

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XLII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1904.

NO. 89.

CHAMBERLAIN WOULD WELCOME GENERAL ELECTION

Ex-Colonial Secretary Advocates Calling of a Colonial Conference to Discuss His Scheme—Campbell-Bannerman's Resolution of Censure of Government Lost by Big Majority.

London, Aug. 1.—In the house of commons today the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, moved the vote of censure which he announced July 15, as a result of the prominent part taken by the leading member of the cabinet in the proceedings of the Liberal Unionist council July 14, during which a resolution was passed approving the fiscal policy of Joseph Chamberlain.

KUROPATKIN'S ARMY HARD PRESSED BY JAPS.

Position After Position Taken.

Fierce Battle Now Raging—General Keller Killed by Japanese Shell—The Fall of Port Arthur is Looked for Shortly.

London, Aug. 2.—The British correspondents with General Kuroki in the field, in brief despatches dated July 31, concur in the statement that the Japanese have captured positions, leaving only one defensible position between them and Liao Yang.

MANY INJURED IN TROLLEY COLLISION

Cars Were Running 25 Miles an Hour When the Crash Occurred.

TWO WILL DIE.

Many Others Seriously Hurt—Accident Was Caused by Orders Being Misunderstood—Victims Belong to Boston and Other Nearby Towns.

Westbury, Mass., Aug. 1.—A score of persons were injured, two fatally, in a head-on collision between two trolley cars on the Boston & Worcester street railway, three miles from Westbury today.

NEW YORK FACES ANOTHER STRIKE

Seventeen Unions Declare War on Big Building Concern.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

Strikers Claim That Non-Union Marble is Being Used—Employers' Association Intimate That They Will Fight to a Finish This Time, and Employ Only Non-Union Men in Future.

New York, Aug. 1.—The Building Trades Alliance, made up of seventeen unions, declared a strike today against the George A. Fuller Construction Company and work was laid up on the Times building, Starbuck building, Trinity building and Taber building.

BACK OF CHICAGO STRIKE IS BROKEN

Packers Resume Killing on a Larger Scale, and the Output is Enormous.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—This was a busy day with the packers. With increased forces of skilled workers and their operating departments more thoroughly equipped than at any time since the beginning of the strike, the employers took a firm grip on the machinery of their affairs and as a result the stock yards took on the hum of activity to a great extent.

GREAT SENSATION IN SCOTTISH CHURCH CIRCLES

House of Lords Give Control of \$50,000,000 of Free Church Property to a Few Ministers Who Fought Union With Presbyterians.

London, Aug. 1.—A judgment delivered in the house of lords today has produced consternation in Scotland, and as a result of it there will probably be a great religious upheaval.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES IN KENT COUNTY

Rexton Driving Park Suffers—Telephone and Telegraph Poles Burned—Other Damage.

Rexton, N. B., Aug. 1.—Fire started on Saturday afternoon in the woods next the Kent Driving Park, and completely burned all the park fences, grand-stand, etc. The fire raged on Saturday afternoon and Sunday, destroying a large amount of fencing and standing grass.

LION TAMER ALMOST TORN TO PIECES

Bonavia Horribly Mangled Before a Gathering of 3,000 People at Coney Island.

New York, Aug. 1.—Bonavia, the lion tamer was all but torn to pieces by the big African lion Baltimore at 10 o'clock last night in a Coney Island animal show before a crowd of 3,000 persons.

Japs Cut Off Gen. Stakelberg.

Count Keller Killed in Battle.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—The report of Lieut. General Count Keller's death is confirmed. He was killed July 29, while repelling the preliminary attack of General Kuroki's army, which lasted until sunset. The Japanese centre took the town, capturing the enemy's northeastern positions.

Accident Caused by Misunderstood Orders

REV. F. C. HARTLEY DECLINES A CALL

Frederick Clergyman Will Not Go to Houlton—Mr. Tiffin Inspecting Canada Eastern Road -- Other News of Fredericton.

Fredericton, Aug. 1.—(Special)—Rev. F. C. Hartley, pastor of the Fredericton Free Baptist church, has informed his friends that it is not his intention to accept the call to the Houlton church lately tendered him.

SCOTCHMEN RESENT EXPLOITING DUNDONALD

Woodstock, Ontario, Sons of Scotland Resolve That the Actions of Certain Politicians is an Insult.

MONCTON NEWS.

Death of Mrs. D. R. Nickerson—C. R. Employee Has Bad Accident—\$1,200 Fire at Coverdale.

Manoton, Aug. 1.—Mrs. D. S. Nickerson, died at the home yesterday, aged 70 years, of paralysis.

Rhodes, Curry & Co. Get the Contract.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—(Special)—The contract for the new private car for the government has been awarded to the Rhodes, Curry Company, of Amherst (N. S.)

LIVELY DEBATE IN PARLIAMENT ON MILITIA BILL

Opposition Advocates the Sending of Canadian Militia to Any Part of the Empire in Case of Need—Mr. Borden Declines to Accept the Amendment, and the Clause Stands Over.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—(Special)—The minister of railways said in the house today he had received a communication from the employees of the Intercolonial asking for the establishment of a pension system. He had considered the matter and had a plan drawn up and submitted to actuaries for a report as to a scale of premiums.

To Stop Fake Cures—The Postmaster General offered an amendment giving the department power to prohibit the passage through the mails of any books, magazines or periodicals, circulars, newspapers or other publications which contain advertisements representing marvellously extravagant or grossly improbable cure or cure or healing of powers by means of medicine, appliances or devices of any kind.

Better Inspection of Grain—The bill respecting the inspection of grain was taken up in committee.

Warmed Debate on Militia Bill.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1904.

Lea, Master McLoe, D. R. Sewan, G. R. Hoopie, F. W. Thompson, C. R. Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Wilson and Mrs. W. L. Malby, of Montreal, are enjoying the balmy breezes of St. Andrews and are guests at the Algonquin.

Dr. W. H. Watson, Mrs. Watson and Miss Williams, of Utes (N. Y.), are spending a short time here.

Mrs. T. S. McWilliams, Mrs. McWilliams and John McWilliams, of Cleveland, are enjoying at the Algonquin.

Mrs. Hazen Grimes, of St. Stephen, has recently been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Charles Gove.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Robertson, who have been making a short stay here, have returned to their home in St. John.

Canon Roberts, of Fredericton, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Robinson.

Miss Robinson and Master Howard Robinson, of Harvey, have been visiting at Mrs. Thomas Simons's.

Miss Tompkins and Miss Worleston, of Boston, are the guests of Mrs. A. E. Tompkins at the Pendolcott cottage.

Mrs. Walter Stevens, Miss A. V. Stephens, Mr. W. C. Clarke, Wm. Gilchrist, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Gagner, Mrs. R. G. Gagner, John Shaugnessy, Harold Shaugnessy and E. O'Donel, of St. Stephen, were recent guests at Kennedy's Hotel.

Miss Florence Howard, of Boston, is visiting her old home here.

A number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Allen recently enjoyed a very delightful sailing party on their yacht.

Mrs. M. A. Maxwell, of Easton (Pa.), and her sister, Miss Besiee Clinch, who has been spending some months with her, are being warmly welcomed back to St. Andrews.

Mrs. Robert Clarke is visiting friends in Houlton.

Miss Helena Rigby, of Campbellton, spent Saturday here.

Miss Marie Lamb is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lamb.

Mr. A. Cullinan, of Montreal, is spending his vacation in St. Andrews.

Mr. L. P. Mahoney, of Wilmington (Del.), was the guest of Rev. Mr. Bowser and Mrs. Bowser at Cedar Croft last week.

Mrs. R. W. McLeod and Mr. Clinton McLeod, of Monticello (Me.), are spending the summer months here.

Mrs. George Hibbard and Miss Besiee Hibbard have been visiting relatives in St. George.

Miss Audrey Stacey is visiting Miss Burchill in Newmarket.

Miss Amelia Kennedy, who has been assisting Miss Magee, matron of the hospital in Montreal, has returned home.

Miss Lottie Hart has returned from a pleasant visit to Miss Bates in St. John.

Mr. R. B. Hanson, of Fredericton, has been a recent visitor in St. Andrews.

Miss Edgar, of Toronto, and Miss Martin, of Montreal, are the guests of Sir William and Lady Van Horne at Covenhoven, Ministers Island.

Mr. Sands and party from the yacht Watarus, spent Saturday in St. Stephen.

Mrs. M. C. Smith and daughter left on Saturday for their home in Presque Isle, after an enjoyable outing.

Miss Josephine Hibbard, of St. John, is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Hibbard.

Mrs. G. DeWitt has returned to her home in Houlton.

John Wyld, Mrs. Wyld, Master Wyld and maid, of Boston, were weekend visitors at the Algonquin.

Mr. John B. Balson, who has been spending several days here visiting old friends, has returned to his home in Dorchester (Mass.).

Mr. Mitchell, Miss Mitchell and Mrs. Ruth Mitchell, of Hartford, are enjoying a short stay at this popular resort.

ing late in the day when the prisoner arrived, the justice adjourned the hearing until Monday morning, allowing him to go on his own recognizance in the sum of \$200 and W. B. Jonah \$100. The clerk of the peace appeared for the prosecution, and W. B. Jonah, of Elgin, for the accused.

Justice Jones delivered judgment on Friday in the matter of Allen W. Bray vs. Thomas Newman, charged with placing an obstruction in the highway in the form of a post. The accused was fined \$1 and costs. This dispute arose over the erecting of a fence enclosing the Methodist parsonage grounds. The trustees of said church having instructed the accused to place said post, copy of the proceedings have been taken and the end is not yet.

Government Surveyor Patterson, of Salisbury, is here, and has been surveying the Methodist parsonage lot.

RIVERSIDE.

Riverside, Albert county, Aug. 1.—Dr. Dickson and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Piers, of New York, are visiting Dr. Dickson's daughter, Mrs. A. R. Tibbitts.

Miss Annie Barton, who has been visiting friends here, returned to her home in St. John on Tuesday.

George W. Copp, who has been residing in Mrs. Willard's house, has moved to a house on the Marsh road, which he has purchased from Hon. A. R. McClellan.

Work is progressing favorably on the school building which is being erected for the consolidated districts. Quite a number of men are being employed in laying the foundation.

Mr. Haney, traveler for Brock & Patterson, St. John, paid a visit to Riverside on Thursday.

SALISBURY.

Salisbury, N. B., Aug. 1.—Miss Nettie Carter, daughter of Capt. Carter, and Miss Grace Wilnot have gone to Boston to spend a few weeks.

Mrs. Davies returned home on Tuesday, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. J. S. Hardy, of Fredericton, who will spend a short time here.

On Friday, July 29, a parish conference of the different Sunday schools was held in the Baptist church at Boundary Creek. A social meeting was held in the afternoon, conducted by the field secretary, Rev. J. B. Ganong, and in the evening a very profitable programme was carried out in the presence of a large congregation, considering the time of year.

The Rev. Mr. Howie, of Salisbury, was the first speaker. He dwelt in a very interesting manner on the "Duty of the Parents to the Sunday School." The Rev. Mr. Davies, of Salisbury, followed with a short address on "The Purpose of the Sunday School." The conference was then favored with an address by J. S. Trites, of Moncton, who spoke very forcibly on "The Opportunity and Responsibility of the Church." The field secretary was then heard by the first time by the people of this parish, since entering this work.

Although the hour was late his excellent address on "Sunday School Work in General" was listened to with much interest. The conference was considered by all a most successful one.

Mr. Simpson, station agent, and his wife left last week for a short vacation.

TRURO.

Truro, July 27.—An enjoyable picnic was given at Victoria Park, Thursday, in honor of the Truro River lodge. After tea all went to the lodge room, where a picnic of the lodge was held. The visiting sisters especially themselves were greatly pleased with the treatment received.

Miss Emma H. Biglow, assistant teacher at the school of Household Science here, has been appointed principal of the New Glasgow school.

Dr. J. H. McKay has returned from Cape Breton; she is now being cared for in his own home, and his friends hope soon to hear of his recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Glassford, of Montreal, were guests of Mr. A. J. Campbell Saturday.

Mr. Frank Tupper, of New York, is visiting his father, Mr. S. H. Tupper. Mrs. Tupper came here some weeks ago.

Mrs. Edgar M. Fulton is about to take up her residence in Halifax.

Miss Annie Hoode, of Belmont, has returned on vacation from Prince Albert (N. W. T.). Her husband has been teaching.

Mrs. D. C. Blair left last week to visit friends in Montreal.

Miss Emily Fraser, of Halifax, is visiting friends in town.

Miss Sadie Cook, who has been spending her vacation at her home in Bayfield, has returned to town.

Miss Minnie Snook is visiting her sister in Boston. She intends spending some time at St. Louis.

Miss Primrose Campbell, of Talamonochie, is visiting Mrs. J. B. Dickie.

Mrs. A. E. Hunt and little boy have gone to Cape Breton to visit their home.

Mr. Harry Miller, of Halifax, is spending his holidays at his old home at Salmon River.

Miss Fannie Faulkner, of Sackville, returned home Monday.

Forman Faulkner, spent Sunday here, returning with her.

Hon. S. H. Holmes and Mr. George Faulkner, of Halifax, were in town Saturday.

Mrs. M. J. McLean, of St. Bonaventure, spent a few days here with friends, en route to her home from McLean, where she will be attending the jubilee celebration of her brother-in-law, Rev. J. B. McLean, D. D.

daughter, Mrs. B. Dickie, has returned home. Mrs. C. H. Ross has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Miller, Wittenburg. She was accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss J. A. Smith and family, of Wentworth. They were here for several weeks.

Mr. Hugh W. Yull has gone to Brule Shore to spend a few weeks.

Mr. Arthur Stevens has returned from a vacation trip to Cape Breton.

Mr. Burton Fraser and his sisters, Misses Lulu and Annie, who have been visiting Mrs. John Leck, have returned to their home in Sheeh Harbour.

Miss Susie Stewart, of Little Dyke, has been visiting friends here for several weeks.

Mr. G. P. McDougal, of Matland, was in town on Friday.

Mr. George Lasher has gone to visit at her old home at Port Jufferin.

Mrs. Ernest D. Vernon (nee Thomas) is receiving at her home, Willow street, today.

Mrs. H. Stevens is visiting his daughter, Mrs. B. R. Brownell, in Amherst.

Mrs. Duncan McDonald and child have gone to Parrsboro to visit friends.

Miss Bertina McDonald is spending her vacation in Sydney, with her sister, Mrs. George McIntire.

Miss McArthur is spending some weeks with relatives in Moncton, N. B.

Mrs. D. W. Brown, of Sydney, is visiting Mrs. I. N. Tupper.

Mrs. M. M. McLean, of Halifax, spent a short time at Conductor Bentley McLeod's last week.

Mrs. P. F. McDonald, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, is spending his vacation in P. E. I.

Master Karl Reinhardt, of La Hare, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. R. P. Porter.

Mrs. W. P. King, of Pleasant street, has returned from a visit to P. E. I. to spend some time at Mr. Reddin's.

Mr. F. P. McCre and daughter, of Providence (I. P.), are visiting Mr. and Mrs. James McMillan, Lyman street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tibbitts are visiting at Northfield.

Mrs. Higlow, who has been ill for some time, is improving and her friends are hoping to see her about again in a short time.

Miss Etta Hoode, of Prince street west, has secured a position on the teaching staff of Amherst Academy.

Miss M. A. Macdonald, a recent graduate of the School of Household Science, has been given charge of the Domestic Science School at Lunenburg and Bridgewater.

Mrs. H. J. Lyman and family are spending some weeks at Chester.

Miss Duncan, Victoria nurse, is visiting in Wallace.

Mrs. W. P. King, of Pleasant street, has returned from a visit to P. E. I. to spend some time at Mr. Reddin's.

Mr. Joseph Geddes is visiting at Great Village.

Mr. M. M. McLean, I. C. R. train despatcher, has gone to Sydney to spend his vacation, accompanied by his wife and family.

Miss Marguerite Urquhart is spending some weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cummings at Pelly Village.

Mrs. J. H. Lyman and family are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair and family at Pelly Village.

Mrs. Vaughan and her family left Wednesday for a trip across the bay to spend a short time at the home of her parents in Canard.

Mrs. Nellie Lyons is receiving the congratulations of her friends upon her success in passing examinations and receiving an "A" certificate.

Mr. J. MacKenzie, of Amherst, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Stewart Jenks, of Amherst, is having his annual outing at Parrsboro and Kingsport. His friends here in his old home are pleased to hear of it.

Mr. Towers, of Sackville, is a guest at the home of Conductor and Mrs. Thompson.

Miss Myra Knowlton is visiting friends in Canaan.

Mr. Murray Dobson, of Dorchester, has been spending a short time in town with friends.

Rev. Mr. Driffield, until recently rector of St. George's, now of Londonderry, spent a few days among his old friends this week.

Miss Minnie and Edna Thompson, who have been visiting in Sackville, arrived home Monday.

Capt. and Mrs. Hatfield, of Advocate, have been enjoying the hospitality of friends in town for a few days.

Mrs. Mack is making a tour through the Annapolis Valley, and will join her husband at Chester, where they will enjoy their vacation.

Mrs. Shaw, of Windsor, and Mrs. Moore, of Kentville, are visiting at Mrs. Woodworth's.

Mrs. Wheaton has returned after visiting friends at Athol after places.

Mrs. D. S. Howard left Wednesday for New York, where she will join her husband, the captain having recently arrived from South America.

Mrs. Soaman, who has been away visiting friends, arrived home Wednesday.

Miss Nellie McAloney, who has been spending some time in Boston, returned home Wednesday.

The young ladies of Grace Methodist church held a very enjoyable social on the beach at the summer cottage of Dr. Hayes Monday evening.

Mrs. E. E. Day is visiting friends in Windsor and Halifax.

Mrs. Fraser, of St. John, after enjoying a visit in town, returned home Wednesday.

The beautiful grounds of Mr. H. W. McKenna were used Friday evening by the young ladies of the Presbyterian church for a very successful ice cream social.

DIGBY.

Digby, N. S., July 30.—(Special)—D. G. S. Constance, Cape May, left here this morning with Customs Inspector Jones on board. Mr. Jones visited the wrecked Norwegian bark Yula, ashore west of Whale Cove, and placed Officer Morehouse, of Sand Cove, in charge for the customs department.

H. B. Short, Lloyd's agent, returned to Digby this morning. The vessel lies in a bad place, and will be a total loss. Her spars and rigging are in good condition, and her sails are furled.

There is a strong southwest breeze in the bay tonight. Two ships and two three masted schooners are off Petite Ansevoir, bent to beat out the bay. A fleet of fishing schooners and craft are off Brier Island.

An American sloop yacht, passed in by Point Prim tonight.

AMHERST.

Amherst, July 28.—Miss Hozin, who was the guest of her brother, left Saturday to take up teaching.

The engagement of Miss Maud Chapman, second daughter of Mr. David T. Chapman, to Mr. Victor Curry, eldest son of Mr. N. Curry, of this town, has been announced.

A musical entertainment will be given in the Parish Hall August 8 by Miss Jessie

Culton, assisted by Miss Mable Pugeley and Miss K. Campbell.

Miss Lucy McKinnon, who has been visiting in New York and Montreal, is expected home this week.

Messrs. T. B. Morris and C. E. Casey and Mr. and Mrs. Everett, of Rhode Island, spent Sunday at Wentworth.

Mrs. C. R. Smith and family left Saturday for Parrsboro to spend the summer.

Miss Mildred Carter is spending this week at Amherst elms.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Munro and family are visiting in Bear River, guests of Mrs. Munro's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Douglas are spending a few days in Wallace.

Miss Marion Sterne and Master Ralph are guests of Miss Leaman at Minville.

Mrs. T. S. Rogers and family left Saturday to spend a few weeks with Mrs. Wood at Tidnish Bridge.

Mrs. McManus has returned after a month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Donald, at "Sunny Brae," Moncton.

Mr. Roy Fuller and sister, Miss Beatrice Fuller, left this week for Tidnish to be present at the Baxter-Belyea wedding.

Mrs. and Miss Pugeley and Mrs. Joseph Douglas were in Amherst Friday for tennis tea.

Mr. Vanwart, teller of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has been transferred to Truro.

Mrs. McLean and little daughter who have been visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Mitchell, left Thursday for her home in Souris.

Mrs. E. L. Hoeg received her friends at the home of Mrs. W. S. Tait, Athol street, Monday evening and Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons of this week.

Mrs. H. L. Hoeg, of Halifax, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Crease, here.

Mr. and Mrs. N. O. McLeod and Miss Marion McKeen are visiting friends in Bicton.

Rev. George Wood, who spent last week in New Glasgow, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. A. J. Crosswell and Mrs. Crosswell are spending some days at Tidnish, the guests of Mrs. Ketchum.

Mrs. H. L. Hewson and daughter, Muriel, have gone to Pugwash to enjoy a few weeks' recreation.

A large number of excursionists left Wednesday to visit the Shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre.

Miss Laura Bealy is spending a few weeks at Advocate Harbor.

Mrs. Terria of Pittsburg, and Mrs. and Miss Chute are the guests of Mrs. W. G. Callahan at the Terrace Hotel.

Mrs. Ketchum has gone to Tidnish for the summer.

Miss Mable Black left this week to spend some weeks in Sydney and the guests of her brother, Dr. H. Walter Black.

W. L. Ormund is enjoying a few days' vacation on the St. John river.

Miss Lona Freeman is the guest of Mrs. W. H. Tennent, Tidnish.

Mr. G. A. Geddes, of the Bank of Montreal, has returned from the St. Louis fair.

Mr. J. H. Abbott, manager of the Royal Bank of Canada, spent Sunday at Tid-

nish, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tennent.

The ladies' auxiliary of the St. John B. A. will hold an afternoon social at the B. A. hall on August 10. A good programme has been prepared.

Miss Sadie McKinnon, who has spent the past two months abroad, returned home this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Tyler, of California, and Mrs. Toothacher, of Bristol (Me.), are guests of their sister, Mrs. Charles Campbell.

Miss Fannie Pipes has returned after a month with friends in Windsor and Halifax.

Miss Margaret Delahunt went to St. John Wednesday to visit friends.

Mrs. James A. Dickey is very ill. Invitations have been issued to the marriage of Miss Lena Mable Sillicker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Sillicker, to Mr. Roy Cleveland Lea, Wednesday afternoon, August 10.

Mr. W. G. Maxwell, of Glace Bay, was in town Tuesday attending the funeral of his sister, Miss Ida M. Maxwell.

ANNAPOLIS.

Annapolis, Aug. 1.—The death of Cereus Purdy occurred suddenly at his home, Deep Cove, a few miles distant from here on Sunday morning at the advanced age of 80 years. Mr. Purdy was a prominent man in the community in which he lived and highly respected. Several sons survive him.

The sacrament of confirmation was administered to a number of candidates at St. Louis R. C. church on Friday evening by Archbishop O'Brien, of Halifax.

The Methodist excursion and picnic at Goat Island on Thursday last was largely attended and an enjoyable time spent.

The Dominion government has granted a subsidy of \$1,500 for steamship service between St. John (N.B.), and Annapolis; also a subsidy of \$5,000 for steamship service between Annapolis and Hall England.

Laying is progressing slowly in this section, the weather being unfavorable.

It is rumored that two of the enterprising young men of Round Hill are soon to join the ranks of the benedictines.

The engagement of Oty Savary, of the law office of Jordan Ritchie & Chisholm, Halifax, son of Judge Savary, of Annapolis, and Miss Clara Brown, daughter of Mrs. R. C. Brown, of Halifax, is announced.

S. W. W. Pickup and W. H. Weatherston, of Granville Ferry, with their families and a number of friends are camping at Goat Island. The party number about forty.

George C. Cheese, M. A. (Oxford), who for three years has been studying law in the office of Borden Ritchie & Chisholm, Halifax, and more recently in that of J. Ritchie, K. C., of this town, and who took the LL. B. degree at Dalhousie College last April, and was admitted to the bar at Halifax on the 7th ult., leaves for Weymouth Bridge today to practice his

profession, being associated with J. J. Ritchie under the firm name of Ritchie & Cheese.

WANTUCKET INVADDED BY SCHOOL OF PORPOISES

Fishermen Have Their Business Temporarily Ruined.

Nantucket, Mass., July 30.—The bluish and wealkish fishery was brought to a sudden end today by an immense school of porpoises, which surrounded the island, driving the bluish away and slaughtering the wealkish.

Some of the boats report that hundreds of wealkish floated on the surface of the water, having been killed evidently by the

porpoises. Some of the fishing steamers ran off ten miles south of the island, but found the porpoises almost as thick as nearer the shore.

Central Vermont Wreck.

Newark, Conn., Aug. 1.—A train on the Central Vermont Railroad was wrecked at Norwich town this afternoon and several people were badly hurt. The engine and baggage car rolled down an embankment, a telegraph pole stopping the latter from rolling into the Yantic river.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. A Harmless, Reliable and Effective Cure for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Pain in the Stomach, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus, Sea Sickness, Summer Complaint, and all Fluxes of the Bowels in Children or Adults.

Held Under Water by Rigging and Drowned. Brunswick, Me., July 29.—Of seven persons who were thrown into the water of Casco Bay today, through the capsizing of a catboat, all were saved except Benjamin Stone, the ten-year-old son of Charles Stone, of Waldham. He was caught by the rigging of the boat and drowned. His body was recovered later.

EATON'S MAIL ORDER NEWS TORONTO. Remarkably Low Prices for Women's Garments. WALKING SUIT \$7.75, CRAVENETTE RAINCOAT \$5.00, WALKING SKIRTS \$2.95, \$3.98. BY judicious buying—direct from the mills—and using the most improved methods of manufacturing, these goods are offered at these remarkably low figures.

Do you know this Mr. Cheesemaker? Selling the Curd is a most important part of a good butter; strict attention to getting the curd of attention will make or mar uniformity. Know exactly the quantity of milk in each vat, weigh on a reliable scale the right quantity of Windsor Cheese Salt.

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in plain envelope or registered letter, and addressed  
to The Telegraph Publishing Company,  
200 Wm. Somerville,  
St. John, N. B., August 3, 1904.

"IVAN THE TERRIBLE."  
Writing a few days ago, before the not  
unexpected assassination of M. de Plehve,  
Mr. Jerome K. Jerome, who has seen much  
of Russia and the Russians, put forward  
some paragraphs of very grim prophecy.

"The Russian peasant, when he rises,  
will prove more terrible, more pitiless  
than were the Frenchmen of 1793. He is  
less intelligent, more brutal. They  
sing a wild, sad song, these Russian  
cattle, the while they work. They sing  
it in chorus on the quays while hauling  
the cargo, they sing it in the factory,  
they sing it in the workshop, they sing  
it in the street, reaping the corn they  
may not eat! It is about the good  
time their masters are having of the  
feasting and the merry-making. But  
the last line of every verse is the same.  
When you ask a Russian to translate  
it for you he shrugs his shoulders.  
'Oh, it means,' he says, 'that their  
time will come—some day.' It is a  
sad, pathetic, haunting refrain. They  
sing it in the drawing-rooms of Moscow  
and St. Petersburg, and somewhere  
the light talk and laughter die away,  
and a hush, like a chill breath, enters  
by the closed door and passes through  
it is a curious song like that which  
is of a tired wind, on one day it will  
sweep over the land heralding terror."

We require to extract something from  
this because Mr. Jerome is an artist and  
is fond of effect, and because this same  
haunting song was being sung, no doubt,  
when Mr. Jerome was a boy, and the lead  
of Ivan the Patient was heavier than now.  
It was then as now everybody's business  
to predict that Ivan would one day be  
come Ivan the Terrible. Yet he was.  
There are assassinations, it is true, but the  
peasants are still singing.

If we subtract something from the Jerome  
prophecy for these reasons, we should  
perhaps restore something to it because  
since it was written a peasant has cut off  
the czar's right hand in the nation's hour  
of need. We may pass over for believing  
that the day of Ivan the Terrible is at  
hand, and that the Russian revolution will  
be more terrible than the French. From  
his own observation of the peasant Mr.  
Jerome believes that beneath their dogged  
patience are ugly traits, fires long re-  
pressed whose effect will be volcanic. Some  
always write so of Russia. But he is  
particularly well as general.

"Every educated Russian you talk to on  
the subject knows that revolution is com-  
ing. He talks to you about it with the  
door shut, for no man in Russia can  
be sure that his own servants are not  
the agents of their fathers. We have  
seen brute beasts of the people, and as  
brute beasts they will come upon us, cruel,  
and undiscriminating; right and wrong  
indifferently going down before them. But  
it has to be, it is needed."  
Mr. Jerome's idea would be that M. de  
Plehve knew well enough that the fire  
was near, but he was either was content  
to believe the explosion would not come  
in his time, or that, fearing it would,  
he knew of no wiser recourse of states-  
manship than the iron hand he used.

A witness who was well acquainted with  
M. de Plehve is Mr. Andrew D. White, former  
American minister to Russia. After  
hearing of the assassination Mr. White  
referred to the victim in these words:  
"I can only account for Mr. Plehve's  
atrocious, reactionary and despotic con-  
duct since he came to the position of min-  
ister on the theory that he found that the  
clique in control of the winter palace, men  
and women, who seem to have brought  
the present Emperor into subjection to  
them so strong as to oblige him as a cog-  
nition of his tenure of office, to do their

will. His ambition doubtless led him to  
adopt their radical and religious hatred as  
well as their detestation of anything like  
constitutional government."  
Mr. White describes Russia's destruction  
of Finland's liberty as "the most  
wicked thing in the history of the last two  
centuries." He does not speak idly. He  
knows Russia. He knew M. de Plehve.  
And his picture of the inner circle at St.  
Petersburg affords good reason for be-  
lieving in Mr. Jerome that the refrain  
of the peasants' song may be growing  
louder and that the day of Ivan the Ter-  
rible may be near indeed. The bureaucracy  
may grind along, yet a disastrous foreign  
war coincident with such internal condi-  
tions as unquestionably exist in Russia  
may unite to exert a breaking strain.

SOME BOARDS OF TRADE,  
AND OTHERS.

Eighty-one new members were added to  
the Halifax board of trade at its quarterly  
meeting last Thursday. Since the first of  
the year 120 new members have joined the  
organization. The president in speaking,  
on Thursday, of the work of a delegation  
sent to Ottawa in connection with Halifax  
matters said:

"A delegation from Halifax had gone to  
Ottawa in connection with the shipbuilding  
industry, and had met the Minister of  
Finance, Mr. Bertram and others. He  
thought that the visit of the delegation  
would have good results."  
The delegation also met the Minister  
of Railways and the Minister of Finance  
in connection with the proposed terminal  
facilities at this port, and received assur-  
ance that all the improvements asked for  
at this port would be carried out as soon  
as possible. The work of building the  
wharves and sheds would be proceeded  
with at once."

President De Wolf, in reviewing the  
work of the last three months, had  
mentioned that the board had  
taken over the work of the Nova  
Scotia Tourist Association, which had  
added tourists to the labors of the secretary.  
He reminded them that the board had  
united with the Provincial Exhibition  
Commission in asking that the government  
next year give the grant of \$50,000 for the  
Ottawa Exhibition to Nova Scotia for  
an exhibition to be held in Halifax in con-  
nection with the Provincial Exhibition.  
The additions to the membership of the  
Halifax organization are due in some mea-  
sure to a "forward" movement started some  
time ago with the idea of injecting new  
energy into the board and making it a  
powerful means of promoting the interests  
of the city.

CANADA IS NOT TEMPTED.

Mr. Chamberlain is quoted as using in  
his address of July 26, some language  
which sounds strange from such a source:  
"He said the future of the empire at the  
present time depends to a great extent  
upon the establishment of some sort of an  
imperial organization. The colonies are  
not ours in any sense whatever of posses-  
sion. They are absolutely independent  
states, and there is nothing to prevent  
them separating from us tomorrow. We  
could not and would not attempt to hold  
them by force. It is a voluntary bond  
which has never been defined. At the  
present time he did not believe organiza-  
tion impossible, because Canada, Australia  
and South Africa, moved by this strong  
feeling, said 'Sympathy or race, religion  
and tradition is not enough; we are pre-  
pared to make concessions and changes  
in order to induce larger intercourse be-  
tween ourselves and you, believing that  
larger intercourse will tend to increase  
political union. We all desire commercial  
union as the first step towards political  
union and the organization of a common  
wealth. He believed in the love of the  
colonies for the motherland, but it would  
be better to be a free state, and when a  
country like Canada was continuously  
tempted by offers of commercial union  
and the United States she would not  
continuously refuse it when she finds, after  
asking us to make arrangements, that we  
are still indifferent and hostile."

This is all true and familiar except that  
portion of it which represents Canada as  
"continuously tempted by offers of com-  
mercial union with the United States."  
That is news to Canadians. Canada has  
had no very pressing offers from that  
direction, and would not be tempted by  
them if they came. And, such offers are  
by no means likely. The movement to-  
ward Imperial unity should not be marked  
by any statement concerning Canada  
which does not square with the facts. It  
is strong enough and great enough to re-  
quire no more than the arguments which  
do not mislead.

KIPLING THE IMPERIALIST.

Mr. Kipling the Imperial poet hymns  
Mr. Chamberlain the Imperial statesman.  
Through much of the poet's work there  
runs the strong note of Imperial unity in  
its best sense. Mr. Kipling writes poetry  
for all the Empire. In Mr. Chamberlain  
he recognized a doer among doubters,  
a strong man with a plan. And does always  
appeal strongly to Mr. Kipling. He would  
not have to be sure that the man he has  
found is faultless. It is much in the poet's  
eye that his present watchword is "For-  
ward, and together." Mr. Kipling is not

one of those who need Mr. Chamber-  
lain's advice to "think imperially." Born  
in India he has since visited the rest of  
the Empire and, observing the Imperial  
structure, he has given much thought to it.  
He detests doubters, as he greatly admires  
decision and courage and foresight.  
Cable tolls are heavy and few poets in  
our time have been regarded as interesting  
enough to warrant the correspondence in  
writing their verses. Mr. Kipling is the  
notable exception. Such of his recent verse  
as might be described as topical has risen  
to the credit of dignity of "news." So the  
cable carried over his lines upon Canada's  
decision to grant a preference to  
British goods. The like happened when  
he established the unpopular German alliance  
with his pen at the time of the Venezuela  
debtor-collecting expedition. On that occa-  
sion he drew the fire of so great a figure as  
the German chancellor. His lines on South  
Africa after the war was over and recon-  
struction was begun were cited also.

We have this morning the first and last  
stanza of the poem hailing Mr. Chamber-  
lain as the Anglo-Saxon Moses, and these  
fragments contain evidence that the utter-  
ance is a ringing one. He would be rash  
who said that Mr. Chamberlain has not  
enlisted powerful reinforcements. The cause  
sung by the real laureate of the race  
must be the stronger for his singing. Mr.  
Chamberlain is old in years, but his head  
and his heart do not show age. He is un-  
hindered. He does not resort to rash  
predictions of immediate triumph. But he  
has raised a mighty issue which the  
Empire must pass upon and that at no  
very distant day. The responsibility of the  
first verdict is naturally and properly with  
the people of England.

RUSSIAN DISCIPLINE.

A correspondent writing from Harbin,  
the chief city of Manchuria, to which place  
he was ordered after visiting Port Ar-  
thur and Newchwang in turn, makes  
the most serious charges of immorality  
and lack of discipline among the Russian  
officers. Wine, women and gambling, he says,  
occupy the attention of the Russians to a degree  
which has disgusted and amazed the corre-  
spondent. Writing of Newchwang, which the  
Japanese recently captured, and which is  
a point of immense strategic importance,  
he gives a painful description of the town  
while it was still held by the Russians.  
"At the moment when the town, with its  
utterly inefficient defences, was threat-  
ened by any of a half-dozen Japanese army  
divisions, the leading Russian merchant in-  
formed me that the consignment of mili-  
tary stores that had arrived recently con-  
tained quantities of perfume, scented  
soaps and ladies' toilet articles, bon-bons,  
garters, fans, and other paraphernalia dear  
to the heart of the demi-mondaine. As for  
field necessities, such as pans, kettles,  
field glasses, picks, shovels, and other  
equipment for fortifying or for service in  
a rugged country, they, he added bitterly,  
had not even been requisitioned."

Things were the same at Port Arthur  
until the Japanese attacked, then the  
orderly element retreated to Newchwang  
and later to Liao Yang and Harbin. He  
cites one surprising instance of the lack of  
even a pretence of morality or discipline  
among men high in command, saying that  
on one occasion a general of affairs intro-  
duced his entire staff, in the dining room  
of the largest hotel in Harbin, to a  
woman than whom there was no more  
notorious in the Manchurian capital.  
"Indeed," he writes, "one needs no better  
proof than the state of affairs at Harbin  
for the assertion that the Russian army is  
at about the same stage of evolution as  
the armies of other so-called civilized na-  
tions a hundred years ago."

These conditions in an army in the field,  
the results of the campaign thus far in  
Manchuria, and the state of affairs in St.  
Petersburg, go far to convince the outsider  
that Russia may not long escape that  
heroic operation which nations sometimes  
undergo in extreme cases, and which is  
known as a revolution.

JUDGE PARKER'S LETTER.

Republicans who referred to Judge  
Parker's famous telegram to the St. Louis  
convention as a pre-arranged play for  
dramatic effect, and who maintained that  
in reality he was willing to make any sacri-  
fice to secure the nomination, are in deep  
water just now. In the August Review  
of Reviews Mr. James Creelman prints  
a letter which he received long before the  
convention, when the New York World,  
in seeking an expression of Judge Park-  
er's views on public issues, sought to  
impress upon him that he would lose his  
nomination if he did not break his  
silence. As chief justice of the court of  
appeals the judge believed he should not  
participate in political discussion. Here  
is his response to the World's request:

Albany, June 17, 1904.  
You may be right in thinking that an  
expression of my views is necessary to secure  
the nomination. If so, let the nomination  
go. I took the position that I have main-  
tained—first, because I deem it to be my  
duty to the court, second, because I do not  
think the nomination for such an office  
should be sought. I still believe that I am  
right, and therefore expect to remain steady.  
Very truly yours,  
ALTON B. PARKER.

He did remain steadfast. Democratic  
and independent journals are now con-  
trasting this letter with President Roose-  
velt's determined and sustained efforts  
to secure the Republican nomination. The  
letter is a political document of no little  
value at this stage of the campaign when  
the independent element is beginning to  
choose between the candidates.

The newspaper man who puts forward the  
interesting campaign material in question.  
He was one of Mr. Hearst's correspond-  
ents before and during the Spanish-Ameri-  
can war. Mr. Hearst's New York Jour-  
nal and Mr. Creelman were wont to re-  
gard themselves as responsible for that  
part. It is related that after witnessing  
a part of the Santiago campaign Mr. Creel-  
man remarked that never again would he  
embrace two great nations in a bloody con-  
flict. Some persons actually thought he  
exaggerated his responsibility.

THE WAR CRISIS.

General Kuropatkin is in retreat north-  
ward, horse, foot, and guns. Oku and  
Nodzu in overwhelming force are pressing  
him from the south and east. The ques-  
tion this morning is: Has Kuropatkin suc-  
ceeded in planning his force across the Russian  
line of retreat? If he has the fate of the  
Russian army in Manchuria is sealed.

Fresh troops moved to the front  
from Russia, the despatches say, have  
been stopped at Harbin for some days  
past, and all the available rolling stock  
of the railroad is being rushed south,  
apparently to carry away much of Kuropat-  
kin's forces as he may extricate from the  
Japanese net. But there is the chance  
that Kuropatkin will cut the railroad near  
Liao Yang, and use the rolling stock for  
purposes of his own.

Co-operation between the principal  
Japanese commanders in this crisis of the  
campaign recalls the work of Toyo at sea  
when he lured Matsuda out of Port  
Arthur, and kept his battle ships out of  
sight until the wireless telegraph told him  
the moment to appear had come.

Kuropatkin, withdrawing northward,  
is said to be interposing a thin screen  
of troops between the pursuers and  
his main body. He may fight a series of  
extended rear guard actions, but how he  
can escape the victor of the Yalu who is  
waiting south of him does not appear.  
Apparently he has already sacrificed some  
thousands of men who were sent to delay  
the pursuers. It is a drama the world will  
watch with grim interest. Naturally there  
arises the question: If Kuropatkin meets  
with the expected disaster, what will  
Russia do next?

NOTE AND COMMENT.

War comment from St. Petersburg this  
morning is very gloomy. The Russians  
talk as if they expected a decisive reverse  
in Manchuria. They are beginning to fear  
that Kuropatkin is surrounded and cannot  
extricate his forces from the net. He is  
outnumbered in men and guns, and his  
forces are in poor fettle, having been  
beaten repeatedly.

Mr. John Killam, North Kingston, was  
run down by his team with moving ma-  
chine attached on Tuesday last. Fortu-  
nately Mr. Killam escaped with three  
fractured ribs and consequent hemorrhage  
between his eyes and nose, and other slight  
injuries.—Dagby Courier.

"Fortunately," apparently, at this rate,  
a moderately lucky man would have been  
killed.  
The hints in this little article we hope  
will lead to careful inquiries as to what  
had best be done at the next Dominion  
election. Let us in the next Dominion  
election bury our party names, nominate  
as candidates the best men we can induce  
to run an election; men who will do  
justly, love mercy and walk humbly before  
their God.—Albert County Journal.

All the candidates of all the parties will  
promise to do all of those things, and some  
of them will deny that their opponents  
could do so under any circumstances. The  
Journal has undertaken a work of great  
magnitude.  
General Kuropatkin is another Hannibal,  
according to the Berlin Tagblatt. That  
journal quotes a nephew of the general,  
who is now a student at the Berlin Uni-  
versity, as saying his uncle is not of French  
descent, as has been stated, "but is the  
son of a Polish nobleman, who fled from  
Russia after the Polish revolution of 1831,  
went to Japan and married a Japanese.  
He says that General Kuropatkin bears the  
nickname of 'The Pole.' His father told  
him on his deathbed that he might be able  
at some time to take revenge on Russia  
for enslaving Poland."

Along among the ministers of monar-  
chies of the present generation, Von  
Plehve was suspected by the world of  
conniving at the massacre of fellow-sub-  
jects. The slayer was a self-appointed  
champion of a cause, someone who con-  
founded the agent with the system, the  
mistake most assassins make. The killing  
of Von Plehve will not put an end to the  
breed of Von Plehves. To the dead Von  
Plehve, who had acquired the nickname  
of "the brutal policeman," another minis-  
ter as exasperatingly despotic will succeed  
until Russia itself is either, by reform or  
revolution, modernized and brought into  
line, if not with England and France, at  
least with Germany and Austria in gov-  
ernmental ideas.—Boston Transcript.

And more Von Plehves will mean more  
assassinations while reform or revolution  
is gathering headway.  
New York is investigating the workings  
of a Mafia-like society called the Black  
Hand, which levies blackmail upon wealthy  
Italian residents and blows up who  
refuse to pay. An Italian detective of the  
New York police department says the

society has been at work for five years in  
that city, and that he has seen fifty  
cases in which the complainants re-  
fused to appear against men arrested, fear-  
ing possible to secure the conviction of the  
criminals. In many cases it is believed the  
victims paid the price of safety without  
complaint to the police.  
Whitaker Wright's palace in Surrey,  
England, is too costly to be readily sold  
for a fair price. Very interesting is the  
account of an auctioneer's efforts to  
find a purchaser. "He recited the won-  
ders of the palace at Lea Park, its pleas-  
ures, woods, and chain of little lakes, its  
glass room under the lake, rubbed by the  
tails of swimming fishes, and the great  
marble fountain, part of which is still in  
packing cases, but no bid was made.  
Minutes passed, and no bid was made.  
At last some one offered £90,000.  
The wall round the estate cost £27,000,  
said the auctioneer. Very slowly the bid-  
ding rose to £145,000. Then the property  
was withdrawn, and Wright's desolate  
monument continues to stand in the  
fairest part of Surrey."

In the booming of the West, we have  
almost forgotten that there was an East  
laden with possibilities of a great future  
which has scarcely dawned upon us, and  
of whose wealth and power we have never  
dreamed. The people of the Dominion  
have not forgotten because they have  
never learned of what lies in the Maritime  
Provinces. History, legend, beautiful  
scenery and poetry may invite tourists to  
gaze upon the Miram Basin, the Bay of  
Fundy and read again as they visit Grand  
Pre the poetical story of Evangeline, but  
these things will not entice settlers, nor  
will they keep our young people blest with  
ambition at home. Man must not live by  
bread alone, yet man must have bread.  
Leaving New Brunswick and Prince Ed-  
ward Island alone for the present, let us  
look at Nova Scotia.—The Wesleyan.

This is first rate up to the point where  
we are invited to leave New Brunswick  
for the purpose of looking at Nova Scotia.  
The Japanese have not taken  
anything. The Russians have not taken  
anything. These outbreaks of savagery  
sound strange compared with what the  
world has heard of Japan's humane  
treatment of Russian wounded.

An astrologer who may or may not have  
been instructed by the Democratic Boston  
Post finds that the stars in their courses  
run against Theodore Roosevelt. The  
Post gives the seer a certificate of charac-  
ter: "The horoscope of Judge Alton  
B. Parker and Theodore Roosevelt, the  
two big men of the hour, cast by Profes-  
sor Ezekiel Matok, an astrologer, who  
foretold many things which have come  
to pass, are here presented."  
The astrologer sums it all up by saying:  
"It is a comparison of the two charts I  
decided in concluding President Roosevelt  
has a very weak one, contrary to my  
expectations, as he seems to be the most  
popular among the American people. If  
I had my choice and was inclined to be  
as an expert in the science, I would not  
hesitate a moment to take Parker. But  
Bartok's prophecy might be more convinc-  
ing if he were ready to back it with a  
good round sum."  
Mr. H. Rider Haggard, the novelist, re-  
cently sent a letter to the press telling  
that on July 10 he suffered a painful in-  
jury in the course of which, while still  
half conscious, he dreamed or saw that his  
favorite retriever was dying, that he him-  
self was close to it, and the dog was en-  
deavouring to tell him the facts. The dog  
had in fact been killed by a train about  
three hours before Mr. Haggard's mental  
impression of the accident. Mr. Haggard's  
letter reminds the editor of the Char-  
lottetown Guardian of another mysterious  
incident, which he relates:

In one case within the knowledge of the  
writer, an individual in church was deeply  
impressed with a mental impression which  
seemed to say, "Hurry to your office." This  
was repeated and re-repeated until it pro-  
duced such an intense impression that the  
person affected left the meeting, ran with  
all speed to his place of business and there  
found his closed and locked office filled with  
dense smoke and in danger of destruction  
from the contents of fire. There were a num-  
ber of other persons working in adjoining  
offices at the time, but all were entirely un-  
conscious of anything being wrong. Here  
there could be no thought of transference, for  
neither human being nor animal knew of  
the fire in question. And yet we doubt not  
that the incident is in accord with what  
governed by some natural law yet un-  
discovered. We no longer believe in witch-  
craft or fairy tales, but we do believe in Shake-  
speare that, "There are more things in  
Heaven and earth, Horatio, than are dreamt  
of in your philosophy."

What stunk your woinens?  
Why did hunk wear so soon  
You used common soap.  
SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES  
GREASE  
Ask for the Octagon Mark.

KUROPATKIN'S ARMY  
HARD PRESSED BY JAPS

(Continued from page 1.)

late tonight was to the effect that General  
Kuropatkin's main force had been rapidly  
moving north for several days.  
According to this report no troops pro-  
ceeding to the front from Russia had gone  
past Harbin in the past three days. They  
will be de-trained there and every avail-  
able piece of rolling stock will be rushed  
south empty for the purpose of removing  
troops at Liao Yang and other points to  
the northward, leaving a skeleton force to  
contest the Japanese advance on vital posi-  
tions.

Decisive Battle in Progress.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1, 3.05 p. m.—At  
last the decisive battle of the campaign  
seems to be in progress. Having completed  
his enveloping movement of the Rus-  
sian position, General Kuropatkin has or-  
dered simultaneously an advance from all  
points against Hai Cheng and Liao Yang.  
Nothing is raging on both fronts and  
still continues the latest reports giving  
nothing confirmatory of the rumor that  
General Kuropatkin has been defeated.  
According to Kuropatkin's official des-  
patch to the emperor the battle began for  
the possession of important positions at  
Simoucheng at the junction of the Feng  
Weng Cheng and Siyen roads. Two  
separate armies were launched from the  
east above the two roads while a third,  
under General Oku, moved east to try to cut  
off the Russian force there from Hai Cheng.  
If the latter move is successful this force  
will be crushed.

A portion of General Kuropatkin's army at  
the same time advanced against General  
Keller's position at Ikhavon, east of Liao  
Yang, trying to break the Japanese plan  
of outflanking him on the right.  
Still further north, on the Saima-Liao  
road, the Japanese moved forward against  
Liu Tszyen (twenty-five miles from Liao  
Yang).

At all points the Japanese employed ar-  
tillery to the best advantage. "General  
Kuropatkin's situation" will be  
desperate in the event of his defeat. The  
keenest anxiety is felt at the war office  
for news of the progress of the battle.  
The general staff seems utterly dumfounded  
at the number of men the Japanese pos-  
sess, and consequently Kuropatkin's  
statement that they are landing heavy  
forces at the port of New Chwang adds to  
the solatide.

Some Jap Losses at Port Arthur.

Tokio, Aug. 1.—The first official refer-  
ence to the recent operations at Port Ar-  
thur is contained in the announcement  
last evening that five officers were killed  
and 41 wounded in fighting around Port  
Arthur since July 26. The losses in men  
are not stated.

Kuropatkin's Report.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—The emperor to-  
day received the following despatch, dated  
July 31, from General Kuropatkin:  
"Three Japanese armies have renewed of-  
fensive operations on our southern front.  
Our rear guard made an obstinate defence  
until the appearance of considerable super-  
ior forces of the enemy and then gradually  
retired in the direction of Hai Cheng. A  
detachment near Simoucheng, fifteen miles  
southeast of Hai Cheng, successfully with-  
stood the enemy until the afternoon of the  
27th. The attack was directed against the  
our right flank, which from its position  
at Kanhua Pass inflicted great losses upon  
the Japanese."  
The fort Takushan army and General  
Oku's army today are being mainly di-  
rected to cutting our communications between  
Simoucheng and Hai Cheng, their opera-  
tions starting from a line traversing Yao-  
shukan, Tapansee and Liao Hantse. On  
our eastern front the Japanese began the  
offensive this morning against Ikhavon,  
position of the enemy's main concentra-  
tion being against his right flank, which  
was turned. The enemy is also acting on  
the offensive between Liao yang and  
Saimitsea, almost due north of Feng  
Wang Cheng, against our troops posted  
at Hotsiatze, twenty miles from Liao  
Yang.

Graphic Account of Jap Victory.

Mukden, July 30.—A correspondent of  
the Associated Press who witnessed the  
battle of Ta Tehe Kiao July 23, to July  
25, and who drove more than 100 miles  
on horseback to Mukden to bring the ac-  
count gives the following personal de-  
scription of the engagement: "The cor-  
respondent was awakened at 5 o'clock in  
the morning by the booming of the guns.  
He had slept in the village of Ten  
Tsiatin, four miles south of Ta Tehe Kiao,  
where the regiment to which he was at-  
tached was stationed. He hurriedly rode  
to the Russian outpost and found them  
engaged in a hot artillery duel which con-  
tinued for two hours, when the batteries  
slowly retreated on the main position  
where General Zoroubaieff decided to ac-  
cept battle. The Russian guns then  
poured a well directed hail of projectiles,  
effectually stopping the Japanese advance  
and enabling the various outpost detach-  
ments to fall back in safety. The artillery  
ceased about 11 o'clock and then for three  
hours the Japanese were engaged in plac-  
ing their batteries in position and in dis-  
posing of their forces in order of battle.  
At 2 in the afternoon, the bombard-  
ment recommenced and lasted until 5  
o'clock. The Japanese had several guns  
of large calibre and all their batteries  
poured shrapnel on the positions, but not  
causing much harm. In fact the losses at  
first were insignificant. The night was  
perfectly quiet.

The Real Battle.

The correspondent slept in the village of  
Simintin, directly behind the Russian posi-  
tion. The real battle began the next  
morning. The first gun was fired at 7  
o'clock and therefor the roar of arms  
ceased not for an instant till 8.30  
in the evening. At times, the firing ac-  
quired extraordinary violence. The site of  
the battle was about three miles south  
of Ta Tehe Kiao and two miles east of  
the railroad. The sea was plainly discern-  
ible, the heights overlooking the battle-  
field but nothing occurred in that direc-  
tion. The Russian positions fronted south  
with a slight inclination eastward. About  
two artillery corps engaged. The corre-  
spondent was able to follow only the ex-  
perience of General Zoroubaieff's corps,  
and so confine himself to recording the  
splendids of this portion of the Russian  
troops.  
Zoroubaieff's corps occupied a position

on two hills, of which the largest was  
commanded by three summits. The com-  
mander and his staff stationed themselves  
on the highest point, the centre one,  
whence they had an uninterupted view  
of the surrounding country. The general  
had placed batteries on the plain behind  
these hills, the guns being cleverly masked  
by lofty Chinese corn. The Japanese tried  
vainly the whole day to locate them and  
the Russian losses therefore were slight.  
The men suffered more from the scorching  
heat of the sun than the Japanese pro-  
jectiles.

It was essentially an artillery battle but  
it was remarkable and even unusual that  
during the thirteen hours it lasted the  
Russians could not make out a single Jap-  
anese soldier, even with the most power-  
ful glasses. From the position occupied  
by General Zoroubaieff's troops not a  
single shot was fired but the gunners on  
both sides worked like madmen. The air  
was split and torn by the deafening crash-  
ing reports of the guns, the dull booming  
of smoke from the exploding shrapnel  
shells formed clouds overhead into which  
were thrown fountains of dust and sand  
when the shells burst on the ground,  
upon impact, showering bullets and splin-  
ders around.

Like Miniature Volcanoes.

The Japanese fire was at first concentra-  
ted upon the eastward hill, held by a  
small force of Russians, and by 11 o'clock  
this part of the position was literally  
afame, enough to try the courage of the  
bravest soldier. The men threw them-  
selves down with their faces to the ground  
so soon as they heard the hiss of the  
approaching shells, which on striking, dug  
deep craters in the hillsides, whence the  
smoke from the exploding shrapnel vol-  
canoes. When this spectacle of savage  
splendor had lasted four or five hours one  
after another of the Russian positions be-  
came untenable.

In the meantime the gunners serving the  
Russian batteries behind the hills re-  
doubled their energies and the Japanese  
were evidently maddened by the deafen-  
ingness of the fire from the unblockable bat-  
teries. They even directed their atten-  
tion to the Russian right, showing pro-  
cesses on a small hill which was quite  
unoccupied. Then the Japanese shifted  
their fire to the Russian center, but not a  
single man was withdrawn therefrom.

The fire of the Japanese diminished at  
about 5 o'clock and ceased altogether half  
an hour later, whereas the Russian bat-  
teries continued to fire.  
When the Japanese guns re-opened  
the artillery duel later they had changed  
their position to the westward, whence  
they obtained uninterrupted range of the  
plain behind the Russian position and  
their projectiles began falling dangerously  
near the Russian batteries.

The Chinese villagers of the vicinity suf-  
fered terribly. The whole plain was  
ploughed and pitted by the explosion of  
the shells.  
With the approach of evening the Rus-  
sians had a little relief from the heat but  
none from the Japanese, the only con-  
solation being that the flashes of Jap-  
anese guns were discernable on the slopes of  
the hills facing the Russians, revealing  
their exact position by the red spark of  
unexpended. Then the Japanese shifted  
their fire to the Russian center, but not a  
single man was withdrawn therefrom.

The wild beauty of the scene had now  
gone. The sun, the bombardment, and  
it diminished its intensity and half an  
hour later profound silence reigned broken  
only now and then by the rattle of shap-  
nel volleys from the distant hills. The  
of the field, where the battle was still  
dragging on.

Russians Retreat.

Upon reaching Simintin, the same even-  
ing, the correspondent found that the  
place had already been abandoned by the  
Russian troops, though he was for a time  
under the impression that they had merely  
gone out to take up positions at the  
front. In fact he was convinced that the  
Russians had been driven from the district  
fighting along the great extent of field,  
which had come under his observation for  
thirteen hours the Japanese at no point suc-  
ceeded in advance. Therefore great was his  
surprise on Monday morning when he  
awoke to find the Russian army retreat-  
ing.

The correspondent took out of the vil-  
lage an encounter with a large force of  
Russian cavalry covering infantry reg-  
iment, which was moving toward the  
Ta Tehe Kiao.

On reaching the town the correspondent  
found everything prepared for his evacua-  
tion. The last train left Ta Tehe Kiao  
about 11 o'clock at which time the Jap-  
anese were already bombarding the place.  
Notwithstanding the fire and even the  
rapid approach of the Japanese the Rus-  
sian retreat was carried out in perfect  
order, although the men and animals suf-  
fered terribly from the scorching heat.  
Russian stores of flour and other pro-  
visions at Ta Tehe Kiao were burned,  
and as the correspondent rode northward  
immense columns of black smoke were  
rising along the horizon behind him and  
until he approached Hai Cheng, at 8  
o'clock, he could hear the distant rumber  
of the Japanese guns.

Japs Had 1,043 Casualties.

Tokio, July 30.—The Japanese casu-  
alties at the battle of Ta Tehe Kiao  
were 12 officers and 198 men killed and 47  
officers and 848 men wounded, a total of  
1,043 killed or wounded.

AND ITS CHAMBERLAIN!

Kipling Sings of "Things and the Man"; Striking Verse Presenting the Ex-Colonial Secretary and His Policy as What the Empire Needs.

London, July 31—Rudyard Kipling, who is known as a strong admirer of Joseph Chamberlain and an earnest supporter of his present views, and who believes that his tariff proposals will contribute largely to build the empire, has written a striking poem which will appear here tomorrow and which is sure to cause much interest and discussion in political circles as well as in the literary world. It is entitled "Things and the Man," and is of five stanzas, each ending with the italicized refrain: "Once on a time there was a man."

The final stanza is an enthusiastic suggestion that, even in these days, there is a man who is capable of great things. The following are the first and last stanzas of the poem:

Oh, you who hold the written clue To all save all unwritten things And, half a league behind, pursue The accomplished fact with fusts and flings, Look! to your knee your baby brings— The oldest tale since earth began— The answer to your worries: "Once on a time there was a man."

A bolt is fallen from the blue Awakened realm full circle swings Where Dothan's dreamer dreams anew

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

The induction of Rev. A. D. Archibald as the Presbyterian minister of Richibucto parish will be made in St. Andrew's church, Rexton, on Tuesday evening, August 2.

At the Baptist parsonage, Hillboro, the members of the Women's Missionary Aid Society have presented to Mrs. J. B. Ganong a life membership and address in appreciation of her work.

The police have reported Alfred Fenwick, Oscar Saunders, Frank Kierstead, J. Geo. Robinson, Oscar Kierstead, Allan Price and Edward Folkins for working in the market without a license.

The Tourist Association has appointed Samuel A. Worrell, B. C. L., guide, and he will accompany tourists on the back-board drives and give information about the places visited.

Three or four thousand people paid their respects to His Excellency Mgr. Sharrett and His Lordship Bishop O'Grady in the bishop's palace Friday night. The apostolic delegate was greatly pleased with the popular expression of his affection. The greatest reception ever accorded him, Mgr. Sharrett will leave Monday for Chatham.

Referring to the New Brunswick oil wells, the Amherst Telegram says: "All the wells drilled at Dover are pumping large quantities of oil and the company are much elated over the flow of oil in this new district. The old wells are keeping up their average, showing the whole district is good for a constant supply of oil. They now have sixty wells drilled."

Dr. W. H. Steeves, of Fredericton, is quite encouraged over the reports received of the alleged mine discovered on the McCann property at Torryburn, near St. John. The analysis of the article made by certain experts is very satisfactory. Dr. Bailey, who is home from P. E. Island, will be asked for an opinion.—Fredericton Gleaser.

AFTER 15 YEARS

Young Woman Coughs Up Cent She Swallowed When Child.

Newton, July 28—Miss Eva Bakeman, a pretty young resident of Newton Upper Falls, ejected from her mouth this week an innocent looking piece of Uncle Sam's currency, which for more than 15 years had been in her system and causing her agony and suffering.

Miss Bakeman, who is now 23 years of age, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Bakeman, the father being a prosperous business man.

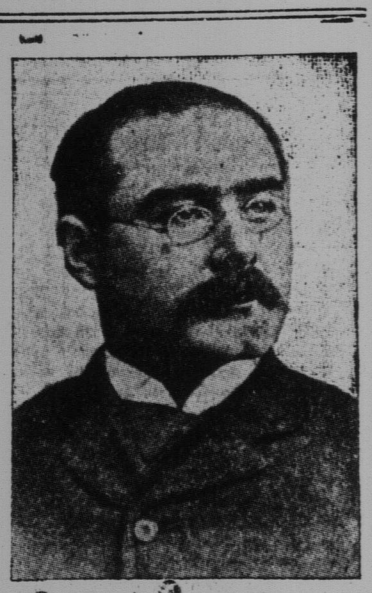
When she swallowed the cent nobody knew, but it is believed that she did it when about eight years old. At that time she was stricken with diphtheria, and while convalescing was given a number of coins with which to amuse herself.

On more than one occasion she was reprimanded by her parents for putting the money in her mouth, and it is thought probable she then swallowed the cent.

About five years ago she was taken ill and although physicians "attended to diagnose her case, none was able to tell precisely what ailed her.

She would be seized with violent coughing spells, followed by the formation of abscesses in her lungs. Later these would disappear and apparently she would be as well as ever, only to be stricken down in a few weeks with a similar attack.

When the cent appeared, the physicians began to see light and immediately concluding that the metal had produced blood poisoning, which they assert accounts for duration of the abscesses.



Rudyard Kipling.

On vast and far borne harvestings, And unto him an empire clings That grips the purpose of his plan. My Lords, how think you of these things? "Once—in our time—there is a man!"

THOUSANDS MOURN

RUSSIAN MINISTER.

Czar, Nobility and Ambassadors Attend Von Plehve's Funeral.

A GREAT PAGEANT.

Fifty Thousand People at the Cemetery Gates—Murdered Man's Widow Faints During Service and Emperor Assists Her—Police Uncertain About Assassin's Identity.

St. Petersburg, July 31.—Von Plehve, the minister of the interior, who was assassinated Thursday morning last, was buried today in every city and hamlet of the empire, church bells were tolled and masses and prayers said for the repose of the soul of the murdered minister. The services here were according to the rites of the Orthodox church, were of an impressive and imposing character. At 11 o'clock this morning high mass was said in the stately chapel adjoining the ministry of the interior. Emperor Nicholas and the Dowager Empress stood with the broken-hearted widow and the children of the minister at the foot of a great mound of flowers on which rested the casket. To the right on gold-embroidered cushions before a mass of wreaths banked to the ceiling, were ranged the decorations which had been worn by the statesman during his notable career. Between the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg and the officiating bishops and priests in their gold-embroidered vestments. A screen of flowers concealed the famous Imperial crown.

Among those present were other members of the Imperial family, the foreign representatives, ministers of the empire, generals, admirals, nobles, and many other officials. The entire assemblage was in full uniform, and on the arm of each one present was a badge of mourning. All held lighted tapers, and down to the altar the air was heavy with the perfume of flowers and incense from the censers.

Widow Fainted and Czar Assisted Her. At the most solemn moment when all knelt and many were affected by tears, the widow was overcome and fainted. The Emperor came to her assistance and she lay for some time at his feet. The Emperor was visibly moved and at the conclusion of the mass he followed the casket which was taken up on the shouldered ladders and hoisted down to the broad marble staircase to the street. There the funeral procession was formed and the body was placed in a great white open hearse drawn by six black horses led out by gentle hands. The Emperor's carriage followed and the Emperor to their tails in sombre trappings of woe. A black-garbed groom stood at each bridge and in advance went sixteen military band playing dirges. The hearse walked the members of the ministry family, and then came a long and distinguished body of mourners, it being the Russian custom to follow the dead to the grave on foot.

Czar Walked in Procession. The emperor himself walked a short distance, but as the Novodvichy Monastery, where the burial took place, was over five miles and also because of the condition of the Empress, his majesty soon entered his carriage and returned to the Peterhof palace.

At the end of the procession came four white chariots filled with the floral offerings. The cortege proceeded slowly through the avenue of the service, preceded by a squad of mounted police, and passed within sight of the place where the tragedy occurred. The sidewalks along the route were crowded, but lines of police kept the sidewalks clear, and the crowd that body passed every head was uncovered and thousands crossed themselves.

The monastery stands on a plain beyond the Murova gates, and at this busy fifty thousand persons were gathered.

Buried Near His Murdered Predecessor. The funeral service in the church the day before was interrupted in the adjoining cemetery, where the remains of many of Russia's greatest men and at a point within a stone's throw of the grave of M. V. Novikoff, who was Von Plehve's predecessor and who also fell by the hand of an assassin less than two years ago.

The murderer of M. Von Plehve has been removed from the hospital to the Wolodsky prison.

The police know the alias under which he traveled, but say they are not yet satisfied regarding his identity and decline to reveal the alias on the ground that it might defeat the ends of justice.

There is no longer any doubt that the police for some time have had knowledge of the existence of a plot by a band of international anarchists in Paris and Vienna. The leading conspirator, it is said, was a man whom the Russian government tried to extradite from Paris last fall. Some of these conspirators arrived here a week ago and the police thought that all of them had been taken into custody.

The far-reaching character of the machinery of the ministry of the interior and the urgent necessity for dealing with many pending matters, render it imperative that the Emperor select a successor to M. Von Plehve immediately and it is considered certain that he will do so this week. Influences hostile to M. Witte, president of the council of ministers, in spite of his acknowledged great ability and the general belief that he is the man for the position, seem to render his appointment increasingly improbable. Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, Governor General of Vilna, Gromov and Kovov, is now prominently mentioned, together with M. Muraviev, minister of justice, Lieut General Kleizer, Governor General of Kiev, Podolska and Volynia, and Prince John Czebelsky, Governor General of Odessa.

Von Plehve Keenly Would Come. Berlin, July 30.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Tagblatt claims to have

SUDDEN DEATH OF

PROF. JOHN CAMPBELL.

Well Known Presbyterian Divine Expired Suddenly Saturday.

Resigned His Chair in Montreal College Because Dr. Scrimger Was Appointed Principal—Matter Was Debated Before the General Assembly in June in Which Deceased Took Part.

Port Coquitlam, Muskegon, July 31.—Prof. John Campbell died suddenly Saturday at his summer home, Yo Ho Island.

His death was entirely unexpected as he was in the best of health when he reached his summer residence from St. John, where he attended the Presbyterian General Assembly.

Prof. Campbell resigned his place as professor of church history and apologetics in the Montreal Presbyterian College. He felt he had been slighted in the appointment of Dr. Scrimger as principal of the college and resigned in consequence.

Rev. Prof. John Campbell was born in Edinburgh (Scot.) in 1840. He was educated at Roxburgh House Proprietary School and by private tuition till 1861. He then entered Toronto University, graduating in 1865 as honor man of his year, with the Prince of Wales prize and two gold medals. He secured his degree of M. A. the following year, when he entered Knox College, where he studied theology. Like so many other Presbyterian divines in Canada, he finished his theological studies in Edinburgh, at the New College, and after his ordination in 1868 he became minister of Charles street Presbyterian church, Toronto. He has served as a senator of Toronto University, and also as an examiner there in history, English and metaphysics. In 1875 he was appointed pastor of the St. Stephen's church, Montreal. In 1883 Professor Campbell was tried for heresy before the Presbytery of the Diocese of Montreal, and was acquitted. He appealed to the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa, which body overthrew the majority vote of the presbytery.

Professor Campbell was noted for his scholarly attainments, and was a member of the Canadian Institute, Toronto; the Celtic Society, Montreal; corresponding member of the Literary and Historical Society, Quebec; the Society of Biblical Archaeology, London, and many others. He was also a fellow of the Royal Society of Canada, and received the degree of LL. D. from his alma mater in 1889. He was a very prolific and powerful writer.

He served with distinction in the Fenian raid, and was present at Baginaway. He married Mary Helen, eldest daughter of John S. Playfair, and a cousin of Lord Playfair.

Professor Campbell's Stand Before the Assembly. The following, quoted from the Daily Telegraph of June 6th, tells the story of the resignation of Prof. Campbell which is referred to in the above despatch: "One sensational incident marked Saturday morning's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly. It arose in connection with the affairs of Montreal College. Dr. Morrice submitted the college report, which carried recommendations for the appointment of Dr. Scrimger as principal of the college. Dr. Campbell's resignation of his chair in Montreal College, and his appointment to the chair of church history and apologetics, was adopted, and the motion was adopted by the assembly.

Rev. Dr. Campbell, who has been acting principal of the college for more than a year, and has been thirty-one years a professor of church history and apologetics, said he did not speak in any egotistical spirit, but it would be an impossible position for him, and it would be an impossible one for his friends for him to be subordinate to a man (Dr. Scrimger) who had been in his classes in Knox College.

Dr. Morrice replied, stating that the appointment had been decided on in no spirit of criticism of Dr. Campbell, but it was felt better for several reasons to make the appointment. He moved that a committee be appointed to interview Dr. Campbell, and urge him to reconsider his resignation.

Dr. Scrimger seconded this motion, and testified to the cordial relations that had existed between Dr. Campbell and himself, and between all the members of the staff and Dr. Campbell while the latter was acting principal.

The committee was appointed, with Rev. Dr. Fletcher as chairman. Rev. Dr. Gordon, of Queen's, was named on the committee to interview Dr. Campbell, and it was decided to make substantial recognition of his valuable services in the educational work of the Presbyterian church. Much regret was expressed at his determination to resign.

The committee above named reported that Prof. Campbell would not withdraw his resignation, and the assembly decided to make substantial recognition of his valuable services in the educational work of the Presbyterian church. Much regret was expressed at his determination to resign.

The marriage took place on Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Fredericton, of Miss Mattie E. LeJah and Robert B. Hagerman, of Bear Island. Rev. J. H. Macdonald performed the ceremony.

McLellan-Ogilvie. Monday morning at South Tilly, Carleton county, Hugh H. McLellan, of St. John, and Miss Christina Ogilvie, formerly of the Chipman Memorial Hospital at St. Stephen, were married. Mr. and Mrs. McLellan will reside at 16 Prospect street. He is a clerk in the assessor's office, and yesterday the flag was flying over the city building in honor of his wedding.

Parson-Parson. The residence of Tilly Pearson, Parsonville, Kings county (N. B.), was the scene of a very pretty wedding on July 27, when his sister, Mary A., was joined in marriage to William M. Pearson, of Highfield, Queens county. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. A. S. Wainford, the laity in front of the house. The bride, beautifully attired in cream velvet, bearing a bouquet of carnations and maidenhair fern, was attended by her sister, Miss Agnes Pearson, while the groom was supported by J. P. Pearson, of Moncton. Little Gladys Pearson and Hazel Wainford acted as flower girls, each carrying a large bouquet of sweet peas. The ring and number of presents received show the esteem in which the young couple are held. Nearly a hundred guests partook of a tempting repast.

PROSPECTS OF A

LUMBER FAMINE

European commercial centers are beginning to concern themselves with an almost threatened famine in timber for constructive purposes. It must be remembered that almost all the European countries, together with Asia and Australia and the South American continent, import more timber than they export; therefore they consume more than they produce.

Among the few that export more than they import are Norway, Finland and Roumania, and they are really going on their capital and using up more timber than the yearly annual growth warrants. Asia, outside of British India, is an insignificant producer. The forests of Siberia are unavailable on account of the expense of transportation; and although those of Japan are numerous, yet they furnish only enough material for the home consumption. The enormous virgin forests of equatorial Africa contain but few trees available for industrial purposes, and on account of the rapids and the vast distance from the sea they could be exploited only at a loss. In northwestern Africa the Atlas range contains some unexploited forest lands, but the local demand is equal to the supply.

Siberia is more noted for its sheep runs and its gold mines than for its forests, and Cape Colony does not produce one-fifth of the lumber that it consumes. Central and South America, for the same reasons as in the case of equatorial Africa, cannot be depended upon. Mexico imports one hundred times as much lumber as she produces and exports none. The Argentine republic imports more than double the amount of its exports in this line; and so to Australia and New Zealand their timber supplies are entirely exhausted. The same is the case of the United States and Canada. As to Siberia, that huge country holds anything worthy of the name of forests only in the mountain chains to the south, which extend east to the Baikal. No exportation has taken place from there to western Europe, and the increase of population brought in by the Vladivostok-Moscow railway will certainly utilize all its available resources.

The Gazette remarks that, as regards the forests of the United States and of Canada, the world's supply of lumber is being rapidly exhausted, and that the forests of the United States and of Canada are being rapidly exhausted, and that the forests of the United States and of Canada are being rapidly exhausted.

There remain, says the Gazette, the forests of the United States and of Canada, and as to Siberia, that huge country holds anything worthy of the name of forests only in the mountain chains to the south, which extend east to the Baikal. No exportation has taken place from there to western Europe, and the increase of population brought in by the Vladivostok-Moscow railway will certainly utilize all its available resources.

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DOMINION EXHIBITION.

Urged That It Be Held in the Maritime Provinces Next Year.

The Maritime Merchant urges that as the dominion exhibition was held in central Canada last year and is being held in Winnipeg this year, it should come next year to the maritime provinces. The government grant is \$30,000. The Merchant says: "Perhaps the Merchant might suggest this to the Halifax board of trade as a matter to take up in connection with its forward movement. No doubt the council has lots of work awaiting its new secretary, who is to take office on August 1, but we think this is a matter on which that official might employ a part of his time very profitably. There are only two places in the maritime provinces that might be considered eligible for the dominion exhibition just now, and one of them is Halifax. Both this city and St. John have many advantages to offer which would perhaps about balance one another when carefully weighed. Either city, we think, would be fully entitled to the exhibition next year if it cared to press for it. What is more, we believe if strong representations are made, either city can have it, according as one or the other is the more active in the matter, and makes the stronger representations. While we suggest this to the Halifax board, there is no reason why we should not suggest it to the St. John board also, though we think it would be better if there could be an agreement between the two cities on the matter, as a simultaneous agitation might tend to spoil the chances of either city getting the exhibition next year. One thing we feel is very certain, viz., that if one city has it next year, it will not be able to secure it. So while we point the possibility to both Halifax and St. John, we hope it will not give rise to any unpleasant rivalries. Our object in suggesting it to the Halifax board of trade in the first instance, was due to the fact that the board is in some sense new, and no doubt ready to take up with all progressive measures and prove the worth of its existence. And in this connection we think the board and its new secretary would have many things to urge in appealing for the government grant, for Halifax is a city of many interests outside of its being one of the commercial centres of the east. It is a city of attractions, both within itself and in its environment, and the dominion exhibition could be used as a means of advertising the place as a tourist resort as well as a field for commercial and industrial enterprise."

MARRIED FIVE TIMES.

Ell Cook, Who Once Worked in Fredericton and is 100 Years Old.

Belfast, Maine's, oldest resident is Ell Cook. Whether he was born May 12, 1804, or May 2, 1807, is a bit uncertain, but in any event Mr. Cook is quite a remarkable man.

His native place was Dixmont. He learned the blacksmith's trade and became a good axe-maker, tool-sharpener and machinist. He worked the greater part of his active life at the forge, being for nearly half a century in his shop at North Dixmont. In his earlier years he worked in Fredericton (N. B.), and in Winterport, then Frankfort.

Mr. Cook has been married five times, his last wedding being 45 years ago. His present wife is in excellent health at the age of 74 years and the married life of the old couple is very pleasant.

Mr. Cook is one of the very few living survivors of the famous bloodless Aroostook war who receives a small pension.

He voted twice for Andrew Jackson and has been a staunch Democrat all of his life. While his eyesight is somewhat affected his other faculties are comparatively unimpaired and is up and about with the activity of a much younger man. Two years ago he cut the supply of wood for the family and last winter was out every day with the choppers.

Mr. Cook's last birthday was celebrated as his centennial, a large party of relatives and friends making the event something of a family reunion.

Mr. Cook has two children, Mrs. F. E. Hamlin, of Turner (Me.), and Alonzo H. Cook, with whom he lives in this city. Present at the birthday party was his granddaughter, Mrs. Moses Chick and great granddaughter, Miss Ethel Maude Tapley, of Lewiston, and his wife's daughter, Mrs. B. P. Gardiner and son, Leslie, of this city.—Bangor News.

BARK ASHORE IN BAY OF FUNDY.

Yuba on West Point of Whale Cove—Struck in Thick Weather.

Digby, July 29.—The Norwegian bark Yuba, 566 tons, went ashore on the west point of Whale Cove in the Bay of Fundy, at 2 o'clock this morning. She is commanded by Capt. Kartusson, and bound from Mossel Bay, South Africa, to Weymouth, to load lumber for Buenos Ayres. The weather has been very thick in the bay. The captain says that he sighted Gannet Rock Friday and on Monday spotted a fishing vessel ten miles above Digby Gut. He was endeavoring to get out of the bay and around Brier Island when he went ashore.

The vessel's fore foot is knocked off and bottom badly damaged.

H. B. Slutt, Lloyd's agent, left for the wreck this morning. A survey will be held as soon as he arrives. Tug Marina, Capt. C. F. Lewis, now in Annapolis, will leave here at 4 o'clock this afternoon for Whale Cove. The tide leaves the vessel at low water. The wind is southwest and beginning to make considerable sea.

SUNDAY DROWNING AT NORTH SYDNEY.

E. B. Tomlinson Seized With Cramps While Bathing and Sank.

North Sydney, N. S., July 31.—(Special)—E. B. Tomlinson, aged 23, head salesman of the clothing department of Young Brothers, was drowned while swimming in the lower part of the harbor this afternoon. He was seized with cramps and disappeared before assistance reached him. Deceased was a native of Manchester (Eng.), and has been in this country only about two years. The body was recovered almost immediately after, but too late to restore life.

BOTH CAMMACKS

SENT UP FOR TRIAL

Wife of Thomas Swears His Son Walter Was at Murder Scene.

CHASED HER WITH CLUB.

She Recounts the Story of William Doherty's Murder—Prisoners Will Stand Trial in Supreme Court Next October.

Woodstock, N. B., July 29.—Thomas Cammack, charged with the murder of Willie Doherty at Rexton (Que.) July 17, is to stand trial in the supreme court, which will meet Oct. 18. Walter Cammack, his son, is to stand trial as accessory after the fact. Both were committed for trial by Magistrate Dibbee today. A feature of the day was evidence against Walter Cammack.

The Wife's Evidence. Alice Cammack, wife of Thomas Cammack, was first called. She said she was at her home (the residence of the Dohertys) at the time of the murder—the night of Sunday, July 17. She said she was aroused by someone entering her room. She arose and on entering Willie Doherty's room saw Willie leaning against the bed. Two shots were fired and his body fell. She saw Walter Cammack, the murderer, seize the witness and said he would save her. Cammack had a revolver.

Later she said she saw a man lurking near a woodpile. This man seized a club and gave chase to her and her brother. He was Walter Cammack. He said, "I'll kill you." She seized the club, and Cammack said, "I'll shoot you." Cammack then threw the witness down and struck her with a club on the neck and placed both knees on her breast. She then lost consciousness. When she recovered, the house was in flames. She and her brother rescued two small children from the burning house.

Professor Doherty was next called. He said he was home on the night of the murder, and slept with Willie Doherty. He was awakened by seeing a man with a light. This was Thomas Cammack. Cammack fired two shots at Willie. Willness seized Cammack, and Cammack shot him in the shoulder. Later the witness and Alice Cammack went to the work of rescuing the children. The house was burning, and when he tried to get in the front door he found it tied. He was sure of Thomas Cammack being upstairs in his house on the night of the murder. The house seemed to have been set on fire in three places, kerosene being used.

Charles Doherty said he was home on the night of the murder. When he awoke he saw Thomas Cammack with a light. Cammack fired two shots at Willie, and shot the witness in the chin. He saw Willie fall. He tried to get out the front door, but could not, as the door was chained. He escaped by a rear door. He could not say a man whom he saw by the woodpile near his house was Walter Cammack.

Tells of Threats. Wm. H. Elliott, who lived near the Doherty house at that time, and who was the murderer, Cammack called at his house inquiring for his wife Alice. At midnight he saw a light at Willie Doherty's. Alice Cammack and George Doherty and two children arrived at his house. The Doherty house was in flames, the fire coming from the lower part. He heard Walter Cammack say it would be a good thing if the Dohertys were wiped out of the place. He heard Thomas Cammack say that he would shoot Willie Doherty if he went with his daughter; he would rather see Maggie (his daughter) in the Glassville churoyard than have anything to do with the Dohertys. The body of Willie Doherty was buried to a crypt—nothing but the trunk and neck remained.

Deputy-Sheriff Foster told of the arrest of Walter Cammack for "being with his father at the Doherty murder." At dusk Thomas Cammack was found in the woods, where he attempted suicide. Dr. Commins was telephoned for. Cammack admitted to Mr. Foster that he had done the deed at Doherty's, but said Walter was not with him; he was alone. The witness was doubtful as to whether Walter should have been arrested.

Dr. Commins, of Bath, testified he went to Thomas Cammack's and probed for the bullet, and satisfied himself that the bullet had lodged in Cammack's brain. Cammack told him that he was a member of the Church of England. He admitted the crime.

James W. Woolverton, constable, said Cammack admitted nothing to him regarding the shooting.

Deputy-Sheriff Foster showed the revolver taken from Thomas Cammack. One cartridge remained in the revolver. Mr. Foster then showed a box of cartridges taken from Cammack.

The prisoners were committed for trial at the supreme court, to open Oct. 18.

WEDDINGS.

Harrop-Berry.

On Wednesday evening Algernon O. Harrop and Miss Agnes E. Berry, of Moncton, were united in marriage by Rev. J. M. Baird. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harrop, and the groom is a son of George T. Harrop, partner in the J. C. R. shops. The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father.

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THE SECRET OF THE THIBETAN EXPEDITION.

Thibet, the mysterious land which British troops are doggedly pushing their way, is thus described in the Book of...

Recent despatches telling of the advance of the British diplomatic expedition into Thibet have been overshadowed by the larger contest in the Far East...

The sterility of the landscape is reflected in the natives. It would be impossible to imagine a people more unenlightened and barbarous...

The worst trait of the Thibetans is their unapproachable hostility and their love of warfare. Each tribe is generally at war with its neighbor...

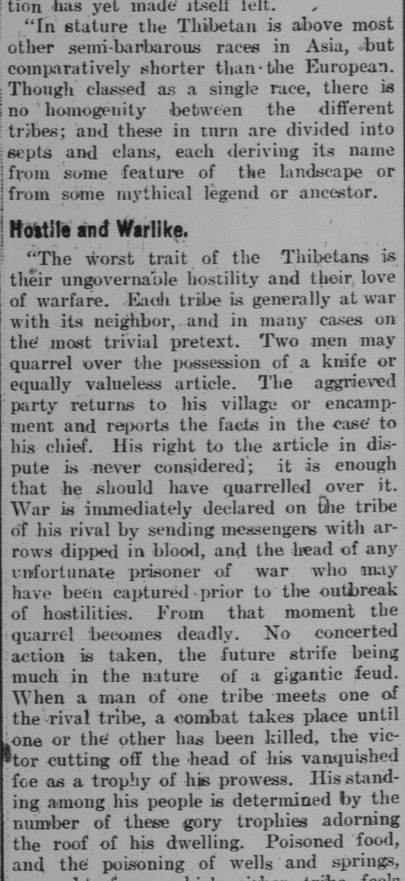
If we are to believe British statements, the purpose in Thibet is simply an armed demonstration to impress Thibetan officials and oblige them to maintain peace and freedom of trade...

Thibet is the least known region on the habitable globe, though teeming with features of interest for the scientist, the ethnologist, and the student of aboriginal mankind...

How Britain is Thwarting Russian Designs Upon India.

GYANGTSE FORT, STORMED BY THE BRITISH, JULY 6

Drawn by H. W. Kookook from a photograph by an officer of the expedition for the London Illustrated News.



THE QUEER CITADEL THAT DEFIED THE BRITISH ARMS FOR NEARLY TWO MONTHS

band, and suffers the scorn of the tribe. At an early age the boy is impressed with the numerous duties required of him...

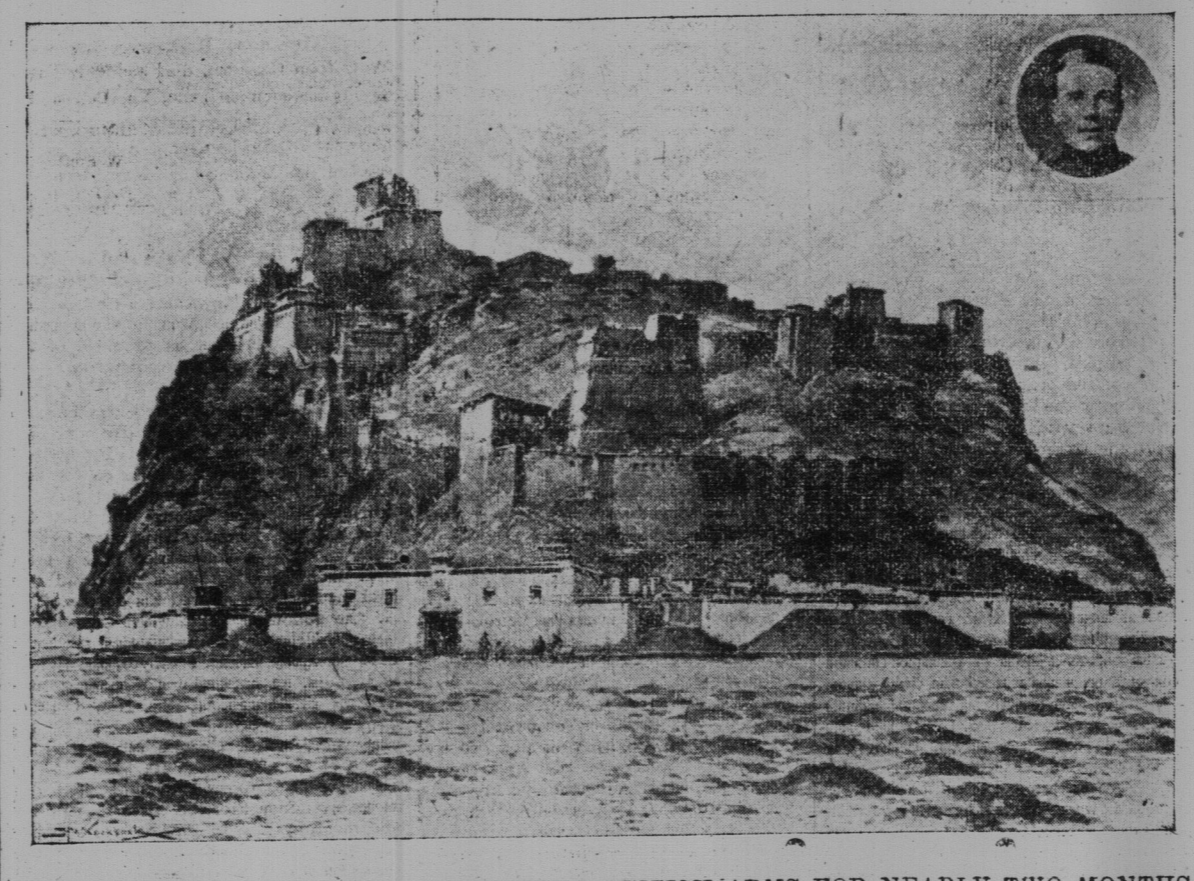
Among the Thibetans affection is unknown. Witnessing the hardships attending the early life of the children, one wonders how they survive...

While among the Thibetans the witness of their queer ceremonies incident to marriage and death, wives are sometimes secured by a foraging expedition on a weaker tribe...

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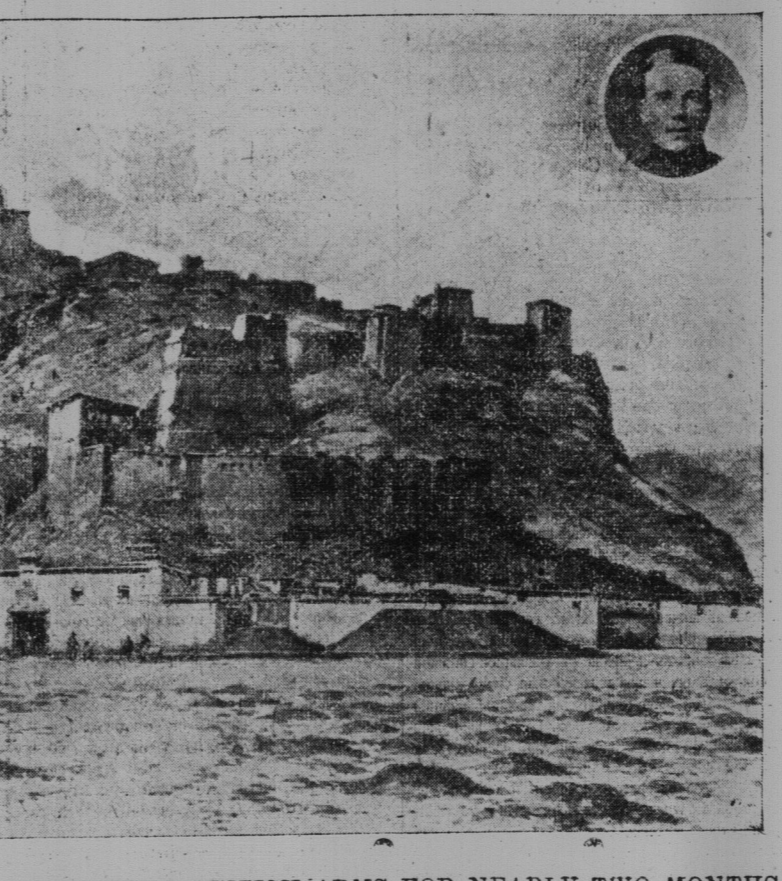
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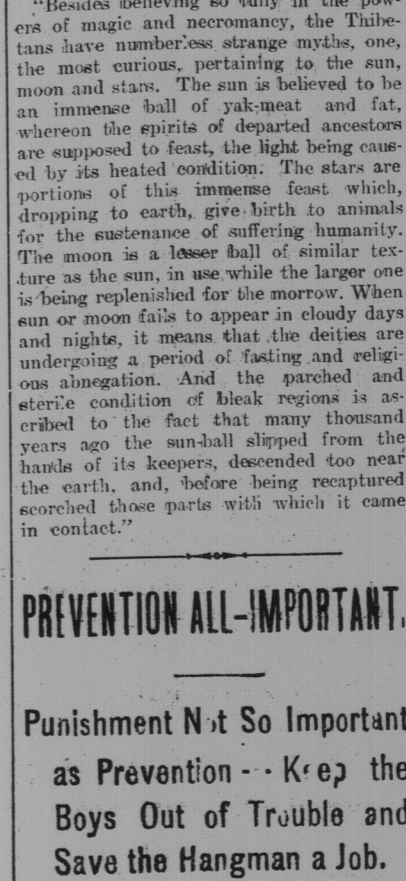
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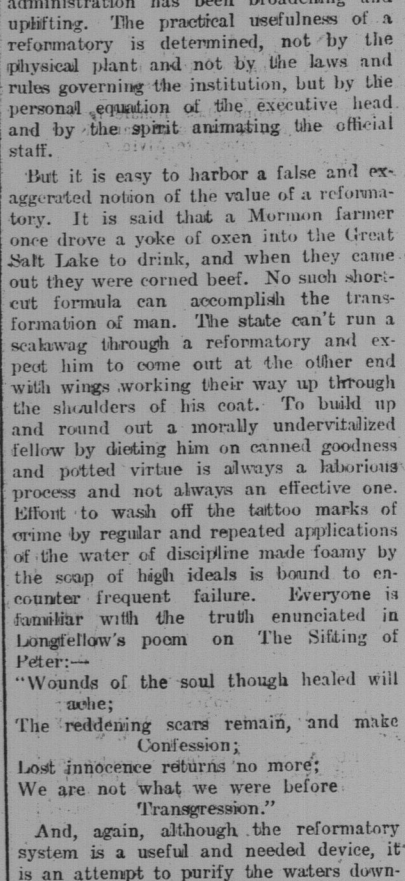
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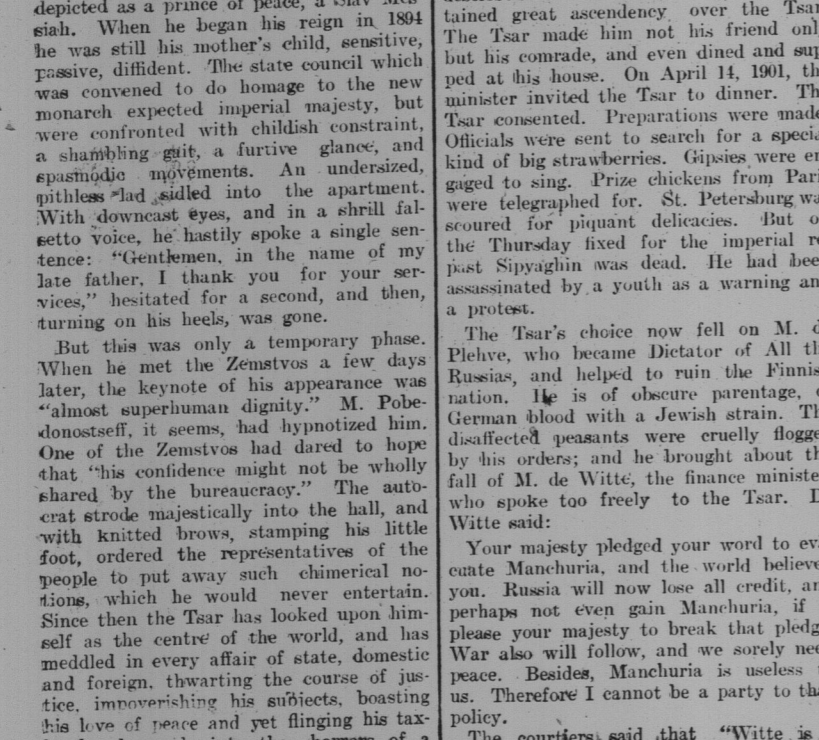
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STARTLING PICTURE OF THE CZAR AND M. PLEHVE.

The Dictator Who Has Just Been Assassinated.



JAP AND RUSSIAN FACE TO FACE IN THE TRENCHES BEFORE PORT ARTHUR.

The Dictator Who Has Just Been Assassinated.



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The Dictator Who Has Just Been Assassinated.

The Quarterly Review for July contains a very sensational article from the pen of a Russian official of high rank...

The writer and his party are supporters of monarchy and opposed to Nihilism, Socialism, and every kind of revolutionary agitation...

The Dictator Who Has Just Been Assassinated.

The writer declares that the Grand Duke Alexis, whose foreign mistress, a French actress, causes ministers to tremble...

The Art of Bargaining Exemplified by D. of W. The late Levi Z. Leiter now and then used to narrate incidents of his early life as a clerk in a dry goods shop...

Students of criminal problems are impressed by the expanding disposition to stabilize the value of preventive measures. Formerly the principal stress was placed upon reformation; now, although the importance of reformatory influences is still recognized, the great emphasis is given to prevention...

Punishment Not So Important as Prevention -- Keep the Boys Out of Trouble and Save the Hangman a Job.

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WANTED. Agents wanted everywhere at once for book on the terrible "General Slocum Disaster" in New York Harbor.

WANTED—Agents to sell for Canada's Greatest Nurseries. Big and better selection of varieties and specialties than ever.

WANTED—Second class female teacher for district No. 5 of St. John.

WANTED—Second class female teacher for district No. 6 of St. John.

WANTED—Second class female teacher for district No. 7 of St. John.

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WANTED—Second class female teacher for district No. 13 of St. John.

WANTED—Second class female teacher for district No. 14 of St. John.

The Coming of The King. BY JOSEPH HOCKING.

Author of "All Men Are Liars," "The Flame of Fire," Etc. Exclusive Copyright for this province secured by The Telegraph.

CHAPTER X. "I am not sure," he said, "that you are not a youth worth considering. I am not sure, I say. There are not six people in England who know my secret, not one who knows it fully, but among those who do there is not one that I would go hand in glove with. But you may be of a different order. You may be, I have not made up my mind. It may be, and he looked furtively around him again, "it may be that I shall make short work of you, and that your father and mother, if you press them, may not have to mourn the untimely loss of promising sons."

"I laughed quietly, as though I were amused, but as I did so I had a sense of uneasiness as to what was in his mind. "Oh, you laugh, do you?" he sneered; "but wait a little, young master, and you will see that you are not a youth of courage. I do not deny that. Nay, more, for one so young you have some sense. I saw it at the start, else you would not be alive now."

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ed by what I shall find out shall be shared by you?" "Yes, you state it clearly." "The first thing I might promise, but not the second."

"Why?" "Because you could not share in that which I desire. I desire neither favor nor position at the hands of the King—only justice. This could not affect you. Stay! If I gain my desire, you should never want saying to a friend."

"Neither favor nor position!" he said like a man in astonishment. "A secret like that, and demand neither riches nor honor!" "Neither," he replied. "What would you do with your power?" "Justice," he replied. "You would seek to place the—the boy on the throne?" "If he is the King's lawful son, yes, when his father dies."

"That is well!" He spoke like a man from whose shoulders a burden had rolled, and he judged that he was rightly pleased. "But remember," he said, "in return you promise to tell me what you know of the woman Constantine who came to you here last night, and you also promise to place in my hands the marriage contract of the King with Lucy Walters."

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DEATHS. JOHNSTON—In Boston, July 29. Herbert Johnston, aged 85. BURNS—At East Boston, July 28. Sarah Burns, wife of Edward S. Burns, aged 85 years. VALIANT—In Everett (Mass.), July 21. William N. Valiant, 78 years 10 months 19 days. (Wolville (N. S.) papers forwarded copy.) MCGUINNESS—In Boston, July 21. John McGuinness, beloved husband of Catherine McGuinness, 74 years. (Halifax (N. S.) papers forwarded copy.) STAPLES—In Frederickton (N. B.), July 21. Mrs. Staples, 84 years. (Halifax (N. S.) papers forwarded copy.) REYNOLDS—In this city, on the 1st inst. Emma, wife of George W. Reynolds, leaving husband, four daughters and three sons to mourn their sad loss.

SHIP NEWS. PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Friday, July 29. Star Calvin Austin, 2,863, Piko, Boston, W. G. Lee, and passengers. Star Anna C. (Star), 266, Colwell, Salem, master, bal. Star Annie M. Allen, 231, Maxwell, Marblehead, R. C. Elkin, bal. Star Clara, 124, New York, J. W. Smith, coal. Star Westport, 31, Outouste, Tiverton. Saturday, July 30. Steam yacht Junia (Am.), cruising. Star Myra B., 1,870, New Bedford, J. W. McAlary, bal. Star Annie M. Allen, 231, Maxwell, Marblehead, R. C. Elkin, bal. Star Clara, 124, New York, J. W. Smith, coal. Star Westport, 31, Outouste, Tiverton.

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For Quebec and Montreal (and passed Row Head 25th, not previously.) Intra-Atlantic, July 29—Passed near Minnie, Sydney (C. B.) for Fredericton. Barrow, July 29—Ard star Kendrick, from St. John (N. B.) for Fredericton. Limerick, July 29—Sid barque Bonanza, for St. John (N. B.) for Fredericton. Glasgow, July 29—Ard star Corinthian, Montreal and Quebec. Glasgow, July 29—Ard star Aldeas, St. John. Barry Island, July 29—Fused, ship Trojan. Barks for Barry. Barcelona, July 29—Ard, bark Leone, Halifax. Plymouth, July 29—Ard, bark Barossa, Campbellton. Liverpool, July 29—Sid, bark Mikelson, Shelburne. London, Aug 1—Ard, star Gulf of Anand, St. John and Halifax.

FOREIGN PORTS. Boston, July 29—Ard star Prince George, from Yarmouth. Boothbay Harbor, July 29—Sid schrs Ray G. for Boston; Ella May, for Rockport (Me.) City Island, July 29—Bound south stars Prince Arthur, Halifax and Yarmouth; schrs Roca, St. John; Wandrian, Wainona (N. S.). Port Vendre, July 29—Sid barque Hianis, from Halifax. Vineyard Haven, Mass., July 29—Ard and schrs. W. H. Waters, Port Johnson for St. John; Ouellet, Fredericton for New York. Sid—Schrs Viola, from St. John; schrs B. B. Hardwick, from Clementsport (N. S.); Charles, from Yarmouth; Har G. from Diligent River (N. S.).

DEPARTURE. Friday, July 29. Star Calvin Austin, 2,863, Piko, Boston, W. G. Lee, and passengers. Star Anna C. (Star), 266, Colwell, Salem, master, bal. Star Annie M. Allen, 231, Maxwell, Marblehead, R. C. Elkin, bal. Star Clara, 124, New York, J. W. Smith, coal. Star Westport, 31, Outouste, Tiverton. Saturday, July 30. Steam yacht Junia (Am.), cruising. Star Myra B., 1,870, New Bedford, J. W. McAlary, bal. Star Annie M. Allen, 231, Maxwell, Marblehead, R. C. Elkin, bal. Star Clara, 124, New York, J. W. Smith, coal. Star Westport, 31, Outouste, Tiverton.

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For Boys. A College of Business. Woodstock College. Woodstock, Ont.

ST. JOHN MARKETS. Not much change is to be noted in the local vegetable market during the past week. Vegetables are coming in in large quantities and as a consequence prices are lower. Potatoes are now worth 20 to 25 cents a dozen, potatoes 60 to 65 cents a bushel, peas and beans 70 cents a bushel, and cabbages 30 to 35 cents a dozen.

COUNTRY MARKET. Beef, western . . . . . 0.08 to 0.07. Beef, butchers . . . . . 0.06 to 0.07. Pork, per lb . . . . . 0.04 to 0.05. Lamb, per lb . . . . . 0.08 to 0.09. Mutton, per lb . . . . . 0.05 to 0.07. Eggs, per doz . . . . . 0.20 to 0.22. Butter, per lb . . . . . 0.25 to 0.26. Cheese, per lb . . . . . 0.15 to 0.16. Flour, per sack . . . . . 1.50 to 1.60. Corn, per bushel . . . . . 0.40 to 0.42. Oats, per bushel . . . . . 0.30 to 0.32. Hay, per ton . . . . . 12.00 to 13.00. Straw, per ton . . . . . 8.00 to 9.00.

AMERICAN CLEAR PORTS. American clear pork . . . . . 15.50 to 16.00. American clear beef . . . . . 12.00 to 12.50. American clear mutton . . . . . 8.00 to 8.50. American clear lamb . . . . . 10.00 to 10.50. American clear cheese . . . . . 1.50 to 1.60. American clear butter . . . . . 2.00 to 2.10. American clear flour . . . . . 1.50 to 1.60. American clear corn . . . . . 0.40 to 0.42. American clear oats . . . . . 0.30 to 0.32. American clear hay . . . . . 12.00 to 13.00. American clear straw . . . . . 8.00 to 9.00.

BRITISH PORTS. London, July 29—Spoken—Barque Leonie G. Halifax for Barcelona, July 25, at 25, long 2. Dunnet Head, July 29—Passed star Phoenix, Sydney (C. B.) for Liverpool. Point L'Anse, July 29—Passed barque Alborga, Mal Bay for Liverpool. Belfast, July 29—Ard star Forestone, from Montreal (N. B.). Mayport, July 29—Sid star Forestone, from Montreal (N. B.). White Haven, July 29—Ard barque Anne, from Boston. Starry, July 27—Ard barque Ellist, from Montreal (N. B.). Starry, July 29—Passed star Hermina, Chatham (N. B.) for Glasgow. Starry, July 29—Ard star St. John, from Boston. Sid—Star St. John, from Boston. Starry, July 29—Ard star St. John, from Boston. Sid—Star St. John, from Boston.

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FOR SALE. Single saws that are under 12 in. suitable for Wood and Sled Cuts. Deal Trimmer, Saw, Single Machines that have small logs. Will be sold cheap. Apply to John A. Morrison, Fredericton (N. B.).

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN on city, town, village or country property in amounts to suit at current rates of interest. H. H. PERRY, Solicitor, 50 Princess Street, St. John, N. B.

Notice. The undersigned non-resident taxpayer of the school district No. 14 in the Parish of Lancaster, in the County of St. John, is requested to pay to the undersigned secretary to trustees for said district the amount of school tax set opposite his name, together with the cost of advertising, within two months from this date, otherwise the real estate will be sold or other proceedings taken to recover the same.

MURRAY & GREGORY, LIMITED. ARE NOW SAWING Cedar Shingles and Clapboards in addition to their usual output of Long Lumber, Staves, Headings, Laths, etc., and are in a better position than ever before to supply building material.

A Planing Mill is being erected adjacent to saw mill for the manufacture of Flooring, heating, etc., that will be using shortly.

Our Lower Seeds Have Arrived. Large and very fine assortment of choice seed. Red Oats, Grass Seeds, Clover Seed, Barley, Black Turn, Flax Seed, Buckwheat, and all the other varieties. PRICES LOW. JAMES COLLINS, 203 and 210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

BABY'S DANGER.

The summer months are a bad time for babies, and a bad time for mothers. Fermentation and decomposition in the stomach and bowels of great young children. This is the reason why the hot weather months are more fatal to little ones than any other seasons. The Owa Tablets should always be found in every home, where there are young children, and their prompt use during hot weather may avert a precursor of cholera, and stomach troubles, diarrhoea, and stomach troubles, and are guaranteed to contain no poisonous or harmful drugs. Walter Rollins, 100 St. John Street, St. John, N. B., has the following to say of his Owa Tablets: "My little one cried almost continuously with stomach troubles. I can truthfully say I never had any medicine at all, but the Owa Tablets, and by the way, the tablets do not do any harm, but they do good. I do not think you make any claim for these which their use will not substantiate." The tablets can be had from any medicine dealer or by mail from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Price 25 cents a box.

Bakers' Prices On Flour.

Per Bbl. Bakers' White Satin only - \$5 20. Bakers' Pride " " - 5 25. Mohawk " " - 5 35. Kent Mills " " - 5 35.

THE 2 BARKERS, LIMITED.

100 Princess Street. LEARN TO DO FROM ONE WHO HAS DONE. The Principal of Frederickton Business College. Spent nearly 20 years as a book-keeper and office man in various mercantile and manufacturing concerns. He is the man to instruct you how to do office work. Apply at once for a catalogue of this splendid school. Your name on a post-card will bring you a copy. W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, New Brunswick. Analytical Chemist and Assayer, Office and Laboratory, 131 Union Street.

Will Preach Temperance Sermon. Barnesville, Aug. 1—Rev. E. F. Sherman, formerly of New Jersey, will preach a gospel temperance sermon at the Reformed Presbyterian Church of this place on the eve of August 7 at 8 o'clock. Mr. Sherman is an able speaker and takes a lively interest in the temperance work.

WOMAN, WITH BLOW OF HATCHET, DRIVES OFF MAN WHO ATTACKED HER SISTER

John Campbell is Under Arrest in Fairville, Captured After a Long Chase, by George Maxwell, Whose Daughter Nellie He Had Attacked—Sister Uses Hatchet on Head of Assailant, and Collie Dog Aids.

Mrs. Retia Daley, of Boston, who is visiting her father, George Maxwell, caretaker of Cedar Hill cemetery, Lunenburg, N. B., on Monday afternoon a man named John Campbell, who had been attacking her sixteen-year-old sister Nellie in their home. With a blow of a hatchet upon the head of John Campbell she sent him fleeing from the house, where he had attacked and was being fought by Miss Maxwell when her sister came to her aid.

There was another agent in saving the girl—a collie dog which bounded into the house on hearing the screams of its young mistress and attacked her assailant. Campbell, after a long chase, was captured by Miss Maxwell's father, who had reached the house just after Campbell, blood streaming from his head, ran from the door and headed for Carleton.

Since the latter part of last week Campbell, who is a rough appearing man, is said to have been lurking about Lancaster, Monday afternoon he sought Mr. Maxwell, whose residence is in the cemetery grounds, and asked him if he wished a man for work in the cemetery.

Mr. Maxwell was in need of another workman, especially one to do chores about the house, so hired him. Campbell said he had wages due at the pulp mill, and would return by dinner time to commence his duties. When he reappeared, Mr. Maxwell insisted his wife to give the new man his dinner, which was done, after which Mr. Maxwell left to attend to some matters in connection with the cemetery. A little later his wife went picking berries.

The only occupants of the kitchen were Campbell and young Miss Maxwell. As the former was finishing his meal he asked the girl how many people there were in the house. She said only herself and sister, who was upstairs, ill. Campbell then caught her. She fought him and screamed. The outcry attracted Mrs. Daley, who, picking up a hatchet hastened down stairs.

She was not alone in hearing her sister's cry, for another member of the household—a collie dog—had bounded in to the house on hearing the disturbance.

Hit Him on Head With Hatchet. When Mrs. Daley entered the kitchen she saw her sister endeavoring to release herself from Campbell, while the Collie was biting Campbell's legs.

Mrs. Daley dealt Campbell a blow on the head with the edge of the hatchet and was preparing to follow it up with another when he leaped aside and ran through the kitchen door, with the collie at his heels. The blow had been glancing one, and did not wound Campbell seriously.

He disappeared in the cemetery shrubbery just as Mr. Maxwell hastened up and, learning what had happened, went in pursuit. It was, he thought, Campbell's intention to gain the ferry boats. With blood stained face, he raced past the dead and dumb institution, and strove to lose Mr. Maxwell by adopting a zig-zag course, but the father, believing the other's intention was to reach the boats, sped straight for Carleton city hall, intending at this point to head off the fugitive.

Campbell must have gained some inkling of the nature of his pursuer's strategy, for before he reached the neighborhood of the hall he made a turning movement and sprinted again in the direction of Lancaster, but could not elude Mr. Maxwell.

After a Long Chase. As the chase lengthened it became evident that Campbell was becoming exhausted, and he finally surrendered when it was impossible for him to continue.

When asked for an explanation of his conduct he said he had not meant to harm Miss Maxwell. Later he said he had been drinking during the forenoon, but when taken into custody, they say, there was nothing about him to suggest intoxication.

A team was procured and Mr. Maxwell, with the assistance of a Lancaster constable, escorted Campbell to the Fairville lockup.

The girl's assailant when arrested gave his name as John Campbell, and place of residence as Lover Cove, but it is also stated that he has lived at Loch Lomond.

Miss Maxwell Monday was able to proceed to Fairville and formally lay information against him. Fairville and the neighborhood has long been and is infested with dissolute characters, and so large a territory is patrolled by but one police officer. He is a very capable officer, but his beat is extensive enough to justify the appointment of one more patrolman at least.

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EXTENDING THE TELEPHONE LINES.

N. B. Company is Also Making Improvements in Present System.

TALK OF A UNION.

It's Said That Two Other Companies in This Province Are Considering Amalgamation—Some Statements in Connection With the Matter.

The extension of telephone services through the province continues steadily. The New Brunswick Telephone Company has constructed a line from Woodstock to Canterbury and Benton, and it is now connected and giving service. A line is being constructed from Grand Falls to Edmundston, and a new wire is being laid from St. John to Fredericton. A new wire will probably be laid from Fredericton to Chatham, although that is not yet decided. The company is erecting buildings of its own in St. Stephen and Moncton. Quite a large staff of men is therefore at work for the company at the present time.

There is an important move contemplated by two of the telephone companies doing business in this province, says the Fredericton Gleaner, and representatives of the companies have already been at work with the idea of getting the Central and Union Telephone Companies to amalgamate.

The Union Telephone Company has its head office in Fredericton, Carleton county. Its lines extend from Woodstock to Florenceville and from there to Andover and Grand Falls. There are also branch lines running up the Tobique. At present the Central company expects to some day have its lines running into St. John city and then it hopes to install Fallor automatic centrals that are said to even be an improvement on the Stranger central.

The chief men connected with Union Telephone Company are: Dr. Brown and Ross, while Hon. Dr. Pugsley is one of those interested in the Central Telephone Company.

A gentleman who was in Fredericton on Saturday told the Gleaner that the idea was for these two companies to amalgamate and have their lines extended. Those interested in the companies feel that there is plenty of business for other besides the New Brunswick Telephone Company, and they intend to enter to a class of business that the New Brunswick Telephone Company doesn't touch except in a few cases—the local business in the country. The gentleman couldn't say whether or not the new company's lines would touch Fredericton.

THE "DUMPING" CLAUSE. Customs Officials at St. John Applied it With Good Effect.

The "dumping" clause has already been put into effect. Last week the customs officials at St. John applied it to an importation of axes which had been ordered since June 8. A consignment of seventy-five axes was imported, and the duty on them was \$13.50. As an illustration of how the clause worked in the case of the axes, let it be supposed the consignment consisted of six dozen axes costing \$4.50 per dozen, or \$27 for the lot. The regular price was \$33, the duty on that being \$2.25. The difference between the two prices was \$6, which is more than 15 per cent; therefore \$13.50, or half of the regular price, was added to the \$2.25, making the total duty as actually assessed \$12.28. The axes therefore cost \$39.28, which was prohibitive. It is understood the clause will also be applied to wire nails, which are being cut 20 cents per keg in the United States for export trade.—Maritime Merchant.

At the Hospital.

The interior of the public hospital is being renovated wherever necessary. It is expected that a new ward and some private rooms will be opened in the extension next week. A children's ward will also be open in a few days. This ward being furnished by L. G. Almon in memory of his wife, and will contain beds for twelve children and has a kitchen, two bathrooms, a closet and linen room in connection with it. Its various appointments will be fitted up in the most approved style. A handsome brass tablet, suitably inscribed and stating that the ward commemorates the worthy life of Mrs. Almon, has been placed upon the wall.

New Coasting Steamer.

A steambreak to ply between Mahone Bay and Halifax in the passenger and freight trade is being built at Bridgewater by I. H. Wagner for A. Ernst and others. Her machinery is being fitted by the new Burrell-Johnson Iron Company, Yarmouth, and will be installed some time in August. Her dimensions are as follows: Over all 92 feet, breadth of beam 20 feet, depth of hold 40 feet 9 inches; her deck house is 46 feet long, 7 feet high and 14 feet wide, and she will carry about 40 passengers.

NOT SURPASSED IN ALL CANADA

The Special Attractions at the Coming Exhibition in St. John.

F. G. SPENCER'S SUCCESS.

Three Trained Lions—Twenty Trained Dogs—Japanese Tight Wire Performers—Musical Clowns—A Wonderful Juggler—The Finest Programme Ever Presented at a St. John Fair.

Something considerably better than has heretofore been offered by the management of the St. John exhibition will greet the patrons of the amusement hall this year. The public has well founded confidence in the ability and judgment of F. G. Spencer, and the fact that this gentleman has personally selected the attractions during his recent trip to the principal amusement centres of the continent is a guarantee that the very best that it is possible to bring to St. John will be seen during the week Sept. 17th to 24th.

There is always some one amusement feature every season that is more eagerly sought after by the management of parks, fairs and exhibitions than any other. This year it is the celebrated lion trainer Adgie and her wonderful trio of trained lions. These lions are said to be the largest and handsomest specimens of their kind in captivity any where and the simple fact that they are engaged this fall as the chief attraction by exhibitions of the same importance as Toronto, Winnipeg, Sherbrooke and Brockville, is an indication of the manner in which they are sought after. The monster lions are engaged in a 9 by 9 cage, which is placed close to the stage in full view of the audience. Their trainer Adgie, a handsome Spanish woman, will enter the den and remain among the lions for twenty minutes, during which time she gives the most thrilling exhibition ever witnessed of the dominance of human will over brute force.

Adgie and her lions have been engaged at Young's Pier, the principal amusement resort at Atlantic City, for three months during the past three summers, and have proved the greatest attraction the management will have on the coast. This year will give some idea as to the character of the leading feature of the special attractions. Doubtless every one who attends the exhibition this year will plan to see Adgie and her lions.

Another feature which will doubtless attract the lion's in popular interest is the Siedman's troupe of trained dogs, 20 in number. Siedman's dogs are considered much the cleverest ever exhibited in America, and the accomplishment which this remarkable trainer has taught his mate and Siedman and his wonderful animals have been engaged the entire summer at one of the principal resorts in Conroy Island, and in securing them the association will have one of the best features of the kind on exhibition. These dogs include in their repertoire, besides all the tricks known to the world of dog trainers, a number of other peculiar and pleasing stunts. One of these is a bicycle which is ridden by a bicycle over a tightly drawn wire, while on a trapeze which hangs beneath the same slack on its hind legs and is propelled backwards and forwards through the air by the bicyclist above. A dog which dives 60 feet into a net is also included in the troupe. On account of the importance of the engagement of the Yamamoto Brothers, the greatest Japanese tight wire performers and perch artists that ever came to this country.

In view of the immense interest now being taken in the Japanese side portion of the amusement hall entertainment, it is not difficult to understand, all Japanese performers now in America find their services most eagerly sought after and it was only after great difficulty and expense that the Yamamoto Brothers were secured for St. John. Many people in this city have seen these celebrated performers in the principal vaudeville houses and pleasure resorts in the states, and all such agree that they are simply marvellous.

The most laudable feature of the show will be Denton's musical clowns. These clowns perform upon all kinds of peculiar and unheard of musical instruments. This act is a decided novelty and has shown during the past summer at a very high salary on the Keith circuit. Among other features to be included La Belle, the world's champion hoop roller and juggler, who is just completing a long season in Vancouver and as a special feat stands at the top of the profession. The whole entertainment will represent a very much greater outlay than has ever before been made for similar purposes at previous exhibitions. The management feels confident, however, that the public of these provinces will appreciate their efforts to provide a first class series of attractions, and will come to the city in much larger numbers than ever before. The attractions enumerated above, not one of which has been secured without immense trouble, will make our indoor amusements equal to any provided at any exhibition in Canada.

The Old Victoria Hotel.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:—Sir,—Will you kindly publish in your paper the date of the opening of the Victoria hotel at St. John which was destroyed by the great fire of 1877. The request was made to the St. John Sun last week by a subscriber, but it seems they have not the information. I am, Sir, Yours truly, S. MARTINS. St. Martins, July 30, 1904. It was opened in July, 1874.

Mrs. Isabella Powers.

Mrs. Isabella (Bethune) Powers died at her home, 64 Western avenue, yesterday, after a six months' illness, at the age of 83 years.

VALUE TO THE LAST FARTHING! A Clothing Specialty Always the Same. WHY "M. R. A.'S UNRIVALLED \$10 SUITS FOR MEN" STAND THE TEST. Come Winter, Spring, Summer and Autumn these "Unrivalled" Suits for men are always abreast of the times in style, weight, color and finish. They are not a big stock which has to be sold out before a more up-to-date consignment is forthcoming, but a fresh, dapper specialty—one of the strong factors in placing M. R. A. Clothing in the coveted ranks of Reliability. At \$10 they are always cheap, no matter what the surroundings circumstances may be. THESE SUITS ARE SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY US. THEY ARE EVERY MAN'S CLOTHING, AND ALL KINDS OF MEN WEAR THEM. Clothing Department, New Building. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LIMITED, - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

DOWLING BROS., 95 & 101 King Street. A New Store. A New Stock.

And as long as these NEW GOODS last you can get them at the OLD PRICES of last year. And yet Cotton today has reached a much higher price than for many years and no prospect of a decline for some time to come. PRINTED CAMBRIC at 7c, 10c, 12c and 14c. yard 25 in., 29 in., 31 in. and 32 in. wide, pretty patterns and good fast colors. COLORED DRESS MUSLINS, COTTON VOILS, ZEPHYRS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBRAYS, FLAKE TWINE CLOTH, etc., in all the new colors at 12c, 14c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c, 28c, 30c and 35c. yard. White Cottons, Unbleached Cottons, Cambric, Pillow Cotton, White and Unbleached Sheetings, Towels, Trousing Table Linens, Napkins, Shaker Flannels, etc., all at the old prices. 600 Shirting, Ducks, Drills, Art Muslin, remoune and Satens all at the old prices.

DOWLING BROS., 95 and 101 King Street.

OBITUARY. Alex Urquhart.

At the General Public Hospital on Thursday, where he has been ill since last fall, the death took place of Alexander Urquhart, a native of Kars, Kings county. He was unmarried. Accompanied by his nephew, A. Morrell, of Kars, the remains were taken to that place Friday afternoon.

Harvey Wilson died on Thursday at his residence on the Salisbury road, about four and a half miles from Moncton. Deceased was a prominent man in county affairs and was well and favorably known in Moncton and throughout Westernland as a business man of integrity and worth and was held in high respect by all who knew him. He leaves a wife, Mrs. Wilson, and two sons, Harold and John. He leaves a widow and a family of six survivors.

The deceased was a son of Jacob Wilson and was married to Miss Mary Fleming, daughter of the late Margaret C. Fleming. He leaves a widow, four daughters and two sons. The daughters are Emily, Margaret, Jean and Mary; the sons are John and Harvey, all at home.—Transcript.

Gilbert Hatfield. Harold Hatfield received a despatch Thursday evening announcing the intelligence of the drowning of his brother, Gilbert Hatfield, at East Hampton (Conn.). Deceased was eighteen years old, and was a machinist by trade. He was a native of Norton, Kings county, but has been in East Hampton eight years. Besides Harold, deceased leaves another brother, Walter, who is an operator at Macean, Nova Scotia, also a sister, Miss Mita Hatfield, who resides in Carleton.

Mrs. Albert Simonson. Friends will hear with deep regret of the death of Mrs. Albert Simonson, Thursday morning at Woodstock. She had been in failing health for some time, and began to rapidly decline only a few days ago. Besides a sorrowing husband she leaves four children—Rev. E. W. Simonson, rector of St. James' church, Centerville, and Mrs. A. H. Prescott, Woodstock.

Issac Nile. Issac Nile, of Fredericton, dropped dead Saturday morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. B. S. Long, where he has made his home for some time. He arose at 6 o'clock apparently in his usual health, and ate a hearty breakfast. Shortly afterwards he complained to his son of feeling unwell, and lay down on a sofa to rest. After doing this he gave a couple of yawns and in less than three minutes was dead. The deceased gentleman formerly resided at Upper Kingsclear, and has been living in Fredericton about eight years. He was eighty-three years of age and was survived by a family of two sons and four daughters. They are Thomas and Harry, Mrs. Samuel Kitchen, Mrs. B. S. Long and Mrs. C. F. McQuarry, all in this city, and Mrs. Joseph Myrland, of New Market.

Mrs. Isabella Powers. Mrs. Isabella (Bethune) Powers died at her home, 64 Western avenue, yesterday, after a six months' illness, at the age of 83 years.

Methodist Financial Meeting. The finance meeting of the St. John district of the Methodist church will be held at Westford on Tuesday, the 16th inst., opening at 9 o'clock a. m. This meeting is "composed of all ministers of the district, and all probationers engaged in circuit work, with an equal number of laymen elected by the quarterly boards of the circuits to which these ministers and probationers are attached."

A line drawn through Sussex, St. Martins, St. John, Wolford, Jerusalem and Aphanqui would describe the territory embraced by this district.

A full attendance would present a gathering of fifty persons, but it is not more than half the number on any previous occasion.

Maurice O'Neil. Word was received in Moncton Saturday of the death of Maurice O'Neil, of Irishtown. He was 64 years old and leaves a widow, one daughter, Lizzie, at home, James in Waterville (Me.), John T. Harry and Frank on the farm. One brother, David O'Neil, of the I. C. R., carpenter maintaining department, and one sister, Mrs. (Ellen) Kerwin, at Irishtown, also survive. Mr. O'Neil during his lifetime did considerable lumbering and farming. About three years ago he fell from a barn and the injuries he sustained resulted in his death.

Never Cut Corns, Always Use Cream. Corns should never be cut, always use "Corns Cream." It never, never, never cures the worst cases of hard corns, but it cures them all. It is a size 1/2 and 2 1/2. Dr. J. C. R. Spok & J. C. R. at Drug Stores.

PYTHIANS AT MONCTON AUG. 9

Plans for Annual Meeting of Grand Lodge—New Brunswickers for the Big St. Louis Convention.

The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge K. of P. of the maritime provinces will open in Moncton on August 9 at 10.30 a. m., and will continue for three days. It is expected that from seventy-five to eighty delegates from the lodges all over the provinces will be present as well as a large body of members of the uniform rank.

The two lodges in this city will send representatives as follows: John Beamish, J. Olive Thomas, C. H. Smythe, William E. Dunmer and John M. Jenkins, from New Brunswick Lodge No. 1; W. C. Clark, R. A. Watson, J. P. Sutherland and W. A. Stuart from Union Lodge No. 2. Besides these the following officials from St. John will be in attendance: Past Supreme Preceptor, James Moulson; Past Grand Chancellor, L. Baron Wilson; Grand Preceptor, H. J. Gunter, and Grand Master of Exchequer, Alfred Lodge. Victoria county No. 1 and Gagetown county No. 3 Uniform Rank will also, it is expected, be largely represented in the parade which will take place during the convention.

The biennial convention of the order, which will open at St. Louis on the eleventh of this month will be attended by F. A. Godose, of this city, and J. M. Deacon, of Milltown, as representatives from New Brunswick. In connection with this convention, which will last twelve days, will be an encampment of the uniform rank of four days' duration. It is expected that from 8,000 to 10,000 men will be under canvas. The Uniform Rank of Frontier Lodge, St. Stephen, will go and take part in all the proceedings.

Michael Foight Missing.

Michael Foight, a soldier, aged about 65 years, and a veteran of a number of famous battles, is missing and it is thought that he has been drowned in the harbor. Foight was addicted to the drink habit, and the last seen of him was when he was crossing from the west to the east side of the harbor on the ferry steamer last Thursday. He has not been seen by relatives or friends since, and it is thought he has probably fallen over one of the wharves.

Michael Foight worked about different dwellings sawing wood and doing other work. He has been service in the Crimean war, and was at the siege of Sevastopol. He has a couple of sons residing in Carleton.

Wedding at Sussex.

Sussex, N. B., Aug. 1—(Special)—A very quiet but interesting wedding took place at 10 o'clock today when Miss May, daughter of C. F. Whitney, driver on the Sussex train, was united in marriage to Joshua S. Prescott, of Goose Creek.

Only the immediate relatives of the bride were present. The Rev. Mr. Camp officiated. The happy couple left this afternoon for Goose Creek, where Mr. Prescott is an extensive dealer in lumber.

DELEGATES HERE FOR F. B. MEETING

Woodstock Party Joins Local Delegates, and All Will Leave for Grand Manan Today.

The conference of the F. B. church of the maritime provinces, which has heretofore taken place in October, has this year been changed to September 17, to the 21st. The conference this year will meet at Tracy's Mills, York county. The most important question to be considered by the conference will be the projected union of the Baptist bodies.

The Young People's League of the F. B. churches will meet Wednesday and Thursday this week at Grand Harbor, Grand Manan. The officers of this body are: Rev. J. B. Dagget, president; Rev. F. Clark Hartley, secretary; T. A. Lindsay, treasurer. Among the delegates from the churches in this city will be Miss George Phillips, Miss Nettie Parlee, and Miss Parlee, from the Waterloo street church; Miss Edna Tuft, Miss Lilla Jennings, Miss Lizzie Miller, Harry Smith and W. Stuart, from Carleton church. The delegates from Woodstock arrived in the city yesterday. They are: Misses Viney, Smylie, and Patterson, and Arthur Slipp and James Hillman. The party will leave today on the steamer Aurora.

The meeting of the seventh district of the F. B. church will take place the second Friday in August at Deer Island. Rev. Mr. Ferguson, of Carleton, is chairman of this body and will preach the opening sermon. The delegates from Waterloo church to the meeting are James Paterson, Thomas Robinson and Thomas Graham. The Carleton delegates are R. Webb, Thomas Smith and Miss Fullerton. The seventh district comprises the church of St. John, Grand Manan and Campbell and the gathering is for the purpose of considering the general reports and business of the churches.