# $\mathbb{M} E \mathbb{E N H E} \mathbb{N}$ HOMME MONTHELY 



EPTEMBER, 1916
WINXIPEG, CANADA


## SAVE

YOUR MONEY

FOR THE
DOMINION War Loan
TO BE ISSUED IN SEPTEMBER.

By purchasing a bond you will help to WIN THE WAR and obtain for yourself an investment of the highest class yielding a most attractive rate of interest.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE OTTAWA.

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Are The Very Best "The Old Country" Produces
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Grand Prize, Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915
Grand Prize, Panama-California Exposition, San Diego, 1915

## DRINK

BAKERS COCOA
For its Delicious Flavor, its Excellent Quality and its High Food Value.


All of our products sold in Canada
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Walter Baker \& Co. Limited
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${ }^{\text {The }}$ W. H. Scholl Mfg. Co. Limited, ${ }^{2}$ Please send me Dr. Scholars free book on
"The Treat trent and. Care of the Feet."
Name,
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J. H. M. CARSON
manufacturer of ARTIFICIAL limbs
335 Colony St., Winnipeg
Established 1900
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## The Western Home Monthly


The Subscription Price of The Western Home Monthly is 81.00 a year or three years
for si.
$\$ 1.50$ a to any address in Canada, or British Isles. \$1.50 a year, and within the City of Winnipeg limits and in the United States 81.25 a year.
Remittances dollar or mortances of small sums may be made with se well to send by registered in otter ordinary letters. Sums of one Postage Stamps will be eveeived the same as cater or tor the fractional parts of a dollar,
and in any amount when it is impossible for patrons Change of Address. -SUbscribers wishing their address changed must state their
former as well as new address.
be received by us not lat em later than the Doth of the orations reeding metro to change of address must be received by us not later than the 20th of the preceding month.
When Yong of address must
label of your paper Renew be sure to sign your name exactly the same as it appears on the


## A Chat with Our Readers

Asmall child gave it as her reason for not liking to go to school that "teacher of thousands of readers symestern Home Monthly is sure that its hundreds page invites everyone to "talk back to the Editor." Here is the sort of letter you are sure to enjoy. It is written by a man who used
to subscribe to the magazine 16 years ago. I am enclosing herewith my name for a year's subscription to my old friend, The Western Pleas. Please enter and thus make sure that I receive it regularly each me Western Home Monthly

The magazine takes me back in memory 16 years ago. I can see a fifteenyear old boy, weaponless and alone on the silent, boundless prairies of the west, wind, the mourning howl of the coyote or the occasional "honk" of the voice of the The Western Home Monthly helped to people that prairie. I lived with the char The in its stories, and by way of gratitude I used to raise many clubs of subscribers The magazine has always kept a warm place in my affections.
R. T. Hall, Moosomin

To The Western Home Monthly, July 13th, 1916

Dear Sir:-I like you
or it, although we take lots paper very much and always look forward each month The Western Home Monthly is just fine. Lillian Church, Essen, Ont mother think July
ally 17th, 1916
Dear Sir:-As my subscription to the grand magazine expires next month and as I do not want to lose one single copy, I am again sending in my subscription for
another three years. It is the most valued paper and I have no notion of being with another three years. It is the most valued paper and I have no notion of being with-
out it. I have taken it now for, I think, fourteen years and still look forward out it. I have taken it now for, I think, fourteen years and still look forward to
its coming with as much pleasure and interest as ever. Mrs. Geo. Sharp, Melita its con.
Man.

Dear Editor:-I want to say a few words in favor of your magazine and premrums. Mother says she would lose all trace of her sewing were it not for The Western Home Monthly, and as for myself, I have been satisfied with each and every prempresents in that time. now fourteen years old and have earned many. nice

Dear Editor:-After devouring the last number of your valuable magazine I wish to tell you what a joy it was to me. You certainly give more than some of
the high-priced monthlies. I've been quite successful in selling Household Hints the high-priced monthlies. I've been quite successful in selling Household Hints, to "pots and pans" for a while. Mrs. P. Cox, Vancouver, B. C.

Dear Sir:-I would not be without The Western Home Monthly for twice the price of it. I intended to try and get a few new subscriptions but have been sick
so have not been able. Mrs. Wm. Minty, Victoria, B. C.

A Satisfied Old Friend
Dear Mr. Editor:-I notice by the label my subscription is July 25th, 1916 must attend to it. As you are aware, I have taken your paper since its inception and it has gradually improved, until today it is on a par, if not over par, with some of the older magazines. As a family paper it is excellent. The stories are interesting and spicy. The editorials spring from broad minds, in that, they aim to do good was splendid.
The articles on the problems of young women and men are a field for thought and review. They are gems and real sermons in themselves. The correspondence
column is a great introductory medium and helps to cement and draw closer the column is a great introductory medium and helps to cement and draw closer the
peoples of the different parts of our great domain. Much good and general inforpeoples of the different parts of our great domain. Much good and g
mation can be obtained through this medium. R. J. Gillis, Edmonton.

Dear Editor:-I have always liked The Western Home Monthly best of all the into our kitchen for a chat on housekeeping and fashions It has a call it own, being brightly interesting and "within the limit of bee oming mirth" and having
fashions that sensible women can tolerate.
In looking over a recent number, I find it as perfect as a magazine can be; and In looking over a recent number, I find it as perfect as a magazine can be; and
one has to strain a point to find any fault with it at all. I hesitate to make any one has to strain a point to find any fault with it at all. I hesitate to make any furl. But as you have invited us to tell you "What to Don't," my suggestion is,
don't get any larger; you are just the right size to hold comfortably. Mrs. R. don't get any larger; you are just the right size to hold comfortably. Mrs. R.
Dixon, Elkhorn, Man.

## Spare Time Money

Why not turn your spare time into cash? The Western Home Monthly has helped numbers of ambitious persons to increase their incomes in an easy, attract five manner. There are big possibilities right in your own neighborhood. Anyone

The Western Home Monthly makes no promises it cannot fulfil. So, if you wish to profit by the opportunity now offered, you will make no mistake writing today for full particulars regarding our Easy Money Making Plan. A
postcard will do.

## Does Not fade year Crack

MOD DER N
WALL COVERING IN Made on cloth, finished or dull. Plain shades, stripes, floral, tapestry
leather and leather and grass cloth
effects are included in the effects are included in the
130 styles you can choose from. ${ }_{\text {A ok }}$ you
 this Fall. Look goring to se redecoration
mark on the back of the trade. Write for booklet containing
samples and complete information

The Standard
s20 Broadway Dept. 12 New York


14k. Solid Gold Cuff Links Engraved with Monogram $\$ 4.00$




SEND A POST CARD TO-dAY
D. E. Black \& Co., Ltd. Jewelers
herald building
Calgary
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## NORDHEIMER'S

## "Agency Transfer" Sale

## Following which the House of Nordheimer Relinquishes its Retail Business in Winnipeg

Never before in our life-time or in the history of music has an opportunity like this occurred. It arises from the decision of Nordheimer Piano \& Music Company to relinquish its retail business in Winnipeg. In this, the House of Nordheimer is following wellestablished precedent-since many of the leading piano manufacturers now have adopted the policy of selling through dealers instead of through their own branches.


N concluding arrangements with the Winnipeg Piano Company for the handling of the Steinway and Nordheimer agencies in Winnipeg, we have been obliged to inaugurate a sale with the idea of clearing out all the stock now on our floors in Winnipeg; so that an entirely fresh stock may be here to commence the new arrangement. This sale will be known as the Nordheimer "Agency Trans ier" Sale. It commences Friday, 1st September, and lasts until Saturday, September 30th, by which date every piano now in stock must be sold.
EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS
IN SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS



| Wellington-Medium upright fron frame <br>  <br> only $\qquad$ | Our |
| :---: | :---: |
| Arion-small upright, re-touched ebony case, | uarantee |
| Chickering-Upright. Has been thoroughly reconstructed by our experts and is in perfect order. Regular $\$ 650$. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Only } \ldots \ldots . . . . . . \$ 225\end{aligned}$ | Only the prices have been |
| Sohmer-Small upright grand taken in exchange on a Player Prano. Nice tone. Orl- ginal price $\$ 500$ O. Only | lowered-we could not change the quality. The same 10 - |
| Fischer-Upright. Very elaborate in very | year guarantee of old goes out with every instrument-a guar- |
|  | antee from a great house that means everything it says. | New Style Lansdowne

inSatin finish Mahog-
any. Reg. $\$ 425$, for


> | $\quad$ We Pay Freight |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { and guarantee safe delivery to your } \\ \text { nearest station, of any piano you may } \\ \text { choose. }\end{array}$ |



TERMS One-eighth cash with 10 per cent discount for extra cash payment and the balance in one, two or three equal December payments.

## Nordheimer Piano Co. LIMITED

## 286 MAIN STREET WINNIPEG

## Use This Coupon

NORDHEIMER PIANO CO., Limited,
286 Main Street, Winnipeg
Flease supply me with full particulars of

> Piano

Player Piano
Victrola
at $\$ \ldots \ldots$ (Fill in price you wish to pay)
as advertised in the September
issue of The Western Home Monthly
Name
Address.

Let Us Thank God and Take Courage
It is good to feel joyful. It is good to have reason to feel joyful. At this particular time every British subject and particularly every Canadian has abundant reason. The cause of rejoicing is not merely that we are "over the watershed" and on the way down stream; not merely that we are assured of victory but because in the long struggle leading up to victory the Empire has conducted itself in a most wonderful and becoming manner and especially because our Canadian forces have behaved so gloriously on the field of battle. It is not necessary for us to say kind things about ourselves. Others say them for us. The following' expressions of opinion are typical.
Here is what an American journal-the Commercial and Financial Chronicle of New York, the best authority of its kind-has to say about Britain's achievement in the field of finance.

The nature of the task confronting the Entente Powers can be judged from the fact that for the month of May, according to the foreign trade statement made public, the exports of merchandise from the United States aggregated roughly $\$ 472,000,000$, being at the rate of over $5 \frac{1}{2}$ billion dollars a year. Prior to the war our merchandise exports in any period of twelve months had never even reached $2 \frac{1}{2}$ billions. The increase is chiefly in the purchases of the Entente countries, since the Teutonic allies are blockaded and can get nothing from us.
"Great Britain's position in them atter of its war financing - in the raising of money with which to conduct the war and prosecute it relentlessly and vigorouslyis equally unique. Her expenses are迤 $\$ 9,000,000,000$ a $\$ 750,000,000$ a month and $\$ 9,000,000,000$ a year. Nevertheless, it is fully twelve months since she has attempted any permanent war financing and, as a matter of fact, only two large loans have been brought out since the Jeginning of the war, the second one in June of last year, payments for which extended over July o October. In the interval since June, 1915, the British Government has been able to get from week to week and from month to month all the additional money needed through the sale of Treasury Bills,
"At the end of last month both the 'The Economist' and 'The Statist,' of London published some interesting statistics, comparing the condition of the banks of the United Kingdom at the end of 1915 with that at the end of 1913. These tabulations throw an interesting light on the banking situation in Great Britain, and also enable us to see how it has redounded to the advantage of the British Government. In the two years the reources of the banks of the United Kingdom (not including the Bank of England) have increased over a thousand million dollars-in exact figures $£ 212,741,000$. In the item of deposit and current accound $£ 201,000,000$ of the increase is found while notes in circulation h. by $£ 11,792,000$, the remaining changes being in other items.

If we look at the other side of the account we find that besides the $£ 212,-$ 41,000 of additional resources there has also been a release of money through a decrease in the employment of funds in some of the ordinary channels. For intance, the total of bills discounted is maller by $40,995,000$ and advating smaller by $£ 7,495,000$, both indicating banks at the end of 1915 had $£ 44,122,000$

## Editorial Comment

less out in money at call and at short notice.
'All this has served to place a vastly increased body of funds at the disposal of the Government and accordingly we find that investments' at the end of 1915 aggregated no less than $£ 441,052,000$ against $£ 210,934,000$ at the end of 1913, being an increase of $£ 230,118,000$, or $\$ 1,150,000,000$
As a financial undertaking Britain's work in this war is unique. But that is not the only way in which she has displayed her great power. She is shown it in the willingness of rich and poor to pay the price for the sake of henor and defence of right. Read this tribute from the Nation of New York.
"It is not only in the role of her navy that Britain plays a unique part among thé nations in the great 'war. The story of her finances, and especially of the taxation policy which has gone along with her immense expenditure, is one of the most remarkable developments of the great conflict. The way in which successive increases in taxation have been received by the country bears the most eloquent possible testimony to the unfaltering loyalty of the nation. It gives the lie to a thousand easy-going generalizations as to the willingness of country plunged well-to-do to hav which they reap profit while the poor*bear the burden and the suffering. In money, no less than in life, the wealthy classes in England have borne their full share and more, and borne it without a murmur. At each successive raising of the income-tax rate the Government has been cordially sustained, and indeed has been criticized rather for not going far enough than for going too far.
This opinion of the Nation is buttressed by the opinion of Mr. Marriott writing in the Nineteenth Century

Mr. McKenna has not hesitated to impose upon a self-governing people additional taxation amounting to over $£ 300$, 000,000 a year. Dr. Helfferich makes virtue of a necessity in asking for no more than a beggarly $£ 24,000,000$. The demands made by the Chancellor of the Exchequer are indeed colossal. The unuffled imperturbability with which they have been conceded is a remarkable testimony alike to the financial confidence and to the ardent patriotism of this country."
Another tribute to Britain's power of an entirely different kind and from an entirely different source is that of Sir
the "Neue Zurcher Zeitung."
If by some miracle every Entente gun and every Entente soldier were swept ut of existence to-morrow, it would still eleasure Entente Fleets at their good German merchant vessel should issue from the Heligoland Bight. They could wither the whole growth of German oversea trade at the root, and put the clock back or Germany to the days more than half century ago when Germany was a purely agricultural country."
Tributes of this kind to Britain, the mother, might be continued forever. Let us read a tribute now to the boys from Canada. It is from a source that friend and enemy must respect-The British Headquarters Report "At twenty minutes to nine o'clock without any warning hell broke loose. The detonation was overwhelming. It d not come from one part, but from opposite the Canadian Division. It only deafened the ear and paralyzed the nerves; but instantly the firmament became
blackened. For the next few minutes men groped about in the darkness unable to hear any word of command from their officers, clutching their rifles and waiting for what was to happen Two generals, attempting to reach the communication trench, found their re treat cut off. For the first minute or two appears that no shells, or very few, fell it into the front trenches, and the machine gunners and trench mortar-men held to their posts. But behind our front line a high wall of descending shells, screaming crashing, exploding, emitting clouds of noxious smoke, seemed to shut off chance of escape.
"At ten minutes to one-after four hours' steady bombardment-the storm of shell ceased as suddenly as it had begun. Then from the opposite trenches sprang a swarm of grey-coated Huns. Fully accoutred, with overcoats and full packs, they advanced on the run, yelling wildly. They must have been firmly convinced that amid those battered mounds and ditches not one single human soul had escaped. Of those advancing hordes certainly few were in proper fighting trim. They came forward gaily, light-heartedly, as victors after a victory.
"It was then the most wonderful thing happened. Out of the earth there sprang up a handful of soldiers, two officers among them, and, running forward with rifles and pistols, they bade defiance to the foe. On they ran, and, having discharged their weapons, flung them in the very faces of the Huns. Death was inevitable for these-the only remaining occupants of the British front lineand it was better to die thus than be shot in a ditch or finished off with a Hun bayonet."
After such evidence as this why should any Britisher, or any Canadian be other than joyful. The joy is all the greater because it is coupled with the great sorrow, the undying sorrow for those who have given their lives, and those who suffer the loss of loved ones.

## The Movies

There is a form of entertainment that has achieved great and one might add deserving popularity. In the moving picture there are great possibilities for both good and evil. For this reason supervision or censorship is imperative. Were the shows open to older people alone would but be so necessary to exercise viglan but wh young people comprise more than half the
Now the censors in Western Canada have done good work, perhaps better work than the general public recognize, for the general public have not been permitted to see the discarded films. It is needless to say they are more objectionable than the very worst that are permitted to be shown. Yet many of the pictures young people are permitted to look upon are faulty in two ways. They are either ultra-sensational or coarsely comic. Their effect upon young minds cannot fail to be debasing. There is just as much danger in a vulgar picture as in an immoral one. Indeed the vulgar is immoral. Nobody will object to a good laugh, but coarseness is not necessary in order to create a smile.
In a positive way the movies can yet be greatly improved. They can be highly educative. The Pathe pictures for schools are suggestion. If one or two public spirited citizens in every community will meet with the managers of the local theatres, it will in nearly every case be possible to get very much better productions than those furnished by the syndicates. Managers are only too glad to get the endorsation of reputable citizens.
"You can make your skin what you would love to have it"

\author{




 <br> ```
To reduce conspicuous, nose pores <br> Nown <br> M, <br> m,N <br> To correct un oily skin and shimy nose <br> Nav <br> *"N <br> Toulcer' "blemished skin <br> *)

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\(1-\)



Canada Rohorn a Fighting Vation


From this it will be seen that aceording ,ime of the last Dominion ('ensus at the this figure takes into consideration all makes irrespectuve of nationality, and
 were in (Ganada when war broke out, and Quethec is taking nio part in the war, it has old (amblat had ouly \(1,12 \overline{2}\), \(\theta(0)\) ( fighting

 of reerniting figures
Let u- Mamine this army in detail, for
of is the that ( Cundims may he we prond of. It is the hast matipped, bee

\(\qquad\)



between Vatudrenil and Montralm is men, the greatest ayemen and sawgers conclusive evidence of my statement. the world, were rushed to England, and Then the Fench Revolution when are to-day cutting down some of the 'hurch, qualifiarchn, recrganized the anche and long-saved forests of ngland antralized the roverument ereated an to supply hridge and trench and othe abyse, a gulf between the habitiant and of areh supdied esounada to the end modern France. The hathitant has worked purposes. Of these she retained 25,000 out alone his destiny in a new wort. for her ownarmy, supplied Great Britain Te has won his civil and religious literty with 15,000 and France 8,000 . eession. All his traditions are therefore existed in the one single munition factor Canadian only. (On the contrary, British she him sue "omitry at the end of 1914 settlement in Canda is of more reeent orders for \(\$ 535,000,000\) of munitions period, cespecially during the last half of this amount \(\$ 200\), ,000,0,000 have alread has poured in from the Cenited Lingudom. out at the rate of \(\$ 30,0\) boonceno is bering put Thus a great pertion of the English speaking (canadians have mathy relation upon the other silde of the water, and
when they eross it they are sifl ‘moing
hring bring
quate rs, he hich meagre population is tak in camada Inch In pite of an enormous shortare of dit mon, Canata, in 1915 , raised the greatest \(\$ \mathrm{son},(000,0000\). This was off a total \(989,719,1: 00\) bushols of all "rops Though the 1916 arreage was only \(34,509,835\), a lessening of \(2,565.565\) acres, the crops are ony a six per rent fall off will result. Fimancially, she raised \(\$ 400,000,000\) was subscribed within herself. In all, the meople have aecepted a war debt burden
of \(\$ 19.05\) per capita. reso
But, perhaps the greatest of all her
multiple works has heren the thines dune hy her women From coast to coast the reminine sonds of soriety and the masses
have clubbed together in aid of warre :and war sufferers. (nly a few of the romigh to make an estimate of the whole Trom. The Belgian Reclief Society's latest
report to July shows Comada to have given in money and provisions \(\$ 2,275\), , 6 ane They Red (rose reperte of (Quebee from That on the ontate Brand from septem-
her to June of ame promod shows a total These onnsisted of surgical the from


Fritz Abroad-The Departure-First Letter By Bonnycastle Dale

" \({ }^{\circ}\)COMEWHERE in the Empire "- on the back by way of "good morning" After that long clinging hand- than our boys do-count me out out of the station, all I could see was a odd to our eyeseal the farms look like long
bank of dark figures and waving white narrow rows of fenced streets, so narrow bank of dark figures and waving white narrow rows of fenced streets, so narrow hands; then everybody hustled for bunks
we had a separate one each. Every we had a separate one each. Every
body seemed to find boxes and packages I ate so many sandwiches and demolished so much cake I had no thought of sleep; someone started, "We'll Neve
Let the Old Flag Fall," and we went to i Let the Oli Flag Fali," and we went to to the Boys. of the Allies," then into
everything "singable", we could think of everything "singable", we could think o
-a flash of lights beside us and a hollow
roar meant a little station-off into the roar meant a little station, off into the
blackness; "clickity clack," went the wheels, each revolution taking us neare to the big ocean, the transports and Old
England. (I didn't think then that each Engiand. (1 didn't think then that each away from those who loved us-but do as I write this.) A long shrill whistle a grinding of the brakes, a row of lights as we pass street ends and we are at the
station of Belleville-a slim female figur runs along beside us and grasps a brother's
hand-another screech, a waving light hand-another screech, a waving ligh
and off we go again with two hearts made and off we go again with two hearts made
sadder by the moment's joy. "Clickety-
click," we speed along bravely and the click", we speed along bravely and the
brother gives a gulp and joins in the brother gives a gulp and joins in the
singing. "Keep the Home Fires Burning," seems so appropriate, and I finally
climb into my bunk when there is only quartette of voices left-just a dying log of the "home fire" as it were, and I fitfully iall asleep and momentarily dream of the dear old camp home; and open my eyes
to the grey of dawn and the clear calm to the grey of dawn and the
water of the St. Lawrence Rive Do you know! I saw a flock of ducks
on the river and it brought all the old home scenes back with a rush, but I am away after bigger game now Old Friendsparkle came from just a hole in the river ice where the ducks leaped from. It is cold this March morning but the train is well heated and all eyes are searching the new scenes-it's getting along towards
breakfast time if my stomach is any truth teller-now straggling farms give place to houses-now we cross a great the houses are closer togethe now the houses are closer together-and a something that sounded like - Trree for Montreal and food and I I knew it of time to stretch our legs. Alas! we got the food all right, but not the walk, for no sooner did one switch engine bang us about a bit and run us on another track, bump and smacked us on behind an eastbound train-and here \(\iota\) we were, one onely quota of fifty artillery Reserves, speeding east ahead of the big troop trains behind a full regiment of Calgary
Infantry. I tell you there was a mighty rocession of Belgium avengers speeding East that morning-just think, this one miseas contingent of young Canada was mighty army compared with the legions istory, and I tell you if any of her Legionaries could whack a fellow harder thought existed only in pictures of


Typical machine gun battery practising with a "Lewis", machine gun at Camp Borden. The Canadia are they. Then comes the vilase, just
one hig fine church, an equally as bir fine one bif fine church, an equally as big fine sand houses about them- just like forok of sheep and the shepherd Then
the country all seems so flat, an oceasional the country all sems so fata, an ocasaional
big hill shooting up unannounced as it iig hill shooting up unannounced as
were
all
covered with \(\begin{aligned} & \text { siver } \\ & \text { birch }\end{aligned}\) second alrowthe In one woded seetion
we. ran post a tiny station slowly. we. ran past a tiny station slowly. A
very old man and a boy of, say ten years yery old man and abe bot, say yen yeaul

 ligided the ehayithey tile the pipes
lightod the mith one match and were puffing away contentedy as we drew off
It semed quite safe to wager they did not know there wasa war on, os contented
and peaceable did they 1 look. At other
 rom the water's edge into strips not more than a hundred yards wide in in the old home ilved many of the chidrren of three
generations, each generation eutting the generations, each generation cutting the
strips, nartower.
Lots


All morning and afternoon we passed many the flat country, all pulpwoods many clearings piled with the four-foot sticks ready for shipment. The farmers
here use oxen yet, it did seem odd to be here use oxen yet, it dirst-class train to the great World War and to see our real Canadians (for they are-we have the hyphen, British Canadian, if any should thought existed only in pictures of
primitive times, or far back on the prairie

"toot, toot, clickity click"-from the wooden homes of the people. "Ch-ee unpronounceable name at the door I never would have guessed it! but the name at the station said "Chaudiere," we were very hat said, "All out here" so got a good look at the dirty streetsdid we get at all," as one of the boys said -guess he came from Paris. Just the that magical word "supper, was announced and each and every one dropped
just what he held and went-I tell you, in the light of present experiences in barrack and train and billet; it's only th one who is well able to take good physical care of himself who will get all that is
coming to him. Well, I got there and got my share. Thanks to your advice got my share. Thanks to your advice and to eat slowly, I am able to thoroughly look after myself-and say, I don't
mean to seem selfish, but do remember mean to seem selfish, but do remembe
that all the other chaps are prettyhusky too, so we don't really have any "lame ducks" to look after.
Newcastle and supper came together
so I did not see much of the former so I did not see much of the former, bu
the country is just the same-mile after mile of second-growth silver birch. Now
the St. Lawrence is our close neighbr the St. Lawrence is our close neighbor again, all smiles with its rippled coat of
snow-a couple of sleighs were coming
across and I thought of you now homeward across and I thought of you now homeward to the good old home camp.
I took the first picture for you at
Chaudiere Junction, Que., a snap of our


Geyond the Iron Horse (steam engine). car. You, can faintly see the word of the tracks. Wherever we stopped the had it written in big letters what we boys tried to chat with the good people were and where from, but at the roll call t the stations, as a rule none replied in picture you can see it clearly-guess most everybody knew where we were from. One old İrishwoman came along peddling apples. "Never a cint will I take from in her mind of the old tunics) "if ye'll jist take, a prod at them same Germans for me. Nood value for her big red-cheeked got goo
apples.
We
Que. had a leg-stretcher at Moncton, Que. Here I took a snap of a solitary ancient gun in front of the station. What publication of this. One returned soldier told us of passing through the Artillery ines in France. "They were sixteen miles deep and just full of cannon.") next we awoke we were in the closely guarded train yards at Halifax. I had a friend snap me with my kit kag in hand, haversack and blanket on as I left the
train. I also shinned up on top of the train. I also shinned up on top of the
car and got a picture of the train yard with the big transports at anchor clcse outside. these yards are just alive wit his contingent, going on four great us in I could give my readers in The Western Home Monthly the names,' but all my etters will be so written as to pass the ensor and give no information to the enemy-except that when we get good
and ready we will be a pretty big lusty force.)
Now
Now came that intensely interesting moment when we all lined up and marched every, man eager-eyed. The grand old "Jack" whipping in the breeze from the parade ground mast and the Admiral's
flag taking the wind aboard mighty escorts. Here I must touch lightly; but the names of both the Admiral ond the ship have rung worldwide in one the victor (at date of publication he was the victor (his great battleship publion I know toriously in the late great sea fight cff
Jutland). Jutland).
The troops poured out of the yard in our huge liner could never be filled but the time came-(whisper) crew and al we muster over four thousand souls. No fonder, with three other great liners to guard us on the way across. Ther was a hard struggle up gang-planks and atong passages and companionways bu to have another Cobourg Battery boy for mate. We now had time to look over the harbor of this capital city of Nova Scotia. The proud boast is that the whole Navy could ride in safety and military post with the great "Jose"" the the mast and we could hear a kand playing some martial air. The bulwarks were lined with khaki-clad figures. Just
think how some three thousand and cdd soldiers fill even a liner as huge as this cre, and there are not many longer keels than

Russian Colonists in Alberta By Miriam Elston

more interest to south of Russia, but some of them live more interest to- in Austria.- In language they differ con-
d a y to Cana- siderably from the high Russian, having day to Cana- siderably from the high Russian, having
dians than at been, several centuries ago, an independany other period ent race. They are, in their own coun-
of history. We try, a race of peasants Whether they open our papers come from Austria or from Russia they night and morn- recognize each other as brothers.
ing to follow The Albertan colony was founded ing to follow The Albertan colony was founded
their story in twenty-three years ago, when less than this great war, a dozen families landed in Edmonton,
with an interest and took up land scarcely second to the north-east of that city. Two to our interest years later about twenty more families
in the move- from the old land in the move- from the old land joined them. Since
ments of Brit- that time there has been a ments of Brit- that time there has been a continual in-
ain's army. At flux from the old land and ains army. At flux from the old land, and now the
the tables of the colony occupies hundreds of square miles reading rooms in of territory.
every public lib- As we follow the fortunes of the Rusevery public lib- As we follow the fortunes of the Rus-
rary in our land we see the peo- we realize shat thoughning the skill of the
ple bending over Russian trat ple bending over Russian strategist has. been worthy of
the English illus- admiration yet the victories that the trated papers, Russian army has achieved has been gazing at the mainly due to the extraordinary devotion,
pictures of the courage and hardihood of the Russian pictures of the courage and hardihood of the Russian
low - browed, private, devotion that has made thatched houses them untirable on the march, made in which these age that has made them impetuous
people live in in attack, hardihood that has made people live in in attack, hardihood that has made
their native land, them stubborn in defence. They their native land, them stubborn in defence. They
at the Russian have accomplished their long marches kiosks with their through heat and dust, through biting many domes and cold and up-piled snow, through drenchcupaloes, at ing rain and almost impassable mud, and
groups of civil- have accomplished said marches on a ians in their picturesque native cos- ration that would satisfy no other army tumes, at groups of Russian soldiers in in Europe, and with an uncomplaining
their equally picturesque uniforms, and that could surely never be exceeded by at the cross-marked graves of the Rus- the Goddess of Patience herself. sian soldiers who fall at the battle front. The local history of the Albertan


A dwelling house in the Russian Colony
The great majority of the Canadian brothers of these same Russian private readers who gaze on these pictures have is likewise a story in which courage and
no idea that in our own land are large hardihood plays a prominent part no idea that in our own land are large hardihood plays a prominent part. As I
districts as distinctly Russian in appear- have said before the first of these Russian ance as though they were a bit of Russia settlers took up land some eighty-five dropped by our wayside. The groups of miles from Edmonton. That means that people one meets on the road are in the it was eighty-five miles as the crow flies, garb of the Russian peasant, the but considerably further by the circuit-
churches and chapels are like Russian ous route they had to follow in order to kiosks planted on Canadian soil, the encompass the frequent sloughs and groups of farm buildings are low-browed, patches of bush. In the first days Ediand heavily thatched, the well with its monton was their only market, and windlass and bucket is in the dooryard, though they had little to market it was and here and there one comes across the necessary to make the trip several times burying-ground, with its spectral group during the year.
When we find the peasant from any oxen in the colony in the and very few foreign land living in one of our cities ment, and he is shorn of everything that tends to picturesqueness. But when a colony of foreigners have been deposited on the bosom of the wide and virgin plains of one of our Western provinces, and have been left almost entirely to
their own devices to work out their destiny, we are rather apt to find them building up around themselves as fair an imitation of their home-land as the environments will permit. In two
places in our great West have we most places in our great West have we most
notable examples of this. One is the olony of Russians and Russo-Austrianin Alberta, and another the colony of the Ine peoples in Manitoba.
In Canada the people of these colonies have always been called Ruthenians:
Buth the Russians and the Russo-Austrians belong to the same race. The biggenet part of these people live in the


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usually walked all the way, allowing the oxen to carry the burdens. It took four days each way at best, and the nights were all spent in the open. If the ther-
mometer dropped far below zero, or a mometer dropped far below zero, or a
downpour of whole journey, they scarcely seemed to notice such conditions, but plodded on
with an air Wight they built their bonfire near the trail, and lay down to sleep close beside it. They carried provisions to last the
whole journey. This usually consisted of a coarse, close-grained rye-bread. If the temperature happened to drop much below freezing it was, of necessity, hard frozen. In such condition it might allay combatting the cold.
In these early days the usual habitation of the Russian was the dugout, or a very small hut, built of spruce logs, and
roofed with sods. In the first days there was no straw to be got with which to was no straw to be got with which to
thatch a roof. Often the dugout stood alone for a couple of years. During this time it served as a shelter for the mother and children while the father sought some work in the city, or on the grade.
For most of these people, when they arrived in the land, were pitiably poor. If they possessed enough money to buya few garden tools, and some seeds, and
flour enough to last the year, they flour enough to last the year, they
thought themselves fortunate. The mother', with the aid of the children, cultivated a garden. If good fortune followed the man he earned enough in the
the first year or two to buy a yoke of

The floors of these houses are of clay The floors of these houses are of clay are smoothly plastered with clay, and limewashed to a dazziling whiteness. In some cases the room has been ceiled, and in that event the ceiling is white-washed.
Often the poles and straw of the thatchOften the poles and straw of the thatch-
ing is left uncovered. This in time gets browned with smoke, and preserits a rather unique appearance.
The time-worn expression, "furniture is conspicuous by its absence," is liter-
ally true in this case. Somewhere in the room are some bare wooden bunks.' The blankets in which the inmates wrap themselves at night are folded by day, and placed on the shelf near the ceiling. A stationary bench runs the whole length of one side of the room. A small cup-
board on the wall contains the meagre supply of dishes, and a small table, or a packing-box to serve the purpose, com-
pletes the furnishings of the room. pletes the furnishings of the room.
In the matter of decorations the chief feature is a row of brilliant colored "ikons," or sacred pictures, placed near the ceiling on the east wall. Clustered
around them there is sure to be some around them there is sure to be some tissue paper flowers in equally gaudy
colors. In some few homes a number of pillows in graduated sizes are piled one on top of another on one of the bunks, and reach nearly to the ceiling. The pillows are covered with a coarse, open,
white material, and embroidered with heavy black and red cotton. This is the utmost word in decorations.
As you will readily surmise, the life


Dugout in which Russians lived in early days
oxen, and a few agricultural implements, room is exceedingly primitive. The chief
and then he beran farming on a very articles of diet small scale, still spending considerable of his time on the grade, and depending on the wife and children to weed and
harvest the crops. harvest the crops.
Under such cond years before this isolated communit took on any great semblance of Russia, but when the men had earned a few dollars, and had sufficient time to per-
-form the tasks, the heavily-thatched -form the tasks, the heavily-thatched
houses, built always facing the south, began to spring up beside the trails, surrounded by their groups of thatched out buildings. About the same time churches
and chapels were built, and this added and chapels were built, and this added
the finishing touch to the already eign setting of these strangely garbed eign set
people.
The homes. built by these people have
but two rooms Only one of the two ha but two rooms. Only one of the two has
an outside door and it is quite an outside door, and it is quite usual for
this room to have only oue small win. this room to have only one small win-
dow, or sometimes none at all. The room serves only as a kind of entrance hall. There is no provision made for heating it, therefore for many months in
the year it serves no purpose as a living the year it serves no purpose as a living-
room. The inner-room usually has from three to four windows. These are small, and stationary, and invariably guiltles; of either blind or curtain. Hovever. it
is quite usual to find them filled with is quite usual to find them filled with
some hardy specimens of house plant: some hardy specimens of house plants.
In the corner of the inner room is built the mud stove, with a huge mud chimner leading to the peak of the roof. This stove occupies considerable space in the
room. indeed is so large that the whole family will sleep on top of it in cold
weather.
made of garlic and meat, sauerkraut, and boiled vegetables. In many cases the whole family partakes from one large bowl, set in the centre of the table Since there are no chairs they must perof life may we present in this home, but there is an utter lack of anything in the line of comforts, entertainments, or amusements. It serves as a shelter from the inclemencies of the weather, a place appointments are so exceedingly simple the routine of the housework occupie ittle of the housewife's time. That does not mean she is idle. Her time is The Russian home offers little in the ine of either necessities or comforts for the sick. Isolation of the sick one is, of course, impossible. No matter what the oflalay and fuel is is heaped on the fire are cut more probable that this is thought of as a means to making the patient comfort in the case of cure-all for disease, for n the case of sickness the Russian is a
fatalist. He believes that all sufering was sent for the purification of the soul, nd the ultimate good of man, therefore e is little apt to try to alleviate his ufferings. Rather he will endure them olidly.
In no place will you see the Russian antage than by attending a better ad ice in some of the churches in the llbertan colony. Long before the hour of service heary wagons, drawn by
pearance on the trails. They unload hurch door, and then the horses are unhitched and tied to the wagon-boxes, it happens to over a bundle of hay nfires are cold weather some rcle where the teaims and wagon the rawn up, and the people gathèr in roups around these to gossip until the


Oth Ge
The women are in their native cos tumes. The closely draped skirt is of some heavy woolen material, usually in a rather gaudy stripe. The blouse is often
white, heavily embroidered in some dark white, heavily embroidered in some dark
shades. Around her neck are many strings of coral beads, and large rings are suspended from her ears. She wears be plain white, or may be patterned in brilliant colored flowers. If she wears a coat it will be a rather cumbersome and
quaintly cut frieze one, or a sheepskin quaintly cut frieze one, or a sheepskin
coat, made with the wool inside, and the white hide of the outside embroidered in some conventional design, with heavy bright-colored thread. Her boots are extremely large, and coarse, and rather smaller editions of their mothers. There is nothing quite so distinctive about the dress of the men. Occasionally one sees a man in pure white linen


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}
sleeveless sheepskin coat, heavily em-
broidered in gaudy colors. Sometimes the small coat is replaced by a long ones of frieze or grey goatskin. He is very liable to wear this even in the heat of the men dress in plain dark clothes, with nothing distinctive perhaps but the The int or sheepskin coat.
The interior of the Russian church is a baze of colors. Many gorgeous silken on poles, stand in rows by, and mounted The front wall is covered with ikons, and through the arch into the alcove one gets gearing masse the rive y draped altar, bearing massive gold candlesticks, and
crucifixes, and heavy books bour carved gold and purple velvet. In the centre of the church is suspended a large chandelier in ornate design, filled with huge candles, all alight. On brackets at smaller lighted candles. The women stand grouped on the left hand side of the church, the men on the right. The gorgeous hues of the headshawls of the of color. In and out through the mass the priest moves, dressed in flowing ree priest moves, dressed in flowing blue or purple), over which is worn a cape and stole of yellow and gold. Some times he has in his hands the gold and crucifix, sometimes the swinging silver censer. The scene, to an Anglo-Saxon onlooker, seems more like some brilliant pageant than like a group of peasant mixture of gorgeous colors and is the candles that tends to this effect. blazin three different religious denoming to Orthodox Greek, Greek Catholic and Roman Catholic. About fifty per cent of forty-five per cent Greek Caxh Greek, the remainder are Roman Catholics. No matter what denomination the Russian may belong to he is a deeply religious besadness than of considerably more of congregation stands through the The hours of a service (for there are no seats in a Russian church), displaying no signs of weariness or impatience, with eyes fixed impassively on the priest as he perunds to them the scriptures. When
por


Cross at Russian Grove, Wostok, Alta.
the male choir breaks forth into a chant as it does at frequent intervals during the service, you feel that the spirit of the worshippers has been vocalized, for
the music is appealingly sad. There is a pathos in it that speaks of unsatisfied yearning. Often have my eyes filled ars as I have listened to their The burying-grounds one find here

\section*{Biq Ben}


\section*{Just As a Clock}

If he didn't have an dining room, or kitchen. He larm in his make-up goes quietly about his work e'd be the best three dollar clock that ever kept track of the day on any from.
As it is, he's two good clocks in one - a reliable alarm to get up by, a punctual

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\section*{The Western home Monthly}


\section*{Astonished at} improvement after Pneumonia.

Mrs. Pegden, 58, Knowle Road, Brixton, says: "My boy at the age of nine months had a very serious illness (pneumonia
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\section*{WOOL \\ HIDES, SKINS, HORSEHAIR,
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He HLLS WoNDR RING FREE
most dreary spots one could imagine. these three days guests are feasted a The graves are marked wy wooden the homes of both the bride and groom without inscription, usually very rudely to provide an unlimited supply of good
constructed. Occasionally one is of finer things to eat and drink for everon constructed. Occasionally one is of finer things to eat and drink for everyone
workmanship; and this one is liable to who comes to the house during this workmanship; and this one is liable to who comes to the house during, this
lack neither the paint nor the inserip- period, even though he can ill aford it lack neither the paint nor the inserip- period, even though he can
tion. There is no indieation that any. Hilarity usually waxes high. This can care has been expended on any part of scarcely be woidered at, for the life of
the grounds. They are grass-grown, and these people is one long story of unrethe grounds. They are grass-grown, and these people is one long story of unre-
bramble-infested. The upturned sods of mitting toil, broken only by the obser-bramble-infested. The upturned sods of mitting toil, broken only by the obser-
a new-made grave, and the white wood vance of their holy. days, and the of the freshly peeled poles of which occasional marriage feast. Sometimes,
some cross is constructed is the only unfortunately, drinking is indulged in to visible signs of any recent visitor. AI- excess, and the merriment becomes little together one could imagine no scene more dismal than this group of spectrallooking crosses.
Some of the grounds have onlosses in the burying grounds have only one crosspiece, some
have three. The one with the three crosspieces is the orthodox Greek cross. The top crosspiece represents the one on which, at the Crucifixion, was written the legend, "This is Jesus," the King of the overcome, and gow we find have been


Sir James Albert Aikins, K.C., new Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba
Jews." Of the lower crosspiece, which the length and breadth of the colony, an old Greek legend. It is said that the ful teacher is imparting a knowledge of Saviour, writhing in agony before his English, and the rudiments of an edudeath, shifted the position of it, as his eet rested on it. Therefore it is always The results, considering the obstacles
shown so on their crosses It is seldom that a Russian is not of marvellous. married very early in life, the men in Teachers who have taught in these
their early twenties, the girls often not schools speak very highly of the abilitie their early twenties, the girls often not schools speak very highly of the abilities
more than fifteen or sixteen years of age. of the children. Where attendance is more than fifteen or sixteen years of age. of the children. Where attendance is
The groom's father makes the initial regular they keep very fair pace with move in the matter. When he thinks Anglo-Saxon children of the same age, his son should have a wife to help him acquiring the English language as they on his homestead he broaches the matter go along. They are also very much
to his son. If the boy is willing to easier to maintain discipline amongst to his son. If the boy is willing to easier to maintain discipline amongst,
marry the girl the father has selected for they seem never to think of disobey. they get some man to co was selected interview the girl's father. If he receives the proposal favorably negotiations are at once entered into regarding a dowry
for the young couple. If arrangements for the young couple. If arrangements
are satisfactory to both parties the wed ding is seldom long delayed, usuall taking place within a fortnight.
The festivitios in connection with a

\section*{HAD RIDIEY TROUBLE For SEVERAL MONTHS DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HIM.}

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\section*{DATMNTC Trade Marks Trade Marks
and Designs}
merry. Even in this respect alone his contact with the teacher is giving hím a
valuable training towards the valuable training towards the end of A marked interest in the education of their young, and a considerable pride in their achievements along that line, has
been manifested by these people. A been manifested by these people. A
great interest centres around the schion great interest centres around the school rivalry amongst the different districts as to who shall have the best school house. The structures they build are they are quite generous in regard to furnishings and equipment.
The introduction of the school house has tended to a Canadian type of progress which, in the last few years, has
detracted somewhat from the picturesqueness of the colony. Many new dwellings of a decidedly Anglo-Saxon style of rchitecture, are taking the place of the thatched-roof house. To the thoughtful observer this is a hint of greater tant future.

Too Hot for the Siberian That happens only once in a lifetime. up in the peninsula that is washed by the Behring Sea, can sleep comfortably in a oom four feet high with six by eight feet of floor space, and have a fire smoking
near all night, while the doors are tightly closed, and then does not object if three others share his apartment with him. To-morrow he will have chance enough to reathe more cold, fresh air than he cares after is a snug, cosy place, where every cell of his body can perpetually enjoy varmth, and where neither ears, fingers nor toes shall be frozen.
Once in his life, however, things get a and that once he cannot escape if he is to e a man of importance in the community for it is his marriage ceremony. As soon as the youth falls in loye in dead earnest, what dowry she can bring in case of eventual marriage. Since reindeer is the Koryak's medium of exchange, the father consents to the engagement and the dowry pleases the young man, he interviews the girl, and if she reciprocates his affection, he enters her father's service. Chopping wood, tending the, herds, cultivating the garden, and all The period of service lasts from two to three years.
six in marriage ceremony begins about six in the evening. There is a building crowd at twilight. A large hall runs through the centre of the building, on either side of which are from ten to fifteen little rooms, called pologs. ' Each polog is deer curtains, and the entrance from each polog into the hall is closed by similar
curtains. Nowhere in all that building curtains. Nowhere in all that building except in the hall could a good-sized ma
stand upright. After consi
drinking, a brass drum begins to beat At the same time a solemn-faced Koryak passes from one polog to another, drop ping willow sprouts and alder branches of the drum begins to sing, to accompany his slow performance on the drum. Gradually he accelerates his beats and his song. Faster and faster he smites his
drum; louder and louder he sings, unti within thirty minutes he has worked himself into a state of frenzy-a consummation that is not without its effect upon the villagers. The stolid calm with which
they entered, suggestive of an impending funeral, gives place to smiles, to tossings of the head, until by and by the whole crowd are as excited as their leader. At this point, the front curtain of each
polog goes up, and two or three women polog goes up, and two or three women
appear inside. In their hands are the appear inside. In their hands are the
willow sprouts and alder branches. In a moment the father of the bridegroom enters the building, leading the happy couple by the hand.' The noise, the shouting and the whirling now become in-
describable. At a signal from the groom's describable. At a signal from the groom's
father, the bride dashes into the first polog to the right. The women that
are within lift the curtain for her, and are within. lift the curtain for her, and he passes quickly from one compartment

Not so with the groom. He dashes raised, so that the public has a clear the first polog than the women begin to chance to enjoy the spectacle. beat him with the willow sprouts and She course he never catches the bride. alder branches. He seizes the curtain \({ }^{\text {² }}\) She has reached the last polog before he is to enter thê next polog, but one or two hastway through. If she passes out of the women hold it down; and if he finally her pather, he must wouse, and panss through the
succeeds, there is a hot application of same ordeal once succeeds, there is a hot application of
branches on that part of his anatomy that remains longest within the polog. Meanwhile, the women in the next po are ready to receive him with equal
warmth. They ply the switches ene warmth. They ply the switches ener-
getically, and do not hesitate to thrust out a foot also, in order that the "happy groom" may stumble, and afford a more enduring target for their blows.
cherries, raspberries, currants or prraies There is no escape from this experience apple, by adding to the pint of fruit until the groom has entered and passed water, and athe of syrup, two quarts of two or three through every one of those twenty or
thirty pologs. The front curtains are

\section*{Play Thou The Man}

This day play thou the ma
True to thyself and to thy fellows true; when sood Knight be courteous Blithely each duty do

Life's morning slips away
And noon apace comes while high hopes Ere night our
Ere night proclaims the passing of the Use well the precious hours.
This day give of thy best
In word and work, and life shall nobler And God at sundown shall give thee "His rest,
And "Well done!" say to thee.
D. W. Macdonald


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Among all his wonderful inventions his phonograph pet and hobby. He worked for years striving to phe mest pet and hobby. He worked for years striving to produce the most perfect phon-
ograph. A last he has produced this new model, and now it will be sent to you on a startling ograph. A last he has produced this new model, and now
offer. Read


\section*{Rock-Bottom Direct Offer}

If you wish to keep Mr. Edison's superb new instrument,
send us only \(\$ 1.00\) after the free trial. Pay the balance on the send us only \(\$ 1.00\) after the free trial
easiest kind of monthly payments.
Think of it-a \(\$ 1.00\) payment, and a fer Think of it-a \(\$ 1.00\) payment, and \(a\) few dollars a month to
get this brand new style outfit-the Diamond Stylus reproducer get this brand new style outfit-the Diamond Stylus reproducer,
the musical quality-the same Diamond Amberol Recordsall the musical results of the highest price outfits-yes, the greatest value for \(\$ 1.00\) down, balance on easiest monthly terms. Convince yourself-a afree trial first! No money down noC.O.D.,
not one cent to pay unless you choose to keep the instrument. Vaudeville-then if you
choose, send it back.
Entertain Your Friends

\section*{Hear all the latest up-to-date song hits of the big} cities. Laugh until the tears stream down your face from laughing at the funniest of minstrel shows. Entertain your family and your To F. K. Babson riends with everything from Grand Opera to Comic FREE
Your name and address on a postal or a letter (or just the coupon) is enough. No obligation in asking for the catalog.
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 possession-a rare edition- eagerly consulted-jealously guarded-because so few of these found their way to Canada

With the opening of the Montreal store, a different policy has been pursued.

Instead of one large "Treasure Book" issued once a year, a number of seasonable catalogues are arranged, each one complete in itself and showing the cboicest, the rarest in itself and showing the cboicest, the rarest Stones, Gold and Silverware for the individual season.

Our latest catalogue - and a very beautiful one-is ready for distribution. May we send you a copy ?
Mappin \& Webb
353 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST,
MONTREAL.
not be realized in your own life but it may Gladys wears silk hose only, and ladders yield a rich harvest in the life of your extend from her ankle to knee, and a hole Susannah Wesley sang hymns-she in on her flimsy silk office dress. Oh, yes loved them and learned them until her everything harmonizes in the outfit of
mind was saturated with the soul meaning Gladys-fringe and pins and poor, shabbv, mind was saturated with the soul meaning Gladys-fringe and pins and poor, shabby,
of beautiful songs. who carried to the world messages that ing the efficiency ladder, for careless hose soul sang with an ambition that she could not attain but which bore Mary, sure and well balanced, climbs abundant fruit in the lives of her sons. steadily upward, until her salary answers of us-then we must not squander time. dressing table a work bag containing We must get happiness out of our work needles, thimble, thread, buttons, hooks for that is genuine. Our sweet Canadian and eyes, darning wool and scissors. poetess-Jean Blewett-has coined a wonderful expression-"The Joy of
Work.". Go' down into yonder cells for Women and ask them why they are there,
and nine times out of ten you will learn it and nine times out of ten you will learn it
is because they sought a short way to is because they sought a short way to
ease-they did not know the joy of work ease-they did not know the joy of work That matron was wise the other to interest a sentenced girl in work. When the girl refused the matron said: "Try, to work onceperhaps you'll like it."
The woman is great who utilizes the contagious, then let us think of is beauty and wonders that surround \(u\)
for the soul is tinged with the complexion for the soul is tinged with the complexio of thought
our life, exempt from public Finds tongues in trees, Nooks, in the running brooks,
Sermons in stones, and good in everything.

\section*{MISS GRACE BROOKING}

A wave of regret swept over Winnipeg
and the West when the resignation of Miss Grace Brooking as General Secretary of the Winnipeg Y.W.C.A. was announced A year ago this department gave a little
review of her great work and as a result Miss Brooking told me recently that many readers of this page wrote to her for advice. At that time I had congive me her picture for this page. This give me her picture for this page. This
summer a young woman in the West wrote her upon a very personal matter mentioning the fact that she felt she could go to her for advice after seeing her
likeness in this department. She liked her face and felt she could trust her. I am sure this one incident must have convinced Miss Brooking that it was well to give us her photo. To be sure there is
no artist who can produce that fine spiritual expression that the Master Artist gives to those who trust in Him or strength. There are scores of girls in Winnipeg \({ }^{\dagger}\) who are developing into fine
noble womanhood because they trusted Miss Brooking when they needed advice. They trusted her for they liked that sweet, sympathetic expression that transorms any face into womanly loveliness.
Miss Brooking's place is an unusual one Miss Brooking s place is an unusual one
to try to fill for she loved every girl who came into the institution and every girl oved her. There is too much of a teudency among Boards of institutions to
value the services of their workers in value the services of their workers in
terms of dollars and cents. The "Business End" is paramount, and very often sacrifice of the souls of grospers at the
eason it wis the eason it will be difficult to find a woman both business ability and spirituality. Not color, line or harmonies Alone can make the perfect whole-
Beauty supreme is more than these, Beauty supreme is more than
It is the flowering of the soul."

\section*{NEEDLES AND PINS} Mary's clothes are carefully buttoned together. Mary uses needles. Gladys uses pins. Mary knows her clothes are securely fastened so she carries this air of confidence in her work. She moves in ciency. On the other hand Gladys is not sure about her dress, beca*ise pins so easily bend and drop out, and perhaps
her skirt is divorced from her blouse.
She feels to see if the separation is serious. The feels to see if the separation is serious.
This detracts her attention and interest from her work, for she is not sure about her dress. This lack of confidence disturbs her work and marks of carelessness appear in everything she undertakes-all
lherause of those pins. Mary's hose are darned. They are of good wearing quality to match her neat, plain business dress.
Besides, Mary considers her health.

\section*{CLEAR VISION}

No other country in the world offers so many opportunities as "Our Canada." verandah of a cottage, from which I see the rising sun cast its golden gleam on a broad field of grain-golden sunlight, golden grain, and golden oportunities for our boys and girls. Out in the country, think, and time to see without artificial tructures obstructing the line of vision e congratulate ourselves on the blessing of the privilege of being away from
dazzling, changing lights and trickish ascinations of noisy amusements. Here where the atmosphere is free from germs, and is clear and clean-where Nature de instrates fixed principles, our boys and own understanding is not cheated by the cunning artifice of sham and display of plastered paradises of pleasures. No when the sole of the barefoot boy or gir touches Nature's sod, their soul is in
closer communion with Nature's God. Why does this thought impress me so seriously this morning? It is because I am so much with girls who have cheated upon a time I, too, was a country gir and my soul swelled with ambition for a bigger and brighter life. The broad prair ies, with their waving fields of grain, in spired me with the bigness of life, and
wanted to fly away to a place where life was abundant in great accomplishments. Like other country girls I thought that place was the city, but God in His goodness did not allow me to leave the country at that time, and I did not come in con-
tact with an environment where human traps are set by human hunters for human girls.
How I long for the power to impress our girls with the value of the power of inner visions. The physical is only outward
appearance. One who looks below the surface sees the deeper, more significan value of every honest phase of life. This is what I want our girls to see.
A few years ago a girl came to me from A eew years ago a girl came to me from environment and wanted a place in the, city. "I wouldn't marry a homesteader,",
she said; "I want some one more polished." she said; "I want some one more polished."
"You are making a mistake," I said "You are making a mistake," I said
when she told me of a good, honest farmer who wanted to marry her. But she could not see my view of men with great, fine hearts beating under plain clothes, so
she began her work in the city. Two years she began her work in the city. Two years
later, when she called on me, a diamond engagement ring flashed on the third finger of the left hand, and she told me of her love affair. I said: "I wish you would not marry the man on the home stead?" "Oh, life is too hard there. There is too much work, and it's too lonely," she exclaimed indignantly. I saw no more rang, and Mrs. -, with a beautiful babe, waited my answer. "Oh, Mrs.
Hamilton," she urged, "have you just a Hamilton," she urged, "have you just a
I listened to her story. It was a familiar one to me. Her husband had desand she was left alone in the city-stranded.
is there a woman on a western homestead as lonely as this deserted wife in
the city? Is there who works as hard as the city mother of a family, who has to struggle for their support by scrubbing and cleaning out
dirty offices, where men swear and swear at her as she labors out her livelihood on her knees, while her pinched boys and her knees, while her pinched boys and
girls fall down the tempter's slippery
stairs?

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\author{
We are offering many premiums to Quaker Oats
usess, in Silver Plate, Jowery and Aluminum Cooking
Utensis.
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}
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\section*{Make Good Things Energizing}


\section*{Cookies}
hy not make cookics ut of Quaker Oats? It will make these muchiked wafers a vim-creatng food.
Quaker Oats cookies aste better than flour cookies. They are rich in elements which other cookies lack. Why not make these tempting pick-ups beneficial to the ory


\section*{Pancakes}

Why not make pan cakes energizing, by using Quaker Oats? They will then supply folks phosphorus and lecithin, so needed' and so rare Folks will like them just as well - perhaps better than without oats. And they'll get a good
which other pancakes lack.


Why lavish cream and sugar on foods that don't deserve them? If you serve a cereal only once day, why not make that serving count? Consider food values -human needs-in these foods that people like best. Make them more than tempting dainties. Make them Quaker Oats conveyors.

\section*{Quaker Oats \\ ENERGIZING
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cereals lack. Apparently she does rell them into large, white,
 growth. can't improve on Nature.
Wut we pick out her choicest grains.
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grains only
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\section*{Now Remember!}

When I ask for cocoa I want the best - and everyone knows that the best is

\section*{Connus Cocas}

It is a well-known fact that in every home where quality is appreciated, this delicious cocoa may be found. It is pure and wholesome and manufactured from the best cocoa beans procurable.

See that the boy brings it.


\section*{Cllomen-Let metellyou How to make Money"}

In every city and town in Canada, no matter how large or how small, I have pleasant, permanent and . profitable work to be done by Women.
Hundreds of ambitious women of all ages are making comfortable, indepen. have considerable unoccupied territory and have placed this announcement in this magazine in the hope that it may reach the eyes of some reliable and refined
women, of good appearance, who are in need of money and have a desire to women, of good appearance, who are in need of money and have a desire to
establish themselves in a profitable business of their own. I require women who estabe at least four or five hours a day, which they can devote to my work. . I want women who are well and favorably known in their respective localities. Learn What Other Women are Doing My book illustrated here-entitled, "What A Woman Can \(D_{o}{ }^{\circ}\) "-tells my story
complete. Tells how women can become independent-tells how women estab. complete. Tells how women can become independent-
lish themselves in business in their home towns without capital-
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ness that actually pays big profits in real ness that actually pays big profits in real money.
Do not write to me unless ou are in earnest and absolutely sincere - I am a busy man and have no time
for idle correspondence-but if you are really interest-




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Name..
Town...
Prov.
Where you il

Ah, my dear girl, think twice before
you refuse to marry the honest man on you refuse to marry the honest man on
the homestead., His clothes mकy bear marks of Nature's soil, but that is clean.
This girl's husband of the city wears a This girl's husband of the city wears a
polished collar and a tailored suit, prespolished collar and a tailored suit, pres-
sed in the latest crease-but underneath the surface beats a heart so dirty and mean that his personality breathes an atmo-
sphere of filth. We cheat ourselves besphere of filth. We cheat ourselves be-
cause we do not know the real value of cause we do not know the real value of
life. It takes a kind of culture in one's life. It takes a kind of culture in
soul to know the real value of life. Yes, your dress is in style, and your
boots are the latest shade, my girl, but a year from now they will be shabby and
out of date. How about the soul that out of date. How about the soul that you sacrificed for that dress and those
boots? It will be shabby and worn out too, while the girl who will not sacrifice her soul for clothes will be the true aristocrat a year from now, and ten
years hence she will be a mental and moral millionaire
Half our sorrows come from dullness
of soul sight. A good family in a Manitoba town opened their home to a girl in the city this spring-a girl who wanted one
more chance. She, however, was blind more chance. She, however, was blind
to the real values of life, and determined to live as she understood life. She valued life in counterfeit currency. So she stumbled into the city again, and
down into the cell once more. "Good night my girl," I said, as she turned to go night my girl, I said, as she turned to go
back behind the bars again. And I
thought-such is the penalty of your thought-such is the penalty of your
view of life, because you have not caught view of life, because you have not caught
the real vision. Does it pay? Does it pay


\section*{In Safe Koeping}
to sob your life out for a few short hours and cool in shallow, buttered pans. The of compensalse fancies? There is a law beauty of this rule is that you do not need to the world, we have nothing. If we give the candy butter on your fingers to keep out much we have muthing. If we give out much we have much.
Every girl owes the world a debt of gratitude. We cannot escape results. We
cannot cheat the world. We get returns cannot cheat the world. We get returns
for what we give or what we give.
Each life is given its cross to bear.
Each soul may have a crown to wear
Each soul may have a crown to wear. And each will find when the race is run
The place attained must first be won
CHANGING HER POSITION
Just at present the wage earning girl is having her innings; due to the war a great many girls are filling positions that
were formerly held by young men. This were formerly held by young men. This
is particularly true in banks and meris particulary true in banks and mer
cantile establishments. The result cantile estabishments. The result is
that salaries have advanced. This has created an atmosphere of restlessness on the part of the wage earning girl. One cannot censure these wage earning
girls for getting the highest salari possible, but on the other hand they should not allow the glamour of the extra
dollar to blind them to the responsibility dollar to blind them to the responsibility business house that offers a girl an extra dollar or two per week in order to induce her to give up her present position does
so wholly and solely because it is up so wholly and solely because it is up
against it for help. The wage earning against it for help. The wage earning
girl's market place where she offers her girrs s market place where she offers her
services for sale is no different from any other market. The selling price is fixed
by the law of supply and demand, and just as soon as the supply begins to exselling price go down. For example,
suppsing that in Winnipeg to-day there
are positions open for one hundred wage earning girls and there are only fifty of a mathematician to figure out what the result will be upon wages. On the other hand, supposing that one hundred positions are open and there are one hundred
and fifty girls ready to fill them, the problem of figuring out the effect on salaries is just as easy to solve. Now just as soon as it becomes noised about
that salaries in Winnipeg are good, we that salaries in Winnipeg are good, we
will have a considerable immigration of wage earning girls from outside points and the employer can then pick and choose. It is not probable that the girl who has left a good position to accept time leaving her past employer in more or less difficulty, can goi back to her original position and receive the same courtesy and consideration that she
formerly enjoyed. The young woman ormerly enjoyed. The young woman
must not forget the fact that her services are a commodity and must be treated as such.
Business houses do not always sell they do sell them in that market where they can build up the most lasting trade Therefore, consider your present posi ion carefully before you let the dollar ntice you into another one

Molasses Candy.-Two cups of Ne Orleans molasses, one cup of white sugar one tablespoon of vinegar, one tablespoon hard twenty minutes, stirring all the time to put any butter on your fingers to keep the candy from sticking to them. Jus let it get quite cool, and then take smal
pieces and work fast.

Shook Off Coffee And Got Well
It's so easy to shake off coffee and coffee troubles to shake off coffee and is served in its place. flourishing south ern town writes: "Coffee had made me sufferer from constipation, nerv ousness and indigestion. Some time ago evert coffee and began using Postum and
ever since I have been improving. My ever since 1 have been improving.
troubles have now quite disappeared.
"I attribute my recovery to quitting coffee and using Postum and have induced several of my friends to try it given by Canadian Postum Cereal Co Ltd., Windsor, Ont.
Coffee used regularly adversely affects Coffee used regularly adversely affects
many persons. Take away the cause of trouble and give a true, natural fooddrink like Postum, and the change is usually surprising. "There's a Reason." Postum Cereal two forms. must be well boiled. 15 c and 25 c pkgs. Instant Postum-a soluble powderand, with quickly in a cup of hot water licious beverage instantly. 30 c and 50 c
Both forms are equally delicious and "Tabout the same per cup.
"There's a Reason" for Postum

\section*{A Little Retrospect of Waterloo}

By Edith G. Bayne

THE old man took his pipe from his by sunset of the next day, slumbere mouth and laid it upon the table. about the bivouac fires at Mont St. Jean sked, a slow smile spreading over his Napoleon could wote alert and restless. face, "Why, Ill try." His glance passed the night he rode up and down before his beyond us and rested on a framed photo- troops, giving orders and inspecting graph that hung over the mantel. It was positions and watching Wellington's the picture of a drummer lad in khaki. watchfires which half-girdled the horizo "I have no sons," explained the old That's her oldest boy. He's named for me. He begged so hard to be allowed to go. You see he is just eighteen- and, not having gotten his full growth, he couldn't enlist with the regulars. Ah, but the
The speaker sighed. His eyes took on a far-away expression and we thought he had forgotten us. But presently he eaned back in his easy chair and began to tell the story

I can't tell it as my grandfather didthe fire and the eloquence will be wantimpart the peculiar thrill that always went with his telling of the story. Many and many a time have I sat at his knee in. the winter evenings listening spellHow his old eyes would flash as he told of the charge of the Scots Greys! The superb fellows, alas, were utterly ann ilated. Sometimes he would rise on his heumatic old limbs and try to act out cuirassiers came up the slope at Mont St. Jean, all unsuspecting, and Wellington shouted to his kneeling squadrons: "Up, uards, and at them!
think I can see the old man nowhis white mane, his wrinkled visage, his
trembling hands-and once more I envy him his share in that day of imperishable glory
A brave man was my grandad. He was eess than twenty-five in the year of His brother Frank was a sergeant with the troops that held the chateau of Hougomont against Jerome Bonapart The Treaty of Ghent had been signed in was over, but and the war in canad fought at Lundy's Lane and Stoney Creek, still carried scars from those con flicts. You have all read how the Eng lish Guards ambuscaded themselves in how they held out till the very las watching Papelotte and La Haye Sainte burning, and finally breaking away the lower part of the spiral stairway to pre vent the French from mounting to th
upper rooms. The orchard at Hougo upper rooms. The orchard at Hougowas this bit of ground, but a few hun dred yards in extent, that saw some of the fiercest fighting. Fifteen hundre men fell here in less than an hour. A
sunken garden, balustraded and terraced after the old French style, led to th orchard and at the other end there wa a stone wall concealed by a quickse hedge. Soye's brigade, coming blithely
up from the south, thought they had only up rrom the south, thought they had only ceiving verdure there were thirty-eight loopholes in the wall and as many mus kets. However, the French-those lef alive-climbed the wall by their nails and the fruit trees. But, to go back a bit, my grandfathe was one of the guests at the famous bal given by the Duchess of Richmond in Brussels on the night of the fifteenth of
June, 1815. Well did he recall the panic and excitement among the dancers at the sudden booming of the cannon at Quatre Bras. He told us of the frenzied dis persing of the crowd, of brave men turn ing pale and women fainting, of the bugle calls and the tramp of horses feet, of
the confusion and the cries. Byron has described that scene better than anyone else, I think:
"But hark! A deep sound strikes like a rising knell!
Arm! Arm! It is the cannon's opening The foe, they come, they come !
The English slept calmly on the night Many brave hearts that would not beat Canada" Six at \(\$ 1450\). Canadian cars. of dollars more.

\section*{Proved on the Roads of Canada}

In no other six cylinder car now on the Canadian market will there be found such superiority in power, comfort, riding ease and basic quality of materials as Studebaker, with its half a century and more of experience is able to give in this "Made in

To sit in the driving seat and tonneau of this six and ride over the steep hills and rough country peculiar to sections of the Dominion, is to realize the accuracy and care which Studebaker has exercised in making this the most preferred of all

You must see the car, however, to appreciate its points of dis-tinction-to understand those features of its design end construction that place this six on a par with cars costing hundreds

\author{
Studebaker \\ Walkerville, Ont
}

bscure enigma. The English who could Napole
carcely account The English, who could Napoleon scarcely account for their victory either, preordination.
et cool withal, riding with his aide-de camp along the lines, stopping occasionally to watch the lightning and listen to the thunder. The man of destiny was
calm, confident, colossal. His men eyed him with a sort of religious awe. He inspired fear and reverence and hero-worship. They knew him for a genius. He was one too-this young general of
forty-six. Call him cold-blooded and calculating if you will. He was cruel and inexorable, but he was also great. It is ridiculous to compare the Kaiser with Napoleon. They are alike only in their
lust for world-domination. The German lust for world-domination. The German
Emperor is vain, superficial and boastful. rilliant. At daybreak Nou, truss of straw, called his generals on a him and laid out the plan of attack. To procure an idea of the field of Naterloo, you haye only to imagine a capital A. The apex is Mont St. Jean, the end of the right leg La Belle Alliance,
Napoleon's position. The end of the left leg is Hougomont, and to the right of Hougomont and slightly up is La Haye Sainte, with Ohain and Papelotte further east again. Behind the English camp on
the plateau was the deep and intricate forest of Soignies, which would have proved a veritable death-trap had Welington been obliged to retreat upon it, or it was filled with 'quagmires and marshes.
The left leg of our A represents the


Not This
Paring never ends
a corn.


Not This Harsh liquids are not wise.


28

\section*{Blue=jay \({ }_{c}^{\text {Endas }}\) \\ 15 c and 25 c at Druggists}

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doesn't cure.
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liver and enables the system to cure itself. inver and enables the
Then cure is lasting.
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Price 50 cents. from all Druggists and Storekeepers,

Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief is the companion preparation to Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

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\section*{Dr. Cassents Insimnt IRentr}

When writing advertisers, please ment The Westeru Home Withy

Nivelles road, the right the Genappe
road. Midway of the crossbar in where the battle was actually whe spot it is here that the English erected the monumental pyramid of earth surmounted by a lion, that indi cates to the tourist the exact section of the field which witnessed sthe final triumph.
"The battle did not commence until nearly noon. Napoleon was waiting for the mud to dry up as his troops could not
manoeuvre on the soggy ground. He was also waiting to give Grouchy time to arrive. These careful calculations were perhaps the real cause of his undoing,
for after all Grouchy did not come to his for after all Grouchy did not come to his
aid nor did the sun come out was overcast all day.
Hougomont held, but La Haiye Sainte was taken, and Napoleon pushed on
along the Brussels road in an effort to

Europe! There was an obstacle. It wa a crossroad, a deep trench-like highway running along the slope of the opposite
crest and entirely hidden from view crest and entirely hidden from view. It
was even invisible through glasses. It was even invisible through glasses. It
was the short road leading from Ohain was the short road leading from Ohain even the faintest suspicion of a ridge to mark its presence. So. Napoleon ordered his Grand Army, three thousand five hundred strong, to carry the plateau
Ney drew his sabre and placed Ney drew his sabre and placed himsel
at their head and the formidable squadrons began their advance, lances raised, standards flying. What a spectacle it must have been! Ah, we could esteem our enemy in been

Imagine then that might host steady, uniform, implacable - with sabres flashing and banners fluttering-moving as one man. Picture the havoc wrought in that glorious company when, advancon the unsuspected road. It was twelye feet across. All was confusion. The front riders plunged into the abyss, the second line following them and the third hundreds of men and horses lay strug. gling and dying in the deep ravine. The left division, however, had wheeled just in time and so was saved such an inglorious end. My grandfather used to
tell of the piper of the 75 th Highlanders the brave lad who sat upon a drum play-

bar the approach of the Prussians who ing pibrochs to cheer on his comrades
had out-manoeuvred Grouchy had out-manoeuvred Grouchy at Wavre until he was stopped by a French sabire and Ligny and were momentarily ex- cut through the heart. pected. All The English had not
All along throughout the day and un- had merely fallen back a bit and formed til about five o'clock in the afternoon into squares, with the Guards kneeling Wellington seemed doomed. Down in the behind the slope, and ready to spring up
valley the villages were on fire, Hougo- at Wellington's word mont only withstanding defeat. Through his field-glasses my grandfather watched that magnificent attack of the French
troops, which is one of the stories in all history. I can hear the old man yet, hear that odd shake in his voice as he described the superb deliberate onrush. It was Napoleon's great coup-his
final move. It was admirable tragic-that steady onward marel while the southern stope, across the valley and then up the northern slope. Napoleon thought the English were re-
tiring. They had disappeard blole tiring. They had disappeared behind the seemed imminent. Napoleon smiled. H . seemed imminent. Napoleon smiled. He he sent a messenger off post haste to Paris to announce that the battle. Was
won. But "there's many a slip twitt cup and the lip"! He rose in his stirrups and scamned the Nivelles road. He, ance and he stooped and impuirod in : low roice off his guide whether there might be any obstacle in the way of the. or a wall. or a ditch. The guille stame Victor Hugo salys, hung the tiat" of About
About six o'clock Wellington was observed glancing at his watch and he was
heard to murmur: "Blich For even still, the odds seemed in favor of Napoleon.
When finally, off to the east, Blücher was to be seen approaching, a great All was riot now in the Frg the English. All was riot now in the French lines. The
fighting that followed must have been unparalleled! The French were utterly routed and the Prussians gave savage chase, for Bliucher had issued the comObserve therminate.
Observe the Prussian method! Does it of present dismally familiar in the light quarter! Annihilate! "No prisoners - no These were Bliucher's orders.
The French now were crying: "Sauve At cight oclock the "vive lempereur." thew wort and the red the chowds of parted in -unn shome through the coms upen the field of Waterloo and witnessed the
Cramed Army of Napolen Nand Army of Napoleon that had asmonned in such magnificent array in the
tion who survived fleeing for life in every Fritz Abroad-The Departure-First direction. The man who had Won Jena and
Marengo and Elot and Wagram and Austeritz had met the ultimate fate of Autl would-be world conquerors., Napoleon
ald was defeated and for all time. Never
had there been such a rout! Upon the had there been such a rout! Upon the
records of time theree was now written records of "Waterloo." It was the hinge
the word " of the nineteenth century. The 18 th of June, 1815 , was the day upon which the
whole perspective of the human race was whole perspective of the human race was
altered. Waterloo stands last and greataltered. Waterioo stand
est in Creasy's "Fifteen decisive battles est in Creasy's
of the world."
The brave English-British they are ever played the game fairly. Such battle lacks the bitterness of to-day's conficts when we are engaged with an
absolutely unscrupulous foe, who has disabsolutely unscrupulous foe, who has dis
regarded every rule of honorable war regarded, war was war in those days! I
fare Aht bloodthirsty I hope, but I know
am noll am not bloodthirsty I hope, but I know I should have enjoyed a battle or two
under the old regime, with bugles, hel-
mets, busbies, gold braid and tassels, mets, busbies, goid braid and the rest of the picturesque accoutrements which do not
figure in the life of the present-day ligure in
soldier.
soldier.
Waterloo would seem but a skirmish Waterloo would seem but a skirmish I
fancy, compared with many of the batfancy, compared with many of the bat
tles that have already been fought in Flanders and at Gallipoli. The actual field of Waterloo is indeed only a little over two miles long and less than a mile in breadth
That's a very rough outline of Water-
looi' It is, I know, but a very crude at tempt at a story, and yet at the mere telling of it I feel in my old bones a singular ache. It is as if they cried out
to be up and in action. Ah me! I shall to 'be up and in action. Ah me! Is shal
be seventy-six come Micheelmas
der don't suppose the recruiting sergeant would even look at me!

The old man reached across to the
table and took up his pipe again. He table and took up his pipe again. He knocked the ashes out against the fender
and began to refill the bowl with tobaco and began to refill the bowl withis tobaceo
that he took from a pouch in his pocket. Then, as he puffed slowly, his old eyes grew dreamy, and by and by they on the photograph over the mantel. Then haps a little envy. iHe had forgotten us so we, slipped away, but as we went some lines from
Newbolt's "Drake's Drum" kept beating Newbolt's "Drake's Drum" kept beating
their rhythmic tattoo in our ears: their rhythmic tattoo in our ears:
"faike my drum to England; hang it by the shore;
Strike it when your powder's running
If the Dons sight Devon, Ill quit the port o' Heaven,
And drum them up the Cha'
drummed 'em long ago!"
Canada Reborn a Fighting Nation
One might go on and on enumerating and specifying of the things that Canada has done, and fill a bulky tome. The
main things have been here briefly summed up so that a full realization of how great Canada's work and accomplishments have been, may be arrived at.
Colossal, titanic, infinitely vast has been her achievement. Standing a pigmy power on that memorable day of August,
1914 , when from the ann thunderously forth those first words of the great God Mars that were soon to set a world on fire, this "Lady of the Snows," timid, shrinking and almost unknown, has been magically metamorphosed, ap-
pears now to an astonished and hlinking pears now to an astonished and binning
outside world an Amazonian giantess, Brobdingnagian of Amazonian strength, vast of wealth, unlimited of natural resources. Fired by a till now untested bravery,
an infinite zeal and energy she is a warring an infinite zeal and energy, she is a warring
goddess to be reckoned with, an unknown factor looming large, growing ever in proportion, a new sprung power presenting
to the universe at large a daring and unlooked for front, an ability in arms and commeree that, may win for her a great
and honorable place in the sun of the mysterious and unreadable future.
Temperance is the father of health, cheerfulness, and old age. Drunkenness hass so large a family that II cannot re
member the names of one-half of them.


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lve been doing that very hing all my life. Now, since I have quit the arenal have win popularity and good incomemes the selfssame way. . . Just Send the There is Only One Correct System
In adopting rules for preserving your health, you should remember nat no quite possible to have too much of it. The rule holds good of almost every-
thing except fresh air; it is hard indeed thing except fresh air; it is hard indeed
to get too much of that, although peroo get too much of that, although per-
haps you will do well not to live where haps you will do well not to live where
high winds prevail. But the case of mus. cular exercise is different. Although some kind of exercise is necessary to
health, it is impossible to lay down general laws in regard to it; the form nge be modified for each individual. Age, sex, strength, appetite, digestion,
mode of life, and a dozen other considerations, all enter into the question. The amount of exercise required to quickly exhaust, and might possibly kill,

Most persons who wish to be strong
nde well, and who have no desire to compete in athletics, should aim at the gen-
eral well-being of the whole ral well-being of the whole system is especially important for those who have passed the age for athletic sports and whose work does not demand unusual muscular power. As a general
rule, it is better to exercise outdoors than indoors.





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Music House
\end{tabular} Home Home of the
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\section*{The Western Home Monthly}

\section*{The Philosopher}

THE COMING DAY OF DELIVERANCE Never before has there been such a turning point
in human history. Never before has there in human history. Never before has there been. such of men have died, millions of women and children have been driven from their homes.s. Human suffering and
misery such as the world has never known before have replaced peace, happiness and orderly life in reat areas of the old world. Wherever German armies have passed there has been a harvest of dishonor for women, of cruel death for children and old men, and of unprecedented ravaging and destruction. All that accomplish has been accomplished over no inconsiderable portion of the European continent. For forty years Germany worked at her preparations to seize, her savage ruthlessness in action, have failed Th, who will live in the years to come will have a better measure than we can have now of the grandeur and the horror of this present time, and of how much has assault upon civilization and freedom. For Germa feat is already becoming manifest. The day of de iverance from the German menace to the principles

WHEN WHITFIELD TURNED THE HOUR

\section*{GLASS}

In reading recently a book about life in England i ome interesting facts, the Philosopher came upo reaching of George Whitfield, whose voice wa oclear and powerful that it could reach 20,000 peo ple in the open air, as Benjamin Franklin proved by and calculating the number of hearers the hear stand within that distance. Of his fervor and drama ic action, with which he held his hearers spell-bound and of his homely pathos, many extraordinary things are told. It was when he was preaching to the col-
iers at Bristol, whose "tears plentifully fell down their black cheeks, making white gutters," that his ame began. He made no less than seven evangelizing 1770 , soon after saying "I died in Massachusetts in rust out." During the greater part of his out than preached from forty to sixty hours a week. In those ays preachers preached literally by the hour, for it was customary to have an hour glass in the pulpit. cation that he would preach for another hour, his hearers used to shout for joy. He used to draw great congregations to hear him as early as five o'clock in the morning. What preacher in these days could do that the world has changed?

\section*{GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE}

Nothing has so completely baffled the Germans as
the growth and strength of confidence between Great the growth and strength of confidence between Great
Britain and France. The Germans counted the British and French failing to work together in harmony. They left nothing undone in the hope of making the French and the British have doubts of pendous force was, beyond all else, an attempt to oonvince France that Britain was not ready to help her, and that she must surrender or die. But nothing could shake the Anglo-French union, which has given
such superb proof of itself, working with constantly such superb proof of itself, working with constantly of two great peoples, so different in their race history and traditions, has. grown a firmly rooted confidence and mutual respecr which will be a potent influence

WHEN A WEED IS NOT A WEED
The Philosopher has a friend who is a botanist and who occasionally delights in praising the commonest in reality, plants which have value. The them are and the dandelion and many another plant which is Many drugs which out have medicinal properties high price per pound are derived fromere, are worth we commonly regard as weeds. "Why plants,", whic this friend of the Philosopher's, "should yournot select some such weed, from which a drug in gencral demand bay tree? It is all very well to flourish hike the gree cannot be made out of a sow's ear but it a silk purs allk purse can be well lined with the profits from seed which fou have been , accustcmed to look upon ays this is force hog botamst, when he speakinglas a botanist, not as a man versed in the acts of supply and demand, and not as a man arquaint practically with the drug manufacturing business And, moreover, the growing of any such weed for will any sort of plant grow of itself for him and sprout doliars to provide him with a fat bank account. Other
plants would have to be weeded out of its way. plants would have to be weeded out of its way. Cul-
tivating anything means work.

Fifty years ago French was the recognized medium of discussion at diplomatic conferences. A couple conferences, and in all diplomatic and international correspondence and state papers. But when the hig conference in Paris, those present-representing Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy, Japan and Portu gal-did their business in English. A generation ago as one of the London papers remarks, the British re presentatives at a diplomatic conference would hardl of influences of constantly increasing power are at wor making English more and more a world language. To mention only one of the many significant facts that aught in the public schools in Japan, Great is hou been the spread of the English language througho the world during the past quarter of a century, it wil undoubtedly spread more rapidly during the quarte

AS TO "ENGLISH" AND "BRITON"
Asquith was corrected for saying "British" who Mr eally meant "English"; and, in "British," when he slip, he explain'ed that he had only lately broken him-
self of the opposite error. The old controversy in re gard to the use of the word "English" as the designa tion of not only the United Kingdom but of the whole British Empire has had a revival since the beginning Ene war. The title of Mrs. Humphry Ward's book, trong protests-o for exampl, has brought forth Englishman. "English authors, publishers and jourhalists, he says in a letter in the London Spectator, "should beware of giving needless offence in this matCanadian, what he thinks about it, probably the reply will not be in words-just a significant shrug of the shoulders, which speaks volumes." Not that the ties which bind the Empire so strongly together in unity can be in the least affected by any such thing as that.
There are not a few things in this world for which there are not adequately descriptive and expressive words The London Spectator vehemently defends the use of the word "English." "No one," it says, "would anguage, or 'British' literature", In remard to the further remark made by the Spectator, that the objection to the use of the word "English" comes only highly jealous scots," we may surely say that it is not if we are to say "British," we must also, in say that "Briton"-which, the Spectator regards as "an ugly word, suggesting an undesirable ancestor, covered for being ashamed of the ponciible reason can be alleged themselves with that blue pigment" The decd "Brit on" was proudly "used by Nelson. King George III boasted that he "was born a Briton." And does not all the world know the true and glorious refrain,
"Britons Never Shall Be slaves?

VICTIMS WHO SHOULD HAVE MEMORIALS It was a fitting and proper thought that prompted Hospital at Ramsgate of a patients in the Canadia of a monument to the victims of the Zeppelin raid on tension in England and in France is worthy of say nothing of monuments to the Belgium, women and children of the United States murdered in the high scas hy German submarines. If the place England, where the Germans and on the cast coast murders, were marked by monuments, creat cowardy be the number of thesememorials of the greatest crime of all ages. They would be lasting monuments to vil spirit that caused this war for all time against th ruthless Might the master of human destinies Frenchman visiting London can never find anything humiliating in Aelsons column, nor a Russian in the War; those and other British monuments of British victories by land and sea quished, being memorials of struggles in which both victors: and vanquished showed valor and the high pirit of patriotic heroism. Not so with the monu
ment to be erected at Margate in memory of the victims of Zeppelin bombs; not so withory of the

\section*{THE TWO-SIDEDNESS OF THE TURK}

\section*{Ever since (iladstome's hurning demmeriation of} fastening of the pithet "unspakable: apon the perregarded the Tark as a humam devil. Dhang the past
two years the Turk hat colipsed all his monims atrono permis atro-

and yet the Turk has shown himself "chivalrous and humane" in his treatment of General Townsend an the garrison of Kut el Amara. The War Office has made acknowledgment in an official statement of
the humanity shown by the Turks to the wounded heir scrupulousiness to returning kits of wound British soldiers, and their \({ }^{2}\) observance of the decencie warfare. Men returned from Gallipoli tell the sam tale. They say the Turks would not fire upon th Red Cross, and in other ways behaved more honor problem in human psychology than is presented by he contrast between all this and the Turkish mass cres of entire Armenian vilages, the sinking of ship oads of Armenian women and children, the deliberat wiping out of the Christians in Armenia, with a fiend
ish relentlessness which has drenched that land with ish re
blood?

\section*{UPLIFTING THE POTATO}

We do not hear so many tales now about how the wonder-working chemists of Germany can make bread fom sirch-bark, and beesteaks fron pine planks, and sausages from saw-dust, and so forth. But fron ome stories of wonderful inventions; and every few weeks we read in the newspapers about some extrardinary novelty in scientific discovery. The latest hing of this sort which the Philosopher has noticed of a Missouri college, is on the point of discovering a method by which potatoes can be made to change their starch into sugar, as they grow. If so, who lowly estate in the ground and given a place in the its on the branch of a tree, like an apple, or an orange? Is it not high time that somebody did something for the uplift of the potato? Too long has it higden humbly in the earth, till somebody ate it, with never a thank you. But, alas, it may be that we shall never
hear anything more of the wonder discovery which Professor Howard Dean was announced to be just on the verge of

\section*{A DEBASING STATE SYSTEM}

The world has overmuch of the wonderfulness of German system" and "thoroughness," and of the "efficiency," so called, of the German subordination of the individual to the State. It is said not infreto learn from Germany. The thing of overwhelmingly vital importance which the world has to learn from Germany is the poisoning and brutalizing effect. of to glorify the eager obedience of Germans to seek rulers as a finer and nobler thing than the freedom which we British people and the French people rightly regard as the very breath of life. But the submissive German people is not merely destructive of true dividuality. It brings out the lower nature, the basel animal nature, which only the development of ind vidual responsibility and self-control can hold in sub jection. The countless cruelties and atrocities com
mitted by German officers and soldiers are the table outcome of a system which teaches the wearer of the Kaiser's uniform on land and sea to look profoundly criminal of view which is anti-human and deeds are done on land and sea that foul and atrociou regard themselves as heroes; and are pectato Germany, from the Kaiser down, as heroes. Thi it is that suct achievements as the torpedoing of the
Lusitania, and the murder of Edith Cavell, and the Lusitania, and the murder of Edith Cavell, and th have produced rejoicings in Germany. The sprea of the principles and doctrines from which such results grow would mean that civilization would go backward,

THE SLAVS AND THE FUTURE
Dr. (harles Mayo. the famous surgeon of president of the American Medical Association electe slars are destined to play a great part in the coming decades of this century. That Russia will have a greater influence on Western civilization than ever not many of Dr. Mayo's fellow-countrymen will be plasend with his prediction that the Russians will surpass the Americans. Dr. Mayo says that the areatest danger to the American people arises from
the fact that they are so generally blind to every-
thing but materidime hang but materialism and moner, whereas the Rus his things of the -pirit a comparison which assurged ly will wit pin. plasure in the United States, and the fact that it is made by one of the most dis-
tine of Mr. Davi- opinion. weren those may be thought mumtranel mind diopused to make little his fellow htmit that in in moleniable that in the time to come
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}

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\section*{ACORN LAMP}

The Very Thing for
Winter Nights

Dept. W. H. M.
United Manufacturers

\section*{miscellaneous}

FREE-AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHEF


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 sampies. ILarre brite bor our our "Wash Matee orial", on applicaion
i-17
Harry Tolton, Berlin, Ont.


\section*{AGENTS WANTEI}
 Carde.
firale
England.

\section*{Temperance Talk}

Uncle Goodman's Idea
"What difference would it make if we
hadn't signed the pledge? hadn't signed the poledge? Mou dine we
suppose we would ever drink?' suppose we would ever drink?", asked Jas-
per Medtz, of old Father Goodman, under
the the apple-tree.
Are you sorry its , your name, Jasper sad, half-comical reply, as Father Goodman looked at him over his glasses.
Jasper blushed, "Oh Jusper blushed, "Oh! no, not sorry nine of our names, and we don't any us like wine or brandy or even beer, a
single bit." single bit."
"Did you
"Did you ever see Tom Bently,
"he boys all laughed.
"Or miserable Madg.
The miserabe Madge McNeary?"
nan!" girls exclaimed, "Oh, Uncle Good-
"Well, how do you suppose Tom looked
at nine years at nine years old?
"He looked like a little gentleman, in his green jacket and tasseled green cap,
with fair, open face, and hair brushed from as fine a forehead and hair wrushed one have here
and he didn't care a straw for wine
brandy or even brandy, or even beer. \({ }^{\text {straw Mor wor wine, }}\), who
could induce him to sign a pledge, or could induce him to sign a pledge, or
keep away from the lowest saloon in the
town?"
town?" "And did Madge McNeary ever wear a pretty frock, and ride in a nice carriage?
asked Susie Burton.
"I presume so,", said Uncle Goodman, sming at the quick appreciation of his
first question. And gol or jewels
would not hire her to-day to do what has cost you not one moment's thought.
Perhaps if I had waite Perhaps if I had waited twenty years Ionger, and then asked for your names, 1
might have lost six or .seven, or at least
furr or five four or five, of these jewels, out of my
crown. Suppose you were going to coast, crown. Suppose you were going to coast,
some crisp winter ady, down a very steep
hill, and just before you started hill, and just betore you started, some
one told you there was a stream one told you there was a stream at the
bottom with ice so thin that you would surely break through; which you would
the easiest for you, to start oft be the easiest for you, to start off on your
sled and spin half' way down, and yon sled and spin half way down, and then
stop short and come back, or look at
the danger, and walk off to a safer place stop short and come back, or look at
the danger, and walk off to a safer place
before starting at all?"
"Of course, not to start," said Jasper.
"Well, that is just. why" I am getting all the boys' and girls' names to the
pledge that I possibly con pledge that I possibly can.
a good while in this world.
I have lived
I have seen a great deal on misiser yomonong men, women
and children from intemperwe , wom and children from intemperance. Women
seen good men try, in all sorts of wave
preach against it. I've heard iudges ing liquor; and heard other judges sentence other men to be hung on the gallows till dead, for some crime committed under
the influence of strong drink whin the influence of strong drink, which, if
they had not tasted, they would not
have committed I've they had not tasted, they would not
have comitted. Ive heard Washing-
tonians leceture heard reformed drunktonians lecture; heard reformed drunk-
ards tell of the horrors of delirium tremens ards tell of the horrors of delirium tremens; I have seen the graves of fathers, and of
sons, making mute appeals from hopeless sons, making mute appeals from hopeless
hillocks of green; and, for all this, to-day the same deadly work goos on- men to
sell, and men to drink, and women to sell, and men to drink, and women to
weep and die of broken hearts. And my mind is pretty fully made up, that the very best and only sure way to save the
world from this dreadful evil is to begin with the children, when they don't care a bit for wine, brandy, or even beer.
Anticipate the tastethe habit-and where is the trouble?
That's my idea. And now off with hats and bonnets; the temperance lecture is

The Churches and Temperance
The writer, who is pastor of one of the
churches in the City of Brotherly Love, says the need of stirring up our churches
to more responsibility in the temperance is impressed upon him so strongly he is moved to write. The word The sends is good, and should be heeded. on all sides. Eminently, wise are the
suggestions which he makes. He says: Evgestions which he makes. He says:
Ehristian church ought bo be
actively engaged in the temperance work. For:
1. Temperance effort, without religion,
is doomed to failure from its shallow partial nature. One great error of the past has been in underestimating the force of the enemy. The war has been carried on as if the sin of drinking alcohol stood alone, and could be put to fight by a facile
discharge of light eloquence, or be destroyed by an easy legislative enactment. But intemperance is supported not cnly by lust of gain in the dramseleder, ard cnly lust
of intoxication in the druktr it rally all the passions and appetites grown sturdy in in sin. For drunkenness is not an exotic, sprung from a foreign seed blown in upon the human heart. It is
one shoot from the whole root of sin. It ike one shoot from the whole root of sin. Like
all forms of sin, it springs from uncontrolled desire. It is not to be conquered
by itselff but it, and its fellow, by itself, but it, and its fellow, must be enet
together. The whole powers of the together. The whole powers of the
soul must be aroused to fight the whole
leag soul must be aroused to fight the whole
leagued host of sin, before any one form
of sin can be sloin beyond den of sin can be slain, beyond danger of re-
suscitation. Neither man nor communsuscitation. Neither man nor commun-
ity is safe in any province of its life, least
of all in in this most exposed prove, the uss of stimulantst, till it puts its its whole life under the control of conscience and God's law. No organizations but the
Christian churches date Christian churches dare undertake a
work so vast as this thorough regenerawork so vast as this thorough regenera-
tion of an individual or a community.
The church, relving on The church, relying on or a commmunised divin.
aid, dare undertake it, and can accomplish
ait aid, dare undertake it, and cann acecomplish
it. It cand wed temperance to religion,
earth to heaven 2. The church
itual power for this work, they have spir-
the the power for this work, they have also
the has a permanant oramizuation chureh
afredy
ofticered and in the field. Its office is oo glority God in the salvation of men.
Right in the line of all its other efforts,
church can be a church can be an efficient temperancee
organization. It can assail the enemy at once, without can assail the ene delav of drilling a
new force. It has a convenient place for temper-
ance meetings in its centrally located anlready furnished building. Why should
the che the church hbiilding stand unused so large
a part of the time? a part of the time? In the eities the in-
terest on the cost of the buidin is two or tiree or four thines the the pastor's
salary. He is expected te ter
 in the week. Whe parish at least six days
building be kept bunlding be kept in as constant service,
when its actual rental is so much than his stipend?
Lat the churches use faithfully thes hring to bear upenance work. Let then
tives note of one world, butance the mofives not of one world, butance of the thre-
worlds; let them invoke aut the worlds; let them invoke and appropriat
divine aid in the struggle and the to

\section*{Was Troubled With COISTIPATION} FOR OVER FIVE YEARS.

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the bowels, thus making them active and regular, and removing the constipaMr.
Mr. Phil. G. Robichaud, Pokemouche,
N.B.,
writes: "
I with constipation for over five yroubled I feel it my duty to let you kears, and that
vout your Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills have cured me. I only used three vials, and I can faithfully say that they. hiave saved
me from a large doctor's bill." Milburn's Laxa-Tiver Pill Miburrn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25 cents
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The Cancer Problem By Cyrus L. Topliff Cancer is now recognized as being one
of the most dangerous and unfathomable diseases ever known.
The most skiled
The most skilled physicians have made for many years and yet no tangible pro gress has been made, and at the present time no more is kown about its funda-
mental cause, or its cure, than a hundred mental caus
years ago.
There are only two possible remedies now recommended by the medical pro
fession: one is to destroy the diseased tissue by the use of radium, X-ray or heat and the other is to remove it by a surgical operation in its earliest stages, and even
then these treatments seldom secure a nen these treatments seldom secure a
permanenty favorable result, except in the earliest stages and in certain varieties. When the disease is far advanced, either
of these treatments may result in very of these treatments may result in very
serious after effects, by the poison being conveyed through the blood circulation
to other parts of the body where there may be a certain form of unhealthy tissue, which would furnish just the proper
medium for its continued development. medium for its continued development.
It is, therefore, a matter of profound satisfaction that the master minds in research work the world over are center-
ing their efforts in this direction more intensely than in any other, and ere long a cure will surely be found. medical treatment, and is seldom perman ently cured by any surgical operation, it is quite evident that the medical pro-
fession will have to include entiral pew fession will have to incluce entirely new
lines of research in order to meet with substantial suceess.
Medical statistics show that during the year 1915, in the United States, 80,000 deaths resulted from this disease
and of this number 67,000 were over 45 and of this nu
years of age.
The highest medical authorities have fnally decided that cancer does not re-
sult from a germ of any kind but from some unknown form of bodily poison
which starts and spends which starts and spreads through un-
healthy or diseased tissue suited to its propagation, and ultimately destroys propagaion, And
that tissue. Another point on which they agree is that the disease is not hereditary or contagious. This information will
greatly relieve the minds of many thousands of people who, if the disease has previously existed in any branch of their family, are in constant fear of it, which very thought is a powerful factor in help-
ing to create a cancerous condition. It ing to create a cancerous condition. mental lesion may be present in the body or many years before the disease becomes fully developed, or the person is aware \({ }^{\text {of }}\) Perhaps the fol be worthy of consideration.
Without the mind, the body is only material matter, and therefore its conditions are largely, if not entirely, under
the influence of the mind. If the medical the influence of the mind. If the medical
profession will make a thorough scientific study of the relations between the mind and body, they will soon discover the fundamental cause of many diseased conditions which are at the present time a
mystery. but bad thoughts, such as worry, fear, hate, spite, never fail to leave an injurious, effect on the body by weakening the whole
nervous system; and intense, long connervous system, and
tinued fear often attracts insto manifestation the thing so dreaded.
It is impossible for cancers, tumors, tuberculosis, or any form of ulcerations to
occur in any part of the body unless unoccur in any part of the body unless un-
healthy or diseased tissue is present to form the necessary base for their propagation. It also impossible for said tissue to become diseased or unhealthy unless the nerves supplying life and action to that
particular part of the body have first
becone impaired so that the are unable become impaired, so that they are unable
to fulfill their natural functions. As the mind is the only power which
can overstrain or weaken the nervous system, it is reasonable to suppose that
we must first study the action of the mind we must first study the action of the mind
over the body before we can discover
the real fundamental cause of any inflammatory or malignant form of disease.
Fear and worry are synonymous. and

\section*{The Home Doctor}
fore, fear is really the fundamental cause
of many diseases, and the various forms of of many diseases, and the various forms of such depend largely on what particularly in each patient.
If the medical profession fail to solve this difficult problem, it is possible that
some "layman," who has piven much some "layman," who has given much
thought and study to the subject, and experimented on scientific lines, may ulti-
mately succeed in demonstrating the mately succeed in demonstrating the
fundamental cause, and if it can be accomplished, then much of the mystery
of all diseases will disappear and health ond happiness will be much more general and happiness will be mue.
than at the present time.

\section*{Drinking in Summer}

The longer a person can put off drinkday, the better it will be for himm for if he drinks largely early in the day, comfortable sense of fuluess, with an unspiration, inereased liability, lo to cold with a debilitated condition of the sys-
In'taking a glass of water or other cold
drink, it is better to take but a single rink, it is better to take but a single
swallow at a time, removing the glass from the lips for a few seconds; thus the thirst will be quenched with hali
the amount of water, and danger is avoided of sudden prostration. Half as
dozen swallows thus taken will dozen swallows thus taken will quench
the thirst more completely than twice the amount if taken continuously without removing the glass from the lips.
If a person is very thirsty, chewing
lumps of ice is safer, better and more effective than five times the amount in hic iorm of cold water. If very warm,
it is safer to hold the glass for a minute or two encircled with the fingers and
palm of the hand. This cools the blood a little, and at the same time tempers a little, and
the water.

Importance of Health
"I am inclined to doubt," says Sir John Lubbock, "whether the study of health those entering life." Not that it minds of able to potter over minor ailments, to con over books on illnesses, or experi
ment on ourselves with medicines from it. The less we fancy ourselves ill, or bother about little bodily discomforts, the more likely we are to preserve our
It is,

It is, however, a different matter to A well-knowneral conditions of health. ne is a frol or a physician at forty. "The requisites of health are plain cleanliness, and moderation in all thing -in eating as well as in drinking-would keep most people well."
When the summer of youth is slowly wasting away on the nightfall of age, and the shadow of the past becomes
deeper and deeper, and life wears to its close, it is pleasant to look through the vista of time upon the sorrows and facilities of our earlier years. If we have a home to shelter, and hearts to rejoice
vith us, and friends have been gathered with us, and friends have been gathered
together around our firesides, then the rough places of wayfaring will have been worn and dsmoothed away in the twilight
of life, while the many dark spots we of life, while the many dark spots we have passed through will grow brighter
and more beautiful. Hapy indeed are those whose intercourse with the world has not changed the tone of their holicr feeling, or broken those musical chords
of the heart whose vibrations of the heart whose vibrations are so
meloous, so tender, and so touching in
the evenco Our world is not made for geniuses, nor managed by them. Its sest work iss
done by people of moderate ability and done by people of moderate ability and
more than moderate faithfulness. Their more than moderate faith fulness. Their
loyalty to duty at home; churches, busihess and public life is the salt which are not much known to the newspapers,
but their names are written in heaven as its agents and correspondents in the unsy life of earth. When the final verpeopole at herey wing sull be the ane astonimished
tra poor things they did and strove of But thor things they did and strove for. But these are weighed in better balanc
than either Church or State use here.

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 stars at Vesta Tilley, Gertie Gitana, George
Formly, Billy Williams. Wilkie B:ayl, and
Harry Chimpion WINNPEC PAANO CI

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A Preferential Land Policy for Canada
By David Barrett Ross
- WE returned soldier problem is one to reconstruction - work there, while at that is now uppermost in the minds the same time they could send out small
of our civilian public, and we all quantities of money, periodically, to thei realize that the best we can give, and the representatives in Canada to be expended gallant fellows who are now, or may yet members of the family could come fron be, engaged in the defence of our Empire time to time as circumstances warranted whether they enlisted in Canada or in any and when a comfortable home had bee
established in Canada the family
eart of the Empire. This brings to mind something which established be completed by the parents, with I have often thought of even before the war the younger members of the family, leavbegan, namely that since we have in our ing friends in the Old Land to find friend
Tariff Policy a sub-policy granting prefer- and hospitality in the new. This would Tariff' Policy a sub-policy granting prefer- and hospitality in the new. This would in the matter of duty on imports, thy extent the inevitable rush of immigration should we not adopt a similar policy in from the Old Country to Canada on the the administration of our public lands; conclusion of peace and, on the other hand thereby granting a preference not alone would provide means and profitable emo the Mother Land, but to all British ployment for those who do come here tries. in future improvements here would be My idea is this. The law in reference "real money" instead of borrowed money to the granting of homesteads in the as in the past. In addition it would pre-
Canadian West might be amended so that empt for Canada that portion of British a grant of land may be made to British immigration which, in the rush of re subjects on the basis of the family in- adjustment, might be driven off to the stead of, or rather, in addition to that Cnited States and elsewhere.
of the individual, as at present. For Inasmuch as the principle of the pre-
example, a British subject in the Old ferential tariff in favor of the Mother example, a British subject in the Old ferential tariff in favor of the Mother
Land could make application to the Land has never been assailed by any Land could make application to the Land has never been assailed by any try and secure a grant of land in Canada that a preference in favor of British sub-

member of the family, both male and fe- crown lands could reasonably be found male, over a certain age, say fifteen fault with. In my opinion such a preferyears, and on the following terms: one ential land policy should have been in-
or more nembers of the family shall augurated in this country several years move on to the land and erect certain ago, and if such had been done we would buildings, and cultivate a certain portion not now have to contend with the serious manner quarter section in much the sume question of all foreign settlements in rein that behalf. All members of the fam- This is something which our educational
ily to be given ten vears in which to out patents for their land instead of the would also, if put into effect tend to three years as the present law requires, greatly relieve the stress of circumstances Provided, however, that each member of which will be upon us directly the war is the family, except in case of death, shall over and readjustment commences.
ultimately move on to the land and be in constant residence thereon for three years is at present, although, as it has been, and before the cond of the ten years fromin the is at present, although recognized as being
impartial, in point of fact holds out a pre date of the grant. It inight also he ference to the foreigner as against the
provided that certain portions only of provided that certain portions only of ference to the foreigner as against the
each township, say ber of sections in each township, shall he comes to this country in extreme poverty homesteaded under this system. The re- and satisfied to allow his wife, with the mainder, less school lands, etco. to he sounger children, to hold down the homehomesteaded in the usual way. Thus years while he earns a living for himself or less methodical manner ammest and family working on the railway or future population: therety ansuring dis- wownere. If some of the family are inctly British preponderance and comre- grown up, the bors likely go with their ponding influcnee in munimpal and edura- and retaurants or in similar employment


 he family, The other prombern ment for a man with a

\section*{"K" BOOK THAT}

\section*{COVERS THE WEST"}

\section*{THE EATON FALL CATALOGUE}

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\section*{Narevorin \& Da \(\quad\) are}
mornings?


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It is nerve hunger that causes nervousness and pale fares, and ond only nervee neurrishmens and
brie fan
beack bring back, health and the brightness of health. Drugs are useless. But nourish your nerves with
proper nutrients ike Dr. Cassells' Tablets and proper nutrients
nervousness must
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Colour returns to your nereousness must go.
cheek, sparkle to your eye, health, vigour, and vitality to your whole being. Dr. Cassell's Tablets are ecmposed of just such nutrients and restoratives as a Specialist would prescribe.
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A Preferential Land Policy for Canada (Continued from page 22) purchase stock and implements withal "to
farm his land, he is losing his time during arm his land, who, as a rule, has a certain amount o skill in some useful line of activity, is worth as much as the value of the farm at the end of the three years term.
Canada, and brings his family with him has a desire to provide for them a decent passage and good food for the trip, and if he does this it will cost him a large moderate means when he sets out, he finds himself in the financial position of a Galician when he gets settled. Hence the negligible proportion of agriculturto come to Canada from the British Isles under the present land policy.
It will be noted that I have included women as beneficiaries of the proposed policy. Now, since all the most highly tending citizenship to women, there is no good reason why women should be excluded from anything Canada has to offer which would contribute to a higher
type of Canadian citizenship. Besides, type of Canadian citizenship. Besides, offer every facility for the cultivation and improvement by women of their hold-
ings in a manner equally as efficient as
men.
This idea was conceived in my mind, This idea was conceived in my mind,
originally, without any reference to the resent great war or thy of the problems whic the war may thrust upon of present conditions, I see how it may be very advantageously turned to ac-
count in dealing with the returned solcount in dealing with the returned sol-
dier problem. It therefore commend it tc those who are worthily interesting themthose who are worthily interesting them-
selves in the welfare of the defenders of our Empire.

\section*{The Younger Son}

The younger son he's earned his bread in ways both hard and easy,
From Parramatta to the Pole, form Yukon to Zambesi; For young blood is roving blood, and a
far road's best, And when you're tired of ro
be time enough to rest!

And it's "Hello" and "How d'ye do?" Thought you were in Turkestan or China or Peru!"-
Its a peace-time where the But in war-time, in war-time, it's just He's left the broncos to be bust by who He's left the pots to wash themselves in He's Canada's cabooses;
He's left the mine and logging camp, the For peavy, pick and plough, blood is fighting blood, and And it's "Hello" and "How d'ye do?", "How's the world been using you?"
What's the news of Calgary, Quebec and
Caribo" It's a long trail in peace-time where the But in war-time, in stray, war-time, it's just across the way!

He's travelled far by many a
rambled here and yonder, trail, he's No road too rough for him to tread, no
land too wide to wander, For young blood is roving blood, and the And when all the fighting's done, lad,
there's time enough to rest.

And it's good-bye, tried and true, here's
a long farewell to you a long farewell to you
(Rolling stone from Mexico, Shanghai or Young blood is roving blood, but the last
sleep is best, sleep is best,
When the fighting all is done, lad, and it's time to rest!

\section*{No matter how deep-rooted the corn} or wart may be, it must vield to Hollo-
way's Corn Cure if used as divectel.

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Now readers, would you like a suit or pair of pants absolutely free! A most astounding offer is being made have discovered a remarkable He The have discovered a remarkable Holeproof just the same as \(\$ 20\) suitings. You can't wear it out no matter how hard you wear it, for if during six months of solid hard grinding work every day
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wear the smallest hole, another gar wear the smallest hole, another gar-
ment will be given free! The firm will send a written guarantee in every par cel. Think readers, just \(\$ 6.50\) for a man's suit, and only \(\$ 2.25\) for a pair of
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The Western Home Monthly.

How I Cured My Catarrh TOLD IN A SIMPLE WAY Without Apparatus, Inhalers, Salves, Lotions, Harmful Drugs, Smoke or Electricity
heals day and night
It is a new way. It is something abso-
lutely different. lutely different. No lotions, sprays or
sickly smelling salves or creams. No atomizer, or any apparatus of any kind. Nothing to smoke or inhale. No steaming or rubbing or injections. No Ne elecpowder; no plasters; no keeping in the powder; no plasters; no keeping in the
house. Nothing of that kind at all.


Something new and different, somet iang delightful and healthful, something instantly successful. You do not have to
wait, and linger and pay out a lot of mait, and linger and pay out a lot of I will. gladly tell you how - FREE. I am not a doctor and this is not a so-called doctor's prescription-but I am cured nd my friends are cured, and you can once like magic.
I AM FREE-YOU CAN BE FREE My catarrh was filthy and loathsome. It
made me ill my health and was weakening my will. . The hamer.-
ing, coughing, spitting made me obnoxious to all. and my foul breath and disgesting habits made
even my loved onas avoid me secretl. My
in life was dulled and my faculties impaired. I in life was dulled and my faculties impaired. I I
knew that in time it would bring me to an unt mely
grave, because every moment of the day and night grave, because every moment of the day and night
it was slowl yet surely sapping my vitality
But \(I\) foll yound a cure, and \(I\) am ready to tell you
RISKJUST ONE CENT
Send no money, Just your name and addre
on a postal card, Say: tell me how you cured your atarrh and how I Iar an
cure mine." That's all you need to say I
 Send postal card or write me a letter today. Dont
think of turning this page until you have anked for
this wonderful treatment that can do for you what has done.
142 Mutual Street \(\quad \underset{\text { Toronto, Ont }}{ }\)

When the Great Lakes are Tricky By Aubrey Fullerton

THE Great Lakes that so effectively Even at the height of summer the
separate the West from the East Great Lakes pren are great in every mentionable weather conditions. On an early July respect, which therefore means in adven- trip a couple of years ago one of the big
ture-making capacity as well as in size, passenger boats yery nerl and in danger as well as in beauty. It grief just because of a more than came to would be strange- if those inland seas heavy fog. A short way out from Fort had everything else to offer and had not William the fog settled down in a dense
the possibility of thrills. the possibility of thrills. As a matter pall that no eye could penetrate, and of fact, their records are spread with the engines were slackened to slow with commercial advantages and wonderful tourist attractions.
You may take any one of the Great Lakes as you like it: you may estimate or molight yourself with its opportunities for fun. But also you must reckon with its chances for giving you the exciteent of your life
There have been more adventures on than can now be counted up water lakes oceans themselves have surpassed them in thrills and perils, and the sum total of their past record, if it could be known, would be surprising indeed. It is said, for instance, that more wrecks tom of the Great Lakes than in any other sim:lar body of water in the world. This does not indicate, however, that the Great Lakes are essentially dangerous waters; the six million people who
live in the cities, towns, and hamlets along their international borders know better, for they know them as familia


Fleet of sailing vessels ("hookers") in harbor at Port Credit, Ont., during a storm
and friendly highways. But it does indicate that at times
Last year saw some very good illus trations of this trickiness, with its usual proportion of mischief. It was an extraordinary season on the Lakes, openıng activity in inter-lake navigation. The bulk freight handled during the yeur was something more than \(89,000,000\) net tons, an increase of twenty-two per
cent over the preceding year. Eleven Eent over the preceding year. Eleven
vessels were lost, with 831 lives, including the Eastland disaster in Chicago. But the wonder was that there were not more mishaps, with such a spell of weather as struck the Lakes in Novem-
ber. One of the severest gales that was the western lakes in the second week of the month, and for nearly two weeks it tied up the traffic more or less seriously. Lake Superior naturally got the worst
of it. At fifty miles an hour the wind cleared everything before it, and toward the last heavy snow storms also set in Vessels went to shelter all along the coast, and at some places, such as Whitesizes of craft were driven into port. Whitefish Point, by the way, is known as the "Graveyard of the Lakes," for more boats have been lost there than at so hather place on the entire chain. It despite the bad weather and the fact that a good number of vessels ran aground, there were comparatively few total losses. Old Superior, in particular,
showed his showed his ugliest mood, but it was
covered that he had lost his bearing He rang for half-speed, and did the best he could with his eyes and hands to time, however, the vessel struck a rock which no one had seen until that to fill. Within another halte and began stern of the vessel was completely sub merged, and only the bow stood high on the rock, which was a piece of Isle Royale.
There were forty-one persons on the Monarch at the time she struck. One cable with just enough clothing to keep them from freezing. On that part of the island coast there were no buildings, and the best that could be done in the
way of shelter was a brush wind-break which the men at once put up, a little back from the shore. A fire was lighted, and the available clothing distributed as well as possible; but all that night and
all the next day there was nothing to all the next day there was nothing to
eat. On the second day the storm alated sufficiently to allow the sailors to get out to the wrecked vessel again where they secured some flour, and out of this the castaways made hard-tack
and baked it in the ashes. They and baked it in the ashes. They had
nothing else all the time they were on nothing e.
It was only through the stern vigil-
ance of the captain, who still exerted his authority as commanding officer, that some of the men did not perish. They were many times on the point of falling into the fire from sheer fatigue, or lying
down in the snow. and the captain found it necessary to threaten them with per-
sonal violence in order sonal violence in order to keep them

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the party, but fortunately no children. Isle Royale, with only hard-tack to eat and exposed to the sweeping blasts of a Lake Superior hurricane, the wrecked crow and passengers were taken off by a
steam tug, and it is not te be wondered steam tug, and it is not to be wondered
at that when safely aboard a boat again they nearly all collapsed, while some actually fainted. There have been few narrower escapes on the Lakes.
It was on Lake Superior too that George Mutart, a Michigan man, came
very near to his last adventure. He left home one October in a small rowboat, with a party that was going hunting on the south shore of the lake. The rest of the party were in a motor launch, but Mutart stayed in his boat, which towed behind the launch. A heavy pall of fog, and the sea was running high as well. During the afternoon Mutart dozed off to sleep in the boat, and when he wakened an hour or so later he was
adrift. His boat had broken loose from the launch, and because of the smok and choppy sea, no one had noticed it. All that night Mutart drifted about. He was entirely unaware of his where
abouts, and had no means of finding abouts, and had no means of finding out,
except that he was in a desolate part of except that he was in a desolate part of
the country beyond sight or sound of the country beyond sight or sound of
human life. From Monday night til Thursday noon he was adrift, withoyt a bite to eat, and able only with great exertion to keep the boat from swamp
ing. When finally he was rescued by passing steamer he was almost dead and half demented
It falls to the lot of the light-keepers along the Great Lakes to experience thi same trickiness in a way somewhat foundation of a very large fortune. Thei


\section*{A Typical Island Home on the Lake}
peculiar to their calling. Beginning with work was beautiful and enduring. Much the coming season, the lighthouse men of it still stands. The third generation are to remain at their posts through the became extensive landholders, and to
winter, but hitherto they have left each day the family is independently rich. year at the close of navigation. When the keeper of the light on Caribou Islo get away a few years ago, he met to get a way a few years ago, he met
with what proved to be quite too much like a Robinson Crusoe adventure.
Navigation on the lake had closed in
the early part of December, and the the early part of December, and the
light-keeper and his assistant prepared to leave the island for the winter. They nailed up the windows of the lighthouse, put the lamps away, and made the premises as secure as possible against winter
storms, and then waited to be taken off storms, and then waited to be taken off
themselves. They were to be called for themselves. They were to be called for
by a steam-tug from Sault Ste. Marie. During the next week or two the weather suddenly grew more severe, and
heavy winds sprang up. On the 17th the heavy winds sprang up. On the 17 th the
eagerly a waited steamer called at the eagerly a waited steamer called at the
island, but the sea was running so heavily that she could not land, and was forced to return to the Soo. A second
attempt was made a few days later, but attempt was made a few days later, but
with no better success. Every day's delay
much less likelihood of a steamer's being able to leare the Soo, the winter ice having already begun to form along the
shore, and when the two Crutoe shore, and when the two Crusoes say
the tug turn away the second time they concluded that no further attempt would be made. They themselves had nothing but a small boat, in which it would have
been quite impossible to reach the main been quite impossible to reach the main
shore. The only thing left to them to do, was to return to the lighthouse and prepare as best they could for a winter on
the island. It was a dreary prospect. Caribou
Island is a desolate, rocky
habited except by the lighthouse men. habited except by the lighthouse men. comprised a half-barrel of flour and a supply of fish. Nevertheless they determined to make the best of a bad situation. Two days before Christmas, howeve they were gladdened by seeing the tug approach their island again. By this time the sea had quieted down, and it was possible for them to launch their own boat, and thus to reach the steamer waiting for them off the shore. When safely aboard, the ligiti-keeper broke down and cried, and when a years, does the like of that, it may be judged how serious a thing it is to be marooned on a lonely island, as they had reached home. It was the latest a teamer had ever made the trip along the north Superior shore, bound for the oo, and the escape of the Caribou light ouse men was one of the closest on

A Crest or a Tool
A certain family has as its crest a hammer, raised by a muscular arm They have had the crest placed on al heir possessions. It is etched into thei table glass; it is emblazoned on the
doors of their carriages and automobiles; it is stamped on their silverware and em bossed on their notepaper. The device was originally used because the founder of the family was a very clever carpenter who had three sons, al they built many of the houses in a very important town, and in doing so laid the But the hammer, as a tool, has quite passed out of use in the family; even me male members cannot use a ham mer without considerable danger to thei thus.
The story of the crest is not unlike much larger familyer crest that serves a uses the cross amily. That larger family cross high upon its churches It sets the the cross to decorate their interiors. Of ten its women wear crosses hung from their necks as ornaments. Throughout Christendom, wherever you go, you will see the cross used as a crest. So used,
it does good. Even as a crest, the cross is always a rebuke to ease and selfseeking; but in the beginning the cross was not a crest. It was a tool. It was
the tool with which Christ do the tool with which Christ did His work.
With the cross He bore the burdens of others. With the cross He suffered for
He the sins of the world. With the cross
He builds His kingdom He builds His kingdom-a kingdom of Chere are sive.
There are six different places in the
ecorded sayings of Christ where He says cocorded sayings of Christ where He says "If any man would be my disciple, let
him.take up his cross and follow after e."

Miller's Worm Powders will drive
worms from the system without injury orms from the system without injury
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pin, and thl promptly kill the worms that cause the
pain, and thus the suffering of the child
is relieved. With so sterling a remedy
it hand

\section*{Young People}

\section*{Boys and the Minor Morals} Manners have been called the minor morals. While it is true that manner - just as there may be the polishéd vil lain, though the latter is met oftener in the pages of romance than in real life tween manners and morality is close enough to warrant the definition given. Assuming this, without going into lengthy reasons, it is well worth while for the American mother to pay atten-
tion to her son's manners. The earlier she begins, the better, because good manners then become a habit of life, and are not readily shaken off. There will come a, time in the boy's existence when it will
seem to him manly to be boorish and rough, when he will esteem observance of small courtesies as evidence of "sissiness" and therefore to be shunned like the plague, ing has gone from babyhood this will be only a passing phase-after "finding limimelf," he speedily returns to his former politeness. But the boy who has had no previous training continues to be rough, and grows farther and farther
removed from the gentleman, unless something unusual jostles him out of his course.
Naturally this kind of education is much more in evidence as years go on than in the "green fruit" stage. We are none of us strangers to many men, unexpected ways their lack of this motherly teaching. I remember in a boarding house knocking once at the door of a room occupied by a man and his the opened door revealed the husband sitting there with his hat on. He grabbed it off the moment he saw me, but though he was an excellent Christian and to this day the somewhat unjust impression remains. Why? Because he accorded to me-a passing acquaintance greater, courtesy than he did to his
wife. Yet, thinking it over dispassionwely, it is probable that in his boy liood home, father and the boys sat around indoors with their hats on. Mothers, there is a good deal to be aid on the hat question alone. Teach Ner son that a hat is never, never to be ane presence of ladies; that in leaving house, even his own home, it is not to ef placed on the head until the instant of opening the door of egress, or better emoved at once when a lady answers th bell, or that if health requires the head o be covered while standing in the cool ness, pardon should be asked-the sam women are present-and that the bat must be courteously lifted when meeting woman on the street or when any wo man bows to the person with whom you at all, because all may be reduced to the ne simple principle of courtesy to wo men, which each mother should see is ingrained in her boy's mind.
Only a few days ago I heard a man which thousands of of etiquette \(t\) guilty. He was taking tea in a large dining room where there were severa tables. A very sweet-mannered elderly lady from another table was leaving the
room, and she paused to speak with this man, who was much younger than her self. He remained seated while she stood addressing him, and was very sharply criticised later by an onlooker, who tamiliar the man was a boor. Being his antecedents, I knew that it was lack of early home traning He was kindly intentioned, and simply did not know that this was contrary to etiquette. Mothers, it will be easy
to teach your little fellows to rise when a lady enters the room, or addresses them, and to remain standing until she is seated or passes out. Such a lesson is
good for boys, whose exuberant sense of inlependence is somewhat lacking in re

\footnotetext{
lent, at which he was greatly amused
} hough the "joke" was on himself. He a most devoted husband, and his
wife had been calling somewhere, and her overshoes had been left in the hall. of the house insisted to leave, the man overshoes by the fire, and ikneeling down, he put them on his guest's feet The husband said to me, "I love my wife as well as any man does his, but
I declare, it never would have to me to put her rubbers on for her though it was a most graceful for her do." The act seemed like a revelation to him. I happened to know that the husband was an only son-with sisters where he was waited on by an adoring household. He was not wanting in essential chivalry, but the delicate shadings of the minor morals had been somewhat neglected.
Mothers can never tell how such ob-
tard a young man's success in life. In these seeds to the end of the line, change this hurrying age no one notices? Don't to the other foot and hop back, picking
believe that. Always some "chiel's up the seeds on his way. If he should believe that. Always," some "chiel's up the seeds on his way. If he should may not "print 'em," they are laid up picking up a seed, unconsciously for future reference. And then he must become a scarecrow and going back to the original affirmation, stand apart from the rest. manners do have a reflex influence on a These two players now go to foot of line, and the two at head of line play farmer and crow, the farmer this time coming from the opposite side, so that furnished an equal number of farmer and an equal number of crows.
While it is the farmer's duty to watch the crow carefully, all in the two lines slip by unnoticed any one of the the the crow must do, then the farmer, tob must become a scarecrow.
The side that has the least number of scarecrows beats.

This may also be played inside if about bags make the best seeds, and about 6 may be a good number to play

The crow is to hop on one foot over there is room.
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You have the situation in hand and the prices that the consumer will be forced pay this year will help to make up the ravages in your crop caused by rust and frost. You are not obliged to sell at home to meet your obligations. Every commission man makes advances on grain and we will gladly make you big advances on each carlot of grain, and hold it until we get what we consider the proper price. If your
crop is only five or ten bushels per acre, we think it will pay you to cut it. We repeat again, get in the habit of shipping your own grain and secure the full value of it less the regular commission. We do not want all your grain, but just a share of it. Give
us a trial.

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GRAIN DEALERS
TRACK BUYERS COMMISSION DEALERS CAR LOTS get our prices before selling AGENTS where not already WANTED represented

Grain Letter By C. H. Bartlett Winnipeg, August 21.-October whea closed to-day at \(1551 / 4\), the highest so far this season. Liverpool Cables came in 3 to 6 d . higher and it looks as ii the
trade there has at last begun to realize that crop conditions in this country are decidedly unfavorable and indications are for a less than average crop. the world's harvest this year will be that less than last which would give a total of \(3,341,000,000\) bu. This is the smallest world's crop since 1908 when wheat sold seem therefore that, although prices seem thereore that, although prices
have advanced 40 cents in the last month and the damage may possibly be discounted to date, that a period of high prices for grain has set in which will tions during the coming season.
The export demand is very good and \(51 / 2\) cents over the October is being paid
to-day for One Northern. The indicaions are that there will be a good premium for cash wheat all fall and, while the present prices may seem very tempting o farmers and induce them to sell their crop ahead, we think that the chances
are that they will do better by waiting until their grain is in store and taking advantage of any premiums going. Threshing returns are very disap pointing to date, the yields being light eports from North Dakota show only 3 to 8 bushels per acre yield of very poor quality. Conditions in Southern Manis toba are similarly bad and reports from siderable damage has been done by black Taking everything of damage by hail. Taking everything into consideration this your a a crop of \(175,000,000\) bushels of wheat it will do well but even this with the high prices that are bound to prevail and taking into consideration the fact that there is still a good deal
of last year's crop in the country will mean as much money in the aggregate to the farmers as if we had a large crop with low prices.

\section*{Sleeping Porches}

Riding across the country the other day, our attention was attracted by a new
farm house just being completed. What attracted us particularly was a sleeping porch on the east side, over what was evidently to be used as a dining porch.
It was just such a sleeping porch as has now become so common in city residences. We have wondered why build rers of farm homes have been so slow to add these
sleeping porches. For five years sleeping porches. For five years past
almost every city house of any size has its sleeping porch. They are screened in and give a comfortable night's rest
during the hottest weather. during the hottest weather.
over city folks in that he can vantage among the trees and sleep, if he feels like doing it. As a matter of fact, few of them do. It means being bothered with mosquitoes ane morning, and it is a nuis ance to go back and forth. Some of the house tents which open on all sides and have mosquito netting
set in the walls will answer the purpose very well on the farm, if a sleeping porch But no farm house should be built now adays in which the sleeping porch is not considered just as necessary as the dining

The majority of the bad habits in dairy cows can be traced directly to handling, oxercised in in handling, that have been veloped the heifer.

The growing importance of irrigation in
the agricultural development of Canad is suggested by a new folder of Canada by the Department of Natural Resources
of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The
folder deals with the irrigation enterfolder deals with the irrigation enter-
prises in the neighborhood of Calgary It is handsomely illustrated and complete
with valuable information for the farmer and home-huilder. A copy maty be had
free by writing the Pubicity Branch. Department of Natural Resources. Cit

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RICH MONUMENTS


STANDARD CEMENT STONE WBRKS

About the Farm
Fall Seeding of Alfalfa
Where land is infested with more than the average amount of grass and weeds, the surest way of getting a start of al-
falfa is to seed ige the fall. This give The alfalfa a seed chance to establish a good
the give hold in the ground before the coming of grass the following spring, whereas, if
sown in the spring, both grass and alfalfa sown in the spring, obth grass and alfalfa
make the start together make the start together, with more than
an even chance that the grass will win out The one great point to remember when seeding in the fall is to seed early enough so the plant gets a good root system es-
tablished before the coming of freezing tablished before the coming of freezing
weather We like to weather. We tike to finish our seeding known later seeding to do fully as well. The late seeding, however, must be favored by the winter while the early
seeding can stand more winter seeding can stand more winter grief and
still A favorite plan here is to use land that has grown a crop of small grain for the
fall seeding of alfalfa. This means quick fall seeding of alfalfa. This means quick
work with the plow as soon as work with the plow as soon as possible
after harvest, for the sooner the land is plowed and the longer it it allowed to
settle before seeding the better the seed settle before seeding the better the seed
bed that can be secured. We like to
pet the bed that can be secured. We like to
get the land plowed by the mide of
July growth of young grass or weeds to be
bill killed before the time of seeding. The discing has a tendency to pack the soil,
which is exactly what it which is exactly what it needs to convert
it into ideal condition for alfalfa. We have a grain drill that will sow approximately twelve pounds of seed to the acre when closed tight. We use this for a
seeder, covering the seed with the seeder, covering the seed with the small
covering wheels that follow behind the covering wheels that follow behind the
diss. One is more sure of getting an even. stand of alfolfa by seeding with the
drill, as all sead is drill, as all seed is evenly covered. This
is more especially the case in time of is more especially the case in time of dry
weather, a few weeks of which we are apt weather, a few weeks of which we are apo
to have th this season of the year. Also during the winter and early spring the drilled alfalfa will not heave as badly as
will that broadcasted and started nearer will that broadcasted and started neare
the surface- \(\mathbf{H}\). H . the surface.-H. H., Kan.

\section*{9,000 Million Gallons Annually} Milk has become one of our stapie and
most important food products. It is most important food products. It is
consumed in greater or consumed in greater or lesser quantities
in practically every home in the land. It in practically every home in the land. It
has been estimated that the human consumption of milk in this country is approximately 9,000 million gallons annu-
ally -a rather startling total. Those engaged in dairying can rest assured that the demand will not decrease, but will increase per capita as well as in the aggregate, provided, of course, that care-
lessness does not enter into the and marketing in such a way procuction teriorate the quality and general food value of the supply.
Nothing is easier to contaminate, and nothing depreciates in quality, with greater rapidity than does milk. The
introduction of bad flavors, and germs causing souring, ropiness, ett., are the
 with which the producer of sanitary
milk has to contend. There are so many mik has to contend. There are so many
ways in which carelessness can lower the market value of the farm output. Unhealthy cows, unsanitary stables and
Uard, bad water, milking under objec yards, bad water, milking under objec-
tionable conditions, failure to cool tionable conditions, failure to cool and otherwise properiy care for the mikk
directly it is drawn from the udder, and lack of proper protection against, dust, odors, fies, and unclean utensils between
che farm and the consumer's table, all the farm and the consumer's table, all conspire to reduce the food value, and
consequently the market demand. consequently the market demand.
Cities and town have become so alive to the need for clean and safe food supplies that they invariably require regular Inspection of the farm premises and the
herds contributing the supply, and the herds contributing the supply, and the
handling of this milk by the city daries and distributors under strictly sanitary conditions. The mere fact that so many city consumers prefer and demand pas-
teurized and botled milk in preference curized and botted mik in preferene
to that delivered in required quantities
rom bulk is evidence that the publi from sale iod'supplies. Dairymen should
want safe for
always bear this in mind. There is no limit to which the dairy industry can b
developed if this very important detiil is emphasized sufficiently in the work producing one of the most importa
food products.-I. B. Henderson.
"STAYPUT" "ns.shol RRANARY CAPACITY 1000 BUSHELS DIAMETER 13 FT. 8 IN. WALL B FT. HIGH




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KITCHENER AND THE GREAT WAR.
 lung story of conflict on land and -se

Bureat of imathroom
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siontion


\section*{Deering Manure Spreaders Producers of Good Crops}

\section*{\({ }^{66}\) MOST machines handle crops-the manure} spreader produces crops." There is a lot of food for thought in that sentence. When you have crops ready, you need machines for the harvest-煦, out before you can have crops you must have In the choice of a a spreader-your crop producer-you
cannot be too careful. Avoid all chance of going wrong by cannot be too careful. Avoid all chance of going wrong by igorous field tests; strength in every part makes them last for rigorors; they can be had with an attachment spreading 8 feet wide or more; they are easy loading, and narrow for easy Your Deering local anent will
f you prefer, write us for our booklet '"Why You Should Use a Manure Spreader," and when we send it we will tell you where you can see the machine. Don't buy until you have seen a eering spreader


International Harvester Company of Canada, Ltd.



Young Women Wanted as Oflice Helpers.


The Persistent Milker Probably nothing is of more real importance to the dairyman than the cow
that is a persistent milker. The moderthat is a persistent milker. pre more more
ate milker may seem to produeys true that our highest yearly records are made by cows that have the character of persistency developed to a remarkable ex-
tent. This is why persistency should be encouraged in the heifer during her first milking season. Breeding and feeding should tend toward the development of this characteristic without, of course, It is probably best to delay the second breeding period a little in order to give the heifer every opportunity to do herself justice, both in the matter of bodily
growth, and also in the acquisition of growth, and also in the acquissible with
good milking habits. It is possibl good milkers to have them become so persistent in their milking that it is difficult to dry the cow for a few weeks previous to the next calving. Generally the most encouraging indications. It is not a difficulty that cannot be overcome without any great amount of trouble.
There is a right way to go about drying off a persistent milker. Starety to either reduce the quantity of milk drawn, so as to leave a little in the udder when the milking is completed, or to reduce the number of milkings. By using assistance of nature is secured to bring about the drying off. If this is followed out the constitution of the animal is uninjured as it would be by starving, and
the future milking usefulness is retained. It is important to develop the maximum milk production by the methods of handling during the first year or two of lactation and retain the vigor of constitution which is necessary to support a cow in
heavy, persistent milk flow.-I. B. Henderson.

\section*{Grazing Crops for Hogs}

No farmer who is to raise his meat this year can afford to neglect grazing crops
for the animals. Those who neglect to reserve land for these grazing crops and
depend upon corn alone and pen feeding only will find pork production quite expensive.
The cheapest pork is always raised when there are abundance of grazing crops and when these are supplemented by grain or
other concentrates suitable to the growth and development of the animals. Grazing crops permit the animals to do their own harvesting and this reduces cost. When such crops of corn, potatoes, artichokes,
peanuts, chufas, peas, soy beans, etc peanuts, chufas, peas, soy beans, etc.,
are harvested by hogs considerable labor is saved. The hogs then have access to
the feeds and can eat all they will conthe fe
sume.
One brood sow if given a fair chance on
the farm will the farm will procuce two litters of pigs
per year and if cared for properly the pigs per year ance i cared for properly the pigs
will produce enough pork, bacon, hams, etc., for home use. That is an average
family may be supported with meat by family may be supported with meat by
one sow if she and her pigs are cared for one sow
properly.
The animal husbandry division of prepared a list for planting and the length of time before they may be grazed. These are for con-
ditions in that state, but the directions are suggestive to farmers in other parts of the South.
Following is a table of summer and fall-growing hog crops. The crop is given first, the time to plant second, ber of days from planting to grazing time fourth:
Alfalfa, February 25 to april 1,15 to 25 pounds, 75 to 90 days.
Chufas, April 15 to June 1, one-half to
one peck, 120 to 150 days. Cowpeas, May 1 to July 10, one-half bushel (drilled), one and one-h
(broadcast), 75 to 90 days.
Soy beans, May 1 to June 30, one-half
bushel (drilled) bushel (drilled), one and one-half bushels
(broadcast), 80 to 120 days broadcast), 80 to 120 days.
Japan clover (lespedeza), March 1 to
March 15,24 pounds, 60 to 75 days Oats, Fehruary 1 to March 20, one and Peanuts; May 1 to July 1 , one to two
bushels (not hulled), 90 to 120 days.

gombault's CAUSTIC BALSAM Asefit, geedy and
positive cure
lor
Curbi, Splint Smeeny Cappod Fork






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Are still doing duty in the shape of

\section*{Eddy's Matches}

Sixty-five years ago the first Cana-dian-made matches were made at Hull by Eddy, and since that time for materials and striking qualities Eddy's have been the acknowledged
best.

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If you desire to save at least two month' posed college course, write to-day to the
WINNPEG Eat ifeg business college, Th COLLEGE, Regina. These old and reliab business schools control the wonderful Parago System of Shorthand for Canada. All busi in good positions.
GEORGE LOOS, Chartered Accountan
GEORGES. HOUSTON Genal Manage


Rape, March 1 to March 31, four to six nine-year-old boy just as well as oy- a
pounds (drilled), nine to ten pounds man of mature years. Since I had my pounds (drilled, nine to ten pounds man of mature years. Since I had my Sorghum, May 1 to July 1 , one-half to one peck (drilled), 60 to 75 days. Velvet bean, May 10 to June 20, one and one-half pecks (in drill), 100 to 130
days.
Corn and peas, May to June, corn, four quarts; peas one-half bushel (drill), 100 to 120 days.

What Farm Boys Dislike By Harry Stevens
From a business standpoint, farming has come to be recognized as one of the
chief factors in business life. Not many years ago farming was looked upon by a years ago farming was looked upon by a
great many people as an occupation of drudgery, therefore, they would shun the farm and take up whatever employment they could find in city
preference to the far
ur members who will reme a number of method of farming years ago when grai was mown by hand, corn dropped by was cut with the scythe and handled entirely by the hand-rake and pitchfork the grain was cut with the old-fashioned reaper were the days when farming was Those were the days when farming wa
looked upon as drudgery. But did thos sturdy men and women falter with the thoughts of their struggles and hardships and working against odds and disadvan tages? No. With the approach of day, those sturdy men and women went for striving, overcoming each obstacle before them.
As the years roll by we can see great changes on the farm, especially in the
way of modern equipments. Many of the homes to-day are equipped with lighting plants, either electricity or gas plants, also heating plants; besides these, many farmers' wives have their vacuum clean-
ers and power washing machines. These ers and power washing machines. These
all tend to reduce a portion of their labor. The majority of farms to-day are equipped with all modern machinery for nearly every piece of work to be done. The buildings are better planned for the health and comfort of the stock in the way of
cement floors, more light and ventilation; cement floors, more light and ventilation;
breeding better stock and taking greater pains in selecting and testing our seed corn and grain for crop purposes. We also have our state agricultural institu-
tions, which are supported by the governtions, which are supported by the govern-
ment for the purpose of educating the younger generation in the modern methStill we are
Still we are confronted by one of the greatest problems regarding drudgery on
the farm and every little while, especially in the busy season, you will hear some armer say: "I can't get a hired man," What is "My hired man has quit."
It is on account of milking the cows A year ago I had my left hand injured or a long time, from milking aspecially. This, of course, put the milking on the rest of the family who could and knew
One evening after supper as they were getting ready to milk my wife said: I'm so tired." Then the boy chipped in (darn) cows." You may well imagine how I felt, crippled as I was, and the eeling they had towards milking, was anything but encouraging to me, Each town, something in the grocery line or wearing apparel was needed, and this was generally paid for with the milk check.
I thought the matter over, and made so my mind I concluded that if such a thing as a milking machine made its appearance I would try one, which I did, and to my surprise it milks the cows quicker and is more sanitary for use than by hand as the pails are equipped with light covers, making the pail absolutely free from dirt or filth of any kind. Of course, the section of the country, and some farmers are skeptical about it, its performance, and as to the condition of the cows later so far I am well pleased with it, it
being simple and by storm.

We couldn't improve on the wonderful Planche motor-that veritable giant of power in the Gray Dort. The sturdy, rugged heavy frame stood the severest tests. Mechanically the Gray Dort was, and is, correct. In the searching investigation we did not find a Gray Dort owner who was not enthusiastically satisfied - even amazed-with the performance of his car.
We have added some final refine-

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\section*{ASSETSONEMILLION}

1917 Announcement

\(\mathbf{X}^{\text {E }}\) have no startling announcement to make for 1917. We are proud to say that the 1916 Gray Dort has exceeded even our expectations. We expected great things of this wonderful car We KNEW the Gray Dort was the real car-no matter what price To-day hundreds of motorists are fellow enthusiasts with us in our admiration of this exceptional car. The Gray Dort has taken Canada

\title{
GRAY DORT 885
}

\section*{Added Refinements}

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\section*{Even Greater Value}
ments to the car-made it bigger and it is now the roomiest car at anywhere near the price. A larger windshield-an ammeter - dash-light-robe rail and foot rail - in every way the sturdiest and most mechanically perfect car is now the most refined and comfortable
Read the specifications. Remember that in three days motor experts bought up the entire 1916 output of this car.


The Western home Monthly


\section*{All Over Western Canada}
people are wanting fine jewellery, fine silverware, watches and such things. Nothing but the best will suffice, and nothing but the best is included in the Dingwall catalogue and the Dingwall stock.
Just now the September bride and the gift you will choose for her claim special attention, and you will find our catalogue a veritable mine of suggestions-gifts almost innumerable, ranging from less than a dollar to many dollars.
A post card will bring this catalogue to you, and place at your service our splendidly equipped mail order department. The new catalogue is now being prepared, and a copy will be reserved for you for delivery later. Just send the post card.
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Diamond Mérchants and Jewellers
WINNIPEG
MANITOBSI

Household Suggestions An Egg Drink--Beat three eeggs
thoroughly, add six
tablespoonfus of sugar, and one and one-half cupfuls of
ice water. Whip into the mixture the ice water. Whip into the mixture
juice of one orange and a small amount of the grated rind. Serve it in glasses topped with whipped cream
Grape Cordial.-To one quart of rich, unsweetened grape juice add one-quarter
of a cupful each of cold water and sugar of a cupful each of cold water and sugar
syrup, and one-half of a teaspoonful of syrup, and one-half of a t teaspoonful of
grated nutmeg. Just before you serve
the drink fill the glasses two-thirds full grated nutmeg. Just before you serve of crushed ice, and pour the cordial ove
Currant Shrub.-Heat two quarts of ripe currants, and strain the juice through eneesecloth, To every quart of juice and stir the syrup until the sugar dissolves. Add the juice of one lemon, and enough cold water to dilute the syrup. When it
is cold, pour it over cracked ice, and ornais cold, pour it over cracked ice, and orna-
ment each glass with a slice of lemon or ment each glass with a slic.
Mint Sherbet.-Wash
thoroughly, then crush it and bruise it well, and add a pint of boiling water, let the inf asion stand for twenty minutes, strain it carefully, add a cupful of sugar,
and let the whole boil for ten minutes. When you take it from the fire, add the juice of three oranges and a cupful of pineapple syrup. Put the liquid into a freezer, and when it is partly frozen add
the stifly beaten whites of two eggs. Freeze it again to the consistency of mush. Serve it in sherbet glasses, with shredded cocoanut sprinkled lightly on the top. Lemon Mint.- Wash the mint well, and pick off a large cupful of the leaves. Put
them into a stone jar with one quart of chom into a stone jar with one quart of
chope. Stir the mixture until the leaves are thoroughly bruised and the flavor is extracted. Strain off the water, and add the juice of two oranges and six lemons, and one pint of sugar. Put it
on ice, and when it is thoroughly cold on ive, and when it is thoroughly cold
serve it in tall, thin glasses, with a sprig of fresh mint and a very thin slice of lemon in each cup.
Lemonade for a Week.-Boil together two quarts of water and four cupfuls of
sugar for ten minutes. Remove the syrup from the fire, and add four and onehalf cupfuls of lemon juice. Let the mixture cool, then seal it in glass jars
and put it in a cool place. When you want to make lemonade, dilute a little of the syrup with ice water.
Lime Punch.-Put eight cubes of sugar
a in a bow and pour over them the juice and one-half cupfuls of cold water, and when the sugar is melted, chill the syrup with cracked ice. Just before serving
it add a slice of pineapple and a few crystallized cherries. The recipe makes only a small, amount of punch. For a
large company it should be trebled. large company it should be trebled. Ginger Punch.-To one-third of a
pound of preserved ginger add one quart of water and one cupful of sugar, and boil the mixture for fifteen minutes Let it cool, then add one-half of a cupful of lemon juice and one cupful of orang juice. Strain the syrup through a jelly
bag. Da of dandelelion Cordial.-To one full quart lemon, sliced, and two large oranges also sliced, three pounds of white sugar, and four quarts of boiling water. Let the
mixture stand for \(a\) few mixture stand for a few days, and then
serve it with ice.
Milk Shake.-Flavor rich milk-or, i
preferred, half milk and half preferred, half milk and half eream-
with vanilla, and add the well-beaten with vanilla, and add the well-beaten
white of one egg and sugar to suit the white of one egg and sugar to suit the
taste. Put the milk into a screw-top jar or bottle, and shake it until it foams,
but not hard or long enough to make it buttery. Pour it into glasses, and sprinkle grated nutmeg on top.
Tomato Soup.-Place over the fire
one quart tomatoes with a pinct of one quart tomatoes with a pinch of sola;
stew them soft, strain so that no sedid remain; set it over the fire again, and
add one quart hot milk, seasson with add one quart hot milk, season with salt. pepper and piece of butter the size of an egg; then add three tablesponis of
finely rolled crackers and serve at Fritters.-One cup sour cream, cup sweet milk, five well beaten eghe
scant scant teaspoon soda, one-half teasponn
sall; use the best of flour, enough to
make \(a\) smooth batter, as for pancakes;

\section*{\(\left.(O L] S T A M / A_{A} A\right)\) \\ MK/N \\ }

Pound Tins 25 c .
At Your Grocer's
dip by spoonfuls into sweet, hot lard and all of the seasonings. Remove the Potato Chips.-Pare and slice thin and dry and then throw sice very a pan containing hot lard or butter; when both sides are a delicate brown. Savory Cabbage.-One medium size cabbage, one pint of moistened stale oread finely chopped onion, salt and meat, grated nutmeg, one pint of stock. Blend together the softened bread, sausage meat
outer leaves of the cabbage, cleanse thoroughly and cook in boiling, water for apart and place the force meat between
them. Press the them. Press the leaves back as nearly
into shape as possible and tie the cable firmly with tape or string so cabbage remains in compact form. Place in a deep baking dish with the broth. Cover closely and cook until tender, basting
from time to time during Serve very to time during the cooking

Fried Potato Balls.-Two cups mashed potatoes, One small egaps of pepper, one teaspoon of choppped parsley,
stale bread-crumbs, potatoes bread-crumbs, frying fat. Mash the potatoes very smoothly. Add to them the seasonings, parsley and the egg.
Beat until quite light round balls no larger than an English wainut; toss in the stale bread-crumbs New Potato Croquettes.- Pare boil and mash six or seven medium sized
potatoes; add one tablespoonful of butter, two-thirds of a cupful of hot milk or cream, the beaten whites of two eggs and salt to taste. Cool slightly and
shape in the form of eggs. Scald one cupfut of milk or chicken stock, and stir into it one tablespoonful of butter mixed with one tablespoonful of flour. When cooked sufficiently, add two cupfuls of
finely chopped chicken, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of pepper, one teaspoonful of onion juice, one tablespoonful of lemon juice and two egge

\section*{Make Your Bread Enticing}

Bread is so essential to growth and vitality, you should encourage your folks to eat more. Win them to bread-eating by making your bread irresistible.
Baked from FIVE ROSES flour, your loaf enjoys a unique personality that belongs to none other.
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\section*{Five Roses \(T M O\) D for Breads-Cakes}

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-a crisp, thin crust that is crinkly and toothsome.
-an elastic texture, porous and well-risen, that retains for days its original freshness, the kind that cuts without crumbling. - every slice not only a delight, but a source of vitality, alive with the matchless nutrition of Manitoba's richest wheat. -a downy lightness ensuring ready and complete digestion. FIVE ROSES brings more-it brings economy. Because of its uncommon strength, it absorbs more liquid and produces more loaves with less exertion. Insist on FIVE ROSES flour for all your baking. It promotes the family health and mitigates the high cost of living.



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But there are other and greater reasons. Children need whole grains, rich in elements which white flour lacks. And those whole grains should be wholly digestible.
That is what Prof. A. P. Anderson has accomplished in these foods. Every food cell is steam exploded. Every atom of the whole grain eeds.
Please remember that. Your doctor will confirm it. If you want easy, complete digestion-if you want the whole grain made available - you should serve wheat and rice in puffed form.


\section*{At Noon}

When you serve ise cream, try scattering Puffed Rice on it. The finest chefs do this now. The grains are fragile, crisp and flaky. The taste is like toasted nuts.
Use them also in candy making. See directions on the package Puffed grains are both foods and confections. Between meals, chil dren love to eat them dry-like peanuts.

\section*{Puffed Wheat \({ }^{\text {Encert }} 12 \mathrm{c}\) Puffed Rice \\ 细}

\section*{At Morn}

In the morning serve with sugar and cream, or mixed with any fruit. Serve Puffed summer should wo. in thery pantry shelf in dainties, Puffed Grains hold supreme place. dainties, Puffed Grains hold supreme place. Nothing compares with
them.

\section*{The Quaker Oals Company \\ Sole Makers}

PETERBOROUGH, Ont. (1380)
SASKATOON, Sask.
well - beaten. Cool. Cut potato eggs
in halves crosswise, remove a portion in halves crosswise, remove a portion
 egg and crumb them and fry in deep fat.
When serving, place upright on a dish When serving, place uprigh
and garnish with parsley.
and garnish with parsley.
Mixed Pickles.-To make "plain mixed clusters: peel pint of small onions; slice
six six green tomatoes; slice one large cu-
cumber; wash a pint of tiny cucumbers cumber; wash a pint of tiny cucumbers
and four and four small long red peppers. Put a
layer of the vegetables, mixed, into a widemouthed crock, sprinkle thickly with salt, add more
and
vegetables, more salt, and continue in this way, until all the
vegetables are used. Pour in enough cold vegetables are used. Pour in enough cold
water to cover all and put on a plate to keep the vegetables from floating. Stand for three days, drain off the brine, wash
the pickles in cold water, cover with the pickles in cold water, cover with
fresh water and set aside for twentyfour hours. Then into a g gallon of vinegar
brought to scalding point, stir fru of whole elack (or white) peppers, a
teaspoonful of whole cloves, two teaspoonteaspoonful of whole cloves, two teaspoon-
fuls of turmeric, a teaspoonful of celery seed, one of whole emace, and one of grated
horseradish, a cup and a sugar and three tablespoonfuls of ground mustard. Keep at sealding point, drop in the pickles, rejecting those that have
become soft. Simmer for five minutes become sort. Simmer for five minutes,
take out the pickles with a perforated take out the piekles with a perforated
spoon, lay in a clean crock and pour the
seald scalding vinegar over them. Leave them for forty-ight hours; drain off the vin-
gar, scald it again with a tablespoonful gar, scald it again with a tablespoonful
of curry powder, pour over the pickles in of curry powder, pour over the pickles in
the crock and stand until cold, then put into glass jars and seal. In making mixed pickles, you may vary the recipe and in-
gredients to suit yourself. Green string gredients to suit yourself. Green string beans, nasturtium pod, and many other
fresh vegetable products may be added to the pickle to suit preference. The
spices also may be varied to simplify spices also may be varied to simplify
the recipe according to convenience or taste.
Mustard Pickles.-Take an equal quantity of small cucumbers, green tomatoest
sliced, cauliflower picked sicead, caulifower picked up small, and
small' button onions. Mix together and cover with strongly salted water, using a pint of coarse salt to six quarts of boiling water, boiled, skimmed and cooled
before using. After 24 hours drain and again scald and skim the brine, dissolving in it while hot a piece of alum the size of a nutmeg. When cool pour over the pickles and let them stand for 24 hours
again. Then drain and cover with fres again. Then drain and cover with fresh
water while preparing enough vinegar to cover. To one quart of vinegar measure one cuppul of brown sugar, one half cupfui of four and one-fourth pound of
ground mustard. Scald the vinegar, mix the flour and mustord with a little cold vinegar, then stir the scalding vinegar gradually into it. Beat smooth, then pour over the pickles. Put
small pieces of horseradish in the top of the jar as a preventive against moulding. Seal the jars or cork and dip bottles in hot wax, or corer the top with
melted paraffine before fastening on the melted
cover.
Popeorn Balls.-Make half the rule for molasses candy. Pop a pan of corn
and pourin in little candy; take un ll that sticks together and roll into a ball; then pour in more, and so on.
Mocha Cakes.-Beat the yolks of four eggs, and add two scant cupfuls of granuing; add three-fourths of a cupful of cold water and flavor with a teaspoonful of pure vanilla extract. Sifft together
several times two cupfuls of flour and one-quarter teaspoonful of salt and four
teaspoonfuls of baking powder and add teaspoonfuss of baking powder, and add
to the mixture. Fold the stifly heaten whites of the four eggs into the batter,
and add a teaspoonful of vinegar. Bake and add a teaspoonful of vinegar. Bake
the cakes in gem pans with sloping sides; coo cakes in yem pans with sloping sides;
cool, and invert the cakes. Split each through the middle and put together again with frosting. Spread the sides
with the frosting and roll in chopped with the frosting and roll in chopped
nuts. Ornament the tops with rosettes made by pressing the frosting through a made by pre.
pastry tube.
Before putting away heavy winter cuw tains or hangings of any kind, clean
them by rulbbing them thoroughly all over with lran made hot in the oven,
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\section*{DBC}

The D. B. C. is Five Years Old this month. The Dominion has had more successes at the Chartered Accountants'Examinations,Man. schools have had in
twenty years twenty years. Send
for Fall 1916-1917 III

The Lesson I did not know the sky could be So very soft, so very blue;
I did not know the land and se Could spread so fair before my view
Until I learned, one cloudless day Until I learned, one cloudless day,
To banish hatred from my heart, To put my foolish doubts away And bid my envy to depart.
I did not know how richly I
With health and strength, I knew not why I might be glad and brave and proud, Until I learned to cease to grieve Because some other won success, But strove the harder to achieve
The fair rewards of worthiness.
-S. E. Kiser.
Washing in Starch
Have you not often noticed when you wash your light dress of lawn, organdy or even though it may not fade, or wash out, or run? The alteration can easily be detected on comparing the washed dress with the left-over pieces in your mending bag. Sometimes alteration in color is so great that the ribbons that and that perfectly matched the dress when it was new, are entirely out of key with it after it has been washed.
The change in color is due to the action the alkali in the soap on the material how fine the soap you use, the color will be more or less affected. In this difficulty, as in all other household difficulties, there is a way out. Wash your delicate As a first step in the
As a first step in the process, make a very stiff starch, using one-half cupful of
starch to two quarts of boiling water. Add starch to two quarts of boiling water. Add
four quarts of cold water and strain. The mixture will now be lukewarm.
Wash your delicate garments in this
just as you would in soap-suds, kneading just as you would in soap-suds, kneading
them well in the mixture, and even, if them well in the mixture, and even, if
necessary, rubbing the more soiled parts gentlv
For the second step make a starch of medium stiffness, using a quarter of cupful of starch to two quarts of boiling water, and
before. Subject the garment to a second washing in this mixture. This second step may be omitted if the garments are but slightly soiled.
As a third step, rinse the garments
thoroughly in an abundance of cold water, changing the water two or three times and swishing the things about as if it were necessary to get every particle of
the starch out. Do not be afraid the starch out. Do not be afraid; the starch will not all come out; and arte
drying in the shade and ironing, the drying in the shade and ironing, the
dresses will be delicately crisp, the color dresses will be uninjured, and they will have exactly the finish of new goods. No other method of washing - even where there is nive so perfect a finish, after ironing, as give so
will this method of washing in starch.
Very much soiled garments require Very much soiled garments require
twice the quantity of starch in the first step of the process, but thin lawns and
organdies are seldom sufficiently soiled to require so much as that. Heavier shirt-waists and colored cot-tons-especially pinks, violets or greens, washing, must never be soaked, boiled rubbed with soap, or touched by washing fluids. These garments can be success fully washed in sta so much trouble.
There are simple fixatives by which many delicate shades may be made per-
manent. For all shades of mauve heliotrope or violet, immerse your shirtwaist in a mixture of turpentine and water, in the proportion of one then wring allow it to become perfectly dry, and wash as usual. For green, use two ounces
of alum in a gallon of water, and proceed in the same way. For pink, use two water. These fixatives can be applied before yu make up your goods, or after the farnents have been made and worn. caused by sunlight, but they will against
those due to soap.

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Your Great Grandmother used it--your Mother baked Yt into the delicious, flaky pies and snowy wher bhite bread
bou so well remember-your Chiddren will use it when you so well reme
they grow older.

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}

The Boy From School A boy, coming home from a hoarding-
school to his parents lage, was anxious to show off his learning. Sitting down to the dinner-table, on which lay two roasted pigeons, he said - that he could prove in a moment that there were three pigeons on the dish.
"Dear me!" exclaimed his fathe "However can you do that?"
"Well,", said the boy, taking one pig-
eon, "this is one, and this," taking the eon, "this is one, and this," taking the other, "is two, and one and two make
three, so that, you see, clearly there are three pigeons on the table "I will give thise are!" said his father. "I will give this one to your mother, and this one I will take for myself, and you action to the word, he placed the two
pigeons before his wife and himself and left his clever son with nothing at all

An Education From a Nickel A young girl who lived in Mississippi
asked her brother to give her the money asked her brother to give her the money to go to college. He told her he could
not afford it, and tossing her a nickel, not afford it, and tossing her a nickel, The plucky girl took the five-rent piece and bought some calico, from which she made a bonnet that she sold for twenty-five cents. With this money she bought more calico, and made more
bonnets. After she had made several dollars in this way, she determined to raise potatoes. She did all the work in
the field except the plowing. The venthe. field except the plowing. The ven-
ture was a success, and she had enough ture was a success, and she had enough
money to start at school. She did not stop work, however, and it is not surprising that a girl of such determination was able to borrow enough money to supplement what she made.
she was graduated with honor from medical school, still earning all her a penses, got her degree, and is now a successful practising physician in a large only a single nickel.

Small Fruits and Large
Time was when there were large fruits
and small fruits; when and small fruits; when apples and melons and plums and strawberries knew their
places and kept them. But that is so no longer.
No one is surprised nowadays to meet
a strawberry which must be take in a strawberry which must be taken in two or three bites; apples which are as much
larger than the fruit of the old farm as those were larger than crab-apples are no longer unusual. But the tale of wonders daily mounts. The extraordinary size of the vegetable creations which
grow on irrigated land, bathed in ceaseless sunshine, and augmented by all the skill of the scientific horticulturist, is a
constant marvel. Those who can still remember the
modest field strawbery was delicious, will rub their eyes when they see the latest Western triumph, which runs seven to the quart. A new cherry
too, has come out of the Columbia Vaj too, has come out of the Columbia and bears the pleasant and pyrotechnic name of the "Bing" cherry: A dozen of these fellows will make a fair pie. Such monsters are interesting as proof nature when he sets his mind to it, hut the only people who are better off because of them are the growers. They
have less work to pick a quart or a bushel have less work to pick a quart or a bushel
than they used to have and the than they used to have, and the new ultimate consumer parts willingly the the increased price which is demanded But let such as cannot pay that price
be of good cheer. The oldsfashioned he of good cheer. The oldsfashioned
fruit is usually quite as good as the more
showy varietic improved as size and appearance. It is
still true that the sweetect thing frequently done up in the small packages. Oiled Dusters Take a piece of soft material and soak it in the airir. to dry. it is then ready for use. There will be no unpleasant odour, and you will find that it gathers up the dirt
most effective!y, and gives a brilliant



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Mrs. Hinckson's Royal Hair Restorer

 ft and glossy.

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Ninnipeg \\
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\end{tabular}
BlaCK wismy mimin LEG





\section*{Sunday Reading}

\section*{Gounod's Conversion to Music} A few days before Gounod's death he
told a Paris reporter how his family be told a Paris reporter how his family became convinced of his musical genius.
He was twelve years old and was getting a He was twelve years old and was getting a
general education at a preparatory school. general education at a preparatory school. Mozart's "Don Juan." Gounod sat with eyes and mouth wide open and did not
utter a word until the overture was half utter a word until the overture was half mighty notes, the little fellow screamed migembled, threw himself into his mother's arms and sobbed, "Oh, mamma, mamma! That, that is music!" He became so him in the place. She led him out kefore the beginning of the first act, convinced that she must cease opposing his desire to nake music his profession.
"I remember it as if it were yesterday,"
said Gounod a few weeks death: "It was as if God had descended from heaven and had spoken to us little men. My remembrance of that evening to me still a blinding magical light. Mozart has remained for me the maste much more than the first among them; he is the only one.
Thus was music in his soul born with him. It needed but the hearing of the masterpieces of harmony to kindle into a his musical love. So also being born of God, having "the love of Christ shed kindling of the emotions and always be ing of the heart as our souls naturally espond to the things of God that we see and hear. Jesus will always be "muc more than the first of masters. He will be the only One,", and it will be easil
known that we have been with Jesus. Has that revelation come to you? Have you heard the music of the Lord's

\section*{An Indian Chief's Kindness}

The North American Indiąns are people whom the missionaries have found hard to influence. And no wonder; for the white men have driven them back and their great cities. The following story however, comes from Dr. Chivers, a field missionary who has been much among the Indians, who in turn have adopted him and made an Indian chief of him
White Arm, he says, is the finest type of was laying the foundations of his hous when he happened to remark," "I wish I had my wife and babies here.
White Arm, don't you have them?" asked White Arm, who overheard him replied the missionary. "When them," rephied the missionary., "When my house "Take my house."
"But I can't turn you out of your
house." house." Arm went off and put up a tent a little way from his house, into which he moved all his belongings. Then he left the door of his house wide open, and began to busy himself in his new abode Indian's kindness.
Later, when the missionary was established in his new home, his little girl wa taken ill. White Arm called every hour to 'inquire after the little one, and stayed
near all the time, in case his help should be wanted. When the child died, h asked leave to erect a little white stone a her grave, and suggested the inscription Previously, White Arm had given some of conference he said:
"Would you like to know, why I gave my
land for your school?" Pointing to land for your school?" Pointing to
where twenty or thirty children were where twenty or thirty children were
sitting on the grass or in their mothers' sitting on the grass or in their mothers
laps, he said, simply, "I did it for them. As for the missionary, we all need him to lead us to the one true God.

ARemedy for Bilious Headache.-To those subject to bilious headache. Par
melee. s.egetable Pills are recommend-
ed as the way to speedy relief Taken according to directions thev will sub-
due irregularities of the stomach and so act upon the nerves and blood vessels
that the pains in the head will cease.
There are few time subject to biliousness and familiar
with its attendant evils. Yet none need
suffer with these pills at hand.

True in Both Cases
The little son of a most upright and respected head of a college for pastoral training one night prayed at his astonished mother's knee that "papa might not come home drunk that evening." As the in his habits, he must have had, on hear ing of the petition in his behalf somewha the same sensations as those experienced y the captain in a recent work of fiction The captain, on one voyage, had a first in port in China this officer got sadly intoxicated, and was not able to make up the day's log. The captain did it for him. Never touching liquor himself, and being greatly disturbed over the affair, he added all day." record the sentence, "Mate drunk When the officer recovered sufficiently
to resume his duties with the to resume his duties with the log he was "Cap'n," he exclaimed, "why did you
put down that I was drunk all day?" put down that I was drunk "why did day?"
"It was true wasn't tit?" "It was true, wasn't it?",
"Yes, but what will the owners say? It will hurt me with them Why need you have done it?"
But all the
But all the captain would respond was, "It was true, wasn't it?" amined the log, down after the entries of
forth, he saw, "Captain sober all day."
In high dudgeon he rushed to the deck. "What do you mean, you rascal," he shouted to the first mate, "by writing in "It was true, wasn't it?" mate. "True? Of course it was know I never touch liquor. Of course it And then the captain, and he had the good sense to

\section*{laugh.}

\section*{Speak to Me, Father}
speak to me, Father, when the day is Wheaking. fragrant sod
and the cool wind, alert with early waking
Are conscious of thy thought and
presence, God!
Speak to me, Father, when the day en peak to me,
thralls me.
Oh, joy of duty, and oh, balm of prayer
oiling, I hear the gentle voice that calls
Come, ye who labor, rest your sou from care."
Speak to me, Father, when the night is
When the light lingers over land and sea
That knows the day of joy or ill befalling
That is not hallowed by this hour with
Thee!

\section*{Unable'To Sleep Or Do Any Work. SUFFERED FROM HER NERVES.}

Mrs. Thomas Harris, 8 Corigan St, constant sufferer, for many had been. my nerves, and was unable to sleep at night, or do any work through the day. Ind out what mo to manult a doctor and The out what was really the trouble. under an operation before I \(I\) would be well, but I would not consent to this. One day H took a fit of crying, and it seemed to order them outo of the house. 1 mave have been crying two hours when my insurance agent came in. He advised me to try a a box of Milburn's Heart and
Nerve Pills, and I Iat once sent to the Nerve sills, and 1 at onee sent to the
drug store and got two boxes and before I had them taken IT felt like a a difierent person. I have told others about them, and they have toid me the yould not
be without them. started to take Miliburr's Heart and Nerve Pills,"
Milbur's' Heart and Nerve Pills are Soc ents per box, or 3 boxes for 81.25 , at If price \(b y\) The \(T\). Milburn Co., Limimited, Toronto, Ont.
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\section*{Fashions and Patterns}

An attractive expression of good style. material for an 18-year size. The skirt comprises Ladies Waist Pattern 1807 A pattern of this illustration edge. and Ladies' Skirt Pattern 1815. In to any address on receipt of 10 cents in striped gingham or wool suiting one may silver or stamps.
develop an ideal morning or business drock. The sleeve morning or be finished in outfit. Practical and Easily Developed wrist or elbow Iength. The waist is Outfit. 1795-This combination includes finished with a broad notched collar at underskirt or petticoat, and one-piece low neck outline. The skirt front over- drawers. The dress is good for all wash finished with plaited fulness, The Waist fabrics, and also for serge and other
Pattern is cut in 6 sizes: \(34,36,38,40,42\) Pattern is cut in 6 sizes: \(34,36,38,40,42\) woolens. In checked blue gingham with
and 44 inches bust measure. The Skirt in 6 sizes: \(22,24,26,28,30\) and 32 inches with braid trimming, it will make a very waist measure. For the entire dress is serviceable play dress. The underskirt \(6 \frac{7}{8}\) yards of 36 -inch material will be re- which a straight skirt is isted body to quired for a medium size. The skirt which a straight skirt is gathered. The This illustration calls for two separate ing. The pattern ind comfort in wearpatterns, which will be mailed to any ing. The pattern includes all three address on receipt of 10 cents for each and 6 years. It requires \(\boldsymbol{l}_{\frac{7}{8}}\) yard for the
pattern in silver or stamps. A Smart Dressing Sack. 1789 Ladies' \(\begin{aligned} & \text { drawers, } 1 \frac{1}{2} \text { yards for the underskirt, and } \\ & 2 \frac{1}{8} \text { yards for the dress, of } 36 \text {-inch material, } \\ & \text { Aegligee or Dressing }\end{aligned}\) Sack. Figured for a 4 -year size. A pattern of this
on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.
1787-Girl's Dress, With Two Styles of Sleeves. Figured challie was used for this style. It is also nice for crepe, em
broidered or plain batiste, organdie an browdered or plain batiste, organdie and
lawn. The bertha may be omitted The waist may be finished in high or low neck outline. The sleeve has a deep style it has a length finish, and in puff ruffle. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6 8, 10 and 12 years. It requires \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) yard pattern of this illustration 8 -year size. address on this illustration mailed to any or stamps.
1522-A Simple but Attractive Style House or Home Dress, with Sleeves in either of Two Lengths. As here shown striped gingham, in blue and white, was used, with white linene for trimming The waist and skirt are cut on simple lines, with front closing; deep pockets he waist. The sleeve is dart fitted in

A pattern of this illustration mailed to ilver or stamp receipt of 10 cents in 1806-A Simple, Natty Suit for Mothr's Boy. Serge, cheviot, velvet, velnd eteen, galatea, linen, corduroy, linene and gingham are lovely for this styleThe blouse or coat is cut on simple lines. straight edge. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: \(3,4,5\) and 6 years. It requires \(2 \frac{3}{4}\) yards of 44 -inch material for a 4 -year mailed to any address on receipt of 10 ents in silver or stamps.
1804-A Seasonable and Becoming Model. This attractive top garment is ice for serge, velvet, corduroy and other pile fabrics, also for silk, mixed suiting, roadcloth and cheviot. The fronts are which the body portions are joined which the body portions are joined. lar is rolled and shaped over the back years. It requires \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) yards of 36 and 8 years. It requires \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) yards of 36 -inc
material for a 6 -year size. A patter



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per jar. Send for booklet "Health and Beauty" for further particulars.

\author{
Mrs. E. COATES COLEMAN \\ Phone M. 996 \\ 224 Smith Street, Winnipeg
}

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lenge" Collars can be cleaned with lenge" Collars can be cleaned with
a rub from a wet clothdressy always. The correct dull
finish and texture of the best linen. It your dealer has't.". Challenge" Prand wrtie


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GOLLARS

When writing advertisers, please mention The Western Home Monthly
the arm under a tab. TheJ dress is
finished at raised waistline. The patfinished at raised waistline. The pa
tern is cut in 3 sizes: 16,18 and 20 years
It requires 7 y for an 18-year size. The skirt measure about 3 yards at its lower edge. A pat tern of this illustration mailed to any ad dress on
tamps.
1786-A Neat and Simplé Style. Ga.atea, gingham, chambrey, lawn, percale,
drill, linene, corduroy, pique and linen, serge and silk are desirable materials for under a square yoke fronts are gathered finishes the centre front, and under this the closing is effected. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow length. The pat tern is cut in 4 sizes: \(6,8,10\) and 12
years. It requires \(3 \frac{1}{4}\) yards of 44 -inch material for an 8 -year size. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

\section*{Remờat of Stains}

Fingermarks and stains on porcelain, rood and windowpanes can be easily To remove a fresh mildew stain wet strong suds, cover with a paste of salt and soap, and put in the rain. Remove grease stains on silk by ruburated with benzine. Very wad benzine. by soaking them in benzine removed placing them between double layers of olotting-paper and pressing with a meTo remove iron rust, dampen cloth, rub on cream of tartar, rub well, and let Yellow hour, then wash.
to acid; try immersing them in of due solution of ammonia and warm) water. To remove stains and discolorations rom tinware, try rubbing with a damp Ink stains may be re
by washing the spot with oxalic acid. The deeper the stain the stronger the solution should be.
turpentine then clean with French chalk dampened with alcohol.
When cleaning stained knives take piece of new potato, dip it into brick dus and scour the knives; in this way the Finger-mark stains on doors and cupboards vanish as though by enchantment when lightly rubbed with a piece o flannel dipped in kerosene oil. In order to take away the disagreeable odor of
the oil, rub the door down with a clean flannel wrung out in hot water.

Refreshing Summer Drinks A cool refreshing drink makes the hottest summer day seem, if not cool, at
least less warm; and there are many kinds of summer drinks besides the wellknown iced tea and iced coffee. Here are some of the best of them.
of Fruit Punch.-Mix together one cupful of each water and sugar, boil them ten
minutes, and skim the syrup carefully Add one cup of hot strained tea, one cupful of any fruit juice that you prefer, and the juice of five lemons and six oranges. Add sufficient water to make
a gallon, and serve it ice-cold. Ginger Ale-Put ine
ice into a ale.-Put one quart of chipped sugar and one tablespoonful of strong ginger, and shake the mixture well together. Add one pint of good cider
vinegar, and fill the jug with vinegar, and fill the jug with water.
Keep it on ice until it is very cold.
Raspberry Vinegar.-Pour two quarts
of vinegar over four quarts of raspberries. of vinegar over four quarts of raspberries.
Cover it, and put it in a cool place for wo days. Strain the juice through of fresh berries. Set the mixture quarts again for two days, then strain it a second
time through cheesecloth, and add three quarts of sugar. Heat it slowly, and boil it twenty minutes. Seal it in sterilized bottles. When you serve it, use ablespoonfuls of the syrup to a glass of
ice water. It is a most refreshing drink ice water. It is a most refreshing drink
on a hot day, and will keep for years.

\section*{HEALTHEST ONE IN THE FAMILY}

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney Troubl Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"


Port Robinson, Ont., July 8th, 1915. "We have used "Fruit-a-tives" in our house for over three years and have always found them a good medicine. Our little girl, Hattie, was troubled with Kidney Disease. The Doctor said she was threatened with Dropsy. Her limbs and body were all swollen and we began to think she could not live. Finally, we decided to try "Fruit-a-tives". She began-to show improvement after we had given her a few tablets. In a short time, the swelling had all gone down and her flesh began to look more natural. Now she is the heallhiest one in the family and has no signs of the old ailment. We can not say too much for "Fruit-atives" and would never be without them'

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 tion that equals Mother Graves' Wor of countless children.

Woman's Quiet Hour
By E. Cora Hind


Provinces has taken the first tentative
steps along that road steps along that road.
At 6:30 one hot morning I stepped from able night's journey, on to the platform at Regina. Not having fully decided on Travellers' what I would do in the \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aid } & \text { posal before the Moose Jaw } \\ \text { local east bound pulled out, }\end{array}\) I stood swinging my bag and looking about. A pleasant faced woman wearing
the badge of the Travellers' Aid accosted me, asking if I were a stranger and if she
could help me. Merely stating the train I intended to take I awaited developments. my disposal, where the waiting room was, intimating that I would, she told me that if I cared to accompany her to the Y. W. price could be obtained, leaving ample off together and stating "this is the pleasantest way she led across the city hall
grounds and through the beautiful park
square to the large, pleasant cafeteria I secured a com-
fortable meal for what do you think2 rents. Now as it happened I know
\(\qquad\) of mua existed there has been no lack
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

Hot Water When You Need It

two of the hot, front holes free for cooking as good as on other days.

TTHAT a blessing always to have hot water quickly when wanted. The special damper under the Kootenay's polished copper reservoir lets in plenty of heat, giving abundance in a jiffy. But why waste heat when you do not need warm water? The handy damper takes care of that, too. Just another instance of Kootenay Economy and efficiency worth knowing more about.

The wash-boiler can be set the long way of the range, if you wish, leaving Wash-day dinners can be just
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You can learn why Kootenay Ranges stay good as new, long after other ranges have to be repaired or replaced,-how the asbestos joints prevent leakage of air or drafts at joints, how the aluminized flues prevent rust. These things are all fully explained in an interesting little booklet. You may have yours by sending the coupon to the Pange factory. off this Coupon
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cor DIARRHOEA FROM DRINKING BAD WATER.

People moving from one place to another are very subject to diarrhoea on account of the change of water, change of climate, change of diet, etc., and what at of the bowels should never be neglected or some serious bowel complaint will be sure to follow.
The safest and quickest cure for diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cholera, cholera
morbus, cholera infantum, pains in the morbus, cholera infantum, pains in tel is Dr.
Mr. Ernest Jeffery, Mose Jaw Mrites: "A few years ago, when I first came out to Canada, I went to the harvest field to work. Somehow or other the water did not agree with me. I had
the darrhoea so bad that blood was coming from me, and I thought my last days had come. One of the harvest hands advised me to take Dr. Fowler's
Extract of Wild Strawberry, and before I had used the bottle I was able to go to work again. My advice to all is always keep a bottle of this wonderful diarrhoea cure on hand

Dr. Fowler's has been on the market for the past seventy years, and has been during that time, and we have yet to hear of a case of bowel complaint where it has not given perfect satisfaction.
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\section*{RANKIN'S HEAD OINTMENT}


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R. D. EVANS Brandon RU'BBER We Have It. Write Us and mention your
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Correspondence
An English Correspondent Leighton Buzzard, Beds Dear Editor:-I rather think it wil appear cheeky of me to write to you, bu
my brothers, who have been in Canada some years, always send me your woncover, for I am very, very fond of it. cover, for am very, very fond of it. sensible monthly I have ever read. Every
thing in it is that sort of reading that helps your readers to develop that which is best in them and religion in its proper
place in it. You are not afraid to give place in it. You are not afraid to give
of your best, andeven the piffle that some of your best, andeven the piffle that some
of the boys and girls are accused of writing in their letters is worth while reading, for I always think one can tell character so well by how one writes, and your correspondents are so varied. I just revel
in their letters, and I seem to know some in their letters, and I seem to know some
of them so well through it. I reckon they are a very lovable lot. We, here in Eng-
land, would be so afraid to let ourselves land, would be so afraid to let ourselves
go (as we say here) in our letters like go (as we say here) in our letters like
you do there, and freedom you have' we envy you so much.
I always go straight for the letters first


At Canyon Lake Ont. where Fish is Plentiful
me, and often when I have been writing to my brothers out there I have said how greatly I should like to come, but they are of the opinion that Canada is not the
place for their sisters, that the life would be too hard for them on a homestead not fully developed. I have gathered from your correspondents that they have many hardships and very great diffi-
culties, but if they could only realise what culties, but if they could only realise what they would find it quite so tedious. have a brother just now in England after eleven years absence. (Came over
as a soldier of course. He is now in Kent) as a soldier of course. He is now in Kent.
He being more fortunate than some, has been able to spend nearly a week at home. In a letter I had from him the other day,
he said: "Canada is a great country, he said: "Canada is a great country,
Itt's a true saying you never know what's It's a true saying you never know what
good until you have passed it by." I feel very sympathetic with the boys who have a lonely struggle in Canada. My other
brother out there in Alberta, I guess, finds it is harder work to remain behind and
look after the stuff than it would be as a soldier,- but I feel sure he is doing his bit just the same. What strikes me so forci-
bly in your letters is how grown up your bly in your letters is how grown up your
young people are. It's so amusing to hear young people are. It's so amusing to hear
of a lad of twenty being a poor love-sick
boy as he signs himself, and "Prairie Lad," of a lad of twenty being a poor love-sick,
boy, as he signs himself, and "Prairie Lad,"
who says he is between 20 and 25 , is a who says he is between 20 and 25 , is a
splendid combination of old age in his splendid combination of old age in his
advice, and extreme youth in describing
himself. When I read your boys' himself. letters describing their looks and
girl qualifications, I am reminded of a quiet anquiry 1 once heard someone make when points about themselves. As they were in the midst of their wonderful merits a,
quiet query of, "Is your trumpeter dead?"
dressmaking she is able to be flittle
more independent of the hous eeping
money than I could. The war having money than I could. The war having made such a difference I feel I ought to launch out on my own, but it has been I anticipated; but until I feel comfortable about them at home, I want to stay be wause it's near home, and I can go each week but it's the strain of always having
to be in charge of those either mentally deficient or those no one else can put up with, that makes one value a book where you can slip away from your surroundings
and forget for a time in the interest of reading, of others' doings and sayings. So you see I have something to be grateful
for to the W.H.M. because that helps
to do it. I suppose one is not considered to be young at 33, but it doesn't matter what our age is. We are always interested
o the young and I think yery helps us to feel young too. Again thankmuch of your valuable time.-Assistant

\section*{Matr}

In Sympathy With Lonesome Pine
Dear Editor:-I am a reader of your very pleasant paper and enjoy it every first. I would like very much to joi your merry column. I am a farmer girl
We moved to the West quite a few year ago. It was quite a wild looking country then, the few settlers that were in wer many miles apart, and the nearest tow
between forty and fifty miles awa, I have a good idea the kind of life "Lone some Pine," lives in the mountains.
think "Friday's" letter of July number
was very good. As for girls wemrins
brought them to a stop, with the question "What do you mean?" "Oh, nothing," carelessly answered the other, "only you
seem to have all the work to do." I was much amused then and I am now whenever I hear or read about anyone praising
themselves. I always hear the words, "Is your trumpeter dead, that you have to-do all the work?" But of course, I know all the time that these are some of the boys from which has come such a noble
army of the bravest and best to help the army of the bravest and best to help the
Mother Country in her need, and we in England love and honor need and we it. We know it's our best who emigrate and our
gratitude will be undying to theni for gratitude will be undying to theni for
all their'sacrifices. I would love to corall their sacrifices. I would love to cor
respond with some of your readers but I know I am outside your ken, not having entered the promised, land yet,
but I wish you every success with the but I wish you every success with the
W.H.M. and I only trust I may have the privilege of reading for many years its valuable pages, for since I have been in my position here, as the assistant matroń,
it has cheered me up even more than it it has cheered me up even more than it
did at home, where, since mother died nearly six years ago, and for two years nearore that, I tried to fill her place (be-
cause the last two years of her life she cause the last two years of her life she
was a great sufferer). Now the younger was a great sufferer). Now the younger
ones have grown up and a younger sister


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\section*{CURLY HAIR \\  Nwaz? and ze tat say
 rumid imat weite wime \\ D. BERMAN, \({ }^{605} \frac{\text { MAIN STREET }}{\text { WINIPEG }}\) Issuer of Marriage Licenses and Wedding Rings}
overalls, I do not "think it any disgrace. I hink any one should look down on the armer. What would the cities do for lour and many other things that a person as to buy to live in town, if there were no My opinion is they can't do without the farmer boys' help, no matter what they say. We used to live in town, and my parents wouldn't think of leaving the
farm life for town again. I think some bachelors can keep house and bake as good as women. Of course there are a good many who do not care how their house looks, but all women are not clean
housekeepers either, though I think every one should try and keep a nice place, whether it is a bachelor or not. We have ots of neighbors now. Our chief amuseparties. I love reading of all kinds, wild and western stories best. I think it would teach Mr. M. a lesson if Miss M.
were to marry someone else as "Criss were to marry someone else as "Criss Cross" says. Well, I must stop, or the wish to. I would like to correspond with some of the readers if they will write Wirst. My address is with the Editor. wishing the w.H.M. a long success and
hoping to see my letter in print.-Western
Maiden.

\section*{High Ideals}

Dear Editor:-I Mave just finished reading the letters in the correspondence column of the July issue of the W.H.M. ourse there are some which are a little it too foolish. Such as those who give descriptions of themselves. As far as I
am concerned, I do not care what their looks are, if they are ladies and gentlemen. A pretty face will not add much o a girl's popularity if there is not somehing behind it. It will for a time, but fascinating manner, and a weak, shallow mind, or a flirt. But you girls who are pretty dind. I also think that a beautiful e all like beauty, and if she along with her beauty has goodness, and an inclinaion to that which is high and noble, her nfluence will do much good to those In the June issue I very much enjoyed Homesteader's" letter, and, although am not a man or, as yet, old enough to be an old maid, I can realize how hard it must be to do your own work outside,
then come in and do your house work. But now that you have such a good start, do not give up. Luck will come your way. As you said, homesteaders do not get the credit that is coming to them.
Most of us can praise the soldiers who Most of us can praise the soldiers. Who
go and fight for us, but no word for the men who work from morning till night I like to "see the kind of spirit that is why he is getting along so well.
I wonder if "Straight to the Mark" ever was really in love. It is all right to say what you would do until you came to
do it. Then perhaps you would shake in your shoes too. He was perfectly right
though, in saying what he did to "Morganrodnaden." When a man has been going with a girl as long as that surely he knows
whether she would be likely to accept How do re any of you feel about prohibition? was just the finest thing that could have happened to Alberta. They have a subcent beer. I think they will have to be areful or that beer will get strong The several W.C.T.U. Unions are not
working as hard as they did before they got prohibition. Ours is going in work. I am sure we quor out as we did to get it out. Karding the tobacco habit in said remins. I am very much opposed to it mself, but it is perhaps not as bad as good many other things. The men say
gives them such comfort, when they Me in after work, to sit down and have
quiet smoke. It would not be so bad it were not cigarettes. Why do they hen they know they do them so much
them. They will always say they do not not had much chance to develop mytalent. sible and sociable" that he had met tor will think I have written too much I agree with "Mere Bachelor" in his Well, perhaps that is so but then maybe I thank him for the space. Any cor- he is a little inclined to judge all western enough. For my part, although I lam a Editor.-Farmer's Girl. Address with the girls by one or two of his acquaintance. girl, I think there are some very nice

In Defence of Canadian Girl

\section*{Dear Editor:- Manitoba, Aug 2, '16} Dear Editor:-Can you spare room for another correspondent? My brother has I have been an interested reader of it, especially the "correspondence column" and have at last, gained courage to con tribute my "say" about matters of dis lieve in giving descriptions of oneself I
will only say I am fond of reading skating will only say I am fond of reading, skating
and dancing, also music, although I have
 per hand. In this way grip, pneumonia, consumption and other germ seases get a foothold on the aystem almost before you know it. Anaemia or poverty of the blood makes iteelt known by pallor of the gums, lipp and inaide of the eyelids, you feel weak and languid, the heart's action weakens, you are eanily tired out and and yourself ahort of breath.

The blood is thin and watery, and is lacking in the red corpuacles which represent the nutritious element of the blood. Because Dr. Chase's Nerve Food increases the number of red corpuscles and thereby enriches the blood, it is the mosit effective means avallable of curing anaemia and fortifying the system against the atteck of diseace.

On account of the weakened condition of the blood from anaemia, ere is always danger of developing Dropey or Pernicious Aneemia, rom which there is small chance of recovery

With the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Foed to build up the richness of the blood, the color is soon restored to the pallid skin, and you find ourself gaining in health and strength. The heart's action is etrength-
oned and gradually the muscular weakness replaced by new vigor and energy.

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so many people are enthuciastic in its praies.
so cente ato hox, for fe. So, all dealors, or Edmancon,
 Dr.Chase's Nerve Food


The Western home monthly

\section*{What the World is Saying}

\section*{The Kaiser's Blasphemy}

After all, though, the hardest thing to stomach
about the Kaiser is his blasphemy

\section*{He Realizes His Mistake Now}

The "ridiculous little army", of the British seems
be giving the Kaiser much food for thought for the to be giving the Kaiser much food for thought for the

\section*{To Make Belgium Clean}

Belgium is expecting soon to be free of the Germans. The first thing to do will be to disinfect the whole
country.-Montreal Mail.

The Truth Penetrating Into Germany
There must be misgiving in Germany to-day, and
the truth should be beginning to penetrate into the mind of the masses.-Manchester Guardian.

\section*{Germany's "Holy Willie"}

Burn' Holy Willie, as a specimen of the sanctimonious hypocrite, has nothing on Germany's Holy

\section*{Quite \(\mathbf{S o}^{\circ}\)}

Germany's enemies seem to be waxing stronger in those qualities of ignorance and bad taste which London Chronicle.

\section*{Great Britain's War Expenditure}

Thirteen billions of dollars is the amount Britain whe sum is incomprehensibly great, and so is the war. -Kingston Whig.

\section*{A Good Crop the Best Advertisement}

Hudson Bay Company's land sales for the second quarter of 1916 were five times as great as in the corland seller.-Toronto News.

\section*{Hun "Economic" Methods}

The German governor-general of Belgium writes rom a big economic distress." Other murder have done the same thing for their victims, but the seldom boasted about it.-Kincardine Review.

\section*{Germany and the Hohenzollern Dynasty}

Those German soldiers who surrendered on the
western front because they would be more valuable to Germany alive than dead seem to have forgotte all about the interests of the Hohenzollern dynasty.-

There Must Be No Second "Book of Hell"
If it takes us another year, or two years, to com-
plete the work, we shall yot like it but plete the work, we shall not like it, but we-France,
Russia, Britain, Italy, Belgium and Serbia-shall conRussia, Britain, Italy, Belgium and Serbia-shall con-
tinue the work. The Germans have issued a Book tinue the work. The Germans have issued a Book
of Hell, of which there must be no second edition.London Spectator.

The Dominion's National Debt is held in Canada's funded national debt only \(\$ 97,000,000\) is held in Canada, while London holds \(\$ 362,700,000\) after should be domestic rather than foreign or ex-ternal.-Brantford Expositor.

A Bomb-Throwing "Pacifist"
"That San Francisco pacifist who hurled a bomb at a "preparedness" parade and killed several of the
marchers was hardly consistent. He was better premarchers was hardly consistent. He was. better pre-
pared for attack than his victims were for defence. pared for attack

\section*{Retribution}

Added to her other difficulties, Germany is confronted with a shortage in the potato crop, according to AmGermany and Austria-Hungary might have been lieved from the fertile plains of Armenia if the indus trious people who cultivated them had not been massa

The Pligh
The Central Pht of the Central Powers with no prospect of getting out of that defensive, state. Their final effort may be most formidable tremendously to secure victory, but there themselve doubt as to the issue when it cefnes. -Edinburgh
Scotsman.

The German-American Press
As an attentive reader of the German-American
press for many weeks, The World finds that it is everywhere strongly marked by certain common characteristics. By accident or otherwise, there foreignlanguage newspapers, whether published in New York,
Pittsburg, Baltimore, Cleveland, Milwaukee Chic St. Louris or Detroit, reflect the same views and eago, sometimes print identical articles on topirs of the
day.-New York World.

\section*{The Objects of the War}

The younger countries came in voluntarily and
they expect some results from the blood they have they expect some results from the blood they have
shed. They expect to see domer and they expect to see the Armed Man established, and they expect to see the Armed Man of Europe
dethroned from his divine-right pedestal and Germany take her place among the free peoples of Europe. If the war ends in anything short of that, the people of
Canada and Austratia will feel that they Canada and Australia will feel that they have fough
in vain.-Melbourne (Australia). Argus.

\section*{German Scheming}

The German is like the serpent, more subtle than
all the beasts of the field. The war has now reached all the beasts of the field! The war has now reached
a stage at which he knows that in the contest of arms
he is already hopelessly he is already hopelessly beaten. Constitutionally he
hates peace like poison Cout never did a peacemaker hates peace like poison, but never did a peacemaker
long so earnestly for peace as does the amiable Teuton to-day. The problem with him now is how to make the west possible terms with his victorious enemies,
and with that in view he is resorting desperately to all kinds of psychological influences.-Ottawa Free Press.

\section*{Unknown Men of Great Powers}

There are many Lloyd Georges in the world. Unknown, their feet enter the quiet paths in the deep
forest of obscurity. We all know or knew some blacksmith at his forge who is a philosopher; we have met men who have the keenest perception in the transaction of their wee, small affairs. Would they not adapt this ability to the large-scale task? Certainly
brains are not necessarily handed out with silver bpoons.-Guelph nersald.

\section*{What Must Be Done}

We shall not dictate peace terms which will lead of the destruction of the German people or any part
of them, or to any annexations of true German provinces; but we shali, as far as lies in our power, see to it that such a structure of government as that represented by militarist Germany is an impossibility for
the future.-Glasgow Herald.

\section*{The People of France}

The agriculture of France has been carried on by the women, assisted by the old men and the children, and if the intensive cultivation goes on up to the very and untiring hands, assisted by mere schoolboys. When the French roll of honor is complete there will
be room upon it for these humber millins be room upon it for these humbler millions who,
though not on the firing line, have done their full part. -London Truth.

\section*{Switzerland Prepared}

President Coppet, of Switzerland, declares that the country is prepared to resist with all the forces at its command any invasion of territory by troops of the
belligerents. As the army has been virtualy service since the war began, it is quite likely that the show of force will continue to command respect. The old republic, surrounded on every side by warring nations, is a veritable oasis of peace.-Toronto Mail and

An Editorial Confession
The Orillia Packet, apropos of a recent discussion before the Canadian Press Association, says: "What
the editorial page of Candian the editorial page of Canadian papers needs to-day
most of all is less perfunctory writing and more writing most of all is less perfunctory writing and more writing, Amen, brother. We are all guilty, more or conscess. of Amen, brother. We are all guilty, more or less, of Examiner

\section*{The Crown of Albania}

Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown, neverthe-
less when a throne is vacant there are num less when a throne is vacant there are numerous The throne of Albania is surely a rocky seat position pretenders are seeking to occupy it, including Prince William of Wied, who a couple of years ago was put in the place by the European diplomats and later on The aspirants in the present instance must him at all eous as well as ambitious.-Montreal Gazette.

Deserves a Monument for His Meanness The champion mean man has been discovered in
Pennsylvania. His wife, who took in washing to Pennsylvania. His wife, who took in washing to keep death handed the amount to a neighbor to pay for memorial stone. The husband, John Coleman, was so incensed at not getting the cash, that he went to The cemetery and smashed the memorial to pieces The punishment of such a brute ought to include so
thing ",slow and lingering." -St. Thomas Times.

The Verdict Against Germany The moral judgments of the world have stood firm. stantly and sensitively as it did in those forst day inAugust, 1914 , to the challenge made to it hy those
who took the first step in the war who took the first steps in the war, and especially by
the deliberate outrage inflicted upon Belgium. Ender the reproach of that shameless deed, Germany con-
tinues to suffer, and will to the end of the war, tinues to sulfer, and will to the end of the ware, no
matter how long it lasts. -boston Transcript.

The Antithesis of Christianity
If there is one thing more certain than another in
the crisis in which we find ourselves, it is that Prussian the crisis in which we find ourselves, it is that Prussian militarism, against which we are fighting with al our might, is the direct antithesis of Christian ideas which erects political ambition into a sort of ethical law, overriding all the ordinary notions of humanity and loving kindness. If the German is a superman he is also anti-Christian. The god of Prussia is a Moloch,
a god of pillage, barbarism and blood.-Galt Reporter

\section*{What The War Has Taugh}

The war has forced us into a greater simplicity of
living and even if a reaction from strain to levity living, and even if a reaction from strain to levity
should follow, will at any rate have taught us that there are many things that we thought indispensable which we can very well do without. We shall never return to the status quo ante bellum. The
competitive racket and rush of life threatened to drive the world mad. It gasps with relief to find itself delivered from itself. The hope dawns of a return to simplicity. And we have begun by eating and drink-
ing less.-London Daily Mail.

\section*{What Germany Must Be Taught}

Germany's crimes have to be punished; her victims potent to repeat her career of land be rendered impotent to repeat her career of land and sea piracy.
Until those aims have been secured, we shall not tol erate the idea of peace, and no Government that
flirted with it could exist for a single day Germany flirted with it could exist for a single day. Germany, as we have said, will not believe these intimations just now - But it will penetrate her imprisoned intelligence
by degrees that such and no other is the significance of exertions remorselessly rising, instead of falling, in intensity.-Pall Mall Gazette.

A Smooth Expounder of Kultur
In a smooth, cunningly written article contributed
to the New York Times, Professor Hugo Muenster o the New York Times, Professor Hugo MuensterStates, advocates a triple alliance of Kultur in the States, advocates a triple alliance of Germany, the
United States and Britain. Such an alliance he professes to think, would ensure the peace of the world better than could any "league to enforce peace." But even the professor is not quite cunning enough to betray his real motive. He suggests that in order
to prepare the way for the alliance President Wilson to prepare the way for the alliance President Wilson
should get busy as soon as possible and use all his influence to bring about an early peace.-Toronto Star

German Missionaries Political Agents S. M. Mitra, a Hindu writer, who has been reading some of the horrible war utterances from German
pulpits, writes to the London Outlook to express his pulpits, writes to the London Outlook to express his
detestation of the spirit shown in them. They have convinced him that the German brand of Christianity ought to be barred from India, his native land, and he earnestly urges that all German missionaries be expelled from that country and forbidden to enter it
in future. "Are not Hindu parents entitled to proIn future. "Are not Hindu parents entitled to pro-
tection for their children," he asks, "against such mischievous teaching masquerading as Christianity?" There is another good reason why Mr. Mitra's suggestion is that heeding: the war has revealed the -Toronto Telegram.

\section*{German "Organization'}

Organization and the mechanical uniformity have gone far in actual warfare, but in applying the pressure of organization as the governing law in relation to a
starvation diet-or, in the picturesque words of Dutchstarvation diet-or, in the picturesque words of Dutch-
men who have just found Germany a nice place to escape from, in the conduct of "the most brilliantlyorganized famine that ever was," there is a serious danger that the ultimate result may be failure, not,
of course, through any fault in the machinery of the of course, through any fault in the machinery of the
organization or through any short-coming on the part of the organization experts, but just simply the par human limitations. Even Prustians are men, and not
gods or machines. -Brockville Times.

Civic Government in Germany
During our investigation in Germany we came upon be intolerable in a Canadian community which would practised by officials who, instead of being efficient as the advocates of system, maintain, would not hold would suggest to those who are in love with the muchvaunted German system of municipal government,
to find out the real facts, not from the published re-
 own, he fron the people themselves in their own soon dispel the idea of German efficiency in civic
affair. On paper, the German system of municipal
goternment is


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