock the stable door after the horse is stolen, and that is what Mr. Harvey would have us do.

The trouble is not over. It must be faced before many months, and if all business firms are of the opinion of Mr. Harvey very little consideration will be given to any one in deep water. They may expect little aid from Mr. Harvey if we judge him by his actions. The Government did wrong and risked much by not convening the Legislature when the war opened.

There is no man safer or saner than the man who foresees what is ahead and does all in his power to prepare for all emergencies. A policy of inaction or waiting is that of the

Can Be Done

EVEN a casual survey of the news of the outside world as it reaches us through our daily dispatch shows the miserable weakness of the stand taken by certain parties against the suggestion of President Coaker that the Government of this Colony should step in and guarantee a minimum price for this season's catch of codfish.

The critics would have us believe that for our authorities to do this would be for them to take some very unprecedented steps. That this is not so, a cable from London this morning proves. Of course, it does not refer to codfish, but it does refer to the staple industry of Lancashire and neighboring counties in England. The war has caused depression in cotton manufacturing circles and it is suggested that the British Government should come to the aid of the workers.

In Great Britain it is suggested that a grant should be made to assist the workers. That is not necessary in connection with the codfishery of this country, at least as far as the season's catch is concerned. But the principle is the same—that under our supposed democratic form of government it is incumbent on the authorities to come to the aid of the masses in their time of need—and surely there was never a time when such benevolent interference was more badly needed in Newfoundland.

We emphatically assert that if the Government of this country had made the guarantee demanded some time ago its profitable effects would even now be being felt in Newfoundland. As a result of their holding back, our fishermen are being offered a lower price for fish than would actually be quoted in the city.

Local buyers have been so insistently preaching the doctrine of low prices that those buyers who have been sent here by outside fish dealers are refusing to purchase even at prices now mentioned. Why? Just because they have concluded from general talk in fish-buying circles in the city that the price of our staple product is likely to decline still further in the very near future. And, naturally, they prefer to wait until they can get their shipments at the lower price.

With Government supervision this situation could not continue. Every dealer who wished to purchase fish would know that the price quoted was the minimum to which fish would fall and would at once make his purchases fearing an increase rather than waiting for a possible decline.

It is the duty of the hour for the Government to step in in behalf of the fishermen and to some extent rehabilitate themselves in the good graces of the people.

Will they do this or will they, as seems but too probable, pursue their old policy of "drift" to the injury of the masses whose interests they are supposed to guard in every way possible?

stupid and selfish. The wise man—the able man—the true patriot—exerts all his powers to aid the public interests, not when the storm is at its height but before it is in motion.

What we wrote in the early days of the war we again endorse. Not one word would we withdraw. If we had the time over and had our present knowledge of matters we would boldly utter the same words.

Such small minds as Mr. Harvey's will never be useful to a country in trying times. The man who accomplishes great things is the man with a bold and determined will, and one who is not afraid to act in the general interest of his country instead of his own, when abnormal conditions exist.

**Don't Be Content**  
To have your garments patched by inexperienced workers; have them retailed as they should be done by  
**C. M. HALL,**  
Genuine Tailor and Renovator,  
243 THEATRE HILL

Here's Another Fine Week-End Bill for FRIDAY and SATURDAY at THE NICKEL.

THE EDISON CO. PRESENT MARY FULLER, IN A STRONG SOCIAL DRAMA IN 2 REELS, ENTITLED:—

"ALEXIA'S STRATEGY."

Osgood and Young are rivals for the hand of Alexia, the daughter of the President of the Bank in which they are employed. Osgood, knowing that Young is winning the girl, makes a false entry in Young's Ledger, and steals the equivalent, concealing some of the notes in Young's room. Circumstantial evidence convicts Young, and Osgood renews his attentions to Alexia. Her strategy copes with the situation in a very clever and delightfully acted way.

THE STRUGGLE—A typical Western drama, featuring "Broncho Billy" Anderson.

OBJECTIONS OVER-ruLED—A screaming farce-comedy by the Biograph fun-makers.

The Vitagraph Players Offer:—

"THE SACRIFICE."

Losing trace of his old love, he finds a new one. The new finds the old and re-unites her with her old sweetheart to the sacrifice of her own love. A dainty social photo-play.

"OUR CHILDREN"—A comedy-drama by the Keystone Company.

And, of course, there is the usual BIG MATINEE PROGRAMME for the Little Ones on SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

IS IT STUPIDITY OR INDIFFERENCE?

Correspondent Slates Government For Failure To Protect People

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir,—Well might it be asked: Is this country drifting to perdition? Long since has the writer lost all respect for and any hope of sincerity in the present Premier and his party; but it is simply astounding that men do not come forward in support of your policy of commercial stability at this hour of need.

In so acting the institution called the Board of Trade will, of course, in all decency hold their peace in future as a factor in the honorable avenues of trade for their influence is perishing now forever.

In the race for stupidity surely the Government will not be denied the Blue Ribbon and The Board of Trade the Red.

Monuments of Stupidity.

To contrast these two monuments of death and gross stupidity with the British or other colonial Governments and the British Board of Trade would be very little short of sacrilegious.

No man of intelligence could stand the process.

It is well nigh time that the outport business man, as well as each and every toiler should see right into this farce and having removed the screens from the windows take a good long and careful view of this true and almost perfect Monte Carlo at our own good little St. John's.

The operators in these innocent little games are for the most part no less than the host of silk hatted regular church goers of this our only "centre of culture" so called.

The Poor Victims.

The victims are the host of industrious business men throughout the whole country, the laborers, fishermen and by far the greatest of all the innocent women and children.

In the sight of our "master financier," the big little Lloyd George, there is no greater traitor to the Empire than the man who in any and every way according to his position and ability does not at this time put forth his utmost effort to stabilize trade and enable the wage-earner and producer to get his regular and full reward for his labours.

Could Do This.

When a million or two dollars was required for railroad construction and the little grabs accompanying it, there was not a moment lost by the high and mighty premier in getting the House of Assembly closed and rushing on the first train with authority of Parliament to borrow that they might spend and spending reap reward.

Now that the producers are holding some several million dollars worth of food products for disposal to the markets of the world where are those mighty men?

Where? Why just occupying their seats at the old game, watching intent for the wheel to stop, sweep in their little piles and send a second installment to the Patriotic Fund for Publication.

They're All Guilty.

is theirs because if we read aright the immense power of the Fishermen's Protective Union is with them and in our opinion, whatever be their shortcomings, of any, their unstinted effort in this their great struggle against a wily adversary is a full justification of their existence.

Need of the Hour.

The need of the hour is men to cooperate and we will not believe till the last that this, Britain's oldest Colony cannot produce them—honest and upright men.

Will you not raise up your heads and contribute to the solution of this great and all important problem and in thus doing save your ignorant gambling brother from his own terrible destruction. These are mighty times in the earth and your duty is your privilege.

Your answer now is to that same old question, "Am I my brother's keeper?"

Write your answer, brother, in well considered, but fearless acts.

The Duty is Clear.

It is not easy but the duty is clear. The real work has already been done and the power accumulated in the Fishermen's Protective Union, but the influence and strength of every honest man is needed as the adversary is strong and well equipped, his back must be broken and now is the great opportunity. The gambler must not rule or all else must be content in slavery.

I wish you, Mr. Editor, a full measure of strength to sustain you in your great struggle for commercial independence and freedom.

TOILER,  
Harbor Grace, Sept. 30, 1914.

PAY RECEIVED BY THE BRITISH

Some Figures From British Army Pay Sheet

At a time when the flower of the young men of Great Britain have discarded civilian trappings and donned the khaki uniform it is interesting to find what precisely are the rates of payment for the different ranks in the British Army, for under active service conditions every man, be he regular or territorial, is placed on the same footing in this respect.

The regimental daily pay is as follows, although it must be borne in mind that an addition is made to the pay of certain officers after three and ten years' service, and the privates receive a penny a day for every good-conduct badge earned: Private, 24c. to 42c.; corporal, 40c. to 64c.; sergeant, 56c. to 80c.; company sergeant-major, 90c. to \$1.29; master gunner, \$1.08 to \$1.44; quartermaster, \$2.16 to \$2.52; adjutant (in addition to pay as captain or lieutenant), \$1.20 to \$1.44; lieutenant, \$1.26 to \$1.84; captain, \$2.78 to \$3.60; major, \$3.26 to \$4.36; lieutenant-colonel, \$4.36 to \$6.00; colonel, \$6.20 to \$7.26 (the highest rates in each case being for mounted troops).

The daily pay of Staff officers, in addition to allowances for horses, servants, and lodgings, which are not granted to regimental officers, is as follows: Aide-de-camp, \$5.10; brigadier-major, \$5.10; colonel and staff, \$8.46; deputy adjutant and quartermaster-general, \$9.72; brigadier-general, \$9.72; major-general, \$14.58; lieutenant-general, \$26.70.

LICENSING NOTICE

Applicants for Licenses to sell Intoxicating Liquors shall be made between the First and the Fifteenth of October.

A. W. KNIGHT,  
Secretary Licensing Board,  
Oct 1, 12

"OH G!" TWAS A DREAM

Last night as I lay sleeping, I saw a great crowd meet. And as I stopped to watch them my heart commenced to beat. For as I watched them gather from my place behind the tree, I noticed all the women there whose names commenced with G;

Not knowing what the racket was I thought I'd slip between Two women who passed by me (for my name is Mrs. Green). And then I found the meeting was to form a little plan To settle Mr. Coaker that dreadful wicked man.

Who is making all the people talk, and writes not as we please. But as it suits the Union Man, sometimes he writes to tease. The people who have got swelled head, not meaning you nor me, But they who think they know it all, especially Mrs. G.

The meeting it was opened by the wife of Mr. Guy. Who would not write an angry word, nor even hurt a fly. She said her name was Mrs. G. and said "I am no joker, I did not write the Daily News about the man called Coaker."

"We'll now proceed to call the roll, and notify the race. That the letter was not written by my old friend, Mrs. Grace. Such trash as published in the News, will bitter feelings plant. "And as I've finished speaking, I'll call on Mrs. Grant."

She had an awful temper and quite a lot to say. But long before she said it, up spoke poor Mrs. Gray. She said she had some work to do, in order to get food

So thought it was a waste of time, and so did Mrs. Good; That started Mrs. Gillingham, who called her a big booby. And then the racket did commence, for a woman there called Gooby Tried to settle the dispute at once by calling, "order please."

That started Mrs. Guzzwell and the other Mrs. G's; They all commenced to shout at once, their bonnets were in ribbons. And I was taken off my feet by Aunt Sophria Gibbons. I made a jump and gained my feet, my bonnet it fell off.

"Was quickly rescued from the mob by noble Mrs. Goff. The other women's headgear was gathered up in piles By several of the women among them Mrs. Giles;

"Twas then that I got frightened and shouted "let us flee. Right home to do our duty and look after Mr. G. What right have we to meddle with the price of fish and oil. It is enough for us to know that Mr. G. must toil

And if there is to be a row, let hubby do his duty. For Coaker is a terror and at fighting he's a beauty; When I'm away my husband, dear, looks after all my letters. So come this way, dear Mrs. Goss, and mix up with your betters. It's very hard, but I must say 'what fools these mortals be!'

To have a fight with Coaker, for the sake of Mrs. G."

Now is the time to secure a good barrel of No. 1 or 2 Grapenstain Apples, cheaper this year than for years past, and better pack also. Bartlett's and Clapp's Pears in 1/2 brl. and bris. A big shipment of Preserving Plums in six quart baskets, Red, Blue and Green. California Oranges, Plums, Bananas, and a shipment of Long Island Potatoes, beauties, dry and large, at GLEESON'S, 108 Water St. East.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Butter & Cheese

Just received, a shipment of Choice Creamery Butter in 14 and 28 lb. Boxes —and— 30 Boxes Cheese, Twin Colin Campbell

Just Arrived By s.s. "Carthaginian" a shipment of Climax Dairy Meal —and— Climax Molasses Feed Meal Job's Stores Ltd.

Apples! Apples! 200 Barrels Choice Apples George Neal

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTHCHILD, G.C.V.O. Chairman ROBERT LEWIS . . . . . General Manager. TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000. Fire Insurance of every description effected. LEONARD ASH, Carbonear, Sub-Agent for Carbonear District. BAIN, JOHNSTON & CO. Agents for Newfoundland.

Advertise in The Mail and Advocate If You Advertise For Prompt Results.

Cold Nights Coming Keep Warm with a pair of RIVERSIDE BLANKETS Warmest and Best. For Sale by all dealers.



## SAYS GERMAN IS BLOODHOUND

Is Absolutely Bloodthirsty, According to a British Officer in the Dragoons

A NEW COMMISSIONED OFFICER in the Dragoons has sent to a relative a fine description of the work being done by the British cavalry.

All our men—in fact, the whole British Army—are as fit as a fiddle, and the lads are as keen as mustard. There is no holding them back. At Mons we were under General Chetwode and horses and men positively flew at the Germans, cutting through much heavier mounts and heavier men than ours. The yelling and the dash of the Lancers and Dragoon Guards was a thing never to be forgotten.

We lost very heavily at Mons, and it is a marvel how some of our fellows pulled through and positively frightened the enemy. We did some terrible execution, and our wrists were feeling the strain of heavy riding before sunset. With our tunics unbuttoned, we had the full use of our right arm for attack and defence.

**Did Much Damage.**

After Mons I went with a small party scouting, and we again engaged about twenty cavalry, cut off from their main body. We killed nine, wounded six and gave chase to the remaining five, who, in rejoining their unit, nearly were the means of trapping us. However, our men dispersed and hid in a wood until they fell in with a squadron of the — and so reached camp in safety.

After that a smart young corporal accompanied me to reconnoitre, and we went too far ahead, and were cut

off in a part of the country thick with Uhlans. As we rode in the direction of — two wounded men were limping along, both with legs damaged, one from the Middlesex and the other Lancashire Fusiliars, and so we took them up.

**Hiding in a Crypt.**

Corporal Watherston took one behind his saddle and I took the other. The men were hungry and tattered to shreds with fighting, but in fine spirits. We soon came across a small village, and I found the cure a grand sportsman and full of pluck and hospitality. He seemed charmed to find a friend who was English, and told me that the Germans were dressed in the uniforms of British soldiers, which they took from the dead and from prisoners in order to deceive French villagers, who in many places in that district had welcomed these wolves in sheep's clothing.

We were warned that the enemy would be sure to track us up to the village. The cure said he could hide the two wounded men in the crypt of his church and put up beds for them. It was a secret trapdoor, and was an ancient treasure-house of a feudal lord, whose castle we saw in ruins at the top of the hill close by.

Then he hid away our saddlery and uniforms in the roof of a barn, and insisted on our making a rest-chamber of the tower of the church, which was approached by a ladder which we were to pull up to the belfry as soon as we got there.

He smuggled in wine and meat and bread and cakes, fruit and cigarettes, with plenty of bedding pulled up by a rope. We slept soundly and the owls seemed the only other tenants who resented our intrusion. No troops passed through the village that night.

In the morning the cure came round at six o'clock and we heard him say Mass. After that we let down the ladder, and he came up with delicious hot



chocolate and a basket of rolls and butter.

**"Saviours of France."**

Our horses he had placed in different stables a mile apart, and put French "fittings" on them, so as to deceive the enemy. He thinks we are well away from the main body of the German army, moving in the direction of Paris, but will not hear of our leaving here for at least three days.

But I cried, "Cure, we are deserters!"

The old man wept and said, "Deserters, no, no,—saviours, saviours; you have rescued France from the torments of slavery."

However, we have now secured complete disguises as French cultivators—baggy corduroy trousers, blue shirts, boots, stockings, belt, hat, cravat, everything to match—and as we have not shaved for two weeks, and are bronzed with the sun. I think that the corporal and myself can pass anywhere as French peasants, if only he will leave all the talking to me. One thing I must tell you:

**Couldn't Speak English.**

The two wounded soldiers don't wish us to leave them, because I am interpreter, and not a soul speaks English in the village. So we have explained to the cure that we shall stay here until our comrades are able to walk, and then the party of four will push our way out somewhere on horse back and get to the coast. The sacristan at once offered to be our guide, and it is arranged that we take a carrier's wagon which travels in this district and drive our own horses in it, and pick up two additional mounts at a larger village on the way to the coast.

We must get back as soon as ever we can. Nothing could be kinder than the people here, but this is not what we came to France for, and hanging about in a French village is not exactly what a soldier calls "cricket."

**Great Transport System.**

You cannot imagine how complete the Germans are in the matter of rapid transport. Large automobiles, such

## DID GERMANS OUT OF SUPPER

How French Gave the Germans a Most 'Disagreeable Surprise'

London, Sept. 29.—A British cavalry officer gives in a letter to a relative in England some stirring incidents and experiences.

"I shall never forget," he says, "how a splendidly made trooper in the — with his shirt in ribbons actually stooped so low from his saddle as to snatch a wounded comrade from instant death at the hands of a powerful German. And then, having swung the man right around to the near side, made him hang on to his stirrup leather while he lunged his sword clean through the German's neck."

**Stripped For It**

"A young lancer, certainly not more than twenty, stripped off tunic and shirt and fighting in his vest charged a German who had fired on a wounded man and pierced him to the heart, seizing his horse as he fell and exchanged it for his own, which had got badly damaged. Then his sword sheathed like lightning, he swung around and shot a German clean through the head and silenced him forever."

"There have been many actions in which Englishmen have had to face overwhelming odds, and have done it without flinching, without a murmur, retiring after the action. But you will some day, when the records of this campaign are pieced together and the world realizes the nature—the savage, brutal, hypocritical nature of the swelled-head Prussians—know what the British army has cheerfully gone through and is prepared to go through at the call of duty."

**Took Their Supper**

How a small party of cavalry cheated some Germans of their supper is told in the following words:

"A small party were out on reconnaissance work, scouring woods and searching the country side. Just about dusk a hail of bullets came upon our party from a small spinney of fir trees on the side of a hill.

"We instantly wheeled off as if we were retreating, but, in fact, we merely pretended to retire, and galloped around across ploughed land to the other side of the spinney, fired on the men and they mounted their horses and flew like lightning out of their 'supper room,' leaving a finely cooked repast of beefsteaks, onions, potatoes, all ready and done to a turn, with about fifty bottles of Pilsner lager beer, which was an acceptable relish to our meal.

"Ten of our men gave chase and returned for an excellent feed."

## SAVED REGIMENT LOST OWN LIFE

Heroic Action of a Highlander in the Battle of the Aisne

London, Sept. 29.—The Daily Mail's Paris despatch gives a thrilling story of the exploit of a Highlander who was one of the party of 150 detailed to hold a bridge over the Aisne.

The German attack was not expected at this point and the detachment was meant to act rather as a guard than as a force to defend the bridge. Suddenly, however, the Germans opened fire from the woods around, and a strong force outnumbering our little odds, came forward on a run towards the bridge.

**Greatly Outnumbered**

The Highlanders opened fire at once and for a time held the enemy at bay, but the numbers of the Germans were so great that the attacking force crept constantly nearer and, under cover of a heavy fire, a dense column of troops was seen advancing along the road that led to the river.

Then one of the Highlanders jumped up from cover. The Maxim belonging to the little force had ceased its fire, for the whole of its crew had been killed, and the gun stood there on its tripod silent amid a ring of dead bodies.

**Saved the Day**

The Highlanders ran forward under the bullet storm, seized the Maxim, swung its tripod and all on his back and carried it at a run across the exposed bridge to the far side facing the German attack. The belt of the gun was still charged and there, absolutely alone, the soldier sat down in full view of the enemy, and opened a hail of bullets upon the advancing columns.

Under the tempest of fire the column wavered, then broke, fleeing for cover to the fields on either side of the road, leaving scores of dead that the Maxim had mowed down. Almost a moment after the Highlander fell dead beside his gun there in the open road. He had checked the advance upon the bridge and reinforcements came doubling up to line the river bank in such numbers that the Germans soon retired and gave up the attempt to gain the bridge.

The Highlander had thirty bullet wounds in his body when he was picked up.

**PREPARE FOR THE WORST.**

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

## The Elite Tonsorial Parlor,

Prescott Street, near Rawlin's Cross, F. ROBERTS, Proprietor,

Mr. F. Roberts, of the Elite Tonsorial Parlors, begs to announce to his many patrons, that he has installed the very latest Massage machines for face and hair; also that he will carry full assortment Choice Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.

## Wall Paper and Bordering

Arrived ex S.S. Sardinian:

2029 Bundles, 75,000 Rolls Wall Paper!

Specially selected for the Newfoundland trade. EXCEPTIONAL VALUE

ROBINSON EXPORT Co.

## For Sale!

A 6 h.p. Stationary Engine

Master workman make, suitable for running a Stave Mill or Machine Shop.

Engine is fitted with a Patent Clutch Pulley and regulated with a Governor, and is in first-class condition.

Price \$150. Apply to Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd.

Buy Your Furniture —and— Mattresses —at— Pope's Furniture and Mattress Factory, Waldegrave and George Sts. Est. 1860 'Phone 659

# Dorothy Dodd

## On Parade

Your feet are always on parade in these days of short skirts, hobble skirts and all the other new style skirts.

Don't let a broken or shabby pair of shoes embarrass you, wear "DOROTHY'S" and you will always have the self-satisfaction of knowing they "LOOK ALL RIGHT."

A NEW SHIPMENT JUST IN!

MARSHALL BROS. AGENTS.

as the railway companies have for towns round Harrogate and Scarborough, built like chara-bancs, carry the soldiers in batches of fifty, so that they are as fresh as paint when they get to the front. But in point of numbers I think one of our side is a fair match for four of the enemy.

I hope that the British public are beginning to understand what this war means. The German is not a toy terrier, but a bloodhound' absolutely thirsty for blood.

## Wonderful Results From the A. I. C., The World's Cure

When everything else fails to cure you give our medicine a trial and be cured. We have scores testifying to its curative value. Hear what Mrs. Aron says about it:

July 7th, 1914. Nineteen months I have been suffering with heart disease, until I hear of A.I.C. I took a pint bottle and now I am perfectly cured. I tried all doctors and medicine, but A.I.C. was the only cure I could find. MRS. HENRY ARON, Southside, Carbonear.

Another cured at St. George's: June 29th, 1914. I have been a sufferer for eighteen months. I tried all doctors, but all failed to cure me. I took two bottles of A.I.C. and now I am perfectly cured. If anyone doubts this statement, write or see me personally. MRS. MARY FRENCH, St. George's.

Manufactured by Saunders & Merceer, Shearstown, Nfld. Price \$1.25 and \$2.25. sept24

## FOR SALE

One Motor Boat, about 22 feet long, equipped with new Ferro 5 1/2 h.p. Engine with Kerosene Adapter and Reverse Gear. A snap for a quick sale.—oct1,tf

## GENT'S NEW AUTUMN SHOES

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER.

It will pay you to see the values of our Record Brand Shoes at \$2.50 per pair —and— Special Brand Shoes at \$3.00 per pair

Record Brand at \$2.50 per pair in the following makes: Box Calf, Bals., Bluchers, and Congress Shoes. Vici Bals., Bluchers, and Congress Shoes. Tan Vici Laced Blucher Cut Shoes.

Special Brand at \$3.00 per pair

In the following makes: Box Calf, Laced Bals., and Blucher Cut Shoes. Vici Laced Blucher Cut and Bal. Shoes. Gun Metal Laced Blucher Cut Shoes. Box Calf Blucher Cut Shoes, Leather lined. Gun Metal Blucher Cut Oxfords.

## STEER BROTHERS.



## WILL REGULATE CITY HOUSING

Civic Commission to see that Cheap Houses Are Kept in Good Condition

The Weekly Meeting of the Civic Commission took place last evening. The full board was present. A message was read from Mr. Longley, the water expert, that he will arrive by next Monday's express. The Commissioners will meet him at the Council chamber after his arrival. Morine and Summers claimed compensation for Mrs. Barrett, who was deprived of right of way to her home. The Council is not liable.

W. H. Rennie acknowledged receipt of Council's letter. In future the Gas Co. will not open streets without consulting with the city engineer.

**Refused Debentures.**  
J. P. Blackwood on behalf of the Trustees of Cochrane Street Church, refused to accept the debentures. Council admits its liability to pay in cash and Royal Bank of Canada will be asked to advance the money.

Kent and McGrath wrote re settlement of Patrick Caul's award. There were several other claims of a similar character to be paid, and on motion it was decided to settle them.

W. C. Winsboro asked the support of Council re his improved telephone system. His letter will be acknowledged, but the Council is not in a position to move.

Soper and Halley sent plans, but as there is no sewer on the street, they were held over.

**Preparing Plans.**  
Inspector Rooney is preparing plans of unoccupied land in the city suitable for building lots, which will be ready for next meeting.

The Engineer was asked to report on George Chapter's application to erect a one-storey shed on Monroe Street.

Rd. French, Signal Hill Road, must connect with water and sewerage. Alfred Rose, Coronation Street, wrote asking that the drains be repaired.

The office committee Messrs. McNamara, Ayre and Anderson, reported at length suggesting improvements in the methods employed at present. In future bills will be sent out in ten days after the first of each half year.

**Can Make Regulations.**  
The Solicitor reported on the law as to the owners of houses rented for \$50.00 or less. They must be reasonably fit for human habitation and the Board had the power to make regulations for that purpose, and to impose a penalty not exceeding \$5.00 per day for non-compliance. The engineer will draw up a scheme governing tenant conditions.

The engineers report dealt with various matters. John Duff must pay for six bowling alleys.

Two cases of diptheria were reported at the General Hospital during the week, and one at LeMarchant Road.

Coun. Bradshaw asked that in fu,

## NARROW ESCAPE OF FIREMEN WHEN BAKERY ROOF CAVED IN

Fire Guttled Browning's Bakery Yesterday Afternoon Doing \$30,000 Damage

### ALMOST RESULTED IN THREE FATALITIES

#### Origin of the Fire Which Started Over the Boiler is Altogether a Mystery

Fire did damage to the tune of \$30,000.00 in two hours at Browning's Bakery yesterday afternoon, and the place is now in ruins.

It was the most serious blaze in the city for some time and but for the work of the firefighters the damage would have been much greater.

At 2:15 p.m. fire was discovered just over the boiler, and an alarm was sent in. The building being dry owing to the great heat always in the place, the flames spread quickly and by the time the fire departments reached the scene the flames had spread considerably.

**Couldn't Check It.**  
Seven or eight streams of water were applied but had very little effect.

The engine pumped a couple of streams from the river, the South Side Volunteers had two branches connected to the hydrant on the South Side Road, while the Western and Central Co's were attached to hydrants on Water Street.

For two hours the fire raged furiously. The firemen were ably assisted by men from H.M.S. Calypso, members of the Volunteers Regiment and civilians, and all rendered yeoman service.

**Confined the Blaze.**  
By hard work they succeeded in confining the blaze to the bakery property and it did not reach the store nearby where the stock is kept.

At times the smoke was so dense that the lives of the firemen were in jeopardy.

When it was in progress about an hour Chief Winsor, and firemen Neary and Boggan entered the top storey and shortly after the roof caved in, and how the three men escaped is a mystery.

**Were Horrified.**  
Spectators were horrified as they feared the men would never be able to get out. The roof fell on Chief Winsor's head and he was wedged under it for several moments. Spectators' details of flushing be submitted.

Coun. Ayre requested that details also be furnished of repairs to roads such as washouts, ruts, and holes. The chairman reported on the condition of Forest Road.

On motion it was decided to ask Hon. E. R. Bowring to permit Mr. Cochius to assist the Park Committee. Com. Harris referred to the drain at the rear of J. J. Tobin's premises. The engineer will report.

At 10:20 the meeting adjourned.

could see his dangerous position, but were powerless to render aid. He succeeded in getting free, however, to the great delight of onlookers and soon after Messrs. Neary and Boggan appeared. Very little the worse for their close call.

In spite of the efforts of all, the bakery was almost totally destroyed, only the brick walls remaining.

**Origin Unknown.**  
The origin is unknown, but it is believed to have been caused by excessive heat from the boiler.

The damage is estimated at about \$30,000.00 and is covered by insurance.

The Insurance is:

	Bldg.	Mchy.	Stk.
Royal-Jobs	4000	3000	500
L. L. & G.—Bowrings	1500	1500	3000
Na. of Ire.—Bishop	2500	2500	2500
Guardian—Winter	2000	3000	1000
Law Un.—Ayre's	1000	2500	1500
Northern—Bairds	500	500	500
Baloise—Knowing's	1000	1000	1000
Union—Monroe's	500	500	500

This makes a total of \$30,000.00. On the brick store there is \$6,000 and the stock \$21,000, but the damage there is slight.

Rebuilding will start as soon as possible.

## B.I.S. FAREWELL TO VOLUNTEERS

Six Members of the Society Were Given a Good "Send Off" Last Night

The members of the B.I.S. who are going to the front with the Volunteers farewelled last evening.

The B.I.S. boy who have volunteered are:

Lieut. Quarter-Master, M. Frank Summers. Sergt. M. Murphy, Lce.-Corpl. R. Shortall, Ptes. G. Byrne, Gus Summers, P. Brien, B. Channing.

The following were special guests, Capt. Instructor Murphy and Pte. H. Dewling.

There was a large gathering and the evening was pleasantly passed.

Mr. J. C. Pippy occupied the chair, and patriotic speeches were made by Messrs. W. J. Mahoney, J. H. Dee, G. F. Power, P. J. Shea, T. Nash, J. Rooney, F. Canning, F. Summers, H. Dewling and the chairman.

Songs and recitations were given by P. K. Devine, C. J. Fox, J. Aylward, T. P. Halley, A. Summers, A. Joy, W. Harris, J. L. Slattery and T. H. O'Neill.

The Volunteers were then presented with shaving soap, chocolates and cigarettes by their friends. The singing of Auld Lang Syne and the National Anthem brought the pleasant time to a close.

## Carthaginian Here With Few Passengers

The s.s. Carthaginian, Capt. Ogilvie, arrived from Philadelphia at 9:30 last night, bringing a small cargo and the following passengers: Arthur B. Wise Well, Vilhelm Coucheron and 2 in second cabin.

The Carthaginian leaves again at 6 p.m., taking 1000 casks of oil and the following passengers:

Masters Monroe, J. O. Fraser, N. S. Fraser, Mrs. V. Jones, two children and nurse, Mrs. W. Rogerson, G. M. Johnson, H. Ryan, Miss M. Goodridge, W. Duff, H. C. Thompson, Mrs. L. Miller, Captain Franklin, Mrs. F. Bate-man and three steerage.

## Repair At Sydney

The Lunenburg new schooner Mark A. Tobin, which was damaged while laying at anchor at Burgeo during the recent storm, will be towed to Sydney for repairs by the tug Douglas H. Thomas, which arrived at Burgeo last night.

## TENNIS CLUB PRIZEWINNERS

The following are prize winners at the Tennis Club during the summer: Men's Championship—J. S. Mann. Ladies' Championship—Mrs. H. A. Outerbridge. Croquet Championship—Mrs. J. A. Clift.

Men's Doubles, Handicap—J. Clift, T. Winter. Ladies' Doubles, Handicap—Mrs. H. A. Outerbridge, Mrs. W. H. Rennie. Mixed Doubles, Handicap—H. A. Winter, Mrs. W. H. Rennie.

## Attacking Pola

Rome, Oct. 2.—The Anglo-French Mediterranean fleet is attacking Pola, in the Adriatic.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

## LO.O.F. HONOR VOLUNTEERS

Bade 'Au Revoir' to J. Snow And N. McLeod Last Night

The Odd Fellows of the city had a very enjoyable time together at their hall last night, when they met to bid au-revoir to Bros. J. Snow and W. McLeod who, with several members of Cabot Lodge of Bonavista, are about to go to the front with our Volunteers.

The entertainment, which was a smoker consisted of a variety of songs recitations, speeches and gramophone selections, the contributors being Bros. C. W. Udle, C. Hammond, Robt. Young, and D. Cook, who rendered stirring patriotic songs, while inspiring recitations were given by Bros. G. W. Soper, C. J. Phillips, and G. Hierlily.

Addresses full of deepest patriotism and illumined with the spirit of Odd Fellowship were delivered by Bros. J. Adrain, S. G. Collier, Alcock, J. W. Bartlett, and E. D. Spurrell.

Selections from the gramophone furnished by Bro. E. D. Spry were "Charge of the Light Brigade," "The Minstrel Boy," "The Old Brigade," and others, after which Bro. Geo. Grimes, N.G., on behalf of Atlantic Lodge presented Bros. Snow and McLeod, with a piece of gold each. Both replied very interestingly.

Jolly Good Fellows and Auld Lang Syne were then heartily sung, followed by God Save the King.

Ringling cheers, with a tiger, were then given for our Volunteers which brought the historical event to a close. Afterwards Bro. E. D. Spurrell took a flashlight photograph of the whole gathering.

## PROMISING LIFE CUT SADLY SHORT

Joseph G. Boyles Dies at St. Anthony at the Early Age of Twenty-six

It is with exceeding regret we learn today the death at St. Anthony Hospital of Joseph G. Boyles, who died there on the 25th of September, at the early age of 26 years.

Deceased was born at Little Bay Mine, N.D.B., and was the son of B. T. Boyles, of that place, and grandson of the late J. J. Benson, of this city.

For the past three years deceased has been studying for the Methodist Ministry at Mount Allison College, Sackville, New Brunswick, where he gave promise of a life of great usefulness in the cause of God and humanity, which has, through the mysterious working of Providence, been cut short.

In Sept. of 1913 his health began to fail, but he still continued his studies until June of this year when he came to St. John's when he was advised by the doctors to go to his home and rest. After reaching his home he proceeded to St. Anthony for treatment, unfortunately without avail.

Deceased leaves a sorrowing father and mother, three brothers and two sisters, the eldest of whom is at present studying at the Methodist College in this city.

The master and mate of the schr. Novelty are uncles of the deceased. To the sorrowing relatives we extend our heartfelt sympathy.

## RHODES' SCHOLAR GIVES SERVICES

P. V. Curtis of This City a Volunteer

Word has been received that Pier-son V. Curtis, son of Rev. Dr. Curtis, who is one of Newfoundland's Rhodes' Scholars at Oxford University, has volunteered for active service and is now in camp at Kent.

A large number of Rhodes' Scholars and other university young men have enlisted.

## Sir Alfred Paget On Retired List

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Order in Council of Dec. 8, 1903, Sir Alfred W. Paget, has been placed on the Retired List of his own request, in order to take up an appointment for sea service in the R.N.R.

## French Finances Very Satisfactory

London, Oct. 3.—A despatch from Bordeaux says the accounts of the Bank of France and of the State Treasury on October 1st were completely satisfactory, and that there will be no necessity to have recourse to a public loan.

## French Finances Very Satisfactory

The s.s. Nevada, ten days from Montreal via Gulf ports, arrived last evening with a full general cargo.

## SOROSIS SHOES

The Judgment of America

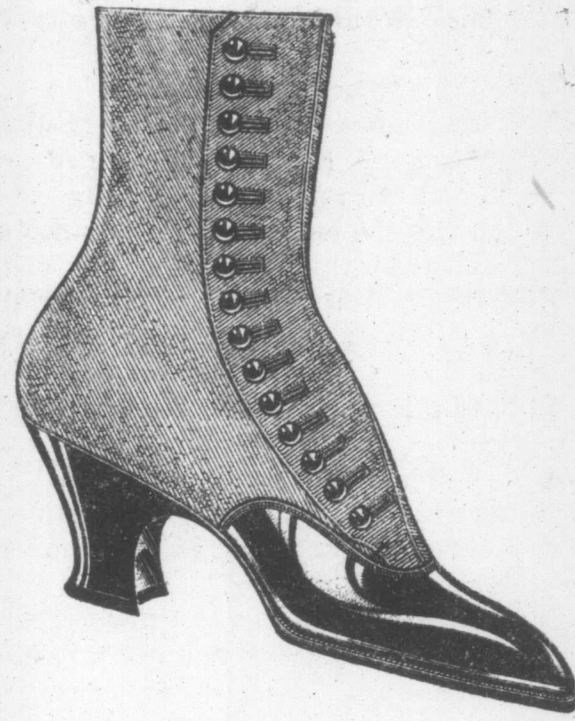
says that

## SOROSIS SHOES

are the

Top-Notch of Stylish Footery

and the Women of St. John's can endorse that statement.



Our New Fall Stock Includes the Popular Cloth Top Shoe, in the following Styles:—

- Black Top, Buttoned, Patent Lea. Vamp.
- Black and White Top, Buttoned, Patent Lea. Vamp.
- Grey Top, Buttoned, Vici Kid Vamp.
- Fawn Top, Buttoned, Tan Vici Vamp.

**Ayre & Sons**  
LIMITED

Sorosis Agents for Newfoundland.

## ANTWERP HARD NUT TO CRACK

London, Oct. 2.—News from Antwerp says the city's position is excellent.

The German dead near Wovre and St. Catherine are counted by thousands, entire companies having been wiped out.

## ATTACK ANTWERP WITH AIRSHIPS

Antwerp, Oct. 2.—Zeppelin airships are operating with German artillery in attacking Antwerp.

The infantry attacks by the Germans are decreasing because of severe shocks and heavy losses.

## Burned at Sea

The schr. Duchess of Cornwall, 34 days from Maelo, has arrived at Burgeo in ballast to R. Moulton & Co.

On Sept. 13th Captain died of chronic kidney trouble, and was buried at sea. The crew are all well.

The deceased, who was a native of Burgeo, was about 55 years of age and leaves a wife and several children. He was well-known in St. John's.

## Berrypicking Tragedy

Deputy Minister of Customs LeMessurier had a message from Stone's Cove, last evening that two aged women, Sarah Dodge and Harriet Hall, and a boy named Parly, lost their lives while berrypicking near Fenno on Tuesday. The bodies have been recovered.

The Portia left Trepassey at 7 a.m.

Prospero left Trinity at 9:30 a.m. She is due here at 5.

## Colonel Turner of S. A. Headquarters, Toronto, will visit St. John's on October 3rd and conduct the following meetings:—

11 a.m. United Holiness Meeting in S. A. Citadel, New Gower Street.

3 p.m. Public meeting, S. A. Hall, Livingstone Street.

7 p.m. Public meeting in S. A. Hall, New Gower Street.

—Oct 2, 21

## Brought Wrecked Crew

The Danish steamer Marselsborg from Baltimore to Sweden with a cargo of grain arrived at noon to land the captain and crew, seven men, of the schr. Kate B. Ogden of Philadelphia.

The Ogden left Philadelphia on Sept. 2nd for Charlottetown, P.E.I., with a cargo of coal and on the 26th ult. struck a heavy gale and became leaky.

On Sept. 29th in lat. 41.30 north, long. 63.30 west, the Marselsborg came in sight and rescued the men just in time to save their lives. The men were obliged to leave just as they stood and were thankful to escape with their lives.

The shipwrecked men are from Philadelphia and will be looked after by the American Consul.

The Ogden is 625 tons gross and 541 net. During the gale her gasoline engine gave out.

The Marselsborg continued her voyage at 12.30.

Mr. J. B. Orr, of the Bear Brand Rubbers, arrived by today's express.

The s.s. Durango left Halifax at 2 o'clock this morning for this port.

## FISHERY GEAR!

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of the GILL NETS, used by Messrs. Job Brothers & Co. in the Straits this year. They have been successful at a time when traps had partially failed. We make them in all sizes to order.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of COTTON DRIFT NETS, such as are used in the North Sea Herring fishery. As the catch of Herring will be interfered with during the war, a good opportunity occurs for use of these Nets in Newfoundland.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of the celebrated STANDARD brand of Herring Nets, which is universally acknowledged to be the very best Net on the market. We are now making the CRESCENT brand Herring Net, which is the best and strongest low priced Net made. It is mounted just the same as the Standard Net, and it is barked for preservation, not merely dyed like other cheap Nets.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS, of SQUID TRAPS, which are now legal, we make them in any size required, to order.

We manufacture TARRED COTTON LINES, all sizes, for Bankers use, strong, durable, and easily handled.

We make Cod Traps, Cod Seines, Caplin Seines, etc., to order, in all sizes.

All the above fishery gear we can strongly recommend, and we would urge our fishermen to patronize articles of home manufacture, in order to give employment, which is so much needed this year.

**Colonial Cordage Co., Ltd.**

oct3,tues,sat,1m

## CLOSING Notice!

The Importers' Association have decided to close their Stores between the hours of 4.30 and 6.30 this afternoon.

Other Stores are also requested to close.

**R. A. Templeton,**  
Hon. Secretary Importers' Asso.



## THE FIRE ALARM

may ring at a moment's notice. What a hurry and scurry and how the horses dash by to reach the fire. IF YOUR HOUSE BURNED WOULD YOU SUFFER LOSS!

It's almost a sin to think you would when insurance we write is so cheap. Before insuring see us.

YOU'RE ABSOLUTELY SECURE WHEN WE INSURE YOU.

**PERCIE JOHNSON,**  
Insurance Agent.