

The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVII, No. 7.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, August 1, 1916.

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Cannot Be Beaten!

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Lowest Prices for June
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latest models in these modern means of
travel see our display of wheels with the
very latest improvements. You ought
to have one either for business or plea-
sure. The cost is no barrier. Our
prices will surely prove that.

R. W. GORDON,
Opposite Town Hall. Bridge Street

TO ADVERTISERS.

As Monday next will be Civic
Holiday, all advertisers requiring
changes next week must have their
copy in by Friday afternoon of this
week or earlier if possible. Give
the printers a chance to prepare for
the day off.

The Misses McGibbon, of Eganville,
are visiting friends here at present.

Miss Mary Dixon, of Toronto, is the
guest of her aunt, Mrs. Willard Knox.
Sunday is said to have been the
hottest day this summer—in this
vicinity at least.

The regular monthly meeting of the
Women's Institute will be held on
Saturday, August 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Foy, of Hamilton,
have been spending a few days with
Mrs. J. R. Galvin, Lake Avenue.

Mr. John H. Dolan, of Oshawa, is
holidaying here at the homestead, hav-
ing motored down from Oshawa.

Mrs. R. H. Cram, Miss Cram and Mr.
Haldane Cram, of Ottawa, were week-
end visitors to the old home at Glen
Isle.

STAR SPECIAL—Mary Pickford in "A Girl of
Yesterday," Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Cowan, formerly on the staff of
the high school here, is spending some
of her vacation in Carleton Place, the
guest of Miss Ewing.

Resorters along the Rideau have
come in contact with a new fly with
a wonderful stinger. He is being
named after the Lewis machine gun.

Mr. J. Cumming, Miss Myrtle Mc-
Fadden and Mrs. P. Gillespie and two
children motored from Ottawa on Wed-
nesday last and spent a few days with
friends hereabouts.

Mrs. John C. Rich, of Watertown,
N.Y. (nee Maggie Kirkwood) accom-
panied by her youngest son, Kenneth,
spent a few days in Carleton Place last
week, after an absence of 23 years.

The Canoe Club promise a fine after-
noon's sport on the water next Monday
afternoon. The proceeds are to be de-
voted to the purchase of a cot or cots for
the Duchess of Connaught hospital at
Cliveden, Eng.

Rev. Wm. Moore, of Corunna, near
Sarnia, is spending a few holidays here
with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo.
Moore. Mrs. Moore was detained in
Kingston through illness of relatives and
could not accompany her husband here.

Mr. John Warren, of Toronto, is
spending a day or two with his mother
here, en route from the Queen City to
Montreal via the St. Lawrence, upon
the banks of which he spent many
summers whilst located at Morrisburg.
John looks well, and is carrying his
years with the best of us.

The new August Columbia Records
go on sale this week. Call in and hear
them whether you buy or not.
W. H. ALLEN, Local Dealer.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office: - Ottawa, Canada.

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Summer Hints.

The following suggestions from the
Commission on Conservation are worth
remembering:

Don't throw away lighted matches,
cigars or cigarettes.

Don't use an open light when looking
for escaping gas.

Watch the bon-fire and be sure it is
out before you leave it.

Don't permit rubbish, paper or greasy
rags to accumulate.

Don't fill an oil or gasoline stove after
dark, nor do so while the stove is light-
ed, as the flame might set fire to the
vapour in the air, causing an explosion.

Auto Fatality Near Maitland.

Lincoln R. Wetherell, a Brockville
barber, was instantly killed on Saturday
morning near Maitland by the over-
turning of a car in which he and two
others were riding. Ernest Shannon,
owner of the car, and driver, was injured
in the hand, whilst J. C. Davidson, the
third occupant, escaped uninjured. On
returning from Prescott the left hind
wheel appeared to lock. A stop was
made and water poured on the wheel.
The wheel did not work right, but the
car proceeded. At the point mentioned
the wheel again seized and the car went
off the road and turned completely over
into a ditch four and a half feet below
the roadway. Mr. Wetherell was caught
under a wheel across the back lying face
downwards, his head being in a pool of
water. He died instantly. An inquest
will be held.

Mrs. J. C. Jeffrey arrived home last
week from her western trip.

Rev. S. B. Phillips has returned from
his visit to friends in the States.

Miss Kate McNab is spending a few
holidays with friends in Ottawa.

Rev. Mr. Monds and family have left
for a month's holidays in the vicinity of
Toronto.

Mr. A. R. Warner has come to take
charge of the mechanical department in
the Bates & Innes mills.

Mrs. Helen McEwen and Miss Mc-
Ewen, of Toronto, have been visiting
with friends in Carleton Place.

"A Million Stars" is the title of a big five-act
vignette masterpiece to be shown at the Star
Theatre, Monday and Tuesday, Aug. 7 and 8.

Mrs. J. W. Cram, of Regina, is spend-
ing a few weeks here with her mother,
Mrs. W. McEwen, Frank street.

Mrs. Jas. Robertson and daughter,
Dorothy, of Calgary, Alta., are visiting
the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milli-
kin, for a couple of months.

Mr. John McDiarmid, 9th con., Beck-
with, had two valuable cows killed by
lightning last Wednesday afternoon,
when the electric storm passed over this
section.

Miss Gladys Burgess, of Ottawa, who
is visiting her aunt, Mrs. S. A. Torrance,
leaves to-morrow for Joliette, Que.,
where she will spend a few holidays
with friends.

Faber & Co. require a Saleslady for Ready-to-
wear Store—one with book-keeping experience
preferred.

The local representatives to the Su-
preme Grand Orange Lodge meeting in
Toronto, held last week, have mostly
returned, having had a very pleasant
time notwithstanding the high tempera-
ture. Delegates were present from
coast to coast, and the reports presented
were most encouraging. Financially
and otherwise the Order is progressing.

One grand lodge and 24 primary lodges
added last year. Mrs. J. B. Morphy, of
Carleton Place, had the honor of being
elected Grand Chaplain of the L.B.A.
of British America, and Mr. T. W. Gold,
of town, was chosen 1st Rep. of the
Ladies' Lodge to the Supreme Grand
Lodge of British America.

Farmer Burned Out.

Mr. Wm. Purdy, of the 3rd Con.
Ramsay, had his home burned last Fri-
day morning with most of the contents.
The fire originated upstairs in the early
morning, supposed to have been from
the fire. Much sympathy is expressed
for the family in their loss.

Fire at Prospect.

During the electric storm last Wed-
nesday afternoon Mr. John H. Saunders,
of Prospect, had his barn fired by
lightning, completely destroying it with
stable adjoining, twenty tons of hay and
38 sheep and lambs. The loss is quite
a heavy one, and much sympathy is
expressed for the owner, who has sick-
ness in his family recently as well.
There was no insurance on the property.

London Times Overseas Tobacco Fund.

The Union Bank of Canada begs to
acknowledge the following contributions to
the London Times Overseas Tobacco
Fund: Colin McIntosh, \$2.00; Mrs.
Jessie McDonald, \$1.00; J. A. Dack,
Arthur Cram, Fred Cram, 50c each;
Dr. D. H. McIntosh, Mrs. D. H. Mc-
Intosh, F. C. McDiarmid, R. D. Car-
michael, Miss Jessie McGregor, Fred
Morris, D. B. Oliver, Mrs. Thos. Stewart,
Jas. E. Bennett, Miss Natalie Mc-
Diarmid, Miss Francis McDiarmid, Miss
Jane McDiarmid, Donald McDiarmid,
Miss J. McCallum, Miss V. P. Wilson,
Mrs. Wm. McDiarmid, 25c each;
total, \$8.50. Previously acknowledged,
\$137.50.

Fire in Bathurst.

The home of Mr. Wm. Lee, fourth
line of Bathurst, was totally des-
troyed by fire which broke out about
eleven o'clock Monday morning.
Mr. Lee was working at the hay and
there was no one in the building at the
time. Mrs. Lee was helping her
husband in the field, and left the child-
ren at the house playing. When Mr.
and Mrs. Lee returned to the barn with
a load, the children were there, but they
had no knowledge that anything
was wrong at the house till a neighbor's
daughter came over and told them.
Neighbors responded quickly to the
fire alarm which was spread rapidly by
telephone, and some motored out from
Perth. A strenuous effort was made to
save the house and its contents, but
everything was a complete loss.
There was an insurance of \$550 on
the house and contents. About ten
years ago, Mr. Lee suffered a similar
loss by fire.—Perth Expositor.

The camping season will soon be
here and to complete the pleasure of
outdoor life you need some music.
Why not take along a small Columbia
Gramophone. Nothing adds more to the
camping enjoyment than one of
these machines. Drop in and see the
Eclipse at 833. Mahogany case, a most
convenient size.
W. H. ALLEN, Local Dealer.

Smiths Falls Man Found.

The body of the soldier taken from
the river at Ottawa and buried there
recently was exhumed last Wednesday
and identified as Louis A. Currier of
Smiths Falls. Mr. Currier went from
Smiths Falls to Ottawa several months
ago and enlisted with the 77th battalion.
About the first of April he disappeared
and no trace of him could be found
until the body of a soldier was found
floating in the Ottawa river. Remnants
of the 77th battalion uniform were
still about the body, but it was so badly
decomposed that it was buried at once
without being identified. Mrs. Currier,
the wife of the missing man, thought it
might be her husband and asked that
the body be exhumed so that she
might know. After some delay her
request was granted, and positive identi-
fication was made by a mole on the back
of his neck. The dead man was a son of
Mrs. Louis Currier, and was 38 years
of age. He was a moulder and used to
work in the shops of the Malleable
Castings Co. Some time ago he moved
to Ottawa and enlisted there. His wife
was a Miss Lucas, daughter of David
Lucas, and is left a widow with four
young children.

THANKS THE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE.

In the Field, July 11, 1916.
Secretary of the Women's Institute,
Carleton Place, Ont.

Dear Madam,—I take the pleasure of
writing you a few lines thanking you
and all the kind thoughtful members of
the Institute for the many parcels of
good things and comforts received from
them. It is indeed gratifying to us
boys out here to know we are always
thought of by the members of your
Institution. It gladdens our hearts in
the time of danger and trouble and
want, not that we are in the least bit in
want of food, for we are looked after
splendidly, but we all like to get parcels
from home, more so from the ladies.
I regret to say up to the time of writing
this letter one of our Carleton Place
boys have fallen, Pte. Sid Hamilton.
He was in my section, No. 12 of 2 Coy.,
21st Batt. He died game. He was
always smiling and joking with one or
another of us. Poor Sid, I feel his loss
very much. We slept together all the
time during our training in England. I
also regret to say that our Company
O.C. has been wounded, Capt. T. R.
Caldwell. Well, dear secretary, I will
have to close for now, again thanking
you one and all for your kindness and
wishing you all the best of luck, and
hoping to see you all again soon.
Believe me

Yours very truly,
FRANK R. TEALE,
21st Batt., 4th Brigade.

The International Nickel Company
of Canada has been incorporated with
a capital of five million dollars. The
head office is at Toronto, and the plant
at Sudbury.

More than fifty towns and villages in
Massachusetts and New York, ranging
in population from 4,000 to 10,000,
have been suggested as possible places
for an experiment to be conducted by
the National Association for the Study
and Prevention of Tuberculosis at an
estimated cost of \$100,000.

We Sell Everything that
Men and Boys Wear.

STRAW HAT SALE

Good-bye to our Straw
Hats! Out they go!
There's no use in wear-
ing an old Straw Hat,
when a fine New One
costs so very little.

Plenty of time yet in
which to wear them but
our time for selling them
is growing short, so

Out They Must go.

All this season's Latest
and Best Styles, in Sailor
Style and Imitation Pan-
ama, priced up to \$1.75
are on sale and you may
have

Your Choice for \$1.00

Don't you want one?
Make up your mind quickly
or they will all be gone.

F. C. McDIARMID

Phone 143.

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Lime Fruit Juice

Is pure wholesome and
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Per Bottle 45c

Rose's Lime Juice,
Per Bottle 10c

Welch's Grape Juice,
Per Bottle 25c

Raspberry Vinegar,
Black Cherry Wine,
Grape Wine, etc.,
Per Bottle 25c

LEMONS and ORANGES

T. STEVENS

Phone 121.

HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

HIS MOTHER.

Captain Jack Crawford, the poet, says the following eloquent tribute to his mother: "I had a Christian mother, my earliest recollections of whom was kneeling at her side praying God to save a wayward father and husband. That mother taught me to speak the truth when a child, and I have tried to follow her early teachings in that respect. It would require a much larger book than this to tell the story of my life and the sufferings of one of God's good angels, my mother. To her I owe everything—truth, honor, sobriety, and my very life. Her spirit seems to linger near me always; she has been my guardian angel. In the camp, the cabin, the field and the hospital, on the lonely trail hundreds of miles from civilization, in the pine-clad hills and lonely canyons, I have heard in the moaning night winds and in the murmuring streamlets, The voice of my angel mother whispering soft and low.

"And these sacred thoughts have made me forget at times that there was danger in my pathway. Nor will I ever forget

"The day that we parted, mother and I, Never on earth to meet again; She to a happier home on high, I a poor wanderer on the plain.

"That day was perhaps the greatest epoch in my life. Kneeling by her bedside, with one hand clasped in mine, the other resting on my head, she whispered, 'My boy, you know your mother loves you. Will you give me a promise that I may take it up to heaven?' 'Yes, yes, mother, I will promise you anything.' 'Johnny, my son, I am dying,' said she; 'promise me that you will never drink intoxicants, and then it will not be so hard to leave this world.' Dear reader, I tell you that I promised 'yes'; and whenever I am asked to drink, that scene comes up before me and I am safe."

Hereafter all the guest rooms of the Galesburg, Ill., hotels and boarding houses will be provided with Bibles, and people that occupy these rooms will have on the table a silent reminder of the way they should go. Even the presence of such a book has an influence and gives character to a room. The work of placing copies of the scriptures in hotels has spread throughout the country as a result of the activities of the Sons of Gideon, an organization of traveling men that is doing a good work among the members of the knights of the grip.

Did you ever stop to think that it was one thing to talk about people and another thing to have people talk about you. If those of us who use our tongue a little too freely about our neighbors would stop and reflect about the matter and know the great evil that

RED CROSS NEWS.

25,000 pairs of socks were sent out in one day from the Canadian Red Cross Depot at Boulogne.

The Red Cross Prisoners of War Bureau at Bern, Switzerland, sends weekly parcels to over fourteen thousand prisoners. Each individual parcel contains four pounds of bread.

In the big Canadian hospital at Treport, France, where treatment has been given to nearly 11,000 soldier patients, the death rate has been only three fifths of one per cent.

Since the first of the year 75 new branches of the Red Cross have been formed in Canada, 37 of which were in Saskatchewan.

The Kings' Life Convalescent Home for Canadian nurses has recently been opened near Margate, England. There are 780 Canadian nurses in the various Canadian Hospitals in England and France.

The St. Dunstan's Red Cross Hospital for blinded soldiers has now 150 patients.

The Canadian Red Cross recently contributed a thousand cases of supplies to the Russian Red Cross.

At each of the Canadian Hospitals in France a Recreation Hut has been erected by the Red Cross to provide entertainment for convalescents.

The Canadian Red Cross Society requests all workers to make no more surgical pads, compresses, or wipes, or roller bandages, until further notice. Col. Hoggets, the Commissioner Overseas, and Col. Noel Marshall, the Chairman of the Central Executive, who have together made a recent tour of inspection in England and France, announce that for the present the Red Cross have a sufficient supply of the above mentioned articles. Workers are requested to continue making socks, shirts, pyjamas, dressing gowns, housewives, kitbags and comfort bags.

Good Material Wasted.

Travelling in the mountains, a man stopped at a cabin and asked for a drink of water. An old woman brought it to him, and after drinking he had quite a talk with her, telling her about some of the wonders he had seen in the outside world.

When he finally stopped to take breath, the old woman took the pipe out of her mouth and said: "Stranger, if I knowed as much as you do, I'd go somewhere an' start a little grocery."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

comes from too much talk and tattling, we are sure we would call a halt and gossip no more forever.

The fact is much to be deplored that with most boys and girls the boy who spends the greatest amount of money for them, in furnishing them entertainment, is the boy most admired and coveted. But, oh, what becomes of him when his money plays out? He plays out too. Consequently, to keep his footing, he stifles his conscience and robs his employer, commits some other theft, or gambles, in order to keep in the swim. This state of affairs is applicable to men and women in society. Many dark deeds are committed through a desire to supply the demands of worldly-minded wives and daughters. And again an honorable man, rather than sell his principles of integrity or meet the taunts and upbraidings at home, when he fails to supply their demands, prefers to send his soul to eternal death and thereby rid his physical self of life's burdens.

Do any of us know the power of influence? Give a child his first years in a loving Christian home, a good, noble mother, a consecrated, loving father, all harmoniously working together for the good of all mankind; that home may be humble, but home in the truest sense of the word. And after years may bring temptations and trials and cares, but the influence of that home can never be blotted out nor its powers for good ever overestimated. Surely environment is stronger than education. First influences will last until life itself is gone. If our influence counts for so much ought we to ever grow weary striving to make that influence strong for good? But how soon when we have made good resolutions and promised to be more thoughtful and kind, do we fall back into the old listlessness and let opportunities for good pass by, that would make us rich with their blessings.

No matter how small a sin is, examine its tracks and you will find that they point straight toward the pit.

Suppose you are given to the habit of profanity. You enter into conversation with a man who never swears, or in other words a gentleman. By and by you begin to see that he is the superior man. Your own remarks have a tame, flat, feeble sound to your ears. Your cheeks begin to burn with a sense of your friend's excellence. Your pert little drama sounds coarse and drop out of your sentences, ashamed to remain in the company of good, honest, English words, until you discover that you are carrying on your part of the conversation without swearing you feel easier, your intellectual stature increases by a foot.

New Inventions.

The following Canadian and American patents have been recently secured through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, Montreal and Washington: Canada—Marc Birckigt, Bois-Colombes; Seine, France, Valve gear; Edgar Courteau, Montreal, Display stand; G. A. Betulander & N. G. Palmgren, Sodertorns Villastad, Sweden, Automatic telephone exchange system; Gotthilf A. Betulander, Sodertorns Villastad, Sweden, Impulse transmitter for automatic telephone system; Hyam Goldstein, Johannesburg, Transvaal, Fuel for internal combustion engines; Louis A. Morissette, St. Boniface, Man., Plow, United States—Charles E. Lee, Franklin, Man., Nat. lock; Lucien Poulin, Clarkdale, Ariz., U.S.A., Washing machine; Joseph Jalbert, St. Faghton, Ont., Locking seal.

About Butter Wrappers.

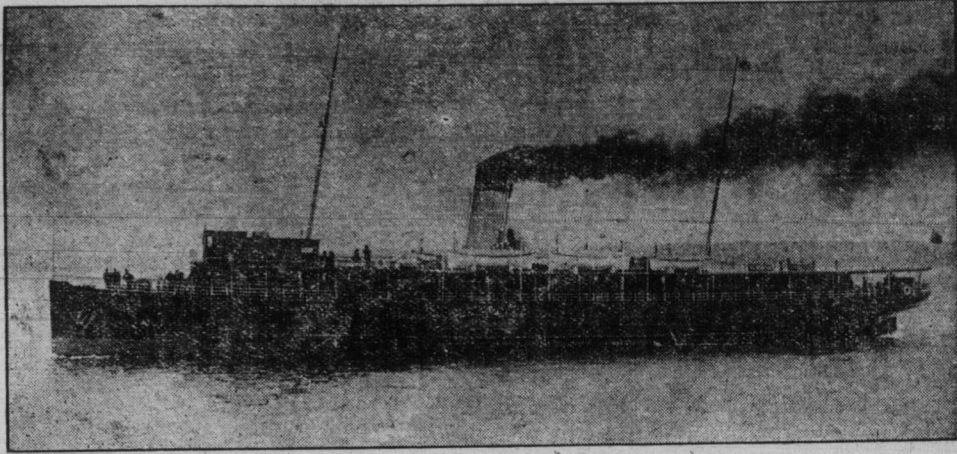
On Tuesday of last week a government inspector paid Grand Valley merchants a surprise visit and found quite a lot of butter in pound prints not conforming to the legal requirements. Some was light weight, and some in plain wrappers. Boxes of dairy butter fresh from the makers did not have the necessary mark. There was a little uneasiness as to what might happen, but as this was the inspector's first visit and the victims of an indifferent people, the incident may be taken as a warning. The Dairy Industry Act of 1914 provides that pound print butter must be full weight, and marked whether dairy or creamery. Boxes must also be similarly distinguished. A merchant is not permitted to accept any butter in pound prints that are short weight, but is to return it to the vendor. So when you next bring your butter to market be sure it is full weight, and in properly marked wrappers or boxes. The use of plain wrappers for any purpose, even to deliver to regular customers, is not permitted. The penalty to both purchaser and vendor for infractions of the act is a fine of not less than \$10 and not more than \$50.—Streetville Review.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat announced an increase in its price from one to two cents.

"Now the boy I want in this office must be honest, bright, clean and healthy. Have you any perspicacity?" "Oh, no, sir, I never had anything but whooping cough and mumps."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

S.S. Empress for Bay Route.



THE C. P. R. steamer Empress recently took the place of the S.S. Yarmouth between St. John, N.B., and Digby. The Empress is an ideal passenger and freight boat. She has all the accommodations of an Atlantic liner and the fittings hardly can be surpassed for convenience. Her staterooms are large and well furnished with all that is necessary, while her saloon is very commodious and occupies mostly the length of the ship. Like the stateroom the saloon is furnished and upholstered in plush, while the chairs are roomy and comfortable. To the person travelling for pleasure or business the main thing is comfortable accommodation and no better can be found on many a larger steamship than the Empress possesses. The ship also possesses a post office where letters, etc., can be posted without looking up the purser.

Another feature is a covered observation look-out, situated at the stern of the steamer, where there are clear views all around, and also sheltered from rains and high winds. In fact, the Empress is fitted out with all necessities for the comfort of the traveller.

The Empress machinery is of the latest design, such as triple expansion engines and all other new devices in marine equipment. She was built at Newcastle-On-Tyne in 1906. She is an iron vessel of 1,342 tons gross and 612 registered. She is 235 feet in length, 34 breadth of beam and 20 feet in depth. Her engines are of 365 horse power. She was on the route between Shediac and Summerside for nine years.

AL MONTE.

From the Gazette
Mrs. Connell of Carleton Place, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. Playfair, returned home Saturday.

Mr. W. C. Pollock and his son, Mr. W. Pollock, have gone to visit friends at Winnipeg. They were accompanied by Miss Mary Wylie, who will go on to Indian Head, to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Geo. Wilson.

North Bay Despatch:—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McDougall and daughter Jean, and Miss Brown, of Carleton Place, left on Tuesday on an auto trip to Toronto. They intend visiting Camp Borden on their return trip.

A recruiting office for the 240th Batt., has been opened next to O. E. Henderson's book store. Recruiting officers are also busy signing up recruits for the 238th Forestry Batt. It is said quite a number have enlisted in the latter Batt.

Dr. Patterson and his daughters, Miss Patterson, of Perth, and Mrs. Dufresne, of Ottawa, returned last week from a 13,000-mile tour of North America, that included visits to Mexico, California, Salt Lake City, Seattle, Victoria, Skagway and the chief cities of Canada's western provinces, and occupied their time for about three months.

It was a great surprise to our townspeople on Wednesday morning, when it became known that Mr. Wm. Muir had answered the inevitable call the evening previous. He was taken suddenly ill Tuesday morning, passing away the same evening. The late Mr. Muir was born in Glasgow, Scotland, on May 29th, 1833, being eighty-three years old at time of his demise. He came to Canada in 1852, some years later going to the United States, and during the American Civil War, 1861-65, served with the Union forces. He returned to Canada in 1867, living in Annapolis for about fourteen years, and then taking up residence in Almonte, where he has since resided.

Wisdom Teeth.

The wisdom teeth are the two last molar teeth to grow. They come one on each side of the jaw and arrive somewhere between the ages of twenty and twenty-five years. The name is given them because it is supposed that when a person has developed physically and mentally to the point where he has secured these last two teeth he has also arrived at the age of discretion. It does not necessarily mean that one who has cut his wisdom teeth is wise, but that, having lived long enough to grow these, which complete the full set of teeth, the person has passed sufficient actual years that if he has done what he should to fit himself for life he should have come by that time at the age of discretion or wisdom. As a matter of fact, these teeth grow at about the same time in people whether they are wise or not.

Well Supplied.

An inveterate wit and punster asked the captain of a craft loaded with boards how he managed to get dinner on the passage. "Why," replied the skipper, "we always cook aboard."

"Cook a board, do you?" rejoined the wag. "Then I see you have been well provided with provisions this trip, at all events."—London Tit-Bits.

Goldfish.

It may not be generally known that there is cruelty in the keeping of goldfish. Half of such captives die from sheer want of rest. Fish have eyes so formed that they cannot endure the light. In a glass vessel they are in an entirely wrong place, as is evident from the way in which they dash about and go around and around until fairly worn out.

In the Making.

"I'll have you understand, sir," said the bustling little chap, "that I am a self-made man."

"All right, old man," said Jiggers. "Now, run along home and finish up the job, and then I'll talk to you."

Onto His Job.

An officer who wanted to test a new recruit, who had been put on sentry duty, went up to the man and demanded:

"Let me see your rifle."

The man immediately handed it over.

"Well," said the officer scornfully, "you're a nice soldier to give up your rifle when somebody asks for it. What are you going to do now?"

The sentry suddenly dived into his pocket and whipped out a huge clasp knife.

"Stab you to the heart if you don't gimme back my gun at once!" he shouted so ferociously that the officer hastily complied with the demand.

Preferred Silence.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered:

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

Then the victim explained that he wanted the job done in silence.

INSURANCE

Fire, Accident,
Sickness,
Plate Glass
Guarantee and
Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

THE BLESSING OF A HEALTHY BODY

Has Not Had An Hour's Sickness Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. MARRIOTT
73 Lees Ave., Ottawa, Ont.,
August 9th, 1915.

"I think it my duty to tell you what 'Fruit-a-tives' has done for me. Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having read of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising. During the 84 years past, I have taken them regularly and would not change for anything. I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives', and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain."

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

STAR CAFE

BELL'S BLOCK. BRIDGE STREET.

When in town come to the Star Cafe for a Clean, Wholesome Lunch.

COOL and ROOMY DINING-HALL.

Special Noonday Lunch,
only 35 cts.

ICE CREAM, SOFT DRINKS and FRUIT.

Prompt Service at All Hours.

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We are in a position to supply every known need in Counter Check Books. This is a convenience many of our business people should appreciate. Samples of any style you want.

The Herald Office

THE NEW PERFECTION OIL SUPPLY SYSTEM INSURES A STEADY EVEN FLAME

This flame is the secret of the popularity of the New Perfection. As quickly and as easily regulated as gas, it insures perfect heat for any cooking.

It can't creep up or down—it stays just where you put it. It won't smoke or smell.

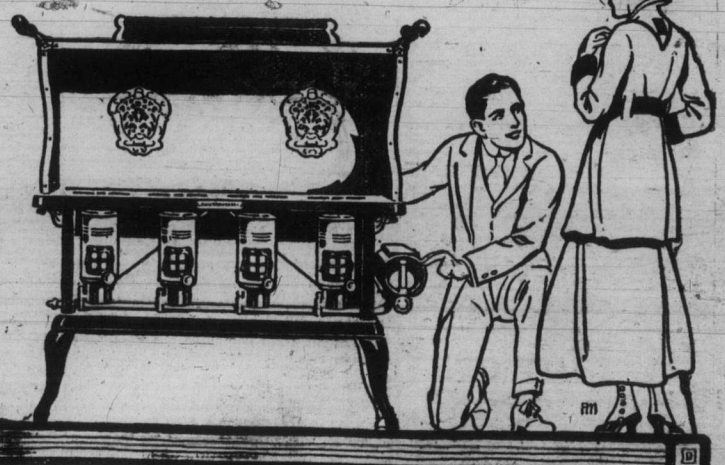
The New Perfection saves labor, time and money. 1, 2, 3 and 4 burner sizes at these dealers:

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Royalite Coal Oil gives best results.

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BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES



Carleton Place Herald

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietor, Bridge Street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.—In Canada, One Dollar and a half a Year, payable in Advance; \$2.00 if not so paid. To United States, \$2.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per Nonpareil line for first insertion; 5 cts. a line for each subsequent insertion.

Rates for Display Advertising on application.

Advertisements will be changed once each month desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts per line, first insertion, and if the same matter is continued, at 5 cts per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 8 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons' Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

FISH, BIRDS AND GAME.

A report just issued by the Commission of Conservation, "Conservation of Fish, Birds and Game," directs attention to the great value of these resources to Canada. The volume is a report of the proceedings of a conference of the Committee on Fisheries, Game and Fur-Bearing Animals of the Commission, and contains a fund of information regarding the present condition and the necessity for protection of Canada's fish, birds and mammals.

Canada is taking a prominent part in the international movement for the protection of wild life. A Migratory Bird Treaty between Canada and the United States is under consideration. Through the influence of the Commission of Conservation and other interests, bird reservations are being created, where the birds may find safe nesting and breeding places.

The fur-bearing animals of Northern and Western Canada are being rapidly exterminated. This is clearly shown by the present report. To secure their more adequate protection, the Commission is advocating the amendment of the Northwest Game Act to place responsibility for its administration upon the Dominion Parks Branch, which already protects the animals in the Dominion National Parks.

The future of the fisheries of Canada is dealt with in an able manner by the highest authorities in this country. That they are of great present value is recognized, but there is also a potential value in our oceanic and inland waters which, upon development, would mean the creation of new industries. To meet this condition, the Commission is suggesting vocational training and simple demonstration stations for the fishermen, that they may take advantage of the most practical and modern methods of their calling.

The report is replete with illustrations applicable to the subject matter.

Ottawa Fair, September 9th to 15th.

The greatest effort is being made by the Directors of the Central Canada Exhibition Association to ensure the success of the annual Fair at Ottawa, Sept. 9th to 15th. This is the big Show of Eastern Canada, and \$25,000 will be given in prizes for Live Stock. A new building has been secured for Sheep and Swine, and everything possible will be done to ensure the comfort of Stock. Entries close Sept. 4th, and this rule will be strictly enforced. The agricultural, industrial, and live stock features are the essentials, but special attention has been given to the grand stand programme, which will include horse races, vaudeville, military manoeuvres, balloon ascensions, loop the loop aviator, a big spectacular night show with fireworks, and a hundred other features. Reduced rates have been secured on all railways.

Endurance of Dogs.

Few people realize of what remarkable speed dogs are capable. Some statistics in regard to this have been gathered by M. Dusolier, a French scientist. After pointing out the marvellous endurance shown by little foxterriers, who follow their masters patiently for hours, while the latter are riding on bicycles or in carriages, he says that even greater endurance is shown by certain wild animals that are akin to dogs. Thus, the wolf can run between 50 and 60 miles in one night, and an Arctic fox can do quite as well, if not better.

Eskimo and Siberian dogs can travel 45 miles on the ice in five hours and there is a case on record in which a team of Eskimo dogs travelled six and one-half miles in 23 minutes. According to M. Dusolier, the speed of the shepherd dogs, and those used on hunting ranges, is from 10 to 15 yards a second. English setters and pointers hunt at the rate of 18 to 19 miles an hour, and they can maintain this speed for at least two hours. Fox hounds are extraordinarily swift, as is proved by the fact that a dog of this breed once beat a thoroughbred horse, covering four miles in six and a half minutes, which was at the rate of nearly 18 yards a second. Greyhounds are the swiftest of all four-footed creatures and their speed may be regarded as equal to that of carrier pigeons. English greyhounds, which are used for coursing, are able to cover at full gallop a space between 18 and 23 yards every second.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CLIP THE YOUNG PLANTS.

Clipping the young alfalfa crop is considered a good practice. It keeps down weeds, which, if allowed to get their full growth, might smother out the young plants. It encourages the growth of a more stocky plant and greater root development. Set the sickle bar of the mowing machine high and go over the field several times during the summer.

No hay crop should be removed the first year unless very early seeding has been done on unusually rich soil. It is safest to leave a good growth on the ground as a cover during the winter. Late summer seeding needs no attention. The entire growth should be left as a winter cover and should not be grazed.

COMMON DISEASE OF BEANS.

Anthraxnose is the Most General and the Most Destructive.

[Prepared by New Jersey station.]
Anthraxnose (Colletotrichum lindemuthianum) is the most common and the most destructive of the bean diseases. This is a fungus disease which is always prevalent on certain varieties of the wax, string or bush beans. It varies in severity with the character of the seed and with the weather. If the seed carries a large percentage of diseased beans the attack will become severe earlier in the season than if the seed is comparatively clean. The disease is always more severe during a wet than during a dry season.

The disease attacks pods, leaves and stems. The pod form is the cause of the most injuries, and many growers fail to recognize the fact that the disease as it appears on the leaves and stems is the same as that on the pods. It starts on the pods as small dark spots, which increase in size, sometimes coalescing, thus forming large, irregular cankerlike spots, which are pinkish, reddish or orange in color, but become black with reddish borders. On the leaves it appears as black spots along the petiole and veins, usually on the lower surface. The older spots are somewhat sunken and more nearly like those on the pods. On the stems it appears as spots very similar to those on the leaves, but usually elongated up and down the axis.

The disease is carried on the seed and can be detected by the dark brown or reddish spots. Therefore it is evident that the use of clean seed is of great advantage in controlling this disease. It is claimed that seed grown in the dry, irrigated districts of the west carry less of this disease than seed grown in other places. The writer is inclined to believe this is correct.

If the grower cannot secure satisfactory seed, free from spots, he will find it advantageous to hand pick carefully the seed, throwing out all beans that show suspicious spots and also all wrinkled and cracked beans. This practice will give a better stand and a better crop.

Do not cultivate, hoe or pick the beans when wet. The spores by which the fungus is spread are sticky when wet. They cling to the farm implements and to the hands and garments of the worker and are thus carried from place to place.

The disease spreads from pod to pod after the beans are picked. Therefore it is advisable to handle the newly picked beans as little as possible and to market them as soon as possible.

Wooden Butter Worker.

Sometimes butter is mottled and uneven in coloring because of the salt not being evenly and uniformly mixed and dissolved. A wooden butter fork made big and strong enough to bear a considerable strain will be a valuable



help in mixing the salt. It may also be used for taking the butter out of the churn and in working the water out of the butter. Where a big churn is used the fork will be very convenient.—Farm Progress.

CARELESS SPRAYING.

Spraying in ordinary language means covering the plants treated. Every part of the surface should be covered with a fine mist. Spraying a little liquid spray into the tree to cover about half of the surface is not spraying, but unfortunately many folks think that it is.

When you spray cover the tree or don't spray at all. A single unsprayed part of the tree, foliage or fruit leaves a door for the entrance of disease or provides food for insects. Once started on a tree these pests will usually manage to develop. In a short time much of the spray may be washed off by rains, and the results will be almost the same as if no spraying had been done. If you have half sprayed your trees instead of covering them with a fine mist blame yourself if little good results. Spray is effective only when applied in the right way.—Oklahoma Station.

AN EMBROIDERED BLOUSE.

It is Said That Handwork Lingerie is Rivaling Craze.

For some time hand embroidered blouses were kept under cover. It seemed a shame, too, for the hand work on a blouse always showed to good advantage. However, there is no longer any need to lament about the matter, for once more women are privileged to wear blouses which show the results of their labor in the embroidery field. But the embroidery is applied in a different manner. Instead of decorating the front of the blouse in plain iron effect, dainty little flowers hang in garlands from the shoulder line. The shoulders are outlined with a band of embroidery. One blouse showing this treatment was embroidered in blue, pink and green. It opened in the front, and the line of closing was finished with featherstitching and a few tiny white buttons embroidered in green also.

The application of the embroidery on the sleeves was quite a variation. A separate cuff finished each sleeve and was edged with green featherstitching, under where the sleeve joined the cuff garlands of the flowers embroidered in the delicate colors suggested above were embroidered up the sleeve for a space of four inches.

A turnover collar of the blouse material was edged with featherstitching, and a tiny spray of flowers was embroidered in each point in front.

The colors of embroidery cotton can be changed to suit the wearer's taste.

BATH SUITS.

Tips About the Style and Material of Your Diving Duds.

Whether you elect to wear bloomers or tights with your swimming suit this summer, whether you favor a kerchief knotted back of each ear or a cap with a shady brim, whether you like to go down into the sea stocking footed or equipped with bathing shoes, one thing you must have, and that is a pocket in your bathing dress. Two pockets will be smarter, and there may be three or even four—two on the skirt for the hands to be thrust into as you walk up the beach and two in the waist for the safe keeping of your bath house key and handkerchief. A sopping wet handkerchief is better than none at all—as every bather knows—after a wave has gone over one's head, and after a plunge under water your handkerchief will be very handy buttoned securely into a breast pocket on your waist.

Palm Beach bathing suits, which, of course, foretell what all other bathing suits are going to be later on, are stunning affairs. Most of them are of silk, and many are of silk jersey. One sees also a great number of pussy willow bathing suits. This soft, beautiful fafeta silk has proved itself in salt water. A pussy willow bathing suit worn almost every day last summer in the heavy surf on the south of Long Island shore came home in September without a tear or even a worn spot or a change in color.

Bathing suits of the most fashionable sort now are in two sections, a very short tunic, loosely belted or sashed below the waist line, and knickers or close bathing breeches to the knee. One cannot call them tights—they are rather like the close knee breeches small boys wear, and sometimes they are slashed up the outer side for a few inches and laced together with cord or silk braid.

HER WEDDING GIFT.

This Charming Jar is a Welcome Dish at Breakfast.

Cut glass silver mounted and lidded gives this attractive marmalade jar.



THE NEW KIND.

On one side is a cut to accommodate the silver spoon handle. Condensed milk for coffee, jam and piecilli are other contents that it might hold.

Working Buttonholes. To make beautiful buttonholes, even on the sheerest of summer materials, mark them first and stitch the outlines around on the sewing machine. This not only adds to the durability of the buttonhole, but makes the working of it far easier.

ANCIENT ANESTHETICS.

Nepenthe and Other Agents Were Used by Old Time Surgeons.

Those who imagine that surgical knowledge began with later generations and that the discovery of chloroform revolutionized the science should read an article published by Dr. J. de Fenton in the South African Journal of Science.

Various anesthetizing media and methods were well known both in antiquity and during the middle ages. Homer mentions the anesthetic effects of nepenthe; Herodotus states that the Scythians obtained similar effects from the vapors of hemp, produced by throwing hemp seed on hot stones. A Chinese physician of the third century, B. C., gave his patients a preparation of hemp to make them insensible during surgical operations.

The most important anesthetic of ancient and medieval times was, however, wine of mandragora, the use of which is mentioned by a great number of early writers and is referred to by Shakespeare. More recently, in the year 1700, the German surgeon, Weiss, better known as Albinus, amputated the foot of Augustus III., king of Poland, while under the influence of mandragora.

Two other anesthetizing agencies were employed in very early times, arterial compression and hypnosis.

BIG LOAVES OF BREAD.

In France They Are Made From Four to Six Feet in Length.

The biggest loaves of bread baked to be eaten are those made in France and Italy. In the case of the pipe bread of the latter country the loaves are between two feet and three feet in length and occasionally even longer, while the French people make their loaves in the shape of very long rolls of bread, ranging from four feet to five feet and in a few instances even to six feet in length.

Bread in Paris is distributed almost exclusively by women. These go to the various bakeries at 5:30 a. m. and spend about an hour in brushing the long loaves with special brushes. When their load is cleaned of grit and dust the portense de pain goes round to the customers.

Customers who live in flats have their loaves propped up against the doors of their apartments. Shopkeepers, restaurateurs and other customers who have entrances to their premises in the street find their portions of the staff of life leaning against their front doors when they take down the shutters. The wages of these bread carriers vary from 2 shillings to 2s. 6d. a day, their work being generally over at 10 or 12 o'clock in the morning.—London Tit-Bits.

Weighing Machines.

Weighing machines and scales of some kind were in use 1800 B. C. for it is said that Abraham at that time "weighed out" 400 shekels of silver, current money, with the merchant to Ephron, the Hittite, as payment for a piece of land, including the cave and all the standing timber "in the field and in the fence." This is said to be the earliest transfer of land of which any record survives and in which the payment was made in the presence of witnesses. The original form of the weighing scale was probably a bar suspended from the middle with a board or shell suspended from each end, one to contain the matter to be weighed. The steelyard was probably so called from the material of which it was made and from its former length. It is also known as the Roman balance and is of great antiquity.

Entertaining Himself.

In Clayton Hamilton's "On the Trail of Stevenson" is this quaint passage between the boy and his nurse, Alison Cunningham:

"When little Louis was about five years old he did something naughty, and 'Cummy' stood him up in a corner and told him he would have to stay there for ten minutes; then she left the room. At the end of the allotted period she returned and said, 'Time's up, Master Lou; you may come out now.' But the little boy stood motionless in his penitential corner. 'That's enough; time's up,' repeated Cummy. And then the child mystically raised his hand, and, with a strange light in his eyes, 'Hush,' he said, 'I'm telling myself a story.'"

Balanced Rocks.

In Acushnet, Me., are two rocks peculiarly situated on a ledge and apparently placed there by a glacial action. The larger rock weighs probably several hundred tons, and years ago, it is said, this could be tilted by pushing against it. There are evidences that some time smaller rocks were placed as wedges to keep the great rock motionless.

About Politics.

"Madam," said the tramp, "I was once a member of the legislature."

"And are you sure," she said, inclined to believe him, "that your reformation is complete?"

Unusual.

"They're so old fashioned,"

"What makes you think so?"

"Why, she and her mother are the best of friends."

Identified.

"You haven't forgotten us, have you, waiter?"

"Oh, no, sir. You are the two fried smelts."

Chance makes our relations, but choice makes our friends.—Dellile.

SUNLIGHT FLOUR

Is made from the Best Wheat in the World.

In one of the Best Mills.

By Men who Know How.

Quality guaranteed satisfactory

H. BROWN & SONS



BIG VALUES

In Popular and High-priced Designs in Bedroom and Dining-room Suites.

Now is the time to buy before the prices go up.

Spend your money in your home town, you can do as well and oftentimes a great deal better.

Drop in and see our stock of Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Parlor Suites, Kitchen Cabinets, Buffets, Sideboards, etc.

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THE HERALD

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1ST, 1916

The calamity that has overtaken so many of the settlers in New Ontario by fire on Sunday calls forth the deepest sympathy.

In new contracts made by the British Government departments for material concerned with the war there appears a clause providing that such contracts may be cancelled at any date after September next.

The court has waived aside the plea that members of the government cannot be prosecuted for wrong doing while in office, and the ex-ministers of Manitoba must now face their trials, individually.

The Ottawa Citizen points out in a leading editorial how that the \$2,000,000 salvage of the parliament buildings has now been pulled down, and the buildings will cost more than double the estimate to rebuild, and take a very much longer period to complete.

The mental twist of a nation that can applaud the execution of a merchant ship captain and likewise applaud the feats of the murderous crews of Zepelins is past all human understanding. The British captain just put to death for ramming, or attempting to ram, a Teuton submarine a year ago did nothing at all comparable to the deeds of German bomb throwers over unfortified cities in France and Britain.—Ottawa Citizen.

The Government of the Province has issued a special Proclamation calling upon our people to devote special consideration to the war on August 4th, the second anniversary of the declaration of war. The Organization of Resources Committee, appointed at the last session of the Legislature, has been given the special task of organizing the Province from end to end to meet the conditions which now exist because of the war, and also to meet those conditions which are bound to arise after peace is declared. The official declaration of the Lieutenant Governor will be found in another column.

EXPLOSION KILLS MANY.

Millions of Dollars Lost When Munitions Blow Up.

NEW YORK, July 31.—An unknown number of dead and injured, thirty-five to seventy million dollars in property loss, five states shaken, and millions of persons within a radius of a hundred miles frightened to distraction is the partial total of the damage wrought by the explosion of war materials in Jersey City early Sunday morning.

While only one body has been recovered, the toll is believed to have been considerable. In the excitement following the explosion little or no effort was made by anyone to take a census of those known to have been in the vicinity.

The disaster was by far the worst of its kind that has ever taken place in the country.

Black Tom Island, an area of reclaimed land, which projects into New York Bay from the Jersey shore, immediately behind the Statue of Liberty, was the scene of the explosion.

Six Lehigh Valley piers and the National Storage Warehousing Company, comprising twenty-four 24-storey brick buildings, about a hundred feet deep, were the principal sufferers.

Between twenty-five million and thirty million dollars' worth of property belonging to these two companies were hurled into the air by the series of explosions. Thirteen storage warehouses and their entire contents were blown up, 85 loaded freight cars were burned, a dozen barges and their contents burned or blown up, and probably three tugboats sunk.

The New Jersey Central Railroad pier, half a mile from the source of the explosion, also was damaged considerably. Three tugboats, with an aggregate crew of about 24 men are listed as missing. These boats are the Geneva, a Lehigh Valley boat, and the Bridgeton and Ithaca, Jersey Central boats.

When last seen, the little vessels were bravely forcing their way into the blazing barges, in an effort to remove them. Then occurred the big explosion. It is feared they were torn to pieces and lost with their valiant crews.

The cause of the earth-shaking catastrophe was the explosion of hundreds of tons of high explosives on the "explosive pier" of the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

This fire, as nearly as can be established from eye-witnesses, began either in a freight car on the "explosive pier," or on a barge moored to the pier, about ten minutes after midnight.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad, in an official statement, lays the blame on a barge owned by an independent towing company, which, against orders, had moored to the pier. The railroad charges the fire began on this barge.

It was reported that Sir Roger Casement would be executed on August 3.

LONG FRONT SMASHED

Russian Armies Capture 32,653 Men and 100 Cannon.

Advance Over a Sixty-Mile Front Results in Crushing Losses to the Austrians—Move May Lead to Flanking of Kovel—Fall of Stanislaw Into Which Five Railways Converge Is Now Near.

PETROGRAD, July 31.—The War Office report on the prisoners taken by the Russians in the past two days, reads:

"Details regarding the booty captured are still so incomplete that it is only possible to give them in a very approximate manner. It, however, has been ascertained so far that the troops under General Brussiloff during July 28 and 29 captured two generals, over 651 officers, and 32,000 men, including a considerable number of Germans. About 100 guns, including 29 heavy howitzers have been captured. This includes 21 guns taken by General Letchitzky's troops. Eighty-five machine guns were also taken by his troops. "During the three days' battle fought by General Sakharoff's troops, 216 officers, 15,569 men, nine guns, forty machine guns, and about 15,000 rifles were captured. But it is just possible that some of these were included in the number above mentioned.

"The total number of captures made by General Sakharoff's men from July 16 to 28 are 940 officers, 33,152 men, 49 guns, of which 17 are howitzers, 100 machine guns, 39 mine and bomb throwers, 80 limbers, and 76 cartridge wagons; also 48 machine guns mounted on wheels and six artillery and engineering depots."

Drive Resumed.

LONDON, July 31.—Immediately upon the fall of Brody, in North-eastern Galicia, Friday, the "watchful waiting strategy" that had been forced on the Russian armies in Central Volhynia and in Southern Galicia pending a break of the Austrian resistance on the Brody-Leszynoff road, gave way to a resumption of a concerted drive by General Brussiloff's armies on the whole front from east of Kovel down to the region south of the Dniester, a battle-line more than 150 miles long.

As a result of the last 24 hours the Russians have broken through the entire Austro-Hungarian first lines to the south-west of Kovel, driven the defenders into disorderly retreat, and in the south have advanced within 20 miles of Stanislaw, the converging point of five important strategic railways which command the supply system of the whole southern army chain of the Austro-Hungarians.

In Friday's and Saturday's battles alone the Russians took 32,653 prisoners, including 651 officers and two generals, and captured 55 Teuton guns, according to the statement issued by the Petrograd War Office.

The most important success scored by the Russians since Friday morning is the advance on Stanislaw. The menace of a possible flanking attack from the north being removed by the capture of Brody and the subsequent Russian advance toward Lemberg, only 58 miles away, the southern wing of Brussiloff's army forced ahead in a furious onslaught just south of the Dniester and captured the town of Izerany, 20 miles below Stanislaw. The town was captured by a Cossack cavalry division. Co-operating with the army advancing on Stanislaw from the south-east are the Russian forces which have been marking time to the west of Buczac, waiting for the northern army to pour into Galicia. The town of Tlumach, a little more than six miles south-east of Stanislaw, is the immediate objective of the south-eastern army, while the Buczac army is threatening Stanislaw from the north-east. Stanislaw lies 82 miles almost due south of Brody.

Meanwhile the Russian Volhynia army is vigorously pushing the pursuit of the Austro-Hungarian forces, which already have been forced to abandon their first-line positions, and the menace of Kovel, the chief objective of Brussiloff's centre, grows ominously.

Sunday's Petrograd official shows that on both wings of the present Russian line of attack Gen. Brussiloff's armies made further important headway during the past 24 hours. As a result the city of Stanislaw, in south-eastern Galicia, converging point of five strategic railways, is closely menaced with envelopment by the Russian left flank, while the right wing, in its advance on Kovel, the great Volhynian railway centre, has broken through the Teuton first lines on the Kovel-Rohitche sector and is now vigorously pushing the pursuit of the retreating defenders. In the centre, too, where Lemberg, capital of Galicia, is the Russian objective, further progress was made by the army of General Sakharoff. On the whole 150-mile front, from the east of Kovel down to the region just south of the Dniester, the Germans and Austrians continue on the defensive, stubbornly fighting for every inch of ground.

In Saturday's fighting the Russians took 21 officers and 940 men, among them many Germans, and captured four guns and four machine guns.

The most important progress made by the Russians since the fall last Friday morning of Brody, 58 miles north-east of Lemberg, has been in the direction of Stanislaw. The capture of Brody having brought the Russian centre on the level with the southern wing, the latter, which had marked time for some weeks, promptly resumed its drive to the north-west and is now smashing forward against Stanislaw from the north-west and south-west.

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

AUGUST 1, 1916

BIRTHS.

MATHESON—At Kincardine, Ont., July 12th, to Mr. Hugh Matheson, D.L.S., and Mrs. Matheson, a son (Hugh Macfarlane).

TEACHER WANTED

FOR SCHOOL SECTION NO. 11, LANARK, A Female holding necessary qualifications. Duties to commence after summer vacation. Applications stating experience, qualifications and salary to be addressed to ALF. HAMMOND, Sec. S.S. No. 11, Lanark, R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

CARD OF THANKS.

MRS. W. W. CONNER desires to express her most sincere thanks to her neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness shown her and the sympathy expressed in her recent bereavement. These expressions help greatly to encourage and sustain when all looks black and dismal, and will not soon be forgotten.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that he will not be held responsible for any goods purchased in his name, or debts contracted on his behalf except on his written order. OZIAS MANAREY, R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.



For Your Kitchen

We have about everything the best house-keeper could wish. The best includes everything including Tinware and Sauce Pans.

Aside from its completeness the assortment is remarkable, first, for the good qualities and second, for the low prices.

Come and fill any deficiency in your kitchen. There's no reason why you should be short of anything when purchasing is made so easy for you here.

J. C. WHITE & CO.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

FOR THE

DOMINION WAR LOAN

TO BE ISSUED IN SEPTEMBER.

By purchasing a bond you will help to WIN THE WAR and obtain for yourself an investment of the highest class yielding a most attractive rate of interest.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

OTTAWA.

10 DAYS' REDUCTION SALE

In order to reduce our Grocery Stock we will conduct a Clearance Sale for the next Ten Days, when thrifty house-keepers may have the advantage of the following very low prices on staple stock, for Cash only:—

FLOUR—Reinder and Snowflake, reg. \$3.50 per cwt, now.....	3.35	Cow Brand Soda, reg. 10c per pkg., now 7 for.....	50c
Green and Black Tea, reg. 35c, now 3 lbs for.....	88c	Cream Tartar, per lb.....	60c
Green and Black Tea, reg. 50c, now 2 lbs for.....	88c	Pure Black Pepper, reg. 40c, for.....	33c
Golden Eagle Brand Coffee, reg. 50c, now 2 for.....	75c	Celery Salt, reg. 10c, now 3 for.....	25c
Seal Brand Coffee, reg. 50c, now 2 for.....	75c	H.P. Sauce, 2 for.....	43c
Club Coffee, reg. 40c, now 2 for.....	65c	Quart sealers of Pickles, reg. 30c, now 2 for.....	48c
Bulk Coffee, reg. 40c, now 2 for.....	65c	Punch Sauce, reg. 25c, now 2 for.....	48c
Lipton's Cocoa, reg. 10c, now 3 for.....	23c	Jam, reg. 25c bottles, for 2 for.....	43c
Baker's Cocoa, reg. 10c, now 3 for.....	23c	Bee Jelly Powder, 6 for.....	28c
Lime Juice, reg. 25c, now 2 for.....	43c	Kipper Herring, reg. 20c, now 2 for.....	33c
Extracts, 3 for.....	25c	Tipperary Gum, 5c pkg, now 7 for.....	25c
Corn Starch, 3 for.....	25c	Brooms, reg. 35c, now.....	23c
Can Pumpkin, 3 for.....	25c	Soaps—Sunlight, Comfort, Cosmos, Naphtha, Dutch Hand, Goblin, Lifebuoy, 6 bars for.....	25c
Can Salmon, reg. 15c, now 2 for.....	25c	Old Dutch Cleanser, Panshine, Wyndotte, Spice and Span, 3 for.....	25c
Gillett's Lye, 3 for.....	25c	Woodhouse Lice Killer and Invigorator, reg. 25c, now.....	18c
Matches, reg. 15c, now 2 for.....	23c		
Roller Oats, reg. 25c, now 2 for.....	43c		
Potato Flour, reg. 15c, now 2 for.....	23c		

Cameron & Thoms

NOTICE

HAVING purchased the Dray and Carting Outfit of the late W. E. Whyte, I am prepared to do moving and general carting on the shortest notice, and invite custom. J. L. GRIFFITH, Great St., near C.P.R. Station.

TEACHER WANTED

FOR S.S. No. 1 RAMSAY Protestant, qualified. Applications, stating experience and salary, will be received to August 1st. Duties to begin after the summer vacation. Address H. McCREARY, R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place, Ont.

Canadians at Ypres

Upon application to the Confederation Life, Ottawa, a colored picture entitled "Canada," for framing will be forwarded upon request.

The CONFEDERATION LIFE is in its 45th Year of Business, an Old Established Company with great strength. Big Dividends to Policy Holders and absolutely fair treatment.

P. SEWELL ROBERTS, District Manager, OTTAWA.

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE PLANTS

It is nearing time when Gardens need attention.

We have a large assortment of healthy transplanted Plants, such as

ASTERS (Vick's and Cregos' Special Seeds) in named colors PETUNIAS, single and double, DIANTHUS,

STOCK, all Colors, LARKSPUR, PANSIES IN BLOOM, and all Vegetable Plants.

See our Price List for complete list.

Any help or advice on planning your garden freely given.

Call at Greenhouse, or phone orders promptly attended to.

JEFFREY'S GARDENS.

Telephone No. 83.

A CLEAN-UP SALE

of Shirts, Ties, etc.

Shirts, with Soft and Stiff Collars, worth from \$1.25 to \$2.00 at..... 89c

Shirts, with Soft and Stiff Collars, selling prices up to \$1.25 at..... 59c

A lot of Men's Collars clearing at 5c each or 25c the Half Dozen

Men's Ties 50c qualities, to be cleared at 25c each.

Always glad to show you what we have

Baird & Riddell

Outfitters for Men and Boys.

SELF SEALERS

- - AT - -

W. J. MUIRHEAD'S

HARDWARE

The Montreal Bargain Store

We have a large stock of Goods of various assortment. Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings.

Ladies' Furnishings

Middys, \$1.50 for..... 98c
Waists, \$1.50 for..... 98c
Vests..... 10c
Skirts, White Poplin..... 89c
Boots, worth \$5 00 for..... \$2.50

Men's Furnishings

Shirts, from..... 50c up to \$2.00
Neckties and Collars at All Prices.
Raincoats a Specialty This Week. We will have a large stock imported in.

Don't forget to call and see our Goods and Prices.

HELP! HELP!

THOUSANDS OF FARM LABORERS WANTED

FOR THE

WESTERN HARVEST

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Good Pay and Employment in the Fertile Districts SERVED BY THE C.N.R.

\$12.00 TO WINNIPEG

Plus Half a Cent per Mile Beyond
Return Half a Cent per Mile to Winnipeg plus \$18 00.

Special Trains will be Operated from Montreal and Toronto to Winnipeg

CANADIAN NORTHERN ALL THE WAY

See Later Announcements for Train Service and Excursion Dates.

For Full Particulars Apply to Nearest C.N.R. Agent, or General Passenger Department, Montreal, Que. or Toronto, Ont.

AUGUST 1, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

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SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLA LODGE No. 125, I.O.O.F.
Meets every TUESDAY Night
in the Hall, in Taylor's Block.
Visiting brethren always welcome.
J. R. MOORE, N. D. McCALLUM, Rec. Sec'y.

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78, I.O.O.F.
Meets every 2nd and 4th MONDAY
in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the
Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attend-
ance of members is requested.
Visiting brethren invited.
J. F. DUBREUIL, C.R.E., & DUNNETT, R.R.
J. H. — All Dues must be paid in advance or
before the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F.S.

CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 27, C.O.C.F.
Meets in the Chosen Friends Hall second and fourth
Tuesdays in each month, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting friends welcome.
JOHN BAIRD, C.C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

COURT ORION, No. 684, C.O.F.
Meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday
in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
J. A. McLEARN, C.R.E. G. W. DAINES, R.S.

MOTOR TRIP ACROSS THE LINE

Hundreds of Miles Covered by a Roe
in a Three days Run

On Thursday morning, July 6, we started from Almonte, and after getting under way on the Good Roads, reached Ogdensburg about 3:30 p.m., going by the way of Perth, etc. (No. of miles 88). After we had our dinner and a little visit, we started to Morrisburg, a state road all the way along the St. Lawrence river in time for Mr. McDiarmid to take the ferry for Brockville. We then drove back and on to Ogdensburg, spinning around the city and back home again, a distance of about twenty five (25) miles.

The next morning July 7, after breakfast, we started for an all day trip, going to Ogdensburg, passing the St. Lawrence State Hospital and on to Waddington. Here we see the rapids of De Plant and Galoup and on to Louisville and Massena. Massena is a flourishing little village long ago noted for a summer resort and its medicinal springs, but now for the canal which is under construction. We return by the same route covering a distance of one hundred miles.

July 8, we started on another trip taking a different state road leading out of Ogdensburg, going to Canton, the county seat of St. Lawrence County, then to Potsdam, noted for the State Normal school and the far famed Potsdam red sandstone, then passing through Norwood, Norfolk, Madrid, Waddington, returning on the same road as the preceding day. The distance covered 121 miles.

July 9, we started for a little spin over the same state road of the previous days, nearly to Waddington, returning in time for dinner. After dinner, we took another state road in the opposite direction of the morning to Morrisburg, Brier Hill, Hammonds, and here we left the State road to a fairly good country road where its altitude, at times, overlooked the St. Lawrence river and islands, to Chippewa Bay. To give expression to this view is best told in the following lines:

"Hail! River of the Thousand Isles!
Which so enchants and so beguiles
With countless charms and countless wiles,
Flow on unpeet, forever free
And pauseless to the ocean sea
Which belies the globe's immensity."

We then leave on another country road, coming out at Oakvale. Our objective point, now, is Rossie, (Lawsea), and we soon leave the state road to still another country road but upon traveling here for a short distance, we find it very uncomfortable riding for enjoyment and conclude to retrace going back to state road to its terminus, a few miles from Redwood, passing a country stone school built in 1817 and still in use and in a good state of preservation, back home again in time for tea. Distance 108 miles.

July 9, we took our longest and possibly the pleasantest trip, going over the same route of the day before except the country road to Chippewa Bay. After reaching the terminus of the state road, we came to an exceedingly rough road of four and six-tenths miles to Redwood. After this we had state road and clear sailing to Plessis and to Watertown. Watertown is a thriving manufacturing city of 25,000 where an extensive business is done. We stop here for a few hours visiting some of the places of interest and the stores, returning by another route through Theresa, Philadelphia Junction, Antwerp, Gouverneur which is noted for the Gouverneur marble and talc. Talc is that material, which it is said, is used to adulterate sugar. We passed through Richville, Bigelow, Old De Kalb, Henvetton, Ogdensburg and home again. Distance 155 miles.

July 11, we did not start for a trip until twelve o'clock and then we went to Flaxville, Canton, Potsdam to Hannawa Falls where the large plant is erected on the Rackett river which furnishes the power to light Ogdensburg, Massena, Waddington, Canton, Potsdam, in fact nearly all the places of northern St. Lawrence county. We then went on from here past the sand dunes to Colton S. Colton to the foot hills of the Adirondack. We had started for Holly-wood, but owing to the late start of the morning and wanting to get back in time for dinner, we concluded to retrace our steps, reaching Ogdensburg about half past six. Distance 99 1/2 miles.

Laurence Ginnell, a Nationalist member, was suspended by the British House of Commons.

Halifax liquor men appealed to the Minister of Justice for a disallowance of the Nova Scotia prohibition act.

Dr. McCullough has gone to Wind or to take charge of the plans to check the spread of infantile paralysis in Essex county.

Major-General Gwatkin, Chief of Militia Staff at Ottawa, received a staff appointment in Britain and will leave Canada in September.

FIRES TAKE 200 LIVES

Ontario Northland Swept by Big
Forest Conflagrations.

A Dozen Towns and Villages Have
Been Practically Wiped Out by
Holocaust Which Has Swept
Over the District Between Mathe-
son and Cochrane—Present Fire is
Worst in History of North.

COCHRANE, July 31.—Northern Ontario is being swept by the biggest bush fire in its history. South from Cochrane, and as far west as Hearst, on the Transcontinental, the flames have engulfed millions of dollars' worth of timber land, and wiped out at least a dozen towns and villages. According to reliable information 200 settlers have perished.

Three separate fires are sweeping the country. The largest, and the only one concerning which any details are available, commenced at Porquis Junction, on Thursday last. A stiff south-east wind hurled the flames down the line of the T. and N. O., wiping out everything as far south as Matheson.

Another has been raging east of Cochrane for several days, but the estimated death list of 147 does not include any casualties in that zone. There is no means of communication.

The third is supposed to have started near Hearst and is sweeping the Transcontinental Railway on both sides, but working mainly south-easterly with the wind. Near Hearst there is a big interment camp and hundreds of soldiers. All telegraph lines are down east of Grant on the Transcontinental, and there is no way of ascertaining if any lives have been lost at this point.

An army of between five and six thousand men are fighting the fires. But the best they can hope to do is hold it in check until a heavy rain storm comes. The meteorological office said Sunday night that it had rained a little in Northern Ontario on that day. There is no prospect of heavy rain for some time.

A North Bay despatch says: "Cochrane and Matheson, two small towns in Northern Ontario, are reported to have been wiped out by fire to-day with a loss of at least 100 lives. Many persons were injured."

Special trains with doctors have left North Bay for the north. At least eighty are known to be dead, and it is feared the casualty list may be much larger.

A Cobalt report says: "Terrible forest fires are raging all through the north country and the town of Timmins is in serious danger. The telephone operator at Matheson had to leave the office as the fire had worked right up to the building, and it was at the risk of life to remain. A large number of farm buildings around Pearson's Landing were destroyed. Telephone communication north of Swastika is completely cut off. The last word received was from the Matheson operator just as she left the building at which time there was no communication possible with the Porcupine district."

Three of the largest pulp and paper mills in Ontario may have been destroyed in the fire which is sweeping its way through the north country. These include the Abitibi Pulp and Paper Company's plant at Iroquois Falls, the Metagami Pulp and Paper Company at Flat Rock Falls and the big plant at Jacksonboro.

The Abitibi is one of the largest plants in the world. Its capacity is 400 tons a day. It is located on the T. and N. O. line north of Matheson and east of Timmins. The Jacksonboro mills are controlled by a Buffalo firm and are located 35 miles west of Cochrane on the Grand Trunk Pacific. This is three miles west of Flat Rock Falls, where fire is also reported.

A fire which had assumed serious proportions Sunday night was reported to be raging north of the Canadian Pacific lines at Cartier. No details could be secured up to a late hour, but it is understood the flames cover a territory 10 miles wide and are working north in the direction of the Canadian Northern lines. These, however, are about 100 miles distant, so that no fear was expressed in C. N. R. circles, as it was thought there would be slight possibility of their spreading so far.

Throughout the regions surrounding that of the central fire, other fires of lesser degree were reported Sunday. The Canadian Northern station at Foley, which is a divisional point, was seriously threatened for a time. A hailstorm which came along at a critical moment extinguished the fire completely. Foley is about 150 miles west of Sudbury.

Mining men who came down yesterday from Cobalt and further north say fires have been raging throughout the north country for some time past, but had not assumed threatening proportions until a couple of days ago when they menaced a large section of the country along the line of the T. and N. O.

The intense heat had dried out the brush and timber to a dangerous extent and made it splendid fuel, while the "slash" everywhere through the bush accentuated the danger.

Settlers all along the line were expecting the fire to go almost in any direction and were taking what precautions they could. Sunday at Porquis Junction, the point where the trains switch into the Porcupine division, the T. and N. O. had an engine standing ready to take out refugees as soon as the fire reached there, while at Matheson the same precautions had been observed by the Government railway officials.

Baby-Killers Out Again.

COPENHAGEN, July 31.—Fishermen from the Island of Gotland, report having sighted ten zeppelins over the Baltic, steering in a northerly direction.

GOOD DIGESTION
A SOURCE OF HEALTH

When the Stomach is out of Order
the Whole System Suffers.

Indigestion is one of the most distressing maladies afflicting mankind. When the stomach is unable to perform the work nature calls for, the result is severe pains after eating, nausea, heartburn, fluttering of the heart, sick headache, and often a loathing for food, though the sufferer is really half starved. People with poor digestion, too, frequently try all sorts of experiments to aid the process of digestion, but there is only one way in which the trouble can actually be cured, that is through the blood. That is why the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cures even the most obstinate cases of indigestion. They make rich, red blood that strengthens the stomach and the nerves, thus enabling it to do its work. The process is simple, but the result means good appetite and increased health and pleasure in life. In proof of these statements, Mrs. Albert Hall, Sonya, Ont., says:

"I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with wonderful results. For two years I was a great sufferer from indigestion, which almost made me a physical wreck. At times my sufferings were so great that I was unable to attend to my household duties. I had smothering spells at times and was afraid to lie down to rest. After every meal, no matter how sparingly I ate, I suffered great distress. I tried several doctors but their medicine was of no avail. I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised to cure this trouble and decided to try them. I had not been taking them long when I felt somewhat improved. This improvement continued and after taking ten boxes I could eat and digest all kinds of food and felt better than I had done for years. You may be sure I am very grateful for the wonderful relief these pills have given me. I know they are also a cure for anaemic sufferers, as an intimate friend of mine was badly affected with this trouble and after taking several boxes she was entirely cured."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Dominion's war costs total \$20,000,000 a month.

It is officially announced that several Canadian units have reached Great Britain.

It was officially announced that 8,970 British prisoners are now in the hands of the Turks.

Mr. J. W. Flavell, Chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, received a cheque for \$758,248, war profits, from Mr. F. W. Baillie of Hamilton.

Everybody's Corner.

ROOMS WANTED—By Lady, in comfortable home, centrally located, with modern conveniences. Write or call at this office.

WANTED—Good Girl or Woman for General Housework. Must be able to do plain cooking for family of three. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Howard, Opposite Station.

WANTED—Women and Girls to mend and make Underwear and Operate Sewing Machines. Apply to BATES & INNES, Limited, Carleton Place.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE FOR SALE—\$3,500 will buy the property of Mr. William Creighton, Sr., south side of Lake Avenue, corner of Neilson St. House warm, commodious, furnace, water and sanitary conveniences. Orchards and large plot suitable for gardening. COLIN MCINTOSH.

FOR SALE—Drive Shed and Stable. For particulars apply to W. R. KNOX, Cor. Lake Ave and Rochester St.

FOR SALE—Excellent large Lot and Comfortable Frame Dwelling, on the north side of High street, at bargain. Price perfect. COLIN MCINTOSH.

FOR SALE—First Mortgage on Farm, bearing good rate of interest. Any person wishing to invest about \$2,000 in a first class security. Apply to Box 10, CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

FOR SALE—Stationary Gasoline Engine, 3 h.p. in perfect condition. Address Box A, care of HERALD, or apply at this office.

Nyal's
DYSPEPSIA
TABLETS

Got the blues?
It isn't the weather or
your business—it's just
your stomach.

are made in accordance with
a scientific formula we know to
help the stomach do its duty.

Price 25c and 50c
McINTOSH'S
Drug and Book Store

Agency Parker's Dye Works, Toronto.

No need for further delay to get your Ford Touring Car. The Price has again been Reduced

And is positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance at any time.

The motoring season (hot weather) is right here now, and we can make immediate delivery. We can now accept \$190 and give long payments for the balance.

The New Price of a Five-passenger Touring Car is
\$520 at your door

Complete with ELECTRIC LIGHTS and ELECTRIC HORN.

The small stock we have for immediate delivery won't last long, and you might as well have it at once as wait a while.

Let our salesmen give you a drive and show you what a Ford can do. At the same time fully explain our time payment system.

Don't forget a Ford can go anywhere and many places most cars can't go.

CARLETON MOTOR SALES CO.

Touring Car, \$520
Runabout - \$500 at your door

Phones (Day 196
(Night 205

J. A. DACK.

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Carleton Place.

This week we specialize on

RINGS

anything from a plain Gold Band to the choicest Diamond. See our display. Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in Optics, I am also prepared to test your eyes and fit you with glasses to suit your vision. No charge for examination.

Jas. Cavers & Son
Sash and Door Factory

All Kinds of House Finish.

We Sell

NEPONSET PRODUCTS
SLATE COVERED SHINGLES,
PAROID ROOFING and
FINISHED SURFACE WALL BOARD

H. ABDALLAH

SPECIALS THIS WEEK

Summer Goods at Reduced Prices

Clearing out our SUMMER DRESSES at
Greatly Reduced Prices.

Also a few lines in

Waists, Underskirts, Kimonos,
House Dresses and White Wash Skirts
SEE SPECIAL IN LADIES' SUMMER VESTS AT 10c

Men's Summer Hats in Panamas, Sailors and
Fibre Straw at 20 p.c. discount.

H. ABDALLAH,
TAYLOR BLOCK.

Aug. 4, 1914—War Declared

Aug. 4, 1916—Allies Winning

ORGANIZE
for Victory!

THE THIRD YEAR OF THE WAR calls for the organized co-operation of every citizen of the Province of Ontario. ALL must help to hasten the day of final triumph. For the sake of those who have made the Great Sacrifice, and of those now overseas or in training, every citizen must give the best service possible. No one need feel "out of it" when the great day of Victory comes, but everyone must qualify now by sharing in the sacrifices which the War demands.

Suggestions for Organization

In many Municipalities there are already active patriotic organizations, such as Recruiting, Red Cross, Soldiers' Aid and Patriotic Fund Committees. In such cases, one of these, or, better still, a joint committee of these and the citizens generally, might undertake to co-operate with the Central Committee at Toronto.

Where there is no active representative organization, it is suggested that one be formed at the earliest moment. It should be non-partisan (in the broadest sense), and represent every interest affected by war conditions.

THRIFT and ECONOMY, and a careful consideration and preparation for our problems are essential if we would meet the present and future needs. For further suggestions and information you are cordially requested to write at once to ALBERT H. ABBOTT, Ph.D., Secretary, Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

John S. Hamilton
LEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF ONTARIO
Chairman of the Organization of Resources Committee

Count Zeppelin Hints

At a Fresh Blow With
A New Super-Dirigible

In some quarters it is believed that the Deutschland is the forerunner not only of a fleet of merchant marines that will ply between Germany and the United States, but of a fleet of giant Zeppelins that will carry commerce between the two countries. So far the Zeppelins have been a tremendous disappointment; but instead of abandoning them Germany appears to have kept on building them bigger. News comes of a fleet of Zeppelins nearly twice as large as the largest heretofore built. Whether these are meant for military operations, such as the favorite device of dropping bombs on women and children, or whether they are intended to drop down their "costly bales" is unknown.

Count Zeppelin, after several months seemingly in eclipse, has just issued a message to his workers that the Kaiser has given them a free hand, and a vital blow will soon be struck.

The Germans have striven hard to keep the details of this monster aircraft from the outside world, but the inevitable leak has developed via Lake Constance—that body of water over which the Germans and the



COUNT ZEPPELIN.

Swiss exercise a divided sovereignty. An enterprising Swiss journalist learned of what was going on at Friedrichshafen; and his story was promptly printed. Despite diplomatic efforts the paper got abroad and the information is now available. Some idea of what the newest Zeppelin, or rather super-Zeppelin development, can be gathered from the fact that the cubical capacity of her gas bags is 100 per cent. greater than that of the largest naval Zeppelins in commission when war was declared. That is to say, this titanic of the air can stow 54,000 cubic meters of gas within her aluminum outer hull. This represents a lifting power equal to the raising of substantially sixty-one tons. The dead weight of the vessel is a matter of forty tons, and in the language of the technician this leaves a margin of twenty-one tons for the carriage of useful load. Until the advent of this super-type the longest Zeppelin had a total length of 463 feet and a gas content of from 19,000 to 20,000 cubic meters. The airship which lately made successful trips over Lake Constance has a hull nearly 788 feet long.

According to the cable reports the super-Zeppelin is driven by seven propellers. There are three on each side, supported laterally by outstanding fins, and the seventh propeller projects aft from the rear gondola. This arrangement is influenced by the modified form of the after body of the hull. The tapering tail is naturally not so buoyant as the older cylindrical model. Accordingly, it is desirable to obtain an upward thrust. This dynamic buoyancy is ensured by the presence of the seventh propeller in its stern position, and at the same time the manoeuvring power of the dirigible is improved. The motive mechanism consists of seven Maybach engines, which have been developed to a high point of efficiency for aerial propulsion. Accounts vary as to the total driving power of these motors, but allowing conservatively 250 brake horsepower for each engine this would represent a total equipment of something over 2,500 indicated horsepower. With all seven engines developing their maximum energy the giant aircraft is able to make quite 70 miles an hour. The power plant is so arranged that the engines can be worked independently, or coupled up so as to drive two propellers each. This, of course, cuts down the speed considerably, but makes it possible for the dirigible to proceed should three of her motors be placed out of commission.

Kitchener Predicted Death.

When Lord Kitchener was in France some three months ago, visiting the British front, he met his friend the naval Captain Testu de Ballencourt, then on service at Dunkirk, whom Lord Kitchener asked to be his special aid if he should need one later during the war.

Lord Kitchener told his friend how a heavy shell had burst close to him while on this visit, but added, "that did not disturb me, for I know that I shall die at sea."

HYDRO'S EXPANSION.

Move of Government Ensures Plenty of Power for Ontario.

The big thing before the people of Ontario within the last few days has been the call of the Hydro-Electric system for more power. In effect it means that since its inception the cheap power enterprise launched by the Government through Sir Adam Beck has grown to such proportions that it is using up 100,000 horse power per day, and it started with an initial block of 10,000. It means, however, more than this, for while 100,000 is the daily capacity on a twenty-four hour basis, much of the power is used twice over, that is one customer may use a certain quantity during the day, and another consumer use the same quantity during the night, the two loads seldom overlapping. This is what they call the resale of power and on this there is a good profit.

But on the failure the other day to handle the entire load of power, Sir Adam Beck called upon the Government to move. Negotiations had been under way for some time with the Canadian Niagara Power Co. to secure a block of power, but the company would not agree to the Hydro proposal, a deadlock was reached, and in the meantime the Hydro was reaching the limit of its capacity. When the break occurred the Ontario Government appealed to Ottawa to stop the export of power to United States by the Canadian Niagara Power Co., this company selling all of its Canadian production in the United States. The only club the Dominion Government had was the license for the export of power, and the company was at once notified that unless it could do business with the people's Hydro the privilege to export power would be withdrawn. The company came quickly to terms, and the result is that a block of 12,500 horse power is now available to the Hydro-Electric at \$12.00, which is somewhat higher than what is paid to the Ontario Power Co., and from time to time as further power is required up to 50,000 horse power it will be made available by the company.

Premier Hearst and Hon. G. Howard Ferguson participated largely in the negotiations that brought this result about and credit is due them for their enterprise on behalf of the Hydro movement.

NEW COSSACK TACTICS.

Russians Have Developed a Novel Method of Assault.

For some time the correspondents in Berlin have been hearing of the astonishing use of Russian cavalry on the front south of the Pinsk swamps and getting repeated tales of charges of masses of horsemen against entrenched and unbroken infantry under conditions which would make these tactics appear the height of madness. An explanation has now been received showing that there is a certain amount of method in this madness and that the Russians have devised new tactics, which are employed not to press home an assault, but to advance a line of skirmishers rapidly across the danger zone before the actual charge is started.

The role of the cavalry is played when the infantry lines reach a point some 500 yards from the Austro-German trenches. A swarm of cavalry in widely-extended lines, is then flung forward through the intervals of the infantry lines. The horsemen dart forward at headlong speed. Soon they fling themselves to the ground and open a rapid fire against the enemy. The Cossack horses are trained to participate in this manoeuvre and lie down at the word of command and form a living breastwork for the riders. Under cover of the heavy fire from the dismounted horsemen the infantry lines advance across the intervening country.

Men or horses, maddened by excitement, often refuse to halt at the destined position, but tear on against the trenches and entanglements in an unpremeditated charge. The Cossacks are being largely used in attempts to force lightly-guarded river crossings, though the Russian pioneers have devised a new scheme for the crossing of the infantry where more resistance is looked for. Long slender rafts are moored along the banks of the narrow rivers with which this swampy country is intersected, concealed by overhanging bushes. At the proper moment the upstream end of each raft is released and the current swings it across the river, forming a series of narrow bridges for storming parties.

A City of Cemeteries.

The creation of cemeteries for the men who died in the four-fold conflict for the possession of Peremysh has assumed proportions of an industry in the city and the surrounding district. It has been going on steadily ever since the Austrians retook the city a year ago, but it still is not completed because bodies of many of the heroes were removed from the temporary graves near the spot where they fell, and reinterred in Peremysh. Regardless of nationality, the dead have proper graves in beautiful surroundings in the dozen cemeteries in and around that city. Peremysh to-day, in fact, may be called a city of cemeteries.

Berlin Butcher Fined \$5,000.

A Cologne butcher named Sommer has been sentenced to jail for two years and fined 20,000 marks (\$5,000) for withholding from sale a large amount of meat and also for secretly selling meat, assigned for sale in Cologne to Dresden dealers at a great profit.

This is the heaviest sentence yet reported for violation of the food distribution laws.

Sazonoff Has Left

Russian Cabinet to
Regain His Health

It is difficult to say whether anything of importance lies behind the announcement that Sergius Sazonoff, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned. He is succeeded by Boris Vladimirovitch Sturmer, the Premier, who has taken over the office.

"M. Sturmer retains the premiership; Alexei Khvostoff, the former Minister of the Interior, has been reappointed to that office, while M. Makaroff has been appointed Minister of Justice.

M. Sazonoff retired from the Foreign Ministry at his own request.

The Emperor, in a rescript addressed to M. Sazonoff, dwells upon the zeal with which the Minister followed His Majesty's suggestions, "in-



SERGIUS SAZONOFF.

spired by justice and the country's honor." The Emperor regrets that the state of M. Sazonoff's health compelled him to resign.

A further despatch announces that M. Sazonoff has gone to Finland to recuperate.

Sergius Sazonoff has been the same for Russia as has Sir Edward Grey for England. He has been the cool, imperturbable administrator of Russia's relations with allies and neutrals. It was he who sat in his office in Petrograd when the German ambassador, having failed to frighten Russia, besought the Foreign Minister with tears to reconsider his decision regarding Russia's entry into the war.

Whether in the flush of victory the ambitions of Russia's statesmen have outrun the sober counsel of the Foreign Minister remains to be seen.

Hospital for Shock Cases.

What formerly was the Cobourg hospital for mental diseases has been finally converted into a military hospital for the treatment of mental and shock cases at home. Under an arrangement made by the Military Hospitals Commission with the Provincial Secretary's Department of Ontario, the Cobourg institution has been organized for this important work with a staff appointed by the Department. On Saturday last the first soldiers arrived, and treatment began. The special hydro-therapeutic equipment being installed, and with the experience gained by the staff in other hospitals in the Province much in the way of permanent results is anticipated from the Cobourg hospital. The opening of Cobourg for this work marks the opening as well of the new Hospital at Whitby where some 250 female patients have been transferred. The new institution at Whitby might be regarded as the latest word in hospital organization at least on this continent and perhaps in the world.

Using Fundy's Tides.

The project to utilize the power of the tides at the Bay of Fundy is succeeding. The work is being done under the direction of an electrical expert, and a recent experiment with a current motor, twelve feet long by two and a half feet high, in the Gaspe River, is said to have developed power as the tide rose, reaching a maximum of more than two horsepower when the top of the machine was submerged. It is claimed that the same current motor would develop more than fifty horsepower at Cape Split in a tide current of nine miles an hour.

Proof is better than argument. One feeling is better than ten hearings.—Japanese Proverb.

**\$1,000.00
REWARD.**

For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited.

EATON'S

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

BIG BARGAINS FOR YOU!!

ARE OFFERED IN OUR SALE CATALOGUE

Don't miss this great saving opportunity. Order from your Catalogue now. This sale is for a limited period, and many of the notable values now possible cannot be repeated for a long, long time to come. Should you not have a copy of our Sale Catalogue of 48 pages send us your name and address without delay. We have but a few left and those who want one should lose no time in writing to us.

**THIS SALE ENDS
AUGUST 15th, 1916**

T. EATON CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

PRINCE ALBERT

the international
joy smoke

is the real
tobacco for
jimmy pipes
and makin's
cigarettes

Copyright 1916
by
R. J. Reynolds
Tobacco Co.

Back up and get a fresh start!

For men who got away to a false start on a pipe or home-made cigarettes Prince Albert has a word or two for what ails their smokeappetites! Forget you ever tried to smoke, for Prince Albert is so different, has such a fine flavor, and is so cool and cheerful and friendly, you'll get a new idea of smoke joy! The patented process cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

This little talk is also for men who think they're on the right track. All to be said is that the sooner you lay out the price for a supply of Prince Albert, the sooner you'll make a discovery that'll be worth a lot to your peace of mind and tongue! If your dealer cannot supply it, ask him to secure Prince Albert through his wholesaler. Get the idea of smoking all you want without a comeback—that's P. A.!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C., U. S. A.

On the reverse side of this tin red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 20th, 1907," which has made three new smoke pipes where one smoked before!

Persian Shawls.
The "shawl" of Kerman—whence our word "shawl"—is made of goats' hair. Like the carpets, the shawl patterns are learned by heart, and the work is even finer. Children also do this work. The finest product is a fir cone pattern, a rich color effect, made especially for the governor of the province, who wears it as a robe of honor on the Persian New Year's day.

Appropriate Styles.
"That elocutionist believes in dressing the part for any recitation."
"How do you mean?"
"Why, when she read the story about the sailors deserted on the lonely island she wore a costume of maroon, and at her lecture on Celtic wit her dress was all trimmed up with Irish point."—Exchange.

There are 21,600 motion picture theatres in the United States, with an average daily attendance of 25,000,000.
Sir Herbert Ames says that during 1917, at least one million dollars monthly will be required for soldiers' dependents in Canada.

**After taking 1000
ZUTOO TABLETS
Says they are Harmless**

Mrs. (Dr.) Shurtleff, of Coaticook, says "Zutoo Tablets must have cured 500 of my headaches, for I have taken 1000 tablets. After trying every remedy within reach, I discarded them all four years ago for ZUTOO, which I have taken ever since. I find the tablets a harmless and efficient cure for all kinds of headache." 25 cents per box—at all dealers.

Suspicious.
"Let me show you 'Love Letters of Wise Men,'" said the clerk in the book emporium.
"Are they signed?" asked the cautious bookworm.
"Yes, indeed; every one of them."
"Then they must be forgeries. Wise men never sign their names to love letters."

Incredible.
"I was talking with Professor Hoos last night. You know he's just back from an exploring expedition to central Africa."
"Did he make any important discoveries?"
"Well, he says he found a race of people so uncivilized that they had never even heard of moving pictures."

AUGUST 1, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

7

John Atwater's Little Sister

How She Entertained His Guest During His Absence.

By ESTHER VANDEVEER

Miss Susan Atwater kept house for a brother much older than herself. John Atwater was thirty-eight years old; Susan was nineteen. John was a lawyer who dabbled in politics—not for office, but because the game interested him.

While John and his sister were quite chummy, he never talked to her about his professional work or his interest in this or that political deal.

One day John Atwater told his sister that he must go to attend court in another city and would be gone probably several days. She was to open his letters while he was gone, attend to anything needing attention so far as she was able and communicate any matter of which he should be advised. This was asking a good deal, considering that he kept his affairs so rigidly to himself. He had not been long away before a letter came for him bearing the official mark of the governor of the state. Susan opened it and read:

Dear John—I'm going to run down to see you tomorrow. My purpose is to get away from under the harrow for a brief season. I shall eschew all affairs of state except the canal matter, on which I wish to confer with you; but, that off my mind, I propose to take a rest. Yours,

JAMES R. MARTINDALE.

P. S.—Something of importance may come up to keep me here, but I hope not. Miss Atwater was quite upset by this letter. The governor of the state was altogether too big a man for her to entertain during her father's absence. What should she do? Telegraph, of course, that her brother would be out of town. Why not telephone? The state capital was not far distant, and the expense would be about the same. It was 11 o'clock in the morning, and the governor would doubtless be in his office. Going to the telephone booth, she consulted the subscribers' names and, finding the governor's number, took down the receiver and called for him. He was sitting at his desk at the time and answered the call at once.

"Is this Governor Martindale?" asked a soft voice.

"Yes, I'm Martindale."

"I am John Atwater's sister. My brother is away and before leaving asked me to open any letters that might come for him. One came from you stating that you were coming to see him. I thought it advisable to telephone you that he is absent."

"Thank you very much. When do you expect your brother home?"

"He said that he would probably be away several days."

"Um!" The governor seemed to be considering.

"You are Miss Susan Atwater, are you not?"

"I am."

"I've heard your brother speak of you."

Susan wondered what John could have had to say to the governor of the state about her. Surely she could have nothing to do with the momentous political questions that were discussed between them.

"Well," continued the governor, after a brief silence, "I presume I'll have to defer my visit. I'm sorry. Very much obliged to you for your information. Goodbye."

Susan hung up the receiver, feeling much relieved.

Of all the months in the year the month of June is the most delicious, and the morning after Susan Atwater had headed off the governor was one of the brightest mornings of that bright month. Susan Atwater, having finished her morning duties, was sitting on the porch with some embroidery work when she saw a man approaching, dressed in a white flannel suit and a straw hat. He looked to be about thirty-five years old, and there was something altogether very attractive in his appearance. He stopped at the foot of the steps and asked:

"Does John Atwater live here?"

"He does."

"Is he at home?"

"No; he went away yesterday, to be gone several days."

"That's too bad," said the stranger in a disappointed tone.

"Won't you come up on to the porch?"

The stranger availed himself of the invitation and seated himself in a wicker chair. Everything about him was very lovely. A climbing rose vine was in bloom. A field opposite was full of daisies; a pretty girl was beside him.

"Are you related to John?" he asked of Susan.

"I'm his sister."

"John and I were classmates in college. John entered at twenty, I at sixteen, but that didn't prevent our being chums. Having some time on my hands, I thought I would run down to see him. It's a long while since we met."

"I dare say he will be greatly disappointed to miss your visit."

"Not more than I."

The gentleman took out his watch and a railroad time table at the same time and examined both.

"There's no train back till 3 o'clock," he said.

"I shall be happy to do what I can to relieve the tedium of your stay till then—and can give you a bite of luncheon."

"Thank you very much."

An hour was spent very pleasantly, then Susan went inside to give some orders about the luncheon. When she returned the two spent another hour, during which the stranger made himself so entertaining that Susan began to lay plans for keeping him till her brother returned. There was an apology for a chaperon in an invalid aunt, very old, in the house, whose presence would render his stay proper. After luncheon Susan said to her brother's friend:

"If you choose to wait John's coming you can be accommodated."

"I've been thinking that I might wait a day or two, but I would not think of intruding upon you. I'm stopping at the inn, and I can as well keep my room there. By the bye, where has John gone? I have a mind to communicate with him and learn when he'll be back."

"He's at Waterford at the Somers House."

"Where is your phone? I'll see if I can get him."

Being shown to the booth, the gentleman called up John Atwater and caught him at his hotel at the noon meal. After a brief conversation the guest told Susan that her brother wished to speak a few words with her, and on taking the receiver she was instructed to send to the inn for the gentleman's baggage and if possible keep him till he (John) returned.

"Who is he?" asked Susan.

"A college classmate of mine."

With this there was a click, and Susan was shut off from any further information. Without a word to the visitor she sent for his baggage, and it arrived in time for him to dress for dinner. Notwithstanding he had reached middle age he seemed very boyish. He talked a great deal about the escapades he and John were concerned in while in college, though he said that John was rather old for that sort of thing. Susan wondered how John's friend could have had time for escapades, for a Phi Beta Kappa key hung to his fob, and Susan knew that that meant a high stand in his class. However, he gave her the impression of being very bright, and it might be that he had been one of those students who can maintain a good standing with no great amount of study.

Susan Atwater was desirous of obtaining the guest's name, but hesitated to ask him point blank. Finally she mustered up courage to do so.

"I have a proposition to make," he replied. "When your brother returns he and I will be John and Bob to each other. You and he will be John and Sue. That leaves you and me out in the cold for Miss and Mister. What do you say to our being Bob and Susan till John comes home?"

There was something forceful about the man that prevented her insisting on a more satisfactory reply to her question. She assented to his proposition, though whenever it came to addressing him as Bob she evaded doing so by not calling him by any name at all. She was passing a very delightful season and began to wish her brother would not hurry back, because when he came he would doubtless appropriate much of the visitor's company, to her loss.

When John went away the "several days" she was to spend without him seemed long. His stay really seemed very short. He returned one morning to find his sister and the visitor sitting in the drawing room on the same sofa. With presence of mind, the latter jumped up and advanced to meet him.

"Hello, John!"

"Hello, Bob!"

"Your sister has been good enough to keep me over."

"So I see."

John grasped his friend's hand; then, turning to his sister, he said:

"Sue, this is my college friend, Bob Martindale, better known to the public today as James Robert Martindale, governor of this state. I'm glad you succeeded in keeping him until my return."

"A big job, considering how hard I've tried to get away," replied the governor ironically.

This introduction struck Miss Atwater dumb. She did not try to speak, for she was too much astonished to utter a sound. A dozen considerations rushed upon her in a heap. This young man, full of college pranks, a governor! And he had come knowing her brother was away and after leading her to suppose he would defer his visit.

"Miss Atwater," said the governor, "having heard no end of chatter from John about his interesting little sister, I long desired to see her. When you telephoned me of John's absence it occurred to me to make your acquaintance inco. You have given me the change and rest much better than he could have done it. Thanks, awfully. My brief recess is ended. I must go back to work this afternoon."

But Governor Martindale, having broken the ice by this first visit to his friend John Atwater, made many others. Whenever the cares of state became too much for him or when he wished to consult his friend about some important political move he would step away from the capital for the purpose. But when he arrived he seemed more inclined to dawdle with Miss Atwater than to talk politics with her brother.

Then his visits began to be preceded by a gift of flowers, and every one knows what that means when a man becomes attentive to one of the opposite sex.

When Sue Atwater received a proposal of marriage from the governor of the state she could not realize that a girl scarcely out of her teens had received such an honor. She did not try to do it, but accepted it at once.

Six months from that time John's little sister became the presiding lady at the executive mansion at the state capital.

SHRINES IN CHINA.

One on Mount Omei Often Lures an Enthusiast to Death.

On the climbing hill roads in western China on the lower slopes of Omei, the sacred mountain, may be seen now and then a motley procession of Chinese of all ranks wearing strings of "cash" around their necks and carrying yellow bags, bound for the presence of the many shrines. The strings of cash are for the mendicants, inseparable concomitant of worship in the Orient.

The road leads upward through forests of ash and pine, pleasantly cool after the heat of the eastern plains. Some of the wealthier are carried on uncomfortable little wooden saddles strapped to the backs of coolies, but the majority seek salvation on foot. As one pants higher and higher one comes to the first of the monasteries, a new structure, low and cool. Almost all the monasteries are new.

Mount Omei is uncomfortably close to heaven in some ways. Lightning bolts strike the buildings frequently, and the whole top has been burned over again and again. Nevertheless more than 2,000 monks dwell here, and to fulfill all their duty the pious must burn tapers before sixty-two shrines. There is the Hall of the Tranquil Heart and the Gate of Heaven, through which you come to the Monastery of Everlasting Joy.

The most beautiful spot on Mount Omei is a jutting ledge above an almost bottomless precipice. The spot is called the Rejection of the Body. Many a mystic, intoxicated by endless distance and dizzying height, has solved here all the problems of religion by a single step over the brink—Argonaut.

Vastness of South America.

The vastness of South America is little understood. I travel about 20,000 or 40,000 miles each year trying to cover my circuit. It takes me longer to go between the extreme points, from Panama by steamer down the west coast and on through the strait of Magellan to Asuncion, Paraguay, than it would take to go from San Francisco to Cairo and back to Glasgow.

You think of Bolivia as a little country. It is as big as Germany, Austria and England. Peru is as large as all the United States from Nova Scotia to Indiana, from Canada south to the Gulf. Argentina equals all the United States west of Omaha. Brazil is a United States with another Texas added. The resources of that vast area are in keeping with the bigness of the continent—Homer C. Stuntz in World Outlook.

No Cause For Worry.

"Mind now," said the judge, "you are sworn to tell the truth, and if you do not the penitentiary will be your portion."

The man took the oath and then whispered to his friend:

"John, I'm afeared it's all up with you. The judge says I've got to tell the truth."

"That's all right, Jim," said his friend, with confidence. "I ain't a-wor-ryin' 'bout that, kase you can't do it."

Discouraging.

"I dare say you do your best to make other people happy," said the altruist.

"Oh, yes," answered the man with a sloping brow. "But I don't believe my efforts are appreciated."

"Why do you think that?"

"Every time I start to tell a funny story some fellow bobs up and says he's heard it before."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Justified Worry.

"Jaggers must be a devoted husband. He told me his wife met with an accident and that he was worried sick for fear she should attempt to be active with her injury too soon."

"What was her injury?"

"She dislocated her jaw."

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?"

"Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Lesson VI.—Third Quarter, For Aug. 6, 1916.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, I Cor. xiii.—Memory Verses, 4-7—Golden Text, I Cor. xiii, 13—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

It is only in this epistle to those whom he calls babes and carnal Christians that he makes any reference to the matter of "tongues" which some believers make so much of in our day, and when he does mention them they are last on the list and in connection with the interpretation of tongues (chapter xii, 7, 10, 28). He also says, "Let him that speaketh in an unknown tongue pray that he may interpret," and "I had rather speak five words with my understanding, than ten thousand words in an unknown tongue" (chapter xiv, 13, 19). The more excellent way of Love he sets before us in our lesson chapter. The great chapter on Faith is Heb. xi, where the word is used over twenty times. The great chapter on Hope is Rom. viii, and this is one of the great Love chapters, but as to the use of the word, if we include the verb and the noun "beloved," it is found in I John iv about thirty times, while in I John xiv and our lesson chapter it is used nine times in each, if I have counted correctly.

We are certainly safe in saying that there is no topic in the whole Bible so wonderful as the love of God, but the great matter is always the love of God to us, never our love to Him, which is not, worth mentioning compared with His love to us. John is not spoken of as the disciple whom Jesus loved, but the disciple whom Jesus loved. It is not the love of Martha and Mary and Lazarus, but "Jesus loved Martha and Mary and Lazarus" (John xi, 5; xiii, 23; xix, 26; xx, 2; xxi, 7, 20). The words that hold me most strongly are such as these: "The Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself for me." "Having loved His own, . . . He loved them unto the end, or the uttermost." "I have loved thee with an everlasting love" (Gal. ii, 20; John xiii, 1; Jer. xxxi, 3). These, with Eph. v, 25; John iii, 16; the many verses in I John iii and iv, and Song viii, 7, are to me some of the most wonderful, with John xv 3.

The first three lesson verses show the utter worthlessness of tongues, or teaching, or understanding mysteries, or knowledge, or miracles, or giving all our goods to feed the poor, or even our bodies to be burned, apart from love. What a complete laying low of all that men might boast of that the love of God may be magnified and His love constraining us and working in us the works He has prepared for us. There is no room for boasting nor for any pride of man because of his ability to do this or that. The Lord alone must be exalted. Such love as is here described in our memory verses, 4-7, was never fully manifest in any one except in Jesus Christ, but He is able to manifest it in us.

It is no doubt true that all the fruit of the Spirit in Gal. v, 22, 23, is but different manifestations of love, joy being love exulting, peace love in repose, and so on. According to Col. i, 11, it requires all the might of His glorious power to make us patient and long suffering with joyfulness, but He is able to work all this in us if we will let Him. To be kind always, free from all good opinion of ourselves or envy of others, never provoked, never thinking nor speaking evil of any one, bearing and enduring all things for His sake—what a heavenly life! Yet do not turn from it or say it cannot be done, but rather turn to Him and say, "Lord, do thou it in me for Thy great name's sake." All our knowledge now is but partial, and if any man think that he knoweth anything he knoweth nothing yet as he ought to know (verses 9, 10; chapter viii, 2).

We may know that we have become children of God by faith in Christ Jesus and gladly sing, "I know that my Redeemer liveth" (Gal. iii, 13-26; Job xix, 25), but of the life we are yet to live and the unseen realities of His kingdom and glory we know but little. There is a lot of childish prattle and self conceit we would do well to have done with and rather say, "O magnify the Lord with me, and let us exalt His name together." "I will extol Thee my God, O King, and bless Thy name forever and ever" (Ps. xxiv, 3; cxlv, 1). Note the double contrast of "now" and "then" in verse 12, and may we by faith so know the power of the "then" that we shall live better in the "now" to His glory. Then, face to face, knowing as we are known, like Him, for we shall see Him as He is, even our bodies being fashioned like unto His glorious body (I John iii, 1, 2; Phil. iii, 20, 21).

Do not misunderstand the last verse of the lesson. We never heard of anything so great as the love of God, but the greatest thing on our part is faith, without which it is impossible to please God and by which alone we can become children of God. It is the one thing He looks for in us, the faith which worketh by love, because we have known and believed the love which God hath to us (Gal. v, 6; I John iv, 16). See how He commended the great faith of the centurion and the woman of Tyre and Sidon, while He reproved His disciples because of their little faith (Matt. vi, 30; viii, 10, 26; xiv, 31; xv, 28; xvi, 8). Note also His admonition to "have faith in God" (Mark xi, 22).

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Practical Mother.

"That woman next door is a thoroughly practical woman. Hear that rumbling sound?"

"Yes. But what's practical about that?"

"Why, she's roller skating round her kitchen, taking off flesh and getting the baby to sleep at the same time."

Deduction.

"What conclusion did you draw from your study of that ancient Egyptian inscription?" asked the professor of archaeology.

"Why," replied the superficial student, "I decided that the old Egyptians had their comic artists the same as we have."

EDIBLE BIRDS' NESTS.

They Are a Delicacy in the Orient and Bring High Prices.

An important item in the export trade of Siam consists of edible nests of swifts, or swiftlets, as they are also called. The principal markets for this trade are China, Hongkong and Singapore. In Hongkong, it is said, the demand often exceeds the supply, and prices range from \$15 to \$25 per pound, according to quality.

The first nests constructed in the season, which are composed of pure saliva, are held superior for eating purposes. They are gathered on completion before the eggs are laid.

The birds then build again, and the second nests, in which the saliva is mixed with rootlets, grass, etc., and often shows traces of blood from the efforts made to produce saliva, are also taken on completion.

A third nest is then constructed of extraneous substances cemented together and the whole fastened to the wall by a little saliva, the flow of which seems to be practically exhausted. The birds are allowed to rear their young in these nests, which are afterward destroyed by the nest gatherers, so as to compel the construction of fresh nests the following year.

Edible nests of swiftlets are found in the Malay archipelago, Australia and many of the Pacific Islands. In northern Borneo certain caves inhabited by these swiftlets produce \$25,000 worth of nests every year and show no diminution in the quantity, despite systematic robbery for seven generations.—Exchange.

A Little Learning.

Waiter—Will you have coffee, sir? Diner—Sure. Bring me a large demitasse.—Chicago Herald.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY

Have you an Insurance on your Dwelling, and have you protection from fire upon your Personal Effects?

A number of Standard Fire Insurance Companies are represented by

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Will be pleased to quote you rates at any time.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free. MARION & MARION, MONTREAL.

Ex-Convict's Gallantry.

How an ex-convict saw his chance in the war made good was revealed by the death recently on the western front of Rifleman William Mariner, of Salford, Manchester. Mariner gained a Victoria cross several months ago for "very gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the face of the enemy."

Mariner was an adroit burglar, with several convictions against him. In fact, at the outbreak of the war he was on a ticket-of-leave. Without hesitation he made up his mind to join the army, first notifying the police authorities of his intention. To the police's credit, let it be said that they never betrayed his past.

Messages of sympathy from the King and the Queen, as well as a letter from Premier Asquith, were received this week by the dead hero's relatives.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act safely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilelessness, Head-ache, Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

Box Trees of Aalsmeer.

Aalsmeer, Holland, is noted for its strawberries and the clipped box tree. This local industry, which has been brought to a perfection unknown elsewhere, has been carried on for at least 200 years, as the village records show. The nurseries are most curious and interesting. In the rich peaty soil box trees grow in every size and shape.

Velocity of the Earth.

The velocity of the earth on its own axis exceeds, it is estimated, 1,000 miles an hour. The velocity of the earth around the sun is calculated to be 66,000 miles an hour, and the velocity of the moon is calculated to be 2,273 miles an hour.

Prompt Relief

from the all-too-common ills of the digestive organs—weak stomach, torpid liver and inactive bowels—is found in the always safe, sure, quick-acting

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Keep the Family Savings in a Joint Account

in the names of two or more members—Husband and Wife, Brother and Sister, or Father and Son. It is an all-round convenience, as either can deposit or withdraw money, and in case of death the balance goes to the survivor without any formalities, forming an immediate source of ready money.

Carleton Place Branch—D. B. OLIVER, Manager.
Stittsville Branch—W. A. BURCHILL, Manager.
Kinburn Branch—T. McMILLAN, Manager.
Pakenham Branch—A. C. HOFFMAN, Manager.

EXAM. RESULTS

High School Entrance and Junior Public School Graduation Diploma Results

The Public School Inspector of Lanark East and Carleton West, received July 25th, the complete list of results of Jr. Public School Graduation Diploma and of the High School Entrance for the inspectorate of Lanark East and Carleton West, and likewise for the inspectorate of Carleton East. The list of successful Candidates is given below as authorized by the Department of Education. The Regulations page 122, Sect. 23 (c) permit marks to be issued only in the case of those who fail:—

CARLETON EAST INSPECTORATE.

Billings Bridge—Muriel Adams, Marjory Graham, Reginald Hendry, Murray Hope, Allan Pearson, Wesley Richards, Stanley Wilson, Leslie Moore, Harry Belot, Bessie Ellis, Henry LeBreton, Harold Dowler.

Bowesville—No pupils writing at this Centre this year.

Eastview—Gudrun Franson, Elsie Farrell, Lena Gladmann, Lois W. Thompson, Irene MacPhail, Ambjorg Nysater, Mildred Stewart.

Galotta—Eleanor Costello, Muriel Craig, Mary Doyle, John Guthrie, Josephine McMahon, Leonard Moorhouse, Lowrie Stephenson, Nellie Styles, Percy Olmstead, Daniel Wilson, Edith Wallace.

North Gower—Arnold Brown, Donald Brownlee, James Crawford, Edna Caldwell, George Gault, Jessie Montgomery, Edwin McEwen, Minnie Meredith, Roberta Pratt, Tena McCurdy, Bertha Wilson, Henry Dillon, Harry Galley, Sadie Daly.

Jackvale—Goolall McKeuna, Ernie Harney, Nellie Moloughney, Joseph Houlihan.

Kirs—Laura Brown, Harry Potter, Eva Shandlers, Mabel Lindsay.

Kinnore—Evelyn Carkner (Hon.), Stacie Dalglish, George Gillissie, Eddie Johnston, Clarence McCormack, Margaret MacRuer, Ira Hughes.

Kilmours—Jessie L. Armstrong, Muriel Craig, Ada M. Davis (Hon.), Percy Kennedy, Elsie M. Sweeney, Allie Hogan, Michael L. Hogan, Edith A. Slack.

Mahotick—Jessie E. Condie, Myrtle E. Cummings, Trendholm L. Fisher, Irene Heenan, Annie M. Mitchell, Clayton Vaughan, Aubrey Waddell.

Mervale—Jeanette Clark, Ida Davidson, Marjorie McVaugh (Hon.), Edna Plunkett, Kathleen Wright, William Plunkett.

Metcalf—Beatrice Cameron, Kenneth Bow, Irene Grant, Phyllis Lowe, Lyman Tierney, Petronella McKenna, Edna York.

Osgoode Station—Wilmer Hicks, Blanche O'Brien, John Stewart, (Hon.) Gertrude McGahey, Annie McConnell.

Ramsayville—Madeline Anderson, Eddie House, Myrtle Harrison, Patricia Quinn, Jennie Smith, James Anderson, Melba Cameron, Thelma Griffith, Rita O'Gorman.

Vernon—Lizzie Campbell, Martha Dalglish, Roy Genoe, Olive Campbell, Westboro—Marjory Belford (Hon.), Willie Bell (Hon.), Ethyl Brooks, Ernest Butler, Fred Davidson, Edith Denton, Carl Hawn, Osmond Leafloor, Harold Leech (Hon.), Lena McCaughan, Willie Moore, Katherine Richards (Hon.), Thomas Robertson (Hon.), Cora Story, Fred Wilson, Douglas Young, Ernest Halpeny, Ethel Pell, Willie Pell, Georgina Wilson, Lloyd Armstrong, Angus Cunningham, Clarence Haid, Edward Wallace.

Public School Graduation at Galotta—Margaret Guthrie, Albert Harper, Willie Kemp, Alphonus O'Neill, Kenneth Stephenson.

Jr. High School Entrance Standing on Graduation Examination, at Galotta—George Jamieson, Allen Armstrong.

INSPECTORATE OF CARLETON WEST AND LANARK EAST.

ASHTON—Muriel Black, Stanley Barrows, Albert Enout, Ruby Featherstone, Beulah M. Hill, May Porter, Jeanette Saunders, Wilbur Saunders, Gertrude Switzer, Everett Thompson, Evelyn E. Simpson.

CAMP—Russell Brown (Hon.), Lila Clark (Hon.), Lila Fain, Edna F. Graham (Hon.), Ella May Graham

Hartley Hodgins, Alice M. Humphries, Ernest Irvine, Frederick McBride (Hon.), Ruby E. McCaughan (Hon.), Frances McCord (Hon.), Anna Owens, Florence Riddell (Hon.), Jean Rivington (Hon.), Lois M. Wilson, Violet Wilson.

STITTVILLE—Lila Richardson, Emma Scharfe, Rena Shore, Violet Healy, Mabel A. Hewitt.

RICHMOND—Janie Cathcart, Annie Cavanagh, Velma Newcombe, Thelma Seabrook, Ruby Belway, Jennings Du Broy, Ina Evans.

ALMONTE—Elna Boyle (Hon.), Irene Carter, Keith Couba, Grant Dunlop (Hon.), Mary Foy (Hon.), Lottie Giles, Evelyn Ireton, Willard Johnston, Dominic Kean, Maymie Madden, Gertrude Marion, Cowan McIntosh, Rachael McLachlan, Anna Meehan, Winnie Murray, Jean Philip, Geoffrey Plunkett, Raymond Robertson (Hon.), Neil Sloan, Ernest Steele (Hon.), Willie J. Sutherland (Hon.), Muriel West (Hon.), Theresa Neville.

CARLETON PLACE—Flora Bolton (Hon.), Joseph Chauney, Gladys Code (Hon.), Donald Cullen, Bessie Devlin (Hon.), Mary Devlin (Hon.), Barnet Dulmage (Hon.), Hamilton Findlay (Hon.), Nairn Findlay (Hon.), Ida Gardiner, Mabel Hammond (Hon.), Tena Kellough, Irene Kellough, Eunice Lever (Hon.), Jean C. McEwan, Albert H. McEwan, Charles Michel, Bert McKim (Hon.), Madeline McNeely (Hon.), Verena Miller, Dorothy Miller (Hon.), Isobel McGregor, Crissie Moir, Eddie O'Brien, Hope Peden (Hon.), Clifford Peden (Hon.), Harold Patterson, Winnie Playfair, Eleanor Phillips, Marjorie Purdy, Irene Sherlock, Osborne Splane (Hon.), Isobel Stephens, Daisy Sutherland (Hon.), Margaret Switzer, Elsie Dowdall, Ira McNaughton, Ivan Turner, Elizabeth McRae, Edna Paul, John A. Toop.

PAKENHAM—Ernest Bole, Alex. Cameron (Hon.), Lottie Cavanagh, Ethel Donaldson, Mina Donaldson, Stuart Hudson, Dorothy Lowry, Howard Lowry, Letitia McCann, Edgar Needham, Margaret Noonan (Hon.), Willie Rose, Lyle Ross, Loretta Ryan, Willie Ryan, Edward Stafford, Opal Steen, George Story, Catherine Whyte, Laura Scott.

Candidates who applied under Circular 7, Farmers Boys Exemption, will be considered later at the proper time.

Those Candidates from Carleton West and Lanark East inspectorate who wrote at outside Centres, viz., Perth, Smiths Falls, Merrickville, Burritt's Rapids and Kemptville will find their results with the results of these outside Centres; their standing has not as yet been received by their Inspector.

Standing in order of merit of the first 12 candidates in the Honor List of Carleton County (both inspectorates):—

Jean Rivington, S.S. 3 Huntley, Carp Public School.

Ernest Graham, Carp Public School.

Lillie Clark, S.S. 3 Huntley, Carp Public School.

Ruby McCaughan, S.S. No. 3 Huntley, Carp Public School.

Ada M. Davis, S.S. No. 2 Turbolton.

John H. Stewart, Osgoode Station.

Catherine Richards, Westboro' Public School.

Frances McCord, S.S. No. 3 Huntley, Carp Public School.

Frederick McBride, S.S. No. 3 Huntley, Carp Public School.

Evelyn Carkner, S.S. No. 15 Osgoode.

Thomas Robertson, S.S. No. 4 Nepean.

Marjory Belford, S.S. No. 4, Nepean.

Marks of those who failed are being sent to candidates in Carleton West and Lanark East, directly; the marks of those who failed in Carleton East are being sent to the Inspector of Carleton East. Certificates will be issued immediately they are received by the Secretary.

WILLIS C. PROATS,

Sec. Entrance Boards,
Lanark E. and Carleton County.
Carleton Place, July 26, 1916.

APPLETON.

Special to THE HERALD.

Capt. T. B. Caldwell, who is home from the front on furlough, spent some days last week with his brother, Mr. D. W. F. Caldwell.

Miss G. Garvin, of Boston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Turner.

Miss Lena France and her niece, both of Montreal, called on friends on Thursday.

Pte. Arthur Auty, of Valcartier, is visiting at his home.

Mr. W. H. Boyle, of Renfrew, spent the week-end at his home.

Mr. and Mrs. Forsythe and little Jack, of Cedar Hill, spent Sunday with Mrs. M. Teskey.

Miss Laura Paul spent the week-end at her home in Poland.

Mrs. and Miss Cameron left on Sunday to spend a week with friends in Lanark.

Miss Elva Doucett spent the week-end in Smiths Falls.

Misses Christina and Maggie Wilson left on Friday to visit friends in Ottawa and Port Conforte.

Mr. Albert Ashman is visiting with his brother at Black Rapids.

Pte. S. Spinks, who came home last Friday for a few days from Valcartier, met with a painful accident yesterday morning. He had gone out to do some shooting, and in getting over a fence the gun went off and the bullet went through his big toe. Dr. McEwen was called and had Mr. Spinks removed to the R.M. Hospital at Almonte at once, where the toe was amputated. Mr. Spinks is doing as well as can be expected. All hope for his speedy recovery.

BOYD'S

Hot weather isn't it? Haying is again almost finished hereabouts and the crop this year was very heavy.

Harvesting has commenced, and the grain is ripening very quickly.

The patrons of the cheese factory here have received their first payment and of course are delighted with the returns.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was observed in the Methodist church here last Sabbath morning, the three different appointments meeting together.

Mrs. H. K. Bowland and children, of Carleton Place, are holidaying at the old homestead here.

Mr. John Echlin, cheese Inspector, visited our factory last week.

Miss Sarah Jackson, of Buffalo, N.Y., has been visiting at Mr. McCall's and other friends and acquaintances during the past week.

Mr. Alf. Park, wife and family visited friends at Drummond Centre Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Watchorn, who has been visiting her daughter here, Mrs. Will Hammond, with Master Melville Cornelius, returned to their home in Kingston last week.

The new motor license reciprocity pact between Ontario and some States of the Union has entailed the construction of some good roads in Essex county.

President Poincare of France and Emperor Nicholas of Russia on Friday exchanged telegrams of congratulations on the capture by the Russians of the Turkish fortress of Erzingan.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Half a Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE STORE OF PLENTY

Just Arrived
ONE CAR
Liverpool Coarse Salt

Specials in TEAS

3 pounds Special Green for \$1.00.

A Special Blend of Green Tea for 25c a lb.

Black Teas in bulk at 40 and 50c per pound.

Can't be beat.

BOWLAND & MCROSTIE

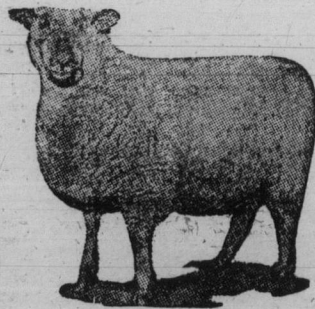
WOOL! WOOL!

We are now prepared to buy all the WOOL offered for which we will pay

The Highest
Market Price
in Cash or Trade.

Washed or Unwashed

J. A. MCGREGOR,



TABER'S

The Better Corsets give Satisfaction

The New D & A Corsets for Fall are now on Exhibition.

The Super Bone Filled Corsets

Has been very favorably received and are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Priced \$3.00.



La Diva and Marmola Belt

Are two of our best selling lines. Moderately priced

\$2 and \$2.25

TABER & CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FARM LABORERS to WINNIPEG \$12

Plus 4c per mile beyond

Excursions August 15 and 29, 1916

From all Stations in the Province of Quebec, also stations in the Province of Ontario—Brockville, Smiths Falls, North Bay and East.

FARE RETURNING: 4c per mile to Winnipeg plus \$18 to starting point.

No change of Cars between East and West on the C.P.R.

For further particulars apply to

J. F. WARREN,

Agent.

EVERY CANADIAN SHOULD SEE THE COUNTRY'S CAPITAL AND THE BEST TIME IS DURING FAIR WEEK

CENTRAL CANADA EXHIBITION



HOUSE OF COMMONS, BURNED FEB. 3, 1916
NOW BEING RESTORED TO FORMER BEAUTY

OTTAWA
SEPT. 9 to 16
1916

ENTRIES CLOSE SEPT. 4TH
REDUCED RAILWAY RATES

Great Industrial Exhibit \$25,000 In PRIZES for LIVE STOCK

Brilliant and Varied Grandstand Performance Afternoon and Evening
MILITARY EXERCISES. VAUDEVILLE ACTS.
BALLOON ASCENSIONS AND LOOP-THE-LOOP AVIATOR.
BIG HORSE RACING PROGRAMME.

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Hundreds of Other Features.

Magnificent Spectacle and Fireworks—"Battle of Falkland Islands."

The Greatest Effort Yet.

Don't Forget to See Ottawa Fair This Year

JOHN BRIGHT, President.

J. K. PAISLEY, Secretary and Manager

SEED CORN

Just received a Car of CHOICE SEED CORN

COMPTON EARLY
LONGFELLOW
NORTH DAKOTA

WHITE CAP YELLOW DENT
KING PHILIP
EARLY BAILEY

MAMMOTH S. SWEET
WISCONSIN NO. 7
CANADA YELLOW

RED COB

WHITE FLINT

This is all Choice Seed. Prices right.

C. F. BURGESS.

Seed Corn!

We have Now in Stock the following Varieties of Seed Corn, all in good order, Especially Selected for Seed:—

Compton's Early

Early Huron Dent

Saltzer's North Dakota

Longfellow

White Cap Yellow Dent

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Mammoth Southern White

Etc., Etc.

Appleton.