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PROBS—CLOUDY

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AUSTRIA AND ITALY NEARING THE PARTING OF THE WAYS

AUSTRIANS AND GERMANS ARE ADVISED TO LEAVE; RELATIONS HAVE REACHED ACUTE STAGE

Recall to Colors of Italian Reservist Officers of First Line and Strengthening of Southern Frontier by Austria Regarded as Significant In View of Report of Failure of Recent Negotiations—Greece Showing Signs of Activity.

Rome, March 21 (Via Paris)—German and Austrian subjects who reside in Italy have been advised by their respective consuls to leave the country as quickly as possible.

It is reported here that so many German military spies have entered Italy that the general staff has been obliged to change its mobilization plans because there is reason to believe that some of the secrets connected with them have been revealed.

Parts of the Italian police force have been detailed to keep under surveillance German subjects who recently entered Italy under what are considered suspicious circumstances.

Reserve Officers of First Line Called to Colors.

Rome, March 19, (Delayed in transmission), via Paris, March 21.—The official Military Journal today published an order recalling under the colors, until December 21, all reserve officers born between the years 1882 and 1887.

Rome, March 20, via Paris, 6 p. m.—The military authorities have caused the identification cards or badges which are worn customarily only during an active campaign. This incident is regarded in some quarters as highly significant of Italy's preparedness for any eventuality.

London Considers Italy's Action as Significant of Early Intervention.

London, March 21.—The relations between Italy and Austria are believed to have reached an acute stage. A despatch from Rome says Austrian and German subjects have been advised by their consuls to leave Italy in the shortest possible time, and that a number of Germans who recently arrived in Italy are being watched because of the suspicion that they are military spies.

There have been reports for some days that Germany's efforts to secure the continued neutrality of Italy by inducing Austria to cede Trent and other territory to her were not meeting with success. Italy, it was said, was demanding that the territory be handed over to her at once, but that the Teutonic allies desired to make the transfer after the war.

Following this came reports that Austria had commenced strengthening her southern frontier, and according to a despatch received in Paris from Rome today, Italian officers of all arms belonging to the first line, who have been on half pay, have been called to the colors. In military circles here this order is considered significant, it being contended that these

officers belong to the public administration, from which they would not be called unless the situation was serious. No Austrian news on the subject is available in London, the censor in that country having, it is said, prohibited any comments.

Greece Showing Signs of Activity.

There are also reports that Greece is preparing to adopt a more active attitude. Following a series of prolonged cabinet meetings at Athens the Greek minister of marine is quoted as having said that the Greek government had received all guarantees, and to have indicated that the country was about to engage in some enterprise.

As the chief objection to former Premier Venizelos' policy of helping the Allies against Turkey was declared to have been that Greece had no guarantees that she would receive adequate compensation, this statement of the minister of marine is considered in high circles in London as an intimation that the new Greek government is now satisfied with the Allies' guarantees.

The Allied fleet is preparing for a renewal of the attack on the Dardanelles, which has been delayed by unfavorable weather. At council of the admirals aboard the French battleship Suffren it is reported that a decision was reached to make a new general attack, in which all the warships will take part.

Reverting to their policy of last fall, the Germans early this morning made an attack on Paris with aircraft. Four Zeppelins started for the city, but only two reached it. These dropped bombs, injuring a number of persons and setting fire to buildings. The French armies pursued the Germans, but owing to the mist they were unable to overtake them.

As far the land operations are concerned, the eastern front holds the most interest. The Russians, despite the swampy condition of the ground, are slowly according to Petrograd despatches, pressing the Germans back to the East Prussian frontier, their latest achievement being to defeat three German columns which had set out on the road to Ostrolenka from Mysynio, which is not far from the German frontier. From the same source comes a statement that Przemysl is at its last gasp, and that the garrison is getting rid of its ammunition preparatory to surrendering.

General Botha, at the head of the Union of South Africa forces, is reported to have gained a rather important success over the Germans in German Southwest Africa, capturing an entrenched position and taking two hundred prisoners and two guns near Swakopmund.

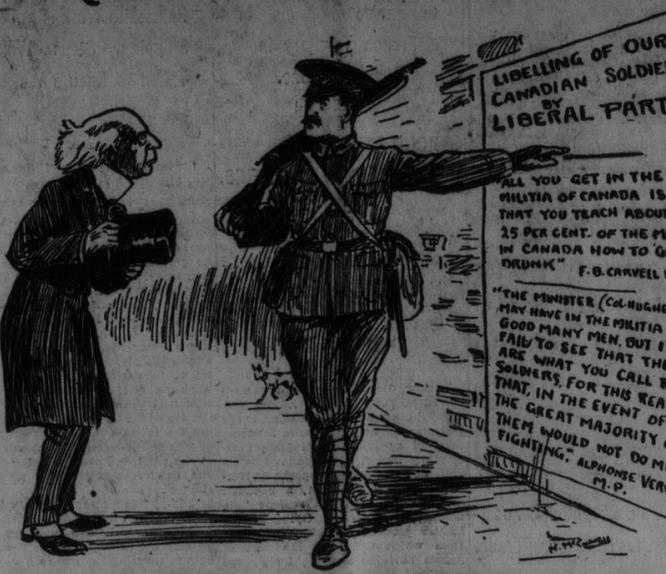
Possibility Yet That Greece May Intervene On Side of the Allies

More Pronounced Policy For Favoring Allies, Newspapers Supporting New Cabinet Say.

London, Mar. 21.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Athens says: "Following a cabinet meeting held Saturday night, today's newspapers, which are inclined to support the new cabinet, say a more pronounced policy for favoring the Triple Entente powers is probable, although in the event of adopting that course Greece would

obtain all the guarantees that are considered necessary. "At the conclusion of the cabinet council M. Stratos, the Minister of Marine, said to one journalist that the general situation presented a marked improvement, adding 'the impression obtains that we are gravitating toward a more active attitude, surrounded by all guarantees and advantages.'"

A QUESTION FOR LAURIER



ZEPPELIN RAID ON PARIS; DAMAGE UNIMPORTANT

Paris, Mar. 21.—Zeppelin airships raided Paris early this morning and dropped a dozen bombs, but the damage done was unimportant. Seven or eight persons were injured, but only one seriously. Four of the aircraft started for the capital, following the valley of the Oise, but only two reached their goal. Missiles also were dropped at Compiègne, Ribecourt and Dreuilcourt, but without serious result.

Paris remained calm while the aerial invasion was in progress, and residents of the city exhibited more curiosity than fear as to the results. Trumpets gave the signal that all lights must be extinguished as soon as warning was received of the Zeppelins' appearance. Searchlights were turned upon the clouds, anti-aircraft guns opened fire, and aeroplanes rose to attack the Germans, but their operations were hampered by a heavy mist.

An official communication regarding the raid declares it served only to show how well the defensive arrangements would work out when put to the test. The statement follows:

"Between 1:15 and three o'clock this morning four Zeppelins started toward Paris from the direction of Compiègne, following the valley of the Oise. Two were compelled to return before reaching Paris, one at Ecouen (ten miles north of Paris), the other at Mantes, (on the Seine, thirty-six miles from Paris). "The others were attacked by aircraft guns, and only passed over outlying districts of the northwestern part of Paris and neighborhood. They withdrew after having dropped a dozen bombs, some of which did not explode. The damage done was unimportant. Seven or eight persons were injured, but only one seriously. "The different stations for anti-aircraft defence opened fire upon the Zeppelins, which were constantly kept illumined by searchlights. One appeared to have been hit. The aeroplane squadron took part in the action, but mist hampered pursuit.

"Summing up, the Zeppelin raid on Paris was a complete failure. It only served to demonstrate how well the defensive arrangements were working. The population was calm. On their way back the Zeppelins dropped a dozen incendiary or explosive bombs on Compiègne, doing only unimportant damage. Three bombs were dropped on Ribecourt and Dreuilcourt, to the north of Compiègne, without result.

"The lights of the city flickered and then disappeared as city firemen hastened through the streets, blowing on trumpets the notes which it had been announced would signal the approach of hostile aircraft. "Buzzing motors of the aeroplanes guards, which were the first to be notified, and searchlights flashed from the vicinity of the Eiffel tower to the heights of Montmarie, caused the keenest interest and excitement among the population of the awakened city, but there was no panic.

"Thousands strained their eyes in an effort to catch a glimpse of the invaders, which many claimed to have

COL. FARQUHAR, COMMANDER OF THE PRINCESS PATRICIAS, KILLED IN ACTION

Ottawa, March 21.—Colonel Francis Douglas Farquhar, D.S.C., commander of the Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry, and late military secretary to His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, has been killed in action at the front. A cable to the chief of staff of the Canadian Militia Department conveyed the news late tonight. The late Col. Farquhar came to Ottawa in October, 1913, as military secretary to His Royal Highness, and by his charming courtesy made himself a popular figure in official and social circles in the capital.

On the organization of the Princess Patricia he was chosen commander, the appointment proving a most popular one. He had a most distinguished career as a soldier and won the distinguished service order in the South African campaign while serving with his regiment, the Coldstream Guards. He married in 1905, Lady Evelyn Holy-Hutchinson, daughter of the Earl of Dunghmore. Lady Farquhar is at present in London.

Col. Farquhar's death makes the third officer connected with Government House to fall in the present war, the others being Captain Rivers-Bulkeley, Scots Guards, former comptroller of the Household, and Captain Newton, former A. D. C., who was the first officer of the Princess Patricia to meet death in action.

The message from the war office reads: "Colonel Farquhar, Princess Patricia dead. Lieut. Martin of same regiment dead. Three killed, twenty wounded."

The message was communicated to government house and the royal family was deeply moved on its receipt. The Duke and Duchess cabled a message of condolence to Lady Farquhar, and a separate message of sympathy was sent to the regiment by Her Royal Highness Princess Patricia, whose name it bears.

P.E.I. DOCTOR DIES FROM INJURIES RECEIVED IN FALL FROM STREET CAR

Charlottetown, Mar. 21.—Doctor A. A. McLeslie, of Summerside, died in Montreal yesterday from injuries received by falling from a street car, his remains are being brought to the island for burial.

been moving swiftly in the vicinity of Madeleine, or to watch the work of French armies. Balconies and the roofs of houses in Passy and other quarters were used as vantage points by the curious, while many of the more timid sought refuge in cellars or other places of safety where they remained until sure all danger was past.

Deal, Eng., March 20.—A German aeroplane dropped bombs near the coast today. No damage has yet been reported. "The German aviator dropped several bombs from his machine, but all fell into the sea. A naval patrol boat fired several shots at the aeroplane which disappeared to the eastward."

CANADIAN DIES RATHER THAN SURRENDER

Jules Cassagne, Canadian Volunteer, Mentioned in Despatches for Bravery, Died Hero's Death.

Paris, March 20.—Jules Cassagne, of the Twenty-Third Infantry, a Canadian volunteer, is mentioned in the orders of the day. He made a rush upon a German trench, and tried to break in the protecting roof. His bayonet and rifle were broken, but he refused to surrender, and was killed on the spot.

FIGHTING QUALITIES OF THE BRITISH SOLDIERS PUT TO TEST IN THE BATTLE OF ST. ELOI

Inflict Terrible Loss on Enemy and Not a Man Gave Ground Until Overcome by Superior Numbers—Dramatic Moments Preceding The Attack on Neuve Chapelle.

London, March 21.—Fighting qualities of the British soldier again were demonstrated in the battle of St. Eloi, although it was of comparative unimportance, since it left the situation much as it was before, according to an account of the operations in this district given by a British eye-witness and made public this afternoon by the press bureau. St. Eloi is considered to have some strategic importance, because it lies at the junction of two main roads, one from Ypres to Arras and the other from Ypres to Warneton.

"On the evening of the 14th," says the eye-witness, "after an extremely heavy artillery fire, directed against our trenches along the eastern and southwestern sectors, the Germans endeavored to rush our lines. The attempt succeeded as far as the latter sector was concerned, for the trenches had been blown in and were absolutely untenable. To the east of the village, however, our infantry made a most determined stand. Their fire was so steady and well directed that the losses among the assailants were terrible, our men sticking to their posts until the last—in fact until they were overwhelmed by sheer weight of numbers."

"The Germans then rushed supports to the trenches and also to a mound which they had blown up by a mine. They were not allowed to remain long in undisputed possession of it, however. Our first counter-attack took place at 2:30 a. m. on the 15th and was only partly successful, the enemy retaining possession of St. Eloi and some breastworks and trenches. "By another effort made nearly two hours later we succeeded in driving the enemy completely out of the village and in recapturing all the trenches which had not been destroyed. The mound, however, remained in the hands of the Germans although it was subjected to so heavy a fire that no use could be made of it.

"The fighting at St. Eloi, as is usual in such cases, was of the fiercest description. Upon gaining the place the Germans erected barricades across the streets defended by machine guns. These had to be stormed one by one, our men coming on time after time regardless of their losses until the village had been cleared of the enemy. "When morning dawned a search was carried on among the houses for wounded and on this occasion the Germans displayed a humanity which, unfortunately, they do not always show, for they refrained from firing on our bearer parties who were engaged in carrying away the injured within quite close range. "During the day of the 15th the Germans made a last effort to recover their ground by assault. Presumably it was not intended to be more than a forlorn hope for not more than 200 men took part in the attack. Few

PITCHED BATTLE FOUGHT IN STREETS OF MEMEL

Inhabitants Joined With Garrison in Attempt to Keep Out Russians—Germans Threaten Reprisals Against Inhabitants of Russian Towns and Villages.

Petrograd, March 21, via London.—The following official statement was issued here last night: "A German communication, issued March 19, concerning the advance of the Russian troops on Memel (East Prussia), threatens reprisals against Russian towns and villages for any losses sustained by the Memel population. The Russian general staff hereby announces that Memel was openly defended by an armed enemy

force. The battle took place in the streets. "The civilian population, having taken part in this battle, our troops were compelled to take corresponding action. Therefore, if the German troops carried out the threats against the peaceful civilian population of Russia, these acts of the German troops must be regarded not as reprisals but as independent acts, and the moral responsibility for the consequences must rest on the Germans."

Dramatic Moments During Attack on Neuve Chapelle.

"In spite of the generally monotonous character of the present stage of war there have been some dramatic moments. One such moment immediately preceded the attack on Neuve Chapelle on the 10th, when our infantry, waiting to assault, were watching the bombardment they could see our shells bursting in a thick veil of smoke and dust which hung over the German trenches. As the minutes wore on, while our artillery fire grew hotter and hotter and the time for them to rush forward came nearer, their excitement rose to fever pitch. In some places they were seen to jump upon the parapets, brandishing their rifles towards the Germans, and shouting remarks which were drowned in the roar of guns. When the rush actually was made our losses were trifling. It was only in the subsequent advance that heavy casualties occurred.

"It is unnecessary to speak of the gallantry of regimental officers through the fighting. The casualties tell their own tale of the heavy toll among them, largely due to the fact that in advancing over intricate country, intersected with hedges and ditches, platoon commanders had to go forward to reconnoiter the ground and discover the best way to circumvent or cross these obstacles without getting their men crowded together in narrow places, such as gaps in hedges, rows and bridges. This naturally entailed exposure. The success achieved and the extraordinary spirit shown by our troops, are the best proof of the qualities displayed by their leaders."

Urging that it is the duty of the British army "to kill or knock out" as many Germans as possible, with the least loss to itself, the eye-witness asks the workmen of England to supply the necessary guns and ammunition, for "it can be said now-days that providence is on the side of big batteries, more than on that of big battalions."

He declares that Neuve Chapelle carried home the lesson that the most strongly entrenched positions can be carried with less loss to the attackers than to the defenders, if the assault is sufficiently prepared by artillery, and further that under such conditions any counter-attack made by the defenders to regain what has been lost is almost certain to fail, with immense loss to those attempting it.

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UNFAVORABLE WEATHER INTERFERES AGAIN WITH OPERATIONS IN THE DARDANELES

POWER OF ALLIED FLEET TO DOMINATE FORTS HAS BEEN WELL DEMONSTRATED

British Admiralty Reminds People at Home that There Are Still Dangers and Difficulties, but Losses Have Not Been Greater Than Were Anticipated and Provided For.

London, March 21.—The Admiralty tonight made the following announcement: "Unfavorable weather has interrupted the operations in the Dardanelles and as seaplane reconnaissances have not been possible, the amount of damage done to the forts by the bombardment of the 18th cannot be ascertained. "No great expectations should, however, be based on this, as owing to the losses caused by drifting mines the attack was not pressed to its conclusion on that day. "The power of the fleet to dominate the fortresses by superiority of fire seems to be established. Various other dangers and difficulties will have to be encountered, but nothing has happened which justifies the belief that the cost of the undertaking will exceed what has always been expected and provided for. "The British casualties in the personnel are sixty-one men killed, wounded and missing. "Admiral De Roebeck has telegraphed to the Admiralty as follows: "I desire to bring to the notice of Your Lordships that splendid behavior of the French squadron. Their heavy loss leaves them quite undaunted. They were led into close action by Rear Admiral Guehratte with the greatest gallantry."

RUSSIANS INFLECT HEAVY LOSSES ON PRZEMSYL GARRISON

Petrograd, via London, March 21.—The official statement from general headquarters issued last night says: "On the right bank of the Niemen the Germans, after an engagement at Tauragon, have been forced beyond the frontier. "Another Russian detachment, displaying an impetuous offensive, reached Memel at eight o'clock Thursday evening, and after street fighting, in which the inhabitants took part, captured the town. "On the left bank of the Niemen the enemy, as a result of the battle of the last few days, has been compelled to evacuate the township of Pilwiszki and the region east of the Ozero-Busia-Kopolewo line. "On the right bank of the Narva river the engagements still bear the character of partial attacks by the Germans. In the neighborhood of Mysznice, in the direction of Kadzido, an engagement resulted in the complete defeat of the Germans. The latter attacked in close order and sustained enormous losses. "On the left bank of the Vistula there is nothing to report. "In the Carpathians, according to supplementary reports, our counterattacks Thursday in the region of Czekowicz inflicted a serious defeat on the Thirty-Ninth Honved division. In the region south of Gorlice our troops delivered a counter-attack on the Austrian forces which were operating very energetically. We made over 800 prisoners. Near Moldowsko we captured a fortified height from the enemy. His attempt to re-capture this position, as well as his reported counter-attack in the region of Tozanka, were unsuccessful. "In Eastern Galicia fighting is proceeding north of Nadworna, the enemy occupying a strongly fortified position. "At Przemysl the enemy opened fire on our positions on Thursday morning, and continued all day and the following night, wasting an unprec-

CASUALTIES OF BRITISH IN DARDANELLES, 61

London, Mar. 21.—A statement made public by the Admiralty tonight shows that the total casualties among the officers of the British ships engaged in the fighting in the Dardanelles last Thursday, when the Irresistible and Ocean were sunk, were four killed and two wounded on the Irresistible, and three killed on the Ocean. "The British casualties in the personnel are sixty-one men killed, wounded and missing according to the official announcement made tonight. "Another list of forty-five officers, including officers of Indian regiments, who were killed at Neuve Chapelle and St. Eloi was given out today. These additions to the casualties bring the total of killed in these two battles up to 240. The same list adds seventy-nine names to the wounded, making the total of officers wounded 399. "A casualty list issued by the War Office, dated March 17, contains the names of twenty-five officers who were killed on the field or died of wounds, and of thirty-two officers wounded or

BRITISH OFFICERS KILLED SINCE WAR BEGAN NUMBER 1,543

London, March 20.—Since the beginning of the war, the British army on the continent has lost 1,543 officers killed, and 2,833 wounded, while 705 have been missing. The list gives a total officers casualty list of 5,081 men. The British war office gives out officers casualty list periodically.

GREAT TRADE OPENINGS WITH WEST INDIES

Manufacturers of St. John and Farmers of New Brunswick Will Find Exceptional Possibilities for Developing Trade.

Ottawa, Mar. 21.—The trade and commerce department is issuing in pamphlet form a report made by Mr. Watson Griffin upon trade possibilities in the preferential market of the West Indies. Mr. Griffin spent some six or seven months last year in the West Indies, gathering information. He draws attention to the fact that even in war times it costs less to ship from Toronto and Montreal to Trinidad than to Western Canada. "For the merchants and manufacturers of St. John and Halifax, and the farmers of the Maritime Provinces, the cost of shipping to the West Indian Colonies in which the Canadian government has arranged for a tariff preference is less than half the cost of shipping to Calgary. "Mr. Griffin declares there are great possibilities for trade developments between Canada and the West Indies. "The natural resources and wealth producing capacity of these colonies is only on the eve of a great development. There are at least twenty million acres of fertile land in the islands not yet beneficially occupied, and the area under cultivation is only about a million and a half acres. "It is very fortunate," says Mr. Griffin, "that the preferential agreement is for ten years, as this is a long rough period to test its merits. As the preferential arrangement did not go into effect until June, 1913, only a little over half the trade of the calendar year, 1913 was under its influence, and it was a bad year for a start, because it followed a drought that affected both imports and exports of the West Indies. Nevertheless Canada made a very good beginning in increasing its sales to the British West Indies, especially exports of flour, which is given every substantial preference. The trade of the calendar year 1914 has been seriously affected by the war, and there is no doubt that the trade of the year 1915 will also be affected. A large of one case, at least, where a Canadian flour mill refused good West Indian orders for flour after the war broke out and a traveller who was having great success in getting business was called home. "On the whole, the British West Indies will suffer no great loss during the war, and if it is brought to a conclusion before the end of the year 1915, the following year is likely to be a banner one for those colonies. "Beware of teas that are dusty and full of broken leaves—as these are injurious in use and unpleasant in the cup, the dust being generally put there to reduce the cost. "FRAGRANT, FREE FROM DUST, and economical in use—preserved and sold only in sealed packets at 35c., 45c., 55c., 65c. per pound. "Adjournment was taken to May 18.

SYDNEY THEATRE GUTTED BY FIRE

North Sydney, N. S., March 21.—Fire which started at 3.30 this afternoon and burned till 7.30 completely gutted the Premier Theatre building at Sydney Mines, causing a property loss of \$25,000 to \$35,000. "The theatre was a large wooden building and besides the theatre contained the dry goods store of Cook Bros., and the tailoring shop of J. L. McKinnon. Scarcely anything of the theatre portion of the structure is left and but little of the goods in stock were saved. "The fire is believed to have originated in the dressing room of the theatre and is attributed to defective wiring.

WILD SCENES IN GERMAN REICHTAG

Socialists Protest Attempts to Germanize Portions of French Territory in Alsace Lorraine.

STRONG ATTACK ON MILITARY AUTHORITIES.

Reckless Destruction of Russian Villages by Kaiser's Men Characterized as Barbarism.

London, Mar. 21.—A wild scene occurred in the German Reichstag Saturday during the second reading of the budget, according to a Berlin telegram received by Reuters' Telegram Company, by way of Amsterdam. The tumult was aroused by a speech delivered by George Ledebour, a Socialist deputy, who protested against "the military administration trying to Germanize portions of French territory, from which arises on the part of Alsace Lorraine a desire for French rule." "The statement was received with angry outbursts on the part of the deputies, some members shouting: "What about the party of peace." "Continuing Herr Ledebour said: "I endorse everything said in praise of our brave troops and their commanders, but in political performances the military authorities are not up to date. I am horrified to learn that for every German village burned by the Russians three Russian villages shall be burned." "This is barbarism," shouted Dr. Karl Liebknecht, another Socialist deputy, while from the right came three indignant protests, one member shouting: "We won't permit the supreme military authorities to be thus attacked." "When order had been temporarily restored, Herr Ledebour said: "Such a measure strikes not only at the Russians but at the Poles and Lithuanians on whose co-operation we must count."

Cries of "Shame" from Opposition.

This statement resulted in a renewed disturbance and cries of "finish," the deputies springing from their seats and excitedly shouting for order; the vice-president of the House in the meantime having declared that criticism of the army administration was not permissible. "Encouraged by members of his own party who shouted "speak up in the name of your party," Herr Ledebour continued: "The German policy must be such that these peoples will see in Germany a shield to and a safeguard of their freedom. As a Socialist, and as a German patriot, I believe I ought to emphasize this. I have done this in the interest of my beloved Fatherland and of Europe."

Herr Ledebour concluded his address in the face of loud opposition cries of "shame." "The leaders of the various parties protested against the remarks made by Deputy Ledebour. "Herr Groeben, of the Centre party, said that if the military authorities were compelled, in view of the Russian actions, to take the severest reprisals in the shape of measures which are permissible under international law they should not be hindered by the representatives of the people. "Minister of the Interior Beibruock asserted that he would not be worthy in the present situation if he replied to Herr Ledebour's statements. "For every one present today," declared the Minister, "this hour will be among his bitterest memories. Herr Ledebour's criticism is unconstitutional and insulting in form, and is directed against the most honored army leaders." "The estimates of the Ministries of Interior, Colonies and Navy were agreed to. "Adjournment was taken to May 18.

GERMANS SEIZE OIL CARGO OF DANISH SHIP

London, Mar. 20.—A cargo of oil aboard the Danish steamer Bryssel, bound from Philadelphia for Stockholm, has been confiscated by the German authorities in the Pomeranian resort of Swinemunde, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The vessel was released. "The feeling at Copenhagen, the despatch adds, is that the fact that German needs oil does not justify the seizure of the Bryssel's cargo.

STORY OF DEATH OF VICE-ADMIRAL GARDEN GIVEN DENIAL

London, Mar. 20.—The naval censor said tonight that there was "absolutely no truth" in the widely published report that Vice Admiral Seckville Garden had been killed or wounded during the bombardment of the Dardanelles.

KITCHENER GIVES DOCK WORKERS A HINT

Unless They Quickly Realize Refusal to Work is Impeding Shipping, Steps Will be Taken to Ensure Work Being Done.

Liverpool, March 21.—"If this appeal has no effect I shall have to consider steps that will have to be taken to ensure what is required at Liverpool being done," was the declaration made by Lord Kitchener in a letter which he personally handed to James Sexton, secretary of the Dockers' Union. Lord Kitchener, who spent the week-end inspecting the Liverpool, Manchester and Bingham battalions of his new army, expressed surprise in his letter that "there is a section among the Liverpool dockers who still refuse to work overtime during the week-end and on Saturday. I feel sure that these men can hardly realize that their action in thus congesting the docks, and delaying munition of war and food required by our men at the front, is having a very serious and dangerous effect, and must be stopped. "I hope this message will put things right for the future. At this time we look to every British man, whoever he may be, to do all in his power to help in carrying the war to a successful conclusion, and in this your men can do their share, thus helping their comrades now fighting in France."

HALIFAX HAS \$50,000 FIRE

Fire Broke Out in Top Floor of Ray Building—Greatest Damage Caused by Water.

Halifax, N. S., Mar. 21.—Fire in the Roy Building on Barrington street tonight did damage estimated at \$50,000. The blaze started on the top floor in which is known as the Backlers' Apartments and quickly burst through the roof. The damage by fire was slight but the loss by water is very heavy. The ground floor is occupied by the stores of Winter Bros., gent's furnishings, the Green Lantern, ice cream parlors, and the Woodworth Company, fancy goods, etc.

SPANISH SHIP LADEN WITH ORE IS CAPTURED

London, March 20.—It is reported that a Spanish ship, laden with iron ore and proceeding to a German port, has been captured by a British cruiser off Goodwin Sands in the Straits of Dover, and sent into Jarrow in charge of an armed crew.

MONCTON BUILDING GUTTED BY FIRE

Moncton, N. B., March 21.—Fire this morning gutted the building occupied by W. D. Allanache, shoe merchant, D. A. McBeath, grocer, and Mrs. McLure, boarding house. The principal damage was by water and loss which is placed at \$8,000 is covered by insurance.

ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER IS SUNK

London, Mar. 21.—The British steamer Cairn was reported torpedoed this afternoon off Beachy Head, in the English Channel, and sank, according to a Central News despatch

Greatest EASTER HAT SALE

Ever Held Here

Bargains Extraordinary in Smart Millinery for Early Spring Wear

These Untrimmed Hats came from Paris, costing \$7.00 to \$15.00 each, and we had them copied in Canada, thus giving employment to our own Canadian workmen.

This is the earliest opportunity you have ever had to buy SPRING HATS at LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

These hats express the very newest Easter styles, all being copied from Paris models and made from the highest grades of Milan, Tassel, Hemp, Hair, etc. in Black and colors. They are worth as high as \$10.00 each, but from now till Saturday night, March 27th, you can have your choice at \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Hats made from Best Quality of Chip, in Black and colors, worth \$2.00 and \$3.00 each, sale price \$1.00 each.

CHILDREN'S HATS, 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 each.

GLENGARRY and SAILOR shapes, for misses and young ladies, in silk and satin, and combinations of silk and straw, also—satin and straw, sale price \$1.50 each.

Marr Millinery Company, Limited

1-3-5 Charlotte Street

CATHEDRAL AT SOISSONS AGAIN SHELLED BY ENEMY

Paris, Mar. 21.—The official statement issued by the War Office tonight says: "The enemy has again bombarded the cathedral at Soissons, firing twenty-seven shells and causing serious damage to the edifice, on which, contrary to the German assertions, no post nor observation station has ever been installed. Nor is it true that the Red Cross flag has been hoisted on the cathedral. "In Champagne we made slight progress last evening to the east of ridge 196, northeast of Lemenil. Today only a bombardment occurred. "In the Argonne there was rather a hot rifle fire all day, but no infantry attack was made. At Les Eparges we have maintained our gains of yesterday, notwithstanding two violent counter attacks, which were repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. "In the Vosges we lost yesterday the Great and Little Reich Ackerkopf, but we have since recaptured the latter and have launched a counter attack for the recovery of Great Reich Ackerkopf. The battle continues."

MONCTON BUILDING GUTTED BY FIRE

Moncton, N. B., March 21.—Fire this morning gutted the building occupied by W. D. Allanache, shoe merchant, D. A. McBeath, grocer, and Mrs. McLure, boarding house. The principal damage was by water and loss which is placed at \$8,000 is covered by insurance.

ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER IS SUNK

London, Mar. 21.—The British steamer Cairn was reported torpedoed this afternoon off Beachy Head, in the English Channel, and sank, according to a Central News despatch

Edith Story, Ned Finley, Rankine Drew and Splendid Vitagraph Cast in the Three-Part Broadway Feature

"O'Garry of the Royal Mounted"

PICTURED AND ENACTED IN THE CANADIAN ROCKIES

IMPERIAL THEATRE PROGRAMME

World's Noted Impersonator **HARRY FONDELL**

Musical Characterizations of **KUBELIK** Great Violinist
VON BIENE Great Cellist
B. KRILL Great Cornetist
LE FERRE Great Saxophonist

High-Class Vaudeville

In Addition There Will Be **MIXED PICTURES**

George Ade's Fables in Slang
"THE GIRL WHO SHIFTED THE SYSTEM"

Hearst-Selig Weekly

Helen Helms Certainly Goes **THE VERY LIMIT** In Her "Gizzard" of this Week

COMING "What's His Name" WEDNESDAY The Oxford Four WEEK 29th

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The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

A GOOD YEAR'S WORK.

When Hon. James A. Murray became Commissioner of Agriculture in the Provincial Government he was made the subject of cheap ridicule by the Telegraph. On Friday, Mr. Murray was able to present to the Government the report of the work done by his department during the past year, and it is not too much to say that a more satisfactory record was never made by any department of any administration in this province.

The Provincial Department of Agriculture got its first impetus from Hon. Dr. Landry, who went into that office after the Hazen Government came into power in 1908, with the intention of making the department of some use to the farmers of the province. During the 1908 election campaign the agricultural policy of the late government was subjected to more than a little criticism and the Telegraph, itself, took occasion to remark that it was not in the interests of the farmers. After the change of government, when Dr. Landry took charge, he was successful from the first and when he left the department it was doing a valuable work. It has been the privilege of Hon. Mr. Murray to develop this work to even greater usefulness until today New Brunswick can proudly boast of one of the most up-to-date agricultural departments in the Dominion of Canada.

It has been the policy of the department to instruct the farmer how to get the best results from the portion of land he has cultivated and in this it has been markedly successful. It is interesting to note that although the acreage under cultivation decreased during the past four years the value of the farm output is materially greater. In 1910 the value of the farm output in this province was estimated at \$12,000,000 while in 1914 it reached the total of about \$20,000,000. As the average advance in prices of farm products in the same time has not been greater than 25 per cent., it cannot be claimed that the gain in the value of farm products can be ascribed to the higher cost of living.

The Department has also done splendid work along the lines of agricultural education. Formerly, if a resident of this province desired to get instruction in agriculture it was necessary for him to go to another province but now New Brunswick has two first-class agricultural schools which are being successfully conducted, and doing a very valuable work.

Agriculture is the foundation of all industry and all progress and the Government is wise in its recognition of this fact. With a contented and prosperous rural population there will be greater prosperity in the cities and towns of the province and, consequently, money expended on the development of agriculture and the improvement of conditions for the farmer are decidedly in the best interests of all residents of New Brunswick. Hon. Mr. Murray and the officials associated with him are to be congratulated on the particularly successful work of the agricultural department during the past twelve months.

ALWAYS WORKING FOR ST. JOHN.

The announcement published this morning that the 55th Battalion will be mobilized in St. John, and that arrangements to this effect were made some weeks ago by Hon. J. D. Hazen, affords additional evidence that this city has a real representative at Ottawa, who, although one of the busiest men in the Government, never finds pressure on his time so great as to prevent him from obtaining benefit for St. John whenever possible.

Mr. Hazen was but a short time in Ottawa when evidence of his influence in the Government and zeal for this port was forthcoming. It is Mr. Hazen St. John can thank for the completion of necessary harbor works, for the establishment of the marine depot here, for the building, by the Government, of the grain conveyors for the C.P.R. elevator and the provision of other facilities to assist St. John in handling the trade of Canada. It is Mr. Hazen the members of the St. John Board of Trade can thank for securing the vote for the extension of the breakwater to Partridge Island, which

work, by the way, Mr. Pugsley attempted to have postponed. Since the Empire war commenced Mr. Hazen has secured for St. John much business arising from that war. Through his activity this port, for some weeks, profited by the shipment of remounts for the Imperial army and local manufacturers benefited in no small degree by securing contracts for war materials. He was largely responsible for securing the mobilization here of the 26th Battalion and the other military units, and now he has succeeded in having St. John selected as the mobilization point for the 55th, a New Brunswick battalion which will be next to recruit, and which will likely spend some months in the city. To Hon. J. D. Hazen is due the thanks of every citizen interested in St. John.

DOES SIR WILFRID REMEMBER?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the budget debate attempted to pose as the friend of Great Britain by contending that the new schedule of duties struck a disloyal blow at the British exporter. Sir Wilfrid's conversion may be based on what appear to him to be sound economic reasons, or, again, as suggested by the Finance Minister, may spring from remorse. Mr. White in referring to Sir Wilfrid's tariff amendment had this to say:

"Let me ask my right hon. friend Sir Wilfrid Laurier, if there is anything on his heart, or his conscience, that induces him to move this amendment? I would ask my right hon. friend to take the drama of Macbeth and refer to the sleep-walking scene in the fifth act, in which Lady Macbeth, looking upon the hand stained with the blood of King Duncan says, 'All the perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten that little hand.' My right hon. friend the Prime Minister, acting upon the precedent advice of the Admiralty two years ago introduced into this House the Naval Aid Bill, whose purpose was to assist in the naval defence of the Empire. My right hon. friend the leader of the opposition obstructed and killed that Bill. I say to him now, I say it with great respect, I say it without any imputation except upon his statesmanship—certainly not upon his loyalty—that all the amendments, whether relating to the British preference or otherwise that he may move now or at any other time, will never obliterate the memory of the action which he took in connection with the Naval Aid Bill."

In the course of an editorial referring to Mr. J. L. Stewart, the "independent" representative of Northumberland county, the Telegraph remarks "It is more likely that Mr. Stewart will persist in the attitude of independent critic, and if he does so the results will be interesting." It was some of Mr. Stewart's "independent" criticism that set in motion the processes culminating in his labored attempt to explain some of the things he had been reported as saying regarding the "bought and paid for" editorial fulminations of the Telegraph. The Telegraph itself, is in the best position to know just how "interesting" he was, and how truthful as well.

Conservative newspapers in the Province of New Brunswick, from time to time, have had some things to say of Mr. Alphabet Copp, one time leader of the Provincial Opposition, who is temporarily located in Ottawa but the most severe criticism to which they subjected him is surpassed by a Montreal publication which refers to him as a "sort of cereal substitute" for the late H. R. Emmerson. In other words, Mr. Copp appears to that Montreal editor as something of a breakfast food.

An exchange, independent in politics, intimates that there may be a Dominion election this summer and suggests the following as a battle song for the Liberal party: "We don't want to fight, but by jingo if we do; we stopped the ships, we nearly stopped the men, and we'd stop the money, too."

There are two subjects upon which the editor of the Telegraph must maintain a deep silence—at least until another change of paymasters occurs in the office of that newspaper. One is a squid, and the other Mr. Carvell's opinion

of General French and the Canadian Militia.

Appropos of some recent remarks by Mr. Pugsley, Beck's Weekly says: "Down in New Brunswick a political rake-off, such as that connected with a sawdust wharf, is now known as a squid pro quo."

"A GENERAL BY THE NAME OF FRENCH"

(London Free Press)
Two years ago, in the Canadian House of Commons, F. B. Carvell, Liberal member from New Brunswick, made an attack upon the military character and worth of Sir John French. The great British soldier who is standing today between the Empire and defeat, who is bearing the brunt of the most terrific conflict the world has ever witnessed, was the subject almost of revilement by the Laurier henchman.

Yesterday in the House of Commons Carvell's voice was raised again. This time he was assisting in the effort to overthrow the Canadian war tariff, the result of which would be to immediately affect the sending of troops from Canada. It could hardly have been surprising to his fellow-members to find Carvell in this role. The attack upon Gen. French is not forgotten. These were Carvell's words:

"The principal cause of the trouble with the minister (Col. Hughes) and his top-heavy militia is the report of a general by the name of French, who came to this country some years ago, and in my judgment, his visit was one of the greatest misfortunes that has befallen Canada. 'I told the minister of militia publicly and privately that in adopting the ridiculous and unreasonable report made by this gentleman (Gen. French) he had committed a great mistake. His (Gen. French's) ideas are ridiculous.'"

This "general by the name of French" had already won glory for British arms. It was Gen. French who came to the relief of Kimberley, and who gave such brilliant service with Gen. Buller. Mr. Carvell, the Maritime Province lawyer, established himself as the critic of the general, but in what position would the British Empire be today if it were not for the military strategy of the Lawyer Carvell?

CARVELL WRONG AGAIN

(London Free Press)
Mr. Carvell says the Canadian dreadnaughts voted by the House of Commons and held up by the Laurierized Senate would not have been ready for use in this war. Hasn't the British navy produced a whole bevy of super-dreadnaughts since the war began, whose keels were laid down after the Senate puts its veto upon the naval bill?"

DARING BURGLAR AT HOPEWELL HILL GOT LITTLE FOR HIS TROUBLE

Broke into Post Office but money had been removed to Postmaster's home—Authorities have clue.
Special to The Standard
Albert, N. B., Mar. 21.—For the third time within as many years the post office at Hopewell Hill was burglarized early Saturday morning. The break was particularly a bold one, a large pane of glass being removed from a window some five feet from the ground. The window was within twenty feet of the main street, within fifty feet of the local hotel and in plain view of the dwelling house of Geo. W. Newcombe, about hundred feet away. No money was obtained as the cash had been removed and taken to the home of the postmaster, who is ill at his residence, and the mail bag which had been done up late that night containing over ninety dollars had also been removed from the office for safety. An important clue obtained by the local authorities point to the presence of at least two persons taking part in the robbery. Only the money order book containing fifty-one blanks has been missed as yet and this may prove the undoing of the guilty party.

A pall of mixed candy, containing about forty pounds, was stolen from the Hillsborough railway station, it having been put off the down train and put in the freight room which was left open.

At least five such breaks have occurred at Hopewell Hill in the last four years.

An inquest was held Saturday afternoon on the remains of John Jensen, the second victim of the West River mill explosion. The verdict was the same as in the McQuaid case, that the deceased came to his death by being killed by explosion of one of the boilers in the mill of C. E. White & Son at West River, the cause of the explosion is unknown.

"C. P. R." NICKNAME GIVEN BIG SHELLS BY CANADIANS

London, March 19.—An interesting glimpse of the life of the Canadians at the front is given in a letter just to hand from a private in the 16th Battalion, who, writing on March 11, tells of the news of the Neuve Chapelle victory having just been received. "Cheers broke out all along the line," he says. "We are not at the Dard-

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE.
Mother, I think I'll take you to the theatre tomorrow nite, pop sed to ma aftir suppr today.

WY, WILLYUM, this is a surpris, sed ma. If it wasn't for serppriss wud be the charm of Wagners musick and Kelliepop. I think I'll take you to see The Gerls from Jingle Land, they say thats a good show, sed pop.

O, that will be just fine, sed ma, and reely, its a dellifull surpris, because now that evrything costs so much and evrything, I didnt think you wud be abel to afford the theatre for a wile.

O, I shoold worry like a fish and get the hook, sed pop, wat do I care for expences, Ive got plenty of them, any man that cant scrape up a few dollrs wants in bloo moon to show his wife a good time duzein deserve to be a husband, thats the way I look at it.

Then it wud be a good thing if awl husbands looked at it in the same way, sed ma.

It sertenly wud, sed pop, persnally, Ive got no time for the man that blows in his substance awn silk sherts and chewing gum for himself wen hes out carousing with the boys, and then finds the cant spare enuff mney to stak his wife to a show wants in a wile.

Well im sure those senterments do you credit, sed ma. Not a tall, not a tall, sed pop. I am meerly doing my dooty, as the honest bricklayer sed wen he refused a raise in wages.

Wich jest then the telefone bell rang and ma went to anser it, saying Hello, helo yes, this is Pottes, yes, Ill give Mr. Potts a messidge, tell him wat, O, O, awl rite, Ill tell him, wat did you say uram nam, very well, Ill tell him.

Wat is it, sumthing frum the orfiss, sed pop. I dont no weathir Mr. Jennings was at the orfiss or ware he was, sed ma.

Jennings, the doose you say, sed pop, wy the mischief cant I anser my own come calls, well wat if it was Jennings, wats the messidge.

He see he cant get those passes for The Gerls frum Jingle Land that he promised you, sed ma. Heck, sed pop.

Well, dux that mean I dont go to the theatre tomorrow nite with my intravagant husband, sed ma.

It means that we go to the theatre jest the same, or even moar so, if possibl, sed pop, wat do you say to a nice evening of moving pictures, we will show old Jennings how much we care for him by taking in a half duzein shows instead of sun.

O well, I havent bin to the moveys for sum time, sed ma. Can I go with you, pop, can I go with you ma, I sed. Wich Im going with them.

CALL AND SEE THE NEWEST - IN - LADIES' MILITARY LACED AND SPAT (BUTTON) BOOTS.

Grey, Fawn, White, Sand and Black Cloth Tops. Spanish Louis and Concaved Cuban Heels. Patent and Dull Leathers. Prices from \$4.00 to \$6.00

Francis & Vaughan 19 King Street

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price.
Would You Let a Child Select Medicine?

You are no more capable of selecting glasses for your self than a child is to select its own medicine. Ready made glasses are a menace to sight and health. Scientific knowledge, a personal interest in each case, and extreme care in the eye examination, are necessary in fitting glasses.

Unfold thousands have been made miserable, permanent injury to the eyes and often blindness resulting, from picking out their own glasses, or buying them of peddlers or elsewhere than of a reliable experienced optician. Buying glasses at Sharpe's means safety for your eyes—the best glasses possible for you to obtain.

L. L. Sharpe & Son, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, 21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

LUMBER

Hemlock Boards, planed one side, \$19.50
Refuse Spruce Boards, planed \$15.00
Refuse Spruce Boards, planed \$15.00
Refuse Deal and Scantling \$14.00
Merchantable Spruce Scantling \$21.00
Merchantable Spruce Boards, matched \$23.00
Heved Spruce \$14.00 to \$26.00
Merchantable Spruce Deal, \$22.00 and up
Cedar Shingles \$1.75 to \$3.00
No. 1 Spruce Sheathing \$48.00
No. 2 Spruce Sheathing \$35.00
Douglas Fir Flooring \$35.00
3-4 Inch Fir Sheathing \$35.00

I. MATHESON & Company, Ltd. BOILER MAKERS NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.

If your line of health is "weakly held" strengthen your forces with Bovril

IT MUST BE BOVRIL

Of all Steves, etc., 1-2-3, 22 C.; 2-3-4, 23 C.; 3-4-5, 24 C.; 4-5-6, 25 C.; 5-6-7, 26 C.; 6-7-8, 27 C.; 7-8-9, 28 C.; 8-9-10, 29 C.; 9-10-11, 30 C.; 10-11-12, 31 C.; 11-12-13, 32 C.; 12-13-14, 33 C.; 13-14-15, 34 C.; 14-15-16, 35 C.; 15-16-17, 36 C.; 16-17-18, 37 C.; 17-18-19, 38 C.; 18-19-20, 39 C.; 19-20-21, 40 C.; 20-21-22, 41 C.; 21-22-23, 42 C.; 22-23-24, 43 C.; 23-24-25, 44 C.; 24-25-26, 45 C.; 25-26-27, 46 C.; 26-27-28, 47 C.; 27-28-29, 48 C.; 28-29-30, 49 C.; 29-30-31, 50 C.; 30-31-32, 51 C.; 31-32-33, 52 C.; 32-33-34, 53 C.; 33-34-35, 54 C.; 34-35-36, 55 C.; 35-36-37, 56 C.; 36-37-38, 57 C.; 37-38-39, 58 C.; 38-39-40, 59 C.; 39-40-41, 60 C.; 40-41-42, 61 C.; 41-42-43, 62 C.; 42-43-44, 63 C.; 43-44-45, 64 C.; 44-45-46, 65 C.; 45-46-47, 66 C.; 46-47-48, 67 C.; 47-48-49, 68 C.; 48-49-50, 69 C.; 49-50-51, 70 C.; 50-51-52, 71 C.; 51-52-53, 72 C.; 52-53-54, 73 C.; 53-54-55, 74 C.; 54-55-56, 75 C.; 55-56-57, 76 C.; 56-57-58, 77 C.; 57-58-59, 78 C.; 58-59-60, 79 C.; 59-60-61, 80 C.; 60-61-62, 81 C.; 61-62-63, 82 C.; 62-63-64, 83 C.; 63-64-65, 84 C.; 64-65-66, 85 C.; 65-66-67, 86 C.; 66-67-68, 87 C.; 67-68-69, 88 C.; 68-69-70, 89 C.; 69-70-71, 90 C.; 70-71-72, 91 C.; 71-72-73, 92 C.; 72-73-74, 93 C.; 73-74-75, 94 C.; 74-75-76, 95 C.; 75-76-77, 96 C.; 76-77-78, 97 C.; 77-78-79, 98 C.; 78-79-80, 99 C.; 79-80-81, 100 C.

MODERN TIME PIECES

The accurate Time Keeping qualities of "The Modern Watch" are to be found in the Watch of Moderate and even Low Price, as Compared with those of our Grandfathers time. Our large stock of Watches, are from "The Best" only of the "Modern Watch Factories". You should consult us about Watch accuracy.

Ferguson & Page, Diamond Importers and Jewellers—King Street.

Light in Weight, Efficient and Durable. You cannot buy a Better Packing no matter what price you pay. Sizes in Stock—1/32, 1/16 and 1/8 80 Cents Per Pound. Freight for Express Paid to your nearest Railway Station in any part of Canada.

T. McAVITY & SONS, Ltd. ST. JOHN, N. B.

"Vitite" High Pressure Packing

Specially adapted for High Pressure Steam and Gasoline Engines. Light in Weight, Efficient and Durable. You cannot buy a Better Packing no matter what price you pay. Sizes in Stock—1/32, 1/16 and 1/8 80 Cents Per Pound. Freight for Express Paid to your nearest Railway Station in any part of Canada.

SAFETY FOUNTAIN PENS

Can be carried in any position without leaking. In Gold and Silver Mountings. BARNES & CO. LTD. - 84 Prince William St. ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED OUR BALATA BELTING

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Full Staff of Trained Teachers. The Best Course of Instruction. Individual Attention given each Student. Our Best Advt. the Success of our graduates. Students can enter at any time. Catalogues to any address. S. Kerr, Principal.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE
Waterbury & Rising Limited.

A NEW SHOE
ON A NEW SHADE

TWO PRICES

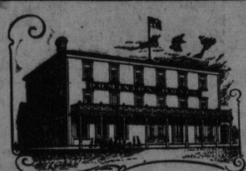
NEW LASTS

\$4.25 and \$6.00

Mahogany is the new shade for Men's Boots, and a pretty shade it is. If you were in Boston or New York now you would see hundreds of men wearing Mahogany color shoes. All the indications are that this is to be a colored shoe season for men's shoes and whilst Mahogany is the new shade we are still showing the regular shades in Tan and Nut Brown.

Easter Sunday
April 4
Shop Early

Men say that a colored shoe is easier on the foot than black. We think there is a good deal of truth in the statement. Of course there are many men who will not wear other than a black, but for those who will we honestly believe we have the best range of tan boots in the Province.



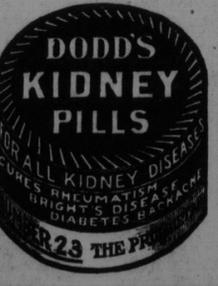
P. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince Wm. St. Acetyline Headquarters.

Summer Hotels and Cottages
No modern hotel or country residence, church or store is complete without a modern lighting system. Our "Scientific acetylene generator are used in hundreds of buildings and are highly recommended and fully guaranteed. Send for circular or call and investigate.

The Daily Fashion Hint.



Black taffeta street dress. A black and white vest front is set in the front and part of the sleeve is under-set with taffeta.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, SARCINA

The "TOP NOTCH" SCOTCH WHISKY
"KING GEORGE IV."

NINE-TENTHS POPULATION OF U.S. FAVOR ALLIES

Rather than see England lose, United States would join Allies, prominent New York lawyer says—Canadian Bar Ass'n elect officers.

Montreal, March 21.—Mr. Henry B. Esterbrook, of the New York Bar, one of the guests of the Canadian Bar Association at its first annual dinner Saturday night at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Montreal, touched on the war in a way that aroused his audience of 200 leaders of the Bench and Bar of the Dominion to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Said he: "While what we call the government of the United States is maintaining strict neutrality, ninety million of our one hundred million citizens are working, giving and praying for your success. This being the case, I leave it to you to figure how long the sort of neutrality which is professed by the United States is going to last—you can judge, just as well as I can. That you are going to win in this great struggle cannot be doubted."

Continuing, Mr. Esterbrook said: "The United States is not seeking to make war with any one, but least of all does she seek war with Great Britain. She would make almost any accommodation to prevent such a calamity. But this is not all. I am firmly convinced that you will win, and win perhaps sooner than many expect, but rather than suffer England to perish in a righteous cause the United States would fight for her. In spite of occasional bickerings, England and the United States are friends."

Other speakers at the banquet were: Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice; Chief Justice Archambault, Montreal; Hon. Lyman P. Duff, of the Supreme Court, and Mr. R. C. Smith, K. C., Montreal.

At the Saturday session of the first annual meeting of the Canadian Bar Association officers were elected as follows: Hon. President, Hon. C. J. Doherty; President, Sir James Alken, K. C., M. P., Winnipeg; Vice-President, R. C. Smith, K. C., Montreal; E. F. B. Johnston, K. C., Toronto; A. A. McLean, K. C., M. P., Charlotte-town; M. G. Teed, K. C., St. John, N. B.; I. Campbell, K. C., Winnipeg; Norman MacKenzie, K. C., Regina; R. B. Bennett, K. C., M. P., Calgary; Gordon C. Corbould, K. C., New Westminster; B. C. Secretary, E. F. Surveyer, K. C., Montreal; Treasurer, John F. Orde, K. C., Ottawa.

Fredericton, Mar. 21.—Ven. Archdeacon Raymond of St. John, chaplain of the 3rd New Brunswick regiment of artillery, preached to the divisional ammunition column members and a large congregation at Christ Church Cathedral this morning, his sermon being one of the finest delivered to soldiers in Fredericton since the commencement of the mobilization of troops here. A large proportion of the members of the ammunition column were formerly of the 3rd regiment and they were particularly pleased to have their chaplain here to address them. While in Fredericton, Archdeacon Raymond is the guest of His Lordship Bishop Richardson.

The Fredericton brass band, assisted by local vocal soloists gave a sacred concert at the Opera House this evening. Lord's Day Alliance objected to an admission being charged and the band therefore gave a free concert.

THE HENNESSEY CASE.
The case of David Hennessey, charged with stabbing David Shaw, a member of "B" squadron of the Mounted Rifles, was resumed in the police court Saturday morning, and Charles Bennett gave some testimony. Bennett testified that he first saw the defendant walk towards Shaw, and then he saw him make a swipe at the soldier, who endeavored to protect himself. He then saw the defendant make two or three stabs at the complainant with something which glittered in the air, but was not willing to swear that it was a knife. Hennessey then went down Union street. He later informed Officer Gibbs, Gibbs testified that when he was arresting the prisoner the defendant resisted violently, kicking him in the shoulder and nose, and attempting to bite him. It took the services of four strong men to hold Hennessey down while he was being handcuffed. He was remanded.

Gunner D. L. Irvine of the Divisional Ammunition Column has returned to Fredericton after a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Irvine.

SPECIAL PRAYER FOR PEACE READ SUNDAY IN CATHOLIC CHURCHES

Forey Hours' Devotional Service at Cathedral ended last evening—Text of Pope's prayer for peace.

Two special services were held in the Cathedral yesterday, one being in connection with the special prayer for peace ordered read in all the Catholic churches in Canada and the United States by Pope Benedict, and the other in connection with the forty hours' devotional service. In the evening Rev. Father Donahoe preached a sermon at the Cathedral, in which he made reference to the prayer of His Holiness for peace, and the need of Christian peoples interceding to stop the terrible conflict in Europe.

The prayer for peace was as follows: "Dismayed by the horrors of a war that is bringing ruin to peoples and nations, we turn, O Jesus, to Thy most loving heart as our last hope. O God of Mercy, with tears we invoke Thee to end this fearful scourge; O King of Peace, we humbly implore the peace for which we long. From Thy sacred heart Thou didst shed forth on the world Divine charity, so that discord might end and love might reign among men. During Thy life on earth Thy heart beat with tender compassion for the sorrows of men; in this hour, made terrible with burning hate, with bloodshed and with slaughter, once more may Thy Divine heart be moved to pity."

"Fifty the countless mothers in anguish for the fate of their sons, for the numberless families now bereaved of their fathers; pity Europe, over which broods such havoc and disaster. Do Thou inspire rulers and peoples with counsels of meekness; do Thou heal discords that tear the nations asunder; Thou who didst shed Thy precious blood that they might live as brothers, bring men together once more in loving harmony, and as once before, to the cry of the Apostle Peter: 'Save us, Lord, we perish.' Thou didst still the raging sea, so now deign to hear our trustful prayer and give back to the world peace and tranquility."

"And do Thou, O Most Holy Virgin, as in other times of our distress, be now our help, our protector and our safeguard. Amen."

The text of the prayer for peace was read in the other Catholic churches of the city.

TWO GOOD ADDRESSES BY GYPSY SIMON SMITH

Large Number Hear Earnest Speaker in Queen Square Church—Special Music.

Gypsy Simon Smith spoke both in the morning and evening to large congregations in Queen Square Methodist church yesterday, much earnestness characterizing his remarks. Special music was provided in the evening under the direction of J. F. Bullock. During the morning service Mr. Smith sang a solo "Won't Somebody Tell Them" The subject of his address was "The Heavenly Command." He pointed out that God expects every Christian to perform a duty, and that although He could do without man's help, yet from the beginning He has designed to use humanity for the attainment of His ends. God never calls on man, however, the speaker pointed out, to do any work without fitting him for its accomplishment. Mr. Smith appealed to all to get busy for the advancement of God's kingdom.

"A Message of Love," was the theme for the evening address. The speaker said that to hear some people talk one would imagine that God is anything but a God of love. They fail to understand His workings, and He has been blamed for the war, the loss of the Titanic and the Empress, as well as for many other calamities. "We forget," he said, "that out of evil comes good." Mr. Smith related instances in which visitations like those named have ended for the best. "Many of us forget," he remarked, "that the Lord loveth whom He chasteneth. God's plan is not to condemn but to save." Mr. Smith will give addresses during the remainder of the week, except on Saturday.

AHEARN WHIPS JOE GANS.

New York, March 20.—Young Ahearn, holder of the English middleweight championship, easily defeated Italian Joe Gans, of Brooklyn, in a ten round bout in Brooklyn tonight. Ahearn was the aggressor throughout, Gans covering up and holding very frequently. The bell saved Gans in the seventh round.

NEW ROLLER SKATING RECORD.

New York, March 20.—Roland Clon and Eglinton won the 24-hour roller skating race which ended at midnight at Madison Square Garden. Martin and Bacon finished second, and McLean and Laurey were third. The winner travelled 304 miles and 5 laps, establishing a new world's record. The former mark was 294 miles, hung up last year.

MEMORIAL SERVICE HELD IN ST. ANDREWS

Tablet to Memory of Rev. L. G. Macneil, former pastor of St. Andrews church, unveiled last evening.

A memorial service was held in St. Andrew's church last evening in honor of the memory of the late Rev. Leonard George Macneil, who for eighteen years was pastor of the church, and a preacher of great power and reputation in his day, and following the service a tablet erected to his memory by the congregation was unveiled.

The tablet is placed on the opposite side of the pulpit to that occupied by the tablet erected to the memory of Dr. Donald, who was pastor of the church for twenty years. It was presented to the church by members of the congregation who made special donations for the purpose, a committee of which Mrs. E. Atherton Smith was convenor, having taken up the matter of honoring the memory of the former pastor in a fitting manner.

The inscription on the tablet is as follows: Erected to the memory of L. G. Macneil, M. A. who for 18 years was the beloved pastor of this church, 1884-1904. Died 14th of October, 1913. This tablet is erected to his memory by this congregation. "For He Giveth His Beloved Sleep."

After a special address by Dr. J. H. MacVicar, the present pastor of the church, in which he spoke of the life and work of Mr. Macneil, His Honor Judge Forbes addressed the congregation, paying an eloquent tribute to the former pastor, and speaking of the harmony which prevailed between Mr. Macneil and congregation during his long ministry, and his influence in promoting the advancement of the interests of the church. His Honor then unveiled the tablet.

Dr. MacVicar, in the course of his address, gave a brief review of the career of Mr. Macneil and touched on the main features of his work as a minister, public speaker, and writer on questions of public interest. He referred to Mr. Macneil's brilliant career as a student, he having won a scholarship at the Edinburgh University and taken his M.A. degree there with high honors. It was a fortunate thing for the church that Mr. Macneil early resolved to devote his brilliant mind and fine attainments to the service of Christ.

After referring to Mr. Macneil's services in various charges in Nova Scotia, Newfoundland and St. John, the speaker characterized his work as that of a man who had taken front rank in the ministerial forces of Canada. He was a hard student, and a clear thinker, keeping in close touch with the living issues of his day and age, and both as a pulpit orator and writer, giving the best that was in him to the service of God and humanity.

Speaking of Mr. Macneil's long ministry at St. Andrew's church Dr. MacVicar said that it was not only among his congregation that his influence and inspiration were felt, but that he left a mark upon the whole life of the community. One of the outstanding features of his character was his passionate fondness for St. John as a city, his eagerness to do what he could to make St. John a better city in every way. "Mr. Macneil literally used himself up in the service of the city," added the speaker, then quoted a number of extracts from the late pastor's sermons and writings, which made a strong appeal to the audience.

HAD HEART TROUBLE FOR YEARS.

Weighed 87 Lbs. Now Weighs 135 Lbs.

Miss Beatrice Lougheed, Staples, Ont., writes: "I feel it my duty to tell you what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. I had heart trouble for quite a few years. I doctored for it, and altogether my bill amounted to \$400, and still no cure. One day when very sick I was lying on a couch close to where some almanacs were hanging. I took one down, and was reading about what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured, and thought I would try them. I got six boxes to start with; have only taken three boxes and I never felt so well in my life as I do now. I only weighed 87 pounds when I started to take them, and now I weigh 135 pounds. I hope all poor sufferers will be benefited by them as I have been."

Wherever there is any weakness of the heart, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will strengthen it and build up a strong healthy system. Price, 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

NOTHING COULD TEMPT STATES TO QUARREL WITH ENGLAND OR HER ALLIES

Hon. James Beck says American people as whole in sympathy with the Allies, even many German-Americans.

Montreal, Mar. 21.—Hon. James M. Beck, New York, former Assistant Attorney-General of the United States, who was in Montreal attending the Canadian Bar Association's first annual meeting Friday and Saturday, yesterday gave an address to the Canadian Club at the Windsor Hotel, and referred to the war. "Nothing could happen," he said, "that would ever tempt the United States to pick a quarrel in this great crisis with England or its Allies. From the beginning of the war to the present time there has never been a time when an enormous majority of the American people did not sympathize with the Allies."

OBITUARY.

W.C. Marr.
Many here will learn with regret of the death of W. C. Marr, of Lynn, Mass., a former resident of St. John. He died very suddenly on Thursday last when on his way to work, the cause being heart failure. He leaves, besides a sorrowing wife and mother, five sons and two daughters; also two brothers and four sisters. The one son, E. B. and Howard, of St. John; W. S. of Quispamsis, and Elias and Fred of Lynn; the daughters are Mrs. Sterling Ferris of Lynn and Mrs. J. W. Stackhouse of St. John. The body was brought to St. John on Saturday from Boston, the funeral taking place from the residence of J. W. Stackhouse, 252 Brussels street, yesterday morning at ten o'clock. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. F. P. Dennison and Rev. W. E. McIntyre. Interment took place at Gondola Point.

Rev. Joshua N. Barnes.
The death occurred yesterday, at the home of his son, Daniel C. Barnes, 43 Albert street, North End, of Rev. Joshua N. Barnes, of Oak Point, in the eighty-fifth year of his age. The deceased was the oldest Baptist minister in the Maritime Provinces, having been sixty years in the ministry. He was a man of genial disposition, of course in his convictions and of abiding faith in God. A clean and convincing preacher, he did great work in these provinces and his death will be heard of with sincere regret by hundreds in this city and by very many throughout New Brunswick and elsewhere. Three years ago he wrote a book entitled Light and Shadows of Eighty Years, a work that has been read by thousands.

Besides his wife the deceased leaves two sons, Daniel C., of this city, and Professor H., residing in Boston; one daughter, Mrs. Cole, of Somerville, Mass.; one brother, J. M. Barnes, of this city; three sisters, Mrs. McFarlane, of Tracey, Mass., Mrs. Fowler, of Haverhill, and Mrs. Watson, of Winnipeg. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, services being held at two o'clock in Victoria street United Baptist church, followed by interment at Fernhill.

John A. Pirie.
The death occurred yesterday of John Alexander Pirie, a popular young man who for the past four years had been in the employ of J. and A. McMillan. Mr. Pirie was a son of Anthony A. Pirie of North End, and was twenty-one years of age. Besides his parents he leaves three brothers, Messrs. Adrian A., of Cardston, Alberta, and Daniel and David, at home, and four sisters, Misses Julia, Margaret, Gertrude and Iza, at home. The funeral will be held on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Margaret Gleeson

The death of Mrs. Margaret Gleeson, widow of the late Patrick Gleeson, took place at her residence, 16 Richmond street, on Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Gleeson had been ill only a few days, an attack of heart disease being the chief cause of death. The deceased, who had been remarkably active during her lifetime, took a deep interest in the affairs of the Cathedral parish with which her late husband had been so long connected and many are the deeds of kindness and charity that could be related regarding her activities, but of which she herself would say nothing. The deceased leaves two daughters and three sons to mourn the loss of a loving mother. The daughters are Mary E., Regina G., and the sons, John F., P. J. and William L. The late D. J. Gleeson who had been connected with the statistical department of H. M. Customs at Ottawa was another son. The funeral will take place from her late residence, 16 Richmond street, on Tuesday morning at 10.30 o'clock to the Cathedral where high mass of requiem will be celebrated.

POLICE COURT

The case of Orrel White, charged with assaulting Officer Elliott by choking him while the officer was attempting to remove a drunken man from the Dominion Cafe, was resumed in the police court yesterday morning. After several witnesses had been examined the case was stood over till

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Monday morning, when judgment will be delivered. Albert Hardwood, a soldier of the 26th, testified that the officer was wrestling with a man by the name of Frank Proctor, the soldier who was drunk on the floor, and he did not see White touch the officer. Frank Proctor took the stand and testified that he was asleep on the floor and when he was awakened there was a handcuff on one wrist. He demanded to know why the handcuff was there and receiving no satisfaction he commenced to struggle.

Coporal David Rankine testified that he had seen the officer put the handcuff on Proctor and had seen Proctor take the officer by the throat. He did not see White touch the officer. E. S. Ritchie appeared for White. David Jones testified against William Forrester, his stepson, whom Jacob Wood charges with destroying his property, and the prisoner was remanded. Jones states that Forrester came home drunk and that when he remonstrated the defendant said, "I'll see whether you'll have me arrested. He then came out in his shirt sleeves and attacked the witness knocking him down and subsequently chasing him on to the street with a hammer and a bread knife. He was disarmed by a passerby. While he was in the house he broke three doors. Three drunks were sentenced to fines of \$8 each or two months in jail, and one drunk was remanded.

John Campbell, charged with begging on Dorchester street, was remanded. Some little evidence was taken in the case of William Collins, charged with creating a disturbance by dragging James Angus along Charlotte street, and the case was stood over till Monday morning, when it will likely be disposed of. Harry McGoldrick and Patrick Joyce Saturday morning agreed to go bail for ex-officer Jeffrey to the amount of \$1,000 each, while the prisoner entered to a recognizance to the amount of \$2,000.



ROYAL YEAST
MAKES PERFECT BREAD

Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

LID NOT OFF FOR FIGHTING

Montreal, Mar. 18.—On account of the apparent misunderstanding of the new boxing by-law fathered by Alderman Boyd, K. C., and passed through the City Council this week, Alderman Boyd in an explanation of its meaning, says:

"The by-law as proposed by me and passed simply covers legitimate sparring contests, conducted by amateur athletic associations; nothing else."

"So it will have no effect whatever upon the professional boxing and athletic clubs."

"None whatever," Ald. Boyd replied. "As far as this measure is concerned they do not exist."

Only For Amateurs

"I, like a great many other people, am greatly interested in amateur boxing, believing that it is not only fine exercise for young men and boys, but that every good citizen should know how to defend himself physically in case of trouble."

Owing to an old and peculiar by-law the amateur associations, who have the physical developments of young men at heart without trying to make money out of sport, have been under great disadvantages in Montreal in regard to boxing exhibitions, so much so that the amateur boxing championships of Canada have never been held here, because under the restricted powers which they had they could not take in enough admission money to anywhere near pay for the expense that had to be incurred for hall rent, medals, etc.

As a former president of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, and officer of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada and a man who has always been keenly interested in amateur sport, I thought it only right to try and get some of these restrictions swept away. The result is that we will be able at last to hold the Canadian amateur boxing championships in this district, as the measure allows the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, the Shamrock Amateur Athletic Association, or any other similar amateur body to admit to their boxing exhibitions such non-members as they think fit and proper to admit."

But the measure has no bearing whatever upon professional clubs, only amateur ones."

In other words, those imagining the lid is off for professional prize fights are mistaken.

FLEMING CANADIAN CHAMP.

That Frankie Fleming is the undisputed champion featherweight of Canada is shown by a successful career extending over a period of nearly seven years. Fleming was born in Toronto in 1893, and afterwards came to Laprairie with his parents, where he has made his home for a great many years. Fleming first started professional fighting in the autumn of 1908, his first bouts of importance taking place in that season. Previous to that he had fought in a number of amateur events, many of them being at Toronto, where he made his first start in the ring. After meeting with success in Canada, Fleming, like many other Canadian fighters, went to the United States, where he had to go out of his class and defeat boys of the lightweight class until he had established a name for himself. He has developed more in the past three years than at any time previous to that, and is now looked on as one of the most likely men in his class.

He has met and defeated some of the best featherweights of the United States, and is anxious to meet Johnny Kilbane, the holder of the American title. Fleming is now preparing for his bout with Harry Bingham, another local fighter and aspirant for Fleming's title. Fleming is a fast, clean fighter, and wins his bouts through fighting his opponents so fast that they fail to solve his defensive abilities. During his career he has scored twenty-nine knockouts, and has earned many decisions.

ARMSTRONG TALKS ABOUT JACK JOHNSON

Old Bob Armstrong, as wise an owl as the fight game ever produced, got to fanning about Jack Johnson the other day while watching Willie Ritchie go through his paces.

"Willard whip Johnson?" said Bob, as he leaned back for a dissertation.

"Not exactly! If you can't get in where a man lives how are you going to beat him. It's like trying to walk into a fort, isn't it? How is Willard going to get in where Johnson lives? He's the greatest defensive fighter alive, I guess, and I'm a fair to middling judge. I should say Johnson will work so many things on Jess that the big cowboy will be so discouraged that he will quit the ring for good."

"Hit Jack if he gets close? Say, man alive! Don't you figure that if Jess gets close enough to Johnson to hit him that Johnson will be close enough to hit Willard? Doesn't lead? Well, Jack can make any man in the world lead, can make any man in the world do exactly what he wants him to do. He's an artist in that respect. When he gets close to Jess, the cowboy won't know what to do next, and Jack will outguess him. Jack must need the money, otherwise he wouldn't come so close to a trap. He's not half as bad as they make him. He's just sharp proof—that's what makes him seem bad. He's been constantly on his guard against men who only want to trim him."

"I know he would like to come home. He told me so in London. I'm not in favor of mixed bouts. They only cause trouble. Why, after the Jeffries-Johnson fight some of those cotton bale toters down on the Mississippi boats got so stuck on themselves that they came close to ruining a perfectly good river."

LANKY BOB TO MARRY YOUNG WIFE

Newark, N. J., March 19.—Robert Fitzsimmons, formerly heavy-champion pugilist, applied for a marriage license at City Hall here yesterday announcing that on Saturday he intended to marry Mrs. Temo Slemomin, divorced wife of Henry Slemomin of Portland, Ore. As Fitzsimmons did not have a certificate of his own divorce the clerk refused to grant the license until it was produced. Fitzsimmons said he would return with the evidence later. He was accompanied by a young woman, Fitzsimmons lives in Dunellen, N. J. He is fifty-three years old and his fiancée is twenty-eight.

NO APPEAL

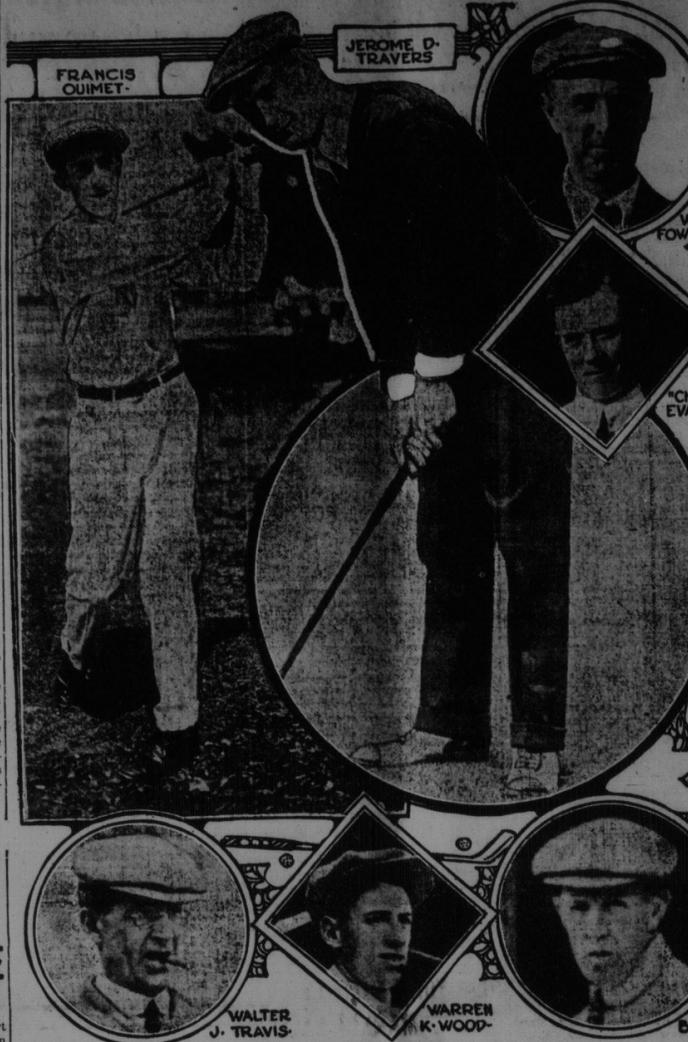
Chicago, March 19.—There will be no appeal from the decision by Circuit Judge Baldwin in the case brought by the Kansas City Club against the Federal League, according to a statement by James A. Gilmore, president of the league.

The decision, which was expected to be announced today, will decide whether the Kansas City Club shall retain its franchise in the league. If the court rules that Kansas City is entitled to its franchise, President Gilmore said the club will be obliged to pay \$38,000, the sum advanced by the league late last season.

"But no matter how the case is decided, Newark to which the Kansas City franchise was transferred, will have a club in the league this season," President Gilmore said.

"I have nothing to say, however, regarding the transfer of any other club east."

LEADERS IN THE NATIONAL GOLF HANDICAP LIST.



Jerome D. Travers, Francis Ouimet and Charles Evans, Jr., all remain in the positions they occupied a year ago in the list of handicaps for 1915, which has just been compiled by the United States Golf Association. Messrs. Ouimet and Travers are again at scratch, while Evans enjoys an allowance of one stroke. In compiling the list it is evident that the handicappers have not been influenced by the play in the national amateur championship at Ekwanok last September. In that tournament Mr. Ouimet took the title away from Mr. Travers, while Mr. Evans was defeated in the first round. Of the three players who last year were dropped to three strokes only two remain. They are Walter J. Travis and Warren K. Wood. John G. Anderson has been dropped to three strokes, while E. M. Byers and W. C. Fownes, Jr., the Pittsburg pair, move up into line with Messrs. Travis and Wood from the three stroke mark.

FEW KNOCKOUTS HAVE BEEN SCORED BY LITTLE FELLOWS

What are the proper odds against a knockout occurring when two crack lightweights enter a ring? Just before the Ritchie-Welsh affair began ring-siders offered six to one that both men would be on their feet at the end of the tenth round. If precedent counts for anything, a hundred to one would be more like a fair price for wagers of this description.

In most sporting events the odds can be fixed approximately by applying the law of averages. But that law did not apply in this case, for the average of knockouts, where the title is concerned, is represented by zero. Many attempts have been made and not one has been successful. Obviously, the thing is not impossible, but figures do not prove that it is possible.

Eliminating the so-called championship matches, it is possible to take in

all the near championship bouts without changing the result. No first-class lightweight has knocked out a first-class opponent in New York city, since the present boxing law went into effect. Even in the bouts in which a star met a second rater the percentage of knockouts is surprisingly little.

Champion Freddie Welsh has yet to succeed in making an opponent take the full count before a New York club, although not all of his foes ranked among the first flight. Young Shugrus has an equally barren record. The Jersey contender did force Owen Moran to quit in seven rounds, and the veteran resigned without even being knocked down. Before growing into the lightweight class Shugrus did much better. He points with pride to three knockouts earned while battling among the featherweights.

Johnny Dundee is still another as-

pirant for titular honors who has failed to land the slumber clout in a contest staged under the Frawley law. Other prominent lightweights who have failed to earn brackets there are Willie Ritchie, Ad Wolgast, Packer McFarland, Charley White and Jimmy Duffy. McFarland knocked out Jack Goodman, and One Round Hogan fell before Wolgast, but both were fought under the old club membership plan.

Leach Cross, whose far-famed wallop has earned him columns of comment on his supposedly marvelous hitting ability, leads the list of those who have won decisively. Cross has gathered a cluster of four knockouts since the inception of the Frawley law, August 29, 1911. Cross disposed of Battling Hurley in 1911, taking eight rounds to do the trick. In 1912 he stopped Paddy Sullivan in eight periods and in the same year forced O. R. Hogan to take the count in three rounds. In the following year Cross dropped Young Brown in round six. Brown, an ordinary second rater, was the only one of the four who was not far past his prime when he fell a victim to the Cross wallop.

Jack Britton is the only other prominent lightweight contender to score

BRITISH FOOTBALL RESULTS

International League.

Scotland, 1; England, 4.

English League, First Division.

Bradford City, 4; Bolton, 2. Burnley, 3; Manchester United, 0. Chelsea, 1; Blackburn, 3. Everton, 4; Notts County, 0. Manchester City, 4; Sheffield Wednesday, 0. Middlesboro, 3; Liverpool, 0. Newcastle, 1; Bradford, 1. Sheffield United, 3; Aston Villa, 0. Tottenham, 1; Oldham, 0. West Bromwich, 1; Sunderland, 2.

Second League.

Barnsley, 2; Glossop, 0. Birmingham, 0; Derby, 2. Blackpool, 0; Lincoln, 0. Bristol, 1; Leeds, 0. Bury, 0; Hull, 1. Grimsby, 1; Woolwich Arsenal, 0. Huddersfield, 1; Clapton, 1. Leicester, 0; Wolverhampton, 3. Notts Forest, 2; Fulham, 2. Preston, 2; Stockport, 0.

Southern League.

Gillingham, 2; Croydon, 2. Brighton, 0; Bristol, 0. Cardiff, 0; Millwall, 1. Exeter, 0; Queen's Park Rangers, 1. Luton, 3; South End, 4. Portsmouth, 1; Swindon, 1. Plymouth, 0; Northampton, 1. Norwich, 0; Reading, 2. West Ham, 3; Southampton, 0. Crystal Palace, 0; Watford, 1.

Scottish League.

Hearis, 3; Partick, 1. Clyde, 3; Ayr, 1. St. Mirren, 3; Queens, 0. Hamilton, 0; Falkirk, 1. Kilmarnock, 3; Dundee, 2. Dumbarton, 1; Hibernians, 0. Norton, 2; Motherwell, 0. Aberdeen, 3; Airdrie, 0.

RAMSEY ACCEPTS CHALLENGE.

Jack (Monk) Ryan, who poses as a boxer, came out with a challenge a few days ago to box any member of the 26th Battalion. Billy Ramsey, a local boxer, who is a private in the 26th Battalion won a decision over another boxer in the Army about a week ago stated to The Standard in earnest he would accept the challenge and would box Ryan, the quicker the better. It is now up for Ryan to get busy and he will surely be accommodated by Ramsey.

WILLING TO RETURN CUP.

Cambridge, Mass., March 19.—Harvard is willing to return before June 1st the Grand Challenge Cup which the second crew won at Henley last year, provided the stewards will assume the risk of its transfer to England, according to a statement today by Dr. Paul Wilmington, assistant treasurer of the Athletic Association. Under the rules governing the trophy, the winner is required to give a bond of \$1,000 for its safety, and to return it before June 1. Harvard gave such a bond last June.

"As the annual regatta at Henley has been cancelled on account of the war," said Dr. Wilmington, "I should think that it would be better to leave the cup here, especially as there seems to be some danger in sending it back." The cup is now at the Harvard Club in Boston.

A knockout in New York in recent years. Britton has but three scalps dangling from his belt. The men he went to sleep were Joe Egan, who went down and out in four rounds; Billy Bennett in ten, and Gene Moriarty in seven. Each bout was in the nature of a set-up for Britton, as he outclassed his victims in every respect.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS IN ENGLAND

Philadelphia, Mar. 20.—Letters describing a college athletic situation in England were given out today by the authorities of the University of Pennsylvania, who have been in correspondence with English athletes with regard to their participation in Pennsylvania's annual carnival of relay races and special sports. The letters show that athletes at Oxford and Cambridge universities are at a standstill with no immediate prospect of resumption.

Norman Tabor, the famous English mile runner, who was a member of the Oxford team that won the four-mile relay race from Pennsylvania here last year, writes:

"It is indeed difficult to write cheerfully about athletic conditions here in England this year. Since this present term began I have tried to see if I could not get a few men to come down to the track, but all the able-bodied Englishmen have left, and the best I have been able to do is to get about four men to come down and these could scarcely be called athletes. Thus you can see that conditions are pretty poor and it is impossible to attempt any competition even among the various Oxford colleges."

"It is certainly too bad that we are unable to send any representative after you have so cordially invited us. Next year, if the war is over, as many think it will be, I hope we shall be able to accept an invitation if one is tendered to us. Jackson Gausson and Sproule are all still in England, but expect to go to the front about the first of April."

Jackson Gausson and Sproule are the other Oxford runners who competed here last year.

H. H. Gray, honorary treasurer of Cambridge University Athletic Club, replying to the letter sent by Pennsylvania inviting Cambridge to compete in this year's relays, wrote that all the members of the athletic committee with the exception of himself, are away on military duty and that the university would not be able to carry out its promise to send a team to the relay games this year. He further said:

"I wonder if you realize the position here. Out of 3,600 students, 2,400 are away on service. There is not, I am proud to say, a single running Blue left in Cambridge. There are every one of them serving the country. There are no sports, all our contests with Oxford are abandoned. The very running ground is in use by the troops in training here."

NEW FIVE-MAN BOWLING RECORD

Peoria, Ill., March 20.—A new mark for the five-man teams was presented when teams from Buffalo and Indianapolis took their turns on the alleys in the American Bowling Congress tournament today. The old high score of 2807 made by the Maxines of Detroit had been outdone by the Bob Plummers of St. Louis, who rolled 2833. The Hofbrans, rolling in the first batch of Buffalo teams, took eighth place with 2095.

V. Davis, rolling with the Diana team, of Chicago, made 297, which is the highest individual game ever rolled in a five-man event in the American Bowling Congress. In the third game Davis made eleven straight strikes.

DUKE KAHANAMOKU.

An interesting thing in connection with Duke Kahanamoku's remarkable world's record of 53.45 for the 100-yard swim is that, acting on the advice of his physician, he did not enter the water during the five days prior to the race. It is an unusual thing for an athlete in any form of competition to lay off for such a long period. It results prove anything the medical adviser of the famous Hawaiian knew, what he was doing.

Bringing Up Father



MAY PA... TRACTI... Much s... likeli... end or... for a ya... Toronto, Ma... taken on the... rent regardi... alteration in... dividend, and... believed that... ment at the... some time ba... According to... Street, the qu... next payment... 4 or 5 per ce... others who be... will be pass... two in order... solidly on its... There is not... question in o... tion is likely... dividend on the... payable until... event, so tha... away... It is pointed... who believe t... passed that b... talk of retir... 000 preferred... with \$20,000... ing which wo... company with... ably the war... upset settled... son, but the c... needs money... price and ac... franchise or t... of common di... two might en... schemes with... sue... Brazil's Trac... Stock Exchan... selling there... about a point... outside market... are said to ha... but whether a... foreshadow's... or is merely t... eral condition... which market... SUSSEX MIN... HAVE VAL... Sulphur Bath... in the Th... Because of... their mineral... many places... From time im... been water t... their special... pending prop... springs that... many thousand... benefits is nat... the communi... community be... and a place of... it is just be... known that t... has mineral sp... just as destr... lished fame. T... from an artesi... feet deep. So... right in the h... to a bubbling... while the wat... where aerate... from it, and t... its natural st... some distance... tel, where pat... luxury of hot... baths, and un... physician des... ficial in case... ney affections... Director of Ch... vinity, Montr... it to be a ple... water, and t... The act... mined, corresp... sodium carbon... residue did n... showing an ab... mere trace of... analysis prove... Soda and Pota... Lime... Magnesia... Iron and Alum... Sulphuric Acid... Carbonic Acid... Silica... Chlorine... Total solids at... Carbonic Acid... Sussex is m... on the line of... ment Railways... St. John, the... turesque Susse... ed by the hea... Kennebecasis... of a large San... hotel, no finer... as the surrou... the climate m... vently situa... fine agricultur... try, there is e... ing the finest... produce and... butter and egg... needs to the S... so amply prom... meats and fres... advantage. Th... ter supply, ne... lighting.

All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

MAY PASS BRAZILIAN TRACTION DIVIDEND

Much speculation as to likelihood of cut in Dividend or possibly passing for a year.

Toronto, Mar. 20.—Much interest is taken on the Street in the gossip current regarding the likelihood of an alteration in the Brazilian Traction dividend, and in some quarters it is believed that the last quarterly payment at the rate of 5 per cent. for some time has been paid.

According to reports current in the Street, the question is whether the next payment will be at the rate of 4 or 5 per cent. per annum, but there are others who believe that the dividend will be passed altogether for a year or two in order to put the company more solidly on its feet in a financial sense.

There is nothing obtainable on the question in official circles, and no action is likely for some time, as the next dividend on the common would not be payable until the first of June in any event, so that it is some distance away.

It is pointed out by some of those who believe that the dividend will be passed that before the war there was talk of retiring the company's \$10,000,000 preferred issue and replacing it with \$20,000,000 common, a proceeding which would have supplied the company with fresh capital.

Because of the beneficial effects of their mineral waters to humanity many places have become famous. From time immemorial there have been waters to bathe in that have their special virtues and waters to drink that possess valuable health-giving properties.

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On March 16, 5 a. m., 9 miles SW by S from Fenwick Island lightship, a mast drift 100 feet long and 2 1/2 feet in diameter, from the wreck of Sch Elizabeth Palmer, was passed; very dangerous to navigation.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC SHARES ADVANCED A POINT ON WALL ST. SATURDAY

News from Dardanelles seemed to have slight effect on London Markets — U. S. Steel takes second place to Bethlehem.

New York, Mar. 20.—Specialties were again to the fore during today's two-hour market session, the activity and strength of Bethlehem Steel being the most noteworthy feature.

Trading in that stock aggregated about 25,000 shares, its top figure and new record price being 85, which represented a maximum advance of almost ten points from the previous day's low price.

The movements of this stock during the past fortnight have been the subject of much conjecture and speculation, especially as its representatives have several times unqualifiedly stated that dividends are a thing of the remote future.

There were rumors today that a contest for control of the property is on, but this was not credited in quarters which are supposed to have intimate knowledge of the company's affairs.

Motor shares also participated to a considerable degree in the general rise, their gains extending from one to six points, despite a revival of criticism in conservative quarters.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Table with columns for MARCH PHASES OF THE MOON, Day of Month, Day of Week, Sun Rises, Sun Sets, Moon Rises, Moon Sets.

SUSSEX MINERAL SPRINGS HAVE VALUABLE PROPERTIES

Sulphur Baths May Now Be Enjoyed in The Maplehurst Hotel.

Because of the beneficial effects of their mineral waters to humanity many places have become famous. From time immemorial there have been waters to bathe in that have their special virtues and waters to drink that possess valuable health-giving properties.

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CONSOLIDATION OF STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

Nearly \$3,000,000 of various Debentures pledged as security against recent issue of \$2,000,000 of Treasury Bills.

Calgary, Alta., March 20.—A special meeting of the city council has been held to complete legal details in the consolidation of approximately \$3,000,000 of various debentures which have been hypothecated with the Bank of Montreal as security against the recent issue of \$2,000,000 worth of treasury bills running for a period of three years.

The debentures consolidated included \$1,200,000 of local improvement 1913 debentures consolidated under by-law 1781; also \$600,000 of debentures consisting of the tag ends of various by-laws 1782; also \$1,314,121.95 of Calgary general debentures for 1913 and 1914, consolidated under by-law 1783.

Total sales of stocks amounted to 172,200 shares.

Bonds were steady, except New York Central 6's which were extended central at concessions. Total sales, par value, \$1,213,000.

Chicago, Mar. 20.—Wheat—No. 2 red 1.57 1/4; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 3—No. 2 yellow, nominal; No. 4 yellow, 71 1/4.

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STEAMSHIPS.

New Zealand Shipping Co Limited. Montreal and St. John to Australia and New Zealand. Proposed sailings from St. John, N. B. S. S. RANGATIRA about FEB. 20th.

The Bank of Nova Scotia. Customers of this bank appreciate the constant courtesy they meet in our office. There is no need for the inexperienced to fear "red tape," and women clients may feel assured of our willing attention to their banking requirements.

South African Service. A steamer sailing from St. John about April 1st. S.S. "Benin" ... April 25th. Port: Elizabeth, East London, Durban and Delagoa Bay.

INTERNATIONAL LINE REDUCED FARES. St. John to Boston ... \$5.00. St. John to Portland ... \$4.50.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY. The Best in the Market. OLD MINES SYDNEY. SPRINGHILL RESERVE. SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ANTHRACITE.

Georges Creek Blacksmith Coal. The Best in the Market. OLD MINES SYDNEY. SPRINGHILL RESERVE. SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ANTHRACITE.

VERY BEST QUALITY OF Nut and Chestnut FREE BURNING. GEO. DICK, - 48 Britt. St., Tel. M. 1116. Foot of Germain St.

EUROPEAN AGENCY. Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries.

CANADIAN PACIFIC. Panama-Pacific Exposition San Francisco. Tickets on Sale March 1st to Nov. 30th. Limit Three Months. \$115.70.

ROBERT CARTER CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT. Auditor and Liquidator. Business Systematized. Cost Systems Installed. McCurdy Building, Halifax.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, partially cut off.

SCENES SHE WITNESSED IN THE WAR ZONE

Well Known Singer Spent 5 Months as Red Cross Nurse.

OPTIMISM KEYNOTE ALL THROUGH FRANCE

Cheerful spirit of the wounded and desire to return to firing line show great patriotism of the Nation.

After five months' service as Red Cross nurse with the French army, during which she observed harrowing scenes which shattered her nerves and forced her to take a rest, Mme. Rose Stille-Pouriet, widow of Eugene Pouriet, art critic, who died in Paris several months ago, recently returned to New York after twenty years' absence.

Soon after the start of the war Mme. Stille-Pouriet, who is well known as a dramatic soprano and has had professional engagements and joined the Red Cross as nurse. She served in hospitals near Bourget, Soissons and Arras.

"Do I believe Germany will lose in this struggle?" said Mme. Stille-Pouriet, in answer to a question at her home, at No. 332 West Eighth-street, last night. "There can be no doubt about it, in my opinion. The Prussian Empire had reached the apex of its growth and it was bound to decline. There is no overcoming the determined spirit of the French, the sublime devotion to their cause, their intense patriotism, their loyalty to principle. With the aid of the British and Russians defeat of the Allies is impossible, and I believe the Germans are beginning to realize that they are up against a stone wall."

Mme. Stille-Pouriet said the French were ready for war two years ago, and that she realized that a gigantic struggle with Germany was only a matter of time. If the people could have had the deciding vote on several occasions within the last five years when the dominating policies of Emperor William practically were forced down the throats of the French, there would have been war, she said, but the government placed its veto upon that course.

"When Belgium was invaded the spirit of patriotism spread over France like wildfire," she said. "The son of a woman employed by me who had been rejected as a soldier because of a disabled elbow, sang with joy when he was permitted to join the colors. In no place in the world were so many regiments of troops formed as in Paris and the French women were noble in the extreme. I do not recall a mother or young man's sweetheart who wept because of their sons and fiancés went to war. Those who wept did so because they themselves were not permitted to carry guns and go upon the firing line."

Wounded Are Cheerful

Ordered to Bourget, where the French wounded were brought, Mme. Stille-Pouriet was assigned to the care of wounded before they left the trains. She paid a tribute to the fullness of the French soldiers, even when so badly wounded that if they recovered they would be cripples for life.

"I saw young men with one or both arms shot off who laughed and sang as if they were the happiest persons in the world," she said. "I saw men so frightfully wounded that I thought their disfigurement shocked all of their surgeons and nurses about their condition. They were content to suffer anything so long as the invading Prussians were held in check. One young man who had both hands shot off by a shell lamented his loss only because he could not hold and fire a gun."

I saw another young man whose back had been sheared off almost to the bone from the shoulders down, and who recovered by a miracle after scores of his fellow soldiers had given up outside in a skin grafting operation. Yet one did not hear a single complaint from this young man. I saw Algerian soldiers smoke calmly and smile when the surgeons told them they would not live forty-eight hours. When armies are made up of such material there is no such term as defeat."

Referring to the wounded German soldiers who came under her observation near Arras, Mme. Stille-Pouriet said they generally lacked the true spirit of patriotism and were selfish, irascible and stubborn. She told of one officer who became peevish when a nurse offered to him a plate of soup which he disliked and threw it into her face. Several wounded French troops who witnessed the incident shouted, "Death to the scoundrel!" "I told this German officer that he was a shameless creature," she said. "He sneered and turned his face to the wall. Despite his conduct he was well treated, but when he was well enough to be sent to Paris, where he now is probably. The average German soldier I talked with proved to be selfish, spiteful, filled with hatred of all who

TAKING NO CHANCES ON ESCAPE OF GERMAN SHIPS INTERNED IN U. S. PORTS

Fear that captives may make dash for open sea, and thus violate American neutrality, leads to greater precautions on part of authorities.

Washington, Mar. 21.—Not a German ship now in New York or Boston harbors will be allowed to put to sea. They can get no clearance papers from the government, and if they persist, after warning, in any attempt to leave port, they will be sunk. The German commerce fleet, up to this time held in these neutral waters by fear of hostile war ships, will remain from now on because the United States will not let them go.

President Wilson is greatly exercised over the danger of some of the German vessels in New York harbor making a successful break for the open sea to convert them into commerce destroyers of the type of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich. The exact nature of the reports which have recently reached Washington regarding the schemes formed by the masters of these vessels to make a dash for liberty is being kept a profound secret by officials. But it is evident that the investigation conducted by the German craft by the Treasury Department's "neutrality squad" must have developed some startling information, for it has resulted in extraordinary orders to Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, commanding the New York Navy Yard, regarding the steps he is to take if necessary to prevent these ships from gaining the open sea.

The United States war ships and coast guard vessels on patrol duty in New York harbor will not stop short of sinking these German ships if they persist in endeavoring to leave American territorial waters.

The despatch boat Dolphin and the destroyers now on guard will maintain a ceaseless vigil. It is not thought that any of the German merchant vessels will dare attempt to break through their patrol. But if they do, the United States will go to the most extreme lengths to intercept and stop them.

Mr. Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, discussed the situation personally to President Wilson. It is known that Mr. Malone presented the situation as a very critical one.

President Wilson later summoned to the White House Mr. Andrew J. Peters, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and went over the matter with him. Later Mr. Peters left for New York on a very mysterious mission. Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, also discussed the subject with Rear Admiral Usher.

Probably the American public will never know how near the country came to permitting its neutrality to be violated by the clearance as commerce destroyers of these German ships from New York harbor. That would constitute a very serious violation of neutrality for which Great Britain could not only demand heavy damages, but which would result very probably in a strained international situation.

It is evident that during the winter the administration became lax in its guard over these ships. The destroyers which were on guard all fall were withdrawn, as well as the battleship Florida, and the patrol was maintained by only a coast guard ship.

Apparently the German command-

are opposed to the Prussian idea of things and firmly convinced of the invincibility of the Kaiser and the cause for which they were giving up their lives."

Aged Woman Mistreated.

Mme. Stille-Pouriet told of an incident in which the aged mother of Dr. Delbet, well known surgeon, figured prominently. Mme. Delbet was in her home on the Meuse when the Prussians appeared on their march to Paris and she was obliged by one officer to stand for three hours and watch troops file by. Meanwhile she was insulted, despite her eighty-four years, by scores of the troops. She told of cruelty to the peasants on either side of the German army and women in the villages through which the invading Germans passed.

"Despite the record of horrors this will unfold to the historian," she said. "Mme. Stille-Pouriet, 'it has its human side. I used to visit the trenches near Arras daily, and often sang for the French troops on these occasions. There were two lines of trenches yards apart and there was a cow which the German and French soldiers treated royally. According to agreement, well known were to milk the cow in the morning and the Germans at night. While the cow was being milked not a shot was fired. I should like to know what became of that cow, but I'm afraid I never shall find out."

According to Mme. Stille-Pouriet, the German love for sardines lost the Prussian army many men. The French would tie a box of sardines to a string and throw it between the trenches and the assurance being given that the Prussian who would go after the contents provided he agreed to become a prisoner. At least thirty Prussians were captured by a group of fifty French troops, she said, but the system fell into disuse when the supply of sardines gave out.

Mme. Stille-Pouriet became a victim of insomnia as a result of her work on hospital trains, and this was aggravated by the thunderous reports of bursting shells. Her condition became so alarming that the chief of the camp to which she belonged ordered her return to Paris in January. She thereupon came to New York on the advice of her physician, but she ascertained that as soon as her condition would warrant it she would return to the firing line.

AVOID LABOR DISPLEASURES UNTIL AFTER THE WAR

Labor Leaders Will Recommend Differences be Left to Arbitration Board and no Cessation of work

London, Mar. 19.—As a result of conferences with David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and a committee of the Imperial Defence, workmen's representatives have tonight decided to recommend to the members of their unions that during the period of the war there shall in no case be any stoppage of work, that all differences regarding wages or conditions of employment shall be referred to arbitration, and that a relaxation of trade union regulations be permitted, so as to allow the employment of semi-skilled and female labor.

An advisory committee from the organized workers will be appointed by the government for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out of these recommendations which are made on the understanding that the government will secure from employers assurances that the charges shall be only for the period of the war. Mr. Lloyd George will now confer with the employers.

FUNERALS.

A large number of the friends of the late Edward Manning attended his funeral yesterday afternoon at St. John's (Stone) Church at 2.30. The body had been brought to the city on Friday from Digby and was taken to the residence of his son, Dr. James Manning, German street. The services at the church were conducted by Rev. Walter Jarvis.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. McGill took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 236 Princess street, many friends being present as a mark of esteem. The body was taken to the Cathedral where services were conducted by Rev. W. M. Donahue. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah F. Brittain took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence in West St. John. Services were conducted by Rev. H. E. Thomas, interment being at Cedar Hill. There was a large attendance of friends of the deceased.

The funeral of Philip Garrick took place Saturday afternoon from his late home, 119 British street. Rev. H. A. Codd conducted the service, which was largely attended. Interment was at Cedar Hill.

Fighting Qualities of British Unimpaired By Trench Warfare

London, March 19.—One of the semi-weekly communications from the headquarters of Field Marshal Sir John French, the British commander, was given out today by the official information bureau.

"There has been no change in the general situation on our front since the last communication. The trenches are still in the hands of the British. It is under cover of the trenches held by us. Some of the trenches fighting in this neighborhood."

"An isolated attack made by about 200 men against St. Eloi on the evening of the 16th was easily repulsed. Two-thirds of the attacking forces were either killed or wounded."

"In the Neuve Chapelle area the enemy expended a large quantity of ammunition in intermittent bombardments, with insignificant results. Neuve Chapelle, Epinette and Givency were their main objective on the 17th."

"The gallantry and dash of the troops during the operations of the last week in the vicinity of Neuve Chapelle, under the able and determined leadership of General Sir Douglas Haig, proved conclusively that their work in the trenches during the last four months has in no way impaired their original qualities."

A Great Blessing to be Freed of Indigestion

For Years He Suffered After Almost Every Meal—Attributes Complete Cure to Use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

The experience of many people who suffer from indigestion is like that of the writer of this letter. Stomach medicines may bring some relief, but chronic indigestion is almost invariably the result of derangements of the liver, kidneys and bowels, and cannot be actually cured until these organs are set right.

and kidney disease. It is much better to be on the safe side and prevent such ailments by the timely use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Mr. J. D. S. Barrett, Nelson, B.C., and formerly of Twickenham, writes: "For several years I was a great sufferer from indigestion. The least bit of food caused me considerable trouble, and often I could scarcely eat a meal a day. The many remedies I tried proved futile until I began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and after using about eight boxes I was completely cured. "Since that time I have not been troubled with indigestion, which I consider a great blessing. I feel grateful for this cure, and shall gladly answer any inquiries from persons suffering as I did."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, 25¢ a box, 5 for \$1.00, all dealers, or sent free. This is the source of pain and suffering, and the cause of such dread-disease as appendicitis, peritonitis, etc.

Classified Advertising

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

WANTED.

WANTED.—At once office furniture, complete or separate pieces, consisting of roll top desk, filing cabinets, table, chairs, etc. Apply Box 20, care of Standard Office.

AGENTS WANTED.

"Billy Sunday's Message"—Marvelous book; irresistible, overwhelming! Extraordinary money maker! Sample book free on promise to canvass. Lanscott, Publishers, Bradford.

AGENTS WANTED.

Agents wanted—Salesmen \$50 per week, selling one-hand egg-bearer. Sample and terms 25c. Money refunded if unsatisfactory. Collette Mfg. Company, Collingwood, Ont.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ABLE-BODIED MEN—Good eyesight for women and brackmen. \$120 monthly. Experience unnecessary. Railway, care Standard.

FOR SALE.

MOTOR BOATS.
New and Second Hand Boats and Engines Sold and Exchanged.
We can sell 70 to 90 ft. hull, suitable for freight or passenger service at once. State lowest cash prices.
MOTOR BOAT AGENCY,
34 Dock Street.

FOR SALE.

Stock of late J. McKillop, corner King and Laddow streets, West End, dry goods merchant, sold by tender. Highest or lowest tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders will close March 25th. Apply to G. H. Clarke, 28 Victoria street, West End.

FOR SALE.

Four hundred acres farm on the St. John River, about four miles from Fredericton, N. B., on the Valley Railway. Good house and barns, also thoroughbred cattle. For further information write Box 119, Fredericton, N. B.

FOR A BAD COLD

The surest way to stop a cold is to loosen the liver and cleanse the bowels, and the nicest cathartic to do this is a 10-cent box of Cascarets. Take one or two Cascarets tonight and your cold will be gone by morning.

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HOTELS.

PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL.

Overlooking the harbor, opposite Boston and Digby boats. Furnished in the best taste; excellent table; American plan.

ROYAL HOTEL.

King Street, St. John's Leading Hotel. RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD. T. B. Reynolds, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN.

ST. JOHN, N. B. FOSTER, GATES & CO. F. C. GATES, Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL.

Better Now Than Ever. 27 King Street, St. John, N. B. ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD. Proprietors. A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

WINE AND LIQUORS.

RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO.

Established 1878. Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants, Agents for MACKIE'S WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY. LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKY. SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKY. KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKY. AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE. FABET MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER. GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES. Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street, Phone 839.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

William L. Williams, successor to M. A. Flyn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William street. Established 1874. Write for family price list.

M. & T. McQUIRE.

Direct Importers and Dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Rye, Wines, Ales and Stout, imported and Domestic Cigars. 11 and 15 Water Street. Telephone 678.

NERVES, ETC., ETC.

ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrician and Specialist and Masseuse. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting, anaemia, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc., etc. Facial blepharitis of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.

ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS. Iron and Brass Castings. WEST ST. JOHN, Phone West 15.

ENGINEERING.

Electric Motor and Generator Repairs, including rewinding. We try to keep your plant running while making repairs. E. S. STEPHENSON & CO. Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

J. FRED WILLIAMSON.

MACHINISTS AND ENGINEERS. Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work. INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B. Phones, M-229; Residence M-174-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS.

W. Bailey, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 138 Mill Street.

PATENTS.

"PATENTS and Trade-marks procured, Fetherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS and all string instruments and Bows repaired. SYDNEY GIBBS, 81 Sydney Street.

MANILA ROPE.

Steel Wire Rope, Galvanized Wire Ropes, English and Canadian Flags, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Paints, Oils, Stoves, Etc. FITTINGS and Tinware. J. SPLANE & CO. 19 Water Street.

ENGRAVERS.

F. C. WESLEY & CO. Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 59 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 952.

BUILDERS SUPPLIES.

MURRAY & GREGORY, LTD., supply all materials for spring repairs and alterations to buildings. Phone Main 3000.

LANDING.

One Car American Silverskin ONIONS. A. L. GOODWIN. WATCHES. A full line of Bracelet and other styles at lowest prices. ERNEST LAW, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 5 Coburg Street.

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CONTINUED

Many Suppliers Money

Capital

Wanted

Agents

For Sale

Motor Boats

For a Bad Cold

N. B. BRANCH, RED CROSS CONTINUES GOOD WORK

Many Supplies received - Money required for Hospital work.

The New Brunswick Provincial Branch of the Red Cross Society acknowledges with thanks the receipt of supplies from the following places: Lord's Cove, Deer Island, two boxes; St. Andrew's Red Cross, one box; River Road Branch Red Cross, one box; St. Stephen's Red Cross, one box; Petticoat Red Cross, one box; St. Stephen Red Cross, one box; Salisbury Red Cross, one box; Shediac Red Cross, two boxes; Shediac Cape, Red Cross, one parcel; Woodstock Red Cross, one box; Hampton Red Cross, three boxes; Moncton Red Cross, one box; DeBec Jet. Red Cross, one box; Working Girls Club, Woodstock, one box; Newcastle Red Cross, two boxes; Angance Ladies' Aid, one box; Bathurst Red Cross, two boxes.

Since January 20, when the provincial boxes commenced coming to St. John this branch has received forty-three boxes and fourteen parcels. Three shipments have been made to Halifax, on the 3rd, 10th and 17th inst., respectively, forty-seven boxes in all, and every week the New Brunswick Provincial branch will be sending forward from ten to twenty boxes of Red Cross supplies, packed in regular manner and ready for shipment to England. Shipments are made from Halifax very frequently, so it will be seen that these will not be long in getting on their way to the front. The efforts which the various branches throughout the province are making to help meet the great demand, are highly gratifying, and those doing the packing and packing for the excellence of the articles sent in. During the last three weeks nearly thirteen hundred pairs of socks alone have come in, not to mention numerous other splendid things which have filled the boxes, and in every place this work of ministering to the sick and wounded is meeting with a ready response.

Of course the Red Cross Society is also very deeply interested in its hospitals, and when we realize the number of sick and wounded men who are constantly being brought in, we understand how necessary it is that these hospitals should be well equipped in order to do the best possible work and to give to the brave men who are fighting for us the care they so well deserve. However, to do this money is needed and in large sums. Daily the appeals come to us for more money, and we feel certain that every Red Cross branch and interested individual will be anxious to help in this part of the work too. A large amount is needed to equip the new Red Cross Hospital in England, which is to be known as the Duchess of Connaught Canadian Red Cross Hospital, and contributions for this fund will be most gratefully received. Any contributions may be sent to Lady Tilley, St. John, N. B., treasurer of the provincial branch, and it will be forwarded through this branch to the head office in Toronto. We are most anxious that this appeal should meet with a hearty response from the Red Cross workers, and trust that in a very short time we will be able to report that a goodly sum has gone forward for that purpose.—Lady Tilley, organizing President Red Cross for New Brunswick.

PROBATE COURT.

Estate of John McMullin, retired merchant. Last will proved whereby the deceased, having made provision for some of his children, gives the rest of his property to his remaining children. Residuary estate consists of his freehold on Bridge street, valued at \$3,500, personally \$2,000. Total estate \$5,500. The executors named in the will, his two sons, Charles Wesley and A. Frank McMullin, are accordingly sworn in as such. Clarence H. Ferguson, proctor.

Estate of Michael Griffin, laborer. Deceased, who died in 1914, was found dead in his house in the rear of No. 120 Brittain street, Sunday, the 14th instant. He was never married and was the only child of his parents. His father, Timothy Griffin, laborer, lived in Smith's alley, off Charlotte street, and died before the great fire of 1877. His mother, Ellen, whose maiden name was Hurley, came out from Dunmanway, County Cork, Ireland, in 1954, leaving her parents, if alive, remaining there. There are no relations known on the father's side. The only relations known on the mother's side is a daughter of the late Michael Hurley, the deceased's mother's brother, namely Johanna Theresa Love, a cousin, wife of Geo. Love of Philadelphia, Pa. A petition is presented to the court by this only relation in favor of the appointment of William J. Mahoney of this city, barrister, as administrator. Administration will be stayed for a week or so pending the usual lapse of fourteen days. In the meanwhile any one knowing of any relations of the said Michael Griffin other than as above named are requested to report to the court or to the proctor.

On the death of the deceased being reported the coroner proceeded to the premises and discovered a savings bank account, amounting to \$700, and bank bills in various wallets, etc., amounting to \$1,400, which were taken charge of by the police—total estate, therefore, \$2,100. Dr. Richard F. Quigley, K. C., proctor.

Keys Found

The police report finding three keys on Douglas Avenue Saturday and a bunch of keys in the city proper.

BELGIAN WOMAN RAISED \$270,000 IN AMERICA

Mme. Vanderveelde, wife of Secretary of State, concludes tour of United States and Canada, during which time she pleaded cause of suffering Belgians

New York, Mar. 18.—After passing six months in America collecting funds for her starving countrymen Mme. Lalla Vanderveelde, wife of the Belgian Secretary of State, will start this week for home. Though feeling deeply the wrongs inflicted upon Belgium when that country was forced into the war, Mme. Vanderveelde has succeeded in making her appeal to the American public so nearly neutral in its character that even the pro-Germans have not been offended. That she has been able to do this probably is due to her wide experience of the world. Mme. Vanderveelde is truly a cosmopolitan. Born in England, she was educated in France and Germany. She married a Belgian, and now says should her adopted country be so unfortunate as to fall to drive the invaders from its soil and win back its independence her husband and she will make their future home in the United States.

Came at Request of King King Albert himself urged Mme. Vanderveelde to come to America to plead for his people. Before leaving the other side, like a good general, she planned her campaign. She has collected more than \$270,000.

From London she sent to the women of the United States an appeal which was widely published. She arrived here at a time when those whom she wished to reach first were out of the city. For that reason her first engagements were at such well known summer resorts as Southampton, L. I.; Beverly Farms, Mass.; Dublin, N. H.; and Oyster Bay. The response to her appeal was immediate and generous. At Southampton she collected \$2,500; at Beverly Farms an equal amount. Among those who listened to her when she spoke in Beverly Farms was Mr. Henry C. Frick, who the next day sent to Mme. Vanderveelde a check for \$10,000. Her first extended trip in the country carried her into Canada. There she spoke first at Ottawa, under the patronage of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. She collected about \$2,500. From there she went to Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton. Her most enthusiastic Canadian meeting was in Toronto, where she received \$4,700 in cash, and the next day an order for \$25,000 was voted by the City Council.

Grand Complexion Improver! Better Than Cosmetics When it's so easy to bring back the bloom of youth to faded cheeks, when skin disfigurements can be removed, isn't it foolish to plaster on cosmetics? Go to the root of the trouble—remove the cause—correct the condition that keeps you from looking as you ought. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and very soon you'll have a complexion to be proud of. How much happier you'll feel—pimples gone, cheeks rosy again, eyes bright, spirits good, joyous health again returned. Never a failure with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, get a 25c. box today.

WELSFORD NOTES

Welsford, Mar. 19.—The weekly meeting of the Sons of Temperance Lodge No. 426 met at the Victoria hall on Wednesday evening last, being St. Patrick's Day, there was a programme of songs and readings prepared which was very much enjoyed, a brief account of the life of St. Patrick was also read. Before dispersing lunch was served.

Late in October Mme. Vanderveelde spoke in Buffalo, where she raised \$33,000, all of which was spent in Buffalo for the purchase of flour, which was forwarded to Belgium aboard one of the early relief vessels. Two meetings held in Chicago netted for Mme. Vanderveelde's relief fund \$35,000, which sum has since been very largely increased. At St. Paul and Minneapolis more than \$25,000 was raised at Mme. Vanderveelde's two meetings.

Returning East, Mme. Vanderveelde stopped off for one meeting in Pittsburgh, raising \$14,500. At her first meeting in Philadelphia she received \$12,500. Later she assisted in the launching of the food ship Ora, which she sent from Philadelphia laden with wheat, corn, canned goods and condensed milk for the hungry Belgians.

Has Travelled Day and Night After leaving Philadelphia Mme. Vanderveelde spoke three times in Boston, where she was introduced by Bishop Lawrence. In Boston so great was the desire to hear her that she was compelled to make addresses before overflow meetings. As a result of her work there she turned over more than \$12,000 to the relief fund.

In Washington Mme. Vanderveelde was the guest of Mr. E. Havenith, the Belgian Minister to the United States, and Mrs. Havenith. In Baltimore she was entertained by Mr. Theodore Marburg, formerly American Minister to Belgium. At her meeting in Baltimore Cardinal Gibbons made an invocation.

Travelling almost night and day, Mme. Vanderveelde has held meetings in Amherst and Northampton, Mass.; Hartford, Conn.; Cleveland, Ohio, and Detroit, Mich. From the latter city she went into the far west, where she was received with enthusiasm as great as that displayed in the east. San Francisco alone sent to Belgium one of the largest and best equipped relief ships that have crossed the Atlantic.

Returning east, Mme. Vanderveelde spoke in cities in almost every State. Her reception in New Haven, Conn., where Mr. William H. Taft presided at her meeting, is said to have been as remarkable a meeting as was ever held in that city.

The many friends of James McAuley of Fowler's Corner will be glad to know that he is progressing favorably, but he is still confined to his room and will be for some time yet. He met with a very bad accident and sustained a dislocated shoulder, broken arm and had one rib broken.

The weather is quite typical March weather, exceedingly cold and windy. The roads are in splendid condition for hauling, but the outlook seems gloomy for the proverbial six weeks' sledding in March.

Soldiers in Court Today In the Police Court today judgment is to be given in the case of the soldier charged with using profane, abusive and obscene language on Charlotte street, also with dragging a young Scotchman along the street. A soldier named White who caught Police Officer White about the throat and choked him while Elliott was making an arrest will also be dealt with.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

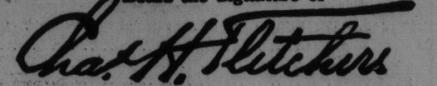


The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of



The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHAT THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT IS DOING

(Continued from page 3)

largely used but it was not very satisfactory for feed or ensilage. Last year some experiments were begun with some early Dent varieties and 112 samples were sent out with 1700 more satisfactory results. Some samples of Swede turnips were also sent out. On his recommendation the government had recently purchased 5,000 bushels of seed wheat from Ontario which would be distributed all over the province and supplied to the farmer's request.

Entomological Branch.

Another branch of the department whose value was not perhaps as fully recognized as it should be, but was all the same most important, was the entomological. The entomologist was Mr. William McIntosh of St. John and his district includes all sections of the province. He visits the schools, supervises the instruction of the children in the matter of insect life, and identifies all insects sent to him by the children. During the year just past, the province had been visited by a plague of very destructive insects in the shape of the army worm which came in droves and needed special measures to get rid of. One of the entomologist's duties was to teach the children how to discriminate between insects which were destructive to the crops and other insects which destroyed the destructive ones. With regard to the brown tail moth the search for this pest had been con-

tinued during the year under the supervision of Mr. McLane of the Ottawa Division, and the cost was divided equally between the Dominion and the Province.

The results, he was glad to say, were very encouraging. During the year 221 brown tail moths were discovered compared with 28,100 last year. The gypsy moth had not yet arrived. Another pest, the spruce bud moth had, he thought, now reached the height of its activity.

Prospects Good.

Referring to agriculture conditions in the province generally, he might say the prospects were very good. The crops generally had been excellent in every line. The potato crop, while it had been one of the largest in the history of the province, had unfortunately not shown such good profits as was expected for it. Prices were good at the early stages, but from various causes dropped. There are at the present time large stocks held all over the province, and owing to the difficulty of getting transportation it is impossible to relieve the congestion. There might be a good market found in Great Britain, but the freight rates effectually closed it. A market might also be found in Cuba where a good trade could be done, but for the transportation difficulties again. There was no regular line of steamboats going to Cuba, and there seemed to be little prospect of getting one. The market which at one time was to be

found in the United States, was closed, he enormous crop in that country had found a good excuse to shut the New Brunswick production out. If transportation could only be arranged for Great Britain a market could be found there, but it seemed as if farmers in all parts of the country had gone potato mad. While on this subject he would like to refer to the silt of potatoes which had been made to Great Britain and Belgium, and would take the opportunity of refuting some stories which had been put into circulation derogatory to them. He wished to say in the plainest possible language that the shipments of potatoes to Britain and Belgium, both in quality and character were the best that ever left these shores, and moreover, they arrived in Great Britain in as sound and excellent condition as they were when they left here, sound and perfect in every respect. The department had received scores of letters expressing its appreciation and gratitude which the receipt of the potatoes had called forth.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Royal
L E Joncas, Quebec; T Carr, Ottawa; C P Fisher, Montreal; J M Gordon, T T Mortimore, J N Forrest, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. J K Reade, Halifax; W A Kearney, Galt; G A Smith, Lynn; G S Lovell, Barton; R W Bethune, C M Tompkins, Montreal; Mrs.

Fowler, Nan, Donald and Archie Fraser, J A Reid, Fredericton; Frances E Arrowsmith, Bonchurch; Isle of Wight; Mr. and Mrs. O W Nordin, Miramichi; B E Pirth, P C Thilley, Wm. Home, M Hare, C S Archibald, W C McIntosh, G I Clinton, Montreal; C M Armstrong, N Y.

Have You That TICKLING IN THE THROAT SENSATION?

This trouble is most distressing, and caused from a cold which has settled in the throat. How many people have lost a good night's sleep by that nasty, tickling, irritating sensation in the throat? The dry, hard cough keeps you awake, and when you get up in the morning you feel as if you had had no rest at all. What you want to cure the cold is Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. This valuable preparation is composed of the most soothing and healing expectorant herbs and barks with which is combined the virtues of the world famous Norway pine tree.

Thousands of testimonials prove that what we claim is true. All we ask you is that when you ask for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup see that you get "Dr. Wood's," and not some no-account substitute. Mr. Charles S. Chase, Shelburne, N.S., writes: "Coming to Nova Scotia from the State of Maine, I caught a severe cold which persisted for many weeks, and was accompanied by a bad cough and a constant throat irritation. After trying many remedies, a friend handed me part of a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It helped me so much I bought another bottle which completely cured the cough and allayed the irritation. It is certainly the best cough medicine I have ever tried." The price of "Dr. Wood's" is 25c and 50c. Manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Order Your Daily Paper Now!

THE GREAT ADVANCE AGAINST GERMANY will, it is believed, commence in a very few weeks. No one can afford to be without the latest news of these world-stirring events. Kitchener's new army is now in France. The Canadians are there. Our New Brunswick boys are drawing nearer and nearer to the firing line.

You want to know about them, about the battles in which they may be engaged, and the successes which may attend their efforts.

This news can reach you only by means of a daily paper. There is none better than The Standard, nor any which can be so promptly obtained at so low a price. The Daily Standard is sold by mail outside the city of St. John at Three Dollars per year. We are, for the purpose of reaching those who may not be personally acquainted with this paper, making

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER

For a short time, we will give to bona fide new subscribers

The Daily Standard

AT Two Dollars for One Year

This is for new subscribers only. The following coupon must be used

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.
Enclosed find Two Dollars, for which send me The Daily Standard for one year as per your special offer. I am not taking The Standard at present.
Name _____
Address _____
Date _____ 1915

Cut out the coupon, fill in the name and address, enclose two dollars and mail at once to

The Standard Limited - St. John

DO NOT DELAY. This offer will shortly be withdrawn. You need a daily paper—you cannot find one better than The Standard.

ORDER IT NOW!

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds mostly northerly, cloudy, a few local snow flurries, not much change in temperature.

Toronto, Mar. 21.—The weather has been fine and very mild today throughout the west, while from the eastern half of the Great Lakes to the Maritime Provinces it has been cloudy, attended by a few light falls of snow or rain.

Temperatures.

	MIN.	MAX.
Victoria	46	66
Vancouver	44	66
Edmonton	32	62
Battleford	28	50
Prince Albert	22	46
Medicine Hat	28	50
Moose Jaw	25	54
Winnipeg	14	40
Port Arthur	24	25
Ferry Sound	24	42
Toronto	31	40
Ottawa	30	40
Quebec	30	34
Halifax	30	40

Around the City

To Quell Disturbance
Patrolman Journey was called in to Sing Lee's laundry in the West End Saturday night to quell a disturbance.

Transferred to Petticoat.
Gordon Crawford of the Charlotte street branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia has been transferred to the Petticoat branch. Prior to his departure he was presented by his fellow employees with a walking stick umbrella.

Police Activities
On Saturday evening the police was called into James Peck's house on North street to assist in ejecting three men who were not wanted there. Policeman Journey was called into a house on Watson street, West End, to assist in ejecting a person who was not wanted there.

Will Farewell Pastor.
Rev. J. H. MacVicar, D. D., who has tendered his resignation as pastor of St. Andrew's Church to go to the mission field in China, will be tendered a congregational farewell next Tuesday evening. Next Sunday Dr. MacVicar will deliver his farewell sermon to the members of the congregation.

Drank Acid; Is Improving
Reports from the General Public Hospital last night were to the effect that Private R. W. Graham of the 26th Battalion was improving and it was expected he would soon be out of danger and able to leave the institution. Private Graham is the young soldier from Little River, Gloucester county, who drank carbolic acid in the armory early Saturday morning.

Charged With Stealing Liquor.
Detective Joseph Walsh of the Allan Line Steamship Company on Saturday evening placed Henry Thibideau under arrest and charged him with stealing a quantity of liquor of the Allan Line Company. It is said that one whole case of liquor which was in the cargo on the steamship Hesperian was stolen. The steamer arrived in port Saturday and was being discharged when the top of the case was found broken and the contents stolen.

Broke His Parole
David Hennessey who is in jail on remand and is charged with cutting the clothing of a soldier with a knife a few nights ago will be charged with not reporting to police headquarters. He was a few years ago sentenced to serve five years in Dorchester penitentiary and was allowed out after being in prison for two years and was supposed to report every month. For failing to report it is said that he can be sent back to prison to finish out his term.

Pipes For Mr. Morien
Joseph Morien of Montreal who has been at No. 15 shed for some weeks looking after the hay pressing machines and getting them running smoothly left on Saturday evening for Montreal. While in the city he procured a great favorite with the men employed at the work and before leaving on Saturday the St. John men employed there presented him with a handsome set of pipes. The presentation was made by Manager Evans, and Mr. Morien accepted the present with a brief reply of thanks.

Evangelist Services Continue
A large congregation was present last evening at Douglas Avenue Christian church when Evangelist Lowell C. McPherson spoke of God's task in saving the ungodly and sinner. At the conclusion of the address three men went down the aisle to the front to confess to a desire to serve Christ. The pastor of the church is frequently baptizing people as these evangelistic meetings progress, the interest in the work being well maintained. Mrs. McPherson spoke in the afternoon to a large number of attentive listeners.

Easter Neckwear.
You will want some of the Easter neckwear when you see it that F. A. Dykeman & Co. are showing. It is without doubt the most exclusive, the most charming designs, and the most attractive in price that has ever been shown. The assortment is very large, including the lily collar, the tulip collar, the rose collar, and the Queen Anne style. These are shown in fine orange with beautiful silk embroidery and many of them are entirely new styles, and are priced from 25 cents to \$1.50.

NEW BATTALION WILL BE MOBILIZED IN ST. JOHN

Hon. Mr. Hazen has arranged for the 55th to be stationed here along with Railway Construction Corps — The City will benefit.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has arranged with the Federal Department of Militia for the mobilization of the 55th Battalion in St. John. This was the word received by Joseph A. Likely, president of the Board of Trade, from Mr. Hazen on Saturday.

Talking with The Standard last evening Mr. Likely said he had written the Minister of Marine and Fisheries concerning the mobilization of the new battalion here, and Mr. Hazen had assured him that he had several weeks ago arranged for the stationing of the 55th in St. John. "This shows," said Mr. Likely, "that Mr. Hazen, as always, is working in the interests of St. John, and he deserves the credit."

Mr. Likely felt that the stationing of troops here was a good thing for the city. Besides the supplies for the soldiers, each man spent a portion of his pay. Mr. Likely figured that the location of the battalion here meant at least \$3,000 a day to the merchants and people of St. John.

Mr. Hazen had also arranged for the mobilization here of the five hundred men of the railway construction corps, which was being organized at present. This body would consist of trained railway builders, who should prove of great service during the coming season.

It is understood that ample arrangements for the accommodation of the new battalion have been made in St. John, and there will be no difficulty in housing the men.

Hon. Mr. Hazen has taken a deep interest in the welfare of St. John, and it was through his efforts that other troops were stationed here. He has also seen that St. John firms secured their share of the contracts for war supplies, and the busy factories and workshops of the city testify to his work for St. John.

The 55th Battalion, for which recruiting is now going on, will be made up of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island men. Recruits are fast coming in, and it is hoped to have the ranks filled within a short time.

The organization of the Railway Construction Corps is being undertaken by the C. P. R. for the Government. This body will consist largely of practical men, who are capable of laying tracks, putting down repairs, repairing bridges and doing general railway construction work. It is expected that these men will prove of great value in the operations in Europe during the coming year.

OPPOSITION TO COM. POTT'S POLL TAX BILL

Business men signing petition opposing bill — Trades Council will send delegation to Fredericton to support it.

More speakers are to be brought here by the Board of Trade to throw light on assessment problems and the present policy of collecting information by means of letters addressed to assessors in other cities will be continued. A committee of the board consisting of T. H. Eastbrooks, W. F. Burditt and A. H. Westmore has been instructed to carry on an educational campaign in regard to assessment matters and to take steps to place before the people all the information they can gather on the subject.

For the present the work of the committee will be confined to trying to arouse public interest in the matter. They have no present intention of undertaking to formulate a new assessment system for St. John, though it is possible that something may be done in this direction later on.

Meantime Com. Pott's proposition to exempt incomes up to \$1,000 from taxation and adopt a poll tax of \$2, carrying with it the right to vote in city elections, has been incorporated in a bill, and will, it is said, be presented to the legislature at this session. Strong opposition will be made against the passage of the bill, and a petition is being circulated asking the legislature to throw it out.

On the other hand the Trades and Labor Council are supporting the proposal and are arranging to send a delegation to Fredericton when the bill comes up for consideration. They hope to be able to take a delegation which will fill a special car and make some impression on the legislators.

Paints, Varnish Stains, Floor Varnish, Paint Brushes, Paper Hanging Supplies

For Spring Renovating

ATHENIA PURE LIQUID PAINTS are of good, honest quality, being highly satisfactory for either indoor or outdoor use. They dry quickly with a hard, glossy surface, work freely under the brush, and anyone can apply them. 1 Gallon, \$1.80; 1-2 gallon, 95c; quart, 48c; 2 lbs, 24c; 1 lb, 12c; in colors, in white, 1 Gallon, \$2.00; 1-2gallon, \$1.03; quart, 58c; 2 lbs, 30c; 1 lb, 15c.

VARNISH STAIN: In Oak, Mahogany, Rosewood and Cherry. Quart, 50c; pint, 30c; 1-2 pint, 20c.

FLOOR VARNISHES: For hardwood floors, "Elastica" and "Granitino" give splendid satisfaction. Prices: "Granitino," 1 gallon, \$3.00; 1-2 gallon, \$1.80; quart, 90c; pint, 60c. "Elastica," 1 gallon, \$3.00; 1-2 gallon, \$1.90; quart, \$1.00; pint, 50c.

PAINT REMOVER. For taking off old paint before applying new paint or varnish. 1 gallon, \$2.00; 1-2 gallon, \$1.00; quart, 50c; pint, 25c.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. - MARKET SQUARE AND KING STREET.

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.

Our Stores Open 8.30 a. m.; Close 6 p. m. Each Evening During January, February, March.

Natural Shantung Silks

For Spring Dresses, Summer Costumes, Separate Coats and Waists, the NATURAL SHANTUNG SILKS predominate for Style and Serviceable Qualities

Our stocks of these fashionable fabric are now complete; and are now on display in various qualities from the light weight which is most desirable for shirtwaists to the heavy weights which are now so much in demand for costumes and coats.

34 inches wide. Price range 49c, 75c, 90c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 a yard

Samples sent to out-of-town customers on receipt of postal card.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Mantels, Grates and Tiles

If you need mantels a visit to our showrooms will be most interesting. The experience gained in the past thirty years is reflected in our stock and the values offered.

Wood Mantels in the Latest Designs. Register Grates and Open Fire Places. And-irons and Fenders—Brass and Black. Fire Irons, Spark Guards, Gas Logs, etc.

A careful comparison will easily prove it pays to buy here. If you can't call, write us for illustrations and prices.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

LESSONS FROM HERMIT'S LIFE

Rev. Ralph G. Haughton in sermon dealing with conditions in St. John.

"Some lessons from Michael Griffin—the hermit," was the subject of a sermon by Rev. Ralph G. Haughton in Congregational church last evening. In opening his address Mr. Haughton said: "The subject which I have announced for consideration tonight, may seem rather strange and yet I believe you will agree with me that it is not so irrelevant or inappropriate as it might seem at first. On Tuesday morning last the Daily Telegraph, of this city, published a very interesting story. I find too that The Standard published an account of the same story on Monday morning. However, I am indebted to the daily press for my sermon story tonight."

"It was the story of a man named Michael Griffin, who was found dead last Sunday night in a squalid and filthy place—in a mean little room off Brittain street. It seems that Griffin had few intimate friends. Although he had lived twenty years in his hermit's shack, when it was learned he was dead, no one went near the place excepting the police. Conditions of squalor and filth were discovered and evidence of dire poverty."

"The police found a miserable fellow with nothing but a bed, with a few dusty dirty quilts over it, a stove, a delapidated table, a rickety old chair, and on the floor beside the stove a couple of armfuls of wood. A tiny oil lamp burned on the table and there was nothing in the way of food but a stale loaf of bread. Poverty and misery reigned supreme."

"The police in going over the place, more as a matter of form than anything, was amazed to find in the corner, hidden under a piece of wood, an old purse filled with dirty musty bank notes. In other places were found three more purses all just as stoutly stuffed. Hidden in another corner was a bank book with \$717.58 to Griffin's credit."

"In one of the little purses the hermit had crammed \$400 in five and ten dollar bills."

"Old Griffin lived as a hermit and died in misery and poverty, in the midst of plenty, which he was too miserly and greedy to use. The old miser and hermit in Brittain street was a fool. He paparized his body with his greed and nigardliness and he paparized his soul as well as his wretched wifeginess and his miserable hoarding."

"The first thing that impresses me in the about the hermit life of Michael Griffin is the needless penury, squalor and destitution of the man in the midst of plenty. Many people besides Griffin are today content with low aims. Many have no aims at all."

"The second lesson is that you cannot have true happiness if you leave the soul out or starve it with the spirit of hoarding and selfish living."

"The third truth from the life of Griffin is that a love of selfishness, a life that exists for itself only, is a miserable failure in the sight of God and man."

"Another lesson is that the things which alone count are the things which belong to our peace and they are not the material things. They are the

MORE SOLDIERS AWAY TODAY

Artillery men for Halifax and Fredericton—Church parades yesterday.

The soldiers stationed in the city attended divine service in several churches yesterday. The Catholic members of the 26th Battalion, headed by the City Cornet Band, attended nine o'clock mass in the Cathedral. A detachment went to St. Paul's church and the remainder went to Exmouth street Methodist church. The Army Service Corps, headed by the Carleton band, attended city churches. The men all made a fine appearance as they marched through the city streets and the bands helped considerably in making the parades successful.

Two detachments of artillery will leave St. John tonight. Nine men will go to Fredericton and another detachment will be sent to Halifax.

The men for Fredericton will be under Lieutenant P. G. Mulreath and they will leave here in the afternoon express, leaving here shortly after five o'clock.

Lieutenant Colin Mackay will be in charge of fifteen men, who will go to Halifax on the midnight express. Lieutenant Colonel Armstrong said last night that his detachment had not yet been made up but would be completed today.

The men who will go to Fredericton to join the 25th Field Battery are as follows: Edward J. Brand, 50 Waterloo street; Henry Stewart, 38 St. James street; George A. Carle, Partridge Island; Ernest S. Andrews, 32 Charles street; Talmage Porter, Westfield; Joseph K. Gallagher, Torriburn; Charles J. McKay, Brookville; Cecil W. McLean, 273 Brittain street; Roy Goldsmith, Brookville.

Spring Has Arrived

Three extra minutes of sunshine marked the opening of the spring yesterday. St. John would have had the extra three minutes had the sun shown here, but as the day was cloudy few people would hardly notice the difference.

The winter just closed has been one of the mildest known in St. John for several years. The snow fall was light and generally the weather conditions were not at all severe.

Several times during the winter the mercury sunk below zero but conditions in St. John were very favorable. The lack of snow was a handicap to the lumbermen, but in the northern part of the province there was plenty of snow and lumbering operations were carried on extensively.

There was a light fall of snow yesterday but it did not remain long enough to become disagreeable and the temperature was little below the freezing point. The prospects for an open spring are very encouraging.

FOUND IN ALLEY BADLY BEATEN

David Jones claims soldier assaulted him with a stick—Suspect under arrest.

Saturday evening about 7.30 o'clock Patrolman Armstrong found David Jones in Gaynor's alley off Charlotte street badly wounded. Jones had a large cut on his head and was bleeding badly. The officer conveyed the injured man to police headquarters and Dr. Dunlop, who was summoned, rendered first aid and ordered him removed to the General Public Hospital for further treatment. When asked how he had become injured Jones claimed that he had been struck over the head with a stick and the man who struck him was a soldier.

James Roper, a private in the 26th Battalion, was arrested as the man who assaulted Jones and was locked up on the charge of assault and causing bodily harm. The soldier claims he did not assault Jones with a stick. He says Jones went after him in the alley and attempted to rob him by going through his pockets. It was only to save himself from being robbed that he punched Jones with his fist.

A couple of witnesses, however, have been secured who will testify that they saw the soldier tear a piece of scuffling from a fence and, it is supposed, that it was with this that Jones was struck.

The Greatest Easter Hat Sale ever held in this city opens today at the store and showrooms of the Marr Millinery Company, Limited, as announced in their advertisement, (which gives full particulars) on page 2 of this issue.

STORES OPEN AT 9 A.M. AND CLOSE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK AT 6 O'CLOCK.

Spring Dress Goods

In Fashionable Navy, Grey and Brown

You will be decidedly in fashion this spring if the new costume is made of navy, grey or brown material as these three shades are going to have the greatest popularity.

PLAIN GREY MANISH WOSTEDS, 58 to 60 inches wide. Per yard \$1.95 and \$2.50
 PLAIN GREY GABARDINES, 52 and 54 inches wide. Per yard \$1.85 and \$1.90
 GREY HARELINE STRIPE WOSTEDS, 52 and 54 inches wide. Per yard \$1.60, \$1.65 and \$1.80
 GREY CHECK WOSTEDS, 54 inches wide. Per yard \$1.60 and \$1.75
 GREY AND BLACK CHECK WOSTEDS, 48 and 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.10
 GREY MIXTURES in English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, 58 to 60 inches. Per yard \$1.10, \$1.15, \$1.40, \$1.50, \$1.75.
 NAVY WORTSESS (manish), 54 to 60 inches wide. Per yard \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.10, \$2.15, \$2.25, \$2.50
 NAVY BROADCLOTH, 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.25, \$1.55, \$1.75, \$1.90
 NAVY ALIGATOR CLOTH, 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.35
 BROWN WORTSESS (manish), 52 to 56 inches wide. Per yard \$1.05, \$1.10, \$1.40, \$1.65, \$1.85
 BROWN GABARDINES, 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.65, \$2.10, \$2.25
 BROWN BROADCLOTHS, 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.10, \$1.55, \$1.75
 BROWN ALIGATOR CLOTH, 52 inches wide. Per yard \$1.10, \$1.55, \$1.85

DRESS GOODS DEPT.—GROUND FLOOR.

Novelty Floor Coverings

Suitable for Bedrooms and Summer Homes

We have just opened a line of Novelty Floor Coverings, suitable for bedrooms and summer homes. The assortment is not large and we anticipate a good demand. These goods cannot be duplicated again this season, so you should make selections early.

OLD FASHIONED BRAIDED RAG RUGS—Round and oval shapes, dainty colors. These Rugs will remain perfectly flat, wear well, and are very attractive.

COTTON RAG RUGS (Washable)—All sizes, from Door Mats to Large Squares. Plain grounds in grey, pink or blue, striped or fancy ends.

JAPANESE RUGS—With all the effect of real Orientals. Just note the prices:

Size 3 by 6 feet Each \$2.65
 Size 6 by 9 feet Each \$8.00
 Size 9 by 12 feet Each \$14.00

CARPET DEPT.—GERMAIN ST.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited