PAGES MISSING



SELL ONLY THE BEST!

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In Competition with the World we have received the

Highest Awards Made . . . These substantiate our claim that : : : : :

Colman's Mustard

16 St. John Street, MONTREAL

IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD

CARR & CO.'S BISCUITS



have received the approval of the highest authorities all over the world. Their **Cafe Noir** has never been equalled.

WE SAMPLE YOUR CUSTOMERS.

FRANK MAGOR & CO.,

Canadian Agents.

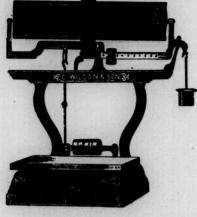
C. E. JARVIS & CO., Vancouver, Agents for B.C.



BECAUSE IT IS TEMPTING. Manufactured by______ THE T. D. MILLAR PARAGON CHEESE CO., INGERSOLL, ONT. AGENTS-W. H. Dunn & Co., Montreal. A. E. Bichards & Co., Hamilton. Joseph Carman, Winnipeg.: Martin & Robertson, Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.

YOU CAN TEMPT NEW TRADE

'S PARAGON CHEESE



Slick Thieves

are bad scales. Hundreds of merchants have been ruined by them without their knowledge of the real cause of their failure. **Stop the leak**, by using our Computing Scale—warranted for 10 years.

TORGNTO, ONT.

Cultivating WEEDS

wouldn't be considered very profitable by the farmers, yet thousands of merchants are cultivating the weeds of business by continuing the Old Style Pass Book-errors every day. Forgotten charges. Hundreds of little things make a big aggregate amount. Adopt the modern ALLISON COUPON SYSTEM and throw away your timewasting devices. Look here—

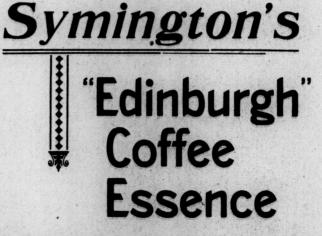


If a Man Wants Credit

for \$10, give him a \$10 Allison Coupon Book, charge him with \$10, and there you are. No trouble at all. If he buys a plug of tobacco for ten cents, just tear off a ten-cent coupon—that's all. And so on for all his purchases up to limit of the book. NO PASS BOOK. NO WRITING. NO TIME LOST. NO KICKING. There are other Coupon Books, of course, but why not have the best? Let us send you a free sample.

For Sale in Canada by C. O. Beauchemin & Fils, Montreal.

ALLISON COUPON CO., Manufacturers. Indianapolis, Indiana.



Is the Purest and therefore Best and Cheapest !

Refuse imitations said to be "just as good" as Symington's, and recollect that the careful process by which Symington's Essence is made eliminates all unpleasant properties.

ANYONE CAN DRINK IT.

THOS. SYMINGTON & CO.,

EDINBURGH and LONDON.

Agente, W. B. Bayley & Co., Toronto



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quality is criticized more carefully than usual, you'll agree to that. If the time

ever was when quality cut more figure than price, it is at just such a time. You can't wait to stock up when the time comes, because, when a woman wants a thing, she wants it right then and there. It pays to be prepared. It will pay you, and extremely well, to ask your wholesaler now for the high-grade

"Griffin" Brand Dried Fruits.

Grown, cured and packed in the

largest vineyards on the Pacific Coast Seeded Raisins. Prunes, Dried Apricots, Peaches and Pears. Not shipped in bulk and then re-packed but sent right through from the Coast in the original package. No hands touch the fruit but yours. "Better and better" is the motto of the "Griffin" Brand, the brand that made California Dried Fruits famous.

Sold by leading wholesalers everywhere.

ARTHUR P. TIPPET & CO., Agents,

8 Place Royale, Montreal.

23 Scott St., Toronto.

We are receiving a part of our orders for DRIED FRUITS

and can now quote and deliver

¹/₂-cases of PROVINCIAL and AMALIAS CURRANTS. CANDIED PEELS--Citron, Orange and Lemon. VALENCIA RAISINS. FINE FILIATRAS CURRANTS. CLEANED CURRANTS--In ¹/₄ cases.

IN A FEW DAYS WE EXPECT:

1900 SHELLED WALNUTS, finest quality. NEW CROP SHELLED WALNUTS, finest quality. MALAGA RAISINS, in boxes and ¼-boxes. FIGS-all kinds. CALIFORNIA PRUNES, etc.

Write at once for price and have a few packages awaiting the winter stock.

Remember, we can quote now at extremely low figures

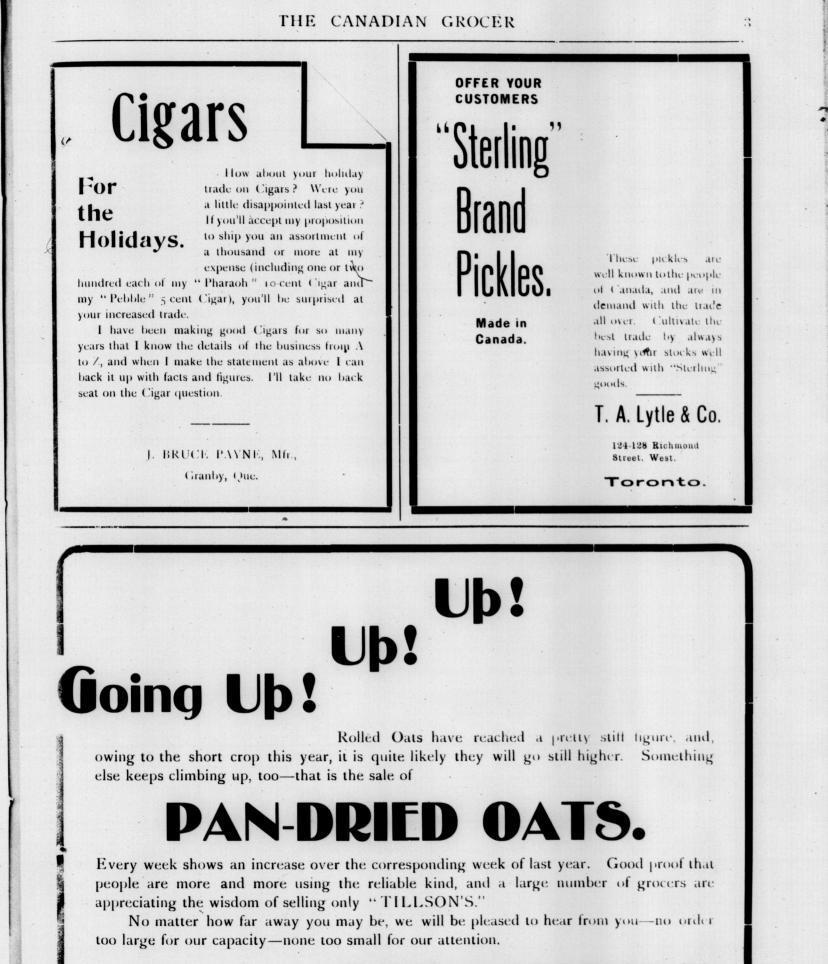
DRIED FRUITS of every description to be delivered in November. BOOK YOUR ORDERS NOW FOR CLOSE OF NAVIGATION.

Have you bought your winter stock of Canned Goods?

Don't forget to see our prices. We offer but new pack 1901 goods. **BEWARE:** There is quite a quantity of 1900 Canned Goods on the market. Make sure when you order that it is 1901—this year's packing.

We have constantly in stock **TEAS** in every price and quality. We can sell as low, if not lower, than any others Give us a SAMPLE ORDER.

LAPORTE, MARTIN & CIE., Wholesale Grocers, Montreal.



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THE TILLSON CO., Limited, Tilsonburg, Ont.

THE STANDARD TEA OF THE CANADIAN PEOPLE IS

JAPAN TEA

It is perfectly natural that it should be, and that tea experts pronounce it the purest, most invigorating and most refreshing tea in the world---the soil of Japan has been favored by nature to produce this kind of tea.

> JAPAN CENTRAL TEA TRADERS' ASSOCIATION. Trafalgar Chambers, Sun Life Building. Annex. Tel. Main 4142. MONTREAL, CANADA.

"Celebrate Yourself"

The easiest thing in the world to do, especially when you sell good goods. Have you seen the new **Pure Gold Spice Package** and Counter Carton? It's a perfect design and a good profitable seller for the popular prices—5c. and 10c. Samples Free.

Pure Gold Co., = Toronto



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The richest growths from the most favored districts in Greece—of delightful flavor and splendid appearance—the highest grade currants imported into Canada. A great number of our friends will no doubt remember the high standard of quality possessed by these brands, and this season they may be assured of the peculiar and distinctive characteristics being fully borne out in the currants we send out under the names of "Paradise" and "Hay Castle."



SCHEMES TO BEAT THE GROCER.

A LTHOUGH they may cut prices regardless, •run bargain sales, and even "break" each other in competition, the uptown butchers, exercise, and bakers cling together in ommon support against the bad customits that come to them from the floating population of the tenements, the flathouses and apartments. In coming into a district a customer must have some

BADGE OF CREDIT,

something more than a bank book to show that his "financial intentions are gight." This may be a letter, telephone call, or a well-posted pass book showing the amount of goods purchased with the proper receipts. Among the smaller stores the latter credential is the most common one in use, the clerks receiving the owner about as mechanically as a quarantine officer passes an incoming ship with a clear bill of health.

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"And yet they ain't always good," said one west side grocer. "I got stuck with one of them who had traded at a market in another block until she got a well filled and

RECEIPTED PASS BOOK.

Then she left and came to me. I hon ored the book and she ran up a month's account, disappearing without paying a cent. She probably is working that pass book yet. We have to watch our trade pretty close, and if a customer leaves with unpaid bills we consider it our duty to follow them up and report them to the next merchant they approach. Eve had dealers to come to me from below Twenty-Third street and put me on to customers that I thought vere the best of pay. When we are taken in by customers who leave unpaid tills behind, usually we let them go with at any attempt to collect. Lawyers' are too large for us to afford to go o court ; so the account is a dead loss.

Many times persons come to us withut any reference at all. They do not isk for credit but pay cash. They trade vith us so long that we finally run into a account with them naturally. They ay at first and then

BEGIN TO GET CARELESS. .

bearing to offend and lose their patronage, we let the bills run on only to wake p some morning to find the customer some.

Then there are those persons who have the best of intentions; who are probably honest. They have credit and eay their bills, until, eventually, the head of the house loses his job, his health, or his money, and we are out of pocket just as though the family was the slickest' of beats. But we do not look at these cases in this light. Many times we are willing to do what little we can to help the case along, and you will find a whole

CHAPTER OF THIS CHARITY WORK

that is never mentioned in church or society reports. One of my best customers was a famous musician whose concert work netted him over \$500 a week. He died suddenly while on a tour, and when the estate was settled it was found that the man's family had lived up to the last dollar. I never recovered a cent."

Another grocer, farther downtown, whose sign has been above his ninth avenue doorway for over 30 years, was afraid that the methods adopted by retired merchants to protect themselves against fraud, did not speak well for the standard of New York housekeepers of to day, as a class.

"I can remember when the bulk of my customers," he said, " were house owners. Their dwellings were their

MARK OF RESPECTABILITY.

Some took boarders, but there were iew flat houses or apartments. My trade was almost entirely credit business, and I always got my money. Now, these iam ilies have all gone. Moved farther up town, I suppose, and their places have been taken by strangers, who come from nobody knows where and disappear just as mysteriously. I do not do so much credit business now. If a customer has not the cash I cannot trouble myself with him.

"The other day a young woman came running in the store swinging her hands and whistling. She appeared to be very happy, "

"Make me out a pass nook right away, said she. "Eve been married two weeks and we begin housekeeping on the fifth floor, just across the street. John gets 815 a week and is paid every Frilay. To day I want five pounds sugar, a sack of flour, a can of oil — and so on. She went through a bill that figured up to 810 easily.

"I just took her aside and talked to her as though she was my own daughter. "How much money have you got to start housekeeping on?" and she showed a pocketbook filled with nothing but street car transfers and shirt waist samples.

"How do you know that John will be working next week?' I asked next. She did not know, but John was always steady, and did not drink. John could do nothing that would be a failure. So I gave her a lecture and she listened to it all. I told her that John might meet all her expectations and he might not, but that he never could pay all the bills that she had begun to run up with his \$15 a week salary. I told her to go home and live on oatmeal and bread, if need be, until she had got one month's salary ahead, and then go out and try shopping. She heard me through and then went home looking mad. She probably told John all about it."-N. Y. Evening Post.

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INDIAN VS. BRAZILIAN COFFEES.

"HE enormous production of coffee in Brazil and the consequent decrease in price has seriously affected the coffee interests of India, according to the monthly bulletin of the Bureau of American Republics. Recently published statistics show that the area planted in coffee in southern India at the close of 1900 was 245,400 acres (99,312 hectares). Since 1897 the decrease in the price of coffee has removed any stimulus to extend the area under cultivation, while the yield has been diminished by disease and by adverse climatic conditions. The quantity produced in 1900 was only about one half that produced in 1890.

Practically the entire conce crop of India is exported. Great Britain and France are the chief customers. As France has during the past five years taken about one third of the Indian coffee exported, the question whether that country will in a few months impose its maximum tariff thereon is of great moment. A decree has been issued by the French Government which authorizes the application of the minimum tariff on products of the British colonial posses sions (of which India is one) up to February 23, 1902. After that date Indian coffee will pay a much higher rate than Brazilian coffee, unless, in the meantime. some mutual agreement is arrived at, or unless fresh legislation (which seems im probable) is undertaken in France.

A HEAVY FINE.

The account of a prosecution and conviction in a London police court as published in The Times and reproduced hereunder may be of interest to retailers as well as consumers of butter :

At the South Western last week Messrs, Pearks, Gunston & Fee, grocers, were summoned at the instance of the Wadsworth council for selling at their branch shop in Streatham butter which con Itained 6.5 per cent. of moisture. It was stated for the prosecution that the defendants import colonial butter, and by a certain mechanical process, introduce into it a percentage of milk. For the defence it was contended that the defend ants issued a label with the butter which disclosed to the purchaser what he was buying, so that he was in no way deceived. The magistrate convicted, imposing a fine of £10 with £5 5s. costs, but granted a case for the high court.



Our packages are larger and more attractive in style than any others. The quality of our goods is superior to anything else on the market.

MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass.

For sale by all Wholesale Grocers; also the McClary Mfg. Co., London, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver and Toronto.

A WINTER TRIP TO THE BRITISH WEST INDIES.

ICKFORD & BLACK are making a strong effort to increase the volume of passenger travel by their fine to the West Indian Islands dur ing the winter months. They have already done quite a large 'amount of special advertising and expect to do a good deal more both in Nova Scotia and the West before the end of February. Mr. Charles S. Pickford, who looks after the firm's interests throughout the southern islands during the winter, is now in Ontario making the acquaintance of people whom he hopes to interest in Trinidad, Bar bados and Demerara as markets for Can adian goods and, if possible, to impress apon them the advisability of taking the round trip from Halifax out and back at an early date.

A few years ago a great many Ontario people made it a point to spend their winters at Barbados, Dominica, or some one of the Windward Islands, but, owing to the Halifax service being inferior to ghad from New York, they almost invariably chose the latter route. To day, flowever, with the conditions reversed, it, seems probable we shall see a great many western people pass through this city on their way going south.

The Orinocol the flagship of Pickford & Black's line, is probably the finest boat for tropical service on the North Amercan coast. She was originally intended for the East Indian trade and is magnificently fitted throughout. The other boats of the line are smaller, but, with their deck staterooms and newest appointments, are most comfortable, indeed. We can imagine no more de lightful six weeks' voyage than a trip by one of these boats during the winter or spring months. It is an excursion the charm of which cannot be overstated. It takes one into regions where the climate that all important factor in the development of the human race has mould ed a people whose tastes, habits, and modes of life differ entirely from those of the people from the north; where the

suns of the tropics produce a vegetation which embraces every element essential to a really enjoyable time. The bright sunny brilliancy of the day, the pure, soft darkness of the nights, the sparkling glassy seas, the unrivalled scenery of the islands, their mountains, their craggs, their gardens, their forests : the colored folk of all hues of skin, of all types of feature : the rich luxuriant, vegetation of the tropics, the strange fruits, flowers, All these elements combined foliage. make a journey which will be stowed away and docketed in the memory of any who may have taken it as " Perfect."

The round trip from Halifax occupies 42 days and the cost of a return ticket, which includes stateroom and meals is 8130. From Montreal it is 8142.50 and from Toronto, Hamilton, London and other central points in Ontario, it is 8143.35.—Maritime Merchant.

CANADIAN PRODUCTS WANTED.

The following were among the inquiries relating to Canadian products recently received at the High Commissioner's Office in London, Eng.:

1. A Rotterdam agent asks to be referred to Canadian exporters of baled hay and to other firms desiring a representative in Holland.

2. The names of the leading cigar buyers in Canada are asked for by an English firm of manufacturers.

3. Inquiry is made for the names of the principal importers into Canada of such small leather goods as laces, straps, belts, etc.

4. An agent at Genoa is open to take up the representation of Canadian firms exporting goods suitable for the Italian market, viz., lumber, etc. He is also desirous of appointing an agent in Canada for the sale of a well-known brand of olive oil.

5. A broker and agent at Durban, Natal, desires to be placed in communication with some good Canadian house manufacturing goods suitable for the South-African markets.

[The names of the firms making the above inquiries, can be obtained on application to the editor of THE CANADIAN GROCER.]

"DO IT NOW."

THIS phrase, which is the conspicuous title on a card recently issued by Boeckh Bros. & Company, Toronto, has attracted considerable attention. "Traveller" writes to this paper of experiences which came under his notice as follows :

"A manager of a large business informed me the other day that this card has been a means of helping him along in every-day life. 'We are all more or less inclined to put off what we should do to day,' said this gentleman to me, 'but since I received that card, I not only "Do it now," but insist that all my clerks and salesmen follow the rule. In order to keep abreast of the times and of the keen competition existing in all lines of business, one must be prompt. Constant delays mean a loss of dollars and cents—none can say to what extent.'

"Some of the buyers in retail stores would do well if they adopted the above motto. The time of travellers is worth money, and when retailers are making appointments to meet them or examine samples they should keep those three words in the foreground.

"It should also apply to collections, and to their attention to customers' wants and store requirements generally.

"A young man was engaged by a large mercantile house to start work on a certain day and hour. Owing to some unforeseen circumstances he did not arrive on time, and failed to notify the firm by letter or wire. He was only half an hour late, but when he arrived the manager said to him.: 'Young man, you were engaged to report here at an appointed time, but did not keep your part of the engagement. The position ts now filled.'

"Punctuality in business is one of the things a lot of people have yet to learn. "Do it now.""

Jane Adams, grocer, etc., Acton, Ont., has sold out to George Soper.

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If you have one for First-Class Japan Tea buy our

"R.T.S."

We also have the celebrated "KIJI" and "L.S." brands.

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Wholesale Grocers, Hamilton, Ontario

28 Cents Per Pound

is all you pay for "BOSTON LUXURY" Coffee, and then you get the finest blend sold anywhere. It sells well because it pleases best. Always uniform in strength and flavor. Hundreds of retailers bank on it, and you can do the same.

JOHN SLOAN & CO., -, - TORONTO,

SAME AS YOUR GRANDMOTHER MADE.

Absolutely Pure Jams.

That is what Goodwillie's are. Put up in pint glass gem jars, nicely packed, one dozen to a case.

STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY, CHERRY, PEACHES, PEARS, PLUMS, 9

RED CURRANTS.

Packed on the Goodwillie Gardens, latter situated in centre of the renowned Niagara Fruit Belt.

Get your order in before the best assortments are sold

James Turner & Co., Wholesale Hamilton

NEW GOODS NOW IN STORE

Sockeye Salmon. "Clover Leaf" and "Horse Shoe." (Talls.) Currants. Cases and half-cases Fine Fihatras and Amalias. Figs. Eleme—4 Row, in 10-lb. Boxes. Raisins. Arguimbau, Trenor, and Whiting—Selected and Fine Off-Stalk. Sultanas. Brands Good and Fine. THOS. KINNEAR & CO., Wholesale Grocers,

49 Front Street East, TORONTO.

ESSEX TOBACCO CROP.

In an interview regarding this year's tobacco crop in Essex County, Mr. Lewis Wigle, of Learnington, the well-known grower, said:

"If last spring had been as favorable for growing plants and setting them out, there would have been a greater acreage this season than last; but the spring was backward and dry, and we find the crop about equal to that of 1900.

"There will be between two and three million pounds of burley leaf—nearer three than two—and about one million pounds of Zimmer, Spanish and other varieties adapted to cigar making.

"The effect of the very large crop of 1897 is wearing off, and nearly all the factories in Canada consuming Canadian leaf will require some of this year's crop.

"Practical demonstrations have shown that we can grow as good burley leaf as can be grown in any country in the world."

A FIRE QUICKLY QUENCHED.

One evening a few weeks ago, while one of the bookkeepers was busy in the offices of the Pure Gold Mfg. Co., Limited, Front street east, Toronto, he was surprised to find the fire brigade gathering about the



premises, and still more astonished to learn that a fire had started in the basement of the building in which he was working. The fire had started in an isolated millingroom and an alarm had been sent in by the Courtland automatic alarm without the bookkeeper having the slightest knowledge of it. The fire was soon put out so that little damage was done to the firm's stock, and work in the factory was in no wise delayed.

TEA STATISTICS FOR NINE MONTHS.

Mc Meekin & Co., London, Eng., give the following statistics in regard to tea in London:

. 10.	Imports.	10.	lb.
Indian 90,368,000	84,325,000	76,038,000	73,796,000
Ceylon	89,170,000	73,897,000	78,855,000
Japan and	and and a second		
Java 4.100,000	3,821,000	8,293,000	2,796,000
China, etc 12,714,000	18,115,000	2 ,661,003	21,496,000
Total	195,431,000	174,889,000	171,943,000
	Deliverles.		
lb.	lb.	16.	lb.
Indian	106,980,000	101,813,000	99,270,000
Ceylon 82,526,000	79,352,000	69 031,000	70,544,000
Japan and	10,00-,000	00 001,000	10,011,000
Java 3,882,000	3,810,000	3,307,000	2,637,000
China, etc 14,652,000	21,073,100	21,963,000	23,910,000
Cinna, etc 14,052,000	21,010, 00	-1,003,000	20,010,000
Total	211,215,000	196,114,000	198,361,000
Stock	at Septemi	oer 30.	
lb.	16.	lb.	lb.
Indian. 44,664,000	39,663,000	35,544,000	86,059,000
Ceylon 24,608,000	29,393,000	22,030,000	19,703,000
Japan and	-0,000,000	,	10,100,000
Java 1,075,(0)	648.000	625,000	827,000
China, etc . 14,529,000	16,042,000	17,177,000	16,402,0.0
China, etc. 14,325,000	14,042,000		10,102,0.0
Total 84,876,000	85,746,000	75,486,000	72,991,000

BEET-SUGAR GOSSIP.

Residents of Wiarton, Ont., and vicinity have taken nearly \$35,000 stock in The Wiarton Beet Sugar Manufacturing Co., Limited. The construction of the factory in Wiarton will probably be started in a few days.

The plant of The Wallaceburg Sugar Co., Limited, Wallaceburg, Ont., which is now being constructed, will be fully as large as was at first anticipated. The main building, which will be constructed of stone, brick and cement, with steel girders, will be 268 x 64 ft. There will also be 10 beet sheds, each 400 ft. long. The warehouse will have a capacity of 20,000 bbls. The premises are to be ready for operation on August 15, 1902, in time for next year's fall campaign.

The Galt, Ont., Board of Trade have, during the last couple of weeks, held a series of meetings in the neighboring district, endeavoring to secure the promise of a sufficient acreage of beets to make the establishment of a beet-sugar factory in Galt a safe investment. Nearly 1,000 acres have already been promised. A committee representing the promoters of a company who desire to establish a factory in Guelph, Ont., are making a similar canvass in the neighborhood of that place.

The absolute perfection of **MacLaren's Imperial Cheese** enables us to defy all imitations.

For, while it is an easy matter to produce a package which resembles ours, the purity, rich flavor and wholesomeness of MacLaren's Imperial Cheese can never be equalled.





A DANISH MODEL DAIRY.

T is not surprising that Danish butter has won such a high reputation for itself on the markets of the world. The Danish Export Review of September 12 contains illustrated descriptions of the "Danish Estates Butter Factory," a cooperative concern controlled by the owners of about 50 small and large farms, possessing an aggregate of 6,200 cows which produce 31,000,000 lb. of milk annually. The factory, which is at Hasleo, is a threewinged brick building, covering over 1/4 of an acre. The milk is taken to the factory in large wagons built specially for the business; unloaded on a covered, exterior platform ; through broad sliding doors into the weighing hall, which contain two scales capable of weighing 1,000 lb. of milk at a time. The plant includes six separators, with an aggregate capacity of 24,000 lb. of milk per hour. These are divided into two series each of which possess their own sweet milk heater and cream pasteurizing apparatus. In the churning room are two triple butter workers, with six churning casks, each able to churn 700 lb. of cream at a time. The buttermilk is used in the manufacture of cheese, as is also much of the skim milk. In the cheese-making room are nine large cheese vats of American

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pattern, each vat containing 4.000 lb. of milk. The necessary cooperage and tinsmithing is part of the factory equipment. The establishment equipped cost about \$22,000. THE CANADIAN GROCER is indebted to Mr. C. E. Sontum, the Canadian agent at Copenhagen, for the copy of The Export Review.

"PURE GOLD'S" NEW FACTORY.

The Pure Gold Mfg. Co., Limited, Toronto, have secured a site on Russell Square, on King street near John, and will build thereon their new factory. It will be remembered that this company secured a site on Wellington Place some time ago. As, however, the neighboring land was taken up for residential purposes, and the owners of this land objected to the erection of a large factory near them, this site was resold and the new one secured. The factory will be 'four storeys high and 185 x 60 ft. in dimensions, and will cost about \$20,000.

Not only will the factory provide more space, but it will be equipped with the most modern plant. Every department of the company's manufacturing plant will be improved by the installation of the newest, most up to date machinery and by systematizing the production of their innumerable lines. A specialty will be made of coffeesorting and roasting. This department will be equipped with automatic machinery, which will insure a uniform product of the highest quality.

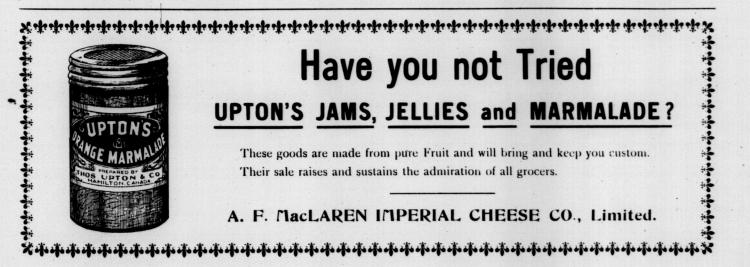
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A lunchroom and dressing-rooms will be provided for employes, and a lecture room will be built, in which demonstrations of "Pure Gold" goods will be given for the benefit of the various cooking schools in the city.

CANS FOR CANNED GOODS MEN.

Mr. James B. Campbell, of the Acme Can Works, Montreal, was in Toronto early this week on his way to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

"We have had a hard time of it filling orders for tin cans this season," he said. "Owing to the strike in the United States the Welsh tinplates that should have come to Canada were shipped to that country. I am thankful to say we have now got over the difficulty, and that everything is now in a normal condition. But I can tell you that in the height of the season we had a pretty uncomfortable time of it, what with our trying to get delivery of tinplates and our customers worrying us for tins. We are now getting ready to supply tins for the fail pack of poultry, meats, etc."



How About Dried Fruits and Nuts ?

You should not wait any longer, but place your order with us for your Fall requirements. We offer the best goods at the lowest prices.

> Trenor, fine off-stalk selected 4-crown layers. Aranda, fine off-stalk selected 4-crown layers. J. Ferchen, fine off-stalk selected 4-crown layers.

Fine Filiatra Currants, barrels, half-barrels, cases, half-cases, cleaned and uncleaned. Also I-lb packages "OWL" brand.

Sultana Raisins, two qualities.

12

Malaga 3-Crown Loose Muscatels, they are the best.

Seeded California Raisins, 1 lb. packages.

Sultana Raisins, 1 lb. packages, re-cleaned.

Bevan's Finest Table Raisins, "Bull," "Tiger," "Lion," "Elephant," "Excelsior," in boxes and quarter-boxes, clusters.

Grenoble Walnuts, pure Mayette.

Tarragona Soft Shell Almonds.

Finest Sicily Filberts.

Bevan's Valencia and Jordan Shelled Almonds. Shelled Walnuts.

French Prunes, 25 and 55-lb. boxes.

California Prunes, 25-lb. boxes, 30/40s to 100/110s.

Comadre Figs, in tapnets.

Fine Table Layer Figs, in boxes-

o-lb.	boxes,	ı-star,	1.87	inches
o lb.	boxes,	2 star,	2.66	inches
2 -lb .	boxes,	3-star,	2 27	inches

Also in small 12-ounce and 16-ounce boxes.

California Evaporated Fruits, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Apricots. Finest English Peels, Lemon, Orange, Citron.—"York Confectionery Co'y."

ALL THE BEST GOODS.

TO ARRIVE END OF OCTOBER AND BEGINNING OF NOVEMBER.

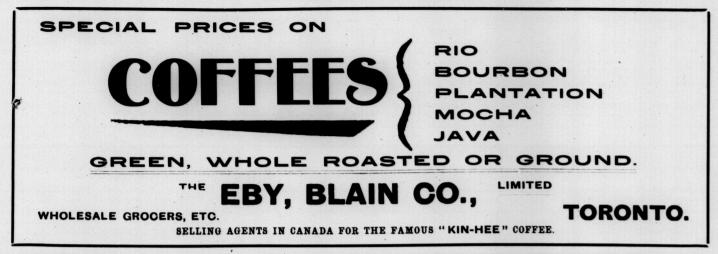
We carry the largest assortment of fancy goods to be found in any Wholesale House.

ASK FOR OUR PRICES.

WE ARE SELLERS.

L. CHAPUT, FILS & CIE. MONTREAL.

Wholesale Grocers and Tea Importers.



TORONTO GROCERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE chief topic of interest at the regular meeting of The Toronto Retail Grocers' Association on Monday evening was the proposed amendment to the early closing by law. In the absence of President Panter and Vice President Sykes, F. S. Roberts was voted to the chair.

Owing to the holidays last week, due to the visit of the Duke and Duchess of York, the attendance was not as large as was thought advisable in order to make preparations for the campaign re early closing, which would be necessary if the by-law was to be amended as desired. It was, therefore, moved by A. R. Williamson, seconded by D. Bell, that a special meeting be called for Monday, October 21, to take the means necessary to the passage of the amendment to the early closing by-law.-Carried.

F. W. Johnson gave notice that at the next meeting he would move that \$50 be drawn from the special fund to provide for an oyster supper. Moved by D. Bell, seconded by T.

Moved by D. Bell, seconded by T. Clark, that as several prizes were donated by friends of the association for the picnic at Oshawa, and were allotted to events which were not run off, that these prizes be devoted to amusements at social evenings to be held by the association, and that the secretary be in structed to secure these prizes before the special meeting to be held on Monday, when they should be allotted.

This was carried.

BENNETT'S NEW SHELF-BOX FACTORY.

J. S. Bennett, manufacturer of grocery, hardware and druggist shelf boxes, has removed to the factory building at 15 Marion street, off O'Hara, Queen street west, Toronto, which he recently purchased from J. W. Storey. Mr. Bennett's place of business was formerly at 20 Sheridan avenue. Mr. Bennett is at present working on orders for shelf boxes from five different provinces.

MEDALS FOR COCOA.

The judges at the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, have awarded three gold medals to Walter Baker & Co., Limited, Porchester, Mass., for the superiority of their Breakfast Cocoa and all of their cocoa and chocolate preparations, and the excellence of their exhibit. This is the thirtyseventh highest award received by them from the great expositions in Europe and America.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Rose, of Rose & Latlamme, Montreal, was in Toronto on Monday and Tuesday. He went east on Tuesday night. Mr. Alf. Gunyo, grocer, Brighton, Ont., was in Toronto last week. He reports business to be excellent, every month this year having shown an increase of trade.

MAY START FACTORY IN TORONTO.

G. W. Ganong, M.P., president and manager of Ganong Bros., Limited, St. Stephen, N.B., manufacturers of the "G.B." chocolates, has returned from a trip to the Pacific Coast accompanied by his wife.

It is reported that, while in Toronto, Mr. Ganong sought for a building suitable to use as a factory for the manufacture of their confectionery to supply the demand for them, which is steadily growing in Ontario and the West.

MERRITT BROS.' FAILURE.

The statement of the affairs of Merritt Bros, wholesale grocers, St. John, N.B., who suspended recently, shows the suspension to be a serious one. The liabilities are placed at \$550,000 of which \$300,000 are direct. The assets amount to \$147.000, of which \$37,000 are hypothecated. An offer of 15c. on the dollar has been made by Merritt Bros., but has not yet been accepted.

The Imperial Syrup Co., Limited, is applying for incorporation through its attorneys, Messrs. McCormick and Mottat. The members are: Frederick Welker, of Vancouver; William Welker, of Montreal, and Joshua Collitt Rose, William Sterling Laflamme and Alexander Stearns McCormick, of Westmount.

HINTS TO BUYERS.

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Contributors are requested to send news only not puffs of goods they handle, or the arrival of standard goods that everyone has in stock, or that they are offering goods at close figures, or that they have had an unusually large sale this season.

IN spite of the fact that last week was nearly all holidays, the "Salada" Tea Co. report that they had a particularly large week, especially in green Ceylons.

H. P. Eckardt & Co. are offering a snap in natural figs in bags.

T. Kinnear & Co. have taken a shipment of Californian prunes into stock.

"Imperial" layer figs, 10-lb. boxes, are in stock with W. H. Gillard & Co.

H. P. Eckardt & Co. are selling canned pineapple at prices that will interest all buyers.

John Sloan & Co. have just unloaded a car of Golden sugar syrup in barrels and half-barrels.

A consignment of new shelled almonds and Malaga raisins arrived this week for H. P. Eckardt & Co.

A shipment of Morton's canned pineapples, Albert sardines, kippered herrings and herrings in tomato sauce has arrived for John Sloan & Co.

W. H. Gillard & Co. report that they are showing exceptional value in medium-grade and high grade teas in almost every line; a large shipment just arriving.

W. H. Gillard & Co., are just in receipt of their first arrival of their currants, "Paradise" and "Haycastle," which they have handled for a number of years.

R. W. Hannah, Board of Trade, Toronto, reports a good demand for potatoes in car lots. The shortage of cars, however, prevents prompt shipment. The stock is coming forward now in better shape, being riper the last week's deliveries. If you have any to offer correspond with him.

THE CANADIAN GROCER 14 "Good The day of "good enough" has Enough. " gone by in the production of Salt. Modern methods have relegated the old-fashioned Salt of commerce to a back seat. Only the best will satisfy the particular cook to-day, and Windsor Salt anticipates her desire. No woman is content with cooking that is simply "good enough" and no more is she willing to use Salt of inferior quality to "Good enough" won't do for her any more produce the best results. than for you --- Windsor Salt is the best by test. Facts prove it, sales prove it. If you are not selling it, won't Windsor you prove it yourself by ordering it ?---prove it to-day! Salt. The Canadian Salt Co., Limited, Windsor, Ont. ~~~~~~ No. 23. COLES 40 years' experience ought to count, Under-Counte and every barrel of vinegar we send COFFEE Mill out carries the benefit of that experi-List Price, ence in its \$52.00. None better for Strength, Granulating or Pulverizing. Our mills will Pulverize with-Brilliancy, out heating Coffee. Every Coles Coffee Mill has a Flavor. Breaker that breaks the Coffee before it enters the grinders, thus reducing wear of grinders. A GREAT LABOR -SAVER. Our Grinders Wilson, Lytle, Badgerow wear longest JNTER, MITCHELL & CO., Toronto. 30RN & CO., St. John, N.B. IS BROS., Montreal. AN, ECKERT & CO., London, Ont. Co., Limited COLES MANUFACTURING CO., PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A. TORONTO



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CANNED-TOMATO SITUATION.

T is important to note that the short pack of tomatoes, which the Canadian canners have been prophesying for some weeks back, has developed within the past few days into a tangible form that is far more convincing than the advance recently made by the Syndicate. One large Montreal dealer, who bought so heavily last fall that he had yet a plentiful supply at the end of the year, has been already cleaned out of his new pack, and finds, much to his disappointment, he cannot replenish his stock with his favorite brand. This has led to investigations that have brought forth interesting facts which, we believe, are dependable.

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The trade have become accustomed—too well accustomed—to the canners' story of a short pack. It was told last year, but, intentionally or unintentionally, everyone in the trade knows that it was a story of fiction; the pack was exceedingly heavy. So, in spite of the fact that the canners adopted measures to curtail their output this year, buyers refused to govern themselves by the canners' reports, even when the crop itself was a partial failure. A few loaded up, but the vast majority bought lightly. It is not surprising that there are low stocks, but it is surprising that these stocks cannot be readily replenished. It would seem to be a strong evidence indicative of a light pack.

We have been given some figures up to October 4. It is said that the Canadian packers of tomatoes had put up only 219,-000 cases, against 387,000 last year, and the packing is now virtually over, as tomatoes will not ripen in frosty weather. Of the 219,000 cases packed, 170,000 have, it is alleged, already been sold. The statistics look strong and are said to be authentic.

There is another circumstance to take into consideration. The tomato crop has been very light in the United States, and the Americans have been buying in this country. From Picton and Trenton two cargoes at least of 5 000 and 6 000 crates have been shipped across to Rochester to supply the canners there, while we have heard that last week a block of 5 000 cases of canned tomatoes were sent into the United States. Both purchases must naturally affect our small market. One large Montreal firm has authorized its travellers to predict \$1 tomatoes before next spring. But it is not everybody that is so optimistic.

Already the Americans are advancing catsups and other products containing tomatoes, on account of the high prices of the raw material. One maker of catsup is up 15 to 25c. a case, and Heinz's Montreal agency say quotations are withdrawn.

DYED EVAPORATED APPLES.

AST season THE CANADIAN GROCER had occasion to draw attention to the harm done to the top layer of evaporated apples by the use in packing of colored paper, or rather the use of colored paper in trimming the top edges of evaporated apple packages. It was conclusively shown that the proper paper to use is a plain white paper for the top, sides and bottom, with possibly a strip of white paper of funcy design along the top edges.

But some packers seem to be still making the mistake pointed out last season. E. S. Shearer, Rounthwaite, Man., sends us a sample of a top layer of evaporated apples. Fancy pink paper had been used in this package, and it had not only discolored the surface of the apple immediately under it, but the dye had gone completely through the fruit.

A word to the wise should be sufficient.

BALED HAY WANTED.

A LONDON, ENG., firm writes that it is desirous of being brought into touch with Canadian shippers of baled hay near the Atlantic seaboard who would be willing to deliver hay in pressed bales f.o.b. steamer at a low price.

Exporters who desire to communicate with the London house in question can do so through the editor of THE CANADIAN GROCER.

Canada's export trade in hay is becoming quite an important one, last year being valued at over \$2,000,000, and the number of inquiries that are still being received for this product of the farm is an evidence that the foreign trade is capable of still greater development. Our chief customer is the United States, but it would seem that the market which is capable of the greater development is that which lies beyond the Atlantic. The exports of hay during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, were as follows :

Great Britain	Tons. 51.644	\$ 459.235
United States	155.222	1,158,128
British West Indies	1,528	14.758
Other countries	33 584	465.781
	211.078	\$2'005 002

CANADIAN FLOUR PLEASES THE DUCHESS.

While the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York were in Winnipeg they, accompanied by their suite, spent an hour in the great mills of the Ogilvie Milling Co., Limited, there. Evidently the Duchess has a good knowledge of flour qualities for she was so impressed with the magnitude of the mill, the completeness of its equipment and the excellence of the flour which is produced from Manitoba No. 1 hard that she insisted on arrangements being made so that the bread used in her household shall henceforth be made from Ogilvie's Hungarian exclusively. This should contribute to the reputation and fame of Manitoba wheat and flour, not only in Canada, but also in the many countries to which it is exported, for what is suitable for British Royalty need fear no rival the world over.

It will be remembered that a few months ago the British Admiralty, after a series of tests, decided to use Manitoba flour in the navy.

The merit of Canadian flour is gradually getting the recognition it deserves.

GERMANY'S DISCRIMINATION AGAINST CANADA

HE official announcement which the Department of Trade and Commerce

received the other day to the effect that the favored nation treatment had been denied Canada by Germany, created little or no interest in this country, for it was only an official intimation of what we were already fully cognizant. It is none the less an important matter, for it means that whatever business we do with Germany will be done under difficulties greater at least than some of our competitors. Canada is the only colony in the British Empire upon which this disability has been placed.

The action of the German authorities is, of course, a reprisal upon us for the part we took in 1897 in bringing about the abrogation of the treaties between Great Britain and Germany which prevented Canada from giving the products of the Mother Country preferential tariff treatment.

We cannot but regret the action of Germany. It is unworthy of a great nation. The steps that Canada took to abrogate the treaty were not based on antipathy towards the German Empire. On the contrary, the people of this country have had the most friendly feeling towards the Fatherland. There are a large number of Germans and their descendants in the Dominion, and they are among our best and most highlyprized citizens.

What induced Canada to seek the abrogation of the treaty was a principle. The treaty, which went into force in 1865, bound Canada to conditions which she had no voice in formulating. As they precluded the Dominion according the products of Great Britain a preference under the tariff unless it was extended to Germany, it meant that the self-government for which our forefathers had so long contended before obtaining was still very incomplete, and incomplete in a way that was humiliating.

Possibly few, if any, of those who agreed with the action of the Canadian Government in persuading the British Government to abrogate the treaty expected reprisals from the German Government, but that does not warrant our wishing to recall what has been done.

We contended for a principle, a won. And even if we have to pay a more for it than we anticipated it is h manly for us on that account to blame who were responsible for initiating movement which resulted in the treaty Germany being abrogated.

In Great Britain there is a feeling in certain quarters that the Imperial Government did not stand up for the interest of Canada when the new treaty with Germany was being negotiated. The Financial Daily News of London, for instance, in a series of editorial articles vigorously criticized the Imperial Government for its apathy in regard to the matter.

We do not know what our own Government has done in the matter. Sir Richard Cartwright, some time ago, told a deputation that his Department had made some representations in the matter. But, judging from Sir Richard's action in regard to other matters, we fear that his representations were not very vigorously pushed upon the Imperial authorities.

Hope may not yet be abandoned, however. Possibly a commercial treaty, similar to that which we already have with France, may be secured with Germany through the Imperial authorities. At any rate, we do not know what we can do until we try. The Government should take the matter up without delay.

Canada's aggregate trade with Germany in 1900 was nearly \$10,500,000, the largest on record. But by far the greater part of that amount is made up of imports from Germany, the imports and exports being \$8.706,641 and \$1,715.903 respectively. Our chief imports from Germany during 1899 and 1900 were as follows :

CHIEF IMPORTS FROM GERMANY.

	1899.	1900.
Cotton and manufactures of.	\$ 150.469	\$ 186,664
Earthenware and china	98,504	133,699
Fancy articles	276,959	310,447
Furs and manufactures of	309,010	593,267
Glass and manufactures of	136,632	182,619
Gloves and mits	240,022	241,690
Paints and colors	255,806	290,623
Silk and manufactures of	340,824	316,197
Sugar	2,750,166	3,412,383
Drugs, etc	176,023	199,010
Iron, steel, metals	414,143	678,869
State of the second state		

Our exports to Germany are largely made up of breadstuffs, manufactures of metals and fruits. This will be gathered from a glance at the following table :

DA.	1898.	
	Breadstuffs	
nd we	Fruits (dried and green) 372,500	
little	Iron and steel and manufactures of: Agricultural implements \$248,835	
hardly	Machines and machinery 2,391 All other 16,578	
those	Total iron, etc \$267,804	
g the	Asbestos \$ 12,052	
y with	Provisions 71,075 Seeds. 230,669 Wood and manufactures of 38,024	
	The aggregate trade with Germa	

h Germany durng the last four years was as follows :

\$6,830,978 \$7,601,252 \$9,602,063 \$10,422,444 Germany has evidently the most to lose through unpleasant trade relations between the two countries, but that should not deter the Department of Commerce either making an effort to secure a commercial treaty with that country or at least the removal of what is practically a discriminatory tariff against Canadian products.

APPLE PRICES BEING FIXED.

HE high price of apples is naturally having its effect on the values of gallon, evaporated and dried apples, all three of which are handled by the grocery trade.

When it first became realized that the apple crop was a short one, dealers immediately forsook the low price at which they were clearing last year's pick, some of whom were selling as low as \$1.65, and raised their quotations to \$2.00, then to \$2.25, which was for some time considered high enough. But now we understand that prices have soared to \$2.50, \$2.60 and \$2.75. Most packers absolutely refuse to make quotations on new pack, claiming that it is too risky to estimate what the cost will be. Only the best winter fruit can be put into cans and it would seem that the right goods cannot be got under \$3.00 a barrel. Paying this figure it is difficult to see how goods can be turned out at less than \$2.50, while some packers talk of \$2.75.

Evaporated apples have not yet found their level either. Most packers have been asking 9 1/2 c. by the carload, but values are gradually settling about 9c. Wholesalers are asking 10 to 10 % c.

Dried apples are worth 6 1/2 c. by the carload in Montreal.

CHIEF EXPORTS TO GERMANY.

\$738,773

191,183

68,965

7,405

15.553

\$445,88

\$ 80,916

\$248,835 \$376,089

THE AUSTRALIAN TARIFF AND THE CANADIAN PREFERENCE.

A USTRALIA'S long - expected new tariff has at last been brought down, having been submitted to the Federal House of Representatives on October 8 by the Minister of Trade and Commerce.

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The average ad valorem duties are 18.7 per cent. And, while the maximum ad valorem duty is 25 per cent., some of the composite and fixed duties will, it is said, reach 100 per cent. Excluding narcotics and alcohol, it is estimated that the remainder of the duties will average 30 per cent.

The rates of duty, according to the cable information, are as follows:

Galvanized and corrugated iron Agricultural machinery	
Sparkling wines	
Other wines, bottled	8s. "
" in bulk	6s. "
Tobacco, manufactured	3s. 6d. per lb.
Leaf tobacco, imported	1s. 6d. per lb., excise 1s.
Cigars	6s. 6d. and 15 p. c. ad valorem.
Cigarettes	6s. 6d.
*Sugar, imported	£6 per ton.
Cottons and linens	10 and 15 p. c.
Furniture	20 per cent.
*Excise £3 with a rebate of £	2 if grown by white

labor alone. In order to encourage the development of

the iron and steel industry, a system of bonuses similar to those existing in Canada is proposed. In his tariff speech the Minister of Trade and Commerce said the bonus on pig iron would be 12s. per ton when made from Australian ore and 8s. when from foreign ore. On steel ingots, when 50 per cent. of Australian ore is used, the bonus will be 12s. The bonus will be given from July 1902.

These figures approximate pretty closely to the amount of the Canadian bonus on iron and steel. Turned into decimal currency 12s. would be \$2 92. Now, our bounty is \$3 per ton on pig iron made from Canadian ore, and \$3 per ton on steel ingots made from ingredients of which not less than 50 per cent. of their weight consists of pig iron made in Canada.

One feature in which the Australian bounty differs from the Canadian is that the former will only be paid to works which produce over 100,000 tons annually, while the maximum quantity on which a bonus will be paid will be 150,000 tons. Besides the bonuses already noticed there is one of 25 per cent. to be given on machinery,

which in the case of approved reapers and binders will begin at once.

Although we have so far but little information regarding the tariff it is undoubtedly protectionist in principle. It is not evidently as pronouncedly so as that of the United States, which averages over 50 per cent. but it appears to be rather more strongly protectionist than that obtaining in Canada.

Canadians can scarcely be uninterested in the Australian tariff, from the very fact that it affects articles which they export to that country. Our export trade to Australia has not developed to the extent it was hoped it would, its value during each of the four years ending June 30, 1900, being as follows: 1897, \$1,422,426; 1898, \$1,649.-320; 1899, \$1,527,810; 1900, \$1,653,173. Anything, therefore, that will tend to decrease rather than increase that trade, we can scarcely afford to view with equanimity. Our chief exports to Australia during the

last three years were as follows :

CHIEF EXPORTS TO AUSTRALIA.

	1000.	1000.	1000.
Breadstuffs	\$124 230.	\$88,167	\$112,31:
Carriages and bicycles.	264.100	210,330	184,861
Cottons	76,122	88,523	113,109
Fish and fish products.	179,400	63,547	203,444
Agricultural impl'm'nts	609,052	596.674	469,76
Machinery	7,280	26,097	39,971
Musical instruments	26,595	50.367	50,130
Deals	33,994	52,359	13,88
Laths, palings, pickets.	153,024	169,592	127,58
Furniture	23,569	23,095	44,098

Up to the present the tariff of New South Wales was practically on a free trade basis, and as such was one of the British colonies specially mentioned in the Canadian Customs tariff as entitled to the preferential rebate of 331/2 per cent. of the duty. The question now arises : Does the new Australian tariff place the products of New South Wales without the pale of the preferential tariff? The Act provides that the preference may be extended to "any other British colony or possession the Customs tariff of which is, on the whole, as favorable to Canada as the British preferential tariff is to such colony or possession."

It is evident from what can be gathered from the cabled report of the Australian tariff that it is not as favorable to "Canada as the British preferential tariff" is to New South Wales. It is to be hoped, however, that the Governments of the two chief "British Dominions beyond the seas" will arrive at same reciprocal arrangement whereby the removal of the Canadian preference on the products of New South Wales may be obviated.

Here is another matter for the attention of the Canadian Trade and Commerce Department.

BARBADOES MOLASSES.

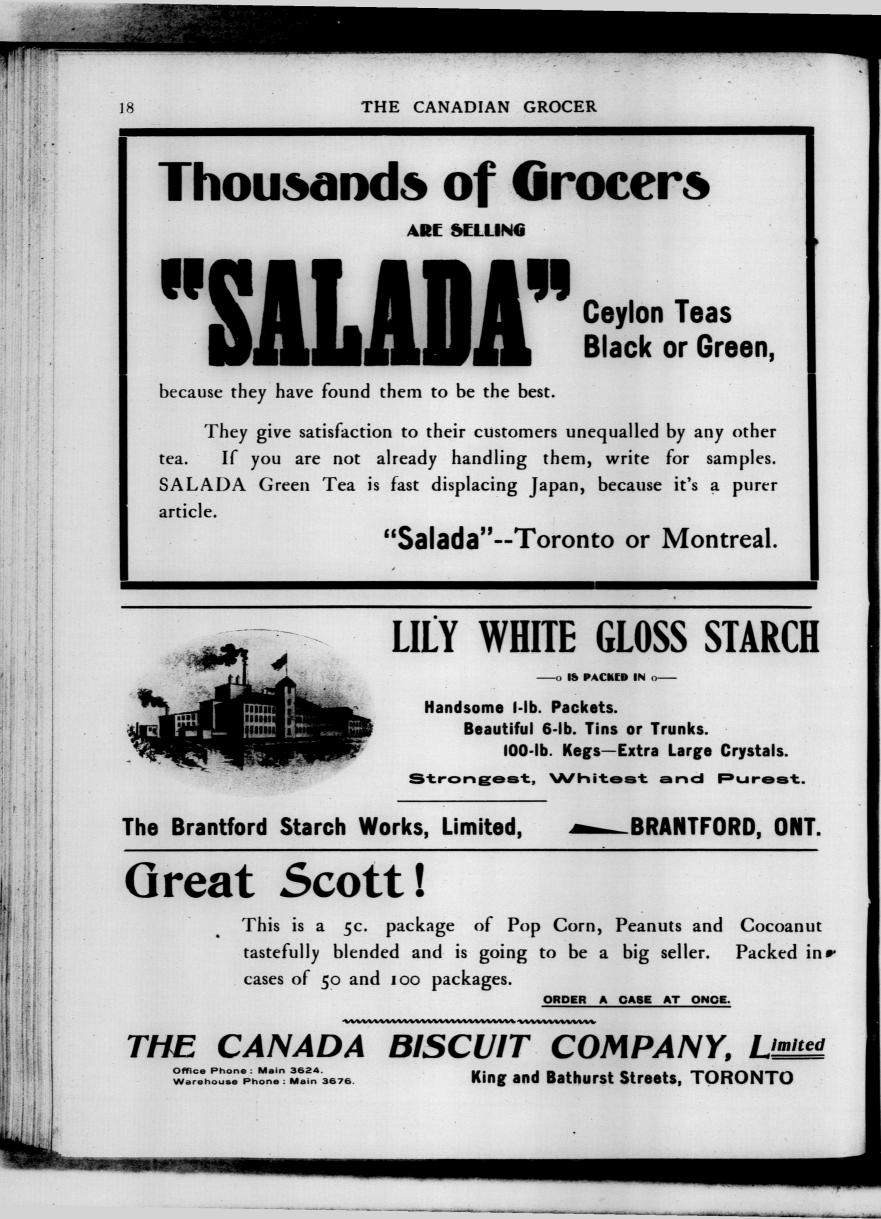
THE situation in Barbadoes molasses is quite interesting on account of the divergent influences which are a work. The larger crop this year naturally means lower prices than those which ruled last year, jobbers in Montreal now selling at 29c. per gallon that which last year realized 35 to 36c. per gallon.

Were it not for other counteracting influences, it is probable the present price would be lower than it is.

When prices in any commodity fall below a certain point they usually stimulate the consumption. This is the experience this campaign in Barbadoes molasses. And it has been particularly so on United States account. For example, that country last year took from 1,200 to 1,500 puncheons, while this year its quota was 10,000 to 15,000 puncheons. In one cargo alone which went to Savannah this year there were 1,000 puncheons. The United States' chief supply of molasses usually comes from Porto Rico.

Shipments into Montreal this year, on the other hand, are smaller than last year, being only about 10,000 puncheons compared with 12,000 to 13,000 in 1900. As a consequence, stocks there are much lower than they were a year ago. It will be noticed by our St. John, N.B., market report this week that a shipment is on the way from that city to Montreal. Last year about 10,000 barrels of New Orleans molasses—about equal to 3,000 puncheons —were sold in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, but the low price of the Barbadoes article has precluded that being repeated this year.

Besides the price-steadying influences noted, it must be remembered that hog products are dear, and that jams and fruits are in lighter supply than usual. Then there are the higher figures ruling on glucose products to be taken into consideration as well.





INFORMATION FOR BUYERS. If any reader wishes to know where

any article can be purchased in Canada or abroad, a letter to the Editor will probably place him in communication with the seller.

ONTARIO MARKETS.

Toronto, October 17, 1901. GROCERIES.

RADE conditions continue on the whole fairly good, although nothing specially new has developed during the week. Canned vegetables are only selling in small quantities, but taking it all around there is a fair quantity moving, while prices rule firm. Canned salmon is also in good demand. The tea market is in a good condition, as far as prices are concerned, all descriptions being firm in price. There is not a great deal being done in coffee, but prices rule firm. Currants are meeting with a good demand and Valencia raisins are quiet and rather easier in price in the primary market. There is just a moderate business being done in spices, rice and tapioca. The demand for sugar is without improvement, and although the raw markets are firm there is not much likelihood of higher prices on the refined article.

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CANNED GOODS.

There is practically nothing new in the situation. There is a good sorting-up demand for small lots of tomatoes, peas, corn and beans, the ruling prices still being 85 to goc. for tomatoes, 82 1/2 c. up for peas, and 8oc. up for corn. There are still a few odd lots of old tomatoes being offered. These are gradually being cleaned up however. Some of the wholesalers report a good business in canned vegetables and fruits for shipment to the northern lakes. A large trade is being done in jams and jellies, and at least some of the manufacturers are working overtime. Very little "attention is being paid to canned meats. A good movement is being experienced in canned salmon. The low prices at which

good sockeye fish is being sold are stimulating business. Although there is so much canned salmon of first-class quality to be had at moderate prices there is quite a little inferior low-priced goods being offered. The demand, however, is largely for the better class of fish, at \$1.25 to \$1.30 for nothern sockeye, and for Fraser River sockeye at $\$1 42\frac{1}{2}$ in 5 case lots and over, and \$1.45 for less quantities. Cohoes run from \$1.05 to \$1.15, according to quality, and pink salmon at 95c. to \$1.

COFFEE.

The market for Rio coffees rules strong, and prices are fully $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per lb. higher in the primary market than they were a month ago. The high price is being maintained in spite of the heavy receipts at the coffee centres in Brazil. Local wholesalers are holding off on account of the excited condition of the market. The retail trade is moderate. We quote : Green Rios, No. 7, $7\frac{1}{2}$ c. per lb.; No. 6, 8c.; No. 5, $8\frac{1}{2}$ c.; No. 4, $9\frac{1}{2}$ c.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

The position in both syrups and molasses is much about the same as a week ago, the demand only being moderate for both. We quote corn syrup in bbls., $3\frac{1}{2}$ c.; in $\frac{1}{2}$ bbls., $3\frac{3}{8}$ c.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ c. in kegs; 3 gal. pails, \$1.50; 2gal. pails, \$1.10. Syrups run all the way

See pages 31 and 32 for Toronto, Montreal, and St. John prices current.

from 30 to 37C., according to quality. Arrivals of molasses at New Orleans continue light, and they are expected to continue so until the end of the month.

SPICES.

There is just the usual moderate seasonable trade being done. Prices rule firm in the primary markets.

RICE AND TAPIOCA.

There is a steady demand for both rice and tapioca, and prices both at home and abroad rule much as before. Foreign rice rules firm. We quote: B rice, $3\frac{14}{2}$ to $3\frac{14}{2}$ c.; Japan, $5\frac{14}{2}$ to 6c.; tapioca, $4\frac{14}{4}$ to $4\frac{14}{2}$ c. Pearl tapioca rules firm in the outside maskets.

SUGAR

There has not been much change in the sugar situation during the past week. The raw markets have ruled steady to firm, although no actual advances have taken place. Refined sugars, both in Germany and the United States, are in very little demand. No change has been made in prices in either country, and should the price of raw in the United States appreciate it is not likely that the refined article will follow, as the margin between centrifugals and granulated is now \$1.10 per 100 lb., which insures the refiner a good profit. One of the features of the situation in the United States last week was an advance of ic. per lb. on granulated sugar at the Missouri river points. It will be remembered that a week or two ago, in order to fight the beetsugar industry, the Trust reduced its price at the Missouri river points to 3 1/2 c. With the recent advance the price is now 4 1/2 c. While the low price ruled large sales were made. The meltings last week were 30,000 tons and the receipts 31,255 tons. The total stock in the four United States ports at the end of last week was 163.615 tons, against 46,790 tons at the corresponding date last year.

19

TEAS.

There has been a little more disposition on the part of wholesalers to operate in Japan teas, but only a few transactions have taken place, as they are not willing to pay the prices asked. The market in Japan is firm at the present figures, and the thirdcrop teas are showing comparatively better value than the early teas. Very few teas, it appears, are this year being sent to Canada on consignment. This is not surprising, in view of the poor results that were experienced last year. The situation in regard to Indian and Ceylon teas also continues firm. Although a better feeling exists on the local markets, wholesalers are only buying for immediate requirements, hoping that better prices will rule later. It is worthy of note that Indian teas are just now at their best, being September manufacture, when the leaf is full of sap and flavory. The kinds of tea mostly wanted here just now are medium Pekoes and Pekoe Souchongs. Stocks of tea on the local market appear to be gradually diminishing, as far as we can gather. There are still some old teas on the spot, however, which are not without their influence on the market on new and better quality teas. There is a little inquiry for Ceylon green teas, and a few are being offered, but sellers refuse to accept the bids which are offered. China greens are still scarce and firm, and 1 1/2 to 2c. dearer than at the beginning of the season.

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.

CURRANTS—There have been no further changes in prices in the primary market since last week, but the market there con-

tinues to ru'e firm. Since the advance took place there has been a little more buying on importation account, although not in large quantities. Wholesalers report a fairly active demand for new currants on spot at $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8c. for cleaned Filiatras; 8 to $8\frac{1}{2}$ c. for Patras, and $8\frac{1}{2}$ to $9\frac{1}{2}$ c. for Vostizzas. For November delivery wholesalers quote cleaned fruit as follows : Fine Filiatras, 6c.; Patras, $6\frac{1}{2}$ c., and Vostizzas, $8\frac{1}{2}$ c.

VALENCIA RAISINS-The Valencia raisin market is rather easier, there having been a decline of 1s. per cwt. in Denia. The lower prices have somewhat stimulated buying, the wholesalers evidently thinking it their only chance to order fruit and get it here before Christmas. The demand on retail account for goods in stock is only light, and the ruling prices at which sales are being made is 61/2 to 7c. for fine offstalk and 7 to 7 1/2 c. for selected. For the little old fruit on the market 31/2 c. per lb. is being quoted for fine off stalk and 4c. for selected. Futures to arrive in three or four weeks are quoted at 6 1/2 c. for selected and 6c. for fine off-stalk.

SULTANA RAISINS—A number of small orders on importation account are reported, but none of them are of importance, and the purchases are chiefly confined to the cheaper grades.

PRUNES—The demand is still only light, with quotations as before. We quote new Californian prunes: 100-110's, 5C.; 90-100's, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{1}{4}$ C.; 80 go's, $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7c.; 70-80's, $6\frac{3}{4}$ to $7\frac{1}{4}$ C.; 60-70's, $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8c.; 50 60's, 8 to $8\frac{1}{2}$ C.; 40 50's, $8\frac{3}{4}$ to 10C. French, 100's, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4C.

FIGS--There is very little being done. Four-rowed Elemes in 10 lb. boxes are being quoted at 10c. and 1 lb. glove boxes at 9c.

There is still a moderate business doing on the Toronto street market. A few pears, peaches and grapes are still arriving, and are readily sold. Foreign fruits are having a larger sale. Cape Cod cranberries, sweet potatoes, Jamacia oranges and bananas continue plentiful and are in excellent demand. Malaga lemons and grapes have arrived this week and are good sellers. Californian lemons are also selling well. The apple market shows a strengthening tone, from \$3 to \$3.50 being the general quotation for best varieties. We quote prices as follows : Pears, 20 to 40c. per basket ; peaches, 30 to 6oc.; apples, 25 to 40c.; tomatoes, 25 to 35c.; peppers, 25 to 50c.; grapes, in 10 lb. baskets, Niagaras, 17 1/2 to 20c., and 20 to 25c. for Delawares and Rogers; quinces, 30 to 40c. per basket; muskmelons, 25 to 35c. per crate of 12; bananas, \$1.75 for 1st and 75c. to \$1 for eight hands. Malaga grapes are \$6.50 to

\$7.50. Malaga lemons are offering at \$3.75 to \$4 per box, and Californian lemons at \$5 per box ; Jamacia oranges are \$6 per bbl. or \$4 to \$4 25 per box ; Cape Cod cranberries, \$8 per bbl. ; Ontario cranberries, \$6 per bbl. ; pine apples, \$3.50 per case.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EGGS—The market continues firm. The supply is fully up to the average, but as fresh arrivals come on a well-cleaned market they are soon absorbed. The general prices asked for cases of selected new laid is 18c., while fresh gathered range from 15 to 16c. Cold-stored eggs sell readily at 14 to 16c., and limed eggs at 14 to 15c. per doz.

BEANS—The market is steady. There is a good trade doing, particularly with lumber camps, at last week's quotations, \$1.75 to \$1.80 for prime pea beans.

HONEY—A good trade is doing. Prices are unchanged. We quote: 9 to Ioc. for extracted clover and \$2 to \$2.25 for No. I clover comb.

DRIED APPLES—Trade in evaporated apples is beginning to open up, and last week's quotations fairly cover the situation, new stock selling at 92. for carlots and 10c. for cases. Dried apples are not offering, but nominal quotations range from 5 ½ to 6 ½ c.

POTATOES—The market is slightly higher on cars. Cars are selling fairly well at 55c. per bushel on track Toronto. Small lots are in active request at 63 to 65c.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—There is a good demand for fresh dairy butter of strictly choice quality, and tubs of this class are 1c. higher, but there is too much held butter of all grades of quality. Creamery makes are in good demand at steady prices. We quote : Dairy prints, 16 to 17c.; best tubs, 15 to 16c.; poor to medium grades, 12 to 14c.; creamery prints, 21 to 21 ½c.; boxes, 19 to 20c.

CHEESE—The break noted last week has left the market dull and unsteady. The export demand is moderate, and, as large stocks are held here, export buyers are exceedingly cautious and are trying to force a further decline at country boards, where prices are now $\frac{1}{2}$ c. lower than a week ago. Local jobbing prices are unchanged at $9\frac{1}{2}$ to $9\frac{3}{2}$ c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

DRESSED POULTRY — Chickens are in excellent demand. The inquiry for other lines is steadily increasing. Prices are unchanged. We quote: Chickens, 40 to 60c. per pair; hens 30 to 50c. per pair; ducks, 50 to 75c. per pair; geese, 7 to 8c. per lb.; turkeys, 10 to 11c. per lb.

LIVE POULTRY-The Canadian Produce Co., 36 and 38 Esplanade east, Toronto, will pay until October 24 for spring chickens, not less than two lb. each, 6c. per lb. For ducklings, 5c. per lb. For hens (including last year's birds) 3c. per lb. These prices are for live weight on arrival. Crates shipped free and express paid up to 5oc. per 100 lb. of chickens.

GAME—There is a good demand, and as the offerings are moderate prices are firm. We quote: Teal and butterballs, 25 to 30c.; pintails and redheads, 50 to 60c.; black ducks, 75c. to \$1 per brace.

FISH.

The demand for oysters is improving, as is also the sale of both fresh and smoked fish. The reports of a short catch of both cod and herring have been confirmed, so prices of these fish, whether fresh, dried or tinned, will probably continue firm this season. We quote as follows : Fresh fish-Codfish, 6 to 8c.; whitefish, 61/2 to 71/2c.; trout, 61 to 71/2c.; halibut, 8c.; sea salmon, 13 to 15c.; haddock, 8c.; herring, 5c.; perch, 4c.; British Columbian salmon, 20c. Smoked fish .- Ciscoes, \$ I to \$1.25 per basket; finnan haddie, 7 to 8c. per lb. Digby herring, 75 to 8oc. per bundle. Prepared fish-Dried cod, in 112 lb. bundles, \$4.75 per cwt.; flitched cod, \$5 to \$5 25 ; boneless cod, in bricks, 5 to 5 % c. per lb. ; steak cod, 61/2c. per lb.; shredded cod (2 doz. in box), \$1.80 per box; boneless fish, loose, in 25-lb. boxes, 4 to 4 1/2 c., and 5-lb. boxes, 5c. per lb. Oysters-Standards, \$3.75 per small pail or \$1.50 per Imperial gallon ; selects, \$2 per Imperial gallon.

VEGETABLES.

Sales of all lines are large. Parsnips are now freely offered. Cabbage, both red and white, are lower. Gherkins and cucumbers are done. We quote as follows : Carrots, parsnips and beets, 20c. per peck ; turnips, 15 to 20c. per peck ; lettuce, 20 to 30c. per doz.; radishes, 30 to 40c.; watercress, mint and parsley, 20c.; cauliflower, \$1 25 to \$1.50 ; celery, 40 to 6oc. ; red cabbage, No. 1, 5 to 1oc.; cabbage, 25 to 40c.; corn, 6 to 10c.; tomatoes, 25 to 30c. per basket ; pickling onions, 30 to 40c. per peck ; dry onions, \$1 per bush.; potatoes, 60 to 65c. per bush.; egg plant, 30 to 35c. per basket ; Hubbard squash, 10 to 30c. each ; vegetable marrow, 5 to 15c. each ; pumpkins, 10 to 25c. each ; citrons, 15c. each.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND BREAKFAST FOODS.

GRAIN — Prices are steady throughout. Manitoba No. I hard is quoted at 79c. grinding in transit, or 77c. Toronto and west. Ontario wheat is quoted at 65 to 66c. at outside points, middle freights. Deliveries on the local street market are fairly large. The receipts of barley show a



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great range of quality, and prices cover a correspondingly wide range. We quote : Wheat, white and red, 68 to 73½cc.; goose, 65½ to 67c.; oats, new, 40cc.; rye, 54cc.; barley, 47 to 57½cc.; peas, 65 to 70c.

FLOUR — The demand shows some improvement, but there is no change in prices. We quote on track, Toronto (bags included) as follows : Manitoba pat ents, \$4; Manitoba strong bakers', \$3.60; Ontario patents, \$3.50 to \$3.60; straight roller, \$3.

BREAKFAST FOODS—There is an excellent movement. We quote : Standard oatmeal and rolled oats, \$3.50 in bags, and \$3.60 in bbls.; rolled oats, \$4.20 in bags, and \$4.30 in bbls.; rolled wheat, \$2.15 in 100-lb. bbls.; cornmeal, \$3.50; split peas, \$4.50; pot barley, \$4.55.

HIDES, SKINS AND WOOL.

HIDES—There is a good demand. Prices are unchanged throughout. We quote: Cowhides, No. 1, 8c. ; No. 2, 7c. ; No. 3, 6c. Steerhides are worth Ic. more. Cured hides are quoted at 8½ to 9c.

SKINS — There is a fair movement. Prices are unchanged. We quote: No. I veal, 8 lb. and up, 9c. per lb.; No. 2, 8c.; dekins, from 55 to 60c.; culls, 20 to 25c.; lambs and pelts, 55c.

WOOL—There is not much doing. Our quotations are : Combing fleece, washed, 12 to 12½c., and unwashed, 7½ to 8c.

SEEDS,

A few samples of alsike clover seed of superior quality have come in, and as high as \$6 to \$7 has been paid for these, but other lots, inferior in quality, have been bought from \$6 down. Red clover is in good request at \$4 60 to \$4.75 for the finest seed, suitable for exporting, and at \$4.25 to \$4.50 for medium qualities, which would have to be kept over till the spring trade.

MARKET NOTES.

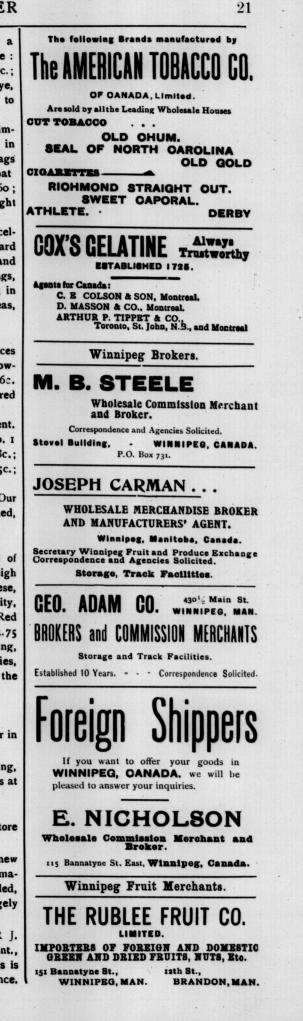
Valencia raisins are 15. per cwt. lower in Denia.

Malaga lemons and grapes are offering, the lemons at \$4 per box and the grapes at \$6.50 to \$7.50.

W. Bayne is erecting a new general store at Newbury, Ont.

McLachlan & Vair intend erecting a new bakery in Glencoe, Ont. Ovens and machinery of the latest patterns will be installed, and the capacity of the bakery largely increased.

S. B. Freeman's chopping mill and R J. Graham's evaporator at Port Elgin, Ont., have been destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$5,000; partially covered by insurance.



OUEBEC MARKETS. MONTREAL, October 17, 1901. GROCERIES.

• HE trade is now drawing on to the busiest time of the year. Large im-

portations of jams pickles, liquors; in fact, bottles and cans of all kinds are now being received and at the same time shipped so that the retailer will have his stock before the close of navigation. Canned goods are taking on a more engaging aspect this week by the announcement of at least one large house that they are sold out of new pack of tomatoes and cannot replace their brand. It seems now that the Americans at Rochester have been carrying off a part of our tomato crop. Not only are can-ned tomatoes firm, but all those goods, such as ketchup, into which tomatoes enter, are also strong. The market for all kinds of tea is strong and there is a better demand than there has been for months. Spices are all firm with pepper back to its old level. Currants are a little higher this week and Valencia back to its old level. Currant little higher this week and Valencia raisins somewhat lower, but prices for spot goods are unchanged. New figs and here now in stock. On account of peels are now in stock. On account of the short crop of corn all coarse grains are firm; rolled oats and bolling peas are consequently advancing. Ev and gallon apples are very high. Evaporated

SUGAR

There is nothing new to report in re gard to sugar, except that it is now the opinion of the best informed that the market for raw sugar has "grounded." At present the London market wavers about 7s. 7d. for October raw beet, a grounded. point only 1d. higher than the lowest point that was touched. Whether the situation has found its level is a matter opinion, but at present there is no at confidence displayed. The local great confidence displayed. The local demand is fair at unchanged quotations. Refined is worth \$1.30 for granulated and \$3.45 to \$4.20 for yellows, as to grade, per 100 lb. City, 5c. extra.

TEAS.

There is a very fair demand for teas of all grades, much better, indeed, than for months past. China teas are particu-larly interesting just now as the market is very strong; pin head gunpowders are 20 per cent. higher than at the opening of the season. Stocks in Canada arc very light, not only on account of light purchases, but also on account of recent heavy shipments to the United States. Some very fine Formosa teas have come in this week and are offered at 18 to 35c A little block of cheap Oolong changed hands at 9 to 10c. Total shipments from China to date this year are 6,000, 000 fb. behind those of last year, and are little more than half of what they were at this time in 1899. Gunpowders that were bought on the Montreal market two years ago for $12\frac{1}{2}$ to 13c. cannot be secured now under 19 and 20c.

One agent Japan teas received a cablegram on vancing prices 14c. per lb. Importers are now lamenting that stocks here are very light and local values are certain to be raised in sympathy with the primary market. Japan houses are having trouble in getting quality on fourth crop teas and this seems to be the cause of the general advance.

Latest mail advices on Ceylon black teas say that there was a strong demand

and prices hardened all round, common kinds showing 4d. per 1b. advance, medium 4d. per 1b., and fine teas 4d. to 1d. per 1b. Medium grades of Pekoe occasionally showed a little weakness, but on the whole sold well, and sus-tained the advance of the previous week. The demand for Indian teas has also been good, the feature of the market been good, the feature of the market being the hardening tendency for com-mon leaf teas and strong, dark liquoring Pekoes and Pekoe Souchong kinds, as well as brokens generally.

SYRUPS.

The market for syrups is steady with good sales during the past week. We quote : $3\frac{1}{4}c$. in bbls. ; $3\frac{3}{2}c$. in $\frac{1}{4}$ bbls. ; 81.50 in $38\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., and 81.10 in 25-lb. pails.

CANNED GOODS.

The feature of the canned goods market is the strengthening tone gathering around tomato values. This week one around tomato values. This week one house is sold out of its standard brand and is unable to procure any more of the new pack. We are creditably informed that up to October 4 only 219,000 cases We are creditably informed of tomatoes were packed in Canada against 387,000 cases last year, and the packing is practically over. Of the 219,000 cases controlled by The Dominion Syndicate, 170,000 cases are already sold. We know of a block of 5,000 cases that were sold to Americans last week at a good price f.o.b. factory, a price that would indicate a rising market. The tomato crop in the United States has been very short and Rochester packers, have been busily engaged buy at least. ing Trenton and Picton tomatoes. One boat carried over 6,000 cases across the lake. It is said that ketchups and pre-parations containing tomatoes will adin fact, one Roche ance in sympathy; ter house has already advised the trade here that they have advanced their ket-Heinz chup prices by 15 to 25c. a case. has withdrawn his tomato goods from the market for the present, so say the agents here.

Sales of canned goods during the past week have been heavy. Tomatoes are obtainable at $82\frac{1}{2}$ to $87\frac{1}{2}$ c; corn, at 80 to $82\frac{1}{2}$ c., and peas, 80 to 95c. We under 824c., and peas, 80 to 95c. We under-stand that wholesalers have so far bought corn very lightly.

Salmon remains very quiet, the trade resting on their oars, awaiting develop-ments. Prices are unchanged both here and at the Coast. Kippered herring is now being delivered at \$1 per dozen for domestic, 81.50 to 81.60 for plain foreign. and \$1.40 to \$1.50 with tomato sauce

This week there has been revealed a startling scarcity of blueberries and certain firms have advanced their prices 10c tain firms have advanced their prices 10c. per dozen : a fair quotation now would be $87_{2}c$. Pumpkins are also scarce, being quoted at $87_{2}c$. Gallon apples have advanced very materially and although sales are being made at lower prices, 82.75 would be a fair quotation. Canners refuse to give quotations on new gallon apples.

SPICES.

Pepper, cassia, pimento and cloves are in brisk demand and a good spice busi-ness is looked for right up to Christmas. Values are firm in all grades. We quote as follows : Nutmegs, 35 to 65c. per fb., as to size; Penang mace, 45 to 50c. per fb., as to quality; pimento, ground, 12¼ to 15c.; cloves, 15 to 25c.; pepper, ground, black, 17 to 20c., accord-ing to grade; white, 25 to 27c.; ginger,

whole, Cochin, 14 to 16c.; Japan, 10c.; Jamaica 20c.; ground, Japan, 15c.; Jamaica, 20c.; ground, Cochin, 16c.; Jamaica, 25c.

RICE AND TAPIOCA.

Tapioca is still firm and good property t present quotations. Rice remains Tapioca is still firm and good property at present quotations. Rice remains high abroad. We quote in com-bine district: B rice, in bags, \$3.10; Th half bags, \$3.15; in $\frac{1}{4}$ bags, \$3.20; in pockets, \$3.25. In 10-bag lots an allow-ance of 10c. is made. CC rice, \$3 in bags; \$3.05 in $\frac{1}{2}$ bags; \$3.10 in $\frac{1}{4}$ bags; and \$3.15 in pockets. In the open ter-ritory prices are about 10c. less. Patna rice is worth 4 c. per Ib., and tapioca, $3\frac{3}{4}$ to $3\frac{7}{4}$ c.

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.

VALENCIA RAISINS - The Valencia raisin market is a little lower if anything, but the change is not appreciable, it looks as if present values would Considerable buying has been done and last. during the past week for shipment on the Bellona. At time of writing the Esca-Bellona. At time of writing the Esca-lona is being expected into port. New Valencias on spot are worth 6c, for fine off-stalk, $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{3}{4}$ c, for selected and 7c, for 4-crown layers. Fine off-stalk on the Bellona is offered at $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{3}{4}$ c., as to brand, and on the Escalona as low

CURRANTS-After most of the purchases have been made for this market and the goods are shipped, the market has taken an upward turn, gaining about 2s. from the lowest point. Fine Fili-atras are now cabled at 16s. 3d. c.i.f. Montreal. The Escalona fruit is offered Montreal. The Escalona fruit is offered at 5c. for fine Filiatras in bbls, un-cleaned, in $\frac{1}{2}$ cases, $5_{2}^{3}c$; cleaned, in $\frac{1}{2}$ cases, 6c.; cleaned in 1-lb, cartons, 8c., and finest Vostizza currants, 7_{1}^{3} to 8c. Finest Amalias are worth 6_{2}^{4} to 7c. are

SULTANA RAISINS-New raisins worth 8 to 9c.

CALIFORNIAN RAISINS-Importers of loose muscatels are very much incensed over the actions of the rival factions in California who are threatening one another with all sorts of stabs in the back. As a consequence dealers here are afraid to buy and meantime the trade is passing into Spanish hands. Seeded passing into Spanish hands. Seeded raisins are selling fairly well at $9\frac{1}{2}$ to 10c. Some old 4-crown raisins are obtainable at $7\frac{1}{2}c$. PEELS—English peels have been re-ceived this week and are selling at $9\frac{1}{2}$ to 10c. for lemon; 10 to $10\frac{1}{2}c$. for orange, and 14c for circum

and 14c. for citron. FIGS—New figs are now on the mar-ket in quantity and are selling freely. In tapnets, Comadre figs are worth 31 to 32c. Eleme figs are worth 8 to 94c. per

3§c. Elements are survey b. in 10 to 12b. boxes. PRUNES—Nice orders have been taken PRUNES—Nice orders have prunes are 50.60's. FRUNES—Nice orders have been taken for new prunes. To arrive prunes are worth 7_4^3 c. for $40-50^{\circ}$ s, 7_{1c} . for $50-60^{\circ}$ s. 7c. for $60-70^{\circ}$ s, 6_{4c} . for $70-80^{\circ}$ s, 6c. for $80-90^{\circ}$ s, and 5_{4c} . for $90-100^{\circ}$ s. Some old $90-100^{\circ}$ s are obtainable at 4_{4c}° .

NUTS.

There is nothing startling to report in nuts. Orders are being taken freely for walnuts to arrive, while new shelled almonds are selling well on spot. Grenoalmonds are setting well on spot. Greno-bles are worth $10\frac{1}{2}$ to 11c. to arrive. Sicily filberts, 8 to $8\frac{3}{7}c$; Tarragona almonds, $10\frac{1}{2}$ to 11c., and shelled almonds, 25 to 26c. Last year's shelled walnuts are worth 16 to 17c.

GREEN FRUITS.

There have again been heavy arrivals of grapes, but the market has not been glutted. Business has been good and

and were worth about \$1,000,000. brings up the total exports to 323,108 packages against 227,493 packages for packages packages against 227,493 packages for corresponding period last year, showing an increase of 106,598 packages. The market has lately lost its activity and prices have continued to decline. Fancy creamery is in fair demand at 20³ to the while geod qualities have changed

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Plc., while good qualities have changed hands at 20c. Western dairy is slow

hands at 20c. Western dairy is slow sale and prices range from 14½ to 16½c., as to quality. CHEESE—There are no signs of the dullness on this article being lifted. Finest western has sold at 9½c. Previous-ly 9½c. had been refused for this lot. Englishmen still desist from buying. We quote : Finest western, 94 to 93c. ; do Eastern, 9 to 94c. ; Quebec, 85 to 83c.

MONTREAL NOTES.

Japan and China teas are strong. New evaporated apples are worth 101 to 103e

Scaled herrings have been reduced to 13 to 131 and 14c. Pork has de

has declined 50c. per bbl., and lard is down 1c.

Boiling peas are scarce and are now up to \$1.05 per bushel.

New Hallowee dates are quoted for very early delivery at $4^{3}_{4}c$. Some brands of ketchup have been advanced 15 to 25c. per case.

Gallon apples are up to \$2.65 to \$2.75 per dozen and are going higher.

Green codfish and herrings are very carce. Scotia herrings are worth 86 er bbl; green codfish, No. 1, medium, scarce. per bbl; 86.25 to \$6.50 per bbl.

NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS.

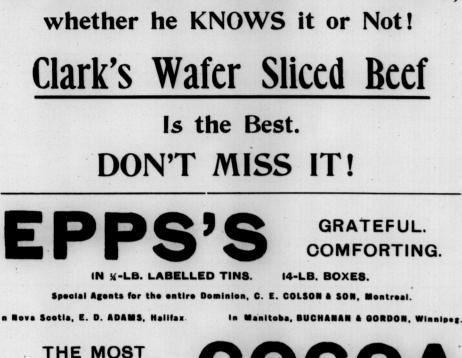
OFFICE OF THE CANADIAN GROCER.

ST. JOHN, N.B., October 17, 1901. USINESS is quite good. There is a large volume of business moving, but values are somewhat unsettled. Large quantities of all lines of groceries and provisions, hypothecated goods, have during the past few weeks been sold by some of the banks to the trade below market values. This has interfered with regular importations. Outside markets on all lines have been rather firm. This will, in many cases, mean considerable profit to some houses. It means uncertainty as well, as some will cut prices and this will make it difficult to know what competition you will have to meet. Pickled fish, which are now in season, are very scarce. Prices are high.

OIL-Burning oil has a very large sale. The price is firm at the small advance of last week. The oil people now do this business direct, in the cities having tank wagons. The retailer is enabled to buy his oil lower than under the old system. A

competition which the oil people had to meet is also done away with. Paint oil has a steady sale. Stocks held are light. In lubricating oils there is light business. Our sawmills are finding it difficult to get logs. and are, in many cases, closing down early. Cod and seal oil are high.

SALT- In Liverpool coarse salt, this busi-



He who misses the Best is a Loser.



HOUSEHOLD USE Washing Clothes, Ironing, Sealing Canned Fruit, etc. TORONTO, ONT. **OUEEN CITY OIL COMPANY, Limited,** SAMUEL ROGERS, President.

ness has changed hands. Values are rather more firmly held. Every effort is made to have orders filled when stocks are landing. There is a good demand. In Canadian fine salt, no change in values to report. More small bag salt is being used. We quote as follows : Liverpool coarse, 56 to 58c. ; English factory filled, 95c. to \$1; Canadian fine, \$1 per bag; cheese and butter salt bulk, \$2.40 per bbl. ; 5-lb. bags, \$2.85 to \$2.90 per bbl.; 10-lb. bags, \$2 70 to \$2.75 per bbl., 20 lb. wood boxes, 22c. each; 10 lb. wood boxes, 14c. each ; cartons. \$2 per case of 2 doz : English bottled salt, \$1.25 to \$1.30 per doz.; mineral rock salt, 6oc. per 100 lb. (Selected lumps.)

CANNED GOODS-New goods continue to arrive, new peaches being received this week. Good stocks of canned goods are held here. In vegetables, tomatoes and peas are the firm lines. There seems to be enough corn. Gallon apples have advanced, and are very firmly held. Quite a quantity have been shipped west. Salmon has been very scarce, but there have been some arrivals during the week. Prices are quite

firm. Lobsters are more freely offered this season. Blueberries are very short supply. Peaches, while firm, are a fair stock. Plums, cherries and raspberries are little sold. Kippered herring and haddies tend higher. Domestic sardines are in good supply. Clams have a steady sale. American demand for this line is growing.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples are being freely received. In Nova Scotia the orchard men are making money. They have a good crop and quality is good. They are getting high prices. In the local market there is a wide range of quality, as goods that will not do for export are sent here. Many of these are sold by auction, which affects regular business. The banana business is over. It seems to cut right off with the coming of the Ontario grapes. Ontario grapes have a free sale at fair prices. A few peaches are still received. Pears are about done. Oranges sell more freely. Lemons have but fair demand. In cranberries, full figures are asked. There are quite a few native bog berries offered. Sweet potatoes have a fair sale.

DRIED FRUITS—There is but a fair business. Markets are unsettled. In Valencias, new goods came on the market last week, and further arrivals are daily expected. Market is easy and buyers talk small quantities. In Californian raisins, the market is very unsettled. Very few have yet been bought. Prices were quoted, but have been withdrawn. New seeded have not yet been offered. In prunes, fair sales have been made. Prices are quite firm. There is some old stock still held. New evaporated peaches and apricots are offered. Prices are quite high. The high prices of evaporated apples have, so far, prevented business. New currants are offered, but the market is weak. In figs, there is a good sale of new goods. Onions have a good sale at full figures. Canadian supply the market.

PRODUCE--In eggs, the market has been dull for some time, and local values have ruled low. There is a tendency to higher figures. Butter is still quite scarce and high. Western butter is quite largely sold. Some stock arriving is very good. Cheese is rather dull. There has been little snap in this line for some time.

SUGAR—At the rather lower prices there is a large business. Some foreign sugars continue to arrive, the quality of which is good. There is considerable complaint about much of the domestic sugar sold.

MOLASSES—The market is rather unsettled. There is quite a range in quality offered. Tendency seems to rather lower values. Some Barbadoes that was held here went to Montreal. Some syrup in tins is offered and has a free sale.

FISH—There is a great lack of supply, particularly of pickled herring. There is neither Bay herring nor any quantity of other grades. It is impossible to fill orders. In dry cod, while there is a fair supply, prices are very firm. There has been an American demand, particularly for large fish. Even pollock, which are not free sellers here, are very firm. Fresh fish is scarce. The one weak spot is smoked herring, which are easy. Quite full stocks are held. We quote: Large and medium dry cod, \$3.50 to \$3.60; small, \$2.50 to \$2.60; haddies, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ c.; smoked herring, 9 to Ioc.; fresh haddock and cod, $2\frac{1}{2}$ c.; boneless fish, 4 to 5c.; pollock, \$1.50 to \$1.60 per Ioo lb.; pickled herring, \$2.25 to \$2.35 per half bbl.; Canso herring, \$5.50 per bbl.; kippered herring, \$1 per box; Shelburne, \$2.50 per half bbl.

FLOUR, FEED AND MEAL—Flour shows no change, but there is a feeling favoring rather lower values. In oatmeal, new stock comes to hand very slowly. Prices are very high. Oats are high and not freely offered Cornmeal is high, but sells quite freely. Beans are quite freely offered, and prices tend lower. Barley and peas are high, but there is only a fair demand. We quote as follows: Manitoba flour, \$4 60 to \$4 70; best Ontario, \$3.90 to \$4.00; medium, \$3.60 to \$3 70; oatmeal, \$4.50 to \$4.60; cornmeal, \$2.85 to \$2.90; mid dlings, \$22 to \$23; oats, 45 to 48c.; hand picked beans, \$2.00 to \$2.10; prime, \$1.90 to \$1.95; yellow eye beans, \$2.80 to \$3.00; split peas, \$4 50 to \$4.55; barley, \$4.10 to \$4.25; hay, \$12 to \$14.

ST. JOHN NOTES.

The N. K. Fairbank Co. landed a car of lard for the trade this week.

J. E. Angevine, of Bowman & Angevine, is home from a short holiday.

The Delhi Canning Co. this week landed the first new peaches to be received here. A. S. Teed, of₂ St. Stephen, and F. P. Reid, of Moncton, were in the city during the week.

Mr. Bowlby, of Bowlby Bros., was in the city this week and called on the trade. This was Mr. Bowlby's first visit east. He was much interested, as are all our western friends, in our great rise and fall of tide.

Mr. de B. Carritte, representing Paterson-Downing & Co., New York, has taken over the Liverpool salt business formerly done by Merritt Bros. & Co., and has placed R. Max McCarty, formerly with Merritt Bros. & Co., in charge of this branch of their business.

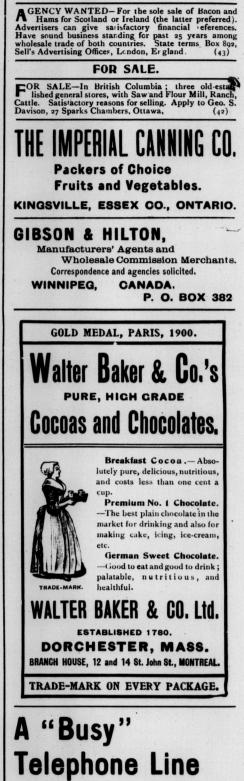
MANITOBA MARKETS.

Winnipeg, October 14, 1901.

THE fine weather of last week proved short-lived, and by Wednesday the threshers were once more silent, owing to heavy rain—and up to date it has been impossible to resume. There is no disguising the fact that the long and heavy rains have seriously injured all of the grain that was in stook, and in many instances where stacks were not well built, it is little better. It is now admitted that Manitoba's bonanza crop is likely to net her farmers little more than an average good crop, owing to shrinkages in values from rain. In spite of these discouragements business has been good throughout the week, although collections have been slow.

WHEAT—Saturday's market closed at $69\frac{1}{2}c$. Fort William for No. 1 hard and $66\frac{1}{2}c$. for No. 1 Northern and $62\frac{1}{2}c$. for No. 2 Northern. While wheat at country points has shown small deliveries and prices have been 58c. on a standard rate (15c.) of freight, considerable damp, tough wheat has been offered and this has brought as low as 42c.

FLOUR-Business is good and market



is a Telephone line in use. If you receive many complaints that your line is always "Busy," it shows that while someone is talking to you someone else wants to talk to you—that your correspondence is too much for your Telephone facilities. For details apply to the local manager.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF CANADA.

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"Imperial" Vinegar

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tickles the palate—'tis not strange : people will pay more for cream than skimmed milk.

THE CHARACTER and individuality of **Imperial** are indisputed facts, sustained by the testimony of hundreds of reputable merchants. Think of it! A buyer cannot expect clear, sparkling, fine-flavored goods to be as low-priced as the vague and puzzling mixtures stenciled "vinegar."

Our sale this year is a triumph of quality over inferiority and low price. All other makers of vinegar steadily fall short of the standard we have set for them.

Remember the name-"Imperial." BRAND тне High-grade Tomatoes, GUARANTEED Corn, SECOND TO NONE. Peas, etc. **Brighton Canning Co.** Quality the Highest Although nothing has been spared to make "KENT" **Price Reasonable** Baked Beans second to none in quality, the price

remains at a reasonable figure—10c. per can. This puts them within the reach of all, and the popular price will ensure ready sales. Put up 2 dozen in a case.

THE KENT CANNING CO., LIMITED, Chatham, Ont.

WE WANT TO ARREST

YOUR attention for a moment to remind you that if you require any of the following lines we feel confident that better values or better prices cannot be secured elsewhere. Get our quotations.

DRIED AND EVAPORATED FRUITS.

Mocha, Java, Ceylon, Costa Rica, Maracaibo, Rio, Santos, etc.

COFFEES.

28

Valencia Raisins, Seedless Raisinas, Currants, Figs, etc.

CORKS, SPICES, CREAM OF TARTAR, BAKING POWDERS.

S. H. EWING & SONS, 96 King St., MONTREAL

firm with upward tendency, although at present prices are unchanged. We quote: Ogilvie's Hungarian Patent, 82; Glenora Patent, 81.85; Alberta, 81.65; Manitoba, 81.50; Imperial XXXX, 81.15; Lake of the Woods, "Five Roses," 82; Red Patent, 81.85; "Medora," 81.45; XXXX, 81.15.

CEREALS—It is now generally admitted that an agreement has been arrived at among the Manitoba oatmeal mills whereby the price of rolled oats will be maintained at \$2.20 for 80-fb, sacks; \$1.124 for 40-fb, sacks and 514c, for 20 fb, sacks. Standard and granulated, \$2.70 for 98-fb, sacks. The quality is very fine. Split peas are in moderate demand at \$2.50; barley, pot, \$2 to \$2.40; pearl, \$3.75. Beans are decidedly lower. One house quotes them as low as \$2.25, but generally they are quoted at from \$2.35 to \$2.40. The reason for the decline seems to be that the price ran up to such exhorbitant figures there were few buyers, and prices tumbled accordingly. It is quite possible there may be an advance on present figures later in the season. Commeal continues firm at \$1.70 to \$1.80 per 98 fb.

SUGARS — Sugars remain without change for the week although indications pointed to a possible decline in sympathy with the cut in San Francisco, but to date Canadian refiners have held firm and it would appear now as if no material change were likely to take place. We quote : Extra granulated, 85.05 ; bright yellows, \$4.30 ; lumps, 86.50 to \$6.75 ; powdered, \$6.75 ; extra ground, \$6.50.

SYRUPS-Nominal demand at following quotations : Glucose, 3_4^+ to 3_5^*c . per lb., according to size of package ; extra bright, 3 to 3_2^+c . per lb.; medium, 2_4^* to 3_c .

MOLASSES-Barbados, 55 to 574c. per gal.; Porto Rico, 45 to 46c. per gal.; New Orleans, 35 to 38c.

CANNED GOODS-The advance in vegetables is maintained and from present indications it would appear that the prices up still Syndicate intend to force further. It is questionable whether the outcome will be such as to justify an advance. Buyers here are extremely skeptical as to the result of the corner. The feeling here is that when vegetables were selling at reasonable prices, the figures were more than double what they the are likely to be under existing condi-tions. In the meantime the large range of brands offered and the variations in quotations by the different houses make the giving of anything like a reliable scale all but impossible. In canned fruit the situation remains unchanged. A shortage in strawberries and raspberries is still reported. There is, however, no doubt in the minds of some that these goods are simply being held back for higher figures, which the knowing ones declare will never be reached.

EVAPORATED AND DRIED FRUITS— New evaporated apples arrived this week. The quality is fine; price, 114c. Dried are offering rather more freely at 63 to 7c. Apricots are firm at 12½ to 134c. Peaches are also firm at 10 to 10½ for unpeeled and 15 to 16c. for peeled. Currants have stiffened considerably and the new goods, shortly to arrive, will be higher than was anticipated last week. Receipts of new raisins are now fairly large. The price for the present remains at \$2.25 for fine off-stalk. New Hallowce dates which are due to arrive about the end of the month will open at 6 to 6½c. per fb. New figs will hardly arrive before the second week in November. Reports indicate an especially choice crop.

RICE—Buyers are awaiting with interest reports as to the new crop. Likelihood seems to be that prices will open about the same as last year.

FISH-Small quantities of finnan had-

dies are now arriving by express and jobbing at 12½c. Bloaters are offering, but from American points, and at prices too high for buyers here. New Loch Fyne herrings are in and selling at \$1.25 for kegs and \$2.40 for firkins. Labrador herrings, in half bbls., \$3.75; scaled, 20c. per box.

GREEN FRUITS—A further shipment of British Columbia plums has been received and sold on this market. They were from the Okanagan, and came through in fair-shape. Snow apples have arrived and are selling at \$6; other apples, \$4 to \$4.50, according to variety and condition. Advices from Ontario indicate that there will be few more shipments of grapes to come forward and for these higher prices will be asked. Present quotations are : Concords, 274c. per basket; Niagaras, 30c.; Rogers, 40c.; Cape Cod cranberries, \$9 per bbl.; Washington plums, \$1.25 per crate, and another week will see them pretty well cleared up. Lemons are \$5.50 to \$6 per crate; oranges slow and without change at \$5.50. New comb honey is on the market : Best white clover, \$2.40 per doz.; strained, in 6-lb. tins, 124c.; 1-lb. glass jars, \$2.25 per doz.

crate; oranges slow and without change at \$5.50. New comb honey is on the market: Best white clover, \$2.40 per doz.; strained, in 6-lb. tins, 124c.; 1-lb. glass jars, \$2.25 per doz. BUTTER—Creamery is offering very freely; prices, 174 to 18c. factories according to grade; dairy butter, fresh made sweet dairy is limited in supply while the demand is active. Prices range from 14 to 16c. for the best and from 13 to 10 for inferior grades. CHEESE—A good deal has changed

CHEESE—A good deal has changed hands during the week and at fair prices, 8½c. for large and 9c. for small having been paid in Winnipeg.

Among the visitors in the city last week was Mr. Robert Vick, of George Vick & Sons, Orillia, Ont., millers. bakers, confectioners and pork packers. This was Mr. Vick's first visit to the West, and it was a pleasure and business trip combined.

The best selling tea in Canada today is <u>Blue Ribbon Ceylon</u> packed and sola by Blue Ribbon Jea b: 12 Front St East - Joronto

Since Commencing

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DOUGLAS & RATCLIFF, - - TORONTO.

USED IN THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLD JAMES' "DOME", BLACK LEAD

Annual Sales Exceed 33,000,000 lbs.



Grand Prix Highest Award, Paris 1900.

The extraordinary success of **CHOCOLAT-MENIER** all over the world, is rivaled by **"MENIER'S BREAKFAST COCOA."** This Cocoa is absolutely pure. Sold this year for the first time in Canada and the United States, its sale is already enormous.

Ask your wholesaler for it. If he will not supply you, write to HERDT & CO., 180 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada.

A GOOD MARGIN OF PROFIT FOR THE RETAILERS.

TRADE IN COUNTRIES OTHER THAN OUR OWN.

CANNED GOODS IN LONDON.

THE consumptive demand for salmon

at this time of the year has been well sustained, which is not surprising when the relative value of salmon as a food is taken into consideration. Retail prices have been gradually reduced, and are now, except in a few instances, in a line with the wholesale. The market at the close is decidedly steadier for certain grades, but importer. are anxious to keep prices near their present basis, and this should help consumption considerably. Although there is not at this season of the year a large there consumptive demand for sardines, fine quality fish can now be bought at a price which is unlikely to be repeated later on. Fishing continues on the French coast during November, but the most reliable packers prefer to fill their contracts by the end of October, the fish after this date being more or less out of condition. Choice lobsters are in small supply and full prices are asked for the few lots still remaining on the market. There is a remaining on the market. There is a slight improvement in the demand for dearer both on the spot and to arrive. Gallon apples are also more inquired for. but the high prices asked by packers for the new pack on account of the short crop is checking business.—Produce Marcrop is check kets' Review.

Reporting on figs, mail advices from Liverpool state: "There is a decidedly firmer tone, and although the amount of business is not large, it is in consequence of the higher demands of holders, who are confident that the position warrants a much better range of prices, which should soon be realized."

TEA IN CEVION.

A. Odell & Co.'s Ceylon market report inder date of Colombo, September 7, says :

About 23,900 packages have been offered since our last, of which 19,640 passed the hammer at an average of 37 cents. The market remains very firm, and all fine grades were in good demand and showed an advance of 4 to 6 cents. Medium kinds remained firm at previous prices. The quality continues very good. Shipments for August to the United Kingdom were 6 million lb. and we are estimating shipments for September at 6 million lb. The chamber of commerce quote shipments from January 1 to September 2, 1901 :

	1901—lb.	1900—lb.
London	71.358,261	77,953,114
Germany	298.977	238,762
Russia	6,179,059	5,513,540
Other Countries in Europe	539,116	541,137
Australia	14,181,100	10,488.313
America,	1.594.022	3,288,908
China	2,010,779	911,686
Africa	193,263	134,476
Other Countries	1,133,590	631,881

Total..... 97,388.167 99,701,825

TEA TRADE FOR SEPTEMBER.

Harrison's & Crosfield's tea market report for September, in part. says: "The steady appreciation of values in the tea market during September seems to call for more than a mere passing notice. To the superficial observer an explanation is forthcoming in the resumption of business up and down the country after the holiday season. But the real reason will probably be found in a careful consideration of the subjoined figures relating to available supplies. The overproduction of low-grade teas last season depressed the market from week to week until prices reached an unprecedentedly low level. Now, however, a variety of influences have combined to shorten supplies from all the producing districts simultaneously and at the same time to improve the quality. The trade have, therefore, been encouraged to secure fair working stocks, having confidence in the quality, and in the assurance that they had a steady market in front of them.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19 01 . lb.	1900. lb.
Exports from Calcutta,		
April 1 to Sept 30	72,999.000	76 030,00
Exports from Colombo,		
June 1 to Sept. 30	32,000,000	37,000,000
Exports from China, for		
the season to Sept. 30	13,200,000	19,500,00
Total	18,199,000	132,530,00

SUPPLY OF JAPAN AND CHINA TEAS.

The following shows the estimated supply of China and Japan teas for this season, with comparisons :

1901-1902. lb.	1900-1901. lb.	1899-1900. lb,
Green	14.684.487	15.614.392
Japan	37.813.737	40,803,686
Formosa14,000,000	16,424.143	14.024.378
Foochow 3,000,000	3.867.746	4,040,371
Congou10,000,000	19,150,653	11,392,643

Total.....76,000,000 91,940,766 85.907,177

CURRANTS IN LONDON.

Arrivals of currants continue to be on a very small scale, only one further cargo of 800 tons, per Hector, having arrived this week. In consequence of the paueity of supply, and consequent indifferent selection, market business, so far as fruit on the spot is concerned, has been somewhat restricted, and may be expected to continue so until next week brings more liberal supplies. At the same time, dutypaid clearances show that the new fruit is being received with favor by customers. This could hardly fail to be the case, both on account of the excellent quality and reasonable price. There seems to be no probability of any heavy weight of Provincial fruit being placed on the London market for some time to come, as the greater portion of that shipped up to the present has been already disposed of in advance. It is matter for congratulation that the more or less straved condition of the market has not been seized upon by merchants to exact high prices, which might have been the case owing to buyers finding it necessary to make immediate purchases.— Produce Markets' Review, October 5.

CANNED GOODS IN CALIFORNIA.

A despatch from San Francisco under date of October 11, says: " If the present warm weather continues next week the tomato pack will be of unusually fine quality and ample in quantity. Canned pears are not selling as well as usual. Some outside canneries are offering 75 per cent, delivery of cling peaches. Eastern buyers are demanding full delivery on all lines. The probable output of cured pears is estimated at less than 750 tons. Peaches are a little more than half a crop. The canned fruit market is quiet; on,y sorting-up orders received. The year will go out with first-hand stocks lighter than any preceding year. Asparagus all placed. Peas very light.

OPENING PRICES ON NEW DATES.

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The N. Y. Journal of Commerce Tuesday last, said: "Prices on new crop Persian dates, shipment from London ex-Kurdistan, due here about November 2, were made to-day by a prominent importer on the basis of 34c. for Hallowees, 34c. for Khadrawees and 3c. for Sairs. Opening prices on the new crop to arrive by direct boat and due the latter end of the month have not been made, but it is expected a basis will be fixed during the week. According to the owners of the cargo the Tabaristan is believed to have passed Gibraltar on Friday, though no definite news has been received on that head. It is stated, however, the direct boat is confidently looked for at this port on or about the 23rd. A cable from Bussorah states that the Georgistan, the second direct steamer which is now en route, brings a cargo of 99,000 boxes, composed of 46,000 boxes Hallowee, 21,000 Khadrawee and 32,000 Sair. This vessel, according to the owners, is expected to arrive in New York at about the same time as the dates transhipped via England or Continental ports. The Tabaristan will bring 66,379 boxes of Hallowees, 18,674 boxes of Khadrawees and 14,408 boxes of Sair dates, and if here when expected will make the earliest arrival of new dates."

EARLY-CLOSING IN TORONTO.

THE proposed amendment to the Toronto by-law compelling grocery stores and butcher shops to close at S p.m. came up for its third reading on Monday afternoon at the meeting of the city council. Deputations representing those in favor of the amendment and those opposed to both the amendment and the present by-law, were present. The "antis" were anxious to have the matter dealt with at once and the bylaw rescinded summarily. The "pros" asked that if the council were not prepared to pass the amendment that the matter be deferred for later consideration so that petitions might be prepared by both parties interested. The request of those in favor of the amendment was granted, the council agreeing to hear deputations, representing both parties, and to receive petitions re the question on Monday, October 21.

After the matter had been thus deferred in council, the "antis" held a meeting in one of the committee rooms. William Back, dry goods dealer, occupied the chair, and T. R. Dudgeon, grocer, acted as secretary. After considerable discussion it was decided, as the by-law was objectionable to them, to ask the council to rescind it entirely, and to prepare petitions signed by grocers and butchers against the by-law. It was proposed that the council be asked to submit the matter to the polls at the January elections, but it was decided not to make such a proposal as the majority of the public throughout the city was thought to be in favor of the by-law. It was also decided not to present a petition from the general public for the same **reason**.

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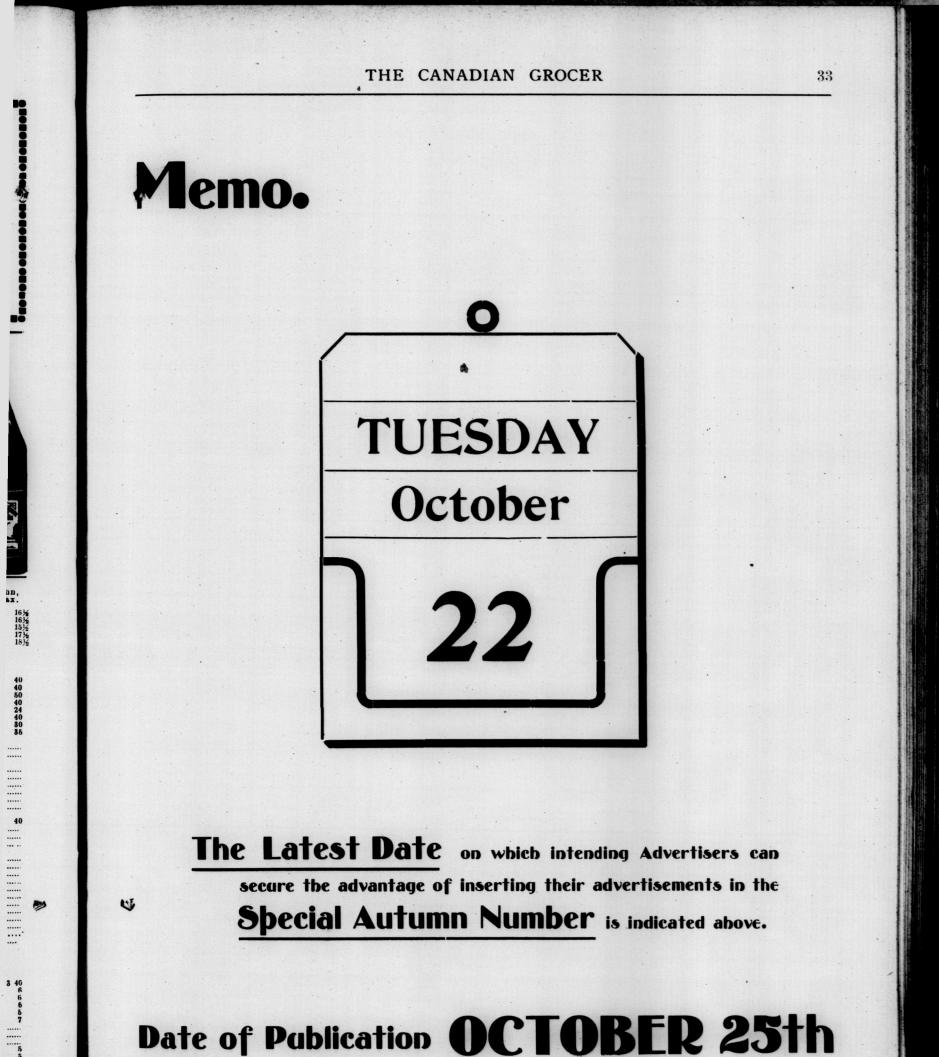
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AND EGGS Dairy, choice, large rolls, lb. "" point blocks "" tubs, best. Bags, 28. "" gallons. 22 Asparagus Beets. Bueberries, 2*s. "" white. Beans, 2*s. "" white. "" attied.	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 17 \\ 16 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 21 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 13 \\ \\ 1 & 00 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 5$	Tore	1 20		John, lifax. *	Benzine, in SYR M Syrups- Dark Medium Bright. Corn Syr """" Honey """ Honey """ Honey """ Molasses- New Orl Barbado Porto Ri Antigua St. Croiz CANN Comp,cor """ """ """ """ Minced cr Lunch toi English b Camp, san Soups, ass Soups, ass """ """	3 gal. pails 3 gal. ci 5-lb. pails 8-lb. pails 100 NED ME/ NED ME/ n beet, 1-lb. 14-lb	sal ND S perib. "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" Cans	22 22 22 23 24 27 27 90 16 50 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 24	55 1% 2% 3% 3% 1 05 1 (5 1 40 30 29 9 60 2 75 9 90 2 75 9 90 2 75 9 90 2 75 9 90 2 75 9 90 2 75 5 85 1 10 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	30 35 35 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	165 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	57 34 36 34 36 29 24 30 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 20 280 8 75 2 500 2 800 5 800 5 800 5 800 5 805 2 805 2 805 2 805 8 705 2 800 5 805 2 80	58 36 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38
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Date of Publication OCTOBER 25th

THE PROVISION TRADE.

The Markets—Frozen Hogs for England—Miscellaneous Notes.

FROZEN HOGS FOR ENGLAND.

THE London Daily Mail states that frozen pigs are now being exported from New Zealand to be "home cured" for the British breakfast table. The explanation is that the world is short of pigs, and, as people still insist on eating pork, the shippers and curers are straining every nerve to reach the remotest parts where pig is sold. This is why England is buying bacon from Siberia, Russia, Denmark, Holland, Canada, the United States, Australia and a score more of her colonial friends and foreign rivals.

Hitherto this foreign bacon has always arrived in England already cured, and, since it is "mildly cured" to suit the British palate, a very large portion of the bacon sold to the householder is slightly tainted.

To prevent this, numerous attempts have been made to put the dead pig into ice and turn him into bacon on arrival in England. But the lowering of the temperature below 32 deg. Fahrenheit has invariably faded the flesh into a pale, unpleasant color and alienated the affections of the British matron.

Now, however, by what may be called a triumph of transit and cure, a most promising and important trade has begun between New Zealand and England. By employing the "Vecht" curing process, a New Zealand firm is shipping pigs from that distant colony, placing them in refrigerators with a temperature of 20 degrees Fahrenheit, and curing them here on the banks of the Thames with apparently perfect success.

This success is obtained by first treating the carcases, before they leave New Zealand, by the "Vecht" curing process, which allays the action of the cold, and so sterilizes the flesh as to prevent the change which has hitherto interfered with the successful curing at home of what is grown abroad.

SMALL LOSSES ON MEATS.

Provision dealers should watch carefully for small losses in their meat trade. The Butcher's Advocate has started a crusade against the habitual giving away of fat and bones, and refers to two cases where retail butchers were steadily losing much more money than they suspected in this way. It says: "A well-known First Avenue butcher was asked what he thought of the idea. 'It's a good one,' he said, 'and I hope to see it

succeed. Yesterday, a woman came in my shop and bought 1/2 lb. of bacon. She asked the man who served her for a piece of fat. He looked at me to see what to do about it, as I had been discussing The Advocate's article on the subject. I shook my head for him not to give it to her, and she paid 2c. for a piece of suet. When the boss is serving customers he doesn't give away any more than he considers necessary, but the clerks are very liberal. I give away no more fat and bones in my shop.' A Ninth Avenue butcher said : 'I am with you on the fat question, but as for bones it doesn't amount to much. About 40c. a week, probably.' We reminded him that 40c. a week amounted to over \$20 a year, and he decided to quit giving away bones."

THE PROVISION MARKETS. TORONTO.

The receipts of hogs, notwithstanding the reduction in prices on the local market for both live and dressed, have been well maintained, and prices of dressed hogs have been forced down another 50c. per cwt. Other dressed meats are unchanged in price, with a good trade doing. We quote as follows : Dressed hogs, \$8 to \$8.25 per cwt.; mutton, \$5.50 to \$6 per cwt.; lambs, 6½ to 7½c. per lb.; beef carcases, \$7.25 per cwt. for best and \$6 to \$7 for mediums; hind quarters, 8c. for best; fore quarters, 4½ to 5½c. for best; calves, \$8.50 for best and \$6 to \$7 for mediums.

Live hogs have been reduced 25 to 50c. per cwt. in price during the week, owing to the liberal offerings, the quotation now being \$6 to \$6.25. The demand in Great Britain for Canadian provisions, particularly hams, continues keen, and prices there are well maintained. This export demand, combined with the good local trade, has prevented the accummulation of stocks on this market, and so all provisions are firmly held here. We quote : Long clear bacon, 12c. Smoked meats : Breakfast bacon, 5c.; rolls, 121/2c.; small hams, 14c.; medium hams, 14c.; large hams, 13c.; shoulder hams, 12c.; backs, 15c. Barrel pork - Canadian heavy mess, \$20.50; Canadian short cut, \$22. Lard-Tierces, 113/c.; tubs, 12c.; pails, 12 4 c.

MONTREAL.

Although supplies are no heavier the price of hogs has sagged to \$6.50 which is the

lowest price for choice hogs on this market. Lard has declined 1/4 c. per lb. and pork is 50c. lower per bbl. Dealers have lost all confidence in the market. Cotto'ene is on the other hand higher by 1/4 c. We quote : Heavy Canadian short cut mess pork, \$22.00; Chicago clear pork, \$24 50 for heavy and \$24.00 for medium; selected heavy short cut mess pork, boneless, \$22.00 to \$22 50; hams, 13c.; bacon, 15c. ; lard, pure Canadian, \$2.50 per pail; refined lard compound (Fairbank's), \$2.01 for 1 to 24 pails ; \$2 00 for 25 to 49 pails; \$1 98 for 50 pails and over; Snow White and Globe compound, \$1.72 1/2 per pail; Cottolene, 101/8 c. per lb. in tierces, 11 1/4 c. in 26-lb. pails, and 11c. in 50lb. boxes, for Quebec.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

In pork, prices are rather easier, but there has been no change here. It is hard to tell what will be the outcome. Beef is firm. Lard continues to tend higher. Compound sells quite freely.

WINNIPEG.

The market for cured meats and lard remains firm at unchanged prices.

PROVISION AND PRODUCE NOTES.

The assets of Joseph Plamondon, provision dealer, etc., Quebec, have been sold.

Smith, Peck & Co., produce dealers, etc., Vancouver, have been succeeded by B. N. Clark & Co.

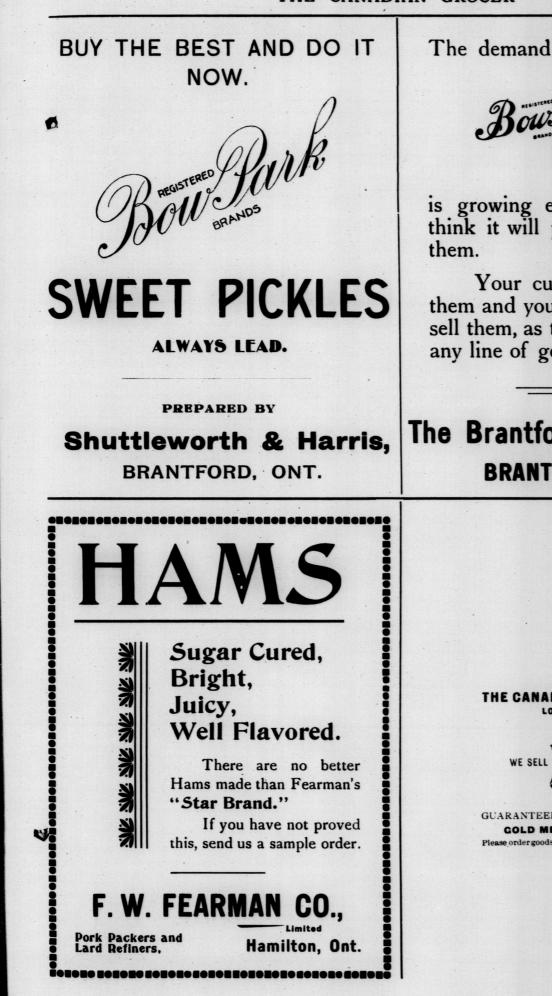
The Petrolea Packing Co.'s factory, the erection of which is to be started shortly, 1s to be located on the Longhead property, Petrolea.



Pork Packers, Commission Merchants, Buyers and Exporters of

Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Poultry.

D. GUNN, BROTHERS & CO. 76-78-80 Front St. E. - TORONTO.



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The demand for



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is growing every day, and we think it will pay you to handle

Your customers will enjoy them and you will be pleased to sell them, as they are the best in any line of goods.

The Brantford Packing Co. BRANTFORD, ONT.

THE CANADIAN PACKING CO. LONDON, ONT.



GUARANTEED CHOICE AND PURE. GOLD MEDAL, PARIS 1900. Please order goods through your wholesale house

THE NEW ZEALAND MEAT INDUSTRY.

T HE following review of the New Zealand frozen meat trade during the year 1900, as condensed from The Lyttleton Times by The National Provisioner, presents an interesting as well as comprehensive report of the situation :

The variation in the price of meat had been most perplexing. Wool had drop-ped to very low prices, while the tallow market had not been maintained at prices proportioned to the stocks in sight. Prices of preserved meats had been very satisfactory, owing to the war, but in these, as in the lower grades of frozen meat, the country had not been able to get the full advantages, owing to there being no facilities for direct shipment. be interesting to review the It might It might be interesting to review the course of the year's operations, especially in regard to meat. It would be remem-bered that at the close of last season London was blocked with large and late shipments of both mutton and lamb. The London salesman held the most desponding view as to the future. It was with great difficulty that sellers could induce them to hold for reasonable prices or anticipate the better prices which they saw were sure to come. Prices were saw were sure to come. Prices were improved, and continued so for some but as soon as large shipments time. reached London in the hands of irrespon-sible salesmen, prices fell again much below anything that was warranted, taking into account the reduced supply at this end. It was not to be wondered that prices were not regular under the circumstances, when they compared the arrivals from New Zealand in London.

Arrivals of frozen meat in London from New Zealand during 1900, were : Mutton, 1,820,518; lamb, 1,295,359; total, 3,115, 877.

Frozen meat imported into the United Kingdom from Australia and River Plate during 1900 : Australia.—Mutton. 697.868 : lamb.

360,900; total, 1,058,768. A marked contrast was the regularity of shipments from the River Plate : Mut-

of shipments from the River Plate : Mutton, 2,359,629 ; lamb, 2,876 ; total, 2,362,-505.

January	3 1-16d
February	3d
March	31d
April	33d
May	$4\frac{3}{4}$ d
June	5d
July	41d
August	31d
September	5 ad
October	
November	
December	43d
	Lamb.
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January	41d
February	41d
March	
April	5d
May	51d
June	
July	43d
August 4	-3-16d
September	
October	43d
November	
December	53d

It was to be regretted that the departures and arrivals of the steamers were Every grocer who desires to have the finest goods for his customers, will see that he is never without a full stock of :

COWAN'S Hygienic and Perfection Cocoa. Queen's Dessert, Royal Navy and Perfection Chocolate.

COWAN'S Cake Icings—Chocolate, Pink, Lemon Color ar White.

COWAN'S Chocolate Cream Bars, Chocolate Ginger, Chocolate Wafers, etc.

ALL ABSOLUTELY PURE GOODS.

THE COWAN CO., Limited, TORONTO

"TOMAHAWK" BRAND Hams and Bacon

Are rapidly cutting their way into popular favor.

The secret of their success is in their uniformly excellent quality and flavor.

Grocers and Butchers are fast recognizing these facts, and orders are correspondingly on the increase.

If you are not handling the "Tomahawk" Brand do so at once and gain the thanks of your customers.

The Farmers' Co-Operative Packing Co.

of **BRANTFORD**, Limited.

Our Brands Give Satisfaction.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON, ROLL BACON, PURE LARD

Hot Weather Specials

READY FOR LUNCHEON : BOILED PORK HAMS, BOILED I LUNCH BEEF, HAM, CH BOLOGNA SAUSAGE, SAUS

London Agents : Messrs. Miller Bros.

16 Tooley St.

BOILED BEEF HAMS, HAM, CHICKEN and TONGUE SAUSAGE.

The Park, Blackwell Co., Limited Packers and Exporters. TOPONTO, CANADA

TORONTO, CANADA.

Liverpool Agents : Messrs. W. P. Sinclair & Co. 12 North John St.





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not better regulated, but it must be borne in mind that nearly all growers showed extreme impatience if their stock was not shipped straight away after being frozen, and without regard to the requirements of the market. They would notice how much care was required to work in between these extreme prices and bring out satisfactory results. There was no country or part of any country that is so well adapted as Canterbury for maintaining regular trade in mutton and lamb. While a large number of farmers considered that they should have a free hand to ship when and to whom they like, regardless of the effect on the market, or how it would effect their own or their neighbor's returns, there would not be much chance of regular prices. For-tunately the prices at the worst being spread over a large number of producers did not mean a serious item of loss individually. It was, however, disappoint-ing that in a trade which lends itself to thorough organization better results are not attained. There was no doubt that the failure of the turnip crop greatly reduced the quantity of stock usually available, especially of mutton. There There was no doubt that far too much mutton was exported towards the end of 1899, and it would have paid better to have kept more of the wethers in the coun-try. It was doubtful whether they exported too many lambs, and the result of the year's demand in London seemed to show that if the arrivals had been somewhat more regular, the large quantity could have been taken up at satisfactory prices. A question of vital import-ance was, could we keep up the supply ? And in this connection it was to be regretted that the Government stock returns were not available at an earlier. date, and, further, that the Government did not take steps to ascertain the results of the season's lambing, so that the figures could be available before the farmer disposed of his lambs and bought his ewes and store sheep. Dealing with the stock returns for 1900, now avail-Dealing with the stock returns for 1900, now avail-able, it was found that the stud flocks and merino flocks had been fully main-tained and showed a slight increase for the whole of New Zealand. Cross-bred flocks, which more immediately affect the freezing industry, were as follows

Increase. Decrease.

wethers, 1900		532,967
Total N. Z. cross-bred		
breeding ewes, 1899	262,689	
Total N. Z. cross-bred		
breeding ewes, 1900	592,664	
Total N. Z. dry ewes		
1899	61,749	
Total N. Z. dry ewes,		
- 1900		501 000

					.,
Total	N. Z.:	lambs.	1899		695,596
Total	NYZ.	lambs	1900	1.92 168	

IN CANTERBURY --- MARLBOROUGH

	DISTRICT.		
	Cross-bred wethers, 1899-148,	.817	
	Cross-bred wethers, 1900	288,660	
	Cross-bred breeding ewes,		
4	1899 58.	,165	
	Cross-bred breeding ewes,		
	1900 218		
	Dry ewes, 1899 1.		
	Dry ewes, 1900		
	Lambs, 1899		
	Lambs, 1900 93		
	The total aboon in Nom	Tooland on	

The total sheep in New Zealand on April 30, 1900, was 19,355,195. Of these

THE CANADIAN GROCER

10,341,625 were ewes, 5,276,811 were lambs, 3,736,759 were wethers and rams. It was apparent that breeders were alive to the importance of increasing their ewe flocks, and as many run-holders were layflocks, and as many run-holders were lay-ing themselves out to carry more ewes, and fewer dry sheep, a still greater in-crease in breeding ewes, with a corre-spondingly large increase in the whole flocks, might be expected. When it is considered that there were in the colony 7,930,872 cross-breed breeding ewes, an 6 200 664 to the merging wear increase of 592,664 on the previous year, while in Canterbury and Marlborough there were 2,157,897, an increase of 218,on the previous year, it was fully is to the previous year, it was miny justifiable to anticipate more lambs in Canterbury than in any previous year, and that any shortage would be over-taken. Given a favorable season, the exports should be fully up to last year. There was also a large season at ewes There was also a large trom which farmers, plies, and it was example from which farmers, the second even plies, and it was expressively whether it was wise or profitable for the small farmer to do anything else than turn off his stock as soon as he could find a profitable market, leaving it to the larger holders to supply him with ewes. Canterbury, from supply him with eves. Canterbury, from its peculiar and special advantages of climate, had become the great fattening and finishing ground of the colony. Other districts could breed as good sheep and lambs, and it should be their aim to get as many of these as possible. It was satisfactory to note that the freezing industry had proved such a boon to the farmers, and at the present time they were obtaining high prices for their lambs. But this was not without a considerable element of danger. Less suit able districts might be tempted into the trade, while there was always a risk of diminishing consumption. Either of these meant lower prices.

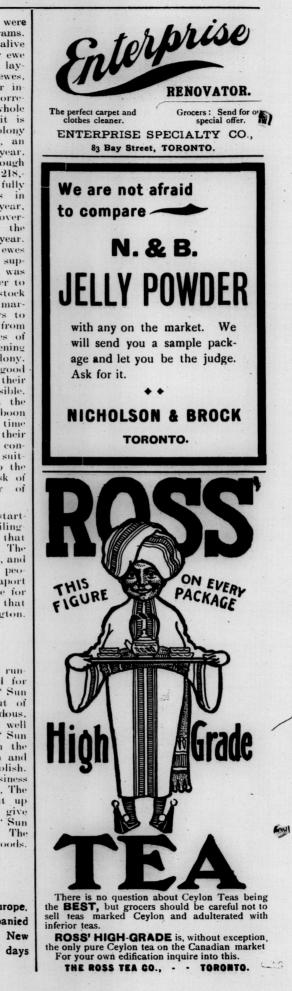
Before the freezing industry was started in the country they tried boiling down: then they tried tinning, but that took too much labor and money. The freezing business had been a success, and had given employment, not only to people in Canterbury, but to every seaport in New Zealand, and had done more for the colony than any Government that had sat on the benches at Wellington.

RUNNING DAY AND NIGHT.

Morse Brothers' immense factory is running nights to supply the demand for "Rising Sun" Stove Polish and "Sun Paste" Stove Polish. The output of these works is something tremendous, and the popularity of the goods is well deserved. The quality of the "Sun Paste" Stove Polish places it in the very first rank with the well-known and reliable "Rising Sun" Stove Polish. With 40 years' experience in the business and special facilities on a vast scale. The Morse Brothers are enabled to put up their goods in large packages' and give quality at the same time. The "Sun Paste" is guaranteed to the trade. The dealers find it pays to push these goods.

BACK FROM EUROPE.

After spending three months in Europe. Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Larkin, accompanied by their daughter, have arrived in New York, where they will spend a few days before returning home to Toronto.



CEYLON AND INDIA TEA



The merit of the **Black Teas** has established them high in popular estimation. They are drunk wherever the English language is spoken. They follow the flag and drive out less meritorious growths.

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But some consumers are wedded to light drawing kinds, with pale liquor and without the full body and richness of the black kinds.

The **Green Teas** of Ceylon and India are made expressly for this trade. In Make, Quality and Price they challenge comparison with other growths.

They are grown, prepared and packed with the same skill by the British Planters who have revolutionized the black tea trade.

They have caught on in Canada and are no longer in the experimental stage. Try them.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DIFFICULTIES, ASSIGNMENTS, COMPROMISES.

S. BRADFORD, confectioner, etc., London, Ont., has assigned in trust to Lawrence G.bson, and a meeting of his creditors has been held.

A'fred Pare, general merchant, Granby, Que., has assigned.

G. Fornier, general merchant, Hebertville, Que., has assigned.

Alphonse Ruest, grocer, St. Donat, Que., is offering 25c. on the dollar.

Dean & Co., grocers, St. John, N.B., are offering 20c. on the dollar.

G. W. Clark, grocer, Chelmsford, N.B., has assigned to J. A. Clark.

Patrick Mason, grocer, Renfrew, Ont., has assigned to Felix M. Devine.

John Robertson, grocer, Wiarton, Ont., has assigned to John H. Whicher.

H. N. Lavoie, general merchant, Bic, Que., is offering 55c. on the dollar.

J. N. Garant, general merchant, St. Catharines de Caplin, Que., has assigned.

The assignee is winding up the business of G. W. Clarke, grocer, Chelmsford, N B. Lefebvre, Ryan & Co., manufacturers of

vinegar, Montreal, have consented to assign.

J. H. Montgomery, general merchant, Edmonton, N.W.T., has been granted an extension.

A meeting of the creditors of A. Pare, general merchant, Granby, Que., is called for October 25.

The meeting of the creditors of Beaudion Freres, manufacturers of cigars, Montreal, has been postponed.

Kent & Turcotte have been appointed curators of G. A. Labelle, general merchant, Masham Mills, Que.

The stock of A. C. Powers, grocer, etc., St. John, N B., has been taken possession of under bill of sale.

The estate of H. W. Kitchen, grocer, Newcastle, N.B, has been seized under Absconding Debtor's Act.

H. Lamarre has been appointed curator of O₃car Dusharme, grocer, Magog Que., and the assets of the latter are to be sold.

Wm. Salter, late grocer, Carleton Place, Ont., has assigned to John McPherson, and a meeting of his creditors has been held.

The California Wine Co., Limited, Nelson, B.C., have assigned to N. T. Mac-Leod, and their creditors meet to-morrow

(Saturday). PARTNERSHIPS FORMED AND DISSOLVED.

Beaudvin & Frere, general agents, Ste. Cunegonde, Que., have dissolved,

Brown Bros., grocers, London, Ont., have dissolved. Anson Brown continues.

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nave dissolved. Anson Brown continues. Stevenson & Ross, manufacturers of cigars, London, Ont., have dissolved. Charles Stevenson continues.

Shaffner & Piggott, grocers, Bridgetown, N.S., have dissolved. C. L. Piggott continues.

Wilkin & Richards, general merchants, Strathcona, N.W.T., have dissolved. W. Wilkin retires.

SALES MADE AND PENDING.

T. Poupart & Co., grocers, Montreal, have sold out.

The assets of Jerilie Dion, grocer, Montreal, have been sold.

The stock of the E. S. Belas Co., cigar dealers, Montreal, has been sold.

W. Dinsdale, general merchant, Lang, Ont, is offering his business for sale.

The assets of Oscar Ducharme, grocer,

Magog, Que., are to be sold on October 23. The assets of Mrs. H. Dubois, general

merchant, St. Didace, Que., have been sold.

The stock, etc., of J. K. Hamm, grocer, Marsh Bridge, N.B., is offered for sale by tender.

The stock of the estate of the late J. B. Pearson, grocer, etc., Acton, Ont., is advertised for sale by tender.

The stock of J. K. Hamm, general merchant, St. John, N.B., has been taken possession of under a bill of sale.

The stock of John Burke & Co., general merchants, etc., Lingan, N.S., is advertised for sale by tender by the sheriff.

CHANGES.

J. M. Dowdall has bought out O. C. J. Anderson, grocer, Toronto.

Frank Wylie has bought out George Evans, grocer, etc., Hamilton, Ont. T. M. Davis, grocer, Mitchell, Ont., has sold out to Wm. Stoneman.

Sarah C. Hunt, grocer, Hamilton, Ont., has sold out to W. G. McDowell.

Sadlier & Co., grocers, etc., Sarnia, Ont., have sold out to John Dauncey.

Henry Doelle, general merchant, Peters burg, Ont., has sold out to John Noll.

George Blais & Co. have registered as general merchants in St. Monique, Que.

G. G. Gladman, general merchant, Parry Sound, Ont., has sold out to Begg & Co.

Mrs. Alderic Lacombe has registered as proprietress of A. Lacombe & Co., grocers, Montreal.

C. G. Clarke, wholesale grocer, St. Stephen, N.B., has sold out to Purves & Graham.

J. E. Downie, general merchant, Proton Station, Ont., has sold out to Wesley Hockley.

Wm. Murdoch, general merchant, Amberley, Ont., has sold out to George Chambers.

J. Y. Griffin & Co., pork packers and produce dealers, Winnipeg, are retiring from the produce business.

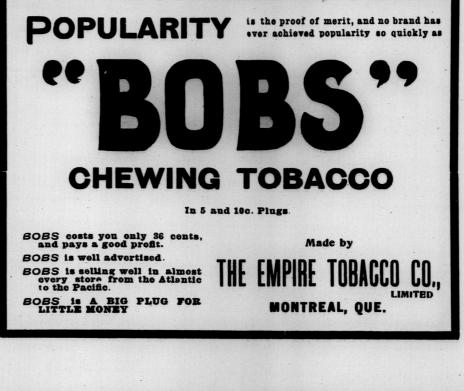
FIRES.

Garnet Morris, fruiterer and confectioner, Margret, Man., has suffered loss by fire.

The stock of R. Cross & Co., general merchants, Killarney, Man., has been damaged by removal.

DEATHS.

Thomas Lamb, general merchant, St. Andrew's East, Que., is dead.





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Current Market Quotations for Proprietary Articles

October 17, 1901.	JERSEY CREAM BAKING POWDER.	CANNED GOODS.	JOHN P. MOTT & CO.'S.
Quotations for proprietary articles, brands,	¹ / ₈ size, 5 doz. in case 40	MUSHROOMS.	B. S. McIndoe, Agent, Toronto.
atc., are supplied by the manufacturers or gents, who alone are responsible for their accuracy. The editors do not supervise them. f a change is made, either an advance or tecline, it is referred to in the market eports, as a matter of news, whether manufacturers request it or not. BAKING POWDER. Ood's Friend— size 1, in 2 and 4 doz. boxes	25 8122, 5 doz. in case	MUSHROOMS. HENRI JONAS & CO. Mushrooms, Rionel	B. S. Molndoe, Agent, Toronto. Mott's Broms
lb. tins, 2 doz. in caseper doz. 2 00 /2 lb. tins, 3 " " " 1 25	CORN BROOMS	Epps's coccoa, case of 14 lbs., per lb 0 35 Smaller quantities 0 371/2	Cucoa Essence sweet, ½-lb. ti.s.
4 lb. tins, 4 " " " 075	BOECKH BROS & COMPANY doz. net	CADBURY'S.	
IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER.	Bamboo Handles , A, 4 strings 4 35	Frank Magor & Co., Agents per doz.	Chocolate- per l'
Cases Contain. Sizes of Cans. Per Doz. 4 doz. 10c. \$0 85 3 " 6-oz. 1 75 2 and 3 doz. 12-oz. 3 40 2 and 3 doz. 16-oz. 4 35 1 doz. 2½-lb. 10 40 ½ and 1 doz. 5-lb. 19 50	" " B, 4 strings 4 10 " C, 3 strings 3 85 " D, 3 strings 3 60 " F, 3 strings 3 35 " G, 3 strings 2 10 " I, 3 strings 2 85 BISCUITS.	C icos essence, 3 oz. packages	Queen's Destert '4's and '4's \$14 6s
MAGIC BAKING POWDER. Cases Contain. Sizes of Cans. Per Doz.	CARE & CO., LIMITED. Frank Magor & Co., Agents.	"Gold Medal" Sweet, ½ 5, 6 lb.bzs 0 29 Pure, unsweetened, ½ 5, 6 lb.bzs 0 42 Fry's "Diamond, " ½ 5, 14 lb.bzs 0 24 Fry's "Monogram," ½ 514lb.bzs 0 24	Premium No. 1 chocolate, 2-lb. boxes. Vanilla chocolate E-lb tox s German swee, 6-lb. boxes B stast cocoa, 4-lb. tins, plain ; 6-lb.
4 doz. 4-oz. \$0 65 4 '' 6-oz. 0 80 4 '' 8-oz. 1 00 4 '' 12-oz. 1 50 4 '' 16-oz. 1 80 1 \alpha 25/5-1b. 4 50 1 '' 5-1b. 7 75	Cafe Noir	Cocoa- per dos. Concentrated, ½ 1 dos. in box. 2 40 25 to 25	baxes cocca, 3-10 this plain (-th) fracked cocca, 3-10 pkg. 1f-lb. brs. Caracas switc chocolate. 6-1b boxes Solub'e chocolate (h. t or cold soda) 1-lb. can. Vanilla chocolate wafers, 48 to box, per box. 1

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Edu	wardsburg S	tarch Co'y, 1	Limited
	Establish	ned 1858.	
164 St. James S			ront Street East, 💲
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The Best Grocers make a point of Keeping it always in Stock.

